

MFB for Modicon M340

Using Unity Pro

Start-up Guide

10/2014

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Document Set

Related Documents

The following related documentation may be consulted:

- Unity Pro Online Help
- MFB library on Unity Pro Online Help
- CD Documentation **Lexium 15** delivered with the product
- CD Documentation **Lexium 05** delivered with the product
- Unilink L for **Lexium 15LP** and Unilink MH for **Lexium 15MP/HP** Online Help
- PowerSuite for **ATV** Online Help
- PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** Online Help
- Lexium CT for **Lexium 32** Online Help
- SoMove for **ATV 32** Online Help

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Safety Information



Important Information

NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a “Danger” or “Warning” safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

PLEASE NOTE

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

About the Book



At a Glance

Document Scope

This manual presents, using a documented example, how to use motion function blocks (MFB) with Modicon M340 using Unity Pro. These blocks enable simplified management of servodrives and servo-amplifiers using the CANopen bus.

Expert knowledge of Unity Pro software is required in order to use MFBs with it, since their implementation requires use of its standard functions (data editor, IODDT, etc.).

Moreover, it is advisable to have expert knowledge of the specialist area of motion control before developing and commissioning an application involving implementation of axis movements.

Validity Note

This document is valid for Unity Pro V8.1 or later.

Part I

Start-up Guide for a Single Axis Application

Subject of this Part

This Part presents, in the form of a tutorial, an example of a motion control application implementing MFBs using Unity Pro.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
1	Foreword	15
2	Application Configuration	21
3	Application Programming	53
4	Application Debugging	69
5	Operating the Application	77
6	Application Maintenance	79

Chapter 1

Foreword

Subject of this Chapter

This chapter presents the specifications of the application as well as the methodology used in its development.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
General	16
Availability of Blocks on the Various Servodrives	17
Methodology	19

General

Introduction

The MFB using Unity Pro offer is a new motion control functionality. Using the CANopen bus, it provides you with simplified access to the basic functions on servodrives and variable speed drive (VSD).

This functionality, which may be accessed via the project browser, allows you to:

- declare and configure axes in Unity Pro
- create motion control variables
- control the axes by using motion control elementary function blocks.

Specifications

The purpose of the proposed application is to:

- manage the operating modes of a linear axis using a **Lexium 05**-type servodrive.
- move the axis to the home position, carry out reversing movements or move the axis to various positions
- provide the possibility of interrupting the motion in progress with a Stop command.

All provisions shall be taken to perform fault diagnostics and acknowledgement.

Standards

The MFB library blocks comply with:

- PLCopen standard

Availability of Blocks on the Various Servodrives

Motion Function Blocks

Not all blocks are available on all hardware platforms. The blocks available on your Modicon M340 platform with CANopen fieldbus can be found in the following tables.

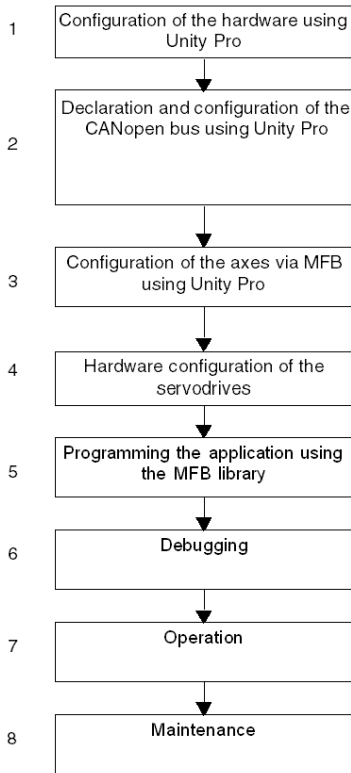
Type	Block name	ATV 31 ATV312 (7.)	ATV 32	ATV 71	Lexium 32, 32i	Lexium 05	Lexium 15 HP, MP, LP	IcIA IFA, IFE, IFS
PLCopen motioncontrol V1.1	MC_ReadParameter	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_WriteParameter	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_ReadActualPosition				X	X	X	X
	MC_ReadActualVelocity (1.)	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_Reset	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_Stop	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_Power	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_MoveAbsolute				X	X	X	X
	MC_MoveRelative				X	X	X	
	MC_MoveAdditive				X	X		X
	MC_Home				X	X	X	X
	MC_MoveVelocity	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_ReadAxisError	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_ReadStatus	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
	MC_TorqueControl (1.)			X	X	X	X (3.)	
	MC_ReadActualTorque (1.)	X	X	X	X	X	X	
	MC_Jog (2.)				X	X	X (3.), except 15 LP	X
Parameter set save and restore functions for management of recipes or replacement of faulty servodrives	TE_UploadDriveParam	X	X	X	X(6.), except 32i	X	X	X
	TE_DownloadDriveParam	X	X	X	X(6.), except 32i	X	X	X

Type	Block name	ATV 31 ATV312 (7.)	ATV 32	ATV 71	Lexium 32, 32i	Lexium 05	Lexium 15 HP, MP, LP	IclA IFA, IFE, IFS
Advanced functions for the Lexium	Lxm_GearPos					X(4.)	X(5.)	
	Lxm_GearPosS				X	X(4.)	X(5.)	
	Lxm_UploadMTask						X	
	Lxm_DownloadMTask						X	
	Lxm_StartMTask				X		X	
System function	CAN_Handler	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1. PLCopen V0.99 extension part 2 2. Not PLCopen standard 3. Only for firmware version ≥ 6.73 4. Only for firmware version ≥ 1.403 5. Only for firmware version ≥ 2.36 6. The parameter list is a Lexium32Advanced drive parameter list 7. Through an ATV 31 V1.7 CANopen Device configuration.								

Methodology

Overview

The flowchart below lists the various stages involved in installing the application:



The table below details the tasks to be performed for each stage of the flowchart:

Step	Description
1	In Unity Pro: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> create the project and select the processor
2	In Unity Pro: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> open a CANopen bus configuration choose the CANopen slave in hardware catalog attribute a topological address to the new device check or set MFB function in the configuration window of device enable CANopen configuration check the accuracy of the configuration using the CANopen configuration tree structure in the project browser.

Step	Description
3	Create the axes in the project browser's Motion directory. Define the variables associated with these axes during their creation
4	With the PowerSuite software: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● connect to the device● enter the required parameters for the correct operation of the CANopen communication (address, speed, etc.).
5	Program the motion sequences using the appropriate functions blocks from the MFB library. Associate the variables defined during creation of the axis with the MFB blocks.
6	Debug the axis using PowerSuite. In Unity: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● debug the program via the animation table● use the data via the operator screens
7	manage the production recipes using the appropriate function blocks from the MFB library: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● create and back up the recipes● transfer data from the recipes
8	Data backup and restore procedures.

Chapter 2

Application Configuration

Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the various stages involved in configuring the application.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
2.1	Hardware and Software Environments	22
2.2	Configuration of the Application using Unity Pro	26
2.3	CANopen Bus Configuration	29
2.4	Axis Configuration using the Motion Tree Manager	36
2.5	Configuring the Lexium 05	46

Section 2.1

Hardware and Software Environments

Subject of this Section

This sub-section describes the hardware and software environments used in the application.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with a Lexium 05	23
Software Requirements	24
Hardware Requirements	25

Application Architecture with a Lexium 05

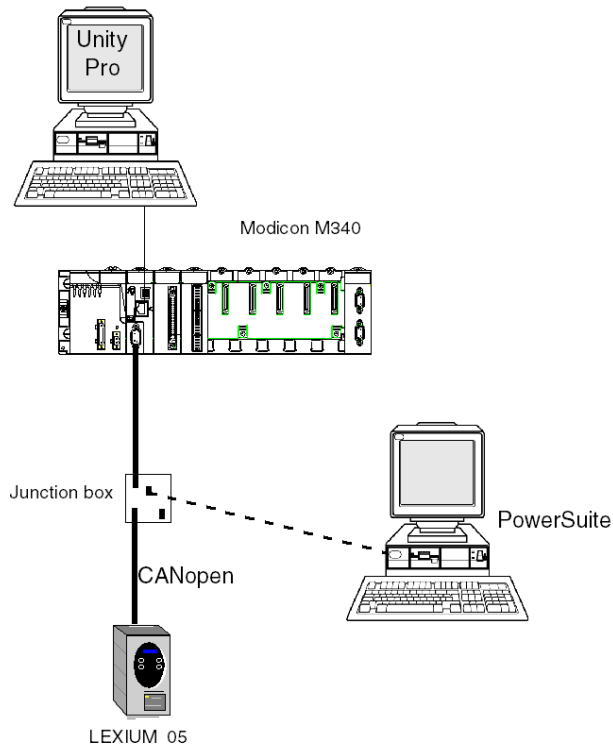
Overview

The proposed architecture is simple and designed to assimilate the implementation principles of motion control.

Other equipment can be added to this realistic architecture in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes a **Lexium 05**.



Software Requirements

Overview

To implement the example, it is essential to have certain items of software on single PC. In particular, this will allow you to configure, set parameters for and operate the various devices used.

The software architecture is composed of:

- Unity Pro, which is used to control the servodrive via the CANopen bus by programming movements
- Powersuite, which is used to set parameters and adjust the Lexium 05 servodrive

It is nonetheless possible to go without PowerSuite in certain cases by using the **Lexium 05** front panel user interface ([see page 50](#)).

Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture ([see page 23](#)), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Software version used in the example	Firmware Version
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V5.0	-
Lexium 05	PowerSuite for Unity V5.0 V2.5, patch V2.2.0B	V1.403

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 23](#)), enabling implementation of **Lexium 05** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
CANopen junction box between the Modicon M340 and Lexium 05 servodrive	VW3CANTAP2
RJ45 programming cable with RS485/RS232 adapter between the junction box and servodrive	ACC2CRAAEF030
Lexium 05 servodrive	LXM05AD10M2
Lexium 05 motor	BSH0551T

NOTE: The terminating resistor is integrated in the **Lexium 05**.

Section 2.2

Configuration of the Application using Unity Pro

Subject of this Section

This sub-section describes the hardware configuration using Unity Pro.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Creating the Project	27
Master Task Configuration	28

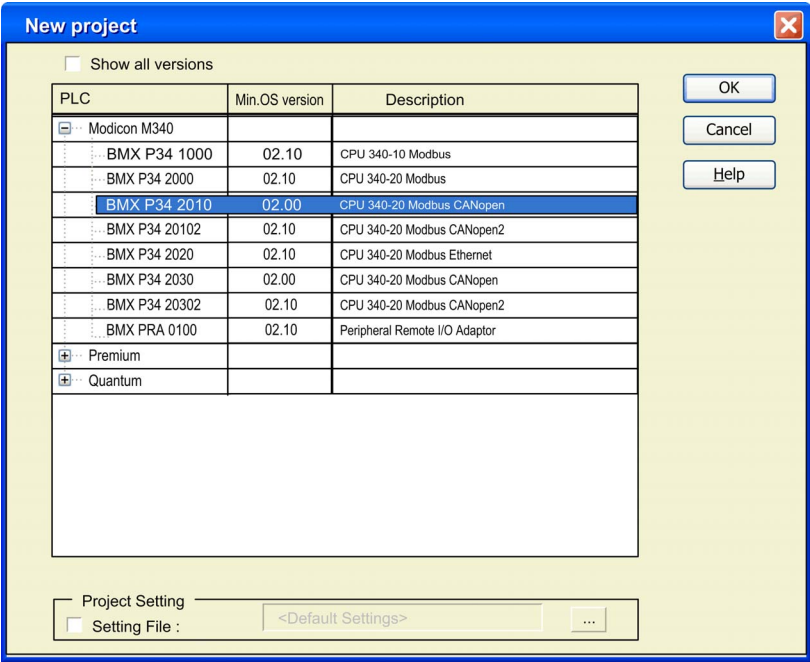
Creating the Project

At a Glance

Developing an application using Unity Pro involves creating a project associated with a PLC.

Procedure for Creating a Project

The table below shows the procedure for creating the project using Unity Pro.

Step	Action
1	Launch the Unity Pro software,
2	Click on File then New then select a PLC, 
3	To see all PLC versions, click on the box Show all versions.
4	Select the processor you wish to use from those proposed.
5	To create a project with specific values of project settings, check the box Settings File and use the browser button to localize the .XSO file (Project Settings file). It is also possible to create a new one. If the Settings File box is not checked, default values of project settings are used.
6	Confirm by clicking OK . The application inserts a rack and a power supply by default.

Master Task Configuration

General

The first operation you need to perform to create a program is to select the type of **Tasks**.

You are advised to program the servodrive movements using MFB blocks in the **MAST** task. This task must be scanned at regular intervals.

⚠ CAUTION

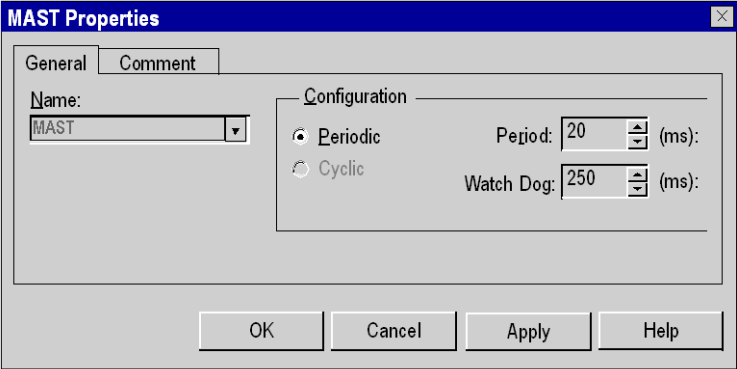
MFB BLOCKS UNEXPECTED BEHAVIOR

Do not mixe MAST and FAST tasks. It is possible to use the FAST task to program the MFBs.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Configuration

The following table describes the procedure for setting the parameters of the **MAST** task:

Step	Action
1	In the Project Browser , expand the Program directory. The MAST directory is displayed.
2	Right-click on the MAST directory and then execute the Properties command in the contextual menu.
3	Click on Properties and the following dialog box appears: 
4	Select the Periodic type of scanning.
5	Set the task period to 20.
6	Set the Watchdog value, which must be greater than the period value.
7	Click on OK to confirm the configuration.

Section 2.3

CANopen Bus Configuration

Subject of this Section

This section presents the CANopen bus configuration methodology.

What Is in This Section?

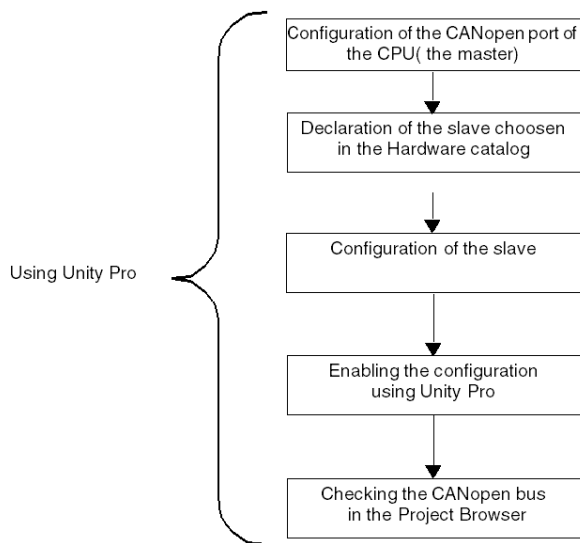
This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Implementation Methodology for a CANopen Bus	30
Configuration of the CANopen port	31
Configuration of the CANopen Slave	32
Checking the CANopen Bus Configuration	35

Implementation Methodology for a CANopen Bus

Overview

The following flowchart shows the implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340.



Configuration of the CANopen port

At a Glance

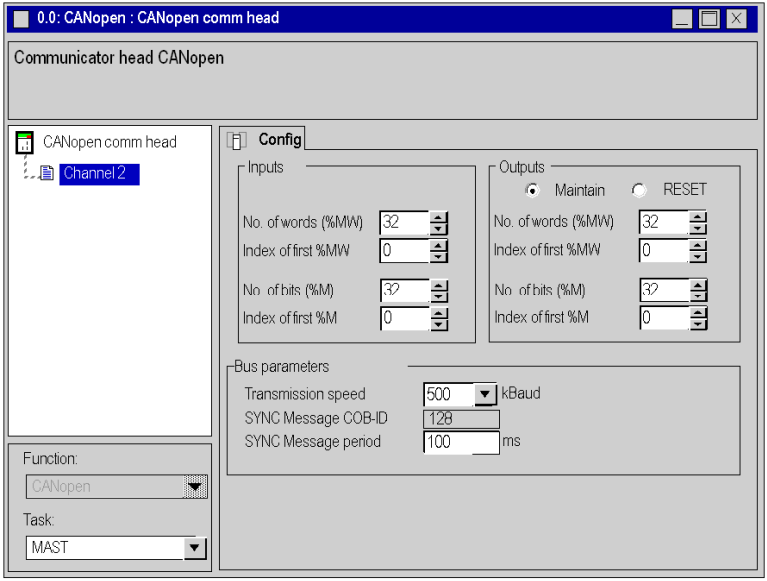
With Unity Pro you can define the CANopen bus.

The CANopen bus master is a port integrated in the CPU.

First, the bus master must be configured.

How to Configure the CANopen Bus Master

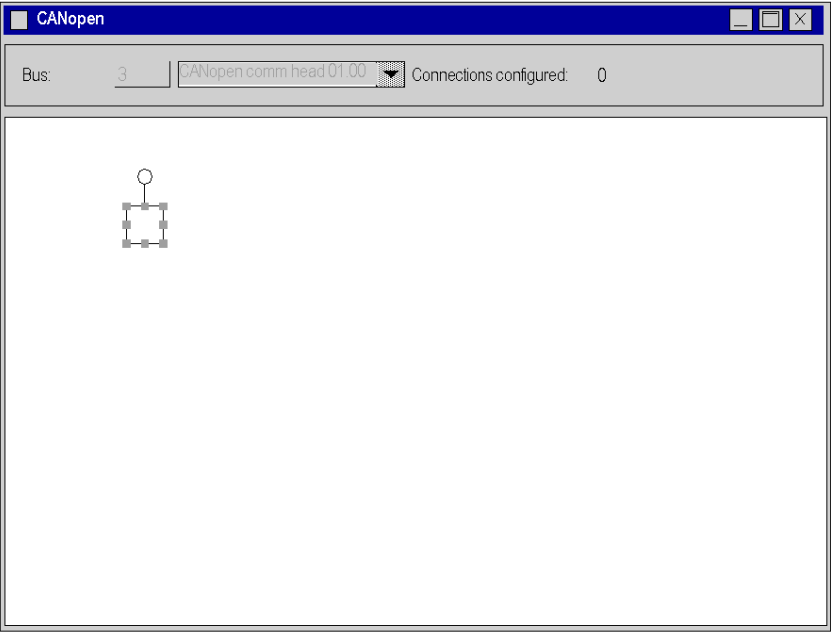
This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen port using Unity Pro.

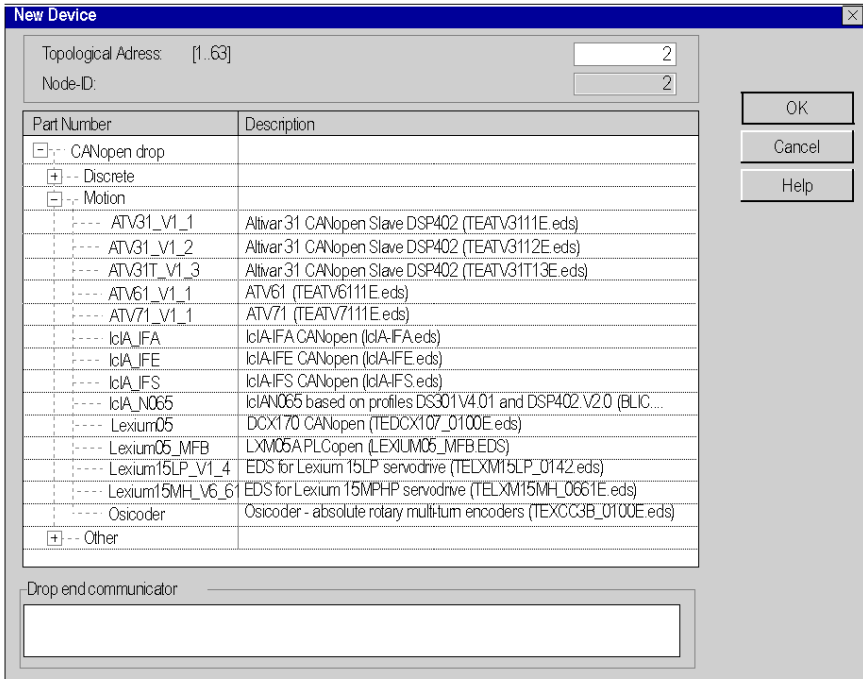
Step	Action
1	In the Unity Pro Project Browser , fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on PLC bus.
2	<p>Double-click on CANopen port of PLC. Result: The port configuration window appears:</p> 
3	<p>In the Bus parameters area, set 500 kBaud for the transmission speed. In the Task area, select MAST. In the Outputs area select Reset radio-button. (Strongly recommended)</p>
4	Validate the configuration.
5	<p>Note: We recommend using the IODDT T_COM_CO_BMX that corresponds to the CANopen port for the rest of the programming. Enter CAN for the prefix name. Close the window.</p>

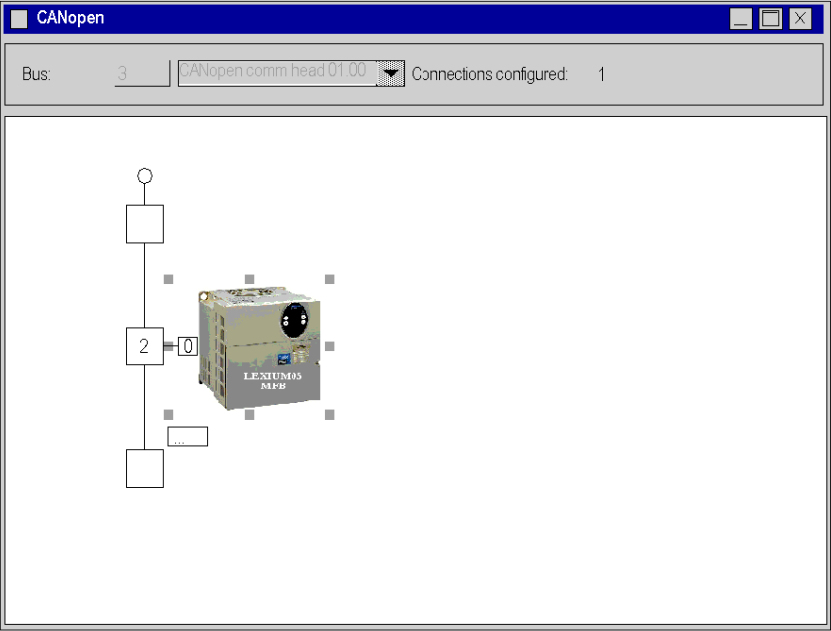
Configuration of the CANopen Slave

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p> 
3	<p>Set 2 in Topological Address. Choose Lexium05_MFB for the slave device.</p>

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p> 
5	<p>Select Edit → Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>Select the tab Error Control.</p> <p>Verify that Node Heartbeat Producer time value is equal to 300ms.</p>
7	<p>You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Checking the CANopen Bus Configuration

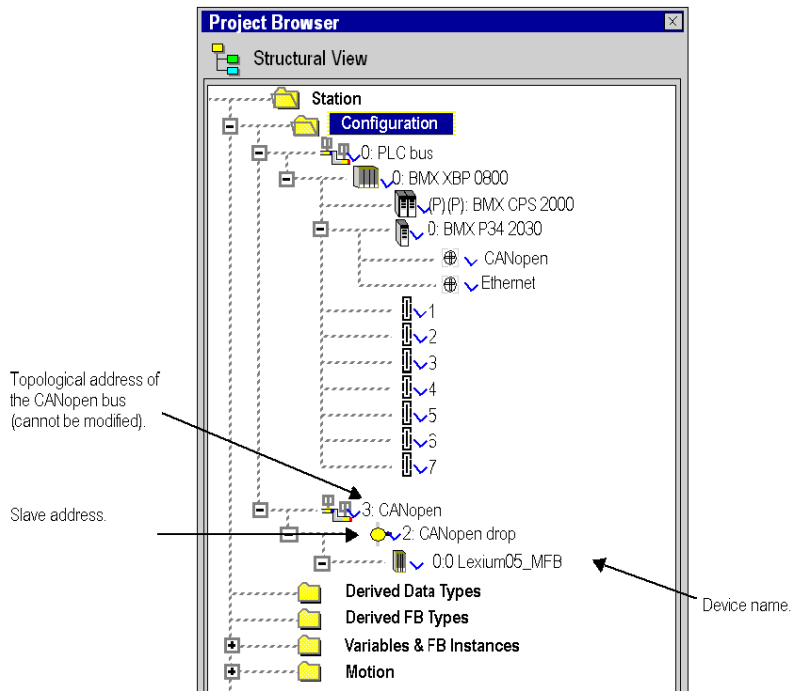
At a Glance

The CANopen bus is represented in the **Configuration** directory of the project browser.

After having selected and enabled the CANopen configuration, the CANopen slaves appear in the **Project Browser**.

The topological address of the CANopen bus is calculated automatically by Unity Pro. This value cannot be modified.

The diagram below shows the CANopen bus with slave device from the tutorial example:



Section 2.4

Axis Configuration using the Motion Tree Manager

Subject of this Section

This sub-section describes the **Motion** directory added to Unity Pro’s project browser. It also presents a procedure for creating the axis in this directory.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Motion Directory	37
Axis Creation and Configuration	39
The Variables Axis_Ref, Can_Handler, AxisParamDesc and Recipe	42
Motion Directory Configuration Result	44

Motion Directory

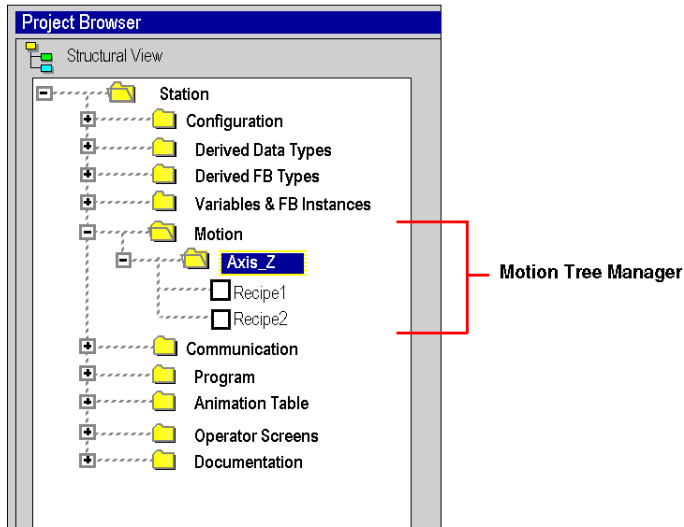
At a Glance

The **Motion** directory of the structural view of the project allows you to access the declaration and configuration of the servodrives.

When declaring a servodrive, various information is required, such as:

- the name given to the servodrive
- the type of servodrive
- the CANopen address of the servodrive
- the reference of the servodrive
- the version of the servodrive
- the input of variable names associated to the axis.

The following diagram shows an example of a tree structure for the **Motion** directory:



In this diagram, the name given to the servodrive is 'Axis_Z'.

A recipe is linked, by default, each time an axis is created. It is possible to create several recipes ([see page 66](#)).

Accessible Services

The **Motion** directory gives you access to the following services, which can be reached via the contextual menu:

Directory	Service
Motion	New axis: allows you to create a new axis.
Axis	New recipe: allows you to create a new recipe. Delete: allows you to delete an axis. Properties: allows you to access the axis properties.
Recipe	Delete: allows you to delete a recipe. Properties: allows you to access the recipe properties.

Axis Creation and Configuration

General

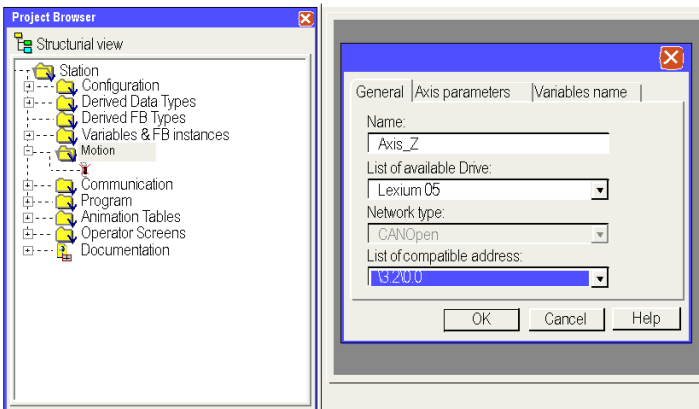
The **Motion** directory is used to declare an axis.

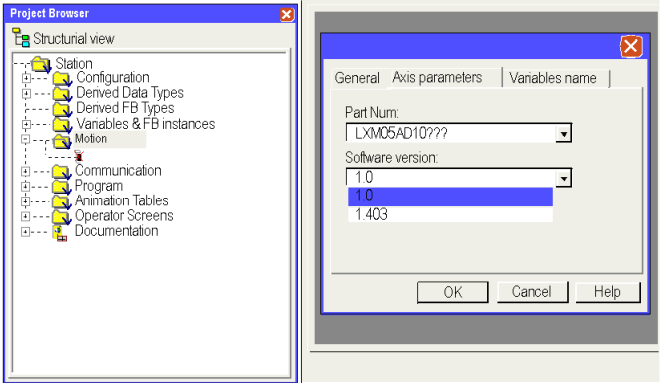
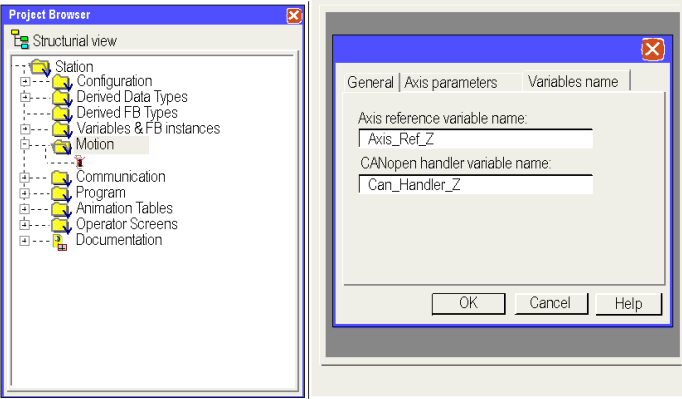
This creation allows you to simplify the management and programming of an axis using Unity Pro.

