



Audiividi

VidiNOW Conference System

User Manual

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About This Manual

New user is advised to start from Chapter 1 for a quick tour of VidiNOW system. The section titles in this manual are self-explanatory. For a query on how to perform a specific task, user can look up directly from Table of Contents.

Conventions Used in This Manual

[Button Name] is used to indicate a button on the display or a key on the keyboard, which will be clicked or pressed by the user.

Example: “Single click **[OK]**” is to click the “OK” button on the window.

<Menu Item> is used to indicate menu item selection.

Example: “**<File>**” is to select the “File” menu item in the menu bar.

<Level 1 Menu><Level 2 Menu> is used to indicate multiple level menu selection.

Example: “**<View><Always On Top>**” is to select the “View” menu, then “Always On Top” item under the “View” menu.

{Window name} is used to indicate a web page, a window, a tab to select a window, or a dialog box on the monitor display.

Example: **{Meeting Center}** is the “Meeting Center” web page.



Notes symbol, for supplemental information

Table of Contents

Chapter 1	A Quick Tour	1
1.1	VidiNOW System Components - Server and Client	1
1.2	Client Interface: Web-Based Meeting Management & Window-Based PC Meeting.....	1
1.3	Scheduled Meeting and Ad hoc Meeting	2
1.4	Starting a Meeting.....	2
Chapter 2	VidiNOW PC Meeting Installation.....	6
2.1	Security Settings for IE Browser	6
2.2	Downloading VidiNOW PC Meeting Software	8
2.3	Installing VidiNOW PC Meeting	9
2.4	Removing (Uninstalling) VidiNOW PC Meeting	11
Chapter 3	Login to VidiNOW Meeting Center	12
3.1	Login.....	12
3.2	The Meeting List in Meeting Center.....	14
Chapter 4	Ad hoc Meeting	16
4.1	Starting an Ad hoc Meeting	16
4.2	Joining an Ad hoc Meeting	18
4.3	Exiting an Ad hoc Meeting	19
Chapter 5	Scheduled Meeting.....	20
5.1	Creating a Scheduled Meeting.....	20
5.2	Editing a Scheduled Meeting.....	25
5.3	Joining a Meeting	25
5.4	Exiting a Meeting	26
Chapter 6	Meeting Management.....	27
6.1	Meeting Management Web Pages.....	27
6.2	Viewing Meeting Information	29
6.3	Controlling Entry into a Meeting	30
6.4	Terminating a Meeting.....	30
6.5	Reassigning a Meeting Manager.....	30
6.6	Managing Participant List.....	31
6.7	Changing Meeting Format	32
6.8	Changing Connection Settings.....	33
6.9	Managing Document Files.....	35
Chapter 7	VidiNOW PC Meeting Operation.....	37
7.1	Window Layout	37
7.1.1	<i>Video Display</i>	41
7.1.2	<i>Participants Window</i>	44
7.1.3	<i>Audio/Video Mute Control</i>	44
7.1.4	<i>Audio Volume Adjustment</i>	45
7.2	Host and Moderator	46
7.2.1	<i>Become Host in a Free Form Meeting</i>	46
7.2.2	<i>Moderated Meeting</i>	47
7.3	Share Program	50
7.3.1	<i>Share Desktop</i>	53
7.3.2	<i>Share Selected Applications</i>	53
7.3.3	<i>Control the Shared Program</i>	55

7.4	Share Web	57
7.5	Share Media	58
7.6	Presentation	62
7.7	Annotation	64
7.7.1	<i>File Functions</i>	65
7.7.2	<i>View Functions</i>	66
7.7.3	<i>Editing Tools</i>	66
7.7.4	<i>Markup Tools</i>	67
7.7.5	<i>Importing Pages</i>	70
7.7.6	<i>Annotation Options</i>	72
7.8	Document Center	73
7.8.1	<i>Toolbar</i>	74
7.8.2	<i>File Download</i>	74
7.9	Text Chat	76
7.10	Recording Meeting	77
7.11	Video Options	79
7.12	Audio Options	80
7.13	Network Options	81
Chapter 8	Personal Address Book and User Profile	83
8.1	Personal Address Book	83
8.2	Editing User Profile	83
Appendix A	Roles in the VidiNOW System	85
Appendix B	Custom Installation and Upgrade PC Meeting	86
B.1	Custom Installation	86
B.2	Upgrade PC Meeting	89

List of Figures

Figure 1. VidiNOW Client Interface.....	2
Figure 2. {Login} page.....	3
Figure 3. VidiNOW PC Meeting icon at system tray.....	3
Figure 4. Join a scheduled meeting at {Meeting Center}	3
Figure 5. Start an ad hoc meeting at {Meeting Center}	4
Figure 6. The Windows display of VidiNOW PC Meeting.....	4
Figure 7. Manage an ongoing meeting in real time at {Meeting Center}	5
Figure 8. IE {Internet Options} dialog box	6
Figure 9. Enable “Run ActiveX Controls and Plug-ins”	7
Figure 10. Enable “Active Scripting”	8
Figure 11. VidiNOW Meeting Center {Login} page	8
Figure 12. PC Meeting {Download} page.....	9
Figure 13. Selecting the language option of installation.....	9
Figure 14. Selecting a setup type.....	10
Figure 15. The progress of installation shown in {InstallShield Wizard} dialog box.....	10
Figure 16. Installing virtual printer.....	11
Figure 17. Installing mirror driver	11
Figure 18. The End of PC Meeting Installation.....	11
Figure 19. {Login} page.....	12
Figure 20. {Meeting Center} page: “Function Panel” on left column.....	13
Figure 21. Starting an ad hoc meeting at {Meeting Center} page	16
Figure 22. {VidiNOW Invitation} to an ad hoc meeting	18
Figure 23. Schedule a Meeting - filling in meeting information.....	20
Figure 24. Schedule a Meeting – {Select Participants} page	21
Figure 25. Schedule a Meeting – {Select Meeting Format} page.....	22
Figure 26. Schedule a Meeting – set video position	23
Figure 27. Sending E-mail Notification.....	24
Figure 28. Notification e-mail of a Scheduled Meeting.....	25
Figure 29. Editing/Deleting a scheduled meeting; Joining a meeting.....	25
Figure 30. Meeting Management entry.....	27
Figure 31. {Meeting Information} page	29
Figure 32. Reassigning a Meeting Manager	31
Figure 33. Participant List	31
Figure 34. Adding Participants	32
Figure 35. Meeting Format	33
Figure 36. Connection Settings.....	34
Figure 37. {File Management} page	36
Figure 38. {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window at start up	37
Figure 39. Pop up menu box in “Center” display mode	41
Figure 40. {PC Meeting} with “Corner” video display and {Welcome} window.....	42
Figure 41. Pop up menu box in “Corner” display mode.....	42
Figure 42. {PC Meeting} with “Floating” video display and {Welcome} window.....	43
Figure 43. Pop up menu box in “Floating” video display.....	43
Figure 44. PeggyLee’s {Participants} window	46
Figure 45. The pop up menu at PeggyLee’s {Participants} window	47
Figure 46. The refusal message received by the requester.....	47
Figure 47. The pop up menu at PeggyLee’s {Participants} window, with a pending host request from JoeSmith	48
Figure 48. The pop up menu at PeggyLee’s {Participants} window, with a pending “Req to Speak” from JoeSmith.	49
Figure 49. The window tabs of multiple “Share Program” sessions.....	50
Figure 50. The owner’s {Share Program} window.....	50

Figure 51. <Options> menu at the owner’s {Share Program} window	51
Figure 52. Non-owner’s {Share Program} window, with a PDF file as the active shared content.....	52
Figure 53. Select applications to be shared in the <Share selected applications>	54
Figure 54. Request control message, waiting for PeggyLee’s reply	55
Figure 55. Reject “Request control” message, sent to KCarter	56
Figure 56. PeggyLee receives notification of cancelling request control	56
Figure 57. The drop-down list of non-owner participants for “Forward control”	56
Figure 58. The message box for owner to consent or reject “Forward control”	57
Figure 59. The message box for recipient to accept or reject “Forward control”	57
Figure 60. {Share Web} window	58
Figure 61. The host’s {Share Media} window, with the {Open media URL} dialog box	59
Figure 62. The host’s {Share Media} window, with a pull-down menu from the {Open media URL} dialog box and Media Player controls	60
Figure 63. The {Presentation} window	62
Figure 64. The Host’s {Annotation} window, with Page 3 opened	64
Figure 65. The Host’s pop up menu in the {Annotation} window	70
Figure 66. {Audiividi VP Output} dialog box	71
Figure 67. {Image Import} dialog box	72
Figure 68. Annotation options	73
Figure 69. The {Document Center} window, with a download in progress	74
Figure 70. File tip on a file posted by other user (KCarter), before download	75
Figure 71. File tip on a file posted by other user (KCarter), after download process starts.....	75
Figure 72. Document Center Options	75
Figure 73. The file owner is notified by the “!” mark of download in progress	76
Figure 74. {Chat} window.....	76
Figure 75. Chat Options.....	77
Figure 76. {Record option} dialog box	78
Figure 77. Set the starting (X,Y) coordinate of the recorded region.....	78
Figure 78. Set the width/height of the recorded region.....	79
Figure 79. Recording in progress, shown in the {Participant} window.....	79
Figure 80. Video Options.....	80
Figure 81. Audio Options	80
Figure 82. Network Options	82
Figure 83. Personal Address Book.....	83
Figure 84. Editing User Profile.....	84
Figure 85. Selecting the language option of installation.....	86
Figure 86. Selecting a mode of installation	86
Figure 87. Choose Destination Location	87
Figure 88. Select Features.....	87
Figure 89. Ready to Install the Program	88
Figure 90. Setup Status	88
Figure 91. Installing virtual printer.....	88
Figure 92. Installing mirror driver	89
Figure 93. Installation completion	89
Figure 94. Select Features – Windows/XP	90
Figure 95. Setup Status	90
Figure 96. Upgrade/Repair Completion.....	91

List of Tables

Table 1. Buttons of the Function Panel.....	14
Table 2. <Meeting List> explanation.....	15
Table 3. Operations that the user can do to listed meetings.....	15
Table 4. Meeting Rights and Video Size.....	17
Table 5. Meeting Management tabs.....	28
Table 6. <View> Menu of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window.....	39
Table 7. <Tools> Menu of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window.....	40
Table 8. The Status Bar of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window.....	41
Table 9. {Participants} window.....	44
Table 10. Audio/Video Mute Control.....	45
Table 11. Tool icons at non-owner's {Share Program} window.....	53
Table 12. Host's media player controls in {Share Media} window.....	61
Table 13. Main Components of the {Presentation} window.....	63
Table 14. {Presentation} Toolbar.....	63
Table 15. Main Components of an {Annotation} window.....	65
Table 16. {Annotation} - File Functions.....	66
Table 17. {Annotation} - View Functions.....	66
Table 18. {Annotation} - Editing Tools.....	67
Table 19. {Annotation} - Markup Tools.....	69
Table 20. Toolbar icons in the {Document Center} window.....	74

Chapter 1 A Quick Tour

*First time user:
Please read this
Chapter.*

The VidiNOW system, from Audiividi Inc., is a rich media IP-based conference system. It supports powerful interactive collaboration with integrated data/audio/video functions in an easy-to-use interface.

This chapter brings you through a quick tour of the VidiNOW system, covering basic concept and some operation procedures. You can start a simple meeting by the end of this chapter.

The VidiNOW system consists of a server called **VidiNOW Meeting Center**, and a Windows-based client called **VidiNOW PC Meeting**. Users access the server through web pages and the client program.

The VidiNOW system supports two types of meetings: **Scheduled Meeting** and **Ad hoc Meeting**. A Scheduled Meeting provides the user with the most flexibility and sophisticated management, while the Ad hoc Meeting is an instant start to meet other online users.

1.1 VidiNOW System Components - Server and Client

*Server: VidiNOW
Meeting Center*

The server runs the Meeting Center. The server could be physically installed in a company's server room, or in a remote data center.

Terms “VidiNOW server”, “VidiNOW Meeting Center”, and “Meeting Center” are interchangeable and this manual uses all of them without discrimination.

*Client: VidiNOW PC
Meeting*

Users can access the Meeting Center from a Windows PC in the office, at home, or anywhere with Internet access, to create, join, and manage a meeting.

Terms “VidiNOW client”, “VidiNOW PC Meeting”, and “PC Meeting” are interchangeable and this manual uses all of them without discrimination.

1.2 Client Interface: Web-Based Meeting Management & Window-Based PC Meeting

The interface for client-side operations is composed of a web-based meeting management and a Windows-based PC Meeting, as shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1. VidiNOW Client Interface

Web-based Meeting Management

Users access the VidiNOW Meeting Center from the web browser. This web-based interface allows a user to login, join a meeting, create & manage meetings, and manage user account information.

Windows-based PC Meeting

Users should download PC Meeting software from the VidiNOW server and finish the installation in PC. When a user logs in on the VidiNOW server and joins a meeting, the PC Meeting application will start automatically. The multimedia operations (audio, video, and data) are implemented in this Windows application to achieve optimal performance and great flexibility.

1.3 Scheduled Meeting and Ad hoc Meeting

Scheduled Meeting

A Scheduled Meeting can be created by a user with specific attributes as: date/time, participants, video display format, and sophisticated rights for each participant.

Ad hoc Meeting

A user can start an Ad hoc meeting with other online users in simple steps.

1.4 Starting a Meeting

Login

A user sees the **{Login}** page, Figure 2, when accessing the URL of the VidiNOW server. Enter the User ID and password to log into the VidiNOW Meeting Center.



Figure 2. {Login} page

After a successful login, the **{Meeting Center}** page as illustrated in Figure 4 will show up, and the VidiNOW icon will be in the system tray as illustrated in Figure 3. The VidiNOW icon indicates the PC Meeting client software has started. It is ready to start a meeting or receive incoming calls from others.



Figure 3. VidiNOW PC Meeting icon at system tray

Join a Scheduled Meeting

All the scheduled meetings are listed under **<Meeting List>** at **{Meeting Center}** page. An invited user can join a scheduled meeting by clicking the **[Join]** button under **<Operations>** tag, as shown in Figure 4.



Figure 4. Join a scheduled meeting at {Meeting Center}

Start an Ad hoc Meeting

All the online users are listed under **<Public Address List>** at **{Meeting Center}** page. An online user can invite others in this list to start an ad hoc meeting, by clicking on the box of selected users under **<User ID>**. The meeting initiator can click on **<Ad hoc Meeting Settings>** bar to open the meeting parameter settings. To start this ad hoc meeting, click on **[Start]** button as illustrated in Figure 5.



Figure 5. Start an ad hoc meeting at {Meeting Center}

In a VidiNOW Meeting

Meeting participants can use audio, video, and data operations to conduct the meeting, as shown in Figure 6.



Figure 6. The Windows display of VidiNOW PC Meeting

Meeting Management

During the meeting, the meeting manager (or the initiator of an ad hoc meeting) can adjust the meeting settings in real time by clicking on **[Manage]** button, as shown in Figure 7.



Figure 7. Manage an ongoing meeting in real time at {Meeting Center}

The details of operations can be found in the subsequent chapters of this manual.

Chapter 2 VidiNOW PC Meeting Installation

The VidiNOW PC Meeting (aka VidiNOW client) is available for download from the VidiNOW Meeting Center (aka VidiNOW server). To ensure the successful download, installation, and proper operation, the security settings on Internet Explorer browser should be set up according to the instructions in this chapter. The last section of this chapter describes how to uninstall the VidiNOW PC Meeting.

2.1 Security Settings for IE Browser

The following description of security settings on Internet Explorer browser is based on Windows XP operating system. For other versions of Windows, the procedure is similar.

IE
<Tools>
<InternetOptions>
<Security>
[Custom Level...]

Go to the {**Security Settings**} dialog box in the Internet Explorer

Select the menu sequence **<Tools><Internet Options>** in Internet Explorer to display the {**Internet Options**} dialog box. Select the **<Security>** tab as illustrated in Figure 8. Click the [**Custom Level...**] to display the {**Security Settings**} dialog box.



Figure 8. IE {Internet Options} dialog box

{Security Settings}
Enable "Run ActiveX Controls and plug-ins"

Enable "Run ActiveX Controls and plug-ins" under the "ActiveX controls and plug-ins" section, as illustrated in Figure 9.



Figure 9. Enable "Run ActiveX Controls and Plug-ins"

{Security Settings}
Enable "Active scripting"

Enable "Active scripting" under the "Scripting" section as illustrated in **Figure 10**. Then click [OK] to save the changes.



Figure 10. Enable “Active Scripting”

2.2 Downloading VidiNOW PC Meeting Software

Meeting Center {Login}

Enter the URL or IP address of the Meeting Center in the browser. Depending on the installation of the server, the message of security certificate warning may come up because the HTTPS protocol is used for login. Proceed to the Meeting Center **{Login}** page as shown in Figure 11. Click “Install Software” on the **{Login}** page to enter the **{Download}** page, as shown in Figure 12.

**Figure 11. VidiNOW Meeting Center {Login} page**

Download

Click “Install” or “Client Software VidiNOW3-Setup-...exe” link to start the download. You can save VidiNOW PC Meeting software at a specified location to run it later, or select the "Run" directly from the server.

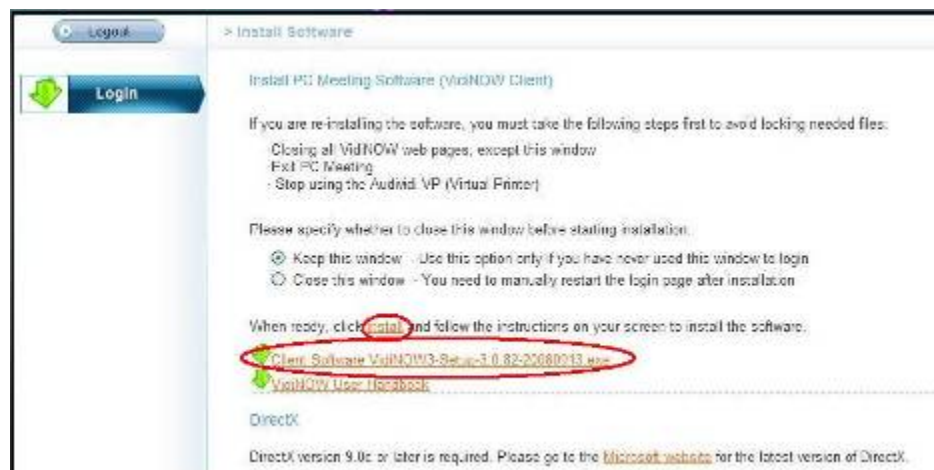


Figure 12. PC Meeting {Download} page

2.3 Installing VidiNOW PC Meeting

Select English for language option

The {InstallShield Wizard} dialog box (Figure 13) will be displayed when the installation process starts --- either run the downloaded file or run directly from the server. Select “**English**” in the dialog box as your language option and click [**N**ext] to continue.

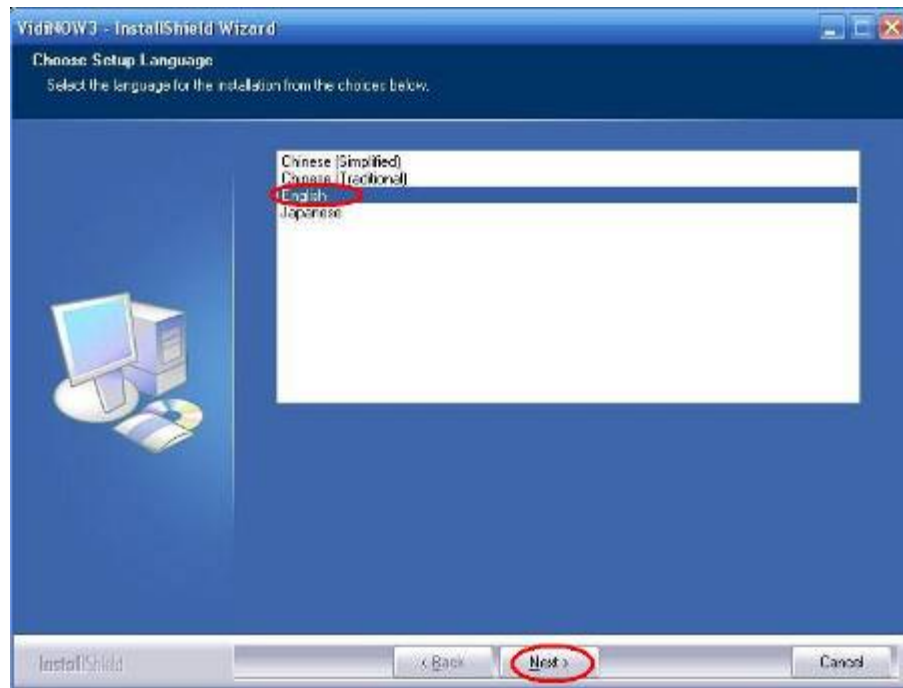


Figure 13. Selecting the language option of installation

Select Express or Custom Installation

PC Meeting will be installed to your “%System Disk\Program Files\Audiividi” by default. “**Express installation**” is recommended, unless you want to install it in a different location.

Select the “**Express installation**” and click [**N**ext] to begin the installation.



Figure 14. Selecting a setup type



NOTES

- VidiNOW, as the current release, only supports Microsoft Internet Explorer.
- DirectX version 9.0c or later is required. Please go to the Microsoft website for the latest version of DirectX.
- Users can choose the location which they want to save PC Meeting software.
- To customize installation location and network settings, refer to Appendix B.

Installation in Progress

The progress of installation will be displayed on the {InstallShield Wizard} dialog box (Figure 15). You can cancel the installation by clicking the [Cancel] button.

