



SIMCARD SC-MB ETHERNET



USER MANUAL

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 PURPOSE

The intention of this document is to describe a global overview of the new SimCard SC-MB Mother Board Ethernet.

2 OVERVIEW



Welcome to one of the boards of the Simcards family named SC-MB, specially designed for the control and management of inputs and outputs of equipments and modules of simulators made or not by Sismo, as well as also of any other equipment or system that it needs of its service.

This new generation of electronic board has supposed a new challenge for Sismo Soluciones reaching in this aspect, equivalent levels of technology, functionality and benefits as those of the current professional industry.

The main characteristic of the board is so striking as that its connection is made by means of an Ethernet bus which is a standard of networks of computers of local area. In this way, it will be possible to do direct connection to the equipment or computer of control as with a bus USB 2.0 but with the advantage of that the communications and transfer of data will be much more effective and rapid. These properties are important for systems of real time as the simulators.



The Ethernet bus awards the possibility of allowing to centralize the wires of a network or to be able to extend it connecting the board through Switch or Hub devices. According to this, it also is possible to control the board to long distance through Internet to do checkups of the hardware, etc. as well as connection through WIFI Wireless by means of a computer connected to the local network in which the board is connected, that means a real revolution for the flight simulators.

Other one of the new characteristics and not less important is that this board works as “mother card”, being only necessary a SimCard SC-MB Ethernet to manage and control everything, but logically with a limit of inputs and outputs.

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This is not a limitation problem, quite the opposite, because the board also has enabled connectors for the connection of expanding or “daughters boards” according to the needs of a major number of inputs, outputs, etc. It can be connected so many Daughters Boards like is needed. The type of connection is by means of a simple flat cable which will join in a direct manner the Mother board with all the Daughter Boards respectively. These connectors are a standard of connection and therefore they are also compatible with other boards or components.

We name family of Simcards SC-MB boards to the group formed by the Mother Board and each of the types of the Daughters Boards which can be connected.

Its control can be made by means of programming in SC Pascal language, which specifically has been developed by Sismo Soluciones and which can be downloaded for free. Nevertheless they are prepared to accede by any other type of language with a previous programming configuration of the board.

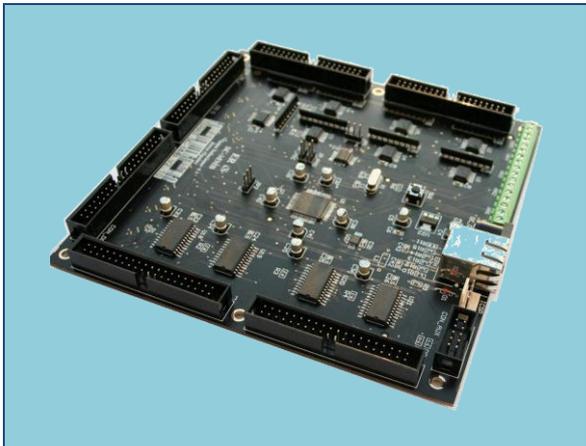
For those users who do not have many computing knowledge, but have the illusion to build a flight simulator, in Sismo web and different forums, they will find examples of how programming easily the board as well as scripts for diverse simulators.

3 BASIC INSTRUCTIONS

In the following picture appears the whole range of boards developed by Sismo Soluciones:

ID	Function
SC-MB	SimCard Mother Board
SC-64DI-DB	SimCard 64 Digital Inputs Daugther Board
SC-64DO-DB	SimCard 64 Digital Outputs Daugther Board
SC-14SERV-DB	SimCard 14 Servos Daugther Board
SC-32DISP-DB	SimCard 32 Displays Daugther Board
SC-11AI-DB	SimCard 11 Analog Inputs Daugther Board

3.1 SIMCARD MOTHER BOARD (SC-MB)



The Mother Board is connected to the network by means of an Ethernet port and can expand its functionalities by means of Daughter Boards. The board has connection for 5V DC.

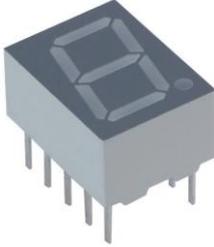
The inputs / outputs that it has, are the following:

- 64 Digital Inputs. IDC40.
- 64 Digital TTL Outputs. IDC40.
- 32 Displays of 7 segments common cathode. IDC40.
- 5 Analog Inputs.

3.1.1 Supported Components

The components that can be connected to this board are all kinds of switches, push-buttons, rotaries, encoder, leds, displays, relays, etc. The most habitual components are:

	
<p>Rotary Encoders</p>	<p>Switch Buttons</p>
	
<p>Push Buttons</p>	<p>Rotary Switch</p>

	
Reles	Displays 7 Segments
	
Leds	Analog Inputs

3.1.2 Inputs Map

3.1.2.1 DI1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet inputs from 01 to 32. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DI1 CONNECTOR – IDC40				Digital Inputs
Input Number	PIN	PIN	Input Number	
Input 01	1	2	Input 02	
Input 03	3	4	Input 04	
Input 05	5	6	Input 06	
Input 07	7	8	Input 08	
VCC +5V	9	10	GND	
Input 09	11	12	Input 10	
Input 11	13	14	Input 12	
Input 13	15	16	Input 14	
Input 15	17	18	Input 16	
VCC +5V	19	20	GND	
Input 17	21	22	Input 18	
Input 19	23	24	Input 20	
Input 21	25	26	Input 22	
Input 23	27	28	Input 24	
VCC +5V	29	30	GND	
Input 25	31	32	Input 26	
Input 27	33	34	Input 28	

Input 29	35	36	Input 30
Input 31	37	38	Input 32
VCC +5V	39	40	GND

3.1.2.2 DI2 Connector

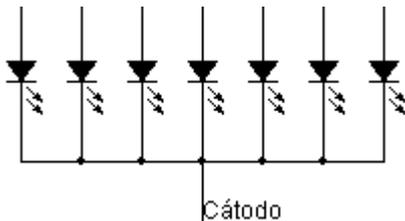
In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet inputs from 33 to 64. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DI2 CONNECTOR– IDC40			Digital Inputs
Input Number	PIN	PIN	Input Number
Input 33	1	2	Input 34
Input 35	3	4	Input 36
Input 37	5	6	Input 38
Input 39	7	8	Input 40
VCC +5V	9	10	GND
Input 41	11	12	Input 42
Input 43	13	14	Input 44
Input 45	15	16	Input 46
Input 47	17	18	Input 48
VCC +5V	19	20	GND
Input 49	21	22	Input 50
Input 51	23	24	Input 52
Input 53	25	26	Input 54
Input 55	27	28	Input 56
VCC +5V	29	30	GND
Input 57	31	32	Input 58
Input 59	33	34	Input 60
Input 61	35	36	Input 62
Input 63	37	38	Input 64
VCC +5V	39	40	GND



3.1.3 Outputs Map

The Mother Board has a total of 64 outputs in common cathode configuration which are distributed in two connectors of 40 pines each one, this means that the common part of all the outputs is the negative (cathode).



The scheme of connection in common cathode format for the connection of leds is shown in this image.

3.1.3.1 DO1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet outputs from 01 to 32. All the grounds (GND) are common.

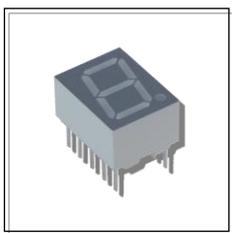
DO1 CONNECTOR– IDC40			Digital Outputs
Output Number	PIN	PIN	Output Number
Output 01	1	2	Output 02
Output 03	3	4	Output 04
Output 05	5	6	Output 06
Output 07	7	8	Output 08
VCC +5V	9	10	GND
Output 09	11	12	Output 10
Output 11	13	14	Output 12
Output 13	15	16	Output 14
Output 15	17	18	Output 16
VCC +5V	19	20	GND
Output 17	21	22	Output 18
Output 19	23	24	Output 20
Output 21	25	26	Output 22
Output 23	27	28	Output 24
VCC +5V	29	30	GND
Output 25	31	32	Output 26
Output 27	33	34	Output 28
Output 29	35	36	Output 30
Output 31	37	38	Output 32
VCC +5V	39	40	GND

3.1.3.2 DO2 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet outputs from 33 to 64. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DO2 CONNECTOR- IDC40			Digital Outputs	
Output Number	PIN	PIN	Output Number	
Output 33	1	2	Output 34	
Output 35	3	4	Output 36	
Output 37	5	6	Output 38	
Output 39	7	8	Output 40	
VCC +5V	9	10	GND	
Output 41	11	12	Output 42	
Output 43	13	14	Output 44	
Output 45	15	16	Output 46	
Output 47	17	18	Output 48	
VCC +5V	19	20	GND	
Output 49	21	22	Output 50	
Output 51	23	24	Output 52	
Output 53	25	26	Output 54	
Output 55	27	28	Output 56	
VCC +5V	29	30	GND	
Output 57	31	32	Output 58	
Output 59	33	34	Output 60	
Output 61	35	36	Output 62	
Output 63	37	38	Output 64	
VCC +5V	39	40	GND	

3.1.4 Displays



The Mother Board has a total of 32 displays of 7 segments of common cathode which are distributed in two connectors IDC of 40 pines each one.

