

# **SCHEDULE-III (Volume-A)**

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION & SCHEDULE OF REQUIREMENT FOR SUPPLY OF 3 PHASE, 4 WIRE A.C. STATIC HT/LT TRIVECTOR ENERGY METER OF CLASS OF ACCURACY 0.5S WITH DLMS PROTOCOL (AS PER GUIDELINE OF CPRI, BENGALURU)

#### **3.01 (A) SCOPE:**

- This specification covers the design, engineering, manufacture, assembly, inspection, testing at manufacturers works before despatch, supply and delivery at site/FOR destination any where in vicinity of Class 0.5S accuracy static HT/LT Tri-vector Meters with DLMS protocol for energy accounting, audit metering, boundary & tariff purpose along with software and interface cable as per requirement given in this specification. The HT Tri-vector meter should be 3-phase 4-wire type suitable for connection to a 3 phase 4 wires as well as 3-phase 3-wire system and the LT Tri-vector meter should be suitable for connection with 4<sup>th</sup> CT provided in neutral or without 4<sup>th</sup> CT in neutral circuit. The meter should be capable to record and display KWh, KVArh, KVAh and maximum demand in KVA for 3 phase 4 wire as well as 3 phase 3 wire AC balanced/unbalanced loads for a power factor range of zero (lagging) through unity up to zero (leading) as per requirement given in this specification.
- (ii) It is not the intent to specify completely herein all the details of the design and construction of material. The material shall, however, conform in all respects to high standards of engineering, design and workmanship and shall be capable of performing for continuous commercial operation in a manner acceptable to the purchaser, who will interpret the meanings of drawings and specification and shall have the power to reject any work or material which in his judgment is not in accordance therewith. The offered HT TVM shall be complete with all accessories, software and components necessary for their effective and trouble free operation. Such components shall be deemed to be within the scope of Bidder's supply irrespective of whether those are specifically brought out in this specification and/or the commercial order or not.
- (iii) The meter shall be ISI mark & bidder shall furnish the details of ISI license at the time of bid or or within 60 days from the date of opening of bid.

# B) **REQUIREMENT**

As per MM wing.

# 3.02 STANDARDS APPLICABLE:

Unless otherwise specified elsewhere in this specification, the performance and testing of the meters shall conform to the following Indian/International Standards and all related

Indian/International standards to be read with up to date and latest amendments/revisions thereof:

S.	Standard No.	Title
No. 1.	IS 14697-1999	: Specifications for AC Static Transformer
	(With latest amendments)	Operated Watt-hour and VAR-Hour Meters, class 0.2S & 0.5S.
2.	CBIP technical report No. 304.	: Specification for AC Static Electrical Energy Meters. With latest amendments.
3.	IEC 62053-22-2003	: AC Static Watt-hour Meters for Active
4	IEC 62052-11-2003	Energy, class 0.2S & 0.5S
4.	CBIP Technical Report No.111 Revised July 1996	: Specification for Common Meter Reading Instrument.
5.	IS: 9000	: Basic Environmental Testing Procedures
	HEG (2056/DLMG/ GOGELA)	for Electronic & Electrical items.
6.	IEC 62056(DLMS/ COSEM)	: Open protocol standard for communication of meter datas.
7.	IS: 15707	:Testing, Evalution, Installation and maintenance of AC Electricity meters-
	M	Code of Practice

Meters matching with requirements of other national or international standards, which ensure equal or better performance than the standards mentioned above, shall also be considered. When the equipment offered by the tenderer conforms to standards other than those specified above, salient points of difference between standards adopted and the standards specified in this specification shall be clearly brought out in the relevant schedule and copy of such standards along with their English translation shall invariably be furnished along with the offer.

# 3.03 CLIMATIC CONDITIONS:

The meters to be supplied against this specification should be capable of performing and maintaining required accuracy under extreme hot, cold, tropical and dusty climate and solar radiation typically existing in the state of Rajasthan (India). The meter shall be required to operate satisfactorily and continuously under the following tropical climate conditions: -

a) Maximum ambient air temperature	$: 50^{\circ} \text{ C}$
b) Maximum ambient air temperature in shade	$:45^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$
c) Maximum temperature attainable by the meter exposed to Sun.	: 60 ° C
d) Minimum ambient temperature in shade	: (-) 5 ° C
e) Average daily ambient air temperature	: 40 ° C
f) Maximum relative humidity.	: 95%.
g) No. of months of tropical monsoon condition	: 4 Months.
h) Maximum attitude above mean sea level	: 1000 Meters.
i) Average rain fall.	: 10-100 cms.
j) Maximum wind pressure	:200Kg/ Sq. meter.
k) Isoceranic level (days/ year)	: 40
l) Seismic level ( Horizontal Accn.)	: 0.30 g.
m) Permitted noise level	: 45 db.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 3 -

#### 3.04 SUPPLY SYSTEM:

Rated Voltage (Vref) 3 x 63.5 V - Phase to Neutral (3 phase 4 wire system)

(For HTTVM)

(Through PT) 3 x 110 V - Phase to Phase

Meter shall be programmed for PT ratio 11KV/110V (Ph.to Ph.)

Rated Voltage (Vref)

(For LTTVM)

3 x 240 V - Phase to Neutral (3 phase 4 wire system)

3 x 415 V - Phase to Phase

Rated current (Ib) 3 x -/5 Amps

(Connected through CT)

Multiplying factor to arrive at actual primary values wherever applicable shall be calculated from the CT and PT ratio of the installed CTs and PTs/CT ratio of the installed CT's.

# 3.05 POWER FACTOR RANGE:

The meter shall be suitable for full power factor range from zero (lagging) through unity to zero (leading). The meter should work as an active energy import and export and reactive (lag and lead) energy meter.

# 3.06 POWER SUPPLY VARIATION:

The supply system shall be 3x110V Phase to Phase,3 phase 4 wires. The extreme power supply variations for which an operating meter should withstand without damage and without degradation of its meteorological characteristatics when it is subsequently operated under its normal operating conditions shall be as follows: -

Specified operating range - 0.8 to 1.15 V ref. Limit range of operation - 0.7 to 1.20 V ref. Frequency - 50 Hz. +/- 5%

However, the bidder can offer meter, which can withstand higher variations. The limit of power supply variations should be as per IS: 14697-1999.

# 3.07 ACCURACY:

Class of accuracy of the meter shall be 0.5S. The accuracy should not drift with time.

# 3.08 POWER CONSUMPTION:

- (i) Voltage circuit: The active and apparent power consumption in each voltage circuit including the power supply of meter at reference voltage, reference temperature and reference frequency shall not exceed 1.0 Watt per phase and 8 VA per phase respectively.
- (ii) Current circuit: The apparent power taken by each current circuit at basic current, reference frequency and reference temperature shall not exceed 1 VA per phase.

#### 3.09 STARTING CURRENT:

The meter should start registering the energy at 0.1% Ib and unity power factor.

#### 3.10 MAXIMUM CURRENT:

The rated maximum current of the meter shall be 200% Ib.

# 3.11 GENERAL AND CONSTRUCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS:

- i) Meters shall be designed and constructed in such a way so as to avoid causing any danger during use and under normal conditions. However, the following should be ensured: -
- a) Personnel safety against electric shock
- b) Personnel safety against effects of excessive temperature.
- c) Protection against spread of fire.
- d) Protection against penetration of solid objects, dust and water.
- e) Protection against fraud.
- f) Protection against Pilferage.
- ii) All the materials and electronic power components used in the manufacture of the meter shall be of highest quality and reputed make to ensure higher reliability, longer life and sustained accuracy.
- iii) (a) The manufacturer should use application specific integrated circuit (ASIC) for metering functions.
- (b) The meter should not have any form of mechanical adjustment such as trim-pots, potentiometer etc. for calibration. The meter shall be factory calibrated and no adjustment of calibration shall be possible at site by any means.
- (c) The electronic components shall be mounted on the printed circuit board using latest Surface Mount Technology (SMT). The PCB material should be made of glass epoxy FR-4 grade conforming to relevant standards or better grade.
- iv) All insulating materials used in the construction of meters shall be non-hygroscopic, non-ageing and of tested quality. All parts that are likely to develop corrosion shall be effectively protected against corrosion by providing suitable protective coating.
- v) The meter shall have test out put device in the form of calibrating LED accessible from the front and capable of being monitored conveniently with suitable testing equipment.
- vi) The meter shall conform to the degree of protection IP 51 of IS: 12063/IEC: 60529 for protection against ingress of dust, moisture and vermin.
- vii) The meter shall be immune to tampering through application of external magnetic field (A.C. electro-magnet or D.C. magnet) as per the value specified in CBIP technical report 88 (with latest amendments). However the meter alone should comply up to 0.27 Tesla Magnetic field with a permanent magnet.
- viii) The meter should continue to function even if any spurious signals are injected on the neutral of the meter such as D.C signals through diodes etc. and /or High Frequency Signals.

ix) The meter shall be supplied with a transparent extended terminal-block cover (ETBC).

x) The meter shall have two push buttons, one for forward scrolling and other for reverse scrolling of different parameters available in push button mode.

#### xi) Meter Base And Cover:

- (a) The meter -base, meter cover; terminal block and ETBC shall be made of unbreakable, high grade, flame retardant polycarbonate with thickness more than 2.0 mm, and of good dielectric and mechanical strength. The material of meter base & terminal block shall be glass reinforced.
- (b) The colour of meter shall be orange.
- (c) Meter cover and extended terminal block cover (ETBC) should be injection moulded in UV stabilized polycarbonate in natural colour. The ETBC shall be kept fully transparent and the meter cover except the window portion shall be semi-transparent / non-transparent/corrugated. The moulded meter case and terminal cover(s) should not change in colour, shape, size, and dimensions, when subjected to 200 hours on UV ageing test. It should withstand 650 deg. C glow wire test and heat deflection test as per ISO 75.
- (d) The manufacturer shall emboss on the base/cover(s), the name of the material they have used in an abbreviated form e.g. PCFR 10 GF (to denote that they have used polycarbonate flame retardant 10 % glass filled polycarbonate).
- (e) The window portion shall be of transparent, unbreakable, silicon coated, scratch resistant surface UV stabilized polycarbonate material for easily reading all the displayed values/parameters, nameplate details and calibrating LED. It should not fade in course of time and become opaque causing inconvenience in reading. The window portion shall be ultrasonically welded with the meter cover such that it cannot be removed undamaged without breaking the cover.
- (f) The meter cover shall be ultrasonically welded with the meter base. The sample meter to be sent along with bid may not be ultrasonically welded with the meter base, as at the time of sample testing it has to be opened to ascertain conformity of meter as per specification. However, before commencement of supply, sample has to be got approved with ultrasonically welded meter by the successful bidder

# xiii) **Terminal Block**:

(a) The detachable terminal block shall be moulded type made of non-hygroscopic, flame retardent material having good dielectric and mechanical strength. The moulded terminal block shall be made from best quality phenol formaldehyde or 10-20% glass filled polycarbonate material or any equivalent/better material conforming to FH-1 of IS 11731 (Part-I) having adequate insulating properties and mechanical strength with brass inserts for connecting terminals.

