

***HOLUX***

**GM-83**

# **GPS Engine Board**

## **User's Guide**

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## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Overview

The **HOLUX GM-83 Engine Board** is a total solution GPS receiver, designed based on SiRF star II Architecture. This positioning application meets strict needs such as car navigation, mapping, surveying, agriculture and so on. Only clear view of sky and certain power supply are necessary to the unit.

GM-83 communicates with other electronic utilities via compatible dual-channel through RS-232 or TTL and saves critical satellite data by built-in memory backup. With low power consumption, the GM-83 tracks up to 12 satellites at a time, re-acquires satellite signals in 100 ms and updates position data every second. Trickle-Power allows the unit operates a fraction of the time and Push-to-Fix permits user to have a quick position fix even though the receiver usually stays off.

### 1.2 Features

The GM-83 provides a host of features that make it easy for integration and use.

- SiRF Star II chipset with embedded ARM7TDMI CPU available for customized applications in firmware•
- 12 parallel satellite-tracking channels for fast acquisition and reacquisition•
- High speed signal acquisition using 1920 time/frequency search channels•
- Built-in WAAS/EGNOS Demodulator•
- Support U.S. Coast Guard DGPS beacon signal•
- Low power consumption with Advanced Trickle-Power and Push-To-Fix mode••
- Optional Rechargeable battery for memory and RTC backup and for fast Time to First Fix(TTFF)•
- Support NMEA0183 v2.2 data protocol and SiRF binary code•
- Enhanced algorithms -SnapLock and SnapStart provide superior navigation performance in urban, canyon and foliage environments•
- For Car Navigation , Marine Navigation ,Fleet Management ,AVL and Location-Based Services , Auto Pilot ,Personal Navigation or touring devices, Tracking devices/systems and Mapping devices application•

### 1.3 Technology Specifications

#### 1.3.1 Physical Dimension

- 1) PCB Size: 40.6(W) x 71.1(D) x 9.1(H) (mm) (The height of pin is excluded)
- 2) Weight: 18 g

#### 1.3.2 Environmental Characteristics

- 1) Operating temperature: -40°C to +85°C (internal temperature)
- 2) Storage temperature: -45°C to +100°C

#### 1.3.3 Electrical Characteristics

- 1) Input voltage: 5.0Vdc +/-10% or 3.3Vdc +/- 10%.
- 2) Backup power:(optional)•3V Rechargeable Lithium cell battery, up to 1000 hours discharge.
- 3) MCX antenna connector: Active or patch.

**1.3.4 Performance**

- 1) Tracks up to 12 satellites.
- 2) Update rate: 1 second.
- 3) Acquisition time:

|               |     |               |
|---------------|-----|---------------|
| Reacquisition | 0.1 | sec, averaged |
| Hot start     | 8   | sec. averaged |
| Warm start    | 38  | sec. averaged |
| Cold start    | 45  | sec. averaged |

- 4) Position accuracy:

**Non DGPS (Differential GPS)**

|          |      |                                   |
|----------|------|-----------------------------------|
| Position | 5~25 | meter CEP                         |
| Velocity | 0.1  | meters/second.                    |
| Time     | 1    | microsecond synchronized GPS time |

**DGPS (Differential GPS)**

|          |        |                        |
|----------|--------|------------------------|
| Position | 1 to 5 | meters, typical        |
| Velocity | 0.05   | meters/second, typical |

**EGNOS/WAAS**

|          |       |                                |
|----------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Position | < 2.2 | meters, horizontal 95% of time |
|          | < 5   | meters, vertical 95% of time   |

- 5) Dynamic Conditions :

|              |        |                                  |
|--------------|--------|----------------------------------|
| Altitude     | 18,000 | meters(60,000 feet) max          |
| Velocity     | 515    | meters/second (1000 knots) max   |
| Acceleration | 4      | G, max                           |
| Jerk         | 20     | meters/second <sup>3</sup> , max |

**1.3.5 Interfaces**

- 1) Dual communication channel TTL or RS232 levels, with user selectable baud rate (4800-Default, 9600, 19200, 38400).
- 2) NMEA 0183 Version 2.2 ASCII output (GGA, GLL, GSV, GSA, RMC, VTG).
- 3) Real-time Differential Correction input (RTCM SC-104 message types 1, 2 and 9).