3.1.4.1 DY1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available 16 displays of 7 segments, from Display 00 to Display 15. All the grounds (GND) are common.

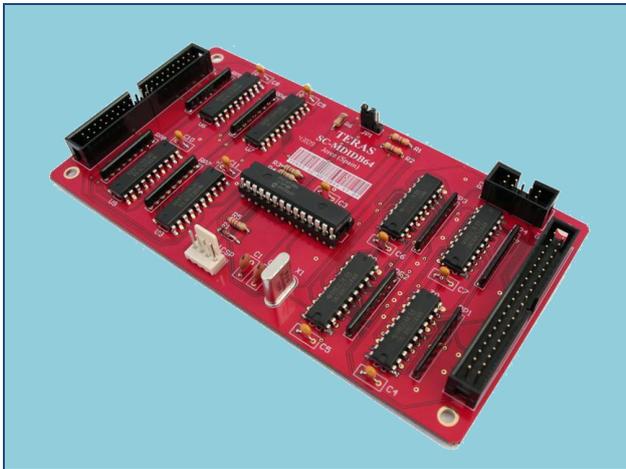
DY1 CONNECTOR– IDC40				Displays	
		PIN	PIN		
Seg_A 1		1	2	Seg_B 1	
Seg_C 1		3	4	Seg_D 1	
Seg_E 1		5	6	Seg_F 1	
Seg_G 1		7	8	Seg_DP 1	
GND		9	10	GND	
Display 00	Dig_0 1	11	12	Dig_1 1	Display 01
Display 02	Dig_2 1	13	14	Dig_3 1	Display 03
Display 04	Dig_4 1	15	16	Dig_5 1	Display 05
Display 06	Dig_6 1	17	18	Dig_7 1	Display 07
GND		19	20	GND	
Seg_A 2		21	22	Seg_B 2	
Seg_C 2		23	24	Seg_D 2	
Seg_E 2		25	26	Seg_F 2	
Seg_G 2		27	28	Seg_DP 2	
GND		29	30	GND	
Display 08	Dig_0 2	31	32	Dig_1 2	Display 09
Display 10	Dig_2 2	33	34	Dig_3 2	Display 11
Display 12	Dig_4 2	35	36	Dig_5 2	Display 13
Display 14	Dig_6 2	37	38	Dig_7 2	Display 15
GND		39	40	GND	

3.1.4.2 DY2 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available 16 displays of 7 segments, from Display 16 to Display 31. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DY2 CONNECTOR– IDC40				Displays	
		PIN	PIN		
Seg_A 3		1	2	Seg_B 3	
Seg_C 3		3	4	Seg_D 3	
Seg_E 3		5	6	Seg_F 3	
Seg_G 3		7	8	Seg_DP 3	
GND		9	10	GND	
Display 16	Dig_0 3	11	12	Dig_1 3	Display 17
Display 18	Dig_2 3	13	14	Dig_3 3	Display 19
Display 20	Dig_4 3	15	16	Dig_5 3	Display 21
Display 22	Dig_6 3	17	18	Dig_7 3	Display 23
GND		19	20	GND	
Seg_A 4		21	22	Seg_B 4	
Seg_C 4		23	24	Seg_D 4	
Seg_E 4		25	26	Seg_F 4	
Seg_G 4		27	28	Seg_DP 4	
GND		29	30	GND	
Display 24	Dig_0 4	11	12	Dig_1 4	Display 25
Display 26	Dig_2 4	13	14	Dig_3 4	Display 27
Display 28	Dig_4 4	15	16	Dig_5 4	Display 29
Display 30	Dig_6 4	17	18	Dig_7 4	Display 31
GND		39	40	GND	

3.2 SIMCARD 64 DIGITAL INPUTS DAUGHTER BOARD (SC-64DI-DB)



This board is connected by means of a flat cable of 10 wires to the Mother Board.

Each board has 64 digital inputs and 2 boards of this type can be connected up to the Mother Board.

The Mother Board can manage 192 digital inputs with two connected boards.

3.2.1 Supported Components

The components that can be connected up to this board are all kinds of switches, push-buttons, rotaries, encoder, etc. The most habitual components are:

	
<p>Rotary Encoders</p>	<p>Switch Buttons</p>
	
<p>Push Buttons</p>	<p>Rotary Switch</p>



3.2.2 Inputs Map

The map of connections of this board is distributed in 2 available connectors as is described next:

3.2.2.1 Inputs - DI1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet inputs from 01 to 32. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DI1 CONNECTOR – IDC40			Digital Inputs
Input Number	PIN	PIN	Input Number
Input 01	1	2	Input 02
Input 03	3	4	Input 04
Input 05	5	6	Input 06
Input 07	7	8	Input 08
VCC +5V	9	10	GND
Input 09	11	12	Input 10
Input 11	13	14	Input 12
Input 13	15	16	Input 14
Input 15	17	18	Input 16
VCC +5V	19	20	GND
Input 17	21	22	Input 18
Input 19	23	24	Input 20
Input 21	25	26	Input 22
Input 23	27	28	Input 24
VCC +5V	29	30	GND
Input 25	31	32	Input 26
Input 27	33	34	Input 28
Input 29	35	36	Input 30
Input 31	37	38	Input 32
VCC +5V	39	40	GND

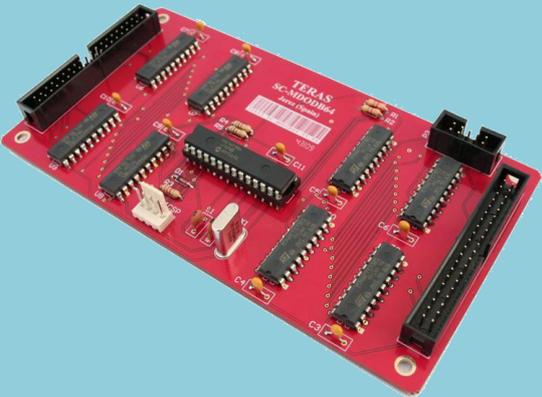
3.2.2.2 Inputs - DI2 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet inputs from 33 to 64. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DI2 CONNECTOR – IDC40			Digital Inputs
Input Number	PIN	PIN	Input Number
Input 33	1	2	Input 34
Input 35	3	4	Input 36
Input 37	5	6	Input 38
Input 39	7	8	Input 40
VCC +5V	9	10	GND
Input 41	11	12	Input 42
Input 43	13	14	Input 44
Input 45	15	16	Input 46
Input 47	17	18	Input 48
VCC +5V	19	20	GND
Input 49	21	22	Input 50
Input 51	23	24	Input 52
Input 53	25	26	Input 54
Input 55	27	28	Input 56
VCC +5V	29	30	GND
Input 57	31	32	Input 58
Input 59	33	34	Input 60
Input 61	35	36	Input 62
Input 63	37	38	Input 64
VCC +5V	39	40	GND



3.3 SIMCARD 64 DIGITAL OUTPUTS DAUGHTER BOARD (SC-64DO-DB)

	<p>This board is connected by means of a flat cable of 10 wires to the Mother Board.</p> <p>Each board has 64 digital outputs and 2 boards of this type can be connected up to the Mother Board.</p> <p>The Mother Board can manage 192 digital outputs with two connected boards.</p>
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3.3.1 Supported Components

The components that can be connected up to this board are all leds, reles, etc. The most habitual components are:

	
<p>Reles</p>	<p>Leds</p>

3.3.2 Outputs Map

3.3.2.1 Outputs - DO1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet outputs from 01 to 32. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DO1 CONNECTOR – IDC40			Digital Outputs	
Output Number	PIN	PIN	Output Number	
Output 01	1	2	Output 02	
Output 03	3	4	Output 04	
Output 05	5	6	Output 06	
Output 07	7	8	Output 08	
VCC +5V	9	10	GND	
Output 09	11	12	Output 10	
Output 11	13	14	Output 12	
Output 13	15	16	Output 14	
Output 15	17	18	Output 16	
VCC +5V	19	20	GND	
Output 17	21	22	Output 18	
Output 19	23	24	Output 20	
Output 21	25	26	Output 22	
Output 23	27	28	Output 24	
VCC +5V	29	30	GND	
Output 25	31	32	Output 26	
Output 27	33	34	Output 28	
Output 29	35	36	Output 30	
Output 31	37	38	Output 32	
VCC +5V	39	40	GND	

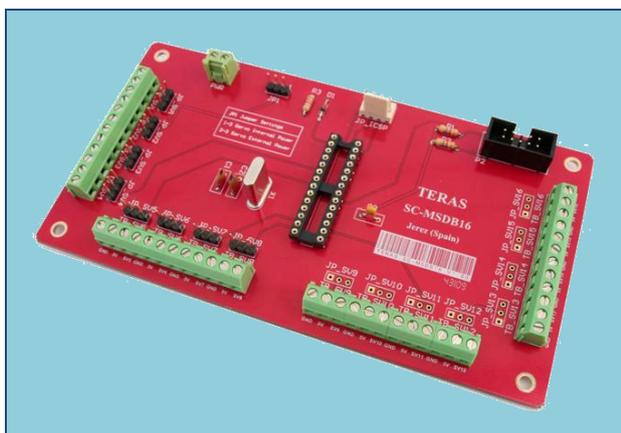
3.3.2.2 Outputs – DO2 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available the discreet outputs from 33 to 64. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DO2 CONNECTOR – IDC40			Digital Outputs	
Output Number	PIN	PIN	Output Number	
Output 33	1	2	Output 34	
Output 35	3	4	Output 36	
Output 37	5	6	Output 38	
Output 39	7	8	Output 40	
VCC +5V	9	10	GND	
Output 41	11	12	Output 42	
Output 43	13	14	Output 44	

Output 45	15	16	Output 46
Output 47	17	18	Output 48
VCC +5V	19	20	GND
Output 49	21	22	Output 50
Output 51	23	24	Output 52
Output 53	25	26	Output 54
Output 55	27	28	Output 56
VCC +5V	29	30	GND
Output 57	31	32	Output 58
Output 59	33	34	Output 60
Output 61	35	36	Output 62
Output 63	37	38	Output 64
VCC +5V	39	40	GND

3.4 SIMCARD 14 SERVOS DAUGHTER BOARD (SC-14SERV-DB)



This board is connected by means of a flat cable of 10 wires to the Mother Board.

