ioPAC 8500 Hardware User's Manual

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www.moxa.com/product



ioPAC 8500 Hardware User's Manual

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1 Introduction

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- Overview
- Package Checklist

Overview

The ioPAC 8500 modular type controllers use an ARM9 based industrial grade CPU for the system, with ARM Cortex[™] M4 based CPUs used for the modules. The controllers have 2, 5, or 9 I/O slots for 85M series modules. The USB bus between the controller CPU and module CPUs transmits data at up to 200 Mbps, and the dual CPU architecture supports a 40 kHz analog input sampling rate, pre-recording of analog input data, and millisecond timestamp. The ioPAC 8500 supports C/C++ programming capability, rail-level surge and ESD protection, a -40 to 75°C operating temperature range, anti-vibration, hot-swappability of modules, two 10/100 Mbps Ethernet ports with two MACs (Port Trunking ready), and two 3-in-1 serial ports. With Moxa's Active OPC Server and DA-Center, the ioPAC 8500 series provides a comprehensive solution for data acquisition and control applications in harsh environment.

Package Checklist

ioPAC 8500

The ioPAC 8500 is shipped with the following items:

- ioPAC 8500 controller
- Serial console cable
- Documentation and software CD

85M Modules

85M modules are shipped with the following items:

- 85M module
- DB44 to 4-port DB9 cable included in 85M-5401-T package

Optional Accessories (can be purchased separately)

- WK-75: Wallmount kit
- CBL-M12D(MM4P)/RJ45-100 IP67: M12 to RJ45 cable
- 85M-BKTES: Empty slot cover for ioPAC 85xx modules (3 pcs per package)

This chapter includes instructions on how to install the ioPAC 8500.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

Basic Installation

- > DIN Rail Installation Procedure
- > Module Installation Procedure (Power-Off)
- Module Installation Procedure (Power-On)

Configuring the Power

- > Powering on the ioPAC Controller
- > Grounding the ioPAC
- Installing a microSD Card

Connecting to the Network

Ethernet Communication

Serial Connectivity

- Connecting to a Serial Device
- Serial Console (Debug Port)

Battery

Basic Installation

DIN Rail Installation Procedure

Installing the ioPAC 8500 on a DIN Rail

recessed button to release it. Once released, you should feel

The DIN rail attachment plate should already be fixed to the back panel of the ioPAC 8500 when you take it out of the box. If you need to reattach the DIN rail attachment plate to the ioPAC 8500, be sure the spring-loaded bracket is situated towards the bottom, as shown in the figures below.

NOTE A wall mount kit can be purchased separately.

down a few millimeters in each direction.



STEP 2: Insert the top of the DIN rail into the top slots on the DIN rail attachment plate.



STEP 3: The DIN rail attachment unit will snap into place as shown in the illustration below.



Removing the ioPAC 8500 from a DIN Rail

To remove the ioPAC 8500 from a DIN rail, use a screwdriver to push down the spring-loaded bracket until it locks in place, as shown in the diagram at the right. Next, rotate the bottom of the switch upwards and then remove the switch from the DIN rail.



Module Installation Procedure (Power-Off)

Moxa's ioPAC 8500 controllers come with 2, 5, or 9 slots for 85M-series modules. Use the following procedure to install modules when your system is powered off.

Step1: Install the module into the ioPAC 8500 system. The module's PCB should align with the edge of the frame. Push the module into the slot and make sure the module is plugged into the backplane.



Step2: Fasten the two screws using 3.5±0.5 kg of torque.

Module Installation Procedure (Power-On)

All ioPAC 8500 modules are hot-swappable, which means that you can safely install, remove, and replace modules while the system is powered on. When a module is removed or installed when the system is powered on, the module head stops processing and registers the newly installed or recently removed module, and scans for a configuration change. There is no disruption to normal operation during module insertion or removal.

After installing a new module, it could take about ten seconds for the system to recognize and activate the module, at which point the module's LED will turn green.



WARNING

When the system is powered on, do not install more than one module at a time. If you need to install multiple modules, wait until the most recently installed module's LED turns GREEN before installing the next module.

Configuring the Power

Powering on the ioPAC Controller

The ioPAC controller can receive power from a 9 to 48 VDC power source, and is compliant with EN 50155 at 24 VDC. Input power is applied to the positive (V+) and negative (V-) terminals on the connector.

