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PROPRIETARY NOTICE

The information contained in this publication is derived in part from proprietary and patented data. This information has been prepared for the express purpose of assisting in installation, operation, and maintenance of the instruments described herein. Publication of this information does not convey any rights of use or reproduction other than in connection with the installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment described herein. Universal Flow Monitors, Inc. reserves the right to change the information contained in this publication at any time and without prior notice.

Serial numbers are formatted as YY MM ID 000 YY = year, MM = month, ID = product identifier, 000 through 999 = three-digit sequential number.

NAMEPLATE EXAMPLE

FlowStream Universal Flow Monitors, Inc. Tel 248-542-9635 M/N OFS-EF-3A200SLPM-T-X1B-D10-R S/N 070310000 TYPE: 4 FLOW	FlowStream Universal Flow Monitors, Inc. Tel 248-542-9635 M/N OFS-EF-3A200SLPM-T-X2A S/N 070310000 TYPE 4 FLOW
FlowStream Universal Flow Monitors, Inc. Tel 248-542-9635 M/N OFM-EF-3H51-T-X1B-D10 S/N 070310000 TYPE: 4	Intrinsically Safe flowmeters must include "X2A" or "Z2A" in the Model Code

The Intrinsically Safe flow transmitters have the following label:



GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Flow Ranges:	500 SCCM full-scale to 1,000 SLPM full-scale
Translation Dation	1 SCFH full-scale to 2,100 SCFH full-scale
Turndown Ratio:	100:1
Maximum Operating Pressure:	100 PSIG
Burst Pressure:	200 PSIG
Pressure Effect on Accuracy:	Less than 0.03% F.S. / PSI (See Note 1)
Maximum Operating Temperature:	176 °F (80 °C)
Minimum Operating Temperature:	-13 °F (-25 °C)
Temperature Effect on Accuracy:	Less than 0.03% F.S./ °F
Maximum Pressure Drop:	1.5 PSI at F.S. flow (from inlet port to outlet port)
Process Connections:	1/4"-3/8"-1/2"-3/4" NPT female
Wetted Parts	
Sensors:	Glass-filled nylon, alumina-based ceramic, silicon, gold, epoxy
Flow Body Internals:	Anodized aluminum, viton, stainless steel
Enclosure Rating:	Type 4
Display:	4-digit LCD digital display, 0.35" high
Approvals:	CE, CSA, Intrinsic Safety (all classes and divisions) with
	proper zener barrier

Note 1: Most of the error at high pressures is due to sensor offset shifts. This error is automatically corrected when *Auto-Zero* is turned on. Alternately, the user can perform a zero-flow *Tare* at the operating pressure.

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Accuracy (Including Linearity and Repeatability)

Flow:	± 1% of full-scale for flowmeters sized from 15-566 SLPM (31-1200 SCFH) of Air
	\pm 2% of full-scale for flowmeters sized for lower than
	15 SLPM (30 SCFH) of Air
	$\pm 2\%$ of full-scale for flowmeters sized for higher than
_	566 SLPM (1201 SCFH) of Air
Pressure:	$\pm 1 \text{ PSI} (\text{See Note } 1)$
Temperature:	±3°F
Totalizer:	$\pm 0.25\%$ of full-scale (in addition to flow accuracy)
Output Signal	
Analog:	4-20 mA (2-wire loop powered)
	0-5 V, 0-10 V, 1-5 V
	0-5 V Bi-directional (2.5 $V = 0$ flow)
Frequency:	0-1000 Hz, 200-1200 Hz
	0-3V signal amplitude
Pulse:	1,250-5,000 pulses/minute, user selectable
	0-3V pulse amplitude
	2 msec pulse width
Response Time:	5 – 100 msec (step response), user selectable
Alarms:	2 independent open-collector outputs (high/low flow rate)
	with corresponding LEDs
Open-Collector Rating:	30VDC at 50 mA
Electrical Connection:	4- or 7-conductor shielded pigtail cable
Supply Voltage:	10–30 VDC (Standard), 12-24 VDC (Intrinsically Safe)
Supply Current:	7.2-9 VDC for battery-operated units (See Note 2)22 mA @ F.S. flow (includes over-range) for 4-20 mA
<i>Supply</i> Current.	loop-powered transmitters
	5 mA for voltage, frequency, and pulse outputs
	3.5 mA for battery-operated units (See Note 2)
	5.5 mm for valier y-operated units (See 14016 2)

Note 1: Pressure, temperature, and totalizer are only displayed on the LCD. No output signal is available for these parameters.

Note 2: Battery-operated units require a standard 9V alkaline battery and will operate for over 100 hours continuously. An On/Off switch allows the user to turn the power off, thus conserving the battery life. These flowmeters have no output signal.

OPERATION

FlowStream flowmeters accurately measure the mass flow rate of most gases. The flow rate is determined by measuring the pressure drop across a unique internal restriction, known as Laminar Flow Element (LFE). The restriction is designed such that the gas molecules are forced into moving in parallel paths along the entire length of the passage for the entire range of operation of the device. Unlike other pressure-flow measuring devices, the relationship between pressure drop and flow is *linear* in laminar flowmeters.

FlowStream mass flowmeters utilize an absolute pressure sensor along with a temperature sensor to compensate for density variations of the gas. When combined with the differential pressure (volumetric flow) output, the mass flow rate of the gas can be determined (see Figure 1).

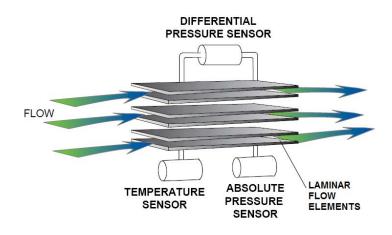


Figure 1. Laminar Flow Illustration

APPLICATIONS

FlowStream flowmeters are designed to work with non-corrosive, non-ionic, clean, dry gases only. Introduction of liquids to the internal sensors will damage the unit, and the repair is not covered under warranty. Relative humidity of the gas can be as high as 100%, as long as proper installation guarantees that no internal condensation will occur. A 50-micron filter and/or dryer may be required for some applications.

Using FlowStream at Varying Temperatures

Even though **FlowStream** flowmeters measure true mass flow, rapid variations in ambient and/or gas temperature may affect performance. This is due to the time lag of the internal temperature

sensor and the slow heating and cooling of the flowmeter body. It is highly recommended that through *proper installation* the following two objectives be met:

- There be minimal difference between gas temperature and ambient temperature;
- Rapid temperature variations be avoided.

The internal temperature sensor is located above the inlet port, very close to where the gas enters the meter. This ensures accurate measurement of the gas temperature. However, because the temperature sensor is embedded inside the flowmeter body, if ambient temperature is different from gas temperature, there would be a discrepancy between what the sensor reads and the true gas temperature. The flowmeter body would track ambient temperature while gas temperature would heat/cool the body at a different rate.

Likewise, if temperature variation is rapid, the flowmeter body may not follow it quickly enough due to the mass of the metal flow chamber, which in turn would result in inaccurate measurement of gas temperature.

For optimal performance, always allow two to four hours from the time the ambient and gas temperatures are stabilized to when the first flowmeter reading is taken.

Using FlowStream with Different Gases

FlowStream flowmeters can easily be used to measure the flow rate of other gases, as long as the gas compatibility criteria are observed. For example, a flowmeter that is factory-calibrated for air can be used to measure the flow of Argon. (Consult Factory for additional information.)

Reference Conditions for Mass Flow Measurement

Although the correct units for mass are expressed in grams, kilograms, etc., it has become somewhat standard that mass flow rate is specified in SLPM (standard liters per minute), SCFH (standard cubic feet per hour) or other similar units.

This means that the mass flow rate is calculated by normalizing the volumetric flow rate to some standard temperature and pressure (STP). By knowing the gas density at that STP, one can determine the mass flow rate in grams per minute, kilograms per hour, etc. STP is usually specified at sea level conditions; however, no single standard exists for this convention. UFM uses STP of 70° F and 14.7 PSIA.

Note: If used outside the parameters specified in this manual, the proper operation of the flowmeter cannot be guaranteed.

