

User manual





PROFESSIONAL POWER AMPLIFIERS





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1. Safety instructions

- This device is suitable for indoor use only.
- All modifications to the device will void the warranty.
- Repairs are to carry out by skilled personnel only.
- Use only fuses of the same type and original parts as spare parts.
- Protect the unit from rain and humidity to avoid fire and electric shocks.
- Make sure to unplug the power supply before opening the housing.

1.1. FOR SAFE AND EFFICIENT OPERATION

Be careful with heat and extreme temperature

Avoid exposing it to direct rays of the sun or near a heating appliance.

Not put it in a temperature bellow 23°F /-5°C, or exceeding 95°F /35°C.

Keep away from humidity, water and dust

Do not place the set in a location with high humidity or lots of dust.

Containers with water should not be placed on the set.

Keep away from sources of hum and noise

Such as transformer motor, tuner, TV set and amplifier.

To avoid placing on un-stable location

Select a level and stable location to avoid vibration.

Do not use chemicals or volatile liquids for cleaning

Use a clean dry cloth to wipe off the dust, or a wet soft cloth for stubborn dirt.

If out of work, contact sales agency immediately

Any troubles arose, remove the power plug soon, and contact with an engineer for repairing, do not open the cabinet by yourself, it might result a danger of electric shock.

Take care with the power cable

Never pull the power cable to remove the plug from the receptacle, be sure to hold the plug. When not using the device for an extended period of time, be sure to disconnect the plug from the receptacle.



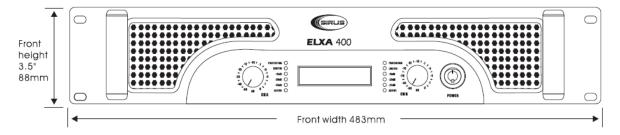


Important:

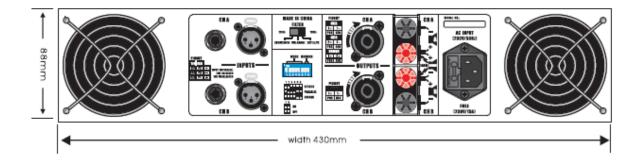
Damages caused by the disregard of this user manual are not subject to warranty. The dealer will not accept liability for any resulting defects or problems. Make sure the electrical connection is carried out by qualified personnel. All electrical and mechanical connections have to be carried out according to the European safety standards.

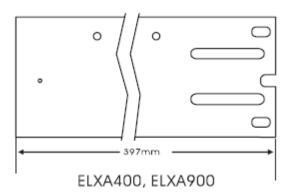
2. Front View

ELXA400, ELXA900 Front View



2.1. Rear & Side Views









3. Introduction

Congratulations on your purchase of a new ELXA Series professional power amplifier, and thank you products. You are among the growing number of audio professionals for your confidence in who have made one of the world's leading suppliers of professional and commercial/industrial audio systems.

For your safety, please read the manual before installing and operating the amplifier. The



ELXA Series is based on the same advanced circuit topologies that have made amplifiers the choice of touring professionals worldwide. ELXA Series amplifiers are designed for high operating efficiency and accurate sonic performance across the full audio bandwidth, even under stressful conditions. In order to maintain strict quality assurance standards, all ELXA Series amplifiers are built

's state-of-the-art CHINA manufacturing facility. Inner components are the finest available and key sub assemblies are pretested before final assembly. Finally, each amplifier is "burned in" and thoroughly tested (using precision audio test equipment) before shipping.

In addition, all ELXA Series amplifiers in corporate exclusive Tour Class protection feature to safeguard both internal circuitry and connected loudspeakers. This proven combination of advanced design, quality construction and comprehensive circuit protectors is your guarantee of fail-safe reliability. You can depend on consistent, stable performance.

3.1. Unpacking

Please inspect the amplifier carefully immediately after unpacking. If you find any damage, notify your supplier/dealer immediately. Be sure to save the carton and all packing materials. If you ever need to ship the unit back to or an authorized service center, you should use only the original factory packing.

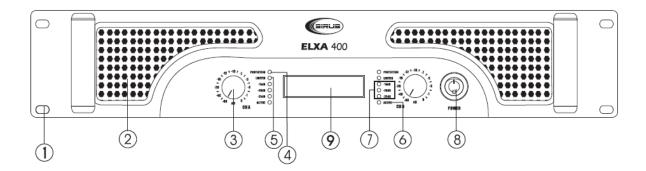
3.2. Installation and Mounting

ELXA Series amplifiers ELXA400 are 2-rack-space high. All mount in standard 19" racks. Four frontpanel mounting holes are provided on each amplifier. Rear mounting ears give additional support, and use of rear supports is highly recommended in all mobile and touring sound systems.





