Thank you for purchasing the LT integrated development software, "LT Editor Ver. 2.0", hereafter referred to as the "LT Editor".

Please read this manual carefully in order to use this software properly, and be sure to keep this manual handy for future reference.

NOTES

- (1) The copyrights to all programs and manuals included in the LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide (hereinafter referred to as "this product") are reserved by the Digital Electronics Corporation. Digital grants the use of this product to its users as described in the "Software Operating License Conditions" documentation, included with this product's CD-ROM. Any actions violating the above-mentioned conditions are prohibited by both Japanese and foreign regulations.
- (2) The contents of this manual have been thoroughly inspected. However, if you should find any errors or omissions in this manual, please inform your local LT Editor representative of your findings.
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- (6) The specifications set out in this manual are for overseas products only. As a result, some differences may exist between the specifications given here and for those of the identical Japanese product.

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The LogiTouch is referred to as "LT" in this manual.

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TRADEMARK RIGHTS

All company or product names used in this manual are the trade names, trademarks (including registered trademarks), or service marks of their respective companies.

This product omits individual descriptions of each of these rights.

Trademark / Trade Name	Right Holder
Microsoft, MS, MS-DOS, Windows, Windows	
95, Windows 98, Windows Me, Windows NT,	Microsoft Corporation USA
Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows	Microsoft Corporation, USA
Explorer, Microsoft Excel 95	
Intel, Pentium	Intel Corporation, USA
Pro-face, Flex Network	Digital Electronics Corporation
	(in Japan and other countries)
Ethernet	Western Digital Electric Corporation, USA
IBM, VGA, PC/AT	International Business Machines
	Corporation (IBM), USA

The following terms differ from the above mentioned formal trade names and trademarks.

Term used in this manual	Formal Trade Name or Trademark
Windows 95	Microsoft [®] Windows [®] 95 Operating System
Windows 98	Microsoft [®] Windows [®] 98 Operating System
Windows Me	Microsoft [®] Windows [®] Me Operating System
Windows NT	Microsoft [®] Windows NT [®] Operating System
Windows 2000	Microsoft [®] Windows [®] 2000 Operating System
Windows XP	Microsoft [®] Windows [®] XP Operating System
MS-DOS	Microsoft MS-DOS Operating System

Version Upgrade Information

The LT Editor Ver. 2.0 features a range of new functions upgraded from the LT Editor Ver. 1.0, including Multi-language Display function, Extended Function of Keypad Input Display, and Parts Palette function. The following briefly describes each function.

Parts Palette

The parts are displayed in a palette on the Screen Editor. The desired part can be set up on the screen simply by selecting it from the Parts Palette and positioning it at the desired point using the drag & drop operation.

Reference 1.3.1 Screen Editor Item Names and Functions

Extended Function of Keypad Input Display

This function allows you to configure the interlock setting of the pop-up keypad. In addition, this function enables extended display format, allowing you to select the input style using alarm and barcode reader, and display style including the Shift Left/Shift Right and Zero Suppress modes.

Reference 2.1.14 Keypad Input Display

Extended Function of Numeric Displays

This function allows you to select the display style of the Numeric display including the Shift Left/Shift Right and Zero Suppress modes.

Reference 2.1.21 Numeric Displays

Extended Function of Trend Graphs

This function displays the trend data stored in a sequence of contiguous word addresses on a single trend graph.

Reference 2.1.12 Trend Graphs

Keypad Parts

Some new Keypad Parts have been added.

Reference 2.1.13 Keypad Display

• Window Registration Function on Window Screen and Window Parts

Windows registered on the Window (U) Screen can be displayed on the Base (B) Screen as a window. The display can be selected from Local and Global modes. Use Window Parts to call up a window.

Reference 2.1.20 Window Parts, 3.3 Window Display-Window Screen

♦ Multi-language Display Function

The text display used for drawing/Part's Label/Message Display/Alarm Display (Index text) can be switched while operating the LT by using the Index text registered via the Text Table Editor. This function allows you to change the language and parameters of the items displayed on the screen easily.

Reference 4.3 Text Table Editor

Print Function

Connect the LT Tool connector to the serial printer using a transfer cable and conversion cable. Alarm messages, Logging data, and hard copies of screens can be printed with the Print function.

Content and Range of System Data Area, LT Setup, PLC Manual 1.1.4

♦ Address Conversion with the Global Cross Reference

The desired address can be converted via the global cross reference that lists the address-allocation status of the entire Project file.

Reference 2.9.7 Cross Reference/Global Cross Reference List

Project Backup Function

When saving a Project file, a backup of the most recently saved Project file is saved in a backup file (*.bak).

Reference 4.2.2 Backing up a Project

◆ Address Conversion when changing the PLC

When changing the PLC types selected in a Project file, the conversion pattern can be specified for the available device of the destination PLC. The addresses belong to the specified pattern can be converted by one operation. The conversion pattern can be edited and appended.

Reference 4.2.8 Changing the PLC and Addresses

■ New PLC Protocol

- Fenwal Controls of Japan: Temperature Controller AL Series
- JT Engineering: Moisture Meter JE-70 Series
- Yasukawa Electric: Inverter Variable Speed G7/F7 Series, VS mini V7/J7
 Series
- Yokogawa M&C: UT100 Series
- Matsushita Electric Industrial: MINAS-A/S Series
- RKC Instrument: CB/REX-F/LE100 Series
- SHIMADEN: SR253/SR90/SR80/MR13/FP93/SD16/EM70 Series

Reference PLC Manual

MANUAL SYMBOLS AND TERMINOLOGY

This manual uses the following symbols and terminology.

Safety Symbols and Terms

This manual uses the following symbols and terms to identify important information related to the correct and safe operation of this product.

Symbol	Description
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in serious injury or death.
	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation that could result in minor injury or equipment damage.
Important	Indicates a potentially damaging action or dangerous situation that could result in abnormal equipment operation or data loss.
Careful!	Indicates instructions or procedures that must be performed to ensure correct product use.
STOP	Indicates instructions or procedures that must not be performed.

General Information Symbols and Terms

This manual uses the following symbols and terms for general information.

Symbol	Description
Note:	Provides hints on correct product use, or supplementary information.
Reference	Indicates an item's related information (manual name, page number).
Esc Ctrl	Refers to keys on the computer keyboard.
Esc Ctrl	✓ Reference Keyboard Compatibility List
	Indicates an external device (temperature controller, inverter,
External Device	etc.) connected via serial communications. Does not include
Device	devices connected via the Flex Network or DIO.
1.7	Generic name for the "LT" Graphic Logic Controller made by
LT	Digital Electronics Corporation.
	Indicates LT Version 2.0 (hereinafter referred as "this product"),
LT Editor	LT integrated development software made by Digital
	Electronics Corporation.

Keyboard Compatibility List

This manual uses the following symbols to indicate computer keyboard keys.

The key names used by your computer keyboard may differ. Please use the chart below for reference.

Type Symbol	PS/2 Compatible 101 Keyboard
Esc	Esc
Tab	Tab 🔄
Ctrl	Ctrl
Shift	↑ Shift
Alt	Alt
Delete	Delete
Back space	Backspace

LT SERIES

The LT Editor supports the following LT models.

Series	Туре	Product	Model
	Type-A1	GLC150B-XY32SK	GLC150-BG41-XY32SK-24V
	Туре-А1	GLC150B-XY32SC	GLC150-BG41-XY32SC-24V
	Туре-В	GLC150B-RSFL	GLC150-BG41-FLEX-24V
	Туре-В+	GLC150B-XY32KF	GLC150-BG41-XY32KF-24V
	Туре-С	GLC150B-XY32SK	GLC150-BG41-RSFL-24V
LT Series	Туре Н1	GLC150B-ADK	GLC150-BG41-ADK-24V
LI Series		GLC150B-ADPK	GLC150-BG41-ADPK-24V
		GLC150B-ADTK	GLC150-BG41-ADTK-24V
		GLC150B-ADC	GLC150-BG41-ADC-24V
	Туре Н2	GLC150B-ADPC	GLC150-BG41-ADPC-24V
		GLC150B-ADTC	GLC150-BG41-ADTC-24V
	Type D	GLC150B-DNM	GLC150-BG41-DNM-24V



Note: For the types of Device/PLCs supported by the LT Editor, please refer to the "Device/PLC Connection Manual".

Reference HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

HOW TO USE THIS MANUAL

Structure of the Manual

The "LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide" is the second in a series of manuals for this product and explains how to use the LT Editor. There are three other manuals in the series as well as online help. Please refer to "Chapter 1 LT EDITOR FUNDAMENTALS" for an overview of this product.

Reference 1.6 LT Editor Manuals and Help

In addition to these manuals, data files containing supplemental information on updated functions are also provided. To read these additional data files, click on the [Start] button in your Windows OS main screen and select the [Programs] \rightarrow [Pro-face] \rightarrow [LT Editor] menu. Then, click on the [Readme] selection.

For detailed information on LT series of operator interfaces, please refer to the "LT Series User's Manual". (Separately sold)

	LT Editor Operation Manual (this manual)	Describes the operating procedures for the LT Editor and all functions except for Logic Program development (provided as a PDF file).
Included on CD-Rom	LT Editor Programming Manual	Describes logic program development. The manual consists of two parts, "Programming" which focuses on the tutorial lesson to help users to learn the operation procedures, and "Functions" which explains the software settings required for the combination of the LT main unit and the LT Editor (provided as a PDF file). Describes the LT Editor's pre-made Parts and symbols
	Parts List Device/PLC Connection Manual	(provided as PDF data). Describes the methods for connecting the Device/PLC of various manufacturers (provided as a PDF file).
Available on the LT Editor screen		Describes the methods for setting the LT Editor's windows and dialog boxes, instructions and functions of logic programs as well as how to set each driver.



• Address settings described in these manuals are for explanatory purposes only. Appropriate addresses must be set according to your requirements.

Reference Device/PLCs Connection Manual

• If you have any questions about the contents of this manual, please contact your local LT distributor. LT distributors will answer to your technical inquiries and provide you with technical consultation.

Reference Software Trouble Report

If you have any question about your personal computer or Microsoft[®] Windows[®], please contact your PC distributor or manufacturer.

Chapter Breakdown

This manual contains 10 chapters and an appendix. The following is a general description of each chapter:

◆ CHAPTER 1: LT EDITOR FUNDAMENTALS

This chapter describes the operation of the LT Editor from start to finish. It also explains the overall structure of the LT Editor Project Manager, Logic Program Editor, and Screen Editor areas.

◆ CHAPTER 2: CREATING BASE SCREENS

This chapter describes the basic operations and terminology used for drawing functions, such as "Part", "Library", and "D-Script".

CHAPTER 3: DRAWING APPLICATIONS: CREATING AND USING SCREENS

This chapter describes the procedures for creating and using various screens, such as the M (Mark) Screen and I (Image Library) screens, which enable you to create high-quality images and provide advanced-level functionality.

◆ CHAPTER 4: SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

This chapter describes the procedures for editing and saving created screens and project files, and information management procedure.

◆ CHAPTER 5: CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS

This chapter describes the alarm creating and editing procedures.

♦ CHAPTER 6: LT INITIAL AND SYSTEM SETTINGS

This chapter describes the initial setup procedure required to use the LT display unit. For details, please refer to the online help or the users' manual for the LT main unit.

◆ CHAPTER 7: TRANSFERRING DATA

This chapter describes the procedures for sending screens and logic programs created with the LT Editor to an LT display unit.

◆ CHAPTER 8: SIMULATION

This chapter describes the procedures for simulating the operation between an LT and LT Editor.

CHAPTER 9: PRINTING

This chapter describes the procedure for printing created screens.

CHAPTER 10: ADVANCED FEATURES

This chapter describes the procedures for using the LT Editor's advanced functions such as filing data (recipe) and logging functions.

♦ APPENDIX

Error Messages

Lists the error messages, causes of the errors and solutions that will be displayed during operation of LT Editor.

• Troubleshooting

Provides information for diagnosis and corrective actions for dealing with errors or abnormal operation.

Address Conversion Tables

Lists the addresses for each manufacturer's product.

• Software Trouble Report

This is a form in which you can write down any trouble you might have with the LT Editor and your LT Editor's operating conditions that can then be sent to us by facsimile. If you have any inquires about the LT Editor, please use this form.

PRECAUTIONS

CD-ROM Usage Precautions

To prevent CD-ROM damage or malfunctions, please observe the following instructions:



- Do not remove the CD-ROM from the CD-ROM drive while the drive's operation lamp is lit.
- Do not touch the CD-ROM recording surface.
- Do not place CD-ROMs in a place where they may be exposed to extremely high or low temperatures, high humidity, or dust.

Product Usage Precautions

To prevent program malfunction or accidents, be sure to observe the following instructions:



Touch panel switches should NOT be used for a device's Emergency Stop Switch. Generally speaking, all industrial machinery/systems must be equipped with a mechanical, manually operated emergency stop switch. Also, for other kinds of systems, similar mechanical switches must be provided to ensure safe operation of those systems.



- Do not turn off your personal computer's power switch during the execution of a program.
- Do not change the contents of this product's project files using the Text Editor software.

Drawing

• The LT Editor's display screen and descriptions used in the manuals are based on the color display when the LT main unit is in the "REVERSE" LCD mode. Please note that white/black color on the LT Editor screen and LT main unit screen will be reversed when the LCD is in the "NORMAL" mode.

Reference LT Series User's Manual

- When arranging characters on a tiling pattern, the dot patterns of character may overlap with the tiling pattern; as the result, the characters will not be displayed properly on the LT when the same color is selected for the characters and the tiling pattern. In such a case, re-arrange the characters by displacing the position by 1 dot.
- When an LT unit is vertically installed, the panel's coordinates will differ from those used on the screen editor software. Therefore, when you enter screen coordinates using tags or D-Script, please consider the LT's orientation.

(0. 0) on the screen editor software



(0. 0) on the LT series' panel

Functions and Settings

• Certain functions and settings supported by the LT unit are not supported by the LT Editor program, and vice versa.

[Setting and functions set via the LT unit (Not by LT Editor)]

- Language Font selection
- LT Date/Time settings
- LT Self-Diagnosis Function

[Functions and settings supported by LT Editor only (Not by the LT unit)]

The following settings are included in the "LT System Settings" area:

- "Checksum Verification" settings
- Screen Change Order in hierarchical display mode
- Screen Change according to standby mode time
- Shift to OFFLINE mode settings
- Setting the frequency of Keypad Display processing performed per scanning time
- LT unit's internal memory (LS area) backup function settings
- "Error Display Reset" settings
- "Watch Dog" settings (Communication monitoring between the LT and the Device/PLC)
- Communication Monitoring Period settings (Designate transmission wait time)
- Printing settings (Settings for printing functions with Tool connector)

♦ Logic Program Restrictions

- Variables (Logic symbols) are processed in 32-bit order.
- Values different from the input values may display during monitoring due to the difference in the real number accuracy between a personal computer and the LT.
- If the LT's logic time (scan time) becomes too long, the sampling time designated for the trend graph may not be accurately maintained.
- All LT Retentive Variable data is retained by SRAM backup memory that uses a lithium battery. The battery's back up period lasts approximately 60 days in its initial condition (fully charged), and approximately 6 days when the battery life is almost finished. If you need to back up data for a longer period, you need to either use back up data in your host computer, or configure the Editor system so that the Editor can back up data.

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1

his chapter describes LT Editor basic operations such as how to start and quit the software. It also explains the Project Manager and Screen Editor areas, which are used for the majority of screen creation work. Also, a number of tools are introduced here, such as online help, which provide explanations of LT Editor functions and operations.

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1.1 Overview

The LT provides I/O control functions and can also be used as an operating swich and a display.

LT Editor is the LT integrated development software, providing both an LT Logic Programming environment and screen creation and editing capabilities for creating LT display screens.

Programming Functions

Utilizing Window's easy-to-use interface, you can quickly and easily develop logic programs that conform to the IEC 61131-3 standard .

LT Editor provides I/O drivers that can be selected according to the LT type.

Logic programs are developed with the LT Editor's Logic Program Editor.

For more information on the Logic Program Editor, please refer to the online help. Also, the "Logic Programming Operation Manual" provides tutorials for learning logic programming procedures as well as providing lists of instructions and variables used in Logic Programs. It also explains the operation of the LT main unit.

Drawing Functions

You can create a screen by drawing objects and placing Parts.

A large variety of pre-made Parts and D-Scripts allow you to quickly display various operations and objects.

A set of logic programs created with the Logic Program Editor and a Part's display function enable you to make a drawing that corresponds to logic program operations. For example, you can show the variables on the LT screen and set a value to the variable using a touch panel switch.

1.1.1 Prior to Operating the LT

Follow the procedure below to create projects for the LT unit.

1. Preparation – Before using the LT, make sure that you have all the required hardware and have read all the specifications, wiring, and installation information.

Reference LT Series User's Manual, Chapter 2 – "Specifications" and Chapter 3 – "Installation and Wiring"

- 2. Design Screen Design a screen layout and create a logic program.
- 3. Install the LT Editor Install the LT Editor on a PC.

Reference LT Editor CD Jacket (included with the LT Editor)

4. Develop Logic Program – Use the LT Editor to develop a logic program and set the operation mode.

Reference LT Editor Operation Manual – Logic Programming Guide
 5. Create Screen/Run Screen Setup – Use the LT Editor to set up the screen and parts based on your screen design.

Reference LT Editor Operation Manual – Screen Creation Guide
 6. Transfer the Screen Data and a Logic Program – Use the LT Editor on your PC to transfer the data and a logic program to the LT unit.

Reference LT Editor Operation Manual – Screen Creation Guide
 7. Monitor Logic Program – Check the transferred logic program through the monitor feature of the LT Editor.

Reference LT Editor Operation Manual – Logic Programming Guide 8. Initialize the LT – Initialize the LT, based on how you will use it.

Reference LT Series User's Manual, Chapter 6 – "Initializing the LT" and LT Editor Device/PLC Connection Manual

9. Operation – Run the LT by connecting it to an Device/PLC.

Reference LT Editor Device/PLC Connection Manual

1.2 From Start to Finish

This section describes the LT Editor program's operation flow from start to finish.

Usage Pattern				
Start \rightarrow project f	Select a file with the $\rightarrow \frac{1}{V}$	Logic Program \rightarrow	Create/Edit a screen with the Screen Editor.	Save the project, → and quit the Project Manager.

1.2.1 Getting Started

Starting LT Editor

The following explanation assumes your PC is turned on and the Windows desktop has appeared.

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Click on the [Start] button, and point to the [Programs] - [Pro-face] - [LT Editor] menu. Then, click on the [1. Project Manager] command.	If you double-click directly on a previously made project file (*.lte file) in Windows Explorer, LT Edi- tor will automatically start.
(2) The Project Manager starts. The Tips screen appears upon the startups. This screen displays one-point descriptions on the new features.	To hide the Tips screen, remove the checkmark from the "Show at Startup checkbox), and click the [Close] button.

1.2 From Start to Finish

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
Circle : Factory A - Project Manage Project Control Screen/Setter Unity Help Froject Project Project	When 256 colors is selected on the [Display Properties] screen of the Control Panel, the display of the Project Manager may change, but its functioning will not be affected.



Creating/Selecting/Saving a Project

A project file (LTE file) normally contains multiple screens and a logic program intended for the operation of a certain system. LT Editor creates one project file for the operation of one system, enabling system management by project file units.

After you have transferred a project file and set up an LT, you can transfer updated logic programs individually to the LT.

Creating a New Project

When you create a new project, you must designate the LT and Device/PLC information, according to your current application.

◆ LT Type

Select your type of LT. **Reference** *LT* Series

If your LT will be installed vertically instead of horizontally, be sure to select a vertical type LT. The Screen Editor will automatically create a vertical drawing area for you.

LT machine type	LT type of project
Туре А1	Type A
Туре А2	Турс А
Туре В	Type B/B+
Туре В+	
ТуреС	ТуреС
Туре Н1	Туре Н
Туре Н2	

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

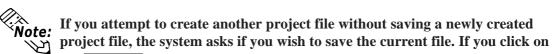
♦ Device/PLC Type

Select the type of Device/PLC to be connected to your LT unit.

This setting is required only when the LT is a Type-C.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the Project Manger's [Project] menu - [New]	
command, or click on 🕒.	
Profare	
 (2) Enter a description and select the LT (Display) and Device/PLC. Then, click on OK. 	When entering a description, you can use up to 60 single-byte characters.
New Image: Concelerer line Description: OK Factory B OK Display Type: Cancel TypeC Image: Cancel PLC/Device Type: Image: Cancel OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES Image: Cancel	Reference To set the Device/ PLC, refer to " <i>LT Editor Device</i> / <i>PLC Connection Manual</i> ".
(3) The LT Editor will then ask you if you wish to create a logic program or a screen. If you click on the <u>Edit LogicProgram</u> button, the Logic Program Editor will start. If you click on the <u>Edit Screen</u> button, the Screen Editor will start. If you click on the <u>Cancel</u> button, you will go back to the Project Manager Screen.	Reference 1.2.3 Creating/ Editing/Saving a Logic Pro- gram, 1.2.4 Opening/Closing/ Saving a screen.
New X Edit Logic Program Edit Screen Cancel	



the <u>Yes</u> button, the [Save As] dialog box appears. If you click on the

No button, the system opens a new screen without saving the current project file.

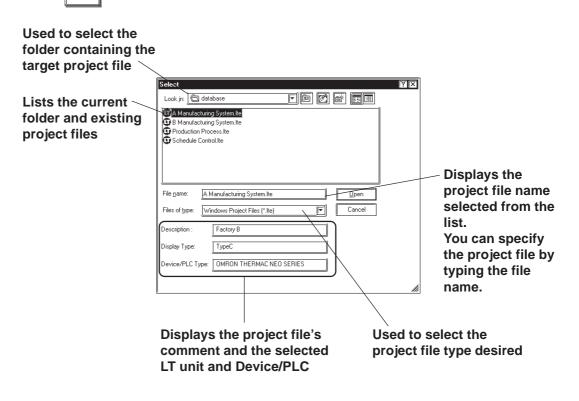
Reference 1.2.2 Saving a Project File under a Different Name

New	×
2	Do you want to save new project ?
<u> </u>	Yes <u>N</u> o

Selecting an Existing Project

Select the Project Manger's [Project] menu - [Select] command, or click on

. When you select a project, the following setting screen appears:



♦ File Types

The only project file that can be selected is the one created with the LT Editor (*.lte).

Note: Double-clicking on the file (project file: *.lte) itself in Explorer automatically starts LT Editor and opens the file.

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

1.2 From Start to Finish

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Select the Project Manger [Project] menu's [Select] command, or click on	
(2) Select a project file from the list that appears, or type the project file name. Select "Factory A"	To select a project file located in another folder, find a desired file from the "Look in: (File location)".
Select Image: Control Register Registe	
(3) Click on the button to open the selected file.	When you double-click on the file name selected in step (2), you can skip the command.
	Reference To create a screen, refer to 1.2.4 Opening/Closing/ Saving a Screen.
Saving a Project	

When the data of an existing project file is changed, the changes will be automatically saved.

However, if you attempt to create a another new project file without first saving your current project file, the LT Editor will ask if you wish to save the current file. If you click on the yes button, the [Save As] dialog box will appear.

Reference 1.2.2 Saving a Project File under a Different Name

New 🔀
Do you want to save new project ?
Yes No

Saving a Project File under a Different Name

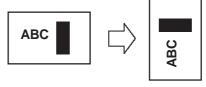
You can save an existing project file under a different name or with different LT type/Device/PLC settings.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the [Project] menu - [Save As] command in the Project Manager.	
• • • • •	 The file name can contain up to 255 characters (including the path-name and extension.) Important Before changing the LT type, check the preset data, since the drawing area and functions vary depending on the type of the LT unit. Important Interference: 4.2.6 Changing a Project's LT Type Important Once the Device/PLC is changed, you must change the addresses of the Parts, D-Scripts and alarms, and perform the LT system setup again. Interference: 4.2.8 Changing Your Project's Device/PLC Interference: To open another project file, refer to 1.2.2 Creating a New Project or Selecting an Existing Project. Interference: To close LT EDITOR for Windows, refer to 1.2.5 Quitting LT Editor for Windows.
IT Editor Van 2.0 Operation Manual Source Creation Cuid	



• When a Vertical LT unit is replaced with the horizontal type, or vice-versa, the displayed screen will rotate 90° relative to the original data. In this case, you must edit the displayed data using the [Rotate] command. After editing, be sure to check the displayed data.

Example)



Horizontal type

Vertical type

1.2.3 Creating/Editing/Saving a Logic Program

To create a logic program, you must move from the Project Manager to the Logic Program Editor. Only one logic program can be created for one project.

Creating/Editing a Logic Program

When the Logic Program Editor is started, the logic program being created in the current project file is displayed.

Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the Project Manager's [Control] menu-[Cre- ate/Edit Controls] command, or click on 🙀 .	
The Logic Program Editor starts.	
E Logic May and Life - non-and Fit Logic Sector Hoto Image: Imag	
(2)Create/Edit a logic program.You can insert a rung and instructions as well as set I/O configuration.	For details on logic program devel- opment, refer to the <i>Logic Pro-</i> <i>gramming Operation Manual</i> .
Image: Department of the Control And	

Saving a Logic Program

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the Logic Program Editor's [File] menu- [Save(s)] command, or click on 🗐.	After saving the program, the Logic Program Editor remains open.
 The logic program you are saving will replace the existing program. 	When saving a logic program, vari- ables registered with the Logic Pro- gram Editor will be registered with the Symbol Editor as Logic sym- bols.
PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the Logic Program Editor's [File] menu - [Exit] command.	You can also close the logic pro- gram by clicking on the x button at the upper right corner of the Logic Program Editor.
(2) The Logic Program Editor will close. If you attempt to close an updated logic program with- out saving it, the system asks if you wish to save the current program. If you click on the Yes button, the system saves the updated data. If you click on the	When saving a logic program, vari- ables registered with the Logic Pro- gram Editor will be registered with the Symbol Editor as Logic sym- bols.

button, the system closes the Logic Program <u>N</u>o Editor without saving the updated data.