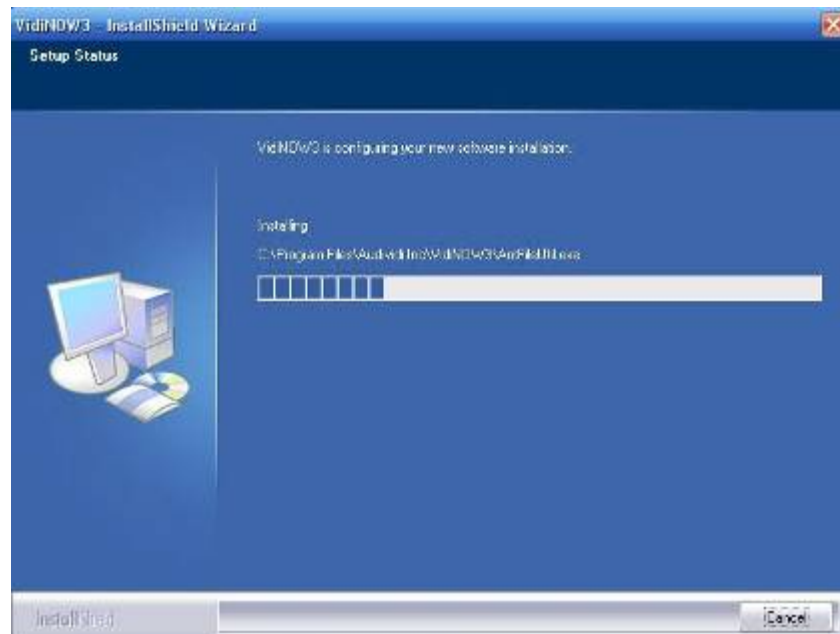


Figure 15. The progress of installation shown in {InstallShield Wizard} dialog box

Install Virtual Printer A virtual printer for the Annotation operation will be installed for screen capture.



Figure 16. Installing virtual printer

Install Mirror Driver A mirror driver will be installed for Program Share.

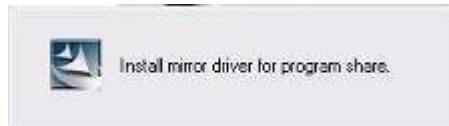


Figure 17. Installing mirror driver

PC Meeting installation is completed.

The following dialog box (Figure 18) will be displayed at the end of a successful installation. Select to restart the computer now or later, and click [**Finish**] to complete the installation. Before you can use VidiNOW PC Meeting, you must restart your computer.

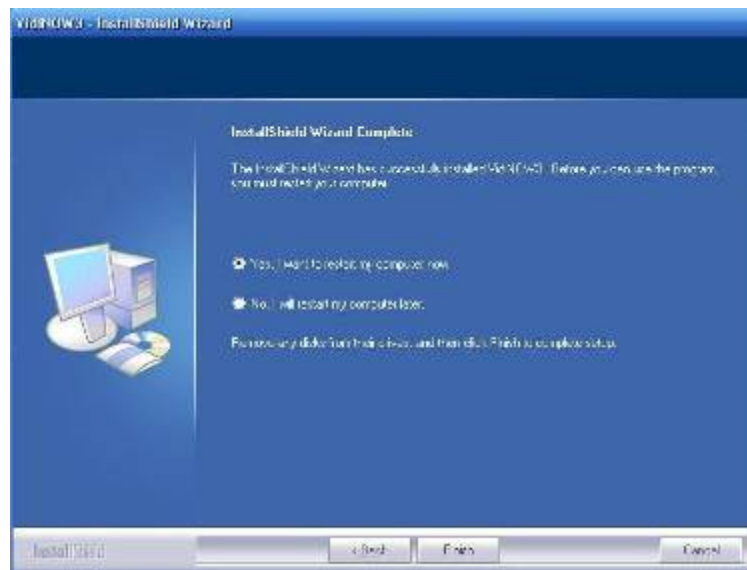


Figure 18. The End of PC Meeting Installation

2.4 Removing (Uninstalling) VidiNOW PC Meeting

Always use Windows “Add or Remove Programs” tool to remove the PC Meeting

At the bottom of PC screen, click [**Start**], <**Control Panel**>, then double-click <**Add or Remove Programs**>. Select “VidiNOW PC Meeting” in the list of the programs and then click [**Remove**].

When the dialog box “Do you want to completely remove the selected application and all of its features” appears, click [**Yes**] to remove the software.

Chapter 3 Login to VidiNOW Meeting Center

VidiNOW users can create, join, and manage meetings after a successful login to the VidiNOW Meeting Center. This chapter describes the login process and explains the features on the Meeting Center page.



Starting meetings and managing meetings in VidiNOW are part of a user's rights which are defined by the VidiNOW administrator. Users without the proper rights may not perform some of the operations discussed in this manual.

VidiNOW Meeting Center has an administrator account with the User ID "vidinow-admin". The administrator can create and manage other regular user accounts. Please refer to System Manager's Manual for detail information about this administrator account.

3.1 Login

{Login} page

{Login} page is illustrated in Figure 19. Enter the User ID and password (password is case-sensitive), select the language option and click [**Login**].


The language option selected here applies to the subsequent web pages. It will not affect the language option of the PC Meeting software, which is selected during client software installation as shown in Figure 13.

User can check the "Remember User ID and Password" option for the PC to remember the login data. The server software version number, "3.x.xx", is displayed on the upper right corner of **{Login}** page.



Figure 19. **{Login}** page

{Meeting Center} page

A successful login will bring the user to the **{Meeting Center}** page in Figure 20. If the PC Meeting program cannot link to the VidiNOW server successfully, the system tray at the lower right-hand corner will display the VidiNOW icon as: 

PC Meeting starts up automatically

VidiNOW PC Meeting will start automatically after the connection to the VidiNOW Meeting Center is established. It will then minimize to stay in the Windows system tray. The computer is now ready to send or receive meeting invitation over the network.

PC Meeting software upgrade

VidiNOW Meeting Center may prompt the users to upgrade the PC Meeting software in case the version of the PC Meeting is not compatible with the version of the Meeting Center.

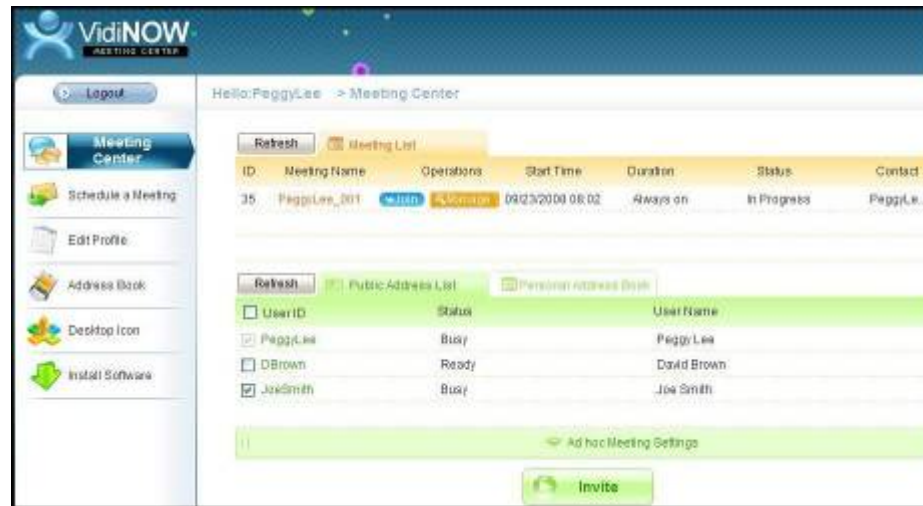


Figure 20. {Meeting Center} page: “Function Panel” on left column

Function Panel

The Function Panel on the left side of the **{Meeting Center}** page is explained in Table 1.



Function Button	Description
[Logout]	Logout of the Meeting Center
[Meeting Center]	As shown in Figure 20 - Displays the list of meetings available for this login user, including current and future meetings - Displays all online users - To start an ad hoc meeting, if the login user has the right to initiate a meeting
[Schedule a Meeting]	Set a Scheduled Meeting if the login user has the proper rights
[Edit Profile]	Edit this login user’s information
[Address Book]	Maintain a personal address book
[Desktop Icon]	Customize a VidiNOW desktop shortcut so the user can perform an operation quickly, such as login or join a meeting

[Install Software]	Download the VidiNOW PC Meeting and/or the required system software DirectX
---------------------------	---

Table 1. Buttons of the Function Panel


Administrator will see additional buttons [**Administration**] and [**LDAP Settings**] on the Function Panel. Administrator can manage all users, groups, meetings in the Meeting Center, and make LDAP Settings. Refer to System Manager's Manual for more information.

3.2 The Meeting List in Meeting Center

Meeting Center lists only meetings specific to the login user

A successful login will lead the user to the {**Meeting Center**} page, which can also be opened by clicking the [**Meeting Center**] button on the Function Panel. The {**Meeting Center**} page displays **Meeting List** in the upper half of the page, as illustrated in Figure 20. Only the meetings related to this login user are shown. Meetings are listed bottom up, in the sequence of created time

Meeting List explanation

All the items under <**Meeting List**> are explained in Table 2.

<Meeting List> Item	Description
ID	Meeting ID is assigned by the Meeting Center.
Meeting Name	Meeting Name is the name of the meeting. The default name given by Meeting Center is "UserID_XXX". The meeting creator can change this name.
Operations	The displayed operation buttons match the role of the login user (such as meeting manager, invited participants, ...etc). The definitions of all the operation buttons are listed in Table 3.
Start Time	The starting time of the meeting, with the clock reference to the server time.
Duration	Length of time slot for this scheduled meeting. For example, 2 hours is displayed as (02:00:00). " Always On " is a special value used for a Scheduled Meeting that never ends.
Status	Possible values are " Scheduled ", " Available & Empty ", and " In Progress " Scheduled: for a scheduled meeting to start in the future In Progress: for an on-going meeting with participants currently in the meeting Available & Empty: for an on-going meeting without any participant in the meeting. The "Always On" meeting with this status means empty virtual meeting room that no one is currently using.

Contact	The person to contact about the meeting. The default is the meeting creator.
----------------	--

Table 2. <Meeting List> explanation

Operations the user can do to listed meetings

The operation buttons are listed in Table 3.

Operations	Description
[Join]	The meeting has started. The login user can join this meeting. See Section 5.3.
[Info]	Display information about the currently available meeting. This is also the entry for a participant to download document files under [File] tab.
[Manage]	Manage the meeting. This is available to the meeting manager only. Please refer to Chapter 6 for meeting management.
[Edit]	The meeting hasn't started yet. The meeting creator can edit the meeting information. See Section 5.2.
[Delete]	The meeting hasn't started yet. The meeting creator can delete this meeting. See Section 5.2.

Table 3. Operations that the user can do to listed meetings


For a repeated login (from a different computer) with the same User ID, the original login user will receive a message, saying "UserXXX has registered to the Directory from another computer; this connection is terminated." Then, the connection will be terminated by the Meeting Center. The newly loggein user will kick the old one off the Meeting Center with the identical User ID.

Chapter 4 Ad hoc Meeting

Rich media meeting as easy as Instant Message

The login user can select people from a list of online users and start an ad hoc meeting instantly. All the selected online users will receive a pop up dialog prompting for acceptance or rejection of the invitation. Upon accepting the invitation, the PC Meeting will fire up at the invitee's computer to join this meeting. Audio and video will start automatically.

Ad hoc meeting is as easy to use as any personal Instant Message software. Yet, it is specially designed for conducting group meetings with audio, video, and sophisticated collaboration operations.

This chapter explains how to start and join an ad hoc meeting. It also recommends proper network setting for a successful server/client connection.

4.1 Starting an Ad hoc Meeting

At the {Meeting Center} page, the login user can start an ad hoc meeting instantly with three simple steps, as illustrated in Figure 21:

1. Select participants from the list of online users.
2. Set up meeting rights.
3. Click [Start] button.

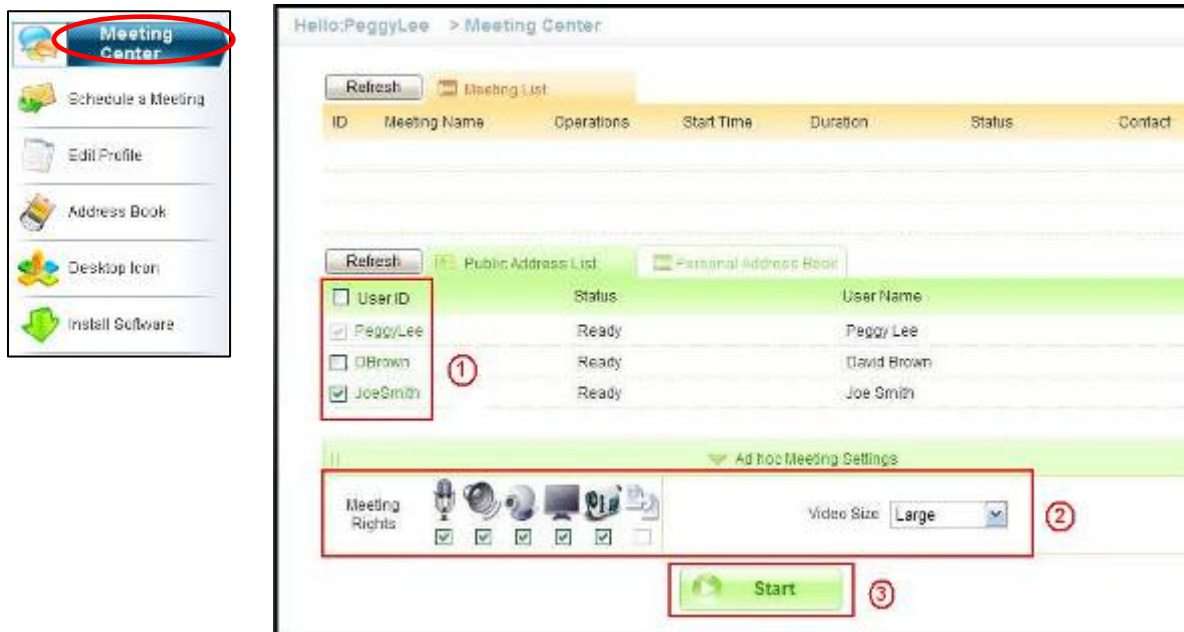


Figure 21. Starting an ad hoc meeting at {Meeting Center} page

Select Participants

Click on the boxes of User ID to invite meeting participants, using online user list from either **<Public Address List>** or **<Personal Address Book>**.

<Public Address List>: The list of all online users in this VidiNOW server.

<Personal Address Book>: The list of online users, who are in this login user's personal address book.

Set up Meeting Rights

Click on **<Ad hoc Meeting Settings>** bar will turn on/off the display of **Meeting Rights**.

The login user as the meeting creator can set rights of audio, video, and meeting recording for this meeting. The default settings in this field are derived from the rights of this login user, which is set by the VidiNOW administrator. The meeting creator can turn off some meeting rights, but not enable new rights beyond the default settings. The meeting creator can also set the video size for the meeting.

Check a box to enable the corresponding right.

Table 4 lists the meeting rights and video size used in the VidiNOW system.







	Audio input (microphone) right: this meeting participant can speak to the meeting when this is enabled.
	Audio output (speaker) right: this meeting participant can hear the audio from the meeting when this is enabled.
	Video input (camera) right: this meeting participant can send video image to the meeting for others to see when this is enabled.
	Video output (display) right: this meeting participant can see the video from the meeting when this is enabled.
	Meeting recording right: this meeting participant can record the meeting progress when this is enabled.
	File transfer right: this meeting participant has the privilege to use Document Center for file transfer.
Video Size	Set up the display size of video image: “Normal” for 160x120, “Large” for 320x240, “Larger” for 640x480, “Larger(wide)” for 640x360, “HD 720P” for 1280x720. The default setting is “Large” .

Table 4. Meeting Rights and Video Size

Start a meeting and Invite more people to


- **[Start]** and **[Invite]**
Click the **[Start]** button to initiate a meeting. The meeting manager will see

the meeting

this button change to [**Invite**] after the meeting starts. The meeting manager can add more people to the meeting by checking the User ID boxes and clicking the [**Invite**] button.

The meeting creator is the meeting manager by default. Please refer to Chapter 6 for reassigning someone else to be the meeting manager.

Ringling and Cancel the Invitation

On the meeting creator's {**Meeting Center**} page, the ringing icon  preceding the invitee's User ID will show up before the invitation is answered. The meeting creator can cancel the invitation by a left click on the icon.

The ringing icon will disappear once the invited user accepts or rejects the invitation, or after 15 minutes of time-out period.

Ad hoc Meeting is listed under <Meeting List>

After the ad hoc meeting has started, all the users in the meeting can see information about the meeting in their respective {**Meeting Center**} page under <**Meeting List**>. The Ad hoc meeting is named as "User ID_XXX" by default. "User ID" is the meeting creator's User ID. "XXX" is a sequentially assigned number.

The creator is the first participant into the meeting. The meeting duration is "Always On". However, the Meeting Center will terminate the meeting automatically if all the meeting participants exit.

4.2 Joining an Ad hoc Meeting

Once a login user receives an invitation to an ad hoc meeting, the computer will prompt the user with {**VidiNOW Invitation**} dialog box at the lower right corner of the screen. The {**VidiNOW Invitation**} dialog box is shown in Figure 22.



Figure 22. {VidiNOW Invitation} to an ad hoc meeting

The user should click [**Accept**] to accept the invitation and enter the ad hoc meeting, or [**Cancel**] to decline the invitation.



*The {VidiNOW Invitation} will show up even if the user is already in an ongoing meeting. If the user clicks [**Accept**] button, the VidiNOW server will disengage this user from the current meeting and connect him/her to the new meeting.*

4.3 Exiting an Ad hoc Meeting

A participant can exit an ad hoc meeting by simply closing the **{PC Meeting}** window, or click the menu sequence **<File> <Exit>** at **{PC Meeting}** window.

Chapter 5 Scheduled Meeting

Scheduled Meetings are usually created before the actual meeting time. The participants are notified by e-mail or some other means. Participants also take the initiative to join the meeting from the **{Meeting Center}** page. Sophisticated video format and rights for each individual participant can be set up at the time the meeting is created, or changed when the meeting is ongoing.

5.1 Creating a Scheduled Meeting

There is a **[Schedule a Meeting]** button on the **Function Panel** column of the **{Meeting Center}** page. Click the **[Schedule a Meeting]** to enter the **{Scheduled Meeting}** page, as illustrated in Figure 23.

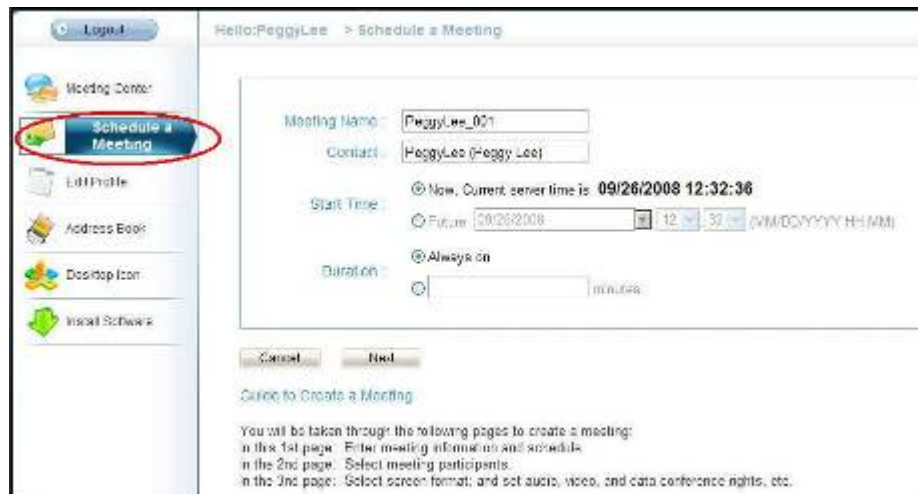


Figure 23. Schedule a Meeting - filling in meeting information

Step 1 – Setting Up the Meeting Information

The meeting creator needs to fill in the following information,

- **Meeting Name**

Meeting Center automatically assigns a meeting name “User ID_XXX” by default. “User ID” is that of the meeting creator and “XXX” is a sequentially assigned number. For example, “Tom_002” is the second meeting created by the user with User ID “Tom” in the Meeting Center.

Meeting creator can change the default meeting name to a more descriptive name, so other participants can easily identify the meeting.

- **Contact**

The meeting creator is assigned as the default contact by the Meeting Center. This field can be changed to any other person. This field is intended to be used to show the name or phone number of someone to contact in case the human

intervention is needed. For example, company network has to be shut down for urgent maintenance.

- **Start Time**

Enter the time to start the meeting. Select [**Now, Current server time is...**] if the user wants to start a meeting immediately. Or select the [**Future**] radio button and set a future time.

Please be aware the time is interpreted as the time of the Meeting Center.

- **Duration**

Set the length of time for the meeting. If [**Always on**] is selected, the meeting will not end until it is terminated by the meeting manager.

Click [**Next**] after all information is entered. It brings up {Select Participants} page as shown in Figure 24.

*Step 2 –
Selecting Participants
& Meeting Manager*

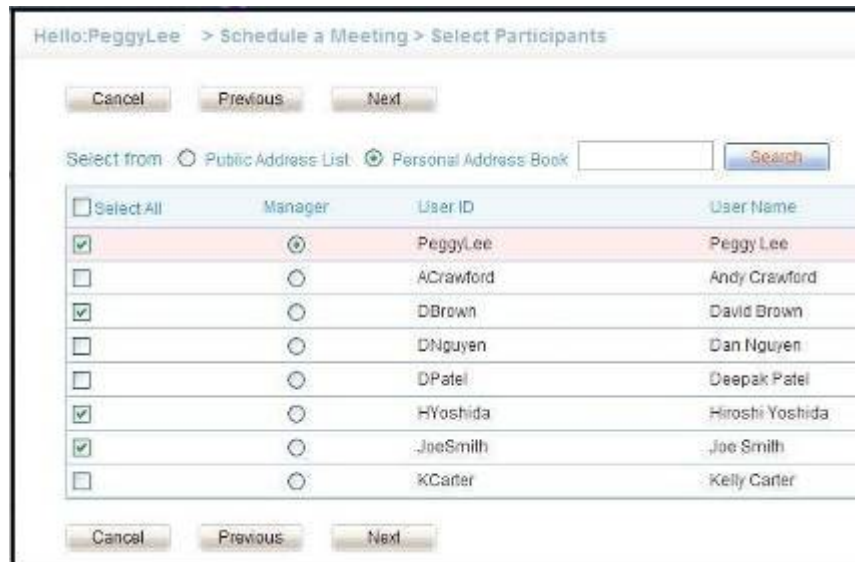


Figure 24. Schedule a Meeting – {Select Participants} page

The user can select meeting participants from <**Public Address List**> or <**Personal Address Book**>.

