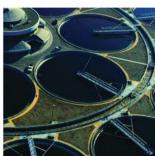


Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Single-speed Motor (P_Motor)

Version 3.1











Important User Information

Read this document and the documents listed in the additional resources section about installation, configuration, and operation of this equipment before you install, configure, operate, or maintain this product. Users are required to familiarize themselves with installation and wiring instructions in addition to requirements of all applicable codes, laws, and standards.

Activities including installation, adjustments, putting into service, use, assembly, disassembly, and maintenance are required to be carried out by suitably trained personnel in accordance with applicable code of practice.

If this equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

No patent liability is assumed by Rockwell Automation, Inc. with respect to use of information, circuits, equipment, or software described in this manual.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



WARNING: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



ATTENTION: Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence.

IMPORTANT

Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

Labels may also be on or inside the equipment to provide specific precautions.



SHOCK HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



BURN HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.



ARC FLASH HAZARD: Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a motor control center, to alert people to potential Arc Flash. Arc Flash will cause severe injury or death. Wear proper Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Follow ALL Regulatory requirements for safe work practices and for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

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Notes:

This document is updated throughout for version 3.1 of the Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects. Changes for this revision are marked by change bars shown in the right margin.

Software Compatibility and Content Revision

Table 1 - Summary of Changes

Topic	Page				
Changed title from 'PlantPAx® Library of Process Objects' to 'Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects'					
Changed version of Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects from 3.0 to 3.1	5, 8, 10				
Changed references to Knowledgebase Answer ID 62682 to Product Compatibility and Download Center	5, 9				
Visualization Files: added Important note concerning the order that files are to be imported File Types table - added option files	9				
Input Parameters table: added 'Alias For' column and aliases 'Cfg_IOFaultSeverity' - changed level 4 alarm severity from 'Highest' to 'Urgent' changed Alarm Severity from 14 to 11000 changed descriptions for 'Pcmd_Start', 'Pcmd_Stop', 'PCmd_Acq', 'PCmd_Rel', 'PCmd_Lock', 'PCmd_Unlock', 'PCmd_Reset', 'PCmd_ <alarm>Ack', 'PCmd_<alarm>Suppress', 'PCmd_<alarm>Unsuppress', and 'PCmd_<alarm>Unshelve'</alarm></alarm></alarm></alarm>					
Output Parameters table: added 'SrcQ_', 'Nrdy_', 'Err_', 'Ack_', and 'Alm_', parameter descriptions to bullet list added 'Alias For' column and aliases changed data type for 'Val_Mode' from DINT to SINT 'Val_Notify' - changed level 4 alarm severity from 'Highest' to 'Urgent'					
Operations - added Simulation section					
Added Programming Example section					
Status/Quality Indicators table - added symbol and description for 'Device disabled'	26				
Operator faceplate: Added Permissive and Interlock status indicators table Added Alarm Locations image					

For the latest compatible software information and to download the Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects, see the Product Compatibility and Download Center at

http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/support/pcdc.page.

For general library considerations, see Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects, publication PROCES-RM002.

Additional Resources

These documents contain additional information concerning related products from Rockwell Automation.

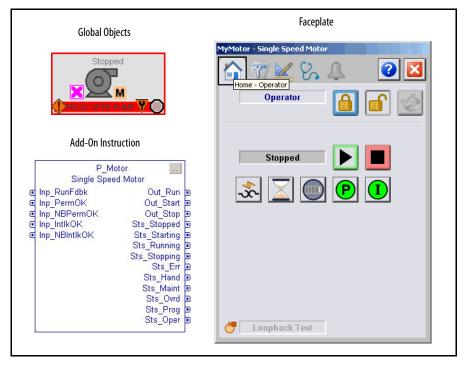
Resource	Description
PlantPAx Process Automation System Selection Guide, publication PROCES-SG001	Provides information to assist with equipment procurement for your PlantPAx system.
PlantPAx Process Automation System Reference Manual, publication PROCES-RM001	Provides characterized recommendations for implementing your PlantPAx system.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects, publication PROCES-RM002	Provides general considerations for the PlantPAx system library of process objects.
FactoryTalk® View Machine Edition User Manual, publication VIEWME-UM004	Provides details on how to use this software package for creating an automation application.
FactoryTalk View Site Edition User Manual, publication <u>VIEWSE-UM006</u>	Provides details on how to use this software package for developing and running human-machine interface (HMI) applications that can involve multiple users and servers, distributed over a network.
Logix5000™ Controllers Add-On Instructions Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM010</u>	Provides information for designing, configuring, and programming Add-On Instructions.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Common Alarm Block (P_Alarm) Reference Manual, publication <a href="https://system.org/systle-remove-</td><td>Details how to monitor an input condition to raise an alarm. Information includes acknowledging, resetting, inhibiting, and disabling an alarm. Generally the P_Alarm faceplate is accessible from the Alarms tab.</td></tr><tr><td>Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects:
Interlocks with First Out and Bypass (P_Intlk) Reference
Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM004</td><td>Explains how to collect (sum up) the interlock conditions that stop or de-energize a running or energized piece of equipment or prevent it from starting or being energized.</td></tr><tr><td>Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Common Mode Block (P_Mode) Reference Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM005</td><td>Explains how to choose the Mode (owner) of an instruction or control strategy. The Mode instruction is usually embedded within other instructions to extend their functionality. It is possible to use a standalone Mode instruction to enhance a program where modes are wanted.</td></tr><tr><td>Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects:
Permissives with Bypass (P_Perm) Reference Manual,
publication <u>SYSLIB-RM007</u></td><td>Details how to collect permissive conditions to start a piece of equipment.</td></tr><tr><td>Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Restart Inhibit for Large Motor (P_ResInh) Reference Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM009	Explains how to protect a large motor from damage caused by repeated starts.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Run Time and Starts (P_RunTime) Reference Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM010	Explains how to accumulate the total run time and count of starts for a motor or other equipment.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E1 Plus™ Overload Relay (P_E1PlusE) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM049A-EN-P</u>	Details how to control and monitor a 193-ETN (E1 Plus on EtherNet/IP) overload relay.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E3™/E3 Plus™ Overload Relay (EtherNet/IP) (P_E3Ovld) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM050A-EN-P</u>	Details how to ccontrol and monitor a 193/592-EC1, -EC2, -EC3, or -EC5 (E3 or E3 Plus) overload relay.
Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E300™ Overload Relay (EtherNet/IP) (P_E3000vId) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM051A-EN-P</u>	Details how to controls and monitors a 193-ECM-ETR (E300 on EtherNet/IP) overload relay.

You can view or download publications at

http:/www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/. To order paper copies of technical documentation, contact your local Allen-Bradley distributor or Rockwell Automation sales representative.

Single-speed Motor (P_Motor)

The P_Motor (Single-speed Motor) Add-On Instruction controls a non-reversing, single-speed motor in a variety of modes and monitors for fault conditions.



Guidelines

Use this instruction when you want to control a single-speed (running or stopped) motor. The motor can use a full voltage starter (FVNR), a soft starter, or other motor protective equipment, and can optionally provide run feedback. The P_Motor instruction includes faceplates and graphic symbols for operator display and manipulation. The instruction provides alarms for several fault conditions.

Do **not** use this instruction in these situations:

- You want to control a two-speed (fast/slow/stopped) motor. Use the P_Motor2Spd Two-speed Motor instruction instead.
- You want to control a reversing (forward/stopped/reverse) motor. Use the P_MotorRev Reversing Motor instruction instead.
- You want to control a motor with continuously-varying speed. Use the P_VSD Variable-speed Drive instruction instead.
- You want to control a motor that is part of a valve actuator. Use the P_ValveMO Motor-operated Valve instruction instead.

 You need to monitor, and optionally trip, a locally-operated (hand-operated) motor. The motor can be single-speed, two-speed, or reversing. Use the P_MotorHO Hand-operated Motor instruction instead.

Functional Description

The P_Motor instruction provides the following capabilities:

- Operator and Maintenance commands to start and stop the motor and outputs to drive both held and latching starter circuits.
- Run feedback and display of actual motor status.
- Detection of failure to start and failure to stop.
- Permissive conditions to allow starting.
- Interlock conditions to stop the motor or prevent starting.
- Simulation of a working motor while disabling outputs for use in off-process training or simulation.
- Input for I/O communication faults.
- Alarms for fail to start, fail to stop, interlock trip, and I/O fault.
- Operates in Operator, Program, Override, Maintenance, and Hand modes.
- An available status for use by automation logic to determine if that logic can control the motor.

Required Files

Add-On Instructions are reusable code objects that contain encapsulated logic that can streamline implementing your system. This lets you create your own instruction set for programming logic as a supplement to the instruction set provided natively in the ControlLogix® firmware. An Add-On Instruction is defined once in each controller project, and can be instantiated multiple times in your application code as needed.

Controller File

The P_Motor_3_1-00_AOI.L5X Add-On Instruction must be imported into the controller project to be used in the controller configuration. The service release number (boldfaced) can change as service revisions are created.

Visualization Files

The following files for this Add-On Instruction can be downloaded from the Product Compatibility and Download Center at

http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/support/pcdc.page.

IMPORTANT

Files must be imported in the following order: image files, then global object files, and then graphic files. This order is required to properly configure the visualization files.