**2. Operational characteristics****2.1 Initialization**

As soon as the initial self-test is complete, the GM-83 begins the process of satellite acquisition and tracking automatically. Under normal circumstances, it takes approximately 45 seconds to achieve a position fix, 38 seconds if ephemeris data is known. After a position fix has been calculated, information about valid position, velocity and time is transmitted over the output channel.

The GM-83 utilizes initial data, such as last stored position, date, time and satellite orbital data, to achieve maximum acquisition performance. If significant inaccuracy exists in the initial data, or the orbital data is obsolete, it may take more time to achieve a navigation solution. The GM-83 Auto-locate feature is capable of automatically determining a navigation solution without intervention from the host system. However, acquisition performance can be improved as the host system initializes the GM-83 in the following situation:

- Moving further than 500 kilometers.
- Failure of Data storage due to the inactive internal memory battery.

## 2.2 Navigation

After the acquisition process is complete, the GM-83 sends valid navigation information over output channels. These data include:

- 1) Latitude/longitude/altitude
- 2) Velocity
- 3) Date/time
- 4) Error estimates
- 5) Satellite and receiver status

## 2.3 Manufacturing Default:

Datum: WGS84.

Baud Rate: 4800.

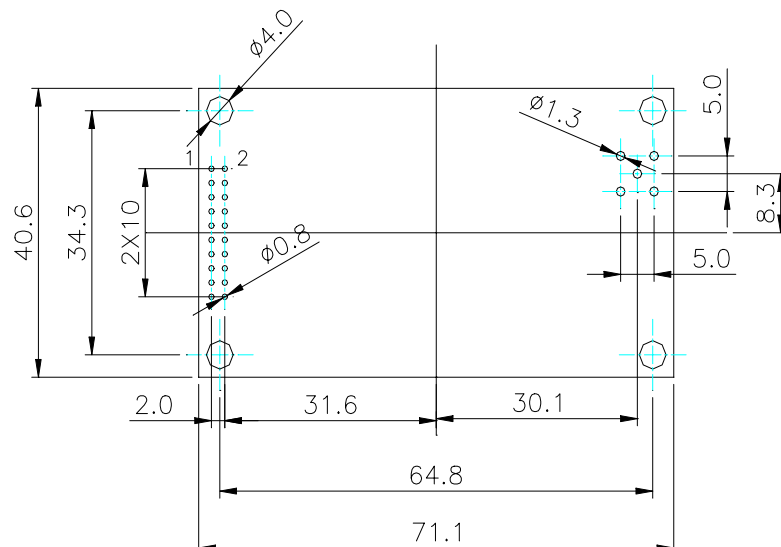
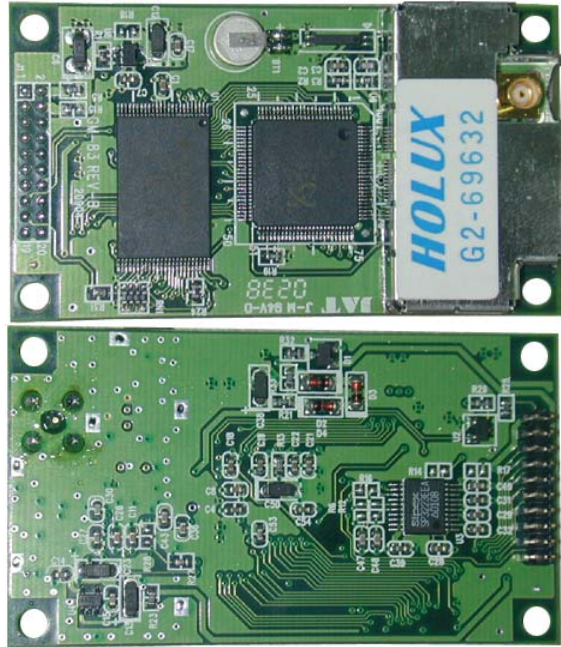
Output: GGA, GSA, GSV, RMC or by demand.