The terminal block should satisfy all the conditions specified in IEC-62052 & IS-14697 and shall be made from best quality phenol formaldehyde or 10-20% glass filled

Spec--HT LT TVM - 6 -

polycarbonate material or any equivalent/better material. The glass filled polycarbonate should fulfill the requirement of following tests

- (i) The flame retardant rating of VO as per UL94 testing.
- (ii) The glow wire temperature of 960 deg. C as per IS-11000 (part-2/Sec-1) or IEC 695-2-1.
- (iii)Heat deflection temperature (HDT) test of 135 deg. C.
- (iv)Ball pressure test at 125 deg. C.
- (b) The terminal block, the ETBC and the meter case shall ensure reasonable safety against the spread of fire and shall not be ignited by the thermic overload of live parts in contact with them
- c) The current circuit conductors of a meter shall be connected to its current terminals inside the meter terminal block adopting procedure prescribed either B-1 or B-2 of the recommended methods under Clause 6.4-Annexure-B of IS 14697. Any other method which meets this requirement in a better manner/way shall also be considered. The bidder should elaborate the arrangement adopted.
- (d) The meter terminal block shall have tin- plated brass terminals.

The terminals shall have suitable construction with barriers and transparent cover to provide firm and safe connections of incoming and out going leads. The terminal screws shall have flat bottom so as not to pierce in the external conductors. The terminals shall be of suitable rating to carry continuously Imax current and made of electroplated (or tinned) brass and shall be of replaceable type. Any other provision which meets this requirement in a better manner/ way shall also be considered. The bidder should elaborate the procedure adopted.

(e) (i)The manner of fixing the external conductors to the terminal block shall ensure adequate and durable contact such that there is no risk of loosening or undue heating. Screw connections transmitting contact force and screw fixings, which may be tightened and loosened several times during the life of the meter, shall screw into the body of brass terminal.

All parts of each terminal shall be such that the risk of corrosion is minimized. Two screws shall be provided in each current terminal for effectively clamping the external leads or thimbles. Each clamping screw shall engage a minimum of three threads in the terminal. The ends of screws shall not pierce and cut the conductors used. Electrical connection shall be so designed that contact pressure shall not be transmitted through insulating materials. If the manner of fixing of terminals is through thimbles /lugs/reducer type terminals. The supplier shall supply a set of the same along with each meter.

(ii) The internal diameter of the terminal hole shall be minimum 4.0mm. The holes in the insulation material of the terminal block, which form an extension of the terminal holes, shall be of sufficient size to accommodate the insulation of the conductors also. The clearance and creepage distance shall not be less than the values specified in clause 6.6 of IS 14697:1999.

Further, the supporting webs between two terminals of the terminal block should be sufficiently high to ensure that dust does not bridge the two neighboring terminals or a flash over does not take place.

f) The fixing screw(s) used on the ETBC for fixing and sealing of extended terminal cover shall be held captive on the terminal cover.

Spec--HT LT TVM -7 -

g) To facilitate sealing, a raised support arrangement with minimum 2 mm hole nearby sealing screws, which shall constitute an integral part of the terminal cover or a slot type arrangement underneath/alongside the sealing screw shall be provided.

- xiv) The termination of current circuit wires inside the meter (i.e. CT primary conductor) on the terminal block shall be through lugs and washers of proper size. The loop length of the primary current circuit should be kept minimum. Alternatively the CT primary conductor may be flattened to form a 'lug' like shape for proper termination on terminal block without using lug or any other better arrangement may also be provided.
- xv) The meter shall have minimum three fixing holes, one at the top and other two inside the terminal block. The top hole shall be key-hole type on the back of the meter base so that the hanging-screw is not accessible after fixing of the meter and it shall not be possible to remove the meter from the hanging-screw without removing the terminal cover and screw(s) from the terminal block. Any alternate better arrangement shall also be considered for acceptance. The lower fixing holes shall be provided under the extended terminal cover. A set of fixing screws shall be supplied with each meter.
- xvi) Extended terminal block cover shall be provided to ensure that the internal parts are not accessible for tampering etc. without breaking the seals. The ETBC shall be extended by about 30 mm± 5 mm below the terminal block. A firm connection shall be established with in the meter case to energies the voltage circuit.

Arrangement for display, optical port, auxiliary supply source, push buttons for manual mode, meter nameplate and display sequence should be made in such a manner that it is accommodated in size of 170mm(W) x 140 mm (H) from opposite side of ETBC. This is required for facilitating of fixing of the HT/LT Tri-vector meter in HT/LT panel box.

# 3.12 MANUFACTURING ACTIVITIES:

- i) The meter should employ latest technology such as Application Specific Integration Circuit (ASIC) to ensure reliable performance. The mounting of component on the PCB (Printed Circuit Board) must be SMT (Surface Mounted Technology) type by deploying the automatic SMT pick and place machine and reflow soldering process. The electronic component used in the meter shall be of high quality such that the meter shall remain in the accuracy class for at least up to 10 years. Further, the Bidder should own or have assured access (through hire, lease or subcontract) of above facilities.
- ii) Quality should be ensured at the following stages:
- a) At PCB manufacturing stage, each board shall be subjected to computerised bare board testing.
- b) At insertion stage, all components should under go computerised testing for conforming to design parameters and orientation.
- c) Complete assembled and soldered PCB should under go functional testing using Automatic Test Equipments (Testing Jig)
- d) Prior to final testing and calibration, all electronic components of the meter shall be subjected to accelerated ageing test to eliminate infant mortality.
- iii) The calibration of meters shall be done in house.

Spec--HT LT TVM -8-

iv) The bidders should submit the list of all major components used in meter along with the offer.

v) A detailed list of bought-out items, which are used in the manufacture of the meter, should be furnished indicating the name of firms from whom these items are procured. The bidder shall also give the details of quality assurance procedures followed by him in respect of the bought-out items.

# 3.13 SEALING ARRANGEMENT OF THE METER:

Atleast two sealing screws shall be provided for proper fixing of meter cover so that access to the working parts shall not be possible without breaking the seals. One screw provided on left side shall be used by manufacturer to provide his own sealing with high quality double anchor polycarbonate seal bearing laser etched monogram of JVVNL along with meter serial number and other provided on right side by purchaser, which should be left unsealed. Provision shall also be kept for one no. seal on terminal cover. All the sealing screws shall be captive type so that they cannot be detached when they are in open condition. The holes in the head of sealing screw shall be of min. 2mm dia. The sealing screws for meter base and cover shall be unidirectional and slotless (2 No.) .Two No. tamper indicative paper seal(s) on either side of the meter case shall be provided by the manufacturer. For this, at least two (2) Nos. seals on meter body and provision for, one (1) no. seal on meter terminal cover and one (1) no. seal on communication port shall be provided.

For the above sealing arrangement for the purchaser, the manufacturer shall provide at least one seal on the meter body at the factory after calibration and testing. Provision for all the seals should be provided on front side only. Rear side sealing arrangement will not be accepted. The Suppliers in their offer should explain the sealing arrangement.

#### 3.14 MARKING OF METER:

The meter terminal marking and mounting arrangement should be as per Indian installation practices. The marking on every meter shall be in accordance with IS 14697-1999/ IEC 62052-11-2003 and annexure A-5.1 of the guideline issued by CPRI, Banglore.

Every meter shall have nameplate beneath the meter cover such that the nameplate cannot be accessed without opening the meter cover and without breaking the seals of the meter cover and the nameplate shall be marked indelibly. The nameplate marking should not fade or otherwise be adversely affected by UV exposure with lapse of time.

# 3.15 CONNECTION DIAGRAM & TERMINAL MARKINGS:

The connection diagram of the meter shall be clearly shown for 3 phase 4 wire system as well as 3 phase 3 wire system/ with or without installation of  $4^{th}$  CT in neutral line, on inside portion of the terminal cover and shall be of permanent nature. The meter terminals shall also be marked and this marking should appear in the above diagram.

# 3.16 SOFTWARES AND INTERFACE BETWEEN METER & HHU:

Adequate number of licensed copies of the following software shall be made available and shall be installed in HHU and Base Computer System (BCS) by the Supplier without extra cost. The Supplier shall impart necessary training regarding installation and use of the

above softwares. The exact quantity of each type of software to be so supplied shall be intimated to the Supplier prior to/at the time of ordering subject to maximum 30 Nos./sets.

- i) Software for reading, down loading meter data, as well as configuration change activity in meter such as time setting, reactive energy for apparent energy calculations reprogramming, MD integration period change and TOD reprogramming (changing TOD time-zones, subject to maximum 8 time zones, and/ or, change of any one or more TOD time-zone timings in the meter), normally resident in the Hand Held Unit (HHU); Software suitable for MS Window XP or higher version. The software shall be installed in and be compatible to all makes of the HHUs (Analogic/Sands/any other make) and PC/Laptop as well as supplied separately in the form of floppies/CDs.
- ii) Configuration change activity (programming) should be enabled at BCS under multilevel password protected security system for specified/selected meter(s) identified by the meter serial number(s). Configuration change activity can only be possible after written consent of SE(M&P), JVVNL, Jaipur and a password available with SE(M&P) Jaipur is to be entered first for enabling any configuration change activity. Without entering the password provided by SE(M&P) Jaipur, configuration change activity shall not at all possible. Such configuration change in the meter shall be immediately preceded automatically by meter-data reading such that entire meter data prior to change is downloaded from the meter before the change is effected in the meter. Details of minimum 10 such change/s (event/s) made in the meter shall be logged in the meter memory, each with date and time-stamp, and shall be capable of downloading through HHU and shall be available for viewing at the BCS end. The logging shall be roll-over type on first-in, first-out basis.
- iii) The time taken for downloading the complete meter data should not be more than **Five** minutes.

Any future up gradation made by the supplier in any of the above softwares shall also be provided free of cost.

# (a) Platform:

The BCS should be executable on MS WINDOWS 95/98/2000/XP/VISTA or higher operating system. The BCS shall be suitable to run on IBM PC or compatible hardware platform.