- When the input voltage is below the minimum recommended voltage the ioPAC will turn off.
- The ioPAC has reverse protection and power input over-voltage protection, allowing it to resist a maximum voltage of 65 V, and the ioPAC's power input over-current fuse protection specification is 5 A.



After connecting the Moxa ioPAC controller to the power supply, it will take 30 to 60 seconds for the operating system to boot up. The green Ready LED will not turn on until the operating system is ready.



ATTENTION

This product is intended to be supplied by a Listed Power Unit with output marked "LPS" and rated for 9-48 VDC (minimum requirements). For railway rolling stock applications, these devices must be supplied by a galvanic isolated power supply with design based on the EN 50155 standard.

Grounding the ioPAC

For most applications, it is desirable to ground the system by connecting the system's power supply common wire to the chassis or panel ground. The negative (–V) side of the DC power input terminal as well as all I/O point terminals labeled GND are connected to chassis ground.



- **NOTE** 1. Use 18 AWG wire for the power ground.
 - 2. We highly recommend connecting the ground screw to the power terminal block's ground.

Installing a microSD Card

The ioPAC is equipped with one slot for microSD cards. The card reader slot is located inside the ioPAC device, so you will need to unscrew and remove the card cover to install your microSD cards. When inserting a microSD card, remember to keep the front edge of the card facing down.

Follow these steps to remove or install a microSD card:

1. Remove the screw holding the card cover in place.



2. (a) Insert the microSD card into the microSD card slot, or(b) Remove the microSD card from the microSD card slot.



3. Fasten back the screw holding the card cover in place.

Connecting to the Network

Ethernet Communication

Connections to the LAN port are made through an RJ45 or M12 connector on the module. The wiring and pin connections for these connectors are described in separate sections below.

• **TCP/IP Settings:** Dual Speed Functionality: The ioPAC 8500's Ethernet ports auto negotiate with the connected devices and then use the fastest data transmission rate supported by both devices. The following table shows the TCP/IP parameters supported by the LAN port. Default values are set when a Factory Reset is performed on the controller.

	Lan Port 1		Lan Port 2
Parameter	Supported Values	Parameter	Supported Values
IP Address	Default: 192.168.127.254	IP Address	Default: 192.168.126.254
Subnet Mask	Default: 255.255.255.0	Subnet Mask	Default: 255.255.255.0
Gateway	Default: 0.0.0.0	Gateway	Default: 0.0.0.0

IP Address is the IP address of the controller.

Subnet Mask determines the subnet on which the controller is located.

Gateway determines how your controller communicates with devices outside its subnet. Enter the IP address of the gateway.

The IP address, subnet mask, and gateway are static; contact your network administrator to obtain these addresses for the controller.

RJ45 Ethernet Connector

The ideal maximum cable length of a 10/100BaseT connection is 100 m (350 feet), but the actual limit could be longer or shorter depending on the amount of electrical noise in the environment. To minimize the amount of noise, Ethernet cables should not run parallel to power cables or other types of cables that generate electrical noise.

The following diagram and table shows the pin connections for the RJ45 Ethernet connector.

12345678	Contact	Media Direct Interface Signal
	1	Tx + (transmit)
	2	Tx - (transmit)
	3	Rx + (receive)
	4	Not used
	5	Not used
	6	Rx - (receive)
	7	Not used
	8	Not used
	•	•

RJ45 Connector Pin Assignment

M12 Ethernet Connector

The ioPAC 8500 has two 10/100BaseT(X) Ethernet ports that use 4-pin shielded M12 connectors with D coding. The 10/100T(X) ports located on the front panel of ioPAC 8500 are used to connect to Ethernet-enabled devices. Most users configure these ports for Auto MDI/MDI-X mode, in which case the port's pinouts are adjusted automatically depending on the type of Ethernet cable used (straight-through or cross-over), and the type of device (NIC-type or HUB/Switch-type) connected to the port.

• **The Auto MDI/MDI-X function** (M12 connector) allows users to connect the ioPAC 8500's 10/100BaseTX ports to any kind of Ethernet device, without needing to pay attention to the type of Ethernet cable being used for the connection. This means that you can use either a straight-through cable or cross-over cable to connect the ioPAC 8500 to Ethernet devices.

The following diagram and table shows the pin connections for the M12 Ethernet connector.

