

## DTSC-200 ATS Controller



**Operation** Software Version 1.0xxx

Manual 37387

#### WARNING

Read this entire manual and all other publications pertaining to the work to be performed before installing, operating, or servicing this equipment. Practice all plant and safety instructions and precautions. Failure to follow instructions can cause personal injury and/or property damage.

The engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover should be equipped with an overspeed (overtemperature, or overpressure, where applicable) shutdown device(s), that operates totally independently of the prime mover control device(s) to protect against runaway or damage to the engine, turbine, or other type of prime mover with possible personal injury or loss of life should the mechanical-hydraulic governor(s) or electric control(s), the actuator(s), fuel control(s), the driving mechanism(s), the linkage(s), or the controlled device(s) fail.

Any unauthorized modifications to or use of this equipment outside its specified mechanical, electrical, or other operating limits may cause personal injury and/or property damage, including damage to the equipment. Any such unauthorized modifications: (i) constitute "misuse" and/or "negligence" within the meaning of the product warranty thereby excluding warranty coverage for any resulting damage, and (ii) invalidate product certifications or listings.

## CAUTION

To prevent damage to a control system that uses an alternator or battery-charging device, make sure the charging device is turned off before disconnecting the battery from the system.

Electronic controls contain static-sensitive parts. Observe the following precautions to prevent damage to these parts.

- Discharge body static before handling the control (with power to the control turned off, contact a
  grounded surface and maintain contact while handling the control).
- Avoid all plastic, vinyl, and Styrofoam (except antistatic versions) around printed circuit boards.
- Do not touch the components or conductors on a printed circuit board with your hands or with conductive devices.



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#### Important definitions



#### WARNING

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

#### CAUTION

Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that, if not avoided, could result in damage to equipment.



#### NOTE

Provides other helpful information that does not fall under the warning or caution categories.

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# **Revision History**

Rev.	Date	Editor	Changes
NEW	07-12-12	TP	Release

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## Chapter 1. General Information

## **Related Documents**

#### 

Туре		English	German
DTSC-200 Series			
DTSC-200 - Installation		37385	-
DTSC-200 - Configuration		37386	-
DTSC-200 - Operation	this manual ⇒	37387	-
DTSC-200 - Application		37388	-
DTSC-200 - Interfaces		37389	-
Additional Manuals			
IKD 1 - Manual		37135	GR37135
Discrete expansion board with 8 dis	crete inputs and 8 relay outputs that can be coupled via	the CAN bus to the	e control unit. Evalua-
tion of the discrete inputs as well as	control of the relay outputs is done via the control unit	t.	
LeoPC1 - User Manual		37146	GR37146
PC program for visualization, confi	guration, remote control, data logging, language upload	l, alarm and user ma	anagement, and man-
agement of the event recorder. This	manual describes the set up of the program and interfa	cing with the contro	ol unit.
LeoPC1 - Engineering Manual		37164	GR37164

PC program for visualization, configuration, remote control, data logging, language upload, alarm and user management, and management of the event recorder. This manual describes the configuration and customization of the program.

Table 1-1: Manual - Overview

**Intended Use** The unit must only be operated for the uses described in this manual. The prerequisite for a proper and safe operation of the product is correct transportation, storage, and installation as well as careful operation and maintenance.



#### NOTE

This manual has been developed for a unit fitted with all available options. Inputs/outputs, functions, configuration screens and other details described, which do not exist on your unit may be ignored.

The present manual has been prepared to enable the installation and commissioning of the unit. On account of the large variety of parameter settings, it is not possible to cover every possible combination. The manual is therefore only a guide. In case of incorrect entries or a total loss of functions, the default settings can be taken from the enclosed list of parameters at the rear of this manual.

## Chapter 2. Navigation / Operation



Figure 2-1: Front panel and display

Figure 2-1 illustrates the front panel/display, which includes push buttons, LEDs and the Liquid Crystal display (LC display). A short description of the front panel is given below.

Fctblock	Function blocks					
·:	Buttons that have the same function within one screen are grouped into function blocks. The function blocks are defined as:					
	<b>Operation</b> Used to perform manual operation of the genset (page 11). <b>Navigation</b> Navigation between system and configuration screens, and alarm list (page 12).					
1234	Push buttons					
5 6 7 8 9 10 11	The push buttons on the front panel are assigned to softkeys on the display. Each softkey is as- signed to a function depending on the mode of operation.					
12	Liquid Crystal Display (LC display)					
	The display contains softkey characters, measuring values, modes of operation, and alarms. The functionality of the display screens as well as the description of the functions is detailed in the "Navigation" section (page 7).					
13 14 15 16 17	LEDs					
	The left LED <sup>19</sup> indicates that Source 1 is available. The second LED <sup>19</sup> indicates that the switch is closed to Source 1 position. The third LED <sup>19</sup> indicates that the switch is closed to Source 2 position. The right LED <sup>19</sup> indicates that Source 2 is available. The lower LED <sup>19</sup> in-					

dicates that alarm messages are active / present in the control unit.

## **Navigation**

#### 

Individual display screens are listed in the following text. All softkeys, which are available in the individual screens are described with their function.

#### Screen "Automatic operation" / "Start screen"

[all application modes]



[all application modes]

#### Screen "Source 2 values - Details"

a		RCE 2
2	231Ŭ	A
12	400Ŭ	100.0kW
23 34	_3990	
	50.00Hz	

Note: The display may differ from this example (3Ph/4W) depending on the configured voltage system.