- **Public Address List**

This list includes all the user accounts in the Meeting Center.

- **Personal Address Book**

This list includes all the user accounts in the personal address book. Refer to Chapter 8 about how to create your own personal address book.

Check the boxes of the corresponding users to invite them to the Scheduled Meeting.

- **Meeting Manager**

The meeting creator is assigned as the meeting manager by default. To reassign the Meeting Manager, click on the radio button under the **Manager** column. Refer

to Chapter 6 about the meeting manager role.

Click [**Next**] after selecting participants and the meeting manager to enter {Select Meeting Format} page as in Figure 25. Or click [**Previous**] to modify meeting information.

**Step 3 –
Setting Up Meeting
Format and Rights**

In the {**Select Meeting Format**} page, the meeting creator can set the following options: (1) Set the video size for screen display (2) Set screen format (3) Select a meeting chair (4) Assign meeting rights and video position on the screen for each participant.

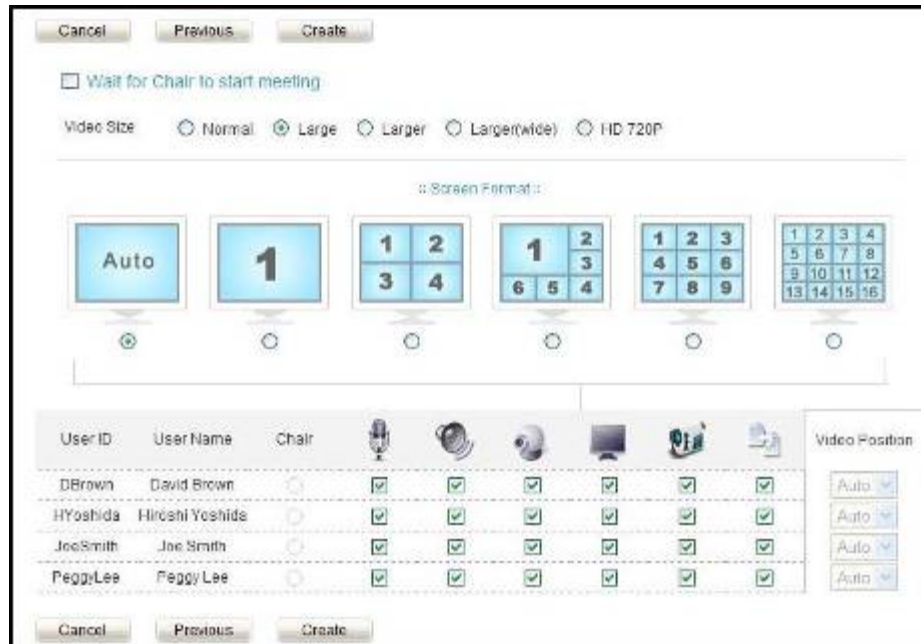


Figure 25. Schedule a Meeting – {Select Meeting Format} page

- **Wait for Chair to start meeting**

Once this box is checked, the meeting requires the meeting chair present to start. “Waiting for the Chair to join the meeting ...” message will be displayed to all participants trying to join the meeting before the meeting chair.

There is no such restriction if the box is not checked.

- **Video Size**

Set up the display size of video image: “**Normal**” for 160x120, “**Large**” for 320x240, “**Larger**” for 640x480, “**Larger(wide)**” for 640x360, “**HD 720P**” for 1280x720. The default setting is “**Large**”.

- **Screen Format**

This field allows the meeting creator to select a video display format. When the “**Auto**” is selected, the Meeting Center will automatically adjust the format to the number of participants to be displayed on the screen. Any selection other than “**Auto**” will force the Meeting Center to use that specific format for the video, regardless of the number of participants.

- **User ID & User Name**

These two fields list all the participants to join the Scheduled Meeting.

- **Chair**

The meeting creator can select a “Meeting Chair”, if the **<Wait for Chair to start meeting>** option is checked. Meeting Chair must be one of the meeting participants.

- **Meeting Rights**

Refer to Table 4 for the definitions of these meeting rights.

- **Video Position**

For a selected screen format other than “Auto”, the meeting creator can choose where to place a specific participant from the pull-down menu. In the example of Figure 26, a 6-person screen format is chosen for an 8-person meeting. The meeting creator can only pick 6 participants to fill the screen format.



Figure 26. Schedule a Meeting – set video position

Click [**Previous**] to modify or review previous steps.

Click [**Cancel**] to cancel the meeting creation and return to {**Meeting Center**}.

Click [**Create**] to create the Scheduled Meeting.

An {**Error**} page will display the reason of failure in case the meeting fails to be created.

Optional – Sending Meeting Notification

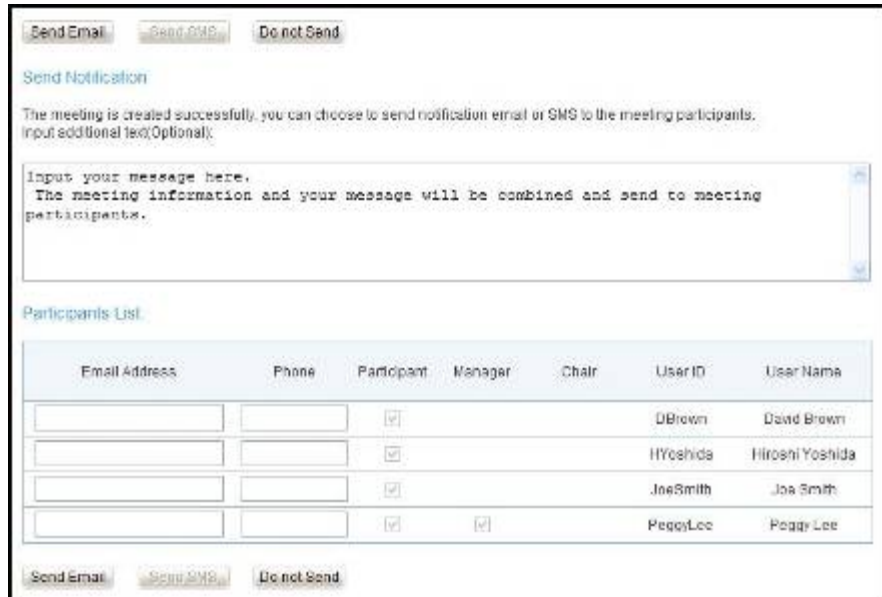
A {**Send Notification**} page will appear after a meeting is successfully created, as illustrated in Figure 27.

The Scheduled Meeting has been created up to this stage. Success or failure of the E-

mail notification will not change the status of this Scheduled Meeting. This meeting can be seen in the **{Meeting Center}** by all participants and the meeting manager.

VidiNOW will enter the e-mail addresses automatically if they are available in the users' profiles. The meeting creator can also enter them manually.

Click **[Send Email]** to send notification and return to **{Meeting Center}**. Click **[Do not Send]** and return to **{Meeting Center}** directly.



Send Notification

The meeting is created successfully, you can choose to send notification email or SMS to the meeting participants. Input additional text (Optional):

Input your message here.
The meeting information and your message will be combined and send to meeting participants.

Participants List

Email Address	Phone	Participant	Manager	Chair	User ID	User Name
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			DBrown	David Brown
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			HYoshida	Hiroshi Yoshida
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			JoeSmith	Joe Smith
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		PeggyLee	Peggy Lee

Send Email Send SMS Do not Send

Figure 27. Sending E-mail Notification

The notification e-mail includes meeting name, User ID, starting time, and Meeting Center IP address or URL, as shown in Figure 28.



Figure 28. Notification e-mail of a Scheduled Meeting

5.2 Editing a Scheduled Meeting

Before a scheduled meeting starts, the meeting creator can make changes to this scheduled meeting. Click the **[Edit]** button on the meeting list, as shown in Figure 29, to start the “**Schedule a Meeting**” process as in Figure 23.

The meeting creator can also delete a scheduled meeting before it starts, simply by clicking the **[Delete]** button in the meeting list.



Figure 29. Editing/Deleting a scheduled meeting; Joining a meeting

5.3 Joining a Meeting

When the start time of a scheduled meeting passes, the meeting becomes

“**Available**”. All participants will see a blue **[Join]** button on the meeting list of their respective **{Meeting Center}** page.

Click the **[Join]** button on the meeting list, as shown in Figure 29, to join this meeting. The **{PC Meeting}** window will fire up automatically to connect to the VidiNOW server.

5.4 Exiting a Meeting

A participant may exit a meeting in one of the following ways:

- **Exit/Close {PC Meeting} window**

Use menu sequence **<File><Exit>** to hang up the meeting, or simply close the **{PC Meeting}** window.

- **Duration has ended**

The meeting will stop when the duration set by meeting creator is up.

- **Disconnect or terminate**

The meeting manager can disconnect or delete selected meeting participants during the meeting, or terminate the meeting completely by using the **[Terminate]** (refer to Chapter 6 for details).

Chapter 6 Meeting Management

A meeting manager can perform the following management tasks to the meetings that he/she is assigned to manage. Administrator (“Admin”) can see and manage all meetings on the server.

- **Viewing meeting information**
- **Controlling entry into a meeting**
- **Terminating a meeting**
- **Reassigning a meeting manager**
- **Managing participant list**
- **Changing meeting format**
- **Changing connection settings**
- **Managing document files**

Only the user with a right to create meetings can be assigned as a meeting manager. This right and several other rights are assigned when the user account is created by the VidiNOW administrator.

A meeting manager can manage a meeting using the web page interface, without being in the meeting. This capability allows a dedicated meeting manager in charge of the meeting logistics based on real-time network performance measurement, while staying out of the meeting for confidentiality reason.

The meeting to be managed will be called “current meeting” in the following sections.

6.1 Meeting Management Web Pages

When a meeting status is “**Available & Empty**” or “**In Progress**”, the meeting manager will have a [**Manage**] button under the <Operations> column of the <Meeting List>, as shown in Figure 30.



ID	Meeting Name	Operations	Start Time	Duration	Status	Contact
100	PeggyLee_001	Join Manage	09/26/2009 13:44	Always on	In Progress	PeggyLe..
99	Marketing 1	Join Cancel	09/29/2008 13:09	01:00:00	Scheduled	PeggyLe..

Figure 30. Meeting Management entry

When the meeting manager clicks [**Manage**] button on a meeting list, VidiNOW will go to the {**Meeting Information**} page, illustrated in Figure 31, as the entry into the Meeting Management operation.

The major management functions are categorized into several web pages as: {**Meeting Information**}, {**Assign Manager**}, {**Participant List**}, {**Meeting Format**}, {**Connect Settings**}, and {**File Management**}. The “**Tab Bar**” across the upper part of each management page, as shown in Figure 31, provides the access to other management

pages. Table 5 is a brief description of the tabs listed on the **Tab Bar**.

Function components	Description
[Meeting Information]	<p>See meeting information for the current meeting. This is also the entry page to meeting management.</p> <p>The buttons for “terminating the meeting” and “allow/disallow joining” are available on this page only.</p> <p>The page display will refresh if the user is already in the {Meeting Information} page.</p>
[Assign Manager]	Assign another user to be the meeting manager of the current meeting.
[Participant List]	<p>List all participants of the current meeting and their respective status.</p> <p>Disconnect/Delete current participants. Add new participants.</p>
[Meeting Format]	Set meeting format and participant’s rights for the current meeting. Meeting rights include audio, video, recording, and file transfer.
[Connect Settings]	Change operational settings of the current meeting. This is for expert users only.
[File Management]	Upload document files to be used in current meeting.

Table 5. Meeting Management tabs

The “**Meeting Name**” of the current meeting is displayed above the “**Tab Bar**” on each management page. Each page has its own associated buttons, located on top and bottom rows, as shown in Figure 31.



Figure 31. {Meeting Information} page

6.2 Viewing Meeting Information

Most of the contents on **{Meeting Information}** page are the same as on Meeting List, exemplified in Figure 30. The extra information is explained underneath:

- **Join**
Either “**Allow**” or “**Disallow**” indicates if the meeting is still open for joining.
- **Manager**
This field displays the manager’s User ID.
- **Wait for Chair**
Either “**Yes**” or “**No**” indicates if this option is chosen.
- **Number of Participants**
This field displays the total number of scheduled participants.
- **Current Attendees**
This field displays the number of participants currently in the meeting.

The three buttons on the top and bottom rows of **{Meeting Information}** page are explained in the following:

- **[Disallow Join]/[Allow Join]**

Control the entry to the current meeting as the name indicated. This button toggles between the two values. See Section 6.3 for the detail.

- **[Terminate]**

Terminate the current meeting. See Section 6.4 for the detail.

- **[Join]**

This button shows up if the meeting manager is also a participant of the current meeting. It allows him/her to join the meeting by clicking the button.

6.3 Controlling Entry into a Meeting

Closing/Opening Door to Meeting

The meeting manager controls the door to the meeting by using the **[Disallow Join]** (or **[Allow Join]**) button in the **{Meeting Information}** page (Figure 31). This button toggles its operation depending on the “**Join**” state of the current meeting.

- **[Allow Join]**

Allow participants to join the meeting. This button is available when the “**Join**” state of the current meeting is “**Disallow**”.

- **[Disallow Join]**

Stop more participants to enter the meeting. This button is available when the “**Join**” state of the current meeting is “**Allow**”.

6.4 Terminating a Meeting

The Meeting Manager can permanently close a meeting by using this **[Terminate]** button in the **{Meeting Information}** page (Figure 31). A dialog box will pop up for confirmation. All participants are forced to exit and the meeting is closed as soon as the operation is confirmed.

The Meeting Center will go back to the **{Meeting Information}** page if this operation is cancelled.

6.5 Reassigning a Meeting Manager

The Meeting Manager can pass the role to someone else. This operation is done through the **{Assign Manager}** page.

The new meeting manager can be selected from the “**Meeting Participants**”, “**Public Address List**” or “**Personal Address Book**”.

Click the [**Save**] button after the selection is made.



Figure 32. Reassigning a Meeting Manager

6.6 Managing Participant List

The {**Participant List**} page is illustrated in Figure 33.



Figure 33. Participant List

- **In Meeting**
Indicates if the participant is already in the meeting.
- **Join Time**
Indicates when the participant joined the meeting. This field is blank if the participant has not yet joined the meeting.
- **User Name**
Indicates participant's name.
- **Phone**
Indicates participant's phone number.

The four buttons on the top and bottom rows of the {**Participant List**} page are

explained below:

“Disconnect a participant from a meeting” temporarily

“Delete a participant from a meeting” permanently

- **[Refresh]**
Refresh this **{Participant List}** web page. The user list is updated to reflect the new status.
- **[Disconnect]**
Disconnect the selected participants from the meeting. This operation disconnects the participants but does not remove them from the Participant List. They can join the meeting again if the meeting allows.
- **[Delete]**
Disconnect the selected users if they are in the meeting and remove them from the Participant List.



Participants can be removed regardless of whether they are in the meeting or not. A meeting manager can be deleted from the Participant List and continue to be the meeting manager since the meeting manager is not necessarily a participant.

- **[Add]**
Add more participants. After clicking on **[Add]** button, a new page under the same tab of **{Participant List}** displays either **“Public Address List”** or **“Personal Address Book”** for the Meeting Manager to select new participants, as illustrated in Figure 34.

Select the people to add from the **“Public Address List”** or **“Personal Address Book”**. Then click the **[OK]** button.



Figure 34. Adding Participants

6.7 Changing Meeting Format

The Meeting Manager can change the video format and meeting rights of each participant in the **{Meeting Format}** page, as illustrated in Figure 35.

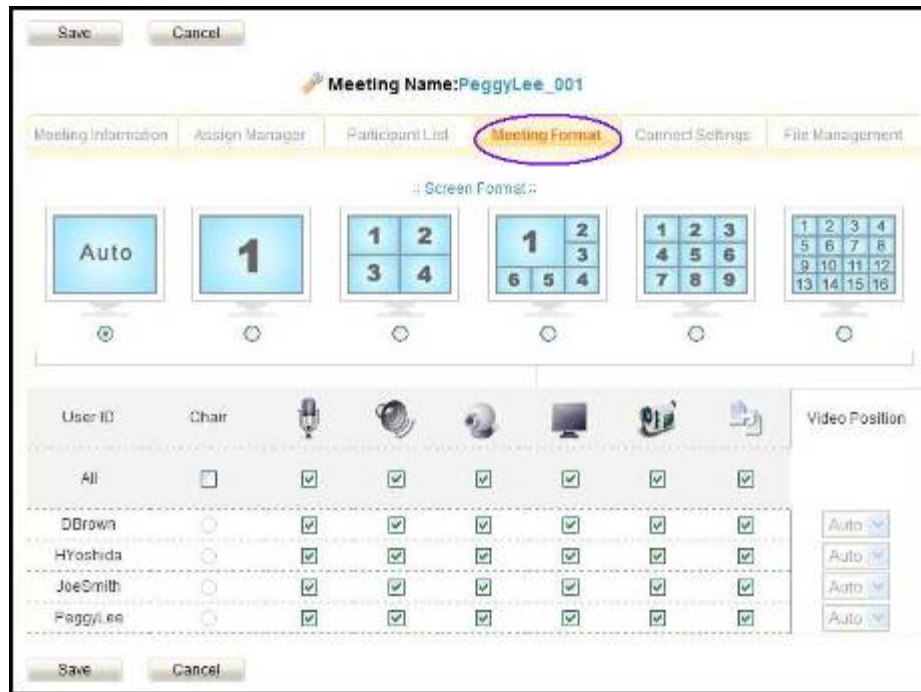


Figure 35. Meeting Format

Please refer to the “Step3 – Setting Up Meeting Format and Rights” in Section 5.1.

Click the [**Save**] button to complete the operation.

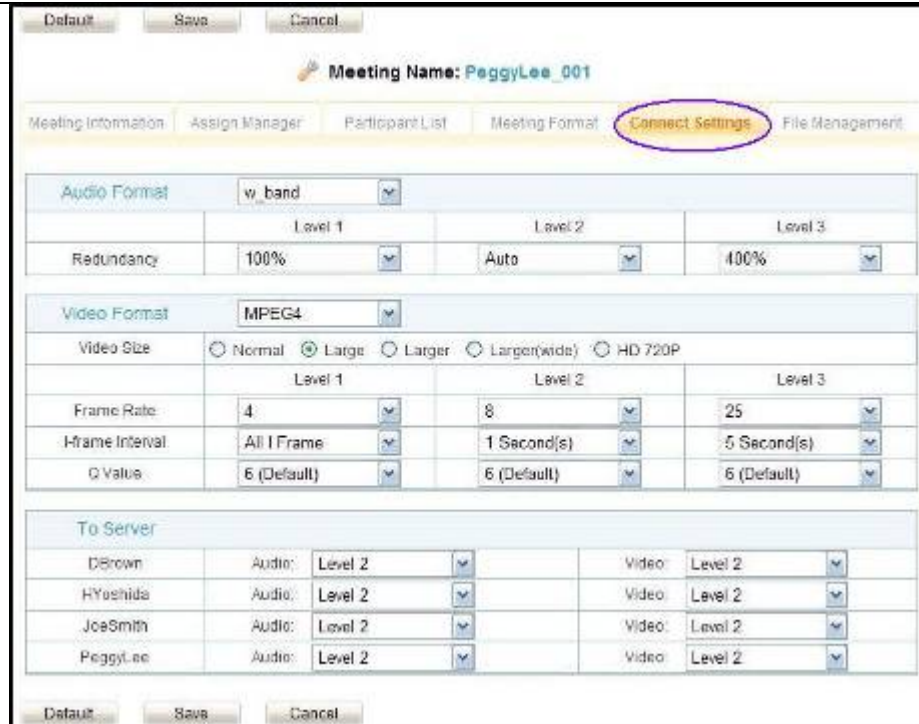
6.8 Changing Connection Settings

This section is only for expert users.

It is recommended to stay with the Meeting Center default settings.

Performance of the public Internet fluctuates up and down. When the Internet performance degrades and the default settings can no longer provide adequate communication quality, the Meeting Manager can adjust parameters in this page in real-time to compensate for the changes.

The **{Connect Settings}** page is illustrated in Figure 36. This page is intended for expert users only. Detail explanation of the technical terms in this page is out of the scope of this manual.



Audio Format		w_band		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Redundancy	100%	Auto	400%	

Video Format		MPEG4		
Video Size	<input type="radio"/> Normal <input checked="" type="radio"/> Large <input type="radio"/> Larger <input type="radio"/> Larger(wide) <input type="radio"/> HD 720P			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	
Frame Rate	4	8	25	
I-frame Interval	All I Frame	1 Second(s)	5 Second(s)	
Q Value	6 (Default)	6 (Default)	6 (Default)	

To Server				
DBrown	Audio:	Level 2		Video: Level 2
HYoshida	Audio:	Level 2		Video: Level 2
JoeSmith	Audio:	Level 2		Video: Level 2
PeggyLee	Audio:	Level 2		Video: Level 2

Figure 36. Connection Settings

There is a trade off between the amount of data to be sent across the network and the quality of the audio and video delivered. The most appropriate codec is dependent on the user priority, for instance, trade off between the video image quality and the motion fluidity when the network bandwidth is limited and changing.

The Meeting Manager can define up to 3 levels of audio and 3 levels of video codec for a meeting. The inbound and outbound audio and video can be processed using the most appropriate codec.