M12 Ethernet Connector Pin Assignments



Male	Wire-Color	Bus	Reference
1	Orange	(+)	В
2	Not used	n.c	-
3	-	Shield	S
4	Blue	-1	А

In what follows, we give pinouts for both MDI (NIC-type) ports and MDI-X (HUB/Switch-type) ports. We also give cable wiring diagrams for straight-through and cross-over Ethernet cables.

M12 (4-pin, M) to M12 (4-pin, M) Cross-Over Cable Wiring







M12 (4-pin, M) to RJ45 (8-pin) Cross-Over Cable Wiring



M12 (4-pin, M) to RJ45 (8-pin) Straight-Through Cable Wiring





ATTENTION

Configuring the two LAN ports on the same ioPAC RTU controller to the same network domain (e.g., 192.168.1.1 and 192.168.1.2) is not recommended.

Port Trunking

The ioPAC 8500 RTU controller has a **Port Trunking** function (active backup mode) that can convert two LAN-port IP addresses into one virtual IP address for easy SCADA integration and Ethernet redundancy. In the following diagram, both LAN ports on each ioPAC RTU controller are connected to a managed switch on an Ethernet network running SCADA software. For more details regarding configuration setup, refer to the **ioPAC RTU Software User's Manual**.



Serial Connectivity

Connecting to a Serial Device

The ioPAC RTU is equipped with two 3-in-1 serial ports that support RS-232/422/485, making it more convenient to connect field serial devices.

1 5	Pin	RS-232	RS-422 and 4-wire RS-485	2-wire RS-485
À À	1	DCD	TxD-(A)	-
	2	RXD	TxD+(B)	-
	3	TXD	RxD+(B)	Data+(B)
	4	DTR	RxD-(A)	Data-(A)
69	5	GND	GND	GND
	6	DSR	-	-
	7	RTS	-	-
	8	CTS	-	-
	9	RI	-	-

Serial Console (Debug Port)

The serial console gives users a convenient way of connecting to the RTU controllers. This method is particularly useful when using the computer for the first time. The serial console is also effective for connecting the Moxa RTU controllers when you do not know target network settings and IP addresses.

Step 1: To use the serial console, remove the cover from the front/top panel first.





Step 2: Attach the 4-pin serial console cable to the console port. The following diagram shows the 4-pin serial connector and pin connections.

Pin Assignment for the Serial Console Port

0 ← 4	Pin	Definition
	1	TxD
	2	RxD
U ~ 1	3	NC
	4	GND

Serial Console Default Settings

Parameter	Value
Baudrate	115200 bps
Parity	None
Data bits	8
Stop bits	1
Flow Control	None
Terminal	VT100

We recommend using Moxa PComm Terminal Emulator to connect to the serial console. The following steps describe how to connect the console.

- 1. Download Moxa PComm Lite from the Moxa website (<u>www.moxa.com</u>) or copy it from the following folder on the Documentation and Software CD: Software\utility\PComm\.
- 2. Install Moxa PComm Lite to the host Windows PC.
- 3. Run PComm Lite Terminal Emulator from **Start** → **Programs** → **PComm Lite Ver 1.x** → **Terminal Emulator**.
- 4. Click **Profile** \rightarrow **Open**.



5. Specify which COM port is connecting to the Moxa RTU, and use the following configuration settings: 115, 200, 8, none, 1.

Property			×
Communication Para	uneter Terminal	File Transfer Capturing	_,
Protoc Serial Parameters			
COM1	Baud rate:	115200	
COM3 COM4		🔲 User defined	
COM5 COM6	Data bits:	8 🔳	
COM7 COM8	Parity:	None	
COM9 COM10	Stop bits:	1	
COM11 COM12	Flow control:	□ RTS/CTS □ DTR/DSR □ XON/XOFF	
	R TS state:	⊙ ON C OFF	
	DTR state:	⊙ ON C OFF	

6. Click on the Terminal tab and configure the Terminal Type to VT100. Click **OK** to proceed.

operty	
Communication Par	rameter Terminal File Transfer Capturing
Terminal type: Window Size — Size: 80 History depth:	VT100 ANSI VT100 Dumb Terminal 25 (unit. row)
Transmit Local echo	
Send 'Enter' key	r as: CR-LF 🗾
Receive	
CR translation:	No Changed
LF translation:	No Changed 💌

7. The serial console will be displayed on the terminal screen.



Battery

The ioPAC RTU controller is equipped with one built-in, rechargeable CR2032 3V battery for the SRAM and one BR2032 3V non-rechargeable battery for the Real Time Clock (RTC).

