# WS24POE Switch



# **User Manual**

Version 01/01/2011



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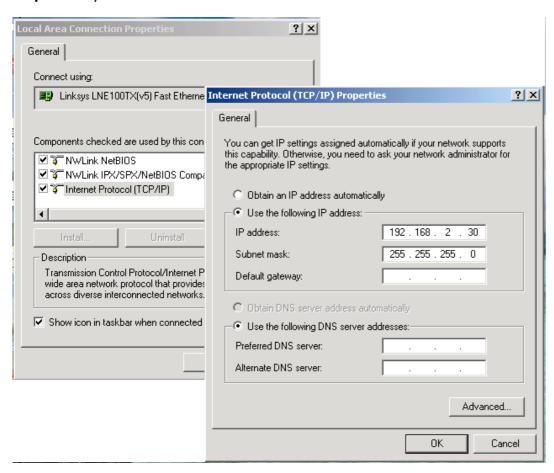
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#### **Web Smart Switch Configure**

Please follow the steps to configure this Web Smart switch.

**Step 1**: Use a twisted pair cable to connect this switch to your PC.

**Step 2**: Set your PC's IP to 192.168.2.xx.



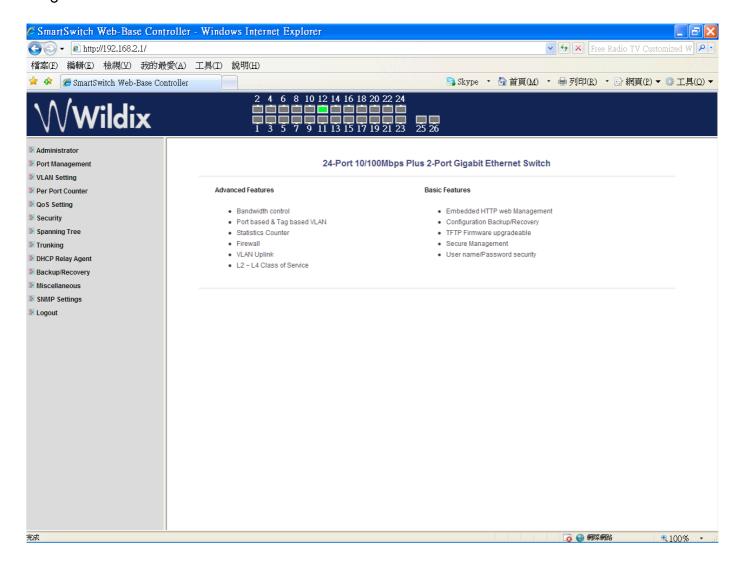
Step 3: Open the web browser (like IE...), and go to 192.168.2.1 Then you see the login screen.



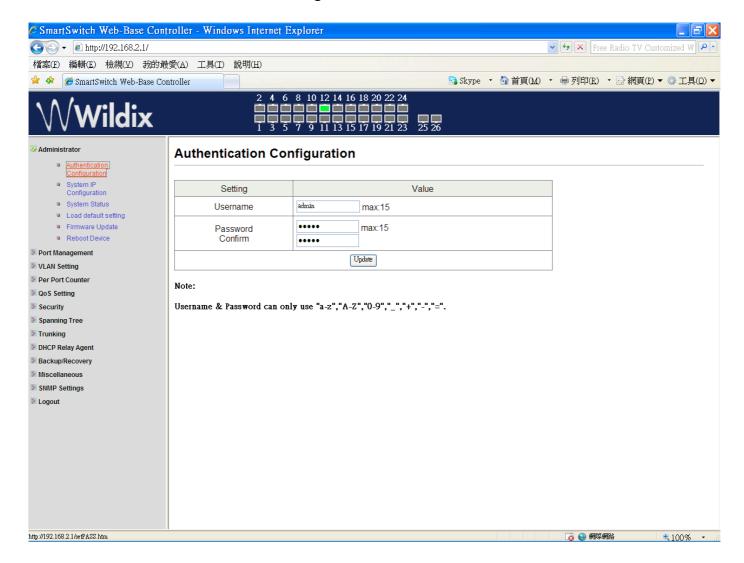
ID and the password: admin

**Step 4**: After the authentication procedure, the home page shows up. Select one of the configurations by clicking on the icon.

- Administrator
- Port Management
- VLAN Setting
- Per Port Counter
- QoS Setting
- Security
- Spanning Tree
- Trunking
- DHCP Relay Agent
- Backup/Recovery
- Miscellaneous
- SNMP Settings
- Logout



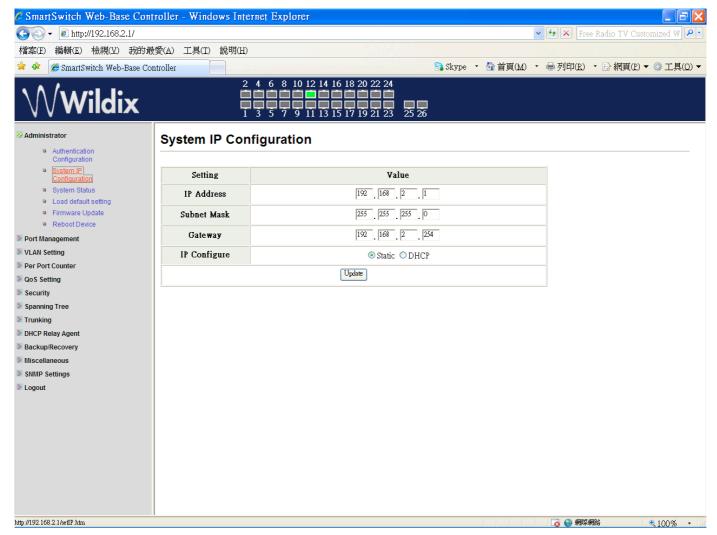
# **Administrator: Authentication Configuration**



- 1. Change the user name and the password.
- 2. Click on "Update" to confirm.

You can use the new user name and the password.

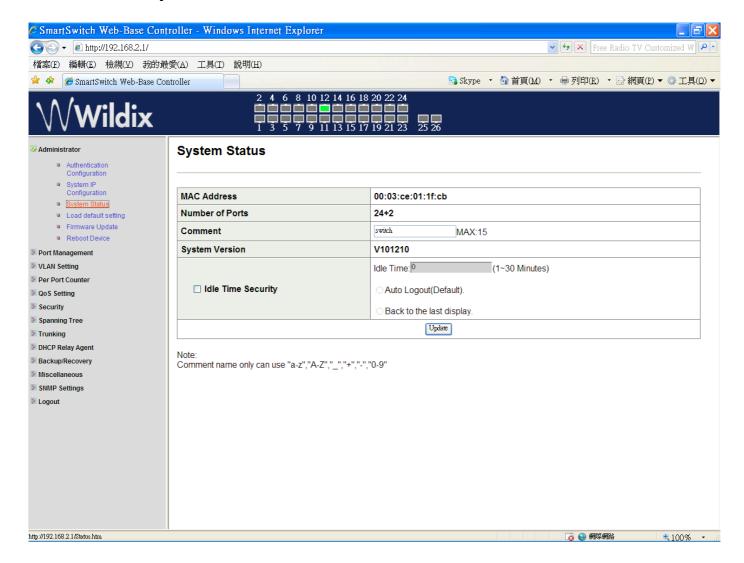
#### **Administrator: System IP Configuration**



- 1. Change IP address: type the new IP address or select DHCP IP configuration.
- 2. Click on "Update" to confirm the new change. "Setting Process OK!!" is shown on the screen.