4. Front Panel



1. Rack Mounting Ears

Two front panel mounting holes are provided on each mounting ear.

2. Fan Outlet Grills

ELXA Series amplifiers are cooled by two rear-mounted fans. Cool air flows over the heat sinks and exhausts through the back grills. Make sure these outlets remain clean to allow unrestricted air flow.

3. Input Attenuators

4. Protect LED

Indicates that the channel is in Protect mode (speakers disconnected by output relay).

5. Limiter LED

Illuminates at the clipping threshold. Continuous illumination also indicates that ACL (Active Clip Limiting) protection circuitry is engaged.

6. Power LED

Indicates that AC power is connected and the amplifier is turned on.

7. Level Indicator

8. AC Power Switch

This is the main power switch. Press to turn on the amplifier.

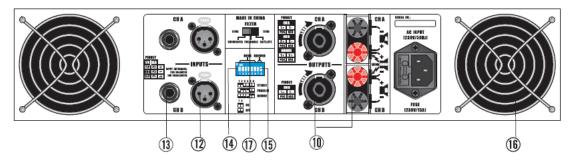
9. LCD Display

Shows the working mode, protection status and temperature of the modules.





4.1. Rear Side

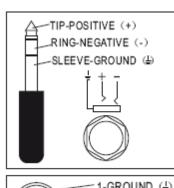


10. Output Connectors

These have two functions, on is binding post, the other is speakon. Connection to the binding post can be made with bare wire, banana plugs, or spade lug terminations. Make connections to both the channel A and channel B terminals for Stereo or Parallel Mode. Using speakon-type speaker cables, make connections to both the channel A and channel B connectors for Stereo of Parallel mode. See the section on mode selection for more information.

12.-13. Balanced 1/4" (TRS) & XLR Input Connectors

These connectors accept input signals on balanced TRS and XLR input plugs. See the figure at the left for information on polarity. Connectors for each channel are in parallel. The unused connectors may be used for "loop through" connect ion to other amplifiers. NOTE: Unbalanced TIP/SLEEVE plugs may be used with the balanced TRS "Tip/Ring/Sleeve" connectors. The RING terminal or negative input will be connected to ground internally. When using three-pole (STEREO) TRS connectors, makes sure that the ring connection is made either to the cold (-) output of the source equipment, or the ground. Incorrect connections may cause a 6 dB loss in level!





14. Mode Selection Switch

This recessed three-position switch configures the amplifier for either Stereo, Bridge or Parallel mode operation. Amplifiers are factory configured at Stereo mode.

15. Grounding Selector

You may have hum or noise in your speaker, put the selector in "Ground" position.

16. Air cooling windows

This part is the air cooling window. Do not obstruct it.

17. 120Hz Filter Auswahl

Subwoofer, Full Range, Satellite.





5. Operation

5.1. Connecting Power

ELXA Series amplifier power requirements are rated at:

- a) "idle"
- b) 1/8th power ("typical" music conditions)
- c) 1/3rd power ("continuous" music conditions)
- d) Maximum rated power (circuit breaker limited)

The maximum power current draw rating is limited only by the front panel circuit breaker.

Consult the specification in the Appendices section for figures on the current that each amplifier will demand. Make sure the mains voltage is correct and is the same as that printed on the rear of the amplifier. Damage caused by connecting the amplifier to improper AC voltage is not covered by any warranty. Unless otherwise specified when ordered ELXA amplifiers are configured as 230V/50Hz.

Note: Always turn off and disconnect the amplifier from mains voltage before making audio connections. Also, as an extra precaution, have the attenuators turned down during power-up.

5.2. Cooling System

ELXA Series amplifiers use a twin-tunnel forced air cooling system to maintain a low, even operating temperature. Drawn in by dual 45 cubic feet-per-minute (CFM) fans on the rear panel, air flows the cooling fans of the channel heat sinks (dissipating power transistor heat), then exhausts through the front panel slots. The "intelligent" variable-speed DC fans are controlled by heat sink temperature-sensing circuits. When the amplifier is turned on, the fans briefly "rev up", then slow to an idle; this indicates that the temperature sensing circuits are operating normally. The fan speed increases only as required by heat sink temperatures, keeping fan noise to a minimum.

If either heat sink surpasses the maximum allowed temperature, the sensing circuit will open the output relay, disconnecting the load from that channel. If the power transformer overheats, another sensing circuit opens both channel output relays until the transformer cools to a safe temperature.

Important!