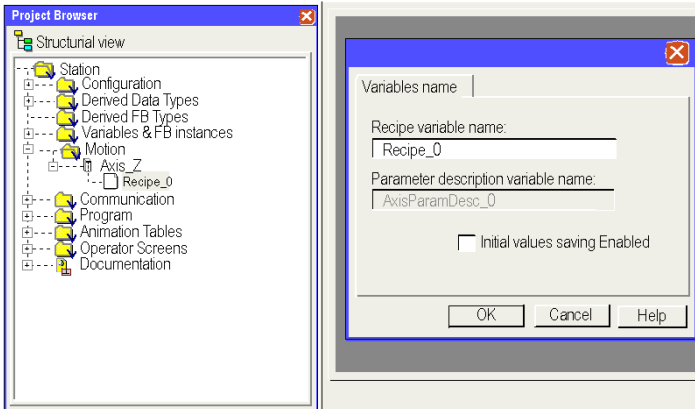
NOTE: For any modification to a device on the CANopen bus, those servodrives unaffected by the modification do not need to be reconfigured.

Creating an Axis

Carry out the following actions:

Step	Action
1	Right-click on the Motion directory and then execute the New axis command in the contextual menu.
2	Clicking on the New axis command will open a dialog box with three tabs.
3	<p>In the General tab,</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> enter: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a name select: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a servodrive from the list a compatible CANopen address <p>Note: If the CANopen addresses have not as yet been defined, leave <No link> in the list. It is possible to continue development of the application if <No link> is assigned to a compatible CANopen address.</p> <p>When the CANopen addresses have been defined, select an address in the compatible drive list. In this tab, the Axis_Z is configured as follows:</p> 

Step	Action
4	<p>In the Axis Parameters tab, select:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">the reference of the servodrivethe minimum version of the servodrive's firmware <p>In this tab, the Axis_Z is configured as follows:</p>  <p>Note: You are advised to check for consistency between the version of the servodrive's firmware and the version declared in Unity Pro. The version is used to define the drive parameters. During the servodrive init by the <code>CAN_HANDLER</code> MFB function block, the version is tested.</p>
5	<p>In the Variables Name tab, enter:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a name for the <code>Axis_Ref</code> type variable linked to the servodrivea name for the <code>Can_Handler</code> type variable linked to the servodrive <p>In this tab, the Axis_Z is configured as follows:</p> 

Step	Action
6	Click on OK to confirm the selections.
7	<p>Right-click on the Recipe_0 sub-directory and then select Properties in the contextual menu. It is then possible to modify the recipe and parameter variables created by default when creating the axis.</p> <p>Notes : Tick the Initial Values saving Enabled checkbox allows to include the recipe in the application. This functionality is available for M340 V2.0 or later firmware versions, see the recipe variable. (see page 42)</p> <p>In this window, the variables for the Axis_Z are named by default as follows:</p> 
8	Click on OK to confirm the configuration.

NOTE: It is possible to create several recipes for the same axis (there is one by default). Loading of the required recipe, depending on the request, is performed by the `TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` (*see Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) block.

NOTE: This MFB library block is used to:

- load parameters to a new servodrive if the previous one is faulty.
- load a new recipe to a servodrive during a production change, for example

NOTE: You can delete the recipe if you can not use it.

NOTE: The memory size of unlocated data for the management of a recipe by servodrive type is around 2 Kwords.

The Variables `Axis_Ref`, `Can_Handler`, `AxisParamDesc` and `Recipe`

At a Glance

For each axis creation, four variables are created:

- A `Can_Handler`-type variable automatically created by motion browser, which can be renamed using the axis directory
- An `Axis_Ref`-type variable which can be renamed using the axis directory
- A byte table type variable (`ARRAY[....] OF BYTE`) named by default `Recipe_x` (where `x` is a value) but which can be renamed using the `Recipe_x` directory
- An unsigned integer table type variable (`ARRAY[....] OF UINT`) named `AxisParamDesc_x` (where `x` is a value) and which may not be renamed

`Can_Handler`

This variable is an EFB type variable. It is named after the CANopen manager variable.

It is declared in the **Variables Name** tab during Axis Creation ([see page 39](#)).

It must be used in the program as the instance of the `CAN_HANDLER` ([see page 57](#)) MFB function block.

`Axis_Ref`

This variable is an `AXIS_REF`-type structured variable named after the axis reference variable.

It is declared in the **Variables Name** tab during Axis Creation ([see page 39](#)).

It must be specified in the input parameter for each MFB block used by the axis.

`AxisParamDesc`

This variable is an unsigned integer table type variable (`ARRAY[....] OF UNIT`). It is automatically created during Axis Creation ([see page 39](#)). It is named after the parameter description variable which can be seen in the `Recipe_x` properties of the axis.

This variable must be specified in the `TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` ([see Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library](#)) and `TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` ([see Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library](#)) blocks' `PARAMETERLIST` input parameter taken from the MFB library and useful for recipe creation or for replacing the axis if it is faulty.

This variable:

- cannot be modified,
- is identical if the axes declared in the application have the same references and firmware version.

Recipe

This variable is a byte table type variable (ARRAY[....] OF BYTE). It is automatically created during Axis Creation (see [page 39](#)). It is named after the recipe variable which can be seen in the `Recipe_x` properties of the axis.

This variable must be specified in the `TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) or `TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) block's `PARAMETERSET` input parameter taken from the MFB library and useful for recipe creation or for replacing the axis if it is faulty.

The variable name may be modified using the `Recipe_x` properties of the axis.

The recipe can be included in the application :

The application can be updated with a storage in the initial values either with 'update Init Values with Current values' command or using the %S94 bit. Consequently, the STU or XEF file will include the values got from the drive after a `TE_Upload` calling . Finally, tick the 'Initial Values saving Enabled' checkbox to make this functionality available.

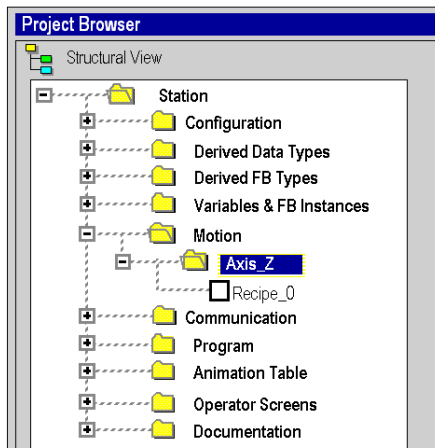
NOTE: By default, Initial Value saving Enabled checkbox is not ticked.

NOTE: Initial Values saving Enabled functionality is available for M340 V2.0 or later firmware versions.

Motion Directory Configuration Result

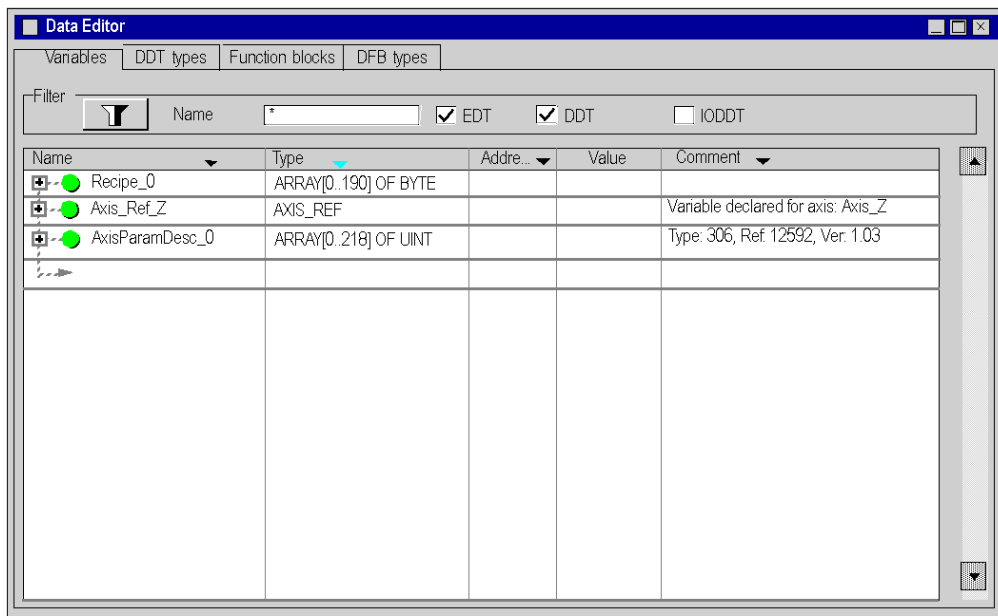
In the Project Browser

The following diagram shows the tree structure for the **Motion** directory after configuration:



In the Data Editor

The following screen shows the variables that are created in the data editor during the creation of the axes. To access this screen, double-click on the **Variables & FB instances** directory in the project browser:



The variable `Can_Handler_Z` may be accessed by clicking on the **Function blocks** tab.

Section 2.5

Configuring the Lexium 05

Aim of this Section

This section describes the basic servodrive configurations using PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** and the servodrive's front panel user interface.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Configuring the Lexium 05 in PowerSuite	47
Configuring the Lexium 05 with the User Interface	50

Configuring the Lexium 05 in PowerSuite

Overview

With PowerSuite, users can define installed device bases, and describe their associated configurations and communication settings.

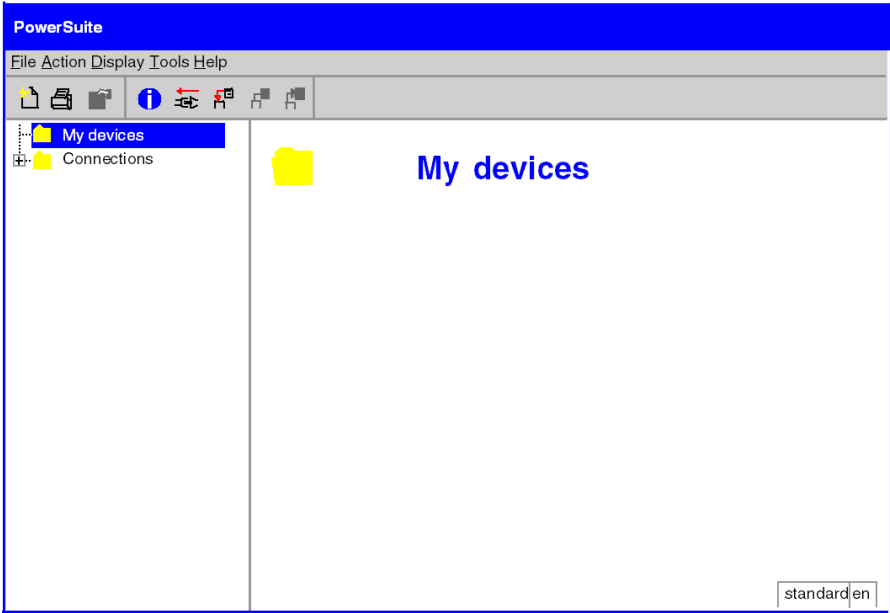
PowerSuite then gives access to a group of actions for editing or transferring the configurations and for connecting to the devices.

PowerSuite’s navigation principle associates a configuration interface with each device type, making it possible to control, tune and monitor them.

NOTE: The required signals, i.e LIMN, LIMP, REF must be wired or deactivated by the tuning software.

Connecting to the Lexium 05

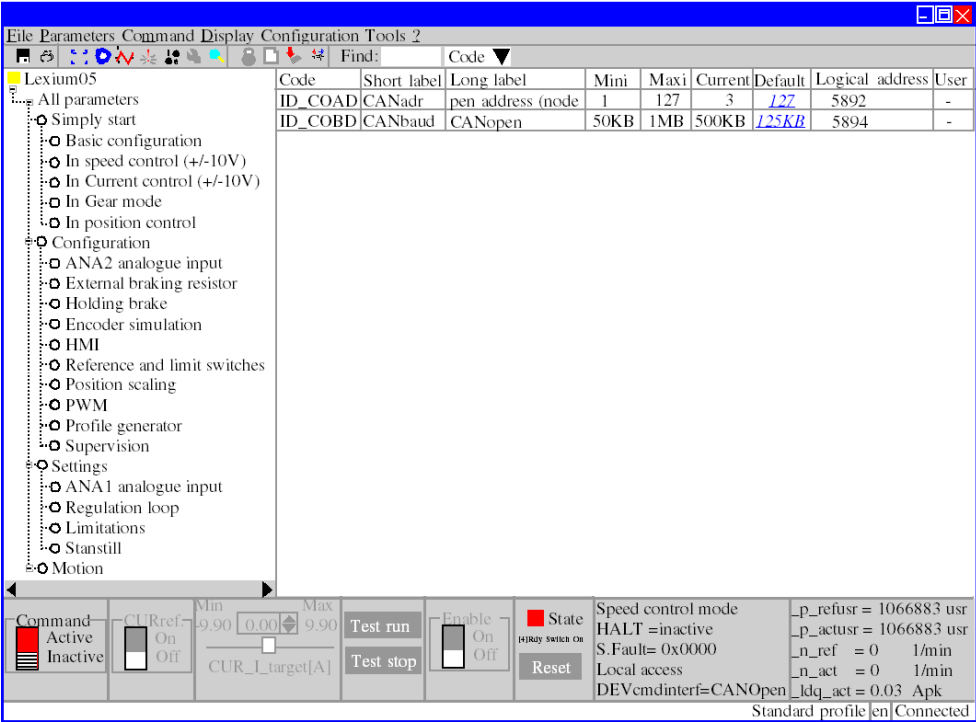
This table describes the procedure for connecting to the **Lexium 05**:

Step	Action
1	Connect your PC, on which PowerSuite for Lexium 05 is installed, to the RJ45 connector on the servodrive to be configured.
2	Start PowerSuite for Lexium 05 , Result: the following start-up screen is displayed: 

Step	Action
3	Choose Action and then Connect . Result: a text box is displayed.
4	Type a project name (Lexium05_MFB) and then click on OK . Result: a transfer confirmation window is displayed.
5	Press Alt F to start transferring data from the servodrive to the connected work station.

Basic Lexium 05 Configuration

This table describes the procedure for entering basic settings:

Step	Action
1	<p>Following a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite displays a configuration screen in a new window that gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions.</p> <p>In the tree structure displayed, choose CANopen in the <i>Communication</i> directory.</p> <p>Result: the following window is displayed:</p> 
2	Double-click on the value in the ID_COAD line, Current Value column, and type the Lexium 05 CANopen address.

Step	Action
3	Double-click on the value in the ID_COBD line, Current Value column and choose the CANopen bus baud rate.
4	Save the CANopen settings to EEprom with the command Configuration → Save to EEprom . Note: it is possible to adjust the servodrive's settings with the same procedure.
5	Once the settings have been adjusted, use the command Configuration → Disconnect to disconnect. Result: the following screen is displayed, showing the data saved locally:

PowerSuite

File Action Display Tools Help

My devices

LEXIUM_MFB

LEXIUM_MFB

Motor

Modbus keypad multidrop

My configurations

Connections

Serial monodrop

Serial multidrop

Bluetooth

Ethernet bridge monodrop

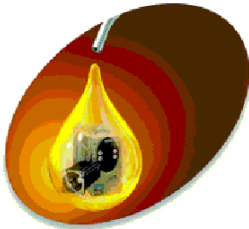
Ethernet bridge multidrop

Ethernet TCP

LEXIUM_MFB

Characteristics

Reference	LXM05AD10M2
Nominal Power	0,75kW
Supply Voltage	200/240 V1~
Maximum transient current (peak)	10 Apk
Maximum continuous current (rms)	4 Arms
Interface	CANopen, Modbus RTU,P/D,+/-10V



Structure

Card	Reference	Serial number	Version	Vendor name
Device	LXM05AD10M2	01510007438	P840.10 V1.01E03	Telemecanique
Control Board	Control part-number			Telemecanique
Motor	BSH0551T Family: BSH Size: 9 Length: 7			Telemecanique

Configuration(s)

Name

LEXIUM_MFB

Software release

P840.10V1.01E03

6	The Lexium 05 must be turned off and then turned back on in order to apply the new settings.
---	--

Configuring the Lexium 05 with the User Interface

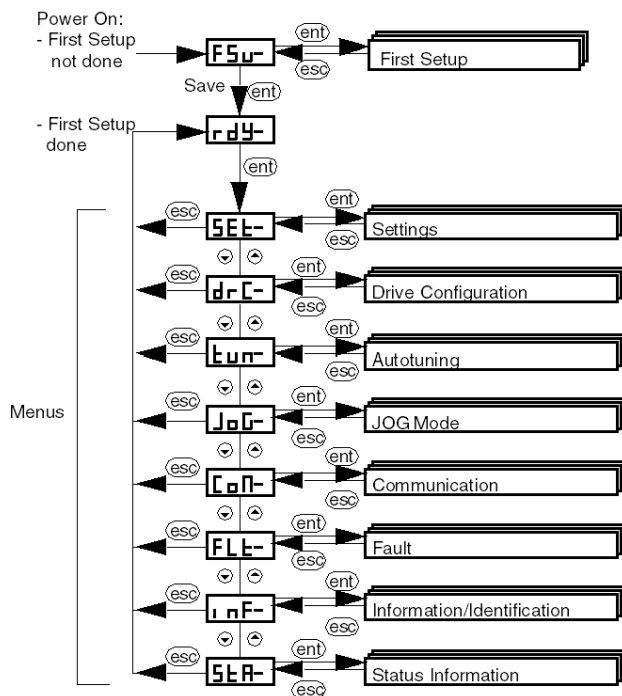
Overview

A user interface is integrated in the **Lexium 05**. With this interface, you can:

- put the device online
- configure the device
- carry out a diagnostic







Interface Menu Structure

The following graphic presents an overview of access to the interface's main menus:



Basic Settings

The following table describes the procedure for entering basic settings (CANopen address and speed) with the interface.

Step	Action
1	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the SET (Setting) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
2	Press the  button several times to access the COM menu. Result: the COM (Communication) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
3	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
4	Press ENT again. Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen address is displayed.
5	Press the  button to decrease, or the  button to increase the CANopen address value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen address is displayed (3). Result: the value is confirmed and the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed again.
6	Press ESC once to return to the COAD submenu.
7	Press the  button to access the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu. Press ENT . Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen speed is displayed.
8	Press the  button to decrease, or the  button to increase the CANopen baud rate value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen speed is displayed (500). Result: the value is confirmed and the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu is displayed again.
9	Press ESC several times to return to the main display (RDY by default).

Chapter 3

Application Programming

Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the various development phases of the application program.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Declaration of Variables	54
Programming the Example	55
The CAN_HANDLER Function Block	57
Management of the Axis' Operating and Stop Modes	60
Motion Control	61
Motion Monitoring	63
Status and Axis Error Code Section	64
Backup and Transfer of the Servodrive Parameters	66
Transferring the Project between the Terminal and the PLC	67

Declaration of Variables

At a Glance

In addition to the variables associated with the axis when it is created in the **Motion** directory, other variables must be declared.

They must be assigned to:

- Input or output parameters of the MFB blocs
- Operator Screen (*see page 75*) objects.

They allow you to use certain data and to control the axis with blocks from the MotionFunctionBlock library.

Declaration in the Data Editor

The table below summarizes the variables to be created in the data editor for the tutorial example:

Name	Type	Comment
Cmd_Home_Z	BOOL	Return axis to home position command
Cmd_Mvt_Z	BOOL	Move axis command
Cmd_Run_Z	BOOL	Run axis command
Cmd_Stop_Z	BOOL	Stop axis command
Cmd_Reset_Z	BOOL	Acknowledge axis command
Cmd_Upload_Z	BOOL	Save axis data in a recipe table command
Cmd_Download_Z	BOOL	Transfer data from recipe table to axis command
Axis_OK_Z	BOOL	Axis recognized by CANOpen bus
Position_Z	DINT	Value of axis position
Velocity_Z	DINT	Value of axis speed
Recipe_Z	ARRAY[0..190] OF BYTE	Buffer variable for management of recipes
CAN	T_COM_CO_BMX	IODDT that manages CANOpen port

NOTE: the size of the recipe management table complies with that of the recipes created by the **Motion** directory.

Programming the Example

At a Glance

Just after declaration and parameter setting of the hardware, motion programming is the second development phase of the tutorial example.

Axis programming is divided up into:

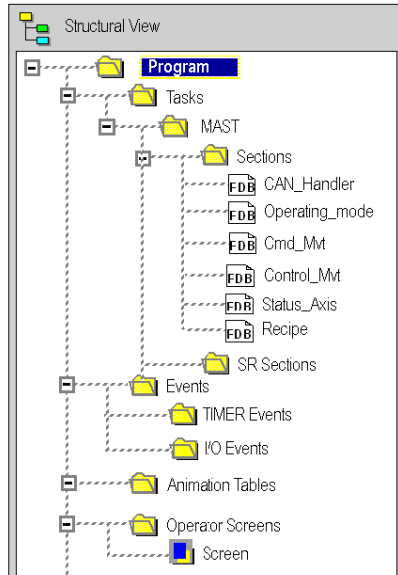
- declaration of variables
- an operator screen which is used to view and control the axis
- structured programming in several sections

Declaring the Sections

The table below presents a summary of the program sections to create

Section name	Language	Description
CAN_Handler (see page 57)	FBD	This section allows you to check that the parameters of the axis correspond to reality.
Operating_mode (see page 60)	FBD	This section allows you to power up the servodrives and to check the axes.
Cmd_Mvt (see page 61)	FBD	This section allows you to set a homing reference point for the axis and to then control it in absolute motion.
Control_Mvt (see page 63)	FBD	This section is used to determine the position and speed of the axis.
Status_Axes (see page 64)	FBD	This section is used to determine the status of the axis and to carry out diagnostics for an event.
Recipe (see page 66)	FBD	This section allows you to save or restore a servodrive's data.

The diagram below shows the program structure after the programming sections have been created:



The CAN_HANDLER Function Block

At a Glance

The use of the CAN_HANDLER (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) **MFB** function block is **essential** and **mandatory** in the programming of the axis. The program section with this **MFB** function block must be associated with the same task of the CANopen bus master (see page 31).

It allows you to check:

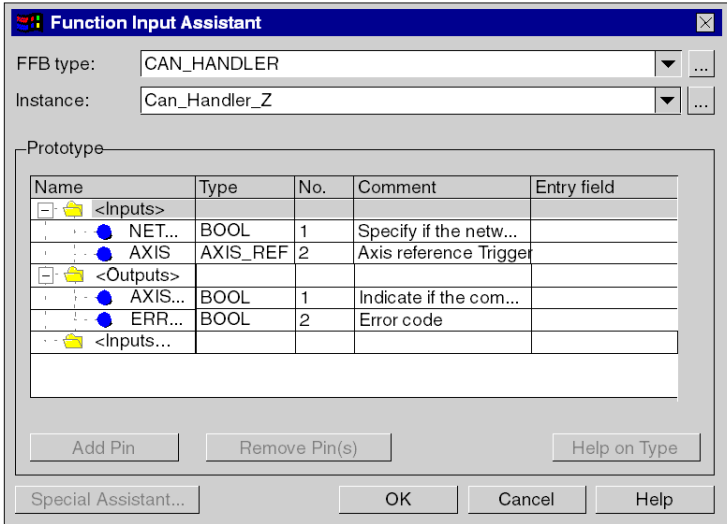
- the CANopen communication
- consistency between the software configuration and the connected physical device.

This block uses the two variables that belong to the axis' directory. The `Can_Handler_Z` variable must be used as instance and the `Axis_Ref_Z` variable must be assigned to the block's **AXIS** input parameter.

Inserting and Instantiating a Block

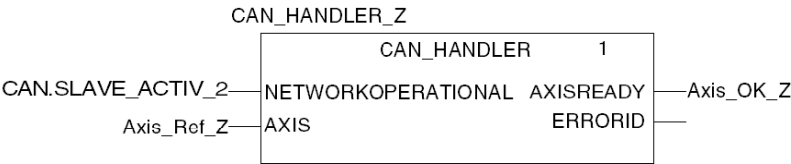
This table describes the procedure for inserting and select the instance of a block in a program section:

Step	Action
1	Right click in an empty field in the FBD section to display the contextual menu.
2	Execute the FFB Input Assistant.. command in the contextual menu. Result: The Function Input Assistant opens.
3	Click on the ... icon on the FFB Type line. Result: the FFB Type Selection window opens.
4	Expand Libraries → MotionFunctionBlock and click on MFB . Result: all of the blocks from the MotionFunctionBlock library are displayed on the right-hand side of the FFB Type Selection window.
5	Select the CAN_HANDLER block and confirm your choice by clicking on OK . Result: The FFB Input Assistant.. window is displayed, set up by the CAN_HANDLER block.
6	Click on the ... icon on the Instance line. Result: the FB Instance Selection window opens.

Step	Action
7	<p>Select the <code>Can_Handler_Z</code> instance and confirm your choice by clicking on OK. Result: The <code>Can_Handler_Z</code> variable is displayed in the Instance field:</p> <div></div>
8	<p>Confirm the block configuration by clicking on OK. Result: the FBD section is displayed again. A symbol is added to the mouse cursor.</p>
9	<p>Click on an empty field in the FBD section. Result: the <code>CAN_HANDLER</code> block, instantiated by the <code>Can_Handler_Z</code> variable is inserted in the FBD section.</p>
10	<p>Specify the input and output parameters as defined in the contents.</p>

Contents

The screen below shows the section result:



`CAN.SLAVE_ACTIV_2` corresponds to the active slave bit created by the IODDT `T_COM_CO_BMX`.

The input parameter `NETWORKOPERATIONAL` must be assigned to a bit that validates the correct operation of the CANopen network.

The assignment of this parameter left to the discretion of the developer. It depends on the philosophy of the process and the way the bus is managed.

For example, this parameter may be connected to an object or to a `T_COM_CO_BMX` (see *Modicon M340 with Unity Pro, CANopen, User Manual*)-type IODDT equation.

Management of the Axis' Operating and Stop Modes

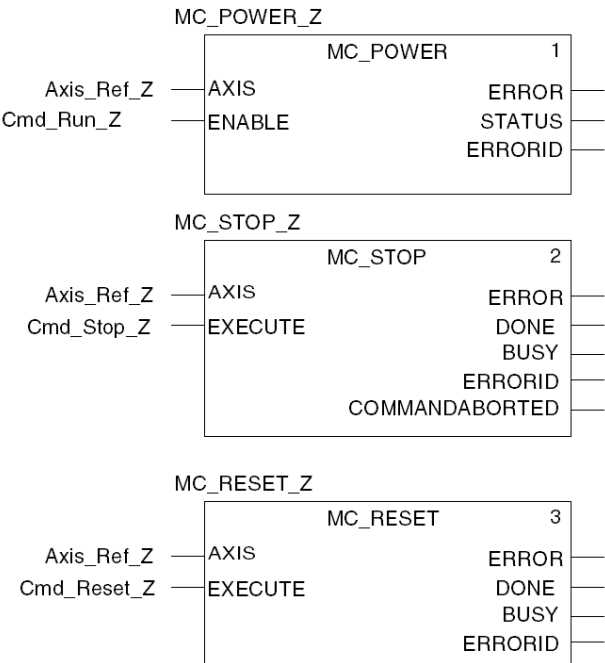
At a Glance

This section is made up of the following MFB blocks:

- MC_POWER (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to disable or enable the servodrives
- MC_STOP (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to stop any movement in progress
- MC_RESET (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to initialize the function blocks and to acknowledge servodrive faults.

Contents

The screen below shows a part of the section to develop:



The blocks are instantiated to variables input directly in the **Instance** zone of the **FFB Input Assistant** to facilitate subsequent diagnostics using the animation tables.

Motion Control

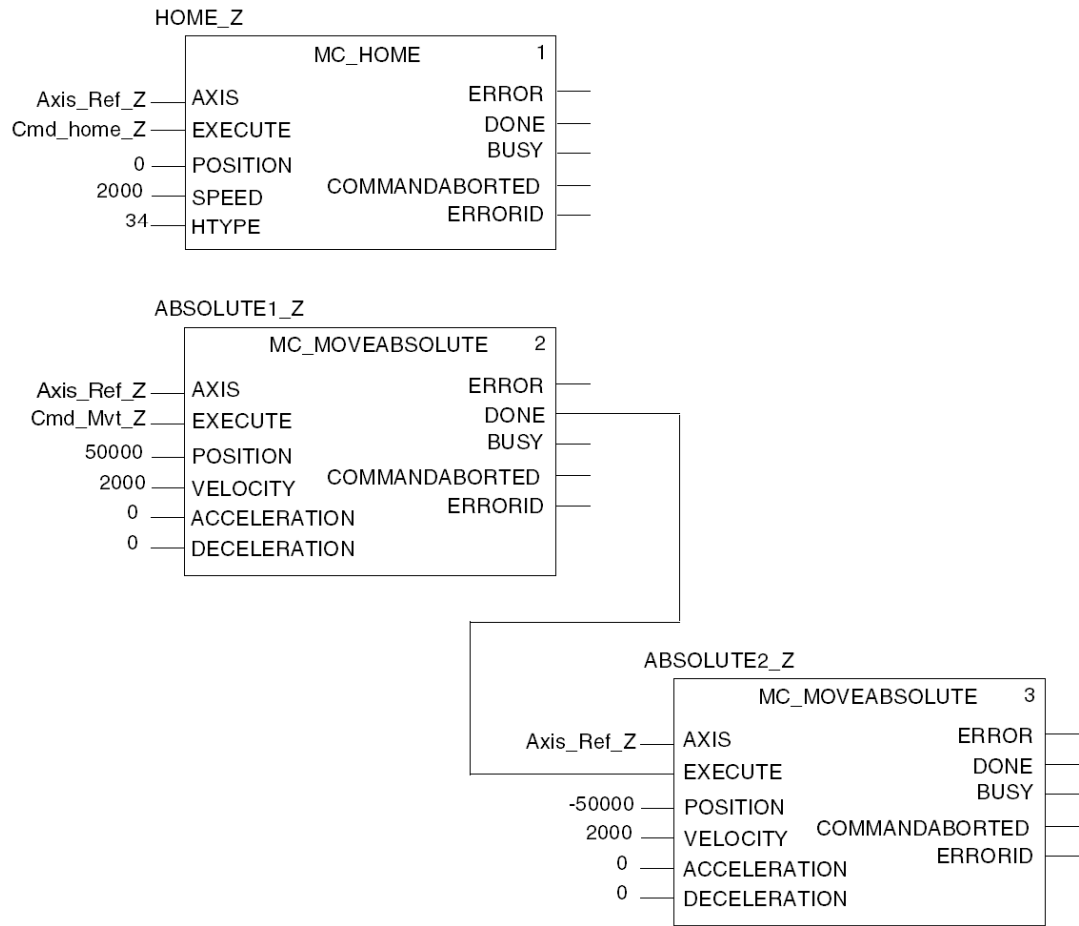
At a Glance

This programming section is made up of the following MFB blocks:

- MC_HOME (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which allows a homing reference point to be set for the axis before then launching it in absolute motion
- MC_MOVEABSOLUTE (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which allows the axis to make an absolute movement.

