# Kelly HSR Opto-Isolated Series Motor Controller with Regen User's Manual

HSR72601

HSR72801

HSR12401

HSR12601

HSR12901

HSR14301

HSR14501

HSR14701

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## **Chapter 1 Introduction**

### 1.1 Overview

This manual introduces the features, installation and maintenance of the Kelly High Power Opto-isolated Series Motor Controller with Regen. Read the manual carefully and thoroughly before using the controller. If you have any questions, please contact the support center of Kelly Controls, LLC.

Kelly HSR programmable motor controllers provide efficient, smooth and quiet controls for high power electric vehicles like forklifts and hybrid vehicles, as well as electric boats and industrial motor speed control. It uses high power MOSFET's and, high frequency and fast PWM to achieve efficiencies of up to 99% in most cases. A powerful microprocessor brings in comprehensive and precise control to the controllers. It also allows users to adjust parameters, conduct tests, and obtain diagnostic information quickly and easily.

### **Chapter 2 Main Features and Specifications**

#### 2.1General functions

- (1) Extended fault detection and protection. Red LED flashing pattern indicates the fault sources, and Green LED indicates normal operation. Controller will shut down in some fault conditions.
- (2) Built-in current loop and over current protection.
- (3) Current cutback at low temperature and high temperature to protect battery and controller. The current begins to ramp down at 90°C case temperature, shutting down at 100°C.
- (4) Configurable motor over-temperature detection and protection with the recommended thermistor KTY83-122.
- (5) Monitoring battery voltage. It will stop driving if the battery voltage is too high and it will progressively cut back motor drive power as battery voltage drops until it cuts out altogether at the preset "Low Battery Voltage" setting.
- (6) Monitoring battery recharging voltage during regenerative braking, progressively cutting back current as battery voltage rises then cutting off regen altogether when voltage goes too high.
- (7) Multifunctional and configurable 3 switch inputs: brake switch, reversing switch, throttle or forward switch. Default to active-low, customizable active-high.
- (8) 3 analog 0-5V inputs that default to throttle input, brake input and motor temperature input.
- (9) Configurable and programmable with a host computer though RS232 or USB. Provide free GUI which can run on Windows XP/2000, Windows 7 and Vista(recommend using Kelly Standard USB To RS232 Converter).
- (10) Maximum reverse speed is configurable to half of the maximum forward speed.
- (11) Maximum reverse current is configurable to half of the maximum forward current.
- (12) Configurable limit for motor current
- (13) Capable of connecting to Kelly Ampmeter: positive to 5V power supply of controller, negative to J1-2.
- (14) Provision of a +5 volt output to supply various kinds of sensors, including Hall effect type.
- (15) Pulsed reverse alarm output.
- (16) Main contactor driver. Cutting off the power if any fault is detected.
- (17) Optional CAN Bus.
- (18) Field driving capability is equivalent to armature.

<u>Caution!</u> Regeneration has braking effect but does not replace the function of a mechanical brake. A mechanical brake is required to stop your vehicle. Regen IS NOT a safety feature! Controller may stop regen, without warning, to protect itself or the battery(it won't protect you!).

#### 2.2 Features

- Opto-isolated technology achieves stability.
- Intelligence with powerful microprocessor.
- •Synchronous rectification, ultra low drop, and fast PWM to achieve very high efficiency.
- Voltage monitoring on voltage source 5V.
- •Hardware over current protection.
- •Hardware over voltage protection.
- Current limit and torque control.
- Low EMC.
- ·LED fault code.
- •Battery protection: current cutback, warning and shutdown at configurable high and low battery voltage.
- Rugged aluminum housing for maximum heat dissipation and harsh environment. Support fan or water cooling.
- •Rugged high current terminals, and rugged aviation connectors for small signal.
- Thermal protection.
- Configurable high pedal protection: the controller will not work if high throttle is detected at power on.
- •Brake switch is used to start regen.
- •0-5V brake signal is used to command regen current.
- •Standard PC/Laptop computer is used to do programming. No special tools needed.
- Provide free User Program. Easy to use. No cost to customers.
- •Current multiplication: Take less current from battery, output more current to motor.
- •Easy installation: 1-4V "Hall Active" throttle or "3 Wire" potentiometer(<100K) can work.