∰ C:\Pr	🔆 C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database\A Manufacturing System 🛛 🔀		
2	Do you want to save the changes to "C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database\A Manufacturing System"?		
	Yes No Cancel Help		

Reference 4.2.6 Symbol Editor



When variables are used in a drawing, be sure to make a drawing after saving a logic program.



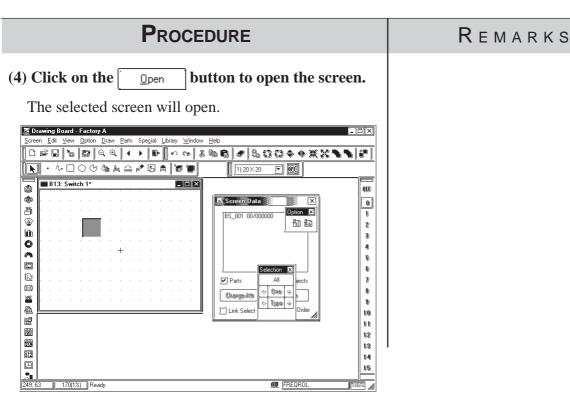
To create a screen, you must switch from the Project Manager to the Screen Editor, and open a screen. This section describes the procedures for opening, closing, and saving a screen.

Opening a New Screen

_	
Procedure	Remarks
<text><text><text></text></text></text>	When the Screen Editor has already been started, skip step (1).
 (2) Select the Screen Editor [Screen] menu's - [New] command, or click on . (3) Select the screen type. New Screen Type: Cancel Cancel Mark Screen Mark Screen Hep Hep	 Selecting the [Screen] menu's - [Open] command or clicking on and entering an unregistered screen number can also be used to open a new screen. Enter the screen number and title when saving the screen. Reference 1.2.4 Saving a Screen under a Different Name
 (4) Click on the OK button to create the desired type of screen. A screen corresponding to the designated LT type will 	Up to twenty screens can be simul- taneously opened. Multiple types of windows can be
appear.	opened on any one screen at the same time.

■ Opening a Previously Saved Screen

Procedure	REMARKS
 (1) Select the [Screen/Setup] menu's - [Editor] command, or click on in the Project Manager. The Screen Editor's opening screen will appear. 	When the Screen Editor has already been started, skip step (1).
 (2) Select the [Screen] menu's - [Open] command or click on (3) Use this screen to select a screen name from the list, or select the screen type and enter the screen number. When checking the [Preview] check box, the selected 	When you double-click on the de- sired screen number in step (3), you can skip the operation of the OK button.
screen image can be viewed in the dialog box.	OKbutton.If you enter a screen number that has not been registered in the list, a new screen will be opened and that number will be assigned to it.When selecting multiple screens, a screen with the smallest screen number of them will be displayed.
Base Screen Image: Constraint of the stress of the stre	
Image: Screen Type: Image: Screen Type: Image: Base Screen Image: Screen Type: Image: Screen Image: Screen Type:	





Up to twenty screens can be open at the same time.

To select several screens simultaneously, while pressing the Shift key, click on a screen and drag the mouse over desired adjacent screens; or, you can select screens individually by clicking on them while pressing the Ctrl key.

Open Screen	
Project File: A Manufacturing.Ite	
Screen: B 11	n Open
1 Run Mode	
2 Operation Monitor 4 Error Screen	Сору
11 Keypad Input	Change
	View
	Delete
) Preview	Close
Screen Type:	
Base Screen	
	1
\sim	
M Drawing Board - Factory A Screen Edi View ⊡ption Draw Parts Special Library Window	Help.
	<u>▶6 ⊅ %%%</u> ♦♦₩%% ▶]₽ ·
<u>u v u</u>	
B1: Switch2	Selection X
3	All
	 000 ÷ 100 ÷ 100 ÷
12345	
	Screen Data
🕿 📘	K3_001 0000
112	Parts V Objects
	Change-#th Delate
	匚 Link Seect – 活 Change Order 🚙
348(2%) Ready	m

LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

■ Saving a Screen

Remarks
screen is saved, it will re-
bu attempt to save a new he [Save As] dialog box ear.
e

Saving a Screen under a Different Name

Procedure	REMARKS
(1) Select the [Screen] menu - [Save As] command in the Screen Editor.	
(2) The type, number, and title of the current screen is displayed.	A "," (comma) cannot be used in a description.
You can change the setting of a desired item; however, the screen's type cannot be changed.	
Save As Image: Cancel Project File: Manufacturing System.Ite OK Screen Type: Base Screen Cancel Screen: Image: Cancel Cancel Description: Operation Monitor Image: Cancel 11 Operation Monitor Image: Cancel 12 Aggregate % Summary Image: Cancel 13 Trouble Image: Cancel 14 Keyboard Input Image: Cancel	
(3) Click on the OK button to register the above settings.	After the screen is saved, it will remain open.
If a screen with the same number exists, the system asks if you want to replace the existing screen with the screen you are attempting to save. If so, click on the OK button. If you do not wish to overwrite the existing screen, click on the Cancel but- ton.	If the screen is saved as a different screen number, the screen of the up- dated number will be displayed.
Cancel	

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

Closing a Screen

Procedure	Remarks	
(1) Select the [Screen] menu - [Close] command in the Screen Editor.	You can also close the screen by clicking on the $\boxed{\times}$ button at the up-	
(2) The screen will close.	per right corner of the window (drawing area).	
If you attempt to close an updated screen without saving it, the system asks if you wish to save the current screen. If you click on the $\boxed{\underline{Yes}}$ button, the system saves the updated data. If you click on the $\underline{\underline{No}}$ button, the system closes the screen without saving the updated data.	When you attempt to save a new screen, the [Save As] dialog box appears. ✓ Reference 1.2.4 ■ Saving a Screen under a Different Name	
Drawing Board 🔀 Save changes to Screen: Untitled1?		

Quitting the Screen Editor

Cancel

Yes

<u>N</u>o

<u>N</u>o

<u>Y</u>es

Cancel

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Select the [Screen] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the Screen Editor.	
(2) The Screen Editor will close.	
If you attempt to close the Screen Editor without first saving the currently edited screen, LT Editor asks if you wish to save the updated screen. If you click on the <u>Yes</u> button, LT Editor saves the updated data. If you click on the <u>No</u> button, LT Editor quits the Screen Editor without saving the updated data.	When you save a new screen, the [Save As] dialog box appears. ✓ Reference ▲ 1.2.4 ■ Saving a Screen under a Different Name



Quitting LT Editor

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 (1) Select the [Project] menu - [Exit] command, or click on state in the Project Manager. (2) The Project Manger will quit. 	When you are working on the Screen Editor or the Logic Program Editor, quit the Screen Editor or the Logic Program Editor, or select the Project Manager.
If you attempt to close the Project Manager without saving the currently opened screen's updated data, LT Editor asks if you wish to save your project's data. If you click on the yes button, LT Editor saves the updated data. If you click on the No button, LT Editor quits (closes) without saving the updated data. Saving the screen Drawing Board ? Save changes to Screen: Untitled1? Yes No Cancel Cancel Saving the Logic Program Every to face\LT\database\A Manufacturing System'? ? No Cancel	Reference 1.2.4 Quiting <i>the Screen Editor</i>

1.3 Project Manager

All LT Editor system level settings and functions are controlled via the Project Manager.

1.3.1 Project Manager Areas and Functions

Here, each of the Project Manager's features is explained. To begin working with LT Editor, simply click on the desired button.

a. Title Bar	CripA Manufacturing.lte : Factory A - Project Manager Image:	
b. Menu Bar	Screen Copy Convert Image Converte Image Convert DyF	 c. Pull-Down Menu
e. Function Buttons~	Convert Addresses Convert Load Screen Number Global Cross Beference • Pack Tool Logic Program Ediřor	
d. Status Bar	Transfer Fxit PrD-face	

a. Title Bar:

Displays the current project's file name and title.

b. Menu Bar:

Displays the menus used for the operation of LT Editor. When you select a desired menu using the mouse or keyboard, one of the pull-down menus described below will appear.

c. Pull-Down Menu:

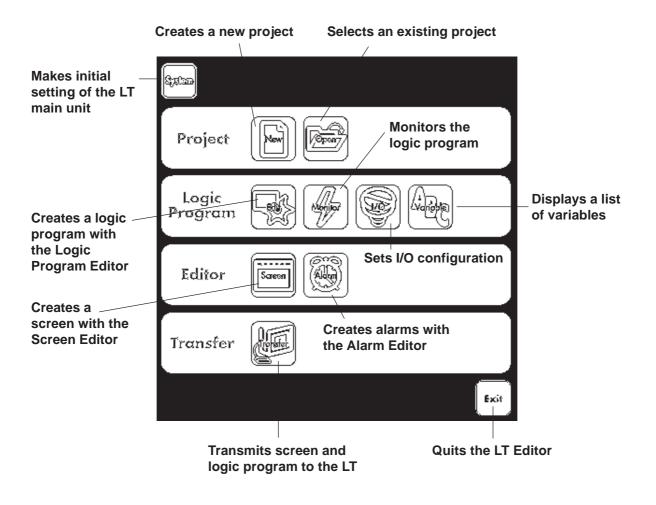
When you select a desired item on the menu bar, its pull-down menu appears. These menus includes a variety of commands.

d. Status Bar:

Displays LT and Device/PLC as well as LT Editor operation related messages.

e. Function Buttons

These buttons indicate the LT Editor program's main functions (e.g. creating screens, alarms, printing, etc.). You can start each function by simply clicking on that function's button. You can also start these functions by selecting the corresponding command from the Project Manager's pull-down menu.



1.4 Logic Program Editor

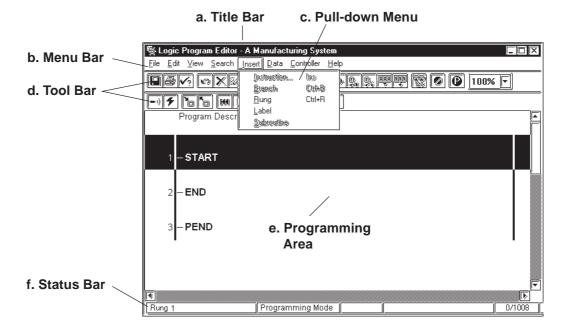
Logic programs are created with the Logic Program Editor.

The online help provides you with detailed information on the Logic Program Editor.

Also, the "Logic Programming Operation Manual" explains procedures using tutorials. It also explains instructions and settings required for combining the LT main unit with the LT Editor.

1.4.1 Logic Program Editor Item Names and Functions

Here, basic item names and functions of the Logic Program Editor main window are explained.



Reference For details, refer to online help.

a. Title Bar

Displays the project file name, screen number and title.

b. Menu Bar

Displays the menus used to operate LT Editor. When you select a desired menu using the mouse or keypad, the pull-down menu (c) appears.

c. Pull-down Menu

When you select a desired menu from the menu bar, the pull-down menu appears. This menu includes various commands.

d. Tool Bar

The Tool Bar provides icons representing such commands as Creating/ Editing a Logic Program and RUN/STOP. Clicking one of these icons performs that command. The Tool Bar can either be hidden or displayed.

e. Programming Area

Creates a logic program.

The entire program may not display depending on the size of the window or program. In such cases, use the window's scroll bar to change the display area.

f. Status Bar

Displays information on the edited logic program and messages concerning the operation.

1.5 Screen Editor

To create a screen, start the Screen Editor via the Project Manager.

There are three types of screens used for different purposes; Base Screen, Mark Screen and Image Screen.

Screen Type	Screen Number	Contents	Maximum Size per Screen
Base(B) Screen	B1 to B8999	This screen is displayed when the LT is in RUN mode. Shared drawings and Active images loaded on another base screen can be used. One part of a Base Screen can be registered as a window.	Approx. 16 KB
Mark (M) Screen	M 1 to M 8999	Used to create marks and foreign characters on a 48 x 48 dot screen. These marks and foreign characters are displayed as still or Active images on a Base Screen.	Approx. 576 bytes
Image (I) Screen	11 to 18999	Bitmap image data can be registered here as LT screen data. Image screens are displayed as still or Active images on a Base Screen.	Approx. 58 KB
Window (U) Screen	U1 to U8999	This screen is used to register screens you want to display in the window. The window is displayed on the base screen.	Approx. 16 KB

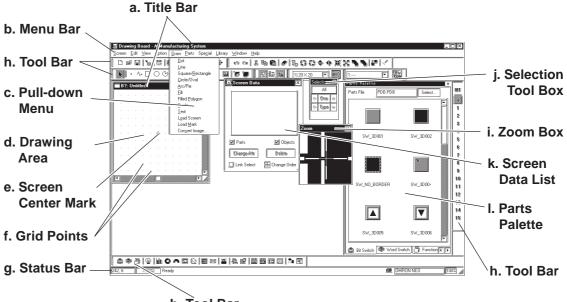


- Although screen files can be numbered from 1 to 8999, the maximum number of screens that can be created for and used by a LT depends on your PC's hard disk capacity and the amount of RAM (memory) available.
- The number of screens that can be transferred to the LT will depend on how much internal memory the LT has. The actual screen size and total number of transferable screens can be viewed in the ''Project Manager'' window by selecting the [Project] menu, and then [Project Information].

▼Reference 4.4.1 ■ Project Information

1.5.1 Screen Editor Item Names and Functions

The names and functions of the LT Editor editor's screen items are as follows:



h. Tool Bar

a. Title Bar

Displays the project file name, screen number and title.

b. Menu Bar

Displays the menus used to operate LT Editor. When you select a desired menu using the mouse or keypad, the pull-down menu (c) appears.

c. Pull-down Menu

When you select a desired menu from the menu bar, the pull-down menu appears. This menu includes various commands.

d. Drawing Area

Here, you can create a screen for your LT unit. The size of the screen you see here is designated via the "Display Type" setting you entered when you first created the project file.

Depending on the size of your PC's display, the screen's entire display area may not be displayed. In this case, simply scroll up or down to view the entire screen.

e. Screen Center Mark

Indicates the center of the screen. This mark is not displayed when the data is sent to the LT unit.

f. Grid Points

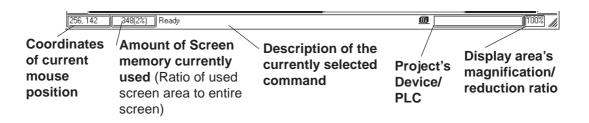
Used as reference points when you draw or paste an object in the drawing mode. Grid points will not be displayed on the LT unit's screen. The Option area's "Snap" function allows you to position your screen objects using a pre-made grid. You can also set the interval and display ON/OFF status of the grid points.

Reference 2.7.1 Grid/Snap

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

g. Status Bar

Displays information related to the current screen and provides messages explaining the screen operation you are currently performing.



h. Tool Bar

The Tool Bar provides easy to use icons for drawing and editing. Clicking on one of these icons performs that command. The Tool Bar can either be hidden or displayed, and individual Tool Bar areas can be moved freely around the Screen Editor screen, i.e. top, bottom, left, or right.

The following Tool Bar areas are available:

Main Tool Bar Edit Tool Bar Draw Tool Bar Option Tool Bar Grid/Snap Tool Bar Parts Tool Bar Parts State Change Tool Bar

i. Zoom Box

Shows the cursor's current position at three times magnification.

j. Selection Tool Box

Used to select objects to be edited (Parts and figures). Using the commands included in this tool box, you can select objects using a variety of methods.

k. Screen Data List

Lists the settings and layout conditions of the objects (Parts and figures) that have been arranged on the screen. You can select a desired object from the list.

Reference 2.7.4 Screen Data List

I. Parts Palette

Parts such as switches, lamps and graphs are placed on a tabbed palette (except for the keypad, alarms, File Name Display, Logging Display, Picture Display, and Window parts).

To place parts on the drawing screen, simply select the desired part from the palette and place it on the screen with drag & drop operation. Only one part can be selected per operation.

1.5.2 Display Area (50%, 100%, 200%)

You can enlarge or reduce the drawing area by selecting a magnification/ reduction ratio.

To change the display area, select the \bigcirc or \bigcirc icon on the tool bar, or select the [50%], [100%], or [200%] command from the [View] menu.

ļ	<u>View</u> Option <u>D</u> raw <u>P</u> arts						
	Data Sampling List						
-	<u>P</u> arts List						
ţ	Load Screen List						
ł	Load Screen, <u>N</u> esting						
ļ	Cross-Reference List 🕨						
	Pre <u>v</u> iew						
ļ	50%						
(✓ <u>1</u> 00 %						
Y	200 %						
	✓ Screen <u>D</u> ata Box						
	Tool <u>B</u> ar ▶						
	✓ <u>S</u> tatus Bar						
	✓ Zoom Box						
Ĵ							
Iſ							
I	Y4 Y4						

Zoom out Zoom in

Zoom out: Used to reduce the current display area to 50%.

Zoom in: Used to enlarge the current display area to 200%.

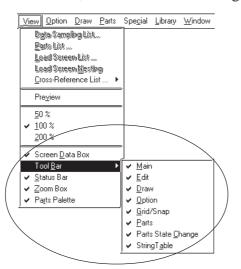


In the [50%] display mode, the created screen data is reduced. In this case, **Note:** the displayed screen data may be different from the actual data. We recommend you to use a [100%] or larger display area.



Tool/Icon Display

The Parts tool box, tool bar, status bar, and parts palette can be designated as either shown (displayed) or not shown (not displayed). Each time you select the [View] menu's [Screen Data Box], [Status Bar], [Zoom Box], or [Parts Palette] as well as the [Tool Bar] command's [Main], [Edit], [Draw], [Option], [Grid/Snap], [Parts], [Parts State Change], or [String Table] subcommands, these View/Hide settings will toggle ON or OFF.



1.6 LT Editor Manuals and Help

While you are learning how to use the LT Editor software, please refer to the following learning aids:

- · Related User Manuals
- · On-line Help Topics
- \cdot Tips Screen
- · Digital's Home Page

For the help concerning the operation of the Windows operating system, see the Windows software's manuals and help screens.

Using LT Editor Manuals

The following manuals have been created for the LT Editor software.

CD Jacket:	Describes LT Editor's installation procedures and system requirements.
Drawing Operation Manu	al:Provides detailed explanation of operating procedures for all LT Editor's commands except those for logic program development.
Logic Programming Oper	ration Manual: Provides tutorials to help you to learn operating procedures of Logic Program Editor. Also describes operation of the LT main unit as well as instructions and variables used in logic programs.
Parts List:	Describes the LT Editor's pre-made Parts and symbols.
Device/PLC Connection	Manual: Describes the methods for connecting the LT to the external devices of various manufacturers and system requirements.

Using the Help Feature

If you have any problems or questions during LT Editor operation, you can view the explanations for each feature and setting via each window's Help button, or from the main menu's Help feature.

The Help explains settings of each window and dialog box, instructions and functions of a logic program as well as each driver's setting.

■ Using the Tips Screen

The Tips screen displays one-point descriptions of the new features upon the startups of the LT Editor.

Using the Home Page

You can obtain the latest LT Editor information by addressing the Digital Electronics Corporation Home Page on the LT Editor screen.

1.6.1 Browsing Help Topics

To display the help screen, select the [Help] menu or click on the <u>Help</u> button in the dialog box.



 When multiple screens are loaded or many Parts have been registered on the screens, the PC's system memory may not be sufficient to display the help screen.

• If you jump from one topic to another on the help screen, an error message may be displayed. When this happens, simply quit and then re-start help.

Searching for a Topic and then Display Help

Select the [Help Topics] command from the [Help] menu, or press the [F1] key. A list of help topics will be displayed.

You can search for a topic by either trying to find it from the table of contents, or entering a keyword for that topic.

♦ Searching for a Topic from the Contents Menu

To select a topic from the contents menu, double-click on the [Contents] tab. Follow the screen instructions to search for a desired topic.

elp To	ppies: GP-PR0/PB3 for Windows 95	?
Conter	n ^{is} Index Find	
Click	a topic, and then dick Display. Or dick another tab, such as Index.	
D	Pioject Manager	
	🕅 ենիջ	
	Image: Pep	
۲	: Screen	
1.2	: Tags	
	: Parts	
1.2	: Setup	
1.2	- Alarm	
1	: Transler	
<u> </u>		
	<u>D</u> isplay <u>Print.</u> C	ance

◆ Searching for a Topic by a Keyword

To enter a keyword, click on the [Index] tab. Search for a desired topic according to the instruction indicated on the

screen.

(When you enter initial characters of the keyword, the topics specified with these initial characters are also automatically listed)

Help Topics: GP-PRO/PB3 for Windows 95	[? [X
Contents Index Find	
1 Lype the first few letters of the word you're looking for.	
2 Click the index entry you want, and then click Display.	
Alias Change GP Change PtC Change Project Manager Convert Address Copy Screen Delete Project Device Monitor What is it? Display Type Editor GP Type Editor GP-PC communication New Project New Screen PC-GP communication Preview	
□ □ isplay	Cancel

■ Calling up Help from a Dialog Box

When you click on the \underline{Help} button in the dialog box or press the [F1] key during execution of a command, a description of the currently-executed command will be displayed.

Bit Switch Settin General Settings Description	ss (BS_001) Shape/Color [Label Extend] Operation Bit Address Monitor Monitor Manitor Manitor Manitor Manitor Manitor Bit Additess Monentay Bit Invert Bit Invert
	Place Cancel Hep

1.6.2 Viewing the Tips Screen

To view the Tips screen, select the [Tips] option from the [Help] menu on the Project Manager or the Screen Editor.

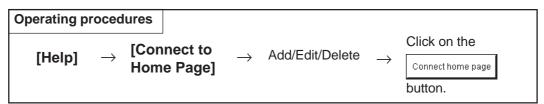
1.6.3 Browsing the Home Page

The procedure to connect to Digital Electronic Corporation's home page is described here.

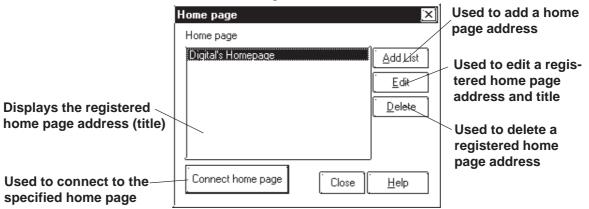


To browse the home page, you must have hardware environment to access the Internet. You also must have a browser to view the home page, and subscribe to an Internet provider.

 Please understand that Digital Electronics Corporation cannot respond to any questions about your Internet connection.



Overview of the Home Page Connection screen:



Registering a Home Page Address

The address of Digital Electronics Corporation's Home Page has been preregistered in your LT Editor software. When you click on the Add List button, the address setting dialog box appears.

Reference How to Register a Home Page Address

Deleting a Home Page Address

Delete	×
Are you sure you t	want to delete
	Cancel

Chapter 1 - LT Editor Fundamentals

Editing a Home Page Address

The registered home page address or title can be changed. When you select the home page address to be edited and click on the $__{Edit}$ button, the address setting dialog box appears (same as for the home page addition procedure), enabling you to change the title and address of the home page. If Digital Electronics Corporation's home page address is changed in the future, please edit the currently registered address.

Connecting to the Home Page

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Select the [Help] menu - [Connect to Home Page] command in the Project Manager.	
(2) Select the target home page address.	
 (2) Select the three page nonce page durities: Home page District Homepage Connect home page Close Help (3) Click on the Connect home page button to start connection. The browser is started, and you will be connected to the home page. 	If a browser has not been specified, the following dialog box appears. Specify a browser, and re-start the connecting procedure. Project Manager Internet browser Not Selected Yet. Please select a Browser. DK

■ How To Register a Home Page Address

= now to Register a nome rage rule	
PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Select the [Help] menu - [Connect to Home Page] command in the Project Manager.	
(2) Click on the Add List button.	
Home page Home page Digital's Homepage Edit Delete Connect home page Close Help	
(3) Enter a home page title and address to be registered and click on	
The specified home page address will be registered.	
Home page address	
Home page	
Digital's Homepage Pro-face Service Shop Edit Digital's Homepage Fro-face Service Shop	
Close Help	

Memo

CREATING BASE SCREENS

2

o create Base screens, the Editor area's Part, Draw and Menu Bar commands can all be used. Also, Edit commands can be used to modify any Parts or objects that you have created. In addition to editing these screen objects, the procedures for registering Library Items and Windows are also explained.

Parts	2.1
Drawing	2.2
Object Editing	2.3
Libraries	2.4
D-Script/Global D-Script	2.5
Data Sampling	2.6
Efficient Drawing Techniques	2.7
DXF Conversion	2.8

1 Parts

Parts such as Switches, Lamps, and Graphs can be placed on Base screens.

Each Part's attributes such as setting Addresses and colors will be designated via the dialog box. Switches and Lamps can be selected while viewing their images via the Browser. After designating all the necessary Part attributes, decide their position and size on the object drawing area.

Parts can be placed on the drawing screen simply by selecting the desired part from the palette and placing it on the screen with drag & drop operation.

The [Parts] menu's commands are effective only on Base screens.