Table 2 - P_Motor Visualization File Types

Application Type	File Type	FactoryTalk View SE Software	FactoryTalk View ME Software	Description
Graphics - Displays	GFX	(RA-BAS) P_Motor-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Motor-Faceplate	The faceplate display used for the object.
	(RA-BAS) P_Motor-Help	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Motor-Help	P_Motor Help information that is accessed from the P_Motor faceplate.	
		(RA-BAS) P_Motor-Quick	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Motor-Quick	The Quick display used for the object.
		(RA-BAS) Common-AnalogEdit	N/A	Faceplate used for analog input data entry. The FactoryTalk View ME faceplates use the native analog input data entry so no file is required.
		(RA-BAS) P_Alarm-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Alarm-Faceplate	The faceplate display used for the alarm.
		(RA-BAS) P_Alarm-Help	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Alarm-Help	P_Alarm Help information that is accessed from the P_Motor Help faceplate.
		(RA-BAS) P_Mode-Help	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Mode-Help	Mode Help information that is accessed from the P_Motor Help faceplate.
		(RA-BAS) P_Mode-Configuration	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Mode-Configuration	Display used to set Default mode.
Optional Graphic Displays	(RA-BAS) P_Intlk-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Intlk-Faceplate	The interlock faceplate display used for the object. Use this file if your Single-speed Motor has an associated P_Intlk object and you enable navigation to its faceplate from the Single-speed Motor faceplate.	
	(RA-BAS) P_IntlkPerm-Help	(RA-BAS-ME) P_IntlkPerm-Help	Interlock/Permissives Help information that is accessed from the P_Intlk or P_Perm faceplate. Use this file if you use the P_Intlk or P_Perm Channel faceplate.	
	(RA-BAS) P_Perm-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Perm-Faceplate	The Permissive faceplate display used for the object. Use this file if your Single-speed Motor has an associated P_Perm object and you enable navigation to its faceplate from the Single-speed Motor faceplate.	
	(RA-BAS) P_ResInh-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_ResInh-Faceplate	The Restart Inhibit faceplate display used for the object. Use this file if your Single-speed Motor has an associated P_ResInh object and you enable navigation to its faceplate from the Single-speed Motor faceplate.	
		(RA-BAS) P_RunTime-Faceplate	(RA-BAS-ME) P_RunTime-Faceplate	The RunTime faceplate display used for the object. Use this file if your Single-speed Motor has an associated P_RunTime object and you enable navigation to its faceplate from the Single-speed Motor faceplate.

Table 2 - P_Motor Visualization File Types

Application Type	File Type	FactoryTalk View SE Software	FactoryTalk View ME Software	Description
Graphics - Global GGFX Objects	(RA-BAS) P_Motor Graphics Library	(RA-BAS-ME) P_Motor Graphics Library	P_Motor display elements in the graphics library for this instruction.	
		(RA-BAS) Common Faceplate Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Common Faceplate Objects	Common global objects used on all Process Object faceplates.
		(RA-BAS) Process Alarm Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Process Alarm Objects	Global objects used for alarming on Process Library faceplates.
		(RA-BAS) Process Faceplate Motor Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Process Faceplate Motor Objects	Motor global objects used on Process Motor Object faceplates.
		(RA-BAS) Process Help Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Process Help Objects	Global objects used for help on all Process Objects help displays.
		(RA-BAS) Process Interlock Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Process Interlock Objects	Global objects used for managing interlocks and permissives on Process Object faceplates.
		(RA-BAS) Process Mode Objects	(RA-BAS-ME) Process Mode Objects	Common global objects used for managing modes on Process Object faceplates.
Graphics - Images	PNG	All .png files in the images folder	All .png files in the images folder	These are the common icons used in the global objects and faceplates for all Process Objects. When PNG graphic formats are imported they are renamed like a BMP file but retain a PNG format.
HMI Tags	CSV	N/A	FTVME_PlantPAxLib_Tags_3_1_ 00 .csv ⁽¹⁾	These tags must be imported into the FactoryTalk View ME project to support switching tabs on any Process Object faceplate.

⁽¹⁾ The service release number (boldfaced) can change as service revisions are created.

Controller Code

This section describes the parameter references for this Add-On Instruction.

Single-speed Motor Input Structure

Input parameters include the following:

- Input data elements (Inp_) are typically used to connect field inputs from I/O modules or signals from other objects.
- Configuration data elements (Cfg_) are used to set configurable capabilities and features of the instruction.
- Commands (PCmd_, OCmd_, MCmd_) are used by program logic, operators, and maintenance personnel to request instruction actions.
- Settings (PSet_, OSet_, MSet_) are used by program logic, operators, and
 maintenance personnel to establish runtime setpoints, thresholds, and so
 forth. A Setting (without a leading P, O, or M) establishes runtime settings
 regardless of role or mode.

Table 3 - P_Motor Input Parameters

Input Parameter	Data Type	Alias For	Default	Description
EnableIn	BOOL		1	Ladder Diagram: If the rung-in condition is true, the instruction's Logic routine executes. If the rung-in condition is false, the instruction's EnableInFalse routine executes. Function Block Diagram: If true, or not connected, the instruction's Logic routine executes. If the parameter is exposed as a pin and wired, and the pin is false, the instruction's EnableInFalse routine executes. Structured Text: No effect. The instruction's Logic routine executes.
Inp_RunFdbk	BOOL		0	Run feedback from motor: 1 = Motor Running 0 = Motor Stopped
Inp_PermOK	B00L		1	1 = Bypassable Permissives are OK, motor can start.
Inp_NBPerm0K	B00L		1	1 = Non-bypassable Permissives are OK, motor can start.
Inp_IntlkOK	B00L		1	1 = Bypassable Interlocks are OK, motor can start/run.
Inp_NBIntIkOK	BOOL		1	1 = Non-bypassable Interlocks are OK, motor can start/run.
Inp_I0Fault	BOOL		0	Input Communication status: 0 = 0K 1 = Fail
Inp_Sim	BOOL		0	Simulation input. When set to 1, the instruction keeps the outputs de-energized and simulates a working motor. When set to 0, the instruction controls the motor normally.
Inp_Hand	BOOL	Mode.Inp_Hand	0	1 = Select Hand (hardwired) mode.
Inp_0vrd	BOOL	Mode.Inp_Ovrd	0	1 = Select Override mode.
Inp_OvrdCmd	DINT		0	Override mode command: 0 = None 1 = Stop 2 = Start
Inp_Reset	BOOL		0	Input parameter used to programatically reset alarms. When set to 1, all alarms requiring reset are reset.

Table 3 - P_Motor Input Parameters

Input Parameter	Data Type	Alias For	Default	Description
Cfg_HasRunFdbk	BOOL		0	This parameter determines whether the run feedback exists and is checked or if the run feedback does not exist and is not used. When the parameter is 1, the run feedback is connected and is used for failure checking. When the parameter is 0, the run feedback does not exist and is not checked.
Cfg_UseRunFdbk	BOOL		0	 1 = Motor run feedback is used for failure checking. 0 = Motor run feedback is bypassed by Maintenance and not checked for failures.
Cfg_AllowLocal	BOOL		0	1 = Allow local Start/Stop without alarm. 0 = Start/Stop from HMI/program only.
Cfg_HasPermObj	BOOL		0	1 = Tells HMI a permissive object (for example, P_Perm) is used for Inp_PermOK and navigation to the permissive object's faceplate is enabled. IMPORTANT: The name of the Permissive object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Perm'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123,' then its Permissive object must be named 'Motor123_Perm'.
Cfg_HasIntlkObj	BOOL		0	1 = Tells HMI an interlock object (for example, P_Intlk) is used for Inp_IntlkOK and navigation to the interlock object's faceplate is enabled. IMPORTANT: The name of the Interlock object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Intlk'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name'Motor123', then its Interlock object must be named 'Motor123_Intlk'.
Cfg_HasResInhObj	BOOL		0	1 = Tells HMI a restart inhibit object (for example, P_ResInh) is connected and navigation to the restart inhibit object's faceplate is enabled. IMPORTANT: The name of the Restart Inhibit object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_ResInh'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Restart Inhibit object must be named 'Motor_ResInh'.
Cfg_HasRunTimeObj	BOOL		0	1 = Tells HMI a run time object (for example, P_RunTime) is connected and navigation to the run time object's faceplate is enabled. IMPORTANT: The name of the RunTime object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_RunTime'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Run Time object must be named 'Motor123_RunTime'.
Cfg_HasOvldObj	BOOL		0	1 = Tells HMI an overload object is connected and navigation to the overload object's faceplate is enabled. IMPORTANT: The name of the Overload object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Ovld'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Overload object must be named 'Motor123_Ovld'.
Cfg_PCmdClear	BOOL	Mode.Cfg_PCmdClear	1	When this parameter is 1, program commands are cleared once they are acted upon. When set to 0, program commands remain set until cleared by the application program logic. IMPORTANT: Clearing this parameter online can cause unintended program command execution.
Cfg_ProgDefault	BOOL	Mode.Cfg_ProgDefault	0	This parameter defines the Default mode. When this parameter is 1, the mode defaults to Program if no mode is being requested. When this parameter is 0, the mode defaults to Operator if no mode is being requested. IMPORTANT: Changing this parameter online can cause unintended mode changes.
Cfg_OperStopPrio	BOOL		0	1 = 0Cmd_Stop available in any mode. 0 = 0Cmd_Stop only in Operator and Maintenance modes.
Cfg_OCmdResets	BOOL		0	1 = New Operator motor command resets fault.0 = Reset required to clear fault.
Cfg_OvrdPermIntIk	BOOL		0	 1 = Override mode ignores bypassable permissives/interlock. 0 = Always use permissives/interlock.
Cfg_ShedOnFailToStart Cfg_ShedOnIOFault	BOOL		1	1 = Stop motor and alarm on Fail to Start or I/O Fault. (requires reset) 0 = Alarm only on Fail to Start or I/O Fault.
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Table 3 - P_Motor Input Parameters