### 2.3 Specifications

- Frequency of Operation: 16.6kHz.
- Standby Battery Current depending on the model: usually less than 2mA.
- Controller input power, PWR: less than 10W.
- Controller supply voltage range, PWR, 8 to 30V
- •Configurable battery voltage range, B+. Max operating range: 18V to 180V (depending on the model).
- Standard Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts (3-wire resistive pot), 1-4 Volts (hall active throttle).
- Analog Brake and Throttle Input: 0-5 Volts. 0-5V signal is produced by 3-wire pot.
- Reverse Alarm, Main Contactor Coil Driver, Meter.
- •Full Power Temperature Range: 0°C to 50°C (controller case temperature).
- •Operating Temperature Range: -30°C to 90°C, 100°C shut down (controller case temperature).
- •Motor Current Limit, 1 minutes: 300A-900A, depending on the model.
- Motor Current Limit, continuous:135A-405A, depending on the model.

Kelly HSR Series Motor Controller with Regn						
Model	1 minutes	continuous	Nominal Voltage	Max operating	Pogon	Туре
	current	current	Range	voltage	Regen	
HSR72601	600A	270A	24V-72V	18V-90V	Yes	Series
HSR72801	800A	360A	24V-72V	18V-90V	Yes	Series
HSR12401	400A	180A	24V-120V	18V-136V	Yes	Series
HSR12601	600A	270A	24V-120V	18V-136V	Yes	Series
HSR12901	900A	405A	24V-120V	18V-136V	Yes	Series
HSR14301	300A	135A	24V-144V	18V-180V	Yes	Series
HSR14501	500A	225A	24V-144V	18V-180V	Yes	Series
HSR14701	700A	315A	24V-144V	18V-180V	Yes	Series

# **Chapter 3 Wiring and Installation**

# 3.1 Mounting the Controller

The controller can be oriented in any position which should be as clean and dry as possible, and if necessary, shielded with a cover to protect it from water and contaminants.

To ensure full rated output power, the controller should be fastened to a clean, flat metal surface with four or six screws. A thermal joint compound can be used to improve heat conduction from the case to the mounting surface. The case outline and mounting holes' dimensions are shown in Figure 1 and 2.

- **RUNAWAYS** Some conditions could cause the vehicle to run out of control. Disconnect the motor, or jack up the vehicle, and get the drive wheels off the ground before attempting any work on the motor control circuitry.
- HIGH CURRENT ARCS Electric vehicle batteries can supply very high power, and arcs
  can occur if they are short circuit. Always turn off the battery circuit before working on the
  motor control circuit. Wear safety glasses, and use properly insulated tools to prevent
  short circuit

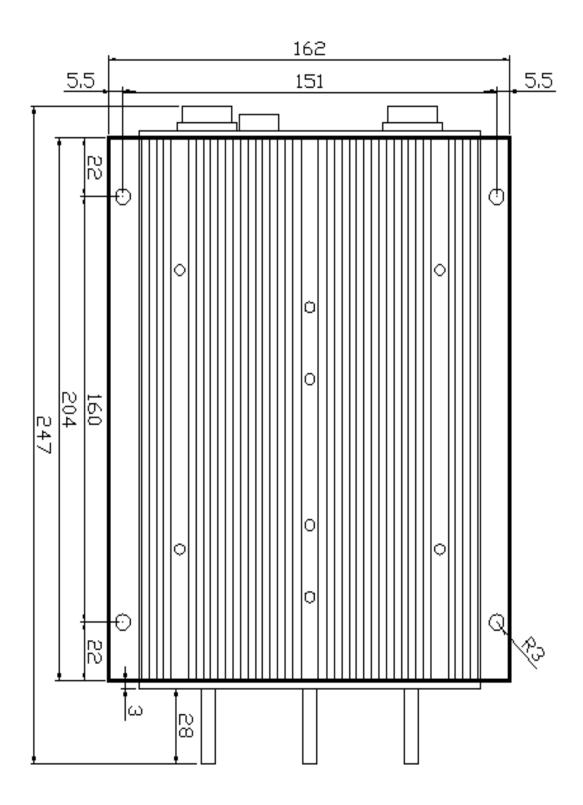


Figure 1: Height: 84 millimeters
Length: 204 millimeters

Controller models with above dimension: HSR72601, HSR72801, HSR12401 HSR12601, HSR14301, HSR14501