Contents

The screen below shows the part of the section:



For the tutorial example, the section is made up of a type of sequence of reversing movements. The outward motion is conditioned by the Cmd_Mvt_Z bit from the operator screen ([see page 75](#)). The return motion is conditioned by the end of the outward motion. The position unit is **USR** and the velocity unit is **rpm**. The Homing type HTYPE value (34) corresponds to an homing within a single turn, positive direction of rotation.

Motion Monitoring

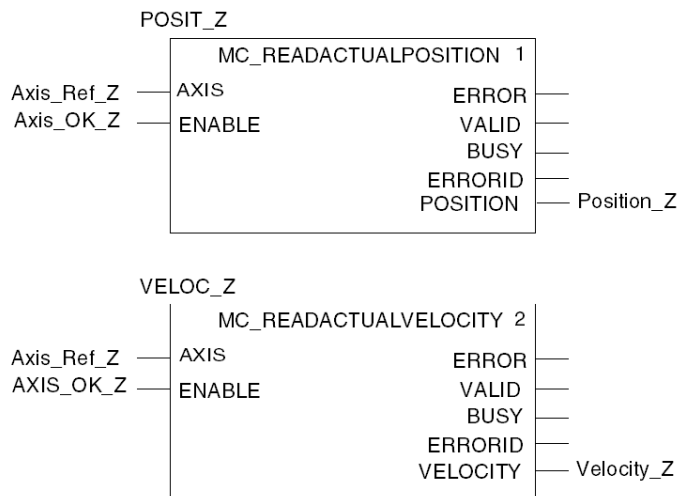
At a Glance

This section is made up of the MC_READACTUALPOSITION (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) and MC_READACTUALVELOCITY (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) MFB blocks.

These blocks are used to determine the exact position and speed of the axis.

Contents

The screen below shows a part of the section to develop:



Whilst the `Axis_OK_Z` bit is enabled, the position and speed values are continuously displayed on the operator screen (see page 75).

Status and Axis Error Code Section

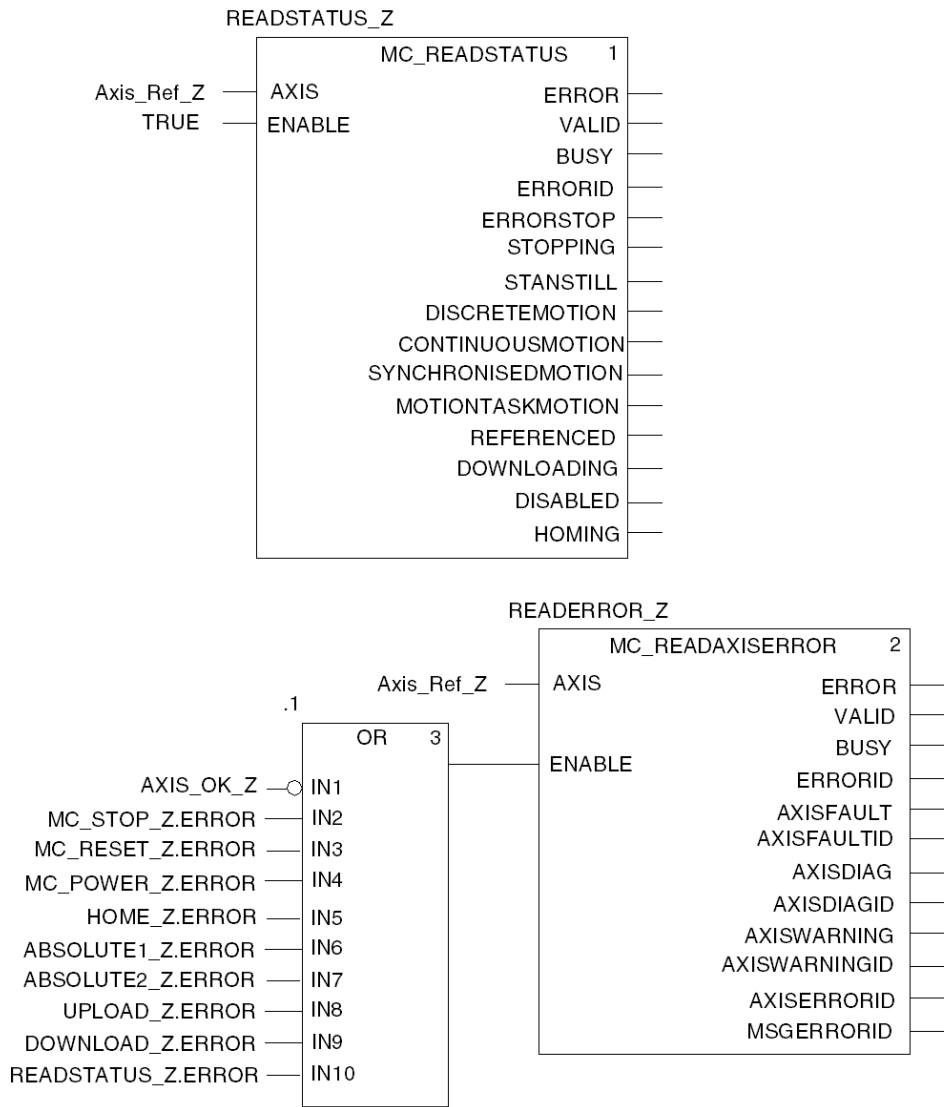
At a Glance

This section is made up of the following MFB blocks:

- MC_READSTATUS (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to determine the drive status (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*)
- MC_READAXISERROR (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to determine the error values according to the type of errors on the drive and to deduce their causes (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*).

Contents

The screen below shows a part of the section:



The **UPLOAD_Z.ERROR** and **DOWNLOAD_Z.ERROR** variables must be added to the **OR** block after the recipe (see page 66) section has been created.

Backup and Transfer of the Servodrive Parameters

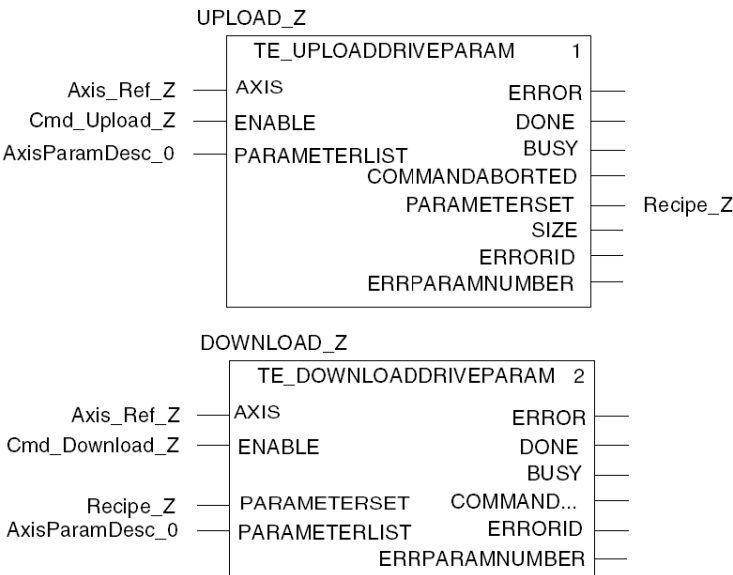
At a Glance

This programming section is made up of the following MFB blocks:

- TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAM (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to back up the configuration of a servodrive in a data table
- TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAM (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*), which is used to transfer the data table parameters to a servodrive.

Contents

The screen below shows the Recipe section:



If Cmd_Upload_Z is enabled, the servodrive configuration is saved in the data table Recipe_Z (buffer variable for the recipes).

If Cmd_Download_Z is enabled, the servodrive configuration is restored by the data table Recipe_Z.

Transferring the Project between the Terminal and the PLC

At a Glance

Transferring a project allows you to copy the current project from the terminal to the current PLC's memory (PLC that has its address selected).

Project Analysis and Generation

To perform analysis and generation of a project at the same time, carry out the following actions:

Step	Action
1	Activate the Rebuild All Project command in the Build menu. Result: the project is analyzed and generated by the software.
2	Any errors detected are displayed in the information window at the bottom of your screen.

Project Backup

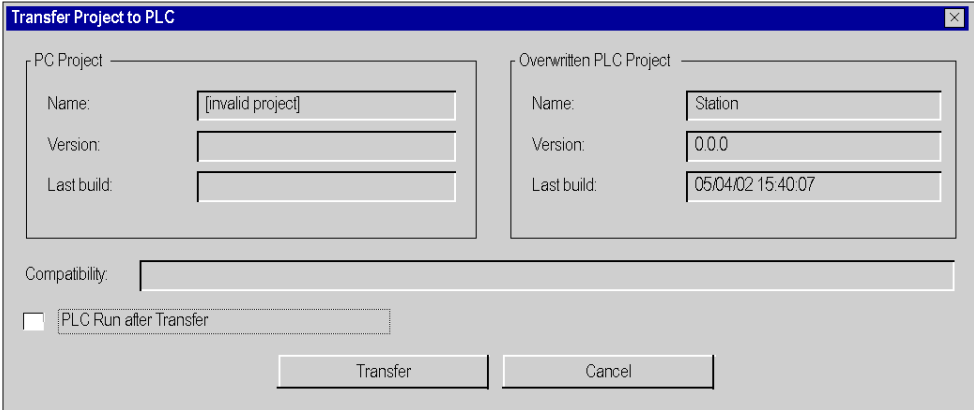
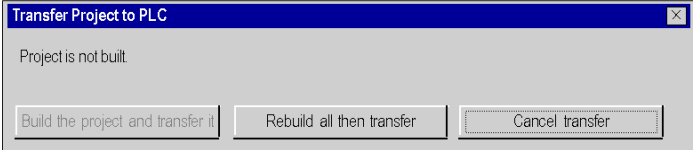
To back up the project, carry out the following actions:

Step	Action
1	Activate the Save As command in the File menu.
2	If necessary, select the directory to which the project will be saved (disk and path).
3	Enter the file name: MFB_Lexium05 .
4	Confirm with Save . Result: the project is saved as MFB_Lexium05.STU .

Transferring the Project to the PLC

You must carry out the following actions to transfer the current project to a PLC:

Step	Action
1	Use the PLC →Define the address command. Enter SYS if you are using a USB media that is directly connected from the PC (terminal) to the PLC.
2	Switch to online mode using the PLC →Connection command.

Step	Action
3	<p>Activate the PLC →Transfer Project to PLC command.</p> <p>Result: the screen used to transfer the project between the terminal and the PLC is displayed:</p> 
4	<p>Activate the Transfer command.</p>
5	<p>If the project has not been generated in advance, the screen below will be displayed allowing you to generate it before the transfer (Rebuild All then Transfer) or interrupt the transfer (Cancel Transfer).</p> 
6	<p>Transfer progress is displayed on screen. At any moment, you can interrupt the transfer by using the Esc key. In this case, the PLC project will be invalid.</p> <p>Note: In the event that the project is transferred to a Flash Eprom memory card, the transfer can take several minutes.</p>

Chapter 4

Application Debugging

Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the possibilities for debugging the application using Unity Pro and PowerSuite for **Lexium 05**.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Tuning the Lexium 05 with PowerSuite	70
Using Data via the Animation Tables	71
Program Debugging	73
Using Data via the Operator Screens	75

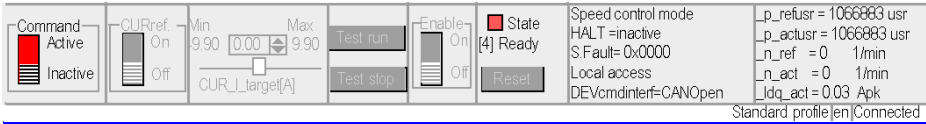
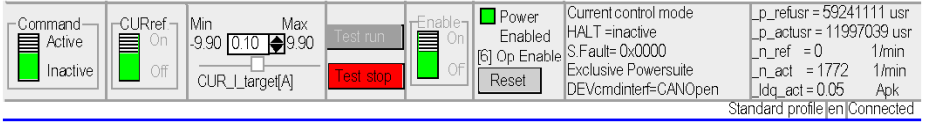
Tuning the Lexium 05 with PowerSuite

In Advance

We recommend tuning the axis kinematic before the program automatically starts it.

Tuning Example

The following table gives an example of kinematic tuning:

Step	Action
1	Connect (see page 47) to the Lexium 05 .
2	<p>After a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite opens a new window with the configuration screen, which gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions. The following figure shows part of the new window. This lower window provides access to Lexium 05 command functions:</p> 
3	Place the Command zone cursor on Active .
4	Place the Enable zone cursor on On .
5	Click the Reset button to clear any problems.
6	Click the Test Run button.
7	Enter the value 0,1 in the CUR_I_target zone.
8	<p>Place the CURref zone cursor on On. Result: the motor runs and the sub-window is animated:</p> 
9	Place the Command zone cursor on Inactive once tuning has been finalized.

Using Data via the Animation Tables

At a Glance

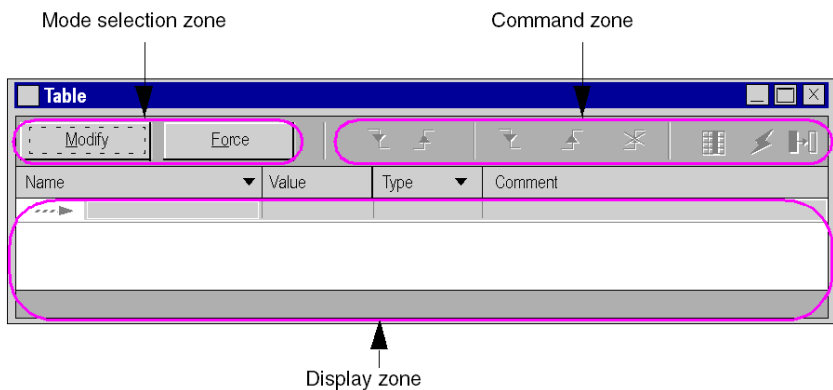
The animation table is the Unity Pro' basic tool for viewing and forcing the status of variables.

NOTE: Unity Pro also offers a graphic tool called **Operator Screens** which is designed to facilitate use of the application ([see page 75](#)).

An animation table is divided into 3 areas that include:

- the **Mode** area
- the **Command** area
- the **Display** area

Animation table:




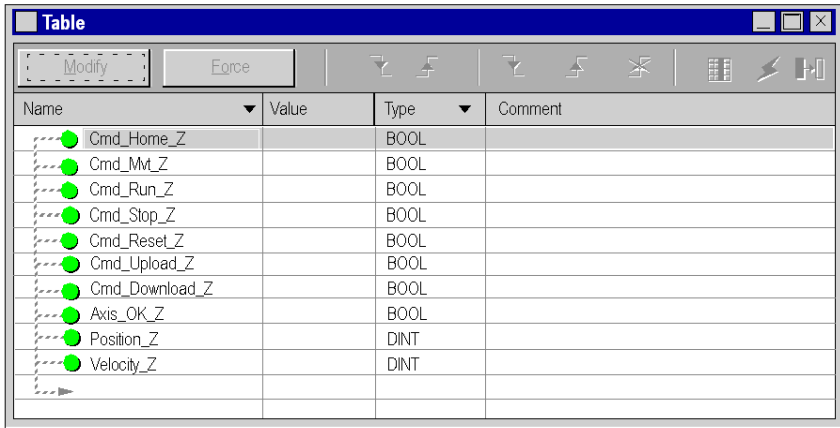

































Creating an Animation Table

The table below presents the procedure for creating an animation table:

Step	Action
1	Right-click on the Animation Tables directory in the project browser. Result: the contextual menu is displayed.
2	Select New Animation Table . Result: a table properties window is displayed.
3	Click on OK to create the table, which is given a default name. Result: the animation table is displayed.

Adding Data to the Animation Table

The table below presents the procedure for creating data to view or force in the animation table:

Step	Action																																																
1	In the Table window, click on the empty line in the Name column.																																																
2	There are two possible ways of adding data: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Enter the variable directly● Click on the  icon to display the instance selection window in order to select the variable																																																
3	Enter or select the respective variables. <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Cmd_Home_Z to issue an return axis to home position command● Cmd_Mvt_Z to issue a move axis command● Cmd_Run_Z to issue a run axis command● Cmd_Stop_Z to issue a stop axis command● Cmd_Reset_Z to issue an axis acknowledgement command● Cmd_Upload_Z to issue a save axis data to a recipe table command● Cmd_Download_Z to issue a transfer data from the recipe table to the axis command● Axis_OK_Z to view the axis recognized by the CANopen bus● Position_Z to determine the value of the axis position● Velocity_Z to determine the value of the axis speed <p>Result: the animation table looks like this.</p> <div data-bbox="220 794 1061 1219"><table><tr><th>Name</th><th>Value</th><th>Type</th><th>Comment</th></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Home_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Mvt_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Run_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Stop_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Reset_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Upload_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Cmd_Download_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Axis_OK_Z</td><td></td><td>BOOL</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Position_Z</td><td></td><td>DINT</td><td></td></tr><tr><td> Velocity_Z</td><td></td><td>DINT</td><td></td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr></table></div>	Name	Value	Type	Comment	 Cmd_Home_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Mvt_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Run_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Stop_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Reset_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Upload_Z		BOOL		 Cmd_Download_Z		BOOL		 Axis_OK_Z		BOOL		 Position_Z		DINT		 Velocity_Z		DINT					
Name	Value	Type	Comment																																														
 Cmd_Home_Z		BOOL																																															
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 Position_Z		DINT																																															
 Velocity_Z		DINT																																															
																																																	

Program Debugging

At a Glance

After transferring the program and running the axis using Powersuite for **Lexium 05**, the process is commissioned.

An animation table is a commissioning solution used to monitor, modify and/or force the values of variables.

The sets of parameters of the axis may be accessed and modified in Unity Pro using the MFB messaging blocks MC_READPARAMETER (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) and MC_WRITEPARAMETER (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*).

Modification Mode

The following screen shows the animation table in modification mode:

Name	Value	Type	Comment
Cmd_Home_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Mm_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Run_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Stop_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Reset_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Upload_Z		BOOL	
Cmd_Download_Z		BOOL	
Axis_OK_Z		BOOL	
Position_Z		DINT	
Velocity_Z		DINT	
READSTATUS_Z REFERENCED		BOOL	

This table is used to determine the status of the MC_POWER block's input and output parameters.

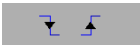
To access this mode, click on the **Modify** button in the mode selection zone.

NOTE: this operation may be assigned to other function blocks.

NOTE: the animation table is dynamic only in online mode (display of variable values).

Modifying Values

The tutorial example uses Boolean variables. To modify a Boolean value, carry out the following actions:

Step	Action
1	Use the mouse to select the Boolean variable you wish to modify.
2	Click on the  button corresponding to the desired value, or execute the Set to 0 or Set to 1 commands in the contextual menu.

Starting the System

The following table describes the procedure for starting the system used in the example:

Step	Action
1	Set the variable <code>Cmd_Run_Z</code> to 1. Result: the variable <code>Axis_OK_Z</code> changes to 1.
2	Set the variable <code>Cmd_Reset_Z</code> to 1.
3	Set the variable <code>Cmd_Home_Z</code> to 1. Result: the axis is referenced.
4	To rotate the axis, set the variable <code>Cmd_Mvt_Z</code> to 1. Result: the axis starts to turn and the values of the variables <code>Position_Z</code> and <code>Velocity_Z</code> are no longer set to 0.
5	To stop the axis from rotating: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● set the variable <code>Cmd_Stop_Z</code> to 1 ● set the variable <code>Cmd_Mvt_Z</code> to 0 Result : the axis stops rotating.
6	To start to rotate the axis again and complete the movement: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● set the variable <code>Cmd_Stop_Z</code> to 0 ● set the variable <code>Cmd_Mvt_Z</code> to 1 Result: the axis starts to rotate again and completes its movement.

Using Data via the Operator Screens

At a Glance

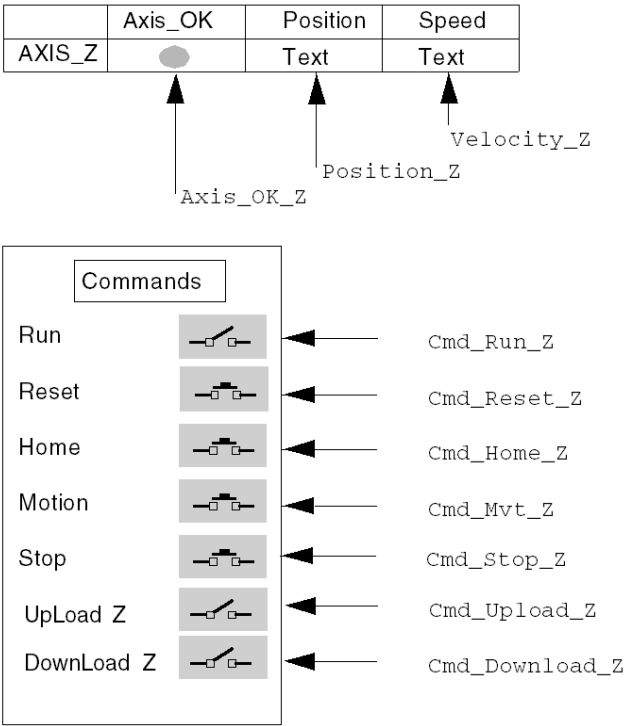
When a project is created without input cards, output cards or supervision, the Unity Pro operator screen (associated with unlocated bits and words) allows to carry out initial debugging of the program.

In the tutorial example, the operator screen is used to:

- view data from the servodrives
- send commands to the servodrives

Representation

The representation below symbolizes the operating example which is used to control the axis and indicate the variables to be assigned to the objects (push button, LED and text):



Chapter 5

Operating the Application

Management of the Recipes

At a Glance

The TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAM (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) and TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAM (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) blocks are used to manage the production recipes.

An example of the procedure for creating and managing recipes is described in this section.

NOTE: for flexible machines, it is possible to manage several parameter recipes.

Creating and backing up the recipes

The table describes the procedure for creating recipes:

Step	Action
1	Create the recipes (see page 39) using the Axis_Z directory. Result: new recipe variables (Recipe_0, Recipe_1, etc.) are automatically created in the Data Editor (see page 45).
2	Create a variable corresponding to the type of recipe variables. This variable is named in the Recipe_Z tutorial example. Recipe_Z acts as a buffer when backing up or transferring data. Note: it is essential to check Allow dynamic arrays [ANY_ARRAY_XXX] located in Tools →Project options →Tab: Language extensions →Zone: Data type to be able to use table type variables such as the recipes.
3	Configure the servodrive's parameters using Powersuite (see page 47). These initial settings are used to configure a recipe.
4	Perform a backup of the parameters using the TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAM (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block in the buffer variable Recipe_Z. The backup was successful if the bits of the MC_READSTATUS (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block are as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● DOWNLOADING (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) is set to 0● STANDSTILL (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) is set to 1
5	Transfer the data backed up in the Recipe_Z buffer variable to the Recipe_0 variable.

Step	Action
6	<p>Repeat steps 3 and 4 to transfer the data backed up in the <code>Recipe_Z</code> buffer variable to the <code>Recipe_1</code> variable.</p> <p>The following programming presents a data transfer example based on the value of <code>PRODUCTION</code>:</p> <pre> IF UPLOAD_Z.DONE AND PRODUCTION=0 THEN Recipe_0:=Recipe_Z; END_IF; IF UPLOAD_Z.DONE AND PRODUCTION=1 THEN Recipe_1:=Recipe_Z; END_IF; </pre>

Transfer Data from the Recipes

The table describes the procedure to transfer recipe data to the servodrive (for a production change, for example):

Step	Action
1	<p>Reload the <code>Recipe_Z</code> buffer variable based on the value of <code>PRODUCTION</code> (type of production requested).</p> <pre> IF Cmd_Download_Z AND PRODUCTION=0 THEN Recipe_Z:=Recipe_0; END_IF; IF Cmd_Download_Z AND PRODUCTION=1 THEN Recipe_Z:=Recipe_1; END_IF; </pre>
2	<p>Transfer the parameter data, using the <code>Recipe_Z</code> buffer variable's <code>TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAM</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block, to the servodrive.</p>
3	<p>The transfer was successful if the bits of the <code>MC_READSTATUS</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● <code>DOWNLOADING</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) is set to 0 ● <code>STANDSTILL</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) is set to 1

Chapter 6

Application Maintenance

Subject of this Chapter

This chapter describes the procedure involved in replacing a servodrive after a fault has been diagnosed.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Error Example	80
Replacing a Faulty Servodrive	82

Error Example

At a Glance

The `MC_ReadAxisError` function is used to recover system errors.

If an error or warning occurs, the block specifies a code by applying a value to the `AXISFAULTID`, `AXISDIAGID` and `AXISWARNINGID` output parameters.

Error Codes

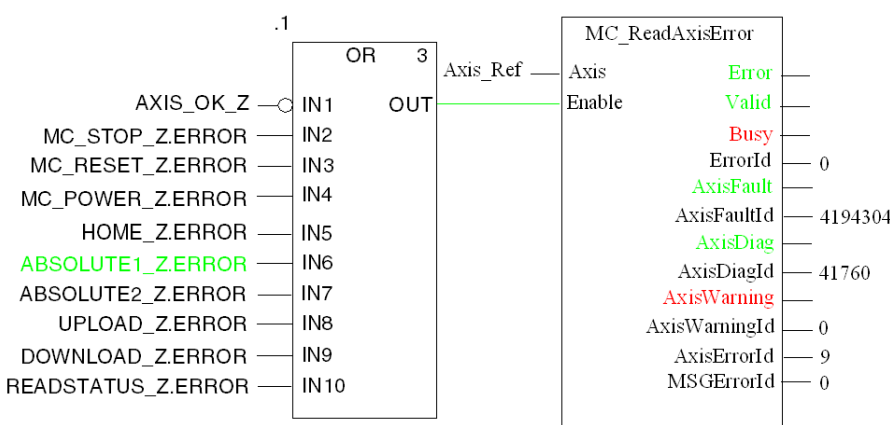
The following table shows the **Lexium 05** error codes:

	Lexium 05
AxisFaultId	SigLatched 301C:08
AxisDiagId	WarnLatched 301C:0C
AxisWarningId	StopFault 603F:0

NOTE: refer to the CANopen documentation for **Lexium 05** to identify the error.

Finding Errors

The table below describes a procedure for finding faults following an error or warning code.

Step	Action
1	<p>The AxisFault output parameter equals 1. The AxisFaultId output parameter displays an error value. The graph below shows the error generated:</p> 
2	<p>Refer to the CANopen documentation of the Lexium 05 and look for the code SigLatched 301C:08.</p>

Step	Action
3	The AxisFaultID value is set to 4194304. This binary value means that bit 22 is set to one. Refer to the CANopen documentation of the Lexium 05 and look for the code 'SigLatched' 301C:08. Bit 22 for 'SigLatched' designates a lag error.
4	Reduce the speed constants in absolute block or external load or acceleration.
5	Execute the MC_Reset block.

Replacing a Faulty Servodrive

At a Glance

If the servodrive fails, it may be necessary to swap it for an identical servodrive (reference). To do this, you are advised to save the adjustment parameters to a data table using the `TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) block.

The `TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAM` (see page 66) block then allows you to restore the saved data to a new servodrive.

Data Backup

The table below describes the procedure used to back up the servodrive's data using the `TE_UPLOADDRIVEPARAMETER` (see *Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library*) block:

Step	Action
1	Disable the Enable parameter, which belongs to the <code>MC_POWER</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block. Result: the servodrive switches to Disable (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) mode.
2	Enable the input parameter <code>Execute</code> . Result: the servodrive switches to Downloading (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) mode. The data table assigned to the output parameter <code>PARAMETERSET</code> is filled in. Note: Please back up data to a <code>.DAT</code> file using <code>PLC → Transfer PLC data to the file</code> if the PLC has no memory card.

Restoring Data

The table below describes the procedure used to restore the servodrive's data using the `TE_DOWNLOADDRIVEPARAM` (see page 66) block:

Step	Action
1	Disable the Enable parameter, which belongs to the <code>MC_POWER</code> (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) block. Result: the servodrive switches to Disable (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) mode.
2	Change the servodrive. The new servodrive must have the same references as the faulty servodrive. Note: make sure you take all the necessary precautions when changing the servodrive.
3	Configure the new servodrive with the basic parameters (see page 47) (CANopen address, speed) or using the keypad on the front panel.
4	Enable the block's input parameter <code>Execute</code> . Result: the servodrive switches to Downloading (see <i>Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) mode. The data table assigned to the input parameter <code>PARAMETERSET</code> loads the input <code>PARAMETERLIST</code> which corresponds to the servodrive parameter.

Part II

Multi-Axis Application

Aim of this Part

This part describes the other hardware available for the Motion Function Blocks offer with a Modicon M340 running Unity Pro.

