

Leica TS16

User Manual



Version 1.0
English

- when it has to be **right**

Leica
Geosystems

Introduction

Purchase

Congratulations on the purchase of a Leica TS16.



This manual contains important safety directions as well as instructions for setting up the product and operating it. Refer to "1 Safety Directions" for further information. Read carefully through the User Manual before you switch on the product.

Product Identification

The type and serial number of your product are indicated on the type plate. Always refer to this information when you need to contact your agency or Leica Geosystems authorised service workshop.



Trademarks



- Windows is a registered trademark of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries
 - *Bluetooth®* is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc.
 - SD Logo is a trademark of SD-3C, LLC.
- All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

Validity of this manual

This manual applies to the TS16 instruments. Differences between the various models are marked and described.

Available Documentation

Name	Description/Format		
TS16 Quick Guide	Provides an overview of the product together with technical data and safety directions. Intended as a quick reference guide.	✓	✓
TS16 User Manual	All instructions required in order to operate the product to a basic level are contained in the User Manual. Provides an overview of the product together with technical data and safety directions.	-	✓

Name	Description/Format		
Captivate Technical Reference Manual	Overall comprehensive guide to the product and apps. Included are detailed descriptions of special software/hardware settings and software/hardware functions intended for technical specialists.	-	✓

Refer to the following resources for documentation/software:

- the Leica Captivate USB documentation card
- <https://myworld.leica-geosystems.com>



Video tutorials are available on:
<http://www.leica-geosystems.com/captivate-howto>

myWorld@Leica Geosystems (<https://myworld.leica-geosystems.com>) offers a wide range of services, information and training material.

With direct access to myWorld, you are able to access all relevant services whenever it is convenient for you, 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. This increases your efficiency and keeps you and your equipment instantly updated with the latest information from Leica Geosystems.

Service	Description
myProducts	Add all Leica Geosystems products that you and your company own. View detailed information on your products, buy additional options or Customer Care Packages (CCPs), update your products with the latest software and keep up-to-date with the latest documentation.
myService	View the service history of your products in Leica Geosystems Service Centres and detailed information on the services performed on your products. For your products that are currently in Leica Geosystems Service Centres view the current service status and the expected end date of service.
mySupport	Create new support requests for your products that will be answered by your local Leica Geosystems Support Team. View the complete history of your Support and view detailed information on each request in case you want to refer to previous support requests.
myTraining	Enhance your product knowledge with the Leica Geosystems Campus - Information, Knowledge, Training. Study the latest online training material or download training material on your products. Keep up-to-date with the latest News on your products and register for Seminars or Courses in your country.
myTrustedServices	Offers increased productivity while at the same time providing maximum security. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • myExchange With myExchange you can exchange any files/objects from your computer to any of your Leica Exchange Contacts. • mySecurity If your instrument is ever stolen, a locking mechanism is available to ensure that the instrument is disabled and can no longer be used.

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1 Safety Directions

1.1 General Introduction

Description The following directions enable the person responsible for the product, and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.

The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.

About Warning Messages





Warning messages are an essential part of the safety concept of the instrument. They appear wherever hazards or hazardous situations can occur.

Warning messages...

- make the user alert about direct and indirect hazards concerning the use of the product.
- contain general rules of behaviour.

For the users' safety, all safety instructions and safety messages shall be strictly observed and followed! Therefore, the manual must always be available to all persons performing any tasks described herein.

DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION and **NOTICE** are standardized signal words for identifying levels of hazards and risks related to personal injury and property damage. For your safety it is important to read and fully understand the table below with the different signal words and their definitions! Supplementary safety information symbols may be placed within a warning message as well as supplementary text.

Type	Description
 DANGER	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
 WARNING	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
 CAUTION	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
NOTICE	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in appreciable material, financial and environmental damage.
	Important paragraphs which must be adhered to in practice as they enable the product to be used in a technically correct and efficient manner.

1.2

Definition of Use

Intended Use

- Measuring horizontal and vertical angles.
- Measuring distances.
- Recording measurements.
- Capturing and recording images.
- Automatic target search, recognition and following.
- Visualising the aiming direction and vertical axis.
- Remote control of product.
- Data communication with external appliances.
- Measuring raw data and computing coordinates using carrier phase and code signal from GNSS satellites.
- Recording GNSS and point related data.
- Computing with software.

Reasonably Foreseeable Misuse

- Use of the product without instruction.
- Use outside of the intended use and limits.
- Disabling safety systems.
- Removal of hazard notices.
- Opening the product using tools, for example screwdriver, unless this is permitted for certain functions.
- Modification or conversion of the product.
- Use after misappropriation.
- Use of products with recognisable damages or defects.
- Use with accessories from other manufacturers without the prior explicit approval of Leica Geosystems.
- Inadequate safeguards at the working site.
- Aiming directly into the sun.

1.3

Limits of Use

Environment

Suitable for use in an atmosphere appropriate for permanent human habitation: not suitable for use in aggressive or explosive environments.



DANGER

Local safety authorities and safety experts must be contacted before working in hazardous areas, or close to electrical installations or similar situations by the person in charge of the product.

1.4

Responsibilities

Manufacturer of the product

Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg, hereinafter referred to as Leica Geosystems, is responsible for supplying the product, including the user manual and original accessories, in a safe condition.

Person responsible for the product

- The person responsible for the product has the following duties:
- To understand the safety instructions on the product and the instructions in the user manual.
 - To ensure that it is used in accordance with the instructions.
 - To be familiar with local regulations relating to safety and accident prevention.
 - To inform Leica Geosystems immediately if the product and the application becomes unsafe.
 - To ensure that the national laws, regulations and conditions for the operation of e.g. radio transmitters or lasers are respected.

**CAUTION**

Watch out for erroneous measurement results if the product has been dropped or has been misused, modified, stored for long periods or transported.

Precautions:

Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the user manual, particularly after the product has been subjected to abnormal use and before and after important measurements.

**DANGER**

Because of the risk of electrocution, it is dangerous to use poles and extensions in the vicinity of electrical installations such as power cables or electrical railways.

Precautions:

Keep at a safe distance from electrical installations. If it is essential to work in this environment, first contact the safety authorities responsible for the electrical installations and follow their instructions.

**NOTICE**

With the remote control of products, it is possible that extraneous targets will be picked out and measured.

Precautions:

When measuring in remote control mode, always check your results for plausibility.

**WARNING**

If the product is used with accessories, for example masts, staffs, poles, you may increase the risk of being struck by lightning.

Precautions:

Do not use the product in a thunderstorm.

**WARNING**

During dynamic applications, for example stakeout procedures there is a danger of accidents occurring if the user does not pay attention to the environmental conditions around, for example obstacles, excavations or traffic.

Precautions:

The person responsible for the product must make all users fully aware of the existing dangers.

**WARNING**

Inadequate securing of the working site can lead to dangerous situations, for example in traffic, on building sites, and at industrial installations.

Precautions:

Always ensure that the working site is adequately secured. Adhere to the regulations governing safety and accident prevention and road traffic.

**CAUTION**

Be careful when pointing the product towards the sun, because the telescope functions as a magnifying glass and can injure your eyes and/or cause damage inside the product.

Precautions:

Do not point the product directly at the sun.



CAUTION

If the accessories used with the product are not properly secured and the product is subjected to mechanical shock, for example blows or falling, the product may be damaged or people can sustain injury.

Precautions:

When setting-up the product, make sure that the accessories are correctly adapted, fitted, secured, and locked in position.

Avoid subjecting the product to mechanical stress.



WARNING

During the transport, shipping or disposal of batteries it is possible for inappropriate mechanical influences to constitute a fire hazard.

Precautions:

Before shipping the product or disposing of it, discharge the batteries by running the product until they are flat.

When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping contact your local passenger or freight transport company.



WARNING

High mechanical stress, high ambient temperatures or immersion into fluids can cause leakage, fire or explosions of the batteries.

Precautions:

Protect the batteries from mechanical influences and high ambient temperatures. Do not drop or immerse batteries into fluids.



WARNING

If battery terminals are short circuited e.g. by coming in contact with jewellery, keys, metalized paper or other metals, the battery can overheat and cause injury or fire, for example by storing or transporting in pockets.

Precautions:

Make sure that the battery terminals do not come into contact with metallic objects.



WARNING

If the product is improperly disposed of, the following can happen:

- If polymer parts are burnt, poisonous gases are produced which may impair health.
- If batteries are damaged or are heated strongly, they can explode and cause poisoning, burning, corrosion or environmental contamination.
- By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorised persons to use it in contravention of the regulations, exposing themselves and third parties to the risk of severe injury and rendering the environment liable to contamination.

Precautions:



The product must not be disposed with household waste.

Dispose of the product appropriately in accordance with the national regulations in force in your country.

Always prevent access to the product by unauthorised personnel.

Product-specific treatment and waste management information can be downloaded from the Leica Geosystems home page at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/treatment> or received from your Leica Geosystems dealer.



WARNING

Only Leica Geosystems authorised service workshops are entitled to repair these products.

1.6

1.6.1

Laser Classification

General

General

The following chapters provide instructions and training information about laser safety according to international standard IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and technical report IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02). The information enables the person responsible for the product and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.



According to IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02), products classified as laser class 1, class 2 and class 3R do not require:

- laser safety officer involvement,
- protective clothes and eyewear,
- special warning signs in the laser working area

if used and operated as defined in this User Manual due to the low eye hazard level.



National laws and local regulations could impose more stringent instructions for the safe use of lasers than IEC 60825-1 (2014-05) and IEC TR 60825-14 (2004-02).

1.6.2

Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

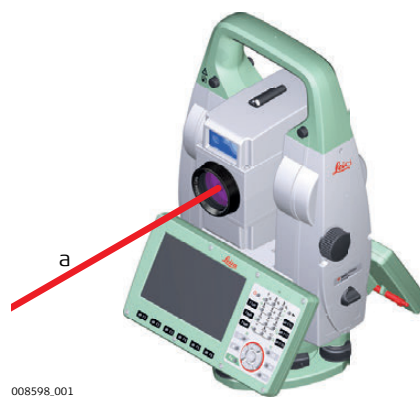
The product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	658 nm
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz
Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW
Beam divergence	1.5 mrad x 3 mrad

Labelling



a) Laser beam

General

The EDM module built into the product produces a visible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 3R in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low eye hazard level), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of:

- unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation,
- inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE)
- natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible radiation.

Description	Value (R500/R1000)
Wavelength	658 nm
Maximum average radiant power	4.8 mW
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz
Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	44 m / 144 ft

**CAUTION**

From a safety perspective, class 3R laser products should be treated as potentially hazardous.

Precautions:

- 1) Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam.
- 2) Do not direct the beam at other people.

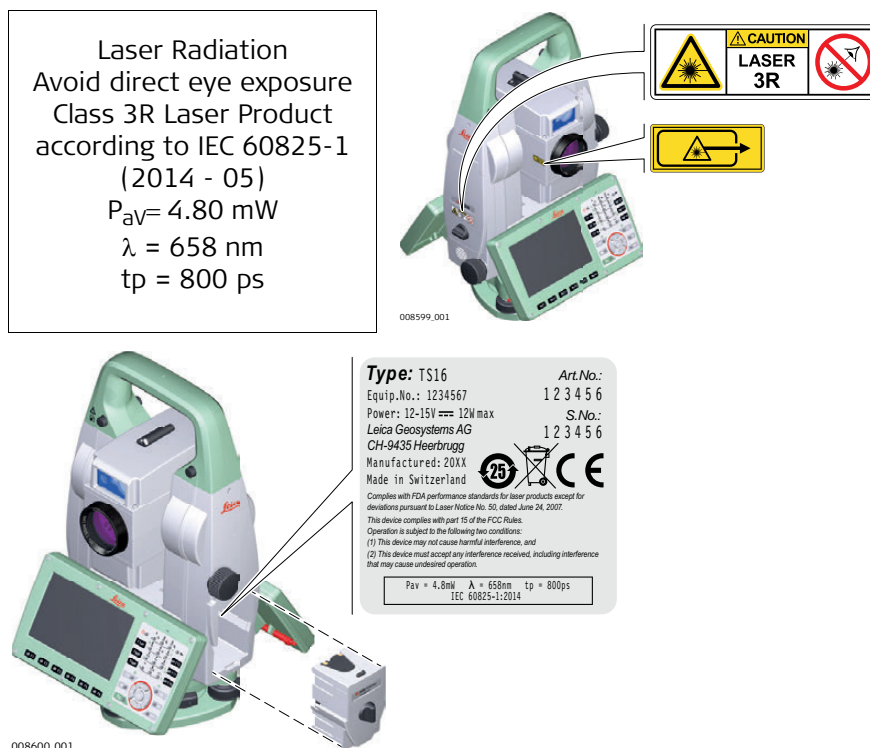
**CAUTION**

Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams but also to reflected beams aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, mirrors, metallic surfaces, etc.

Precautions:

- 1) Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such as a mirror, or which could emit unwanted reflections.
- 2) Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms or reflecting objects when the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance measurement mode. Aiming at prisms is only permitted when looking through the telescope.

Labelling



1.6.4

Red Laser Pointer

General

The laser pointer built into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 3R in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

Direct intrabeam viewing may be hazardous (low eye hazard level), in particular for deliberate ocular exposure. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions. The risk of injury for laser class 3R products is limited because of:

- unintentional exposure would rarely reflect worst case conditions of (e.g.) beam alignment with the pupil, worst case accommodation,
- inherent safety margin in the maximum permissible exposure to laser radiation (MPE)
- natural aversion behaviour for exposure to bright light for the case of visible radiation.

Description	Value (R500/R1000)
Wavelength	658 nm
Maximum average radiant power	4.8 mW
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	100 MHz
Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
NOHD (Nominal Ocular Hazard Distance) @ 0.25s	44 m / 144 ft



CAUTION

From a safety perspective, class 3R laser products should be treated as potentially hazardous.

Precautions:

- 1) Prevent direct eye exposure to the beam.
- 2) Do not direct the beam at other people.



CAUTION

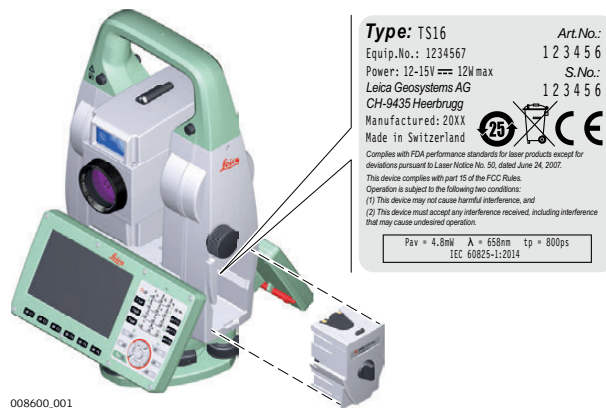
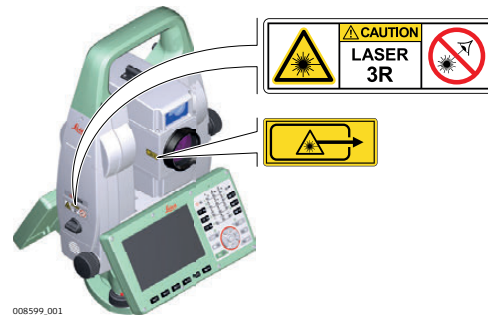
Potential hazards are not only related to direct beams but also to reflected beams aimed at reflecting surfaces such as prisms, windows, mirrors, metallic surfaces, etc.

Precautions:

- 1) Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such as a mirror, or which could emit unwanted reflections.
- 2) Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms or reflecting objects when the laser is switched on, in laser pointer or distance measurement mode. Aiming at prisms is only permitted when looking through the telescope.

Labelling

Laser Radiation
Avoid direct eye exposure
Class 3R Laser Product
according to IEC 60825-1
(2014 - 05)
 $P_{av} = 4.80 \text{ mW}$
 $\lambda = 658 \text{ nm}$
 $t_p = 800 \text{ ps}$



1.6.5

Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus)

General

The Automatic Target Aiming built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

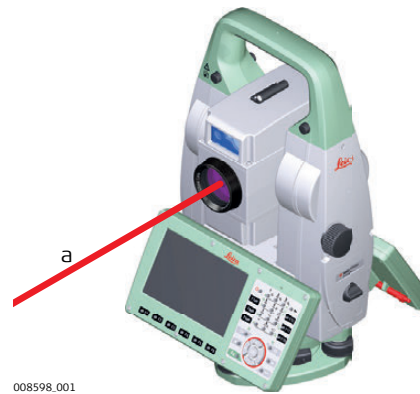
The product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	785 nm
Maximum average radiant power	3 mW
Pulse duration	≤ 17 ms
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	≤ 29 Hz
Beam divergence	11 mrad

Labelling



a) Laser beam

1.6.6

PowerSearch PS

General

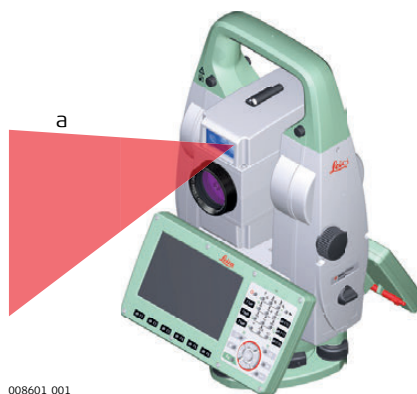
The PowerSearch built into the product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the front side of the telescope.

The product described in this section is classified as laser class 1 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with this User Manual.

Description	Value
Wavelength	850 nm
Maximum average radiant power	11 mW
Pulse duration	20 ns, 40 ns
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	24.4 kHz
Beam divergence	0.4 mrad x 700 mrad



a) Laser beam

1.6.7

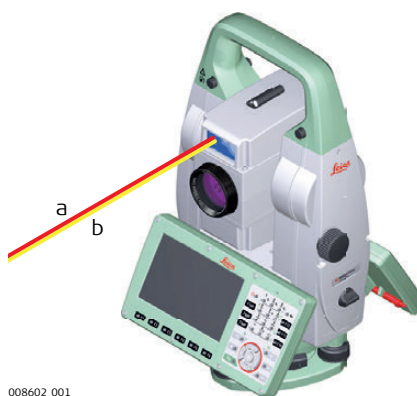
Electronic Guide Light EGL

General

The Electronic Guide Light built into the product produces a visible LED beam which emerges from the front side of the telescope.