Input Parameter	Data Type	Alias For	Default	Description	
Cfg_HasFailToStartAlm	BOOL	FailToStart.Cfg_Exists	0	These parameters determine whether the corresponding alarm exists and is	
Cfg_HasFailToStopAlm		FailToStop.Cfg_Exists		checked or if the alarm does not exist and is not used. When these parameters are 1, the corresponding alarm exists.	
Cfg_HasIntlkTripAlm		IntlkTrip.Cfg_Exists			
Cfg_HaslOFaultAlm		IOFault.Cfg_Exists			
Cfg_FailToStartResetReqd	BOOL	FailToStart.Cfg_ResetReqd	0	These parameters determine whether a reset is required to clear the alarm status.	
Cfg_FailToStopResetReqd		FailToStop.Cfg_ResetReqd		When these parameters are 1, the alarm is latched On when the alarm occurs. After the alarm condition returns to normal, a reset is required to clear the alarm status	
Cfg_IntlkTripResetReqd		IntlkTrip.Cfg_ResetReqd		(for example, OCmd_Reset, Inp_Reset, or FailToStart.OCmd_Reset are required to clear Alm_FailToStart alarm after the alarm is set and the value returns to normal).	
Cfg_IOFaultResetReqd		IOFault.Cfg_ResetReqd		When these parameters are 0, no reset is required and the alarm status is cleared when the alarm condition returns to normal. IMPORTANT: If the reset clears the alarm, it also acknowledges the alarm.	
Cfg_FailToStartAckReqd	BOOL	FailToStart.Cfg_AckReqd	1	These parameters determine whether the alarm must be acknowledged. When	
Cfg_FailToStopAckReqd		FailToStop.Cfg_AckReqd		these parameters are 1, the acknowledge (ack) bit is cleared when the alarm occurs. An acknowledge command (for example, PCmd_FailToStartAck or	
Cfg_IntIkTripAckReqd		IntlkTrip.Cfg_AckReqd		FailToStart.OCmd_Ack) is required to acknowledge the alarm. When set to 0, the Acknowledge bit is set when an alarm occurs indicating an acknowledged alarm	
Cfg_IOFaultAckReqd		IOFault.Cfg_AckReqd		and no acknowledge command is required.	
Cfg_FailToStartSeverity	INT	FailToStart.Cfg_Severity	1000	These parameters determine the severity of each alarm. This drives the color and	
Cfg_FailToStopSeverity		FailToStop.Cfg_Severity	1000	symbol that are used to indicate alarm status on the faceplate and global object. The following are valid values:	
Cfg_IntlkTripSeverity		IntlkTrip.Cfg_Severity	500	1250 = Low	
Cfg_IOFaultSeverity		IOFault.Cfg_Severity	1000	251500 = Medium 501750 = High 7511000 = Urgent IMPORTANT: For FactoryTalk View software version 7.0, these severity parameters drive only the indication on the global object and faceplate. The Alarms and Events definition of severity drives the color and symbol that is used on the alarm banner and alarm summary as well as the value returned by FactoryTalk Alarms and Events display commands.	
Cfg_SimFdbkT	DINT		2	Feedback delay in simulation (seconds).	
Cfg_FailToStartT	DINT		10	Time after start for running feedback before fault (seconds).	
Cfg_FailToStopT	DINT		10	Time after stop for stopped feedback (= 0) before fault (seconds).	
PSet_Owner	DINT		0	Program owner request ID (non-zero) or release (zero).	
PCmd_Start	BOOL		0	When Cfg_PCmdClear is 1:	
PCmd_Stop				 Set PCmd_Start to 1 to start the motor Set PCmd_Stop to 1 to stop the motor These parameters are reset automatically When Cfg_PCmdClear is 0: Set PCmd_Start to 1 to start the motor Set PCmd_Start to 0 to stop the motor PCmd_Stop is not used These parameters do not reset automatically 	
PCmd_Acq	BOOL	Mode.PCmd_Acq	0		
PCmd_Rel		Mode.PCmd_Rel		 Set PCmd_Acq to 1 to Acquire Set PCmd_Rel to 1 to Release These parameters reset automatically When Cfg_PCmdClear is 0: Set PCmd_Acq to 1 to Acquire Set PCmd_Acq to 0 to Release PCmd_Rel is not used These parameters do not reset automatically 	

Table 3 - P_Motor Input Parameters

Input Parameter	Data Type	Alias For	Default	Description
PCmd_Lock	B00L	Mode.PCmd_Lock	0	When Cfg_PCmdClear is 1:
PCmd_Unlock		Mode.PCmd_Unlock	Set PCMd_Lock to 1 to Lock Set PCMd_Unlock to 1 to Unlock These parameters reset automatically When Cfg_PCmdClear is 0: Set PCmd_Lock to 1 to Lock Set PCmd_Lock to 0 to Unlock PCmd_Unlock is not used These parameters do not reset automatically	These parameters reset automatically When Cfg_PCmdClear is 0: Set PCmd_Lock to 1 to Lock Set PCmd_Lock to 0 to Unlock PCmd_Unlock is not used
PCmd_Reset	B00L		0	Set PCmd_Reset to 1 to reset all alarms requiring reset This parameter is always reset automatically
PCmd_FailToStartAck	B00L	FailToStart.PCmd_Ack	0	Set PCmd_ <alarm>Ack to 1 to Acknowledge alarm</alarm>
PCmd_FailToStopAck		FailToStop.PCmd_Ack		The parameter is reset automatically
PCmd_IntlkTripAck		IntlkTrip.PCmd_Ack		
PCmd_IOFaultAck		IOFault.PCmd_Ack		
PCmd_FailToStartSuppress	B00L	FailToStart.PCmd_Suppress	0	When Cfg_PCmdClear is 1:
PCmd_FailToStopSuppress		FailToStop.PCmd_Suppress		 Set PCmd_<alarm>Suppress to 1 to suppress alarm</alarm> Set PCmd_<alarm>Unsuppress to 1 to unsuppress alarm</alarm>
PCmd_IntlkTripSuppress		IntlkTrip.PCmd_Suppress		These parameters reset automatically
PCmd_IOFaultSuppress		IOFault.PCmd_Suppress		When Cfg_PCmdClear is 0: • Set PCmd_ <alarm>Suppress to 1 to suppress alarm</alarm>
PCmd_FailToStartUnsuppress	B00L	FailToStart.PCmd_Unsuppress	0	 Set PCmd_<alarm>Suppress to 0 to unsuppress alarm</alarm>
PCmd_FailToStopUnsuppress		FailToStop.PCmd_Unsuppress	 PCmd_<alarm>Unsuppress is not used</alarm> These Parameters do not reset automatic 	These Parameters do not reset automatically
PCmd_IntlkTripUnsuppress		IntlkTrip.PCmd_Unsuppress		
PCmd_IOFaultUnsuppress		IOFault.PCmd_Unsuppress		
PCmd_FailToStartUnshelve	B00L	FailToStart.PCmd_Unshelve	0	Set PCmd_ <alarm>Unshelve to 1 to Unshelve alarm</alarm>
PCmd_FailToStopUnshelve		FailToStop.PCmd_Unshelve		The parameter is reset automatically
PCmd_IntlkTripUnshelve		IntlkTrip.PCmd_Unshelve	1	
PCmd_IOFaultUnshelve		IOFault.PCmd_Unshelve		
OCmd_Start	B00L		0	Operator command to start or stop motor.
OCmd_Stop				
OCmd_Bypass	B00L		0	Operator command to bypass all interlocks and permissives that can be bypassed.
OCmd_Check	B00L		0	Operator command to check (not bypass) all interlocks and permissives.
MCmd_Disable	B00L		0	Maintenance command to disable motor.
MCmd_Enable	B00L		0	Maintenance command to enable (allow to run) motor.
MCmd_Acq	B00L	Mode.MCmd_Acq	0	Maintenance command to acquire ownership (Operator/Program/Override to Maintenance)
MCmd_Rel	BOOL	Mode.MCmd_Rel	0	Maintenance command to release ownership (Maintenance to Operator/Program/ Override)
OCmd_AcqLock	B00L	Mode.OCmd_AcqLock	0	Operator command to acquire (Program to Operator)/Lock Ownership.
OCmd_UnLock	B00L	Mode.OCmd_UnlockRel	0	Operator command to unlock/release (Operator to Program) Ownership.
OCmd_Reset	B00L		0	Operator command to reset all alarms requiring reset.
OCmd_ResetAckAll	BOOL		0	Operator command to acknowledge and reset all alarms and latched shed conditions.