WIRING DIAGRAM

Wiring for 4-20mA Transmitters

Figure 2 shows a typical 2-wire, 4-20mA transmitter wiring for use with **FlowStream** flowmeters. Maximum loop resistance is related to the available supply voltage. Since the flowmeter requires 10 volts to operate, the voltage drop across the loop resistance at full-scale flow output (20mA) must be added in to determine the minimum supply voltage. For example, if a 100-ohm resistor is used to convert the current signal to voltage, the voltage drop across the resistor will be 0.4-2 volts for 4-20 mA, respectively. Minimum required loop voltage in this case is 12 volts, as shown. Likewise, the voltage drop for a 250-ohm resistor is 1-5 volts, requiring a minimum of 15 volts supply. Please refer to the graph in Figure 3.

Wire Color	Function	
Red	Supply +	12-30VDC (Standard) 12-24 VDC (Intrinsically Safe)
Black	Supply -	DC GND
Brown	Tare	Short to GND for 5 seconds to tare at zero flow
White	Not Used	Do not connect
Shield	Internally Grounded to Chassis	
Blue	High Alarm Output	Open-collector
Orange	Low Alarm Output	Open-collector
Green	Alarm Common	Emitter for both alarms

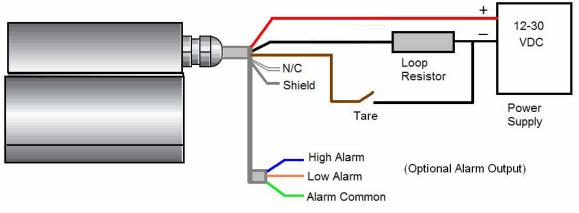


Figure 2. Standard Transmitter Wiring (DO NOT Use for Intrinsically Safe Applications)

Note: Shield wire (shown as gray) may be connected to an external chassis ground to improve electrical noise immunity. However, care must be taken not to connect this ground to signal ground.

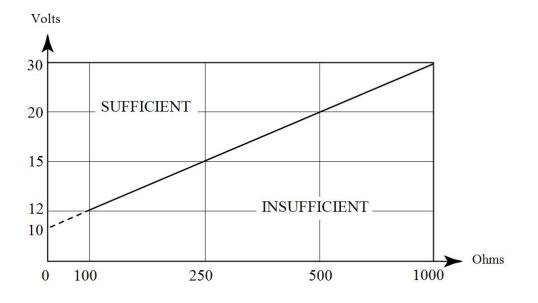


Figure 3. Required Supply Voltage vs. Loop Resistance

Hazardous Environment Wiring

Intrinsically Safe wiring must be installed in accordance with Article 504 of NEC, ANSI NPF 70 and Control Drawing Number 7577, Revision 00 (Figure 4, below). The transmitter approval by the Canadian Standards Association for installation in Hazardous environments is based on installation through an Intrinsic Safety Barrier.

The Transmitter when wired through the I.S. Barrier is suitable for use in:

CLASS I GROUPS A, B, C & D CLASS II GROUPS E, F & G CLASS III HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

Earth Ground of the I.S. Barrier must be connected to the earth ground of the AC feeder supply. The resistance between Intrinsically Safe ground terminals and A.C. Earth ground must be less than one Ohm. (UFM suggested I.S. Barrier R.Stahl 9001/01-280-75-10, UFM part number 8140).

The Power Supply voltage is limited to 24 VDC Max. The Power Supply Control Unit must not use or be able to generate more than 250 volts. The Maximum Load that can be put on the system is 250 Ohms.

All repairs on the Flow Transmitter should be accomplished at the factory because any substitution of components may impair Intrinsic Safety.

DATE ł. THE POWER SUPPLY CONTROL UNIT MUST NOT USE OR BE ABLE TO GENERATE MORE THAN 250 VOLTS. UNIVERSAL FLOW MONITORS, INC. 1117 HAZEL PARK, MI 48030-0249 APPV'D BY WIRING DIAGRAM, I.S. BARRIER 24 VDC PDWER SUPPLY SIZE Ð 0 FLDWSTREAM 7577 DATE 250 DHMS MAX. LDAD 4-20 mA RDK Ъ ΕS \mathbb{H} DWG. ND. DN INSTALLATION, THE CASE GROUND. MDDEL VAME φ THIS IPAMING, THE STRUCTURAL RESIGN DISCLOSED THEREIN, SAND THE RECHARGUE AND AND RANDERING SEARCH ERPESSINE THERETS ARE THE EXCLUSIVE PROPERTY OF UNVERSAL FLOX NOTIONS INC. THIS TO BE FLOXED TO UNVERSAL FLOX NOTIONS INC. THE STRUCT AND IS NOTI OF EXCLORED TO AND/ EXPEDIDICED IN YOLE OR IN PROPERTY AND IS NOTI OF EXPENDICED IN AND/ WITHOUT THE EXPRESS VATIEN CONCENT OF UNVERSAL FLOX WITHOUT THE EXPRESS VATIEN CONCENT OF UNVERSAL FLOX REVISION NOTE SUGGESTED I.S. BARRIER MFR. R. STAHL MODEL: 9001/01-280-75-10 RELEASED REF. ND. GROUND CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALLATION IN U.S. EQUIPMENT MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING REOUTREMENTS: BARRIER NUTES: LIS. BARRIER ENTITY PARAMETERS, VM0.x=28 VOLTS, IM0.x=100 mA, C=12 MF, Li=13 UH I.S. BARRIER ENTITY PARAMETERS, VM0.x=28 VOLTS, IM0.x=00 mA, NRTL AFPEDVED FOR INSTALLATION IN U.S., BARRIERS MUST BE DISCRETCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTUBERS INSTRUCTIONS. AND MUST BE DISCRETCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTUBERS INSTRUCTIONS. IN THE RESISTANCE FROM THE FURTHER IS. BARRIER GROUND TO THE DESIGNATED GROUND ELECTRODE MOST NOT EXCEED 10 PM. INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN CANADA, OR INSTALL IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CANADIAN ELECTRICAL CODE, PART I FOR INSTALLATION IN U.S. I.S. BARRIER OR ASSOCIATED DEVICE CONNECTED TO THIS EQUIPMENT MUST MEET THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENT U.C.S. VMAX 립日 (4) V ISOLATION BETWEEN THE CIRCUITS AND THE CASE. DR BE AT THE SAME POTENTIAL AS THE I.S. BARRIER SCALE INV.B E.C.D.# /21/05 02-007 SAFE AREA DATE DATE 02 RE <. HAZARDOUS 8 EAT TREATMENT RDK AES TERIAL DSGN FRACTIONS ±1/64 2 PLACE DIMS ±.01 3 PLACE DIMS ±.005 ANGLES ±1/2* BREAK SHARP EDGES 1/64 MAX UNLESS DTHERWISE SPECIFIED PATENTS PENDING Ó-Ŏ CONCENTRICITY 002 T.I.R. MAX. (CHASSIS) THESE UFM DEVICES DO NOT HAVE THE REQUIRED 500 MUST EITHER BE ISDLATED FROM GROUNDED SURFACES, DEVICES SUITABLE FOR USE IN: /NETL: CLASS I GROUPS A, B, C, S, D CLASS II GROUPS E, F, 8, G CLASS III HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS DEVICE: DFS FLOWSTREAM CI + CCABLE LI + LCABLE S IMAX CA N ra uFM UFM CSA/ ಣ ಕ ம் ó

Figure 4. Intrinsically Safe Installation

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Wiring for Voltage Output Models

Figure 5 shows the wiring for voltage output models. (Optional wiring is also shown for alarm outputs.) For 0-5V models, the supply voltage can be 10-30VDC.

Note: Output voltage range must be specified at the time of ordering. They cannot be interchanged by the user.

Wire Color	Function	
Red	Supply +	15-30VDC
Black	Supply -	DC GND
Brown	Tare	Short to GND for 5 seconds to tare at zero flow
White	Voltage Output	0-5V (or 1-5V) 0-10V (or 2-10V) Bi-directional (0-5V)
Shield	Internally Grounded to Chassis	
Blue	High Alarm Output	Open-collector
Orange	Low Alarm Output	Open-collector
Green	Alarm Common	Emitter for both alarms

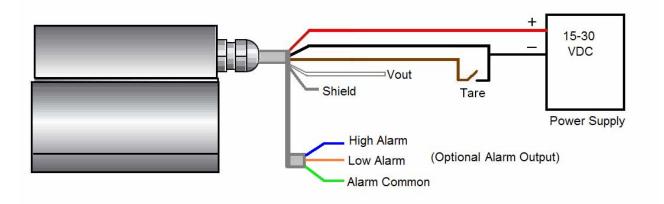


Figure 5. Voltage Output Wiring

Wiring for Frequency or Pulse Output Models

Figure 6 shows the wiring for either frequency output or pulse output models. (Optional wiring is also shown for alarm outputs.)