- SRAM battery life: 1 week Note: The SRAM battery life can sustain 1 week. However, a typical battery life is 20 mAh / 2 μ A = 10000 hours, or approximately 415 days (@ 25°C).
- RTC battery life: 5 years Note: The RTC battery life can sustain 5 years. However, a typical battery life is 195 mAh / 1.2 μ A = 162500 hours = 6771 days, or approximately 18 years (@ 25°C).



Caution

Do NOT attempt to replace the BR2032 3V battery. Contact your local dealer for replacement assistance.

ioPAC 8500 Hardware Introduction

This chapter introduces the ioPAC 8500's hardware specifications.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

Appearance and Dimensions

- > Appearance
- Dimensions

Hardware Block Diagrams

➢ ioPAC 8500 CPU Board Block Diagram

Product Hardware Specifications

- Product Selection Guide
- Product Specifications

ioPAC 8500 LED Indicators

- System LEDs
- Communication LEDs
- ➢ User-Defined LEDs: LED1 and LED2
- Toggle Switch: Mode 1 and Mode 2
- **D** Toggle Switch: Factory Reset Process

Appearance and Dimensions

Appearance

ioPAC 8500 Modular Head

The following figures depict ioPAC 8500 modular heads. There are two types of modular heads, both have dual Ethernet ports but one is RJ45 and the other is M12.



Dimensions

ioPAC 8500-2





ioPAC 8500-5





ioPAC 8500-9



Hardware Block Diagrams

ioPAC 8500 CPU Board Block Diagram



Product Hardware Specifications

Product Selection Guide

Model Name	Description
ioPAC 8500-2-RJ45-C-T	2 Slot, RJ45, C/C++
ioPAC 8500-5-RJ45-C-T	5 Slot, RJ45, C/C++
ioPAC 8500-9-RJ45-C-T	9 Slot, RJ45, C/C++
ioPAC 8500-2-M12-C-T	2 Slot, M12, C/C++
ioPAC 8500-5-M12-C-T	5 Slot, M12, C/C++
ioPAC 8500-9-M12-C-T	9 Slot, M12, C/C++

NOTE Conformal coating available on request.

Product Specifications

Computer

Main CPU: ARM9 based CPU, 32-bit/192 MHz

I/O CPU: ARM Cortex M4 based CPU, 32-bit/80MHz

OS: Linux

Clock: Real-time clock with battery backup

Memory:

- SDRAM: 64 MB
- Flash: 32 MB
- SRAM: 256 KB (battery backup lasts for 1 week)
- microSD[™] Slot: Up to 32 GB (SD 2.0 compatible)

Note: For units operating in extreme temperatures, industrial grade, wide-temperature microSD cards are required.

Backplane Bus Speed: Up to 200 Mbps for all slots

Ethernet Interface

LAN: 2 x 10/100 Mbps, 2 MACs (IPs), RJ45 or M12 Protection: 1.5 kV magnetic isolation

Serial Communication

Interface:

- 2 RS-232/422/485 ports, software selectable (DB9 male)
- 1 RS-232 debug port (4-pin connector)

Serial Line Protection: 8 kV ESD for all signals

Serial Communication Parameters

Parity: None, Even, Odd Data Bits: 7, 8 Stop Bits: 1, 2 Flow Control: RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF Baudrate: 300 bps to 921.6 Kbps

Serial Signals

RS-232: TxD, RxD, DTR, DSR, RTS, CTS, DCD, GND **RS-422:** Tx+, Tx-, Rx+, Rx-, GND **RS-485-4w:** Tx+, Tx-, Rx+, Rx-, GND **RS-485-2w:** Data+, Data-, GND

Software Characteristics

Automation Languages: C/C++ Protocols: Modbus/TCP, Modbus/RTU Master, Modbus/RTU Slave

Power Requirements

Power Input: 24 VDC nominal, 9 to 48 VDC Note: Compliant with EN 50155 at 24 VDC Current for I/O Modules: 5 A @ 3.3 VDC (max.) Power Consumption: 3.65 W @ 24 VDC

Physical Characteristics

Housing: Aluminum

Dimensions:

