Thanks for purchasing our Electronic Speed Controller (ESC). High power system for RC model can be very dangerous, so we strongly suggest you read this manual carefully. In that we have no control over the correct use, installation, application, or maintenance of our products, no liability shall be assumed nor accepted for any damages, losses or costs resulting from the use of the product. Any claims arising from the operating, failure or malfunctioning etc. will be denied. We assume no liability for personal injury, property damage or consequential damages resulting from our product or our workmanship. As far as is legally permitted, the obligation to compensation is limited to the invoice amount of the affected product.

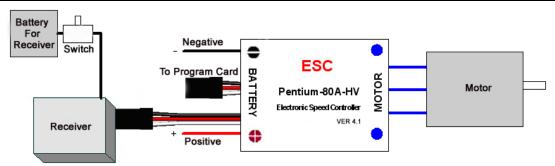
[Features]

- Use extreme low resistance PCB to make the whole ESC with super current endurance capability.
- 2. Military standard capacitors with extreme low resistance increase the ability for preventing unwanted RF Noise/ Interference.
- 3. Protection features: Low-voltage cutoff protection / over-heat protection / throttle signal lost protection.
- 4. 3 start modes: Normal / Soft / Super-Soft, compatible with fixed-wing aircraft and helicopter models.
- 5. Throttle range can be configured, fully compatible with all market available transmitters.
- 6. Smooth and accurate speed control, excellent throttle linearity.
- 7. Maximum speed: 210000 RPM (2 poles motor), 70000 RPM (6 poles motor), 35000 RPM (12 poles motor).
- 8. Pocket- sized program card can be purchased separately for extremely easy programming of the ESC at the field.

[Specification]

Class	Model	Cont.	Burst Current	BEC	BEC	Battery Cell		y Cell User		Size
		Current	(>10s)	Mode	Output	Li-Po	NiMH/NiCd	Programmable		L*W*H
80A	Pentium-80-HV	80A	100A	NΑ	N/A	5-10	15-30	Available	125g	78*55*18
100A	Pentium-100-HV	100A	120A	N/A	N/A	5-12	15-36	Available	112g	78*55*15

[Wiring Diagram]



Note: There are 2 control wires on the HV controller. The longer one is close to the positive battery wire, which is connected with the receiver, and the shorter one is close to the negative battery wire, which can be connected with the program card to set the programmable parameters of the controller.

[Feature Explanation]

- 1. Brake: Brake Enabled / Brake Disabled, default is Brake Disabled
- 2. Battery Type: Li-xx(Li-ion or Li-po) / Ni-xx(NiMh or Nicd), default is Li-xx.
- 3. **Low Voltage Protection Mode(Cutoff Mode):** Soft Cutoff (Gradually reduces the output power) or Hard Cutoff (Immediately stops the output power), default is Soft Cutoff.
- 4. Low Voltage Protection Threshold(Cutoff Threshold): Low / Medium / High, default is Medium.
 - For Li-xx battery, the number of battery cells are calculated automatically, low / medium / high cutoff voltage for each cell are: 2.6V/2.85V/3.1V. For example: 10 cells Lipo, when medium cutoff voltage is set, the cutoff voltage is: 2.85*10=28.5V.
 - For Ni-xx battery, low / medium / high cutoff voltages are 0%/45%/60% of the startup voltage (i.e. the initial voltage of battery pack), 0% means the low voltage protection function is disabled. For example:20 cells NiMH battery, fully charged voltage is 1.44*20=28.8V, when "Medium" value is set, the cutoff voltage is: 28.8*45%=12.96V.
- 5. Start Mode: Normal /Soft /Super-soft, default is Normal startup.
 - Normal is suitable for fixed-wing aircraft. Soft and Super-soft are suitable for helicopters. The initial speed of Soft and Super-soft mode is very slow, it will take 3 seconds (Soft startup) or 6 seconds (Super-soft startup) from startup to full speed. But if the motor is running, then the throttle is closed (throttle stick is moved to bottom) and opened again (throttle stick is moved upwards) within 3 seconds, the restart will be temporarily changed to normal mode to get rid of the chances of crash caused by slow throttle response in aerobatic fly.
- 6. Timing: Low / Medium / High, default is Low.
 - In normal cases, Low or Medium timing can be suitable for most motors. In order to get higher speed, try the High timing value.