Each board can control 14 servos and a board of this type can be connected up to the Mother Board.

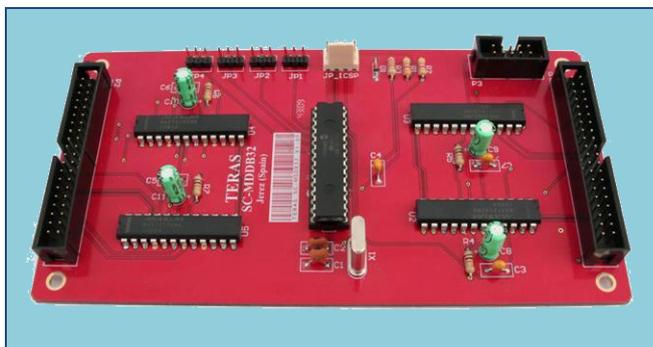
The Mother Board can manage 14 servos with a connected board.

3.4.1 Supported Components

This board supports any type of servo in their different formats:

	
Servos	

3.5 SIMCARD 32 DISPLAYS DAUGHTER BOARD (SC-32DISP-DB)



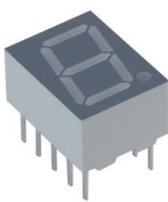
This board is connected by means of a flat cable of 10 wires to the Mother Board.

Each board can control 32 displays of 7 segments in common cathodes and a board of this type can be connected up to the Mother Board.

The Mother Board can manage 64 displays with a connected board.

3.5.1 Supported Components

This board supports any type of display of 7 segments in common cathode:

	
Displays 7 Segments	

3.5.2 Outputs Map

3.5.2.1 Displays - DY1 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available 16 displays of 7 segments, from Display 00 to Display 15. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DY1 CONNECTOR – IDC40				Displays	
		PIN	PIN		
	Seg_A 1	1	2	Seg_B 1	
	Seg_C 1	3	4	Seg_D 1	
	Seg_E 1	5	6	Seg_F 1	
	Seg_G 1	7	8	Seg_DP 1	
	GND	9	10	GND	
Display 00	Dig_0 1	11	12	Dig_1 1	Display 01
Display 02	Dig_2 1	13	14	Dig_3 1	Display 03
Display 04	Dig_4 1	15	16	Dig_5 1	Display 05
Display 06	Dig_6 1	17	18	Dig_7 1	Display 07
	GND	19	20	GND	
	Seg_A 2	21	22	Seg_B 2	
	Seg_C 2	23	24	Seg_D 2	
	Seg_E 2	25	26	Seg_F 2	

	Seg_G 2	27	28	Seg_DP 2	
	GND	29	30	GND	
Display 08	Dig_0 2	31	32	Dig_1 2	Display 09
Display 10	Dig_2 2	33	34	Dig_3 2	Display 11
Display 12	Dig_4 2	35	36	Dig_5 2	Display 13
Display 14	Dig_6 2	37	38	Dig_7 2	Display 15
	GND	39	40	GND	

3.5.2.2 Displays - DY2 Connector

In this IDC connector of 40 pines are available 16 displays of 7 segments, from Display 16 to Display 31. All the grounds (GND) are common.

DY2 CONNECTOR – IDC40				Displays	
		PIN	PIN		
	Seg_A 3	1	2	Seg_B 3	
	Seg_C 3	3	4	Seg_D 3	
	Seg_E 3	5	6	Seg_F 3	
	Seg_G 3	7	8	Seg_DP 3	
	GND	9	10	GND	
Display 16	Dig_0 3	11	12	Dig_1 3	Display 17
Display 18	Dig_2 3	13	14	Dig_3 3	Display 19
Display 20	Dig_4 3	15	16	Dig_5 3	Display 21
Display 22	Dig_6 3	17	18	Dig_7 3	Display 23
	GND	19	20	GND	
	Seg_A 4	21	22	Seg_B 4	
	Seg_C 4	23	24	Seg_D 4	
	Seg_E 4	25	26	Seg_F 4	
	Seg_G 4	27	28	Seg_DP 4	
	GND	29	30	GND	
Display 24	Dig_0 4	11	12	Dig_1 4	Display 25
Display 26	Dig_2 4	13	14	Dig_3 4	Display 27
Display 28	Dig_4 4	15	16	Dig_5 4	Display 29
Display 30	Dig_6 4	17	18	Dig_7 4	Display 31
	GND	39	40	GND	

3.6 SIMCARD 11 ANALOG INPUT DAUGHTER BOARD (SC-11AI-DB)

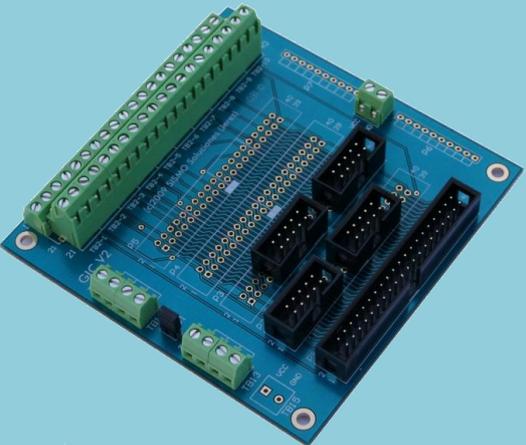
<p><FOTO></p>	<p>This board is connected by means of a flat cable of 10 wires to the Mother Board.</p> <p>Each board can control 11 Analog Inputs (pots) and a board of this type can be connected up to the Mother Board.</p> <p>The Mother Board can manage 16 Analog Inputs (pots) with a connected board.</p>
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3.6.1 Supported Components

This board supports any type of pots:

	
<p>Pots</p>	

3.7 FAST INTERFACE AND INTERCONNECTION CARD (GIC V3.5)

	<p>The GIC V3.5 Boards (General Interface Card) facilitate the connections with the different components, because they allow to connect backpanels with IDC connectors of less than 40 pins or allow to connect components by means of free wiring to threaded terminals, so it will not be necessary welds. Of this form, the connections are easy to make, are clean and allow a better maintenance, beside giving a bigger reliability to any solution.</p>
<p>For it, a GIC V3.5 can be connected to the IDC connectors of 40 pins of any of the SimCards and in this way already it is possible to access to the different pins both by flat cables and by free wiring.</p>	

4 INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION

4.1 PREVIOUS REQUIREMENTS

They are compatible with any operating system; it only is necessary to have a computer with an ETHERNET free port. It is also possible to use a HUB or SWITCH that allows to centralize the wired up of a network and to be able to extend it.

There are two ways of connecting the Mother Board to the control computer:

1. By direct way with only a cable: it is necessary a crossed cable type that connects the Mother Board with the computer.
2. By means of a Switch or Hub: it can be used indistinctly a crossed cable or a normal cable.



The normal situation is that the Board is connected to the computer where Microsoft Flight Simulator is installed, because it must accede to its functions through the IOCP or of FSUIPC communication protocol which is going to be used. Nevertheless, in network configuration, the Board can be connected to other computers, but for that purpose the network must be configured adequately, and this is not inside the area of this manual. Anyway, this manual will be useful for orientating to the user how he must do it.

4.2 HARDWARE CONFIGURATION OF THE BOARD



To configure the Board, and once the connection to the control computer is made, directly or by means of a Switch or Hub, proceed to supply externally the Ethernet SC-MMB Mother Board.

Optional Note: It is recommended to have the rest of hardware and computers disconnected from the network for configuring the Board.

It is indispensable that the voltage of supply that is received in the terminals of the Board is **5V DC**.

A lower voltage is not enough for a well-functioning of the Board and a higher voltage can damage the connected servos.