Note: "Frequency" or "Pulse Output" model must be specified at the time of ordering. They cannot be interchanged by the user.

Wire Color	Function	
Red	Supply +	10-30VDC
Black	Supply -	DC GND
Brown	Tare	Short to GND for 5 seconds to tare at zero flow
White	Frequency Output	0-3V signal amplitude
	Or Pulse Output	
Shield	Internally Grounded to Chassis	
Blue	High Alarm Output	Open-collector
Orange	Low Alarm Output	Open-collector
Green	Alarm Common	Emitter for both alarms

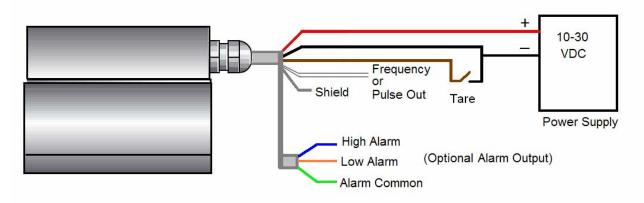


Figure 6. Frequency and Pulse Output Wiring

POWER-UP

At power-up, the following appears on the LCD:

Firmware Revision 5.67 or Higher
$$\rightarrow$$
 F 5.6 7
Electronics Revision \rightarrow **b** 5.6

It takes 2 seconds for these messages to be displayed, during which time the output of the flowmeter is clamped at zero flow. After 2 seconds, the output signal starts indicating actual flow.

LCD READOUT

If the flowmeter is configured for High-Speed (HS) response, the LCD only shows "run". No other parameters can be viewed on the LCD in this mode.

LCD in HS mode:



In Low-Speed (LS) (see Select Response Time) the user can toggle the readout between flow rate, total, pressure, and temperature. When in *Run* mode, use A2 pushbutton to select. The selection is stored in the internal memory, so if power is removed from the flowmeter it remembers the selection next time it is powered up.

Note: The output signal and alarms always indicate "flow rate".

Flow Rate

Available with:	All models in Low- Speed mode
Not Available with:	High-Speed mode

In Run Mode:

- 1. Press A2 (or press and release a few times) until "rATE" is displayed.
- 2. Release A2. The flowmeter will display Flow Rate.



<u>Totalizer</u>

Available with:	Low-Speed
	Single-Gas
	Multi-Gas
	4-20mA
	0-5V (1-5V)
	0-10V (2-10V)
	0-1000 Hz
	Battery-operated
Not Available with:	200-1200 Hz
	Pulse output
	Bi-directional

Note: In order to view the Totalizer, it must first be "*Started*" in the User Menu (see <u>Totalizer</u> <u>ON/OFF</u>).

- 1. The first time A2 is pressed, "rATE" is displayed as shown above, to indicate the current selection. Press A2 again until "tot" is displayed.
- 2. Release A2.



Viewing the Totalizer

The Totalizer value is displayed in three 3-digit groups (9 digits total) as shown.



This is the low-order 3 digits (000 through 999), as indicated by the one horizontal bar on the left of the LCD. The low-order digits may or may not include a decimal point. This depends on the displayed units in rate mode. Maximum Totalizer reading is therefore scaled according to the decimal point position and is between 999,999.999 and 999,999,999.

3. Use A1 to toggle between the different Totalizer digit groups.



This is the middle-order 3 digits (1,000 through 999,000), as indicated by the two horizontal bars on the left of the LCD.



This is the high-order 3 digits (1,000,000 through 999,000,000), as indicated by the three horizontal bars on the left of the LCD.

Note 1: Output signal is always indicative of Flow Rate regardless of what the LCD is displaying.

Note 2: The Totalizer is updated every 100 msec. Therefore, flow variations that happen faster that 100 msec cannot be accumulated accurately. In order to meet the specified accuracy of the Totalizer, flow must be steady within each 100 msec sampling window (preferably even longer, to ensure each sample is captured accurately).

Note 3: Rate Alarms are active in the background and their corresponding LED lights up when alarm condition is encountered. Response time for the Rate Alarms is 50 msec, since the flowmeter is running in Low-Speed mode.

Note 4: The Totalizer reading is saved once every 5 minutes in the non-volatile memory. This means that the maximum error due to power loss can be up to the last 5 minutes of

operation. This is also the response time for the Rate Alarms. The reading can be saved by the user at any time (e.g., the end of a batch) by pressing A2 ("tot" is displayed), followed by pressing A1 (while still holding A2).

When the Totalizer readout exceeds 9 digits (inclusive of the decimal places), the display shows two lower vertical bars on the left side to indicate overflow. The leftmost display segments will look like the following patterns:

Low order digits in overflow:



Middle order digits in overflow:



High order digits in overflow:

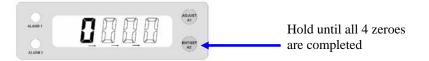


The count shown on the display remains accurate until a second overflow occurs (2,000,000,000 is reached). In this case the vertical bar does not reflect how many times overflow has occurred.

Resetting the Totalizer

- Press A2 until "tot" is displayed. (You must be in "Totalizer" mode first.)
- Hold A2 for 5 seconds. Four rotating zeroes start to appear.
- Continue holding A2 until all zeros are completed and "tot" is displayed again. Then release A2.

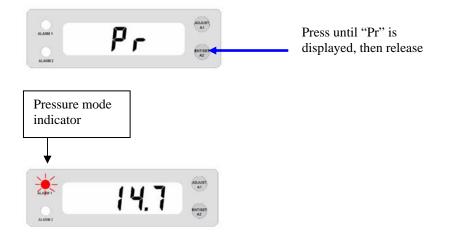
Note: If A2 is released before the rotating zeroes are completed, the resetting of the Totalizer is ignored.



Pressure

Available with:	All models in Low- Speed mode
Not Available with:	High-Speed mode

1. Press A2 until "Pr" is displayed, then release A2.



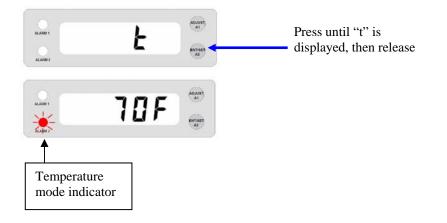
Note 1: Pressure is displayed in PSIA. There is no output signal for pressure.

Note 2: Alarm 1 LED flashes to indicate that the LCD readout corresponds to line pressure and not flow.

Temperature

Available with:	All models in Low- Speed mode
Not Available with:	High-Speed mode

1. Press A2 until "t" is displayed, then release A2.



Note 1: Temperature is displayed in degrees Fahrenheit. There is no output signal for temperature.

Note 2: Alarm 2 LED flashes to indicate that the LCD readout corresponds to gas temperature, as well as "F" which is shown after the temperature reading.

USER MENU

The following features and options can be selected, viewed and changed by the user.

- <u>Response Time</u> Select between high-speed (5 msec) and low-speed (up to 50 msec)
- <u>Sample Delay</u> Sampling delay from 0-9 msec
- <u>Signal Averaging</u> Array size for the moving average (1-16 samples)
- <u>High Flow Alarm</u> From 0–100% of full-scale
- Low Flow Alarm From 0-100% of full-scale
- <u>Auto-Zero</u> Automatically corrects zero-shift errors
- <u>Tare</u> Correct small zero-shift errors
- <u>Span</u> Scale the output signal from 25-120%
- <u>Gas</u> Select one of 8 common gases
- <u>Totalizer</u> Start/Stop the Totalizer
- <u>Pulse Output</u> Select pulse rate and width
- <u>Battery</u> Monitor battery voltage

General Notes:

- These features apply to flowmeters with a built-in LCD display. For units without the display consult the factory to check what options can be preset at the factory.
- Two pushbuttons are provided for user interface. A1 (ADJUST) pushbutton is used to scroll through the user menu and its options, and A2 (ENT/SET) is used to select the feature of interest.
- When the flowmeter is in high-speed (HS) mode, the LCD displays "run" and no other parameters can be viewed. This is for achieving the fastest possible response time (5 msec) and minimizing the CPU overhead.