Note: After you changing the timing setting, please test your RC model on ground firstly!

[Begin To Use The New ESC]

Before using your new ESC, please check all the connections to make sure that they are reliable, and then start up the ESC in the following sequence:

- 1. Move the throttle stick to bottom, and then switch on the transmitter.
- 2. Connect the receiver battery pack (4-6V) to the receiver, and then connect the main power battery pack to ESC, the ESC begins the self-test process, and the motor will emit several "beep" tones to represent the number of lithium battery cells. After 2 seconds a long "beep-----"tone will be emitted, which means the self-test is OK, and now the RC model is ready to go flying.
 - If nothing is happened, please check your battery packs and all the connections;
 - ♦ If a special tone "♪567i²" is emitted after 2 beep tones (beep-beep-), means the ESC has entered the program mode, i.e. the throttle channel of your transmitter is reversed, please set it correctly on the transmitter;
 - If a very rapid "beep-beep-, beep-beep-" tone is emitted (The time interval of each "beep-beep-" tone is 1 second), means the input voltage is too low or too high, please check your battery's voltage.

3. **VERY IMPORTANT!** Because different transmitter has different throttle range, you need to use the "Throttle Range Setting Function" to calibrate the throttle range. Please read the instructions on page 2------"Throttle Range Setting".

[Alert Tone]

- 1. Input voltage abnormal alert tone: The ESC begins to check the voltage of battery pack when it is power on, if the voltage is not in the acceptable range, such an alert tone will be emitted: "beep-beep-, beep-beep-" (Every "beep-beep-" has a time interval about 1 second)
- 2. Throttle signal abnormal alert tone: When the ESC can't detect the normal throttle signal, such an alert tone will be emitted: "beep-, beep-," (Every "beep-" has a time interval about 2 seconds)
- 3. Throttle stick is not at its bottom position alert tone: When the throttle stick is not in the bottom (lowest) position, a very rapid alert tone will be emitted: "beep-, beep-, beep-, beep-" has a time interval about 0.25 second.)

[Protection Function]

- 1. Start up protection: If the motor failed to start up in 2 seconds while the throttle stick is being moved up, the ESC will cut off the output power. In this case, the throttle stick **MUST** be moved to bottom again to restart the motor. (Such a situation happens in the following cases: The connection between ESC and motor is not reliable, propeller is blocked, gearbox is damaged, etc.)
- 2. Over-heat protection: When the temperature of ESC is higher than a factory-preset value, the ESC will reduce the output power.
- 3. Throttle signal lost protection: The ESC will reduce the output power if the throttle signal is lost for 1 second, further lost for totally 2 seconds will cause its output to be completely cut off.

[Normal Startup Procedure]

Switch	on	the
transmi	tter,	and
then m	ove	the
throttle	stic	k to
bottom	posi	tion

Connect the battery pack to ESC, a special tone like "♪ 123" will be emitted, means the power supply is OK

Several "beep-" tones will be emitted to represent the number of lithium battery cells When self-test is finished, a long "beep—" tone will be emitted

Ready to go flying now

Please note that we use a special way to represent the number of lithium battery cells: 1 long "beep—" = 5 short "beep-". For example, 2 long "beep—" plus 2 short "beep-" (Beep—Beep—BB) means a 12 cells lithium battery pack, 1 long "beep—" plus 1 short "beep-" (Beep—B) means a 6 cells lithium battery pack.

[Throttle Range Setting] Throttle range should be reset when a new transmitter is being used

Switch on the transmitter, and move the throttle stick to top position

Connect the battery pack to the ESC, and then wait for about 2 seconds

"Beep-beep-" tone will be emitted, means the highest point of the throttle range has been correctly confirmed Move the throttle stick to the bottom position, and then several "beep-" tones will be emitted to represent the number of Lipo battery cells

A long "Beep-" tone will be emitted, means the lowest point of the throttle range has been correctly confirmed.