- 2-slot version: 114.7 x 135 x 100 mm (4.52 x 5.31 x 3.94 in)
- 5-slot version: 190.9 x 135 x 100 mm (7.52 x 5.31 x 3.94 in)

• 9-slot version: 292.5 x 135 x 100 mm (11.52 x 5.31 x 3.94 in)

Weight:

- 2-slot version: 1300 g
- 5-slot version: 2000 g
- 9-slot version: 2575 g

Mounting: DIN rail mounting (standard), wall mounting (optional) **Connector:** Spring-type terminal block

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C (-40 to 176°F) Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F) Ambient Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Standards and Certifications

Safety: UL 508 (Pending) EMI: EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3; FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A EMS: EN 55024, EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11 Shock: IEC 60068-2-27 Freefall: IEC 60068-2-27 Vibration: IEC 60068-2-6 Rail Traffic: EN 50155, EN 50121-3-2, EN 50121-4 Note: Please check Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification status.

MTBF (mean time between failure)

Time: 859,979 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

Warranty

Warranty Period: 5 years Details: See www.moxa.com/warranty

ioPAC 8500 LED Indicators

There are 9 LEDs on the ioPAC controller.



Category	Label	Usage				
	PWR	System Power	On: Power On			
			Off: Power Off			
	RDY	System (Kernel)	Green: System Ready			
		Ready	Green Blinking: System is booting up			
			Red: System error or factory reset executing			
System			Red Blinking: Factory reset triggered			
System	I/O	Expansion	Green: Expansion configuration OK			
		Status	Red: Expansion configuration failed			
		(on Head)	Off: No module connected			
	Status	Expansion	Green: Expansion mode ready			
		Status	Red: Expansion mode failed			
		(on Module)	Off: Not connected			
User-Defined	LED1, LED2	User-Defined	User-Defined			
	LAN1, LAN2	Ethernet	Green: 100Mb			
		Connection	Amber: 10Mb			
			Blinking: data transmitting			
Communication			Off: disconnected			
	P1, P2	Serial	Green: Tx			
		Connection	Amber: Rx			
			Non-simultaneous Blinking: data transmitting			
			Off: disconnected			

System LEDs

PWR (Power LED)

The Power (PWR) LED indicates the status of the system power. When the system is on, this LED will turn green, and when the system power is off this LED will be off.

RDY (Ready LED)

The Ready (RDY) LED indicates the status of the system's kernel. When the LED is green the system kernel is ready. When the LED is green and blinking, the system's kernel is booting-up. When the Ready (RDY) LED is red, there is either a system error or the system is being reset to factory defaults. When the Ready LED is red and blinking, the device's factory default mode has been triggered.

IO (Expansion Module LED)

The IO LED on the module indicates the status of the expansion modules. When the LED is green, all expansion module configurations are okay, and when the LED is red, at least one of the expansion modules failed to configure properly.

Communication LEDs

P1 and P2

The ioPAC controller comes with two serial connections. P1 and P2 represent the status of each serial connection. When the LED is green, the ioPAC is transmitting data (Tx). When the the LED is amber, the ioPAC is receiving data (Rx). When the LED is blinking randomly, data is either being transmitted or received. For example, if P1 is blinking and is green, the ioPAC is transmitting data.

When the LED is off, the serial connection is disconnected.

LAN1 and LAN2

The ioPAC controller comes with two Ethernet ports, with the LAN1 and LAN2 LEDs used to represent the status of the two connections. When the LED is green, data is transmitting at 100 Mbps. When the LED is amber, data is transmitting at 10 Mbps. When the LED is off, there is no Ethernet connection, or the Ethernet connection has been disconnected.

User-Defined LEDs: LED1 and LED2

The ioPAC controller allows the user to custom configure these two LEDs (through the software interface). Refer to the **C/C++ Sample Code Programming Guide for ioPAC RTU Controllers** for details.

Toggle Switch: Mode 1 and Mode 2

The Mode 1 and Mode 2 toggle switches are user-defined by software (refer to the C/C++ Sample Code **Programming Guide for ioPAC RTU Controllers** for details).



Toggle Switch: Factory Reset Process

Use the following procedure to reset the ioPAC to the factory defaults. Note that when you reset the ioPAC, all of your tag definitions, software programs, and files will be deleted, and the service and runtime engine will be restarted.