8	Navigate to the next screen
ē	Navigate to the previous screen
9	Return to the start screen
	$1/2/3 \dots Source 2 \text{ voltages } V_{L1N} / V_{L2N} / V_{L3N}$ $12/23/31 \dots Source 2 \text{ voltages } V_{L12} / V_{L23} / V_{L31}$ $00.00Hz \dots Source 2 \text{ frequency}$ $000kW \dots Source 2 \text{ real power}$ $000kvar \dots Source 2 \text{ reactive power}$ $1.00 \dots Source 2 \text{ power factor } = 1$ $Lg0.00 \dots Source 2 \text{ power factor (lagging)}$ $Ld0.00 \dots Source 2 \text{ power factor (leading)}$ $\square \text{ Phase rotation clockwise } \cup$ $\square \text{ Phase rotation counterclockwise } \bigcup$

This screen appears after pressing the softkey again. All measured

source 2 values are displayed in this screen.

#### Screen "Load current slave pointer "

6

7

Y

۵ 

6

#### This screen appears after pressing the softkey again. The slave pointers $\rightarrow$ show the maximum currents monitored by the control unit. ۵ Navigate to the next screen



Return to the start screen

- Left of the + sign: present monitored value Right of the + I sign: maximum monitored values Reset the maximum measured values.
  - 1/2/3.....Load current  $I_{L1}/I_{L2}/I_{L3}$

#### Screen "Battery voltage value - Details"

[all application modes]

[all application modes]

This screen appears after pressing the softkey again. The measured battery voltage value is displayed graphically and numerically.

- Navigate to the next screen
- Navigate to the previous screen
- Return to the start screen

at.t.eny.

Screen "Discrete inputs / discrete (relay) outputs – Status display"			[all application modes]
Digital inputs 💈	This scr discrete	een appears after pressing the softkey soutput status are displayed.	again. Discrete input and
1 12	8	Navigate to the next screen	
Digital outputs	ē	Navigate to the previous screen	
	0	Return to the start screen	
		Status display of the discrete inputs and (Note: The configured logic for the dis will determine how the easYgen reacts input. If the respective DI is configured the energized state ( ); if it is configu de-energized state ).) Discrete input:  energized	d discrete outputs. crete input "N.O./N.C." to the state I of the digital d to N.O, the unit reacts on ured to N.C., it reacts on the

#### Screen "Time / Date"



# Screen "Counters" Energy 0.070Wh? Pos.reactive energy 0.07Mvarh Overlap time counter

#### [all application modes]

[all application modes]

This screen appears after pressing the softkey and once more. Here the counters are displayed.

Navigate to the previous screen

Return to the start screen

Energy 0.00 kWh - Generator real energy 0.00MWh = Total generator real energy Pos. reactive energy 0.00 Mvar - Generator reactive energy 0.00Mvarh = Total generator reactive energy Overlap time counter 00 ms - Overlap time 00ms = Overlap time of the last transfer Phase angle S1-S2 000.0° - Phase angle 0000.0° = Ph. angle between source 1 and source 2

Screen "Alarm list"

angle

ALARM LIST	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$
Batt undervolt.1	2
Martaz 18:38:18:87.9 52 underfreguncy	t
Mar-02 18:50:15.06	T
Wait S1 to close	÷
han-62 10:00:20.00	$\mathbf{J}$

This screen appears after pressing the softkey **Q** in the start screen. All alarm messages, which have not been acknowledged and cleared, are displayed. Each alarm is displayed in two lines; the first line describes the alarm message and the second line is the date and time of the alarm occurred in the format Mon-dd hh:mm:ss.ss. The symbol **Q** indicates that this alarm condition is still present.

Return to the start screen



J

£

5

Scroll up to next alarm message

Scroll down to next alarm message

The selected alarm message (displayed inverted) will be acknowledged. This is only possible, if the alarm condition is no longer present. If the Alarm LED is still flashing (an alarm is present, which has not yet been acknowledged as 'Seen'), this softkey resets the horn and acknowledges the alarm as 'Seen'.

key. Refer to page 28 for more information about the timers.

Screen "Test mode"		[all application modes]
Load on S1	This s	screen appears after pressing the softkey <b>IESS</b> in the start screen.
		Navigate to the next screen
EANEL SI OK TEST S2 Fail	Ē	Main menu
TO TEST		This softkey disables the test mode and returns to the start menu.
		This softkey enables a load test.
	ENCINE	This softkey enables an engine test (no load test).
	BPRSS	This softkey is only displayed, if a timer is currently active. If a timer is active, the timer is indicated in the upper section of the display and the remaining time is displayed next to the "Bypass" softkey. The active timer may be bypassed by pressing this soft-

## Operation

#### 

The display is partitioned into different areas to give an overview of the displayed data.



Figure 2-2: Screen - Level overview

#### "Operation"

	S2	stak	ole	timer	· A
<b>BPR</b> SS	0:(	)0:07	1		Ď
TEST		51 52	Ok Res	storir	,,8
					7

The "Operation" section of the screen shows the current status of the sources.

#### "Messages"

S2	stable timer	0
NUMBER 0 - 1	0.07	ž.
BPHSS[].	10.01	
TEST	S1 Ok	
	DZ Kestorina	Ξ.
		V.

The "Messages" section of the screen shows all active alarms and operations information.

#### ''Timer

S2 stable timer 🕻	3
APAGE 0 · 00 · 07	
SI Ok	
S2 Rëstoring	
	/

The "Timer" section of the screen indicates a count-down timer if a timer is currently active.

#### "Softkeys"



The "Softkeys" permit navigation between screens, levels and functions and may be used to operate the unit. Refer to the Operation Display section on page 12 for detailed information.

#### **Operation Display**

#### "Operation" display



The current operation state of the unit and the condition of the sources are displayed during normal operation.