To ensure optimum cooling, periodically clean the amplifier fan filters (removable without tools). Also make certain that there is enough space around the front of the amplifier to allow the cooling air to escape. If the amplifier is rack mounted, do not use doors or covers on the front of the rack. If the amplifiers are to be used in racks with closed backs, allow at least one (1) standard rack space of opening in the front of the rack for every four amplifiers.

5.3. Connecting Inputs

Use either the XLR or ¼" input connectors on the rear to supply audio signals to your ELXA Series amplifier. Both connectors accept balanced and unbalanced audio connections. (The ELXA Series amplifiers are configured standard with "Pin 2 hot" on XLR inputs. Please note that some other





amplifiers are configured with "Pin 3 hot"). The unused connector can be used to jumper the audio input to another amplifier input.

5.4. Connecting Outputs

Speakers are connected using 5-way Output Binding Post or Speakon connector, depending on version supplied. Please note that on the 5-way Output Binding Post version of the ELXA, two pairs of 5-way binding posts are provided for each channel, so that paralleling of speakers is possible.

6. Mode Selection

The three-position, recessed Mode Select switch (located on the rear panel) configures the amplifier for either Stereo, Parallel or Bridged Mono Mode. Amplifiers are factory configured for Stereo Mode.

6.1. Stereo Mode

In Stereo Mode, both channels operate independently, with their attenuators controlling their respective levels. Signals at Channel A's input produces output at Channel A's output, while signal at Channel B's input produces output at Channel B's output. Recommended minimum nominal load impedance for stereo operation is 4 ohm per channel. Either the ½" (TRS) input or the XLR input may be used.

6.2. Parallel Mode

When set to Parallel Mode, a signal applied to Channel A's input will be amplified and appear at outputs for both Channels A&B. wird das Eingangssignal des Kanals A verstärkt auf beiden Ausgängen ausgegeben. Either the 1/4" (TRS) input or the XLR input on Channel A may be used.

6.3. Bridged Mono Mode

Bridged Mono Mode straps both amplifier channels together to make a very powerful, single-channel monaural amplifier. One channel "pushes" and the other "pulls" equally, doubling the power over that of either channel alone. Signal is applied to the Channel A input only. Both attenuators are used to control signal level; in addition both must be adjusted to the same setting. Either the ¼" (TRS) or XLR input may be used.

NOTE: The channel B input connectors (XLR and/or TRS) may be used to "loop thru" the channel A signal when in parallel or bridged mono mode.

Use extreme caution when operating the amplifier in Bridged Mono Mode. Never ground either side of the speaker cable when the amplifier is in Bridged Mono Mode; both sides are "hot". If an output patch Panel is used, all connections must be isolated from each other and from the panel. The recommended minimum nominal load impedance in the Bridged Mono Mode is 8 ohms, which is the equivalent to driving both channels separately at 4 ohms. Driving bridged loads of less than the recommended minimums will activate the LRS circuitry, resulting in a loss of power and may also lead to a thermal protect condition.

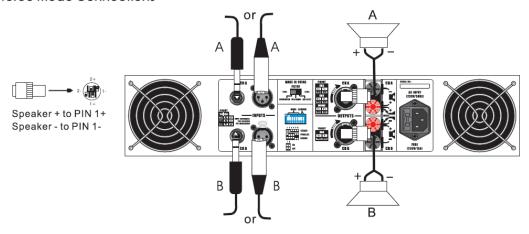




Connecting amplifier outputs to oscilloscopes or other test equipment while the amplifier is in bridged mode may damage both the amplifier and test equipment!!!

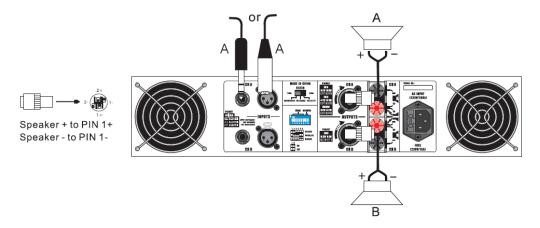
6.4. Stereo Mode Connections

Stereo Mode Connections



6.5. Parallel Mode Connections

Parallel Mode Connections

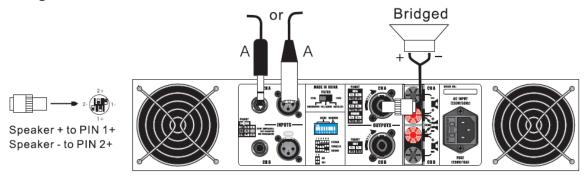






6.6. Bridged Mono Mode Connections

Bridged Mono Mode Connections



7. LX Clip Limitting

At the amplifier's full power limit, or clipping point, LX will be activated. This is indicated by an illumination of the Limiter LED. The channel gain is automatically reduced, protecting the loudspeakers from potential damage from the high power, continuous square waves that would otherwise be produced. LX may be activated by uncontrolled feedback, oscillations, improper equipment gain settings, or an equipment malfunction upstream from the amplifier. Only steady or excessive clipping (not normal program transients) will trigger LX. The circuit is virtually transparent in operation and full signal bandwidth is maintained.