Run **A**1 A2 A2 A1 Low Speed **Response Time** High Speed Done Х Х Х ↓ A1 A2 A2 (Low-Speed settings) Done Add additional delay of 0-9 msec Sampling Delay A1 A2 A2 Done (Low-Speed settings) Select array size of 1-16 Signal Averaging • A1 A2 A2 Х Х Х Х Done High Flow Alarm Use A1 and A2 to set value \bot A1 A2 A2 Х Х Х Х Use A1 and A2 to set value Done Low Flow Alarm A1 A2 A2 A1 Off Done Х Х Х Х Х Auto-Zero On A1 A2 Re-Zero Hold A2 for 5 seconds Done Х Х Х Х Х A1 A2 A2 Use A1 and A2 to set value Х Span Done **A**1 A2 A2 Х Х Х Use A1 to select Gas1 - Gas8 Done Х Х Select Gas A1 Α2 A2 A1 Done Off On Х Start Totalizer Х **A**1 A2 A2 Use A1 to select pulses per minute Done Х **Pulse Parameters** A1 A2 Hold A2 to display battery voltage Done Х **Battery Status A**1 End 200-1200 Hz, Pulse output, Low-speed only 4-20mA, 0-5V, 0-10V, High-speed 4-20mA, 0-5V, 0-10V, 0-1000 Hz, Low-speed Battery-operated Bi-directional (0-5V only)

OFS Menu Structure and Feature Compatibility

Select Response Time

Available with:	High-Speed Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V) Bi-directional
Not Available with:	0-1000 Hz 200-1200 Hz Pulse output Battery-operated



- 1. Press A1 until "rESP" is displayed, then release A1.
- 2. Press A2. Either "HS" (high-speed) or "LS" is displayed, showing the current setting.
- 3. Press A1 to toggle between the two options.
- 4. Press A2 to select the desired selection.
- 5. The LCD will show "End" and the unit returns to normal operation.
 - If "HS" is selected, the LCD will <u>only</u> show "run". The analog output is updated as quickly as a single flow sample is acquired, which is about every 5 milliseconds.
 - If "LS" is selected, the LCD will show the flow rate, and the flow signal is averaged to provide a smoother output. The step response for "low-speed" output is determined by the sample delay (if any) and the signal averaging array size. These values are user selectable (see the next section).

Sampling Delay

Available with:	Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V) Bi-directional
Not Available with:	0-1000 Hz 200-1200 Hz Pulse output Battery-operated



- 1. Press A1 until "dELY" is displayed, then release A1.
- 2. Press A2. The current setting will be shown. This is a value between 0-9, in milliseconds.
- 3. Press A1 to toggle between the values.
- 4. Press A2 to select the desired selection.
- 5. The LCD will show "End" and the unit returns to normal operation.
 - Each flow sample takes about every 5 milliseconds to complete. This is an additional delay that is inserted after the flow sample to <u>slow down</u> the flowmeter response time. In some applications where the flowmeter is used in a feedback loop to regulate flow, if the response time is too fast the system starts oscillating.
 - The delay setting is only used when the meter operates in "LS" (Low-Speed) mode. It is ignored in "HS" (High-Speed) mode.

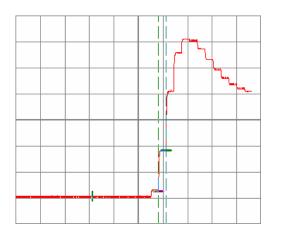
Signal Averaging

Available with:	Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V) Bi-directional
Not Available with:	0-1000 Hz 200-1200 Hz Pulse output Battery-operated

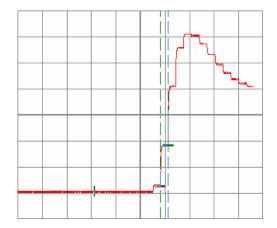


- 1. Press A1 until "AvG" is displayed, then release A1.
- 2. Press A2. The current setting will be shown. This is a value between 1-16, and indicates how many flow samples are averaged (moving average window size) to calculate the output.
- 3. Press A1 to toggle between the values.
- 4. Press A2 to select the desired selection.
- 5. The LCD will show "End" and the unit returns to normal operation.
 - Each flow sample takes about every 5 milliseconds to complete. The "AvG" value is the size of the <u>moving average</u> array, allowing for 1 to 16 samples to be averaged when the output is calculated. This is used to <u>slow down</u> the flowmeter response time, and provide a smoother output. In some applications where the flowmeter is used in a feedback loop to regulate flow, if the response time is too fast the system starts oscillating.
 - The delay setting is only used when the meter operates in "LS" (Low-Speed) mode. It is ignored in "HS" (High-Speed) mode.

Step Response Examples:



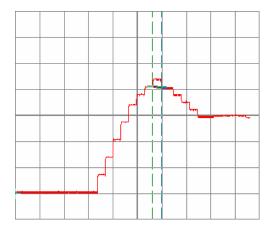
 $\begin{aligned} Response &= HS\\ Delay &= N/A\\ AVG &= N/A\\ 10 \text{ ms/div} \end{aligned}$



Response = LS Delay = 0AVG = 110 ms/div



Response = LS Delay = 0AVG = 410 ms/div



Response = LS Delay = 9 AVG = 8 50 ms/div

Set High Flow Alarm

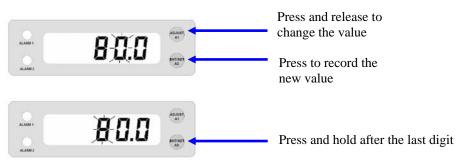
Available with:	High-Speed	
	Low-Speed	
	Single-Gas	
	Multi-Gas	
	4-20mA	
	0-5V (1-5V)	
	0-10V (2-10V)	
	0-1000 Hz	
	200-1200 Hz	
	Pulse output	
	Battery-operated	
Not Available with:	Bi-directional	



- 1. Press A1 until "HFLo" is displayed, then release A1.
- 2. Press A2 and hold until the setpoint is displayed on the LCD (in this example, high flow alarm is set at 80.0). Then release A2. The first digit starts blinking.



- 3. Use A1 to change the blinking digit. The setpoint is changed one digit at a time. A1 increments each individual digit (9 rolls over back to 0), while A2 is used for recording the new digit value and selecting the next digit.
- 4. Use A2 to record the new value and select the second digit.



- 5. After the last digit is set, continue holding A2 until "SEt" is displayed. If you want to change the first digit again, do not hold A2. Momentarily press and release A2 and the first digit starts blinking again.
- 6. When finished recording the new setpoint ("SEt" is displayed), release A2.



Note 1: Valid setpoint range is 0-100% of full-scale flow. If the alarm value is set higher than full-scale, it is clamped at full-scale upon exiting this menu.

Note 2: To disable the alarm, set its value to zero.

Note 3: The red ALARM 1 LED comes on when flow exceeds this setpoint. This LED is in series with the drive circuit for the high-alarm open-collector output, meaning that the output transistor is active whenever this LED is on. Some models do not have any external wiring that connects to the alarm transistor (see Model Codes).

In this example, the high alarm had been set for 80.0; therefore, the red LED was activated when flow reached 80.1. The LED turns off when flow < setpoint – hysteresis. Hysteresis is 2.5% of full-scale.



Set Low Flow Alarm

Available with:	High-Speed
	Low-Speed
	Single-Gas
	Multi-Gas
	4-20mA
	0-5V (1-5V)
	0-10V (2-10V)
	0-1000 Hz
	200-1200 Hz
	Pulse output
Not Available with:	Battery-operated
	Bi-directional



1. Press A1 (or press and release a few times) until "LFLo" is displayed, then release A1.

Use the same method as explained above ("Set High Flow Alarm") to set the low flow alarm as follows:

- 2. Press A2 and hold until the setpoint is displayed on the LCD. Then release A2. The first digit starts blinking.
- 3. Use A1 to change the blinking digit (9 rolls over back to 0).
- 4. Use A2 to select different digits.
- 5. After the last digit, momentarily press and release A2 to go back to the first digit again, or continue holding A2 until "SEt" is displayed. Then release A2.

Note 1: Valid setpoint range is 0-100% of full-scale flow. If the alarm value is set higher than full-scale, it is clamped at full-scale upon exiting this menu.

Note 2: To disable the alarm, set its value to zero.

Note 3: The red ALARM 2 LED comes on when flow drops below this setpoint. This LED is in series with the drive circuit for the low-alarm open-collector output, meaning that the output transistor is active whenever this LED is on. Some models do not have any external wiring that connects to the alarm transistor (see Model Codes). The LED turns off when flow > setpoint + hysteresis. Hysteresis is 2.5% of full-scale.

Auto-Zero

Available with:	ALL MODELS

FlowStream flowmeters use a proprietary software algorithm to determine if an internal zero shift has occurred, and if so, the amount of correction that is needed. This feature provides great zero stability and eliminates false flow readings at the low end.