The **Lexium 05** servodrive was used in the previous part to carry out an example. This part begins with a presentation of the following servodrives in a full architecture:

- **Lexium 32**
- **Lexium 15**
- **ATV 31**
- **ATV 32**
- **ATV 71**
- **IcIA**

Following this presentation, configuration of each of the servodrives is described, detailing differences with the **Lexium 05** so as to carry out the same example.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
7	Foreword	85
8	Compatibility of Motion Applications with Unity Pro Versions	87
9	Lexium 32 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	89
10	Lexium 15MP/HP/LP Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	107
11	ATV 31 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	129
12	ATV 32 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	145
13	ATV 71 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	159
14	IcIA Implementation for Motion Function Blocks	175

Chapter 7

Foreword

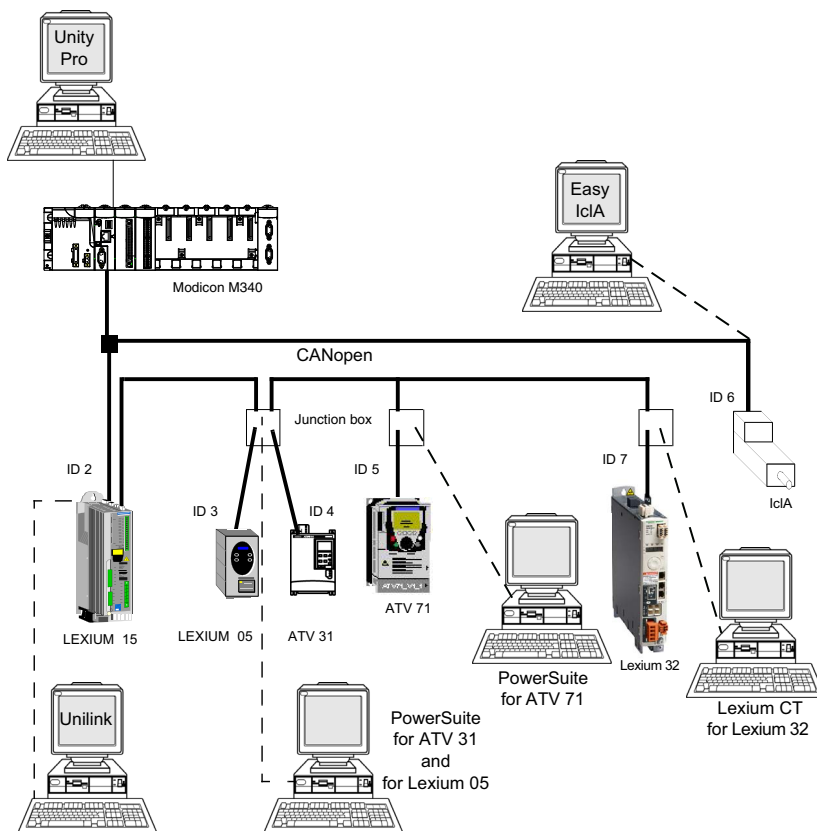
Application Architecture with All Servodrives

Overview

Following is a presentation of the usage of available hardware (servodrives), via an architecture, for implementing Motion Function Blocks in Unity Pro.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes all servodrives:



Chapter 8

Compatibility of Motion Applications with Unity Pro Versions

Compatibility of XEF files

Unity Target version	Unity Source version	
	V3.x/V4.0 M340 Proc < V2.0	>= V4.0 M340 Proc >= V2.0
V3.x M340 < V2.0	Partially compatible in case of usage of Lexium15.	NC.
>= V4.0	PC.	FC.
NC : Not compatible. The motion parts are ignored during the import. PC : Partially compatible : the new axis type are ignored with an error message during the import : the application is imported by the sections using the drives that are in error. The new firmware version are downgraded to the highest available in the Unity version with a warning during import, if the drives is present in the catalog for Mirano CPU. If not, the import is aborted. FC : Fully compatible.		

NOTE: 1. : The news EFB causes errors in the sections using them.

NOTE: 2. : Processor M340 >= V2.0: initial value saving enabled support.

Compatibility of STA files

Unity Target Version	Unity Souce Version		
	V3.x/V4.0 application without motion	V3.x/V4.0 with M340 < V2.0	>= V4.0 with M340 >= V2.0
V3.x	FC	PC	NC
>= V4.0	FC	FC	FC
NC: Not compatible PC: Partially compatible: compatible only for applications with drive supported by the Unity which is opening the application, in case of drives type or firmwire versions evolutions. The application can be opened but can not be modified deeply. FC: Full compatible.			

Chapter 9

Lexium 32 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of Lexium 32 servodrives according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for Lexium 32.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
9.1	Adapting the Application to the Lexium 32	90
9.2	Configuring the Lexium 32	97
9.3	Tuning the Lexium 32	101

Section 9.1

Adapting the Application to the Lexium 32

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of an application to the **Lexium 32** with an architecture, hardware and software requirements.

In this section Lexium 32 means else a Lexium 32 Advanced reference (LXM 32A...) else a Lexium 32 Modular reference (LXM 32 M...)

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with Lexium 32	91
Software Requirements	92
Hardware Requirements	93
CANopen Bus Configuration Lexium 32	94

Application Architecture with Lexium 32

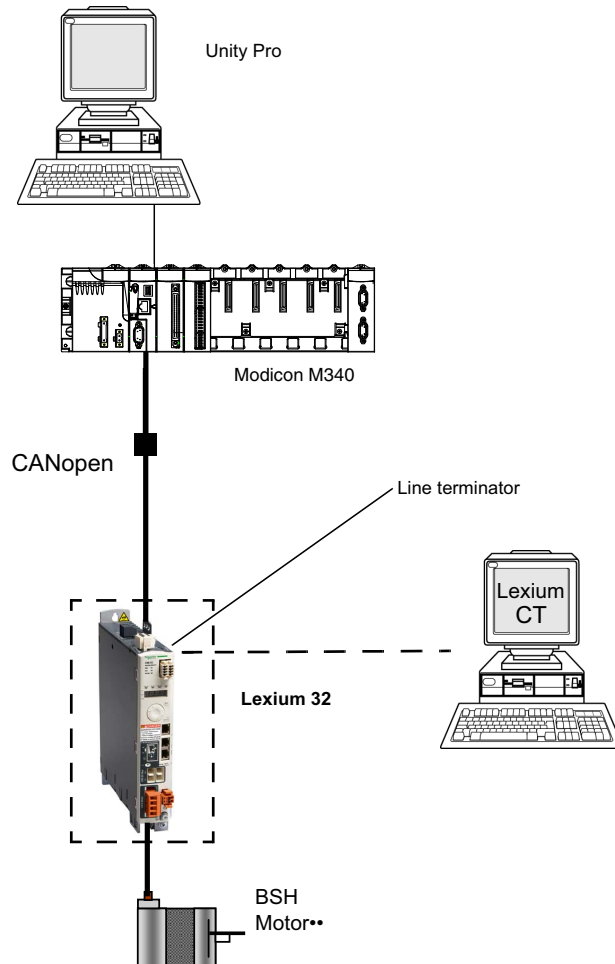
At a Glance

The proposed structure represents a simple structure which is designed to demonstrate motion control implementation principles.

This realistic structure may well be expanded upon with other devices in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The figure below shows the structure used in the application:



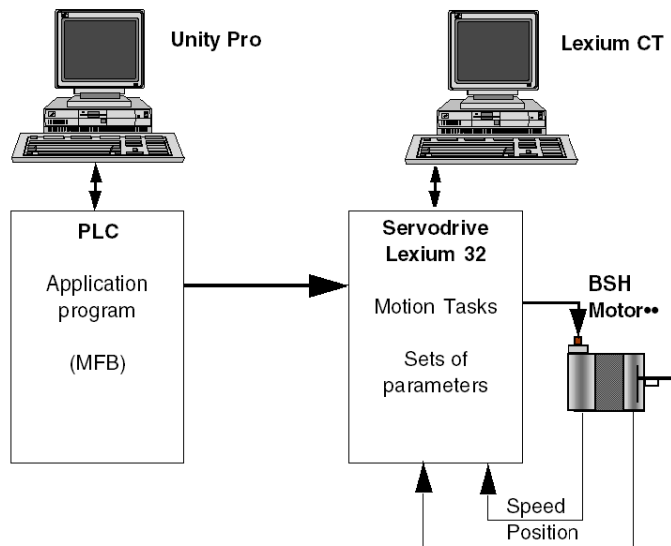
Software Requirements

Overview

Following the software requirements presented in the Quick Start Guide ([see page 24](#)), Lexium CT is used for configuring and tuning the **Lexium 32**.

Functional Diagram for the Lexium 32

The following diagram shows the different functions performed by the PLC and the servodrive:



Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the Architecture ([see page 109](#)), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Device	Software version used in the example	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V5.0	>2.0
Lexium 32	Lexium CT V1.0	V1.x for Lexium 32 Advanced V1.y for Lexium 32 Modular

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 91](#)), enabling implementation of **Lexium 32** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 20302
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
Lexium 32 Advanced	LXM32AU90M2
Lexium 32 connection cable to CANopen port of the PLC	TCSCCN4F 3M3T/CAN
CANopen Line terminator	TCSCAR013M120
Motor for Lexium 32	BSH055••

CANopen Bus Configuration Lexium 32

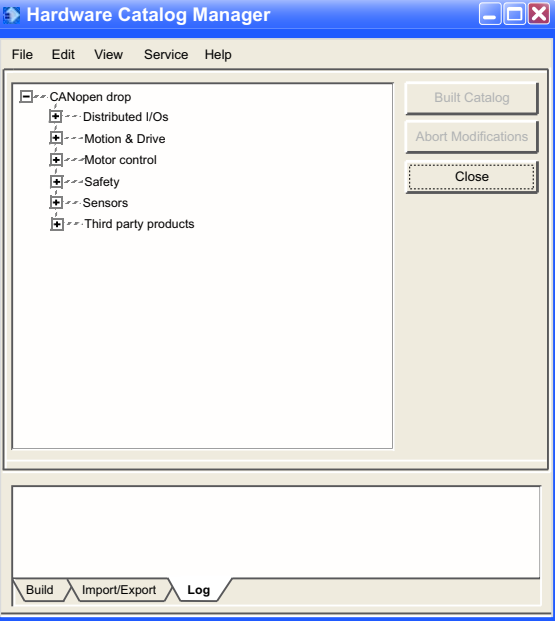
Overview

The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

- Upgrade the hardware catalog
- Configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU
- Declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph below)
- Configure the slave
- Enable the configuration using Unity Pro
- Check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser

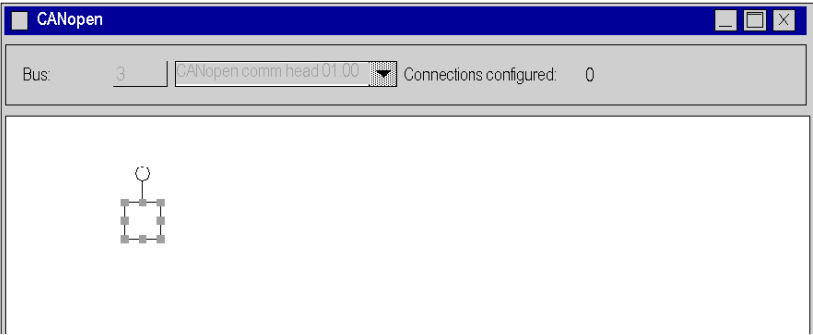
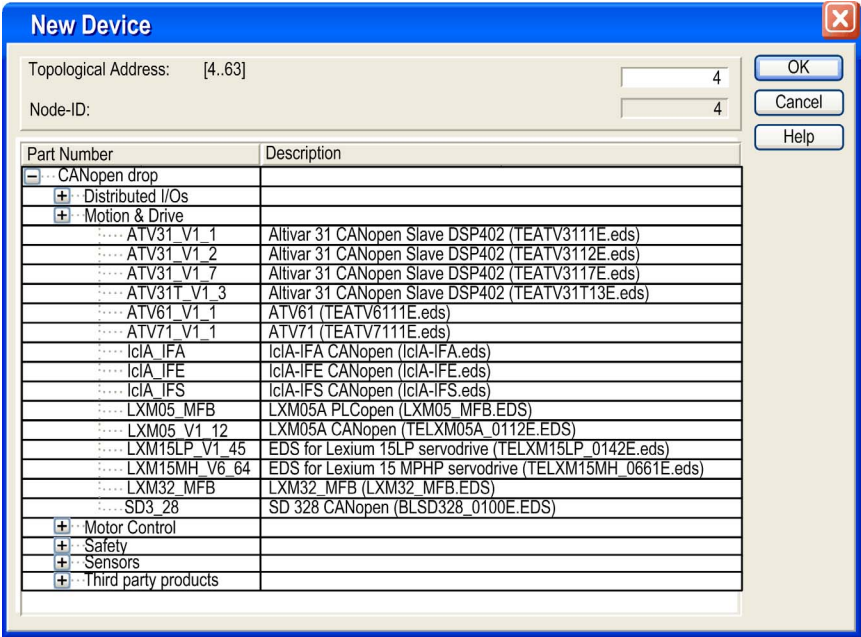
How to Upgrade the Hardware Catalog

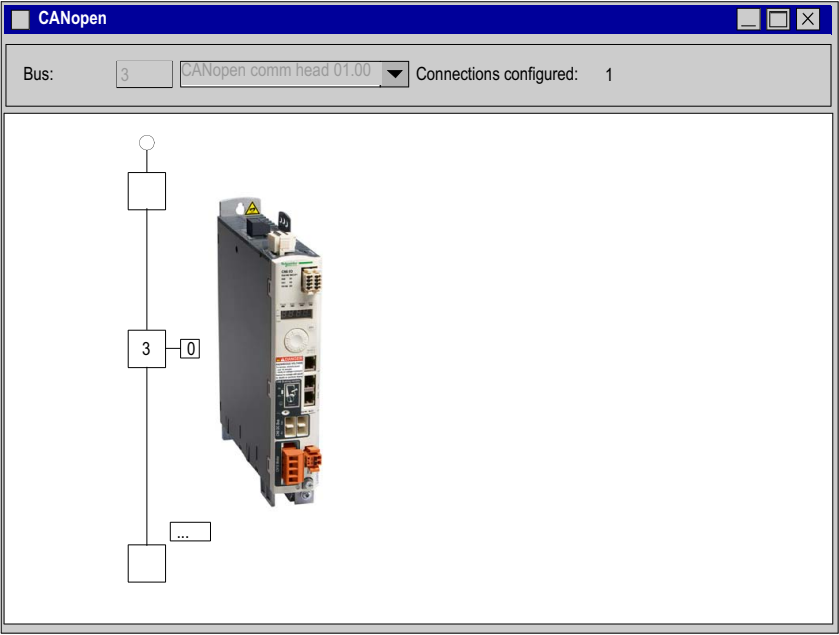
This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>Open the Hardware Catalog</p> <p>Start →Program →Schneider Electric →Socollaborative →UnityPro →Hardware Catalog Manager</p> <p>Result:The Hardware Catalog Manager window appears:</p> 
2	<p>In the menu tab, click on File ==>Import User Devices, then import the LXM32_MFB.cpx file in the directory ...Application Data\Schneider Electric\ConfCatalog\Database\Motion (this file can be located in a hidden directory).</p>

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action																																														
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 																																														
2	<p>Select Edit →New device.</p> <p>Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <table><thead><tr><th>Part Number</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>[-] CANopen drop</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>[+] Distributed I/Os</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>[+] Motion & Drive</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV31_V1_1</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV31_V1_2</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV31_V1_7</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV31T_V1_3</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV61_V1_1</td><td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... ATV71_V1_1</td><td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... IclA_IFA</td><td>IclA-IFA CANopen (IclA-IFA.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... IclA_IFE</td><td>IclA-IFE CANopen (IclA-IFE.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... IclA_IFS</td><td>IclA-IFS CANopen (IclA-IFS.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... LXM05_MFB</td><td>LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS)</td></tr><tr><td>.... LXM05_V1_12</td><td>LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS)</td></tr><tr><td>.... LXM15LP_V1_45</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... LXM15MH_V6_64</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td></tr><tr><td>.... LXM32_MFB</td><td>LXM32_MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS)</td></tr><tr><td>.... SD3_28</td><td>SD 328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)</td></tr><tr><td>[+] Motor Control</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>[+] Safety</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>[+] Sensors</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>[+] Third party products</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table>	Part Number	Description	[-] CANopen drop		[+] Distributed I/Os		[+] Motion & Drive	 ATV31_V1_1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds) ATV31_V1_2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds) ATV31_V1_7	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds) ATV31T_V1_3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds) ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds) ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds) IclA_IFA	IclA-IFA CANopen (IclA-IFA.eds) IclA_IFE	IclA-IFE CANopen (IclA-IFE.eds) IclA_IFS	IclA-IFS CANopen (IclA-IFS.eds) LXM05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS) LXM05_V1_12	LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS) LXM15LP_V1_45	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds) LXM15MH_V6_64	EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds) LXM32_MFB	LXM32_MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS) SD3_28	SD 328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)	[+] Motor Control		[+] Safety		[+] Sensors		[+] Third party products	
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.... ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)																																														
.... ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)																																														
.... IclA_IFA	IclA-IFA CANopen (IclA-IFA.eds)																																														
.... IclA_IFE	IclA-IFE CANopen (IclA-IFE.eds)																																														
.... IclA_IFS	IclA-IFS CANopen (IclA-IFS.eds)																																														
.... LXM05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS)																																														
.... LXM05_V1_12	LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS)																																														
.... LXM15LP_V1_45	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds)																																														
.... LXM15MH_V6_64	EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)																																														
.... LXM32_MFB	LXM32_MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS)																																														
.... SD3_28	SD 328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)																																														
[+] Motor Control																																															
[+] Safety																																															
[+] Sensors																																															
[+] Third party products																																															

Step	Action
3	Set 3 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose Lexium 32.
4	Click on OK to confirm the choice. Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected: 
5	Select Edit → Open module . If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.
6	You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.

Section 9.2

Configuring the Lexium 32

Basic Parameters for Lexium 32 using Lexium CT


At a Glance

Lexium CT is a commissioning tool for axes intended for motion control applications.

Its graphic user interface provides a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 32**-type servodrive.

Connecting to Lexium 32

This table describes the procedure for connecting to **Lexium 32**.

Step	Action
1	<div><p>Start Lexium CT. Click on Connection and then select ModbusSerialLine connection connection. The Connection window is displayed:</p><div><p>Connection</p><div><div><div>Serial interface</div><div>COM-PortCOM1</div><div>Baudrate19200</div><div>ParameterE,8,1</div><div>ProtocolModbus Point-to-Point</div></div><div><div>Connection supervision</div><div>De-activate</div><div>Value in seconds5</div><div>don't show again</div></div><div><div>OK</div><div>Abbrechen</div></div></div></div><p>Select the COM-Port Validate by OK The following screen appears:</p><div><div> Loading configuration...</div><div>Schneider Electric - 3606480076831 - P091200V003401</div><div><div></div></div></div></div>

Step	Action																																																																																																																																																																																																																														
2	<p>When configuration has been established, this general screen appears:</p> <div> <div> <p>Lexium 32</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> All parameter Simply start <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Basic configuration In Pulse control In Position control Configuration <ul style="list-style-type: none"> IO functions IO parameters External braking resistor Holding brake Encoder simulation (ESIM) HMI Reference and limit switches Position scaling Profile generator Supervision Power amplifier Name Settings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Regulation loop Regulation loop (1) Regulation loop (2) Limitations Standstill Motion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Motion Sequence config Electronic gear Homing Jog Communication <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Drivcom CANopen Modbus DeviceNet Datasheet <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Internal braking resistor Device Motor Drive </div> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Name</th> <th>Value</th> <th>Unit</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Range</th> <th>Modbus</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI0</td><td>TouchProbe_1</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI0</td><td>..</td><td>1794</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI1</td><td>Reference switch (REF)</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI1</td><td>..</td><td>1796</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI2</td><td>Positive limit switch (LIMP)</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI2</td><td>..</td><td>1798</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI3</td><td>Negative limit switch (LIMN)</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI3</td><td>..</td><td>1800</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI4</td><td>Free available</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI4</td><td>..</td><td>1802</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DI5</td><td>Free available</td><td></td><td>Function Input DI5</td><td>..</td><td>1804</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DQ0</td><td>No fault</td><td></td><td>Function Output DQ0</td><td>..</td><td>1810</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DQ1</td><td>Active</td><td></td><td>Function Output DQ1</td><td>..</td><td>1812</td></tr> <tr><td>IOfuncnt_DQ2</td><td>Free available</td><td></td><td>Function Output DQ2</td><td>..</td><td>1814</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVn_lim</td><td>10</td><td>1/min</td><td>Speed limitation via input</td><td>1.9999</td><td>1596</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVz_clmp</td><td>10</td><td>1/min</td><td>Speed limit for Zero Clamp</td><td>0.1000</td><td>1616</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVi_lim</td><td>10,0</td><td>%</td><td>Current limitation via input</td><td>0.3000</td><td>1614</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVChkWinTin</td><td>0</td><td>ms</td><td>Monitoring of time window</td><td>0.9999</td><td>1594</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVp_DiffWin</td><td>0,0010</td><td>revolutio</td><td>Monitoring of position deviation</td><td>0.0.9999</td><td>1586</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVn_DiffWin</td><td>10</td><td>1/min</td><td>Monitoring of speed deviation</td><td>1.9999</td><td>1588</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVn_Thresho</td><td>10</td><td>1/min</td><td>Monitoring of speed value</td><td>1.9999</td><td>1590</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVi_Threshol</td><td>1,0</td><td>%</td><td>Monitoring of current value</td><td>0.3000</td><td>1592</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVSELerror1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>First selective error entry</td><td>0.65535</td><td>15116</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVSELerror2</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>Second selective error entry</td><td>0.65535</td><td>15118</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVSELWarn1</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>First selective warning entry</td><td>0.65535</td><td>15120</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVSELWarn2</td><td>0</td><td></td><td>Second selective warning entry</td><td>0.65535</td><td>15122</td></tr> <tr><td>RESint_ext</td><td>internal Resistor</td><td></td><td>Braking resistor control</td><td>0.1</td><td>1298</td></tr> <tr><td>RESext_P</td><td>10</td><td>W</td><td>Nominal power of external braking resistor</td><td>1.32767</td><td>1316</td></tr> <tr><td>RESext_R</td><td>100,00</td><td>Ohm</td><td>Resistance value of external braking resistor</td><td>1.327,67</td><td>1318</td></tr> <tr><td>RESext_ton</td><td>1</td><td>ms</td><td>Max. permissible switch-on time of external braking</td><td>1.30000</td><td>1314</td></tr> <tr><td>BRK_treleas</td><td>0</td><td>ms</td><td>Time delay during opening/releasing the holding bra</td><td>0.1000</td><td>1294</td></tr> <tr><td>BRK_tclose</td><td>0</td><td>ms</td><td>Time delay during closing of holding brake</td><td>0.1000</td><td>1296</td></tr> <tr><td>ESIMscale</td><td>4096</td><td>Inc</td><td>Encoder simulation - setting of resolution</td><td>8.65535</td><td>1322</td></tr> <tr><td>HMIIDispPara</td><td>DeviceStatus</td><td></td><td>HMI display when motor rotates</td><td>0.2</td><td>14852</td></tr> <tr><td>HMIlocked</td><td>not locked</td><td></td><td>Lock HMI</td><td>0.1</td><td>14850</td></tr> <tr><td>IOsigLIMp</td><td>normally closed</td><td></td><td>Signal evaluation LIMP</td><td>0.2</td><td>1568</td></tr> <tr><td>IOsigLIMn</td><td>normally closed</td><td></td><td>Signal evaluation LIMN</td><td>0.2</td><td>1566</td></tr> <tr><td>IOdigRef</td><td>normally closed</td><td></td><td>Signal evaluation REF</td><td>1.2</td><td>1564</td></tr> <tr><td>SPV_SW_Limit</td><td>none</td><td></td><td>Monitoring of software limit switches</td><td>0.3</td><td>1542</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVswLimNusr</td><td>-2147483648</td><td>usr</td><td>Negative position limit for software limit switch</td><td>..</td><td>1546</td></tr> <tr><td>SPVswLimPusr</td><td>2147483647</td><td>usr</td><td>Positive position limit for software limit switch</td><td>..</td><td>1544</td></tr> </tbody> </table> <div> <div> <p>Command</p> <p>On Off</p> </div> <div> <p>POWER DISABLED</p> </div> <div> <p>Enable</p> <p>On Off</p> </div> <div> <p>Stop Reset</p> </div> <div> <p>[Use double-click to clear thid display!]</p> <p>Press to clear list</p> <p>[Use double-click to clear thid display!]</p> </div> <div> <p>Halt=inactive _p_usr=0 Lexium CT M2 DEVcmdinterf=none</p> </div> </div> <p>Not connected</p> </div>	Name	Value	Unit	Description	Range	Modbus	IOfuncnt_DI0	TouchProbe_1		Function Input DI0	..	1794	IOfuncnt_DI1	Reference switch (REF)		Function Input DI1	..	1796	IOfuncnt_DI2	Positive limit switch (LIMP)		Function Input DI2	..	1798	IOfuncnt_DI3	Negative limit switch (LIMN)		Function Input DI3	..	1800	IOfuncnt_DI4	Free available		Function Input DI4	..	1802	IOfuncnt_DI5	Free available		Function Input DI5	..	1804	IOfuncnt_DQ0	No fault		Function Output DQ0	..	1810	IOfuncnt_DQ1	Active		Function Output DQ1	..	1812	IOfuncnt_DQ2	Free available		Function Output DQ2	..	1814	SPVn_lim	10	1/min	Speed limitation via input	1.9999	1596	SPVz_clmp	10	1/min	Speed limit for Zero Clamp	0.1000	1616	SPVi_lim	10,0	%	Current limitation via input	0.3000	1614	SPVChkWinTin	0	ms	Monitoring of time window	0.9999	1594	SPVp_DiffWin	0,0010	revolutio	Monitoring of position deviation	0.0.9999	1586	SPVn_DiffWin	10	1/min	Monitoring of speed deviation	1.9999	1588	SPVn_Thresho	10	1/min	Monitoring of speed value	1.9999	1590	SPVi_Threshol	1,0	%	Monitoring of current value	0.3000	1592	SPVSELerror1	0		First selective error entry	0.65535	15116	SPVSELerror2	0		Second selective error entry	0.65535	15118	SPVSELWarn1	0		First selective warning entry	0.65535	15120	SPVSELWarn2	0		Second selective warning entry	0.65535	15122	RESint_ext	internal Resistor		Braking resistor control	0.1	1298	RESext_P	10	W	Nominal power of external braking resistor	1.32767	1316	RESext_R	100,00	Ohm	Resistance value of external braking resistor	1.327,67	1318	RESext_ton	1	ms	Max. permissible switch-on time of external braking	1.30000	1314	BRK_treleas	0	ms	Time delay during opening/releasing the holding bra	0.1000	1294	BRK_tclose	0	ms	Time delay during closing of holding brake	0.1000	1296	ESIMscale	4096	Inc	Encoder simulation - 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Section 9.3

Tuning the Lexium 32

Aim of this Section

This section gives an example of tuning the **Lexium 32** with Lexium CT.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Tuning the Lexium 32	102
Debugging the Lexium 32	103

Tuning the Lexium 32

Operating modes

The various operating modes can be selected from the tabs in the Operating modes windows.

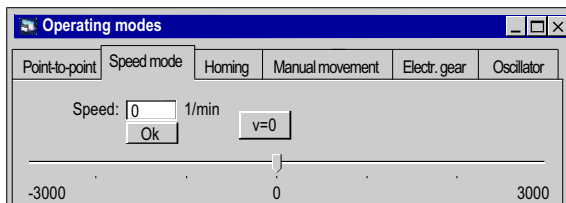
The windows is subdivided into two sections:

- Tabs for the selected operating mode and for setting specific parameters (top section)
- Display of status information (bottom section)

The user can switch between the tabs in the Operating Modes window without interfering with a currently active operating mode.

Profile Velocity

In the operating mode Profile Velocity, the drive accelerates to an adjustable target speed of rotation. You can set a motion profile with values for acceleration and deceleration ramps



Debugging the Lexium 32

Pre-requisite

You are recommended to debug the axis dynamics before it is automatically started by the program.

Description

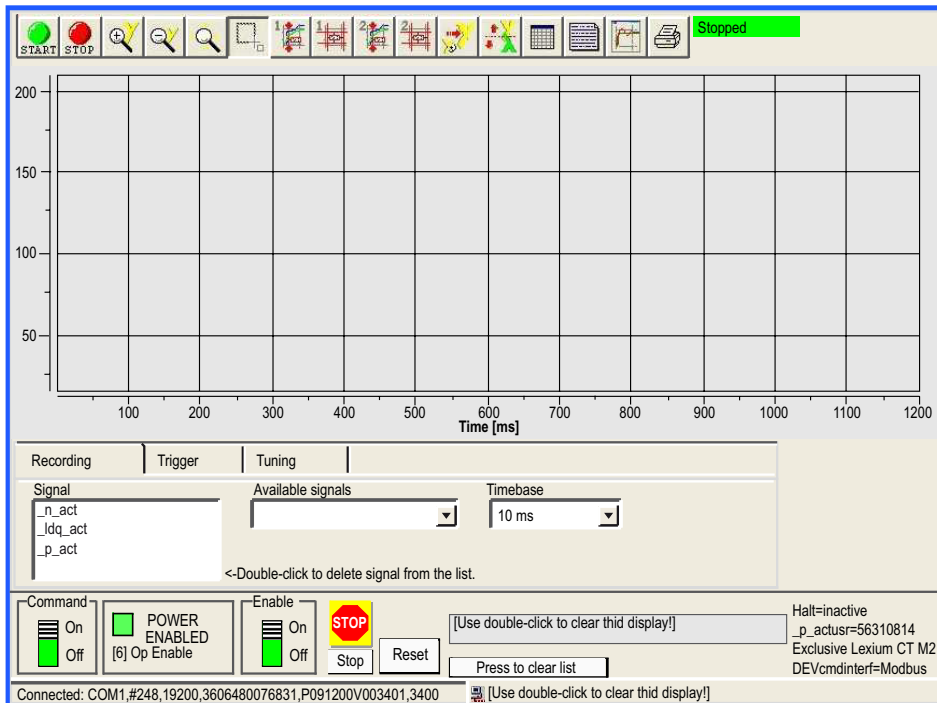
The commissioning software provides the “**Recording / Tuning**” function for visualizing internal device data during movements. The connected device stores the movement data to an internal memory for a defined recording period and then sends it to the PC. The PC processes the data and displays it in the form of charts or tables.