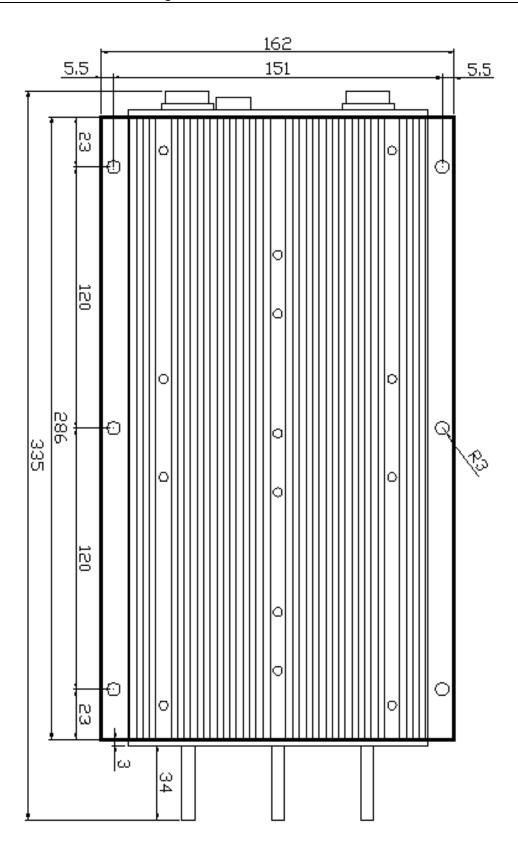


Figure 2: Height: 84 millimeters Length: 286 millimeters

Controller models with above dimension: HSR12901, HSR14701,

### 3.2 Connections

#### 3.2.1 Panels of HSR Series Motor Controller

Four metal bars and two plugs (J1, J2) are provided for connecting to the battery, motor and control signals in the front of the controller shown as Figure 3, 4 and Figure 5.

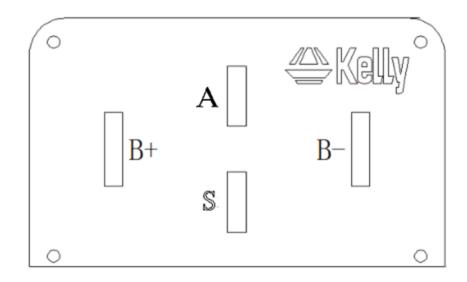


Figure 3: Front Panel of HSR Motor Controller

B+: battery positive and armature positive

B-: battery negative
A: armature negative

S: field negative

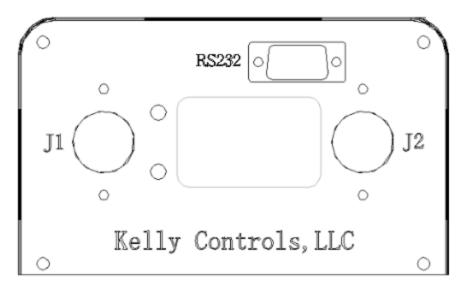


Figure 4: Back Panel of HSR Motor Controller

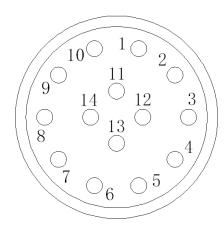


Figure 5: The Connecting
Diagram of J1 and J2

#### J1 Pin Definition

- 1- Reserved
- 2- Kelly Current meter. <200mA
- 3- Main contactor driver. <2A
- 4- Alarm: To drive reverse beeper. <200mA
- 5- RTN: Signal return
- 6- Green LED: Running indication
- 7- RTN: Signal return
- 8- Reserved
- 9- Reserved
- 10- CAN bus high. Optional
- 11- CAN bus low. Optional
- 12- High level brake
- 13- RTN: Signal return, or power supply return
- 14- Red LED: Fault code.

#### J2 Pin Definition

- 1- PWR: Controller power supply (input)
- 2- RTN: Signal return, or power supply return
- 3- RTN: Signal return
- 4- Motor temperature input. Demand use KTY83-122 Silicon temperature sensors.
- 5- Throttle analog input, 0-5V
- 6- Brake analog input, 0-5V
- 7- 5V: 5V supply output. <50mA
- 8- Throttle or forward switch input
- 9- Reversing switch input
- 10- Brake switch input
- 11- Reserved
- 12- Reserved
- 13- Reserved
- 14- RTN: Signal return

Notes: All RTN and GND pins are internally connected, but isolated from B-.