- 1. Press and release A1 until "Auto" is displayed, followed by "Zero".
- 2. Release A1.
- 3. Press A2. If Auto-Zero is enabled the LCD will show "on". Otherwise, it will display "off". (The default setting for Auto-zero is "on" when the flowmeter is shipped from the factory.)



4. If you need to deactivate the Auto-Zero, press and release A1. This feature may be useful for troubleshooting, if it is suspected that one of the internal sensors is damaged.



5. When finished, press A2 to record the setting and exit user menu.

Note 1: In order for the Auto-Zero to be implemented, the meter must enter "idle" periods where there is <u>no flow</u> for a period of up to 5 minutes. This feature does not become activated if the flowmeter senses continuous flow. Most applications include some idle time during the process (e.g., during shift change, overnight, etc.). The meter must remain powered up during idle times.

There is some flexibility in the duration of the idle period, which is configured at the factory. If your process has shorter periods of inactivity (e.g., 1-2 minutes in between process cycles), please consult the factory for special provisions prior to ordering the flowmeter.

Note 2: The zero setting is automatically recorded in the in internal EEPROM at predetermined intervals. It is possible that a power failure may prevent the most recent Auto-Zero to be recorded properly. If this happens, simply power the flowmeter and let it sit idle for over 5 minutes (ensure there is no flow through the meter).

Tare (Re-Zero) the Flowmeter

Available with:	ALL MODELS

Important Notice: Because of the excellent sensitivity of these flowmeters, small readings may actually indicate leaks in the system and should not be zeroed out. Ensure that there is no flow through the device when attempting to tare the output.

The flowmeter can be tared in two ways:

- by using the pushbuttons;
- by grounding the Tare wire (the brown wire).

USING pushbuttons:



- 1. Press and release A1 until The LCD will show "Tare":
- 2. Press and <u>hold</u> A2. The display will show "0000" after 5 seconds. This is shown as 4 rotating zeros on the LCD:



"SEt" is then displayed.

Note 1: If A2 is released before all 4 zeros are completed, the tare request will be ignored.

Note 2: There is a limit within which the flowmeter can be tared. This limit is about 8% of fullscale. The actual shift in zero reading is typically far less drastic (in the order of 1-2%). If the flowmeter indicates a reading higher than 8% of full-scale, it cannot be tared because this may indicate that either there is flow through the device or an internal component has physically failed. If you attempt to tare under this condition, the flowmeter displays "EEEE" on the LCD instead of "SEt". This is a visual indicator that the tare process encountered an error. This error condition applies to both pushbutton and external wire taring.

Note 3: There is an internal memory check that monitors for proper recording of the zero value. This includes a series of redundant memory locations that serve as backup. If an error occurs (i.e., a

recorded value does not match what was written to the memory), the flowmeter ignores the new setting and reverts back to factory calibration. Such an error is displayed as "E1E2" following a tare attempt, and also at power-up. If you encounter this error message, please contact the factory for further assistance.

USING the external Tare wire:

Refer to Figure 2, Figure 5 or Figure 6, showing the proper connection between the external Tare wire and ground. Short this wire to ground for a minimum of 5 seconds. "Tare" will be displayed as soon as the wire is grounded and remains displayed until the internal tare is successfully completed, upon which time "SEt" will be displayed. If the ground connection is removed from the Tare wire in less than 5 seconds, the tare request is ignored and "SEt" will NOT be displayed. This time delay feature is implemented to prevent accidental grounding of the external wire. Notes 1 and 2 above also apply to external taring.

Note 4: When taring is taking place (either through the pushbuttons or the external wire), the flowmeter output signal is "frozen". The level at which the output is frozen depends on what the most recent flow reading was, prior to activating the tare input. If you encounter a problem where the flowmeter output does not respond to changes in flow, check for problems in the Tare wiring (shorts to ground, etc.), or a malfunctioning pushbutton (A1).

Note 5: When not in use, the Tare wire <u>MUST</u> either be left floating (open-circuit), or taken high to the power supply voltage via a 10K pull-up resistor. When taring is not needed, **DO NOT** hold the Tare line at voltages below the supply voltage! This may leave the tare circuitry partially activated, thus resulting in "frozen" or erroneous outputs.

Note 6: The external Tare wire is designed to be a momentary signal of 5 to10 seconds in duration. Grounding this signal for long periods of time (over many minutes) may cause an internal **damage** to the tare circuitry when the supply voltage is above 18V.

Scaling the Output Span

Available with:	Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V)
Not Available with:	High-Speed 0-1000 Hz 200-1200 Hz Pulse Output Battery-Operated Bi-directional

This feature is for scaling the analog output to a value other than the factory calibration. For example, for a 100 SLPM flowmeter with 4-20mA output, the output can be spanned to 20mA at 75 SLPM.

The acceptable range is 25-120% of full-scale. The formula for the span factor is:

Full-Scale x Factor = Full Span

Example: 100 SLPM x 75% = 20mA 75 SLPM = 20mA

Values above 100% mean that the output signal is attenuated. This may be desirable in cases where the flowmeter is over-ranged up to 20% of full-scale. When the span factor is changed from its factory setting, there will be some loss of linearity, accuracy, and output resolution. Please consult the factory for details.



- 1. Press and release A1 until "SPAn" is displayed.
- 2. Release A1.
- 3. Use A1 and A2 (as shown under "Set High Flow Alarm") to type in a value that is between 25.0 and 120.0. This is the "Factor" percentage as shown in the above formula.
- 4. When the desired factor is entered, press and hold A2 until "SEt" is displayed. Then release A2.

Note 1: The LCD always displays true flow in the factory-calibrated units. Spanning the output does not affect the LCD readout.

Note 2: If the Span Factor is set to a value that is outside the 25.0 - 120.0 range, it is changed back to 100.0 upon exiting this menu.

Selecting the Gas

Available with:	High-Speed
	Low-Speed
	Single-Gas
	Multi-Gas
	4-20mA
	0-5V (1-5V)
	0-10V (2-10V)
	0-1000 Hz
	200-1200 Hz
	Pulse output
	Battery-operated
	Bi-directional
Not Available with:	Single-Gas



- 1. Press and release A1 until "GAS" is displayed. Then release A1.
- 2. Press A2, the current selection will be displayed as shown



3. Use A1 to change the gas number according to the following list:

Number	Gas	Additional Accuracy Degradation
1	Air	0%
2	Argon	0.2%
3	CO2	1%
4	Helium	1%
5	Hydrogen	1%
6	Methane	1%
7	Nitrogen	0.2%
8	Oxygen	1%

Note: There is additional degradation of accuracy when gases other than Air are selected. This is shown in the column next to each gas and must be added to the standard accuracy of the unit, as shown under <u>Electrical Specifications</u>.

Totalizer ON/OFF

Available with:	Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V) 0-1000 Hz Battery-operated
Not Available with:	High-Speed 200-1200 Hz Pulse output Bi-directional



- 6. Press and release A1 until "tot" is displayed.
- 7. Release A1.
- 8. Press A2. If the Totalizer is running the LCD will show "on".
- 9. If you need to stop the Totalizer, press and release A1. This feature may be useful to prevent the Totalizer from counting during setting up a batch process.



10. If the LCD shows "off", this means the Totalizer is not running, and it cannot be accessed in *RUN* mode (see <u>Totalizer</u>). In this case, the current Totalizer count is preserved and will not change when there is flow through the unit.



- 11. To *START* the Totalizer press and release A1, until the LCD shows "on". Then press and release A2 to record the setting.
- 12. Likewise, to *STOP* the Totalizer, press and release A1 until "off" is displayed. Then press and release A2.

Pulse Output Setting

Available with:	Low-Speed Single-Gas Multi-Gas Pulse Output
Not Available with:	High-Speed 200-1200 Hz 4-20mA 0-5V (1-5V) 0-10V (2-10V) 0-100 Hz Battery-operated Bi-directional

The pulse output rate is typically 5000 pulse per minute for all models. Pulse width is 2 msec for all models.

To convert the above numbers to "pulses per standard liters," "pulses per standard cubic centimeters" or "pulse per standard cubic feet" divide the pulse count by the full-scale value of the particular flowmeter.

Example 1: The output for a 100 SLPM flowmeter is 5000/100 = 50 pulses per standard liters.