DGPS: RTCM SC-104(Type 1,2,9) or **WAAS** (in **USA area**) or **EGNOS** (in **European area**)

### 3. Hardware interface

#### 3.1 Standard Model GM-83

**GM-83-A** W/ angle MCX connector and standard hole to hole dimension



**J1 connector pin definition:**

| Pin # | Name          | Description                                       |
|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 1     | <b>NC</b>     | No function                                       |
| 2     | <b>VCC_5V</b> | Regulated 5.0V +/-5% input power, 160mA typical.  |
| 3     | <b>VBAT</b>   | Battery backup input. 2.5V to 3.3V ,10uA typical. |
| 4     | <b>NC</b>     | No function                                       |

|    |                 |                                                                                                                                    |
|----|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 5  | <b>PBRESEN</b>  | Manual reset input, ground to reset receiver. Leave floating for normal operation. The minimum pulse width is 150 ms reset signal. |
| 6  | <b>GPIO1</b>    | General purpose I/O pin 1                                                                                                          |
| 7  | <b>GPIO2</b>    | General purpose I/O pin 2                                                                                                          |
| 8  | <b>GPIO3</b>    | General purpose I/O pin 3                                                                                                          |
| 9  | <b>GPIO4</b>    | General purpose I/O pin 4                                                                                                          |
| 10 | <b>GND</b>      | Ground                                                                                                                             |
| 11 | <b>TXA</b>      | Port A Serial Transmit Data GPS messages.                                                                                          |
| 12 | <b>RXA</b>      | Port A Serial Receive Data GPS commands.                                                                                           |
| 13 | <b>GND</b>      | Ground                                                                                                                             |
| 14 | <b>TXB</b>      | Port B Serial Transmit Data.                                                                                                       |
| 15 | <b>RXB</b>      | Port B Serial Receive Data DGPS messages.                                                                                          |
| 16 | <b>GND</b>      | Ground.                                                                                                                            |
| 17 | <b>GPIO5</b>    | Reserved for re-programming flash.                                                                                                 |
| 18 | <b>GND</b>      | Ground                                                                                                                             |
| 19 | <b>TIMEMARK</b> | 1PPS Time mark output                                                                                                              |
| 20 | <b>NC</b>       | No function                                                                                                                        |

1. **VCC\_5V**: + 5V DC voltage input.
2. Dual communication channel TTL levels (GM-83-T/T1/T2) or RS-232 levels (GM-83-A/A1/A2), with user selectable baud rates (4800-Default, 9600, 19200, 38400).

**RXA**: Main Receive Channel. This input is used to receive software commands to the GM-83 from user written software.

**RXB**: Auxiliary Receive Channel. This input is used to receive serial differential GPS data.

**TXA**: Main Serial Output. This output provides navigation data to user written software.

**TXB**: For user's application (not currently used).

3. **PBRESEN**: This pin provides an active-low reset input to the GM-83. Activation of this pin will reset and start acquisition process. It may be left open if not utilized.
4. **TIMEMARK**: This pin provides One-Pulse-Per-Second output from the GM-83 board, which is synchronized to GPS time. This is not available in Trickle-Power mode
5. **VBAT**: Battery backup input for powering the RAM and RTC. Typical current is 10uA. Without an external backup battery the GM-83 will execute a cold start when turning on each time. To achieve the faster start-up offered by a hot or warm start, either a battery backup must be connected. A 2.5V and 3.6V power source is required in order to maximize battery lifetime. With a lithium cell battery, the data retention is 1,000 hours.
6. **GPIO Functions**: Several I/Os of CPU are connected to the digital interface connector for customer's applications and are labeled as GPIO1 to GPIO5.

## 4. Software Interface

The GM-83 interface protocol is based on the National Marine Electronics Association's NMEA 0183 ASC $\square$  interface specification, which is defined in NMEA 0183, Version 2.2 and the Radio Technical Commission for Maritime Services (RTCM Recommended Standards For Differential Navstar GPS Service, Version 2.1, RTCM Special Committee No.104).

### 4.1 NMEA Transmitted Messages

The default communication parameters for NMEA output are 4800 baud, 8 data bits, stop bit, and no parity.