Recorded data can be saved on the PC, and can be archived or printed for documentation purposes.

Use the menu **Item** → **Functions** → **Record / Tuning...** to start the “record” function.

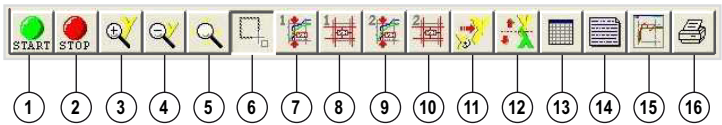
Illustration

The screen below can be accessed by clicking on the **Oscilloscope** tab:



Description Buttons

The buttons below can be accessed by clicking:



1. Start recording
2. Stop recording
3. Zoom in, y axis
4. Zoom out, y axis
5. Infinitely variable zoom, x axis and y axis
6. Zoom selected rectangle.
7. 1st display of values for a specific time
8. Change displayed values for first display
9. 2nd display of values for a specific time.
10. Change displayed values for second display
11. Restore original display
12. Invert y axis
13. Display table of recorded values
14. Enter description
15. Show/hide configuration
16. Print recording

Recording

The desired parameters are selected in the “Available signals” input field. A maximum of 4 parameters can be selected. If a parameter is no longer required, it can be deselected by a double-click on the name of the parameter.

The desired recording increment is select in the “Timebase” input field. The smaller the “Time base”, the smaller the maximum recording time will be.

Recording	Trigger	Tuning									
<table><tr><td>Signal</td><td>Available signals</td><td>Timebase</td></tr><tr><td><div><div>_n_act</div><div>_ldq_act</div><div>_p_act</div></div></td><td><div></div></td><td><div>10 ms</div></td></tr><tr><td colspan="3"><-Double-click to delete signal from the list.</td></tr></table>			Signal	Available signals	Timebase	<div><div>_n_act</div><div>_ldq_act</div><div>_p_act</div></div>	<div></div>	<div>10 ms</div>	<-Double-click to delete signal from the list.		
Signal	Available signals	Timebase									
<div><div>_n_act</div><div>_ldq_act</div><div>_p_act</div></div>	<div></div>	<div>10 ms</div>									
<-Double-click to delete signal from the list.											

Tuning

Tuning can only be started if the “Access” and “Enable” switches are set to “On”.

- The “Amplitude” field is used to set the maximum amplitude of the reference value
- The offset of the amplitude in positive or negative direction can be set in the “Offset” field.
- The duration of a period is set in the “Period” field.
- The signal type for the reference value is set in the “Signal ” dropdown list.
- The controller to be used is set in the “Type” dropdown list.
- The number of periods is specified in the “Count” field.
- The maximum number of revolutions that can be triggered by tuning can be set in the “Range” field. This value can, for example, help to avoid a movement to block.
- The “auto-start” radio buttons allow you to link the execution of the tuning movement and the start of recording. If the option is set to “Off” , the software displays a Start button. The Start button lets you trigger the tuning movement separately from starting the recording.

NOTE: Settings that you may have made on the “Trigger” tab are lost if you set “auto-start” to “On”.

Recording	Trigger	Tuning
Reference Amplitude - <input type="text" value="0"/> 1/mn Offset - <input type="text" value="0"/> 1/mn Period - <input type="text" value="50"/> ms Signal <input type="text" value="square symmetric"/>		
Control Type <input type="text" value="Speed control"/> Count = <input type="text" value="0"/> period Range = <input type="text" value="1.0"/> auto-start Off <input checked="" type="radio"/> On <input type="radio"/>		
TUNE only possible, if 'Command-Active' and 'Enable-Active' <input type="button" value="Start"/>		

NOTE: For further information, please refer to the Lexium CT software user manual.

Chapter 10

Lexium 15MP/HP/LP Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of Lexium 15MP/HP/LP servodrives according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for Lexium 15MP/HP/LP.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
10.1	Adapting the Application to the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP	108
10.2	CANopen Bus Configuration Lexium 15MP/HP/LP	112
10.3	Configuring the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP	115
10.4	Tuning the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP	125

Section 10.1

Adapting the Application to the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of the application to the **Lexium 15MP/HP/LP** with an architecture, and hardware and software requirements.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with Lexium 15MP/HP/LP	109
Software Requirements	110
Hardware Requirements	111

Application Architecture with Lexium 15MP/HP/LP

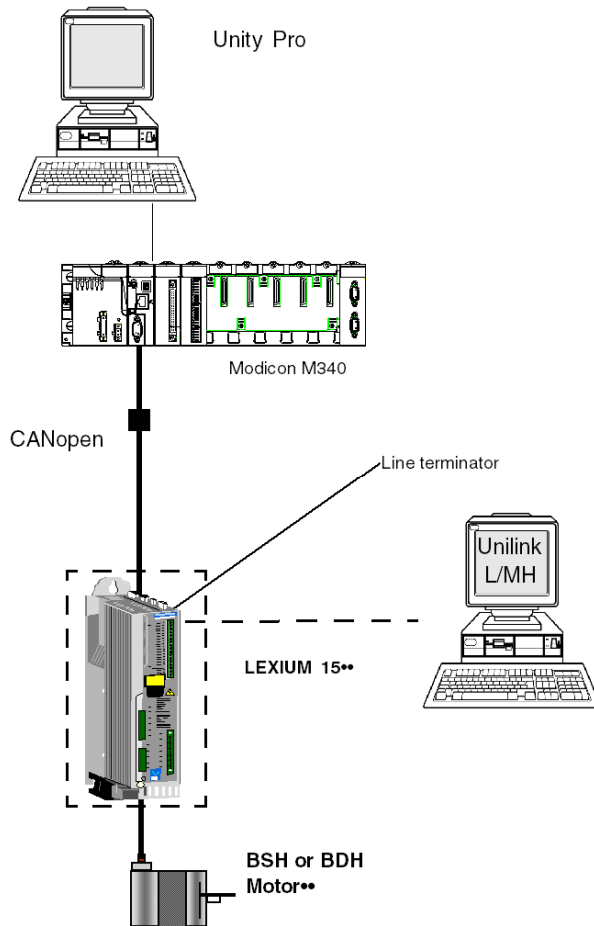
At a Glance

The proposed structure represents a simple structure which is designed to assimilate the motion control implementation principles.

This realistic structure may well be expanded upon with other devices in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The figure below shows the structure used in the application:



Software Requirements

Overview

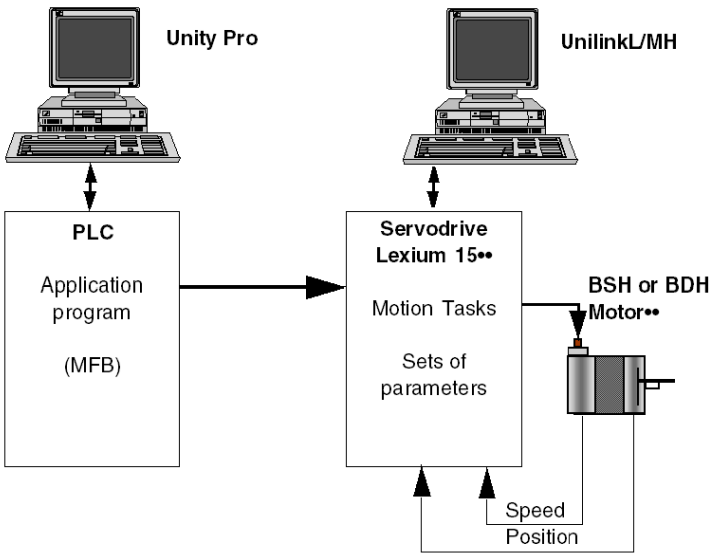
As regards the software requirements presented in the quick start guide ([see page 24](#)), PowerSuite is used for configuring and tuning the **Lexium 05**.

PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** enables tuning of the axis and guarantees a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 05** servodrive.

Unilink L/MH for **Lexium 15••** does the same, but for **Lexium 15••** servodrive.

Functional Diagram for the Lexium 15••

The following diagram shows the different functions performed by the PLC and the servodrive:



Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture ([see page 109](#)), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Device	Software version used in the example	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V4.0	-
Lexium 15LP	Unilink V1.5	V1.45 only MFB Function V2.36 Managed by MTM
Lexium 15MH	Unilink V4.0	Compatible since V6.64

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 109](#)), enabling implementation of **Lexium 15MP** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
Lexium 15MP Servodrive	LXM15MD28N4
Lexium 15MP connection cable to CANopen port of the PLC	TLA CD CBA ...
CANopen connector for Lexium 15MP	AM0 2CA 001 V000
Motor for Lexium 15MP	BPH055..

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 109](#)), enabling implementation of **Lexium 15LP** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
Lexium 15LP Servodrive	LXM15LD13M3
Lexium 15MP connection cable to CANopen port of the PLC	TLA CD CBA ...
CANopen connector for Lexium 15LP	AM0 2CA 001 V000
Motor for Lexium 15LP	AKM 31E

NOTE: the line terminator is an interrupter built into the **AM0 2CA 001 V000** CANopen connector.

Section 10.2

CANopen Bus Configuration Lexium 15MP/HP/LP

Configuration of the CANopen Slave on CANopen bus

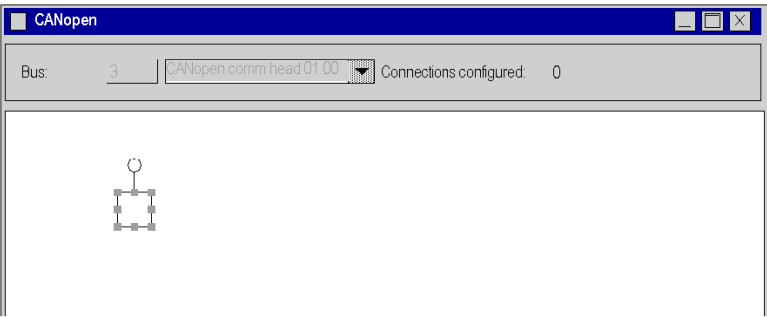
Overview

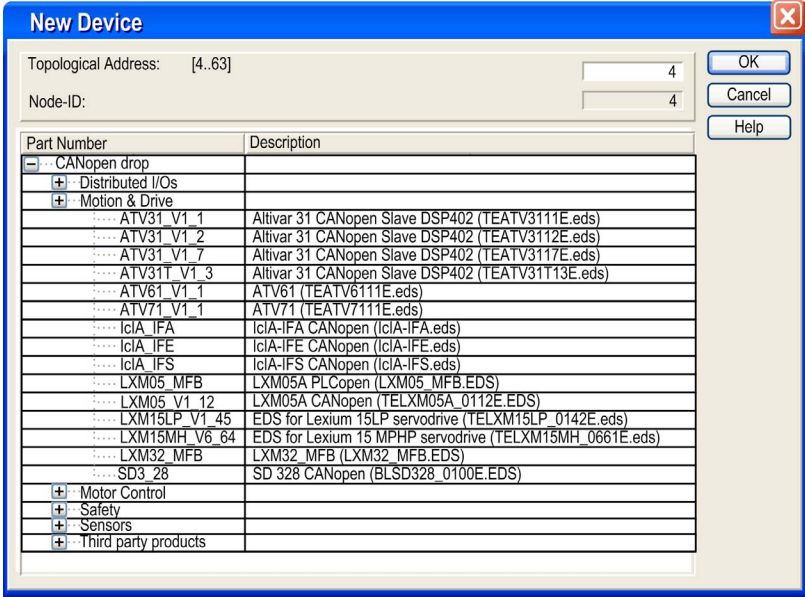
The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

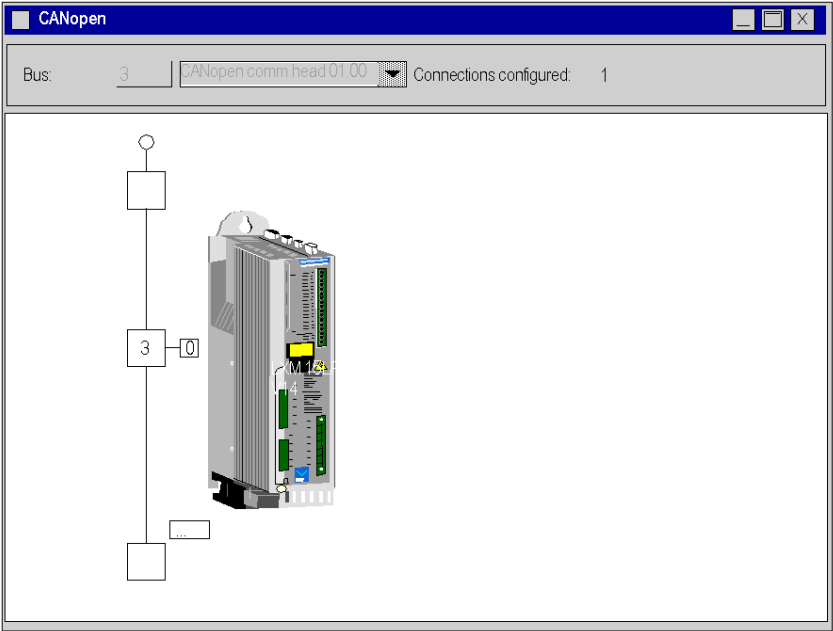
- configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU,
- declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph below),
- configure the slave,
- enable the configuration using Unity Pro,
- check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser.

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action																																														
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <p>The 'New Device' window displays a table of available devices:</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Part Number</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>- CANopen drop</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Distributed I/Os</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Motion & Drive</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV31 V1 1</td> <td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV31 V1 2</td> <td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV31 V1 7</td> <td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV31T V1 3</td> <td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV61 V1 1</td> <td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... ATV71 V1 1</td> <td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... IclA IFA</td> <td>IclA-IFA CANopen (IclA-IFA.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... IclA IFE</td> <td>IclA-IFE CANopen (IclA-IFE.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... IclA IFS</td> <td>IclA-IFS CANopen (IclA-IFS.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... LXM05 MFB</td> <td>LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... LXM05 V1 12</td> <td>LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... LXM15LP V1 45</td> <td>EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... LXM15MH V6 64</td> <td>EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... LXM32 MFB</td> <td>LXM32 MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>.... SD3 28</td> <td>SD 328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Motor Control</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Safety</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Sensors</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td>+ Third party products</td> <td></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Part Number	Description	- CANopen drop		+ Distributed I/Os		+ Motion & Drive	 ATV31 V1 1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds) ATV31 V1 2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds) ATV31 V1 7	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds) ATV31T V1 3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds) ATV61 V1 1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds) ATV71 V1 1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds) IclA IFA	IclA-IFA CANopen (IclA-IFA.eds) IclA IFE	IclA-IFE CANopen (IclA-IFE.eds) IclA IFS	IclA-IFS CANopen (IclA-IFS.eds) LXM05 MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS) LXM05 V1 12	LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS) LXM15LP V1 45	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds) LXM15MH V6 64	EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds) LXM32 MFB	LXM32 MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS) SD3 28	SD 328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)	+ Motor Control		+ Safety		+ Sensors		+ Third party products	
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+ Motor Control																																															
+ Safety																																															
+ Sensors																																															
+ Third party products																																															
3	<p>Set 3 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose Lexium15LP_V1_4 for a Lexium 15LP or Lexium15MH_V6_61for a Lexium 15MP.</p>																																														

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p> 
5	<p>Select Edit → Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Section 10.3

Configuring the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP

Aim of this Section

This section describes the basic servodrive configurations using **Unilink L/MH** for **Lexium 15MP/HP/LP**.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Basic Parameters for Lexium 15MP using Unilink MH	116
Basic Parameters for Lexium 15LP using Unilink L	119
Specific Parameters for Lexium 15 MP/HP/LP using Unilink	123

Basic Parameters for Lexium 15MP using Unilink MH

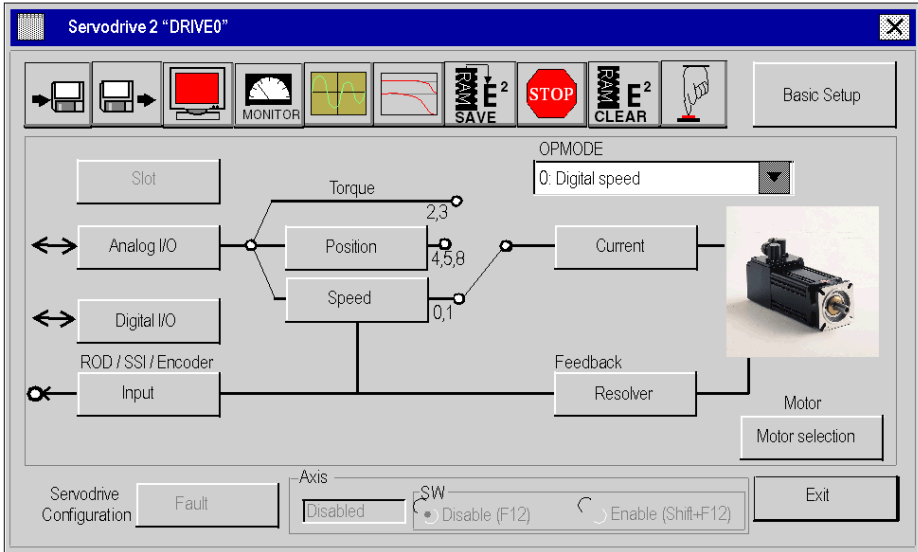
At a Glance

Unilink is a commissioning tool for axes intended for motion control applications.
Its graphic user interface provides a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 15MP**-type servodrive.

Connecting to Lexium 15MP

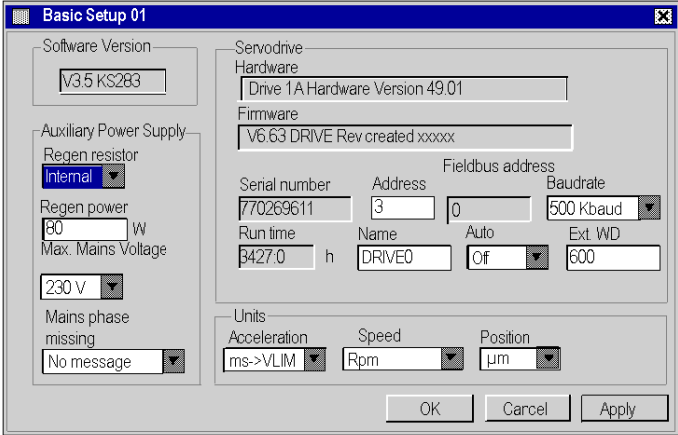
This table describes the procedure for connecting to **Lexium 15MP** :

Step	Action												
1	<p>Start Unilink MH via Start →Program →Unilink →Unilink MH. A communication window is displayed on main window of Unilink MH:</p> <div><table><tr><td>COM1</td><td>COM6</td></tr><tr><td>COM2</td><td>COM7</td></tr><tr><td>COM3</td><td>COM8</td></tr><tr><td>COM4</td><td>COM9</td></tr><tr><td>COM5</td><td>COM10</td></tr><tr><td>Offline</td><td>Disconnect Interfaces</td></tr></table></div> <p>If the port that you are using is available (i.e. is not being used by other devices or programs), the name COM1, COM2, COM3, COM4, COM5, COM6, COM7, COM 8, COM9, COM10 appears in black. Otherwise, it appears in grey.</p>	COM1	COM6	COM2	COM7	COM3	COM8	COM4	COM9	COM5	COM10	Offline	Disconnect Interfaces
COM1	COM6												
COM2	COM7												
COM3	COM8												
COM4	COM9												
COM5	COM10												
Offline	Disconnect Interfaces												

Step	Action
2	<p>Click on one of these communication ports (the port that you use on your PC) to transfer the values of the servodrive parameters to your PC.</p> <p>When communication has been established, this general screen appears:</p> 

Basic Parameters

This table describes the procedure for inputting the basic parameters:

Step	Action
1	<p>Click on the Basic Setup button in the general screen. The Basic Setup window appears:</p>  <p>This screen is used to set parameters for the servodrive's CANopen address, the bus speed and the units used for acceleration, speed and position.</p>
2	<p>For the tutorial example, from this screen set or select the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In the servodrive zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the CANopen address to 2 • the baud rate of the bus to 500 Kbaud (see page 31) • In the Unit (<i>see Unity Pro, Motion Function Blocks, Block Library</i>) zone: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the acceleration in ms->VLIM • the speed in rpm • the position in µm
3	<p>Click on the Motor Selection, Current, Resolver buttons to declare the motor and the feedback parameters. Note: for information on how to declare the motor correctly, please refer to the motor documentation.</p>
4	<p>Click OK to confirm the basic configuration. Result: the basic setup is saved and the main screen is displayed again. Note: when certain ASCII parameters have been enabled, a window appears asking you to save changes to the servodrive's EEPROM memory. Click on OK to restart the servodrive and update the memory.</p>
5	<p>Click on Exit.</p>

Basic Parameters for Lexium 15LP using Unilink L

At a Glance

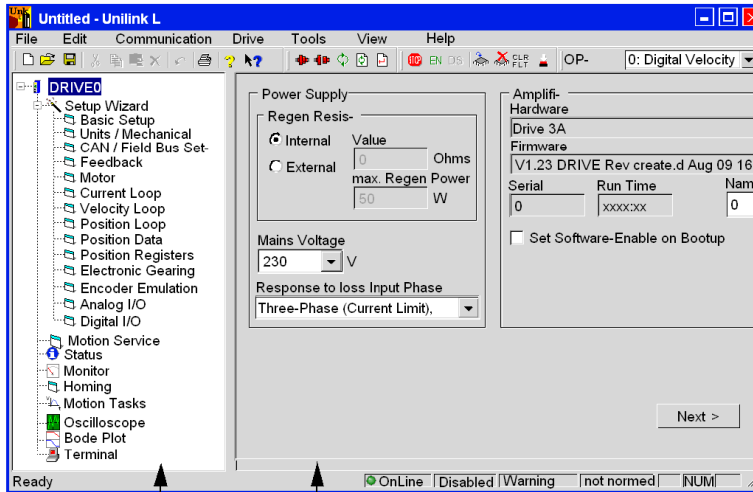
Unilink is a commissioning tool for axes intended for motion control applications.

Its graphic user interface provides a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 15LP**-type servodrive.

Connecting to Lexium 15LP

This table describes the procedure for connecting to **Lexium 15LP** :

Step	Action
1	Start Unilink L via Start → Program → Unilink → Unilink L . Result: a window ask you if you would like to connect to the drive
2	Click on the Yes button. Result: a window to select the device appears.
3	Select RS-232 and click on the OK button. Result: a window of RS-232 settings appears.
4	Set the serial port (COM1 to COM10), the Baud Rate (38400), the Timeout (2000ms).
5	Click on the OK button. Result: Unilink L software appears.

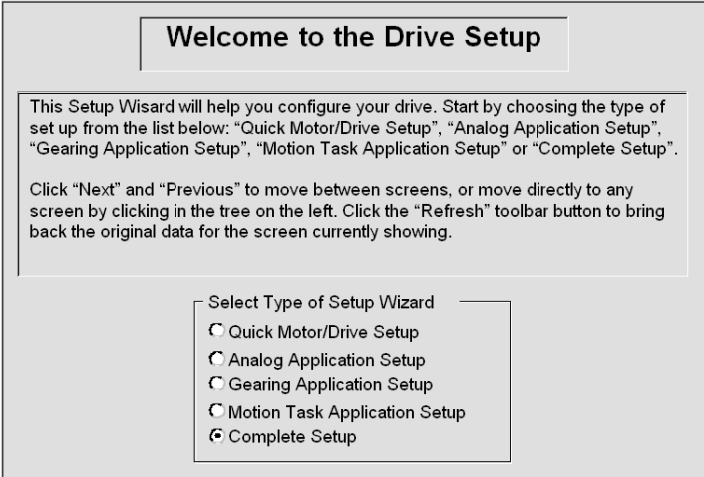
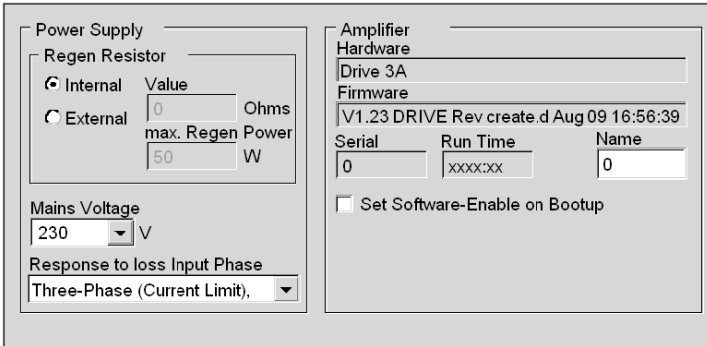


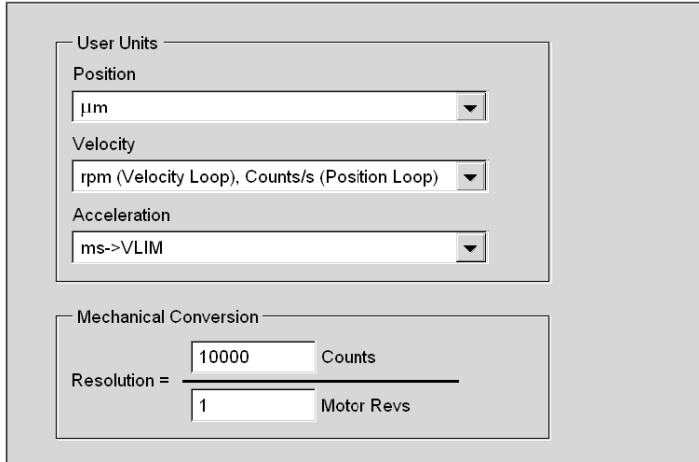
Browser

Main Frame

Basic Parameters

This table describes the procedure for inputting the basic parameters:

Step	Action
1	<p>Click on the Setup wizard on the browser.</p> <p>Result:the Drive Setup screen in the main frame appears:</p> 
2	<p>Select the Complete Setup on the screen.</p> <p>Result: the browser with all configurations links appears.</p>
3	<p>Click on the Basic Setup on the browser.</p> <p>Result: the Basic Setup screen in the main frame appears:</p>  <p>This screen is used to set parameters of the power supply.</p>

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on the Units/Mechanical on the browser. The Units/Mechanical screen in the main frame appears:</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a software interface for configuring units and mechanical parameters. It is divided into two main sections: 'User Units' and 'Mechanical Conversion'. The 'User Units' section contains three dropdown menus: 'Position' set to μm, 'Velocity' set to 'rpm (Velocity Loop), Counts/s (Position Loop)', and 'Acceleration' set to 'ms->VLIM'. The 'Mechanical Conversion' section shows a 'Resolution =' calculation with a numerator of '10000 Counts' and a denominator of '1 Motor Revs'.</p> <p>For the tutorial example, from this screen set or select the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• In the User Units zone:<ul style="list-style-type: none">• the acceleration in ms->VLIM• the speed in rpm• the position in μm

Step	Action
5	<p>Click on the CAN / Field Bus Settings on the browser. The CAN / Field Bus Settings screen in the main frame appears:</p> <div><div>General Field Bus Settings</div><div><div>Address</div><div>3</div><div>External Watchlog (Fieldbus)</div><div>100</div><div>ms</div></div><div>CAN Bus Settings</div><div><div>Baud Rate</div><div>500</div><div>kBaud</div></div></div> <p>For the tutorial example, from this screen set or select the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● In the General Field Bus and CAN Bus Settings zones:<ul style="list-style-type: none">● the CANopen address to 3● the baud rate of the bus to 500 Kbauds
6	<p>Click on the Motor, Resolver folders on the browser to declare the motor and the feedback parameters.</p> <p>Note: for information on how to declare the motor correctly, please refer to the motor documentation.</p>
7	<p>Save the parameters via Drive → Save to EEPROM.</p> <p>Result: the basic setup is saved and the main screen is displayed again.</p>


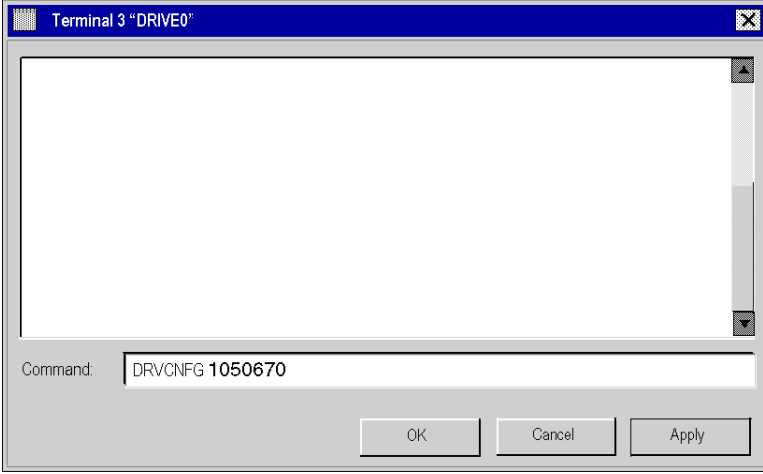
Specific Parameters for Lexium 15 MP/HP/LP using Unilink


At a Glance

Specific parameters are entered in addition to the basic (*see MFB using Unity Pro, Start-up Guide*) parameters. These specific parameters supplement the configuration of **Lexium 15 MP/HP/LP** by modifying certain ASCII codes using the **Terminal** window.

Specific Parameters

This table describes the procedure for inputting the specific parameters of **Lexium 15 MP/HP/LP**:

Step	Action
1	<p>Click on the  Terminal icon on the general page. The Terminal window is displayed:</p>  <p>This screen is used to fully configure the connection point of a Lexium 15MP/HP/LP.</p>
2	<p>For Lexium 15 MP/HP i enter in the Command field:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DRVCNFG 1050670 <p>For Lexium 15 LP enter in the Command field:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • INPT2 x1.5 task time, or IN20Mode42 either MAST or FAST
3	Click on Apply to confirm the configuration of this ASCII parameter.