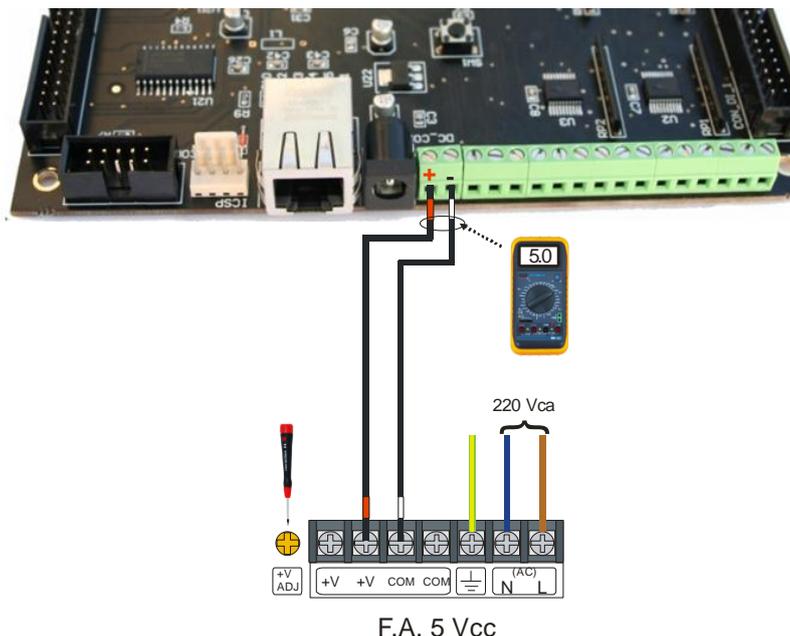
The scheme on the right shows the correct manner to supply the Board.

IMPORTANT: the Board might be affected if the positive and negative terminals are not the shown ones in the scheme.

For those users who do not want to use the green threaded terminals, it is possible to supply the Board through a connector qualified to do it (DC_CON).

For safety, also check with a multimeter that the voltage in the terminals of the scheme is 5V DC.

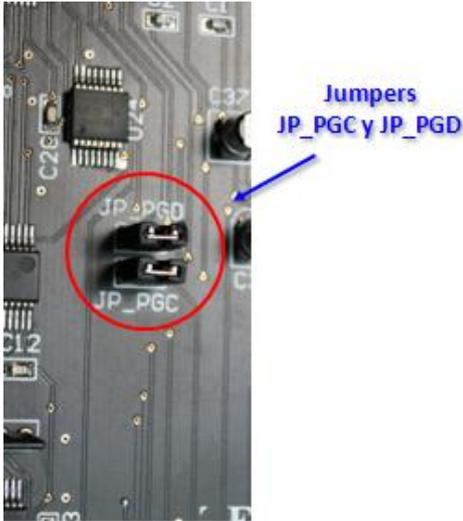
From this moment the Board must be perfectly connected through Ethernet bus to the control computer or the network.

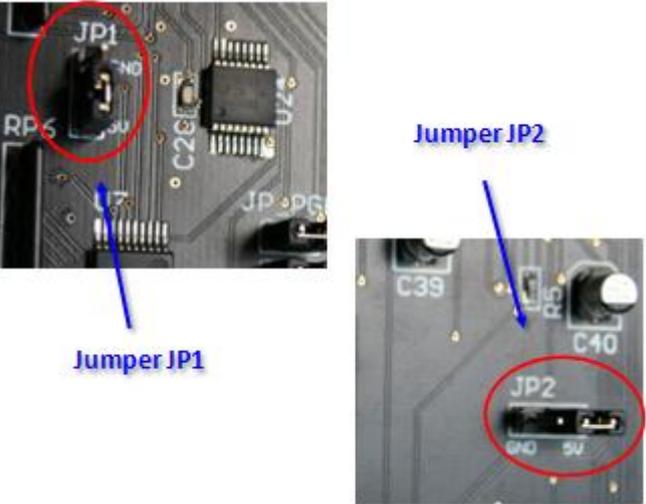


In the SC-MB SimCards family are 4 types of **JUMPERS**. Each one has a specific function.

When purchasing the Board, the user will find the jumpers properly located in their places by default. The advice is not to change the place of the jumpers and do not remove it unless the user has a particular interest to.

For those ones who are interested, the table below shows the function of the each jumper.

	<p>The jumpers JP_PGC and JP_PGD must be always placed, because they are the managers of the programming of the chip of the Mother Board and in case to be removed, the Board will stop working.</p>
---	--

	<p>In the same way, if the JP1 jumper is removed, the inputs of the Board will be disabled. The JP1 jumper provides the possibility of selecting the wished logic for the Inputs, that is to say, if we change the cover of the jumper from the 1-2 pins to the 2-3 pins, the logic will be reversed in a sense or other one as is convenient for the user. This type of jumpers can be located in the Mother Board and in the Inputs Daughter Board.</p> <p>The JP2 jumper, which only is localizable in the Mother Board. It will always have to be placed between the central pin and +5V.</p>
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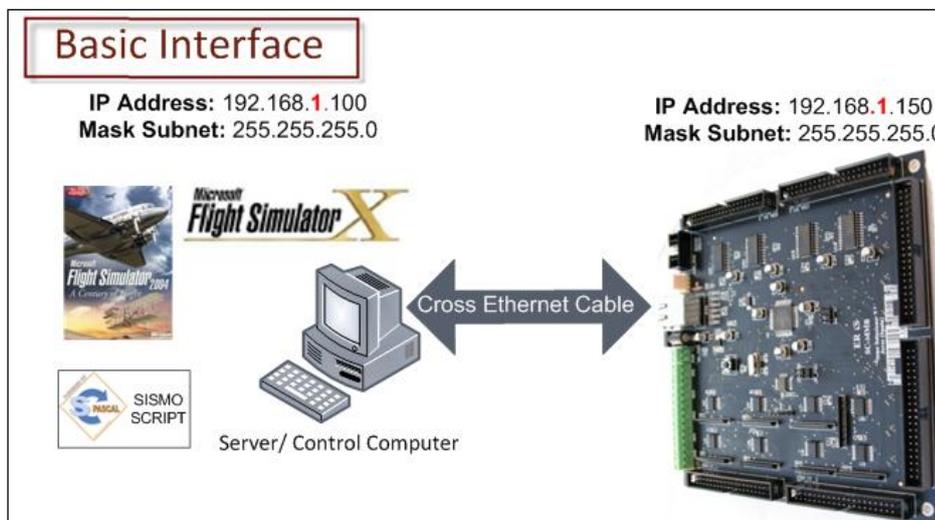
The advice now is to check visually that the jumpers are located in their correct place to ensure the optimum performance of the Board.

4.2.1 Configuration Page and IP Address of the SC-MB Ethernet

4.2.1.1 IP Address by Default

The default IP address of the Mother Board is 192.168.1.150. This data is important in order that the first time the Board is read. In this case the computer (or the network) in which we connect the Board must have the same range of IP address, that is to say, **range 1**.

As an example, the diagram below shows the items required to configure a basic network or local network (1 computer only). Later another diagram will illustrate a more complex network (multiple computers).

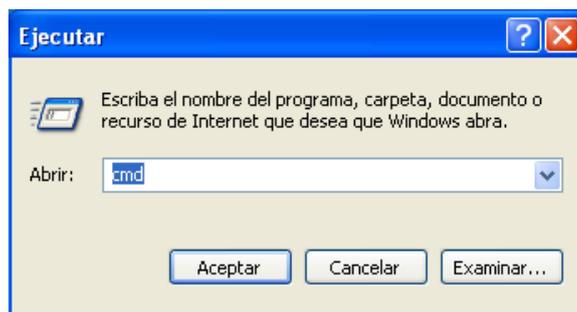


See in the above example that the IP address range of the control computer, which is marked in red (range 1), is the same that in the Mother Board. This specification is a condition necessary to enable that the network communication occurs between the Mother Board and other equipments.

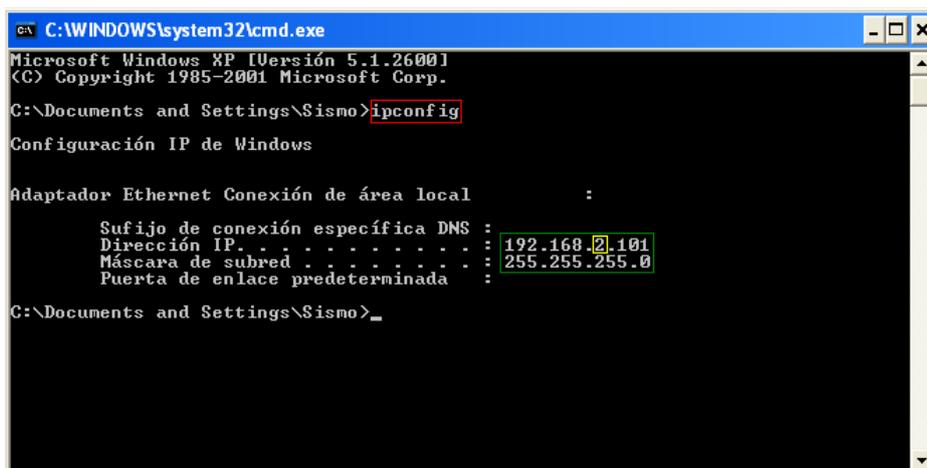
Like the Mother Board has by default an IP address of range 1, the first thing that the user must do is to check if the IP address of the control computer has also range 1.