- Do not apply power until you are certain the controller wiring is correct and has been double checked. Wiring faults will damage the controller.
- Ensure that the B- wiring is securely and properly connected before applying power.
- The preferred connection of the system contactor or circuit breaker is in series with the B+ line.
- All contactors or circuit breakers in the B+ line must have precharge resistors across their contacts. Lack of even one of these precharge resistors may severely damage the controller at switch-on.

### 3.2.2 HSR Series Motor Controller Wiring Diagram

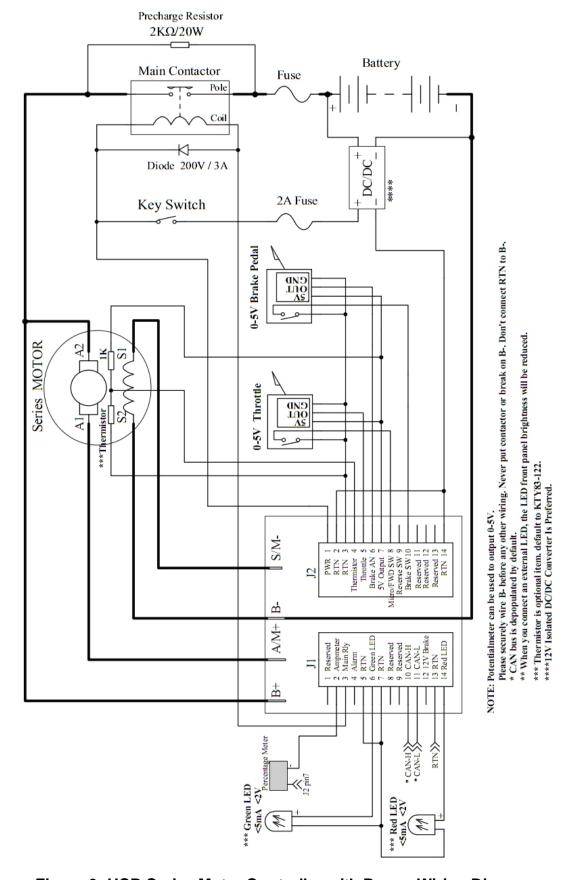


Figure 6: HSR Series Motor Controller with Regen Wiring Diagram

#### 3.2.3Communication Port

A RS232 port of controller is provided to communicate with host computer for calibration and configuration.

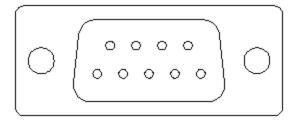


Figure 7: Standard RS232 Interface

### 3.3 Installation Checklist

Before operating the vehicle, complete the following checkout procedures. Use LED code as a reference as listed in Table 1.

- Put the vehicle up on blocks to get the drive wheels off the ground before beginning these tests.
- Do not allow anyone to stand directly in front of or behind the vehicle during the checkout.
- · Make sure the PWR switch and the brake is off
- · Use well-insulated tools.
- Make sure the wire is connected correctly.
- Turn the PWR switch on. The Green LED stay on steadily and Red LED turns off when the controller operates normally. If this does not happen, check continuity of the PWR and return.
- The fault code will be detected automatically at restart.
- With the brake switch open, select a direction and operate the throttle. The motor should spin
  in the selected direction. Verify wiring or voltage and the fuse if it does not. The motor should
  run faster with increasing throttle. If not, refer to the Table 1 LED code, and correct the fault as
  determined by the fault code.
- Take the vehicle off the blocks and drive it in a clear area. It should have smooth acceleration and good top speed.

### **Chapter 4 Maintenance**

There are no user-serviceable parts inside the controllers. Do not attempt to open the controller as this will void your warranty. However, periodic, exterior cleaning of the controller should be carried out.

The controller is a high powered device. When working with any battery powered vehicle, proper safety precautions should be taken that include, but are not limited to, proper training, wearing eye protection, avoidance of loose clothing, hair and jewelry. Always use insulated tools.

## 4.1 Cleaning

Although the controller requires virtually no maintenance after properly installation, the following minor maintenance is recommended in certain applications.