Usage Pat	tern				
•[Parts] →	Decide on a type of \rightarrow Part		e specific $he \rightarrow$	Specify its Attributes	Place it → on the Screen
or		\rightarrow Sele	ct a desired ic	on from the P	arts Tool Bar.
•Parts Palet	te \rightarrow Select desired		Place the pa Screen with drop operati	drag & \rightarrow	Specify the Attributes

LT Editor Part Type Summary

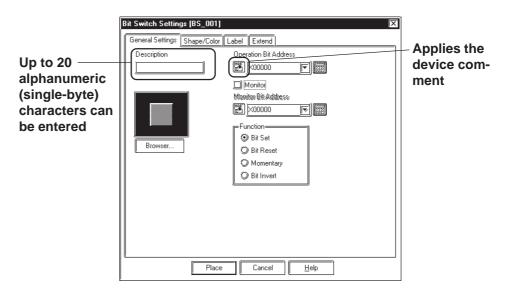
Each of the Parts used in LT Editor is listed below.

lcon	Name	Function	Reference
	Bit Switch	Used to change a External Device's Bit	2.1.1 Bit Switches
		Address data.	
	Word Switch	Changes a External Device's Word	2.1.2 Word Switches
		Address data.	
F	Function Switch	Used to go back to the previous screen,	2.1.3 Function Switches
		to switch screens, and to reset the LT.	
	Lamp	Turns ON or OFF, according to whether	2.1.4 Lamps
		the External Device's Monitor Bit is ON	
Ľ.		or OFF.	
8	Bar Graph	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.5 Bar Graphs
		Address data in a bar graph.	
	Pie Graph	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.6 Pie Graphs
		Address data in a pie graph.	
	Half-Pie Graph	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.7 Half-Pie Graphs
		Address data in a Half-Pie graph.	
	Meter	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.8 Meters
<u>52</u>		Address data in a Meter graph.	
	Trend Graph	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.9 Trend Graphs
		Address data as absolute values in a	
		trend graph.	
(interni)	Keypad	Used to enter a External Device's Word	
		Address data.	2.1.10 Keypads
	Keypad Input	Displays data input via the keypad.	2.1.11 Keypad Display
	Display		

lcon	Name	Function	Reference
	Alarm Display	When monitored Bits are turned ON, a	2.1.12 Alarm Displays
Nor C		list of "Basic" Alarm summary messages	
		appear that have been previously	
		registered in the Alarm Editor.	
	Filing Data	Displays data registered in the Filing	2.1.13 File Name Display
「」」	Display	Data list by specifying the	
		corresponding file number.	
	Logging Display	Displays External Device data loaded in	2.1.14 Data Logging
-T		the data logging settings by specifying	Display
Ē		the address for the corresponding block	
		number.	
	Numeric Display	Displays the External Device's Word	2.1.15 Numeric Displays
		Address numeric data as an absolute	
		value.	
	Message Display	Displays a previously registered	2.1.16 Message Displays
		message, according to External Device	
RBC		Word Address data changes. A	
		maximum of 16 messages can be	
		displayed in a single Message Display.	
112	Date Display	Displays the current date, using the LT's	2.1.17 Date Displays
		internal calendar.	
	Time Display	Displays the current time, using the LT's	2.1.18 Time Displays
		internal clock.	
	Picture Display	Displays a single registered Library	2.1.19 Picture Displays
		image (only graphic data), according to	
		External Device Word Address data	
		changes. A maximum of 16 different	
		Library images can be displayed in a	
		single Picture Display. (One at a time)	
	Window Parts	Windows created on the Window	2.1.20 Window Parts
1 1961 -		Screen (U) can be called up on the Base	
		Screen (B).	

Entering a Comment

If desired, a comment can be entered for a Part.



◆ Reflection of a Device Comment

If you click on the [Apply Device Comment] button after entering an address, the device comment entered using the Symbol Editor is automatically searched for, and the comment corresponding to the entered device appears in the Description field.

Reference 4.2.6 Symbol Editor

Entering Addresses

Here, Addresses that are operated for Parts' functions and that are monitored are designated.

A variable to be used in a logic program (Logic symbol) can be designated as a Part's address.

Reference 4.2.6 Symbol Editor



2.1 Parts

When a function requires consecutive addresses and a variable (Logic symbol) is used as a start address, an integer array must be designated.

For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

General Settings Shape/Color Label Extend Description Operation Bit Address Image: Monitol Wanitary Bit Address Image: Browser Image: Bit Set Image: Bit Reset Image: Bit Invert	Enter the address data here
--	--------------------------------



• The address to be entered varies depending on your LT and external device. Note that the sample configuration in this manual is just an example.

• Entering from a keyboard

Click on the address entering field, and the cursor will appear there, which indicates data entry is now effective. Then, enter device and address data via the keyboard.

• Entering from a pull-down list

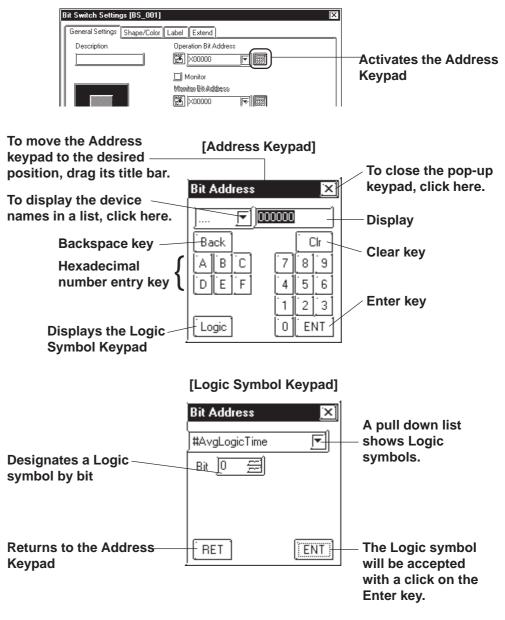
Click on the 🕞 box next to the Address entering field, and a pull-down list appears including symbols and Logic symbols selected via the Symbol Editor and device comments together with corresponding Addresses. Selecting a symbol, Logic symbol or device comment from the list designates an Address.

E	lit Switch Setting	gs [BS_001]	X
	General Settings	Shape/Color Label Extend	,
	Description	Operation Bit Address	
		X00100-Stop Line	
ļ		Monitor Bit Addiess	

• Entering from the Address Keypad

Click on the [Address Keypad] icon, and the Address Keypad will appear, allowing you to enter numeric data and addresses on the screen via the mouse.

When designating a variable for a logic program (Logic symbol) by bit, use the Logic Symbol Keypad that will be displayed by clicking the [Logic] button in the Address Keypad window.





A Part's specified address can be entered so that it is displayed during Base screen creation.

Reference 2.7.2 Property Settings

Regardless of whether addresses are designated as either displayed or not displayed during Base screen creation, they will not be displayed on the LT panel after screen transfer.

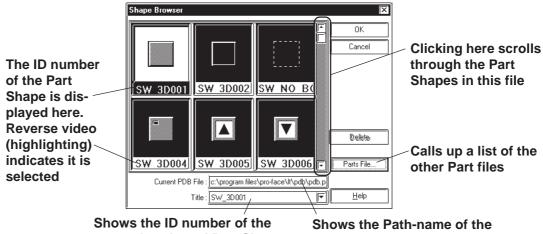
Selecting a Part Shape

Click on the General Settings Area's Browser... button in the dialog box, and the Shape Browser (hereafter called "Browser") will be displayed. The Browser's Part Shapes are stored in a Part File (PDB file), separate from the main Project File (LTE file). Searching through different pre-made Part files allows you to easily find useful Part Shapes for almost any application.

ΟK Click on a Part number and then the button, or double-click directly on the Part number to select a Part Shape. (Browser disappears)



Part File and Part Shape lists for each file are included in the LT Editor Parts List Manual.

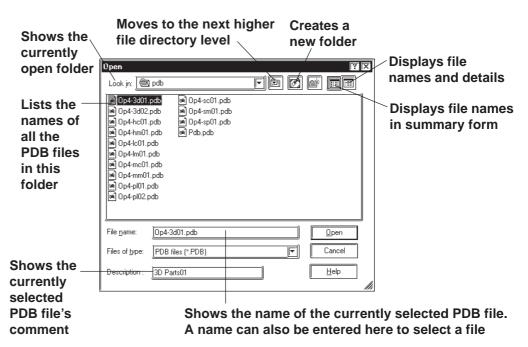


currently selected Part Shape

currently open Part File

Parts Files

Parts File... Click on the button, and a list of the Part files will appear. After clicking on a Part File, the information displayed will change to reflect that file. Next, click on the <u>O</u>pen button and the selected PDB File's Part Shapes will appear in the Browser.



```
LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide
```

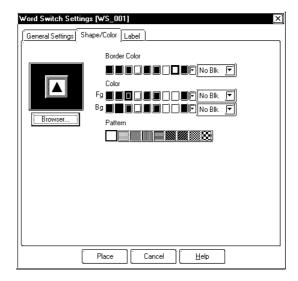


When the LT Editor software is first installed, all Part Files will be included in a folder named PDB and automatically installed in the same directory/ folder as the LT Editor program. If desired, these Part Files can be moved to other folders and, to find a Part File that has been moved, use the [Look in:] area to display Part Files located in other folders.

Selecting Colors

Specify Part colors using the Shape/Color setting screen. The setting items will differ depending on the Part, i.e. the border type, ON/OFF states, graphs, and label colors.

Tiling patterns can be selected for some of the Parts, Lamps, and Graphs.

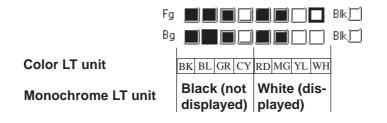


Colors

There are 8 colors available in the color bar. Use this bar to select the foreground (Fg), background (Bg) and other colors.



On a monochrome LT screen, black, blue, green, and cyan will be displayed as black (same as background); red, magenta, yellow, and white will be displayed as white.



♦ Blink

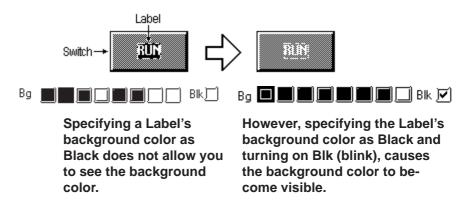
When the Blink (Blk) Check Box checked $\boxed{\square}$, the color bar is displayed in a darker color and the specified Part will blink on the LT's screen.





When either text characters or Mark backgrounds (Bg) are specified as Black, and the Blk (Blink) feature is turned on, they will become transparent; so that even when overlaid on other objects, the rear object's color is also visible. This function is useful when overlaying text on Switches, Lamps, and other objects.

For example:

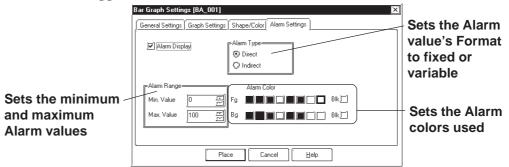


States

Only Parts which can have two states are displayed with this feature. Display colors for Parts can be specified separately for each state. Click on either state button to select it, and specify that state's color using the color bar.

Alarm Settings

In both graph and numeric value displays, Alarms can be set up. First, click on the [Alarm Settings] tab at the top of the Dialog box. When checking the Alarm Display box (Check mark 📝 appears), the Alarm setting items will appear.



♦ Alarm Type

The Alarm value can be specified as either direct (fixed value) or indirect (variable value) by simply clicking on the appropriate circle.

♦ Alarm Range

Here, you can specify the maximum and minimum Alarm values. When the Alarm value has been specified as indirect, the maximum and minimum values can also be specified as indirect. In this case, the Word Address number used to store these values will be automatically assigned continuously from the Word Address currently specified.

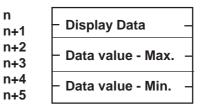
The following example uses "n" to denote where the Word Address' display data is stored:

<Relationship between display data's storage address and Alarm register address>

With 16 Bit data

n	Display Data
n+1	Data value - Max.
n+2	Data value - Min.

With 32 Bit data



(e.g.) When the Word Address is set to "D00000"

PAlarm Range		
Min. Value	10	
Max. Value	90	

Word Addresses are automatically allocated in sequence, starting from the Address designated

(e.g.) When the Word Address is set to "Symbol" (Logic Symbol)

	Range	
Min. V	/alue	Symbol+2
Max. Y	Value	Symbol+1

When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as a start address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

♦ Alarm Color

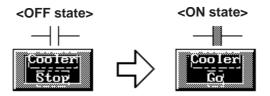
Here, you can select the colors used for an Alarm display. ▼Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

Creating Labels

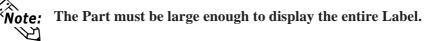
Here, a Label means the text characters shown on the faces of the Switch and Lamp button Parts. Labels can be registered via the Part's Setting dialog box.

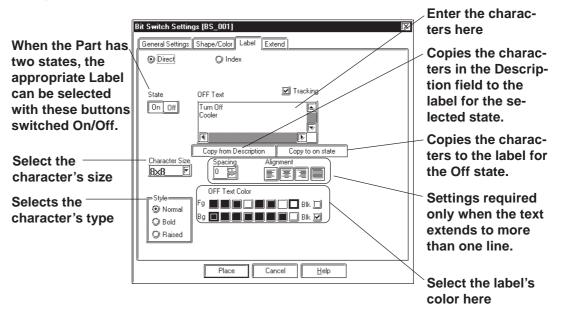


As with Parts, Label display colors can be created for each of a 2-state Part's states; up to 4 lines of text can be used for each state.



When a lamp's Text Display changes (This Switch's ON/OFF colors are also selected)





♦ Label

Here, you can type in the text displayed on a button. When typing in text, press the \downarrow key to move to a new line. When the [Tracking] check box is checked 🔽 (enabled), after the Part has been placed on the screen, if the Label's size or position is changed, for either state, the alternate state's Label size and position will be also changed. If, however, the Label's size and position need to be specified independently for each state, DO NOT check This box.

Reference 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down

Copy from Description

The characters entered in the Description field are copied to the label in the selected state without changing the character size.

• Copy to Off (On) state

When the state is On, the characters entered in the label are copied to the label in the Off state without changing the character size. When Off, the characters are copied to the label in the On state.

State

States are displayed only for Lamps, and for those switches with two states (ON and OFF). The text displayed for each state can be specified independently. Simply click on either state button to specify its text and colors.

♦ Character Size

Specifies the size of character.

Reference 2.2.9 Text

Style (Font)

Specifies the type of character (Normal, Bold, Raised) used in each Label.

Reference 2.2.9 Text

Text Color (ON/OFF)

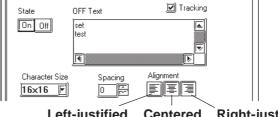
Specifies Label colors. The default settings are Fg: White, and Bg: Transparent mode (Black + Blk).

Line space

When the text extends to more than one line, set the line space.

Alignment (Justification)

When the text input for a Label exceeds one line, the Alignment icons will appear. Select Left, or Right justification, or Centering.

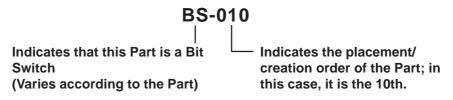


Left-justified Centered **Right-justified**

■ ID Numbers

When creating a Part, an ID number is automatically assigned to the Part before it is placed on the screen. This number shows how many of that kind of Part were previously placed on the current screen. When a Part is deleted from a screen, all following Part numbers will be adjusted downwards.

Example of an ID number



The ID number is displayed in the title bar at the top of the Setting dialog box.

Ì	Bit Switch Setting	gs [BS_001]	X
ſ	General Settings	Shape/Color Label Extend	
	Description	Operation Bit Address	
		Monitor Monitor Bit Addiess:	



te:The ID number can be entered so that it is displayed during Base screenControl drawing.

Reference 2.7.2 Screen Property Settings

Even if the ID number is entered to be displayed during Base screen drawing, it will not be displayed on the LT panel after screen data transfer.

<ID Number List>

Part Name	ID Number
Bit Switch	BS-**
Word Switch	WS-***
Function Switch	FS-***
Lamp	LA-***
Bar Graph	BA-***
Pie Graph	PI-***
Half-Pie Graph	HP-***
Meter	MT-***
Trend Graph	TR-***
Keypad	KE-***
Keypad Input Display	KD-***
Alarm Display	AL-***
File Name Display	FD-***
Data Logging Display	LG-***
Numeric Display	ND-***
Message Display (Operation Mode: Bit)	MB-***
Message Display (Operation Mode: Word)	MW-***
Date Display	DD-***
Time Display	TD-***
Picture Display (Motion mode: Bit)	LB-***
Picture Display (Motion mode: Word)	LW-***
Window Parts	WI-***

■ Maximum Number of Automatically Created Part Libraries

When a Part is used in a project, a Part Library will be automatically created in preparation for data transfer. The number of Part Library items are limited to 6000 per project. If this number exceeds 6000, all Parts in excess of 6000 cannot be transferred to the LT. To avoid this, please remember the following:

1. Automatic Library creation will be performed follows: (per screen)

Switches:2 (only switches with the Monitor function selected)Lamps:2Messages:2 to 16 (depending on the number of states used)Picture Displays :2 to 16 (depending on the number of states used)Trends:1 to 20 (depending on the number of channels)

However, Part Libraries using the same Parts (i.e. Part's that are the same size, same attributes, and without labels or other items) will be used commonly.

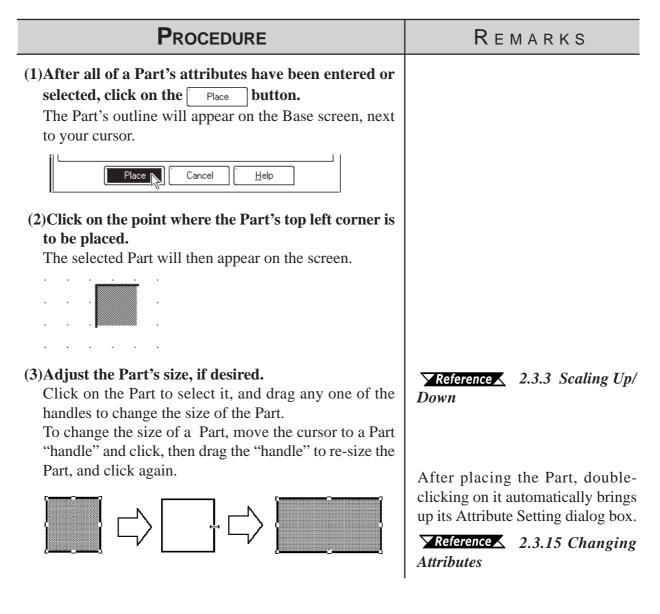
For example:

When 30 Switches (Monitor function is selected) and 20 Lamps are placed on a single Base screen, $(30 \times 2) + (20 \times 2) = 100$ Part Library items will be automatically created. Therefore, 60 of these size screens can be used in one project('s data).

2. When using the same Parts for multiple Base screens, register the Part on one Base screen and then place it other Base screens using the Load Screen function. Thus, when multiple Base screens use those Parts, only one Part Library will be used, thereby reducing the Project File's size.

Placing a Part in Position

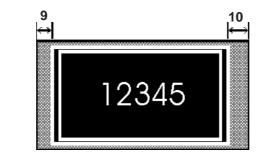
After all of a Part's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the desired position on the screen to place the Part.





E.g.)

Note: Depending on the Part, when scaling up or down, one dot error may occur in the frame width.

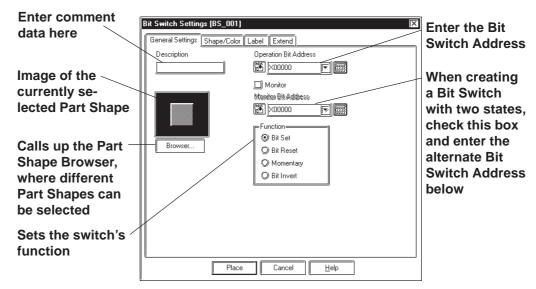


2.1.1 Bit Switches

Here, the creation of a touch panel switch, used for turning a specified Bit ON or OFF, is explained.



If the LT unit is Type C, Bit Switches with the Monitor function selected will not be displayed on the LT unit after the Project File transferred unless the LT has been connected to a external device.



Bit Switch [General Settings] Attributes

Operation Bit Address

Here, the Bit Address data controlled by the Switch is input.

Monitor Bit Address

Only after the Monitor check box is checked can the Monitor Bit Address used to change the Switch's display setting be entered. The Switch's state (ON/OFF) display can be specified so that it will change according to changes in this Bit Address. Addresses input in the Bit Address area can also be done here.

Appears only when creating a Bit Switch with two states. Toggles the switch's state either ON or OFF, allowing you to set the attributes of each state.



After entering the Bit Address, if you attempt to perform another area's operation before entering the Monitor Bit's address data, the dialog box shown below will appear. Clicking on the \underline{Yes} button automatically inputs the Bit Address's data into the Monitor Bit Address. To enter a different address, click on the \underline{No} button and input the desired address.

Bit Switch	X
Do you want to use t for the Monitor Bit Ad	
(<u>Y</u> es	No

Function

The Bit Switch functions are as follows.

Bit Set:	When the Bit Switch is pressed, the Device/PLC's desig- nated Bit Address is turned ON. This state continues (i.e. remains ON) even after the switch is released.	
Bit Reset:	When the Bit Switch is pressed, the Device/PLC's desig- nated Bit Address is turned OFF. This state continues (i.e. remains OFF) even after the switch is released.	
Momentary:	:y: Only while the Bit Switch is pressed and held is the specified Device/PLC Bit Address turned ON. Thus, when the switch is released, the specified Bit Address is turned OFF.	
Bit Invert:	Every time the Bit Switch is pressed, the Device/PLC's designated Bit Address state is changed (from ON to OFF, or from OFF to ON).	

Bit Switch [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, the Switch's border color (Frame), ON/OFF state colors (On Color, Off Color), and pattern can be selected.

▼*Reference* 2.1 *Parts* ■ *Selecting Colors*

The color and pattern settings available will differ depending on the switch's settings.

Bit Switch [Label] Attributes

Here, the text of the Label to be displayed on the Switch button is entered.

▼Reference ∠ 2.1 Parts ■ Creating Labels

■ Bit Switch [Extend] Attributes

Set up the Interlock and Buzzer functions.

Bit Switch Settings [BS_001] General Settings [Shape/Color Label Extend Interlock Interlock Address Interlock Address Interlock Address Interlock Address Interlock Bit Off	 Can be set at the momentary Selects the Interlock function
Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

♦ Interlock

Only when a bit designated via Interlock Address is in a state that has been selected via [Touch available condition], the switch becomes effective. Whether the switch is effective in ON state or in OFF state is selectable here.

Touch Available Condition	Interlock Address Status	Touch Available/ Not Available
Bit ON	ON	Touch Available
DILON	OFF	Touch Not Available
BitOFF	ON	Touch Not Available
DitOTT	OFF	Touch Available

♦ Buzzer

Select ON or OFF for the buzzer sound.

When buzzer setting is enabled, the buzzer sounds while the touch switch is being pressed.

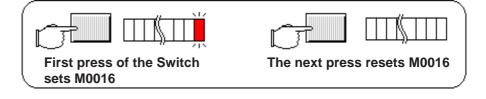
One-Shot

Enable/disable the "One-Shot" feature.

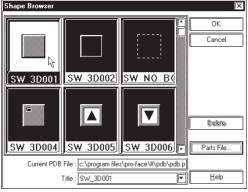
This setting can be enabled only when "Momentary" mode is selected in the "Function" area in the "General Settings" tab. When the "One-Shot" feature is enabled, the buzzer will sound briefly only at the moment the touch switch is pressed.

Placing a Bit Switch

An example of how to place a Bit Invert switch is shown below.



Procedure		Remarks
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Bit Switch] click on the 📳 icon.	command, or	
Description Descr	t the Bit Ad- Enter M0016 When the switch's state can change, click here	When the Change State function se- lected, after entering the Bit Ad- dress, if you attempt to perform another area's operation before en- tering the Monitor Bit Address, the dialog box shown below will ap- pear. Click on the Yes button to input the same address as used for the Bit Address. To enter a dif- ferent address, click on the <u>No</u> button and input the de- sired address.
(3)Select a Part Shape from the Browser. Specify settings for Shape/Color, Label a Settings if necessary.	and Extension	Yes № Reference 2.1 Parts Selecting a Part Shape



(4)After all of a Part's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the Place button.

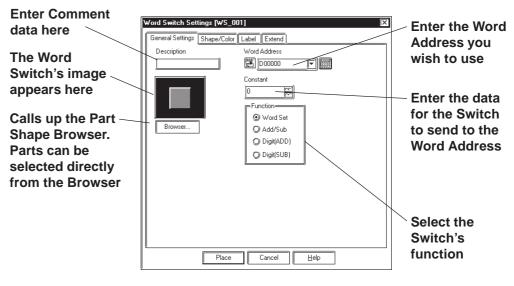
The Switch's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(5)Click on the point where the Switch's top left corner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the 🔊 icon.
If desired, use the Switch's handles to alter its size.	Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down.
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's Attribute Setting dialog box.

2.1.2 Word Switches

Here, a touch panel switch for setting data to a specified Word Address can be created.

■ Word Switch [General Settings] Attributes



Word Address

Here, the desired Word Address is entered.

Constant

Here, number registered to the Word Address is input. The data format is Decimal (Base 10), and the input range is from -32768 to 32767.

Function

The Word Switch's functions are as follows:

- Word Set: When the Word Switch is pressed, constant data is written to the Device/PLC's designated Word Address. Fixed or default values will be written to the timer, counter, etc.Add/Sub: Every time the Word Switch is pressed, the Data value is
- Add/Sub: Every time the word Switch is pressed, the Data value is added to the data currently in the Device/PLC's designated Word Address, and the result is then written to the Device/ PLC's address. If a Data value is positive, the function will increment, and if it is negative, it will decrement.
- **Digit (ADD):** Every time the Word Switch is pressed, the designated decimal place's data will be added by the Constant's value. The result will not be carried up to the next digit, so "9" simply rolls around to "0". Select the data format from Bin and BCD.
- **Digit (SUB):** Every time the Word Switch is pressed, the designated decimal place's data will be subtracted by the Constant's value. The result will not be carried down to the lower digit, so "9" simply rolls around "0". Select the data format from Bin and BCD.