☞ The product described in this section, is excluded from the scope of IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products".

The product described in this section, is classified as exempt group in accordance with IEC 62471 (2006-07) and does not pose any hazard provided that the product is used and maintained in accordance with this user manual.



a) LED beam red
b) LED beam yellow

General

The laser plummet built into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the bottom of the product.

The laser product described in this section is classified as laser class 2 in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2014-05): "Safety of laser products"

These products are safe for momentary exposures but can be hazardous for deliberate staring into the beam. The beam may cause dazzle, flash-blindness and after-images, particularly under low ambient light conditions.

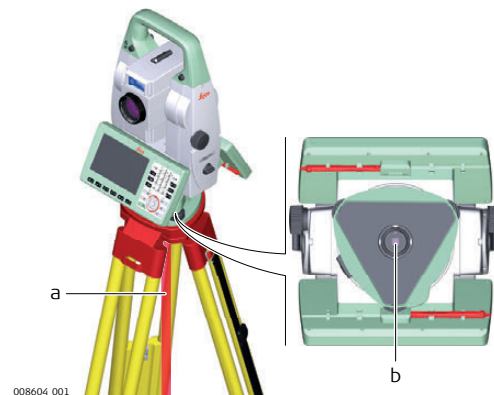
Description	Value
Wavelength	640 nm
Maximum average radiant power	0.95 mW
Pulse duration	10 ms - cw
Pulse repetition frequency (PRF)	1 kHz
Beam divergence	< 1.5 mrad

**CAUTION**

From a safety perspective, class 2 laser products are not inherently safe for the eyes.

Precautions:

- 1) Avoid staring into the beam or viewing it through optical instruments.
- 2) Avoid pointing the beam at other people or at animals.

Labelling

- a) Laser beam
b) Exit for laser beam

Laser Radiation
Do not stare into the beam
Class 2 Laser Product
according to IEC 60825-1
(2014 - 05)
 $P_{av} = 1.00 \text{ mW}$
 $\lambda = 658 \text{ nm}$

Description

The term Electromagnetic Compatibility is taken to mean the capability of the product to function smoothly in an environment where electromagnetic radiation and electro-static discharges are present, and without causing electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment.

**WARNING**

Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment.

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed.



CAUTION

There is a risk that disturbances may be caused in other equipment if the product is used with accessories from other manufacturers, for example field computers, personal computers or other electronic equipment, non-standard cables or external batteries.

Precautions:

Use only the equipment and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems. When combined with the product, they meet the strict requirements stipulated by the guidelines and standards. When using computers or other electronic equipment, pay attention to the information about electromagnetic compatibility provided by the manufacturer.



CAUTION

Disturbances caused by electromagnetic radiation can result in erroneous measurements.

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that the product may be disturbed by intense electromagnetic radiation, for example, near radio transmitters, two-way radios or diesel generators.

Precautions:

Check the plausibility of results obtained under these conditions.



CAUTION

If the product is operated with connecting cables attached at only one of their two ends, for example external supply cables, interface cables, the permitted level of electromagnetic radiation may be exceeded and the correct functioning of other products may be impaired.

Precautions:

While the product is in use, connecting cables, for example product to external battery, product to computer, must be connected at both ends.

Radios or Digital Cellular Phones



WARNING

Use of product with radio or digital cellular phone devices:

Electromagnetic fields can cause disturbances in other equipment, in installations, in medical devices, for example pacemakers or hearing aids and in aircraft. It can also affect humans and animals.

Precautions:

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment can be disturbed or that humans or animals can be affected.

- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in the vicinity of filling stations or chemical installations, or in other areas where an explosion hazard exists.
 - Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices near to medical equipment.
 - Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in aircraft.
-



The greyed paragraph below is only applicable for products without radio.



WARNING

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

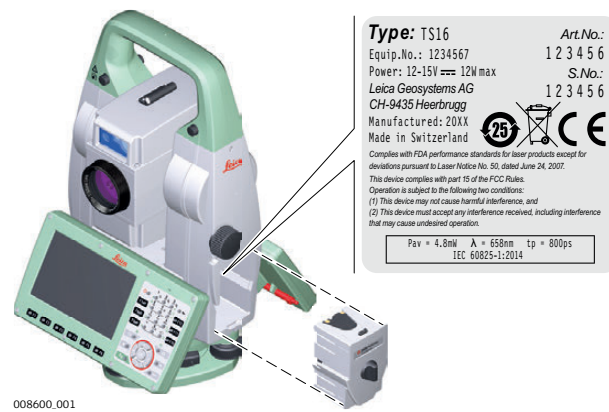
- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



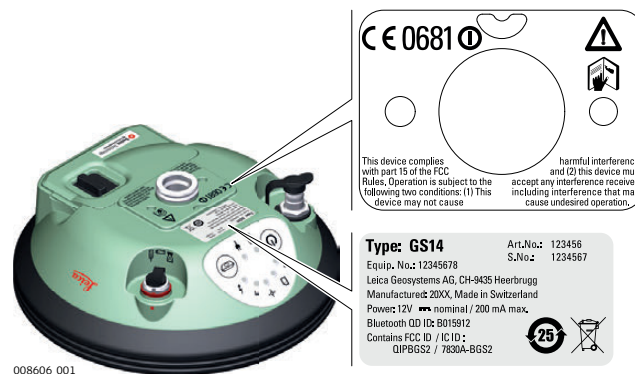
WARNING

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leica Geosystems for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Labelling TS16



Labelling GS14



Labelling GS15



008607.001


Type: GS15
S.No.: 1234567
Equi.No.: 1234567
Art.No.: 7XXXXX
Power: 12V nominal/0.5 A max.
Leica Geosystems AG
CH-9435 Heerbrugg
IC: 6950A-31308
Manufactured: 20XX
Made in Switzerland

Contains transmitter module:
FCC-ID: 0231308
Bluetooth QD ID: B015912

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:
(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and
(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

25 2022WW105669723

Labelling Internal Battery GEB212, GEB222



008611.001

Type: GEB212 Art.No.: 772806
Li-Ion Battery: 7.4V / 2.6Ah
10A 5A/130°C 19Wh
Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg
Manufactured: 20XX S.No.: 0118 Made in China

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

UL LISTED
ITE Accessory
E179078, 70YL



008610.001


Type: GEB222 Art.No.: 793973
Li-Ion Battery: 7.4V / 6.0Ah
15A 5A/130°C 44.4Wh
Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg
S.No.: 10142 Made in China

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

FU US
11WV
MH29443

Labelling RadioHandle

RH16



008612.001

Type: RH16
Art.No.: 777812
Power: 7.4V/12.5V= / 0.2A max.
Leica Geosystems AG
CH-9435 Heerbrugg
Manufactured: 20XX
Made in Switzerland

Contains Transmitter Module:
FCC ID: HSV-2400M
IC: 4492A-2450
S.No.: 1234567

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

25

RH17



Type: RH17

Art.No.: 818467
 Power: 7.4V/12.5V \pm /
 0.2A max.
 Leica Geosystems AG
 CH-9435 Heerbrugg
 Manufactured: 20xx
 Made in Switzerland
 Contains
 Transmitter Module:
 FCC ID: PVH0946
 IC: 5325A-0946



S.No.: 1234567

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

008613.001

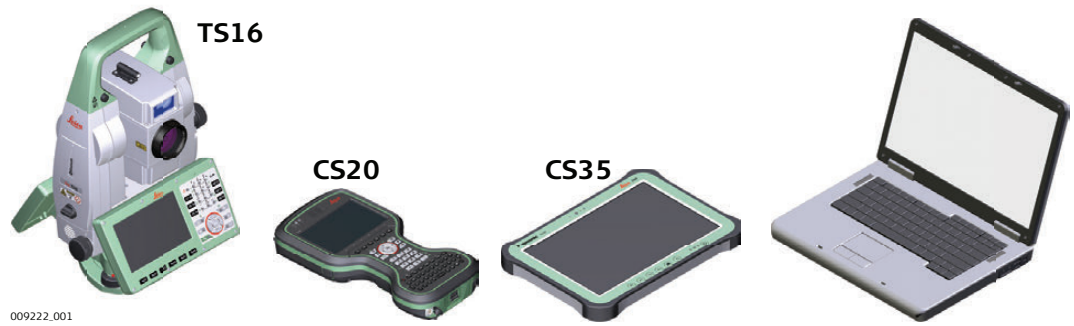
2

Description of the System

2.1

System Components

Main Components



Component	Description
TS16 instrument	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• a total station for measuring, calculating and capturing data.• consisting of various models with a range of accuracy classes.• integrated with an add-on GNSS system to form Smart-Station.• combined with the multi-purpose CS20 field controller to conduct remote control surveys.
CS20 field controller	A multipurpose field controller allowing the remote control of the TS16 instrument.
CS35 tablet	A tablet allowing the remote control of the TS16 instrument.
Infinity	The office software including a series of help programs which support working with Leica instruments.

Terms and Abbreviations

The following terms and abbreviations can be found in this manual:

Term	Description
Remote Mode	The instrument is remote controlled by the field controller or tablet using radio.
EDM	E lectronic D istance M easurement EDM refers to the laser distancer incorporated into the instrument which enables distance measurement. Two measuring modes are available: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prism mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances to prisms. It incorporates the long range mode to measure extended distances to prisms.• Any surface mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances without prisms.
PinPoint	PinPoint refers to the Reflectorless EDM technology which enables an increased measuring range with a smaller laser spot size. Two options are available: R500 and R1000.
EGL	E lectronic G uide L ight An EGL fitted to an instrument assists with prism targeting. It consists of two differently coloured flashing lights located in the instrument telescope housing. The person holding the prism can align themselves into the line-of-sight of the instrument.

Term	Description
Motorised	Instruments fitted with internal motors, enabling automatic horizontal and vertical turning are referred to as Motorised.
ATRplus	Automatic Target Aiming. ATRplus refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic target aiming and locking.
Automated	Instruments fitted with ATRplus are referred to as Automated. ATRplus refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic target aiming to a prism. Three automation modes are available with Aim at target: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Manual: no automation and no lock. • Automatic: automatic target aiming to a prism. • LOCK: an already targeted prism is followed automatically.
Overview camera	Overview camera is located in the upper part of the telescope housing and has a fixed focus.
PowerSearch	PowerSearch refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic rapid finding of a prism.
SmartStation	A Leica Viva TS instrument integrated with an add-on GNSS system, comprising hardware and software components, forms a SmartStation. Components of a SmartStation include a SmartAntenna and a SmartAntenna Adapter. A SmartStation provides an additional instrument setup method for determining instrument station coordinates. The GNSS principles and functionality of a SmartStation derive from the principles and functionality of Leica Viva GNSS instruments.
SmartAntenna	SmartAntenna with integrated Bluetooth is a component of a SmartStation. It can also be used independently on a pole with a CS20 field controller. Models compatible with a TS16 instrument are GS14/GS15. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
RadioHandle	A component of remote mode is the RH16/RH17 RadioHandle. It is an instrument carry handle with an integrated long range Bluetooth module with attached antenna.
Communication side cover	Communication side cover with integrated Bluetooth, SD card slot, USB port, WLAN and RadioHandle is standard for a TS16 instrument and a component of a SmartStation. In combination with the RH16/RH17 RadioHandle, it is also a component of remote mode.

Available Models

Model	TS16 M	TS16 A	TS16 P	TS16 I
Angle measurement	✓	✓	✓	✓
Distance measurement to prism	✓	✓	✓	✓
Distance measurement to any surface (reflectorless)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Motorised	✓	✓	✓	✓
Automatic Target Aiming	-	✓	✓	✓
PowerSearch (PS)	-	-	✓	✓
Overview Camera	-	-	-	✓
RS232, USB and SD card interface	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bluetooth	✓	✓	✓	✓
Internal Flash Memory (2 GB)	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hotshoe interface for RadioHandle	✓	✓	✓	✓
Guide Light (EGL)	✓	✓	✓	✓
WLAN	✓	✓	✓	✓

✓ Standard

- Not available

2.2

2.2.1

System Concept

Software Concept

Description

All instruments use the same software concept.

Software for TS Models

Software type	Description
TS firmware (TS_xxMS60LeicaCaptivate.fw)	<p>The Leica Captivate software is running on the TS instrument and covers all functions of the instrument.</p> <p>The main applications and languages are integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.</p> <p>The languages released with Leica Captivate are included in the firmware file.</p>
Applications (xx.axx)	<p>Many optional survey-specific applications are available for the TS instruments. All applications are included in the Leica Captivate firmware file and can be loaded separately.</p> <p>Some of the applications are activated freely and require no licence key; others require purchasing and are only activated with a licence key.</p> <p>If the licence is not loaded to the instrument, applications requiring a licence key run for a 40 h trial period. For a trial run, the Measure&Stakeout licence must be available on the TS.</p>
Customised applications (xx.axx)	<p>Customised software, specific to user requirements, can be developed using the GeoC++ development kit. Information on the GeoC++ development environment is available on request from a Leica Geosystems representative.</p>

Software Upload



Uploading software can take some time. Ensure that the battery is at least 75% full before you start the upload. Do not remove the battery during the upload process.

Software update instructions for all TS models:

- 1) Download the most recent firmware file from <https://myworld.leica-geosystems.com>. Refer to "Introduction".
- 2) Copy the firmware file into the **System** folder on the Leica SD card.
- 3) Start the instrument. Select **Settings\Tools\Update software**. Select the firmware file and start the update.
- 4) When the update is complete, a message appears.

2.2.2

Power Concept

General

Use the batteries, chargers and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems to ensure the correct functionality of the instrument.

Power Options

Model	Power supply
all TS models	Internally by GEB222 battery, OR Externally by GEV52 cable and GEB371 battery. If an external power supply is connected and the internal battery is inserted, then the external power is used.
SmartAntenna	Internally via GEB212 battery fitted into the antenna.

2.2.3

Data Storage Concept

Description

Data is stored on a memory device. The memory device can be an SD card or internal memory. For data transfer an USB stick can also be used.

Memory Device

SD card: All instruments have an SD card slot fitted as standard. An SD card can be inserted and removed. Available capacity: 1 GB and 8 GB.

USB stick: All instruments have a USB port fitted as standard.

Internal memory: All instruments have an internal memory fitted as standard. Available capacity: 2 GB.



While other SD cards can be used, Leica Geosystems recommends to only use Leica SD cards and is not responsible for data loss or any other error that can occur while using a non-Leica card.



Unplugging connecting cables or removing the SD card or USB stick during the measurement can cause loss of data. Only remove the SD card or USB stick or unplug connecting cables when the TS instrument is switched off.

Transfer Data

Data can be transferred in various ways. Refer to "4.8 Connecting to a Personal Computer".

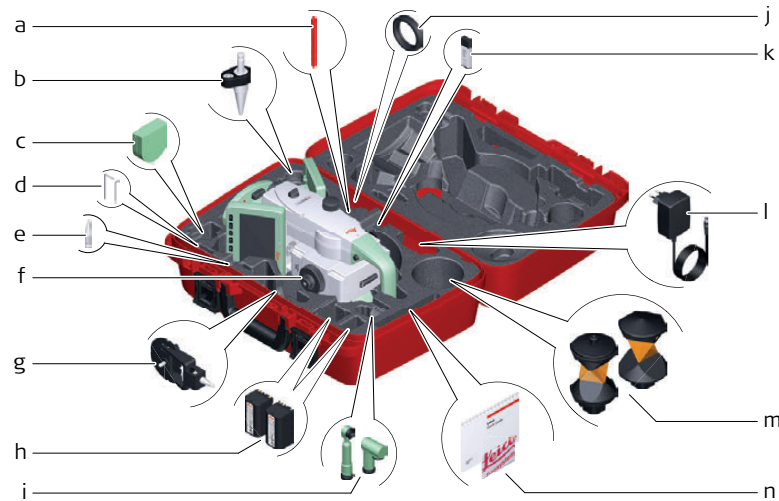


SD cards can directly be used in an OMNI drive as supplied by Leica Geosystems. Other PC card drives can require an adaptor.