8. IGM Impedance Sensing

IGM (Instantaneous Gain Modulation) is an innovative circuit that allows the amplifier to operate safley into difficult loads. When the amplifier sees a load that overstress the output stage, the IGM circuit adjusts the channel gain to a safe level. Like LX, the IGM circuit is inaudible in normal use. In addition, if extreme and sustained low impedance is encountered, the amplifier's output relay will open.

9. Auto Ramp Protection

Auto Ramp operates every time the amplifier is turned on or is reactivated after a protect condition is corrected. This exclusive feature gradually increases gain to the attenuator setting avoiding unnecessary stress on the loudspeakers.

10. Thermal Protection

Abnormally high heat sink temperatures will engage the protect circuit for the overheating channel only. (An output relay disconnects the loudspeakers until nominal temperature range is restored.) During this time, the Protect LED will light and the LCD display will show Protection and Fault if the power transformer gets too hot, its thermal sensing circuit will disconnect both channel outputs. During this time, the Active LED will extinguish, the Protect and Limiter LEDs will stay lit and the cooling fan will continue running at low speed. Normal operation resumes once the transformer cools to a safe level.





11. LRS Short Circuit Protection

If an output is shorted (i.e. defective speakers or crossed speaker wires) the LRS will automatically protect the amplifier. The load will be disconnected by the thermal protection circuitry (output relay opens) and the amplifier will be shut down. Please remove the short circuit and switch on the amplifier again to restart the amplifier.

12. DC Voltage Protection

If an amplifier channel detects DC voltage at its output terminals, the output relay will immediately open to prevent loudspeaker from damage. The Protect LEDs will light up and the LCD display will show DC Protection and Fault.

13. Subsonic Frequencies

Built-in high pass filtering provides subsonic frequency protection for each channel. In addition a relay will open if excessive subsonic energy appears at the output.