■ Word Switch [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, a Word Switch's color, and pattern can be selected.
✓ *Reference* 2.1 *Parts* ■ *Selecting Colors*The color and pattern settings available will differ depending on the Switch's settings, such as its shape and Change State condition.

■ Word Switch [Label] Attributes

Here, the text characters shown (engraved) on the Switch button face are input.

Reference 2.1 Parts Creating Labels

Word Switch [Extend] Attributes

Here, the interlock and the buzzer can be set as shown below.

General Settings Shape/Color Label Extend	
Interlocki Option Dataset interlocki Dataset inte	Select the
Touch available condition © BitOn O BitOff	Interlock function state
Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

◆ Interlock

Only when a bit designated via Interlock Address is in a state that has been selected via [Touch available condition], the switch becomes effective. Whether the switch is effective in ON state or in OFF sate is selectable here.

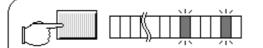
Touch Available Condition	Interlock Address Status	Touch Available/ Not Available
Bit ON	ON	Touch Available
	OFF	Touch Not Available
Bit OFF	ON	Touch Not Available
	OFF	Touch Available

♦ Buzzer

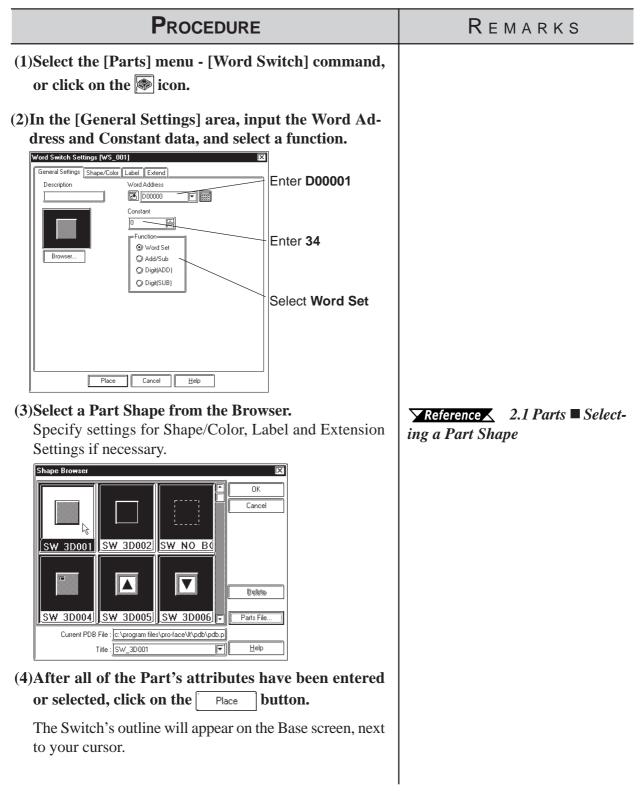
Sets the buzzer to ON/OFF

Placing a Word Switch

An example of how to place a Word Set Switch is shown below.



When the button is pressed, 34 is sent to D00001



PROCEDURE	Remarks
(5)Click on the point where the Switch's top left corner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the si icon.
If desired, use the Switch's handles to alter its size.	Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

Function Switches 2.1.3

Here, a touch panel with special functions can be created.

■ Function Switch [General Settings] Attributes

Enter Comment data here The Function Switch's image	Function Switch Settings [FS_001] Image: Shape/Color General Settings Shape/Color Description Function Image: Shape/Color Description Image: Shape/Color Image: Shape/Color Image: Shape/Color <th>Select the Switch's operation</th>	Select the Switch's operation
appears here Calls up the Part – Shape Browser. Parts can be selected directly from the Browser	© File Name Kay ID No. □ © Data Logging Key © Off line □K	When "Go To Screen" is selected, the (Go To) screen's number and data format must be entered

Function (Switch Operation)

The Function Switch's attributes are as follows:

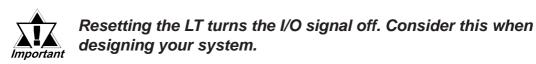
Previous Screen:	When the Switch is pressed, the currently displayed screen on the LT will change to the previously displayed one.
Go To Screen:	When the Switch is pressed, the currently displayed screen on the LT will change to the specified screen. Input the screen number to be changed (jumped) to. The Data Format can be either Bin or BCD.



Note: If a screen number is specified in the BCD data format to place the corresponding screen, it is still displayed in the BIN data format when the screen is closed and then opened.

Reset LT:

When the Switch is pressed, the LT will be reset to the save status as when the LT's power was turned ON.



File Name Key:

This is a function switch corresponding to the File Name Display and is the same as the one that is automatically placed together with the File Name Display.
Designate the same ID number as the one of the File Name Display and select a operation mode.

Data Logging Key:Reference 2.1.13 File Name DisplayData Logging Key:This is a function switch corresponding to
the Data Logging Display and is the same
as the one that is automatically placed
together with the Data Logging Display.
Designate the scroll direction and the

number of lines being rolled up or down. **Reference** 2.1.14 Data Logging

Off line:

Display When this switch is pressed, the LT enters the OFFLINE mode.

■ Function Switch [Shape/Color] Attributes

The Switch's color, and pattern are selected here.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

The color and pattern settings available will differ depending on the switch shape.

■ Function Switch [Label] Attributes

Here, the characters shown (drawn) on the Switch button face are entered.

Reference 2.1 Parts Creating Labels

Function Switch [Extend] Attributes

Here, the interlock and the buzzer are set.

Function Switch Settings [FS_001] Image: Shape/Color Label Extend General Settings Shape/Color Label Extend Image: Interlock Option Image: Interlock Image: I	Select the
Touch available condition Storm O BitOff	Interlock function state
Place Cancel Help	

Interlock

Only when a bit designated via Interlock Address is in a state that has been selected via [Touch available condition], the switch becomes effective. Whether the switch is effective in ON state or in OFF sate is selectable here.

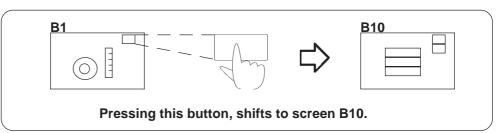
Touch Available	Interlock Address	Touch Available/	
Condition	Status	Not Available	
Bit ON	ON	Touch Available	
BILON	OFF	Touch Not Available	
Bit OFF	ON	Touch Not Available	
BILOFF	OFF	Touch Available	

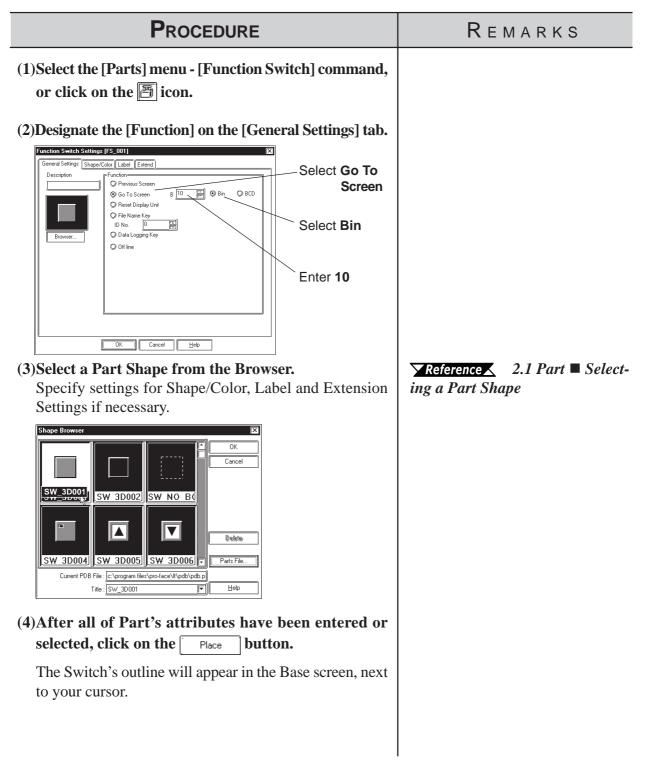
♦ Buzzer

Sets the buzzer to ON/OFF.

Placing a Function Switch

The Screen Switching (Function) Switch's placement procedure is shown below.





PROCEDURE	Remarks	
(5)Click on the point where the Switch's top left corner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the $[s_{\overline{p}}]$ icon.	
If necessary, use the Switch's handles to alter its size.	Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down	
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen calls up that Part's At- tribute Setting dialog box. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes	
· ■. · · ■. · · ■. · · · · · · · · ·		

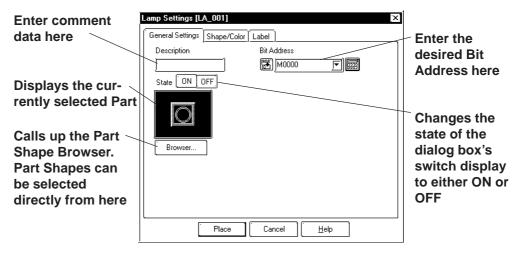


Here a lamp is created, which turns ON or OFF according to the Device/ PLC's Monitor Bit Address state.



- When the LT is Type C, the lamp that specifies the address of the Device/PLC. will not display on the LT unless the LT has been connected to the Device/PLC.
- When placing a Lamp, DO NOT overlap it with other objects. If you do so, it may not be displayed correctly.

■ Lamp [General Setting] Attributes



• Bit Address

The Bit Address to be monitored is entered here.

Lamp [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, border colors for both ON and OFF states, and Lamp's colors and tiling pattern in each state can be selected.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

The color and pattern settings available will differ depending on each lamp shape.

Lamp [Label] Attributes

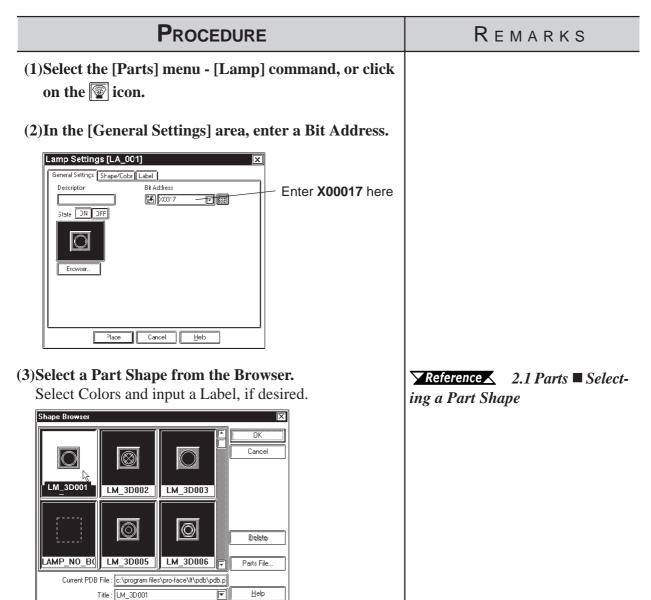
Here, the text characters shown on a Lamp button's face are entered.

```
▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Creating Labels
```

Placing a Lamp

The procedures for creating and placing a Lamp are shown below.

			O
When X00017	the Lamp	When X00017	the Lamp turns off.
is ON	lights up.	is OFF	



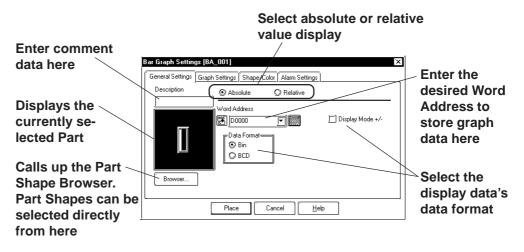
PROCEDURE		REMARKS
(4)Switch the state of the lamp with the tons, and then select Colors and input		With the Blink check box checked , and if the Bit is turned ON, the Lamp will blink. Lamp blinking can also be seen via the pull down menu [View]'s [Preview] com- mand. Reference 2.7.3 Preview Screen
(5)After all of the Lamp's attributes have or selected, click on the Place butto The Lamp's outline will appear in the Bas to your cursor.	n.	
(6) Click on the point where the Lamp's to is to be placed.If necessary, use the Lamp's handles to all th	-	To cancel the placement, click on the icon. Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down
		Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.1.5 Bar Graphs

Bar Graphs are used to display Device/PLC's Word Address numeric data in absolute or relative values. This graph's display will change according to Word Address data changes.

Bar Graph [General Settings] Attributes

<When displaying Word Address numeric data in absolute values>



♦ Absolute

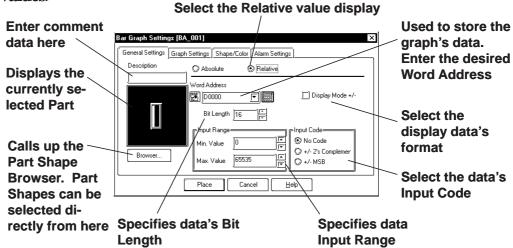
Data stored in the Word Address is displayed in absolute values from 0 to 100 (with Display Mode +/- selected, -100 to 100).

Word Address

Here, enter the Word Address used for storing the Bar Graph's data.

🔶 Data Format

The display data's format can be either Bin or BCD. When Bin is selected, negative numeric data can also be displayed. In that case, check is the Display Mode +/- check box. <When displaying Device/PLC Word Address numeric data in relative values>



Relative

According to the Input Range designated for the Word Address' data, the data is converted and displayed as relative values.

Word Address

Here, enter the Word Address used for storing the Bar Graph's data.

◆ Display Mode+/-

When this check box **v** is checked, negative numeric data can also be displayed.

Bit Length

Specifies the Bit Length of data stored in the Word Address.

Input Range

Specifies the data's Input Range.

♦ Input Code

When No Code is selected, only positive data can be entered. To enter negative number data, select +/-2's Complement or +/-MSB.



Bar Graph Settings [BA_001] General Settings Graph Setting Shape/Color Alarm Setting Only when a graph with Display Directio Axis Divisions graduations Select the 🕲 Up 10 has been 🔘 Left graph's display 🔾 Down selected will direction 💭 Right this box appear. Enter the number of Place Cancel Help divisions desired here

Bar Graph [Graph Settings] Attributes

Direction

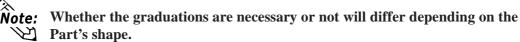
The graph's display direction can be specified as either Up, Left, Down, or Right.



If [Display Direction] is changed for a 3D part, its shade is rotated along with that part. To let the shade displayed properly, click on the Browser... button, and select the part again from [Shape Browser].

Axis Divisions

For a graph which has graduations, the number of divisions are entered here. If the number of the divisions is specified to 10, then 11 division lines are used. When graduations are not necessary, specify the number of the divisions as 0.



Bar Graph [Shape/Color] Attributes

The graph's border color, division color (Axis Color), display data color (Graph Color), and display data patterns are selected here.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

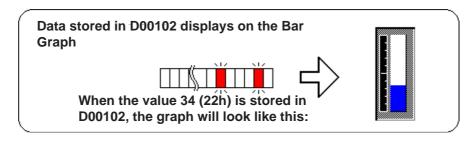
Bar Graph [Alarm Settings] Attribute

If desired, an Alarm can be setup here by toggling the Alarm check box.

Reference 2.1 Parts **Setting** Alarms

Placing a Bar Graph

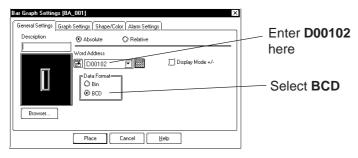
An example of the Bar Graph's creation and placement procedures are shown below.



(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Bar Graph] command, or click on the icon.

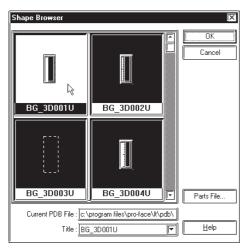
PROCEDURE

(2)In the [General Settings] tab, input a Word Address and select a Data Format.



(3)Select a Part Shape that has graduations from the Browser.

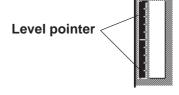
Here, you can enter Alarm settings and select Colors, if desired.



▼Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting a Part Shape

REMARKS

If the Bar Graph's Alarm value is specified as Variable, a pointer showing levels will be displayed. This pointer's position will move according to the specified Alarm value.



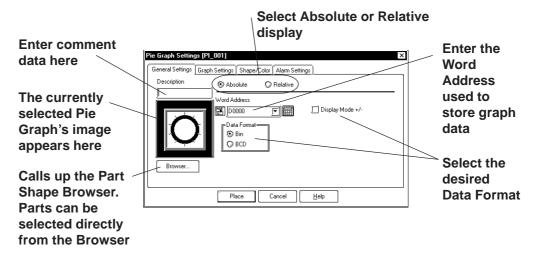
Parts Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREEN		
PROCEDURE	Remarks	
(4)In the [Graph Settings] tab, select the graph's dis- play direction and input the number of Axis Divi- sions.	The area to enter the number of the divisions will appear only for a graph type which has axis divisions.	
Bar Graph Settings [BA_001] X General Settings [Graph Settings Shape/Color Alarm Settings] Fight Display Direction Axis Divisions O Left Down Right Fight Place Cancel		
(5)After all of the graph's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the Place button. The Bar Graph's outline will appear on the Base screen,		
next to your cursor. (6)Click on the point where the Bar Graph's top left corner is to be placed. If necessary, use the Bar Graph's handles to adjust its size.	To cancel the placement, click on the icon. Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing	
	<i>Attributes</i> The Bar Graph's sizing handles are located inside the graph.	

2.1.6 Pie Graphs

Pie Graphs create an area where a Device/PLC's Word Address data is displayed as absolute values. The graph's display will change to reflect changes in the designated Word Address data.

■ Pie Graph [General Settings] Attributes

<When displaying the data using absolute values>



♦ Absolute

Data stored in the designated Word Address is displayed in absolute values, from 0 to 100 (with Display Mode +/- selected, -100 to 100).

Word Address

Here, the Word Address' location data is entered to show where the desired data is stored.

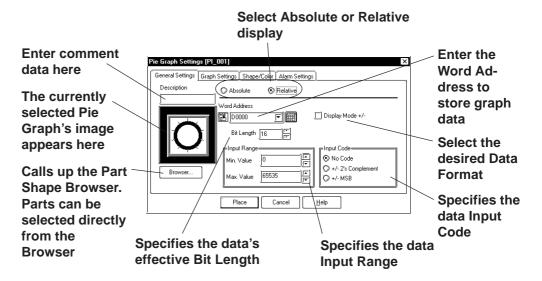
♦ Data Format

Select either the Bin and BCD display formats.

♦ Display Mode +/-

With this check box 🗹 checked and the Bin data format is selected, a negative numeric data can also be displayed.

<When displaying the data using relative values>



Relative

According to the Input Range designated for the Word Address Data, the data is converted and displayed as relative values.

Word Address

Here, enter the Word Address used to store Pie Graph data.

◆ Display Mode +/-

When this check box i checked, negative numeric data can also be displayed.

Bit Length

Specifies the Bit Length of all data stored in the Word Address.

Input Range

Specifies the data's Input Range.

Input Code

With No Code selected, only positive numeric data can be entered. To enter negative numeric data, select either +/-2's Complement or +/-MSB.

■ Pie Graph [Graph Settings] Attributes

	Pie Graph Settings [PI_001]	
Select the Pie Graph's (data display) Direction	General Settings Graph Settings Shape/Color Alarm Settings Display Direction Clkws. From Top Clkws. From Bottom	Enter the graph's number of divisions
	Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

Display

Here, the graph's data display start point, either Clkws. From Top or Clkws. From Bottom, can be selected.



If [Display Direction] is changed for a 3D part, its shade is rotated along with **Note**: that part. To let the shade displayed properly, click on the Browser. button. and select the part again from [Shape Browser].

Axis Divisions

The number of segments the Pie Graph will be divided into is entered here. If the number of Axis Divisions is specified as 10, 10 division lines will be displayed. When no divisions are necessary, simply enter 0.

Pie Graph [Shape/Color] Attributes

A Pie Graph's border color, division line color (Axis Color), data display color (Graph Color - Fg and Bg), and data display pattern can all be selected here.

Reference 2.1 Parts Selecting Colors

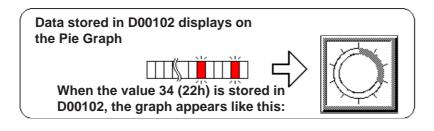
■ Pie Graph [Alarm Settings] Attributes

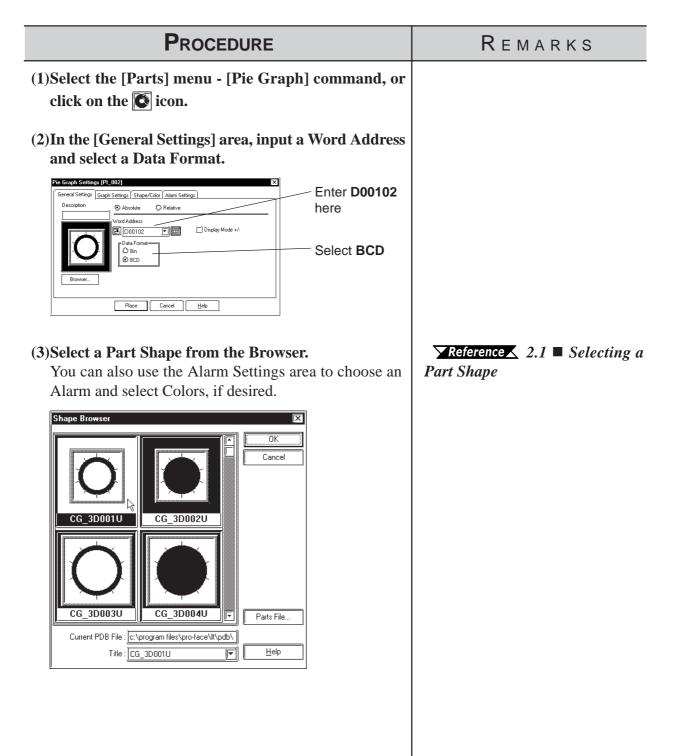
Clicking on the Alarm Display check box will call up the Alarm Settings.

Reference 2.1Parts Setting Alarms

Placing a Pie Graph

The procedure for placing a Pie Graph is shown below.





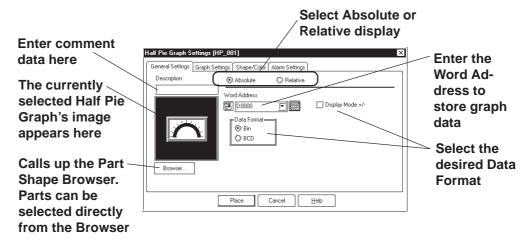
PROCEDURE	Remarks
 (4) In the [Graph Settings] tab, select the display direction and input the number of Axis Divisions. Image: Setting: Graph Setting: Stage/Coor Rem Setting: The Provided Help and Setting: Stage/Coor Rem Setting: The Provided Help and Setting: Select Clkws. From Bottom Top (5) After all of the Graph's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the Place button. 	The area to enter the number of the divisions will appear only for a graph type which has axis divisions.
A Pie Graph's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to the cursor.	
6)Click on the point where the Pie Graph's top left cor- ner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the spicon.
If desired, use the Pie Graph's handles to alter its size.	 ✓ Reference ▲ To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. ✓ Reference ▲ 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.1.7 Half Pie Graphs

This graph displays a Word Address' numeric data (received from a Device/ PLC) as absolute or relative values in a Half-Pie graph. The graph's display will also change to reflect Word Address data changes.

■ Half Pie Graph [General Settings] Attributes

<When displaying the data in absolute values>



♦ Absolute

Data stored in the designated Word Address is displayed as absolute values, from 0 to 100 (with Display Mode +/- selected, -100 to 100).

Word Address

Enter the Word Address where the data will be stored.

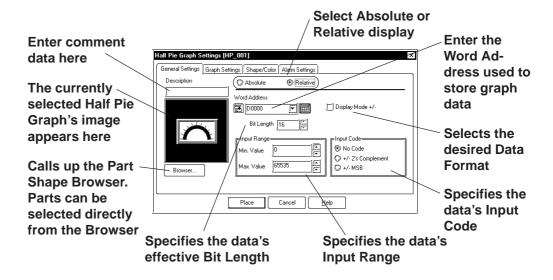
♦ Data Format

Select the display data format from Bin and BCD.

♦ Display Mode +/-

When this check box 💽 is checked and Bin data format is selected, negative numeric data can be displayed.

<When displaying the data in relative values>



♦ Relative

According to the Input Range designated for the Word Address Data the data is converted and displayed as relative values.

Word Address

Here, enter the Word Address used to store Half Pie Graph data.

Display Mode +/-

When this check box 🗹 checked, negative number data can be displayed.

Bit Length

Specifies the Bit Length of all data stored in the Word Address.

Input Range

Specifies the data's Input Range.

◆ Input Code

With No Code selected, only positive numeric data can be entered. To enter negative numeric data, select either +/-2's Complement or +/-MSB.

■ Half Pie Graph [Graph Settings] Attributes

	Half Pie Graph Settings [HP_001]	
The Half Pie graph's display direction is fixed to clock- wise.	General Settings Graph Settings Shape/Color Alarm Settings Display Direction Axis Divisions © Claskwize 10 Flace Cancel Help	Enter the graph's number of divisions

Display Direction

Here, the Half Pie graph's display direction is fixed to clockwise.

Axis Divisions

The data entered here determines how many pieces a Half Pie Graph is divided into. If the number of Axis Divisions is specified as 10, 11 division lines are displayed. When no divisions are necessary, specify the number of divisions as 0.