- 1. When the system is booting up and the RDY LED is blinking GREEN, hold the toggle switch in the "reset" position.
- Continue to hold toggle switch until the "RDY" LED turns a solid RED, and then release the toggle switch. It will take around 90 seconds to complete the factory reset process.
- 3. When the "RDY" LED starts blinking GREEN (indicating that the kernel is rebooting), the factory mode is completed.

NOTE Do NOT power-off, operate, or connect any devices when the the "RDY" LED is a solid RED.

85M Module Hardware Introduction

In this chapter, we provide the 85M modules' specifications.

The following topics are covered in this chapter:

- **B5M Module Descriptions**
- Common Specifications
- Module Specifications
 - > 85M-1602-T: Digital Input, 24 VDC, Sink/Source, Dry Contact Type
 - > 85M-2600-T: Digital Output, 24 VDC, Sink Type Input and Output
 - > 85M-38XX-T: Analog Input
 - > 85M-5401-T: Serial Ports

85M Module Descriptions

The ioPAC 8500 controllers support the following modules.

Model Name	Description
85M-1602-T	16 DI, Sink/Source
85M-2600-T	16 DO, Sink
85M-3800-T	8 AI, 4-20 mA
85M-3810-T	8 AI, 0-10 V
85M-3801-T	8 AI 40 KHz, 4-20 mA
85M-3811-T	8 AI 40 KHz, 0-10 V
85M-5401-T	4 Serial Ports

NOTE Conformal coating available on request.

Common Specifications

The following is the ioPAC 8500 modules common specification.

Environmental Limits

Storage Temperature: -40 to 85°C (-40 to 185°F) Ambient Relative Humidity: 5 to 95% (non-condensing)

Standards and Certifications

Safety: UL 508 (Pending) EMI: EN 55022, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, FCC Part 15 Subpart B Class A EMS: EN 55024, EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11 Shock: IEC 60068-2-27 Freefall: IEC 60068-2-32 Vibration: IEC 60068-2-6 Rail Traffic: EN 50155, EN 50121-3-2, EN 50121-4 Note: Please check Moxa's website for the most up-to-date certification status.

Warranty

Warranty Period: 5 years Details: See www.moxa.com/warranty

Module Specifications

85M-1602-T: Digital Input, 24 VDC, Sink/Source, Dry Contact

Туре

The 85M-1602-T modules is a 16-channel, sink/source, or dry contact type digital input module that support wide temperature and high isolation protection.

Block Diagram

The following is the 85M-1602-T module's block diagram. The MCU has two communication interfaces: USB and UART. The 85M-1602-T communicates with the modular head through USB and UART interfaces. The MCU accesses the I/O information by SPI through the parallel-to-serial chip. The 85M-1602-T module has isolation protection up to 3K VDC or 2K Vrms, and photo isolators between the I/O channels and the MCU.



Product Specifications

The following are the 85M-1602-T module's product specifications.

85M-1602-T: 16 digital inputs, 24 VDC, sink/source, dry contact type

Inputs and Outputs

Digital Inputs: 16 channels **Isolation:** 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Digital Inputs

Sensor Type: Wet contact (NPN or PNP), dry contact
I/O Mode: DI or event counter
Dry Contact:
On: short to GND

• Off: open

Wet Contact (DI to GND): NPN (DI to GND): • On: 0 to 3 VDC • Off: 10 to 30 VDC PNP (DI to GND): • Off: 0 to 3 VDC • On: 10 to 30 VDC Common Type: 8 points per COM Counter Frequency: 5 kHz Digital Filtering Time Interval: Software selectable (by 0.1 ms) Physical Characteristics Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG Connector: Spring type terminal block Environmental Limits Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.2 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure)

Time: 1,132,561 hrs

Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

Pin Assignment and Wiring Guide

The following is 85M-1602-T module's pin assignment and wiring guide.



85M-2600-T: Digital Output, 24 VDC, Sink Type Input and

Output

The 85M-2600-T features sink type sixteen digital input channels. The 85M-2600-T can use the module's digital inputs to determine the state of limit or safety switches, or to receive remote digital signals.

Block Diagram

The following is the 85M-2600-T module's block diagram. The MCU has two communication interfaces, USB and UART, which the 85M-2600-T uses to communicate with the modular head. The MCU accesses information from the I/O channels by SPI through the parallel-to-serial chip. 85M-2600-T has isolation protection up to 3K VDC or 2K Vrms, and photo-isolators between the I/O channels and the MCU.