# (b) Meter Data Display:

- i) The BCS should show electrical conditions existing at the time of reading the meter in tabular forms as well as in graphical format (Phasor diagram).
- ii) All the information about energy, maximum demand and their respective TOD register readings, billing register readings and billing history readings should be shown in a manner which user can understand quickly, preferably in tabular format.
- iii) All the load survey data should be available in numerical as well as graphical format. It should also be possible to view this data in daily, weekly and monthly formats. The load survey graph should show values where the cursor/pointer is placed for the selected or all parameters.

iv) All the information about tamper events should be accompanied with date and time stamping along with the 'snap-shots' (details) of the respective electrical conditions. This information should be displayed in the sequence in which it happened, in cumulative format as well as in summary format. The cumulative format should segregate a particular tamper

information and summary report shall show count of tamper occurrence and the duration for which meter has remained under tamper condition.

v) The BCS should be capable of preparing *all available makes of HHUs* to read the meter information or for Configuration Change activity in the meter after entering the password provided by SE(M&P) Jaipur such as time-setting, Reactive Energy for Apparent Energy calculation re-programming, MD integration period change and TOD re-programming (changing TOD time-zones, subject to max. 8 time-zones, and/or, change of any one or more TOD time-zone timings in the meter).

# (c) Support Display:

There should be "user friendly" approach for viewing meter data for the reading collected now or for the reading collected in the past. All information about a particular consumer should be segregated and available at one place so that locating any consumer's past data is easy. It should be possible to locate/retrieve data on the basis of one of the following particulars:

- i) Consumer ID/Number.
- ii) Meter Sr. No.
- iii) Date of meter reading.
- iv) Location.

# (d) The Data Transfer:

It should be possible to transfer the data to and from HHU through serial interface/port. The data transfer shall be in the desired format, which suits to billing software of the Nigam.

# (f) Security:

The BCS shall have multi level password for data protection and security. The first level shall allow the user to enter the system. The different software features shall be protected by different passwords. The configuration of passwords shall be user definable. The software installed on one PC shall not be copiable on to another PC.

# **3.17 SALIENT FEATURES:**

The meter shall have the following additional salient features:

- i) It should be possible to check the healthiness of phase voltages by displaying all the voltages on the meter display.
- ii) The meter display shall have phase indicators to indicate the status of phase voltages, which shall keep coming with every display.
- iii) The meter should work accurately irrespective of phase sequence of the mains supply.

**iv**) It should be possible to check the correctness of connections of CT and PT to the meter with proper polarity. This shall be made available on HHU by displaying phasor diagram. For this purpose, a suitable software for field diagnosis of meter connections with the help of meter and HHU should be supplied as per Annex G15 of IS 14697/1999.

- **v**) The meter should remain powered up and functional even when either of any two phases or any one-phase alongwith neutral is available to the meter.
- vi) The meter should continue to record accurately as per prevailing electrical conditions even if the neutral of potential supply gets disconnected.
- vii) The meter shall be provided with adequate magnetic shielding so that any external magnetic field (AC Electro Magnet or DC Magnet as per the values specified in CBIP Technical Report No.88, with latest amendments) applied on the meter shall not affect proper functioning and recording of energy as per error limits prescribed by CBIP. However the meter alone should comply up to 0.27 Tesla D.C magnetic field. On application of 0.27 Tesla DC magnet at anywhere on meter body, the meter shall record energy at Imax, rated voltage and unity power factor as per CBIP / IS, in case of Magnetic Interference beyond 0.27 Tesla and the event of Magnetic Interference and restoration shall be available with date & time stampings along with other snap shots.
- viii) Meter shall have Scroll Lock facility to display any one desired parameter continuously from display parameters, which will keep on displaying till the lock is released.
- **ix**) The meter should continue to function even if any spurious signals are injected on the neutral of the meter, such as D.C signals through diodes etc.
- **x**) The meter reading count should increase by one digit every time the meter is read successfully through HHU or computer or any other device and be available at BCS end as well as on meter display. The count shall not increase through HHU operations as instantaneous parameters view and other similar HHU operations, which do not download any data from meter memory.
- **xi**) Data Alteration Count: Meter should be capable to display the data alteration count This count should increase by one digit whenever there is any programme or meter data change in the meter *through HHU or computer or any other device and be available at BCS end as well as on meter display*. This count should not increment on any data read-only communication.
- **xii)** The meter shall be capable of detecting condition of power-off if mains supply is not present. It shall record such occurrence and restoration of power failures as separate events in the meter memory with date and time stamp. Snapshot of electrical parameters is not necessary during this condition.
- xiii) The meter shall have provision to be read in the absence of power through an external /internal source as per provision of Annex G14 of IS 14697/1999 such that it should not be possible to damage the internal circuitry of the meter by applying any voltage on /through the device /port provided for powering up the meter in the absence of power supply. The bidder should explain the method adopted by them for this purpose in their offer.

Minimum 20 such events (either off or on) shall be logged in meter memory and be available for downloading through a CMRI for viewing at the BCS end. These events shall be logged in

Spec--HT LT TVM - 12 -

a separate compartment on roll-over, first-in, first-out basis. Electrical values snap shots shall not be required for the logging of Power -off / Power - on events.

- xiv) The LTTVM shall record active/apparent energy in forward direction even if one or more CT's are reversed. The current vector direction shall always be considered as positive(import) for the computation of 3 phase active energy, which shall be added in the main active (import) energy register and KVAh computation shall be based on reactive lag and lead energy.
- xv) The meter should be compatible to GSM/GPRS/CDMA technology for remote metering.
- xvi) The meter should be compatible to data exchange for electricity meter reading/tariff/load control as per guideline specification of CPRI, Banglore (Enclosed).

#### 3.18 DISPLAY OF MEASURED VALUES:

The measured value(s) shall be displayed on seven segments, seven digits Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) display unit/register; having minimum character height of 8 mm. LCD to be of 'STN' (super tested kneumatics) type construction suitable for temperature 70 Deg.C continuously.

The data should not be lost in the event of power failure and should be stored in non-volatile memory. The non-volatile memory should retain data for a period of not less than 10 years under un-powered condition i.e. the non-volatile memory shall have a storage life (without use) of ten (10) years. Battery backup memory will not be considered as NVM.

It should be possible to easily identify the single or multiple displayed parameters through symbols/legend on the meter display itself or through display annunciator alongwith a separate legend plate fixed on the front face of the meter cover.

The register shall be able to record and display starting from zero, for a minimum of 1500 hours, the energy corresponding to rated maximum current at reference voltage and unity power factor. The register should not roll over in between this duration.

#### 3.19 METER SERIAL NUMBER:

In addition to providing serial number of the meter on the display plate, the meter serial number shall also be programmed into meter memory for identification through HHU/meter reading print out.

# **3.20 DISPLAY SEQUENCE:**

"The meter shall display the required parameters as per guideline document issued by CPRI, Banglore.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 13 -

#### (A) QUANTITIES TO BE MEASURED & DISPLAYED

The meter shall be capable of measuring and displaying the following electrical quantities within specified accuracy limits for polyphase balanced or unbalanced loads:

- a) Instantaneous Parameters such as phase and line voltages, currents, power factors, overall kVA, kW, kVAr, power factor, frequency etc as per details given in the table below and enclosed annexure.
- b) Block Load Profile Parameters such as kVAh/kWh/kVArh (lag/lead)/Maximum Demand (MD) in kW/kVA/power factor/phase and line voltages/currents etc (minimum 5 parameters) as per details given in the table below and enclosed annexure.
- c) Daily Load Profile Parameters such as cumulative energy kWh (import/export)/cumulative kVAh

(while kW- import/export)/cumulative energy kVArh as per details given in the table below and enclosed annexure.

In addition to above the meter shall also record the Name plate details, programmable parameters (readable as profile), occurrence and restoration of tamper events along with the parameters (Table A5.1, A5.2 and A6.1 to A6.8 respectively of enclosed guideline document) Detail of category wise parameters requirement suitable for specific location such as feeder/DT metering, interface points/boundary points is given in following tables of guidelines document enclosed as annexure: (As per guideline of CPRI, Banglore).

Category	Parameter group	Annexure Table No.
Substation Feeder/ Distribution	Instantaneous parameters	A2.1
Transformer meter	Block Load Profile parameters	A2.2
Boundary/Ring fencing/Interface	Instantaneous parameters	A3.1
Meters	Block Load Profile parameters	A3.2
	Daily Load Profile parameters	A3.3
HT Consumer Meters	Instantaneous parameters	A4.1
	Block Load Profile parameters	A4.2
	Billing Profile parameters	A4.3
Substation Feeder/ Distribution	Name Plate details	A5.1
Transformer/Boundary/Ring	Programmable Parameters	A5.2
fencing/Interface/HT Consumer	Event Conditions	A6.1 to A6.7
Meters		
Logging parameters for each of the	Capture parameters for event	A6.8
event condition – shall be selected	as applicable (Event Log Profile)	

#### (B) DEMAND INTEGRATION PERIOD

The maximum demand integration period may be set at 15 minute or 30 minute.

# (C) MD RESET

It should be possible to reset MD by the following:

a) Auto reset at 24:00 hrs at the end of each billing cycle.

# (D) COMMUNICATION CAPABILITY

The meter shall be provided with two ports for communication of the measured/collected data as per guideline document enclosed in the annexure, i.e. a hardware port compatible with RS 232 or RS 485 specifications which shall beused for remote access through suitable Modem GPRS/CDMA) and an Optical port complying with hardware specifications detailed in IEC-

Spec--HT LT TVM - 14 -

62056-21. This shall be used for local data downloading through a DLMS compliant HHU.

The RS 485 port shall be used at Substations suitable for multi-drop connections of the meter for exporting data to sub-station data logger/DCU/Computer and the remote end server. The RS 232 port shall be used at boundary points meters and Distribution Transformer meters capable to transfer and export data to the remote end server through suitable communication mediums (GPRS/CDMA). Both ports shall support the default and minimum baud rate of 9600 bps.

#### (E) HAND HELD UNIT (HHU)

To enable local reading of meters data a DLMS compliant HHU shall be used. The HHU shall be as per specification given in the enclosed guidelines document. It shall be compatible to the DLMS compliant energy meters that are to be procured/supplied on the basis of this specification. The HHU shall be supplied by the meter manufacturer along with the meter. Numbers of HHU to be procured shall be decided by the purchaser.

# (F) TAMPER & FRAUD MONITORING FEATURES

The meter shall work satisfactorily under presence of various influencing conditions like External Magnetic Field, Electromagnetic Field, Radio Frequency Interference, harmonic Distortion, Voltage/Frequency Fluctuations, and electromagnetic High Frequency Fields etc. The meter shall be immune to abnormal voltage/frequency generating devices and shall record the occurrence and restoration of such tamper events along with parameters such as current, voltages, kWh, power factor, event code, date & time etc. (listed in Table A6.1 to A6.7 in enclosed document).