Step	Action
4	For Lexium 15 MP/HP repeat the steps by entering in the Command field: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● DRVCNFG2 64● INPT x1.5 task time MAST or FAST● ENGAGE 1
5	Click on OK to confirm the last Command and return to the general page.
6	 Click on the Save icon on the general page to save the basic and specific parameters to the servodrive's EEPROM memory.
7	Close the general window and click on DIS to disconnect from the servodrive.

Command

Enter the ASCII command here, with the corresponding parameters. Confirm the entry with **RETURN** or press the **APPLY** button to start the transmission.

CAUTION

UNEXPECTED APPLICATION BEHAVIOR

Before sending the ASCII command , ensure that is appropriate to the equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Section 10.4

Tuning the Lexium 15MP/HP/LP

Debugging the axis

Pre-requisite

You are recommended to debug the axis dynamics before it is automatically started by the program.

Description

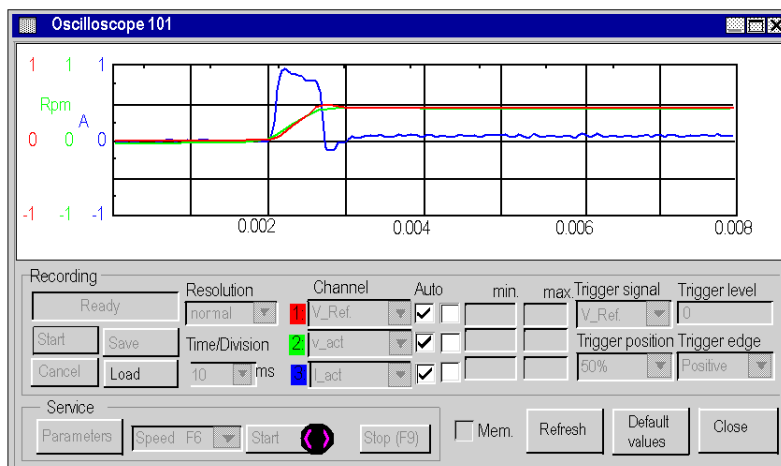
The oscilloscope is one way of carrying out the debug operation.

It allows you to:

- display up to three variables simultaneously, as a function of time
- save the recorded measurements to a data medium in CSV format (can be used with MS-Excel)
- load a CSV data file and restore the curves on the oscilloscope diagram
- use certain services

Illustration for Lexium 15MH

The screen below can be accessed by clicking on the **Unilink MH** menu's **Tools** → **Oscilloscope**:



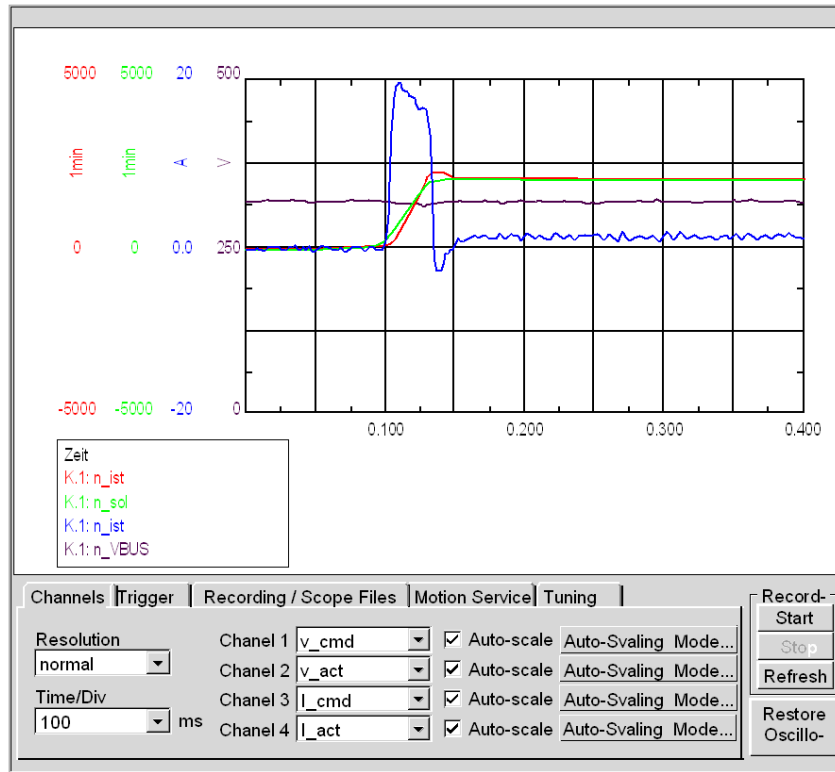
How to start service for Lexium 15MH

The table below explains how to use a service function with a Lexium 15MH:

Step	Action
1	On the field Service , select one of the service functions (<i>see page 127</i>) described below.
2	Click on the Parameters button.
3	Set the corresponding parameter.
4	Then start the function by using the Start button.
5	The function will continue to be performed until you click on the Stop button or press the function key F9 .

Illustration for Lexium 15LP

The screen below can be accessed by clicking the folder **Oscilloscope** on the **Unilink L** browser's:



How to start service for Lexium 15LP

The table below explains how to use a service function with a Lexium 15LP:

Step	Action
1	Click on the Motion Services tab..
2	Select one of the service functions (<i>see page 127</i>) described below.
3	Click on the Parameters button.
4	Set the corresponding parameter.
5	Then start the function by using the Start button.
6	The function will continue to be performed until you click on the Stop button.

Service Functions

The table below explains how to use a service function:

Direct current	Apply a direct current to the motor with adjustable size and electrical field-vector angle. The changeover from speed control to current control is made automatically, commutation is made independently of the feedback (resolver or similar). The rotor locks onto a stator pole.
Speed	Operates the drive at constant speed. An internal digital setpoint is provided (speed is adjustable).
Torque	Operates the drive with constant current. An internal digital setpoint is provided (current is adjustable). The changeover from speed control to current control is made automatically, commutation is made independently of the feedback (resolver or similar).
Reversing mode	Operates the drive in reversing mode, with separately adjustable speed and reversing time for each direction of rotation.
Motion task	Starts the motion task that is selected in the screen page "Entry of service parameters".
Zero	Function used for feedback setting in conjunction with the positioning phase. This function can only be accessed in OMODE2.

NOTE: For further information, please refer to the Unilink software user manual.

NOTE: Once the parameters have been correctly set, you are advised to save them in EEPROM and to make a backup copy of them in a file.

Chapter 11

ATV 31 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of an ATV 31 servodrive according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for an ATV 31.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
11.1	Adapting the Application to the ATV 31	130
11.2	CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 31	134
11.3	Configuring the ATV 31	137
11.4	Tuning the ATV 31	143

Section 11.1

Adapting the Application to the ATV 31

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of the application to the **ATV 31** with an architecture, and hardware and software requirements.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with an ATV 31	131
Software Requirements	132
Hardware Requirements	133

Application Architecture with an ATV 31

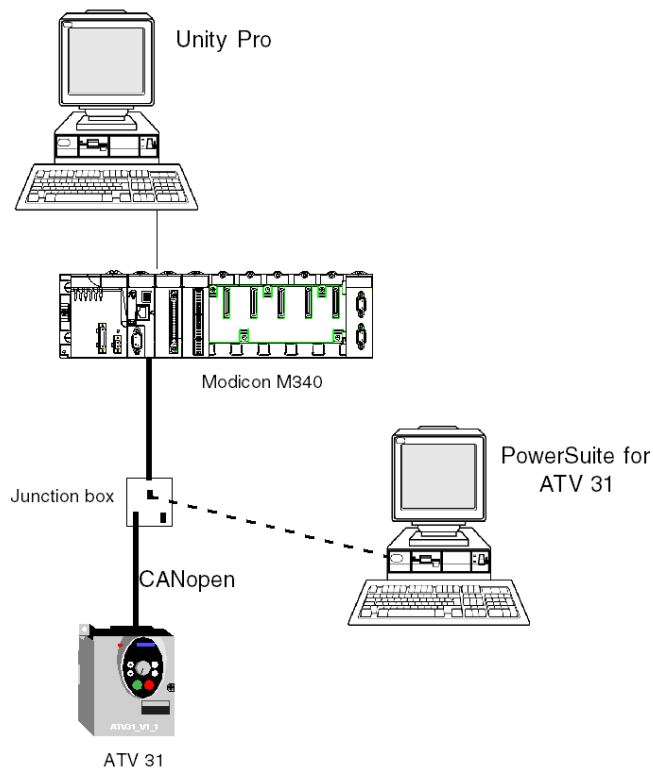
Overview

The proposed architecture is simple and designed to assimilate the implementation principles of motion control.

Other equipment can be added to this realistic architecture in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes an **ATV 31**.



Software Requirements

Overview

As regards the software requirements presented in the quick start guide (see page 13), PowerSuite is used for configuring and tuning the **ATV 31**.

Powersuite for **Lexium 05** enables tuning of the axis and guarantees a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 05** servodrive.

PowerSuite for **ATV 31** does the same, but for an **ATV 31** servodrive.

It is possible to configure certain parameters without using PowerSuite by using the **ATV 31** front panel, user interface (see page 141).

Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture (see page 131), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Earliest version of software	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V4.0	-
ATV 31	PowerSuite for ATV 31 V2.00	V1.7 : Entry existing on Unity V3.1 + new MFB profile for V4.0

NOTE: ATV31 V1.7 is compatible with V1.2 functions.

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 131](#)), enabling implementation of **ATV 31** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
CANopen junction box between the Modicon M340 and ATV 31 servodrive	VW3CANTAP2
PC connection kit	VW3A8106
ATV 31 servodrive	ATV31H037M2

NOTE: The terminating resistor is integrated in the junction box and must be ON.

Section 11.2

CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 31

Configuration of the CANopen Slave (ATV 31) on CANopen bus

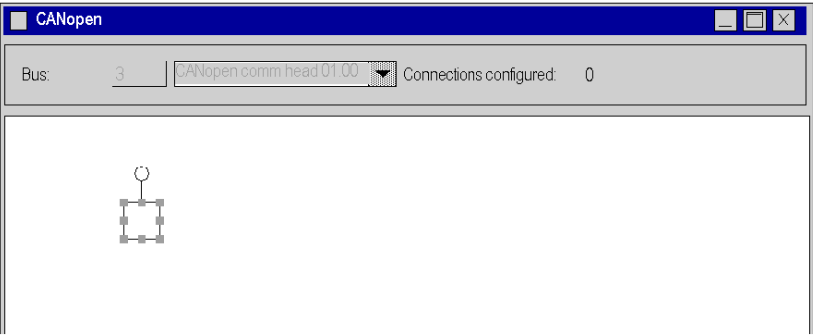
Overview

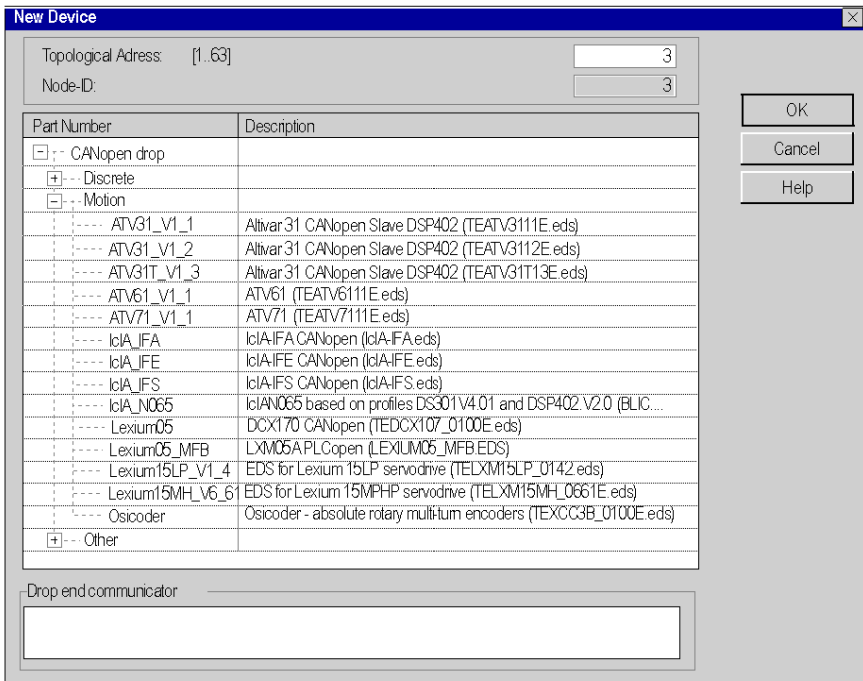
The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

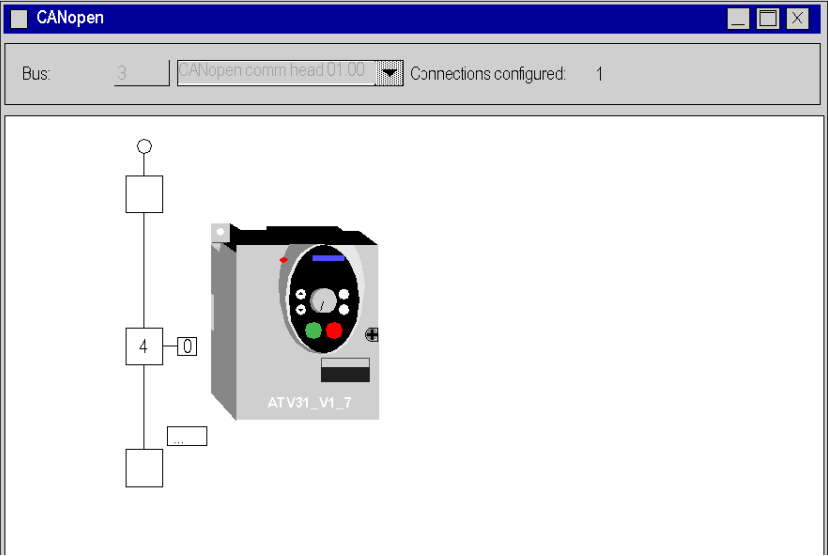
- configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU,
- declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph bellow),
- configure the slave,
- enable the configuration using Unity Pro,
- check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser.

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action																																						
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <p>New Device</p> <p>Topological Address: [1..63] <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <p>Node-ID: <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Part Number</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Discrete</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Motion</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_1</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_2</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31T_V1_3</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV61_V1_1</td><td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV71_V1_1</td><td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFA</td><td>lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFE</td><td>lclA-IFE CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFS</td><td>lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclAN065</td><td>lclAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05</td><td>DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05_MFB</td><td>LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15LP_V1_4</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15MH_V6_61</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Osicoder</td><td>Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Other</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Drop end communicator <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p><input type="button" value="OK"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/> <input type="button" value="Help"/></p>	Part Number	Description	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop		<input type="checkbox"/> Discrete		<input type="checkbox"/> Motion		----- ATV31_V1_1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)	----- ATV31_V1_2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)	----- ATV31T_V1_3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)	----- ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)	----- ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)	----- lclA_IFA	lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)	----- lclA_IFE	lclA-IFE CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)	----- lclA_IFS	lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)	----- lclAN065	lclAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...	----- Lexium05	DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)	----- Lexium05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)	----- Lexium15LP_V1_4	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)	----- Lexium15MH_V6_61	EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)	----- Osicoder	Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
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3	<p>Set 4 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose ATV31_V1_2.</p>																																						

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p> 
5	<p>Select Edit → Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Section 11.3

Configuring the ATV 31

Aim of this Section

This section describes the basic servodrive configurations using PowerSuite for **ATV 31** and the servodrive's front panel user interface.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Configuring the ATV 31 in PowerSuite	138
Configuring the ATV 31 with the User Interface	141

Configuring the ATV 31 in PowerSuite

Overview

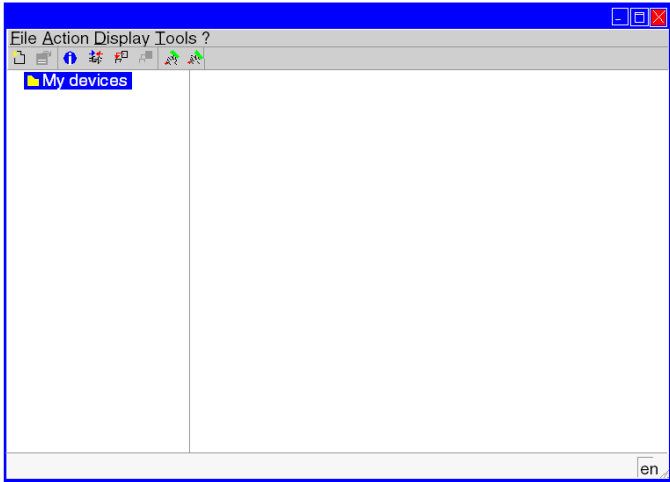
With PowerSuite, users can define installed device bases, and describe their associated configurations and communication settings.

PowerSuite then gives access to a group of actions for editing or transferring the configurations and for connecting to the devices.

PowerSuite's navigation principle associates a configuration interface with each device type, making it possible to control, tune and monitor them.

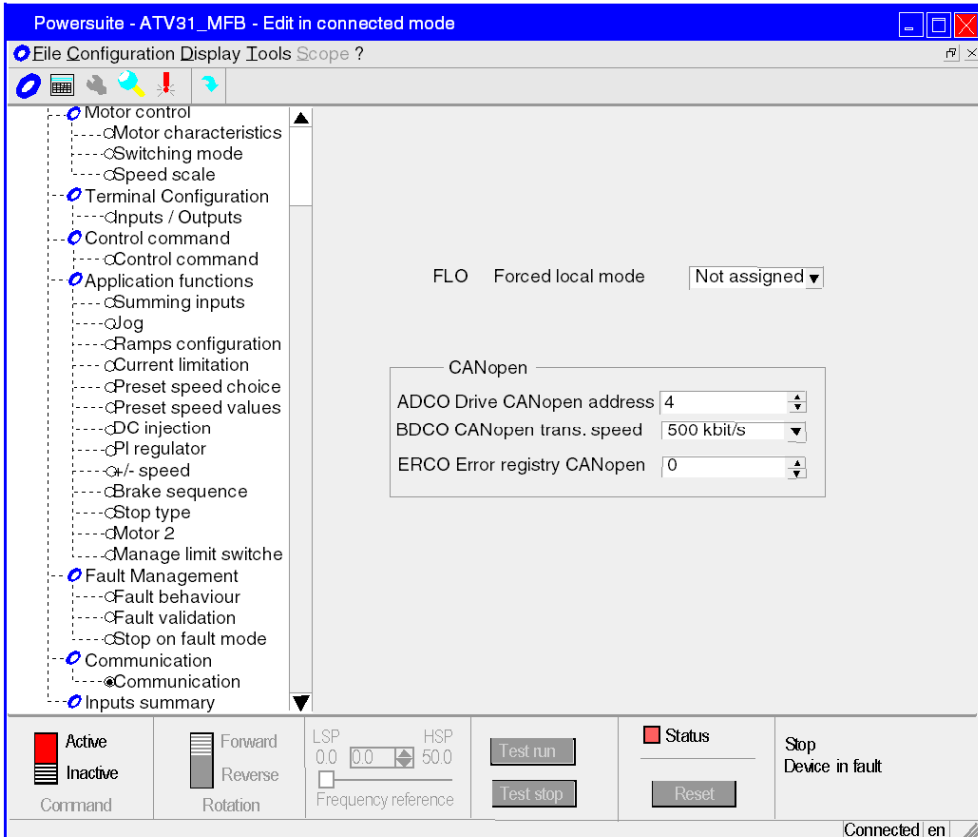
Connecting to the ATV 31

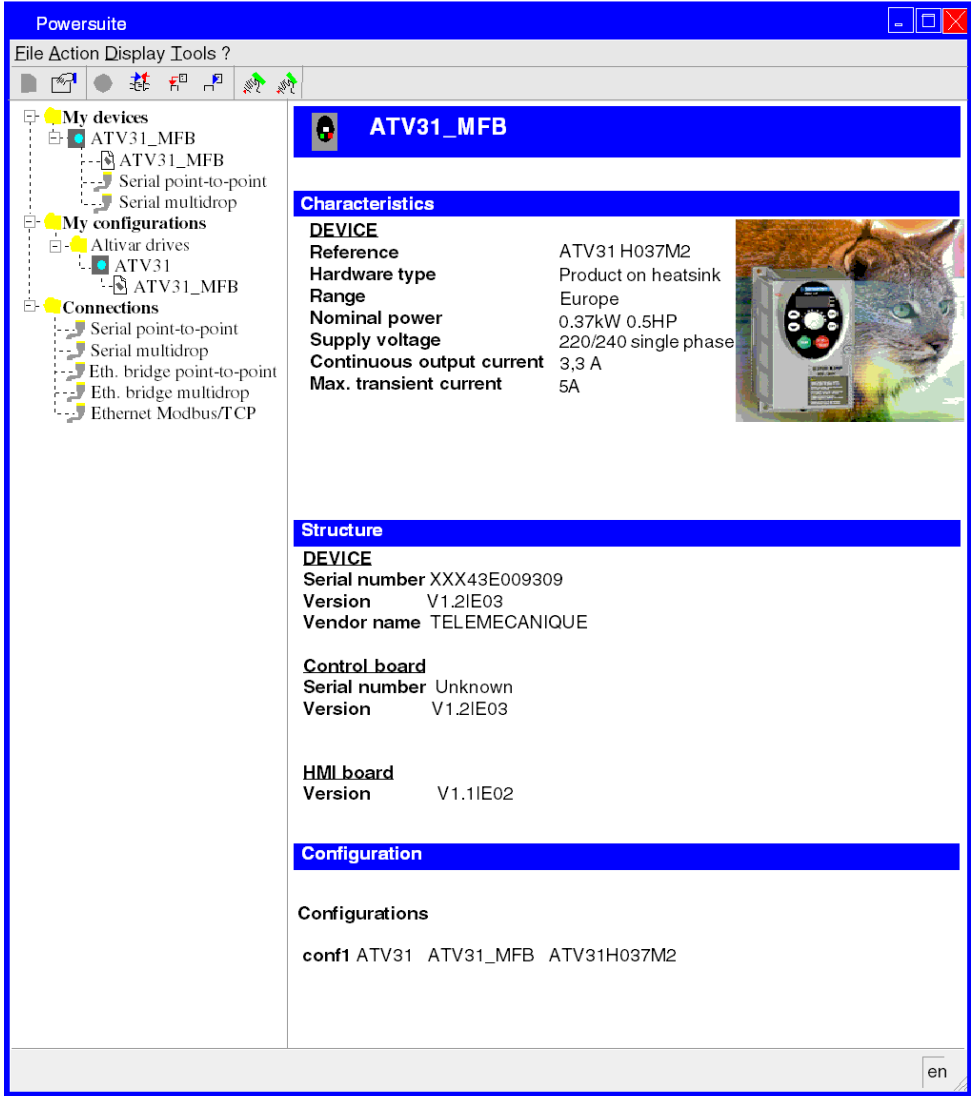
This table describes the procedure for connecting to the **ATV 31**:

Step	Action
1	Connect your PC, on which PowerSuite for ATV 31 is installed, to the RJ45 connector on the servodrive to be configured.
2	Start PowerSuite for ATV 31 , Result: the following start-up screen is displayed: 
3	Choose Action and then Connect . Result: a text box is displayed.
4	Type a project name (ATV31_MFB) and then click on OK . Result: a transfer confirmation window is displayed.
5	Press Alt F to start transferring data from the servodrive to the connected work station.

Basic ATV 31 Configuration

This table describes the procedure for entering basic settings:

Step	Action
1	<p>Following a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite displays a configuration screen in a new window that gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions.</p> <p>Use the command Display → Configuration.</p> <p>In the tree structure displayed, choose Communication in the <i>Communication</i> directory.</p> <p>Result: the following window is displayed:</p> 
2	In the ADCO line, the CANopen address must be set to 4.
3	In the BDCO line, the CANopen bus speed must be set to 500.

Step	Action																		
4	<p>Close the window to disconnect.</p> <p>Note: it is possible to adjust the servodrive's settings with the same procedure.</p> <p>Result: the following screen is displayed, showing the data saved locally:</p> <div><p>The screenshot shows the Powersuite application window. On the left is a tree view with categories: My devices (containing ATV31_MFB), My configurations (containing Altivar drives and ATV31), and Connections (containing various serial and Ethernet options). The main area is titled 'ATV31_MFB' and contains three sections: 'Characteristics' with a table of device specifications, 'Structure' with details about the device, control board, and HMI board, and 'Configuration' with a list of configurations. A small image of a cat is overlaid on the right side of the Characteristics section.</p><table><tr><th colspan="2">Characteristics</th></tr><tr><td colspan="2">DEVICE</td></tr><tr><td>Reference</td><td>ATV31 H037M2</td></tr><tr><td>Hardware type</td><td>Product on heatsink</td></tr><tr><td>Range</td><td>Europe</td></tr><tr><td>Nominal power</td><td>0.37kW 0.5HP</td></tr><tr><td>Supply voltage</td><td>220/240 single phase</td></tr><tr><td>Continuous output current</td><td>3,3 A</td></tr><tr><td>Max. transient current</td><td>5A</td></tr></table><p>Structure</p><p>DEVICE Serial number XXX43E009309 Version V1.2IE03 Vendor name TELEMECANIQUE</p><p>Control board Serial number Unknown Version V1.2IE03</p><p>HMI board Version V1.1IE02</p><p>Configuration</p><p>Configurations</p><p>conf1 ATV31 ATV31_MFB ATV31H037M2</p></div>	Characteristics		DEVICE		Reference	ATV31 H037M2	Hardware type	Product on heatsink	Range	Europe	Nominal power	0.37kW 0.5HP	Supply voltage	220/240 single phase	Continuous output current	3,3 A	Max. transient current	5A
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Configuring the ATV 31 with the User Interface

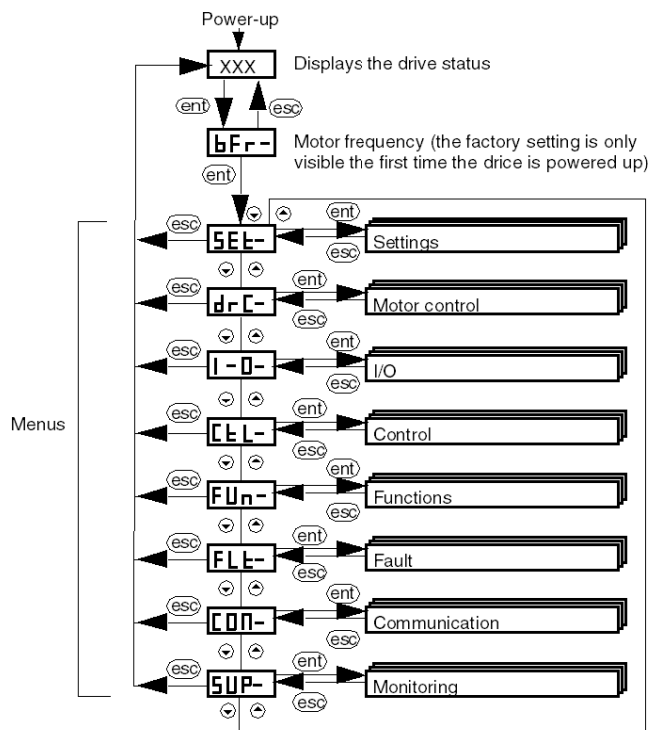
Overview

A user interface is integrated in the **ATV 31**. With this interface, you can:

- put the device online
- configure the device
- carry out a diagnostic







Interface Menu Structure

The following graphic presents an overview of access to the interface's main menus:



Basic Settings

The following table describes the procedure for entering basic settings (CANopen address and speed) with the interface.

Step	Action
1	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the SET (Setting) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
2	Press the  button several times to access the COM menu. Result: the COM (Communication) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
3	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
4	Press ENT again. Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen address is displayed.
5	Press the  button to decrease, or the  button to increase the CANopen address value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen address is displayed (4). Result: the value is confirmed and the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed again.
6	Press the  button to access the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu. Press ENT . Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen speed is displayed.
7	Press the  button to increase, or the  button to decrease the CANopen baud rate value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen speed is displayed (500). Result: the value is confirmed and the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu is displayed again.
8	Press ESC several times to return to the main display (RDY by default).

Section 11.4

Tuning the ATV 31

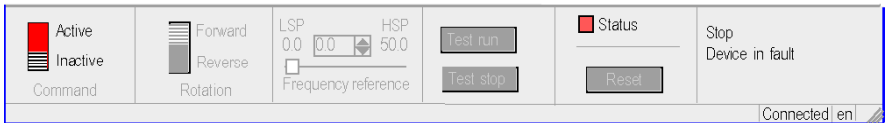
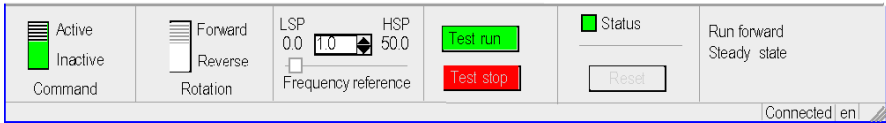
Tuning the ATV 31 with PowerSuite

In Advance

We recommend tuning the axis kinematic before the program automatically starts it.

Tuning Example

The following table gives an example of kinematic tuning:

Step	Action
1	Connect (see page 138) to the ATV 31 .
2	<p>After a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite opens a new window with the configuration screen, which gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions. The following figure shows part of the new window. This lower window provides access to ATV 31 command functions:</p> 
3	Place the Command zone cursor on Active .
4	Click the Reset button to clear any problems (if status is red).
5	Enter the value 1 in the Frequency reference zone.
6	<p>Click the Test Run button. Result: the motor runs and the sub-window is animated:</p> 
7	Place the Command zone cursor on Inactive once tuning has been finalized.