#### **Operation state**

The current operation state of the unit is indicated in the "Messages" section of the screen. Refer to Appendix A: Messages on page 28 for a list of the possible operation states.

#### Source condition

The current source condition is indicated in the "Operation" section of the screen. The following source conditions are possible:

#### <u>S1/2 Ok</u>

Source 1/2 is considered as "OK", i.e. the voltage and frequency of Source 1/2 are within the restore limits (refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for more information).

#### <u>S1/2 Fail</u>

Source 1/2 is considered as "not OK", i.e. the voltage or frequency of Source 1/2 are not within the restore limits (refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for more information).

#### S1/2 Restore

Source 1/2 is considered as "OK", but the stable timer for the respective source has not yet expired (refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for more information).

#### **Timer Display**

"Timer" display



If a timer is active, it is indicated in the "Messages" section of the screen and a numerical indication In the "Timer" section counts down the remaining time in seconds before the timer expires.

#### **BARSS** Bypass timer

If a timer is currently active, it may be bypassed with the "Bypass" softkey. This means that the timer expires immediately and the unit proceeds with the next operation. Refer to Appendix A: Messages on page 28 for a list of the possible timers.

#### **Navigation**



#### **LogicsManager**

Some parameters of the DTSC-200 are configured via the *LogicsManager* (refer to Configuration Manual 37386). A typical *LogicsManager* screen is shown in the following. You may configure a logical operation using various command variables, signs, and logical operators to achieve the desired logical output.





For config played in to opens a he functions.

For configuration of the *LogicsManager* the softkeys displayed in the right section are used. The softkey on the left opens a help screen. The softkeys are assigned with different functions.

## 2

#### Leave current screen ("Escape" / "ESC")

By pressing this softkey character you exit and go to the previous screen. If the Escape key is used to leave a *LogicsManager* configuration screen, any unconfirmed changes made will not be stored.

#### £ 0

9

2

#### Change option

By pressing these softkey characters you may change the option of the selected *LogicsManager* parameter upwards or downwards.

#### Confirm selection

By pressing this softkey character you confirm the configured option of the selected *LogicsManager* parameter.

#### Select parameter

By pressing this softkey character you may select the *LogicsManager* parameter to be configured. Each time this softkey character is pressed, the parameter will be advanced.

#### Help button

By pressing this softkey character you get to a help screen, which displays the logical operators of the *LogicsManager*. You may change the help screens with the Down **9** and Up **0** buttons. You may return to the *LogicsManager* with the Escape button **9**.

## Chapter 3. Functional Description

## **General ATS Functionality**

The following flowchart shows the typical ATS functionality:



S1

S1

S2

## **Application Modes**

#### 

The application mode may be configured in the unit (refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for more information). This is only possible in code level 2. The most important features and differences of the three application modes are illustrated in the following section. A description of the functions that are possible during each application mode can be found in the configuration manual (manual 37386).

#### **Util-Util Application Mode**

- This application mode has the following characteristics:
  - The ATS controller monitors two mains sources and transfers the load to the secondary source in case the primary source fails
    - The ATS controller operates as Master controller



This application mode has the following characteristics:

- The ATS controller monitors a mains sources and a generator source and transfers the load to the generator source in case the mains source fails
  - The ATS controller operates as Master controller

## Gen-Gen Application Mode

G2) S1 This application mode has the following characteristics:

- The ATS controller monitors two generator sources and transfers the load to the other source in case the regular source fails
- The ATS controller operates as Slave controller
- This application is not a stand-alone application and always combined with another ATS controller in Util-Gen application mode, which operates as Master controller (refer to the Application Manual 37388 for more information)



## **Blocking Transfer Operations**

#### 

The following conditions result in blocking all transfer operations. This means that the LogicsManager flags

- 20.07 "Close to S1"
- 20.09 "Close to S2"
- 20.08 "Open from S1"
- 20.10 "Open from S2"

are not enabled anymore. This blocks all transfer operations!

#### LogicsManager function "Inhibit ATS"

If the *LogicsManager* function "Inhibit ATS" (parameter 12600) is TRUE, all transfers are blocked! Refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for a description of this parameter.

#### Switch Failures

Depending on the configured "Transfer switch type" (parameter 3424), all transfers are blocked if specific switch failures occur. Refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for a description of this parameter.

#### Transfer Switch Type "Standard"

If one of the following failure conditions is present, all transfer operations are blocked and the respective failure must be acknowledged before a new transfer is possible:

- Fail to close S1 is present
- Fail to close S2 is present

#### Transfer Switch Type "Delayed"

If one of the following failure conditions is present, all transfer operations are blocked and the respective failure(s) must be acknowledged before a new transfer is possible:

- Fail to open S1 is present
- Fail to open S2 is present
- The transfer switch is in NEUTRAL position AND
  - Fail to close S1 is present AND
  - Fail to close S2 is present

#### Transfer Switch Type "Closed"

If one of the following failure conditions is present, all transfer operations are blocked and the respective failure(s) must be acknowledged before a new transfer is possible:

- Fail to close S1 is present
- Fail to close S2 is present
- Shunt trip enable flag (20.12) is enabled
- The transfer switch is in S1 or S2 position AND
  - Fail to open S1 is present OR
  - Fail to open S2 is present

#### Mechanical Failure (Limit Switch Monitoring)

#### **Functional Description**

If the "Limit switch monitoring" function (parameter 3430, refer to the Configuration Manual 37386 for more information about the parameter) is enabled, it is always active, if no transfer command (C2, C1, C2O, C1O) is currently being issued by the ATS controller. The DTSC-200 evaluates the currently present replies from the ATS limit switch together with the currently available source to determine which reply signals are currently expected to be able to supply the load.