Tamper details shall be stored in internal memory for retrieval by authorized personnel through either of the following:

- i) HHU.
- ii) Remote access through suitable communication network.

Minimum 200 numbers of events (occurrences & restoration with date & time) should be available in the meter memory.

# **3.21 OUT PUT DEVICE:**

The meter shall have a test output accessible from the front and be capable of being monitored with suitable testing equipment. The operation indicator, if fitted, must be visible from the front. Test output device shall be provided in the form of one common LED for kWh, kVArh and optionally kVAh with the provision of selecting the parameter being tested. Alternatively, test output device in the form of separate LEDs for kWh, kVArh and optionally kVAh is also acceptable.

The relation between test output and the indication on display shall comply with the marking on the name plate (imp per kWh/kVArh/kVAh).

The bidder shall state the necessary number of pulse count(s) to ensure measurement accuracy of at least  $1/10^{th}$  of class of the meter at the different test points.

The resolution of the test output pulse(s) should be sufficient to enable conduction of the starting current in less than 10 minutes and accuracy test at the lowest load with desired accuracy within 5 minutes.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 15 -

#### **3.22 AUXILIARY POWER:**

The auxiliary power shall be drawn from all the three phases and the meter should be able to remain powered up with availability of any two phases or any one phase and neutral.

Alternative power packs one percent of ordered quantity for taking reading during power down conditions shall be supplied free of cost.

# 3.23 (A) MAXIMUM DEMAND (MD) REGISTRATION:

The meter shall continuously monitor and calculate the average demand in KVA during the integration period set and the maximum, out of these, shall be stored along with date and time when it occurred in the meter memory. The maximum registered value shall also be made available on meter-display.

The maximum demand will be computed from the main apparent energy register.

The rising demand under the current integration period should be displayed alongwith the elapsed time.

The integration period shall be set as 30 minutes, on real time basis starting from 00.00 H. The principle of maximum demand calculation used by the Bidder should be explained in the offer.

# 3.23 (B) Maximum Demand Registration and MD resets:

Meter shall continuously monitor and calculate the average maximum demand of each demand interval time of 15/30 minutes on real time basis and maximum of these in a calendar month shall be stored. The maximum demand shall automatically reset at 24.00 hrs. of the last date of each calendar month for which minimum 30 years calendar shall be programmed by the manufacturer. The cumulative kWh should also be recorded at 24.00 hrs. on the last date of each calendar month for previous 6 months.

# 3.24 MAXIMUM DEMAND RESET:

The auto reset facility of MD at pre-defined date & time shall be provided. The meter shall log on in the meter memory, average value of voltage & current for 15/30 minutes integration period, the maximum demand reset count, which should increment by one digit every time the MD is reset.

# 3.25 LOAD SURVEY CAPABILITY & BILLING POINT REQUIREMENTS:

As per the guideline issued by CPRI, Banglore.

# **3.26 HARMONICS MEASUREMENTS:**

The accuracy of the meter shall not be affected by harmonics circulating in the system of magnitudes within permissible limits stipulated in relevant ISS/ IEC/ CBIP Standards and CEA Regulations-2004. The meter shall indicate and record the total resultant quantities of fundamental frequency and harmonics or alternatively the meter shall record fundamental frequency quantities and harmonics related quantities (such as KWh, KVAh and KVARh) separately.

"The meter shall comply with the provisions of IS: 14697/1999 and shall be capable of measuring 50 Hz energy and total energy. In this case, meter shall indicate mechanism of 50Hz energy measurement, sampling rate, accuracy of current measurement under the presence of harmonics. Alternatively meter shall comply with IEC 62053-22:2003 and shall be capable of measuring total energy consisting of fundamental energy and harmonics energy. In this case percentage distortion due to harmonics should be available in the graphics.

The fundamental and total energy shall be logged in the meter memory and be capable of downloading to the BCS through the HHU and be available for viewing at the BCS end.

# 3.27 SELF DIAGNOSTIC FEATURE:

The meter shall be capable of performing complete self-diagnostic check to monitor the circuits for any malfunctioning to ensure integrity of data memory location all the time. The meter shall have indications for unsatisfactory / nonfunctioning / malfunctioning of the following as per the requirement under Annex G 19 of IS 14697. :

- (a) Time and date.
- (b) Real Time Clock (RTC) battery.
- (c) All display segments.
- (d) Non-volatile memory.

The details of unsatisfactory/non-functioning /malfunctioning of time and date should additionally be recorded in the meter memory and available for viewing at BCS end either directly or through comparison with CMRI date and time.

The details of self-diagnostic capability feature should be furnished by the bidder.

#### 3.28 TAMPER AND FRAUD PROTECTION:

The meter shall atleast be immune to tampers elaborated in IS: 14697(Annexure G-10). The meter should have features to detect the occurrence and restoration of, at least, the following common ways of tamper and fraud:

- a) Missing Potential: The meter shall be capable of detecting and recording phasewise occurrences and restoration events of missing potential (one phase or two phases) as on meter terminals which can happen due to intentional / accidental disconnection of potential links (leads) with date and time, along with the total number of such events for all phases. Absence of one or more phase voltage from mains side should not be recorded as missing potential.
- **b) Neutral Disturbance:** The meter shall be capable of detecting occurrences and restoration of injection of spurious signals on the neutral of the meter, such as DC signals through diodes etc., which affect the meter functionality and energy recording.
- c) Current Reversal: The meter shall be capable of detecting and recording phase wise occurrences and restoration of current reversal of one or more phases
- d) CT Short (Bypass) & Current Circuit Open (Failure): The meter shall be capable of detecting and recording occurrences and restoration of shorting (bypassing) and opening (failure) of any one or two phases of current circuit when the meter is connected to a 3 phase

4 wire system or 3 phase 3 wire system. The No-load condition should not be recorded as tamper.

**e) Current Unbalance:** The meter shall be capable of detecting and recording occurrences and restoration of current unbalance as a tamper event only

The threshold values for voltage, current and power factor etc. for the purpose of logging occurrence and restoration of various type of tamper shall be as per Annexure `B'

# f) Magnetic Influences:

The meter should record the presence of abnormal external magnetic fields alongwith date and time.

Snapshots (numerical values) of voltage, current, power factor and energy (kWh) readings as well as the date and time of logging of the occurrence and restoration of all tamper events, subject to meter-memory space as described herein under, should be logged in the meter-memory and available for retrieving through the meter's optical port via CMRI and downloading to the BCS.

- g) **Cover Open Tamper** If the meter cover is opened, the meter shall log this as tamper and shall display "Open" with date and time of such opening and should not restore in any condition (in power on as well as power off condition) in blinking display on the LCD alongwith other display parameters, so that it is immediately noticed by the meter reader and same shall be downloaded in CMRI.
- h) **High voltage and high frequency-** The accuracy of the meter should not be affected with the application of abnormal voltage/ frequency generating device such as spark dischager of approximately 35 KV. The meter shall be tested by feeding the output of such device(s)to meter in any of the following manner for 10 minutes:-
- i) On phase and neutral terminals.
- ii) On any connecting wires of the meters.
- iii) Voltage discharge with 0 to 10mm spark gap.
- iv) Spark on meter body.
- v) At any place in load circuit.

The accuracy of the meter shall be checked before and after the application of above device(s) with site conditions.

# 3.29 TAMPER LOGIC:

As per the guideline issued by CPRI, Banglore.

# 3.30 TAMPER PERSISTENCE TIME:

The persistence time for logging/ registration of an occurrence of a tamper should be 5 minutes +/- 10 seconds. The persistence time for logging of restoration of tamper should not be more than 120 seconds.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 18 -

# **3.31 ACCURACY REQUIREMENT:**

The accuracy of parameters measured by meters shall be tested in accordance with the relevant standards described in clause 3.02 of this specification. For apparent energy, accuracy testing shall be done in accordance with the provisions of Annexure G-7 of IS: 14697-1999. Time accuracy of the meter should be as per Annexure G-18 of IS: 14697-1999.

# **3.32 ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENT:**

The electrical requirement of the meter shall be as specified in the relevant Standards described in clause 3.02 of this specification.

# 3.33 ELECTROMAGNETIC COMPATIBILITY AND INTERFERENCE:

The meter shall meet EMI/EMC requirement as specified in the relevant Standards described in clause 3.02 of this specification and shall also be protected against radiated interferences from either magnetic or radio frequency sources.

# 3.34 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENT:

The meter shall be capable of meeting the mechanical requirement as specified in the relevant standards described in clause 3.02 of this specification.

# 3.35 CLIMATIC INFLUENCE REQUIREMENT:

The meter shall meet the requirement of dry heat / cold / damp heat / cold / damp heat cyclic test as per the relevant standards described in clause 3.02 of this specification.

# 3.36 MINIMUM TESTING FACILITIES:

The tenderer should have the necessary testing facility for carrying out the following tests: -

- i. AC voltage test.
- ii. Insulation resistance test.
- iii. Test of limits of errors.
- iv. Test of meter constant.
- v. Test of starting condition.
- vi. Test of no load condition.
- vii. Repeatability of error test.
- viii. Test for power consumption
- ix. Vibration test.
- x. Tamper conditions-as per purchaser specification.
- xi. Shock test.

#### Notes: -

- a) Manufacturer should possess fully computerized Meter Test Bench system for carrying out the relevant routine/acceptance tests as well facility to generate Test Reports for each and every meter tested.
- b) Manufacturer should have duly calibrated Electronic Reference Standard (ERS) meter of class 0.05 accuracy or better. Where testing facilities do not exist at the Supplier's

Works for Shock and Vibration Testing as per the relevant standards, these two tests may be carried out in accordance with the provisions of IS: 13010 with latest amendments.

# **5.39 TESTS:**

The test reports/certificate/records for all type tests specified having been successfully performed on the type of the meter offered shall be submitted with the tender. The bidder shall clearly bring out the deviations from this specification clause whether on account of tests or manufacturing process or features incorporated in the meter. The tender lacking with above information and without supporting test reports for meter meeting the requirement of tests laid in this specification are likely to be rejected.

# a)- Type tests:

The Energy meter compatible with DLMS protocol offered shall be fully type tested at any of the test laboratories mentioned below by the bidder as per relevant standards but test reports shall not be more than two years old from the date of opening of bid. The bidder shall furnish two sets of type test reports along with the bid.