The setting of "System IP Configuration" is finished.

#### **Administrator: System Status**

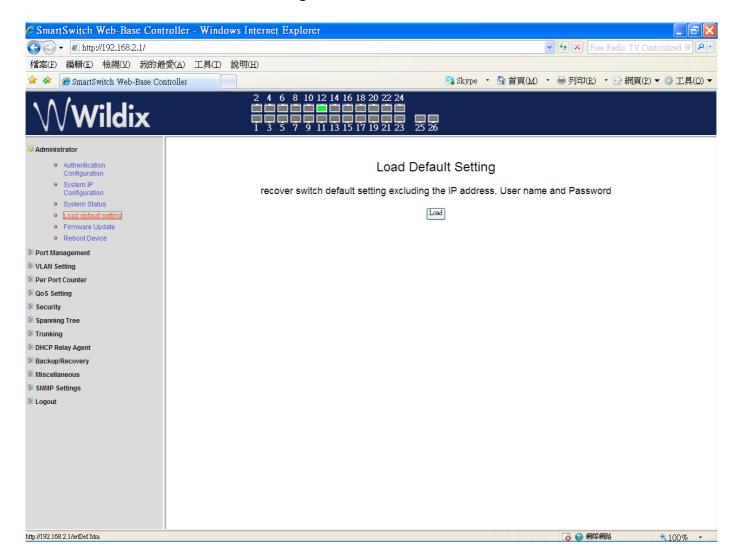


MAC address and system version are shown on the screen.

- 1. You can enter a new comment for this switch.
- 2. Click on "Update" to confirm.

The setting of "System Status" is finished.

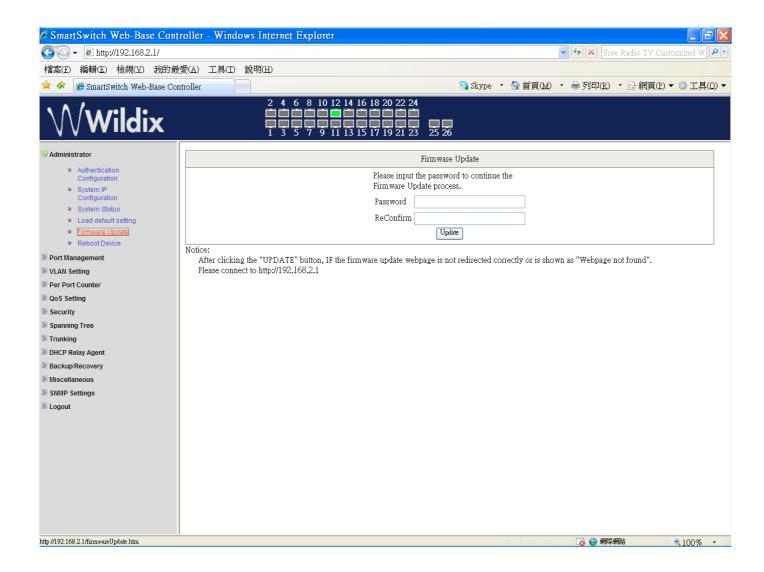
# **Administrator: Load Default Setting**



- 1. Click on "Load" to go back to the factory default setting.
- \*\*Note: Recover switch default setting excludes the IP address, User name and Password.

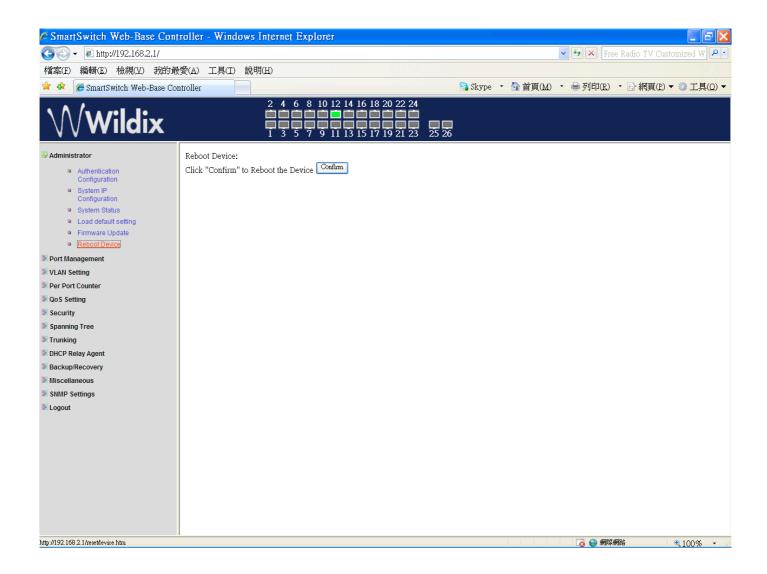
Default setting is loaded.

# Administrator: Firmware Update



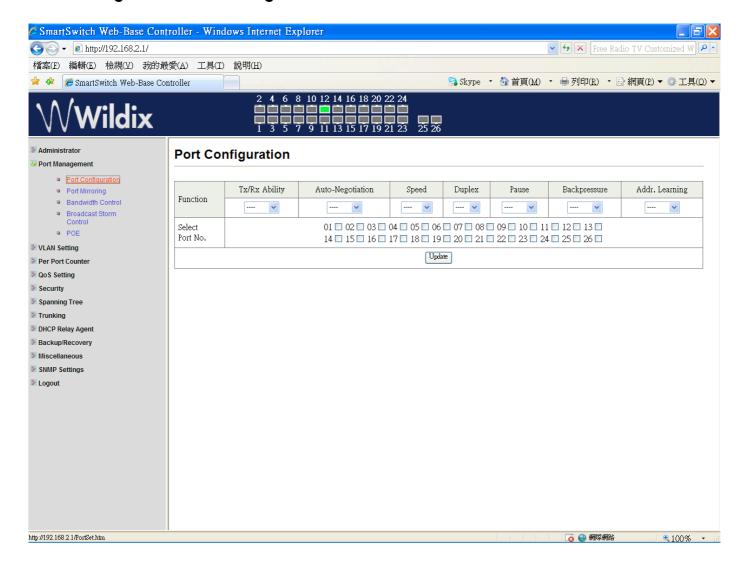
Follow the instruction on the screen to update the new firmware. Please contact your sales agents to get the latest firmware information.