The plausibility of the ATS limit switch replies will be monitored. It is not plausible for example that no or both replies are present for an "open transition switch".

If such a plausibility conflict is detected, the ATS controller blocks all further automatic transfers and displays the "Limit switch fail" message together with the actual and expected replies.



Figure 3-2: Limit switch monitoring - failure message

"Actual" indicates the reply messages, which are currently detected by the ATS limit switch. "Expected" indicates the reply messages, which are expected to be detected by the ATS limit switch.

A continued automatic operation of the ATS controller is only possible after the "Actual" state matches the "Expected" state again. A "Reset" button will be displayed in the lower section of the screen if this is the case. This button must be pressed by the operator to acknowledge the detection and the removal of the failure.

#### **Signal and Command Abbreviations**

- S1 Signal: breaker in source 1 position
- S2 Signal: breaker in source 2 position
- S10 Signal: breaker in source 1 OPEN position
- S2O Signal: breaker in source 2 OPEN position
- C1 Command: close to source 1
- C2 Command: close to source 2
- C1O Command: open from source 1
- C2O Command: open from source 2

#### **Truth Tables**

The truth tables indicate all possible reply signal combination conditions and the respective reactions of the ATS controller depending on the configuration of the parameters 3424 "Transfer switch type" and 3434 "Use limit sw. OPEN replies". All conditions, which are OK according to the table (columns Actual and Expected) do not result a "Limit switch fail" message.

Table 3-1 is valid for the following settings:

- Parameter 3424 "Transfer switch type" is configured to "Standard"
- Parameter 3434 "Use limit sw. OPEN replies" is configured to "NO"

S1 preferred	S1 source OK	S2 source OK	S1 closed signal	S2 closed signal	Actual	Expected
0	0	0	0	0		S2
0	0	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	0	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	0	1	1	S1 S2	S2
0	0	1	0	0		S2
0	0	1	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	1	1	1	S1 S2	S2
0	1	0	0	0		S1
0	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	0	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
0	1	1	0	0		S2
0	1	1	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	1	1	1	S1 S2	S1
1	0	0	0	0		S1
1	0	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	0	0	1	0	OK	OK
1	0	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
1	0	1	0	0		S2
1	0	1	0	1	OK	OK
1	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	0	1	1	1	S1 S2	S2
1	1	0	0	0		S1
1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	0	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
1	1	1	0	0	S1 S2	S1
1	1	1	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	1	1	1	S1 S2	S1

Table 3-1: Limit switch monitoring - truth table for "Standard" limit switch w/o "Open" replies

Table 3-2 is valid for the following settings:

- Parameter 3424 "Transfer switch type" is configured to "Delayed"
- Parameter 3434 "Use limit sw. OPEN replies" is configured to "NO"

S1 preferred	S1 source OK	S2 source OK	S1 closed signal	S2 closed signal	Actual	Expected
0	0	0	0	0	OK	OK
0	0	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	0	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	0	1	1	S1 S2	S2
0	0	1	0	0	OK	OK
0	0	1	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	1	1	1	S1 S2	S2
0	1	0	0	0	OK	OK
0	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	0	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
0	1	1	0	0	OK	OK
0	1	1	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	1	1	1	S1 S2	S2
1	0	0	0	0	OK	OK
1	0	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	0	0	1	0	OK	OK
1	0	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
1	0	1	0	0	OK	OK
1	0	1	0	1	OK	OK
1	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	0	1	1	1	S1 S2	S2
1	1	0	0	0	OK	OK
1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	0	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	0	1	1	S1 S2	S1
1	1	1	0	0	OK	OK
1	1	1	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	1	1	1	S1 S2	S1

Table 3-2: Limit switch monitoring - truth table for "Delayed" limit switch w/o "Open" replies

Limit switch monitoring is disabled for the following settings:

- Parameter 3424 "Transfer switch type" is configured to "Open"
- Parameter 3434 "Use limit sw. OPEN replies" is configured to "NO"

Table 3-3 is valid for the following settings:

- Parameter 3424 "Transfer switch type" is configured to "Open"
- Parameter 3434 "Use limit sw. OPEN replies" is configured to "YES"

S1 preferred	S1 OK	S2 OK	S1 closed signal	S2 closed signal	S1 open signal	S2 open signal	Actual	Expected
0	0	0	0	0	0	0		S2 S10
0	0	0	0	0	0	1	S2O	S2 S10
0	0	0	0	0	1	0	S10	S2 S10
0	0	0	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	S2	S2 S10
0	0	0	0	1	0	1	S2 S2O	S2 S10
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	S2 S1O S2O	S2 S10
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	S1	S2 S10
0	0	0	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	0	1	0	1	0	S1 S1O	S2 S10
0	0	0	1	0	1	1	S1 S1O S2O	S2 S10
0	0	0	1	1	0	0	S1 S2	S2 S10
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	S1 S2 S2O	S2 S10