Single-speed Motor Output Structure

Output parameters include the following:

- Output data elements (Out_) are the primary outputs of the instruction, typically used by hardware output modules; however, they can be used by other application logic.
- Value data elements (Val_) are numeric outputs of the instruction for use by the HMI. Values also can be used by other application logic or software packages.
- Source and Quality data elements (SrcQ_) are outputs of the instruction used by the HMI to indicate PV source and quality.
- Status data elements (Sts_) are bit outputs of the instruction for use by the HMI. Status bits also can be used by other application logic.
- Error data elements (Err_) are outputs of the instruction that indicate a particular configuration error. If any Err_ bit is set, then the Sts_Err configuration error summary status is set and the Invalid Configuration indicator is displayed on the HMI.
- Not Ready data elements (Nrdy_) are bit outputs of the instruction for use by the HMI for displaying the Device Not Ready indicator. These bits can also be used by other application logic.
- Alarm data elements (Alm_) are outputs of the instruction that indicate a particular alarm has occurred.
- Acknowledge data elements (Ack_) are outputs of the instruction that indicate the corresponding alarm has been acknowledged.
- Ready data elements (Rdy_) are bit outputs of the instruction used by the HMI to enable or disable Command buttons and Setting entry fields.

Table 4 - P_Motor Output Parameters

Output Parameter	Data Type	Description
EnableOut	BOOL	Enable Output: The EnableOut signal is not manipulated by this instruction. Its output state always reflects EnableIn input state.
Out_Run	BOOL	1 = Run motor. 0 = Stop motor.
Out_Start	BOOL	1 = Start motor. 0 = Motor left in current state.
Out_Stop	BOOL	1 = Stop motor. 0 = Motor left in current state.

Table 4 - P_Motor Output Parameters

Output Parameter	Data Type		Description
SrcQ_IO	SINT		I/O signal source and quality.
SrcQ			Final motor status source and quality. GOOD 0 = I/O live and confirmed good quality 1 = I/O live and assumed good quality 2 = No feedback configured, assumed good quality TEST 8 = Device simulated 9 = Device loopback simulation 10 = Manually entered value UNCERTAIN 16 = Live input, off-specification 17 = Value substituted at device/bus 18 = Value substituted by maintenance (Has and not Use) 19 = Shed, using last good value 20 = Shed, using replacement value BAD 32 = Signal failure (out-of-range, NaN, invalid combination) 33 = I/O channel fault 34 = I/O module fault 35 = Bad I/O configuration (for example, scaling parameters)
Val_Cmd	SINT		Device command: 0 = None 1 = Stop 2 = Start
Val_Fdbk	SINT		Device feedback: 0 = Stopped 1 = Running
Val_Sts	SINT		Device confirmed status: 0 = None 1 = Stopped 2 = Running 7 = Stopping 8 = Starting 33 = Disabled
Val_Fault	SINT		This is the Device Fault Status, used to show the operator the most severe device fault: 0 = None 16 = Fail to Start 17 = Fail to Stop 32 = I/O Fault 34 = Configuration error
Val_Mode	SINT	Mode.val	The current mode is shown with status bits and also as an enumeration 'Val_Mode' as follows: 0 = No mode 1 = Hand 2 = Maintenance 3 = Override 4 = Program (locked) 5 = Operator (locked) 6 = Program (unlocked, Operator is default) 7 = Operator (unlocked, Program is default) 8 = Program (unlocked, Program is default) 9 = Operator (unlocked, Operator is default)
	1		

Table 4 - P_Motor Output Parameters

Output Parameter	Data Type		Description
Val_Notify	SINT		Current alarm level and acknowledgement (enumeration): 0 = No alarm 1 = Alarm cleared: a reset or acknowledge is required 2 = Low (acknowledged) 3 = Low (unacknowledged) 4 = Medium (acknowledged) 5 = Medium (unacknowledged) 6 = High (acknowledged) 7 = High (unacknowledged) 8 = Urgent (acknowledged) 9 = Urgent (unacknowledged)
Sts_Stopped	BOOL		1 = Motor requested to stop and is confirmed stopped.
Sts_Starting	BOOL		1 = Motor requested to run and awaiting run feedback.
Sts_Running	BOOL		1 = Motor requested to run and is confirmed running.
Sts_Stopping	BOOL		1 = Motor requested to stop and awaiting stopped feedback.
Sts_Available	BOOL		1 = Motor available for control by automation (Program).
Sts_Bypass	BOOL		1 = Bypassable interlocks and permissives are bypassed.
Sts_BypActive	BOOL		1 = Bypassing active (bypassed or Maintenance).
Sts_Disabled	BOOL		1 = Motor is disabled.
Sts_NotRdy	BOOL		1 = Motor is not ready to run (independent of mode).
Nrdy_Disabled	BOOL		1 = Device Not Ready:
Nrdy_CfgErr			Device disabled by Maintenance Configuration Error
Nrdy_Intlk			Interlock not OK Permissive not OK
Nrdy_Perm			Operator State 0 priority command requires reset
Nrdy_OperPrio			Device Failure (shed requires reset) I/O Fault (shed requires reset)
Nrdy_Fail			Device Logic disabled/no mode
Nrdy_IOFault			
Nrdy_NoMode			
Sts_MaintByp	BOOL		1 = A Maintenance bypass is active, display icon.
Sts_AlmInh	BOOL		1 = An alarm is shelved, disabled or suppressed, display icon.
Sts_Err	BOOL		1 = Error in configuration: see detail bits for reason.
Err_Timer	BOOL		1 = Error in configuration: start/stop check timer preset (use 0 2,147,483).
Err_Sim	BOOL		1 = Error in configuration: simulation timer preset (use 02,147,483).
Err_Alarm	BOOL		1 = Error in configuration: alarm minimum on time or severity.
Sts_Hand	BOOL	Mode.Sts_Hand	1 = Mode is Hand (supersedes Maintenance, Override, Program, Operator).
Sts_Maint	BOOL	Mode.Sts_Maint	1 = Mode is Maintenance (supersedes Override, Program, Operator).
Sts_Ovrd	B00L	Mode.Sts_Ovrd	1 = Mode is Override (supersedes Program, Operator).
Sts_Prog	BOOL	Mode.Sts_Prog	1 = Mode is Program (auto) or Operator (manual).
Sts_Oper		Mode.Sts_Oper	
Sts_ProgOperLock	BOOL	Mode.Sts_ProgOperLock	1 = Program or Operator has requested mode lock.
Sts_NoMode	BOOL	Mode.Sts_NoMode	1 = No mode (disabled because EnableIn is false).
Sts_MAcqRcvd	BOOL	Mode.Sts_MAcqRcvd	1 = Maintenance Acquire command received this scan.

Table 4 - P_Motor Output Parameters

Output Parameter	Data Type		Description
Sts_FailToStart	BOOL	FailToStart.Inp	1 = Motor failed to start (one-shot).
Sts_FailToStop		FailToStop.Inp	1 = Motor failed to stop.
Sts_IntlkTrip		IntlkTrip.Inp	1 = Motor stopped by an interlock not OK (one-shot).
Sts_IOFault		IOFault.Inp	I/O Communication Fault Status: 0 = 0K 1 = Bad
Alm_FailToStart	BOOL	FailToStart.Alm	1 = Motor Fail to Start alarm.
Alm_FailToStop		FailToStop.Alm	1 = Motor Fail to Stop alarm.
Alm_IntlkTrip		IntlkTrip.Alm	1 = Alarm: motor stopped by an interlock not ok.
Alm_IOFault	-	IOFault.Alm	1 = I/0 fault alarm.
Ack_FailToStart	BOOL	FailToStart.Ack	1 = Fail to Start, Fail to Stop, Interlock Trip, or I/O Fault alarm acknowledged.
Ack_FailToStop	-	FailToStop.Ack	
Ack_IntlkTrip	=	IntlkTrip.Ack	
Ack_IOFault	=	IOFault.Ack	
Sts_FailToStartDisabled	BOOL	FailToStart.Disabled	1 = Fail to Start, Fail to Stop, Interlock Trip, or I/O Fault alarm has been disabled (by
Sts_FailToStopDisabled		FailToStop.Disabled	Maintenance).
Sts_IntlkTripDisabled	=	IntlkTrip.Disabled	
Sts_IOFaultDisabled		IOFault.Disabled	
Sts_FailToStartShelved	BOOL	FailToStart.Shelved	1 = Fail to Start, Fail to Stop, Interlock Trip, or I/O Fault alarm has been shelved by Operator.
Sts_FailToStopShelved	-	FailToStop.Shelved	
Sts_IntlkTripShelved	-	IntlkTrip.Shelved	
Sts_IOFaultShelved	=	IOFault.Shelved	
Sts_FailToStartSuppressed	BOOL	FailToStart.Suppressed	1 = Fail to Start, Fail to Stop, Interlock Trip, or I/O Fault alarm has been suppressed (by Logic).
Sts_FailToStopSuppressed	=	FailToStop.Suppressed	
Sts_IntlkTripSuppressed	=	IntlkTrip.Suppressed	
Sts_IOFaultSuppressed	-	IOFault.Suppressed	
Rdy_Start	BOOL		1 = Ready to receive Operator command (Start, Stop, Bypass, or Check) (enables HMI button).
Rdy_Stop	1		
Rdy_Bypass	1		
Rdy_Check	1		
Rdy_Disable	BOOL		1 = Ready to receive Maintenance command (Disable or Enable) (enables HMI button).
Rdy_Enable	1		
Rdy_Reset	BOOL		1 = At least one alarm or latched shed requires reset or acknowledgement.
Rdy_ResetAckAll	1		
P_Motor	BOOL		Unique parameter name for auto-discovery.