Here's one way to know the personal IP address of your computer:

1. Go to: Start -> Run. An input box will appear with a flashing cursor.
2. Type: **cmd**. Click on OK or press the Enter key on your keyboard.



3. A new black color window is opened. Here type: **ipconfig**
4. Press the "Enter" key on your keyboard and IP Address will be shown.



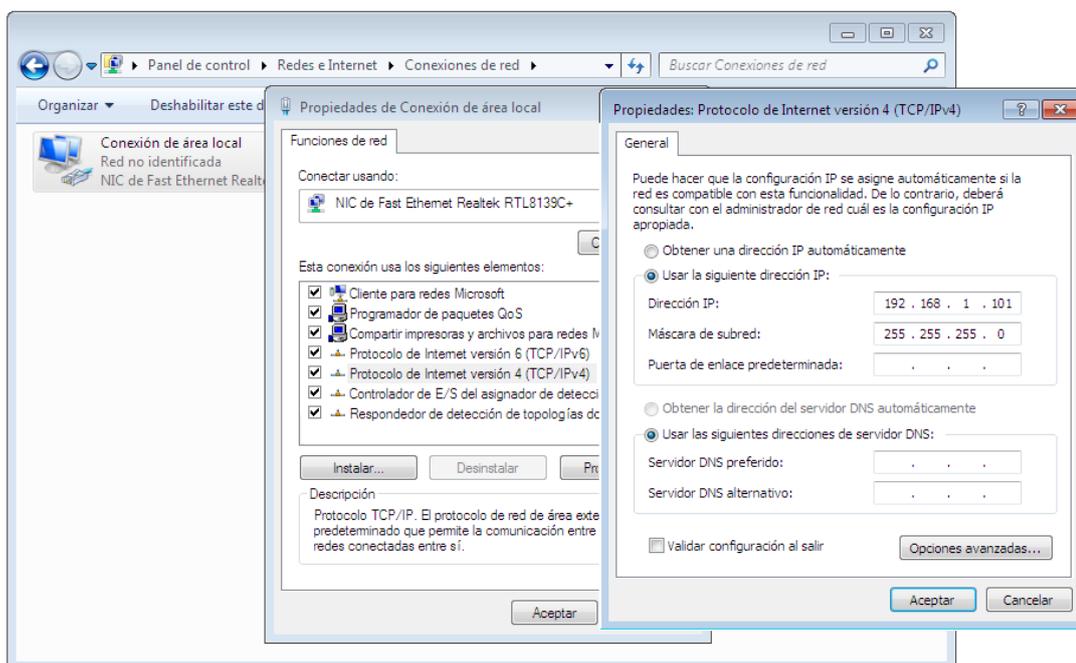
The user does not have to change the IP address of the control computer if it turns out to be range 1. That is to say, that the equipment is already configured with a right IP address.

If the control computer does not have range 1 as in the previous example which the IP address is range 2 (see green box and inside yellow box), the user must temporarily change the IP address of his control computer to range 1 in order that the card can be read by the computer the first time, because as it was noted above, the Mother Board comes with a default IP address of range 1.

Follow the next steps to change the IP address of the control computer:

E.g. for Windows 7:

1. Go to: Start -> Control panel -> *Network and Sharing Center*-> Configuración del adaptador.
2. Press with the right button of the mouse on the icon of "*Local Area Connection*" and later press on General Properties.
3. After a window is opened. Make double click on "*Internet protocol v4 (TCP/IPv4)*".
4. Again a new window is opened. Mark the option "*Use the following IP Address*" in order that the zone where it will be possible to write the new IP address of the control computer is enabled (Ej: IP address **192.168.1.101**).
5. As "subnet mask" to write for example **255.255.255.0** and in the third field **192.168.1.1**



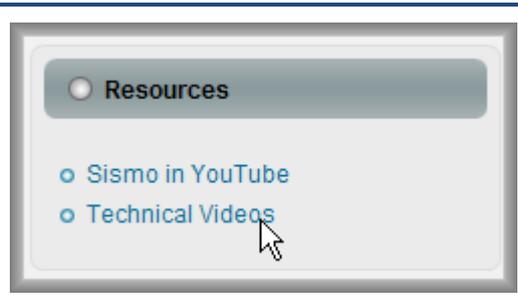
6. Finally, the windows will be closed when "Ok (Aceptar)" has been pressed. From this moment the change has been saved.



7. Once the process has finished, both the IP address of the Board and the IP of the control computer will have the same range, in this case **range 1**. Now to accede to the configuration page of the Board will be possible.

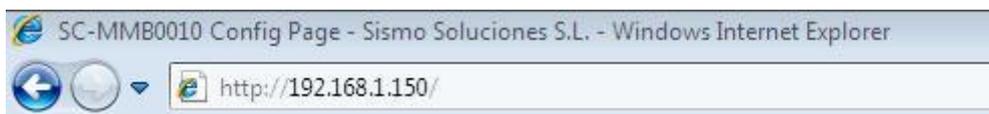
Note-1: This is only an example for Windows 7 in an orientated way. The way of changing the IP for other operating systems can be found into multiple tutorials or Internet.

*Nota-2: Find also video tutorials at the section of “**Technical Videos**” in the main SISMO SOLUCIONES web page, and learn better how to configure the Mother Board, change the IP Address, etc.*

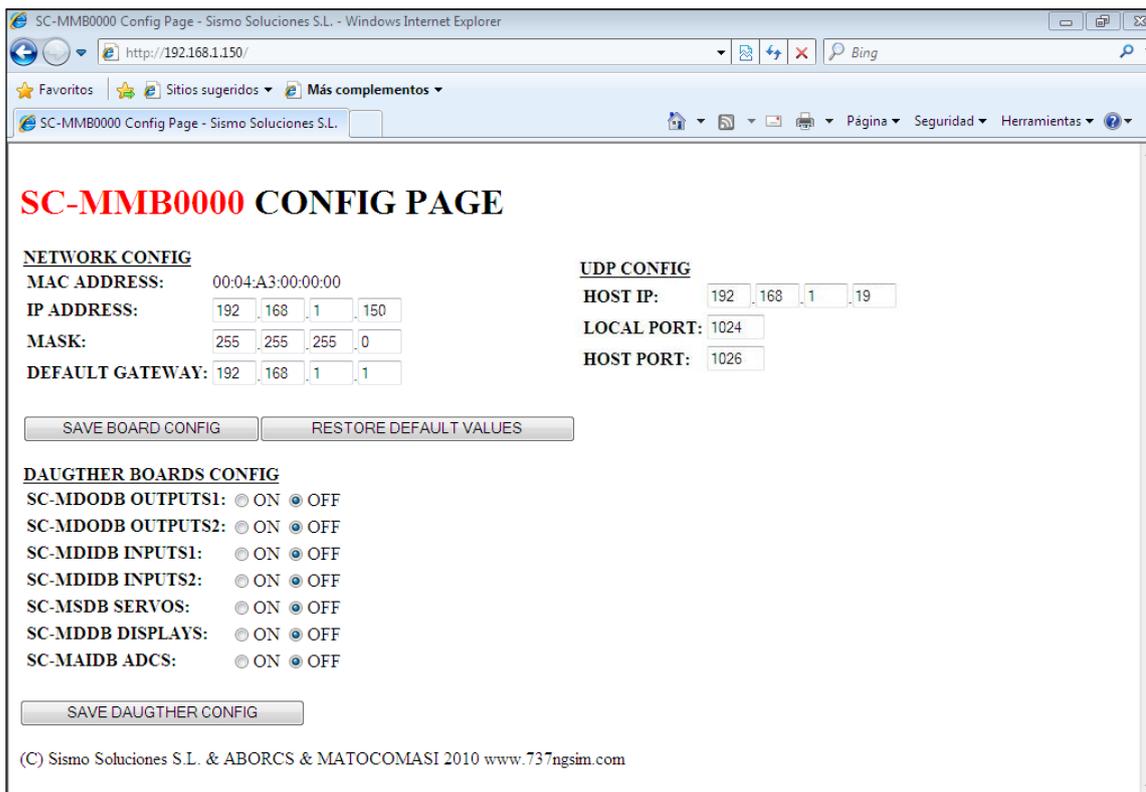


As we will see along the manual, this provisional change in the IP address does not suppose a problem for the configuration of the rest of equipments that the user had previously, because once we accede to the configuration page of the SC-MB Boards, it will be possible to restore the previous IP addresses as well as give a new IP address to the Mother Board with the IP range that the user wants to use in the set of his equipments.

Now, for being able to accede to the configuration of the Board is necessary to open Internet Explorer. Write inside of the address bar in Internet Explorer the IP of the Mother Board: <http://192.168.1.150/>



The configuration page is loaded and as headline appears the serial number of the Mother Board in red colour in addition of the CONFIG PAGE words which indicate that effectively the configuration page of the Board has been charged.