2.3

Container Contents

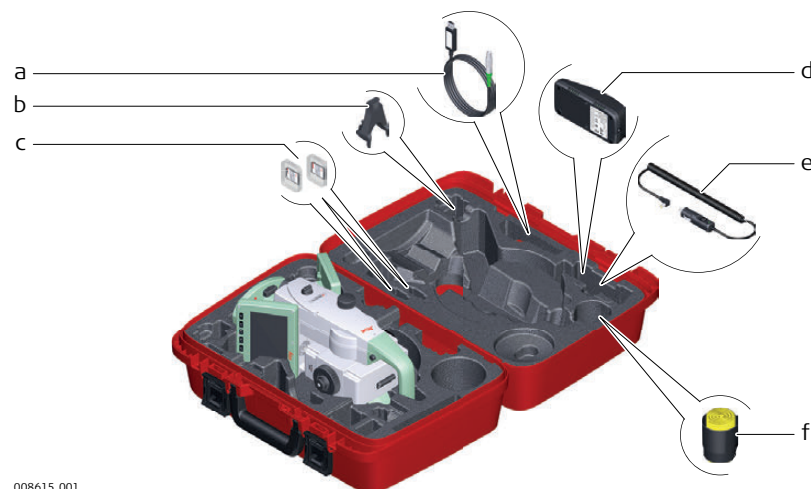
Container for Instrument and Accessories - Part 1 of 2



008614.001

- a) Stylus
- b) GLS14 mini pole
- c) GHM007 Instrument height meter
- d) Allen key and adjustment tool
- e) Tip for GMP101 mini prism
- f) Instrument with tribrach and standard handle or RadioHandle
- g) GMP101 mini prism
- h) GEB222 batteries
- i) GFZ3 or GOK6 diagonal eyepiece
- j) Counterweight for diagonal eyepiece
- k) MS1, 1 GB USB memory stick
- l) GEV192 AC power supply for battery charger
- m) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- n) Manuals and USB documentation card

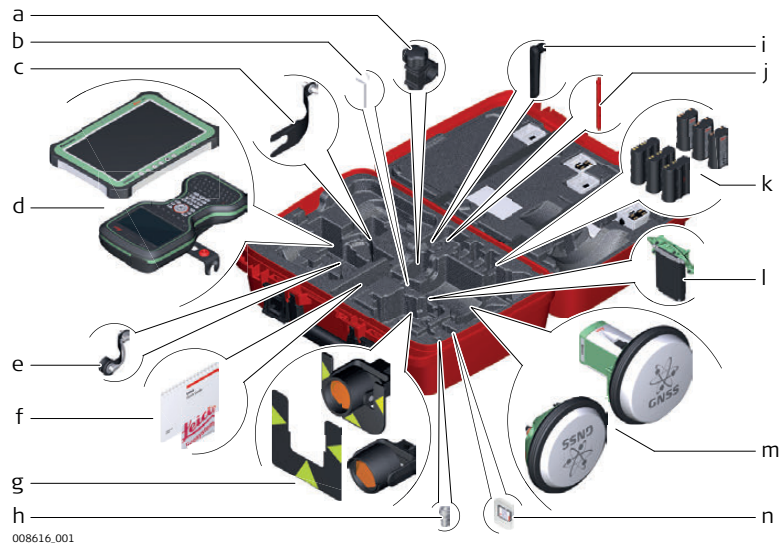
Container for Instrument and Accessories - Part 2 of 2



008615.001

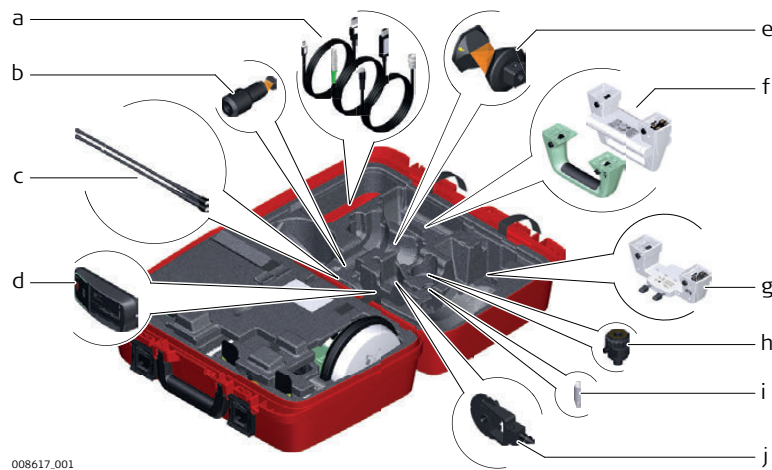
- a) Cables
- b) GHT196 tribrach bracket for height meter
- c) SD cards and covers
- d) GKL311 battery charger
- e) Car adapter power plug for battery charger (stored under battery charger)
- f) Protective cover for instrument, sunshade for objective lens and cleaning cloth

**Container for
GS14/GS15 Smart-
Pole/SmartStation
and Accessories -
Part 1 of 2**



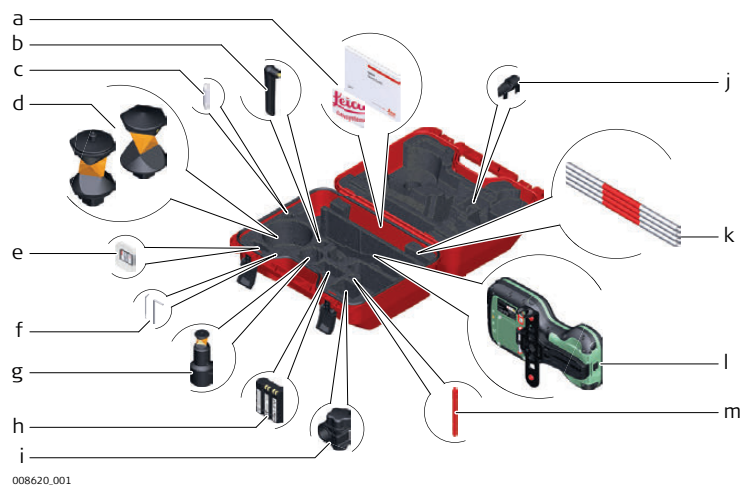
- a) GHT63 pole holder clamp
- b) Allen key and adjustment tool
- c) GAD33 antenna arm
- d) CS35 tablet and/or CS20 field controller with GHT62 holder
- e) GAD108 antenna arm
- f) Manuals and USB documentation card
- g) GPR121 circular prism PRO or GZT4 target plate for GPH1 and GPH1 prism holder with GPR1 circular prism
- h) GAD109 QN-TNC Adapter
- i) GAT25 radio antenna
- j) Stylus
- k) GEB212 or GEB331 batteries
- l) SLXX RTK modem
- m) GS14 or GS15 antenna
- n) SD card and cover

Container for GS14/GS15 Smart- Pole/SmartStation and Accessories - Part 2 of 2



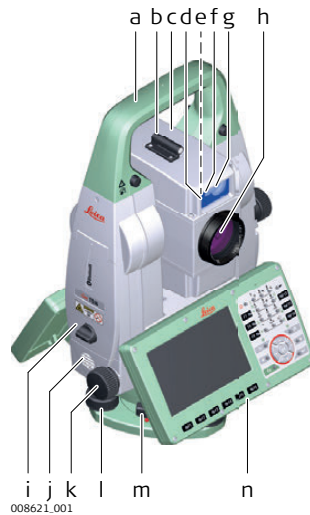
- a) Cables
- b) GRZ101 mini prism and GAD103 adapter
- c) GAT_1 or GAT_2 radio antennas
- d) GKL311 charger
- e) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- f) Standard handle or RadioHandle
- g) GAD110 adapter for GS14 and GS15 antenna
- h) GAD31 screw to stub adapter
- i) Mini prism spike
- j) GMP101 mini prism

Container for TS Robotic Pole Setup, Small Size



- a) Manuals and USB documentation card
- b) GAT25 radio antenna
- c) Mini prism spike
- d) GRZ4 or GRZ122 prism
- e) SD card and cover
- f) Adjustment tool and allen key
- g) GRZ101 mini prism and GAD103 adapter
- h) GEB331 battery
- i) GHT63 pole holder clamp
- j) Tip for mini pole
- k) GLI115 clip-on bubble for GLS115 mini prism pole
- l) CS20 field controller and GHT66 holder
- m) Stylus

Instrument Components Part 1 of 2



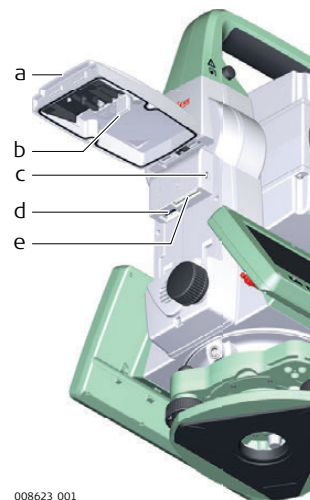
- a) Carry handle
- b) Optical sight
- c) Telescope, integrating EDM, ATRplus, EGL, PS, overview camera
- d) EGL flashing diode - yellow and red
- e) Overview camera
- f) PowerSearch, transmitter
- g) PowerSearch, receiver
- h) Coaxial optics for angle and distance measurement, and exit port of visible laser beam for distance measurements
- i) Compartment for SD Card and USB stick
- j) Loudspeaker
- k) Horizontal drive
- l) Tribrach footscrew
- m) Tribrach securing screw
- n) Second keyboard (optional)

Instrument Components Part 2 of 2



- a) Vertical drive
- b) Focusing ring
- c) Interchangeable eyepiece
- d) Circular level
- e) Battery compartment
- f) Touch screen
- g) Stylus for touch screen
- h) Keyboard

Communication Side Cover



- a) Compartment lid
- b) USB stick cap storage
- c) USB device port (mini AB OTG)
- d) USB host port for USB stick
- e) SD card port

Instrument Components for SmartStation



- a) GS15 SmartAntenna
- b) GS14 SmartAntenna
- c) RTK slot-in device



- d) GAD110 SmartAntenna Adapter
- e) Communication side cover

Instrument Components for Remote Mode

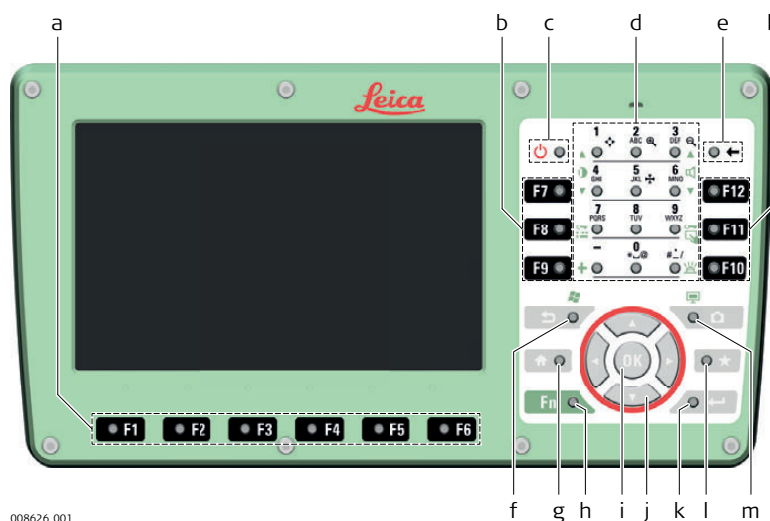


- a) RadioHandle
- b) Communication side cover

3 User Interface

3.1 Keyboard

Keyboard



008626.001

- a) Function keys F1-F6
- b) Function keys F7-F12
- c) ON/OFF
- d) Alphanumeric keys
- e) Backspace
- f) Esc
- g) Home
- h) Fn
- i) OK
- j) Arrow keys
- k) Enter
- l) Favourites
- m) Camera

Keys

Key	Function
Function keys F1-F6	Correspond to six softkeys that appear on the bottom of the screen when the screen is activated.
Function keys F7-F12	User definable keys to execute chosen commands or access chosen screens.
Alphanumeric keys	To type letters and numbers.
Camera	To capture an image with the camera.
Esc	Leaves the current screen without storing any changes.
Fn	Switches between the first and second level of function keys.
Enter	Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical menu / dialog. Starts the edit mode for editable fields. Opens a selectable list.
ON/OFF	If the instrument is already off: Turns on the instrument when held for 2 s. If the instrument is already on: Turns to Power Options menu when held for 2 s.
Favourites	Goes to a favourites menu.

Key		Function
Home		Switches to the Home Menu. Switches to the Windows EC7 Start Menu when pressing SHIFT at the same time.
Arrow keys		Move the focus on the screen.
OK		Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical menu / dialog. Starts the edit mode for editable fields. Opens a selectable list.

Key Combinations

Key		Function
	+	Hold Fn while pressing . Switch to Windows.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing . Take a screenshot of the current screen.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 1 . Increase the screen brightness.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 4 . Decrease the screen brightness.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 3 . Increase the volume for acoustic warning signals, beeps and keypresses on the field controller.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 6 . Decrease the volume for acoustic warning signals, beeps and keypresses on the field controller.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 7 . Lock/unlock the keyboard.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing 9 . Lock/unlock the touch screen.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing . Enter a plus sign instead of a minus sign.
	+	Hold Fn while pressing . Turn the keyboard illumination on/off.

Keyboard and Touch Screen

The user interface is operated either by the keyboard or by the touch screen with supplied stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the only difference lies in the way information is selected and entered.

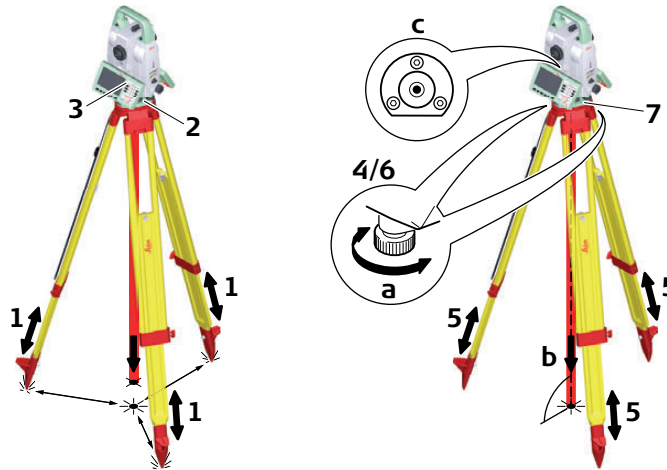
Operation by keyboard

Information is selected and entered using the keys. Refer to "3.1 Keyboard" for a detailed description of the keys on the keyboard and their function.

Operation by touch screen

Information is selected and entered on the screen using the supplied stylus.

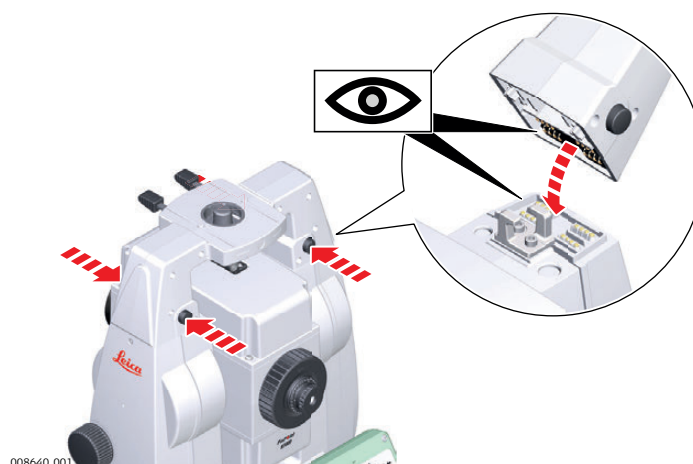
Operation	Description
To select an item	Tap on the item.
To start the edit mode in editable fields	Tap on the editable field.
To highlight an item or parts of it for editing	Drag the supplied stylus from the left to the right.
To accept data entered into an editable field and exit the edit mode	Tap on the screen outside of the editable field.
To open a context-sensitive menu	Tap on the item and hold for 2 s.


Instrument Setup
Step-by-Step

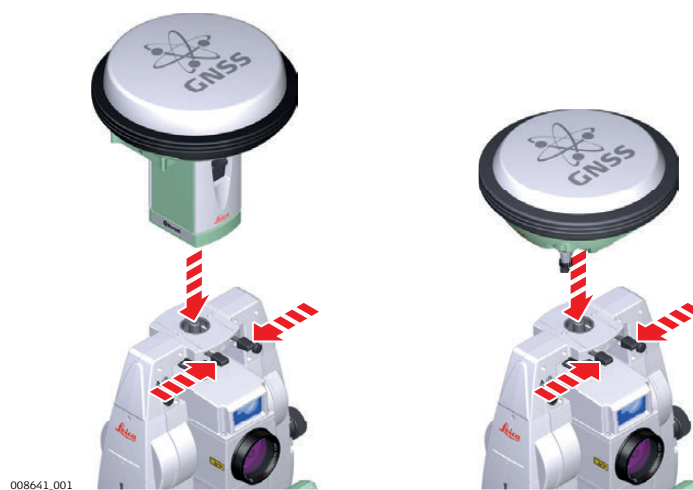
008639_001

Step	Description
	Shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
1.	Extend the tripod legs to allow for a comfortable working posture. Position the tripod above the marked ground point, centring it as good as possible. Ensure that the tripod plate is roughly horizontal.
2.	Fasten the tribrach and instrument onto the tripod.
3.	Turn on the instrument by pressing . Select Settings/TS instrument/Level & compensator to activate the laser plummet and electronic level.
4.	Use the tribrach footscrews (a) to centre the plummet (b) above the ground point.
5.	Adjust the tripod legs to level the circular level (c).
6.	By using the electronic level, turn the tribrach footscrews (a) to level the instrument precisely.
7.	Centre the instrument precisely over the ground point (b) by shifting the tribrach on the tripod plate.
8.	Repeat steps 6. and 7. until the required accuracy is achieved.

SmartStation Setup Step-by-Step



Step	Description
1.	Place the GAD110 adapter for the GS15/GS14 antenna onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the adapter is on the same side as the Communication side cover.

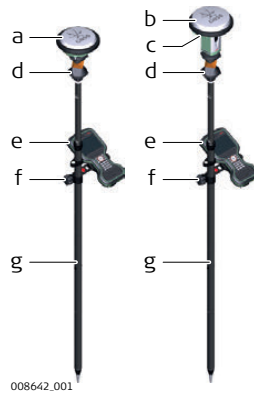


Step	Description
2.	Place the GS15/GS14 antenna onto the adapter by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the two press clips.