Example 2: The output for a 500 SCFH flowmeter is 300,000/500 = 600 pulses per standard cubic feet. (5,000 x 60 minutes = 300,000 pulses per hour)



- 1. To set the pulse rate, press and release A1 until "PULS" is displayed.
- 2. Press A2, the current pulse count will be displayed. Then release A2.
- 3. Press and release A1. The displayed choices are 5000, 2500, and 1250.
- 4. When the desired value is selected, press A2 to record it.
- 5. "SEt" is displayed and the unit returns to *RUN* mode with the new setting.

Checking Battery Voltage

Available with:	Battery-operated
Not Available with:	All Other Models



- 1. Press and release A1 until "bAtt" is displayed.
- 2. Press and <u>hold</u> A2 to read the battery voltage.
- 3. Release A2 when done.

This feature is intended for checking how much battery life is left. Typically, when a 9V alkaline battery voltage drops to 7.5V, it should be replaced.

Note 1: The microprocessor continuously monitors the battery voltage during operation. When the voltage drops to 7.5V during *RUN* mode, the two red LEDs start blinking. This means you have a few more hours of reliable operation left.

3-5 hours of battery life left:



In this example, the LCD shows zero flow. It will be indicating actual flow when in use.

Note 2: When the battery voltage drops to 7.1V, both red LEDs stay on (solid) to indicate that the internal circuitry no longer has a stable reference voltage to operate. In this case, the flowmeter will start to show erroneous readings. You MUST replace the battery at this point.

Replace battery:



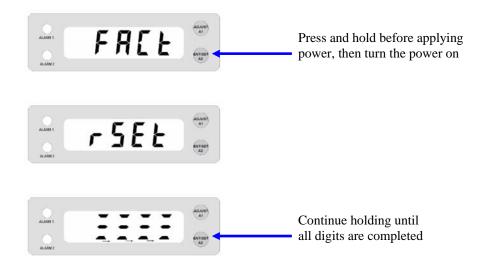
SPECIAL FEATURES

Factory Reset

This feature is provided to override all user-configurable parameters, and replacing them with the original factory settings. It is a useful tool if the user is unsure how he/she has programmed some of the parameters.

To enter the Factory Reset mode:

- 1. Remove power from the unit.
- 2. Press A2 and hold.
- 3. Turn the power back on. Continue holding A2 until "FACt rSEt" is displayed, followed by 4 sets of horizontal bars. This will take approximately 10 seconds. Then release A2.
- 4. The unit will then reset itself and start in RUN mode



Low Supply Voltage Indicator

If the supply voltage drops below acceptable levels, the two Alarm LEDs will either flash or turn on (solid). If the alarm outputs are wired, the signal will track the LED states to indicate that the operation of the flowmeter is unreliable.

This is a useful tool in situations when multiple instruments are connected to one power supply, thus loading the supply voltage down. Another example is when the loop resistance for a 4-20mA flow transmitter is too high, leaving insufficient voltage for the flowmeter to operate properly (see Figure 3).

Note 1: This feature is only available when the flowmeter response time is configured for Low-Speed (LS).

Note 2: This feature is not available with 4-20 mA output option.

Low Supply Voltage:



In this example, the LCD shows zero flow. It will be indicating actual flow when in use.

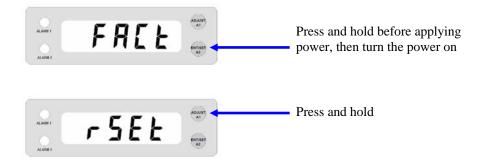
Diagnostic Mode

This feature is provided to observe the state of the internal sensors. It is strictly a passive troubleshooting tool. THERE ARE NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE THE FLOWMETER. If any parts of the flowmeter are removed or unscrewed, the warranty becomes void and UFM assumes no responsibility for the proper operation and/or safety of the unit.

If the operation of the flowmeter seems unstable or incorrect, contact the factory for a step-by-step diagnostic. You will be asked to enter the Diagnostic mode as show below, and report the value for each sensor. This would provide sufficient information for determining if an internal component has failed.

To enter Diagnostic mode:

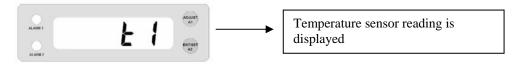
- 1. Enter "rAtE" mode (see Flow Rate).
- 2. Remove power from the unit.
- 3. Press A2 and hold.
- 4. Turn the power back on. Continue holding A2 until "FACt" is displayed.
- 5. Release A2 and *immediately* press A1 before the horizontal bars appear.



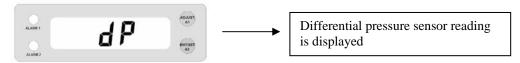
6. When "dIAG" is displayed, release A1.



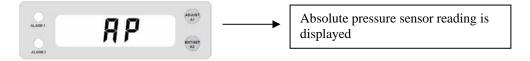
- 7. The LCD will show "t1" for one second, followed by a 3- or 4-digit reading.
- 8. Observe this reading for about 10 seconds to make sure it is stable. Then record the low and high values encountered during the 10 seconds.



- 9. Press A2 until "dP" is displayed, then release A2.
- 10. The LCD will show a 3- or 4-digit reading.
- 11. Observe this reading for about 10 seconds to make sure it is stable. Then record the low and high values encountered during the 10 seconds.

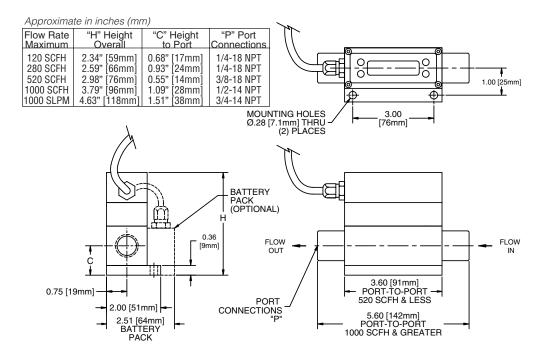


- 12. Press A2 until "AP" is displayed, then release A2.
- 13. The LCD will show a 3- or 4-digit reading.
- 14. Observe this reading for about 10 seconds to make sure it is stable. Then record the low and high values encountered during the 10 seconds.



15. Press A2 to reset the unit and return to *RUN* mode or, alternately, remove and re-apply power to the unit.

Dimensions of OFS/OFM Series



How To Order Flowstream Multigas Series Select the appropriate symbols to build a model code: OFM - EF - <u>3 H 51</u> - T - <u>X 1B</u> - <u>D10</u> - R Example: = OFM SERIES

Anodized Aluminum = E								
	316	Stainless S	Steel		=			
		SEALS Viton = F						
		Buna N				= P		
MUL	TIGA	S FLOW	SELE	CTION C	HART			
SCF			N		00511	M. D.		
Line S In Inc		Pipe Size Symbol	Nom	inal Size	SCFH	Max Pressure Drop PSI		
1/4		2	H H	20 40	1 4	2	1	
		2	H	41 42	25 50	2		
		2	H	43	75	2		
		2	H	44 45	100 175	2		
		22222222222222	H	46 47	200 300	ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର ର		
3/8			H	<u>48</u> 49	400 300	3	-	
0,0		3	H	50 51	400	2		
		3 3 3 3 3 3	H	52 53	500	N		
		3	н	54	600 700	3		
1/2		44	H	55 56	500 600	2		
		44	H	57 58	700 800	2 2		
		4 4	H	59 60	900 325	3		
		4 4	H	61 63	350 375	3		
		4	н	64	1000	3		
		4	H	65 66	1100 1200			
3/4		6666666666	H	67 68	1000 1300	1.4 1.8		
		6	H	69 70	1350 1400	1.7 2.1		
		6	H	71 72	1500 1550	2.1 2.4 3		
		ő	H	73 75	1600 1650	2.5 3		
		6	н	76	1700	2.7		
		6	H	78 79	1800 1900	2.9 3.1		
SLPI	M (Ai	6 ir)	Н	80	2000	3.3		
Line S	Size	Pipe Size Symbol	Nom	inal Size	SCCM	Max Pressure Drop PSI		
1/4	1162	2	с	30	500	2 Drop PSI		
		2	Р	50	SLPM 2	2		
		2 2 2 2	P	51 52	10	2 2 2 2		
		-	P P D	53	25 50 75			
		2	P P P	54 56 57	100	2		
		2	P	58	150 200	3		
3/8		3	P P P P P	59 60 64	150 200 250	2		
		3	P	64 65	250 300	3		
1/2		3	P	65 66	300 350	3		
1/2		4	P	67 68 69	200 250 300 350 400 450	2		
		4	P	69 70	300	2		
		4	P	70 71 72	400 450	23		
		2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	P P P P P P P P	74 75	500 550	2 2 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2		
3/4			P	76	500 600	1.4 1.8		
		6	P	77 79 80	700	2.4		
		6 6 6 6 6	P P P P P	80 81 82	800 900 1000	2.4 2.7 3.1 3.5		
		6	P	82	1000	3.5		