# S.No Name of Testing Laboratory.

- 1. N.P.L; New Delhi.
- 2. *E.R.T. L (N) New Delhi*.
- *3. E.R.T.L (W) Mumbai.*
- *E.R.T* .*L* (*E*) *Kolkata*.
- 5. *E.R.T.L(S) Thiruaanandapuram*.
- 6. C.P.R.I Bangalore/Bhopal.
- 7. ERDA, Vadodara.

# b)- Acceptance tests:

The Supplier in the presence of the Purchaser's representative shall carry out all acceptance tests as stipulated in the relevant standards. The following additional tests shall also be carried out on meters from each lot offered for inspection as per the relevant standards on selected samples:

- Shock test.
- Vibration test.
- Magnetic Induction of External Origin, and
- Verification of tamper and fraud detection features and threshold values as per specifications and subsequent agreement between the Supplier and Purchaser.

**Note:** Where testing facilities do not exist at the Supplier's works for shock and vibration testing as per the relevant standards, these two tests may be carried out in accordance with the provisions of IS: 3010 with latest amendments.

#### c)- Routine test:

All routine tests as stipulated in the relevant standards shall be carried out and routine test certificates/reports shall be submitted to the Purchaser for approval and also placed inside individual meter packing.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 20 -

#### 3.40 FIELD/LABORATORY TESTING OF METER:

The supplier should furnish detailed write up for the procedure to be adopted for error testing of the meters in the laboratory and at site/field.

# 3.41 FURNISHING OF SAMPLES:

One sample each of HT-TVM of 0.5 S class meeting the requirements of this specification should be furnished along with bid for checking and testing in our Meter Testing Laboratory at Jaipur in presence of bidders representative or at independent test laboratory, at the discretion of purchaser.

The sample(s) should be duly labelled and with full address of the firm with tender enquiry number and date thereupon. Sample(s) should be handed over personally or sent by post before due date of tender opening. Sample shall not be received against RR or through G/R. After finalization of the tender, the unsuccessful bidder(s) will collect their sample(s) so submitted otherwise department does not hold itself responsible for safe custody of sample(s) so received. The offer received without sample(s) is liable to be ignored.

The meter cover shall be ultrasonically welded with the meter base. The sample meter to be sent along with bid may not be ultrasonically welded with the meter base, as at the time of sample testing it has to be opened to ascertain conformity of meter as per specification. However, before commencement of supply, sample has to be got approved with ultrasonically welded meter by the successful bidder.

The meter sample should be sealed with the bidder's seal(s). The details of logic and threshold values for various kinds of tampers as proposed and incorporated by the bidder in their meter samples shall be furnished along with the meter sample(s).

#### Tests to be conducted:

- i) Starting condition test.
- ii) Power consumption test.
- iii) Repeatability of error test. '
- iv) Accuracy requirements.
- v) Voltage Variation Test (-30% to +20%).
- vi) Tamper and fraud protection test: Tests to prove compliance to this specification.
- vii) A.C. and D.C. Magnetic Immunity test.

# 3.42 QUALITY ASSURANCE PLAN:

The Bidder shall invariable furnish the following information along with bid, failing which his bid shall be liable for rejection. Information shall be separately given for individual type of material offered.

i)- Statement giving list of important raw materials, names of sub-suppliers for the raw materials, list of standards according to which the raw materials are tested, list of tests normally carried out on raw materials in presence of Bidder's representative and copies of test certificates.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 21 -

ii)- Information and copies of test certificates as in (i) above in respect of bought out accessories.

- iii)- List of manufacturing facilities available.
- iv)- Level of automation achieved and list of areas where manual processing exists.
- v)- List of areas in manufacturing process where stage inspections are normally carried out for quality control and details of such tests and inspections.
- vi)- List of testing equipment available with the bidder for final testing of equipment specified and test-plant limitations, if any, vis-à-vis the type, special acceptance and routine tests specified in the relevant standards and this specification. These limitations shall be very clearly brought out in a separate schedule of deviations from specified test requirements.

The successful bidder shall within 30 days of placement of order, submit following information to the purchaser:

- i) List of raw materials as well as bought out accessories and the names of subsuppliers selected from those furnished along with offers.
- ii) Type test certificates of the raw materials and bought our accessories if required by the purchaser.
- iii) Quality assurance plan (QAP) with hold points for purchaser's inspection. The quality assurance plan and purchasers hold points shall be discussed between the purchaser and bidder before the QAP is finalized.

The contractor shall operate systems, which implement the following:

- i) Hold point: A stage in the material procurement or workmanship process beyond which work shall not proceed without the documental approval of designated individuals or organizations. The purchaser's written approval is required to authorize work to progress beyond the hold points indicated in quality assurance plans.
- ii) Notification Point: A stage in the material procurement or workmanship process for which advance notice of the activity is required to facilitate witness. If the purchaser does not attend after receiving documented notification in accordance with the agreed procedures and with the correct period of notice then work may proceed.

The successful bidder shall submit the routine test certificates of bought out accessories and central excise passes for raw material at the time of routine testing if required by the purchaser and ensure that Quality Assurance requirements of this specification are followed by the sub-contractors.

The Quality Assurance programme of the contractor shall consist of the quality systems and quality plans with the following details:

- i)- Quality System:
- The structure of the organization.
- The duties and responsibilities assigned to staff ensuring quality of work.
- The system for purchasing, taking delivery and verification of materials.
- The system for ensuring quality workmanship.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 22 -

- The system for retention of records.
- The arrangements for contractor's internal auditing.
- A list of administration and work procedures required to achieve and verify contract's quality requirements. These procedures shall be made readily available to the project manager for inspection on request.

# ii)- Quality Plans:

- An outline of the proposed work and programmed sequence.
- The structure of the contractor's organization for the contract.
- The duties and responsibilities assigned to staff ensuring quality of work.
- Hold and Notification points.
- Submission of engineering documents required by the specification.
- The inspection of materials and components on receipt.
- Reference to the contractor's work procedures appropriate to each activity.
- Inspection during fabrication/construction.
- Final inspection and test.

# 3.43 GUARANTEE:

The equipments supplied should be guaranteed for their performance for a minimum period of five years from the date of commissioning or five and half years from the date of receipt in stores whichever date is earlier. The equipment found defective within the above guarantee period shall be repaired/replaced by the supplier free of cost within one month of receipt of intimation.

The supplier shall also furnish an undertaking that there shall be no drift in the accuracy class of the meter for a minimum period of 10 years from the date of supply.

The supplier shall arrange to provide free training at places as desired by the purchaser for use of meter/Computer Software etc. The supplier shall provide competent and timely after sales service support.

#### 3.44 INSPECTION:

The purchaser's representative may carry out the inspection during manufacture and before dispatch. The supplier shall keep the purchaser informed in advance, about the manufacturing programme so that the purchaser can arrange for inspection.

The manufacturer shall grant free access to the purchaser's representative at a reasonable time, when the work is in progress. Inspection and acceptance of any equipment under this specification by the purchaser shall not relieve the supplier of his obligation of furnishing the equipment in accordance with the specification and shall not prevent subsequent rejection if the equipment is found to be defective.

All acceptance tests including other special tests as given in this specification and inspection shall be gone at the place of the manufacturer unless otherwise especially agreed upon by the Bidder and Purchaser at the time of purchase.

The purchaser reserves the right to insist for witnessing the acceptance/routine testing of the bought out items.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 23 -

The supplier shall give 15 days advance intimation to enable the purchaser to depute his representative for witnessing the acceptance and routine tests. Material shall be despatched only after getting the dispatch authorization from the purchaser or his authorized representative, after successful inspection/testing.

The bidder shall afford the inspectors representing the purchaser all reasonable facilities without charge, to satisfy him that the equipment is being furnished in accordance with this specification during stage inspection, if any, and final inspection.

# 3.45 NUMBER OF SAMPLES AND CRITERIA FOR CONFORMITY:

The recommended sampling plan and the criteria for acceptance of the lot shall be as per Annexure-E of IS: 14697:1999 for the type of meters covered in this specification.

# 3.46 PACKING:

a)- The equipments shall be suitably packed in order to avoid damage or disturbance during transit or handling.

Each meter may be suitably packed in the first instance to prevent ingress of dust and moisture and then placed in cushioned carton of a suitable material to prevent damage due to shocks during transit. The lid of the cartoon may be suitably sealed. A suitable number of sealed cartons may be packed in a case of adequate strength with extra cushioning, if considered necessary. The cases may then be properly sealed against accidental opening in transit. The packing cases may be marked to indicate the fragile nature of the contents.

- b)- The following information shall be furnished with the consignment:
  - Name of consignee.
  - Details of consignment.
  - Destination.
  - Total weight of consignment.
  - Sign showing upper/lower side of the crate.
  - Sign showing fragility of the material.
  - Handling and unpacking instructions.
  - Bill of material indicating contents of each package and spare materials.

# **3.47 DOCUMENTATION:**

All drawings shall conform to International Standards Organization(s) ISO) 'A' series of drawings sheet/Indian Standards Specifications IS: 656. All drawings shall be in ink and suitable for microfilming. All dimensions and data shall be in S.I. Units.

List of drawings and documents: -

The bidder shall furnish the following along with bid:

- i) Two sets of drawings showing clearly the general arrangements, fitting details, electrical connections etc.
- ii) Technical leaflets (User's Manual) giving operating instructions for the meter.

The manufacturing of the equipment shall be strictly in accordance with the approved drawings and no deviation shall be permitted without the written approval of the purchaser.

Spec--HT LT TVM - 24 -

All manufacturing and fabrication work in connection with the equipment prior to the approval of the drawing shall be at the supplier's risk.

Approval of drawings/work by purchaser shall not relieve the supplier of his responsibility and liability for ensuring correctness and correct interpretation of the drawings for meeting the requirements of the latest revision of application standards, rules and codes of practices. The equipment shall conform in all respects to high standards of engineering, design, workmanship and latest revisions of relevant standards at the time of ordering and

purchaser shall have the power to reject any work or materials which in his judgment is not in full accordance therewith.

The successful Bidder shall, within 2 weeks of placement of order, submit three sets of final versions of all the drawings as stipulated in the purchase order for purchaser's approval. The purchaser shall communicate his comments/approval on the drawings to the supplier within two weeks. The supplier shall if necessary modify the drawings and resubmit three copies of the modified drawings for their approval. The supplier shall within two weeks submit 30 prints and 2 good quality report copies of the approved drawings for purchaser's use.

Eight sets of operating manuals/technical leaflets shall be supplied to each consignee for the first instance of supply.

One set of routine test certificate shall accompany each dispatch consignment.