4.3

Setting Up SmartPole

SmartPole Setup using GS15/GS14

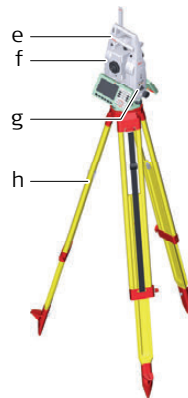


- a) GS14 antenna
- b) GS15 antenna
- c) RTK slot-in device
- d) 360° prism
- e) Field controller on GHT66 holder
(Alternative, not illustrated: tablet
on GHT78 holder)
- f) GHT63 clamp
- g) GLS31 pole with snap-lock posi-
tions
- h) RH16/RH17 RadioHandle
- i) Instrument
- j) Communication side cover, inte-
grated
- k) Tripod

4.4

Setting up for Remote Control (with the RadioHandle)

Setup for Remote Control with Radio- Handle

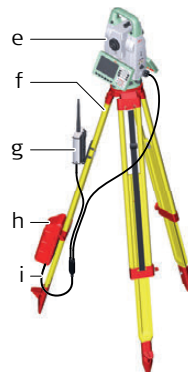


- a) 360° prism
- b) Prism pole
- c) Field controller on GHT66 holder
(Alternative, not illustrated: tablet
on GHT78 holder)
- d) GHT63 clamp
- e) RH16/RH17 RadioHandle
- f) Instrument
- g) Communication side cover
- h) Tripod

4.5




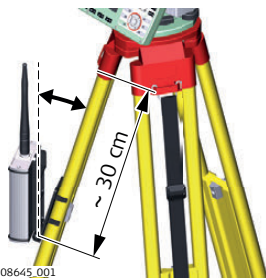
Setting up for Remote Control (with the TCPS29/30)

Setup for Remote Control with TCPS29/30



- a) 360° prism
- b) Prism pole
- c) Field controller on GHT66 holder
(Alternative, not illustrated: tablet
on GHT78 holder)
- d) GHT63 clamp
- e) Instrument
- f) Tripod
- g) TCPS29/30
- h) External battery GEB371
- i) Y-cable

Mounting Base Radio to Tripod Step-by-Step

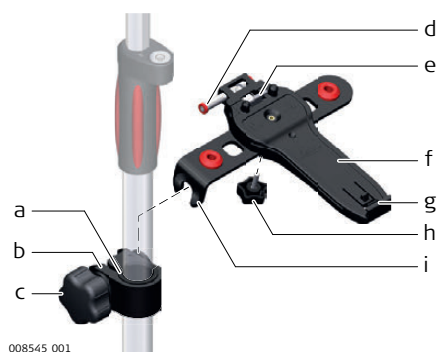
Step	Description
1.	The GHT43 tripod adapter is used to mount the TCPS29/30 to all Leica standard tripods, and to optimise the radio transmission performance. Attach the TCPS29/30 to the adapter and then attach the adapter to the tripod leg.
2.	Adjust the angle of TCPS29/30 until it is vertical.
3.	Adjust the location of the adapter on the tripod leg so that there are no metallic objects in the horizontal plane around the antenna.  Metallic objects near the antenna disturb radio transmissions.
4.	 To achieve the best performance from the TCPS29/30, mount it in a vertical position on the tripod leg, approximately 30 cm from the top.  If the adapter is no longer able to retain its angle position, the adjustment bolt at the hinge can be tightened slightly. <div>  <p>008645_001</p> </div>

4.6

Fixing the Field Controller to a Holder and Pole

Components of the GHT66 Holder

The GHT66 holder consists of the following components:




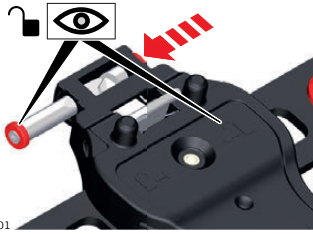
GHT63 clamp

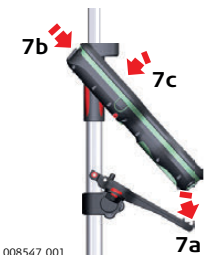
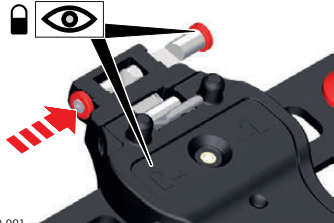
- a) Plastic sleeve
- b) Pole clamp
- c) Clamp bolt

GHT66 holder

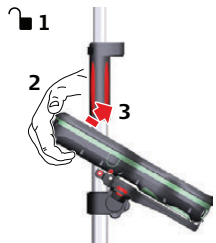
- d) Locking pin
- e) Top clip
- f) Mounting plate
- g) Bottom clip
- h) Tightening screw
- i) Mounting arm

Fixing the Field Controller and GHT66 to a Pole Step-by-step

Step	Description
	For an aluminium pole, fit the plastic sleeve to the pole clamp.
1.	Insert the pole into the clamp hole.
2.	Attach the holder to the clamp using the clamp bolt.
3.	Adjust the angle and the height of the holder on the pole to a comfortable position.
4.	Tighten the clamp with the clamp bolt.
5.	Before placing the CS field controller onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking pin is put into the unlocked position. To unlock the locking pin, push the locking pin to the left. <div>  <p>008546_001</p> </div>
6.	Hold the CS field controller above the holder and lower the end of the CS field controller into the mounting plate.

Step	Description	
7.	Apply slight pressure in a downward direction and then lower the top part of the CS field controller until the unit is clicked into the holder. The guides of the mounting plate aid in this action.	 008547_001
8.	After the CS field controller is placed onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking pin is put into the locked position. To lock the locking pin, push the locking pin to the right.	 008549_001

Detaching the Field Controller from a Pole Step-by-step

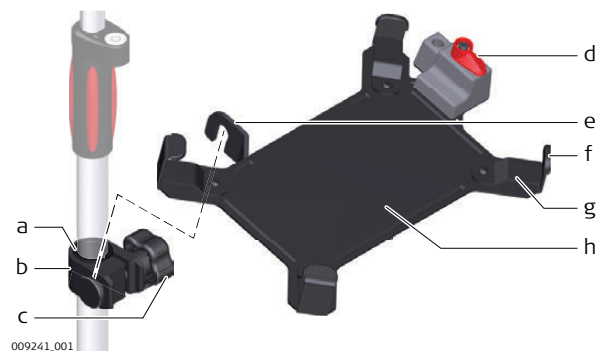
Step	Description	
1.	Unlock the locking pin by pushing the locking pin to the left of the mounting plate.	
2.	Place your palm over the top of the field controller.	
3.	While in this position, lift the top of the field controller from the holder.	 008551_001

4.7

Fixing the CS35 Tablet to a Holder and Pole

Components of GHT63 Clamp and GHT78 Holder

For fixing the CS35 tablet to a pole you need the following components:





GHT63 clamp

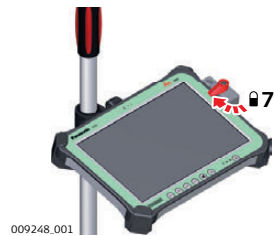
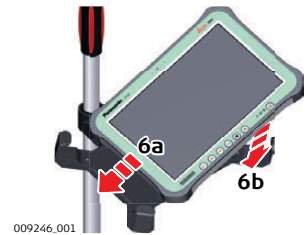
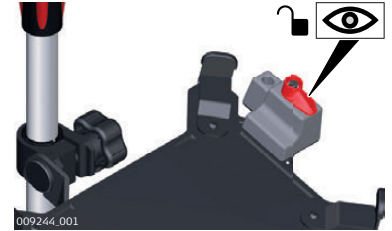
- a) Plastic sleeve
- b) Pole clamp
- c) Clamp bolt

GHT78 holder

- d) Locking lever
- e) Mounting arm
- f) Mounting brackets
- g) Removable inserts
- h) Mounting plate

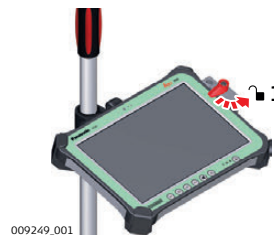
Fixing the CS35 Tablet and GHT78 to a Pole Step-by-Step

Step	Description
	For an aluminium pole, fit the plastic sleeve to the pole clamp.
	If the 833343 hand strap with high corner guards is attached to the tablet, remove the inserts from the mounting brackets before fixing the tablet to the mounting plate. To untighten the screws of the removable inserts, use a 2.5 mm allen key.
1.	Insert the pole into the clamp hole.
2.	Attach the holder to the clamp using the clamp bolt.
3.	Adjust the angle and the height of the holder on the pole to a comfortable position.
4.	Tighten the clamp with the clamp bolt.
5.	Before placing the CS35 tablet onto the mounting plate, ensure that the locking lever is set to the unlocked position (see illustration).
6.	Lower the left side of the tablet and slide it from right to left into the mounting brackets of the holder.
7.	After placing the tablet onto the mounting plate, set the locking lever to the locked position (see illustration).



Detaching the Tablet from the Holder/Pole Step-by-Step

Step	Description
1.	Set the locking lever of the GHT78 holder to the unlocked position.
2.	Lift the right side of the tablet and slide the tablet to the right and out of the holder.



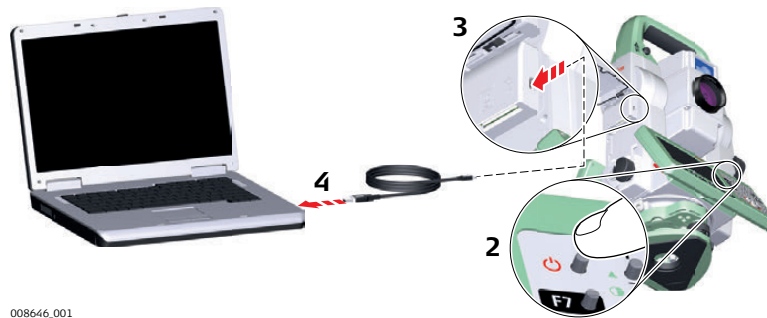


Microsoft ActiveSync (for PCs with Windows XP operating system) or Windows Mobile Device Center (for PCs with Windows Vista or Windows 7/Windows 8 operating system) is the synchronisation software for Windows mobile-based pocket PCs. Microsoft ActiveSync or Windows Mobile Device Center enables a PC and a Windows mobile-based pocket PC to communicate.

Install Leica Viva USB drivers

Step	Description
1.	Start the PC.
2.	Insert the Leica Viva Series USB card.
3.	Run the SetupViva&GR_USB_XX.exe to install the drivers necessary for Leica Viva devices. Depending on the version (32bit or 64bit) of the operating system on your PC, you have to select between the three setup files following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • SetupViva&GR_USB_32bit.exe • SetupViva&GR_USB_64bit.exe • SetupViva&GR_USB_64bit_itanium.exe The setup has to be run only once for all Leica Viva devices.
4.	The Welcome to InstallShield Wizard for Leica Viva & GR USB drivers window appears. Ensure that all Leica Viva devices are disconnected from your PC before you continue!
5.	Next>.
6.	The Ready to Install the Program window appears.
7.	Install. The drivers will be installed on your PC. For PCs with Windows Vista or Windows 7/Windows 8 operating system: If not already installed, Windows Mobile Device Center will be installed additionally.
8.	The InstallShield Wizard Completed window appears.
9.	Check I have read the instructions and click Finish to exit the wizard.

Connect USB Cable to Computer for the First Time Step-by-Step

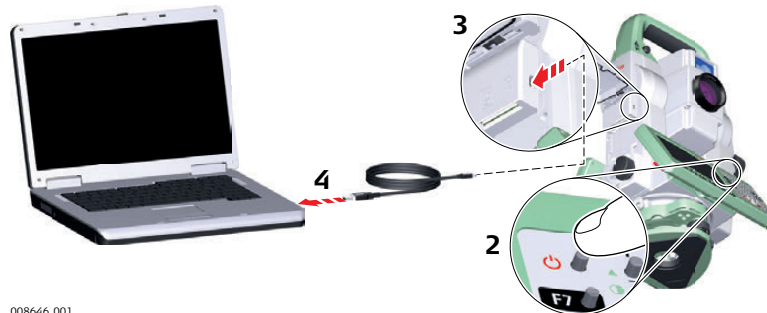


008646.001


Step	Description
1.	Start the computer.
2.	Plug the GEV223 cable into TS instrument.
3.	Turn on the TS instrument.
4.	Plug the GEV223 cable into the USB port of the computer. The Found New Hardware Wizard starts up automatically.
5.	Check Yes, this time only. Next>.

Step	Description
6.	Check Install the software automatically (Recommended). Next> . The software for Remote NDIS based LGS TS Device will be installed on your computer
7.	Finish.
8.	The Found New Hardware Wizard starts up automatically a second time.
9.	Check Yes, this time only. Next> .
10.	Check Install the software automatically (Recommended). Next> . The software for LGS TS USB Device will be installed on your computer.
11.	Finish.

Connect to Computer via USB Cable Step-by-Step



008646.001

Step	Description
1.	Start the PC.
2.	Plug the GEV223 cable into the instrument.
3.	Turn on the instrument.
4.	Plug the GEV223 cable into the USB port of the computer.
	Active Sync or Windows Device Manager cannot be used with TS16.
5.	Press the Windows Start button.
6.	Type \\192.168.254.3\ into the search field.
7.	Press Enter. <i>A file browser opens. You can now browse within the folders on the instrument.</i>

Turning the Instrument On

Press and hold power key () for 2 s.



The instrument must have a power supply.

Turning the Instrument Off

Press and hold power key () for 2 s.




The instrument must be on.




For instruments setup in permanent installations with external power sources, for example monitoring, ensure external power remains available until the instrument has successfully completed the power down process.

Power Options Menu

Press and hold power key () for 2 s to open **Power Options** menu.



Instrument must be on.

Option	Description
Turn off	Turn TS instrument off.
Stand-by	Put TS instrument into stand-by mode.  In stand-by mode, the TS instrument shuts down and reduces power consumption. Rebooting from stand-by mode is quicker than a cold start after turning off.
Reset...	Performs one of the following options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Restart (restarts Windows EC7) • Reset Windows EC7 (resets Windows EC7 and communication settings to factory defaults) • Reset installed software (resets settings of all installed software) • Reset Windows EC7 and installed software (resets Windows EC7 and settings of all installed software)

4.10

Batteries

4.10.1

Operating Principles**First-time Use / Charging Batteries**

- The battery must be charged prior to using it for the first time.
- The permissible temperature range for charging is between 0°C to +40°C/ +32°F to +104°F. For optimal charging, we recommend charging the batteries at a low ambient temperature of +10°C to +20°C/+50°F to +68°F if possible.
- It is normal for the battery to become warm during charging. Using the chargers recommended by Leica Geosystems, it is not possible to charge the battery if the temperature is too high.
- For Li-Ion batteries, a single refreshing cycle is sufficient. We recommend carrying out a refreshing cycle when the battery capacity indicated on the charger or on a Leica Geosystems product deviates significantly from the actual battery capacity available.

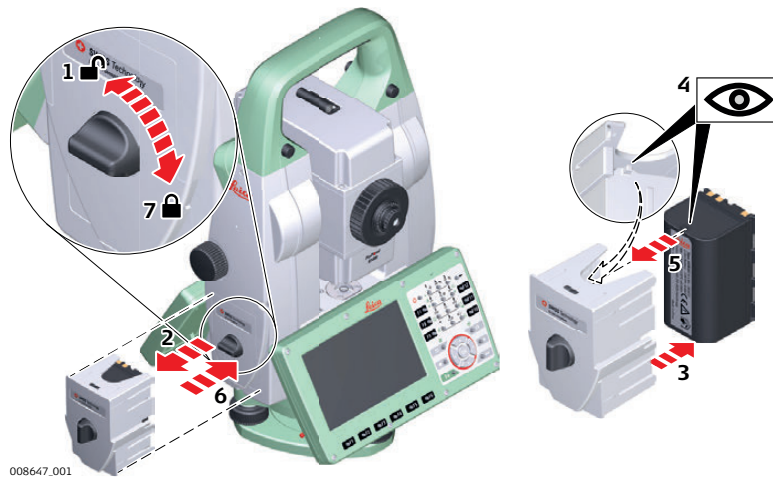
Operation / Discharging

- The batteries can be operated from -20°C to +55°C/-4°F to +131°F.
- Low operating temperatures reduce the capacity that can be drawn; high operating temperatures reduce the service life of the battery.

4.10.2

Battery for the TS Instrument

Change Battery Step-by-Step

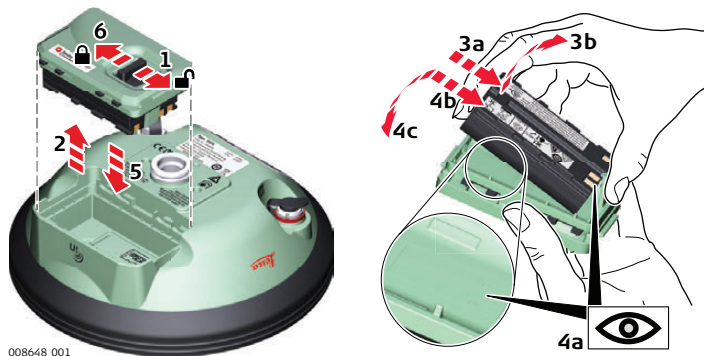


Step	Description
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The battery compartment is below the vertical drive. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the battery compartment.
2.	Pull out the battery housing.
3.	Pull the battery out of the battery housing.
4.	At the top of the battery is a notch which corresponds to the inner surface of the battery housing. This notch helps you to place the battery correctly.
5.	Place the battery into the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Place the battery housing into the battery compartment. Push the battery housing in until it fits completely into the battery compartment.
7.	Turn the knob to lock the battery compartment. Ensure that the knob is returned to its original horizontal position.

4.10.3

Battery for SmartAntenna

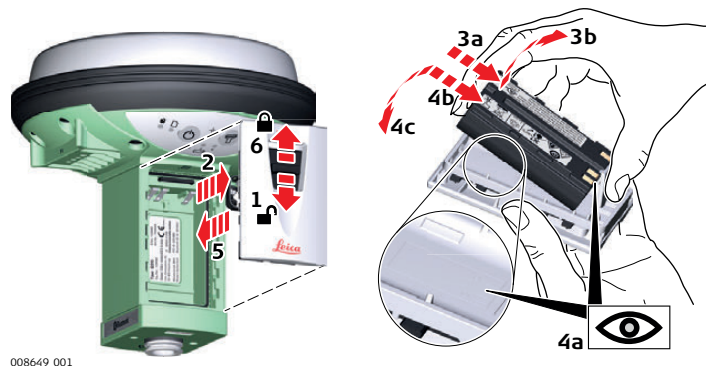
Change Battery Step-by-step (GS14)



Step	Description
	The battery is inserted in the bottom part of the instrument.
1.	Push the slide fastener of the battery compartment in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Remove the cover from the battery compartment.

Step	Description
3.	To remove the battery, push the battery slightly upwards and at the same time pull out the bottom part of the battery. This releases the battery from its fixed position.
4.	To insert the battery, slide the battery into the cover of the battery compartment with the battery contacts facing upwards. Push the battery downwards so that it locks into position.
5.	Insert the cover of the battery compartment into the compartment.
6.	Push the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the close-lock symbol.

Change Battery Step-by-Step (GS15)



Step	Description
	The batteries are inserted in the bottom part of the instrument.
1.	Push the slide fastener of one of the battery compartments in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Remove the cover from the battery compartment.
3.	With the battery contacts facing upwards, slide the battery into the cover of the battery compartment.
4.	Push the battery upwards so that it locks into position.
5.	Insert the cover of the battery compartment into the compartment.
6.	Push the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the close-lock symbol.