Product Specifications

The following are the 85M-2600-T module's product specifications.

85M-2600-T: 16 digital outputs, 24 VDC, sink type

Inputs and Outputs

Digital Outputs: 16 channels Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Digital Outputs

Type: Sink I/O Mode: DO or pulse output Pulse Output Frequency: 5 kHz Over-voltage Protection: 45 VDC Over-current Protection: 2.6 A (4 channels @ 650 mA) Over-temperature Shutdown: 175°C (typical), 150°C (min.) Current Rating: 200 mA per channel

Physical Characteristics

Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG

Connector: Spring type terminal block

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 0.85 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 792,571 hrs

Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

Pin Assignment and Wiring Guide



85M-38XX-T: Analog Input

The 85M-38XX-T series provides eight 16-bit analog input modules. It accepts voltage inputs (0-10 V) and current input (4–20 mA). This high performance analog input module features high density I/O with a flexible topology and hot-swappable functionality. This module is cost-effective solution for most industrial application.

Block Diagram

The following is the 85M-38XX-T module's block diagram. The 85M-38XX-T uses an MCU processor that has three communication interfaces: SPI, RS232, and USB. The MCU processor accesses the ADC and SRAM by SPI, whereas the 85M-38XX-T module communicates with the modular head through RS-232 and USB interfaces. The 85M-38XX-T has isolation protection up to 3K VDC or 2K Vrms.



Product Specifications

The following are the 85M-38XX-T module's product specifications.

85M-3800-T: 8 analog inputs, 4 to 20 mA

Spec Category: [place holder]

Inputs and Outputs

Analog Inputs: 8 channels Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Analog Inputs

Type: Differential Resolution: 16 bits I/O Mode: 4 to 20 mA (wire off) Accuracy: ±0.1% FSR @ 25°C ±0.3% FSR @ -40 and 75°C Sampling Rate:

• All channels: 100 samples/sec

• Per channel: 12.5 samples/sec

Input Impedance: 125 ohms (min.)

Physical Characteristics

Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG Connector: Spring type terminal block

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.05 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 1,512,906 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

85M-3801-T: 8 analog inputs, 4 to 20 mA, 40 kHz

Spec Category: [place holder]

Inputs and Outputs

Analog Inputs: 8 channels Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Analog Inputs

Type: Differential Resolution: 16 bits I/O Mode: 4 to 20 mA (wire off) Historical Data Buffering: Up to 6 sec per channel Accuracy: ±0.1% FSR @ 25°C ±0.3% FSR @ -40 and 75°C

Sampling Rate:

• All channels: 40k samples/sec

• Per channel: 5k samples/sec

Input Impedance: 125 ohms (min.)

Physical Characteristics

Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG Connector: Spring type terminal block

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.25 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 1,410,655 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

85M-3810-T: 8 analog inputs, 0 to 10 VDC

Spec Category: [place holder]

Inputs and Outputs

Analog Inputs: 8 channels Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Analog Inputs

Type: Differential Resolution: 16 bits I/O Mode: 0 to 10 VDC Accuracy: ±0.1% FSR @ 25°C ±0.3% FSR @ -40 and 75°C

Sampling Rate:

• All channels: 100 samples/sec

• Per channel: 12.5 samples/sec

Input Impedance: 200 k-ohms (min.)

Physical Characteristics

Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG Connector: Spring type terminal block

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.04 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 1,530,690 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

85M-3811-T: 8 analog inputs, 0 to 10 VDC, 40 kHz

Spec Category: [place holder]

Inputs and Outputs

Analog Inputs: 8 channels Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K Vrms

Analog Inputs

Type: Differential Resolution: 16 bits I/O Mode: 0 to 10 VDC Historical Data Buffering: Up to 6 sec per channel Accuracy: ±0.1% FSR @ 25°C ±0.3% FSR @ -40 and 75°C

Sampling Rate:

All channels: 40k samples/secPer channel: 5k samples/sec

Input Impedance: 20 M-ohms (min.)

Physical Characteristics

Wiring: I/O cable, max. 16 AWG Connector: Spring type terminal block

Environmental Limits Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.25 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 1,426,112 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

Pin Assignment and Wiring Guide

The following is the 85M-38XX-T module's pin assignment and wiring guide.



Analog Inputs Data Format

The I/O analog inputs have a 16-bit, unipolar, and analog to digital (A/D) converter that measures input voltages from 0-10 V and current from 4-20 mA (with Burnout). The following chart is the raw data conversion table for current and voltage.