Chapter 12

ATV 32 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of an ATV 32 servodrive according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for an ATV 32.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
12.1	Adapting the Application to the ATV 32	146
12.2	CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 32	150
12.3	Configuring the ATV 32	153

Section 12.1

Adapting the Application to the ATV 32

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of the application to the **ATV 32** with an architecture, and hardware and software requirements.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with an ATV 32	147
Software Requirements	148
Hardware Requirements	149

Application Architecture with an ATV 32

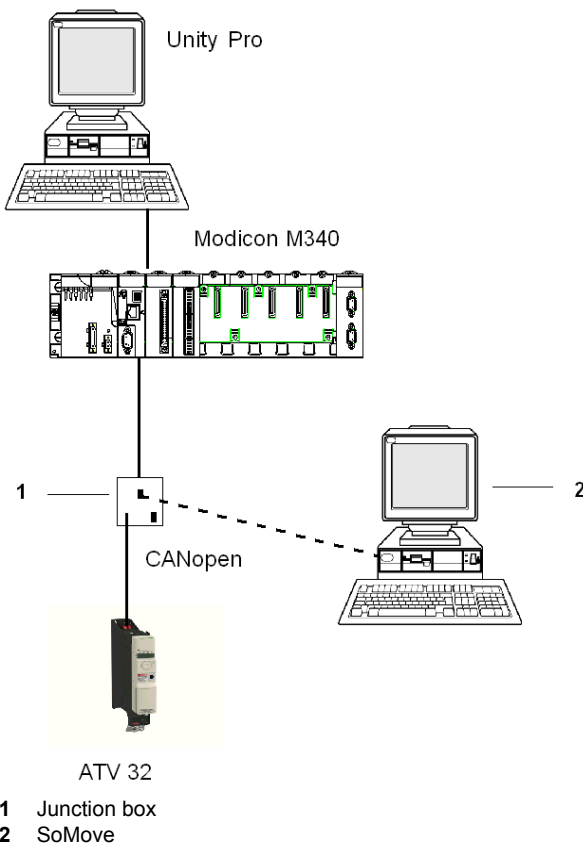
Overview

The proposed architecture is simple and designed to assimilate the implementation principles of motion control.

Other equipment can be added to this architecture to manage several axes.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes an **ATV 32**.



Software Requirements

Overview

As regards the software requirements presented in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)), SoMove is used for configuring and tuning the **ATV 32**.

PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** enables a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 05** servodrive.

SoMove does the same for an **ATV 32** servodrive.

Without using SoMove, it is possible for certain parameters to be configured by using the **ATV 32** front panel, the user interface ([see page 157](#)).

NOTE: **ATV 32** servodrive does not support the torque operating mode.

Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture ([see page 147](#)), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro:

Hardware	Earliest version of software	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V6.0 or higher	-
ATV 32	SoMove	V1.2

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 147](#)), enabling implementation of **ATV 32** MFBs in Unity Pro:

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
CANopen junction box between the Modicon M340 and ATV 32 servodrive	VW3CANTAP2
PC connection kit	VW3A8106
ATV 32 servodrive	ATV32

NOTE: The terminating resistor is integrated in the junction box and must be ON.

Section 12.2

CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 32

Configuration of the CANopen Slave (ATV 32) on CANopen Bus

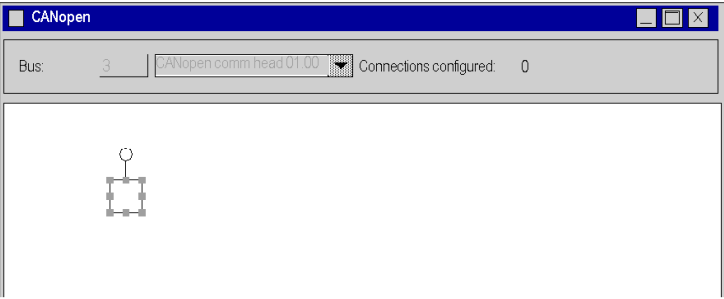
Overview

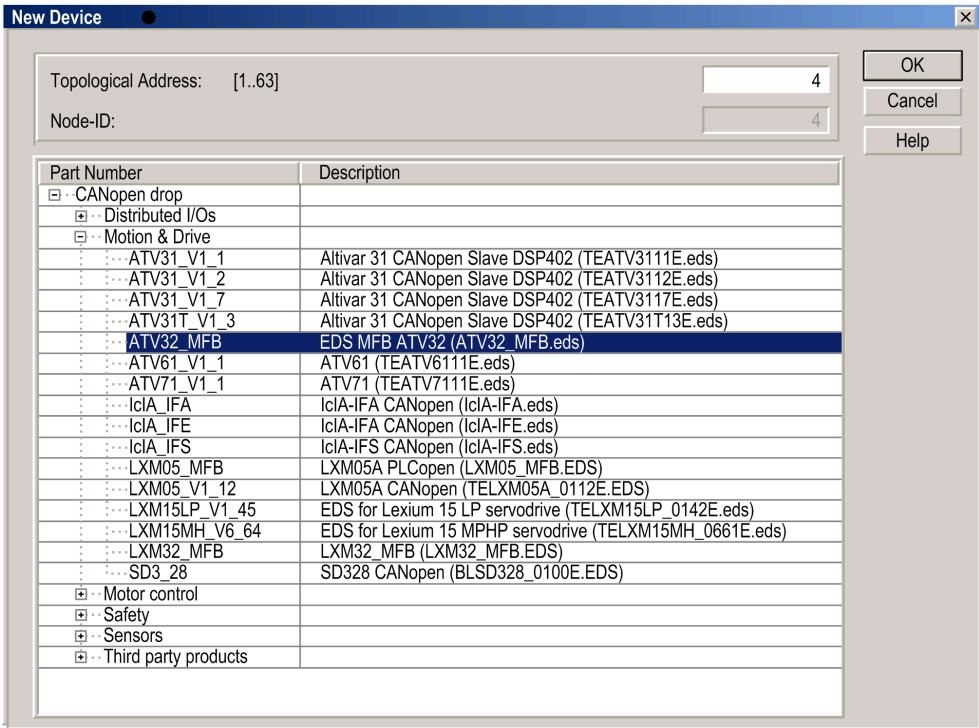
The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

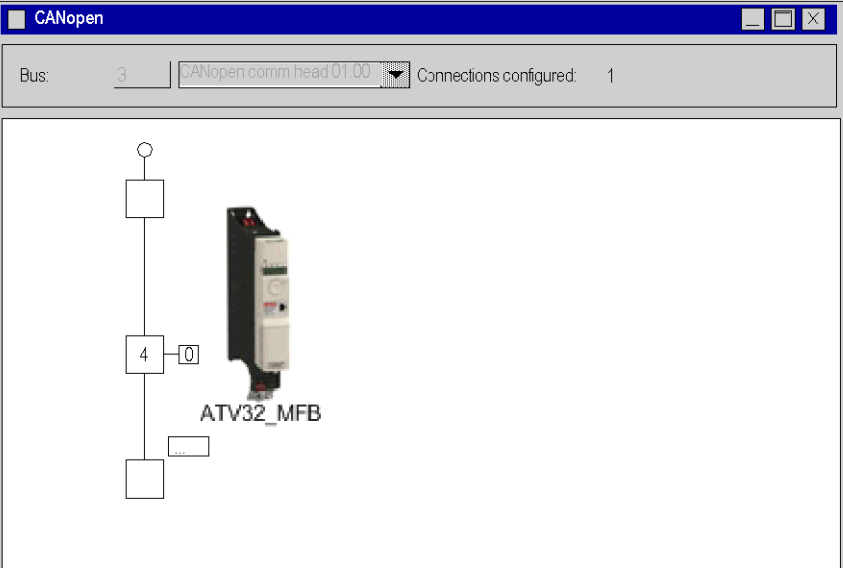
- configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU
- declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph bellow)
- configure the slave
- enable the configuration using Unity Pro
- check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave:

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action																																																
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <p>New Device</p> <p>Topological Address: [1..63] 4</p> <p>Node-ID: 4</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Part Number</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td><input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Distributed I/Os</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motion & Drive</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV31_V1_1</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV31_V1_2</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV31_V1_7</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV31T_V1_3</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV32_MFB</td><td>EDS MFB ATV32 (ATV32_MFB.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV61_V1_1</td><td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...ATV71_V1_1</td><td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...lclA_IFA</td><td>lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...lclA_IFE</td><td>lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...lclA_IFS</td><td>lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...LXM05_MFB</td><td>LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS)</td></tr> <tr><td>...LXM05_V1_12</td><td>LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS)</td></tr> <tr><td>...LXM15LP_V1_45</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15 LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...LXM15MH_V6_64</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td></tr> <tr><td>...LXM32_MFB</td><td>LXM32_MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS)</td></tr> <tr><td>...SD3_28</td><td>SD328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)</td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motor control</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensors</td><td></td></tr> <tr><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third party products</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>OK Cancel Help</p>	Part Number	Description	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Distributed I/Os		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motion & Drive		...ATV31_V1_1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)	...ATV31_V1_2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)	...ATV31_V1_7	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3117E.eds)	...ATV31T_V1_3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)	...ATV32_MFB	EDS MFB ATV32 (ATV32_MFB.eds)	...ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)	...ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)	...lclA_IFA	lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)	...lclA_IFE	lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)	...lclA_IFS	lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)	...LXM05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LXM05_MFB.EDS)	...LXM05_V1_12	LXM05A CANopen (TELXM05A_0112E.EDS)	...LXM15LP_V1_45	EDS for Lexium 15 LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142E.eds)	...LXM15MH_V6_64	EDS for Lexium 15 MPHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)	...LXM32_MFB	LXM32_MFB (LXM32_MFB.EDS)	...SD3_28	SD328 CANopen (BLSD328_0100E.EDS)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Motor control		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Safety		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sensors		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third party products	
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3	<p>Set 4 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose ATV32_V1_2.</p>																																																

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p> 
5	<p>Select Edit → Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>Validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Section 12.3

Configuring the ATV 32

Aim of this Section

This section describes the basic servodrive configurations using SoMove and the servodrive's front panel user interface.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Configuring the ATV 32 with SoMove	154
Configuring the ATV 32 with the User Interface	157

Configuring the ATV 32 with SoMove

Overview


With SoMove, users can define installed device bases and describe their associated configurations and communication settings.

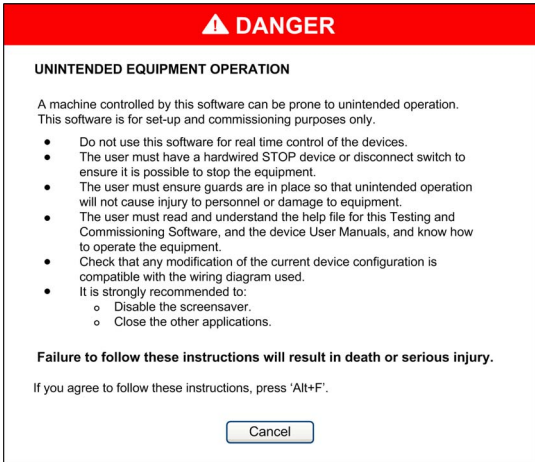
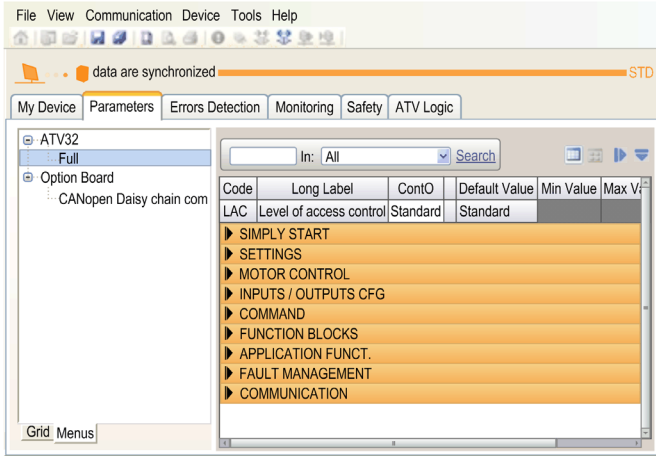
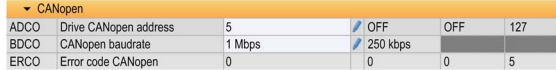
SoMove then gives access to a group of actions for editing or transferring the configurations and for connecting to the devices.

The SoMove navigation principle associates a configuration interface with each device type making it possible to control, tune and monitor them.

Connecting to the ATV 32

This table describes the procedure for connecting to the **ATV 32**:

Step	Action
1	Connect your PC, that has SoMove for ATV 32 installed, to the RJ45 connector on the servodrive to be configured.
2	<p>Start SoMove.</p> <p>Result: The following start-up screen is displayed:</p> 

Step	Action
3	<p>Choose Connect.</p> <p>Result: The following screen is displayed:</p> 
4	<p>If you are agree to follow these instructions, press Alt+F.</p> <p>Result: The following screen is displayed:</p> 
5	<p>Open the Communication tab → CANopen tab</p> <p>Result: The following screen is displayed:</p> 

Step	Action
6	In the ADCO line, set the CANopen address to 4
7	In the BCDO line, set the CANopen baud rate to 500 kbps.
8	Disconnect your workstation from the servodrive.
9	Save the project using ATV32_MFB as the project name.

Configuring the ATV 32 with the User Interface

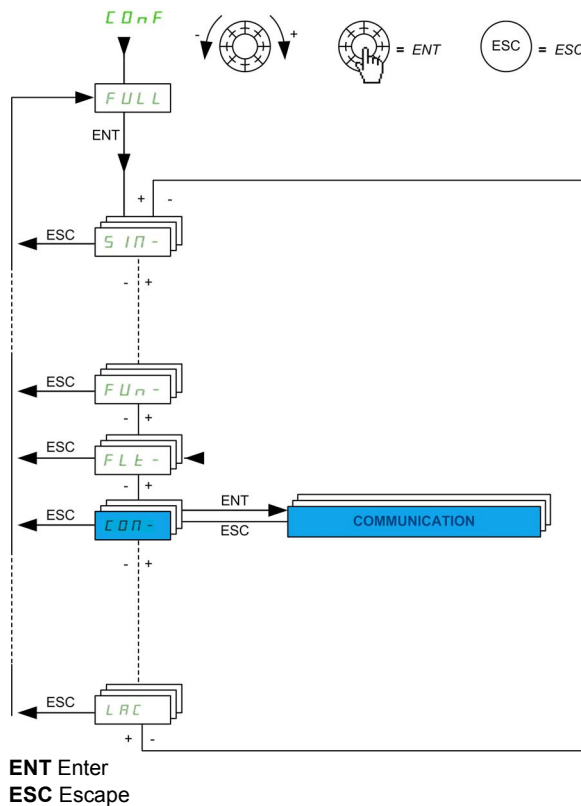
Overview

A user interface is integrated in the **ATV 32**. With this interface, you can:

- put the device online
- configure the device
- adjust the settings
- carry out a diagnostic

Interface Menu Structure

The following graphic shows how to access the Configuration menus using the Jog Dial to go to the **COnF** menu:



Basic CANopen Settings

This table gives the procedure for entering the basic CANopen address and speed settings through the User Interface:

Step	Action
1	Use the Jog dial to select COnF . Result: The COnF (CANopen configuration) menu is displayed.
2	Press the ENT key. Result: a rolling list of sub-menus is displayed.
3	Use the Jog dial to select FULL . Result: The FULL (non-preloaded parameters) menu is displayed.
4	Press the ENT key. Result: A rolling list of sub-menus is displayed.
5	Use the Jog dial to select COM . Result: The COM (Communication) menu is displayed.
6	Press the ENT key. Result: A rolling list of sub-menus is displayed.
7	Use the Jog dial to select CnO . Result: The CnO (CANopen) menu is displayed.
8	Press the ENT key. Result: A rolling list of parameters is displayed
9	Use the Jog dial to select AdCO . Result: The AdCO (CANopen address) parameter is displayed.
10	Press the ENT key. Result: A value corresponding to the default CANopen address is displayed.
11	Use the Jog dial to choose the CANopen address (4). Result: The selected CANopen address is displayed.
12	Press the ENT key. Result: The AdCO (CANopen address) parameter is displayed.
13	Use the Jog dial to select bdCO . Result: The bdCO (CANopen speed) parameter is displayed
14	Press the ENT key. Result: A value corresponding to the default CANopen speed is displayed.
15	Use the Jog dial to choose the CANopen speed (500). Result: the selected CANopen speed is displayed.
16	Press the ENT key. Result: The bdCO (CANopen speed) parameter is displayed.
17	Press ESC several times to return to the main menu.

Chapter 13

ATV 71 Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of an ATV 71 servodrive according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for an ATV 71.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
13.1	Adapting the Application to the ATV 71	160
13.2	CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 71	164
13.3	Configuring the ATV 71	167
13.4	Tuning the ATV 71	173

Section 13.1

Adapting the Application to the ATV 71

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of the application to the **ATV 71** with an architecture, and hardware and software requirements.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with an ATV 71	161
Software Requirements	162
Hardware Requirements	163

Application Architecture with an ATV 71

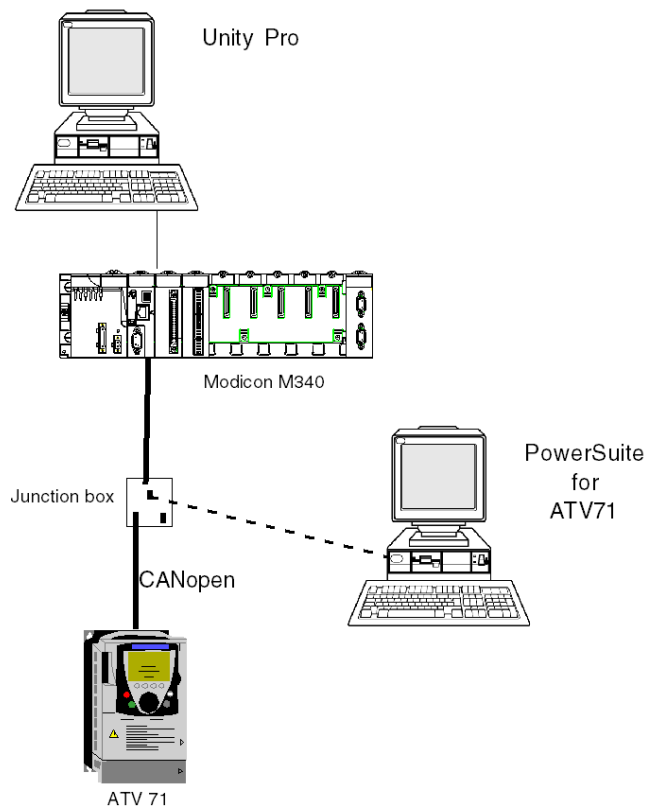
Overview

The proposed architecture is simple and designed to assimilate the implementation principles of motion control.

Other equipment can be added to this realistic architecture in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes an **ATV 71**.



Software Requirements

Overview

As regards the software requirements presented in the quick start guide (see page 13), PowerSuite is used for configuring and tuning the **ATV 71**.

PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** enables tuning of the axis and guarantees a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 05** servodrive.

PowerSuite for **ATV 71** does the same for an **ATV 71** servodrive.

It is possible to configure certain parameters without PowerSuite cases by using the **ATV 71** front panel, user interface (see page 171).

Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture (see page 161), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Earliest version of software	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V4.0	-
ATV 71	PowerSuite for ATV 71 V2.00	Compatible since V1.1, V 1.7 managed by MTM

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 161](#)), enabling implementation of **ATV 71** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
CANopen junction box between the Modicon M340 and ATV 71 servodrive	VW3CANTAP2
RJ45 programming cable with RS485/RS232 adapter between the junction box and servodrive	ACC2CRAAEF030
ATV 71 servodrive	ATV71H075N2Z

NOTE: The terminating resistor is integrated in the junction box and must be ON.

Section 13.2

CANopen Bus Configuration ATV 71

Configuration of the CANopen Slave (ATV 71) on CANopen bus

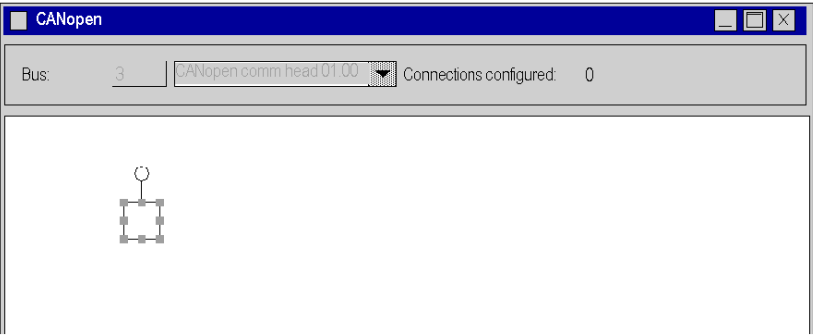
Overview

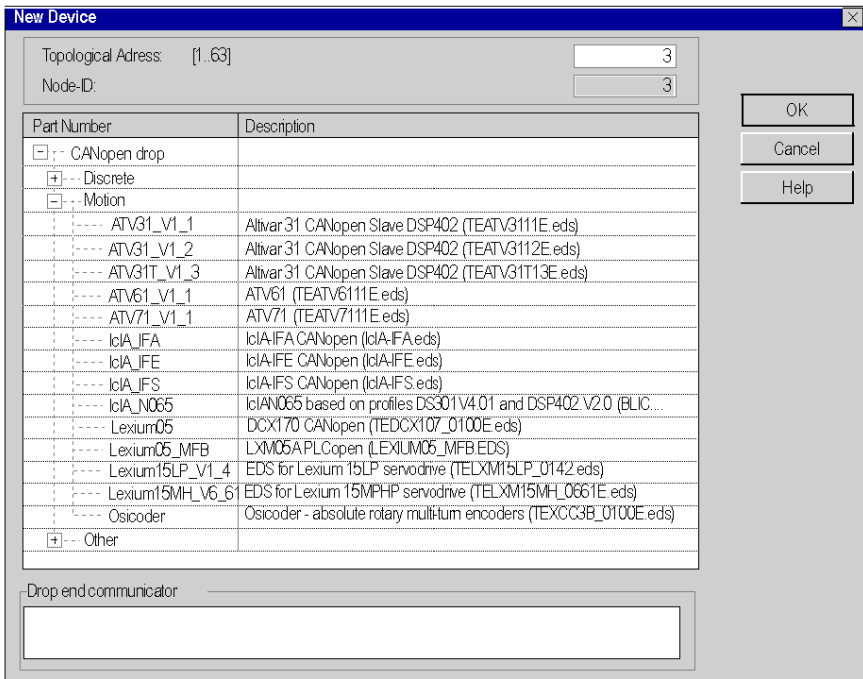
The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

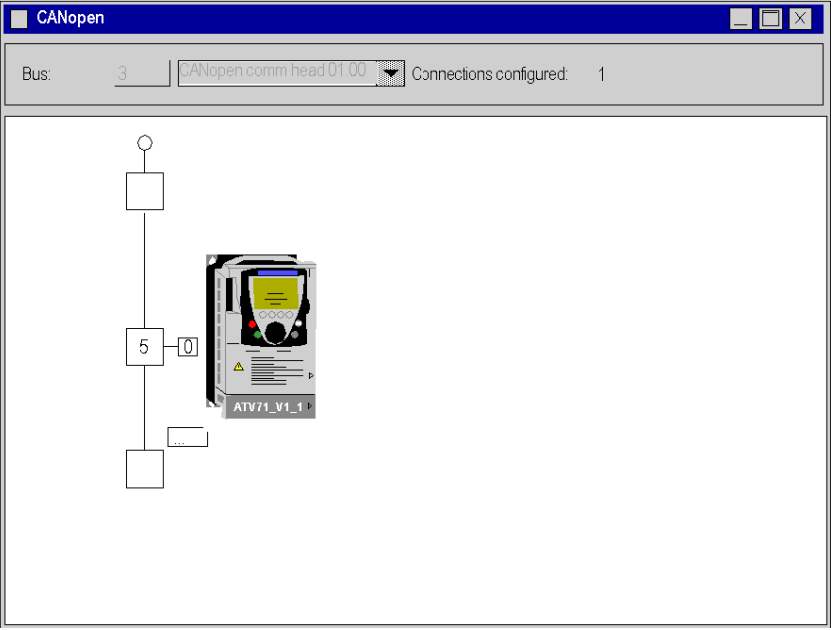
- configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU,
- declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph bellow),
- configure the slave,
- enable the configuration using Unity Pro,
- check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser.

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action																																						
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <p>New Device</p> <p>Topological Address: [1..63] <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <p>Node-ID: <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Part Number</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Discrete</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Motion</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_1</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_2</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31T_V1_3</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV61_V1_1</td><td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV71_V1_1</td><td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFA</td><td>lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFE</td><td>lclA-IFE CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclA_IFS</td><td>lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- lclAN065</td><td>lclAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05</td><td>DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05_MFB</td><td>LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15LP_V1_4</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15MH_V6_61</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Osicoder</td><td>Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Other</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Drop end communicator</p> <p><input type="text"/></p> <p>OK Cancel Help</p>	Part Number	Description	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop		<input type="checkbox"/> Discrete		<input type="checkbox"/> Motion		----- ATV31_V1_1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)	----- ATV31_V1_2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)	----- ATV31T_V1_3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)	----- ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)	----- ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)	----- lclA_IFA	lclA-IFA CANopen (lclA-IFA.eds)	----- lclA_IFE	lclA-IFE CANopen (lclA-IFE.eds)	----- lclA_IFS	lclA-IFS CANopen (lclA-IFS.eds)	----- lclAN065	lclAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...	----- Lexium05	DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)	----- Lexium05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)	----- Lexium15LP_V1_4	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)	----- Lexium15MH_V6_61	EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)	----- Osicoder	Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
Part Number	Description																																						
<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop																																							
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----- Osicoder	Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)																																						
<input type="checkbox"/> Other																																							
3	<p>Set 5 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose ATV71_V1_1.</p>																																						

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a software window titled 'CANopen'. At the top, there is a status bar with 'Bus: 3', a dropdown menu showing 'CANopen comm head 01.00', and 'Connections configured: 1'. The main area displays a network diagram. A vertical line connects three square nodes. The middle node is labeled '5' and has a small square icon next to it. To the right of this node is a detailed image of an 'ATV71_V1_1' device. Below the middle node is another square node, and to its right is a small rectangle with three dots. Above the top node is a small circle.</p>
5	<p>Select Edit →Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Section 13.3

Configuring the ATV 71

Aim of this Section

This section describes the basic servodrive configurations using PowerSuite for **ATV 71** and the servodrive's front panel user interface.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Configuring the ATV 71 in PowerSuite	168
Configuring the ATV 71 with the User Interface	171

Configuring the ATV 71 in PowerSuite

Overview

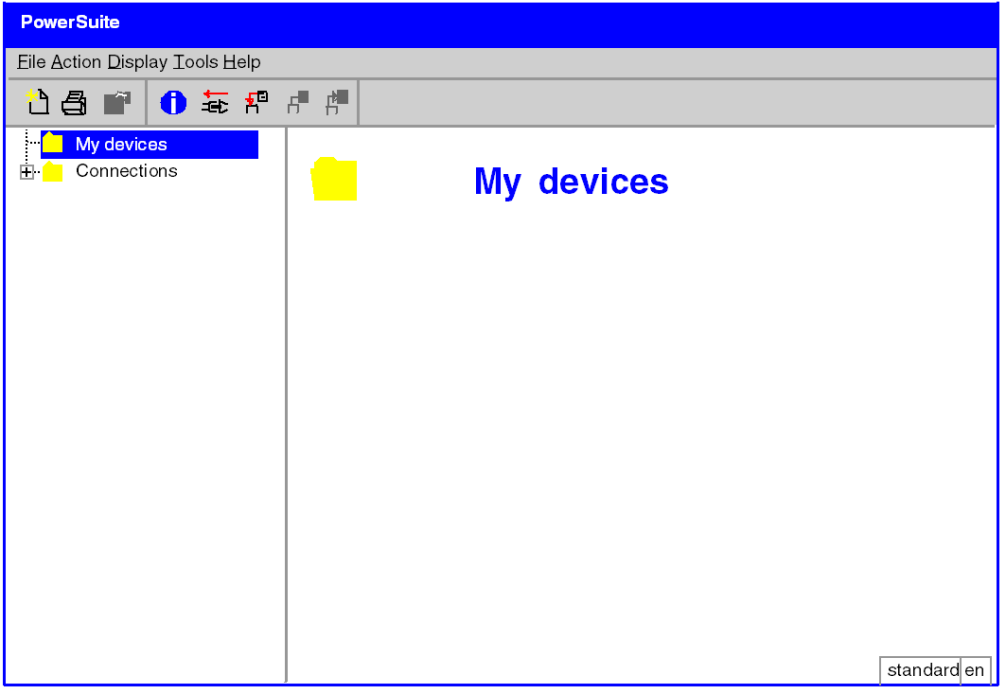
With PowerSuite, users can define installed device bases, and describe their associated configurations and communication settings.

PowerSuite then gives access to a group of actions for editing or transferring the configurations and for connecting to the devices.

PowerSuite's navigation principle associates a configuration interface with each device type, making it possible to control, tune and monitor them.

Connecting to the ATV 71

This table describes the procedure for connecting to the **ATV 71**:

Step	Action
1	Connect your PC, on which PowerSuite for ATV 71 is installed, to the RJ45 connector on the servodrive to be configured.
2	Start PowerSuite for ATV 71 , Result: the following start-up screen is displayed: <div></div>

Step	Action
3	Choose Action and then Connect . Result: a text box is displayed.
4	Type a project name (ATV71_MFB) and then click on OK . Result: a transfer confirmation window is displayed.
5	Press Alt F to start transferring data from the servodrive to the connected work station.