■ Half Pie Graph [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, a Half Pie graph's border color, division color (Axis Color), display data color (Graph Color - Fg & Bg), and display data pattern are all selected.

▼*Reference* 2.1 *Parts* ■ *Selecting Colors*

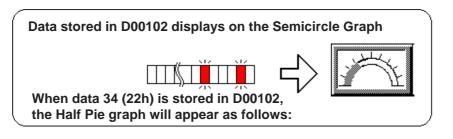
■ Half Pie Graph [Alarm Settings] Attributes

If desired, Alarm settings can be set here.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Setting Alarms

Placing a Half Pie Graph

The procedure for placing a Half Pie Graph is as shown below.



Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Half Pie Graph] command, or click on the 💽 icon.	
(2)In the [General Settings] area, input the Word Ad- dress and Data Format.	
Half Pie Graph Settings [HP_001] General Settings [Graph Settings [Shape/Color [Alam Settings] Description O Absolute Word Address Word Address	
Browset	
Place Cancel Heb	
(3)Select a Part Shape from the Browser. You can also use the Alarm Settings area to enter Alarm settings and select Colors, if desired.	▼ Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Se- lecting a Part Shape
Shape Browser Image: Constraint of the state of th	

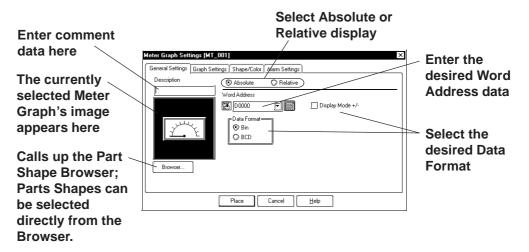
Procedure	Remarks
(4)In the [Graph Settings] tab, input the number of axis divisions.	The area to enter the number of the divisions will appear only for a
Half Pie Graph Settings [HP_001]	graph type which has axis divi- sions.
Display Direction Axis Divisions	
Place Cancel Help	
(5)After all of a Part's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the Place button.	
The Half Pie graph's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor.	
(6)Click on the point where the Half Pie Graph's top left corner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the $[m]$ icon.
If desired, use the Half Pie graph's handles to alter its size.	Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings.
	Reference 2.3.15 Changing <i>Attributes</i>
	1

2.1.8 Meter Graphs

Meter Graphs create an area where a Device/PLC's Word Address' numeric data is displayed as absolute or relative values in a Meter Graph (i.e. a needle moves to show the value). The graph's display will change to reflect Device/PLC Word Address data changes.

Meter Graph [General Settings] Attributes

<When displaying data in absolute values>



♦ Absolute

Data stored in the designated Word Address is displayed as absolute values, from 0 to 100 (with Display Mode +/- selected, -100 to 100).

Word Address

Enter the Word Address where the data will be stored.

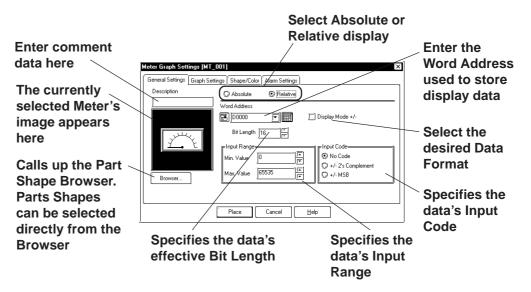
♦ Data Format

Select the display data format from Bin and BCD.

♦ Display Mode +/-

When this check box 💽 is checked and Bin data format is selected, negative numeric data can be displayed.

<When displaying data in relative values>



Relative

According to the Input Range designated for the Word Address Data, the data is converted and displayed as relative values.

Word Address

Here, enter the Word Address used to store Meter data.

Display Mode +/-

When this check box i checked, negative numeric data can also be displayed.

Bit Length

Specifies the Bit Length of all data stored in the Word Address.

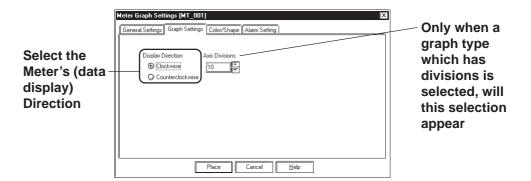
Input Range

Specifies the data's Input Range.

Input Code

With No Code selected, only positive numeric data can be entered. To enter negative numeric data, select either +/-2's Complement or +/-MSB.

■ Meter Graph [Graph Settings] Attributes



Display Direction

Here, the Meter's display direction, either Clockwise or Counterclockwise can be selected.

Axis Divisions

Here, the Meter increments are entered. If the number of Divisions is specified as 10, 11 division lines are displayed. When no divisions are necessary, simply enter "0".

■ Meter Graph [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, a Meter's border color, division color (Axis Color), and needle color (Meter Color) can be selected.

Reference 2.1 Parts **Selecting** Colors

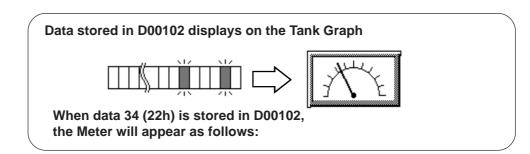
■ Meter Graph [Alarm Settings] Attributes

If desired, an Alarm's settings can be set here.

Reference 2.1 Parts **Setting** Alarms

Placing a Meter Graph

The procedure for placing a Meter Graph is as shown below.



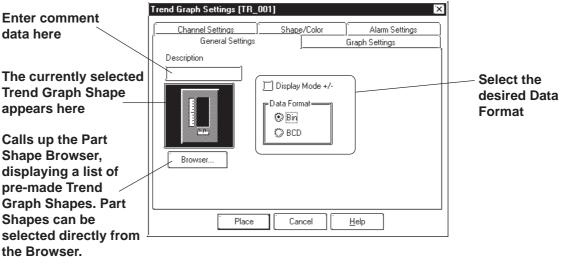
Procedure	REMARKS
<text><text><list-item><list-item></list-item></list-item></text></text>	REMARKS ▼Reference 2.1 Parts Select- ing a Part Shape
Image: Concentration of the system of the	

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(4)In the [Graph Settings] area, input the number of divisions and data display direction.	The Axis Divisions will appear only when Absolute display is se-
Meter Graph Settings: [M1_001] General Settings: Graph Settings: Color/Shape [Alarm Setting] Disolar Direction Axis Divisions O ColorAnnie C	lected.
Plece Cancel Help	
(5)After all of a Part's attributes have been entered or selected, click on the Place button.	
The Meter's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor.	
(6)Click on the point where the Meter's top left corner is to be placed.	To cancel the placement, click on the silon.
If desired, use the Meter's handle to alter its size.	Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down.
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.1.9 Trend Graphs

This Part displays Word Address numeric data as absolute values on a Trend (line) graph. The graph's display will then change to reflect Word Address data changes.

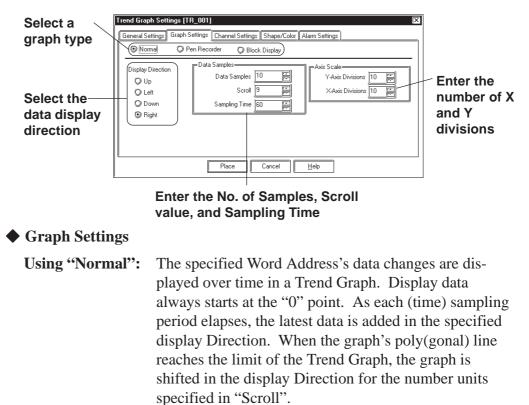
Trend Graph [General Settings] Attributes



♦ Data Format

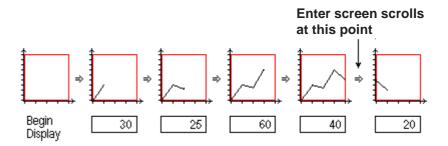
Here, the display data format is specified as either Bin or BCD. With the Display Mode +/- check box 📝 checked, and Bin data format selected, negative numeric data can also be displayed.

■ Trend Graph [Graph Settings] Attributes



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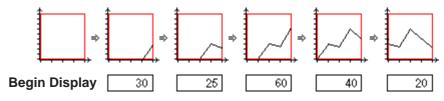
E.g.) Display Direction: Right, Scroll: 4



Using "Pen-Recorder":

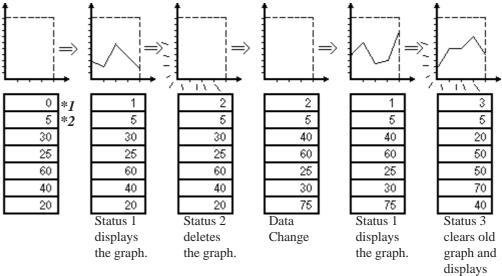
A specified Word Address's data changes are displayed over time in a Trend Graph. The data's display always begins with "0". As each sampling period elapses, the graph's poly(gonal) line is shifted one division opposite the specified display Direction. The latest data is always displayed at the very limit (in this example, the right side) of the Trend Graph's display area.

E.g.) Display direction: Right



Block (Display Mode)

All the data in consecutive word addresses are sampled at the designated time, then graphed as a single trend line. Data changes in multiple word addresses can be monitored as a single block by the graph. Enter address numbers to control the ON/OFF display of the graph.





*2 Number of address data to display

new one.

To perform Block Display, keep the areas for the number of addresses specified below, beginning from the specified Word Address.

Block Display Word Address

The LS Area (from LS0020) or the PLC Word Address is specified. There is speed difference between when the LS Area is used and when the PLC Word Address is used. Refer to the following:

When using the LS Area

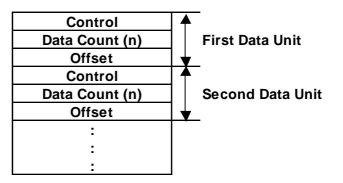
When specifying the LS Area, designate "Read Area Size". The Read Area constantly reads out data from the external device to the LT, regardless of screen display status. For Block Display, "Control", "Data Count", and "Data" are required to be specified for the Read Area. Since this area always reads out data, the time from Control bit turning On to graph display will be shorter than when using the PLC Word Address. However, when the Read Area size is large, the entire screen display time will be slower than when using the PLC Word Address. Also, the Read Area size is limited up to 256 words.

• When using the PLC Word Address

When the PLC Word Address is used, "Control", "Data Count" and "Data" are constantly read out from the PLC to the LT, regardless of screen display. The time from the "Control" display bit turning ON to graph display to read out "Data" will be longer than the time when the LS Area is used. However, when graph display is not performed, time required to display data of the entire screen will be shorter than when using the LS Area. This function is also useful when data for more than 256 words is required to display multiple graphs via the Block Display function.

Note: • When the PLC Word Address is used, to increase the entire screen data display speed to display multiple graphs via Block Display function, the following method is useful.

Specify the Offset of all graphs displayed via the Block Display function, and then designate each graph's "Control", "Data Count", and "Offset" with consecutive address.

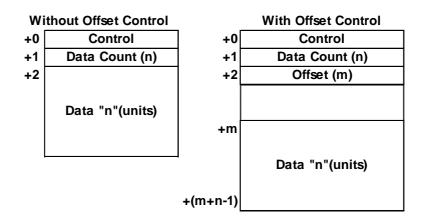


2.1 Parts

♦ Word Address's setting items

The Word Address setting items for Block Display is as follows:

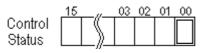
The Offset setting is valid only when the PLC Word Address is used.



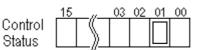
◆ Control

The role of each bit in the Control Status word is described in the following passages.

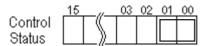
• To begin the graph display, turn bit 00 ON.



• To clear the entire graph, turn bit 01 ON.

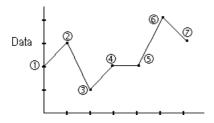


• To clear the graph, then re-draw it, turn both bit 00 and bit 01 ON.



♦ Data Count

Defines the number of data values to display on the graph. To display a graph like the one shown below, set the Data Count to 7.



To display the graph, delay Control Status setting by a time longer than the communication cycle time, after storing the data *Important* count and data values.

> • After displaying the graph, the Control Status resets to 0. To display the graph again, store the data in the same Control Status word. However, be sure to delay at least 50 ms after the Control Status changes from 1 to 0.

> • The Scale value setup in the Graph Settings dialogue box refers to the number of trend line segments ("6" in the Data Count graph on the previous page), and the Data Count for the block display trend graph refers to the number of data points.

> • To display the graph with the LS area setting, delay Control Status setting by a time longer than the communication cycle time, after storing the data count and data values.

 To display the graph with the PLC Word Address setting, delay Control Status setting by a time longer than the communication cycle time, after storing the data count and data values.

Offset

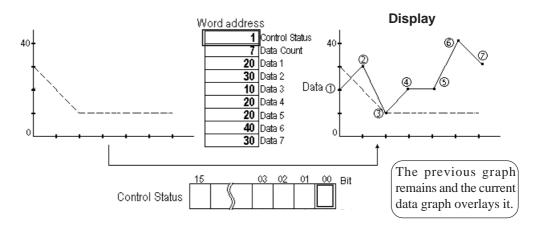
The area where the data for a trend graph is stored is indicated. When the PLC Word Address is used, this setting is valid.

Data

This area stores the data for a trend graph.

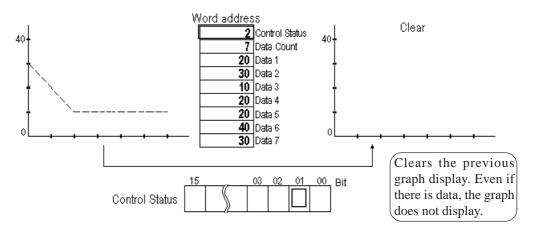
Setting Example (when the offset setting is not used:)

• When using only the display



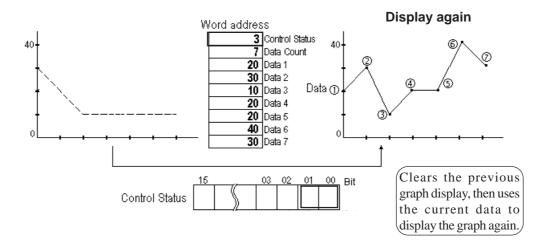
When "1" is entered to the Control Status word, bit 00 turns ON and the new graph overlays the previous display.

♦ When clearing the display



When "2" is entered to the Control Status word, bit 01 turns ON and the new graph display is cleared.

• When clearing then displaying the graph again



When "3" is entered to the Control Status word, both bits 00 and 01 turn ON, and after the graph display is cleared, the current data is used to display the graph again.

◆ Data Samples

Data Samples:	The number of data "units" to be displayed in a single
	Trend Graph. Up to 638 can be used.
Scroll:	The number of data units to be scrolled when the
	polygonal line reaches the limit of the Trend Graph's
	display area. The field is enabled when the graph type is
	set to "Normal".
Sampling Time:	The data read interval (from the host Device/PLC) is
	input in seconds. The field is enabled when the graph
	type is designated as "Normal" or "Pen-Recorder". This
	option cannot be specified when the graph type is
	designated as "Block".

Display Direction

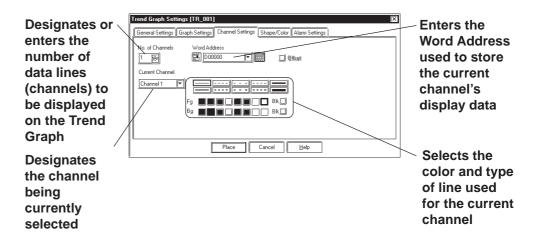
Select the Trend Graph's display direction, either Up, Left, Down, or Right.

Note: If [Display Direction] is changed for a 3D part, its shade is rotated along with that part. To let the shade displayed properly, click on the Browser... button, and select the part again from [Shape Browser].

♦ Axis Scale

Enter the number of units that the X and Y axes are to be divided into. When no divisions are necessary, input "0".

■ Trend Graph [Channel Settings] Attributes



Number of Channels

Enter the number of channels used in the Trend Graph. Use the "Current Channel" area to select which channel is being specified. Up to 20 channels can be entered in a Project file (LTE file, including the Data sampling frequency number).

Word Address

Enter the Word Address used to indicate where the Trend graph's data is stored.

■ Trend Graph [Shape/Color] Attributes

The Trend Graph's border color, division color (Axis Color), and Trend Graph's display area color (Graph Area Color) can be selected.

▼*Reference* **▲** 2.1 Part **■** Selecting Colors

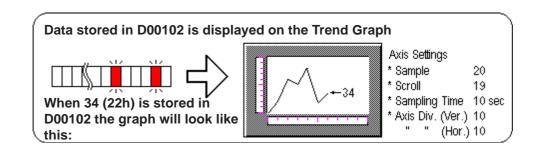
■ Trend Graph [Alarm Settings] Attributes

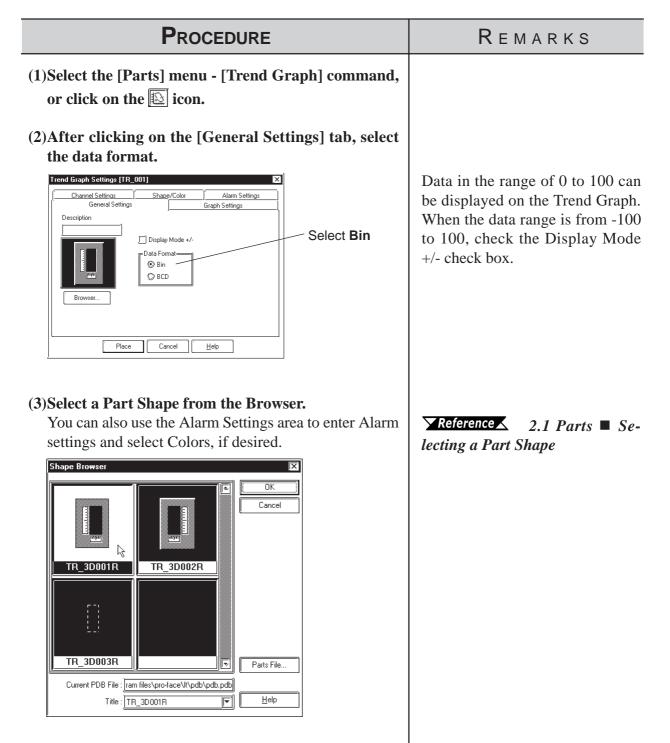
If desired, an alarm's settings can be set here.

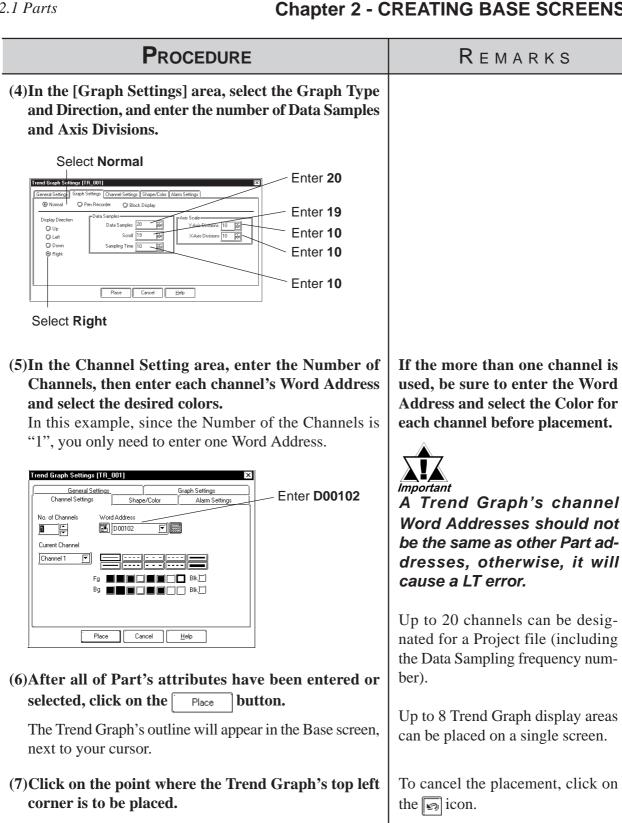
▼Reference ∠ 2.1 Part ■ Setting Alarms

Placing a Trend Graph

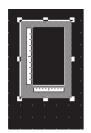
An example of a Trend Graph (scrolling left to right) is shown below.







If desired, use the Trend Graph's handles to alter its size, after placement.



Reference To change a Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down

Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings.

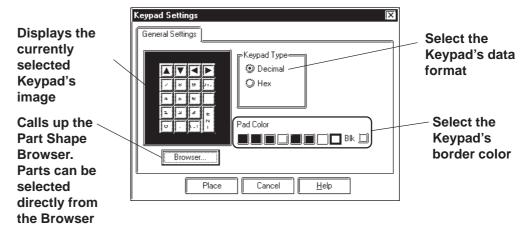
Reference 2.3.15 Changing **Attributes**

2.1.10 Keypads

Here, pre-made keypads are used to enter data to a designated Word Address. In order to input data via the keypad, it is necessary to first create a Keypad Input display.

Reference 2.1.14 Keypad Display

Keypad [Description] Attributes



♦ Keypad Type

First, a Keypad type needs to be selected that will be suitable for the data format specified. To select a Keypad type, simply click on the Browser and the selection of available Keypads will be displayed.

Pad Color

The Keypad's border color (Pad Color) can be selected here.

2.1 Parts

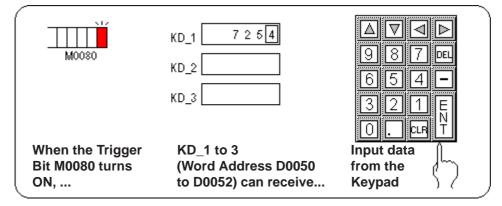
Keypad Key Functions

The various Keypad Key functions are shown in the table below.

	De	ecimal	Hexadecimal
Keypad Specs		5 6 -	A V V A B C D 7 8 9 E 4 5 6 F 1 2 3 E N T T
Common Keys	CLR CLR ENT T	Inputs the correspond Delete key Deletes the character <u>Clear key</u> Clears the entire disp 0 is stored in the PLC <u>Enter key</u> Registers the set va Address. Then, the awaits next input. <u>Cursor keys</u> Moves the cursor righ <u>Jump keys</u> Moves to the next Ke	lay. If the 💷 is pressed after clearing,
Dec. Only keys	-	Negative keyOnly available forDec(imal) and +/-format.Decimal Point keyValid when DecimalPlaces have beenentered for Decimaland BCD numbers.	

Placing a Keypad

The procedure for creating and placing a keypad is shown below.



Reference For how to create the display area for the keypad shown here, refer to **2.1.12** *Keypad Display*.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Keypad] command, or click on the 📰 icon.	
(2)Select a Keypad Data Format Type.	
<text><text><text></text></text></text>	Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting a Part Shape

2.1.11 Keypad Display

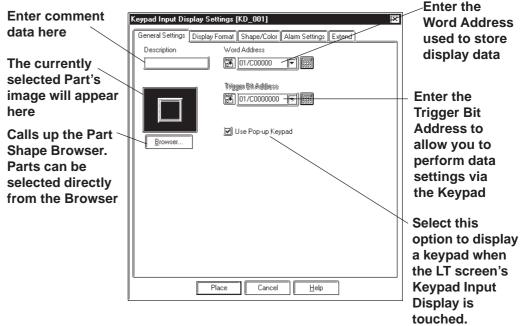
Here, the area used to display Pop-up Keypad data is created. When the Keypad Display is touched, a Pop-up Keypad appears, allowing you to enter a value.

When not using the pop-up keypad, place an additional keypad separately from the Keypad Display.



- When the Keypad display is placed, the Pop-up Keypad will automatically be set. You don't have to place a new keypad for entering numerical data.
- The Keypad Display cannot be set up simultaneously with the Logging Display.

Keypad Display [General Settings] Attributes



Word Address

The Word Address is used to store the keypad display's data.

• Trigger Bit Address (When not using the Pop-up keypad feature.)

When this bit is turned ON, the Keypad's data entry area becomes active.

♦ Use Pop-up Keypad

When this option is selected, touching the Keypad Display will automatically display the pop-up keypad on the screen. When this option is selected, the Trigger Bit Address is disabled.

When "Text" is selected on the [Display Format] tab, the "Use pop-up keypad" option is disabled.

Keypad Display [Display Format] Attributes

	Keypad Input Display Settings [KD_001]	
	General Settings Display Format Shape/Color Alarm Settings Extend	Select the data to be displayed.
Enter the No. of Display Digits	16 Bit 32 Bit ③ Decimal ۞ Decimal ③ Hex ۞ Hex ③ BCD ۞ BCD	Select the Data Length and Data
The decimal point is not included in the display	O Octal O Bin O Bin O Float	Format here.
digits. Enter the No. — of Digits after the decimal	No. of Display Digits 5 FR Decimal Places 0 FR Decimal Places 0 FR	Character size can be selected here
point	Place Cancel Help	

♦ Absolute

16-bit or 32-bit data can be processed. Configure the "Data Display Format" and "Code +/-" parameters. When "Dec" is selected, checking the "Code +/-" checkbox will enable the display of data with negative values.

Select "Oct" to process only 16-bit data, and "Float" to process only 32-bit data (IEEE754 format). Errors may occur with the "Float" mode.

When "Float" is selected, the Round Off option will round off the value according to the No. of Display Digit setting. When "Float" is not selected, the all digits to the right of the specified digit will be discarded.

Example: When Decimal Places is set to "2" Value: 1.9999.... When "Round Off " is selected: 2.00 When "Round Off" is not selected: 1.99



When using a Logic Symbol to Word Address or Trigger Bit Address, select "32 Bit" data display format.

Relative

32-bit data can be processed.