The acceptance test certificates, in case predespatch inspection or routine test certificates, in cases where inspection is waived, shall be got approved from the purchaser.

# 3.48 SCHEDULES:

The tenderer shall fill in the following schedules, which are part and parcel of the tender specification and offer. If the schedules are not submitted duly filled in with the offer, the offer shall be liable for rejection.

Schedule' A-II'- Guaranteed Technical Particulars of HTTVM.

All deviations from the specification shall be brought out in the schedules of deviations (Schedule VI, VII). The discrepancies, if any between the specification and the catalogues and / or literatures submitted as part of the offer by the bidders shall also be brought out.

If it is observed that there are deviations in the offer in Guaranteed Technical Particulars other than those specified in the deviation schedules then such deviations shall be treated as deviations.

# 3.49 GENERAL INFORMATION:

- (a) Frequent changes in specifications during currency of contract will be avoided and if required the same shall be effected on mutually agreed basis.
- (b) For any further query regarding DLMS protocol refer to guideline document for Data Exchange for Electricity meter reading, tariff and load control issued by CPRI, Banglore.

# Annexure- A

# **Parameter Code List**

List of most common parameters. Parameters codes for other parameters can be generated in similar way:-

Parameter Code R-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage B-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage B-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-1-1-1-0 R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral Current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Py-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph paparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 P4-2-1-0-0 P-2-2-1-0 P-3-3-1-0 P-3-3-1-	generated in similar way	1
Y-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage B-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-1-10 R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-1-10 Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-1-10 Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-1-2-10 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-2-10 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-2-10 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-10 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-3-10 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-10 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-10 Instantaneous neutral current P2-3-3-10 Instantaneous neutral current P2-3-3-10 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-10 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-10 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-10 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-10 P3-3-10 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-2-10 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-10 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-2-10 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-10 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-1-10 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-2-10 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-10 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-1-10 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-10-0 P4-1-10-0 P4-1-10-0 P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-1-0-10 Active export total P7-1-15-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Parameter description	Parameter Code
B-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Active current R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-1-1-0 R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-2-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-2-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-1-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P3-3-1-1-0 P3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 P3-3-1-1-0 P3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-2-1-0 B-ph paparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph apparent power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph instantaneous Power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 P4-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 P-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 Py-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Py-1-1-5-1-0 Py-1-1-5-		P1-1-1-0
System phase to neutral instantaneous voltage R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Active current R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-1-0 R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-2-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P3-2-1-1-0 P3-3-1-1-0 P3-4-1-1-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0	Y-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage	P1-1-2-1-0
R-Phase phase to neutral Line current R-Phase phase to neutral Active current R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-1-1-0 R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-1-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-1-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Ph active total instantaneous power P3-3-2-1-1-0 B-Ph active total instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-Ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-2-1-0 B-Ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-Ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-Ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 P-9-1-1-0 B-Ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B-Ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 B-Ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 B-Ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 B-Ph instantaneous power Factor P4-4-1-0-0 P4-4-1-0-0 Power Factor angle R-Ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-Ph wrt R-Ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-Ph wrt R-Ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-Ph reactive instantaneous P7-1-5-2-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0	B-Phase phase to neutral instantaneous voltage	P1-1-3-1-0
R-Phase phase to neutral Active current R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-4-1-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P5-1-0-0-0 P0wer Factor angle P-ph P6-1-0-0 P0wer Factor angle P-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle P-ph P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0	System phase to neutral instantaneous voltage	P1-1-4-1-0
R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-2-1-0 Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-3-3-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-0 B-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 B-ph instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import total P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	R-Phase phase to neutral Line current	P2-1-1-1-0
Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-1-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph instantaneous Power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import total P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	R-Phase phase to neutral Active current	P2-2-1-1-0
Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-2-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Line current P2-1-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Active current P2-3-3-1-0 B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph instantaneous Power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import total P7-1-5-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	R-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current	P2-3-1-1-0
Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current B-Phase phase to neutral Line current B-Phase phase to neutral Line current B-Phase phase to neutral Active current B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System active instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 P3-2-2-1-0 B-ph active total instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-3-3-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P3-4-2-1-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-1-1-0-0 P4-2-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-3-1-0-0 P4-4-1-0-0 Voltage angle P-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle P-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total P7-1-5-2-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	Y-Phase phase to neutral Line current	P2-1-2-1-0
B-Phase phase to neutral Line current B-Phase phase to neutral Active current B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Py-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-2-1-0 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 Py-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Py-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous Power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-5-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental	Y-Phase phase to neutral Active current	P2-2-2-1-0
B-Phase phase to neutral Active current B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current P2-3-3-1-0 Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 B-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 P-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import total P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Y-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current	P2-3-2-1-0
B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current Instantaneous neutral current P2-0-4-1-0 System active total instantaneous power P3-2-4-1-0 System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-4-4-1-0 R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-2-1-0 B-ph active total instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 Y-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 Y-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-0 Y-ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P4-4-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import total P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	B-Phase phase to neutral Line current	P2-1-3-1-0
Instantaneous neutral current  System active total instantaneous power  P3-2-4-1-0  System reactive instantaneous power  P3-3-4-1-0  System apparent instantaneous power  R-ph active total instantaneous power  P3-2-1-1-0  Y-ph active total instantaneous power  P3-2-1-1-0  Y-ph active total instantaneous power  P3-2-3-1-0  R-ph reactive instantaneous power  R-ph reactive instantaneous power  P3-3-3-1-1-0  Y-ph reactive instantaneous power  P3-3-3-1-0  R-ph apparent instantaneous power  P3-3-3-1-0  R-ph apparent instantaneous power  P3-4-1-1-0  Y-ph apparent instantaneous power  P3-4-2-1-0  B-ph instantaneous Power Factor  P4-1-1-0-0  Y-ph instantaneous power Factor  P4-2-1-0-0  B-ph instantaneous power Factor  P4-3-1-0-0  Average instantaneous power Factor  P4-4-1-0-0  Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph  P5-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle R-ph  P6-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle B-ph  Active import total  Active export total  Active forwarded fundamental  Active forwarded fundamental  Active forwarded total  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0	B-Phase phase to neutral Active current	P2-2-3-1-0
System active total instantaneous power System reactive instantaneous power P3-3-4-1-0 System apparent instantaneous power R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-2-1-0 B-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 R-ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	B-Phase phase to neutral Reactive current	P2-3-3-1-0
System reactive instantaneous power  System apparent instantaneous power  R-ph active total instantaneous power  P3-2-1-1-0  Y-ph active total instantaneous power  B-ph active total instantaneous power  R-ph active total instantaneous power  B-ph active instantaneous power  R-ph reactive instantaneous power  R-ph reactive instantaneous power  P3-3-1-10  Y-ph reactive instantaneous power  B-ph reactive instantaneous power  P3-3-3-1-0  R-ph apparent instantaneous power  R-ph apparent instantaneous power  P3-4-1-1-0  Y-ph apparent power  R-ph instantaneous Power Factor  P4-1-1-0-0  Y-ph instantaneous power Factor  P4-2-1-0-0  B-ph instantaneous power Factor  P4-3-1-0-0  Average instantaneous power Factor  P4-4-1-0-0  Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph  P5-1-0-0-0  Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph  P6-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle R-ph  P6-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle B-ph  Active import fundamental  P7-1-5-1-0  Active export fundamental  P7-1-6-1-0  Active forwarded fundamental  P7-1-18-1-0  Active forwarded total  P7-1-18-2-0  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0	Instantaneous neutral current	P2-0-4-1-0
System apparent instantaneous power R-ph active total instantaneous power P3-2-1-1-0 Y-ph active total instantaneous power B-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor R-ph-1-1-0-0 R-power Factor R-ph instantaneous power Factor R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0 R-2-1-0-0-0 R-2-1-1-0-0-0 R-2-1-1-1-0-0-0 R-2-1-1-1-1-0 R-2-1-1-1-1-0 R-2-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	System active total instantaneous power	P3-2-4-1-0
R-ph active total instantaneous power Y-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor R-2-1-0-0 R-yoltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-8-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	System reactive instantaneous power	P3-3-4-1-0
Y-ph active total instantaneous power B-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 Y-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-2-1-0 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Power Factor angle Y-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total Active export fundamental P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0	System apparent instantaneous power	P3-4-4-1-0
B-ph active total instantaneous power R-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-1-1-0 Y-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-2-1-0 B-ph reactive instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	R-ph active total instantaneous power	P3-2-1-1-0
R-ph reactive instantaneous power Y-ph reactive instantaneous power B-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor R-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Y-ph active total instantaneous power	P3-2-2-1-0
Y-ph reactive instantaneous power B-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-3-3-1-0 Y-ph apparent instantaneous power P3-4-1-1-0 B- ph apparent power P3-4-2-1-0 B- ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle Y-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	B-ph active total instantaneous power	P3-2-3-1-0
B-ph reactive instantaneous power R-ph apparent instantaneous power Y-ph apparent instantaneous power B-3-4-1-1-0 Y-ph apparent power B- ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P4-4-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	R-ph reactive instantaneous power	P3-3-1-1-0
R-ph apparent instantaneous power Y-ph apparent instantaneous power B- ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P-1-10-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P-2-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P-2-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle Y-ph P-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P-1-5-1-0 Active import fundamental P-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P-1-13-1-0	Y-ph reactive instantaneous power	P3-3-2-1-0
Y-ph apparent instantaneous power B- ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor Average instantaneous power Factor Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total Active export fundamental P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	B-ph reactive instantaneous power	P3-3-3-1-0
B- ph apparent power R-ph instantaneous Power Factor P4-1-1-0-0 Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P4-4-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total Active export total P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0		P3-4-1-1-0
R-ph instantaneous Power Factor Y-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-2-1-0-0 B-ph instantaneous power Factor P4-3-1-0-0 Average instantaneous power Factor P4-4-1-0-0 Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P5-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-1-0-0-0 Power Factor angle Y-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle B-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Y-ph apparent instantaneous power	P3-4-2-1-0
Y-ph instantaneous power Factor  B-ph instantaneous power Factor  Average instantaneous power Factor  P4-3-1-0-0  Average instantaneous power Factor  P4-4-1-0-0  Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph  P5-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle R-ph  P6-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle Y-ph  P6-2-0-0-0  Power Factor angle B-ph  P6-3-0-0-0  Active import fundamental  P7-1-5-1-0  Active export fundamental  P7-1-6-1-0  Active export total  P7-1-6-2-0  Active forwarded fundamental  P7-1-18-1-0  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0	B- ph apparent power	P3-4-2-1-0
B-ph instantaneous power Factor  Average instantaneous power Factor  Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph  P5-1-0-0-0  Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph  P6-1-0-0-0  Power Factor angle R-ph  P6-2-0-0-0  Power Factor angle B-ph  P6-3-0-0-0  Active import fundamental  Active export fundamental  P7-1-5-1-0  Active export total  Active forwarded total  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0	R-ph instantaneous Power Factor	P4-1-1-0-0
Average instantaneous power Factor  Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph  P5-1-0-0-0  Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph  P6-2-0-0-0  Power Factor angle R-ph  P6-2-0-0-0  Power Factor angle Y-ph  P6-3-0-0-0  Active import fundamental  P7-1-5-1-0  Active export fundamental  P7-1-6-1-0  Active export total  P7-1-6-2-0  Active forwarded fundamental  P7-1-18-1-0  Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental  P7-1-13-1-0	Y-ph instantaneous power Factor	P4-2-1-0-0
Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph P5-1-0-0-0 Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle R-ph P6-2-0-0-0 Power Factor angle Y-ph P6-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total P7-1-6-1-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	B-ph instantaneous power Factor	P4-3-1-0-0
Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph Power Factor angle R-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle B-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle X-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Po	Average instantaneous power Factor	P4-4-1-0-0
Power Factor angle R-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle B-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle P-ph Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle P-ph Power	Voltage angle Y-ph wrt R-ph	P5-1-0-0-0
Power Factor angle Y-ph Power Factor angle B-ph Po-3-0-0-0 Active import fundamental Pr-1-5-1-0 Active import total Pr-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental Pr-1-6-1-0 Active export total Pr-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental Pr-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total Pr-1-13-1-0 Pr-1-13-1-0	Voltage angle B-ph wrt R-ph	P5-2-0-0-0
Power Factor angle B-ph Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total P7-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-13-1-0 P7-1-13-1-0	Power Factor angle R-ph	P6-1-0-0-0
Active import fundamental P7-1-5-1-0 Active import total P7-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Power Factor angle Y-ph	P6-2-0-0-0
Active import total P7-1-5-2-0 Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Power Factor angle B-ph	P6-3-0-0-0
Active export fundamental P7-1-6-1-0 Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Active import fundamental	P7-1-5-1-0
Active export total P7-1-6-2-0 Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Active import total	P7-1-5-2-0
Active forwarded fundamental P7-1-18-1-0 Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Active export fundamental	P7-1-6-1-0
Active forwarded total P7-1-18-2-0 Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Active export total	P7-1-6-2-0
Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental P7-1-13-1-0	Active forwarded fundamental	P7-1-18-1-0
	Active forwarded total	P7-1-18-2-0
Active Sum (Imp+Exp) total P7-1-13-2-0	Active Sum (Imp+Exp) fundamental	P7-1-13-1-0
	Active Sum (Imp+Exp) total	P7-1-13-2-0