Three configuration fields appear: NETWORK CONFIG, UDP CONFIG and DAUGHTER BOARDS CONFIG. All these fields have the values by default. For its correct configuration, there is detailed the meaning, content and way to proceed in each item:

4.2.1.2 Network Config

- MAC ADDRESS: it is the hardware address of the Mother Board and therefore, it is unique and cannot be modified.
The last four digits are in hexadecimal and give name to the variable part of the serial number of the Board. The invariable part is fixed as SC-MB:

SC-MMBnnnn

Please don't forget this number. Probably you will need in several applications. The serial number of the Board will be also used to accede to its functionalities when someone is going to program in SC-Pascal.

- IP ADDRESS: this section is used to modify the IP address of the Mother Board which has by default 198.168.1.150.
In case of being modified, do not forget that it must have the same IP range that the IP address of the control computer. It is the moment to proceed to restore the IP address which the user had configured its equipment.

Note: the new assigned IP address of the Mother Board must not be repeated in any other hardware or equipment of the network, otherwise it will create conflict and will not load correctly.

Example:

1. Before the control computer had the next IP address: 192.168.2.200.
2. We must remember that for acceding to the configuration page, the IP of the control computer must have the same range that the Board. Therefore, proceed to change the IP address of the computer to 192.168.1.200.
3. Go to the configuration page with the direction: <http://192.168.1.150/>
4. Change the default IP of the Mother Board to 192.168.2.150 bearing in mind that is not repeated by other one of the equipments that are used in the network.
5. Change again the IP address of the control computer to the same one that the user had before.
6. Go to the configuration page with the direction: <http://192.168.2.150/>

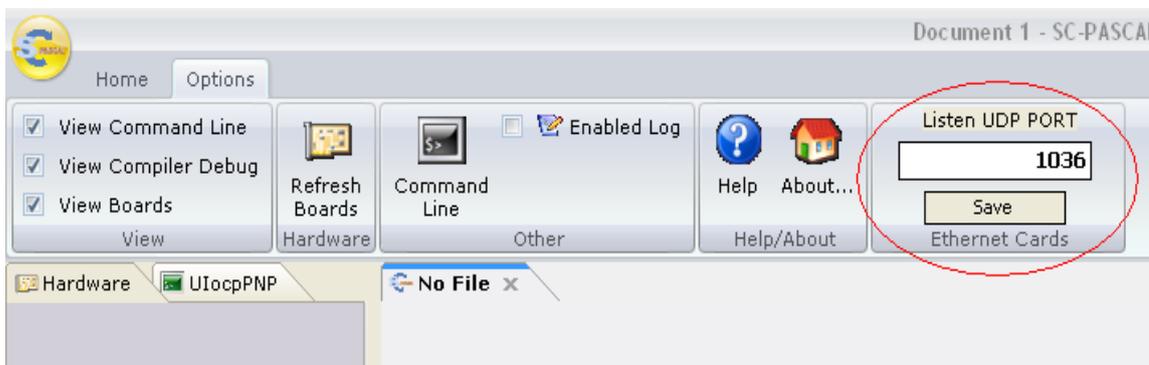
**Watch video tutorials at the "Technical Videos" section of the main page of SISMO SOLUCIONES web.*

- MASK: in this section we advise to put the same number of mask that you have in the control computer of the network. By default it is: 255.255.255.0
- DEFAULT GATEWAY: it can be used to send information through Internet. If you are not going to use it, leave the value by default: 192.168.1.1

4.2.1.3 UDP Config

- HOST IP: it is the IP address of the control computer where the Mother Board will send all the information. As already it has been mentioned, the IP address of the computer must have the same range that the IP address of the Mother Board named in the section IP ADDRESS. The value that appears by default is 192.168.1.19.
- LOCAL PORT: it is the port where the Mother Board is going to get the information from the control computer. In case of using SC-Pascal, it is necessary to write in this field the number port; **1024**. This port can be modified for those users who try to make and use their own editors and not SC-Pascal.
- HOST PORT: it is the port where the control computer is going to get the information from the Mother Board. In case of using SC-Pascal, the port used by default is; **1026**. This port must be opened (without to be used for any other program and enabled/opened in order the data can be received).
If the port 1026 is occupied, it will be necessary to indicate another port which the user must choose (e.g. 1036).
The SC-Pascal V5 Build 150 editor or Superior allows to the user to change the Host Port in the field "List UDP Port". In order the Board and SC-Pascal are communicated, the port indicated in the configuration page in the field HOST PORT and the port where SC-Pascal listens which is indicated in "List UDP Port ", must be the same.

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The normal situation is that the port is enabled/opened, but it is possible that the control computer has this port closed. In order to assure it works, it must be enabled (see chapter 8, “FAQ” and know how to open ports in computers).

Once all the sections are correctly filled out as in this manual has been described, proceed to press on SAVE BOARD CONFIG to save the new configuration of the Mother Board.

Note: Wait at least 5 seconds while the data are saved.

SC-MMB0000 CONFIG PAGE

NETWORK CONFIG

MAC ADDRESS: 00:04:A3:00:00:00
IP ADDRESS: 192 . 168 . 1 . 150
MASK: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0
DEFAULT GATEWAY: 192 . 168 . 1 . 1

UDP CONFIG

HOST IP: 192 . 168 . 1 . 101
LOCAL PORT: 1024
HOST PORT: 1026

SAVE BOARD CONFIG RESTORE DEFAULT VALUES

In order that it makes effect and once saved, it is indispensable to close Internet Explorer and to return to opening. After that the new IP address of the Mother Board must be indicated on the bar of directions. This step must be done necessarily due to the exigency of the Internet protocol Explorer.

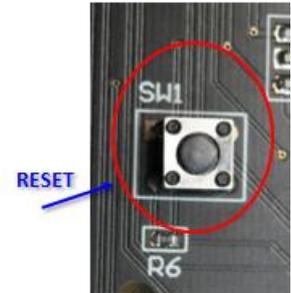


Close and return to opening Internet Explorer

Once the page has been correctly loaded with the new IP address, the information of configuration will be visualized.

At this moment you can choose 3 options:

1. Return to modify again some section in which the configuration has not been the required one by the user and later to save again the new information pressing with the mouse on SAVE BOARD CONFIG.
2. Make a reset of the Mother Board. It returns to the configuration by default. It is made on having pressed with the mouse on RESTORE DEFAULT VALUES in the configuration page or pressing manually more than 10 seconds on RESET button placed physically on the Mother Board Ethernet. To make this step, the Board must be correctly connected to the power supply. With both methods we make the erased EEPROM (Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory).



SC-MMB0000 CONFIG PAGE

NETWORK CONFIG

MAC ADDRESS: 00:04:A3:00:00:00
 IP ADDRESS:
 MASK:
 DEFAULT GATEWAY:

UDP CONFIG

HOST IP:
 LOCAL PORT:
 HOST PORT:

3. Finish the configuration of the Mother Board and begin with the configuration of the Daughters Boards.

Again, and in order that it makes effect, in any of the options 1 or 2 that we have chosen, do not forget to close and re-open Internet Explorer indicating on the bar of directions the new IP address of the already configured Mother Board.

4.2.1.4 Daughter Boards Config

In this field, we must indicate the Daughters Bards which are going to be connected to the Mother Board. We can mark all those that we wish though they are not connected, but this only will do to slow down the time of data processing. We advice to mark only the Daughters Boards connected to the Mother Board.

DAUGHTER BOARDS CONFIG

- SC-MDODB OUTPUTS1: ON OFF
- SC-MDODB OUTPUTS2: ON OFF
- SC-MDIDB INPUTS1: ON OFF
- SC-MDIDB INPUTS2: ON OFF
- SC-MSDB SERVOS: ON OFF
- SC-MDDB DISPLAYS: ON OFF
- SC-MAIDB ADCS: ON OFF

The configuration page allows activating a total of 2 Inputs Daughters Boards, 2 of Outputs, 1 of Displays, 1 of Servos and 1 ADC (pots). All these are considered enough to manage any system or equipment with a great number of inputs/outputs.

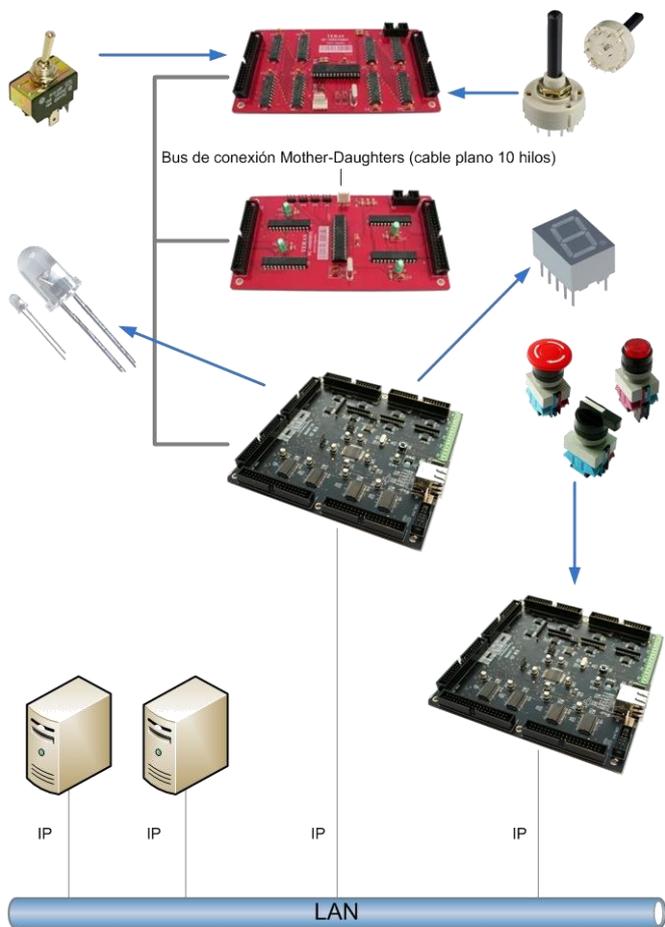
SAVE DAUGHTER CONFIG

Pressing with the mouse on SAVE DAUGHTER is enough for finishing the configuration and activation of the Daughters Boards. It will be saved automatically, not being this time necessarily to restart Internet Explorer.