Table 4-1 NMEA-0183 Output Messages

| NMEA Record | Description                                                          |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| GPGLL       | Geographic position- latitude/longitude                              |
| GPWGS       | GNSS DOP and active satellites                                       |
| GPGLSV      | GNSS satellites in view                                              |
| GPWGS       | Recommended minimum specific GNSS data                               |
| GPVTG       | Course over ground and ground speed                                  |
| GPWGS       | Radio-beacon Signal-to-noise ratio, signal strength, frequency, etc. |

#### 4.1.1 Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA)

Table 4-2 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPGLL,161229.487,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,1,07,1.0,9.0,M, , , ,0000\*18**

Table 4-2 GGA Data Format

| Name                   | Example    | Units  | Description                       |
|------------------------|------------|--------|-----------------------------------|
| Message ID             | \$GPGLL    |        | GGA protocol header               |
| UTC Time               | 161229.487 |        | hhmmss.sss                        |
| Latitude               | 3723.2475  |        | ddmm.mmmm                         |
| N/S Indicator          | N          |        | N=north or S=south                |
| Longitude              | 12158.3416 |        | dddmm.mmmm                        |
| E/W Indicator          | W          |        | E=east or W=west                  |
| Position Fix Indicator | 1          |        | See Table 5-3                     |
| Satellites Used        | 07         |        | Range 0 to 12                     |
| HDOP                   | 1.0        |        | Horizontal Dilution of Precision  |
| MSL Altitude (1)       | 9.0        | Meters |                                   |
| Units                  | M          | Meters |                                   |
| Geoid Separation(1)    |            | Meters |                                   |
| Units                  | M          | Meters |                                   |
| Age of Diff. Corr.     |            | second | Null fields when DGPS is not used |
| Diff. Ref. Station ID  | 0000       |        |                                   |
| Checksum               | *18        |        |                                   |
| <CR> <LF>              |            |        | End of message termination        |

(1). SiRF Technology Inc. does not support geoid corrections. Values are WGS84 ellipsoid heights.

Table 4-3 Position Fix Indicator



| Value | Description                           |
|-------|---------------------------------------|
| 0     | 0 Fix not available or invalid        |
| 1     | GPS SPS Mode, fix valid               |
| 2     | Differential GPS, SPS Mode, fix valid |
| 3     | GPS PPS Mode, fix valid               |

#### 4.1.2 Geographic Position with Latitude/Longitude(GLL)

Table 4-4 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPGLL,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,161229.487,A\*2C**

Table 4-4 GLL Data Format

| Name          | Example    | Units | Description                        |
|---------------|------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| Message ID    | \$GPGLL    |       | GLL protocol header                |
| Latitude      | 3723.2475  |       | ddmm.mmmm                          |
| N/S Indicator | N          |       | N/S Indicator N N=north or S=south |
| Longitude     | 12158.3416 |       | dddmm.mmmm                         |
| E/W Indicator | W          |       | E=east or W=west                   |
| UTC Position  | 161229.487 |       | hhmmss.sss                         |
| Status        | A          |       | A=data valid or V=data not valid   |
| Checksum      | *2C        |       |                                    |
| <CR> <LF>     |            |       | End of message termination         |

#### 4.1.3 GNSS DOP and Active Satellites (GSA)

Table 4-5 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPGSA,A,3,07,02,26,27,09,04,15,, , , , ,1.8,1.0,1.5\*33**

Table 4-5 GSA Data Format

| Name                          | Example | Units | Description                      |
|-------------------------------|---------|-------|----------------------------------|
| Message ID                    | \$GPGSA |       | GSA protocol header              |
| Mode 1                        | A       |       | See Table 5-6                    |
| Mode 2                        | 3       |       | See Table 5-7                    |
| Satellite Used <sub>(1)</sub> | 07      |       | Sv on Channel 1                  |
| Satellite Used <sub>(1)</sub> | 02      |       | Sv on Channel 2                  |
| .....                         |         |       | ....                             |
| Satellite Used <sub>(1)</sub> |         |       | Sv on Channel 12                 |
| PDOP                          | 1.8     |       | Position Dilution of Precision   |
| HDOP                          | 1.0     |       | Horizontal Dilution of Precision |
| VDOP                          | 1.5     |       | Vertical Dilution of Precision   |
| Checksum                      | *33     |       |                                  |
| <CR> <LF>                     |         |       | End of message termination       |

1. Satellite used in solution.

Table 4-6 Mode 1

| Value | Description                                       |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| M     | Manual—forced to operate in 2D or 3D mode         |
| A     | 2DAutomatic—allowed to automatically switch 2D/3D |