Configure the Bit Length, Data Display Format, Input Sign, and Code +/settings. When "Dec" is selected, putting a checkmark to the "Code +/-" checkbox will enable the display of data with negative values. The Input Code can be selected from the following three types:

No Sign

Processes data of positive numbers only.

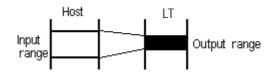
+/- 2's complement numbers

Negative values are processed with two's complement numbers.

+/- MSB sign

Negative values are processed with MSB signs.

When using Relative data, the data written to the host (PLC) is converted automatically based on the Input Range settings.



A data calculation program in the host (PLC) can be omitted.

The Input range (the range of data stored in the Word Address) varies depending on the "Input Sign" setting. The "Display range" (the range to which the data is converted and displayed) varies depending on the cardinal number of the data and "Code +/-" setting. Make sure that the Display range will not exceed the Input range; otherwise, the entered data may not be displayed due to an error processing the function.

	Data Format		Input	Ra	nge	Disp	olay	r Range
	Code Input	Code +/-						
	No Code	+/-	0	-	65535	-32768	-	32767
		+				0	-	65535
Dec	2's complement	+/-	-32768	-	32767	-32768	-	32767
		+				0	-	65535
	MSB	+/-	-32767	-	32767	-32768	-	32767
		+				0	-	65535
	No Code		0	-	65535	0	-	FFFF (h)
Нех	2's complement		-32768	-	32767	0	-	FFFF (h)
	MSB		-32767	-	32767	0	-	FFFF (h)
	No Code		0	-	65535	0	-	177777 (o)
Oct	2's complement		-32768	-	32767	0	-	177777 (o)
	MSB		-32767	-	32767	0	-	177777 (o)

<Minimum and Maximum Range Values>

The "Round Off" operation rounds off the values in decimal places that are generated in the range conversion of relative values. When this option is not selected, the fractions will be discarded.

♦Text

Text data can be processed. The data will be written to the PLC in ASCII code or Shift JIS code. Specify the maximum length of the text to be stored.

Designate the maximum number of characters for the "No. of Display Characters" setting. Up to 80 characters (single-byte) can be displayed. One word of the data storage address is able to store two single-byte characters or one double-byte character. When the No. of Display Characters exceeds "2" , a sequence of contiguous word addresses will be automatically occupied in the specified data storage address by the number of the words that store the excess characters.



- The possible number of display lines and characters is determined by the LT screen size and orientation, and the text size setting.
- If the number of characters entered is less than the number designated for No.of Display Character, spaces (20H) which will balance the number will be stored.

<When No.of Display Character is 6, and 4 characters are entered>

|--|

- If the No. of Display Character cannot be divided by 2 (When PLC's one device is 16-bit length), or if the No. of Display Character cannot be divided by 4 (when PLC's one device is 32-bit length), NULL(00H) will be stored at the end.
- <When No.of Display Character is 5, and 4 characters are entered :when PLC's one device is 16-bit length>

		'Α'	'B'	'C'	'D'	Γ.	NULL	
--	--	-----	-----	-----	-----	----	------	--

♦ No. of Display Digits

Here, the number of digits displayed, to the right of the decimal point, is input.

Decimal Places

Here, the number of digits to the right of the decimal point is input.

Data Format		Code	Data Length	Display Digits	Decimal Places
	Dec	+/-		1-5	0-4
	Нех	+	16 bit	1-4	
	BCD	+	ΤΟ DIL	1-4	0-3
Data Values	Oct	+		1-6	
Values	Dec	+/-		1-10	0-9
	Нех	+	32 bit	1-8	
	BCD	+		1-8	0-7
Char. Co	Char. Col.		No. of Char.	1-80	

Each data format available is listed in the table below.

When using 32 bit data, the relationship between the top and bottom of the Word Address will differ depending on the Device/PLC used.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual



When the No. of Display Digits is set to 5 and the Decimal Places is set to 2, a value appears on the Keypad Input Display as shown below.



Character Size

The label's character size is selected here.

Reference 2.2.9 Text

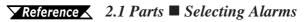
Keypad Display [Color/Shape] Attributes

The Keypad Display's border color, data display color (Text), and interior color (Plate) are selected here.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

■ Keypad Input Display [Alarm Settings] Attributes

Set up alarms if necessary.



Keypad Display [Extend] Attributes

Use this tab to designate the Input Style, Display Style, and Interlock function.

General Settings Display Format Shape/Color Alarm Settings Extend	
Auto Clear & Input Check Display Style Shift Right Zero Suppress Shift Left Zero Display 88888	—— Specify the Display Style.
Interlock Interlock Interlock Vocooo Im Im Interlock Im	Specify the ON/OFF status of the Interlock function. (This function can be set up only when the pop-up
Place Cancel Help	keypad is used.)

♦ Input Style

• Auto Clear OFF

The previous input is not cleared and displayed in the input area. The new input is appended to existing data. To clear the existing values, enter "CLR" from the Touch Keypad.

• Auto Clear ON

The previous input is cleared when the first character (except the cursor keys, ENT, DEL and BS keys) is entered.

• Auto Clear & Input Check

When barcode input is performed in this mode, the Auto Clear function is enabled and the input data are monitored so that it matches the No. Display Digit. If the data length is inappropriate, it is not written into the word address. When data is input from the Touch Keypad, only the Auto Clear function is enabled.

• Bar Code Input

Selecting this feature enables input from the Touch Keypad and barcode readers. Touch Keypad input enables the entry of numeric data. Barcode Reader input enables the entry of text strings.

Using the Bar Code reader ^{*1} connected to the LT, data can be read then written to the data storage address setup, prohibiting data input from barcode reader.

When inputting data using the barcode reader input...

• Data read using the barcode reader is written automatically to the data storage address. It is unnecessary to use the ENT key on the touch keyboard.

^{*1} Usable barcode readers are restricted to those recommended in your User's Manual.

- If you enter a change screen command during barcode input, because the screen change priority is higher, the data being input will be ignored, so please use with caution.
- Ending data write causes the System Area's Status 03 bit to reverse. Using this, you can figure out the data write timing.
- Display Style
 - Shift Left
 - Shift Right

Select the display style from the Shift Left and Shift Right. The data will appear, starting from the side designated here. The Shift Right is selected by default.

Zero Suppress

Select this option to omit the leading zeros of display data. E.g. When the Display Length is 4 and the Zero Suppress is NOT selected, 25 appears as 0025.

• Zero Display

When this option is clicked, and the host (PLC) data is 0, the value 0 will not display.

◆ Interlock (Only when the pop-up keypad is used)

Only when a bit designated via Interlock Address is in a state that has been selected via [Touch available condition], the pop-up keypad becomes effective. Whether the pop-up keypad is effective in ON state or in OFF state is selectable here.

Touch Available	Interlock Address	Touch Available/
Condition	Status	Not Available
Bit ON	ON	Touch Available
Dit ON	OFF	Touch Not Available
Bit OFF	ON	Touch Not Available
DICOTT	OFF	Touch Available

Placing a Keypad Display

The Keypad Display's placement procedures are shown below.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Keypad Input Display] command, or click on the 🕅 icon.	
 (2)Make the following settings on the [General Settings] tab. [When using the Pop-up Keypad] Place a check mark in the [Use Pop-up keypad] box. 	When [Use Pop-up keypad] is se- lected, the Trigger Bit Address is disabled.
Keypad Input Display Settings [KD_001] Image: Display Formal Shape/Color Alarm Settings Extend Description Word Address Image: Display Settings Image: Display Settings (KAgdless) Image: Display Settings Image: Display Settings (KAgdless) Image: Display Settings Image: Display Settings (KAgdless) Image: Display Settings Image: Display Settings Image: Display Set	
[When not using the Pop-up keypad] Remove the check mark from the [Use Pop-up Key- pad] box, and enter the word address and trigger bit address.	
Keypad Input Display Settings [KD_001] Image: Settings Constant Shape/Color [Alarm Settings [Extend]] Description Word Address Image: Description Enter D000050 Image: Description Image: Description Image: Description Word Address Image: Description Image: Description Image: Des	
Place Cancel Help	

2.1 Parts

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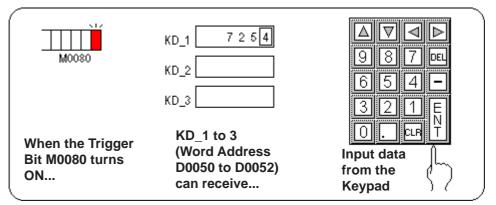
Procedure	Rемаккѕ
(3)Select a Part Shape from the Browser. If desired, select colors from the [Shape/Color] area and input the extension settings.	▲ Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Select- ing a Part Shape
Shape Browser IX Image: Shape Browser IX Image: Shape Browser OK Image: Shape Browser Image: Shape Browser	
(4)In the [Display Format] area, specify the Data Dis- play Format, No. of Display Digits, and Decimal Places (i.e. number of the digits after the decimal point) to be used. If desired, select the Character Size.	
Keypod Input Display Settings [KD_001] X General Settings Display Formal Shape/Color Alam Settings Extend	
No. of Display Digits 4 Decimal Places 0	
 (5)After all of the Keypad Display's attributes have been entered and selected, click on the Place button. The Keypad Display's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor. 	When placing the Keypad Input Display, do not rotate it. Doing so will cause the Pop-up keypad to dis- play in the incorrect orientation.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 (6) Click on the point where the Keypad Display's top left corner is to be placed. If desired, use the Keypad Display's handles to alter its size. Even though the set value display area is scaled up or down, the character size will not change. To change the character size or position, directly select the characters inside the border. 	To cancel the placement, click on the ➡ icon. ▲ Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.4.3 Scaling Up/Down Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. ▲ Reference 2.4.14 Changing Attributes
(7)Repeat from step (1) to create Keypad Displays with Word Addresses "D00051" and "D00052". Except for the addresses, all settings should be the same.	If the Ctrl key is pressed when the display area's border is scaled up or down, its interior characters are also scaled.

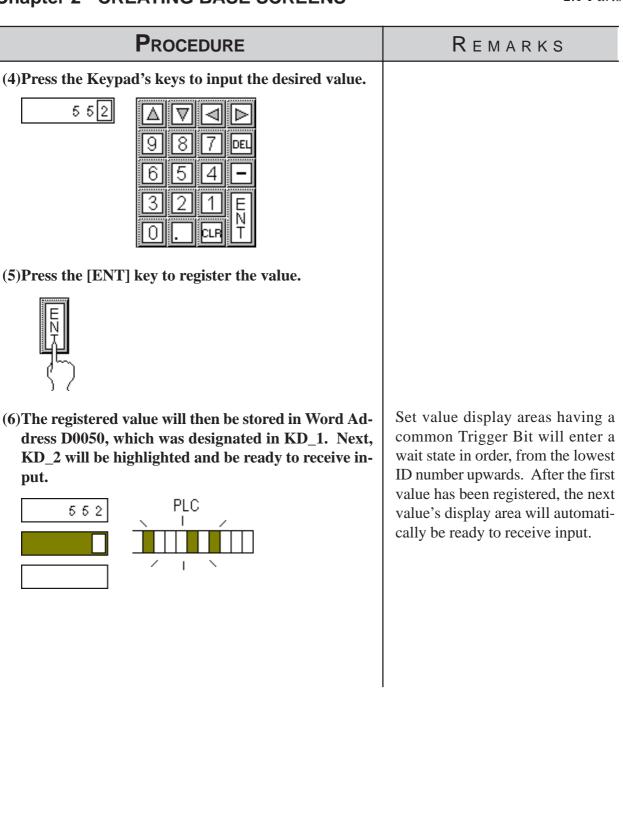
■ Using a Keypad to Input Values

♦When not using the Pop-up keypad

The procedures for entering setting values via a Keypad on the LT screen are shown below.

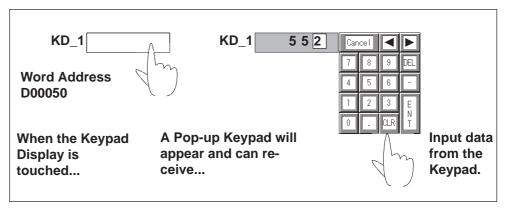


REMARKS
Reference For how to create a Keypad, refer to 2.1.13 Keypads .
▼Reference For how to create a Keypad Display, refer to 2.1.14 Keypad Display ■ Placing a Keypad Display.

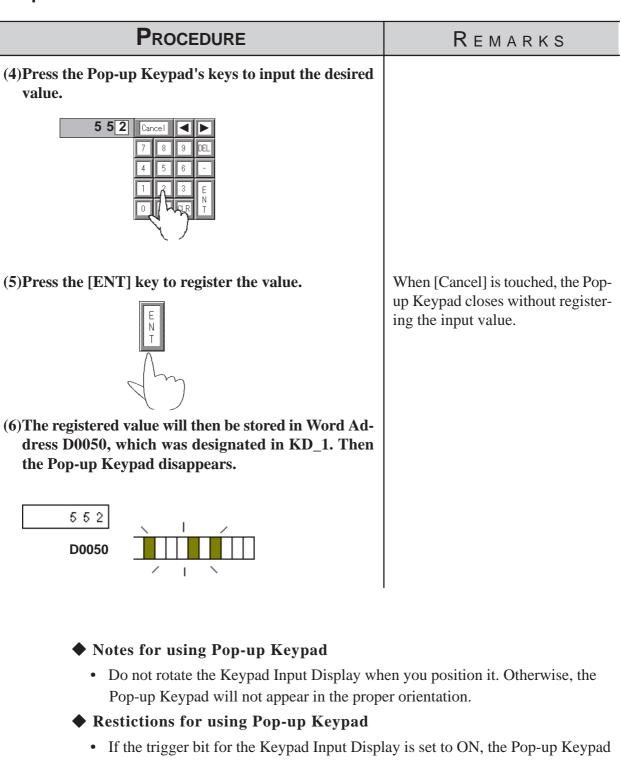


When using the Pop-up Keypad

The procedures for entering setting values via a Pop-up Keypad on the LT screen are shown below.



Procedure	Remarks
(1)Here, the Keypad Display KD_1 has been set on the LT screen. ID No. KD_1	✓ Reference ✓ For how to create a Keypad, refer to 2.1.11 Placing a Keypad Display.
(2)When the Keypad Display KD_1 is touched, KD_1	
(3)A Pop-up Keyboard appears. At the same time, the Keypad Display KD_1's display reverses (highlights) and waits for input. The square box shown below represents the cursor's position.	 When the Keypad display is placed, the Pop-up Keyboard will automatically be set. In the following two cases, the popup keypad will disappear with no confirmation of the input during data input: When the active Keypad Input Display is touched When another Keypad Input Display is touched during data input (only when the [Use Popup keypad] feature is enabled for Keypad Input Display) The Keypad Input Display) The Keypad Input Display that has been touched becomes active and is displayed in reverse video, calling up the pop-up keypad for display on the screen.



- will not appear.
- The Pop-up Keypad will appear to the right of the Keypad Input Display. If there is insufficient space to the right of the Keypad Input Display to display the Pop-up Keypad, the Keypad automatically appears in a position either above, below, or to the left of the Keypad Input Display.
- If there is insufficient space in each of these positions, the Keypad will appear in the lower right corner of the screen. In this case, the Pop-up Keypad and the Keypad Input Display may overlap so that you cannot see the input value.

- The Pop-up Keypad is displayed as a local window. When two local windows are already displayed on the screen, the Pop-up Keypad does not appear even if the Keypad Input Display is touched. In this case, the Keypad Input Display will not wait for input.
- When the pop-up keypad and other windows overlap, touch the desired window to bring it to the front.
- Do not use a Keypad Input Display that uses the Pop-up Keypad for Load Screen. Otherwise, the Pop-up Keypad may not function properly, or the Keypad Input Display will not wait for input.
- The tag size of the Keypad Input Display that uses the Pop-up Keypad is greater than those without the Pop-up Keypad by 60 bytes. (When the Pop-up Keypad is used, the Keypad Input Display capacity is 276 bytes, and 216 bytes when the Pop-up Keypad is not used.)
- When the Touch Available Condition of the Interlock function is disabled, the Pop-up Keypad is not displayed.
- When the Touch Available Condition is switched to OFF while input is being made on the Keypad Input Display, the Pop-up Keypad continues to function. Continue the input, and confirm the entry with the Enter key as usual, or press the Cancel key to cancel the input. However, note that touching the Keypad Input Display will not cancel the input.

2.1.12 Alarm Display

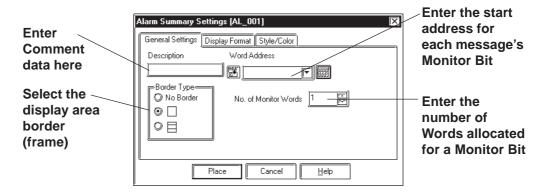
When the External Device's Monitor Bit has been turned ON, messages registered in the Alarm Summary by the Alarm Editor can be displayed in a list.

Reference 5.1 Creating and Editing Alarms

Message display order is decided according to which Monitor Bit is in the lowest position in the Alarm Summary display area. It is recommended that Monitor Bit assignment begins from the message with the highest priority. Be sure to input only one message per line. The characters of a message that exceed one line will be truncated.

The number of the characters that can be displayed in one line will vary depending on the character size and LT type. When the size is 1×1 , the maximum number of characters that can be displayed per line for each LT model is 40 single-byte characters.

Alarm Summary [General Settings] Attributes



Border Type

The display area frame types are No Border, Outside, and Outside + Inside.

Word Address

The Monitor Bit's first address for the messages specified by the Alarm Editor is input. Input this address in word units.

E.g.) How to designate a Word Address using an external device:

When Word Address is set to "test <0>" (Logic symbol)	When Word Address is set to 01/C00000
31 30 0100	
test <0> 31 to test <0> 00 ← High Low→ LSB	01/C0000031 to 01/C0000000 ← High Low→ LSB
In this case,"test <000>" is	In this case,"01/C0000000"
designated	is designated



Note:

When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as an address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, a size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated. Enter a value of "2" or more to the "No. of Monitor Words" field.

No. of Monitor Words

Here, the number of words a Monitor Bit is assigned and entered. Up to 100 words can be monitored.

Alarm Summary [Display Format] Attributes

Alarm Summary Settings [AL_001] Designates the No. X **Designates from** of Lines of a General Settings Display Format Style/Color which existing message that can 듬 Display Start Line ┨ error message be displayed on will the display No. of Display Lines 12 one screen begin No. of Display Char. 40 👇 Designates the maximum No. of Characters per line Place Cancel Help

Display Start Line

Among the messages whose Monitor Bit is turned ON, the Start Line designates from which message the display starts.

When the Alarm Summary display cannot fit in a single screen, only one Alarm Summary display can be placed on a screen. When the number of messages to be displayed does not fit on one screen, create Alarm Summary displays on multiple screens, so that the screens will switch to display all the messages. To display all error messages continuously, specify each screen's Start Line as follows:

The first screen: The starting line The second screen: The number of display lines on the first screen + 1

The nth screen: The number of display lines on the first screen x(n-1) + 1

• No. of Display Lines

Designates the maximum number of alarm message lines that can be displayed on one screen. Up to 50 lines can be displayed.

No. of Display Char.

Designates the maximum number of characters that can be displayed on a line. The screen's limit is 100 characters per line. However, the maximum number of characters for each LT unit will vary depending the model.

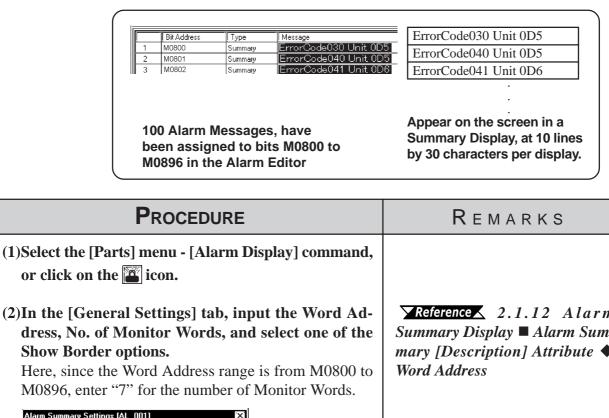
Alarm [Style/Color] Attributes

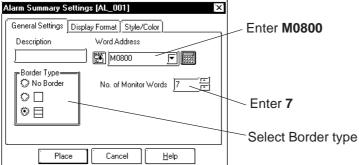
The display area color when a message is cleared (Clear Color) is selected.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

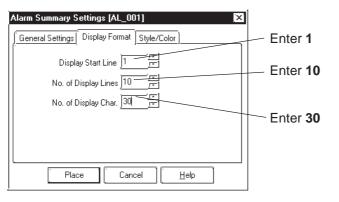
Placing an Alarm Summary Display Area

The Alarm Summary Display Area's setting procedure is shown below.





(3)In the [Display Format] tab, input the Display Start Line, No. of Display Lines, and No. of Characters. In the [Style/Color] tab, select the Clear(ing of Data) Color, if desired.



Reference 2.1.12 Alarm Summary Display Alarm Summary [Description] Attribute \blacklozenge

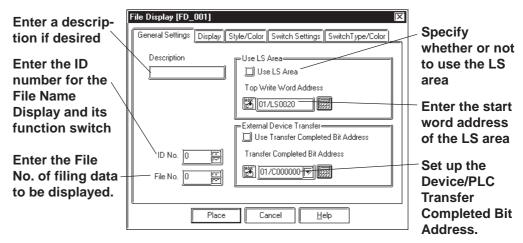
Procedure	REMARKS
(4)After all of the Part's attributes have been entered and selected, click on the Place button. The Alarm Summary display area's border will appear in the Base screen, next to your cursor.	
(5)Click on the point where the Alarm Summary dis- play area's top left corner is to be placed. If desired, use the Alarm Summary display handles to alter its size. When the Alarm Summary display is scaled up or down, the displayed character size will also change, according to the border's size.	To cancel placement, click on the reference To change the Part size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down.
123456789012345678901234567890 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's Attribute Settings dialog box.
9 jo <u>-</u> _	Be sure to use the Alarm Summary's display area only for displaying Alarm Mes- sages, i.e. never place, over- lap, or overlay another Part or object in this area.

2.1.13 File Name Display

Data registered in the Filing Data settings is displayed.

Reference 10.1.1 Filing Data (Recipe) Function

■ File Name Display [General Settings] Attributes



Description

Enter a description using a maximum of 20 single-byte characters.

ID No.

The File Name Display is linked to its function switch (File Name Key). Specify the number to identify this link is here. This number is available up to 255.

File No.

Enter the file number registered in the Filing Data list (1 to 2047). The names under this number are displayed when the file is opened.

$\mathbf{\nabla}$ Reference \mathbf{A} 10.1.1 Filing Data (Recipe) Function

Use LS Area

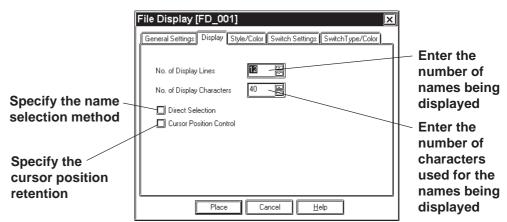
When Filing Data is transferred between backup SRAM and the Device/ PLC, it can be modified on the LT screen by routing it via the LS area (the data is stored temporarily in the LS area). If data transfer via the LS area is used, specify the LS area's start-word address where Filing Data will be stored from. The address where the data can be stored is from LS0020 to LS2031, and LS2096 to LS4095.

Device/PLC Transfer

If set, this bit will turn ON when transfer of filing data to the Device/PLC is completed. Since this Bit does not turned OFF automatically, to use the Device/PLC Transfer Completed Bit again, turn it OFF beforehand.



When the Device/PLC Transfer Completed Bit Address has been entered, in Note: the case where filing data cannot be transferred to the Device/PLC, the LT's special relay LS2032 Bit 10 will be turned ON.



■ File Name Display [Display] Attributes

No. of Display Lines

Specify the number of Filing Data rows displayed on the LT. A maximum of 50 rows may be specified.

No. of Display Characters

Specify the number of Filing Data characters used on each row. A maximum of 100 characters may be specified.

Direct Selection

Select a File Name Display being placed on the LT by directly touching its border. If [Direct Selection] is not used, select the file name using the data scroll switches [Roll Up/Roll Down].

File Name Display [Switch Settings] Attributes **Reference**

Cursor Position Control

Even when the screens are changed on the LT, the current screen's cursor position can be retained. When turning the LT's main power switch ON or resetting the LT, however, the cursor will appear in the first line.



The cursor position will be stored for each ID No. To retain the cursor position, be sure that the File Name Display ID Nos. will not be overlapped through all the screens.

■ File Name Display [Style/Color] Attributes

Specify a color [display color (Fg)] for characters in the Filing Data display area, and a color [display color (Bg)] of the Filing Data display area.

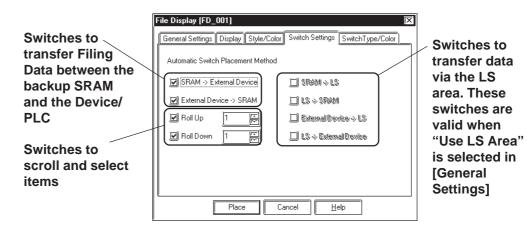
Reference

2.1 Selecting Colors

■ File Name Display [Switch Settings] Attributes

Set the function switches that are placed automatically.

Reference 2.1.3 Function Switches



SRAM -> External Device

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the backup SRAM to the Device/PLC.

External Device -> SRAM

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the external device to the backup SRAM.

Roll Up

Places the Roll Up key used to scroll through a list of items. Touching the Roll Up key once will roll up by the number specified here.

Roll Down

Places the Roll Down key used to scroll through a list of items. Touching the Roll Down key once will roll down by the number specified here.

$SRAM \rightarrow LS$

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the backup SRAM to the LS area.