The initial setting by the Meeting Center uses only one level of codec. Please be aware the more codec levels are used the more server CPU performance is consumed. The adjustment on **{Connect Settings}** page should only be done when the audio and video quality severely deteriorates by the network.

Audio codec setting consists of **Audio Format** and **Redundancy**.

- **Audio Format**

This parameter selects a compression format for the audio data. The default w_band is highly recommended.

- **Redundancy**

This parameter sets a level of audio data redundancy to overcome the data drop out caused by the Internet.

Video codec consists of **Video Format**, **Video Size**, **Frame Rate**, **I-frame Interval**, and **Q value**.

- **Video Format**

This parameter selects the compression format used by the video data. Staying

with the default compression scheme is highly recommended.

- **Video Size**

This parameter selects the video image size.

- **Frame Rate**

This parameter sets the number of frames per second. With higher frame rate setting, VidiNOW will consume more network bandwidth. Be aware that the public Internet may not be able to sustain a high frame rate.

If the audio shows signs of breakup, the Meeting Manager should decrease this “**Frame Rate**” number to lower the bandwidth consumed by the video. Therefore, there is less competition for the limited bandwidth between the audio and video.

A frequently used adjustment is to lower the video quality to maintain the audio quality.

An individual participant can also “Mute” the video to keep the audio when the network is really bad.



Part of the video data will be lost in the Internet, so the video frame rate one sees in display may not be the number indicated here. Sending video in high frame rate will create high network traffic that could cause worse congestion for busy network. So the meeting manager should lower the frame rate when the network is not in good conditions.

- **I-frame interval**

This parameter indicates the time interval between two I-frames in unit of second. Changing this number is not recommended.

- **Q Value**

This parameter indicates the image quality of each individual compressed frame. Lower value will result in better quality for the individual frame, but will increase the amount of video data to the network dramatically. Then, it will lead to a bad video quality in a bandwidth limited network because more data will be dropped by the network.



There is a trade off between the amount of data and the quality of each individual video frame. The network effect is very often more visible than the compression quality. A lower frame rate and higher Q value to reduce the amount of data over the network may end up with a more acceptable video performance.

- **To Server**

Selects the audio and video settings from the client (PC Meeting) to the server (VidiNOW Meeting Center). The default is “**Level 2**” for both audio and video settings, defined under “**Audio Format**” and “**Video Format**” in Figure 36.

6.9 Managing Document Files

Meeting Manager controls “**Upload**” and “**Delete**” of document files used in the current meeting from the {**File Management**} page, as shown in Figure 37.



Figure 37. {File Management} page

Clicking on **[Upload]** button will open the **[Browse]** & **[Done]** buttons. Click on **[Browse]** to select a file and then click on **[Done]** for the file to be uploaded.




To remove files, just select the files and click **[Delete]** button.

Chapter 7 VidiNOW PC Meeting Operation

This chapter explains the user interface of VidiNOW PC Meeting. Section 7.1 presents the general view of PC Meeting's window layout. Section 7.2 to 7.10 explains the major functions as: Host & Moderator, Program Sharing, Web Sharing, Media Sharing, Presentation, Annotation, Document Center, Text Chat, and Meeting Recording. The last three sections, 7.11 to 7.13, are about setting options: Video Options, Audio Options, and Network Options.

7.1 Window Layout

When the user joins a VidiNOW meeting, the **{VidiNOW PC Meeting}** window will start up, as illustrated in Figure 38. The layout of this window is made of one main window (**{Data Operation}**), several smaller windows on the left pane (**{Participants}**, **{Chat}**, **{Doc Center}**), and four bars across the top and bottom as (**Title Bar**, **Menu Bar**, **Toolbar**, and **Status Bar**).

The window layout will change by the user's actions, such as: (1) Open/close functional windows via **<View>** menu. (2) Close functional windows by clicking on the "x" sign. (3) Manipulate video display mode via right click or double click. (4) Change the **{Data Operation}** window to full screen and vice versa, by clicking on  and . (5) Change to a preset layout using the layout icon  at the Status Bar.

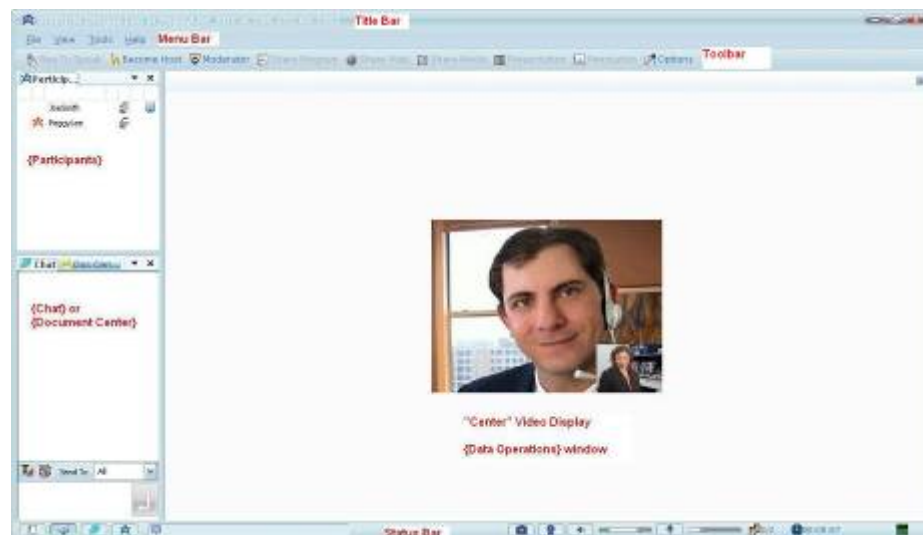


Figure 38. {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window at start up

Title Bar The Title Bar displays User ID, Meeting Name, and Server URL in the format as “User_ID in Meeting_Name at Server_URL”.


Menu Bar There are four items in the Menu Bar: <File>, <View>, <Tools>, and <Help>.

<File> The <File> <Exit> is used to close the PC Meeting program, thus exit the current meeting.

<Help> The <Help><About> displays version number of this PC Meeting program.

Menu Bar There are six items under <View> as: <Video>, <Participants>, <My Video>, <Chat>, <Doc Center>, <Floating left pane>, <Toolbar>, and <Status Bar>.

<View>






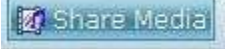


View menu items	Description
<View> <Video>	Turn on/off the video display of all participants. There are four display options: “Center”, “Corner”, “Floating”, and “Full Screen”. At default, the video is displayed in the center of the main window. The icon  at the Status Bar is a shortcut of <View><Video>. Read Section 7.1.1 about how to manipulate the video display modes.
<View> <Participants>	Turn on/off the display of {Participants} window on the left pane. It will share the same location with {My Video}, when both are enabled. Click on the downward triangle at upper bar to switch between {My Video} and {Participants}. This window is opened at start-up. Read Section 7.1.2 for the detailed description on all the symbols used in the {Participants} window.
<View> <My Video>	Turn on/off the local video image on the left pane. It will share the same location with {Participants}, when both are enabled. Click on the downward triangle in the upper bar to switch between {My Video} and {Participants}.
<View> <Chat>	Turn on/off the {Chat} window on the left pane. It will share the same location with {Document Center}, when both are enabled. Click on the tab of the upper bar to switch between {Chat} and {Doc Center}. Both {Chat} and {Doc Center} are opened at start-up. Read Section 7.9 for the detailed description of {Chat}.
<View> <Doc Center>	Turn on/off the {Doc Center} window on the left pane. It will share the same location with {Chat}, when both are enabled. Click on the tab of the upper bar to switch between {Chat} and {Doc Center}. Both {Chat} and {Doc Center} are opened at start-up. See Section 7.8 for the detailed description of {Doc Center}.
<Floating left	Change the left pane into an independent window, separated

pane>	from {PC Meeting} window. When this floating window is closed, the left pane will go back to the same location of {PC Meeting} window.
<Toolbar>	Turn on/off the display of the Toolbar .
<Status Bar>	Turn on/off the display of the Status Bar .

Table 6. <View> Menu of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window

Menu Bar
<Tools>
(or Toolbar)

There are ten items under **<Tools>** as: **<Req to Speak>**, **<Become Host>**, **<Moderator>**, **<Share Program>**, **<Share Web>**, **<Share Media>**, **<Presentation>**, **<Annotation>**, **<Recording>**, and **<Options>**. These **<Tools>** items also appear on Toolbar, except **<Recording>**.

Tools menu items	Description
<Tools> <Req to Speak> 	Participants can request to speak in a moderated meeting. See Section 7.2.
<Tools> <Become Host> 	The participant will become host of data operations (Share Program, Share Web, Share Media, and Annotation), when this request is granted by the current host or moderator. See Section 7.2.
<Tools> <Moderator> 	Only the meeting manager can conduct the meeting as moderator. See Section 7.2.
<Tools><Share Program> 	Share Program is one of the data operations. See Section 7.3.
<Tools> <Share Web> 	Share Web is one of the data operations. See Section 7.4.
<Tools> <Share Media> 	Share Media is one of the data operations. See Section 7.5.
<Tools> <Presentation> 	Presentation is one of the data operations See Section 7.6
<Tools> <Annotation> 	Annotation is one of the data operations. See Section 7.7.
<Tools> <Recording>	Record the meeting in progress. See Section 7.10.





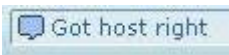





<p><Tools> <Options></p> 	<p>The <Options> opens a dialog box for the settings in the following categories: General, Annotation, Doc Center, Chat, Video, Audio, and Network.</p>
--	---

Table 7. <Tools> Menu of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window

Status Bar

The Status Bar provides a quick glimpse of important meeting status, shortcut for preset window layouts, and shortcuts for audio/video controls.

Status Bar items	Description
	<p>This is a shortcut to open the {Chat} window.</p>
 <p>or</p> 	<p>In a free form meeting with ongoing data session, the current host will receive a flashing red icon when there is a participant request of “Become Host”. In the meantime, the host will see a raising hand appearing at requester’s UserID in {Participants} window.</p> <p>In a moderated meeting, moderator will receive a flashing red icon when there is a participant request of “Become Host” or “Request to Speak”.</p> <p>On “Become Host”, the moderator will see a raising hand appearing at requester’s UserID in {Participants} window.</p> <p>On “Request to Speak”, the moderator will see a raising hand with a microphone appearing at requester’s UserID in {Participants} window.</p>
	<p>This message line conveys the important status related to request/grant of host and audience mike, which is a reminder of the status already illustrated in {Participants} window.</p> <p>The message line may also show the status of an ongoing task, such as “Recording is successful”.</p>
<p>Moderator</p>	<p>This is a moderated meeting.</p>
	<p>This is a shortcut to several preset window layouts.</p>
	<p>This is a shortcut of <View> <Video>.</p>
	<p>Mute control on display See Section 7.1.3 for mute control.</p>
	<p>Mute control on camera See Section 7.1.3 for mute control.</p>
	<p>Mute control on speaker See Section 7.1.3 for mute control.</p> <p>Speaker volume adjustment See Section 7.1.4 for volume adjustment.</p>



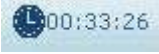

	Mute control on microphone See Section 7.1.3 for mute control. Microphone volume adjustment See Section 7.1.4 for volume adjustment.
	Attendance status Example: “2/3” means 2 participants in the meeting, but 3 people are invited or scheduled.
	Progression time of the meeting Example: “00:33:26” means 0 hour, 33 minutes, and 26 seconds
	CPU usage indicator

Table 8. The Status Bar of {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window

7.1.1 Video Display

There are four display options: “Center”, “Corner”, “Floating”, and “Full Screen”. The default display when {PC Meeting} starts up is “Center” display mode.

“Center” display mode

When the video display is set to “Center”, the video image of all participants with video right is placed in the center of the {Data Operation} window, as shown in Figure 38. With a right click on the {Data Operation} window, a menu box will pop up as shown in Figure 39.

In a two-participant meeting, the video display shows the opposite participant’s video. When the <Picture in Picture> is selected (as default), My Video is inserted in the lower right-hand corner, as shown in Figure 38.

<Floating>, when selected, will change the display mode to “Floating”. <Show User Name>, when selected, will display user name in the upper left corner of the participant’s video image. <Stretch & Keep Ratio> will stretch the video image to fill the window. The mute functions (<Mute Audio In>, <Mute Audio Out>, <Mute Video In>, and <Mute Video Out>) are self-explanatory.



Figure 39. Pop up menu box in “Center” display mode

A double-click on the video image will bring the video display up to “Full Screen” mode.

If the user closes the {Data Operation} window, the video display will be moved to the “Corner” position. The {Welcome} window will pop up in the {Data Operation} window, as shown in Figure 40, with the meeting information in three lines as: meeting name, meeting starting time of the local computer, and meeting manager name.

“Corner” display mode

The “Corner” video display is placed on the upper left corner, as shown in Figure 40.

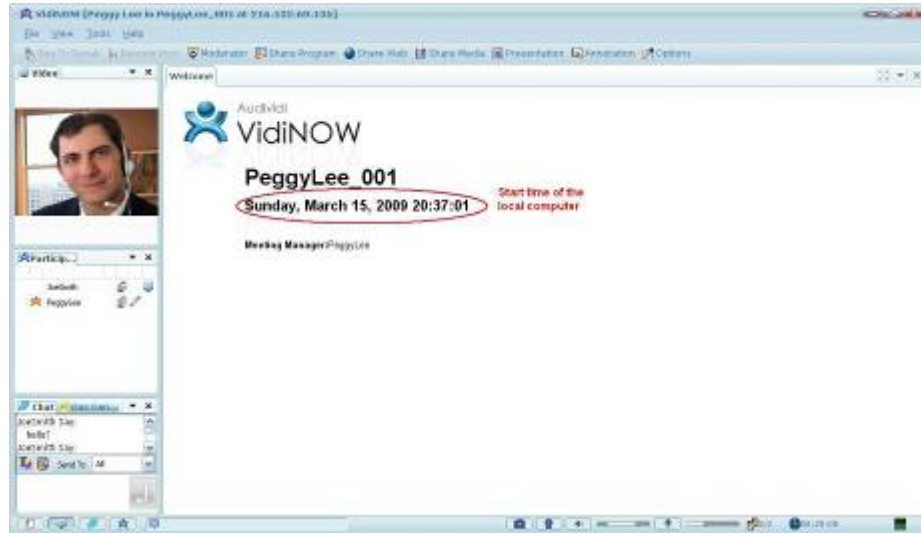


Figure 40. {PC Meeting} with “Corner” video display and {Welcome} window

A right click on this video window will pop up a menu as in Figure 41. The <Floating> and <Center> selections allow the switch of video display mode. If this video window is closed and reopened with <View> <Video> from the Menu Bar, the video display will still be in the “Corner” mode.



Figure 41. Pop up menu box in “Corner” display mode

A double-click on the video image will bring the video display up to “Full Screen” mode.

“Floating” display

The “Floating” display is originally placed on the upper left corner like the “Corner”

mode

display, but with a frame added around the window. The user can drag this video window to any place on the screen, by grabbing the window. This video window can be scaled by dragging the edge of the frame. A “Floating” video window is demonstrated in Figure 42. When this video window is closed, the video image will be placed back to “Corner” display mode.

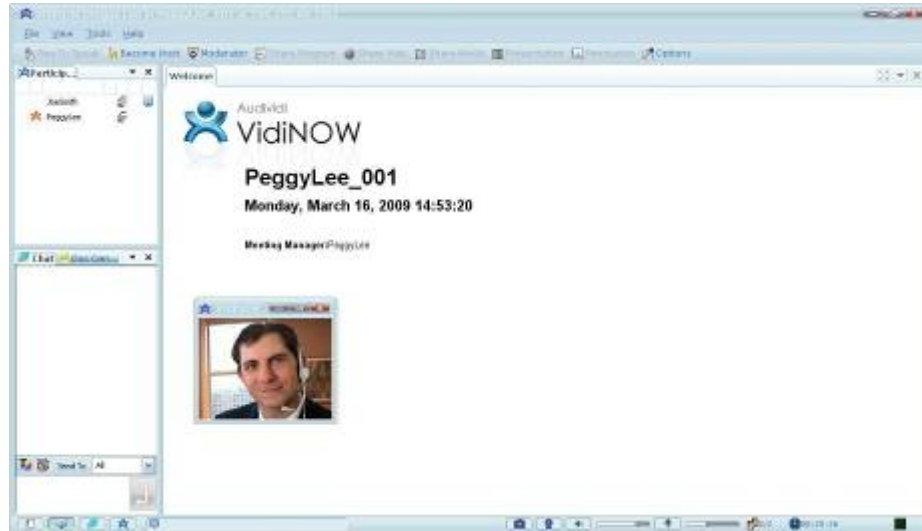


Figure 42. {PC Meeting} with “Floating” video display and {Welcome} window

A right click on this video window will pop up a menu box as in Figure 43. The <Center> selection will switch the video display to “Center” mode. If <Show Caption> is unchecked, the window frame will disappear. The <Always on Top> sets this video window always above other windows on the screen.



Figure 43. Pop up menu box in “Floating” video display

A double-click on the video image will bring the video display up to “Full Screen” mode.

“Full Screen” display mode

A double-click on the “Full Screen” video image will change it back to previous display mode.

7.1.2 Participants Window

There are seven columns used to describe the meeting rights of each participant.









Items on List	Description
	An up/down raising hand indicates the user's request to "Become Host".
	An up/down raising hand with a mike indicates the user's "Request to Speak". See Section 7.2 for detailed description.
	This user is meeting manager.
User ID	The user's User ID.
	The user is recording the meeting.
 Podium Mike	This user is allowed to speak into the meeting anytime at will. The podium mike is typically assigned to lecturers, invited speakers, and panelists by the moderator. By default, moderator and host will own a podium mike.
 Audience Mike	This user is allowed to speak into the meeting because of a grant from the moderator. There is only one audience mike in the meeting. Normal participants (audience) should "Req to Speak" to get the moderator's attention for granting the audience mike. Center of the microphone is the audio input volume bar. A row of green dots will flash across the volume bar when this user is speaking. This is also the place to locate the user whose microphone is picking up noise while no one is speaking. See Section 7.2 for the explanation on grant/retract mike in a meeting.
	This user is the current host of data operations (Share Program, Share Web, Share Media, Presentation, and Annotation).
	This user is presently in the video display.

Table 9. {Participants} window

7.1.3 Audio/Video Mute Control

Click the respective icon at the Status Bar (or using the Mute operations at the pop up menu as shown in Section 7.1.1) will mute display, camera, speaker, and microphone.

These devices are part of user’s rights, set up by the meeting creator upon the meeting creation, or by the meeting manager. The red cross sign, “**X**”, will appear on the icon when the corresponding right is disabled.

It is meaningless to “mute” a “Not Available” device, but is allowed. The corresponding media data stops to generate when a device is “Not Available” or “Muted”. The icons of mute control are illustrated in Table 10.
















Device	Not Available	Muted	Not Available & Muted
 Speaker			
 Microphone			
 Camera			
 Display			

Table 10. Audio/Video Mute Control

7.1.4 Audio Volume Adjustment

Microphone Volume



There is a green signal strength bar moving back and forth in the scale to indicate the instantaneous level of the microphone signal received by the computer.

In the default setting, the user cannot control the microphone volume, because the Automatic Gain Control (AGC) of the microphone device is enabled. VidiNOW will automatically adjust the microphone volume to a proper level when the AGC is on for most computers. User can turn off the AGC in the Audio **{Options}** dialog box (<Tools><Options><Audio> menu) when the AGC cannot produce a suitable signal level.

The slider on icon is the control for an amplification gain to the microphone signal. This slider can be dragged by mouse.

The signal bar and control operate independently in their respective ranges of operation. Position of the control does not indicate the highest position of the signal bar level.

Refer to Section 7.12 for adjusting microphone audio.

Speaker Volume



There is a signal strength bar moving back and forth in the scale to indicate the speaker volume sent out by VidiNOW. The slider on icon is a control for an amplification gain to the speaker output signal. This slider can be dragged by mouse.

The signal bar and control operate independently in their ranges of operation. Position of the control does not indicate the highest position of the signal level bar.



NOTES

If you do not hear audio from headset/speaker but the speaker signal is active, check the headset/speaker connection.

7.2 Host and Moderator

Host symbol at {Participants} box:



VidiNOW provides five data operations: “Share Program”, “Share Web”, “Share Media”, “Presentation”, and “Annotation”. At any time, there is only one host in a meeting who dictates the data operation session viewed by all other participants. The host is identified by a pencil symbol in **{Participants}** window. The message line at the Status Bar also states who the host is.

The VidiNOW meeting can be with or without the moderator, which is the role taken by the meeting manager. The default setting when a VidiNOW meeting starts is a Free Form Meeting. The meeting manager can change the Free Form Meeting to a Moderated Meeting, where the moderator controls grant/retract of host and mike rights.

Section 7.2.1 describes how to acquire and release host role in a Free Form Meeting. Section 7.2.2 describes the protocol used in a Moderated Meeting.

7.2.1 Become Host in a Free Form Meeting

In a Free Form Meeting, every participant is facilitated with a podium mike on the **{Participants}** window. Therefore, those with mike rights can speak into the meeting at will. If the participant isn’t assigned a mike right from the meeting creator (or meeting manager), his/her podium mike will not work.

Request to “Become Host”



Everyone in the meeting has equal opportunity to become the first host, by clicking on **<Become Host>** in the Toolbar. VidiNOW server assigns host to the first requester. Later on, the host role can change hands via the request/grant protocol.

The current host will see  and 

Whoever wishes to host the data session should raise hand by clicking on **<Become Host>** in the Toolbar. The current host will receive a flash red icon in the Status Bar, with a reminding message about who is requesting. Also, The current host will see a raising hand appearing at the requester’s User ID list in the **{Participants}** window. Figure 44 illustrates PeggyLee as the current host and KCarter as the requester.