Table 4-7 Mode 2

| Value | Description       |
|-------|-------------------|
| 1     | Fix Not Available |
| 2     | 2D                |

#### 4.1.4 GNSS Satellites in View (GSV)

Table 4-8 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPGSV,2,1,07,07,79,048,42,02,51,062,43,26,36,256,42,27,27,138,42\*71**  
**\$GPGSV,2,2,07,09,23,313,42,04,19,159,41,15,12,041,42\*41**

Table 4-8 GSV Data Format

| Name                      | Example | Units   | Description                           |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| Message ID                | \$GPGSV |         | GSV protocol header                   |
| Number of Messages<br>(1) | 2       |         | Range 1 to 3                          |
| Message Number(1)         | 1       |         | Range 1 to 3                          |
| Satellites in View        | 07      |         |                                       |
| Satellite ID              | 07      |         | Channel 1 (Range 1 to 32)             |
| Elevation                 | 79      | degrees | Channel 1 (Maximum 90)                |
| Azimuth                   | 048     | degrees | Channel 1 (True, Range 0 to 359)      |
| SNR (C/No)                | 42      | dBHz    | Range 0 to 99, null when not tracking |
| ....                      | ....    |         |                                       |
| Satellite ID              | 27      |         | Channel 4 (Range 1 to 32)             |
| Elevation                 | 27      | degrees | Channel 4 (Maximum 90)                |
| Azimuth                   | 138     | degrees | Channel 4 (True, Range 0 to 359)      |
| SNR (C/No)                | 42      | dBHz    | Range 0 to 99, null when not tracking |
| Checksum                  | *71     |         |                                       |
| <CR> <LF>                 |         |         | End of message termination            |

(1). Depending on the number of satellites tracked multiple messages of GSV data may be required.

#### 4.1.5 Recommended Minimum Specific GNSS Data (RMC)

Table 4-9 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPRMC,161229.487,A,3723.2475,N,12158.3416,W,0.13,309.62,120598, ,\*10**

Table 4-9 RMC Data Format

| Name                  | Example    | Units   | Description                      |
|-----------------------|------------|---------|----------------------------------|
| Message ID            | \$GPRMC    |         | RMC protocol header              |
| UTC Time              | 161229.487 |         | hhmmss.sss                       |
| Status                | A          |         | A=data valid or V=data not valid |
| Latitude              | 3723.2475  |         | ddmm.mmmm                        |
| N/S Indicator         | N          |         | N=north or S=south               |
| Longitude             | 12158.3416 |         | dddmm.mmmm                       |
| E/W Indicator         | W          |         | E=east or W=west                 |
| Speed Over Ground     | 0.13       | knots   |                                  |
| Course Over Ground    | 309.62     | degrees | True                             |
| Date                  | 120598     |         | ddmmyy                           |
| Magnetic Variation(1) |            | degrees | E=east or W=west                 |
| Checksum              | *10        |         |                                  |
| <CR> <LF>             |            |         | End of message termination       |

(1). SiRF Technology Inc. does not support magnetic declination. All "course over ground" data are geodetic WGS84 directions.

#### 4.1.6 Course Over Ground and Ground Speed (VTG)

Table 4-10 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPVTG,309.62,T, ,M,0.13,N,0.2,K\*6E**

Table 4-10 VTG Data Format

| Name       | Example | Units   | Description                |
|------------|---------|---------|----------------------------|
| Message ID | \$GPVTG |         | VTG protocol header        |
| Course     | 309.62  | degrees | Measured heading           |
| Reference  | T       |         | True                       |
| Course     |         | degrees | Measured heading           |
| Reference  | M       |         | Magnetic <sup>(1)</sup>    |
| Speed      | 0.13    | knots   | Measured horizontal speed  |
| Units      | N       |         | Knots                      |
| Speed      | 0.2     | km/hr   | Measured horizontal speed  |
| Units      | K       |         | Kilometers per hour        |
| Checksum   | *6E     |         |                            |
| <CR> <LF>  |         |         | End of message termination |

(1). SiRF Technology Inc. does not support magnetic declination. All "course over ground" data are geodetic WGS84 directions.