$\bullet \quad LS \rightarrow SRAM$

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the LS area to the backup SRAM.

External Device -> LS

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the external device to the LS area.

• LS -> External Device

Places the switch used to transfer Filing Data from the LS area to the external device.

■ File Name Display [Switch Type/Color] Attributes

Specify colors (border colors) for the function switches which are placed automatically.

Reference 2.1.3 Function Switches

Place File Name Display

Shows how to call up the File Name Display.

~20°C	;
21~35	5°C
36°C∼	/
SRAM	$DEV \rightarrow$
→DEV	SRAM

Registered File No. 1's filing data is displayed on the File Name Display with 3 display lines and 10 display characters. By pressing a function key (File Name Key), filing data can be transferred from the SRAM to the external device, or from the external device to the SRAM.

Reference For filing data list and registering filing data, refer to *10.1.1 Filing Data* (*Recipe*) *Function*.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [File Name Display] com- mand, or click on the 👜 icon.	
<text><text><image/></text></text>	■ File Name Display [General Settings] Attributes To transfer Filing Data via the LS area, mark the check box for [Use LS Area] in the [Use LS Area].

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PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 (3) In the [Display] tab, specify the No. of Display Lines, No. of Display Characters, Direct Selection, and Cursor Position Control. If necessary, specify the display color in the [Style/Color] tab. File Display [FD_001] General Setting: Display Style/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color No. of Display Lines Display Lines Display	
(4)In the [Switch Settings] tab, select the function switches which are being placed automatically, and	
specify the number of lines being rolled up or down.	
General Settings Display Style/Color Switch Settings Switch Type/Color Automatic Switch Placement Method Image: Switch Placement Method Select Select Image: SRAM > External Device Image: Smitch > LS Smitch > LS Smitch > LS Image: Roll Up Image: Smitch > LS Smitch > LS Switch > LS Image: Roll Down Image: Smitch > LS Smitch > LS Image: Roll Down Image: Smitch > LS Switch > LS	
Place Cancel Help	
(5)Specify the border colors for the function switches in the [Switch Type/Color] tab.	
(6)After setting all the attributes, click on Place. The frame of the File Name Display size will be displayed in the drawing area.	

Procedure	Remarks
(7)Click the mouse button where you want to place each attribute.	To cancel the placement, click on the 🔊 icon.
 (8) Select the placed File Name Display. Then, select the [Edit] menu - [Ungroup] command, or click on the icon to ungroup the File Name Display and alter each item's position and size. 1234567890 2 3 	The File Name Displays are grouped. To change any attribute, first ungroup the File Name Dis- plays, and then change the attribute. Reference 2.3.13 Group/ Ungroup Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes If "Use LS Area" is selected, the address for the LS area can be changed after ungrouping the File Name Displays.

2.1.14 Data Logging Display

Data created in the data logging settings can be displayed and edited on the LT unit.

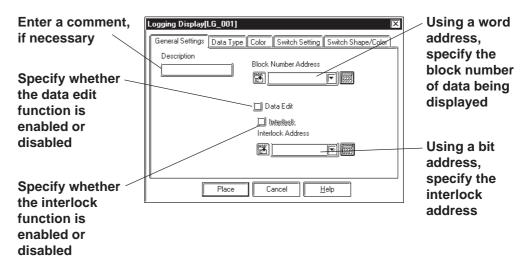


After the data logging settings, place the Data Logging Display. **Reference** For registering logged data, refer to 10.2 Logging Function.



- Only one Data Logging Display can be placed on each screen.
- $\cdot\,$ The Data Logging Display cannot be set simultaneously with Keypad Input Display.
- Data that could not be logged due to a read error is identified with "***" in a cell.
- $\cdot\,$ Data that is not logged is not displayed.

Data Logging Display [General Settings] Attributes



Block Number Address

On a block basis, specify the data being displayed. The logged data for the block number stored at the word address specified here will be displayed.

The block numbers that can be entered are between 0 and 2047, but the maximum of the effective range is [Number of Blocks] specified in [Trigger Settings] in the data logging settings. If [Number of Blocks] specified in [Trigger Settings] is 4, the block numbers are 0 to 3 (BIN values only).



Note: • If any block number that does not exist is specified, no data will be displayed.

• When the loop function has been designated via [Trigger Settings] of the data logging settings, the Block Number Address will become ineffective.

Data Edit

The logged data can be modified by directly touching the frame of each item in the Data Logging Display placed on the LT. If Data Edit is enabled, touching the cell of data that can be modified in the table will cause the buzzer to sound and allow you to enter data. If Data Edit is disabled, this touching will be invalid and the buzzer will not sound.

Note: • The data that can be modified is only [Date] and [Value] that have been logged.

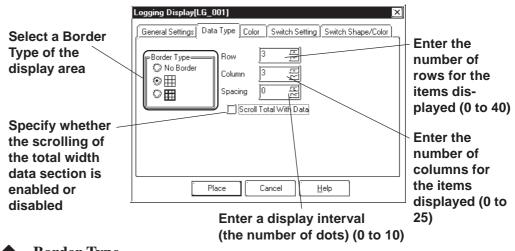
- If a block or logged data is selected by changing the block number during on-screen modification of data, the data edit mode is canceled.
- If the cell is moved beyond the display area, using the scroll keys during the data edit mode, the data edit mode is canceled.

Interlock

The interlock can only be activated when the data edit capability is enabled. If the interlock is enabled, data can be modified only when the bit address for the interlock is ON. If the interlock is disabled, data can always be modified by touching it.

Note: If the bit address for the interlock is turned OFF during on-screen modification of data, the data edit mode is canceled.

Data Logging Display [Data Type] Attributes



Border Type

Select a border type of the display area from among three types, No Border, outer border \blacksquare (1-dot lines), and outer border plus inner border \blacksquare (the outer border and item use 2-dot lines, while the inner border uses 1-dot lines).

Row

Specify the number of rows used to display logged data on the LT. A maximum of 40 rows may be specified.

• Column

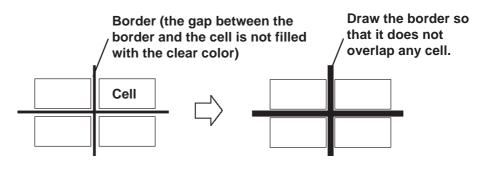
Specify the number of columns used to display logged data on the LT. A maximum of 25 columns may be specified.

Spacing

Specify spacing at which to display logged data on the LT. A maximum of 10 dots may be specified. This entry is only valid when the display area border type is specified as No. Border. Draw the border line using the drawing tool.

Note: The gap equivalent to the specified display spacing is provided between the cell and the border line. The entire cell is filled with the clear color specified in the Data Logging Display [Color] Attributes. However, the gap is not displayed in the clear color, but its background is displayed. If No Border is selected to draw an arbitrary border, ensure that the border is drawn using the same width as the specified display interval without overlapping the cell.

<Display Spacing>



Scroll Total With Data

If the scroll data area is enabled, the totaling section is scrolled together with the data section. If the totaling section scroll is disabled, the totaling section always appears on the screen.

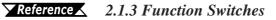
Data Logging Display [Color] Attributes

Select a color (clear color) displayed when the border of each item is cleared.

Reference 2.1 Selecting Colors

■ Data Logging Display [Switch Settings] Attributes

The number of rows and that of columns specified in [Data type] are displayed on the Data Logging Display. If any data exceeding these numbers exists in the LT, use the function switches to scroll the data.



Select the func- tion switch type to be placed	Logging display[LG_001]	 Enter the number of rows/columns scrolled
	Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

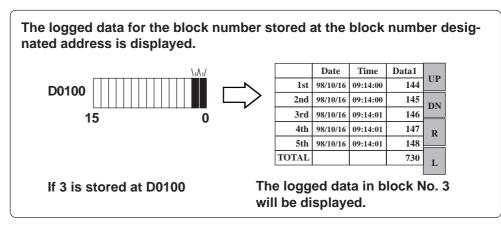
Data Logging Display [Switch Shape/Color] Attributes

Specify a color (border color) of each function switch.

Reference 2.1 Selecting Colors

Placing the Data Logging Display

The procedure for setting the Data Logging Display is described below:



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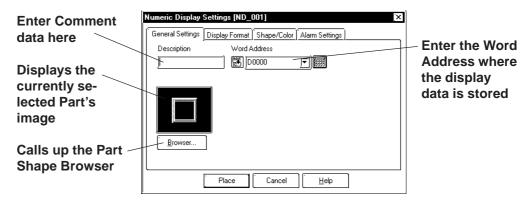
PROCEDURE	Remarks
1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Data Logging Display] com- mand, or click on the 📰 icon.	
2)In the [General Settings] tab, specify the block num- ber designated address, data edit, and whether the interlock is enabled or disabled. Specify D0100 for the block number designated address.	✓Reference 2.1.13 ■ Dat Logging Display [General Set tings] Attributes ◆Block Numbe Address
Logging Display[LG_001] X General Settings Data Type Color Description Block Number Address Image: Data Edit Interlock Address Image: Data Edit Interlock Address Image: Data Edit Interlock Address	
Place Cancel Help B) In the [Data Type] tab, specify the display settings. If necessary, select a clear color in the [Color] tab.	
Logging Display[LG_001] ▼ General Settings Data Type Color Switch Stating [Switch Shape/Color] Border Type Row 7 Enter 7 No Border Column 4 Spacing Enter 4 Spacing 0 Image: Scroll Total With Data Enter 4	
Place Cancel Help	

Procedure	Remarks
 (4) In the [Switch Settings] tab, select the function switch type that is to be placed automatically, and specify the number of rows, columns scrolled. If necessary, select a color for the special switch in the [Switch Shape/Color] tab. Switch Shape/Color tab. Switc	To cancel the placement, click or the ➡ icon. The Data Logging Displays are grouped. To change any attribute. ungroup the Data Logging Displays by clicking on the ➡ icon before- hand. ▼Reference ▲ 2.3.13 Group/ Ungroup If you double-click on the function switch placed on the screen, the ad- dress confirmation screen for parts will appear, enabling you to change the address. ▼Reference ▲ 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.1.15 Numeric Displays

This Part displays host Word Address numeric data as an absolute value.

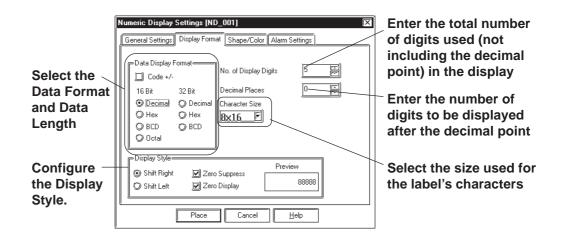
■ Numeric Display [General Settings] Attributes



Word Address

Here, input the Word Address where the display data is to be stored.

■ Numeric Display [Display Format] Attributes



♦ Data Display Format

Here, the Data Display Format, Code, and data length are selected. Choose a data format of either Decimal (base 10), BCD, Hexadecimal (base 16), or Octal (base 8). With the Code +/- check box 📝 checked, when you select "Decimal", negative numeric data can also be displayed.



When using a Logic Symbol to Word Address or Trigger Bit Address, select "32 Bit" data display format.

♦ No. of Display Digits

Here, enter the total number of digits used (not including the decimal point) in the display.

Note

Note: When the No. of Display Digits is set to 5 and the Decimal Places is set to 2, a value appears on the Numeric Display as shown below.



Decimal Places

Here, enter the number of digits to be displayed after the decimal point

The types of numeric data that can be used with each data format are listed below.

Data Format	Code	Data Length	No. of Display Digits	Decimal Places	A	larm Range
		16 bit	1-5	0-4	+ only	0 tob 65535
		10 Dit	1-3	0-4	+/-	-32768 to 32767
Decimal	+/-				+ only	0 to 4294967295
		32 bit	1-10	0-9	+/-	-2147483648 to
						2147483647
BCD		16 bit	1-4	0-3		0 to 9999
BCD	+	32 bit	1-8	0-7	0	to 99999999
Нех		16 bit	1-4			0 to FFFF
TIEX	+ -	32 bit	1-8		0 t	o FFFFFFFF
Octal	+	16 bit only	1-6		() to 177777

The relationship between upper and lower position Word Addresses when 32 bit data is used will differ depending on each Device/PLC.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual

♦ Character Size

The label's Character Size is selected here. **Reference** 2.2.9 Text

♦ Display Style

- Shift Left
- Shift Right

Select the display style from the Shift Left and Shift Right. The data will appear, starting from the side designated here. The Shift Left is selected by default.

Zero Suppress

Select this option to omit the leading zeros of display data. E.g. When the Display Length is 4 and the Zero Suppress is NOT selected, 25 appears as 0025.

Zero Display

When this option is clicked, and the host (PLC) data is 0, the value 0 will not display.

■ Numeric Display [Shape/Color] Attributes

Here, the Numeric Display area's border color, value display color (Number color), and interior color (Plate color) are selected.

```
▼Reference 2.1 ■ Selecting Colors
```

■ Numeric Display [Alarm Settings] Attributes

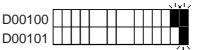
If desired, specify a variety of Alarm settings.

▼*Reference* 2.1 ■ *Setting Alarms*

Placing a Numeric Display

The procedure for placing a Numeric Display is shown below.

Data stored in the specified Word Address is displayed in the designated Numeric Display.



When 32 bit data 65539 is stored in addresses D00100 and D00101,...



The maximum number of digits is 10, with 2 decimal places.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Numeric Display] com- mand, or click on the 🛅 icon.	
(2)In the [General Settings] tab, input the Word Ad- dress used to store the display data.	
Numeric Display Settings [ND_001] Image: Color Settings Display Format Shape/Color Alarm Settings Description Word Address Description Word Address Image: Color Colo	

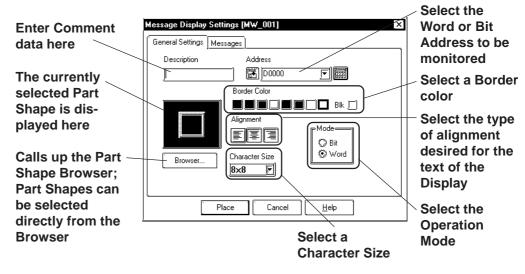
Procedure	REMARKS
(3)Select a Part Shape from the Browser. If desired, set an Alarm and Colors from the [Alarm Settings] and [Shape/Color] area. Shape Browser Image: Color Image:	REMARKS Xeference 2.1 Part Select- ing a Part Shape
(4) In the [Display Format] area, specify the Data Display Format, and input the No. of Display Digits and the Decimal Places. Specify the Character Size, if desired.	
(5)After all of the Part's attributes have been entered and selected, click on the Place button. The Numeric Display's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor.	

PROCEDURE	Remarks
 (6)Click on the point where the Numeric Display's top left corner is to be placed. If necessary, use the Numeric Display's handles to alter its size after placement. Regardless of whether the numeric data display area is scaled up or down, the character size will not change. To change the character size and position, select the characters inside the border directly. 	To cancel the placement, click on the right icon. Reference To change a Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down.
acters inside the bolder unecury.	 Pressing the Ctrl key while re-sizing an area's border will also re-size that area's characters. Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.1.16 Message Display

This display is used to show single-line alarm messages in response to changes in External Device's Word Address data. Select the message from Direct Text or Index Text.

Message Display [General Settings] Attributes

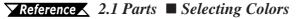


♦ Address

Enter an Address to be monitored. Select either Bit Address or Word Address according to (operation) Mode.

Border Color

The Message Display's Border color can be selected.



Alignment

Here, the text's alignment can be selected.



Mode

There are two methods to change messages displayed on the Message Display, i.e. via Bit's turning ON/OFF and Word state changes. Here, select either mode.

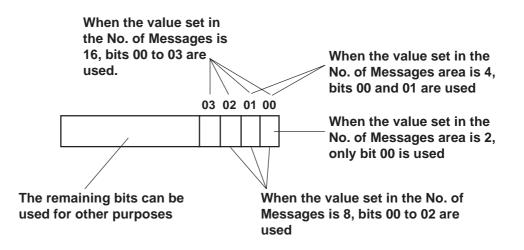
Mode: When selecting Bit

Messages will change according to the specified Bit Address changes.

Mode: When selecting Word

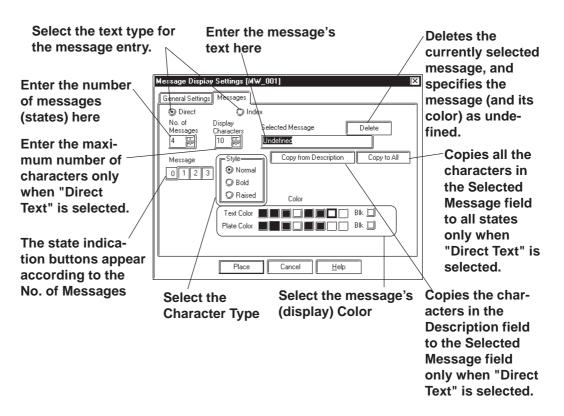
Messages will change according to the state changes of the designated bits, consecutively from the specified Address's 00 bit. According to the number of the messages (either 2, 4, 8, or 16), a bit is automatically assigned from the specified Address's 00 bit.

Numbers of	Number of
Messages	Bits Used
2	1
4	2
8	3
16	4



Message Display [Messages] Attributes

(Operation Mode example: When using Word Address)



Direct

The text entered in the Selected Message field is placed directly as fixed character strings.

The message is displayed in a single line. Up to 16 types of messages can be displayed in each Message Display.

♦ Index

Select or add the Index Text. Two or more lines of messages can be displayed.

Reference \checkmark 4.5.3 **Selecting the index character string Entering** the index character string

No. of Messages

The number of the messages (number of states) can be selected from 2, 4, 8, and 16.

Display Characters

The maximum number of characters that can be displayed in a message can be set only when the text type is set to "Direct". Up to 40 characters can be input. If the number of a message characters exceeds the specified value, characters that do not fit in the area will be truncated.

Message

According to the No. of Messages, designate a message for each state.

Operation Mode: Bit Off On

Designate a message for each state (ON and OFF).

Operation Mode: Word 0 1 2 3

As many buttons as the number of the specified messages will be displayed. Designate a message for each state.

Selected Message

Message can be input only when the text type is se to "Direct". After entering a message, the message will be displayed in the selected color(s). The default value setting is "Undefined".

Reference To select the "Index" option, refer to 4.6.3 Selecting the index character string **Entering the index character string**.

Color

Here, each message's display colors can be selected. **Reference** 2.1 Parts

Placing a Message Display

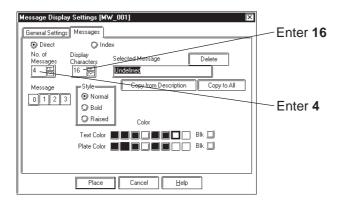
The Message Display setting procedure is shown below. (When using a Word Address in "Direct Text" mode)

Message No. 0: None Message No. 1: Signal A Operat Message No. 2: Signal B Operat Message No. 3: Signal A & B Op A message from those listed above, allocated to the specified Word Address	tion beration displays in response
PROCEDURE	Remarks
 (1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Message Display] command, or click on the is icon. (2)In the [General Settings] tab, input a Word Address. Select the message's Border Color, Text Alignment and Character Size, if desired. Message Display Settings [MM_001] Enter M0064 Browser. Border Color Browser. Browser Stream the Deservoire 	If the message is displayed on more than one line with the Index char- acter strings, the characters are al- ways aligned to the center.
(3)Select a Part Shape from the Browser Shape Browser I I	✓Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Select- ing a Part Shape

2.1 Parts

PROCEDURE

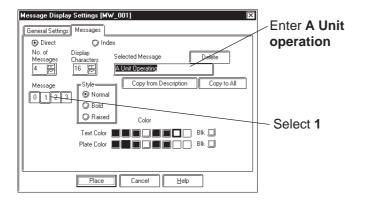
(4)Enter the number of Messages and number of Display Characters with the "Direct Text" option selected in the [Message] area.



(5)Enter your Alarm Messages.

Select the message number to be registered and enter the message. When displaying a border with no message, be sure to delete the words "Undefined". Select Colors and Character Size, if necessary.

(Example) When registering the message "A Unit Operating" as message Number 1:



(6)After all of the Part's attributes have been entered and selected, click on the Place button.

The Message Display's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor.

REMARKS

▶ Reference ▲ If selecting the "Index Text" option, refer to 4.6.3
■ Selecting the index character string ◆ Entering the index character acter string.



Any characters entered that are over the limit specified in step (4) will be cut from the LT's display.

If the text "Undefined" is not deleted, it will be registered and then displayed as a message.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
 (7) Click on the point where the Message Display's top left corner is to be placed on the Base Screen. If necessary, use the Message Display's handles to alter its size after placement. The message, corresponding to the message number designated in the Dialog box, is displayed on the Message Display. Regardless of whether the Message Display is scaled up or down, the character size will not change. To change the character size and position, directly select a character inside the text box. 	To cancel the placement, click on the icon. Reference To change the Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down. When the Message Display is scaled up(larger), the message char- acters may not be displayed in the correct position. In that case, use the pull down menu [Edit] menu's [Align] command to adjust the position. Reference 2.3.10 Align
	Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's Attribute Settings dialog box. Also, clicking on the message numbers allows you to view the message's display status. <u>Reference</u> 2.3.15 Changing Attributes



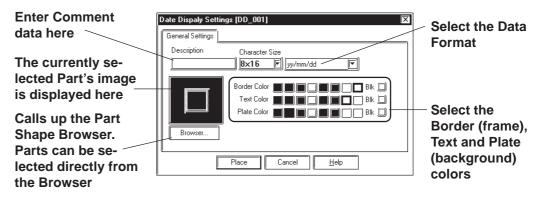
Note: • Changing the state via the Parts State Change Tool Bar after placing a Part allows you to check each state's Library display condition.

- Every time a part's screen is opened, the Part's state will be reset to 0.
- If a state which has not been defined is designated, the Message Display may show nothing. For example, when the number of messages is 16 and only states 0 to 3 actually have a message registered, designating states 4 to 15 displays only message frames.

2.1.17 Date Displays

Date display data is created using the LT's internal calendar and formatted as: February 11th, 2001, or 01/02/11; however, the date format can be changed.

■ Date Display [General Settings] Attributes



♦ Data Format

The following display formats are available:

```
yy/mm/dd
dd/mm/yy
mm/dd/yy
20yy/mm/dd<sup>*1</sup>
dd/mm/20yy<sup>*1</sup>
mm/dd/20yy<sup>*1</sup>
(yy: year, mm: month, dd: day)
```

Color

The Date Display's border color, character display color (Text), and interior color (Plate) can be selected here.

▼Reference ▲ 2.1 Parts ■ Selecting Colors

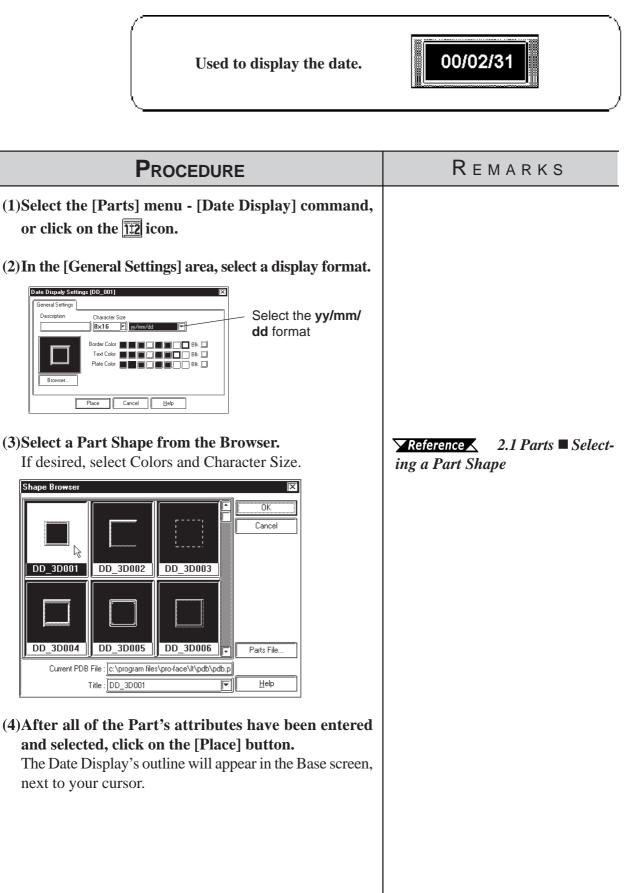
Character Size

The label's Character Size is selected here. **Reference** 2.2.9 Text

^{*1} The characters used for the display of 2000's first two characters ("20") are single-byte characters.

Placing a Date Display

The Date Display placement procedure is shown below.



PROCEDURE	Remarks
(5)Click on the point where the Date Display's top left corner is to be placed. If desired, use the Date Display's handles to alter its size. Regardless of whether the Date Display is scaled up or down, the character size will not change. To change the character size and position, directly select the characters inside the border. Image: The provided of the provid	To cancel the placement, click on the icon. Reference To change a Part's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/ Down. Double-clicking on any Part placed on the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes When scaling up or down the dis- play area, if the Ctrl key is pressed at the same time, the characters will scale in unison with the border.

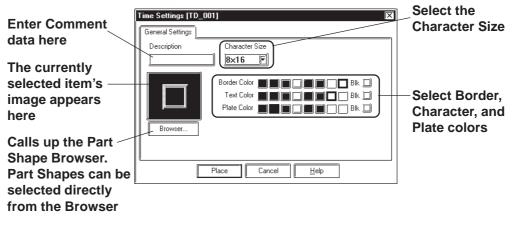
2.1.18 Time Displays

Time Display areas can be created, based on the LT's internal calendar function. Time will be expressed in 24 hour format.