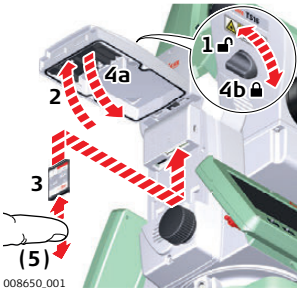


- Keep the card dry.
- Use it only within the specified temperature range.
- Do not bend the card.
- Protect the card from direct impacts.



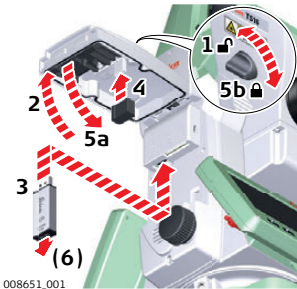
Failure to follow these instructions could result in data loss and/or permanent damage to the card.

Insert and Remove an SD Card Step-by-Step




Step	Description
	The SD card is inserted into a slot inside the Communication side cover of the instrument.
1.	Turn the knob on the Communication side cover to the vertical position to unlock the communication compartment.
2.	Open the lid of the communication compartment to access the communication ports.
3.	To insert the SD card, slide it firmly into the SD slot until it clicks into position. The card must be held with the contacts at the top and facing toward the instrument. Do not force the card into the slot.
4.	To remove the SD card, gently press on the top of the card to release it from the slot.
5.	Close the lid and turn the knob to the horizontal position to lock the communication compartment.

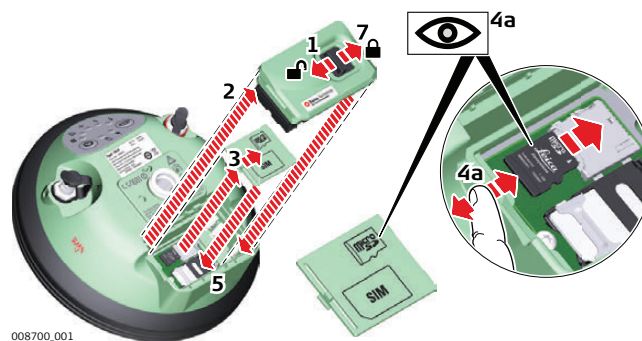
Insert and Remove a USB Stick Step-by-Step





Step	Description
	The USB stick is inserted into the USB host port inside the Communication side cover of the instrument.
1.	Turn the knob on the Communication side cover to the vertical position to unlock the communication compartment.

Step	Description
2.	Open the lid of the communication compartment to access the communication ports.
3.	Slide the USB stick with the Leica logo facing you firmly into the USB host port until it clicks into position.  Do not force the USB stick into the port.
4.	If desired, store the lid of the USB stick on the underside of the compartment lid.
5.	Close the lid and turn the knob to the horizontal position to lock the compartment.
6.	To remove the USB stick, open the lid of the compartment and slide the USB stick out of the port.

Insert a microSD card into GS14 step-by-step



Step	Description
	Removing the microSD card while the GS14 is turned on can cause loss of data. Only remove the microSD card or unplug connecting cables when the GS14 is switched off.
	The microSD card is inserted into a slot inside the battery compartment of the instrument.
1.	Push the slide fastener of the battery compartment in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Remove the cover from the battery compartment.
3.	Press the latch of the SIM/microSD card cover and remove the cover.
4.	Slide the microSD card with the logo facing upwards firmly into the slot until it clicks into position.
5.	Insert the SIM/microSD card cover to cover slot.
6.	Insert the cover over the battery compartment.
7.	Push the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the close-lock symbol.

Insert and Remove an SD Card into GS15 Step-by-Step



Devices Fitting into the GS15 GNSS Instrument

Digital cellular phones fitting into the GS15 GNSS instrument

Digital cellular phone	Device
Telit CC864-DUAL (US)	SLG1

Radios fitting into the GS15 GNSS instrument

Radio	Device
Satellite M3-TR1, transceiver	SLR5

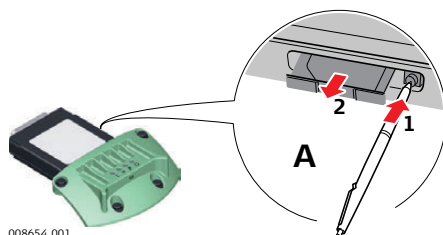
Insert and Remove a Slot-in-Device Step-by-Step



008653.001

Step	Description
	Turn over the GS15 to gain access to the slot-in-device compartment.
1.	Loosen the screws of the compartment cover with the supplied Allen key.
2.	Remove the compartment cover.
3.	Attach the slot-in-device to the compartment cover.
4.	Insert the compartment cover into the compartment (port P3).
5.	Tighten the screws. All screws have to be tightened to ensure that the instrument is waterproof.
	For the equipment setup as real-time base station with radio, it's recommended to use an external radio antenna mounted on a second tripod. This increases the height of the radio antenna and therefore maximises radio coverage.

Insert and Remove a SIM Card Step-by-Step



008654.001

Step	Description
	The SIM card is inserted into a slot on the side of the SLG1.
	Take the SIM card and a pen.
1.	Using the pen, press the small button of the SIM card slot to eject the SIM card holder.

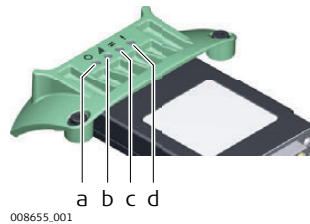
Step	Description
2.	Take the SIM card holder out off the SLG1.
3.	Place the SIM card into the SIM card holder, the chip facing up.
4.	Insert the SIM card holder into the SIM card slot, the chip facing the connectors inside the slot.

LED Indicators

Description

Each slot-in-device for a radio or digital cellular phones has **Light Emitting Diode** indicators on the bottom side. They indicate the basic device status.

Diagram



- a) Power LED
- b) Signal strength LED
- c) Data transfer LED
- d) Mode LED, available for Satel radios

Description of the LEDs

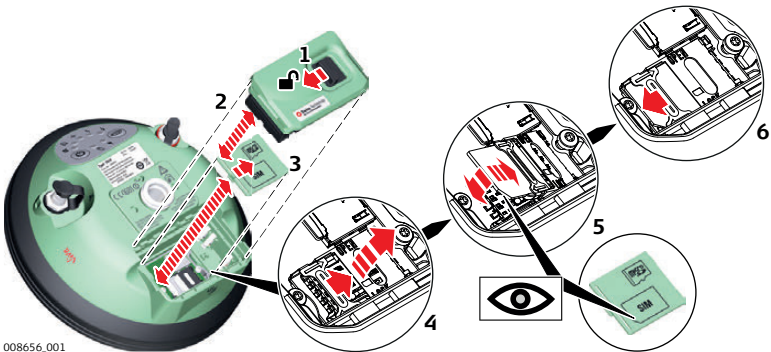
IF the	on	is	THEN
Mode LED	SLR5 with Sateline M3-TR1	red	the device is in the programming mode controlled from the PC via cable.
Data transfer LED	any device	off	data is not being transferred.
		flashing green	data is being transferred.
Signal strength LED	SLG1 with Telit CC864-DUAL (US)	red	call is in progress.
		red: long flash, long break	no SIM card inserted, no PIN entered or network search, user authentication or network login in progress.
		red: short flash, long break	logged on to network, no call in progress.
		red: flashing red, long break	GPRS PDP context activated.
		red: long flash, short break	Packet switched data transfer is in progress.
		off	device is off.
	SLR5 with Sateline M3-TR1	red	the communication link, Data Carrier Detection , is okay on the roving instrument.
		flashing red	the communication link, Data Carrier Detection , is okay on the roving instrument, but signal is weak.
		off	the DCD is not okay.
Power LED	any device	off	power is off.
		green	power is okay.

4.13

Working with the RTK Device

Devices Fitted into the GS14 GNSS Instrument	Depending on the GS14 model one or two of the following devices are integrated:
Type	Device
2G GSM	Cinterion BGS2-W
3.75G GSM/UMTS	Cinterion PHS8-P/PHS8-J
3.75G GSM/UMTS	Cinterion PXS8
RX UHF radio	Satel OEM20, receive
RX/TX UHF radio	Satel OEM22, receive/transmit

Insert and Remove a SIM Card Step-by-Step



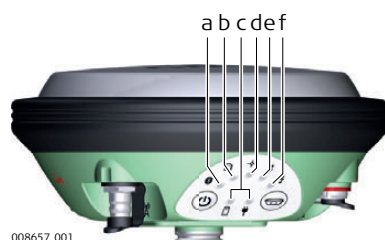
Step	Description
	Inserting/removing the SIM card while the GS14 is turned on can result in permanent damage to the card. Only insert/remove the SIM card when the GS14 is switched off.
	The SIM card is inserted into a slot inside the battery compartment.
1.	Push the slide fastener of the battery compartment in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Remove the cover from battery compartment.
3.	Press the latch of the SIM/microSD card cover and remove the cover.
4.	Push the SIM card holder in the direction of the OPEN arrow and flip it up.
5.	Place the SIM card into the SIM card holder, the chip facing the connectors inside the slot - as shown on the SIM/microSD card cover. Press the SIM card holder down.
6.	Push the SIM card holder in the direction of the LOCK arrow to close.

LED Indicators

Description

The GS14 GNSS instrument has **L**ight **E**mitting **D**iode indicators. They indicate the basic instrument status.

Diagram



008657.001

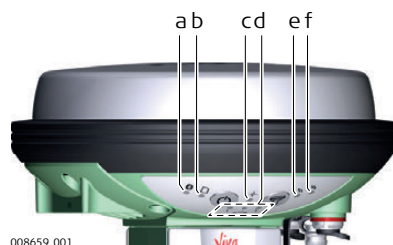
- a) Bluetooth LED
- b) Storage LED
- c) Power LEDs
- d) Position LED
- e) RTK Base LED
- f) RTK Rover LED

LED Indicators on GS15

Description

The GS15 has **L**ight **E**mitting **D**iode indicators. They indicate the basic instrument status.

Diagram



008659.001

- a) Bluetooth LED
- b) Storage LED
- c) Position LED
- d) Power LEDs
- e) RTK Base LED
- f) RTK Rover LED

Description of the LEDs

IF the	is	THEN
Bluetooth LED	green	Bluetooth is in data mode and ready for connecting.
	purple	Bluetooth is connecting.
	blue	Bluetooth has connected.
Storage LED	off	no SD card is inserted or GS15 is switched off.
	green	SD card is inserted but no raw data is being logged.
	flashing green	raw data is being logged.
	flashing yellow	raw data is being logged but only 10% memory left.
	flashing red	raw data is being logged but only 5% memory left.
	red	SD card is full, no raw data is being logged.
	fast flashing red	no SD card is inserted but GS15 is configured to log raw data.
Position LED	off	no satellites are tracked or GS15 is switched off.
	flashing yellow	less than four satellites are tracked, a position is not yet available.
	yellow	a navigated position is available.

IF the	is	THEN
	flashing green	a code-only position is available.
	green	a fixed RTK position is available.
Power LED (active battery ^{*1})	off	battery is not connected, flat or GS15 is switched off.
	green	power is 40% - 100%.
	yellow	power is 20% - 40%. The remaining time for which enough power is available depends on the type of survey, the temperature and the age of the battery.
	red	power is 5% - 20%.
	fast flashing red	power is low (< 5%).
Power LED (passive battery ^{*2})	off	battery is not connected, flat or the GS15 is switched off.
	flashing green	power is 40% - 100%. LED is green for 1 s every 10 s.
	flashing yellow	power is 20% - 40%. LED is yellow for 1 s every 10 s.
	flashing red	power is less than 20%. LED is red for 1 s every 10 s.
RTK Rover LED	off	GS15 is in RTK base mode or GS15 is switched off.
	green	GS15 is in rover mode. No RTK data is being received at the interface of the communication device.
	flashing green	GS15 is in rover mode. RTK data is being received at the interface of the communication device.
RTK Base LED	off	GS15 is in RTK rover mode or GS15 is switched off.
	green	GS15 is in RTK base mode. No RTK data is being passed to the RX/TX interface of the communication device.
	flashing green	GS15 is in RTK base mode. Data is being passed to the RX/TX interface of the communication device.

*1 The battery, which currently powers the GS15 GNSS instrument.

*2 Other batteries, which are inserted or connected but are not currently power the GS15 GNSS instrument.

**LED Indicators on
RadioHandle**

Description
The RadioHandle has **L**ight **E**mitting **D**iode indicators. They indicate the basic Radio-Handle status.
Diagram of the LED Indicators



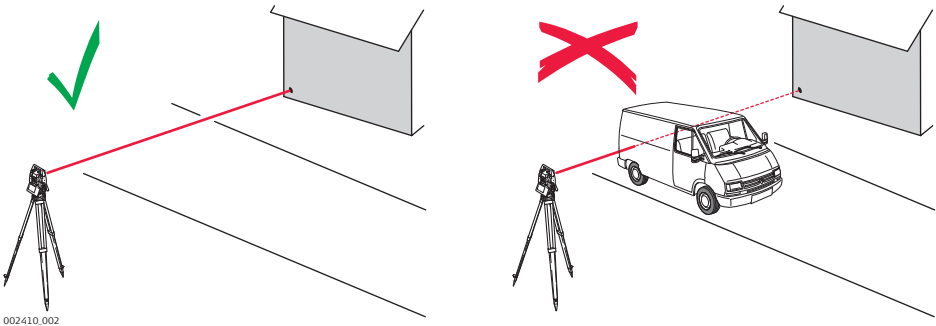
- a) Power LED
- b) Link LED
- c) Data Transfer LED
- d) Mode LED

Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	is	THEN
Power LED	off	power is off.
	green	power is on.
Link LED	off	no radio link to field controller.
	red	radio link to field controller.
Data Transfer LED	off	no data transfer to/from field controller.
	green or green flashing	data transfer to/from field controller.
Mode LED	off	data mode.
	red	configuration mode.

4.15 Guidelines for Correct Results

Distance measurement



When measurements are being made using the red laser EDM, the results can be influenced by objects passing between the EDM and the intended target surface. This occurs because reflectorless measurements are made to the first surface returning sufficient energy to allow the measurement to take place. For example, if the intended target surface is the surface of a building, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface as the measurement is triggered, the measurement may be made to the side of the vehicle. The result is the distance to the vehicle, not to the surface of the building.

If using the long range measurement mode (> 1000 m, > 3300 ft) to prisms, and an object passes within 30 m of the EDM as the measurement is triggered, the distance measurement may be similarly effected due to the strength of the laser signal.



Very short distances can also be measured reflectorless in **Prism** mode to well reflecting natural targets. The distances are corrected with the additive constant defined for the active reflector.



CAUTION

Due to laser safety regulations and measuring accuracy, using the Long Range Reflectorless EDM is only allowed to prisms that are more than 1000 m (3300 ft) away.



Accurate measurements to prisms should be made in **Prism** mode.



When a distance measurement is triggered, the EDM measures to the object which is in the beam path at that moment. If a temporary obstruction, for example a passing vehicle, heavy rain, fog or snow is between the instrument and the point to be measured, the EDM may measure to the obstruction.



Do not measure with two instruments to the same target simultaneously to avoid getting mixed return signals.

ATRplus/Lock

Instruments equipped with an ATRplus sensor permit automatic angle and distance measurements to prisms. The prism is sighted with the optical sight. After initiating a distance measurement, the instrument sights the prism centre automatically. Vertical and horizontal angles and the distance are measured to the centre of the prism. The lock mode enables the instrument to follow a moving prism.




As with all other instrument errors, the collimation error of the automatic aiming must be redetermined periodically. Refer to "5 Check & Adjust" about checking and adjusting instruments.



When a measurement is triggered while the prism is still moving, distance and angle measurements may not be made for the same position and coordinates may vary.



If the prism location is changed too quickly, the target may be lost. Make sure that the speed does not exceed the figure given in the technical data.

Description	<p>Leica Geosystems instruments are manufactured, assembled and adjusted to the best possible quality. Quick temperature changes, shock or stress can cause deviations and decrease the instrument accuracy. It is therefore recommended to check and adjust the instrument from time to time. This check and adjust can be done in the field by running through specific measurement procedures. The procedures are guided and must be followed carefully and precisely as described in the following chapters. Some other instrument errors and mechanical parts can be adjusted mechanically.</p>										
Electronic Adjustment	<p>The following instrument errors can be checked and adjusted electronically:</p> <table> <tr> <td>l, t</td><td>Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors</td></tr> <tr> <td>i</td><td>Vertical index error, related to the standing axis</td></tr> <tr> <td>c</td><td>Horizontal collimation error, also called line of sight error</td></tr> <tr> <td>a</td><td>Tilting axis error</td></tr> <tr> <td>ATRplus</td><td>ATRplus zero point error for Hz and V</td></tr> </table> <p>If the compensator and the horizontal corrections are activated in the instrument configuration, every angle measured in the daily work is corrected automatically. Check whether the tilt correction and the horizontal correction are turned on. The results are displayed as errors but used with the opposite sign as corrections when applied to measurements.</p>	l, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors	i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis	c	Horizontal collimation error, also called line of sight error	a	Tilting axis error	ATRplus	ATRplus zero point error for Hz and V
l, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors										
i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis										
c	Horizontal collimation error, also called line of sight error										
a	Tilting axis error										
ATRplus	ATRplus zero point error for Hz and V										
Mechanical Adjustment	<p>The following instrument parts can be adjusted mechanically:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Circular level on instrument and tribrach • Optical plummet - option on tribrach • Allen screws on tripod 										
Precise Measurements	<p>To get precise measurements in the daily work, it is important:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To check and adjust the instrument from time to time. • To take high precision measurements during the check and adjust procedures. • To measure targets in two faces. Some of the instrument errors are eliminated by averaging the angles from both faces. 										
	<p>During the manufacturing process, the instrument errors are carefully determined and set to zero. As mentioned above, these errors can change and it is highly recommended to redetermine them in the following situations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before the first use • Before every high precision survey • After rough or long transportation • After long working periods • After long storage periods • If the temperature difference between current environment and the temperature at the last calibration is more than 20°C 										

Summary of Errors to be Adjusted Electronically

Instrument error	Effects Hz	Effects V	Elimination with two face measurement	Automatically corrected with proper adjustment
c - Line of sight error	✓	-	✓	✓
a - Tilting axis error	✓	-	✓	✓
l - Compensator index error	-	✓	✓	✓
t - Compensator index error	✓	-	✓	✓
i - Vertical index error	-	✓	✓	✓
ATRplus Collimation error	✓	✓	-	✓

5.2

Preparation



Before determining the instrument errors, the instrument has to be levelled using the electronic level. The tribrach, the tripod and the underground should be stable and secure from vibrations or other disturbances.