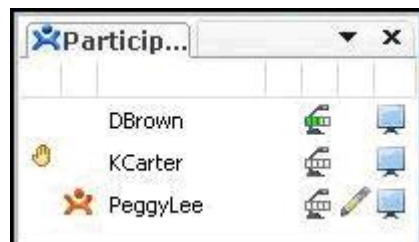


Figure 44. PeggyLee’s {Participants} window

The current host’s action: “Assign host” or “Refuse host request”.

The current host should right click on the requester’s User ID line to get a pop up menu for the choice of “Assign host” or “Refuse host request”. See Figure 45 for the illustration.

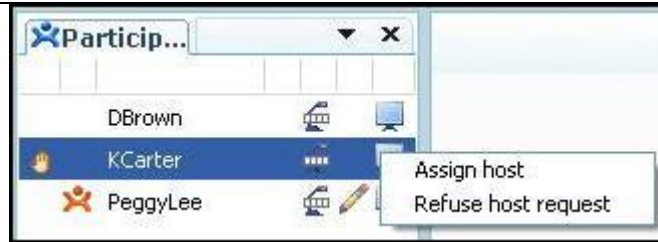


Figure 45. The pop up menu at PeggyLee’s {Participants} window

If the current host answers with “**Assign host**”, the pencil symbol will move to the new host. A renewed message at the Status Bar will state who the host is.

If the current host answers with “**Refuse host request**”, a message box at the lower right corner of the requester’s screen will pop up, saying “**Request of Become HOST was declined**”, as shown in Figure 46.



Figure 46. The refusal message received by the requester.

7.2.2 Moderated Meeting

The meeting with podium and audience setting

Some meetings (such as seminar, forum, workshop, or classroom) should be structured with a moderator role to maintain order and keep the flow. Typically, there will be presentations, lectures, panel discussions, and Q&A with general audience. The meeting setting should be divided into podium and audience seating. The podium seating includes moderator, invited speakers, lecturers, and panelists. The audience seating can be students or general attendees, who mainly absorb information but may raise their hand in order to ask questions once in a while.

Each podium member is facilitated with a podium mike for them to speak anytime at will. The audience member shares one audience mike, which is granted by the moderator for each use in Q&A session. The podium member is also likely to use data tools to make presentation, which means hosting the data operation session in a VidiNOW meeting.

Start a Moderated Meeting



Among all meeting participants, only the meeting manager has the <**Moderator**> menu in the Toolbar. Clicking on the <**Moderator**> menu, the meeting manager changes the meeting from Free Form Meeting to Moderated Meeting, which is noted with the Moderator message in every participant’s Status Bar. The meeting manager is the moderator in a moderated meeting. Repeated clicking on <**Moderator**> menu, the meeting manager can toggle the meeting mode between Moderated Meeting and Free Form Meeting.

In a VidiNOW meeting, the moderator is equipped with special privileges to ensure the meeting flows smoothly and in order. The moderator’s privileges cover (1)

assign, grant, or refuse host request (2) assign, grant, or retract the microphone.

Managing request to host data session



Unlike Free Form Meetings, the host change is solely administered by the moderator, while the current host (non-moderator) has no right to grant or refuse other people's host request.

Whoever wishes to host the data session should raise hand by clicking on **<Become Host>** in the Toolbar. Moderator will receive a flash red icon in the Status Bar, with a reminding message about who is requesting. Also, the moderator will see a raising hand appearing at the requester's User ID list in the **{Participants}** window.

The moderator should right click on the requester's User ID line to get a pop up menu for the choice of **"Assign host"** or **"Refuse host request"**. See Figure 47 for the illustration, with PeggyLee as the moderator.

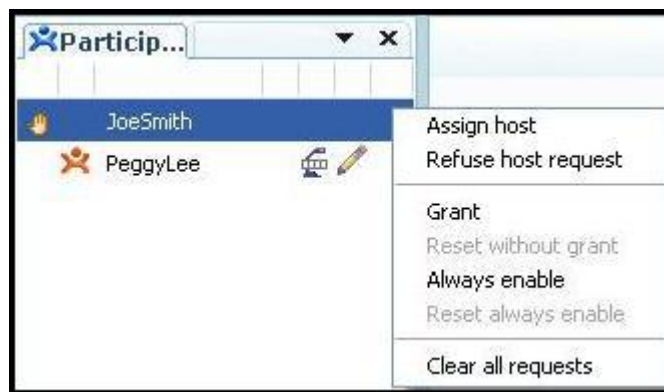


Figure 47. The pop up menu at PeggyLee's {Participants} window, with a pending host request from JoeSmith

If the moderator answers with **"Assign host"**, the pencil symbol will move to the new host. A renewed message in the Status Bar will state who the host is. If the moderator answers with **"Refuse host request"**, a message box at the lower right corner of the requester's screen will pop up, saying **"Request of Become HOST was declined"** as shown in Figure 46. The moderator can also use **"Clear all requests"** to reject all **"Become Host"** requests. All the requesters will receive the same message saying **"Request of Become HOST was declined"** as shown in Figure 46.

Even without a **"Become Host"** request, the moderator can assign host to any participant, with a right click on the User ID line to bring out the same pop up menu as in Figure 47. But, only the **"Assign host"** option is available, while the **"Refuse host request"** option is grayed out.

The moderator can retract the current host assignment. Simply clicking on **<Become Host>** in the Toolbar, the moderator will bring the host control back to himself/herself.

Grant and Retract microphone



As stated in Table 9, there are two types of microphones: podium mike and audience mike. The podium mike is typically assigned to lecturers, invited speakers, and panelists by the moderator. By default, the moderator and the host will each own a podium mike. There is only one audience mike in the meeting. Normal participants (audience) should **"Req to Speak"** to get the moderator's attention for granting the

audience mike.

With or without the request, the moderator can assign either mike to other participants, except the host who will automatically own a podium mike to perform the host capacity. Typically, the moderator will furnish the podium mikes to designated people at the beginning of the meeting, and grant the audience mike to whomever requests to speak while the meeting is in progress.

Those without a mike but wish to speak should raise their hand by clicking on **<Req to Speak>** in the Toolbar. The moderator will receive a flashing red icon in the Status Bar, with a reminding message about who is requesting. The moderator will also see a raising hand with a mike appearing at the requester's User ID list in the **{Participants}** window.

The moderator should right click on the requester's User ID line to get a pop up menu for the choices of **"Grant"**, **"Always enable"**, or **"Clear all requests"**. See Figure 48 for the illustration, with PeggyLee as the moderator.

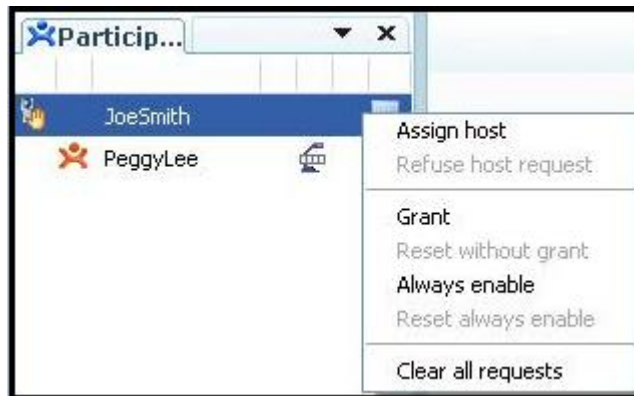


Figure 48. The pop up menu at PeggyLee's {Participants} window, with a pending "Req to Speak" from JoeSmith.

If the moderator answers with **"Grant"**, the audience mike symbol will appear at the requester's User ID line. A renewed message in the Status Bar will state who has the "Speak" right (audience mike). When there are multiple hands raised up for **"Req to Speak"**, the moderator can only grant the audience mike to one and let the others wait. The moderator can end a participant's "Speak" right by clicking on **"Reset without grant"** on the pop up menu. The audience mike symbol will disappear from this participant's User ID line.

If the moderator answers with **"Always enable"**, the podium mike symbol will appear at the requester's User ID line. The moderator can retract the podium mike from a participant by clicking the **"Reset always enable"** option in the pop up menu.

The moderator can use **"Clear all requests"** to reset all **"Req to Speak"** and **"Become Host"** requests. The **"Request to Speak"** requester will receive a declined message in the Status Bar, not a message box like Figure 46.

Without **"Req to Speak"** from participants, the moderator can assign a mike to any participant, with a right click on the User ID line to bring out the same pop up menu as in Figure 48.

7.3 Share Program

{Share Program} is one of the data operations supported in a VidiNOW meeting. There may be more than one **{Share Program}** sessions opened in one meeting. These sessions are differentiated with the index number included in the window tab, **{Share Program – n}**, at the title bar of the **{Data Operation}** window, as shown in Figure 49.

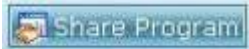
Host vs Owner at the “Share Program” session

Each **{Share Program}** session is opened by a participant while serving as host. Whoever starts the **{Share Program}** is the **owner** of that session. The current host has the control of all data sessions and activates a data operation window for all to work on. At an active **{Share Program}** session, the owner can share application programs or the desktop of his/her computer system with other participants. The owner can also pass the control of the shared applications to other participants upon request.



Figure 49. The window tabs of multiple “Share Program” sessions

Start a “Share Program” session



To start a **{Share Program}** session, the host should select **<Tools><Share Program>** menu, or click on **<Share Program>** button in the Toolbar. The **{Share Program}** window opens and resides in the **{Data Operation}** window, with a tab of the namesake. Figure 50 is the owner’s view of **{Share Program}** window.



Figure 50. The owner’s {Share Program} window

Owner’s {Share Program} window

There is a menu column on the right-hand side of owner’s **{Share Program}** window, which includes the **<Share Applications>** menu on the top and the **<Options>** menu at the bottom.

**<Share Applications>
Menu**

The owner can choose either **<Share desktop>** or **<Share selected applications>** in his/her own computer, by clicking on the respective item in the **<Share Applications>** menu. The owner can stop the sharing activity anytime, by clicking on **<Stop sharing>**. Section 7.3.1 explains “**Share desktop**” function. Section 7.3.2 explains “**Share selected applications**” in detail.

All the selections made on the **<Share Applications>** menu need to be activated by clicking the **[Apply]** button at the bottom of this menu column.

**<Options>
Menu**

There are five items on the **<Options>** menu: **<View shared contents>**, **<Color quality>**, **<Allow control>**, **<Auto reply to request control>**, and **<Auto reply to forward control>**.

Check **<View shared contents>** enables the display of shared contents at owner’s **{Share Program}** window. This feature allows the owner to have the same visuals as other participants on the **{Share Program}** window. For the shared application to be viewed entirely in the **{Share Program}** window, this application window in the owner’s computer should not be occluded by other window applications, which includes **{PC Meeting}** window. Therefore, only with multiple monitors, can the owner benefit from the **<View shared contents>** feature.

The **<Color quality>** menu has three items on the drop-down list, as shown in Figure 51: “**High (32 bit)**”, “**Medium (16 bit)**”, and “**Low (256 colors)**”. The 32-bit high setting preserves true color but consumes large network bandwidth, so the response can be slow. The 8-bit (256 colors) low setting can be used for the application where color is nonessential for fast response. The default color quality setting is 16-bit medium. The non-owner participant can further adjust down the color quality for the transmission from server to his/her own computer, to lower the bandwidth consumption --- see the description at Table 11.

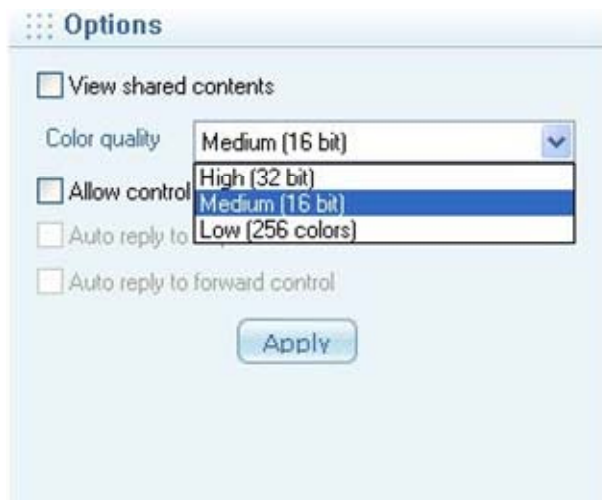


Figure 51. <Options> menu at the owner’s {Share Program} window

The owner can check **<Allow control>** to let other participant fully access the shared application. The control right can be passed around, among all meeting participants. The owner needs to reply on every control right transfer. The two auto reply check items, **<Auto reply to request control>** and **<Auto reply to forward control>**, free

the owner from such routine actions. Section 7.3.3 explains how to control shared program and control right transfer.

All the selections made on the <Options> menu need to be activated by clicking the [Apply] button at the bottom of this menu column.

Non-owner's {Share Program} window

The non-owner participant's {Share Program} window doesn't have the right-hand column with <Share Applications> and <Options> as in owner's {Share Program} window.

When the owner starts <Share desktop> or <Share selected applications>, non-owner participants will receive shared content in the {Share Program} window, together with four tool icons in the toolbar of the {Share Program} window, as shown in Figure 52. A list of shared applications from the host is shown at the bottom of the {Share Program} window, with the active application highlighted.

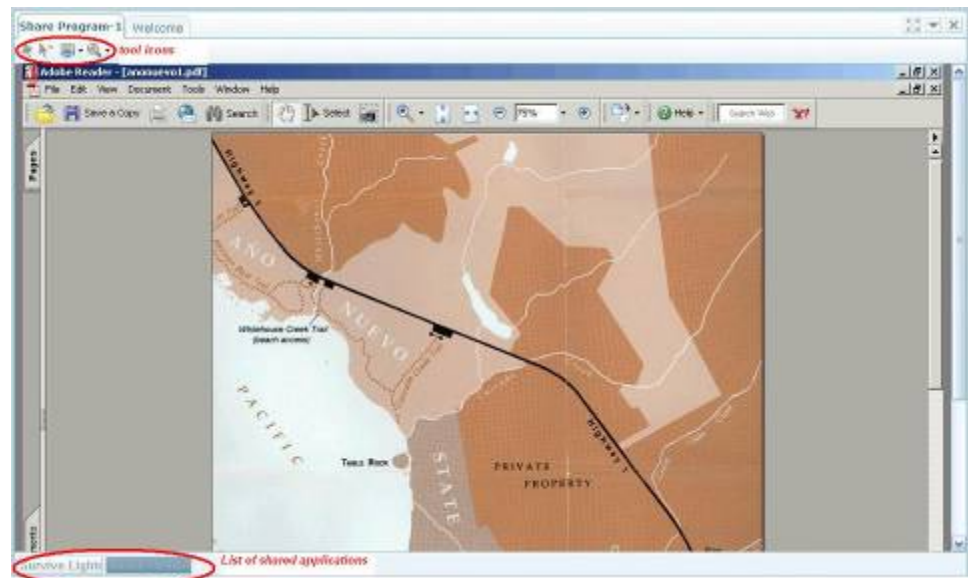







Figure 52. Non-owner's {Share Program} window, with a PDF file as the active shared content

The function of tool icons is explained in Table 11.

Items on List	Description
	<p>This icon is used to request/release the control of a {Share Program} session. See 7.3.3 for detail description.</p> <p> : This function is not available. The owner doesn't allow control.</p> <p> : Request control</p> <p> : Cancel request control</p> <p> : Release control</p>







	<p>This icon is used to forward the control to other non-owner participants. See 7.3.3 for detail description.</p> <p>: This function is not available. It could be either the owner doesn't allow control, or no other non-owner participant to pass the control as in a two-person meeting.</p> <p>: Forward the control to ...</p>
	<p>A drop-down list from this icon shows the selection of color quality to be used in the transmission with the server. The selection is a downgrade from the owner's setting on color quality. This selection allows the participant to reduce bandwidth consumption.</p> <p>The default is set to owner's color quality setting (high, medium, or low).</p>
	<p>A drop-down list from this zoom icon shows the selection of: Auto fit, 25%, 50%, 100%, 200%, and 400%. It's used to zoom the shared content inside the {Share Program} window.</p> <p>The default is set to Auto fit.</p>

Table 11. Tool icons at non-owner's {Share Program} window



In a “**Share Program**” session, participants can bring **{Share Program}** window into full screen for the best display effect, by clicking on  in the right corner of the title bar.

7.3.1 Share Desktop

The typical purpose of “**Share desktop**” is for other participant to access the owner's computer system, possibly for remote technical help.

Check
<Share desktop>

To enable this function, the owner should click on <**Share desktop**> item on the <**Share applications**> menu. To allow control from others in the meeting, click on respective items of the <**Options**> menu --- see Subsection 7.3.3 for detail on allow control.

To stop “**Share desktop**”, the owner should first get the control back (if the control right is out) with a click on any place of the screen, and then click on <**Stop sharing**> item of the <**Share Applications**> menu.

Click [Apply]





The selection on **{Share Program}** menu should always be activated by clicking on the **[Apply]** button.

7.3.2 Share Selected Applications

Check <Share selected applications>

To start sharing selected applications, the owner should click on **<Share selected applications>** item of the **<Share applications>** menu, as shown in Figure 53. All running programs are listed in the **“Application list”**. If the program to be shared is not already on the list, the owner should launch it to be added into **“Application list”**.

Select the application programs to share

Select the programs to be shared, and click the  button to move it to **“Shared applications”** in the right column. The  button will move everything from **“Application list”** to **“Shared applications”**. The  and  buttons work in the opposite direction.

To allow control from others in the meeting, click on respective items of the **<Options>** menu --- see Subsection 7.3.3 for detail on allow control.

To stop **“Share selected applications”**, the owner should first get the control back (if the control right is out) simply with a left click, and then click on the **<Stop sharing>** item of the **<Share Applications>** menu.

Click [Apply]

The selection on the **{Share Program}** menu should always be activated by clicking on the **[Apply]** button.

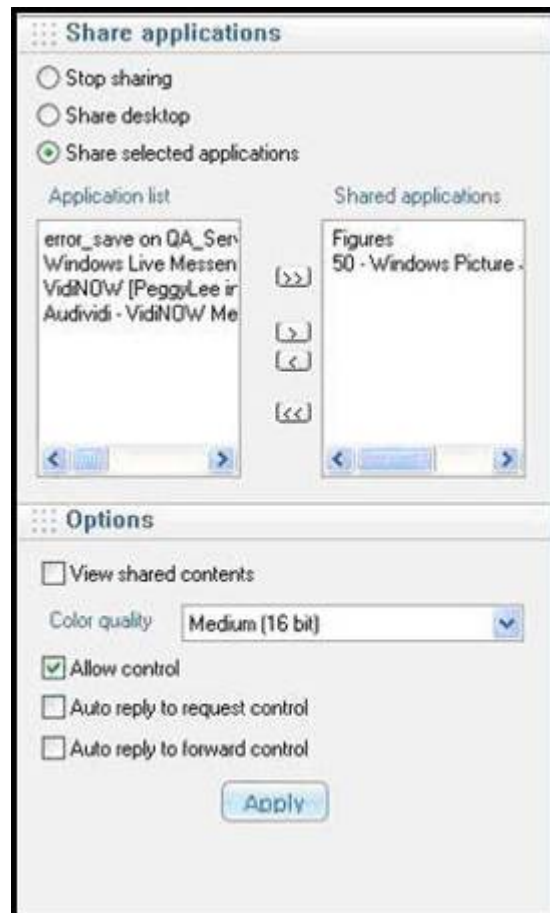


Figure 53. Select applications to be shared in the <Share selected applications>

Bring the shared program to active display

For the shared program to be viewed by others, it must be in the owner's foreground window, i.e. the window has to be visible.

If there are multiple programs shared in the **{Share Program}** session and the owner allows control, the non-owner participant with the control right can switch shared programs with a click on the program list as shown in Figure 52. It will bring the selected program (highlighted) to the foreground in the **{Share Program}** window.



Once Windows Explorer, My Computer, Control Panel, or any folder is shared, all sub-folders and programs underneath will be shared too. Therefore, the whole computer system is exposed.

7.3.3 Control the Shared Program

Owner allows control

The owner of a **{Shared Program}** session can allow other participants to control the shared program, by checking the **<Allow control>** item of the **<Options>** menu --- See Figure 53.

Non-owner participant:

There are two control-right related icons (request/release control and forward control) in the toolbar of the non-owner participant's **{Share Program}** window --- see Table 11 for the description of icons. If the owner of **{Share Program}** session doesn't allow control, these two icons will be in gray color to indicate unavailability. When the owner allows control, the **"Request control"** icon will be alive in non-owner participant's **{Share Program}** window.



Control function unavailable



Request control

As an example, set the meeting with three participants as Peggy Lee, Kelly Carter, and David Brown.

Peggy Lee (PeggyLee): meeting manager/host/owner of the **{Share Program}** session

Kelly Carter (KCarter): participant

David Brown (DBrown): participant

The non-owner participant, KCarter, wishes to control the program, so she clicks on the **"Request control"** icon. The owner, PeggyLee, will receive a message box, as shown in Figure 54.



Figure 54. Request control message, waiting for PeggyLee's reply



Release control

When PeggyLee grants the request by clicking on **[Yes]**, KCarter's **"Request control"** icon will change to **"Release control"**. KCarter has the control right and can start to access the shared program. The owner, PeggyLee, will see the right-hand menu column of the **{Share Program}** window disappear.

KCarter can release the control back to PeggyLee by clicking on the **“Release control”** icon, which will change to **“Request control”**. PeggyLee will see the menu column appears again in the **{Share Program}** window.

If PeggyLee replies with **[No]** to the request control, then KCarter will be notified with a message box as shown in Figure 55. However, KCarter’s **“Request control”** icon is still available for placing request anytime.



Figure 55. Reject “Request control” message, sent to KCarter



Cancel request control

When KCarter clicks on **“Request control”**, the icon will change to **“Cancel request control”** until PeggyLee replies the request. If KCarter clicks on **“Cancel request control”** before PeggyLee replies, PeggyLee will be notified with a cancel request message as shown in Figure 56. KCarter will get her **“Request control”** icon back.