#### **Administrator: Reboot Device**



1. Click on "Confirm" to reboot the device.

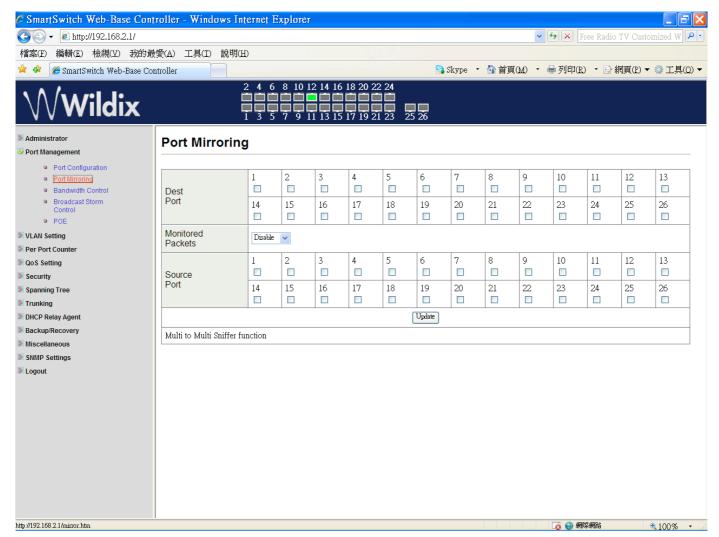
#### **Port Management: Port Configuration**



Select the "Port No." to configure the modes below:

- 1. "Auto-Nego" enable/disable Auto-Negotiation.
- 2. "Speed" 10M or 100M mode for the selected port.
- 3. "Duplex" Full or Half-Duplex mode for the selected port.
- 4. "Pause" enable/disable for the selected port.
- 5. "Backpressure" enable/disable for the selected port.
- 6. "Tx Capability" enable/disable for the selected port.
- 7. "Addr. Learning" enable/disable for the selected port.

#### **Port Management: Port Mirroring**

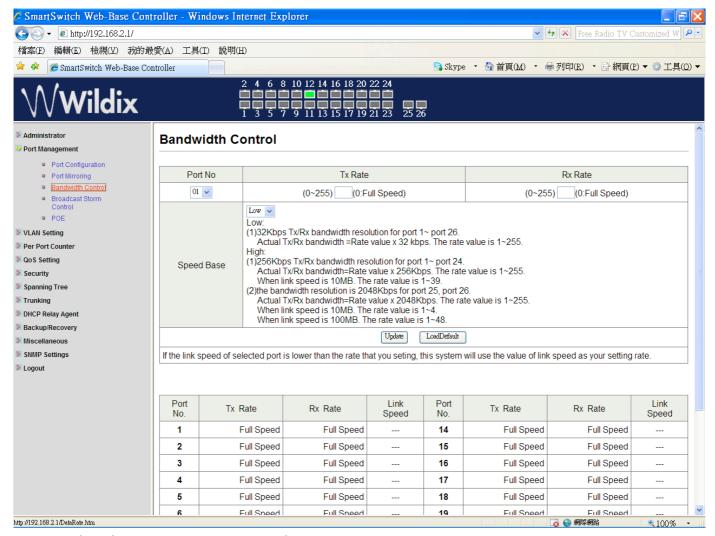


Port Mirroring is used to mirror traffic, RX, TX or TX&RX, from Source port to Destination port for analysis.

- 1. Select the Destination port: you can choose port 1 to port 26
- 2. Select the Source port: click on the check box of the port.
- 3. Click on "Update" to save the setting.

The setting of "Port Mirroring" is finished.

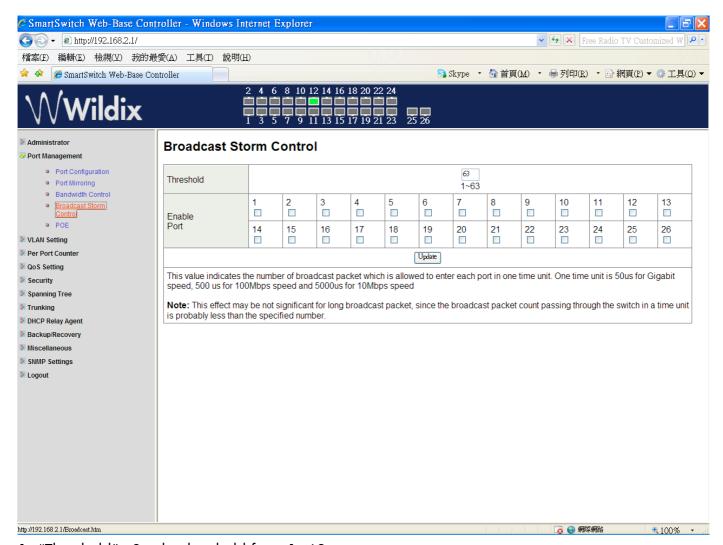
#### Port Management: Bandwidth Control



- 1. Select the "Port No.": you can choose port 1 to port 26
- 2. "TX Rate Value": set the transmission rate of the selected port. (0: Full speed; 1~255: Specified bandwidth.)
- 3. "RX Rate Value": set the receiving rate of the selected port. (0: Full speed; 1~255: Specified bandwidth.)
- 4. "Resolution": Low: 32 kbps / High: 512 kbps
- 5. Click on "Update" to confirm the setting or click on "LoadDefault".

The setting of "Bandwidth Control" is finished.

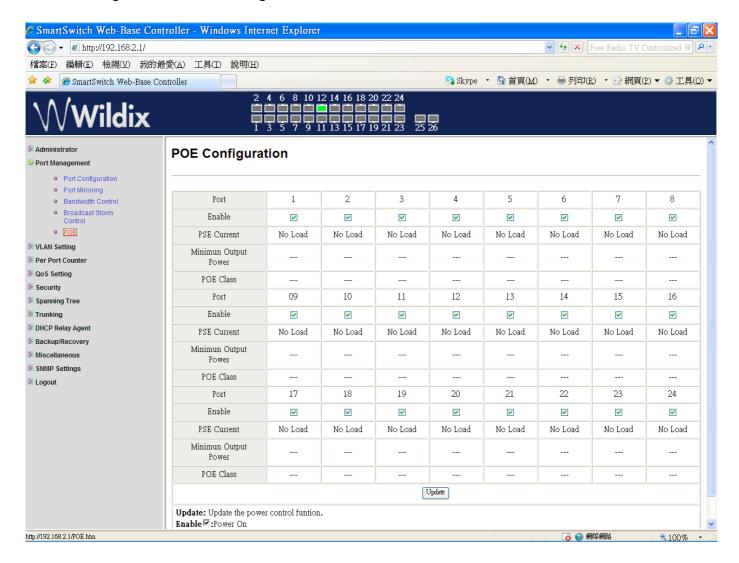
#### Port Management: Broadcast Storm Control



- 1. "Threshold" Set the threshold from 1~63.
- 2. "Enable Port" per port to define the status of broadcast packets.
- 3. Click on "Update" to confirm the setting.