The instrument should be protected from direct sunlight to avoid thermal warming. It is also recommended to avoid strong heat shimmer and air turbulence. The best conditions are early in the morning or with overcast sky.



Before starting to work, the instrument has to become acclimatised to the ambient temperature. Approximately two minutes per °C of temperature difference from storage to working environment, but at least 15 min, should be taken into account.



Even after adjustment of the ATRplus, the crosshairs may not be positioned exactly on the centre of the prism after an ATRplus measurement has been completed. This outcome is a normal effect. To speed up the ATRplus measurement, the telescope is normally not positioned exactly on the centre of the prism. These small deviations/ATRplus offsets, are calculated individually for each measurement and corrected electronically. This means that the horizontal and vertical angles are corrected twice: first by the determined ATRplus errors for Hz and V, and then by the individual small deviations of the current aiming.

Next Step

IF the task is to	THEN
adjust a combination of instrument errors	Refer to "5.3 Combined Adjustment (l, t, i, c and ATRplus)".
adjust the tilting axis	Refer to "5.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)".
adjust the circular level	Refer to "5.5 Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach".
adjust the laser/optical plummet	Refer to "5.7 Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument".
adjust the tripod	Refer to "5.8 Servicing the Tripod".


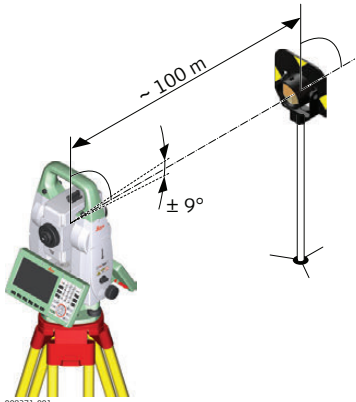
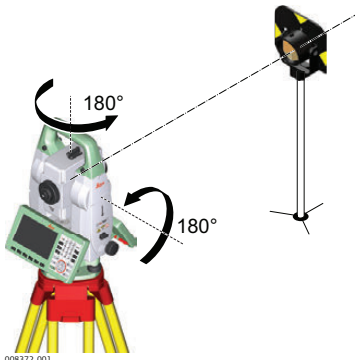

Description



The combined adjustment procedure determines the following instrument errors in one process:

l, t	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors
i	Vertical index error, related to the standing axis
c	Horizontal collimation error, also called line of sight error
ATRplus Hz	ATRplus zero point error for horizontal angle option
ATRplus V	ATRplus zero point error for vertical angle option

Combined Adjustment Procedure
Step-by-step

The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Leica Captivate - Home: Settings\TS instrument\Check & adjust
2.	Check & Adjust Select the option: Check & adjust the compensator, index error, line of sight error & automatic target aiming
3.	Next
4.	Face I measurement If Calibrate the automatic target aiming is checked and an ATRplus is available, the adjustment will include the determination of the ATRplus Hz and V adjustment errors.  Use a clean Leica standard prism as the target. Do not use a 360° prism.
5.	 <p>Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distance. The target must be positioned within $\pm 9^\circ$ of the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any face.</p>
6.	Measure to measure and to continue to the next screen.  <p>Motorised instruments change automatically to the other face. Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.  The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.</p>
7.	Face II measurement Measure to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the instrument errors.

Step	Description
	If one or more errors are bigger than the predefined limits, the procedure must be repeated. All measurements of the current run are rejected and none of them is averaged with the results from previous runs.
8.	<p>Adjustment Status</p> <p>Number of measurements: Shows the number of runs completed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.</p> <p>I Component quality (1 σ): and similar lines show the standard deviations of the determined adjustment errors. The standard deviations can be calculated from the second run onwards.</p>
	Measure at least two runs.
9.	Next to continue with the check & adjust procedure.
10.	<p>Select Add another calibration loop if more runs have to be added. Next and continue with step 4.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Select Finish the calibration & store the results to finish the calibration process. Next to view the adjustment results.</p>
11.	<p>Select Finish to accept the results. No more runs can be added later.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Select Redo to decline all measurements and to repeat all calibration runs.</p> <p>OR</p> <p>Back returns to the previous screen.</p>

Next Step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	If the Use status is set to Yes, Next overwrites the old adjustment errors with the new ones.
to be determined again	Redo rejects all new determined adjustment errors and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to paragraph "Combined Adjustment Procedure Step-by-step".


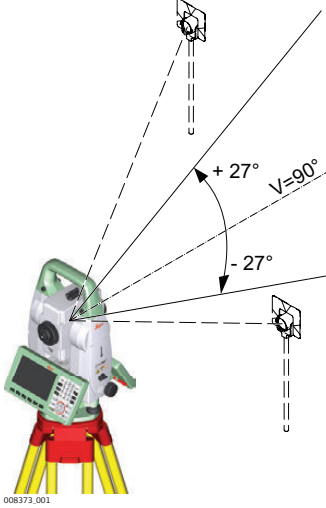
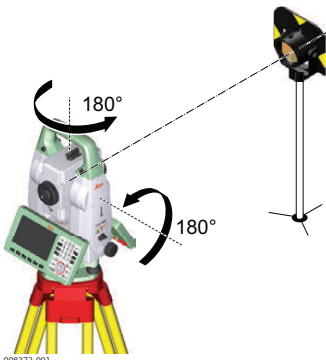


Description


This adjustment procedure determines the following instrument error:

a Tilting axis error

**Determination of
Tilting Axis Error
Step-by-step**

The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
	Determine the horizontal collimation error (c) before starting this procedure.
1.	Leica Captivate - Home: Settings\TS instrument\Check & adjust
2.	Check & Adjust Select the option: Check & adjust the tilting axis
3.	Face I measurement  <p>Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distance (or at least 20 m). The target must be positioned at least 27°/30 gon above or beneath the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any telescope face.</p>
4.	Measure to measure and to continue to the next screen.  <p>Motorised instruments change automatically to the other face.</p> <p>Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.</p> <p> The fine pointing must be performed manually in both faces.</p>
5.	Face II measurement Measure to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the tilting axis error.
	If the error is bigger than the predefined limit, the procedure must be repeated. The tilting axis measurements of the current run are then rejected and not averaged with the results from previous runs.
6.	Adjustment Status Number of measurements: Shows the number of runs completed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.

Step	Description
	a T-axis quality (1 σ): shows the standard deviation of the determined tilting axis error. The standard deviation can be calculated from the second run onwards.
	Measure at least two runs.
7.	Next to continue with the check & adjust procedure.
8.	Select Add another calibration loop if more runs have to be added. Next and continue with step 3. OR Select Finish the calibration & store the results to finish the calibration process. No more runs can be added later. Next to view the adjustment results.
9.	Select Finish to accept the results. No more runs can be added later. OR Select Redo to decline all measurements and to repeat all calibration runs.

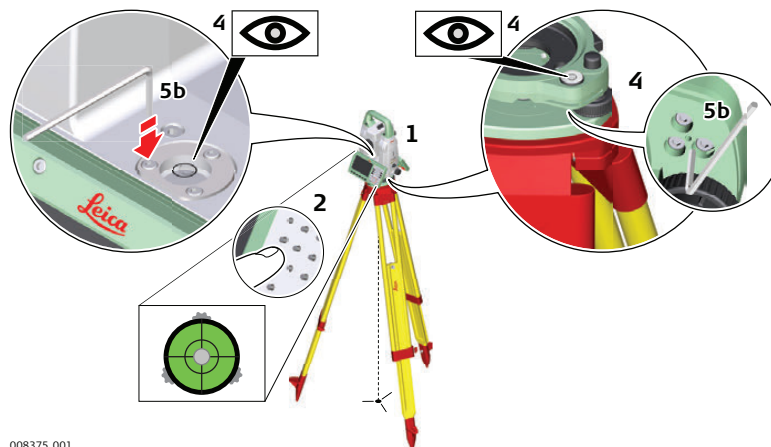
Next Step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	Next overwrites the old tilting axis error with the new one.
to be determined again	Redo rejects the new determined tilting axis error and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to paragraph "Combined Adjustment Procedure Step-by-step".

5.5


Adjusting the Circular Level of the Instrument and Tribrach

Adjusting the Circular Level Step-by-Step



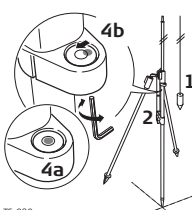

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Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level.
3.	Select Settings\TS instrument\Level & compensator to access the Level & Compensator panel.
4.	Check the position of the circular level on the instrument and tribrach.
5.	a) If both circular levels are centred, no adjustments are necessary b) If one or both circular levels are not centred, adjust as follows:

Step	Description
	<p>Instrument: If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws. Turn the instrument by 200 gon (180°). Repeat the adjustment procedure if the circular level does not stay centred.</p> <p>Tribrach: If it extends beyond the circle, use the supplied allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.</p>
	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws must have the same tightening tension and no adjusting screw should be loose.

Adjusting the Circular Level of the Prism Pole

Adjusting the Circular Level Step-by-Step

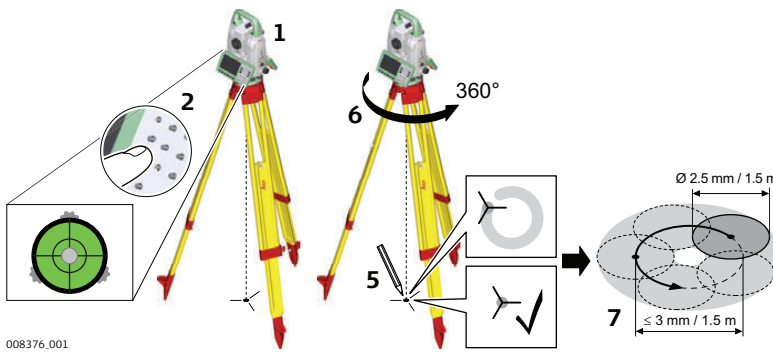
Step	Description	
1.	Suspend a plumb line.	 <p>TS_080</p>
2.	Use a pole bipod, to align the prism pole parallel to the plumb line.	
3.	Check the position of the circular level on the prism pole.	
4.	a) If the circular level is centred, no adjustment is necessary. b) If the circular level is not centred, use an allen key to centre it with the adjustment screws.	
	After the adjustments, all adjusting screws must have the same tightening tension and no adjusting screw should be loose.	

Inspecting the Laser Plummet of the Instrument




The laser plummet is located in the vertical axis of the instrument. Under normal conditions of use, the laser plummet does not need adjusting. If an adjustment is necessary due to external influences, return the instrument to any Leica Geosystems authorised service workshop.

Inspecting the Laser Plummet Step-by-Step



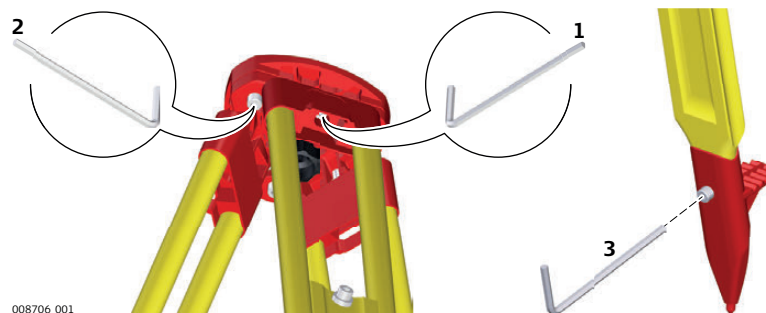
The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
1.	Place and secure the instrument into the tribrach and onto a tripod.
2.	Using the tribrach footscrews, level the instrument with the electronic level.
3.	Select Settings\TS instrument\Level & compensator to access the Level & Compensator panel.


Step	Description
4.	The laser plummet is switched on when the Level & Compensator panel is entered. Adjust the laser plummet intensity. Inspection of the laser plummet should be carried out on a bright, smooth and horizontal surface, like a sheet of paper.
5.	Mark the centre of the red dot on the ground.
6.	Turn the instrument through 360° slowly, carefully observing the movement of the red laser dot.
	The maximum diameter of the circular movement described by the centre of the laser point must not exceed 3 mm at a distance of 1.5 m.
7.	If the centre of the laser dot describes a perceptible circular movement, or moves more than 3 mm away from the point which was first marked, an adjustment may be required. Inform your nearest Leica Geosystems authorised service centre. Depending on brightness and surface, the diameter of the laser dot can vary. At 1.5 m, it is about 2.5 mm.

5.8 Servicing the Tripod

Servicing the Tripod Step-by-Step



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
	The connections between metal and timber components must always be firm and tight.
1.	Tighten the leg cap screws moderately, with the supplied allen key.
2.	Tighten the articulated joints on the tripod head enough to keep the tripod legs open when lifting the tripod off the ground.
3.	Tighten the allen screws of the tripod legs.

6 Care and Transport

6.1 Transport

Transport in the field	When transporting the equipment in the field, always make sure that you <ul style="list-style-type: none">• either carry the product in its original transport container,• or carry the tripod with its legs splayed across your shoulder, keeping the attached product upright.
Transport in a road vehicle	Never carry the product loose in a road vehicle, as it can be affected by shock and vibration. Always carry the product in its transport container, original packaging or equivalent and secure it.
Shipping	When transporting the product by rail, air or sea, always use the complete original Leica Geosystems packaging, transport container and cardboard box, or its equivalent, to protect against shock and vibration.
Shipping, transport of batteries	When transporting or shipping batteries, the person responsible for the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping, contact your local passenger or freight transport company.
Field adjustment	Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the User Manual, particularly after the product has been dropped, stored for long periods or transported.

6.2 Storage

Product	Respect the temperature limits when storing the equipment, particularly in summer if the equipment is inside a vehicle. Refer to "7 Technical Data" for information about temperature limits.
Field adjustment	After long periods of storage inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.
Li-Ion batteries	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Refer to "Technical Data" for information about storage temperature range.• Remove batteries from the product and the charger before storing.• After storage recharge batteries before using.• Protect batteries from damp and wetness. Wet or damp batteries must be dried before storing or use.• A storage temperature range of 0°C to +30°C / +32°F to +86°F in a dry environment is recommended to minimize self-discharging of the battery.• At the recommended storage temperature range, batteries containing a 30% to 50% charge can be stored for up to one year. After this storage period the batteries must be recharged.

6.3 Cleaning and Drying

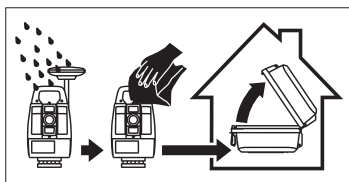
Product and accessories	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Blow dust off lenses and prisms.• Never touch the glass with your fingers.• Use only a clean, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning. If necessary, moisten the cloth with water or pure alcohol. Do not use other liquids; these can attack the polymer components.
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Fogging of prisms

Prisms that are cooler than the ambient temperature tend to fog. It is not enough simply to wipe them. Keep them for some time inside your jacket or in the vehicle to allow them to adjust to the ambient temperature.

Damp products

Dry the product, the transport container, the foam inserts and the accessories at a temperature not greater than 40°C /104°F and clean them. Remove the battery cover and dry the battery compartment. Do not repack until everything is completely dry. Always close the transport container when using in the field.



Cables and plugs

Keep plugs clean and dry. Blow away any dirt lodged in the plugs of the connecting cables.

6.4

Maintenance



An inspection of the motorisation in motorised instruments must be done in a Leica Geosystems authorised service centre. Leica Geosystems recommends an inspection of the product every 12 months.

For instruments which are in intensive or permanent use, for example tunnelling or monitoring, the recommended inspection cycle may be reduced.

7

Technical Data

7.1

Angle Measurement

Accuracy

Available angular accuracies	Standard deviation Hz, V, ISO 17123-3	Display resolution			
		["]	[°]	[mgon]	[mil]
1	0.3	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
2	0.6	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
3	1.0	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01
5	1.5	0.1	0.0001	0.1	0.01


Characteristics

Absolute, continuous, diametric.

7.2

Distance Measurement with Reflectors

Range

Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	1800	6000	3000	10000	3500	12000
Three standard prisms (GPR1)	2300	7500	4500	14700	5400	17700
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000
360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	450	1500	800	2600	1000	3300
Mini prism (GMP101)	800	2600	1200	4000	2000	7000
Reflector tape (GZM31) 60 mm x 60 mm	150	500	250	800	250	800
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122)	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000
 For Machine Control purposes only!						

Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m

Atmospheric conditions

Range A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer
Range B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer
Range C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer



Measurements can be made to reflector tapes over the entire range without external ancillary optics.

Accuracy

Accuracy refers to measurements to standard prisms.

Distance measuring mode	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, standard prism	std. dev. ISO 17123-4, tape	Measurement time, typical [s]
Standard	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	2.4
Fast	2 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	2.0
Continuously	3 mm + 1.5 ppm	3 mm + 2 ppm	< 0.15
Averaging	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	1 mm + 1.5 ppm	-

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy.

The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics

Principle:	Phase measurement
Type:	Coaxial, visible red laser
Carrier wave:	658 nm
Measuring system:	System Analyzer Basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

7.3

Distance Measurement without Reflectors

Range

Type	Kodak Gray Card	Range D		Range E		Range F	
		[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
R500	White side, 90 % reflective	250	820	400	1310	>500	>1640
R500	Grey side, 18 % reflective	150	490	200	660	>200	>660
R1000	White side, 90 % reflective	800	2630	1000	3280	>1000	>3280
R1000	Grey side, 18 % reflective	400	1320	500	1640	>500	>1640

Range of Measurement: 1.5 m - 1200 m

Display unambiguous: up to 1200 m

Atmospheric conditions

D:	Object in strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer
E:	Object in shade, sky overcast
F:	Underground, night and twilight

Accuracy

Standard measuring	std. dev. ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]
0 m - 500 m	2 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12
>500 m	4 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12

Object in shade, sky overcast. Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Characteristics	Type:	Coaxial, visible red laser
	Carrier wave:	658 nm
	Measuring system:	System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

Laser dot size

Distance [m]	Laser dot size, approximately [mm]
at 30	7 x 10
at 50	8 x 20
at 100	16 x 25

7.4 Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)

Range

The range of the long range measurements is the same for R500 and R1000.

Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	2200	7300	7500	24600	>10000	>33000

Range of measurement: 1000 m to 12000 m
 Display unambiguous: up to 12000 m

Atmospheric conditions

Range A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer
 Range B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer
 Range C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer

Accuracy

Standard measuring	std. dev. ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]
Long Range	5 mm + 2 ppm	2.5	12

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy. The display resolution is 0.1 mm.



Characteristics

Principle: Phase measurement
 Type: Coaxial, visible red laser
 Carrier wave: 658 nm
 Measuring system: System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

7.5 Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus)

Range of Target Aiming/Target Locking

Reflector	Range (Target Aiming)		Range (Target Locking)	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism (GPR1)	1500	6000	1000	3300
360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	1000	3250	1000	3300
360° Mini prism (GRZ101)	450	1500	250	830
Mini prism (GMP101)	900	2880	600	2000
Reflector tape 60 mm x 60 mm	55	190	not qualified	

Reflector	Range (Target Aiming)		Range (Target Locking)	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Machine Automation power prism (MPR122)  For Machine Control purposes only!	750	2500	650	2200
 The maximum range can be restricted by poorer conditions, for example rain.				

Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism (Target aiming): 1.5 m

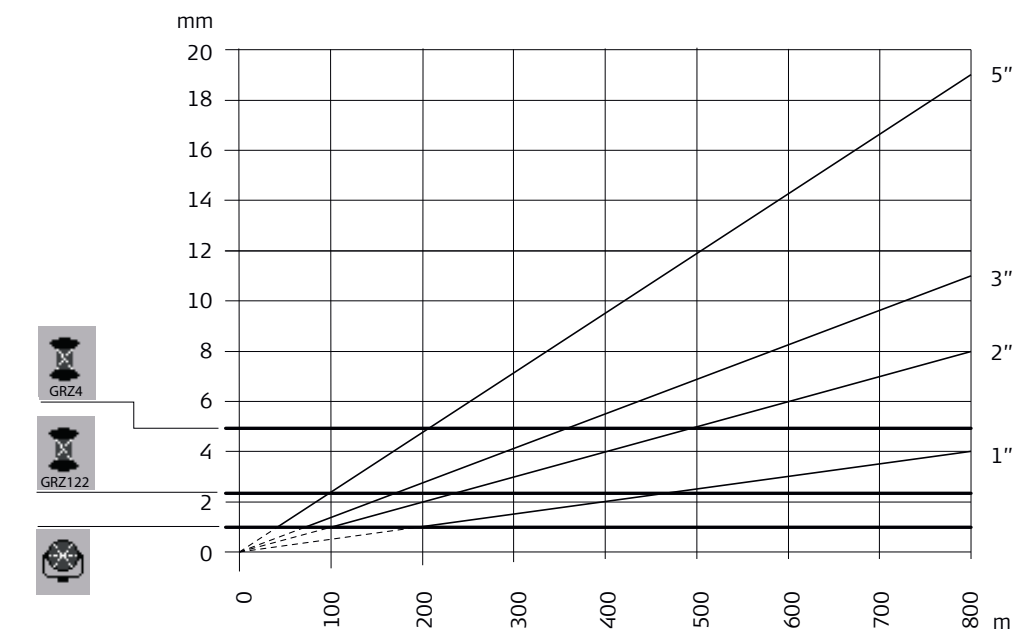
Shortest measuring distance: 360° prism (Target locking): 5 m




ATRplus Accuracy with the GPR1 Prism

ATRplus angle accuracy Hz, V (std. dev. ISO 17123-3): 1 " (0.3 mgon)
Base Positioning accuracy (std.dev.): ± 1 mm

System Accuracy with ATRplus


- The accuracy with which the position of a prism can be determined with Automatic Target Aiming (ATRplus) depends on several factors such as internal ATRplus accuracy, instrument angle accuracy, prism type, selected EDM measuring program and the external measuring conditions. The ATRplus has a basic standard deviation level of ± 1 mm.
- The following graph shows the ATRplus standard deviation based on three different prism types, distances and instrument accuracies.



-  Leica GRZ4 prism (360°)
-  Leica GRZ122 prism (360°)
-  Leica circular prisms and Leica circular Mini prisms
- mm ATRplus accuracy [mm]
- m Distance measurement [m]
- " Instrument angle accuracy ["]

Maximum speed in lock mode	Maximum tangential speed: Maximum radial speed with Measure distance: Continuously	5 m/s at 20 m; 25 m/s at 100 m 5 m/s
Searching	Typical search time in field of view: Field of view: Definable search windows:	1.5 s 1°25'/1.55 gon Yes
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital image processing Infrared laser

7.6 PowerSearch PS

Range	Reflector	Range PS	
		[m]	[ft]
	Standard prism (GPR1)	300	1000
	360° prism (GRZ4, GRZ122)	300*	1000*
	360° mini prism (GRZ101)	Not recommended	
	Mini prism (GMP101)	100	330
	Machine Automation power prism (MPR122)  For Machine Control purposes only!	300*	1000*

Measurements at the vertical limits of the fan or under unfavourable atmospheric conditions may reduce the maximum range. (*optimally aligned to the instrument)

Shortest measuring distance: 1.5 m

Searching	Typical search time: Default search area: Definable search windows:	5 s - 10 s Hz: 400 gon, V: 40 gon Yes
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital signal processing Infrared laser

7.7 Overview Camera

Overview camera	Sensor: Focal length: Field of view: Frame rate: Focus: Image storage: Zoom: Whitebalance: Brightness:	5 Mpixel CMOS sensor 21 mm 15.5° x 11.7° (19.4° diagonal) ≤20 frames per second 2 m (6.6 ft) to infinity at zoom level 1 x 7.5 m (24.6 ft) to infinity at zoom level 4 x JPEG up to 5 Mpixel (2560 x 1920) 4-step (1x, 2x, 4x, 8x) Automatic and user configurable Automatic and user configurable
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7.8

SmartStation

7.8.1

SmartStation Accuracy



Measurement precision and accuracy in position and accuracy in height are dependent upon various factors including the number of satellites tracked, constellation geometry, observation time, ephemeris accuracy, ionospheric disturbance, multipath and resolved ambiguities. Figures quoted assume normal to favourable conditions.

Accuracy

Position accuracy:

Horizontal: 5 mm + 0.5 ppm

Vertical: 10 mm + 0.5 ppm

When used within reference station networks the position accuracy is in accordance with the accuracy specifications provided by the reference station network.

Initialisation

Method:

Leica SmartCheck+ technology

Reliability of initialisation:

Better than 99.99 %

Time of initialisation:

Typically 8 s*

Range:

Up to 50 km*

* Might vary due to atmospheric conditions, signal multipath, obstructions, signal geometry and number of tracked signals.

RTK Data Formats

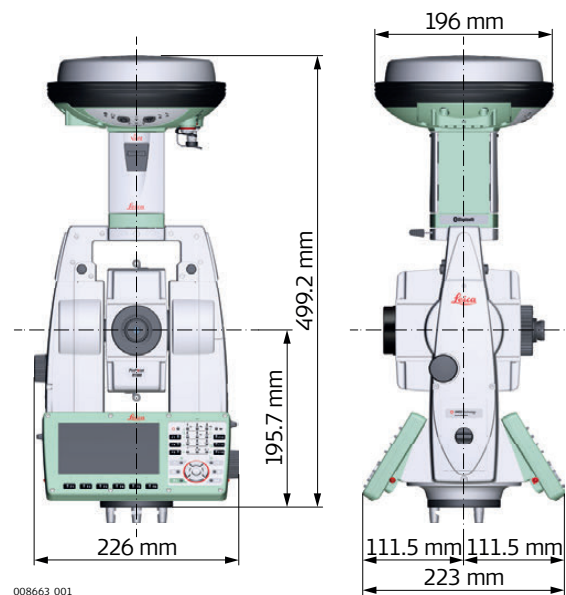
Formats for data reception: Leica proprietary GPS / Glonass and GNSS real-time data formats, CMR, CMR+, RTCM V2.1 / 2.2 / 2.3 / 3.1 / 3.2

7.8.2

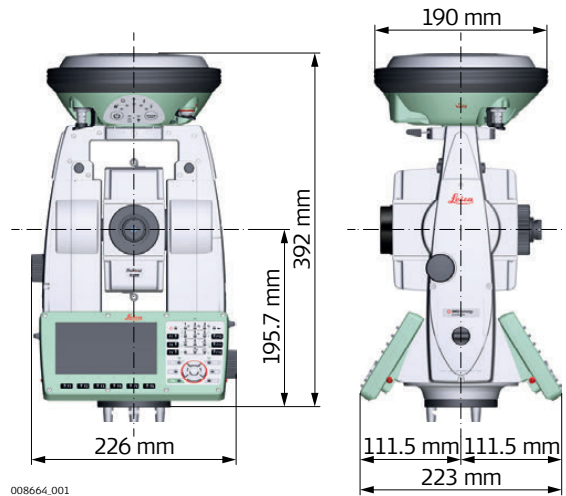
SmartStation Dimensions

SmartStation Dimensions

With GS15



With GS14



7.8.3

SmartAntenna Technical Data

Description and Use The SmartAntenna is selected for use based upon the application. The table gives a description and the intended use of the SmartAntenna.

Type	Description	Use
GS14/GS15	GPS, GLONASS, Galileo, BeiDou SmartTrack antenna with built-in groundplane.	With CS20 or Leica Viva and Nova TS instruments.

Dimensions

Type	Height [m]	Diameter [m]
GS14	0.090	0.190
GS15	0.198	0.196

Mounting

5/8" Whitworth

Weight

Instrument weights without battery and radio:

Type	Weight [kg]/[lbs]
GS14	0.93/2.04
GS15	1.34/2.95

Power

Power consumption:

- GS14, radio excluded: 2.0 W typically, 166 mA with external battery, 270 mA with internal battery
- GS15, radio excluded: 3.2 W typically

External supply voltage: Nominal 12 V DC (---, GEV71 car battery cable to a 12 V car battery), voltage range 10.5 V-28 V DC

Internal Battery

Type: Li-Ion
 Voltage: 7.4 V
 Capacity: GEB212: 2.6 Ah
 Typical operating time: GEB212: 6.5 h

Electrical Data

Type	GS14	GS15
Frequency		
GS L1 1575.42 MHz	✓	✓
GS L2 1227.60 MHz	✓	✓
GS L5 1176.45 MHz	-	✓
GLONASS L1 1602.5625-1611.5 MHz	✓	✓
GLONASS L2 1246.4375-1254.3 MHz	✓	✓
Galileo E1 1575.42 MHz	✓	✓
Galileo E5a 1176.45 MHz	-	✓
Galileo E5b 1207.14 MHz	✓	✓
Galileo Alt-BOC 1191.795 MHz	-	✓
BeiDou B1 1561.098 MHz	✓	✓
BeiDou B2 1207.14 MHz	✓	✓
Gain	27 dBi	Typically 27 dBi
Noise Figure	< 2 dBi	Typically < 2 dBi



Galileo Alt-BOC covers bandwidth of Galileo E5a and E5b.

Environmental Specifications

Temperature

Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]
-40 to +65	-40 to +80
Bluetooth: -30 to +65	

Protection against water, dust and sand

Protection	
GS15	GS14
IP68 (IEC 60529)	IP68 (IEC 60529)
Dust tight	Dust tight
Protected against continuous immersion in water	Protected against continuous immersion in water
Tested for 2 hours in 1.40 m depth	Tested for 2 hours in 1.40 m depth

Humidity

Protection
Up to 100 %
The effects of condensation are to be effectively counteracted by periodically drying out the antenna.

7.9

7.9.1

Conformity to National Regulations

TS16

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the product TS16 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance.
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency band

Type	Frequency band [MHz]
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480
WLAN	2400 - 2483, channel 1-11 only

Output Power

Type	Output power [mW]
Bluetooth	< 10
WLAN (802.11b)	50
WLAN (802.11g)	32

Antenna

Type	Antenna	Gain [dBi]	Connector	Frequency band [MHz]
Bluetooth	Internal antenna	-	-	-
WLAN	Integrated antenna	-	-	-

7.9.2

RadioHandle

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the RadioHandle is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA Member state.

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance.
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency Band

RH16	Limited to 2402 - 2480 MHz
RH17	Limited to 2402 - 2480 MHz

Output power

< 100 mW (e. i. r. p.)

Antenna

Type:	$\lambda/2$ dipole antenna
Gain:	2 dBi
Connector:	Special customized SMB

7.9.3

GS14

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the product GS14 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity can be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.



Class 2 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE)

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance (applicable for Japan).
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency band

Type	Frequency band [MHz]
GS14	1227.60 1246.4375 - 1254.3 1575.42 1602.5625 - 1611.5
GS14, Bluetooth	2402 - 2480
GS14, Radio	403 - 473
GS14, 2G GSM	Quad-Band EGSM 850 / 900 / 1800 / 1900
GS14, 3.75G GSM/UMTS	Quad-Band GSM & Penta-Band UMTS 800 / 850 / 900 / 1900 / 2100
GS14, 3.75G GSM/UMTS/CDMA	Quad-Band GSM & Penta-Band UMTS & Tri-Band CDMA 800 / 1900

Output power

Type	Output power [mW]
GNSS	Receive only
Bluetooth	5
Radio	1000
2G GSM EGSM850/900	2000
2G GSM GSM1800/1900	1000
2G GSM	GPRS multi-slot class 10 (max. 2/8 TX)
3.75G GSM	E(dge)GPRS multi-slot class 12 (max. 4/8 TX)
3.75G UMTS 800/850/900/1900/2100	250
CDMA BC0 & BC10 (800)/BC1 (1900)	250

Antenna

Type	Antenna	Gain [dBi]
GNSS	Internal GNSS antenna element (receive only)	-
Bluetooth	Internal Microstrip antenna	2 max.
UHF	External antenna	-
GSM/UMTS/CDMA	Integrated antenna	0 max. @ 800 / 850 / 900 3 max. @ 1800 / 1900 / 2100

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the product GS15 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity can be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.



Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA member state.

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15, 22 and 24 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance (applicable for Japan).
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency band

Type	Frequency band [MHz]
GS15	1176.45 1191.795 1207.14 1227.60 1246.4375 - 1254.3 1561.098 1575.42 1602.4375 - 1611.5
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480

Output power

Type	Output power [mW]
GNSS	Receive only
Bluetooth	5 (Class 1)

Antenna

Type	Antenna	Gain [dBi]	Connector	Frequency band [MHz]
GNSS	Internal GNSS antenna element (receive only)	-	-	-
Bluetooth	Internal Microstrip antenna	1.5	-	-

Conformity to National Regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the product SLR5 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity can be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.



Class 2 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE)

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance.
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency band

403 MHz - 470 MHz

Output power

SLR5: 0.5 W-1.0 W

Antenna

Type	Internal	GAT_1	GAT_2
Frequency band [MHz]	400 - 470	400 - 435	435 - 470
Type	Internal	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna
Connector	-	TNC	TNC

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guide-lines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used with the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimetres should be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within the intended application.

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the SLG1 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC and other applicable European Directives. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce>.






Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EEA Member state.

- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15, 22 and 24 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.
- Japanese Radio Law and Japanese Telecommunications Business Law Compliance.
 - This device is granted pursuant to the Japanese Radio Law and the Japanese Telecommunications Business Law.
 - This device should not be modified (otherwise the granted designation number will become invalid).

Frequency band	UMTS/HSDPA (WCDMA/FDD) 850 MHz/ 1900 MHz/ 2100 MHz Quad-Band EGSM 850 MHz/ 900 MHz/ 1800 MHz/ 1900 MHz GPRS multi-slot class 12 EDGE multi-slot class 12																							
Output power	EGSM850/900: 2 W GSM1800/1900: 1 W UMTS2100: 0.25 W EDGE850/900: 0.5 W EDGE1800/1900: 0.4 W																							
Antenna	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Type</th><th>GS15 Internal</th><th>GAT_3</th><th>GAT_5</th><th>GAT_18</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Frequency band [MHz]</td><td>824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170</td><td>890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1920 - 2170</td><td>824 - 894 / 1850 - 1990</td><td>824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170</td></tr> <tr> <td>Type</td><td>Internal</td><td>Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna</td><td>Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna</td><td>Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna</td></tr> <tr> <td>Connector</td><td>-</td><td>TNC</td><td>TNC</td><td>TNC</td></tr> </tbody> </table>				Type	GS15 Internal	GAT_3	GAT_5	GAT_18	Frequency band [MHz]	824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170	890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1920 - 2170	824 - 894 / 1850 - 1990	824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170	Type	Internal	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Connector	-	TNC	TNC	TNC
Type	GS15 Internal	GAT_3	GAT_5	GAT_18																				
Frequency band [MHz]	824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170	890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1920 - 2170	824 - 894 / 1850 - 1990	824 - 894 / 890 - 960 / 1710 - 1880 / 1850 - 1990 / 1920 - 2170																				
Type	Internal	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna	Detachable $\lambda/2$ antenna																				
Connector	-	TNC	TNC	TNC																				
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guide-lines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used with the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimetres should be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within the intended application.																							