[Trouble Shooting]

Trouble Shooting 1				
Trouble	Possible Reason	Action		
After power on, motor can't work, no	The connection between battery	Check the power connection.		
sound is emitted	pack and ESC is not OK	Replace the connector.		
After power on, motor can't work, such	Input voltage is abnormal, too high	Check the voltage of battery pack		
an alert tone is emitted:	or too low			
"beep-beep-, beep-beep-,beep-beep-"				
(Every "beep-beep-" has a time interval				
about 1 second)				
After power on, motor can't work, such	Throttle signal is abnormal	Check the receiver and transmitter		
an alert tone is emitted:		Check the cable of throttle channel		
"beep-, beep-, beep- "(Every "beep-" has				
a time interval about 2 seconds)				
After power on, motor can't work, such a	Throttle stick is not in its bottom	Move the throttle stick to bottom		
alert tone is emitted:	position (Lowest position).			
"beep-, beep-, beep-" (Every "beep-" has				
a time interval about 0.25 second)				
After power on, motor can't work, a	The direction of throttle channel is	Set the direction of throttle channel correctly		
special tone "♪56712" is emitted after 2	reversed, so the ESC has entered			
beep tone (beep-beep-)	the program mode			
The motor runs in opposite direction	The connection between ESC and	Swap any two wire connections between ESC and		
	the motor need to be changed.	motor		
The motor stop running while in working	Throttle signal is lost	Check the receiver and transmitter		
state		Check the cable of throttle channel		
	ESC has entered Low Voltage	Land RC model as soon as possible, and then		
	Protection mode	replace the battery pack		
	Some Connections are not reliable	Check all the connections: battery pack connection,		
		throttle signal cable, motor connections, etc.		

[Program The ESC With Transmitter (4 Steps)]

- 1. Enter program mode
- 2. Select programmable items
- 3. Set item value (Programmable value)
- 4. Exit program mode

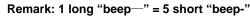
1. Enter program mode

- Switch on transmitter, move throttle stick to top position, connect the battery pack to ESC
- Wait for 2 seconds, the motor will emit special tone like "beep-beep-"
- Wait for another 5 seconds, special tone like
 " ▶ 56712" will be emitted, which means program mode is entered

2. Select programmable items

After entering program mode, you can hear 9 tones in a loop in the following sequence. If you move the throttle stick to bottom within 3 seconds after one kind of tones, then this item will be selected.

- "beep" Brake (1 short tone)
 "beep-beep-" Battery type (2 short tone)
 "beep-beep-beep-" Cutoff mode (3 short tone)
- 4. "beep-beep-beep-" Cutoff threshold (4 short tone)
- 5. "beep—" Startup mode (1 long tone)
- 6. "beep—beep-" Timing (1 long 1 short)
- 7. "beep—beep-beep-" Lipo battery cells (1 long 2 short)
- 8. "beep—beep-beep-beep-" Set all to default (1 long 3 short)
- 9. "beep—beep—" Exit (2 long tones)









3. Set item value

You will hear tones in loop. Set the value matching to a tone by moving throttle stick to top when you hear the tone, then a special tone "Jisis" emits which means the value is set and saved. (Keeping the stick at top, you will go back to step 2 and you can select other items; Moving the stick to bottom within 2 seconds, you will exit the programming mode directly)

Tones	beep-	beep-beep-	beep-beep-beep	beep-beep-beep		
Items	1 short tone	2 short tones	3 short tones	N short tones		
Brake	Off	On				
Battery type	Li-ion / Li-Po	NiMH / NiCd				
Cutoff mode	Soft Cutoff	Hard Cutoff				
Cutoff threshold	Low	Medium	High			
Startup mode	Normal	Soft	Super soft			
Timing	Low	Medium	High			
Li-Po cells number	N beep tones represent N cells Lipo battery (N ≤ 4 means "Auto Detect")					

4. Exit program mode

There are 2 ways to exit program mode.