- Remove power by disconnecting the battery, starting with battery positive.
- Discharge the capacitors in the controller by connecting a load (such as a contactor coil or a horn) across the controller's B+ and B- terminals.
- Remove any dirt or corrosion from the bus bar area. The controller should be wiped down with a moist rag. Make sure that the controller is dry before reconnecting the battery.
- Make sure the connections to the bus bars, if fitted, are tight. To avoid physically stressing the bus bars use two, well-insulated wrenches.

# 4.2 Configuration

You can configure the controller with a host computer through either an RS232 or USB.

- Disconnect motor wiring from controller.
- Do not connect B+, throttle and so on. The controller may display fault code in some conditions, but it doesn't affect programming or configuration.
- Use a straight through RS232 cable or USB converter provided by Kelly to connect to a host computer. Provide a 8-30V supply to PWR (J2 pin1). Wire power supply return to any RTN pin, isolated from B-.

Download the free configuration software from:

http://www.kellycontroller.com/support.php

- •Make certain that the motor is disconnected before trying to run the Configuration Software!
- Configuration software will be regularly updated and published on the website. Please Update your Configuration Software regularly. You must uninstall the older version before updating.

# **Table 1: LED CODES**

LED Code		le	Explanation	Solution	
Green No power or		No power or	Check if all wires are correct.		
Off			switched off	2. Check fuse and power supply.	
Green			Normal operation	That's great! You got solution!	
On					
1,2	¤	¤¤	Over voltage error	Battery voltage is too high for the controller.	
				Check battery volts and configuration.	
				Regeneration over-voltage. Controller will have	
				cut back or stopped regen.	
				3. This only accurate to $\pm$ 2% upon Overvoltage	
				setting.	
1,3	¤	aaa	Low voltage error	The controller will clear after 5 seconds if battery	
				volts returns to normal.	
			_	Check battery volts & recharge if required.	
1,4	¤	aaaa	Over temperature	1. Controller case temperature is above 90°C.	
			warning	Current will be limited. Reduce controller	
				loading or switch Off until controller cools down.	
				2. Clean or improve heatsink or fan.	
2,2	aa	¤¤	Internal volts fault	<ol> <li>Measure that B+ &amp; PWR are correct when measured to B- or RTN.</li> </ol>	
				2. There may be excessive load on the +5V supply	
				caused by too low a value of Regen or throttle	
				potentiometers or incorrect wiring.	
				Controller is damaged. Contact Kelly about a	
				warranty repair.	
2,3	¤¤	ppp	Over temperature	The controller temperature has exceeded 100 ℃.	
				The controller will be stopped but will restart when	
				temperature falls below 80°C.	
2,4	¤¤	aaaa	Throttle error at	1. The throttle got effective signal at key-on. Fault	
			power-up	clears when throttle is released. You may	
				reconfigure throttle effective range or foot switch	
				2. The acceleration throttle must be turned from	
				zero up to high when the brake is released.	
0.4				Otherwise the controller will report this fault.	
3,1	aaa	¤	Frequent reset	May be caused by over-voltage, bad motor	
0.5				intermittent earthing problem, bad wiring, etc.	
3,2	aaa	¤¤	Internal reset	May be caused by some transient fault condition like	
				a temporary over-current, momentarily high or low	
				battery voltage. This can happen during normal	
0.0	-		Mariana	operation.	
3,3	aaa	aaa	Wrong connection	Valid throttle signal is between 1V-4V. Fault report	
			of throttle	because signal is less than 0.5V or greater than	

			4.5V.
3,4	aaa aaaa	Non-zero throttle	Controller won't allow a direction change unless the
		on direction	throttle or speed is at zero. Fault clears when
		change	throttle is released.
4,1	aaaa a	Regen	Motor drive is disabled if an over-voltage is detected
		over-voltage	during regen. The voltage threshold detection level
			is set during configuration.
4,2	aaaa aa	Field error	Field did not reach the configured current.
			2. Field circuit open. Please check field wiring.
4, 3	nnn nnn	Motor	Motor temperature has exceeded the configured
		over-temperature	maximum. The controller will shut down until the
			motor temperature cools down.
			Can change the temperature setting in
			configuration program.

The Red LED flashes once at power on as a confidence check and then normally stays Off. "1, 2" means the Red flashes once and after a second pause, flashes twice. The time between two flashes is 0.5 second. The pause time between multiple flash code groups is two seconds.

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