S1 preferred	S1 OK	S2 OK	S1 closed signal	S2 closed signal	S1 open signal	S2 open signal	Actual	Expected
0	0	0	1	1	1	0	S1 S2 S10	\$2 \$10
0	0	0	1	1	1	1	<u>S1 S2 S10 S20</u>	S2 S10
0	0	1	0	0	0	0		S2 S10
0	0	1	0	0	0	1	\$20	S2 S10
0	0	1	0	0	1	0	S10	S2 S10
0	0	1	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	S2	S2 S10
0	0	1	0	1	0	1	S2 S2O	S2 S10
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	0	1	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	0	0	0	S1	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	S1 S1O	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	S1 S1O S2O	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	1	0	0	S1 S2	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	1	0	1	S1 S2 S2O	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	S1 S2 S10	S2 S10
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	S1 S2 S10 S20	S2 S10
0	1	0	0	0	0	0		S1 S2O
0	1	0	0	0	0	1	S2O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	S10	S1 S2O
0	1	0	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
0	1	0	0	1	0	0	S2	S1 S2O
0	1	0	0	1	0	1	S2 S2O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	S1	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	S1 S1O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	0	1	1	S1 S1O S2O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	S1 S2	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	1	0	1	S1 S2 S2O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	S1 S2 S1O	S1 S2O
0	1	0	1	1	1	1	S1 S2 S10 S20	S1 S2O
0	1	1	0	0	0	0		S2 S10
0	1	1	0	0	0	1	S2O	S2 S10
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	S10	S2 S10
0	1	1	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	S2	S2 S10
0	1	1	0	1	0	1	S2 S2O	S2 S10
0	1	1	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
0	1	1	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	0	0	0	S1	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	S1 S1O	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	0	1	1	S1 S10 S20	S2 S1O
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	S1 S2	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	1	0	1	S1 S2 S2O	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	S1 S2 S10	S2 S10
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	S1 S2 S10 S20	S2 S10
1	0	0	0	0	0	0		S1 S2O
1	0	0	0	0	0	1	S2O	S1 S2O
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	\$10	S1 S2O
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	S2	S1 S2O
1	0	0	0	1	0	1	82 820	S1 S2O
1	0	0	0	1	1	0		UK 01.020
1	0	0	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	SI S20
1	0	0	1	0	U	0	51 OV	S1 S2O
1	0	0	1	0	0	1		UK 01.020
1	0	0	1	0	1	0	51 510	51 520
1	0	0	1	0	1	1	SI SIU S2U SI S2	51 520
1	0	0	1	1	0	0	51 52	51 520
1	0	0	1	1	0	1	51 52 520	51 520
1	0	0	1	1	1	0	51 52 510 51 52 510 520	51 520
1	U	U	1	1	1	1	51 52 510 520	51 520

S1 preferred	S1 OK	S2 OK	S1 closed signal	S2 closed signal	S1 open signal	S2 open signal	Actual	Expected
1	0	1	0	0	0	0		\$2 \$10
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	\$20	S2 S10
1	0	1	0	0	1	0	S10	S2 S10
1	0	1	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
1	0	1	0	1	0	0	\$2	S2 S10
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	\$2 \$20	S2 S10
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0K	OK
1	0	1	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	S1	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	0	1	1	0	1	0	S1 S10	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	0	1	1	<u>\$1 \$10 \$20</u>	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	<u>S1 S2</u>	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	1	0	1	<u>\$1 \$2 \$20</u>	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	1	1	0	<u>S1 S2 S20</u>	S2 S10
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	<u>81 82 810 820</u>	S2 S10
1	1	0	0	0	0	0		S1 S20
1	1	0	0	0	0	1	\$20	S1 S20
1	1	0	0	0	1	0	S10	S1 S20
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
1	1	0	0	1	0	0	S2	S1 S20
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	S2 S20	S1 S20
1	1	0	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	0	0	1	1	1	\$2 \$10 \$20	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	S1	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	\$1.510	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	0	1	1	<u>\$1 \$10 \$20</u>	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	<u>S1 S2</u>	\$1 \$20
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	<u>\$1 \$2 \$20</u>	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	<u>81 82 810</u>	S1 S20
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	<u>S1 S2 S10 S20</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	0	0	0	0		S1 S20
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	\$20	S1 S20
1	1	1	0	0	1	0	<u>810</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	0	0	1	1	OK	OK
1	1	1	0	1	0	0	82	S1 S20
1	1	1	0	1	0	1	S2 S20	S1 S20
1	1	1	0	1	1	0	OK	OK
1	1	1	0	1	1	1	S2 S10 S20	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	S1	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	0	0	1	OK	OK
1	1	1	1	0	1	0	<u>81 810</u>	S1 S2O
1	1	1	1	0	1	1	<u>\$1 \$10 \$20</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	1	0	0	<u>S1 S2</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	1	0	1	<u>81 82 820</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	1	1	0	<u>S1 S2 S10</u>	S1 S20
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	<u>S1 S2 S10 S20</u>	S1 S20

Table 3-3: Limit switch monitoring - truth table for "Open" limit switch with "Open" replies

## Chapter 4. Configuration

This chapter provides information "how to configure the unit via the LC display" as well as the description of all parameters that may be changed without a password. If you have the correct passwords to access all code levels in order configure the unit, refer to manual 37386 for a description of all parameters, their setting range, and their influence to the operation of the unit.

## **Structure of the Parameters**

The parameters, which may be accessed in code level 0 (no access restrictions) are structured as follows (refer to the Parameters section on page 25 for a more detailed description):

Main Menu

- ► Language
  - English
  - German
- Password
- Change display contrast
- Configure monitoring
  - Time until horn reset
- System parameter
  - Password system
    - Code level display
    - ► Code level CAN port
    - ► Code level serial port / DPC
    - Password
    - Password CAN
    - Password DPC
    - ► Factory settings
  - ► Set clock
    - Hour
    - ► Minute
    - Second
    - ► Day
    - Month
    - ► Year
  - Version

1t

**†**|4

#### Access configuration menus



By pressing the **D** softkey, the main menu will be displayed to permit configuration of the control unit.

Softkeys "Configuration - select parameter"



Navigation through the parameters is carried out using the softkeys **D** and **D**. To edit the selected parameter press **D**. To save the edited parameter press **D**. To exit the parameter without saving any changes press **D**.