Spec--HT LT TVM - 26 -

Active net (Imp+Exp) fundamental	P7-1-14-1-0
Active net (Imp+Exp) total	P7-1-14-2-0
Reactive import	P7-2-7-0-0
Reactive export	P7-2-8-0-0
Reactive all 4 quadrant	P7-2-13-1-0
Reactive Q1	P7-2-1-0-0
Reactive Q2	P7-2-2-0-0
Reactive Q3	P7-2-3-0-0
Reactive Q4	P7-2-4-0-0
Reactive Q1+Q4	P7-2-5-0-0
Reactive Q2+Q3	P7-2-6-0-0
Reactive Q1-Q4	P7-2-9-0-0
Reactive Q2-Q3	P7-2-11-0-0
Apparent Sum (all Quadrants)	P7-3-13-0-0
Apparent while active import (Q1+Q4)	P7-3-5-0-0
Apparent while active export (Q2+Q3)	P7-3-6-0-0
Apparent Net	P7-3-14-0-0
Apparent Q1	P7-3-1-0-0
Apparent Q2	P7-3-2-0-0
Apparent Q3	P7-3-3-0-0
Apparent Q4	P7-3-4-0-0
Phase sequence	P8-0-0-0
Frequency	P9-0-0-0

# **Events Data**

Codes can be defined for each event such as

Code	Events
1.	R phase potential missing
2.	Y phase potential missing
3	B phase potential missing
4	R phase CT reversal
5	Y phase CT reversal
6	B phase CT reversal
7	Load imbalance
8	Load unbalance – R phase
9	Load unbalance – Y phase
10	Load unbalance – B phase
11	Overload (current)
12	Low Power Factor
13	Power failed
14	Unbalance voltage
15	Unbalance voltage – R phase
16	Unbalance voltage – Y phase
17	Unbalance voltage – B phase
18	Invalid voltage inputs - occurred
19	CT short
20	CT short – R phase

Spec--HT\_LT\_TVM - 27 -

21	CT short – Y phase
22	CT short – B phase
23	CT open
24	CT open – R phase
25	CT open – Y phase
26	CT open – B phase
27	Magnet
28	Neutral disturbance

Annexure- B

Tamper Logics for HT-TVM

Persistence time: 5 Min. Restoration Time: 1 Min. (60 Sec.)

<b>Tamper Events</b>	Occurrence	Restoration
1. Missing Potential		
a. Voltage	< 20% Vb	>40% Vb

Spec--HT LT TVM - 28 -

SpecHT LT TVM		- 28
b. Current	> 10% Ib	Ignored.
2. CT Polarity Reversal		
a. Line Current in tampered phase	> 5% Ib (in reverse	> 10% Ib (in
	direction)	forward direction)
b. Power Factor.	>0.1	>0.1
3. CT Open		
a. Line current in tampered phase	< 2% Ib	> 5% Ib.
b. Line current in other phases	> 10% Ib	>5% Ib.
c. Load current in tampered phase	> 10% Ib	Ignore
4. CT Bypass		
a. By Pass Current	> 20% Ib	< 10% Ib (current
		in tampered phase)
5. Current unbalance		
a. Maximum current – Minimum current	> 30% Ib	< 10% Ib
6. Neutral Disturbance		
a. DC current injected on neutral from	If meter detect	removal of DC
load side by mean of electronic circuit	voltage greater than	injection
using diodes after removal/ disconnection	1.25 times of Vref.	
of neutral.		
7. Interference of Magnetic field		
a. Presence of Magnetic field	Magnetic field which	removal of
	affects accurate	magnetic field.
	Meter recording.	

Spec--HT LT TVM - 29 -

# **SCHEDULE A- II**

# GUARANTEED PARTICULAR FOR 3 PHASE 4 WIRE HT/LT TRIVECTOR METER OF ACCURACY CLASS 0.5S WITH DLMS PROTOCOL.

S. N.	Description	Requirements as per specifications.	Technical Particulars offered
1	Name of manufacturer and address.		
a).	Traine of manaracturer and address.		
b)	Type /designation of meter offered		
c)	Class of accuracy of		
i.	KWh Recording	Class 0.5S	
ii.	KVArh Recording	Class 0.5S	
iii.	KVAh Recording	Class 0.5S	
iv.	KVA MD Recording	Class 0.5S	
d)	Standard applicable	IS: 14697 / IEC: 687 /CBIP-	
		304& guidelines issued by	
		CPRI, Bangalore	
e)	Whether meter bears BIS certification mark		
2	Type of meter (i.e. No. of element)	3 Phase 4 wire, HT/LT, 3-	
		element type meter.	
3	RATING AND GENERAL PARTIC		
a)	Reference Voltage	110V (Phase to Phase) 63.5	
		Volts (Phase to Neutral) /	
		240V(Phase to neutral)	
b)	Basic current	5 Amps.	
c)	Maximum continuous current	10 Amps.	
d)	Power supply variation: Whether	Offered meters are capable to	
	meter is suitable for working with	work satisfactorily under	
	following supply system variation.	following range:	
	Specified operating range		
i.	Limit range operation	0.8 to 1.15 V of Vref.	
ii.	Frequency range	0.7 to 1.2 V of Vref.	
iii.	D. C.	50±5% Hz. (Ref. freq. 50Hz)	
e)	Power factor range	0 lag – unity – 0 lead.	
f)	Ambient temperature range	(-) 5°C to (+) 60° C	
g)	Whether meter base and cover are ultrasonically welded.		
h)	Material used for meter housing		
i.	Meter Base	Engineering plastic material	
ii.	Meter cover	will be used for meter base,	
iii.	Terminal Block Housing	cover, terminal block	
iv.	Terminal block Cover (Transparent)	housing and terminal block	
		cover. Terminal block cover	
	WIL 1 200	will be transparent.	
i)	Whether components on the PCB are	All components on the PCB	
	surface mounted ?	will be of SMT type.	

Spec--HT LT TVM - 30 -

	SpecHILIIVM		- 30 -
j)	Whether all parts that are likely to develop corrosion are effectively protected against corrosion? if so, name the type of treatment for this purpose	Yes, protected with conformal coating on electronic component	
k)	Whether sealing arrangement provided on front side of meter for following: Meter Body	Following type of sealing arrangement will be provided for offered meters:	
i. ii.	Terminal cover	Arrangement of two seals (can be sealed by	
iii	M.D reset button (only if button	purchaser on front side.) Arrangement of two seals, which can be sealed by	
	provided) Communication port Sealing arrangement should be	purchaser.  MD reset push button not	
iv.	explained.	provided.  Arrangement of one seal through optical cover, which can be sealed by purchaser.	
1)	Whether name plate provided on meter bear the information as per guideline of CPRI, BANGLORE.	All information as indicated in column 1 will be provided on meter rating plate.	
m )	Whether meter serial No is Programmed into meter memory	Yes to be programmed	
i.	for identification through HHU Available on meter display. Available thru bar code with	into meter memory for identification through HHU.	
ii. iii	month&year.	Yes required. Yes required	
n)	Insulation resistance	As per the CBIP report No 304/IEC62052-11-2003.	
o)	A.C. (rms) withstands voltage for current circuits and metal case.	As per the CBIP report No 304/IEC62052-11-2003.	
p)	Burden and watt loss of voltage circuit per phase	As per CBIP report No.304 or IEC: 62052-11- 2003	
q)	Burden of current circuit per phase	As per CBIP report No.304 or IEC: 62052-11-2003.	
r)	Size and material of current/potential /neutral terminal	Brass M-6 size of screws will be provided for voltage, current & neutral terminals.	
s)	Terminal hole size for current	Appx. 4.5 mm ±0.6mm	