14. Appendices

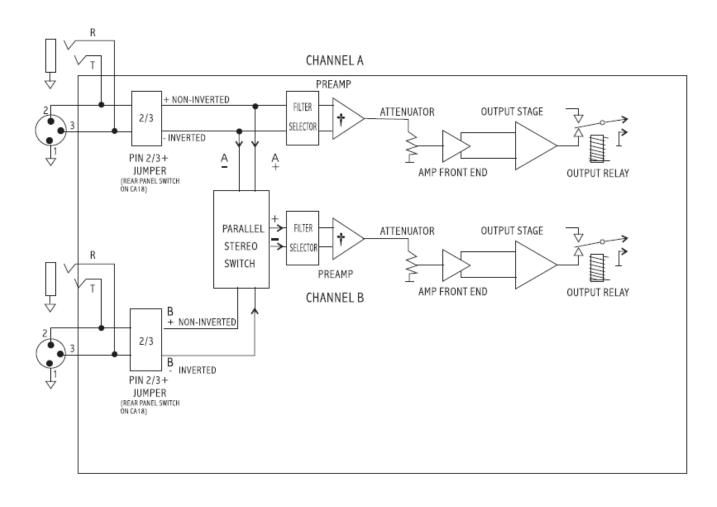
Amplifier specifications

	11-11- A 16/ TUD - N	FIVA 400	FIVADO	F1V40400
1kHz, 0.1% THD+N		ELXA400	ELXA900	ELXA2600
8∩Stereo RMS Power		2 X200W	2 X450W	2×1300W
4⊆Stereo RMS Power		2 X300W	2 X700W	2×2000W
2⊆Stereo RMS Power		2 X350W	2 X750W	2×2200W
8∩bridge RMS Power		550W	1400W	4000W
4⊵bridge RMS Power		700W 1500W		4400W
Crossover	Low pass	20Hz-120Hz -6dB		20Hz-20Hz, -0.84dB/+0dB
0.0000101	Low cut		120Hz-20KHz -6dB	
Frequency Response (+0 / -0.3dB, 1W/8n)		20Hz-20kHz -3dB@135kHz		
Power Bandwidth (rated power at 4 α , 1%THD+N)		20Hz-20kHz,84dB/+0dB		
	TourClass Protection	DC protect, Short circuit protect, High temperature protect, Current inrush protect, Input over load protect, Output , Soft startup protect		
THI	D+N (rated power, 4a/1kHz)	<0.5%		
SMPTE IMD (rated power, 8a, 50 Hz & 7kHz)		<0.5%		
Damping Factor (10-400Hz at 8a)		≥300		≥700
Input CMRR (1kHz)		≥60 dB		
Standard input Sensitivity (rated power at 8≥)		1V 0.775V		0.775V
Input Impedance (balanced/unbalanced)		20ka/10ka		
Hum and Noise ("A" weighted, -80 dBW)		≥95dB ≥100dB		≥100dB
Crosstalk ("A"	weighted, full power at 4a)	≥60dB		
	Class	AB		Н
Input Connectors (per channel)		Jack & female Neutrik XLR Female Neutrik XLR & male Neu		Female Neutrik XLR & male Neutrik XLR
Output Connectors (per channel)		2-way binding posts or Speakon connectors		
Power	Supply (factory configured)	230V/50Hz		
Idle Current Draw (220V)		0.1A	0.2A	1.6A
1/8 Power Curr. Draw (typical music cond., 220V/4o)		2.8A	5.25A	6.0A
1/3 Power Curr. Draw (conf. music cond., 220V/4x)		5.0A	11.5A	12.5A
Max Curr. Draw (continuous music cond., 220V/4:a)		8A	15.0A	18.0A
Thermal Emissions (1/8 Power, 4 a)		2030 BTU/hr	4750 BTU/hr	7125 BTU/hr
Thermal Emissions (1/3 Power, 4 α)		2726 BTU/hr	6300 BTU/hr	9450 BTU/hr
Cooling		Two-speed DC fan, air flow from front to rear		Two-speed fans air flow from rear to front
	Controls	Front panel: 2 attenuators, power switch; Rear panel: signal ground lift & mode switches; filter switch		
L	ED Indicators (per channel)	Limiter, Signal, protect, Active		
	Construction	Steel chassis, 16 gauge. Double thickness in rack ear areas.		
Dimensions (Height x Width x Depth to rear rack ears)		88 x 482 x 397mm 132 x 483 x 489mm		132 x 483 x 489mm
Gross Weight		16.5kgs	23kgs	42kgs
Net Weight		12.5kgs	19kgs	38kgs





Appendix B - ELXA Block Diagram







Appendix C - Wire Gauge Chart (Metric)

Stranded Cable Lgth(m)	Wire Gauge (mm2)	Power Loss	Power Loss	Power Loss
2	0.3	(8 ohm load)	(4 ohm load)	(2 ohm load
	0.5	2.9%	5.6%	10.8%
	0.75	1.74	3.4	6.7
	1.5	1.16	2.3	4.5
	2.5	0.58	1.16	2.3
	4	0.35	0.70	1.39
5	0.5	0.22	0.44	0.87
	0.75	4.3%	8.2%	15.5%
	1.5	2.9	5.6	10.8
	2.5	1.45	2.9	5.6
	4	0.87	1.74	3.4
	6	0.55	1.09	2.2
10	0.5	0.37	0.73	1.45
	0.75	8.24%	15.5%	28%
	1.5	5.6	10.8	19.9
	2.5	2.9	5.6	10.8
	4	1.74	2.9	6.7
	6	1.09	1.74	4.3
30	0.75	0.73	1.09	2.9
	1.5	15.5%	0.73%	45%
	2.5	8.2	15.5	28
	4	5.1	9.8	18.2
	6	3.2	6.3	12.0
	10	2.2	4.3	8.2
		1.31	2.6	5.1





Appendix C - Wire Gauge Chart

Stranded Cable Lgth(ft)	Wire Gauge (AWG)	Power Loss	Power Loss	Power Loss
5	18	(8 ohm load)	(4 ohm load)	(2 ohm load)
	16	0.81%	1.61%	3.2%
	14	0.51	1.02	2.0
	12	0.32	0.64	1.28
	10	0.20	0.40	0.80
10	18	0.128	0.25	0.51
	16	1.61%	3.2%	6.2%
	14	1.02	2.0	4.0
	12	0.64	1.28	2.5
	10	0.40	0.80	1.60
40	18	0.25	0.51	1.01
	16	6.2%	11.9%	22%
	14	4.0	7.7	14.6
	12	2.5	5.0	9.6
	10	1.60	3.2	6.2
	8	1.01	2.0	4.0
80	18	0.60	1.20	2.4
	16	11.9%	22%	37%
	14	7.7	14.6	26
	12	5.0	9.6	17.8
	10	3.2	6.2	11.8
	8	2.0	4.0	7.7
		1.20	2.4	4.7





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Choice of touring professionals.