2

#### Return to the Main Screen/exit parameter without saving changes ("Escape")

Navigate Edit	<ul><li> Pressing the softkey will return the operator to the main display screen that shows monitored parameters. If the operator is configuring the control unit, this will return the user to the previous screen displayed.</li><li> I If it is desired to exit a parameter without saving changes made there, press the softkey and the user will be returned to the previous screen.</li></ul>
Next param	eter
Navigate	This softkey permits the user to navigate down through the parameters. Only the parameters assigned by the active password will be displayed. The parameters that may be viewed without a password are described later in this manual.
Previous pa	rameter/increase/change function
Navigate Edit	This softkey permits the user to navigate upwards through the parameters. If the desired parameter has been selected by pressing the softkey, and the cursor has been moved to the appropriate position via the softkey, the value of the digit may be increased by one using the softkey. If the digit has reached the highest numeral permitted for the placeholder, the unit will return to the lowest digit by pressing the softkey again.
Select parar	neter/input confirmation ("Enter")
Navigate	A highlighted parameter may be enter into for configuration by pressing the <b>D</b> softkey. This permits the changing of the configured value within the parameter
Edit	Any value that has been changed within a parameter is changed and stored in the unit memory by pressing the <b>D</b> softkey.
Next digit of	the selected parameter
If the paran	neter has a numeric value (i.e. the password) that is to be changed, the digits

If the parameter has a numeric value (i.e. the password) that is to be changed, the digits must be changed individually. The **C** softkey permits navigation to each cursor position of the number to be changed. See the softkey symbols **C** for an explanation of how to change the digit.

## **Parameters**

#### 



#### NOTE

A description of all parameters, which may be edited/configured via the display, are described in manual 37386.

#### Language

Language	Change language	{Language}
A Language	<ul> <li>{Language}The selection of a language in the control unit:</li> <li>Text in the operating field input (i.e. discrete inputs n</li> <li>The alarm list text</li> <li>All parameters which may panel</li> </ul>	will affect the following text which are not defined by an nay be a user-defined text) be changed via the unit

#### Password

Password	Password for access via the unit panel	0000 to 9999
5 Passwort		
	A password must be entered to permit configurat unit panel. If a password is not entered only the c may be edited. All other parameters and a descrip may be found in the manual 37386.	ion of the unit via the lisplayed parameters otion of their functions

#### **Display Contrast**

	+/ <b>-</b>
<ul> <li>Displaykontrast ändern</li> <li>In parameter "Change display contrast" the display contrast may creased or decrease using these softkey characters.</li> <li>Increase the display contrast.</li> <li>Decrease the display contrast.</li> <li>Performs a lamp test.</li> </ul>	y be in-

#### **Deactivate Horn**

GR EN	Time until horn reset Zeit Hupenreset	Self acknowledgement of the horn signal	0 to 1.000 s
		A horn signal is issued and the alarm LED flashes w tion occurs. This signal will be disabled when the co pires. This is the maximum time, for which a horn s will also be deactivated if it is acknowledged before is configured to 0, the horn will remain active until edged.	when a fault condi- onfigured time ex- ignal is active (it ). If this parameter it will be aconowl-

## Code Levels

EN	Code level display	Code level via display	Info
GR	Codeebene Display	This value displays the code level that is currently acti the front panel.	ve for access via
R EN	Code level CAN port	Password CAN-Bus	Info
U	Codeebene CAN Schnittster.	This value displays the code level that is currently action the CAN bus.	ve for access via
GR EN	Code level serial port / DPC Codebene serielle Schnittstel	Code level RS-232 (DPC interface)	Info
		This value displays the code level that is currently action the serial RS-232 (DPC) interface.	ve for access via

## Password

R EN	Password	Password for access via the unit panel	0000 to 9999
	A password must be entered to permit configuration unit panel. If a password is not entered only the disp may be edited. All other parameters and a descriptio may be found in the manual 37386.	of the unit via the layed parameters n of their functions	
R EN	Password CAN	Password for access via CAN	0000 to 9999
G	Passwort CAN	A password must be entered to permit configuration CAN bus. If a password is not entered only the displ may be edited. All other parameters and a description may be found in the manual 37386.	of the unit via the ayed parameters n of their functions
R EN	Password DPC	Password for access via DPC	0000 to 9999
A passwort RS232 A passwort in ters ma tions m		A password must be entered to permit configuration DPC interface. If a password is not entered only the ters may be edited. All other parameters and a descri- tions may be found in the manual 37386.	of the unit via the displayed parame- ption of their func-

## Factory (Default) Values

EN	Factory settings	Factory setting	YES/NO
6	Werkseinstellung	The factory settings (default values) may be load able the following screen to be displayed. It is pe tory settings (default values) for all displayed pa	led. Select YES to en- ossible to load the fac- rameters.
NE	Set default values	Set default values	VFS/NO
GR	Standardwerte	Entering YES overwrites the current configured values. Only those parameters will be reset, which change in the selected code level.	values with the default ch are permitted to

## **Real-Time Clock - Time**

R EN	Hour	Adjust clock time: hour	0 to 23
G	Stunden	The hour of the current time is set here. Example: $0$ $0^{th}$ hour of the day. $23$ $23^{rd}$ hour of the day.	
EN	Minute	Adjust clock time: minute	0 to 59
GR	Minuten	The minute of the current time is set here. Example: <b>0</b> 0 <sup>th</sup> minute of the hour. <b>59</b> 59 <sup>th</sup> minute of the hour.	
NS	Second	Adjust clock time: second	0 to 59
GR 1	Sekunden	The second of the current time is set here. Example: <b>0</b> 0 <sup>th</sup> second of the minute. <b>59</b>	01035

## **Real-Time Clock - Date**

EN	Day	Adjust date: day	1 to 31
CH CH	Tag		
		The day of the current date is set here. Example:	
		<b>1</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> day of the month.	
		<b>31</b> $31^{st}$ day of the month.	
z	Month		14, 10
ы м	Monat	Adjust date: month	1 to 12
0	Monat	The month of the current date is set here. Example: <b>1</b> 1 <sup>st</sup> month of the year. <b>12</b> 12 <sup>th</sup> month of the year.	
EN	Year Jahr	Adjust date: year	0 to 99
0	Juli	The year of the current date is set here. Example: 0Year 2000. 99Year 2099.	