Once made and saved the configuration of the Mother Board and the Daughters Boards, you will not have to return to configure anymore unless the user wants to do a specific change in the configuration of the Boards.

Note: if in some of the necessary steps to configure the Board appears signs of difficulty of load in the configuration page, do not worry, it is normal and is due to the Internet Protocol Explorer. For solving this problem, Internet Explore must be closed and restart it indicating on the bar of directions the IP address of the Board. If this method does not work, proceed to remove the power supply and restart to connect everything again.

4.3 EXAMPLE OF CONNECTION SCHEME TYPE



This is an example of network configuration composed by 2 computers which control and manage 2 Mother Boards. At the same time, components, complete flight simulator modules (SISMO PRMs), etc. are connected to the Mother Board. For this specific issue, 2 types of configuration can be done:

- a) 1 computer which controls both Mother Boards
- b) Each computer controls only one Mother Board.

The unique requirement to be networked is that the 4 elements must have the same IP range.

For example:

192.168.1.150 (Mother Board 1) 192.168.1.151
 (Mother Board 2) 192.168.1.152 (computer 1)
 192.168.1.153 (computer 2)

Each computer and each Board must have an Ethernet port (normally used for connecting to the internet network).

4 Ethernet cables will be plugged into each of these 4 equipments to a device SWITCH, HUB or ROUTER (with Autosense) in order for communication between them to occur.

In the same used SWITCH, the Ethernet cable to provide connection for internet can also be plugged.



SWITCH Autosense



5 HARDWARE TEST

The language of programming that specifically has developed Sismo Soluciones is SC-Pascal and in spite of the fact that the Board can be controlled for any another language previous its appropriate configuration, in this manual only and exclusively is indicated the necessary requirements to control the Board with the SC-Pascal editor/compiler, being enough for every user who want to interact with the simulator.

SC-Pascal has a section for the checking of the Hardware, Inputs and Outputs, Displays, Servos and Adc's for both the Mother and Daughters Boards. In this way the user can verify the hardware, represent the active inputs, activate or deactivate the outputs, check the displays and verify the servos and adc's.

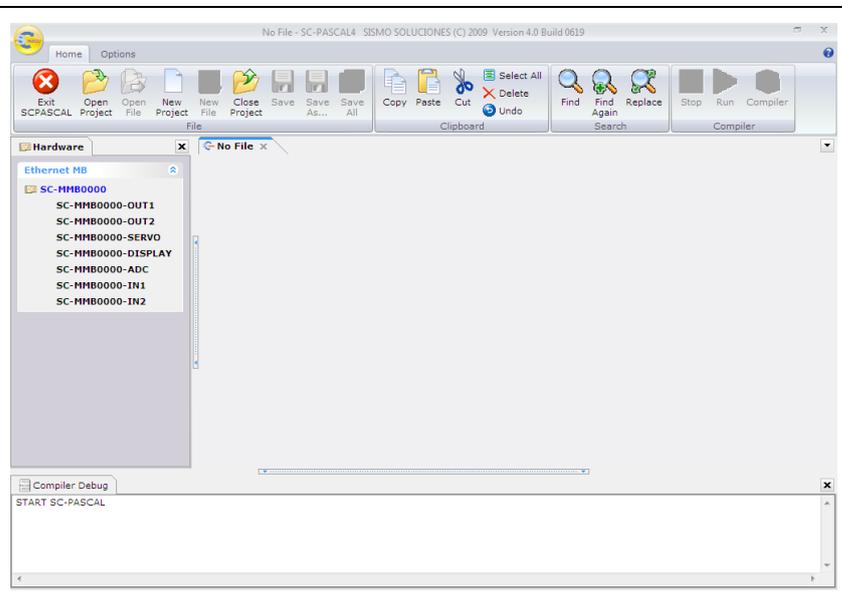


For being able to do these checks, download the last version of SC Pascal V5 for SC-MB Simcards's family which is available in the download zone of the web www.737ngsim.com.

For more information read the manuals and tutorials of SC Pascal.

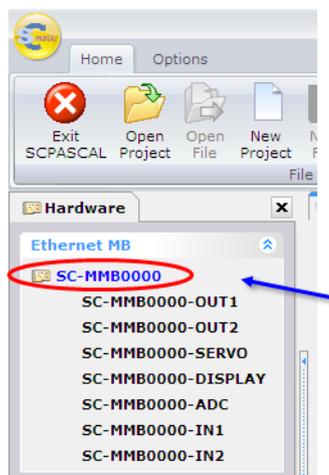
Screen 1: SC-Pascal

Launch SC-Pascal V5 pressing on SC-Pascal Logo and this screen will appear.



In the left part can be observed the serial number of the Mother Board accompanied of all the Daughters Boards which are connected in these moment to the computer and have been correctly configured.

This is only an example, for that it will never have these serial numbers.



Serial Number of the Mother Board (this is an example)

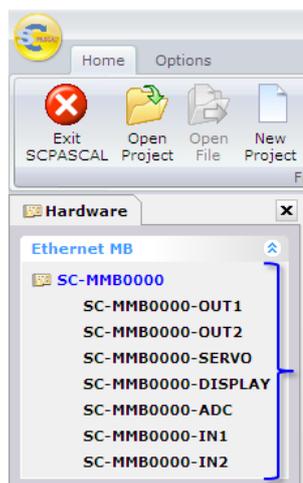
For launching the application "Hardware test", do click with the mouse on the serial number of the Mother Board or on any of the Daughters Boards which were connected and configured.

Color Code:

ON -> green

OFF -> grey

Last active Input -> red



Launch "HW Test" Double click on each Board

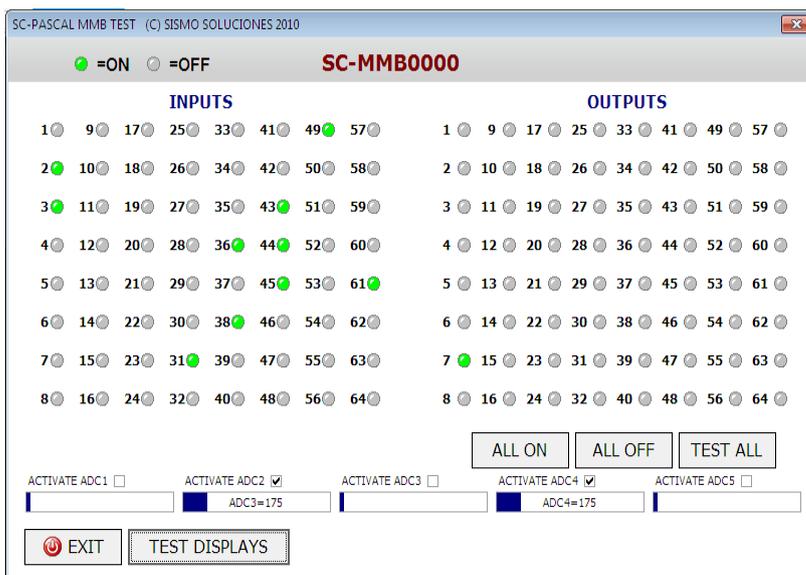
Screen 2: Mother Board

With double click on the Mother Board the user will be able to observe:

The INPUTS state (ON/ OFF).

Activate or to deactivate an output pressing with the mouse on the number corresponding to the OUTPUTS.