Single-speed Motor Local Configuration Tags

Configuration parameters that are array, string, or structure data types cannot be configured as parameters for Add-On Instructions. Configuration parameters of these types appear as local tags to the Add-On Instruction. Local tags can be configured through the HMI faceplates or in RSLogix™ 5000 software by opening the Instruction Logic of the Add-On Instruction instance and then opening the Data Monitor on a local tag. These parameters cannot be modified by using controller logic or RSLogix 5000 software export/import functionality.

Table 5 - P_Motor Local Configuration Tags

Tag Name	Data Type	Default	Description
Cfg_Desc	STRING_40	'Single Speed Motor'	Description for display on HMI. This string is shown in the title bar of the faceplate.
Cfg_Label	STRING_20	'Motor Control'	Label for graphic symbol displayed on HMI. This string appears on the graphic symbol.
Cfg_Tag	STRING_20	'P_Motor'	Tagname for display on HMI. This string is shown in the title bar of the faceplate.

Operations

This section describes the primary operations for Add-On Instructions.

Modes

The P_Motor Add-On Instruction uses the following standard modes, implemented by using an embedded P_Mode Add-On Instruction.

Mode	Description
Operator	Control of the device is owned by the Operator. Operator Commands (OCmd_) and Operator Settings (OSet_) from the HMI are accepted.
Program	Control of the device is owned by Program logic. Program Commands (PCmd_) and Program Settings (PSet_) are accepted.
Override	Control of the device is owned by priority logic, superseding Operator and Program control. Override Inputs (Inp_OvrdCmd and other Inp_OvrdXxxx values) are accepted. If so configured, bypassable interlocks and permissives are bypassed.
Maintenance	Control of the device is owned by Maintenance. Operator Commands and Settings from the HMI are accepted. Bypassable interlocks and permissives are bypassed, and device timeout checks are not processed.
Hand	Control of the device is owned by hardwired logic or other logic outside the instruction. The instruction tracks the state of the device for bumpless transfer back to one of the other modes.
No Mode	The device is disabled and has no owner because the EnableIn input is false. The main instruction Logic routine is not being scanned. See Execution for more information on EnableInFalse processing.

Refer to the Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Common Mode Block (P_Mode) Reference Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM005, for more information.

Alarms

The P_Motor instruction uses the following alarms, implemented by using embedded P_Alarm Add-On Instructions.

Alarm	P_Alarm Name	Description
Fail to Start	FailToStart	Raised if the motor has and is using run feedback, an attempt is made to start the motor, and the run feedback does not indicate the motor running within the configured time.
Fail to Stop	FailToStop	Raised if the motor has and is using run feedback, an attempt is made to stop the motor, and the run feedback does not indicate the motor stopped within the configured time.
Interlock Trip	IntlkTrip	Raised if the motor is running and an interlock causes it to stop. If interlocks are not bypassed, a bypassable interlock not OK or a non-bypassable interlock not OK stops the motor. If Interlocks are bypassed, only a non-bypassable interlock not OK stops the motor.
I/O Fault	IOFault	Raised if the Inp_IOFault input is true.

The Fail to Start and Fail to Stop status and alarms have a configurable delay to allow the run feedback time to align with the commanded output. This provides time for the motor to actually start or stop.

Refer to the Process Add-On Instructions and Graphics: Alarm (P_Alarm) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM002</u>, for more information.

The Fail to Start and I/O fault conditions can be configured to alarm only, or to de-energize the motor (shed). If one of these conditions stops the motor, a reset is required to run.

Simulation

Simulation in P_Motor disables the normal output and provides feedback of a working motor.

You must set the Inp_Sim parameter in the Controller to '1' to enable simulation.

The Simulation or Loopback Test icon ois displayed at the bottom left of the Operator faceplate, indicating the device is in simulation.

The delay (seconds) between a command to Start or Stop and the simulated started or stopped response is configurable (Cfg_SimFdbkT).

When you have finished in simulation, set the Inp_Sim parameter in the Controller to '0' to return to normal operation.

Execution

The following table explains the handling of instruction execution conditions.

Condition	Description
EnableIn False (false rung)	Handled the same as if the motor were disabled by command. The motor outputs are de-energized and the motor is shown as disabled on the HMI. The mode is shown as No mode. All alarms are cleared.
Powerup (prescan, first scan)	Any commands received before first scan are discarded. The motor is de-energized and treated as if it were commanded to stop. Embedded P_Mode and P_Alarm instructions are handled in accordance with their standard powerup procedures. Refer to the Reference Manuals for the P_Mode and P_Alarm instructions for details.
Postscan (SFC transition)	No SFC postscan logic is provided.

Refer to the Logix5000 Controllers Add-On Instructions Programming Manual, publication <u>1756-PM010</u>, for more information.

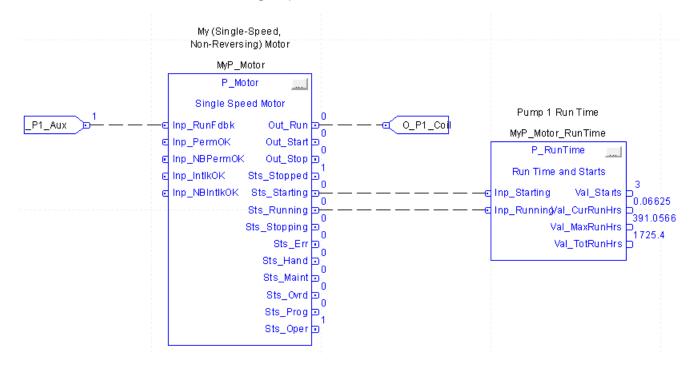
Programming Example

The following is a simple example of P_Motor.

Boolean parameter I_P1_Aux is used as an input. A single output, O_P1_Coil, is wired to energize the starter coil (1) to start or (0) stop the motor.

IMPORTANT To use input I_P1_Aux, both Cfg_HasRunFdbk and Cfg_UseRunFdbk must be set to 1 (the default for both of these parameters is 0).

Here, the P_Motor block is connected to a P_RunTime block to demonstrate the simplicity of the interaction of these AOIs.



Display Elements

A display element (global object) is created once and can be referenced multiple times on multiple displays in an application. When changes are made to the original (base) object, the instantiated copies (reference objects) are automatically updated. Use of global objects, in conjunction with tag structures in the ControlLogix system, aid consistency and save engineering time.

Table 6 - P_Motor Display Elements

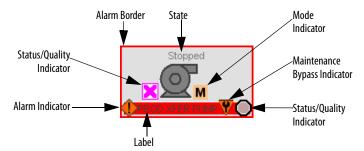
Display Element Name	Display Element	Description
GO_P_Motor_R GO_P_Motor_U GO_P_Motor_D	Running	Motors operate in different positions: right, up, and down.
	Running	
GO_P_Motor_Blower_R GO_P_Motor_Blower_L GO_P_Motor_Blower_U	Stopped P Stopped	Blowers operate in different positions: right, left, up, and down.
GO_P_Motor_Blower_D	Stopped P	
	Stopped P	
	Stopped	
GO_P_Motor_Conveyer_R	Starting P (Conveyor shown as a display element.

Table 6 - P_Motor Display Elements

Display Element Name	Display Element	Description
GO_P_Motor_Inline_U GO_P_Motor_Inline_R	Stopped	Inline motors operate in several positions: up, right, left, and down.
GO_P_Motor_Inline_L GO_P_Motor_Inline_D	Stopped Stopped Stopped	
	Stopped Stopped Stopped Stopped Stopped	
	Stopped P.	
GO_P_Motor_Pump_R GO_P_Motor_Pump_L	Disabled	Pumps operate in several positions: right, left, and up.
GO_P_Motor_Pump_U	Stopped	
	Stopped Stopped Stopped	
GO_P_Motor_Agitator_D	Running	Agitator shown as a display element.
GO_P_Motor_Mixer_U	Running	Mixer shown as a display element.
GO_P_Motor_RPump_U	Stopped	Rotary gear pump shown as a display element.
GO_P_Motor_Fan_D	SSSSSSSSSSSS Running	Fan shown as a display element.

Common attributes of the P_Motor graphic symbols include the following:

- Graphical representation of the device
- Current state of the motor in text
- Status/quality indicators
- Mode indicator
- Label
- Alarm indicator that changes color for the severity of the alarm
- Color-changing alarm border that blinks on unacknowledged alarm
- Maintenance Bypass indicator



Each graphic symbol includes a touch field over it that opens the object's faceplate. In addition, there is a tooltip on the graphic symbol that displays the object's configured tag and description.



State Indicators

The state indicator text changes and the graphic symbol color changes depending on the state of the motor.





Table 7 - Motor State Indicator Colors

Color	State
Blue	Starting or stopping
White	Running
Dark Gray	Stopped

Status/Quality Indicators

Each of these symbols appears when the described condition is true.