7.9.7 Dangerous Goods Regulations

Dangerous Goods Regulations	<p>The products of Leica Geosystems are powered by Lithium batteries.</p> <p>Lithium batteries can be dangerous under certain conditions and can pose a safety hazard. In certain conditions, Lithium batteries can overheat and ignite.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  When carrying or shipping your Leica product with Lithium batteries onboard a commercial aircraft, you must do so in accordance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations.  Leica Geosystems has developed Guidelines on "How to carry Leica products" and "How to ship Leica products" with Lithium batteries. Before any transportation of a Leica product, we ask you to consult these guidelines on our web page (http://www.leica-geosystems.com/dgr) to ensure that you are in accordance with the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations and that the Leica products can be transported correctly.  Damaged or defective batteries are prohibited from being carried or transported onboard any aircraft. Therefore, ensure that the condition of any battery is safe for transportation.
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Telescope

Magnification: 30 x
 Free Objective aperture: 40 mm
 Focusing: 1.7 m/5.6 ft to infinity
 Field of view: 1°30'/1.66 gon.
 2.7 m at 100 m

Compensator

Angular accuracy instrument ["]	Setting accuracy		Setting range	
	["]	[mgon]	[']	[gon]
1	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
2	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
3	1.0	0.3	4	0.07
5	1.5	0.5	4	0.07

Level

Circular level sensitivity: 6'/2 mm
 Electronic level resolution: 2"

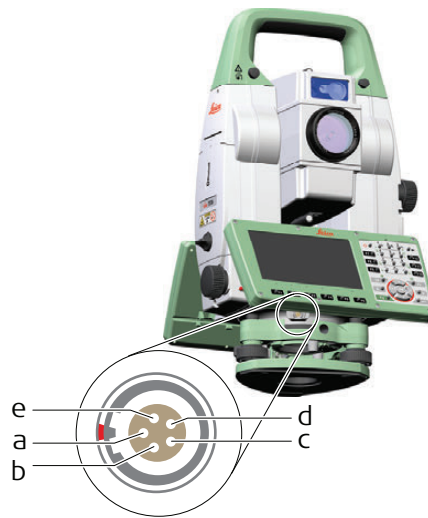
Control Unit

Display: WVGA (800 x 480 pixels), colour, graphics capable LCD, illumination, touch screen
 Keyboard: 37 keys including 12 function keys and 12 alphanumeric keys, illumination
 Angle Display: 360°", 360° decimal, 400 gon, 6400 mil, V %
 Distance Display: m, ft int, ft us, ft int inch, ft us inch
 Position: In both faces, face two is optional
 Touch screen: Screen protection foil on glass

Instrument Ports

Name	Description
Cable	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 5 pin LEMO-0 for power, communication, data transfer. This port is located at the base of the instrument.
RadioHandle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hotshoe connection for RadioHandle and SmartAntenna Adapter with SmartStation. This port is located on top of Communication side cover.
Bluetooth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bluetooth module for communication. This port is housed within Communication side cover.
USB host port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> USB memory stick port for data transfer.
USB device port	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cable connections from USB devices for communication and data transfer.
WLAN	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> WLAN module for communication. This port is housed within the Communication side cover.

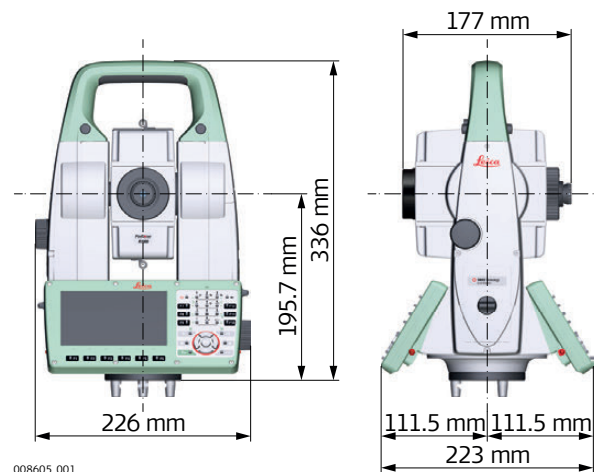
Pin Assignments of the 5 Pin LEMO-0 Port



008363.001

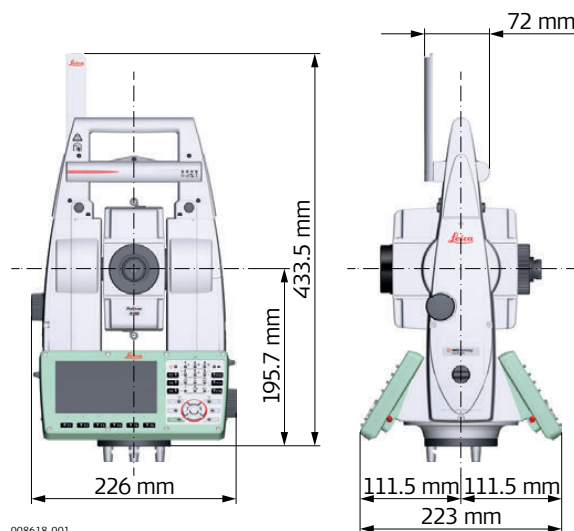
- a) Pin 1: Power input
- b) Pin 2: not used
- c) Pin 3: Single ground
- d) Pin 4: RxD (RS232, receive data, In)
- e) Pin 5: TxD (RS232, transmit data, Out)

Instrument Dimensions



008605.001

With RH16/RH17



008618.001

Weight

Instrument:	5.1 - 5.8 kg
Tribrach:	0.8 kg
Internal battery:	0.2 kg

Recording

Data can be recorded onto an SD card or into internal memory.

Type	Capacity [MB]	Number of measurements per MB
SD card	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1024 8192 	1750
Internal memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2048 	1750

Laser plummet

Type:	Visible red laser class 2
Location:	In standing axis of instrument
Accuracy:	Deviation from plumb line: 1.5 mm (2 sigma) at 1.5 m instrument height
Diameter of laser point:	2.5 mm at 1.5 m instrument height

Drives

Type:	Endless horizontal and vertical drives
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Motorisation

Maximum rotating speed:	50 gon/s
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Power

External supply voltage:	Nominal voltage 12.8 V DC, Range 11.5 V-13.5 V
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Internal Battery

Type:	Li-Ion
Voltage:	7.4 V
Capacity:	GEB222: 6.0 Ah

External Battery

Type:	Li-Ion
Voltage:	13 V
Capacity:	GEB371: 19 Ah

Environmental specifications**Temperature**

Type	Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]
All instruments	-20 to +50	-40 to +70
Leica SD cards	-40 to +80	-40 to +80
Battery internal	-20 to +55	-40 to +70


Protection against water, dust and sand

Type	Protection
All instruments	IP55 (IEC 60529)

Humidity

Type	Protection
All instruments	Max 95 % non condensing The effects of condensation are to be effectively counter-acted by periodically drying out the instrument.

Reflectors

Type	Additive Constant [mm]	ATRplus	PS
Standard prism, GPR1	0.0	yes	yes
Mini prism, GMP101	+17.5	yes	yes
360° prism, GRZ4 / GRZ122	+23.1	yes	yes
360° Mini prism, GRZ101	+30.0	yes	not recommended
Reflector tape S, M, L	+34.4	yes	no
Reflectorless	+34.4	no	no
Machine Automation power prism, MPR122  For Machine Control purposes only!	+28.1	yes	yes

There are no special prisms required for ATRplus or for PS.

Electronic Guide Light EGL

Working range: 5 m to 150 m (15 ft to 500 ft)
Position accuracy: 5 cm at 100 m (1.97" at 330 ft)

Automatic Corrections

The following automatic corrections are made:

- Line of sight error
- Tilting axis error
- Earth curvature
- Circle eccentricity
- Compensator index error
- Vertical index error
- Standing axis tilt
- Refraction
- ATRplus zero point error

7.11

Scale Correction

Use of scale correc- tion

By entering a scale correction, reductions proportional to distance can be taken into account.

- Atmospheric correction.
- Reduction to mean sea level.
- Projection distortion.

Atmospheric correc- tion $\Delta D1$

The slope distance displayed is correct if the scale correction in ppm, mm/km, which has been entered corresponds to the atmospheric conditions prevailing at the time of the measurement.

The atmospheric correction includes:

- Adjustments for air pressure
- Air temperature
- Relative humidity

For highest precision distance measurements, the atmospheric correction should be determined with an accuracy of 1 ppm. The following parameters must be redetermined:

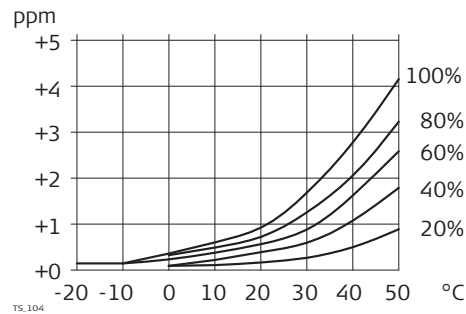
- Air temperature to 1 °C
- Air pressure to 3 mbar
- Relative humidity to 20 %

Air humidity

The air humidity influences the distance measurement if the climate is extremely hot and damp.

For high precision measurements, the relative humidity must be measured and entered along with the air pressure and the temperature.

Air humidity correction



ppm Air humidity correction [mm/km]
 % Relative humidity [%]
 °C Air temperature [°C]

Index n

Type	Index n	carrier wave [nm]
combined EDM	1.0002863	658

The index n is calculated from the formula of the IAG Resolutions (1999), and is valid for:

Air pressure p: 1013.25 mbar
 Air temperature t: 12 °C
 Relative air humidity h: 60 %

Formulas

Formula for visible red laser

$$\Delta D_1 = 286.338 - \left[\frac{0.29535 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^x \right]$$

002419.002

ΔD_1 Atmospheric correction [ppm]

p Air pressure [mbar]

t Air temperature [°C]

h Relative humidity [%]

$\alpha = \frac{1}{273.15}$

x $(7.5 \cdot t / (237.3 + t)) + 0.7857$

If the basic value of 60 % relative humidity as used by the EDM is retained, the maximum possible error in the calculated atmospheric correction is 2 ppm, 2 mm/km.

Reduction to mean sea level ΔD_2

The values for ΔD_2 are always negative and are derived from the following formula:

$$\Delta D_2 = - \frac{H}{R} \cdot 10^6$$

TS_106

ΔD_2 Reduction to mean sea level [ppm]

H Height of EDM above sea level [m]

R $6.378 \cdot 10^6$ m

Projection distortion ΔD_3

The magnitude of the projection distortion is in accordance with the projection system used in a particular country, for which official tables are generally available. The following formula is valid for cylindrical projections such as that of Gauss-Krüger:

$$\Delta D_3 = \frac{X^2}{2R^2} \cdot 10^6$$

TS_107

ΔD_3 Projection distortion [ppm]

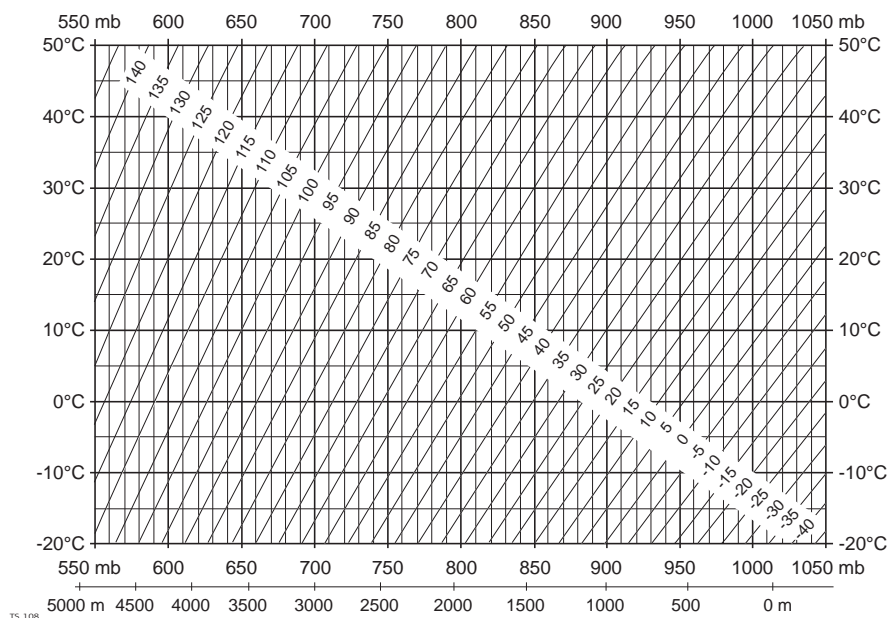
X Easting, distance from projection zero line with the scale factor 1 [km]

R $6.378 \cdot 10^6$ m

In countries where the scale factor is not unity, this formula cannot be directly applied.

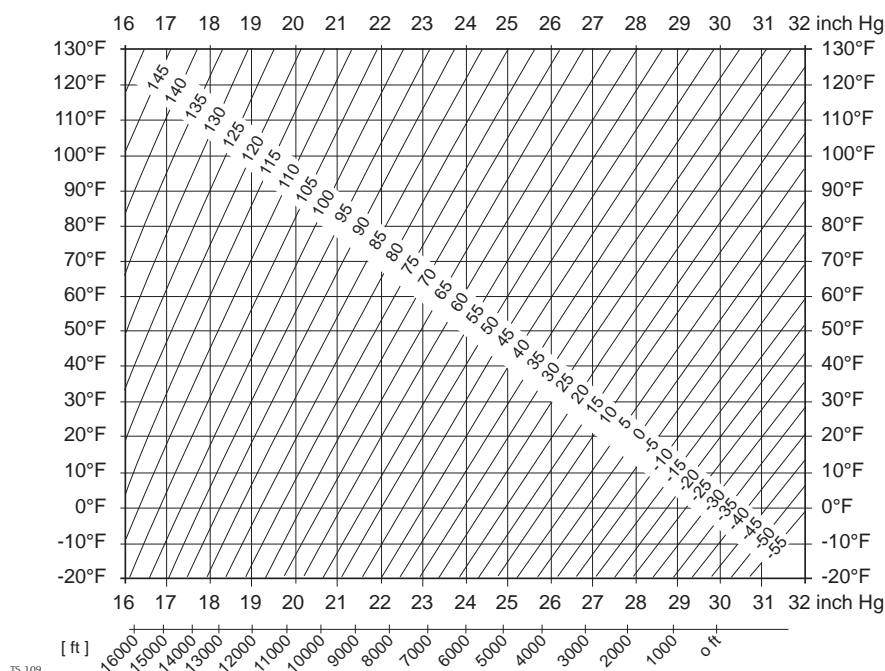
Atmospheric corrections $^{\circ}\text{C}$

Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [$^{\circ}\text{C}$], air pressure [mb] and height [m] at 60 % relative humidity.

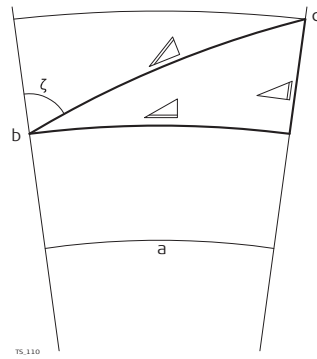


Atmospheric correction $^{\circ}\text{F}$

Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [$^{\circ}\text{F}$], air pressure [inch Hg] and height [ft] at 60 % relative humidity.



Measurements



- a) Mean Sea Level
- b) Instrument
- c) Reflector
- ▵ Slope distance
- ▴ Horizontal distance
- ▴ Height difference

Reflector types

The reduction formulas are valid for measurements to all reflector types:

- measurements to prisms, to reflector tape and reflectorless measurements.

Formulas

The instrument calculates the slope distance, horizontal distance, height difference in accordance with the following formulas:

$$\text{▴} = D_0 \cdot (1 + \text{ppm} \cdot 10^{-6}) + \text{mm} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{▴} \text{ Displayed slope distance [m]} \\ D_0 \text{ Uncorrected distance [m]} \\ \text{ppm} \text{ Atmospheric scale correction [mm/km]} \\ \text{mm} \text{ Additive constant of the reflector [mm]} \end{array}$$

TS_111

$$\text{▴} = Y - A \cdot X \cdot Y \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{▴} \text{ Horizontal distance [m]} \\ \text{▴} \text{ Height difference [m]} \\ Y \text{ } \text{▴} \cdot |\sin \zeta| \\ X \text{ } \text{▴} \cdot \cos \zeta \\ \zeta \text{ Vertical circle reading} \\ A \text{ } (1 - k/2)/R = 1.47 \cdot 10^{-7} [\text{m}^{-1}] \\ B \text{ } (1 - k)/2R = 6.83 \cdot 10^{-8} [\text{m}^{-1}] \\ k \text{ 0.13 (mean refraction coefficient)} \\ R \text{ } 6.378 \cdot 10^6 \text{ m (radius of the earth)} \end{array}$$

TS_112

$$\text{▴} = X + B \cdot Y^2$$

TS_113

Earth curvature ($1/R$) and mean refraction coefficient (k) are automatically taken into account when calculating the horizontal distance and height difference. The calculated horizontal distance relates to the station height and not to the reflector height.

Distance measuring program Averaging

In the distance measuring program Averaging, the following values are displayed:

- D Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

These values are calculated as follows:

$$\bar{D} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n D_i$$

TS_114

- \bar{D} Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- Σ Sum
- D_i Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of measurements

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (D_i - \bar{D})^2}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n D_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} (\sum_{i=1}^n D_i)^2}{n - 1}}$$

TS_115

- s Standard deviation of a single slope distance measurement
- Σ Sum
- \bar{D} Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- D_i Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of distance measurements

The standard deviation $S_{\bar{D}}$ of the arithmetic mean of the distance can be calculated as follows:

$$S_{\bar{D}} = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$$

TS_116

- $S_{\bar{D}}$ Standard deviation of the arithmetic mean of the distance
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

8

Software Licence Agreement

Software Licence Agreement

This product contains software that is preinstalled on the product, or that is supplied to you on a data carrier medium, or that can be downloaded by you online according to prior authorisation from Leica Geosystems. Such software is protected by copyright and other laws and its use is defined and regulated by the Leica Geosystems Software Licence Agreement, which covers aspects such as, but not limited to, Scope of the Licence, Warranty, Intellectual Property Rights, Limitation of Liability, Exclusion of other Assurances, Governing Law and Place of Jurisdiction. Please make sure, that at any time you fully comply with the terms and conditions of the Leica Geosystems Software Licence Agreement.

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Open Source Information

The software on the product may contain copyright-protected software that is licensed under various open source licences.

Copies of the corresponding licences

- are provided together with the product (for example in the About panel of the software)
- can be downloaded on <http://opensource.leica-geosystems.com>

If foreseen in the corresponding open source licence, you may obtain the corresponding source code and other related data on <http://opensource.leica-geosystems.com>.

Contact opensource@leica-geosystems.com in case you need additional information.

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- when it has to be **right**

Leica
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