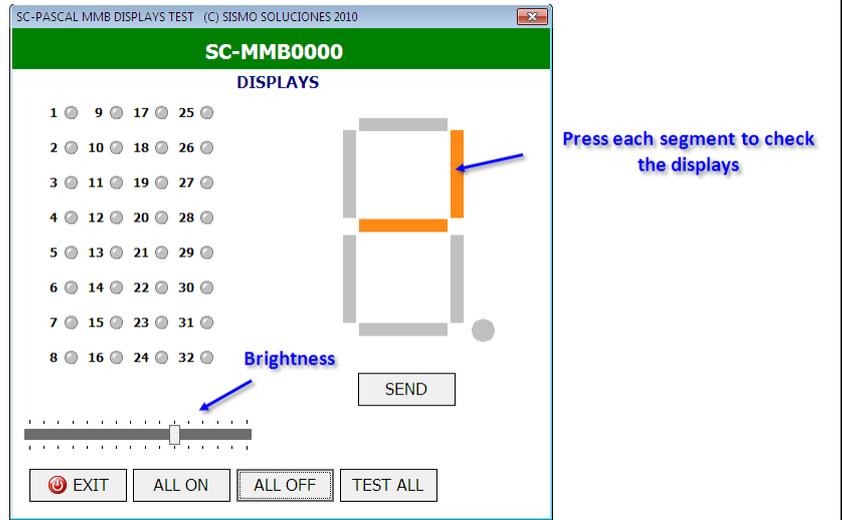
Do the test of the displays or check the 5 analogical inputs or pots marking before the icon "ACTIVATE ADCn" (n = analogical input to activating/ deactivate).



Screen 3: Mother Board

The following screen appears if the user presses with the mouse on TEST DISPLAYS.

We can mark the orange segments of the displays to verify that they work adequately as well as to change the intensity/brightness or activate/ deactivate a concrete display doing click on the corresponding number of each display.



Screen 4: Daughters Boards

With double click on the Daughters Boards the user will be able to observe:

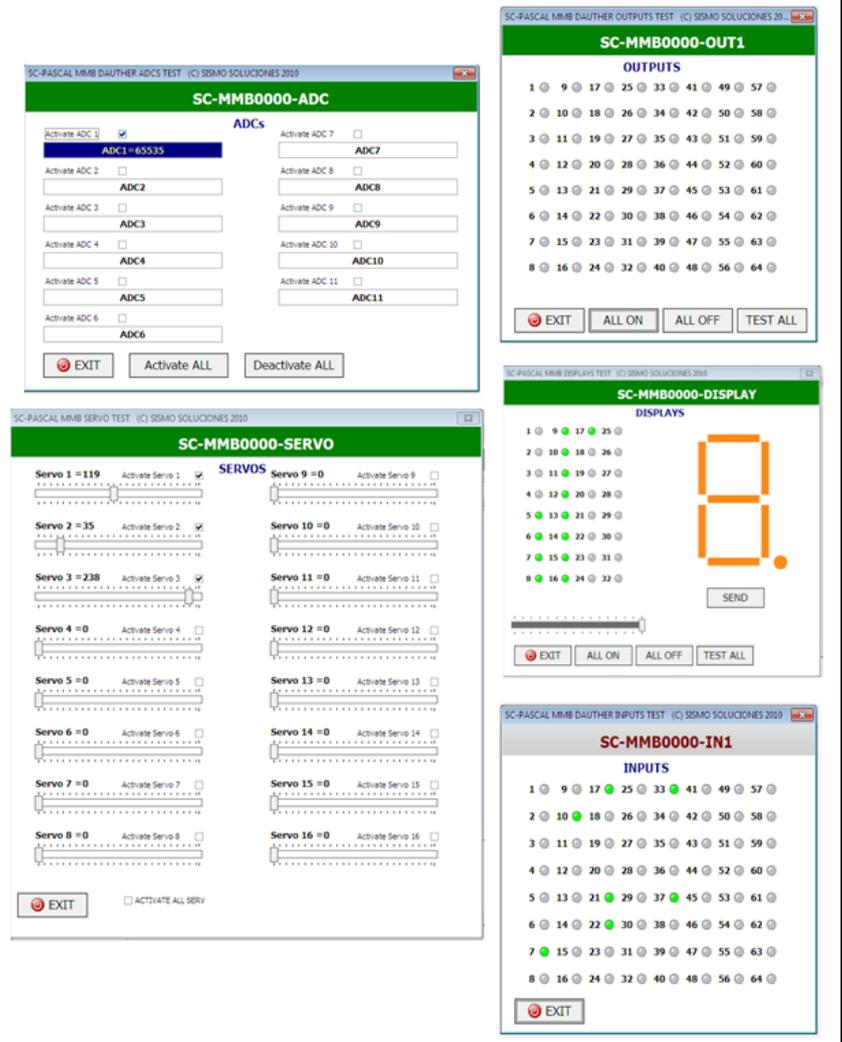
The INPUTS state (ON=green / OFF=grey) for the Input Daughters Boards.

Activate or deactivate OUTPUTS in the Output Daughters Boards.

Do the test of the displays in the Displays Daughters Boards.

Check the analogical inputs or pots in the ADC Daughters Boards.

And verify the servos in the Servos Daughters Boards marking before the icon "ACTIVATE Servo n" (n = servo to activating/deactivate). Another icon called "ACTIVATE YOUR ALL SERV" is used to activate the 16 servos of the Board.



6 FLIGHT SIMULATOR USE

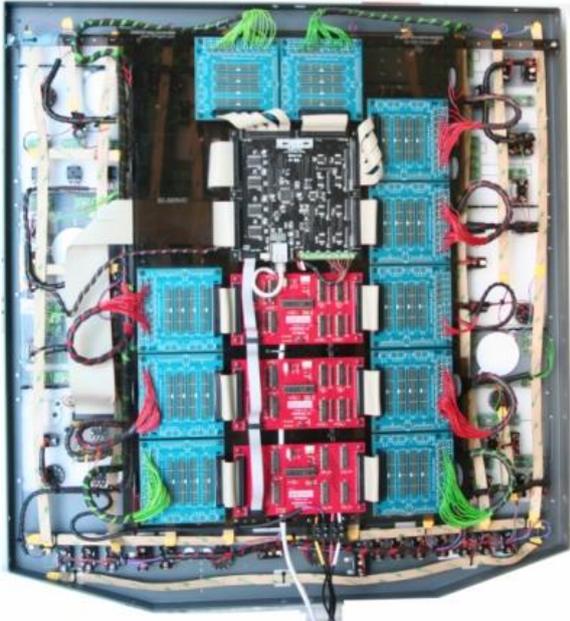
With the new SC-MB SimCards you can control all the elements and components of any flight simulator. Obviously Sismo uses these Boards for the modules of the TERAS 737NG simulator which develops and commercializes, in this manner the solution offered by Sismo is very complete because not only the user can have panels and hardware of great quality (TERAS family), in addition it has the electronics of control needed and certainly the software to interact with the different simulators of the market.

These Boards can be used not only by the modules of Sismo, much more with any other type of modules or for those who want to build their own simulators, the Boards are ideal together with the GIC cards, and with this solution forget to have problems with the connections.

No other card of the market offers so much power and so many benefits, besides all the advantages described in this manual. Could you imagine having a simulator controlled by **wireless**? With this technology already it is possible, now we can forget the problems of the quantity of USB ports, the distances, etc.

Calculate the cards that you need to equalize to an alone SC-MMB, in some cases it is needed until 5 different cards with an obsolete technology. In this case, the final price of these solutions are practically the same than the solution with an alone SimCard.

Some examples for modules of a 737NG Simulator:

<p>FWD Overhead</p> 	<p>1 SimCard Mother SC-MMB Board 3 SimCards Daughter Boards</p> <p><u>Notes:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • For facilitating the hook-up of a big and completely connected module as this case is, GIC V2 cards are used (blue cards). • If the Overhead takes operative gauges for servos, it is necessary to add a new Daughter Board. • The Overhead has only an Ethernet port for the whole set and does not need any type of HUB (as in case of USB). • It has a power connector of 5V. • If this module had the wireless kit, it only would be necessary to connect supply.
<p>Complete MIP</p>	<p>1 SimCard Mother SC-MMB Board</p>
<p>MCP and EFIS</p>	<p>1 SimCard Mother SC-MMB Board</p>

7 OTHERS APPLICATIONS

The cards of the SimCards family named SC-MB are specially designed for the control and management of inputs and outputs of equipments and modules of simulators made or not by Sismo, as well as any other equipment or system of real time which need control of elements, being some examples of application:

- Flight simulators/cars/trains/ etc.
- Systems of centralized control, CTC type
- Sending of data by remote
- Control of elements
- Systems of roads
- Etc.

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8 FAQs

¿How can the user enable/open any port in the computer?

As example, the necessary steps to open manually ports in Windows XP will be explained. For others operating systems, it can be done after to look for easily how to do it through any internet browser.

1. Click Start, and then click My Network Places.
2. Under Network Tasks, click View Network Connections. (Or, right-click My Network Places on the desktop, and then click Properties.)
3. Right-click the connection that you use for the Internet, and then click Properties.
4. Click the Advanced tab, and then click Settings.

Note If the Settings button is unavailable, ICF is not enabled on this connection, and you do not have to open any ports (because they are all already open).

5. Click Add to open a new port.
6. In the Description box, type a friendly name. For example, type File Sharing: Port 445.
7. In the Name or IP address of the computer hosting this service on your network box, type 127.0.0.1.
Note: You can specify the IP address of an internal computer. But you typically will use 127.0.0.1.
8. In the External port and Internal port boxes, type the port number. Generally, this number is the same.
9. Click UDP, and then click OK.
10. Repeat steps 1 through 9 for each port that you want to open.

Advice: disable completely the Firewall Windows in case to have more than one equipment connected to the network and improve the communications.

END OF DOCUMENT

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