Spec--HT LT TVM - 31 -

	SpecHT LT TVM		- 31 -
t)	No. & size & material of screws	Two numbers M-6 size of	
u)	for each current terminal Size of terminal hole for potential	Appx. 3.0 mm ±0.5 mm	
( u)	terminal.	пррм. 3.0 mm ±0.3 mm	
v)	No. and size and material of	Two numbers of M-6 size.	
	screws for each potential terminal.		
W	Whether earthing terminal		
)	provided outside or inside the		
x)	meter body.  Overall dimension of meter with		
11)	±% tolerance.		
y)	Weight of the meter.	Not more than $1.2 \text{ kg} \pm 0.2$	
		kg appx.	
z)	Short time current withstands	As per CBIP report	
	capability.	No.304 or IEC: 62052-11-2003.	
za	Minimum centre-to-centre	Minimum centre to centre	
)	distance between adjacent	distance between adjacent	
,	terminals.	terminals will be 11.4 mm.	
4.	DISPLAY SEQUENCE:		
_	XX/1 (1 1' 1		
A	Whether display parameters are available If Yes, please also	parameters will be displayed as per guideline	
)	describe method of displays:	of CPRI,Banglore	
5	Whether meter is provided with	Yes, to be Provided in the	
i)	test output accessible from the	form of a blinking LED.	
	front of the meter?		
	Details of test output device	To be Provided in the form	
::7	provided for kWh, KVARh &	of single LED for all the	
ii)	KVAh.	three vectors. Pulses for Load >10% &	
	Necessary number of pulse		
	count(s) to ensure measurement of	provided.	
iii	accuracy of at least 1/10 of class		
)	of meter		
	Whether it is possible to	V 4 -1-11 11-1-4-	
	satisfactorily conduct accuracy test at lower load in less than 5	Yes, it shall be possible to conduct accuracy test at	
	minutes and starting any test in	lower load within its limits	
	less than 10 minutes.		
iv			
)		**	
6	Whether meter is provided with a	Yes, galvanically isolated	
	galvanically isolated communication port suitable for	communication port is to be provided for reading	
	data transfer through either CMRI	data through CMRI and	
	or a remote device or both.	through external modem	
		over telephone line.	
7.	Memory		
a)	Type (Non volatile or battery	Non volatile memory	
	backed)		

r p

til n a c til p

	SpecHT LT TVM		- 32 -
b)	Non volatile memory retention	Minimum 10 Years	
	time in absence of power		
8.	time in deserve of power	<u> </u>	
0.			
9.	Maximum demand registration &		
	load survey capability		
	* *		
	Integration period for maximum		
i.	demand in KVA	15/30 minutes, block	
	Basis of integration period	integration period.	
ii.	calculation – real time or other	Real Time basis	
111.		Real Time basis	
	explain		
	Whether load survey for minimum		
iii	60 days with integration period of	Load survey for two	
	15/30 minutes is provided for	parameters kW & kVA	
'	KWh (Import) & KVAh	shall be configurable at	
	KWII (IIIIport) & KVAII	<u> </u>	
		site. Load survey is to be	
	Whether load survey is provided	provided for 60 days with	
	in terms of bar chart as well as in	integration period of 15/30	
	spreadsheet?	minutes. Can view on BCS	
	*		
	Whether figures of 24 hourly	in terms of kWh&kVAh.	
iv.	KWH import, & KVAH is	Yes, to be provided in the	
	available under each date in the	term of bar chart as well as	
	load survey if yes, explain how?	in spreadsheet.	
	1000 bar to jir jeo, enpium now i	in spreadsheet.	
		0 11 / 11 1	
V.		Spreadsheet shall be	
		opened in Microsoft Excel	
		to compute 24 hourly	
		*	
10	Whathan C-11 11'0' 1	energy.	
10	Whether following additional	Yes, to be Provided.	
	parameters are made available for		
	viewing / printing at the BCS end		
	Meter reading count		
	MD reset count		
	Billing parameters including		
i.	power on hours and tamper count		
	for last 12 months		
<u>;</u> ;			
ii.	Billing point cumulative Power on		
	/ Power off hours for last 12		
iii	months		

Spec--HT LT TVM - 33 -

	SpecHT LT TVM		- 33 -
iv.			
	XX71 .1	IZXZI (I) IZXZA 1 1	
11	Whether meter is capable of		
. i.	registering TOD energy	kVAh energies TOD and	
	consumption & apparent demand	kW (I) and kVA (I)	
	(KVA) ?	demand TOD registers	
	In built capacity for total time	shall be provided.	
	zones. How many zones presently	Eight TOD energy &	
ii.	defined.	demand registers.	
11.		demand registers.	
	Is it possible to change time		
	period for TOD zones through	Yes, It shall be Possible	
	BCS with authentic pass word	through BCS with	
iii		authentic password.	
12	Whether meter is capable to	The offered meters will	
1-	measure and register fundamental	measure both fundamental	
i)	energy as well as total energy i.e.	Active energy and total	
1)	fundamental + Harmonics energy?	0.	
		active energy Fundamental	
	Whether BP active, Reactive and	energy register will be	
	apparent energy are fundamental	provided on meter display.	
	or total		
ii)			
13	Whether meter is capable of	Yes, NVM fail flag shall	
13	=	be available at BCS	
		be available at BCS	
	diagnostic check to ensure		
	integrity of data memory location		
	all the time? Explain how		
14	Whether meter is capable of		
	detecting following common ways		
	of tampering:		
i.	Missing Potential.	Yes.	
ii.	Neutral disturbance	Yes	
iii	Current ckt polarity reversal	Yes.	
	CT short (Bypass) / Open.	Yes	
iv.	Current unbalance.	Yes (if unbalance is	
v.		greater than 30%)	
	Magnetic Influence.	Yes	
vi	Cover Open tamper	Yes	
vi	r r		
i.			
15	Whether meter functions even if	Yes. The meter should	
i)	any one phase is not available.	functions as long as any	
	Whether meter functions even if	two wires are connected to	
	the spurious signals are injected	the meter terminals.	
	on the neutral of the meter such as	Yes, the meter functions	
ii)	DC signals through diodes etc.	even if the spurious signals	
	5	are injected on the neutral	
		of the meter such as DC	
		of the meter such as DC	

Spec--HT LT TVM - 34 -

Spec--HT LT TVM - 35 -

	SpecHT LT TVM		- 35 -
ii.	Percentage error with ± 5%	As per applicable standard.	
	variation in frequency at:		
f)	Unity P.F.	Percentage error with±5%	
	0.5 Lag. P.F.	variation in frequency:	
i.	Change of error due to variation in	As per applicable standard.	
ii.	voltage.	As per applicable standard.	
g)	At 20% above rated voltage, unity	Change of error due to	
87	P.F. &	variation in voltage:	
Α	Rated current.		
)	10% rated current.		
'	At 20% below rated voltage, unity	As per applicable standard.	
i.	P.F. &	As per applicable standard  As per applicable standard	
ii.	Rated current.	As per applicable standard	
B)	50% rated current.		
D)		As man applicable standard	
	10% rated current.	As per applicable standard	
1.	Change of error due to self heating	As per applicable standard.	
ii.	at rated current and rated voltage	As per applicable standard	
iii	and-		
	Unit PF		
h)	0.5 lag P.F.	As per applicable standard	
	Change of error under influence of	As per applicable standard	
	external A.C. and D.C. magnetic	As per applicable standard.	
i.	field as per IS and specifications.	As per applicable standard	
ii.			
iii			
21	Year since when the design		
	offered is in vogue.		
22	Reference of certification		
	mark/license.		
23	Is the meter capable of recording	Yes	
	correctly both under	103	
	balance/unbalanced load		
	conditions?		
24	The requisite details and	In the absence of power,	
	description of facility to read	meter can be read through	
	meter in the absence of power.		
	meter in the ausence of power.	an external battery pack	
		through inductive coupled	
25	Missellaneaus	arrangement as per IS.	
25	Miscellaneous	Vac	
a)	Is the meter independent of phase	Yes.	
	sequence i.e. can the meter record		
	correctly even if the phase		
	sequence of supply is changed.		
	Is the meter capable of recording		
b)	correctly under low load	As per relevant standard.	
	conditions? If so up to what % of		
	full load.		
	Is the resetting of demand and		
c)	read facility dependent on	Yes	
	availability of main power supply?		
	Whether Meter software residing		

Spec--HT LT TVM - 36 -

	in the meter is suitable for		
d)	communication with HHU	Yes	
	confirming to CBIP Technical		
	Report No. 111?		
	Whether meter reading count		
	increase by one number every		
	time the meter is read		
e)	successfully.	Yes	
	•	168	
	Whether meter is capable to		
	withstand phase to phase voltage		
6	between any phase & neutral	Vac	
f)	Whether meter terminal cover is	Yes	
	of extend type and transparent		
	What type of indication provided		
	for ascertaining healthiness of	***	
g)	individual phases	Yes	
	Whether meter continues to		
1	operate satisfactorily in absence		
h)	on neutral		
	What arrangement does the meter		
	have for transferring data to HHU		
	& reading parameter on display in		
i)	condition of total power failure	Yes	
	Whether snap shot for following		
	parameter are available at the time		
j)	of registration of occurrence /	Meter can be read in	
	restorations of any tamper Voltage	condition of total power	
	Current	failure through external	
	Power factor	battery pack.	
	Energy reading (kWh I)		
	Whether sample of offered meter		
k)	has been furnished along with		
	tender offer? If Yes give detail	Yes, shall be available at	
	such as Serial No. type etc.	BCS end.	
i.			
ii.		Yes	
iii		Yes	
		Yes	
iv.		Yes	
1)			
		Yes required.	
26	Principle of operation of the meter	It shall be supplier	
	outlining the method and stages of	specific. Details shall be	
	computation of various parameters	mentioned.	
	starting from input voltage and		
	current signals including the		
ı	sampling rate application		

	SpecHT LT TVM		- 3/ -
27	Method adopted to transform	Details shall be mentioned.	
	voltage and current to the desired		
	low values with explanation on		
	devices used such as CT. PT or		
	potential divider as to how they		
	can be considered superior in		
	maintaining ratio and phase angle		
	for variation of influence		
	quantities and during its service		
	period		
28	Detail of memory used in the	Non-volatile memory,	
	meter if applicable should be	suitable to meet	
	furnished by the manufacturer	requirement of this offer.	
29	Details of programmable		
	parameters facilities under the		
	following categories		
i)	Factory Programmable	All the feature's available	
		in meter are Factory	
		Programmable except user	
		programmable features	
ii)	User Programmable	Following are user	
		programmable	
		a) TOD programming	
		b) Time setting	
30	Whether meter cover is	i-Sample with offer-Not	
	ultrasonically welded with meter	required US welded	
	base.	ii-Sample before	
		commencement and	
		supplies against PO-	
		required US welded.	