- In the step 3, after special tone "♪i5i5", move throttle stick to the bottom within 2 seconds.
- In step 2, after tone
 "beep—beep—"
 (Item #9), move
 throttle stick to the
 bottom within 3
 seconds.

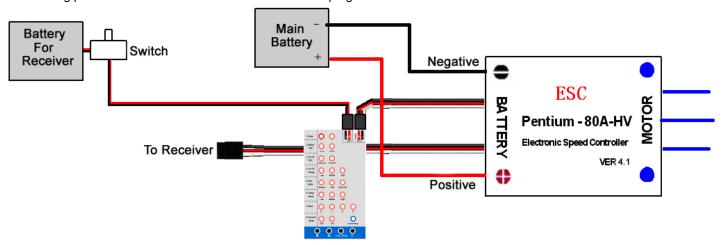
Note:

- 1. It very important to set the Li-Po battery cells number correctly, otherwise the ESC will mistakenly calculate the cut off voltage.
- 2. In "Li-Po cells number" setting process, 1 long "beep—" = 5 short "beep-". For example, 2 long "beep—" plus 2 short "beep-" means a 12 cells lithium battery pack, 1 long "beep—" plus 1 short "beep-" means a 6 cells lithium battery pack.
- 3. If you are using lithium battery pack, we strongly suggest setting the "Li-Po cells number" manually. The voltage of a full charged lithium battery pack is greatly different from that of a discharged battery pack, the more cells a battery pack have, the more difficult for the ESC to automatically detect the cells number accurately.

[How To Use A Program Card]

When you are using a program card to set the programmable values of Pentium-80A-HV or Pentium-100A-HV ESC, please check the version of the program card. If there isn't a 3 pin socket marketed with "BATT" on the right conner, it means it is an old version program card, so a "Y" cable is necessary for powering the program card. If If there is a 3 pin socket marketed with "BATT", it means it is a new version program card, so the "Y" cable is unnecessary. For detail information, please refer to the user manual of the program card.

The following picture shows the connections of a new version program card and the HV controller.



When using a program card to program the Pentium series HV ESC, the "Music/Li-Po cell" item now means the lithium battery cells number. (● = LED is lighting)

LED			<u> </u>	Li-Poly Cells Number	LED				Li-Poly Cells Number
D	С	В	Α		D	С	В	Α	
0	0	0	0	Auto detect	•	0	0	0	9 CELLS (33.3V)
0	0	0	•	Auto detect	•	0	0	•	10 CELLS (37.0V)
0	0	•	0	Auto detect	•	0		0	11 CELLS (40.7V)
0	0	•	•	Auto detect	•	0	•	•	12 CELLS (44.4V)
0	•	0	0	5 CELLS (18.5V)	•	•	0	0	Auto detect
0	•	0	•	6 CELLS (22.2V)	•	•	0	•	Auto detect
0	•	•	0	7 CELLS (25.9V)	•	•	•	0	Auto detect
0	•	•	•	8 CELLS (29.6V)	•	•	•	•	Auto detect

[Program Example]

In the following example, we set the startup mode to "super-soft", i.e. value #3 in program item #5

1. Enter Program Mode

Switch on transmitter, move throttle stick to top, connect battery packs to receiver and ESC, wait for 2 seconds, "beep-beep" tone will be emitted. Then wait another 5 seconds, special tone like " \$56712" will be emitted, means program mode is entered.

2. Select Programmable Items

Now you'll hear 9 tones in loop. When a long "beep—" tone is emitted, move throttle stick to bottom to enter the "Startup Mode" item.

3. Set Item Value (Programmable Value)

"Beep-", wait for 3 seconds; "Beep-beep-", wait for another 3 seconds; then you'll hear "beep-beep-beep", move throttle stick to top, then a special tone " 1515" is emitted, now you have successfully set the "Startup Mode" item to the value of "Super-soft Startup"

4. Exit Program Mode

After the special tone "1515", move throttle stick to bottom within 2 seconds.