The setting of "Broadcast Storm Control" is finished.

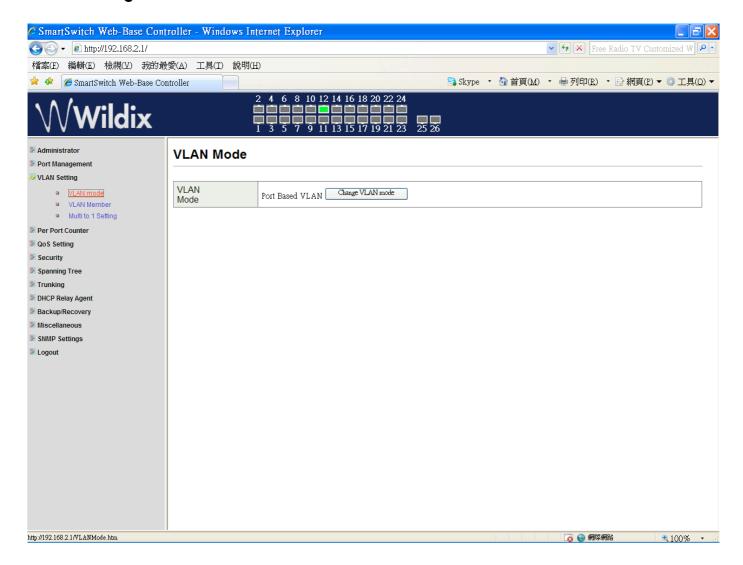
#### **Port Management: PoE Configuration**



Remote access and monitor the attached PD (Powered Device) status by using Enable/Disable function.

- 1. Enable: POE of the port supplies power to the attached PD (Powered Device) -> Full power for each port
- 2. PSE Current & Minimum Output Power: The status of the port Current and Minimum output power.
- 3. POE class: each POE port detects the class of the attached PD (Powered Device)
- 4. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

#### **VLAN Setting: VLAN Mode**

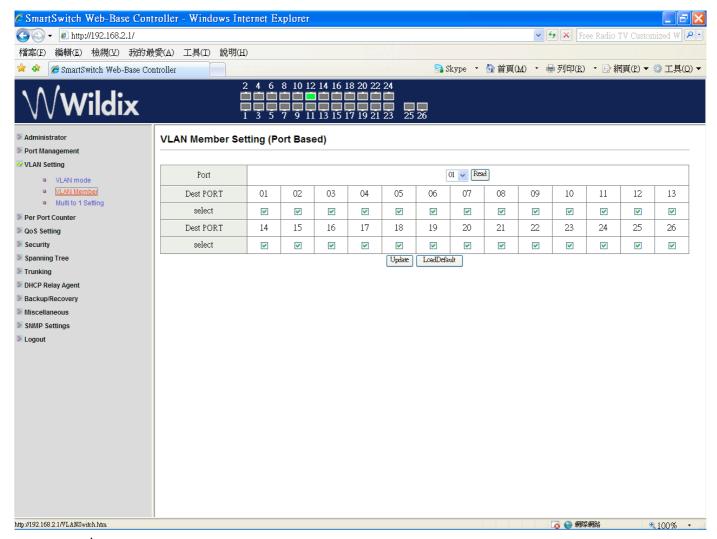


There are two VLAN modes: Port Based VLAN and Tagged VLAN. Click on "Change VLAN mode" to select the mode.

\*\*If the Port Based VLAN function is enabled, Multi to 1 setting and tag Based VLAN will be disabled automatically.

The setting of "VLAN Mode" is finished.

#### **VLAN Setting: VLAN Member Setting (Port Based)**

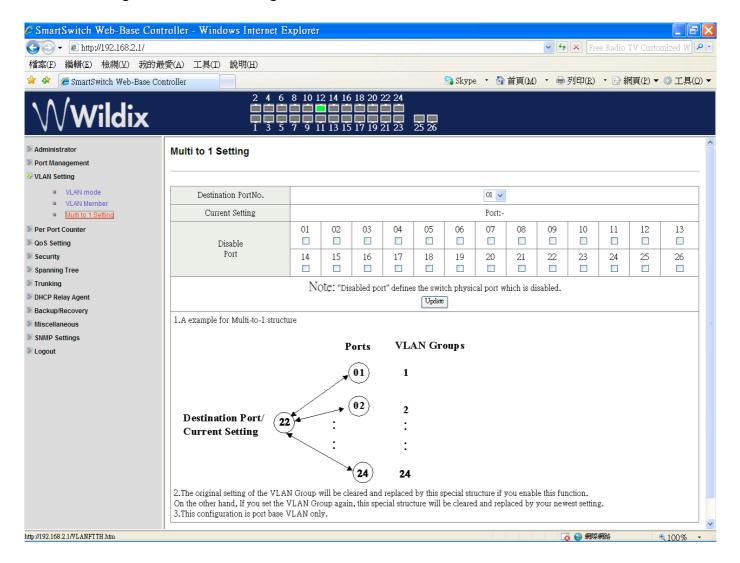


You can select a port group.

- 1. Click on the port numbers that you want to put into the selected VLAN group.
- 2. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.
- 3. Click on "LoadDefualt" to go back to the original factory setting. \*\*Port-Based: 26 Groups / Tag-Based: 30 Groups

The setting of "VLAN Mode" is finished.

#### VLAN Setting: Multi to 1 Setting

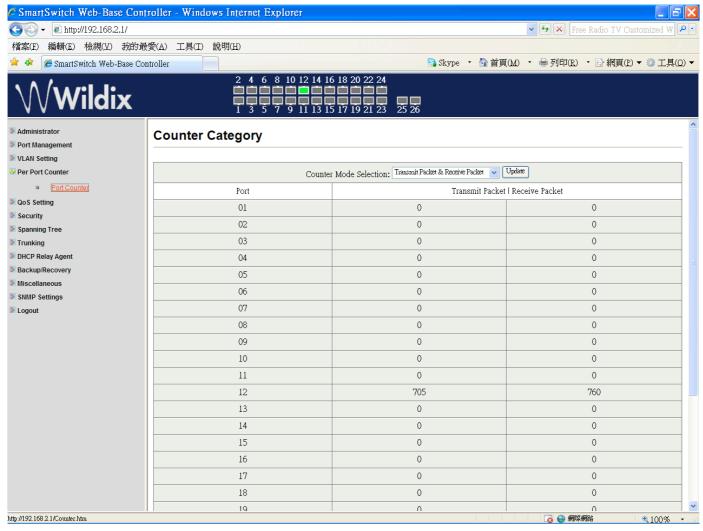


This is a special design for the easy setting of the switch VLAN to "VLAN Per Port".