Figure 56. PeggyLee receives notification of cancelling request control

Non-owner participant:

When there are three or more participants in a meeting, the control right can be passed around among non-owner participants, with the consent from the owner on each change request.



Forward control function unavailable

The **“Forward control to...”** icon will come alive in non-owner participant’s **{Share Program}** window, when there are at least three people in the meeting and the owner allows control.



Forward control to ...

Assume KCarter has the control right of **{Share Program}** and would like to pass the control to DBrown. KCarter will click on **“Forward control to ..”** icon to get the drop-down list of the non-host participants, as shown in Figure 57.



Figure 57. The drop-down list of non-owner participants for “Forward control”

When KCarter chooses DBrown to forward control, a message box as in Figure 58 will appear in the owner, PeggyLee’s screen for her to consent or reject. When the owner clicks on [Yes], DBrown will receive a message box as in Figure 59. If DBrown clicks [Yes] to accept, then the control transfer is completed.

If [No] is clicked by the owner or the recipient, the **“Forward control”** action is aborted.



Figure 58. The message box for owner to consent or reject “Forward control”



Figure 59. The message box for recipient to accept or reject “Forward control”

Owner can regain control anytime

The owner of the shared program can regain the control right at anytime by clicking any place on the screen.

Owner can set up Auto reply to grant requests automatically

The owner can set up the auto reply to **“Request control”** and/or **“Forward control”** to grant requests automatically, just checking the item (<**Auto reply to request control**> and/or <**Auto reply to forward control**>) of the <**Options**> menu as in Figure 53.

7.4 Share Web

Browse the same URL page

{**Share Web**} is one of the data operations supported in a VidiNOW meeting. The {**Share Web**} window is opened by a participant while serving as host. There is only one {**Share Web**} window allowed in one meeting. Host’s role in {**Share Web**} session is to navigate the web, so all participants will browse the same URL page.

When host changes hands, the new host will pick up the navigation task from wherever the previous host left.

Start a {Share Web} session






To start a **{Share Web}** session, the host should select **<Tools><Share Web>** menu, or click on the **<Share Web>** button in the Toolbar. The **{Share Web}** window opens and resides in the **{Data Operation}** window, with a tab of the namesake. Figure 60 shows the **{Share Web}** window, with URL address as “http://www.google.com/”. Besides the URL address entry, the host also has the four navigation icons as in IE browser:  back,  forward,  stop, and  refresh.



Figure 60. {Share Web} window

Non-host may stray away

The URL address in every participant’s **{Share Web}** window will follow the host’s URL address change. Although non-host participants cannot enter URL, they can click on the links inside the page to stray away from the host control. A new URL change or a refresh from the host will bring the wanderers back to the same page.

Content change may not correspond to URL change, vice versa.

There are some situations that the host’s URL navigation cannot bring synchronized display on every computer. The web page containing auto-login information from cookie will display personalized contents on specific computer. Some plug-in in web page design is not reflected in URL, therefore the host cannot convey the content change through URL change.

7.5 Share Media

Play the same media as the host


“**Share Media**” is one of the data operations supported in a VidiNOW meeting. The **{Share Media}** window is opened by a participant while serving as host. There is only one **{Share Media}** window in one meeting. The host’s role in a **{Share Media}** session is to select the media file and control the play. All participants will play the same media with the playing control from the host.

When host changes hands, the new host will take over the player control. The last media file played in this **{Share Media}** session still exists for the new host to control playing. The new host can select other media file to share in the meeting.

Start a {Share Media}

To start a **{Share Media}** session, the host should select **<Tools><Share Media>**

session


menu, or click on the **<Share Media>** button in the Toolbar. The **{Share Media}** window opens and resides in the **{Data Operation}** window, with a tab of the namesake. Figure 61 shows the **{Share Media}** window with the **{Open media URL}** dialog box, which is opened by clicking on “**Open media file or URL**” icon, .






Once the host opens a **{Share Media}** session, all participants have the same three icons in the **{Share Media}** toolbar. But, only the host has the access to “**Open media file or URL**” icon , while others have a grayed icon . The “**Mute control**” icon  will come alive , when the media player starts. The “**Playing progress bar**”  will move along when the media is playing.



Figure 61. The host’s {Share Media} window, with the {Open media URL} dialog box

***The host’s action:
Open media file or
URL***

One of the host’s tasks in a **{Share Media}** session is to select the media file to play. The host can choose from several options: (1) repeat the media file last played in this meeting, by current or previous host. (2) browse his/her own computer to locate the media file. (3) enter a legal and valid URL of the media file (4) select from the pull-down menu on **{Open media URL}** dialog box --- see Figure 62.

To repeat the last played media file, simply click on the play button  of the Media Player at the bottom of the **{Share Media}** window.

The host can click on the **[Browse]** button in the **{Open media URL}** dialog box to open the media file in his/her own computer system. This selected file will be uploaded into the VidiNOW server with a designated URL. A progressing bar will appear in the window during the uploading. When it’s done, the host can click on the play button, the Media Player of each participant’s computer will start to play from this URL at server.

If the media file resides in Web with a valid URL, the host can enter this URL directly in the dialog box. When the host clicks on the play button, the Media Player of each participant's computer will access the media directly from the Internet and start to play.

All the media files uploaded to the VidiNOW server by the host are listed sequentially in the URL pull-down menu, with the most recently used on top. The URL for files used in previous meetings may still be listed, but these media files had been deleted when the previous meetings were closed. The URL can be recognized from the Meeting ID number, as shown in Figure 62. Only the URLs of the current meeting are valid and can be used to play repeatedly. Since the list of the pull-down menu is previously uploaded files or self-entered URLs, each participant has his/her own individual list which was accumulated while serving as host.

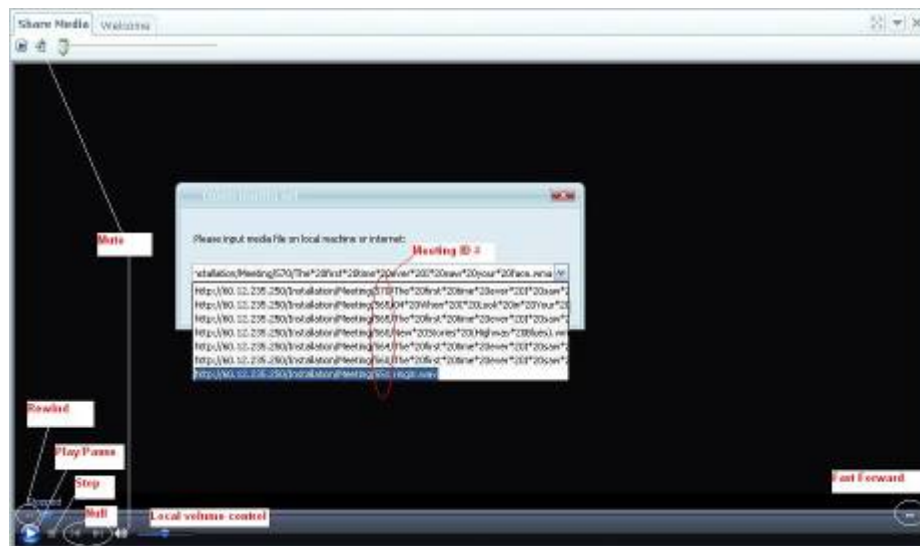






Figure 62. The host's {Share Media} window, with a pull-down menu from the {Open media URL} dialog box and Media Player controls.

The host controls media playing

Only the host has the media player control right. The non-host participant's {Share Media} window doesn't have the media player at the bottom as shown in Figure 62.

The function of the host's media player is explained in Table 12. In summary, the host can control the following functions that apply to all participants: start playing, pause, stop, fast forward, rewind, and mute. But, non-host can also turn on/off the mute control locally. The host's volume control only applies to his/her own computer.

Items on List	Description
 	 : The “Play” button appears when the media is not playing.  : The “Pause” button appears when the media is playing.















	<p>The “Stop” button</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">  : The button is grayed when the media is not playing.  : The button is alive when the media is playing or paused.  : The button is highlighted when it’s pointed by the cursor.
	<p>The “Fast Forward” button is on the far right of the progress bar.</p>
	<p>The “Rewind” button is on the far left of the progress bar.</p>
	<p>The function of these symbols is not implemented, although the tool tip shows “next” and “previous”.</p>
	<p>The “Mute” control for speaker. This mute control is linked to the other mute control,  / , in the {Share Media} toolbar. Click on either one will mute/un-mute both symbols.</p> <p>The host’s mute action applies to all participants, i.e. the change of  to  (or vice versa) will show on non-host participant’s {Share Media} window. But, non-host can also maneuver his/her own mute control independently.</p>
	<p>The host’s local “Volume control”. This volume control only applies to the host’s computer.</p>

Table 12. Host’s media player controls in {Share Media} window


Mute control:

 in the **{Share Media}** toolbar

versus

 in the **{PC Meeting}** Status Bar

The media playing in the **{Share Media}** session adds a separate media audio on top of the mike audio from all other participants in the meeting. Media audio and mike audio have separate mute controls.

 in the **{Share Media}** toolbar mutes media audio.

 in the **{PC Meeting}** Status Bar (Table 8) mutes mike audio.

Volume control:


Media volume (host only)

versus


Speaker volume (all participants)

The host has a separate volume control for media audio. And it applies only to the host’s computer.

All participants (host and non-host) can adjust their speaker volume in the Status Bar --- see Subsection 7.1.4. The adjustment will affect both media audio and participant audio.

7.6 Presentation

A PowerPoint Slide Show

{Presentation} is one of the data operations supported in a VidiNOW meeting. In the **{Presentation}** session, the host can run a PowerPoint slide show to all participants in a fast synchronized fashion. Although the host can run the PowerPoint application in a **{Share Program}** session, the slide shows at other participants' computers cannot be as smooth as what's shown at the host's computer.

The **{Presentation}** window is opened by a participant while serving as host. The host should choose the PowerPoint file (ppt or pps) to be uploaded into the VidiNOW server. This file is then downloaded to each participant's computer in the folder "...\My Documents\VidiNOW3\SharePpt".

When the host conducts the slide show, the change of slides will be followed instantly by all participants' computers. A participant can click away from the current slide, but the next slide change from the host will bring all participants to the same page.

There is only one **{Presentation}** session in a VidiNOW meeting. If the role of host changes hands, the new host cannot open a new **{Presentation}** session before closing the existed one. However, the new host can resume the task of conducting slide show in the existed session.

Start the {Presentation} session



To start the **{Presentation}** session, the host should select **<Tools><Presentation>** menu, or click on the **<Presentation>** button in the Toolbar. The **{Presentation}** window opens and resides in the **{Data Operation}** window, with a tab of the namesake. Figure 63 shows the **{Presentation}** window at host's **{VidiNOW PC Meeting}** window.



Figure 63. The {Presentation} window

The {Presentation} window

Major components of the **{Presentation}** window are shown in Table 13.

Main components	Description
-----------------	-------------


Title Bar	The tab of the {Presentation} window is shown in the Title Bar.
Toolbar	There are seven icons in the Toolbar for the host to open a file and control slide show play. Non-host participants don't have the access to these icons. The descriptions of all Toolbar icons are listed in Table 14.
Slide Display	The display area of the current slide
"Outline/Slides" Panel	The left panel that lists all the slides or outlines.
PowerPoint icons in the bottom 	These PowerPoint functions ("Normal View", "Slide Sorter View", and "Slide Show from current slide") are under individual participant's control. For a coherent view of the host's presentation, all other participants should refrain from accessing these icons during the {Presentation} session.
"Click to add notes"	Adding notes to the slide is meaningless in the {Presentation} session, since the file cannot be saved. All participants should ignore this function.
PowerPoint pop-up menu	Although the pop-up menu is under individual participant's control, all participants should refrain from accessing pop-up menu during the {Presentation} session.

Table 13. Main Components of the {Presentation} window

The {Presentation} Toolbar

Table 14 describes the seven icons in the host's **{Presentation}** Toolbar.










File items	Description
	Open a PowerPoint file: The host can open a ppt or pps file in his/her own computer. After a file is selected, a progress bar indicates the file is being uploaded to the VidiNOW server.
	Start Play: The host starts the slide show with a click on this icon. Once the slide show is started, the five icons that control the slide show play will become alive.
	First Slide: Go to the first slide.
	Previous Slide: Go to the previous slide.
	Next Slide: Go to the next slide.
	Last Slide: Go to the last slide.
	End Play: End the slide show.

Table 14. {Presentation} Toolbar

Play a media-packed pps file

A pps file is a slide show presentation, which is likely packaged with audio and/or animation. A media-packed pps file should be played in its entirety without pause/resume.

The audio playing in the slide show adds a separate media audio on top of the mike audio from all other participants in the meeting. The mute and volume control of the mike audio, ( and ), cannot apply to the media audio.

7.7 Annotation

Markup tools for interactive Discussion

{**Annotation**} is one of the data operations supported in a VidiNOW meeting. In an {**Annotation**} session, the host dictates which page to open for discussion. All participants have equal right using markup tools to express opinions.

The {**Annotation**} window is opened by a participant while serving as host, who can open multiple {**Annotation**} windows in one meeting. Therefore, there may be more than one {**Annotation**} sessions opened by one or more participants. These sessions are differentiated with the index number included in the window tab, {**Annotation – n**}, in the title bar of the {**Data Operation**} window. Normally, one {**Annotation**} session can accomplish the meeting goal of interactive discussion. The multiple {**Annotation**} sessions may help the meeting manager and/or participants to organize a discussion topic with a specific {**Annotation**} window.

The current host has the control of all data sessions and activates an {**Annotation**} window for all to work on.

Start an {Annotation} session



To start an {**Annotation**} session, the host should select <**Tools**><**Annotation**> menu, or click on <**Annotation**> button in the toolbar. The {**Annotation**} window opens and resides in the {**Data Operation**} window, with a tab of the namesake. Figure 64 shows an active {**Annotation**} window at the host's {**VidiNOW PC Meeting**} window.

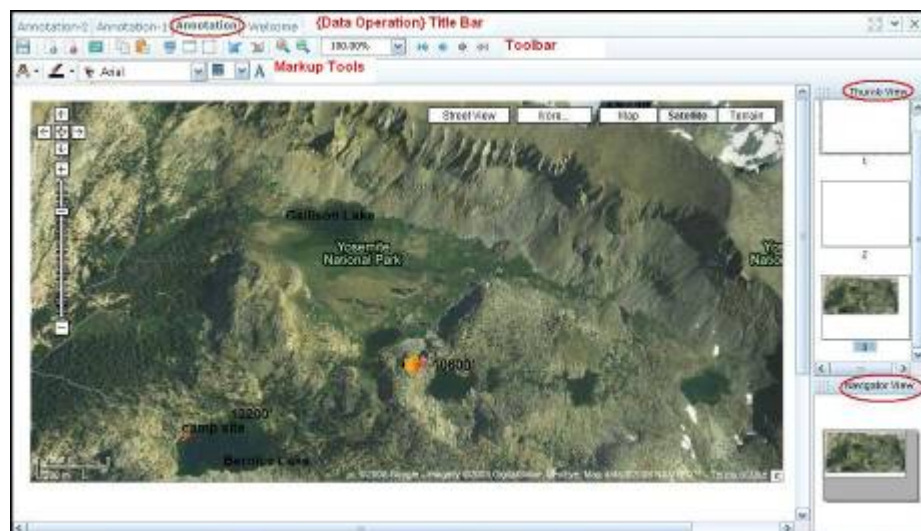


Figure 64. The Host's {Annotation} window, with Page 3 opened

Major components of the {Annotation}

Major components of the {**Annotation**} window are shown in Table 15.



Main components	Description
<i>window</i> Title Bar	The tab of the active {Annotation} window is shown in the Title Bar.
Toolbar	The icons in the Toolbar are divided into three major functions: File , View , and Edit . The host has access to all functions. Non-hosts can use editing tools and save the markup page. Refer to Section 7.7.1 for File Functions , Section 7.7.2 for View Functions , and Section 7.7.3 for Editing Tools .
Markup Tools 	These tools can be used to create markup objects on the current page to express opinions, make suggestions, and therefore record the discussion. The selection of markup tools is also available in the pop up menu as shown in Figure 65. Table 19 describes each tool in detail. More markup icons can be made for particular professional fields. See Section 7.7.6 for the related option setting.
Working Area	Work space for the current page in discussion
Thumb View	The thumbnail panel that lists all the pages in discussion
Navigator View	This panel shows the working area portion in the whole page. The host can drag the highlighted working area to a new location, which is a synchronized action to all participants.

Table 15. Main Components of an {Annotation} window

7.7.1 File Functions

Table 16 describes the seven file functions.

File items	Description
	<p>Save: All participants can save the annotation work to local computer, in various file types.</p> <p>(* .ant): The ANT file used specifically for {Annotation} is the default type to save the entire session, including all the pages. All markup objects are kept in this format.</p> <p>(* .pdf): All the pages in one session can be saved into a PDF file. All markup objects are converted into bitmap objects and merged with the background image.</p> <p>(* .png, *.jpg, *.jpeg, *.bmp, *.gif, *.tiff): Only the current</p>







	page can be saved into image file.
	Add New Page: The host can add a new page after the last page of the current {Annotation} session.
	Delete Page: The host can delete the current page in working area. This function is also duplicated in the pop up menu, as shown in Figure 65.
	Import Page: The host can import pages from an existing file. Refer to Section 7.7.5 for file type and conversion.
	Capture Desktop: The host can capture the whole desktop as an image to add into the working area.
	Capture Window: The host can capture the selected window as an image to add into the working area.
	Capture Region: The host can capture the selected region of the display as an image to add into the working area.

Table 16. {Annotation} - File Functions

7.7.2 View Functions

Table 17 describes the view functions.




View items	Description
	Zoom In/Zoom Out: Enlarge/Shrink the image of the current page in working area.
	Preset zoom scale: Enlarge or shrink the image in a preset zoom scale.

Table 17. {Annotation} – View Functions

7.7.3 Editing Tools

Table 18 describes the functions of editing tools.

Editing Tools	Description
	Copy: Copy the selected objects for later paste. This function is also duplicated in the pop up menu, as



















	shown in Figure 65.
	<p>Paste: Paste the copied objects to the upper left corner of the working area.</p> <p>This function is also duplicated in the pop up menu, as shown in Figure 65.</p>
	<p>Undo: Undo the last operation.</p>
	<p>Redo: Redo the last operation.</p>
	<p>Move to Another Page: Clicking the button can change the current page to First Page, Previous Page, Next Page, or Last Page.</p> <p>These functions are also duplicated in the pop up menu, as shown in Figure 65.</p> <p>Double-clicking a thumbnail in the thumbnail panel can swap in that particular page.</p>

Table 18. {Annotation} – Editing Tools

7.7.4 Markup Tools

Table 19 describes each markup tool in detail.

Markup Tool	Description
	<p>Select: Click on an object to select for subsequent operation, such as copy, paste, move, and delete. To select multiple objects, hold the [Shift] key and click on those objects.</p> <p>To copy/paste selected objects, refer to the copy/paste tools in Table 18. To move selected objects, drag the whole group to the new location. To delete the selected objects, refer to the pop up menu in Figure 65.</p> <p>When an object is selected by a participant, other people cannot access this object until it's de-selected.</p>
	<p>Delete: Click on an object to delete it.</p> <p>To delete all objects, right click on the current page for the pop up menu and select <Delete All Objects>.</p> <p>To partially delete text in a text field, use the Text tool, . Click on the text to position the cursor, and press the [Delete] or [BackSpace] key to perform the deletion.</p>

	To remove a pointer, see the pointer icon explanation.
	Arrow: Click this tool to add an arrow into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the arrow. The user can select the width, style, and color with adjustable tints.
	Line: Click this tool to add a line into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the line. The user can select the width, style, and color with adjustable tints.
	Rectangle: Click this tool to add a rectangle into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the rectangle. The user can select width and color for the outline.
	Ellipse: Click this tool to add an ellipse into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the ellipse. The user can select width and color for the outline.
	Filled Rectangle: Click this tool to add a filled-rectangle into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the rectangle. The user can select width/color for the outline, and a separate color for the interior. The adjustable scale for color tints applies to both outline and interior together.
	Filled Ellipse: Click this tool to add a filled-ellipse into the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the ellipse. The user can select width/color for the outline, and a separate color for the interior. The adjustable scale for color tints applies to both outline and interior together.
	Text: Click this tool to add a text box into the current page. Click on the current page to position the starting point of the text box, then use the keyboard to insert or delete text. The user can select color/size/font for the characters, and also background color behind the text.
	Pencil: Click this tool to do free-hand drawing. The user can set width and color with adjustable tints.
	Highlight: Click this tool to highlight an area on the current page. The default color is yellow. Users can set color with adjustable tints.
	Preset Symbols: Click this tool to select a preset symbol and place on the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the selected symbol.
	Cross/Check Symbol: Click this tool to add the selected symbol to the current page. Drag the cursor across the intended location to place the selected symbol.


	<p>Pointer: The pointer is different from other markup tools because it doesn't create an object on the current page. It is only used to direct participants' attention. There are four pointers for use in one {Annotation} session. To avoid confusion, there should be an agreement among all participants on who owns what pointer.</p> <p>Click on one pointer symbol, the selected pointer will appear in the center of the working area. A participant can move the pointer by dragging it with the cursor of any markup tool (including scissors). To remove a pointer from the working area, click on that pointer symbol on pull-down menu again.</p> <p>Pointers placed on the current page are not included in the saved file when the page is swapped out or saved. They stay at the same locations on working area when a new page is swapped in.</p>
---	---

Table 19. {Annotation} - Markup Tools

Pop up menu has extra editing tools:

Besides the editing tools in the toolbar, the pop up menu from a right click on the working area provides extra editing tools. Figure 65 shows the pop up menu for a host, which includes page swapping function at the top and the **<Delete Page>** function at the bottom. The non-host has the same pop up menu, except those page functions.

The **<Copy>**, **<Paste>**, and **<Markup Tools>** are the same function as the equivalent icons in the toolbar. Clicking on these items has the same effect as clicking on the equivalent icons.