## Version

Version	Displays system information	Info
5 Version	System information, like serial number of the unit a is displayed.	and software version

## Appendix A. Messages

## **Timer / Operation States**

#### 

The following table indicates the display messages of the various timers and operations states:

Display text	Description	Corresponding timer parameter	Note
S1 Start delay	Source 2 has failed, and now the S1 start delay timer is	"S1 start delay time"	Gen-Gen mode only
	running.		
S2 Start delay	Source 1 has failed, and now the S2 start delay timer is	"S2 start delay time"	Util-Gen and Gen-Gen
	running.		mode only
S1 Stable timer	The transfer from Source 2 to Source 1 is delayed, to	"S1 Source Stable time"	
	permit stabilization of Source 1 before a re-transfer is		
	made. If Source2 fails during timing, a re-transfer to		
	Source 1 will be performed immediately.		
S2 Stable timer	The transfer from Source 1 to Source 2 is delayed, to	"S2 Source Stable time"	
at a	permit stabilization of Source 2 before a transfer is made.		
S1 Cooldown	Engine runs unloaded, after a retransfer to Source 2 has	"S1 cooldown time"	Only for Gen-Gen appli-
	been made. This is to ensure that engine I has enough		cations
6 <b>0</b> G 11	time to cool down.	100 11 C 11	1110 10 0
S2 Cooldown	Engine runs unloaded, after a retransfer to Source I has	"S2 cooldown time"	Util-Gen and Gen-Gen
	been made. This is to ensure that engine 2 has enough		mode only
I 1 01			
Load on SI Starting S2	Source 1 is connected to the load.	- "E2 Start fail dalay time"	
Starting S2	Engine 2 is being started.	S2 Start fall delay time	
Load on S2	Source 1 has failed, and Source 2 is powering the load.	-	
Load test	The ATS system is in "Load test" mode. A Source I fail-	"Load test activation either via	
	are way like an Source 1 feilure has been accurred )	"Load Test Logiasmanager"	
No load test	The ATS system is in "No load Test" mode. This means	No load test activation aither	
no ioau test	that the engine runs unloaded and no transfers will take	via "Engine test" Softkey or	
	place. This test mode is used to check whether the engine	via "No Load Test -	
	is started or not	Logicsmanager"	
Elevator signal	The Elevator pre-signal timer is running. This message	Elevator pre-signal duration	
Elevator signar	only occurs if the "Elevator pre-signal" feature is acti-	Dievator pre signar autation	
	vated and BOTH sources are available. If only one source		
	is available (like in an emergency case) the elevator pre-		
	signal timer will automatically be bypassed.		
Starting S1	Engine 1 is being started.	"S1 Start fail delay time"	Only for Gen-Gen appli-
-			cations
Wait S1 to open	A command is issued by the ATS Controller to open the	"Limit switch reply timeout"	
_	ATS switch from Source 1 position		
Wait S2 to open	A command is issued by the ATS Controller to open the	"Limit switch reply timeout"	
	ATS switch from Source 2 position		
Wait S1 to close	A command is issued by the ATS Controller to close the	"Limit switch reply timeout"	
	ATS switch into Source 1 position		
Wait S2 to close	A command is issued by the ATS Controller to close the	"Limit switch reply timeout"	
	ATS switch into Source 2 position		
Rem. peak shave	"Remote peak shave" mode is active	Remote peak shave activation	
		via "Remote peak shave -	
		Logicsmanager"	
Motor Load Disc.	The Motor Load Disconnect timer is running. This mes-	"Disconnect time S1"	
	sage only occurs, if the "Motor load disconnect" feature is	and/or	
LII VED CI	activated.	"Disconnect time S2"	
innib. XFR to SI	A transfer to Source 1 is inhibited although Source 1 is	"Innibit transfer to Source 1"	
	available. In the case of an Source 2 failure, a transfer to	Source 1 Logicsmonoger"	
	Source 1 takes place, even the transfer is inhibited	Source 1 - Logicsmanager"	

Display text	Description	Corresponding timer parameter	Note
Inhib. XFR to S2	A transfer to Source 2 is inhibited although Source 2 is	"Inhibit transfer to Source 2"	
	available. In the case of an Source 1 failure, a transfer to	activation via "Inhib. XFR to	
	Source 2 takes place, even the transfer is inhibited.	Source 2 - Logicsmanager"	
Load Shed active	Load shed is active	-	
Pwr. rate. prov.	"Interruptible power rate provisions" mode is active	"Interruptible power rate pro-	
		visions" activation via "Int.	
		Power Rates - Logicsmanager"	
ATS inhibit	The ATS Controller is in "Inhibit mode". No transfers	"ATS inhibit" activation via	
	take place if the ATS controller is set into this mode.	"Inhibit ATS - Logicsmanager"	
Neutral S1→S2	The ATS controller delays the transfer from NEUTRAL	Neutral time S1→S2	Only available if Transi-
	position to Source 2 position.		tion mode "Delayed" or
			"Closed" is selected.
Neutral S1←S2	The ATS controller delays the transfer from NEUTRAL	Neutral time S2→S1	Only available if Transi-
	position to Source 1 position.		tion mode "Delayed" or
			"Closed" is selected.
In-Phase Check	The ATS controller performs an In-Phase check before a	-	
	transfer is made. This message only occurs, if the "In-		
	phase monitor" feature is activated.		
Transfer pause	The ATS controller delays the next transfer attempt.	"Wait time until next XFR at-	
		tempt"	