- 1. Select "Destination Port No".
- 2. Select "Disable Port"
- 3. "Disable Port" select the port that you don't want to use
- 4. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

After this setting all ports can connect only to destination ports.

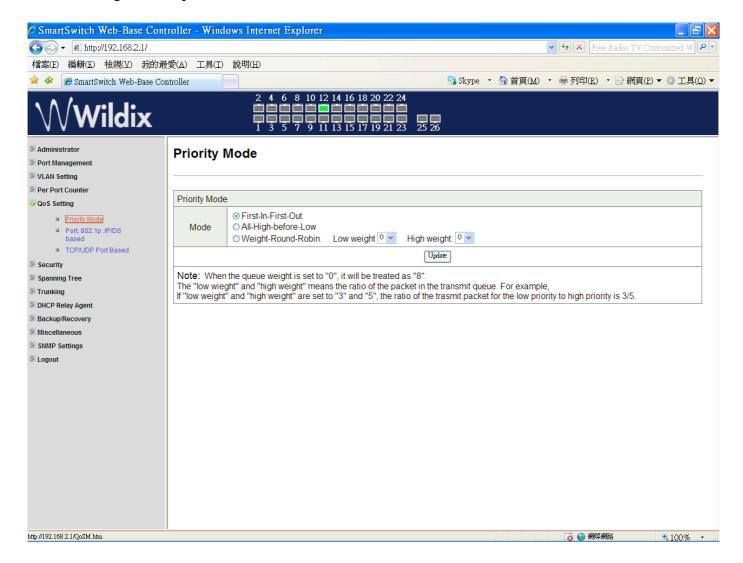
# Per Port Counter: Counter Category



You can read the transmitting and receiving packet of the connecting port.

Click on "Refresh" or "Clear" the data.

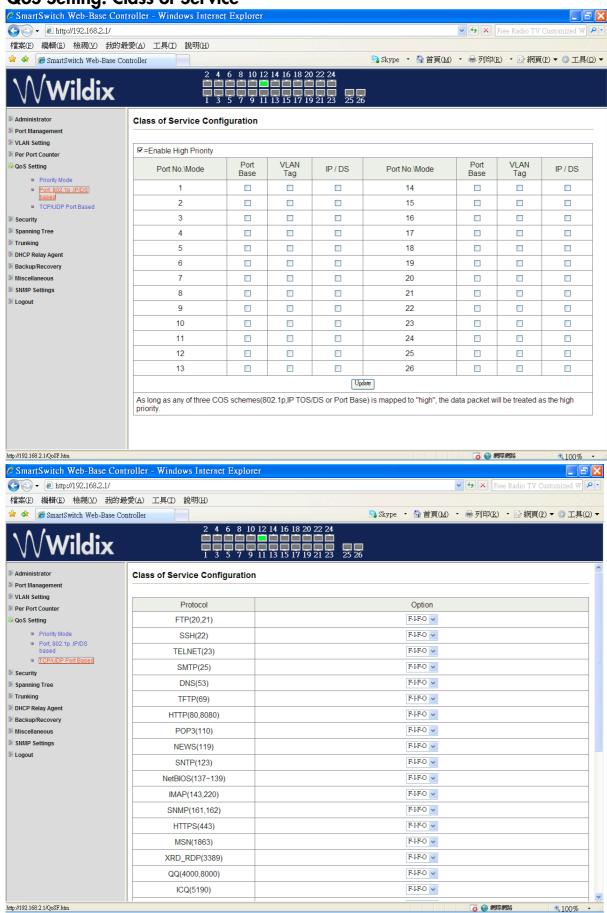
#### **QoS Setting: Priority Mode**



There are three Priority Modes to select.

- 1. "First-in-First-Service" the first receiving packet is firstly transmitted.
- 2. "All-High-before-Low" all packets are assigned to either Q2 (high) priority queue or Q1 (low) priority queue.
- 3. "Weight-Round-Robin" set the ratio of the transmitting packet for the low priority to high priority.
- 4. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

**QoS Setting: Class of Service** 



You can set QoS mode of port.

TCP/UDP > TP TPS/DS > 802.1P > Physical port

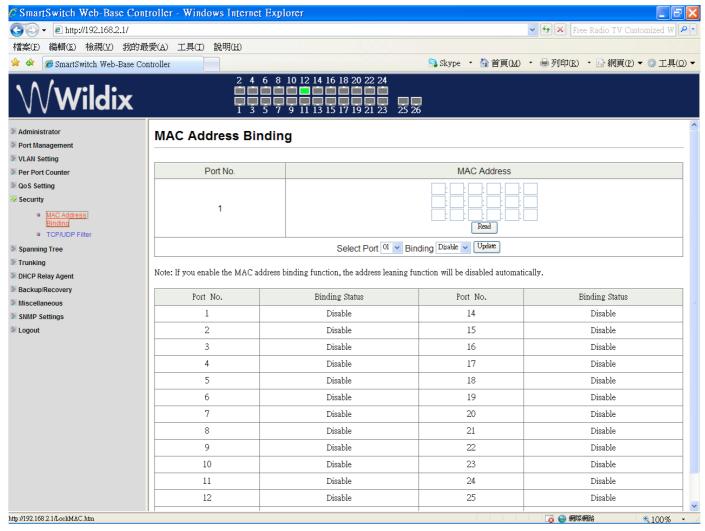
1. "TCP/UDP Port" – effective for the selected physical port only. "Drop" option is the global setting for all physical ports.

The packet queue is transferred based on the number of "Weight-Round-Robin" on **QoS Setting: Priority Mode.** 

- \*\*Weight-Round-Robin Q1~Q8
- \*\*"Drop" packets are dropped.
- 2. "Priority Setting" The packets with special IP are transmitted first.
- 3. "802.1p" Priority mapping table as the screen showsю
- 4. "Physical port" you can select the port which you want to configure as Q1~Q8 priority.
- 5. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

The setting of "Class of Service" is finished.