Graphic Symbol	Description
×	Invalid configuration.
8	I/O Communication Fault.
<u>^</u>	I/O Communication uncertain.
	The device is not ready to operate.
0	Motor disabled.
No symbol displayed	I/O communication OK and configuration valid.

TIP

When the Invalid Configuration indicator appears, you can find what configuration setting is invalid by following the indicators. Click the graphic symbol to open the faceplate. The Invalid Configuration indicator appears next to the appropriate tab at the top of the faceplate to guide you in finding the configuration error. Once you navigate to the tab, the misconfigured item is flagged with this indicator or appears in a magenta box.

For the Single Speed Motor Add-On Instruction, the Invalid Configuration indicator appears under the following conditions:

- The Fail to Start check time or Fail to Stop check time is set to a value less than zero or greater than 2,147,483 seconds.
- The feedback simulation time is set to a value less than zero or greater than 2,147,483 seconds.
- Alarm Severity is set to a value less than 1 or greater than 1000.
- An alarm minimum on time is set to a value less than zero or greater than 2,147,483 seconds.

TIP When the Not Ready indicator appears, you can find what condition is preventing operation by following the indicators. Click the graphic symbol to open the faceplate. The Not Ready indicator appears next to the appropriate tab at the top of the faceplate to guide you in finding the condition. When you navigate to the tab, the condition preventing operation is flagged.

For the Single-speed Motor Instruction, the Device Not Ready indicator appears under the following conditions:

- Device has been disabled by Maintenance.
- There is a configuration error.
- Interlocks are not OK and not bypassed. Non-bypassable interlocks are not OK.
- Permissives are not OK and not bypassed. Non-bypassable permissives are not OK.
- Operator State 0 priority command requires reset.
- The motor has a Fail to Start or Fail to Stop that has not been reset.
- There is an I/O Fault, the motor is not being simulated, and shed requires reset.
- Device logic is disabled or there is no mode.

Maintenance Bypass Indicator

This symbol appears to the right of the label to indicate that a maintenance bypass has been activated.

Graphic Symbol	Description
₩	A maintenance bypass is active.
No symbol displayed	No maintenance bypass active.

When the Maintenance Bypass indicator appears, you can find what condition was bypassed by following the indicators. Click the graphic symbol to open the faceplate. The Maintenance Bypass indicator appears next to the appropriate tab at the top of the faceplate to guide you in finding the bypass. Once you navigate to the tab, the bypassed item is flagged with

this indicator.

For the Single-Speed Motor Add-On Instruction, the Maintenance bypass indicator appears under the following conditions:

- Bypassable interlocks and permissives have been bypassed.
- The motor is configured to have run feedback (on the Engineering tab of the faceplate), but the run feedback is not being used (selection on the Maintenance tab of the faceplate).

Mode Indicators

One of these symbols appears to the right of the graphic symbol to indicate the mode of the motor instruction.

Table 8 - P Motor Mode Indicators

Graphic Symbol	Description
Transparent	Operator mode (if the default mode is Operator and in Operator mode, the mode indicator is transparent)
0	Operator mode (if the default mode is Program)
Q ₁	Operator mode locked
Transparent	Program mode (if the default mode is Program and in Program mode, the mode indicator is transparent)
P	Program mode (if the default mode is Operator)
Pa	Program mode locked
!	Override mode
M	Maintenance mode
H	Hand mode
	No mode

TIP

The images provided for the Operator and Program default modes are completely transparent; therefore, no mode indicators appear if the device is in its default mode. This behavior can be changed by replacing these mode indicators with images that are not completely transparent.

Alarm Indicators

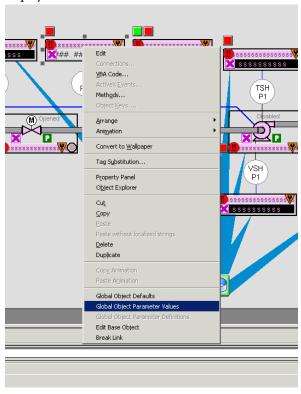
One of these symbols appears to the left of the label to indicate the described alarm condition. The alarm border and label background blink if acknowledgement of an alarm condition is required.

Symbol Border and Label Background		Description	
I	No change in color	Alarm Inhibit: an alarm is suppressed by the Program, disabled by Maintenance, or shelved by the Operator.	
Д	White	Return to normal (no alarm condition), but a previous alarm has not been acknowledged.	
!	Blue	Low severity alarm.	
Λ	Yellow	Medium severity alarm.	
•	Red	High severity alarm.	
•	Magenta	Urgent severity alarm.	
No symbol	No change in color	No alarm or alarm inhibit condition, and all alarms are acknowledged.	

Using Global Elements

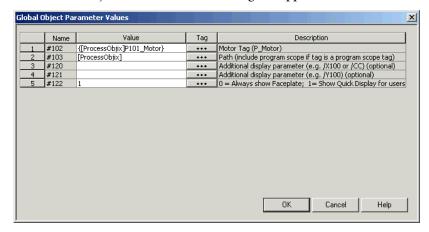
The global objects for P_Motor can be found in the global object file (RA-BAS) P_Motor Graphics Library.ggfx. Follow these steps to use a global object.

1. Copy the global object from the global object file and paste it in the display file.



2. In the display, right-click the global object and choose Global Object Parameter Values.

The Global Object Parameter Values dialog box appears.



The global object parameters are as follows	The global	object	parameters	are a	as follows.
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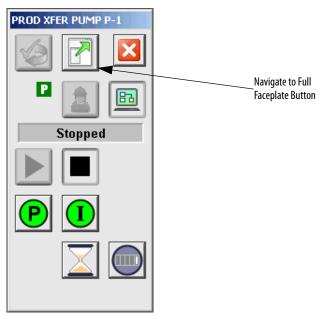
Parameter	Required	Description	
#102	Υ	Object tag to point to the name of the associated object Add-On Instruction in the controller.	
#103	Υ	Path used for display navigation features to other objects. Include program scope if tag is a program scope tag.	
#120	N	Additional parameter to pass to the display command to open the faceplate. Typically used to define position for the faceplate.	
#121	N	Additional parameter to pass to the display command to open the faceplate. if defining X and Y coordinate, separate parameters so that X is defined by #120 and Y is defined by #121. This lets these same parameters to be used in subsequent display commands originating from the faceplate.	
#122	Υ	These are the options for the global object display: 0 = Always show faceplate 1 = Show Quick Display for users without Maintenance access (Code C) 2 = Always show Quick Display	

- **3.** In the Value column, type the tag or value as specified in the Description column.
 - TIP Click the ellipsis (. . .) to browse and select a tag.

 Values for items marked '(optional)' can be left blank.
- 4. Click OK.

Quick Display

The Quick Display screen provides means for operators to perform simple interactions with the P_Motor instruction instance. From the Quick Display, you can navigate to the faceplate for full access for operation, maintenance personnel, and configuration.



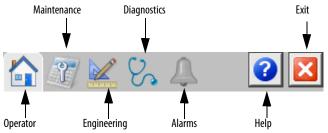
Faceplate

The P_Motor faceplate consists of five tabs and each tab consists of one or more pages.

The title bar of each faceplate contains the value of local configuration tags Cfg_Tag and Cfg_Desc.

Tag - Description

The Operator tab is displayed when the faceplate is initially opened. Click the appropriate icon at the top of the faceplate to access a specific tab.



The faceplate provides the means for operators, maintenance workers, engineers, and others to interact with the P_Motor instruction instance, including viewing its status and values and manipulating it through its commands and settings. When a given input is restricted via FactoryTalk View security, the required user security code letter is shown in the tables that follow.

Operator Tab

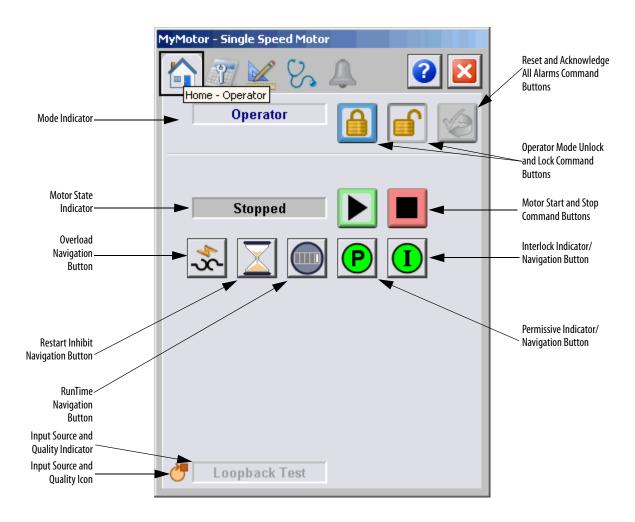
The Faceplate initially opens to the Operator ('Home') tab. From here, an operator can monitor the device status and manually operate the device when it is in Operator mode.

The Operator tab has buttons to start and stop the motor when it is in the proper mode and shows the following information:

- Current mode (Program, Operator, Override, Maintenance, or Hand)
- Requested mode indicator (appears only if Operator or Program mode has been superseded by another mode)
- Motor state (stopping, stopped, starting, or running)
- Interlock and permissive states
- Input Source and Quality indicator (See 'SrcQ' in the Output parameters table on page 16 for details).

IMPORTANT

This indicator is not displayed if 'Motor has Run Feedback' on page 1 of the Engineering tab is not checked. (See <u>Engineering Tab Page 1 on page 40</u>.)