<Copy Page Region>

<Copy Page Region>: Drag the cursor through diagonal corners to define the region and copy. Then, use the **<Paste>** tool to paste it to the upper left corner of working area.

<Delete Object>

<Delete Object>: Delete the selected objects.

<Delete All Objects>

<Delete All Objects>: Delete all the objects in the current page.

<Bring to Top>

<Bring to Top>: Bring the selected object to the foreground.

<Bring to Bottom>

<Bring to Bottom>: Bring the selected object to the background.

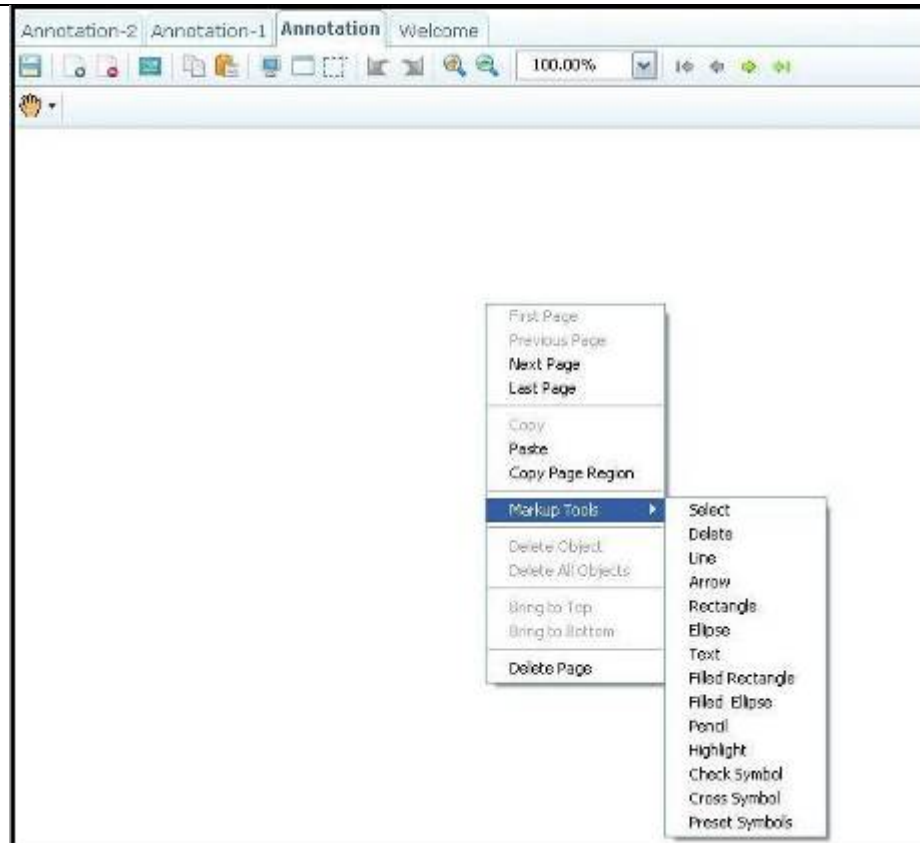


Figure 65. The Host's pop up menu in the {Annotation} window

7.7.5 Importing Pages

The host can import pages from many file types: (1) an ANT file saved from previous {Annotation} session (2) an image file (3) a PDF file or a Microsoft Office document which will go through an auto conversion by Audiividi virtual printer.

Audiividi virtual printer converts a file to ANT file or image file.

For other file types from application programs, users can convert the file to either ANT file or image file by Audiividi virtual printer. In the application program, choose <Print> on the <File> menu, and select <Audiividi Print to File> printer on the printer window, and click [**Print**] to prompt {Audiividi VP Output} dialog box, as shown in Figure 66. Choose related option and click [**Start**] to print.

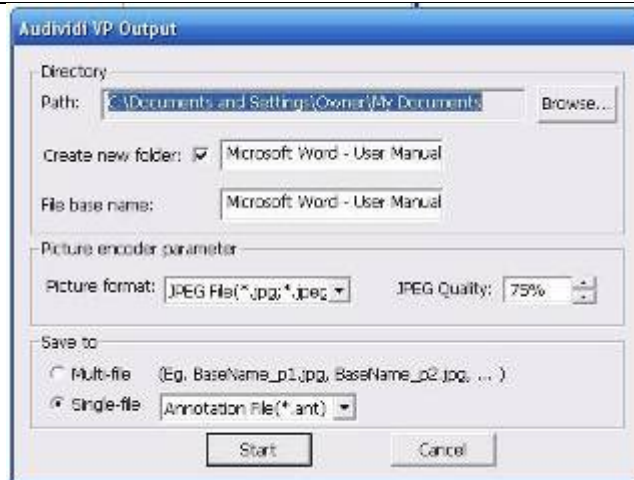


Figure 66. {Audiividi VP Output} dialog box

Import Page 

To start importing pages, the host should click the import page icon in the tool bar, and then select a file from the **{Open}** dialog box. The imported pages will be added after the last page of the current session.

ANT file

An ANT file is the saved file from previous **{Annotation}** session, which contains all pages in the session. If chosen, the PC Meeting will start uploading this file to server. All participants can continue the work seamlessly from the previous **{Annotation}** session.

Image file

The host can import an image file as a new page. The **{Image Import}** dialog box, as in Figure 67, allows the margin setting on left and top.

PDF file or MS Office file

If a PDF file or a MS Office file is selected to import, a print process will start to convert the file into an ANT file, which is then uploaded to server. The file may generate multiple pages as a normal printing process does.

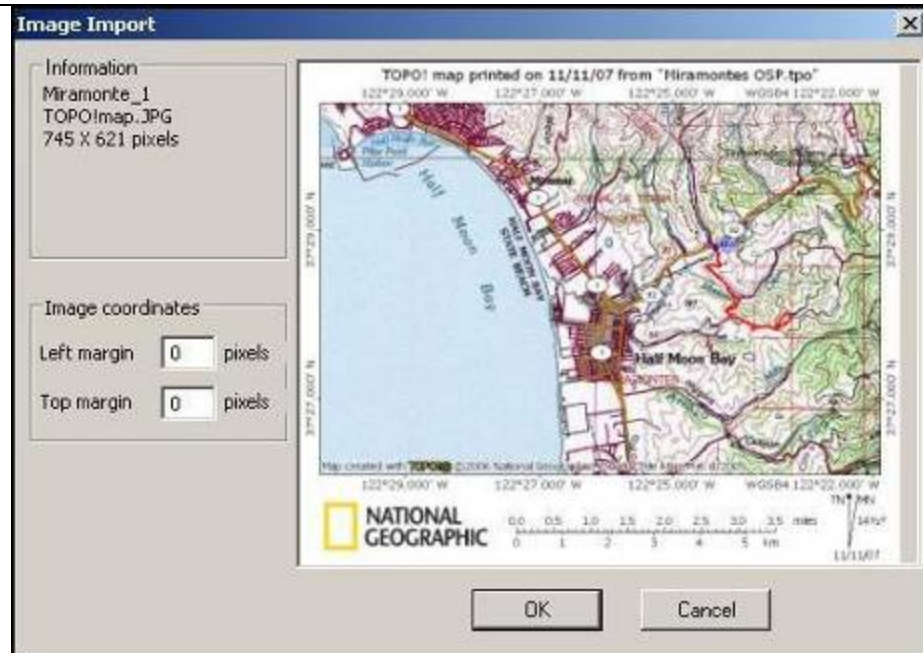


Figure 67. {Image Import} dialog box

7.7.6 Annotation Options

There are default settings for memory buffer size of page, object, text, and font. The default settings are selected to cover a wide range of annotation applications on most computer systems. In rare cases, users may want to change the settings. VidiNOW allows user-defined symbols for objects, which are stored in a known folder. The **{Options}** dialog box in Figure 68 lists buffer size settings and path to the folder of symbols.

Open {Options}



To open the Annotation Options, click on the **[Options]** button in the toolbar or choose **<Tools><Options>** from the menu bar, then select **<Annotation>** from the left column of the **{Options}** dialog box. To activate the new changes, click **[Apply]** or **[OK]**. The **[OK]** button will also close the dialog box.

Memory buffer settings for page, object, text, and font

<Maximal number of pages (50-256)>: This option defines the maximal number of pages per annotation session. The selection ranges from 50 to 256, with 128 as the default.

<Maximal number of objects (128-1000)>: This option defines the maximal number of objects per annotation session. The selection ranges from 128 to 1000, with 256 as the default.

<Width of a new page (640-4000)>: This option defines the width of a new page in pixels. The selection ranges from 640 to 4000 with 1024 as the default.

<Height of a new page (480-3000)>: This option defines the height of a new page in

pixels. The selection ranges from 480 to 3000 with 768 as the default.

<Maximal width of bitmap object (640-1920)>: This option defines the maximal width of an image object in pixels. The selection ranges from 640 to 1920, with 1024 as the default.

<Maximal height of bitmap object (480-1440)>: This option defines the maximal height of an image object in pixels. The selection ranges from 480 to 1440, with 768 as the default.

<Folder of symbols>: This option allows the user to specify the path to load symbols for use as objects. The default path is “%System Disk\Program Files\Audiividi Inc\VidiNOW3\seal”.

*User-defined symbols
for markup objects*

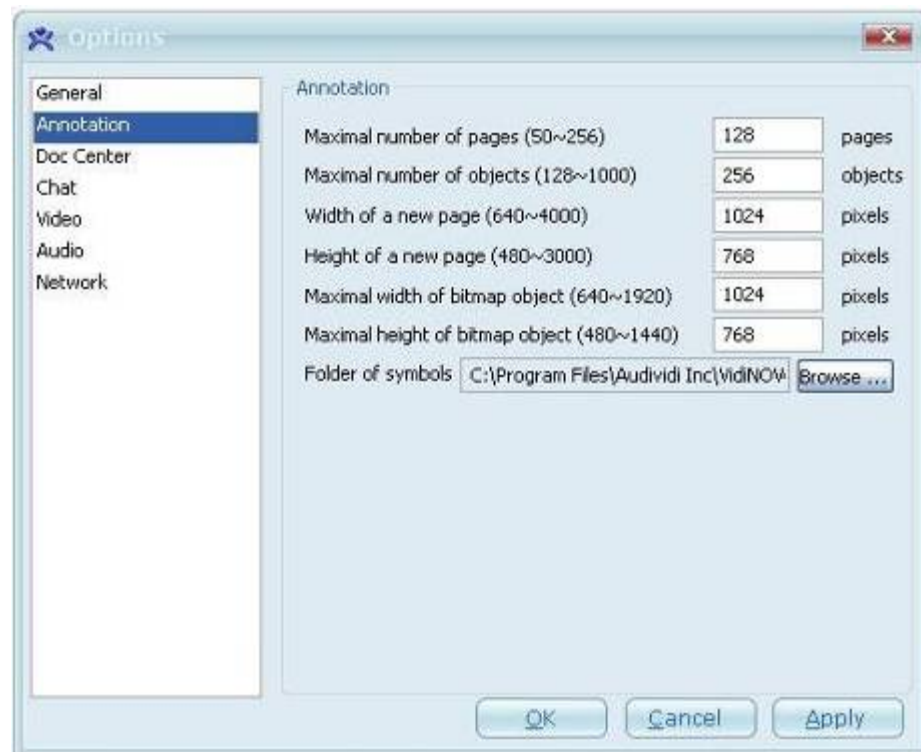


Figure 68. Annotation options

7.8 Document Center

*A secured place to
hold electronic files
for meeting discussion*

In many meetings, participants refer to the same set of information as the baseline to start the discussion. The Document Center provides a secured place to hold such information in electronic files, for convenient access by the participants.

The **{Document Center}** window is located in the left pane sharing the same space with the **{Chat}** window, when both windows are opened. Clicking on the **{Doc Cen...}** window tab will activate the **{Document Center}** window, as shown in

Figure 69. There are four functional icons in the toolbar. All the files posted by participants for sharing are listed in the window area. The status bar in the bottom displays the message and a cancel button when download is in progress.

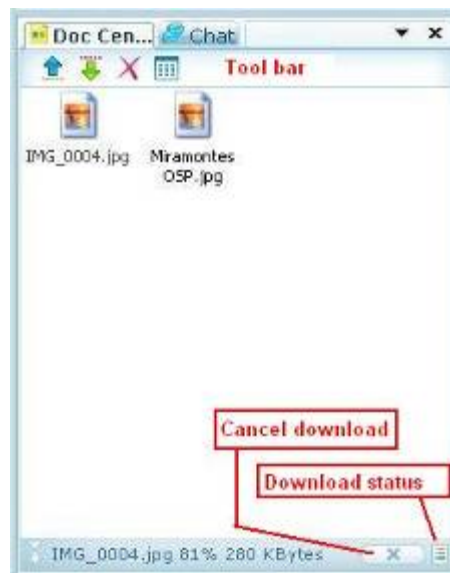


Figure 69. The {Document Center} window, with a download in progress

7.8.1 Toolbar

Table 20 explains the four functional icons in the toolbar.





Tool bar items	Description
	Share File: Click on this icon, the user can post a file in the Document Center to share with others. The selected file will appear in the {Doc Cen...} window as shown in Figure 69.
	Download: Click the selected file, and then click this icon to start downloading. Refer to Section 7.8.2 for detailed functional description.
	Remove: The owner of the file can remove it from the Document Center. Click the selected file, and then click on this icon.
	View: View the file items in “Icons” or “List”. Click on this icon will toggle between these two display modes.

Table 20. Toolbar icons in the {Document Center} window

7.8.2 File Download

Select the file for download

A participant who wishes to access a file posted by other participant, should select the file and click on the download icon.

Before download starts, the file tip shows no file path on the participant's local computer, as shown in Figure 70.



Figure 70. File tip on a file posted by other user (KCarter), before download

Download in progress

Once download begins, the file path points to the received folder at the participant's computer, as shown in Figure 71. The participant can check the progress from the moving message in the status bar, or click on the right corner icon for the status at the instant, as shown in Figure 69. The cancel button [x] in the status bar can cancel the download instantly.



Figure 71. File tip on a file posted by other user (KCarter), after download process starts

Option to set receive directory

The file path shown in Figure 71 is a typical default setting. The user can change the received folder using <Options> setting, as shown in Figure 72

Open {Options}



To open the Document Center Options, click on the [Options] button in the toolbar or choose <Tools><Options> from the menu bar, then select <Doc Center> from the left column of the {Options} dialog box. To activate the new changes, click [Apply] or [OK]. The [OK] button will also close the dialog box.



Figure 72. Document Center Options

Beware of download in progress

When the download is in progress, the file owner will see a yellow triangle mark of “!” added to the file icon. If the file owner removes the file at this time, the download will be aborted.



Figure 73. The file owner is notified by the “!” mark of download in progress

7.9 Text Chat

Supplement audio communication

Text chat can supplement audio communication in a meeting. The **{Chat}** window is located in the left pane sharing the same space with the **{Document Center}** window, when both windows are opened. Clicking on the **{Chat}** window tab will activate the **{Chat}** window, as shown in Figure 74.

Send text



Select the User ID from the **<Send to>** pull-down list to send the message to, or select “All” to send to all participants.



: **[Enter]** icon

Enter text in the lower part of the **{chat}** window to draft the outgoing message. Press **[Enter]** key or click the **[Enter]** icon to send the message.



Figure 74. **{Chat}** window

Set Font for text display



Clicking on the “Set Font” icon, the **{Font}** dialog box will pop up. The newly set font will affect next entered message, but not the drafted text in the lower part of **{Chat}**.

Show Chat History



Clicking on “Show chat history” icon will bring out the past chat history in VidiNOW meetings from the “Chat Message Save Directory”, which is set in **{Options}** as shown in Figure 75.

The chat history is stored in XML file in the Chat folder as: “UserID.xml”, which includes date, time, from, to, and message contents.

Option to set message save directory

The chat messages are saved in the default directory as: “My Documents\VidiNOW3\Chat”. The user can set the save directory in the Chat Options.

Open {Options}



To open the Chat Options, click on the [**Options**] button in the toolbar or choose <Tools><Options> from the menu bar, then select <Chat> from the left column of the {Options} dialog box. To activate the new changes, click [**Apply**] or [**OK**]. The [**OK**] button will also close the dialog box.

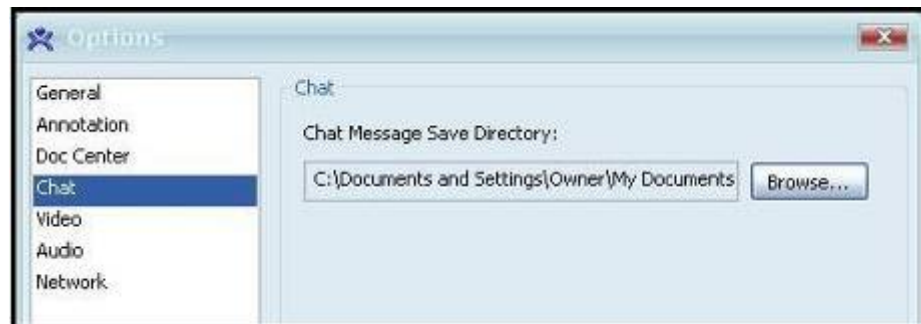


Figure 75. Chat Options

7.10 Recording Meeting

VidiNOW provides the recording feature, which should be turned on by the System Administrator, or SysManager. The meeting manager can also set the individual recording rights for each participant.

The user with recording rights can record the meeting into an AVI file, with three options: (1) video only (2) full screen, possibly including other applications (3) defined region within the {VidiNOW PC Meeting} window.

Open {Record option}

To start recording, click on <Tools> <Recording> from the menu bar to open the {Record option} dialog box, as shown in Figure 76.

The user can use the [**Browse**] button to set the AVI file name. The default AVI file name is set as following:

\My Documents\VidiNOW3\Record Folder\MeetingName.avi

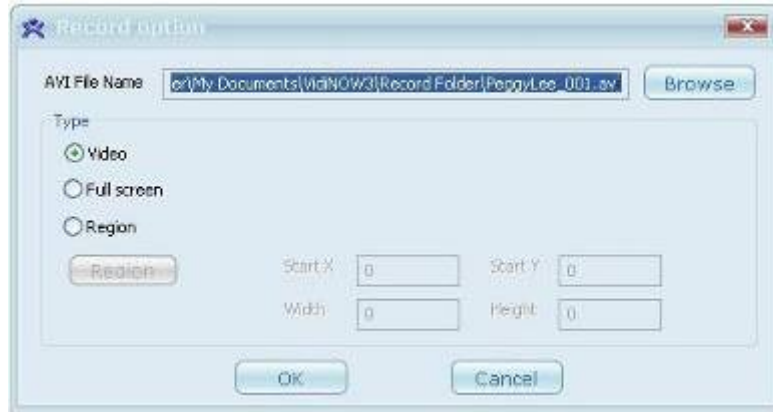


Figure 76. {Record option} dialog box

If the recording type is set to “Video”, only the video window will be recorded. If the recording type is “Full screen”, everything in the user’s computer screen will be recorded.

Record a defined region

If the recording type is “Region”, the user needs to define the starting coordinate in the upper left corner and the width/height of the region. When the radio button of “Region” is clicked, the “Region” selection menu will come alive.

Set the starting (X,Y) for upper left corner.

Clicking on the **[Region]** button will bring out the red cross lines intersected in the center of the **[Region]** button. Move the cursor to the desired location of upper left corner as the starting (X,Y) coordinate. The intersection of crossed red lines will be dragged along, as shown in Figure 77. After clicking on the desired coordinate, the “Start X” and “Start Y” numbers will be set automatically, and the red lines will disappear.

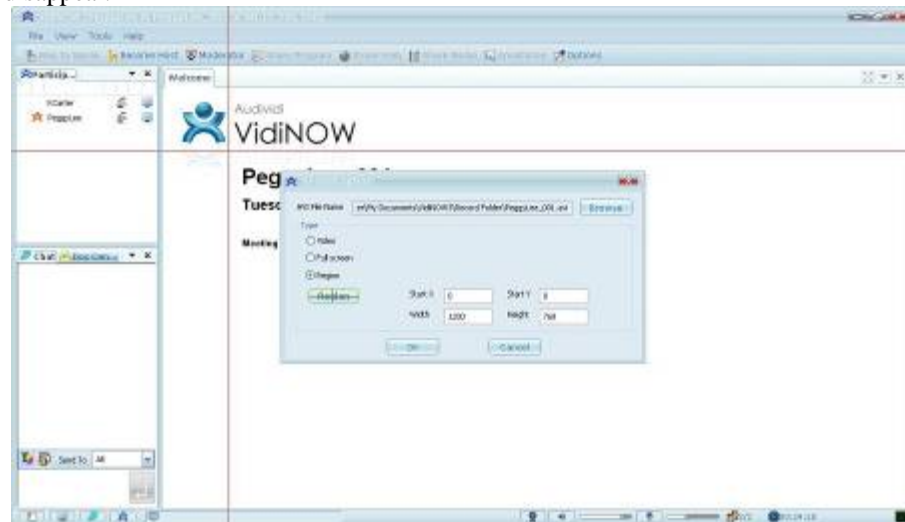


Figure 77. Set the starting (X,Y) coordinate of the recorded region

Set width/height of the region.

Once the starting (X,Y) is set, the red lines is replaced by a blue rectangle while the cursor is moving downward towards lower-right corner. When the user clicks again, the region is set by the blue rectangle, as shown in Figure 78.



Figure 78. Set the width/height of the recorded region

Start recording



When the user clicks on the **[OK]** button in the **{Record option}** dialog box, a **{Record}** control box pops up, as shown in the left column. Press the red dot to start recording. Press pause in the middle to temporarily hold the recording. Press stop in the right to end the recording.

When the recording is in progress, a camcorder icon will appear in the participant's list, as shown in Figure 79.