#### **Security: MAC Address Binding**

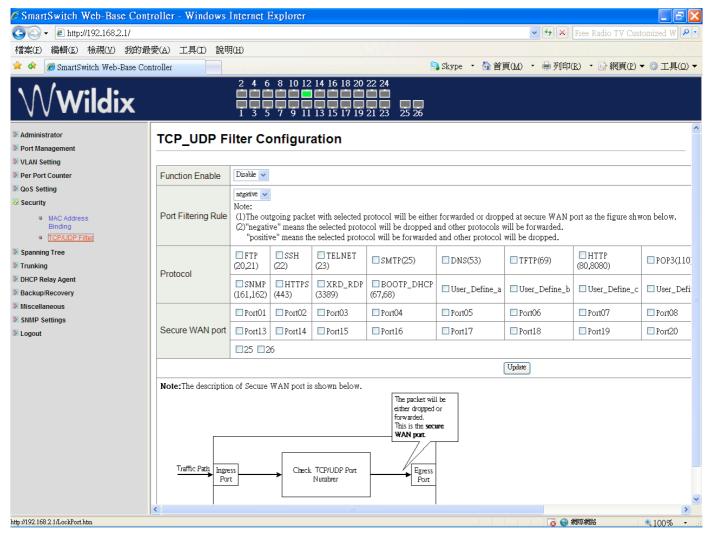


Set special MAC address to activate on the selected port

- 1. "Select Port" port 1~26
- 2. "Binding" "Enable": allow the packet with the specified source MAC address to enter this port.
- 3. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

The setting of "MAC Address Filter" is finished.

#### Security: TCP\_UDP Filter Configuration



You can enable or disable this function per port.

If the "Function Enable" is "Enabled", please check the following setting:

#### 1. "Port Filtering Rule" -

"Deny": outgoing packets to the selected port with selected protocol are dropped and other protocols are forwarded. "Allow": selected protocols are forwarded and other protocols are dropped.

2. "Secure Port" - select secure ports.

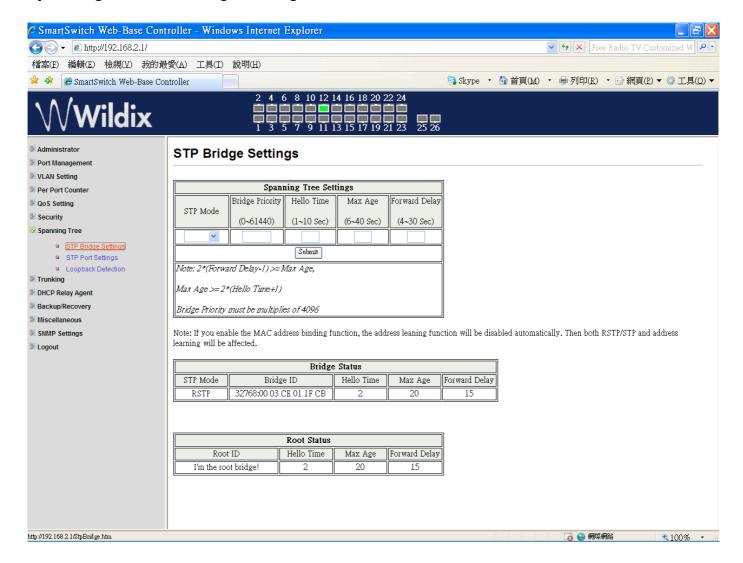
#### \*\*Note 1:

- a. The secure WAN port should be set at the physical port which is connected to the server.
- b. Once this function is enabled, the switch checks the destination TCP/UDP port number at the outgoing direction of the secure WAN port.

If the condition matches, this packet is dropped or forwarded.

- \*\*Note 2: The description of Secure WAN port is shown on the bottom of this screen.
- 3. "Protocol" select protocols.
- 4. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting. The setting of "TCP/UDP Filter Configuration" is finished.

#### **Spanning Tree: STP Bridge Settings**

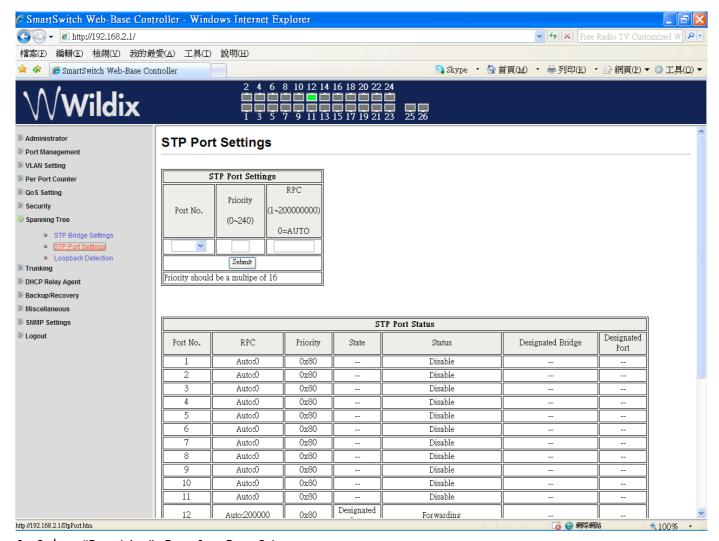


This setting is brought to avoid the loop network.

- 1. Select the "STP Mode"- select "Disable", "STP" or "RSTP"
- 2. Set the "Bridge Priority" Set the priority of the Bridge
- 3. Set the period of "Hello Time" packet Provides the time period between root bridge configuration messages.
- 4. Set the "Max Age" Indicates when the current configuration message should be deleted.
- 5. Set the "Forward Delay" time Provides the length of time. After a topology is changed, bridges should wait before transitioning to a new state (If a bridge transition is very fast, some network links might not be ready to change their states and loops might occur.)
- 6. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

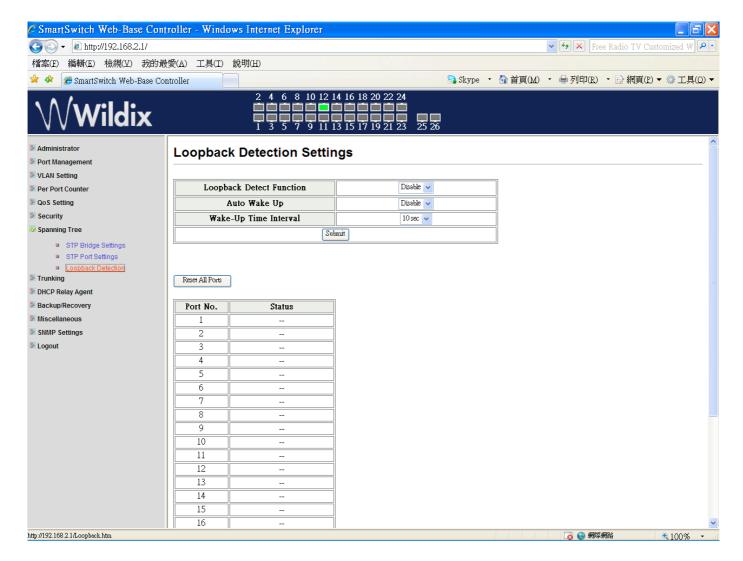
The setting of "STP Bridge Settings" is finished.