The following table shows the functions included on the Operator tab.

Table 9 - Operator Tab Descriptions

Function	Action	Security
	Click to lock in Operator mode. Function locks the mode in Operator mode, preventing the program from taking control. Manual Device Operation (Cod	
	Click to unlock Operator mode. Function unlocks Operator mode, letting the program take control.	
	Click to request Program mode.	
	Click to request Operator mode.	
	Click to start motor.	Normal Operation of Devices (Code A)
	Click to stop motor.	
I	Click to open Interlocks faceplate.	None
P	Click to open Permissives faceplate.	
	Click to open Restart Inhibit faceplate.	
	Click to open Run Time faceplate	
*	Click to open Overload faceplate.	
	Click to reset and acknowledge all alarms.	Acknowledge Alarms (Code F)

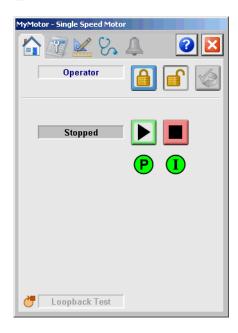
If the object is configured to have permissive or interlock objects (for example, Cfg_HasPermObj or Cfg_HasIntlkObj is true), the permissive and interlock indicators become buttons that open the faceplates of the source objects used as a permissive or interlock. Often this is a P_Intlk object or a P_Perm object. If the object is not configured in this way, the interlock or permissive symbols are indicators only.

The Operator tab also has a button to open the Run Time faceplate if the motor is configured to use the P_RunTime object (Cfg_HasRunTime = 1). When the object is not configured to have an associated P_RunTime instruction, the Run Time button is not displayed.

The Operator tab also has a button to open the Restart Inhibit faceplate if the motor is configured to use the P_ResInh object (Cfg_HasResInh = 1). When the object is not configured to have an associated P_ResInh instruction, the Restart Inhibit button is not displayed.

The Operator tab also has a button to open an Overload faceplate if the motor is configured to have an associated Overload object (Cfg_HasOvld = 1). When the object is not configured to have an associated Overload object, the Overload button is not displayed.

The figure below shows the Operator tab when it is not configured to have Permissives or Interlocks. It also does not have the P_ResInh, P_RunTime, or P_Ovld associated instructions.



Refer to these publication for more information:

- Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Interlock with First Out and Bypass (P_Intlk) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM004</u>
- Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Permissives with Bypass
 (P Perm) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM007</u>
- Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Restart Inhibit for Large Motor (P_ResInh) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM009</u>
- Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: RunTime and Starts (P_RunTime) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM010</u>
- For more information, refer to Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E1 Plus Overload Relay (EtherNet/IP) (P_E1PlusE) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM049</u>

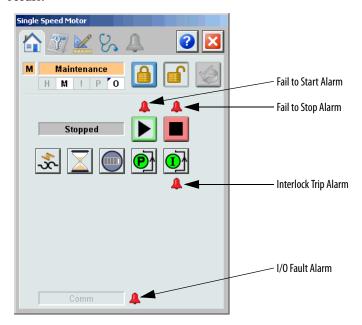
- For more information, refer to Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E3/E3 Plus Overload Relay (P_E3Ovld) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM050</u>
- For more information, refer to Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: E300 Overload Relay (EtherNet/IP) (P_E300Ovld) Reference Manual, publication <u>SYSLIB-RM051</u>

One of these symbols appears to indicate the described Interlock or Permissive condition.

Table 10 - Permissive and Interlock Status Indicators

Permissive Symbol	Interlock Symbol	Description
P	0	One or more conditions not OK
₽Ì	<u>I</u>	Non-bypassed conditions OK
₽	①	All conditions OK, bypass active
P	I	All conditions OK

Alarm indicators appear on the Operator tab when the corresponding alarm occurs.



The following table shows the alarm status symbols used on the Operator tab.

Table 11 - Operator Tab Alarm Status

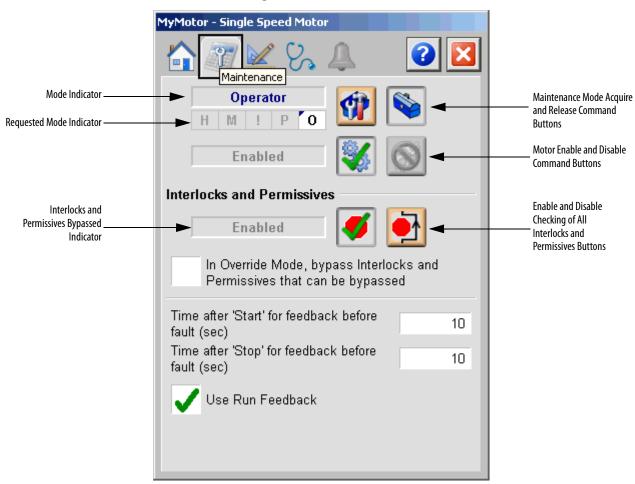
Graphic Symbol	Alarm Status
4	In Alarm (Active Alarm)
♦ ⁄	In Alarm and Acknowledged
4	Out of Alarm but not Acknowledged
8	Alarm Suppressed (by Program) (Alarm is logged but not displayed)
4	Alarm Disabled (by Maintenance)
=	Alarm Shelved (by Operator)

Maintenance Tab

Maintenance personnel use the information and controls on the Maintenance tab to make adjustments to device parameters, troubleshoot and temporarily work around device problems, and disable the device for routine maintenance.

The Maintenance tab shows the following information:

- Current mode (Program, Operator, Override, Maintenance, or Hand).
- Requested modes indicator highlights all of the modes that have been requested. The leftmost highlighted mode is the active mode.
- Whether the motor is enabled or disabled.
- Interlock and permissive bypassed/enabled indicator.
- Whether override mode bypasses the bypassable interlocks and permissives.



The following table shows the functions on the Maintenance tab.

Table 12 - Maintenance Tab Descriptions

Function	Action	Security	Configuration Parameters
1	Click for Maintenance mode.	Equipment Maintenance (Code C)	None
	Click to release Maintenance mode.		
%	Click to enable motor.		
	Click to disable motor.		
5	Click to enable checking of all interlocks and permissives.	Disable Alarm Bypass Permissives and Interlocks	
	Click to bypass checking of bypassable interlocks and permissives.	(Code H)	
In Override mode, bypass Interlocks and Permissives that can be bypassed	Check to bypass interlocks and permissives that are bypassable when in Override mode.		
Time after 'Start' for Feedback before fault (seconds)	Type the time, in seconds, to allow the run feedback to show the motor has started before raising a fail to start alarm.	Configuration and Tuning Maintenance (Code D)	Cfg_FailToStartT
Time after 'Stop' for Feedback before fault (seconds)	Type the time, in seconds, to allow the run feedback to show the motor has stopped before raising a fail to stop alarm.		Cfg_FailToStopT
Use Run Feedback	Check to have this instruction use run feedback to check for motor Fail to Start or fail to Stop. IMPORTANT: This option is only available if 'Motor has Run Feedback' on page 1 of the Engineering tab is checked. (See Engineering Tab Page 1 on page 40.)	Equipment Maintenance (Code C)	Cfg_UseRunFdbk

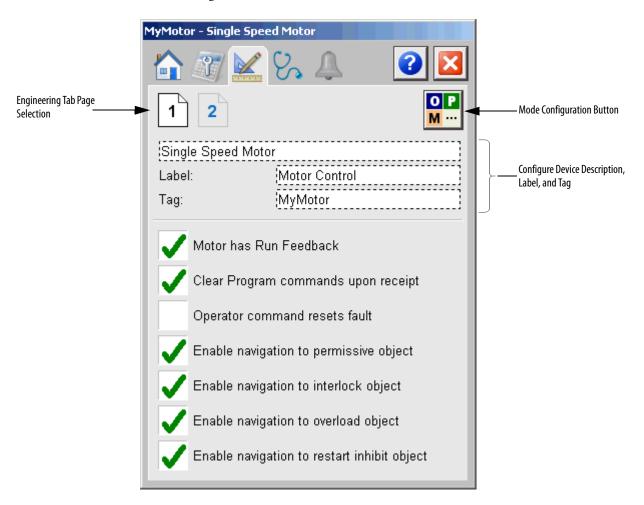
Engineering Tab

The Engineering tab provides access to device configuration parameters and ranges, options for device and I/O setup, displayed text, and faceplate-to-faceplate navigation settings, and for initial system commissioning or later system changes.

The Engineering tab is divided into two pages.

Engineering Tab Page 1

On page 1 of the Engineering tab, you can configure the description, label, and tag for the device.



The following table lists the functions on page 1 of the Engineering tab.