The voltage ranges from 0 to 10 V. The lowest voltage of 0 V represents raw data of 0, and the highest voltage of 20 mA represents raw data of 65535. When the raw voltage data is at 1, it represents 0.15 mV. The current ranges from 0 to 20mA. The lowest current of 0 mA represents a raw data value of 0. Users can manually adjust the burnout value from 0 to 4 mA. All raw data below the burnout value will be 0. The highest current of 20 mA represents raw data of 65535. Raw current data of 1 represents 0.3125 μ A.

Burnout mode can indicate if the current analog input has burned out.

NOTE Please refer to the **ioPAC RTU Software User's Manual** for the burnout mode settings.

The 4–20 mA burnout mode values are defined in the following diagram:



Users can define burnout values (BO, default: 2 mA) for selected ranges. When input values are in the burnout range, raw data will register as 0000h to indicate analog input burnout. The definition of raw data is as follows:

Burnout Value (BO)	0.0 < BO < 4.0	User-defined (default: 2 mA)
Burnout State	$0 \le AI < BO mA$	S/W output 0000h
Under Range	$BO \le AI < 4 mA$	S/W output raw data
Normal Range	4 ≤AI ≤ 20.00 mA	S/W output raw data until FFFEh
Over Range	XX > 20.00 mA	S/W output FFFFh



Current

Data	Current
0	0 mA
1	0.3125 μA
13107	4 mA
49152	15 mA
65534	20 mA
65535	> 20 mA

Voltage

Data	Voltage
0	0 V
1	0.16 mV
16384	2.5 V
32768	5 V
65535	10 V

85M-5401-T: Serial Ports

The 85M-5401-T module is a 3-in-1 DB44 serial communication port module, which supports RS-232, RS-422, and RS485 communications. The following table shows the serial and protocol communication parameters supported by the 85M-5401-T.

Parameter	Supported Values
Baudrate	300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200 (Default: 9600)
Duplex	Full or Half duplex when RS-232 is selected (Default: Half)
Parity	Odd, None or Even (Default: None)
Data Bits	7 or 8 Bits (Default: 8 Bits)
Stop Bits	1 Bit

Block Diagram

The following is the 85M-5401-T module's block diagram. This module communicates with the modular head by USB and UART. The MCU processor accesses I/O information through the GPIO pin. The 85M-5401-T has isolation protection up to 3K VDC or 2K Vrms, and magnetic isolators between the I/O and the MCU processor.



Product Specifications

The following are the 85M-5401-T module's product specifications.

85M-5401-T: 4 serial ports Spec Category: [place holder] Serial Communication Interface: 4 RS-232/422/485 ports, software selectable (DB44 male) Port to Port Isolation: 3K VDC or 2K VAC Note: DB44 to 4-port DB9 cable included in the package.

Serial Communication Parameters Parity: None, Even, Odd Data Bits: 7, 8 Stop Bits: 1, 2 Flow Control: RTS/CTS, XON/XOFF Baudrate: 300 bps to 921.6 Kbps

Serial Signals

RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, DTR, DSR, DCD, GND **RS-422:** Tx+, Tx-, Rx+, Rx-, GND **RS-485-4w:** Tx+, Tx-, Rx+, Rx-, GND **RS-485-2w:** Data+, Data-, GND

Physical Characteristics

Connector: DB44 male

Environmental Limits

Operating Temperature: -40 to 75°C

Power Requirements

Power Consumption: 1.24 W @ 3.3 VDC

MTBF (mean time between failure) Time: 596,611 hrs Database: Telcordia (Bellcore)

Pin Assignment and Wiring Guide

The following is the 85M-5401-T module's pin assignment and wiring guide.





1	FGND	11	CRQ	23	NB4	36	DCD/CTS /DSC
2	RD+	12	PND	24	NB8	37	RT+
3	RD-	13	DLO	25	SGND	38	RT-
4	ST+	14	RT-	26	SD+	39	RD-
5	ST-	15	RT+	27	SD-	40	RD+
6	DSR	16	TT+	28	Rx/SeL	41	ST-
7	RTS	17	тт-	29	SD+	42	ST+
8	DTR	20	Rx/SEL	30	SD-	43	RJ
9	DPR	21	NB1	31	тт-		
10	ACR	22	NB2	32	TT+		