Basic ATV 71 Configuration

This table describes the procedure for entering basic settings:

Step	Action
1	<p>Following a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite displays a configuration screen in a new window that gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions.</p> <p>In the tree structure displayed, choose Communication in the <i>Communication</i> directory.</p> <p>Result: the following window is displayed:</p> <div></div>

Step	Action
2	In the ADCO line, the CANopen address must be set to 5.
3	In the BDCO line, the CANopen bus speed must be set to 500. Note: it is possible to adjust the servodrive's settings with the same procedure.
4	Once the settings have been adjusted, use the command Configuration →Disconnect to disconnect. Result: the following screen is displayed, showing the data saved locally:

PowerSuite

File Action Display Tools Help

My devices

ATV71

ATV71

Modbus network monodrop

Modbus keypad monodrop

Connections

Serial monodrop

Serial multidrop

Bluetooth

Ethernet bridge monodrop

Ethernet bridge multidrop


Ethernet TCP

ATV71

Characteristics

Reference	ATV71H075N4Z
Nominal Power	0,75kW
Supply Voltage	380/480 V1~
Maximum transient current	3,5 A
Continuous output current	2,3 A

Altivar 71



Structure

Card	Reference	Serial number	Version	Vendor name
Device	ATV71H075N4	9217821317921431	V1.1IE01	Telemecanique
Control Board	Control part-number	02461310245256	V1.1IE01	Telemecanique
Motor	Power part-number	2211280153	V1.1IE01	Telemecanique

Configuration(s)

Name

ATV71

Software release

V1.1IE01

Standard | en

Configuring the ATV 71 with the User Interface

Overview

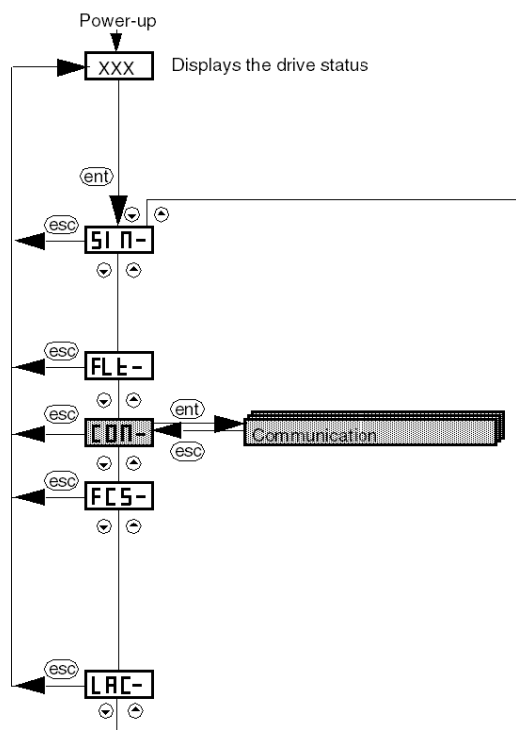
A user interface is integrated in the **ATV 71**. With this interface, you can:

- put the device online
- configure the device
- carry out a diagnostic

NOTE: There is a more user-friendly graphic display terminal, for instance for diagnosing faults.







Interface Menu Structure

The following graphic presents an overview of access to the interface's main menus:



Basic Settings

The following table describes the procedure for entering basic settings (CANopen address and speed) with the interface.

Step	Action
1	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the SET (Setting) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
2	Press the  button several times to access the COM menu. Result: the COM (Communication) menu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
3	Press the ENT button on the interface. Result: the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed on the interface's status indicator.
4	Press ENT again. Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen address is displayed.
5	Press the  button to decrease, or the  button to increase the CANopen address value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen address is displayed (5). Result: the value is confirmed and the COAD (CANopen Address) submenu is displayed again.
6	Press the  button to access the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu. Press ENT . Result: a value corresponding to the device's CANopen speed is displayed.
7	Press the  button to increase, or the  button to decrease the CANopen baud rate value. Press ENT when the desired CANopen speed is displayed (500). Result: the value is confirmed and the COBD (CANopen Baud) submenu is displayed again.
8	Press ESC several times to return to the main display (RDY by default).

Section 13.4

Tuning the ATV 71

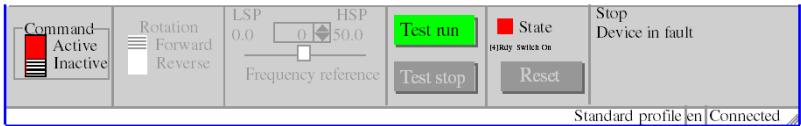
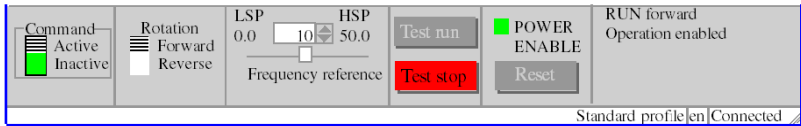
Tuning the ATV 71 with PowerSuite

In Advance

We recommend tuning the axis kinematic before the program automatically starts it.

Tuning Example

The following table gives an example of kinematic tuning:

Step	Action
1	Connect (<i>see page 168</i>) to the ATV 71 .
2	<p>After a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, PowerSuite opens a new window with the configuration screen, which gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions. The following figure shows part of the new window. This lower window provides access to ATV 71 command functions:</p> 
3	Place the Command zone cursor on Active .
4	Click the Reset button to clear any problems.
5	Enter the value 10 in the Frequency reference zone.
6	<p>Click the Test Run button.</p> <p>Result: the motor runs and the sub-window is animated:</p> 
7	Place the Command zone cursor on Inactive once tuning has been finalized.

Chapter 14

IclA Implementation for Motion Function Blocks

Aim of this Chapter

This chapter presents the implementation of an IclA servodrive according to the methodology ([see page 19](#)) described in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)) with a Lexium 05. It only details the differences and actions for an IclA.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
14.1	Adapting the Application to the IclA	176
14.2	CANopen Bus Configuration IclA	180
14.3	Configuring the IclA	183
14.4	Tuning the IclA	185

Section 14.1

Adapting the Application to the IclA

Aim of this Section

This section presents adaptation of the application to the **IclA** with an architecture, and hardware and software requirements.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Application Architecture with an IclA	177
Software Requirements	178
Hardware Requirements	179

Application Architecture with an IcIA

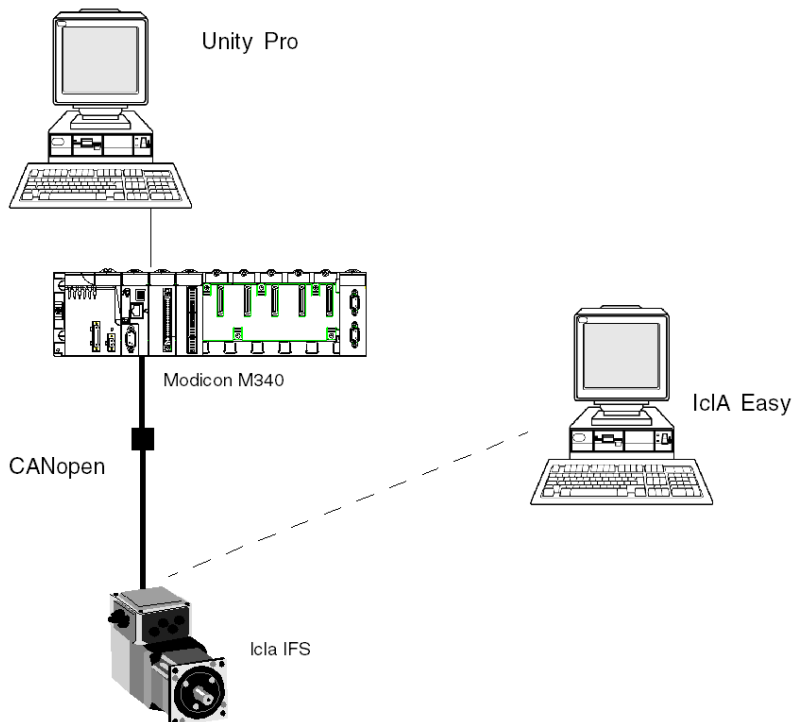
Overview

The proposed architecture is simple and designed to assimilate the implementation principles of motion control.

Other equipment can be added to this realistic architecture in order to manage several axes.

Illustration

The following figure shows the architecture used in the application that includes an **IcIA IFS**.



Software Requirements

Overview

As regards the software requirements presented in the quick start guide ([see page 13](#)), IclA Easy is used for configuring and tuning the **IclA**.

PowerSuite for **Lexium 05** enables tuning of the axis and guarantees a simple method for configuring the parameters of a **Lexium 05** servodrive.

IclA Easy does the same for an **IclA** servodrive.

It is necessary to configure certain parameters without IclA Easy by using the **IclA** switches ([see page 183](#)), since this is the only way to configure these parameters.

Versions

The following table lists the hardware and software versions used in the architecture ([see page 177](#)), enabling the use of MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Earliest version of software	Version of firmware
Modicon M340	Unity Pro V4.0	-
IclA	EasyIclA V1.104	IclA IFA compatible since V1.1007 IclA IFE compatible since V1.1007 IclA IFS compatible since V1.1007

Hardware Requirements

References of the Hardware Used

The following table lists the hardware used in the architecture ([see page 177](#)), enabling implementation of **IcIA** MFBs in Unity Pro.

Hardware	Reference
Modicon M340 PLC	BMX P34 2030
Modicon M340 power supply	BMX CPS 2000
Modicon M340 rack	BMX XBP 0800
CANopen SUB-D9-Way female connector (bended at 90° + additional SUB-D9-Way connector to connect a PC on the bus)	TSX CAN KCDF 90TP
CANopen preassembled cordset with moulded female SUB-D9-Way connectors at both end	TSX CAN CADD03
Dongle PCAN PS/2 for IcIA Easy (parallel-to-CAN converter)	IPEH-002019
CANopen cable	TSX CAN CA50
IcIA servodrive	IFS61/2-CAN-DS/-I-B54/0-001RPP41

NOTE: The terminating resistor is integrated in the **IcIA** and must be ON ([see page 183](#)).

Section 14.2

CANopen Bus Configuration IclA

Configuration of the CANopen Slave (IclA) on CANopen bus

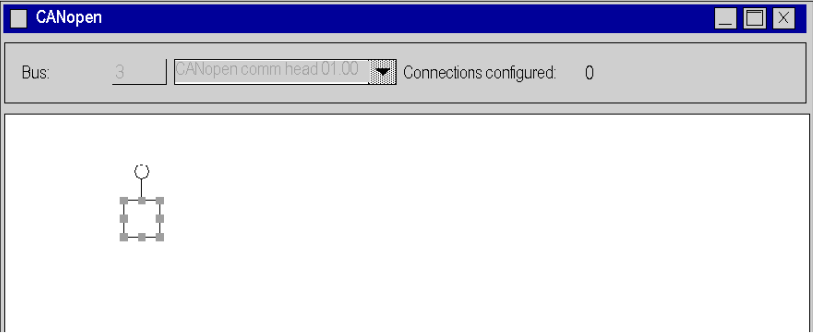
Overview

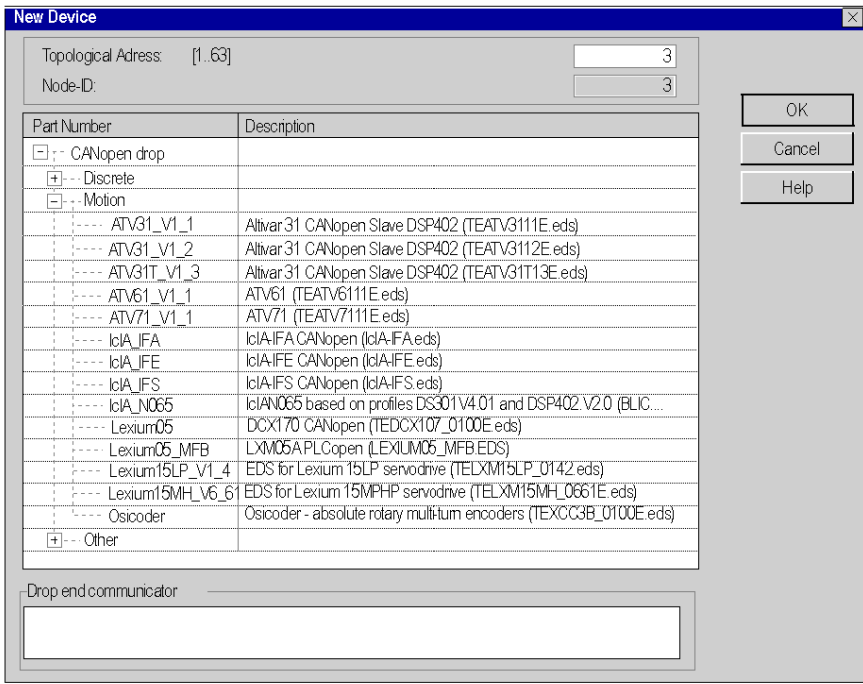
The implementation methodology for a CANopen bus using Modicon M340 is to:

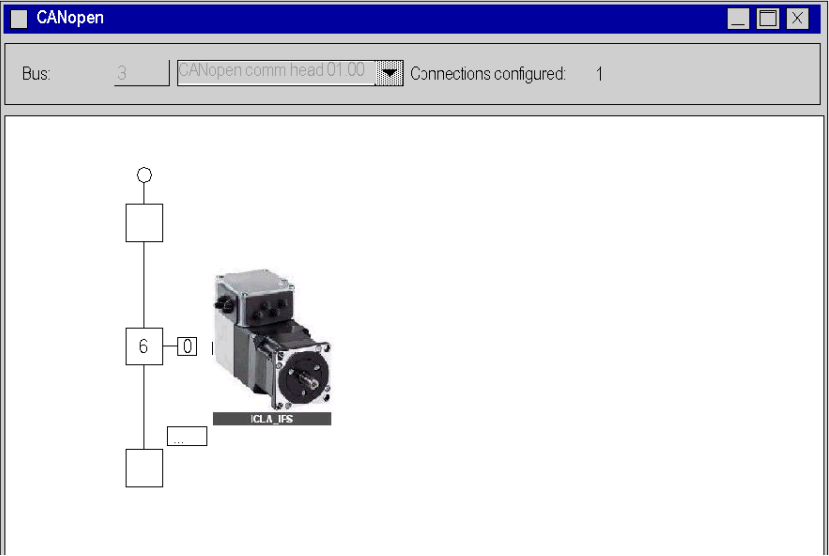
- configure (see page 31) the CANopen port of the CPU,
- declare the slave chosen from the hardware catalog (see paragraph bellow),
- configure the slave,
- enable the configuration using Unity Pro,
- check (see page 35) the CANopen bus in the Project browser.

How to Configure the CANopen Slave

This table describes the procedure to configure the CANopen slave.

Step	Action
1	<p>In the Unity Pro Project Browser, fully expand the Configuration directory and then double-click on CANopen.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears:</p> 

Step	Action																																						
2	<p>Select Edit → New device. Result: The New Device window appears:</p>  <p>New Device</p> <p>Topological Address: [1..63] <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <p>Node-ID: <input type="text" value="3"/></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Part Number</th><th>Description</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Discrete</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Motion</td><td></td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_1</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31_V1_2</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV31T_V1_3</td><td>Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV61_V1_1</td><td>ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- ATV71_V1_1</td><td>ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- IcIA_IFA</td><td>IcIA-IFA CANopen (IcIA-IFA.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- IcIA_IFE</td><td>IcIA-IFE CANopen (IcIA-IFE.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- IcIA_IFS</td><td>IcIA-IFS CANopen (IcIA-IFS.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- IcIA_N065</td><td>IcIAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05</td><td>DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium05_MFB</td><td>LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15LP_V1_4</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Lexium15MH_V6_61</td><td>EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td>----- Osicoder</td><td>Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)</td></tr> <tr> <td><input type="checkbox"/> Other</td><td></td></tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Drop end communicator <input type="text"/></p> <p>OK Cancel Help</p>	Part Number	Description	<input type="checkbox"/> CANopen drop		<input type="checkbox"/> Discrete		<input type="checkbox"/> Motion		----- ATV31_V1_1	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3111E.eds)	----- ATV31_V1_2	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV3112E.eds)	----- ATV31T_V1_3	Altivar 31 CANopen Slave DSP402 (TEATV31T13E.eds)	----- ATV61_V1_1	ATV61 (TEATV6111E.eds)	----- ATV71_V1_1	ATV71 (TEATV7111E.eds)	----- IcIA_IFA	IcIA-IFA CANopen (IcIA-IFA.eds)	----- IcIA_IFE	IcIA-IFE CANopen (IcIA-IFE.eds)	----- IcIA_IFS	IcIA-IFS CANopen (IcIA-IFS.eds)	----- IcIA_N065	IcIAN065 based on profiles DS301V4.01 and DSP402 V2.0 (BLIC...	----- Lexium05	DCX170 CANopen (TEDCX107_0100E.eds)	----- Lexium05_MFB	LXM05A PLCopen (LEXIUM05_MFB.eds)	----- Lexium15LP_V1_4	EDS for Lexium 15LP servodrive (TELXM15LP_0142.eds)	----- Lexium15MH_V6_61	EDS for Lexium 15MHP servodrive (TELXM15MH_0661E.eds)	----- Osicoder	Osicoder - absolute rotary multi-turn encoders (TEXCC3B_0100E.eds)	<input type="checkbox"/> Other	
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3	<p>Set 6 in Topological Address. For the slave device choose IcIA_IFS.</p>																																						

Step	Action
4	<p>Click on OK to confirm the choice.</p> <p>Result: The CANopen window appears with the new device selected:</p> 
5	<p>Select Edit → Open module.</p> <p>If MFB has not already been selected, choose it in the Function area.</p>
6	<p>You will be asked to validate your modifications when closing the Device and CANopen windows.</p>

Section 14.3

Configuring the IclA

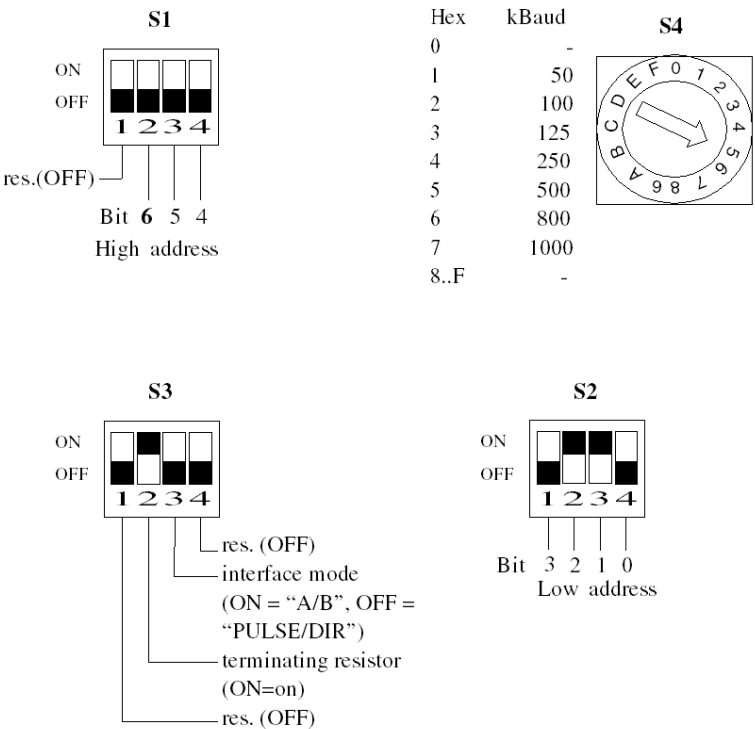
Configuring the IclA with DIP Switches

Overview

The address and baud rate are set with DIP switches on the **IclA IFX** drive.

DIP Switches

The following graphic presents the DIP switches inside the drive:



Basic Settings

The baud rate is set with the S4 switch on position 5 for a baud rate of 500.

The CANopen address is set with the S1 and S2 switches. Set S2.3 and S2.2 **ON** for the drive to have address 6. By default, as shown in the graphic above, all the switches on S1 and S2 are set **ON** except the first switch on S1, which gives address 127.

Set S3.2 **ON** to activate the terminating resistor.

Section 14.4

Tuning the IcIA

Aim of this Section

This section gives an example of tuning the **IcIA** with IcIA Easy.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Configuring the IcIA in IcIA Easy	186
Tuning the IcIA with IcIA Easy	189

Configuring the IcIA in IcIA Easy

Overview

With IcIA Easy, users can define installed device bases, and describe their associated configurations and communication settings.

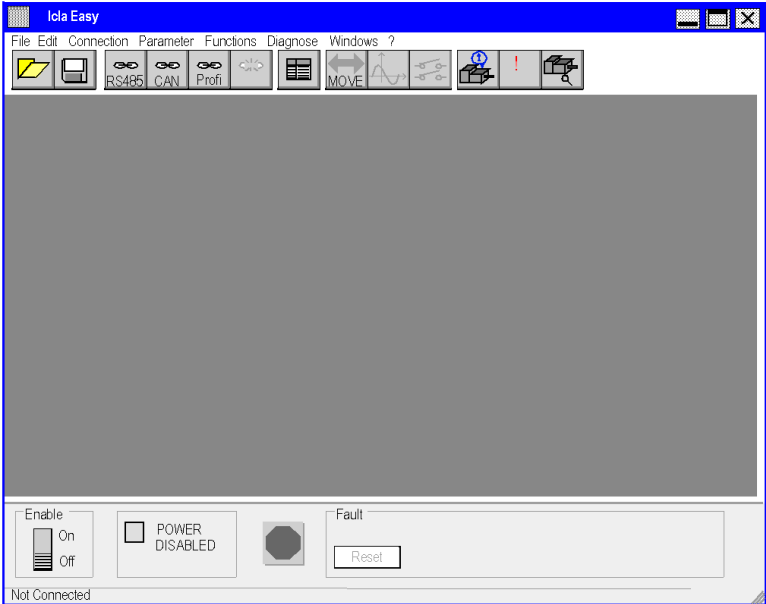
IcIA Easy then gives access to a group of actions for editing or transferring the configurations and for connecting to the devices.

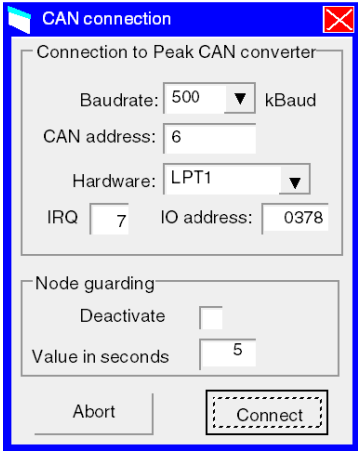
IcIA Easy's navigation principle associates a configuration interface with each device type, making it possible to control, tune and monitor them.

NOTE: The required signals, i.e LIMN, LIMP, REF must be wired or deactivated by the tuning software.

Connecting to the IcIA

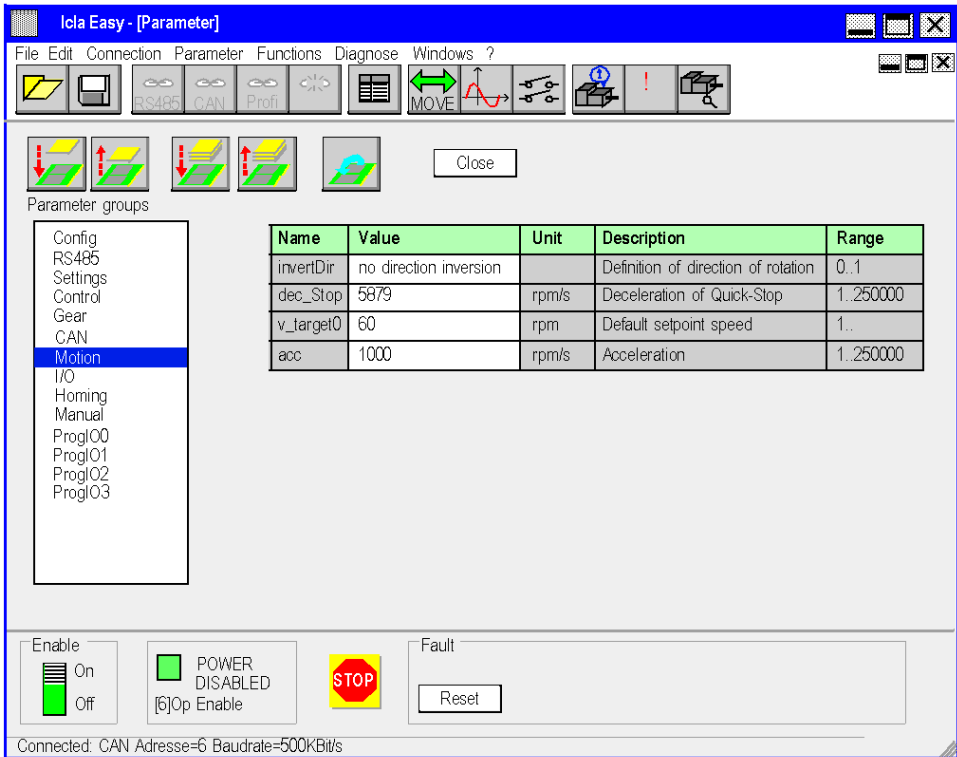
This table describes the procedure for connecting to the **IcIA**:

Step	Action
1	Connect your PC, on which IcIA Easy is installed, to the Dongle PCAN PS/2 connector on the servodrive to be configured.
2	<div><p>Start IcIA Easy for IcIA.</p><p>Result: the following start-up screen is displayed:</p></div>

Step	Action
3	<p>Choose the command Connection →CAN Connection. Result: a text box is displayed.</p> 
4	<p>The Baudrate must be set to 500 Kbaud. The CAN address must be set to 6. The Hardware must be set to LPT1 (Dongle PCAN PS/2). Result: a data transfer from the servodrive to the connected work station is begun.</p>

Basic IcIA Configuration

An example is given to illustrate modification of the acceleration value. This table describes the procedure for entering this setting:

Step	Action
1	Following a connection and transfer of the device's configurations, IclA Easy displays a screen that gives access to device control, tuning and monitoring functions.
2	<p>Choose the Motion parameter in the Parameter Groups. Result: the Parameter window is displayed.</p> 
3	In the acc line, the acceleration can be set to 1000.
4	<p>Save the CANopen settings to EEPROM with the command Parameter →Send parameter group to drive. Note: it is possible to adjust the servodrive's settings with the same procedure.</p>
5	Once the settings have been adjusted, use the command File →Close to disconnect.

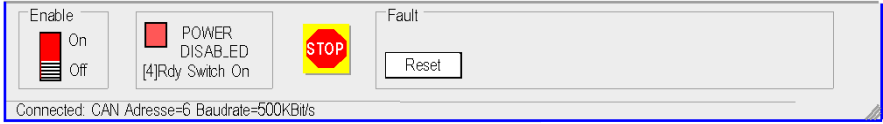
Tuning the IcIA with IcIA Easy

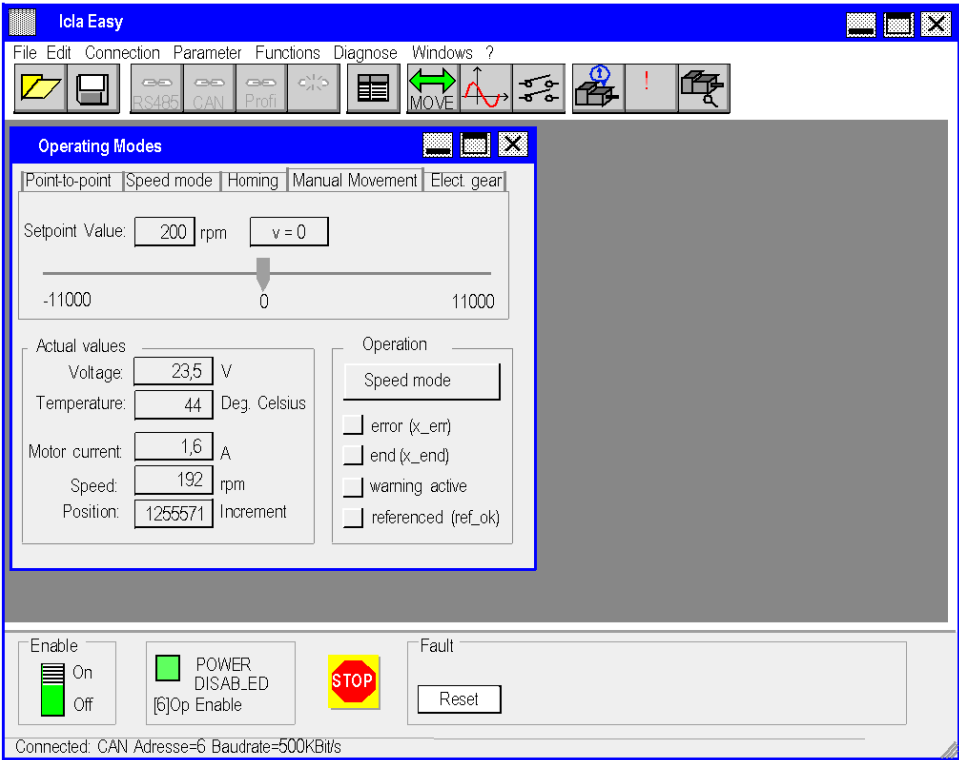
In Advance

We recommend tuning the axis kinematic before the program automatically starts it.

Tuning Example

The following table gives an example of kinematic tuning:

Step	Action
1	Connect (<i>see page 186</i>) to the IcIA.
2	<p>The following figure shows part of the new window. This lower window provides access to IcIA command functions:</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a control panel with the following elements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable section: A red square indicator labeled 'On' and a grey square indicator labeled 'Off'. POWER section: A red square indicator labeled 'DISABLED' and a yellow square indicator labeled '[4]Rdy Switch On'. Fault section: A red octagonal 'STOP' sign icon. Reset button: A rectangular button labeled 'Reset'. Status bar: A text field at the bottom showing 'Connected: CAN Adresse=6 Baudrate=500Kbit/s'. </p>
3	Click the Reset button to clear any problems.
4	Place the Enable zone cursor on ON .
5	<p>Choose the command Functions → Operating modes.</p> <p>Result: Operating modes windows is displayed.</p>

Step	Action
6	<p>Choose the Speed mode tab</p> <p>Enter the value 200 in the Setpoint value zone.</p> <p>Result: the motor runs and the sub-window is animated:</p>  <p>The screenshot shows the IclA Easy software window. The 'Operating Modes' sub-window is active, with the 'Speed mode' tab selected. The 'Setpoint Value' is set to 200 rpm. Below this, a slider ranges from -11000 to 11000 with a marker at 0. The 'Actual values' section displays: Voltage: 23,5 V, Temperature: 44 Deg. Celsius, Motor current: 1,6 A, Speed: 192 rpm, and Position: 1255571 Increment. The 'Operation' section has checkboxes for 'error (x_err)', 'end (x_end)', 'warning active', and 'referenced (ref_ok)'. At the bottom, the 'Enable' zone is currently 'On' (indicated by a green bar), and the 'Fault' zone is 'Reset'. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Connected: CAN Adresse=6 Baudrate=500KBit/s'.</p>
7	<p>Place the Enable zone cursor on OFF once tuning has been finalized.</p>



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