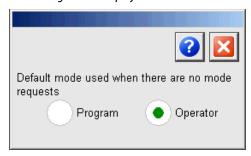
Table 13 - Engineering Tab Page 1 Descriptions

Function	Action Security		Configuration Parameters
О Р М ···	Click to open the Mode Configuration display.	Engineering Configuration (Code E) See Mode Configuration display on page 42	
Description	Type the device description to be used on the faceplate title bar.		Cfg_Desc
Label	Type the device label to be used on the graphic symbol.		Cfg_Label
Tag	Type the tagname to be used on the Operator tab of the faceplate.		Cfg_Tag
Motor has Run Feedback	Check if the motor provides a run feedback to Inp_RunFdbk. Clear this checkbox if there is no run feedback. IMPORTANT: Checking this places the device in Maintenance Bypass unless 'Use Run Feedback' on the Maintenance tab is checked. (See Maintenance Tab on page 38.)		Cfg_HasRunFdbk
Clear Program Commands on Receipt	Check to clear Program commands on receipt.		Cfg_PCmdClear
Operator command resets fault	Check to allow the Operator Start or Stop command to reset any previous faults (I/O fault, Fail to Start, Fail to Stop, or Interlock Trip), then start or stop motor. Clear this checkbox to reset faults by using only the reset commands.		Cfg_OCmdResets
Enable navigation to Permissive object	Check if a Permissive object is used with this motor. This changes the Permissive indicator to a clickable button to open the Permissive faceplate. IMPORTANT: The name of the Permissive object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Perm'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Permissive object must be named 'Motor123_Perm'.		Cfg_HasPermObj
Enable navigation to Interlock object	Check if an Interlock object is used with this motor. This changes the Interlock indicator to a clickable button to open the Interlock faceplate. IMPORTANT: The name of the Interlock object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Intlk'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name'Motor123', then its Interlock object must be named 'Motor123_Intlk'.		Cfg_HasIntlkObj

Table 13 - Engineering Tab Page 1 Descriptions

Function	Action	Security	Configuration Parameters
Enable navigation to Overload object	Check if an Overload object is used with this motor. This makes the Overload button visible. IMPORTANT: The name of the Overload object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_Ovld'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Overload object must be named 'Motor123_Ovld'	Engineering Configuration (Code E)	Cfg_HasOvldObj
Enable navigation to Restart Inhibit object	Check if a Restart Inhibit object is used with this motor. This makes the Restart Inhibit button visible. IMPORTANT: The name of the Restart Inhibit object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_ResInh'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Restart Inhibit object must be named 'Motor123_ResInh'.		Cfg_HasResInhObj

Mode Configuration Display



This display lets you select the default mode for the object by selecting the appropriate mode.

IMPORTANT If no mode is being requested, changing the default mode changes the mode of the instruction.

You must have FactoryTalk View security code E to select the default mode on this display.

MyMotor - Single Speed Motor Engineering Engineering Enable navigation to run time object Stop Motor: On I/O Fault On Fail to Start On Interlock Trip Operator 'Stop' command available in any mode Allow local 'Start' or 'Stop' without triggering alarm Feedback delay for loopback test or when feedback not used (sec)

Engineering Tab Page 2

The following table shows the functions on page 2 of the Engineering tab.

Table 14 - Engineering Tab Page 2 Descriptions

Function	Action	Security	Configuration Parameters
Enable navigation to RunTime object	Check if a RunTime object is used with this motor. This makes the RunTime button visible. IMPORTANT: The name of the RunTime object in the controller must be this object's name with the suffix '_RunTime'. For example, if your P_Motor object has the name 'Motor123', then its Run Time object must be named 'Motor123_RunTime'.	Engineering Configuration (Code E)	Cfg_HasRunTimeObj
Stop Motor on I/O fault	Check to stop the motor if an I/O fault is detected. Clear this checkbox to show only the I/O fault status/alarm and not stop the motor if an I/O fault is detected.		Cfg_ShedOnIOFault

Table 14 - Engineering Tab Page 2 Descriptions

Function	Action	Security	Configuration Parameters
Stop motor on Fail to Start	Check to stop the motor if a fail to Start fault is detected. Clear this checkbox to show only the Fail to Start status/ alarm and not stop the motor if an fail to Start fault is detected.	Engineering Configuration (Code E)	Cfg_ShedOnFailToStart
Stop Motor on Interlock Trip	The motor always stops on an interlock trip. This item cannot be unchecked. It is displayed as a reminder that the Interlock Trip function always trips the motor.		None
Operator 'Stop' command available in any mode	Check to have the Operator Stop command available in any mode. Clear this checkbox to have the Operator Stop command available only in the Operator and Maintenance modes.		Cfg_OperStopPrio
Allow local 'Start' or 'Stop' without triggering alarm	Check to allow local Start/Stop without alarm. Clear this checkbox to allow start/stop by using only Program or Operator commands or Override Logic.		Cfg_AllowLocal
Feedback delay for loopback test or when feedback not used (seconds)	Set the time delay (in seconds) for running or stopped status to be echoed back when the simulation is enabled or when run feedback is not used.		Cfg_SimFdbkT

Diagnostics Tab

The Diagnostic tab provides indications that are helpful in diagnosing or preventing device problems, which can include specific reasons a device is 'Not Ready', device warnings and faults, warning and fault history, and predictive/preventive maintenance data.

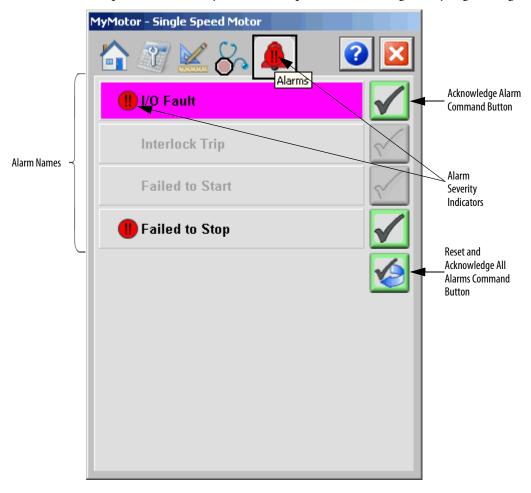
The Diagnostics tab displays possible reasons for the device not being ready.



The image above indicates the device is not ready because of an I/O fault shed condition, that requires reset.

Alarms Tab

The Alarms Tab shows all of the available alarms for the device and their current status. From here, alarms can be acknowledged and reset. Click an alarm name to open the alarm detail faceplate for that alarm, where the alarm can be shelved by the operator, disabled by maintenance personnel, or configured by engineering.



IMPORTANT

The 'Failed to Start' and 'Failed to Stop' alarms are not available if 'Motor has Run Feedback' on page 1 of the Engineering tab is not checked. (See Engineering Tab Page 1 on page 40.)

Click an alarm name to open the P_Alarm faceplate for that alarm. From the P_Alarm faceplate, you can configure and perform additional operations on the alarm.

If an alarm is active, the panel behind the alarm changes color to match the severity of the alarm. The color of the bell icon at the top of the faceplate shows the highest active alarm's severity, and the icon blinks if any alarm is unacknowledged or requires reset.

The following table shows the colors associated with alarm severity.

Table 15 - Alarm Color Definitions

Color	Definition
Magenta	Urgent
Red	High
Yellow	Medium
Blue	Low
Background (light gray)	No alarm

The following table shows the functions on the Alarms tab.

Table 16 - Alarms Tab Descriptions

Function	Action	Security
✓	Click to acknowledge the alarm.	Acknowledge Alarms (Code F)
	Click to reset and acknowledge all alarms.	
Alarm Name	Click an alarm name to open the Alarm faceplate.	

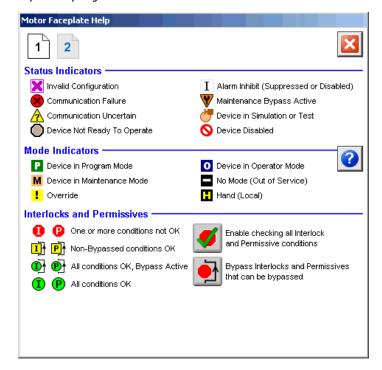
The Reset and Acknowledge All Alarms button is enabled, the panel behind the alarm blinks, and the Alarm Acknowledge button is enabled if the alarm requires acknowledgment. Click the button with the checkmark to acknowledge the alarm.

Refer to the Rockwell Automation Library of Process Objects: Common Alarm Mode (P_Alarm) Reference Manual, publication SYSLIB-RM002, for more information.

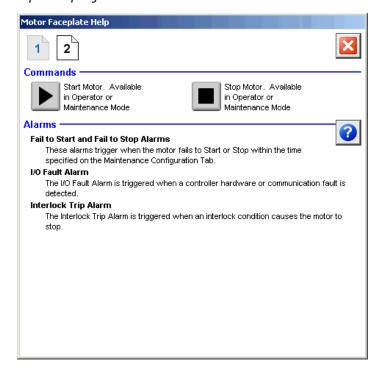
Single-speed Motor Faceplate Help

The Faceplate Help is divided into two pages.

Faceplate Help Page 1



Faceplate Help Page 2



Single-speed Motor (P Moto	Sina	le-speed	Motor	(P	Motor
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Notes:

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In addition, we offer multiple support programs for installation, configuration, and troubleshooting. For more information, contact your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative, or visit http://www.rockwellautomation.com/services/online-phone.

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If you experience a problem within the first 24 hours of installation, review the information that is contained in this manual. You can contact Customer Support for initial help in getting your product up and running.

United States or Canada	1.440.646.3434
Outside United States or Canada	Use the Worldwide Locator at http://www.rockwellautomation.com/rockwellautomation/support/overview.page, or contact your local Rockwell Automation representative.

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	Contact your distributor. You must provide a Customer Support case number (call the phone number above to obtain one) to your distributor to complete the return process.
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