MATERIAL FOR METER BODY

THREA	D TYPE FOR THREADED PORT
Ν	= NPT
T	= SAE
B	= BSPT = BSPP
F	
DIGITAL	VISUAL DISPLAY WITH OUTPUT
X1A	= 4-20mA
X1B X2A	= 4-20mA with 2 alarms = 4-20mA IS
л <i>г</i> а X4А	= 4-2011A IS = 0-5 VDC
X4B	= 0-5 VDC with 2 alarms
X5A	= 0-10 VDC
X5B X12A	= 0-10 VDC with 2 alarms = 1-5 VDC
X12A X12B	= 1-5 VDC = 1-5 VDC with 2 alarms
X14A	= 2-10 VDC
X14B	= 2-10 VDC with 2 alarms
X19A X20A	= 0-1000 HZ = 200-1200 HZ
X20A X22A	= 200-1200 HZ = pulse out (rate varies with size)
X30A	= 0-5 VDC (bi-directional flow)
X40A	= visual readout only battery
	powered
	LENGTH
3 feet sta	
	required cable length in feet = D
	e (battery powered) = B
SPECIA	LOPTIONS
CLEAN	FOR OXYGEN SERVICE = C1
	ATE ON ACTUAL GAS
Argon Nitroger	= <u>R</u>
Helium	= HE
Carbon	
	Consult foactory for other gasses and mixes
	ATE AT SPECIFIC PRESSURE IN PSIA
	elect any specific pressure 10 and 100 PSIA
	mize for 10 PSIA pressure = P10

Gas Number	Gas	Multiplier	Accuracy Degredation (+/-)
1	Air	1.00	0.0%
2	Argon	0.82	0.2%
3	CO2	0.61	1.0%
4	Helium	0.92	1.0%
5	Hydrogen	2.05	0.0%
6	Methane	1.65	0.5%
7	Nitrogen	1.03	0.0%
8	Oxygen	0.90	0.5%
maximum' o	le selection of a	air and would als	e 3M15 would read to a o read to 247 SCFH Arg

NOTE: These multipliers are to help size and choose the appropriate flow meter. Each gas is displayed directly on the flow meter.

How To Order Flowstream for a Single Gas Select the appropriate symbols to build a model code: OFS - E F - 3 A 200 SLPM - T - X 1B - D10 - R Example: SERIES = OFS MATERIAL FOR METER BODY THREAD TYPE FOR THREADED PORT Anodized Aluminum = E Ν = NPT 316 Stainless Steel = 1 Т = SAE в = BSPT SEALS = BSPP Ρ Viton = F Buna N = **B** GAS Acetylene Hydrogen | Methane Nitrogen Nitrous Oxide Helium , Oxygen Argon MAPP GAS g g S Ę. = AC= A = **R** = CO = CO2 = HE = H = MG = M = N = NO = 02 PIPE SIZE in Inches MAXIMUM FLOW IN SLPM 1/4 = 2 128 256 107 128 64 116 256 256 107 128 160 116 * 228 = 3 208 228 208 3/8 457 190 228 114 457 457 190 286 1096 498 1/2= 4 548 457 548 274 1096 1096 457 548 685 498 1000 1999 833 1000 500 909 1999 833 1000 1250 909 3/4 = 6 1999 MAXIMUM FLOW IN SCFH 1/4 = 2 280 560 233 280 140 255 560 560 233 280 350 255 500 1000 417 455 1000 417 500 625 455 3/8 = 3 500 250 1000 1/2 = 4 1200 2400 1000 1200 600 1091 2400 2400 1000 1200 1500 1091 3/4 = 6 2188 4377 1824 2188 1094 1989 4377 4377 1824 2188 2736 1989 NOTE: Lowest maximum flow rates are 50 SCCM and 1 SCFH respectively.

* NOTE: The flows selected in each size must be less than or equal to the maximum.

OUTPUT	CABLE LENGTH
Digital Visual Display with Output	3 feet standard =
X 1A = 4-20mA	Specify required cable length in feet =
X 1B = 4-20mA with 2 alarms	No cable (battery powered) =
X 2A = 4-20mA Intrinsically Safe	
X 4A = 0-5 VDC	
X 4B = 0.5 VDC with 2 alarms	
X 5A = $0-10$ VDC	
X 5B = $0-10$ VDC with 2 alarms	SPECIAL OPTIONS
X 12A = 1-5 VDC	
X 12B = $1-5$ VDC with 2 alarms	CLEAN FOR OXYGEN SERVICE =
X 14A = 2-10 VDC	
X 14B = $2-10$ VDC with 2 alarms	CALIBRATE ON ACTUAL GAS
X 19A = 0-1000 HZ	Argon =
X 20A = 200-1200 HZ	Nitrogen =
X 22A = pulse out (rate varies with size) X 30A = 0-5 VDC (bi-directional flow)	Helium =
X 40A = visual readout only (battery powered)	Carbon Dioxide =
No Visual Display with Output	NOTE: Consult factory for other gasses
Z 1A = 4-20mA	IIIIXES
Z 2A = 4-20mA Intrinsically Safe	
Z 4A = 0.5 VDC	CALIBRATE AT SPECIFIC PRESSURE
Z 5A = 0.10 VDC	NOTE: Select any specific pressure
Z 12A = 1.5 VDC	between 10 and 100 PSIA
Z 14A = 2-10 VDC	EX: Optimize for 10 PSIA pressure =
Z 19A = 0.1000 HZ	Optimize for 45 PSIA pressure =
Z 20A = 200-1200 HZ	
Z 22A = pulse out (rate varies with size)	VACUUM USE (7.35 to 14.7PSIA) =
Z 30A = 0-5 VDC (bi-directional flow)	
	NOTE. Also good for use at normal pres

SPECIAL OPTIONS		
CLEAN FOR OXYGEN SERVIC	E =	C1
CALIBRATE ON ACTUAL GAS		
Argon	=	R
Nitrogen	=	Ν
Helium	=	HE
Carbon Dioxide	=	CO2
NOTE: Consult factory for other g mixes	asses	and
CALIBRATE AT SPECIFIC PRES	SSURE	IN PSIA
NOTE: Select any specific pressu between 10 and 100 PSIA	ire	
EX: Optimize for 10 PSIA pressu	re =	P10
Optimize for 45 PSIA pressu	re =	P45
ACUUM USE (7.35 to 14.7PSIA	() =	ZVAC
NOTE: Also good for use at norm		

D3 =

D

В =

NOTICE RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION

Please read the following UFM policy information carefully. By following the guidelines outlined below you will assist in providing a timely evaluation and response regarding the status of your flowmeter. UFM evaluates all AUTHORIZED RETURNED MATERIALS in a timely manner and will promptly provide notification regarding the status of the related materials and/or a written quotation indicating the total charges and description of the necessary repairs.

- 1. All returns must have a RMA form completed by the customer.
- 2. Any meter returned that was previously in service must have the OSHA requirements completed and a MSDS included where applicable.
- 3. An RMA number will only be issued when UFM has received a copy of the completed RMA form and any applicable MSDS.
- 4. A "Return Goods" shipping label (located in the back of the Instruction Manual) must be used for returning materials to UFM.
- 5. Returned goods must be shipped prepaid or they will be rejected.

REPAIRABLE MATERIAL

Written or verbal authorization to proceed with the repair under an assigned Purchase Order must be received within 30 days of repair quotation. If the unit(s) is repaired, the \$90.00 evaluation charge will be applied to the quoted repair costs. If no repairs are authorized within this 30-day period, the customer will be billed \$90.00 plus shipping charges and the materials will be returned to the customer.

NON-REPAIRABLE MATERIAL

If materials are found non-repairable, a written notice that the material is non-repairable will be provided to the customer by UFM. If no disposition to scrap or return the material is received from the customer within 30 days, non-repairable material will be scrapped and the customer will be billed the \$90.00 evaluation charge. If a UFM replacement unit is purchased within 30 days of non-repairable condition notice, the \$90.00 evaluation fee will be waived. The return of non-repairable materials may be ordered by a customer Purchase Order; shipping and handling charges will be assumed by customer.