#### **Spanning Tree: STP Port Settings**



- 1. Select "Port No.": Port 1 ~ Port 26
- 2. Select "Priority": 0~ 240
- 3. "RPC" = Root Path Cost: 0 = AUTO. When the loop is found, the STP/RSTP calculates the cost of its path.

#### **Spanning Tree: Loopback Detection Settings**



Use the Spanning Tree > Loopback detection page to configure loopback detection on an interface. When loopback detection is enabled and a port receives its own BPDU, the detection agent drops the loopback BPDU, and places the interface in discarding mode.

This loopback state can be released manually or automatically. If the interface is configured for automatic loopback release, then the port returns to the forwarding state under one of the following conditions:

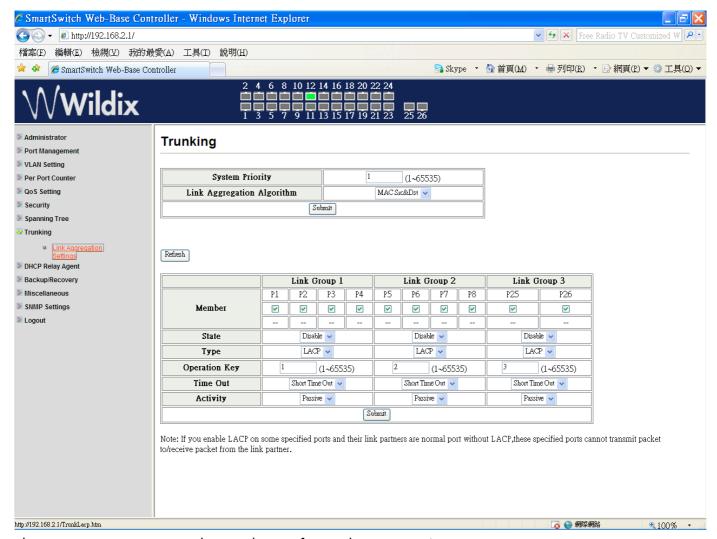
- The interface receives any other BPDU except its own;
- The interfaces's link status changes to link down and then link up again;
- The interface ceases to receive its own BPDUs in a forward delay interval.

NOTE: If loopback detection is not enabled and an interface receives its own BPDU, then the interface drops the loopback BPDU according to IEEE Standard 802.1w-2001 9.3.4 (Note 1).

NOTE: Loopback detection is not active if Spanning Tree is disabled on the switch.

NOTE: When configured for manual release mode, then a link down/up event does not release the port from the discarding state.

#### **Trunking: Link Aggregation Settings**



There are two groups to select and max. for each group is 4 ports.

Click on "Submit" to confirm and finish the setting.

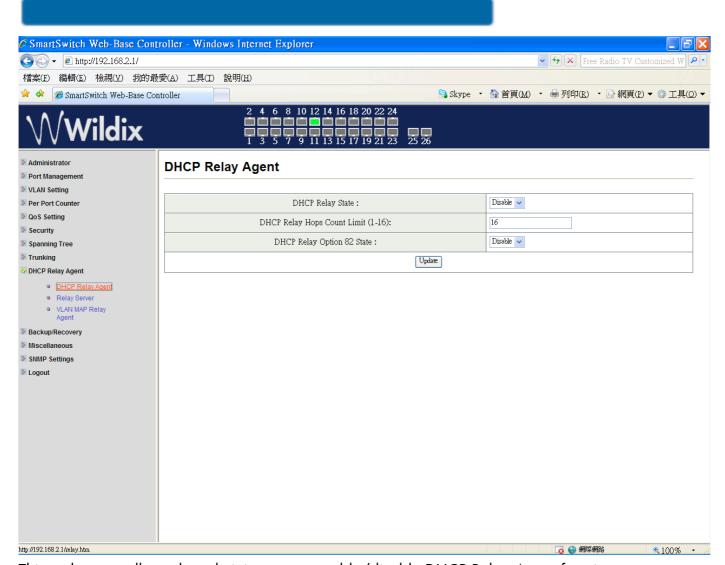
"State" - Enable / Disable

"Type" - LACP/ Static

"Activity" – Active/Passive: Both switches use "LACP" to configure the Trunk, at least one of them should be "Active"

<sup>\*\*</sup>Link Group 3: combo port - Port 25 / Port 26

#### **DHCP Relay Agent: DHCP Relay Agent**



This web page allows the administrator to enable/disable DHCP Relay Agent function.

#### **◆DHCP Relay State**

Allow the administrator to enable/disable Relay Agent function.

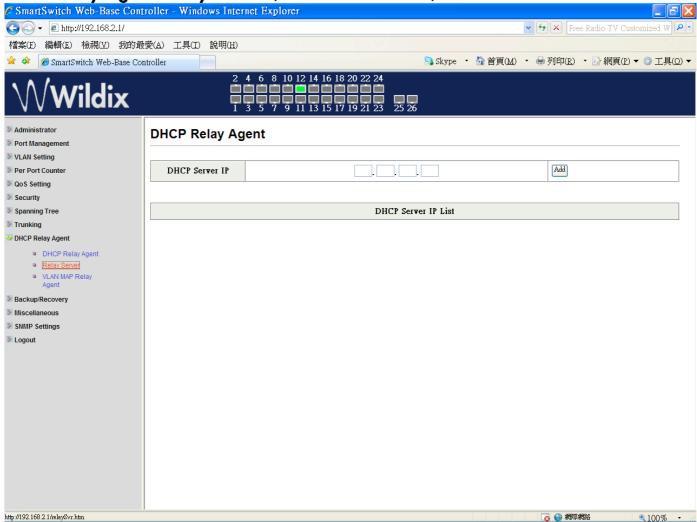
◆DHCP Relay Hops Count Limit

Specify the maximum number of Relay Agent traveling from DHCP agent to DHCP server.

◆DHCP Relay Option 82

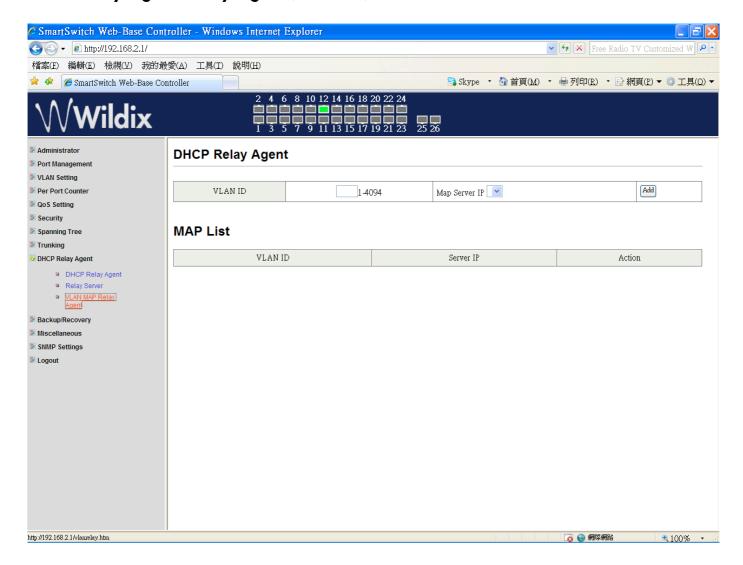
The pre-condition for enabling/disabling this function is that DHCP Relay State is set to "enable". Once the Relay State is set to "enable", the administrator can enable/disable Option 82, depending on whether the Option 82 information is required.