#### 4.1.6 MSK Receiver Signal (MSS)

Table C-9 contains the values for the following example:

**\$GPMSS,55,27,318.0,100,\*66**

Table C-9 MSS Data Format

| Name                  | Example | Units | Description                 |
|-----------------------|---------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Message ID            | \$GPMSS | MSS   | protocol header             |
| Signal Strength       | 55      | dB    | dB SS of tracked frequency  |
| Signal-to-Noise Ratio | 27      | dB    | SNR of tracked frequency    |
| Beacon Frequency      | 318.0   | kHz   | Currently tracked frequency |
| Beacon Bit Rate       | 100     |       | 100 bits per second         |

**Note** – The MSS NMEA message can only be polled or scheduled using the MSK NMEA input message.

## 4.2 RTCM Received Data

The default communication parameters for DGPS Input are 9600 baud, 8 data bits, stop bit, and no parity. Position accuracy of less than 5 meters can be achieved with the GM-83 by using Differential GPS (DGPS) real-time pseudo-range correction data in RTCM SC-104 format, with message types 1,2, or 9. As using DGPS receiver with different communication parameters, GM-83 may decode the data correctly to generate accurate messages and save them in battery-back SRAM for later computing.

## 5. Earth Datums

### 5.1 Earth Datums

The following is a list of the GM-83 earth datum index and the corresponding earth datum name:

| Item | Datum                                  | Reference Ellipsoid       | Data name  |
|------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| 1    | Adindan - Ethiopia                     | Clarke 1880               | Data1.dat  |
| 2    | Afgooye - Somalia                      | Krassovsky                | Data2.dat  |
| 3    | Alaska, Conus - North American 1983    | GRS 1980                  | Data3.dat  |
| 4    | Argentina                              | South American 1969       | Data4.dat  |
| 5    | Bahrain - Ain el ABD 1970              | International             | Data5.dat  |
| 6    | Bangladesh                             | Everest 1830              | Data6.dat  |
| 7    | Botswana - ARC 1950                    | Clarke 1880               | Data7.dat  |
| 8    | Bolivia                                | South American 1969       | Data8.dat  |
| 9    | Brazil                                 | South American 1969       | Data9.dat  |
| 10   | Canada - North American 1983           | GRS 1980                  | Data10.dat |
| 11   | Colombia - Provisional American 1956   | International             | Data11.dat |
| 12   | Colombia                               | South American 1969       | Data12.dat |
| 13   | Chile                                  | South American 1969       | Data13.dat |
| 14   | Ecuador                                | South American 1969       | Data14.dat |
| 15   | European 1950 - Cyprus                 | International             | Data15.dat |
| 16   | European 1950 - Eastern Regional Mean  | International             | Data16.dat |
| 17   | European 1950 - Egypt                  | International             | Data17.dat |
| 18   | European 1950 - Finland, Norway        | International             | Data18.dat |
| 19   | European 1950 - Greece                 | International             | Data19.dat |
| 20   | European 1950 - Iran                   | International             | Data20.dat |
| 21   | European 1950 - Italy (Sardinia)       | International             | Data21.dat |
| 22   | European 1950 - Italy (Sicily)         | International             | Data22.dat |
| 23   | European 1950 - Malta                  | International             | Data23.dat |
| 24   | European 1950 - Northern Regional Mean | International             | Data24.dat |
| 25   | European 1950 - Portugal, Spain        | International             | Data25.dat |
| 26   | European 1950 - Southern Regional Mean | International             | Data26.dat |
| 27   | European 1950 - Tunisia                | International             | Data27.dat |
| 28   | European 1950 - Western Regional mean  | International             | Data28.dat |
| 29   | European 1950 - Central Regional Mean  | International             | Data29.dat |
| 30   | Guyana - South American 1969           | South American 1969       | Data30.dat |
| 31   | Hong Kong                              | International             | Data31.dat |
| 32   | Hawaii-North American 1983             | GRS1980                   | Data32.dat |
| 33   | Hu_Tsu_Shan Taiwan                     | International             | Data33.dat |
| 34   | Indian 1960                            | Everest 1830              | Data34.dat |
| 35   | Ireland - 1965                         | Modified Airy             | Data35.dat |
| 36   | Liberia - 1964                         | Clarke 1880               | Data36.dat |
| 37   | Brunel, East Malaysia                  | Everest (Sabah & Sarawak) | Data37.dat |
| 38   | Mexcio, central America                | GRS1980                   | Data38.dat |
| 39   | OMAN                                   | Clarke 1880               | Data39.dat |
| 40   | Pakistan                               | Everest 1830              | Data40.dat |
| 41   | Peru1 - South American 1969            | South American 1969       | Data41.dat |