Figure 79. Recording in progress, shown in the {Participant} window

7.11 Video Options

Open {Options}



To open the Video Options, click on the **[Options]** button in the toolbar or choose **<Tools><Options>** from the menu bar, then select **<Video>** from the left column of the **{Options}** dialog box. To activate the new changes, click **[Apply]** or **[OK]**. The **[OK]** button will also close the dialog box. The dialog box is illustrated in Figure 80.



Figure 80. Video Options

Camera device selection

The “**Device**” pull-down menu is to select the video capture device (camera) to be used by the PC Meeting. VidiNOW PC Meeting supports built-in camera, USB camera, and plug-in video capture card. Standard video cameras can be used through the video capture card.

Camera Tool

Clicking the [**Camera Tool**] button will bring up the {**Camera Properties**} dialog box, which is furnished by the camera manufacturer.

Refer to camera manufacturer’s manual for the technical detail on camera adjustment.

7.12 Audio Options

Open {Options}



To open the Audio Options, click on the [**Options**] button in the toolbar or choose <**Tools**><**Options**> from the menu bar, then select <**Audio**> from the left column of the {**Options**} dialog box. To activate the new changes, click [**Apply**] or [**OK**]. The [**OK**] button will also close the dialog box. The dialog box is illustrated in Figure 81.

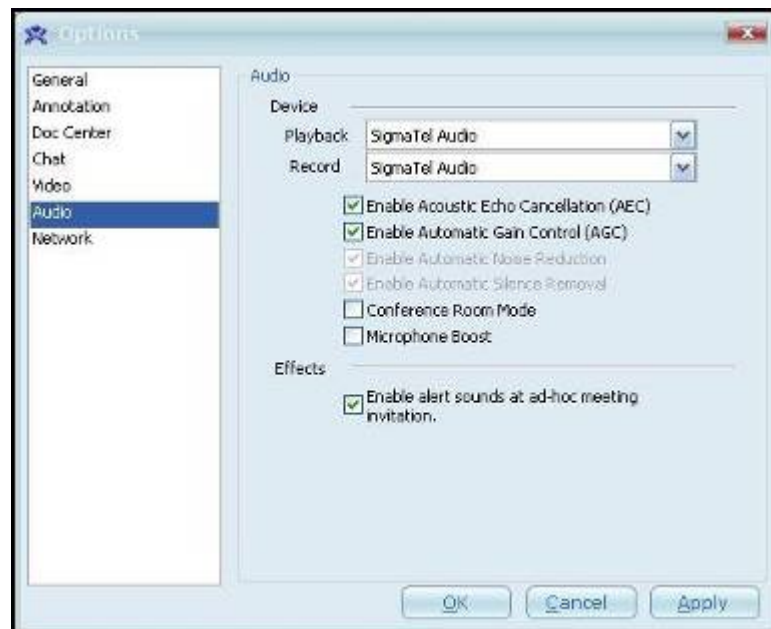


Figure 81. Audio Options

Audio device selection

The pull-down menu displays the sound card used in the client computer. If the computer has more than one sound card, the user should select the one to be used by the PC Meeting.

Playback: Speaker**Record: Microphone**

- **Enable Acoustic Echo Cancellation (AEC)**

Check this option for VidiNOW to enable acoustic echo cancellation. The default is enabled.

- **Enable Automatic Gain Control (AGC)**

Check this option for VidiNOW to adjust microphone volume automatically. The default is enabled.

There are situations users may want to disable AGC and manually select the optimal settings for microphone and sound card.

When AGC is enabled, the microphone volume control will be gray out and the user cannot adjust it manually. Two options, “**Enable Automatic Noise Reduction**” and “**Enable Automatic Silence Removal**”, are also disabled once AGC is enabled.

- **Enable Automatic Noise Reduction**

This option is available only when AGC is disabled. It is to perform the noise reduction to the microphone input signal. This feature may need to be disabled to work with some special microphones. Users should enable or disable this feature based on the result of actual use.

- **Enable Automatic Silence Removal**

This option is available only when the AGC is disabled. It is to remove the silence data out of the audio data stream. This feature may have to be disabled to work with some special microphones. Users should enable or disable this feature based on the result of actual use.

- **Conference Room Mode**

This feature is to reduce the sensitivity of the microphone.

- **Audio Effects**

Check this option to enable alert sounds when receiving an ad-hoc meeting invitation.

7.13 Network Options

Open {Options}

To open the Network Options, click on the [**Options**] button in the toolbar or choose <Tools><**Options**> from the menu bar, then select <**Network**> from the left column of the {**Options**} dialog box. The dialog box is illustrated in Figure 82.

The network setting requires IT professional knowledge. Please seek help from the system administrator.

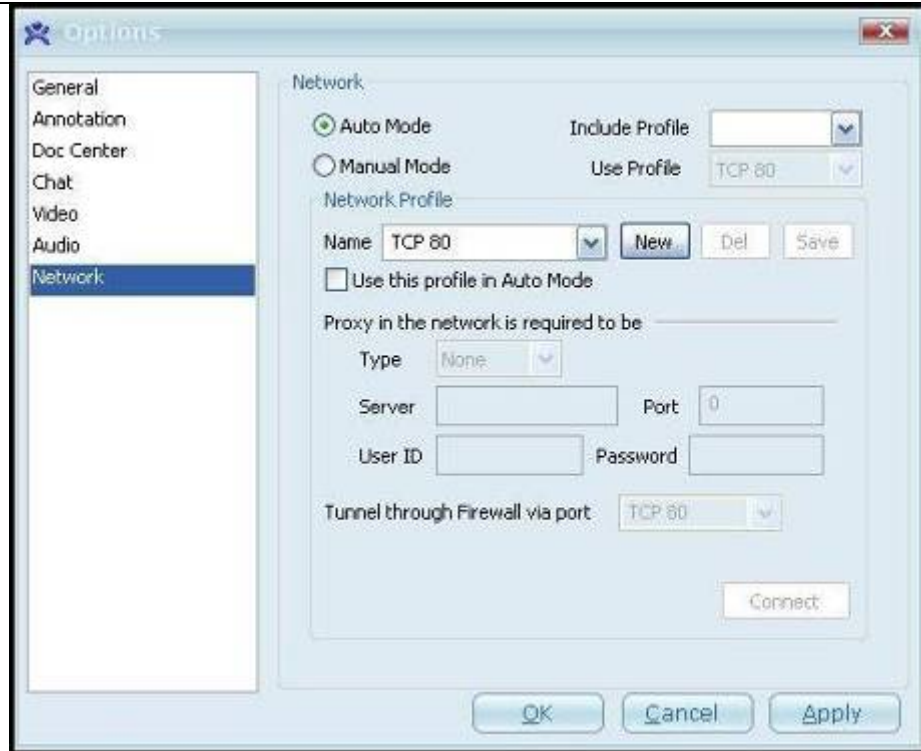


Figure 82. Network Options

Chapter 8 Personal Address Book and User Profile

A login user can manage personal address book and edit his/her own user profile in the {Meeting Center} web page.

8.1 Personal Address Book

In the {Meeting Center} page, click the [Address Book] button in the function panel, the {Address Book} page will show up as illustrated in Figure 83.



Figure 83. Personal Address Book

The login user is in the personal address book by default. This is indicated by a hyphen preceding his/her own user ID as illustrated in Figure 83. The user can add or delete other users in the personal address book.

- **[Add]**

Clicking the [Add] button, the Public Address List will be displayed for the user to select into the Personal Address Book.

- **[Delete]**

Check the boxes in the User ID column of Personal Address Book, and click the [Delete] button to remove them. A user can only delete user names from his/her own address book, not the Public Address List.

8.2 Editing User Profile

A user can edit his/her profile in the {Meeting Center}. Enter this operation by clicking the [Edit Profile] button in the function panel.



Logout Hello: PeggyLee > Edit Profile

Meeting Center
Schedule a Meeting
Edit Profile
Address Book
Desktop Icon
Install Software

User ID: PeggyLee
User Name: Required (Display Only)
Email:
Phone:

Change Password:
Current Password: Required (Case Sensitive)
New Password: Required (Case Sensitive)
Confirm New Password: Required (Case Sensitive)

Save Reset

Figure 84. Editing User Profile

Click the [**Save**] button to make changes effective after the information is entered.

Appendix A Roles in the VidiNOW System

- **Meeting Creator**

Meeting creator is the user who creates a meeting.

- **Meeting Manager**

Meeting manager manages all aspects of a meeting, including participants selection, meeting format, allow/disallow join, connection setting ... etc. Meeting creator is the default meeting manager of a meeting. The role of meeting manager can be assigned to others at any time before the meeting ends. Meeting Manger does not have to be a participant in the meeting.

- **Participant**

A participant is a user who participates in a meeting. The meeting manager defines how a participant involves in a meeting through meeting management.

- **Chair**

Chair is a meeting participant and appointed by the meeting creator at the meeting creation time. Participants are prevented from joining the meeting before the Chair joins if the “**Wait for Chair to start meeting**” option is enabled.

- **Moderator**

In a moderated meeting, meeting manager is a participant and takes the moderator role. Moderator enforces the protocol of granting “Become Host” and “Req to Speak” requests.

- **Host**

Host is a participant who hosts the data sessions. The host role can be passed around upon request.

- **Owner of a {Share Program} Session**

The owner of a {**Share Program**} session is the participant who starts this session while serving as host. Owner intends to share the application programs in his/her own computer.



The above roles are all meeting specific roles temporarily existed in a certain meeting.

- **User**

Users are the registered members in the Meeting Center, including the administrator (User ID “Admin”).

- **Administrator (User ID “Admin”)**

Administrator (Admin) is the first user of the VidiNOW Meeting Center. It is a built-in user that cannot be deleted. All other users are created by the Admin. Admin manages all meetings and all users in VidiNOW Meeting Center.

- **SysManager**

SysManager is the super-user of the VidiNOW Meeting Center server. SysManager performs VidiNOW system configuration, system upgrade, backup, and restore. Unlike “Admin”, SysManager is not a role related to meetings.

Appendix B Custom Installation and Upgrade PC Meeting

B.1 Custom Installation

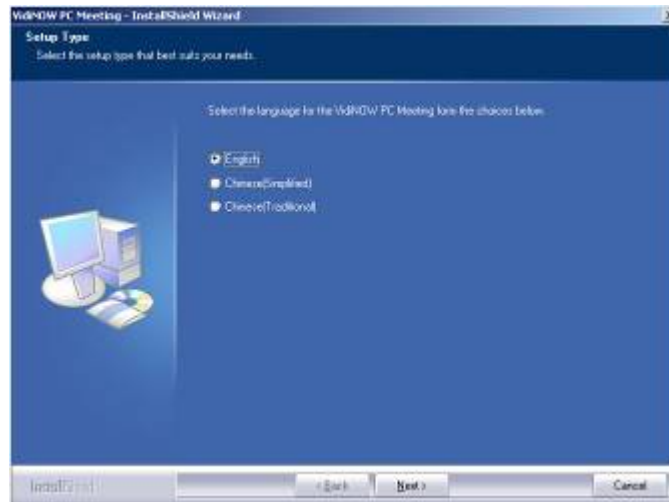


Figure 85. Selecting the language option of installation

1. Select the language option
After starting the InstallShield Wizard, select English in the dialog box as your language option.

Click [**Next**] to continue.

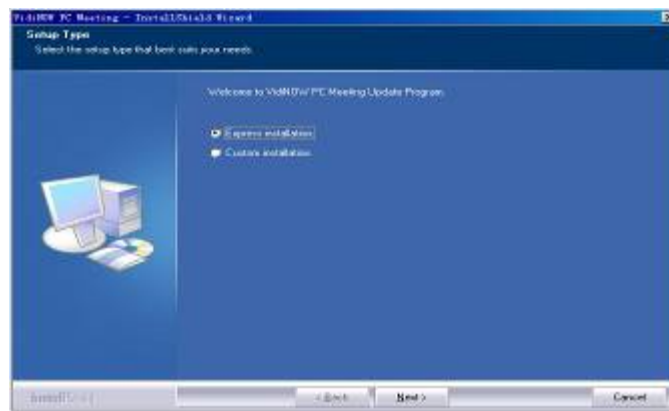


Figure 86. Selecting a mode of installation

2. Select [**Custom installation**]
Select [**Custom installation**] to customize the installation path and network profiles. The [**Next**] button brings you to the {**Choose Destination Location**} dialog.

Custom installation allows you to install to a different location

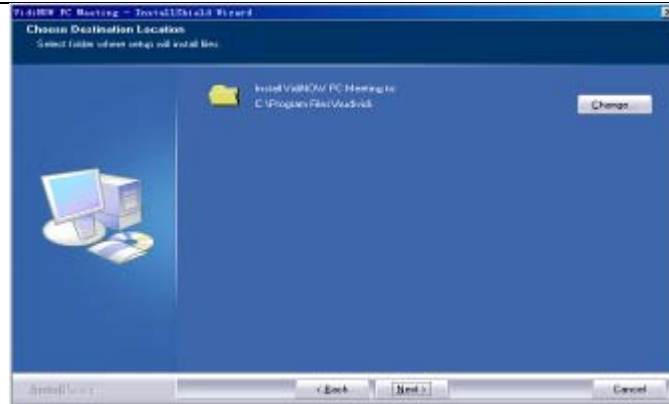


Figure 87. Choose Destination Location

Press the [**Change...**] button to select another destination folder, and click [**Next**] to continue with the installation program. You can click [**Back**] to review or change any installation settings, or you can click [**Cancel**] to quit the installation.

3. Click [**Next**]
For Windows/XP users, the {**Select Feature**} screen will pop up as illustrated in Figure 88.

Additional step on Windows/XP for Windows firewall

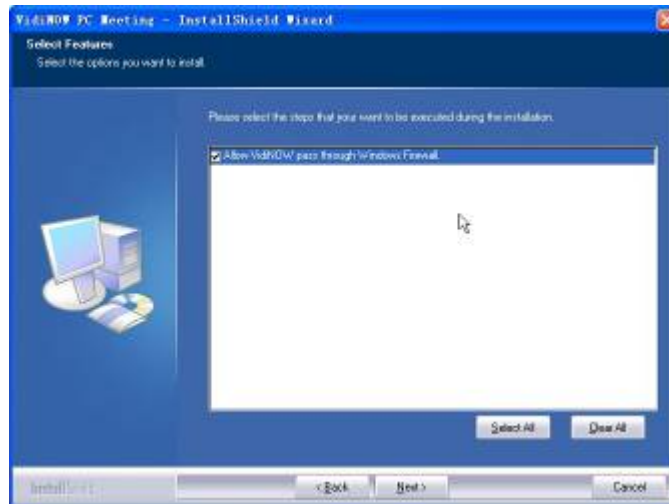


Figure 88. Select Features

Check the [**Allow VidiNOW to pass through Windows Firewall**], then click [**Next**] to proceed.

4. Click [**Install**] to begin the installation

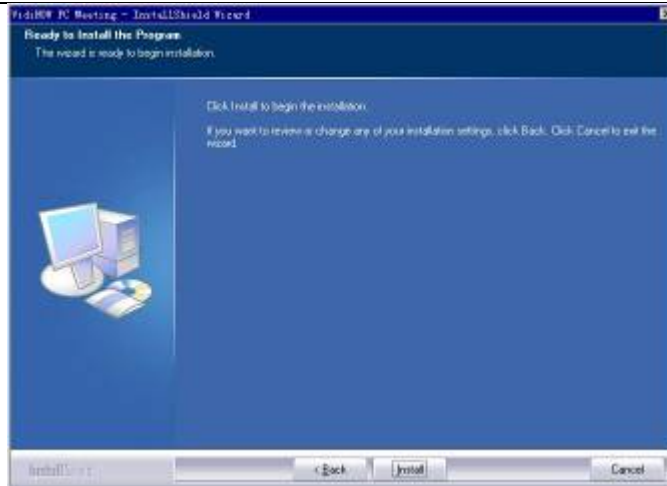


Figure 89. Ready to Install the Program

5. Installation program copies files
The **{Setup Status}** window indicates the installation progress, displaying the files being copied to the destination folder. You can click **[Cancel]** to terminate the installation.

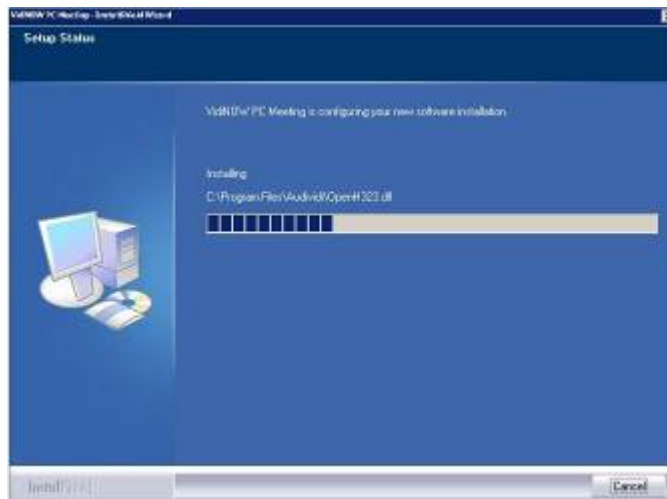


Figure 90. Setup Status

6. Install virtual printer and mirror driver
VidiNOW automatically installs a Virtual Printer for Annotation and a mirror driver for Share Program.



Figure 91. Installing virtual printer

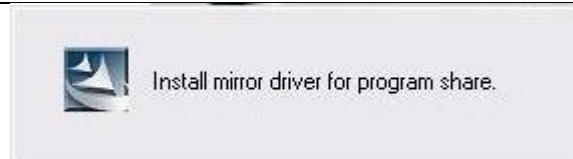


Figure 92. Installing mirror driver

7. Click [**Finish**] to complete the installation

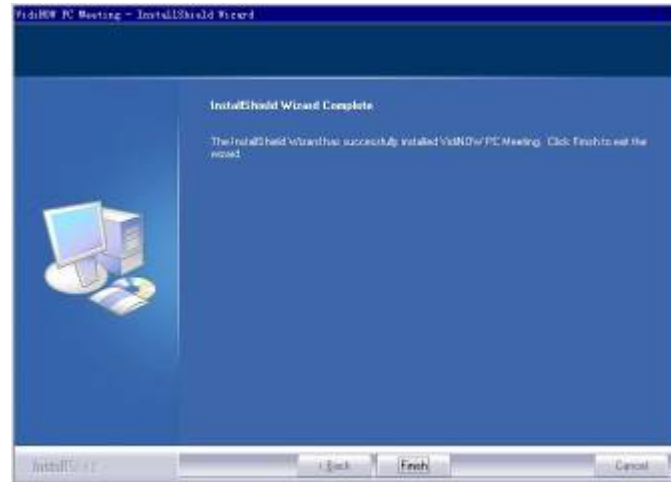


Figure 93. Installation completion

B.2 Upgrade PC Meeting

When the version of PC Meeting is old and not compatible with the Meeting Center software, an upgrade is needed. When the PC Meeting is damaged, reinstalling the software can override and repair the damage. Users can keep the previous settings in upgrade and repair installation.

Procedure for Update/Repair is similar to that of a full installation. You are given the options of Express installation or Custom installation. The setup window that appears during the process is dependent on the client PC's operating system.

1. Start the installation program
 Select [**Express installation**] to apply the default network profiles
 Select [**Custom installation**] to reconfigure your network
2. Select Features
 Skip to step 3 if the [**Express installation**] is selected. The installation program starts copying files to the same destination folder used by the old version and using the system default network profiles.

The following Setup window will appear if the [**Custom installation**] has been selected.

For Windows/XP users who have changed the default network profiles, the following dialog box will appear on the screen:

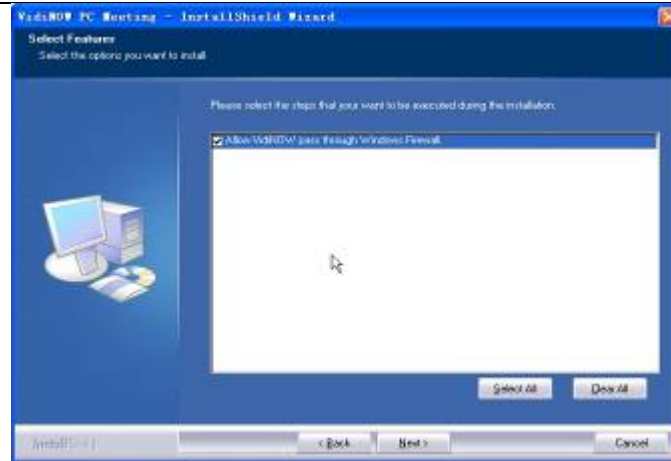


Figure 94. Select Features – Windows/XP

The option [**Allow VidiNOW to pass through Windows Firewall**] should be checked to allow PC Meeting to pass through the Windows firewall.

For Windows/XP users who have not changed the default network profiles, the installation proceeds to Step 3.

3. Click [**Next**] to start copying files to the destination folder

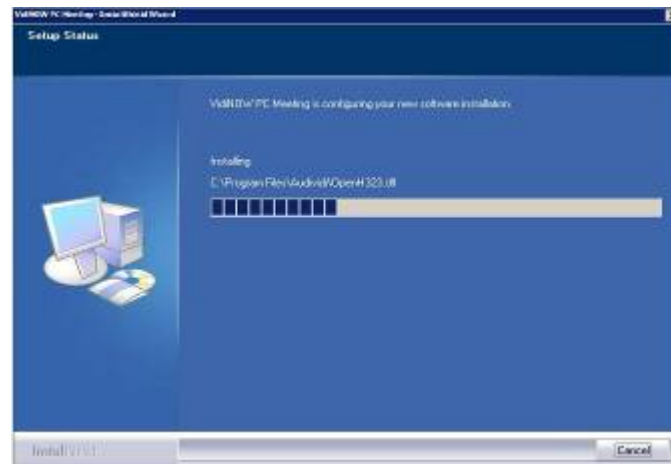


Figure 95. Setup Status

4. Install virtual printer and mirror driver



Figure 96. Upgrade/Repair Completion

5. Click [**Finish**] to complete the installation