**DHCP Relay Agent: Relay Server (DHCP Server IP List)** 



The IP address of DHCP server, which can be relayed by this Relay Agent, should be specified on this web page.

#### **DHCP Relay Agent: Relay Agent (MAP List)**

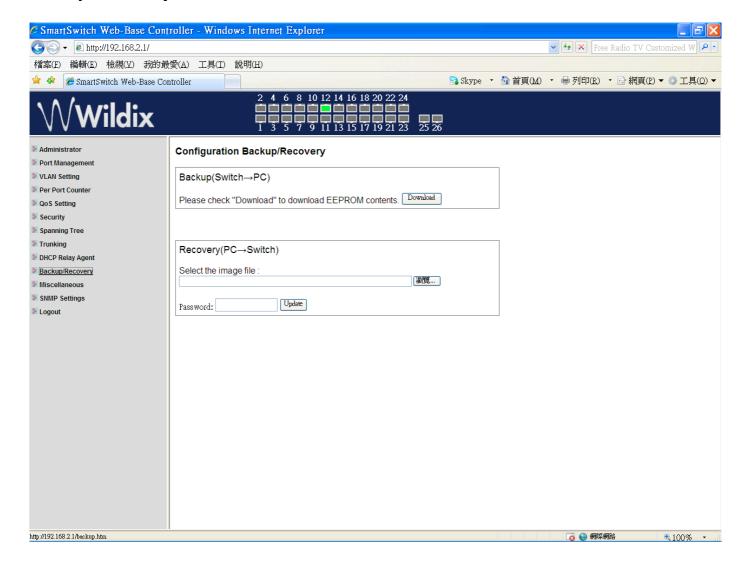


#### VLAN to Server IP Map

This web page defines the relationship between the VLAN group and the serve IP address.

Note: One server should belong to only one VLAN ID. If you set the same server IP address to different VLAN ID, the warning message will show up, as the figure shown below. You can set more than one server IP address in a VLAN ID.

# Backup/Recovery

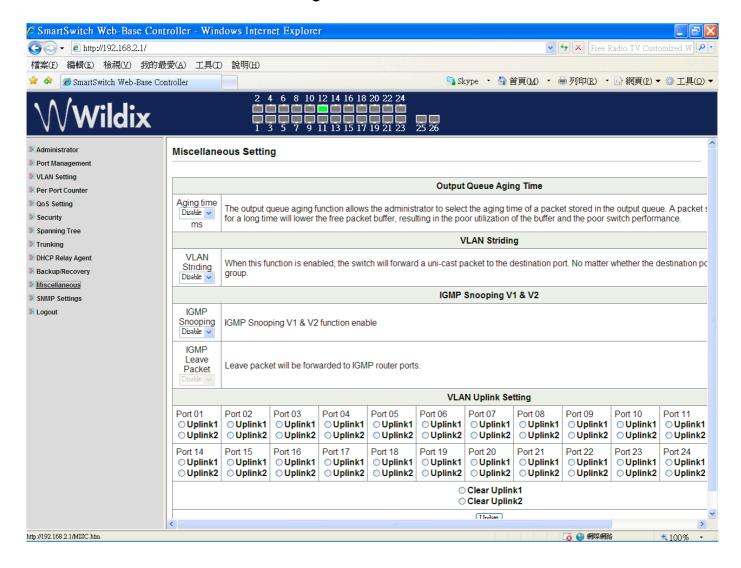


Follow the instruction on the screen to update the original setting.

"Backup" - Click on "Download" to confirm the setting.

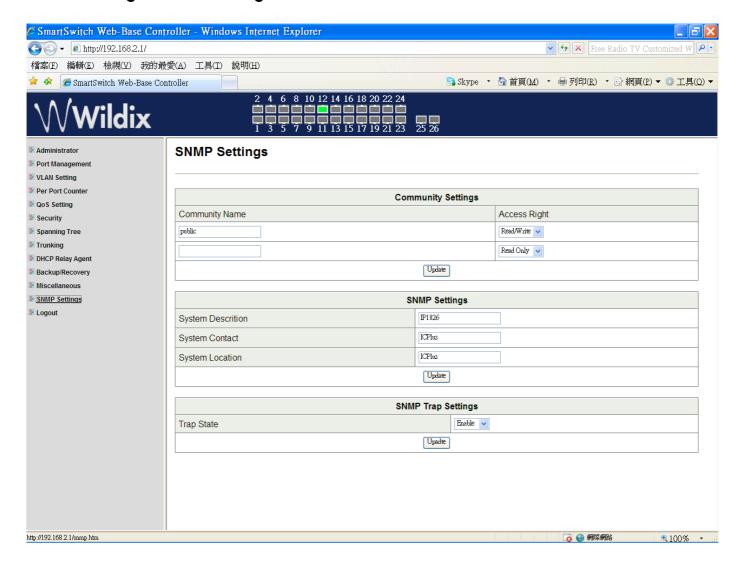
"Recovery" - select a file and enter the password -> Click on "Update" to confirm the setting.

#### Miscellaneous: Miscellaneous Setting



- "Output Queue Aging Time" You can set queue aging time into different milliseconds or disable this function.
- 2. "VLAN Striding" Enable/disable this function.
- 3. "IGMP Snooping V1 & V2" Enable/disable this function.
- 4. "VLAN Uplink Setting" Set "uplink1 or uplink2" or "Clear uplink1" or "Clear uplink2"
- 5. Click on "Update" to confirm and finish the setting.

#### **SNMP Settings: SNMP Settings**



Community Name: The administrator can enter the community name.

Access Right: This filed defines the access attribute. "Read only" means the administrator can view this community only. "Read/Write" means the administrator can view and modify this community. System Description: The administrator can enter a device name for the identification in the network. System Contact: Contact person responsible for maintaining network.

System Location: Location of this device.

Trap State: Enable/Disable trapped event. The trapped events are: (1) Power up event; (2) Physical port status change event.

#### Logout: You can click "Logout" to logout.



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