Table 4-1: Timer / operation states - display

## Alarm Messages

#### 

Message in LeoPC1	Meaning
Message in the display	
Batt.overvolt. Lev.1	Battery overvoltage, limit value 1
Batt.overvolt.1	The battery voltage has exceeded the limit value 1 for battery overvoltage for at least the configured
	time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not been ac-
	knowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
Batt.overvolt. Lev.2	Battery overvoltage, limit value 2
Batt.overvolt.2	The battery voltage has exceeded the limit value 2 for battery overvoltage for at least the configured
	time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not been ac-
Dath underwalt I are 1	knowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
Batt.undervoit. Lev.1	Battery undervoltage, limit value 1
Batt.undervoit.i	The ballery voltage has fallen below the limit value of the hysterasis. Additionally, the alarm has not been
	acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES)
Batt.undervolt. Lev.2	Battery undervoltage, limit value 2
Batt.undervolt.2	The battery voltage has fallen below the limit value 2 for battery undervoltage for at least the con-
	figured time and has not exceeded the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not been
	acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
CAN Open Fault	Interface alarm CAN Open
CAN Open Fault	The communication with external expansion boards via the CAN Open interface has been inter-
	rupted and no data can be transmitted or received over the bus. Additionally, the alarm has not been
Fail to glose S1	Switch foiled to close to course 1
Fail to close SI	Switch falled to close to source 1 The ATS controller has issued a "close" command to close the transfer switch to source 1 position
	but did not receive any feedback from the limit switch renly "SN" at DI 1 (terminal 51) within the
	configured time.
Fail to close S2	Switch failed to close to source 2
	The ATS controller has issued a "close" command to close the transfer switch to source 2 position,
	but did not receive any feedback from the limit switch reply "SE" at DI 2 (terminal 52) within the
	configured time.
Fail to open Sl	Switch failed to open from source 1
	The ATS controller has issued an "open" command to open the transfer switch from source 1 posi- tion, but did not receive any feedback from the limit switch reply "SNO" at DL5 (terminal 55)
	within the configured time.
Fail to open S2	Switch failed to open from source 2
-	The ATS controller has issued an "open" command to open the transfer switch from source 2 posi-
	tion, but did not receive any feedback from the limit switch reply "SNE" at DI 4 (terminal 54)
	within the configured time.
Overcurrent Lev.1	Overcurrent, limit value 1
	The generator current has exceeded the limit value 1 for the generator overcurrent for at least the
	configured time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not been eaknowledged (upless the "Self eaknowledgement" is configured VES).
Overcurrent Lev.2	Overcurrent limit value 2
	The generator current has exceeded the limit value 2 for the generator overcurrent for at least the
	configured time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not
	been acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
Overcurrent Lev.3	Overcurrent, limit value 3
	The generator current has exceeded the limit value 3 for the generator overcurrent for at least the
	configured time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not
Con evenland tor 1	been acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
Gen.overioad Lev.i	<b>Overload, limit value 1</b> The concreter neuron has exceeded the limit value 1 for concreter evenload for at least the config.
	and generator power has exceeded the limit value 1 for generator overload for at least the config-
	acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).
Gen.overload Lev.2	Overload, limit value 1
	The generator power has exceeded the limit value 1 for generator overload for at least the config-
	ured time and did not fall below the value of the hysteresis. Additionally, the alarm has not been
	acknowledged (unless the "Self acknowledgement" is configured YES).

Message in LeoPC1	Meaning
Message in the display	
In-phase timeout	Inphase timer has expired
	If inphase monitoring is enabled and the unit was not able to detect a synchronicity between source 1 and source 2 within the configured time, this message will be displayed.
Mechanical fail	Mechanical failure occurred
	The limit switch reply evaluation system has recognized an irregular state of the limit switches
	nals and the EXPECTED reply signals. Once the Actual reply signals meet the same state than
	the expected ones, the mechanical failure will acknowledge itself and records an entry in the
	event history.
Overlap timeout	Switch was unable to open from overlap position
	The limit switch reply evaluation system has recognized an irregular state of the limit switches from the transfer switch from both sources
S1 phase rot.mis.	Source 1 phase rotation miswired
• ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	If source 1 phase rotation monitoring is enabled and a miswired phase rotation has been de-
	tected, this message will be displayed.
S2 phase rot.mis.	Source 2 phase rotation miswired
	If source 2 phase rotation monitoring is enabled and a miswired phase rotation has been de-
Start fail S1	Source 1 could not be started
	Genset 1 could not be started. This is only valid if the application mode is configured to "Gen-
	Gen".
Start fail S2	Source 2 could not be started
	Genset 2 could not be started.
Un. stop Sl	Genset 1 has stopped unintentionally
	An unintended stop of genset 1 has occurred (possibly due to a fuel shortage or a general prob-
Un. stop S2	Genset 2 has stopped unintentionally
	An unintended stop of genset 2 has occurred (possibly due to a fuel shortage or a general prob-
	lem with the engine).

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