|    |                                          |                       |            |
|----|------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| 42 | Paraguay - South American 1969           | South American 1969   | Data42.dat |
| 43 | Philippines                              | Clarke 1866           | Data43.dat |
| 44 | Puerto Rico - Virgin Islands             | Clarke 1866           | Data44.dat |
| 45 | Qatar national                           | International         | Data45.dat |
| 46 | Qornoq - Greenland (SOUTH)               | International         | Data46.dat |
| 47 | Reunion - Mascarene Islands              | International         | Data47.dat |
| 48 | Regional Mean                            | South American 1969   | Data48.dat |
| 49 | Rome 1940 - Italy                        | International         | Data49.dat |
| 50 | Saudi Arabia- Ain el Abd 1970            | International         | Data50.dat |
| 51 | Singapore                                | Modified Fischer 1960 | Data51.dat |
| 52 | South Africa                             | Clarke 1880           | Data52.dat |
| 53 | Kenya, Tanzania- ARC 1960                | Clarke 1880           | Data53.dat |
| 54 | Thailand 1975                            | Everest 1830          | Data54.dat |
| 55 | Trinidad, Tobago                         | South American 1969   | Data55.dat |
| 56 | Venezuela - Provisional<br>American 1956 | International         | Data56.dat |
| 57 | Venezuela                                | South American 1969   | Data57.dat |
| 58 | WGS84                                    | WGS84                 | Data58.dat |
| 59 | Tokyo_Mean                               | Bessel 1841           | Data59.dat |
| 60 | Tokyo_Japan                              | Bessel 1841           | Data60.dat |
| 61 | Tokyo_Korea                              | Bessel 1841           | Data61.dat |
| 62 | Tokyo_Okinawa                            | Bessel 1841           | Data62.dat |
| 63 | Albania - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)             | Krassovsky 1940       | Data63.dat |
| 64 | Czechoslovakia - S-42(Pulkovo<br>1942)   | Krassovsky 1940       | Data64.dat |
| 65 | Hungary - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)             | Krassovsky 1940       | Data65.dat |
| 66 | Kazakhstan - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)          | Krassovsky 1940       | Data65.dat |
| 67 | Latvia - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)              | Krassovsky 1940       | Data67.dat |
| 68 | Poland - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)              | Krassovsky 1940       | Data68.dat |
| 69 | Romania - S-42(Pulkovo 1942)             | Krassovsky 1940       | Data69.dat |
| 70 | Australia                                | Australian - National | Data70.dat |
| 71 | Potsdam                                  | Bessel 1841           | Data71.dat |

## 5.2 . Manufacturing Default:

| Parameter       | Com A                            | Com B       |
|-----------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Input Protocol  | NMEA Binary                      | RTCM SC-104 |
| Output Protocol | NMEA Binary                      | None        |
| Baud Rate       | 4800                             | 9600        |
| Parity None     | None                             |             |
| Stop Bits       | 1                                | 1           |
| Data Bits       | 8                                | 8           |
| Datum:          | WGS84.                           |             |
| Protocol        | GGA, GSA, GSV, RMC or by demand. |             |

### 5.2.1 Setting Syntax

Datum change syntax:

```
>DOS\Sirfprog /Fdataxx.dat -Px -Bx -Csh1
```

-Px: x is com port, 1= COM1 2 = COM2

-Bx: Baud rate, 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400

Example:

Change Datum to WGS84,

```
Sirfprog /Fdata58.dat -P1 -B4800 -Csh1 <Entry>
```

After change datum, the new datum will keep in SRAM. If long time (more than 20 days) no power supplied to GM-83, user must resend datum to GM-83 when power on.

### 5.2.2 Addition Software

SirFdemo is the Evaluation Receiver configuration and monitoring software provided with the GM-83. This software can be used to monitor real-time operation of the GM-83 Receiver, log data for analysis, upload

new software to the Receiver, and configure the Receiver operation. See setup.pdf for more information on the use and operation of SiRFdemo software.