RETURN FOR RESTOCK

All goods returned for restock adjustment must be:

- A. New and unused.
- B. Returned to the factory within ONE YEAR of date of original shipment.
- C. Returned through the distributor where the goods were originally purchased.
- D. Returned material will be subject to an evaluation charge of \$90.00.

The customer will be advised of the restocking adjustment for all restockable goods. Upon customer's acceptance of the restocking adjustment, the \$90.00 evaluation fee will be waived and UFM will issue a credit to the customer. The customer will be advised of any **non-restockable** goods and will be charged the \$90.00 evaluation fee plus any shipping charges if goods are returned to the customer.

If no disposition is received by UFM within 30 days, the goods will be scrapped and the \$90.00 evaluation fee will be billed.

WARRANTY RETURNS

Warranty returns must be shipped prepaid to UFM. UFM will review the goods and advise the customer of the evaluation and validity of the warranty claim. Valid warranty claims will be repaired or replaced at no charge. No evaluation fee will be charged for repairs made under warranty. Return shipping costs will be prepaid by UFM. Should UFM determine returned material not to be defective under the provisions of UFM's standard warranty, the customer will be advised of needed repairs and associated costs. All materials returned for warranty repair that are determined not to have a valid warranty claim will be subject to the "**Repairable Material**" policy outlined above.



RETURN MATERIAL AUTHORIZATION

E-MAIL: ufm@flowmeters.com **ROCON LLC** E-MAIL: utm@flowmeters.com 1755 E. Nine Mile Rd., Hazel Park MI 48030 PH: (248) 542-9635 Fax: (248) 398-4274

MPORTANT:	This form	must be	filled ou	t completely	and faxed to	the Rep	bair Departmen	t prior to
ssuing a RMA #	<i>(UFM) / ۱</i>	VRA # (R	OCON)					

Customer:		Qty:
Contact Name:		
Phone #		
FAX # E-mail:		
Reason for return: (Please be detai	led as possible. Lack of Informa	tion may increase labor charges.)
Mechanical	Electronics	
	□ No signal	
□ Sticks □ Calibration Off	 Inaccurate sign No Display 	la
Switch does not work	□ Other (describ	e below)
□ Other (describe below)		,
Details:		
under warranty). Units WILL NOT be a A Material Safety Data Sheet on the pi being issued. * OSHA Requirement		hen applicable, prior to the RMA#
Process Fluid:		
Meter must be flushed to remove all proc	cess fluids.	
I hereby certify that the material being materials and does not require any spe		ed and cleaned of all hazardous
Print or Type Name	Signature:	
Title		
	Date:	
	Date:	
Distributor Information	Date: INTERNAL USE ONLY	
	INTERNAL USE ONLY	#
Company Name	INTERNAL USE ONLY	#
Distributor Information Company Name Contact Name PO #	INTERNAL USE ONLY	# Authorized by

WARRANTY INFORMATION

1) ACCEPTANCE AND INTEGRATION CLAUSE: This Sales Order Acknowledgment and the sales order information that Universal Flow Monitors, Inc. ("Universal") attaches to or associates with it (herein "Acknowledgment"), constitutes an acceptance by Universal of an offer by the buyer upon the conditions and terms and at the prices stated in this Acknowledgment. The Acknowledgment contains the entire understanding of Universal and the buyer regarding the subject matter of said Acknowledgment. This Acknowledgment may only be modified by a written agreement signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.

2) WAIVER: Waiver by Universal of any default(s) by the buyer shall not constitute waiver by Universal of any of the conditions of the agreement between Universal and the buyer as set forth hereunder with respect to any further or subsequent default by the buyer.

3) FORCE MAJEURE: Universal shall not be responsible for failure or delays in deliveries due to fire, strikes, breakdowns, acts of God, failure of carriers, inability to secure required materials, or other causes beyond Universal's control. Buyer waives any claims for damage arising by virtue of delay in delivery of material by Universal.

4) LIMITED WARRANTY:

(a) Warranty. For a period of one year from the date of manufacture, Universal warrants that each product covered by this Acknowledgment will be free from defects in material and workmanship. In order to qualify for any remedy provided in this Acknowledgment, buyer must give notice to Universal within the one-year period, return the product to Universal freight paid and intact with Material Safety Data Sheets covering all substances passing through the product or that form a residue on the product.

(b) Exclusive Remedy. The buyer'S EXCLUSIVE REMEDY for failure of any product to conform to any warranty or otherwise for any defect is, at Universal's sole option: (i) repair, (ii) replacement; or (iii) refund of the entire purchase price for the specific product. Without limiting the foregoing, in no case will Universal be liable for de-installation of any defective product or installation of any repaired or replaced product. THIS REMEDY IS THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AVAILABLE TO THE BUYER OR ANY OTHER PERSON. UNIVERSAL SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, SPECIAL, PUNITIVE, OR OTHER DAMAGES IN CONNECTION WITH ANY CAUSE OF ACTION, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, TORT, OR OTHERWISE.

(c) **Disclaimer of Other Warranties.** The express warranty in this Acknowledgment is in lieu of any other warranty, express or implied. Without limiting the foregoing, UNIVERSAL DISCLAIMS THE IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY AND ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

(d) Special Note About Fitness for a Particular Purpose. This website and other materials of Universal may place products into, or display products in, categories according to function, size, construction, materials, or other property. This is for organizational purposes only and NO PLACEMENT OF ANY PRODUCT IN ANY CATEGORY OR ANY PRESENTATION OF A PRODUCT IN RELATION TO OTHER PRODUCTS WILL CONSTITUTE A WARRANTY OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. **5) PROHIBITED USES:** As a condition of the sale of goods or services, buyer will not use, sell, distribute, or otherwise transfer for use, or permit to be used, sold, distributed, or otherwise transferred any product purchased from Universal for any of the following uses:

(a) Nuclear Energy Applications. Any application involving, directly or indirectly: (i) exposure of any product to any hazardous properties of nuclear material; (ii) dependence on the proper functioning of the product for the operation of a nuclear facility by any person or organization; (iii) use in or for any equipment or device used for the processing, fabricating or alloying of special nuclear material if, at any time, the total amount of such material on the premises where such equipment or device is located consists of or contains more than 25 grams of (A) Plutonium (any isotope) or Uranium 233 or any combination thereof; (B) more than 250 grams of Uranium 235; (iv) use in, or for the control of any aspect of, any structure, basin, excavation, premises or place prepared or used for the storage or disposal of waste. The foregoing include, without limitation, any application involving nuclear material contained in spent fuel or waste that is possessed, handled, used, processed, stored, transported or disposed of, any application related to the furnishing of services, materials, parts or equipment in connection with the planning, construction, maintenance, operation or use of any nuclear facility.

(b) Aircraft Applications. Any application involving direct or indirect installation in or on, or use in connection with, any aircraft or aircraft product.

(c) **Definitions.** As used in this section, the following definitions apply, whether the terms use initial capitals or not.

"Aircraft" includes powered and non-powered winged aircraft, missiles, spacecraft, and other aeronautical craft or mechanisms.

"Aircraft product" includes:

(1) Any ground support or control equipment used with any aircraft;

(2) Any article designed for installation in or on aircraft;

(3) Any ground handling tools or equipment used with aircraft;

(4) Any aircraft training aids, instructions, manuals, or blueprints; and

(5) Any engineering, labor or other services involving aircraft.

"Hazardous properties" include radioactive, toxic or explosive properties; "Nuclear facility" means

(a) Any nuclear reactor; or

(b) Any equipment or device designed or used for:

(1) Separating the isotopes of uranium or plutonium;

(1) Separating the isotopes of uranium of plutonium;

(2) Processing or utilizing spent fuel; or

(3) Handling, processing or packaging waste.

"Nuclear material" means source material, special material or by- product material;

"Nuclear reactor" means any apparatus designed or used to sustain nuclear fission in a self-supporting chain reaction or to contain a critical mass of fissionable material. "Property damage" includes all forms of radioactive contamination of property.

"Source material," "special nuclear material," and "by-product material" have the meanings given them in the Atomic Energy Act of

1954 and any regulation promulgated thereunder, as the same may be amended from time to time.

"Spent Fuel" means any fuel element or fuel component, solid or liquid that has been used or exposed to radiation in a nuclear reactor.

"Waste" means any waste material (1) containing by-product material and (2) resulting from the operation by any person or organization of any nuclear facility.