(E.g.) 2:25 pm > 14:25

Only one Time Display Part can be used per screen.

■ Time Display [General Settings] Attributes



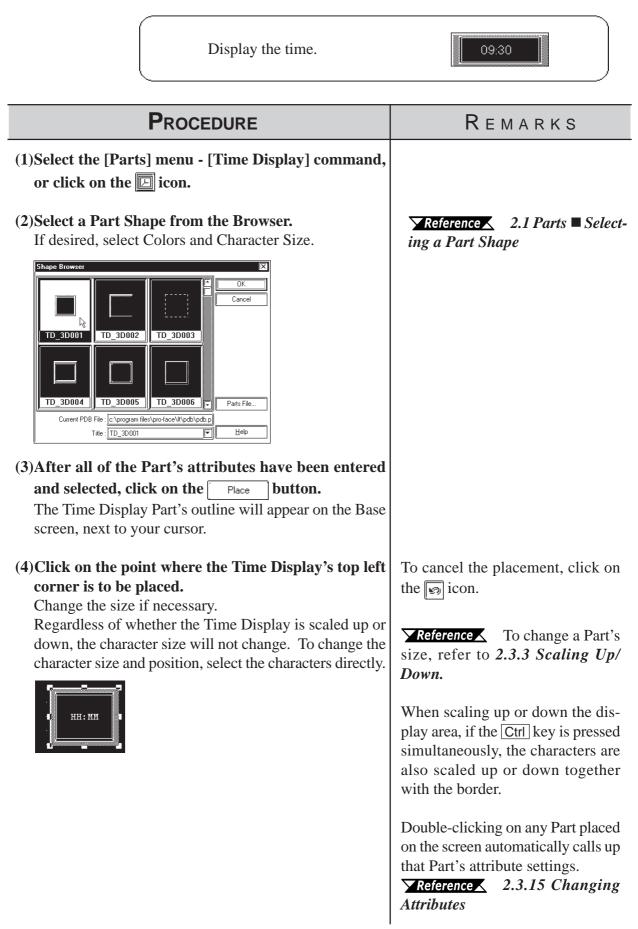
♦ Color

Here, the Time Display's Border color, character display color (Text), and background color (Plate) can each be selected.

▼*Reference* 2.1 *Parts* ■ *Selecting Colors*

Placing a Time Display

The Time Display is placed using the following procedure.



2.1.19 Picture Displays

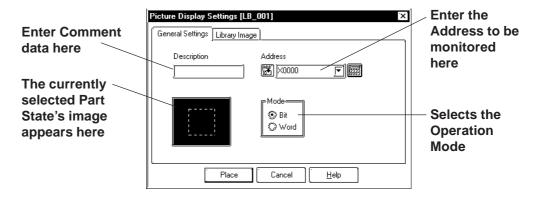
Registered Library items are displayed according to Device/PLC Word Address changes. Parts and Tags, however, cannot be displayed in these displays. Up to 16 different kinds of Library items can be displayed on a single Picture Display.

Reference 2.4 Libraries



With the LT Type C, the Picture Displays will not be displayed on the LT when transferred, if the LT has not been communicating with the external device.

Picture Display [Description] Attributes



Address

Here, either a Bit or Word Address is entered, after first selecting a Type (either Bit or Word).

♦ Mode

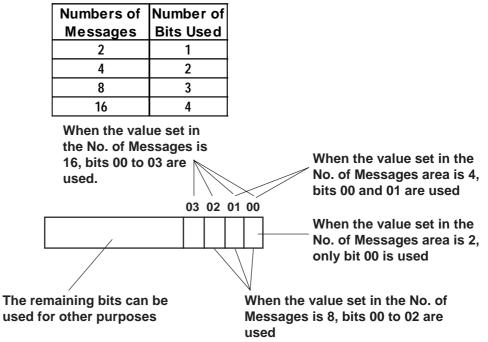
There are two methods used to switch the Library images displayed on the Picture Display; one is Bit access and the other is Word access. Select either of these.

Mode: When selecting Bit

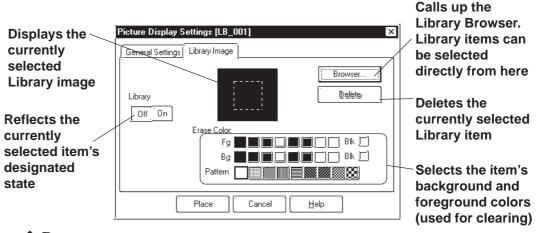
Messages will change according to the specified Bit Address changes.

Mode: When selecting Word

Library will change according to the state changes of the designated bits, consecutively from the specified Address's 00 bit. According to the number of the messages (either 2, 4, 8, or 16), a bit is automatically assigned from the specified Address's 00 bit.



■ Picture Display [Library Image] Attributes



Browser

When clicking on the Browser... button, the Library Browser (Library list) will appear. Select a desired Library from this list and drag it to the inside of the Library image display border on the Dialog box.

Reference 2.4 Libraries

◆ Delete

The selected Library item is deleted and the display will disappear.

♦ No. of Lib.

Displays only when Type's Word is selected. The number of Library images (number of states) to be displayed on the Picture Display can then be input. Select any of 2, 4, 8, or 16.

Library

Here, the Library item used for each state is specified. Settings will differ depending on the Type selection.

Mode: When selecting Bit

Specify a Library item's ON and OFF states, respectively.

Mode: When selecting Word

The number of buttons will match the designated number of Library items. Specify a Library item for each state.



Note: Changing the state via the Parts State Change Tool Bar after placing a Part 🔁 allows you to check each state's Library display condition.

◆ Color

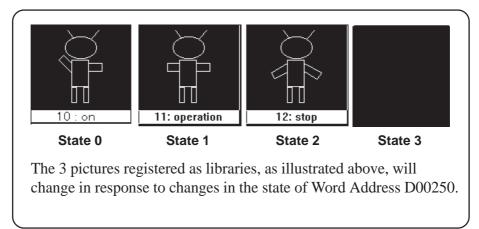
The background square colors (Clear Fg, Clear Bg)) and pattern (Pattern) are selected. The default settings are black. The square colors can be selected so as to match the Picture Display placement area background's color.

<Back Ground Square>

The Library item to be displayed while the LT is running needs the filled square for the background to be the rearmost, so that the items(images) do not overlay each other when they are switched. When designating a Library item, the LT Editor program will draw this colored square automatically. Right after the Library item(s) is/are placed, the background square will match the size of the largest Library item designated. After the items are placed, it can be scaled larger or smaller, independently from the Library items. For a state with no designated Library item, only a background square will be displayed and it will become the Library's deletion screen, i.e. it will be overlaid on top of an existing item to "delete" that item.

Placing a Picture Display

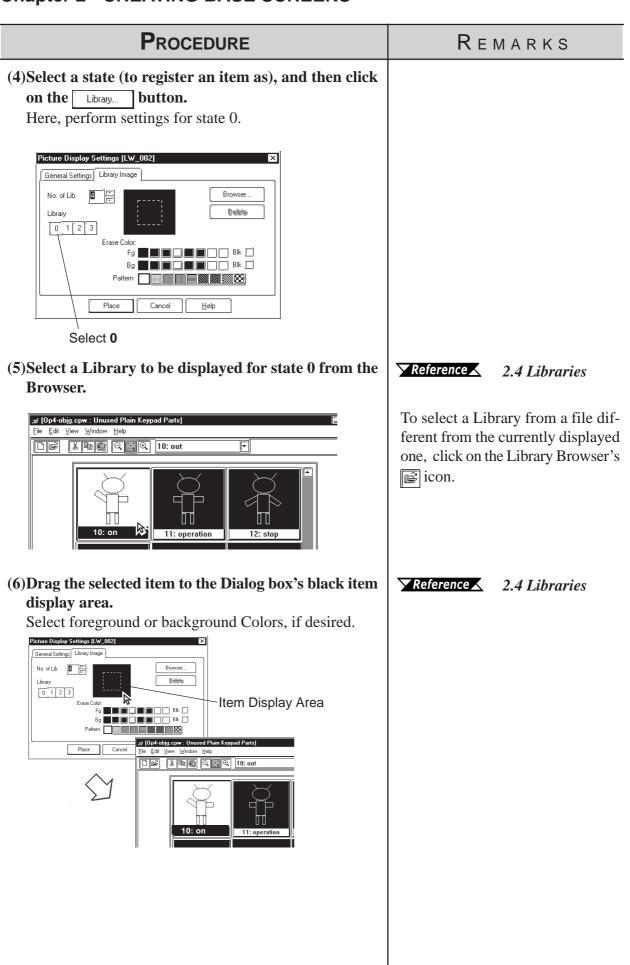
The Picture Display's creation procedure is shown below.



PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select the [Parts] menu - [Picture Display] command, or click on the 💽 icon.	
(2)In the [General Settings] area, enter an Address and select a Mode.	
Picture Display Settings [LB_001] Image General Settings Library Image Description Address Image Image Description Address Image Image	
Select Word	
3)In the [Library Image] area, input the No. of library items (No. of Lib.) used.	
Picture Display Settings [LW_002] General Settings Library Image No. of Lib. Browser Library Delete	
0 1 2 3 Erase Colo: Fg Bg Bk 1 Bg Bg Bk 1 Pattern	
Place Cancel Help	

2.1 Parts

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS



PROCEDURE REMARKS re Display Settings ILW General Settings Libra No. of Lib. Library 0 1 2 3 BIK 厂 **TERCER**I BK Z Pattern Place Cancel Help To delete a Library item, click on (7)For States 1 and 2, repeat steps (4) to (6). Since State 🛐 is used to delete Library item from the screen, the Delete button. nothing is specified for it. (8)After all of the item's attributes have been entered Place and selected, click on the button. The Picture Display's outline will appear on the Base screen, next to your cursor. (9)Click on the point where the Picture Display's top To cancel the placement, click on left corner is to be placed. the 🔊 icon. Here, the Picture Display's border (dotted line or filled square) and the Library item will appear. At this time, the Library item corresponding to the state currently se-Double-clicking on any Part placed lected in the Dialog box is displayed on the Picture Dison the screen automatically calls up that Part's attribute settings. Also, play. Regardless of whether the Picture Display's border is switching the states allows you to scaled up or down, the Library item's size will not view the Library display status. change. The border size is common through all the Li-**Reference** 2.3.15 Changing braries. The Library item's size and position can be al-**Attributes** tered by clicking directly on its inside border. Changing the state via the Parts State Change Tool Bar after placing a Part allows you to check each state's Library display condition.



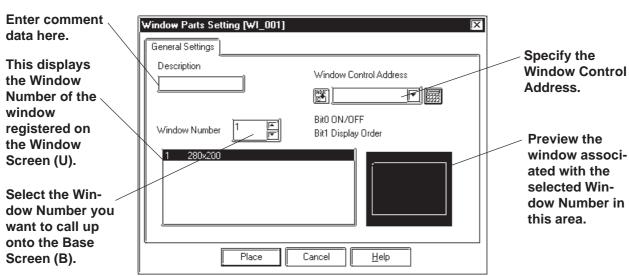
Note: \cdot Every time the screen is opened, the state will be reset to 0.

• If a state with no Library registered is designated, nothing will be displayed on the Picture Display. For example, when the number of messages is 16 and only states 0 to 3 actually have a message registered, designating states 4 to 15 displays only background square frames.

2.1.20 Window Parts

Calls up the window onto the Base Screen (B). Register the windows to the Window Registration via the Window Screen (U). This operation is easier than using the U-tag.

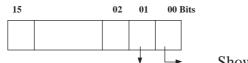
Reference For the details of Window registration, refer to 3.3 Window Display-Window Screen.



Window Parts Attributes

Window Control Address

Enter the address to control the Hide/Show status of the windows.



Show[0]: Hide the window

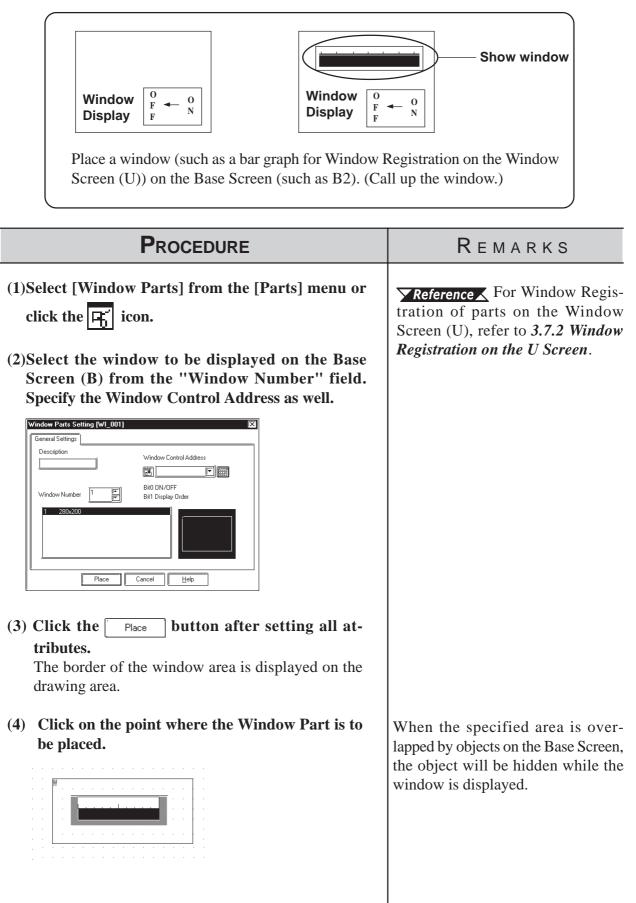
Changing the order of window layer [1]: Show the window

- [0]: Touching the window will change the order of the layer.
- [1]: Touching the window will NOT change the order of the layer.

Reference 3.7.1 Overview of Window Display, 3.7.2 Window Registration on the U Screen

Placing Window Parts

Procedure for placing Window Parts will be shown below.



2.2 Drawing

Straight lines, rectangles, and oval objects can be drawn, using drawing tools.

An object's attributes such as line types and colors are designated in its dialog box. After designating the object's attributes, move the cursor and start to draw the object directly in the drawing area.



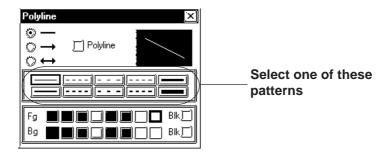
Drawing Tools

Icons contained in the Draw Tool Bar and their corresponding drawing objects are as follows:

lcon	Object Types	lcon	Object Types
·	Dot	Z	Filled Polygon
1	Line/Poly-line		Scale
	Square/Rectangle	×.	Text
O	Circle/Oval		Load Screen
Ŀ	Arc/Pie	X.	Load Mark
A	Fill		

Selecting Line Types

10 selections are available for straight and poly-lines, and for graph divisions. 6 selections are available for rectangles, circles, arcs and pie sections.



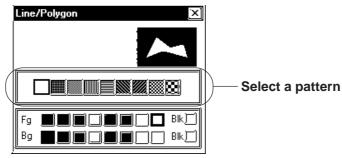
Selecting Colors

For color and blink attribute settings, use the procedure same as for Parts.

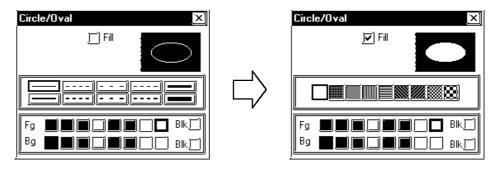
Reference 2.1 Parts **Part** Attributes - Selecting Colors

Tiling Patterns

Nine different tiling patterns are available. These patterns can be selected for squares, circles, filled squares and polygonal objects. When combining foreground (Fg) and background (Bg) colors, a variety of filled patterns can be drawn.



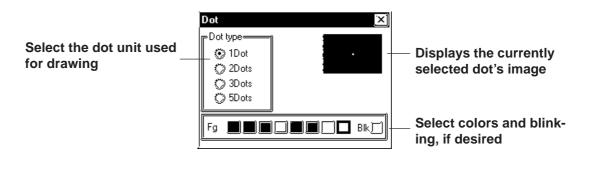
When a square or circle is drawn, only the line type will be displayed initially. To display the pattern selections, check the Fill check box. (check mark will appear)



2.2.1 Dot

Dots can be drawn in 1, 2, 3, and 5 dot units. To draw a dot, simply click on the desired point.

Dot Attributes



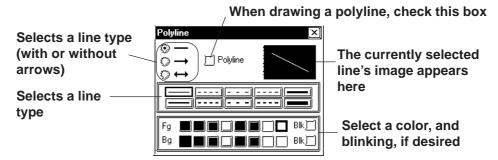
Creating a Dot

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Dot] command, or click on the 💽 icon.	
(2)Set the attributes of a dot to be drawn. Select a dot type and colors, if desired.	
Dot type Ot type 1Dot 2Dots 3Dots 5Dots Fg Blk	
(3)Move the cursor to the drawing area. A dot will be drawn at the point clicked on.	When using the keyboard to draw a dot, move the cursor to the de- sired point and press the key.
7	To cancel/delete the dot, click on the icon.
	Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's Attribute Set- tings dialog box.
	Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.2.2 Line/Poly-line

In order to draw a line, simply click to designate the line's start and end points. A continuous straight line can also be drawn; holding down the Ctrl key allows you to draw lines at precisely 0°, 45°, or 90° angles.

Line/Polyline Attributes



2.2 Drawing

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

■ Drawing a (Straight) Line

Procedure	REMARKS
 (1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Line/Poly-line] command, or click on the icon. (2)Set the attributes of a straight line to be drawn. If necessary, select the color and line type. Polyline Polyline Polyline Fg Polyline Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk, Bk	If an arrow (→) is selected, the line's end point will become an arrow.
(3)Move the cursor to the drawing area, click on the line's starting point and drag the mouse to the end point.	In step (4), while holding the Ctrl key down, a straight line at an angle of either 0, 45, or 90 degrees can also be drawn. When using the keyboard to draw
7	a straight line, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the start and end points and press the key, to start and finish the line.
(4)Click again; a straight line is drawn (registered).	To cancel the placement, click on the $[m]$ icon.
	Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings.
	Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes
Drawing Polylines	

When the Polyline check box is checked, Polylines can be drawn. Click on the starting point then drag the mouse, clicking the left mouse button at each point of the desired directional change of the line; and, click on the right mouse button at the end point of the line.



Note: \cdot When drawing, if the Keyboard's $\begin{bmatrix} C \end{bmatrix}$ key is pressed instead of clicking on the mouse right button, the start and end points of a polyline object will be automatically connected.

• You can draw a line that looks hand-drawn by holding down the mouse's left button when drawing a polyline.

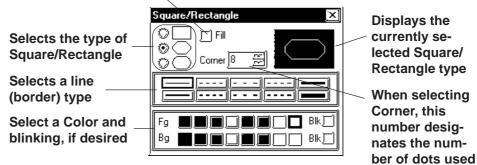
2.2.3 Square/Rectangle

To draw a square, click on and designate the diagonal two points.

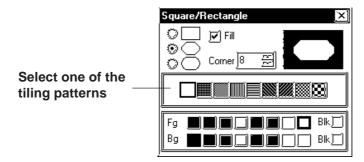
To draw a regular square, perform this operation while holding down the \boxed{Ctrl} key. By selecting a pattern before drawing, a filled square also can be drawn. Both normal (non-filled) and filled squares can be beveled.

■ Square Attributes

Check this check box when drawing a filled Square/Rectangle



<Filled Square/Rectangle Setting Screen>



Square Shapes and Beveling types

Square shapes and beveling types are as shown below.

Not beveled.

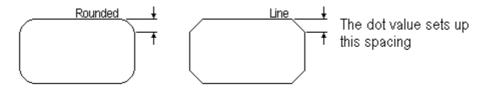


All corners are beveled with straight lines.

 $\overline{}$

All corners are beveled with arcs.

When selecting Beveling, input a bevel dot number.



■ Drawing a Square/Rectangle

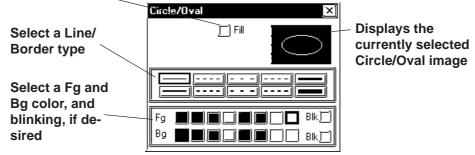
Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Square/Rectangle] com- mand, or click on the 🔲 icon.	
(2)Set the attributes of the square/rectangle to be drawn. If desired, select the colors, line types, beveling type and dot. When drawing a filled square, check the Fill check box, instead of selecting line types.	Reference ∠ 2.2.3 ■ Square Attributes; ◆ Square Shapes and Beveling types
Square/Rectangle	
Select a pattern	
(3)Move the cursor to the drawing area and click on the first of the diagonal's points, "a".	In step (4), hold down the Ctrl key to draw a square.
	When using the keyboard to draw a square, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the rectangle's two diagonal points and press the key to start and finish the rectangle.
	To cancel the placement, click on the $[m]$ icon.
(4)Click on the diagonal's other point "b". The rectangle is automatically drawn (registered).	
	Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings.
	Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.2.4 Circle/Oval

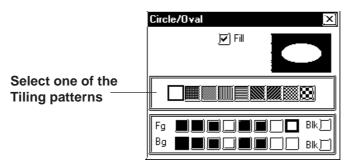
To draw a circle or an oval, click on its center point and drag the mouse to the circumference point, and click again. Holding down the Ctrl key draws a perfect circle. To draw a filled circle or oval, select the desired pattern.

Circle/Oval Attributes

Check this check box, if a filled Circle/ Oval is desired



<Filled Circle/Oval Setting Screen>



Drawing a Circle/Oval

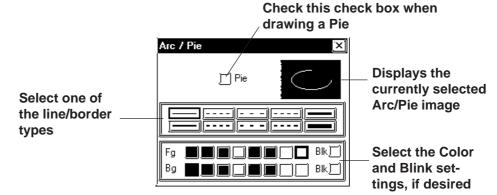
PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Circle/Oval] command, or click on the O icon.	
(2)Set attributes of an oval to be drawn. Select colors and a line type, if desired. To draw a filled oval, check the Fill check box and select a pattern, instead of selecting a line type. Image: Color of the fill check box and select a pattern of the type. Image: Color of the fill check box and select a pattern of the type. Image: Color of the fill check box and select a pattern of the type. Image: Color of the type. Imag	

PROCEDURE R E MARKS Image: Second		
(3)Move the cursor over the drawing area, and click on the center point, shown here by "a". (3)Move the cursor over the drawing area, and click on the center point, shown here by "a". (4)As the cursor is moved, the oval will expand or contract. Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (a) As the cursor is moved, the oval will expand or contract. Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (b) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered. (c) Click on the conterpoint and the conterpoint and the cursor to the conterpoint and the cursor to the point which defines its circumference (radius point), press- ing the key each time. (c) Couble-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings. (c) Click on the solution conterpoint content content contact	Procedure	Remarks
	(3)Move the cursor over the drawing area, and click on the center point, shown here by "a". (4)As the cursor is moved, the oval will expand or contract. Click on the point shown by b. The drawn oval will be registered.	down, you can draw an oval which contacts a specified area (i.e. the side(s) of a square). This function is useful when drawing an inscribed circle and can also be used in step (4), together with the Ctrl key.To draw a regular circle, hold the Ctrl key down in step (4).When using the keyboard to draw an oval, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the center point and then, to the point which defines its circumference (radius point), press- ing the ↓ key each time.To cancel a drawing action, click on the Imp icon.Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings.Teference 2.3.15 Changing

2.2.5 Arc/Pie

To draw an arc or pie, a portion of a circle must be selected. You will need to first draw a circle, and then, click on the arc's beginning and end points.

Arc/Pie Attributes



Drawing an Arc

Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Arc/Pie] command, or click on the 🕑 icon.	
(2)Set the Arc's attributes. Select Colors and line type, if desired.	
Arc / Pie	
(3)Move the cursor to the drawing area and click on the oval's center point "a".	In step (3), if the Shift key is held down, you can draw an oval which contacts a specified area (i.e. the side(s) of a square). This function is useful when drawing an inscribed circle and can also be used in step (4), together with the Ctrl key.

2.2 Drawing

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

Procedure	Remarks	
(4)Click on the oval's radius point "b". An oval will appear and the arc's base line will be displayed.	In step (4), holding down the Ctrl key draws a circular arc.	
a 7 b		
(5)Click on the arc's start point "c" or on its elongation.	When using the keyboard to draw an arc, use the arrow keys to move the cursor first, to its center point, then, to another point on its circum- ference (radius point), and then, to its start and end points. Press the key after specifying each of these points.	
(6)Click on the arc's end point "d". The arc will be drawn (registered).	To cancel the drawing action, click on the icon. Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings. Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes	
Drawing a Pie (Sector) Follow the same steps used for the drawing of Arcs. When using the same procedure to draw an Arc:		
c d a b S	\checkmark	

2.2.6 Fill

To use the Fill command, simply left-click your cursor on top of an object's enclosed area. The selected Fill pattern will then spread outward until it reaches a boundary. A boundary can be any line or Fill that is the same color as that chosen for the Fill's foreground, background, or border.



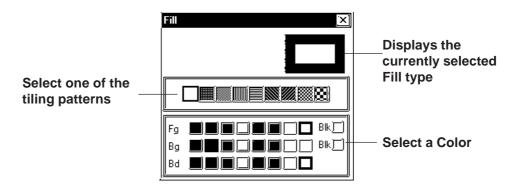
<Cautions when Filling an Object>

Important Be sure that the area to be filled is completely enclosed with solid lines. Dotted lines can not be used as an enclosure.

A space of only one dot on the border of an enclosed area is enough to allow Fill to leak into other areas of the screen. Be especially careful when drawing polygon vertexes and filling an object while the display is set to 50%.

DO NOT attempt to fill objects that have been designated as blinking.

When filling an image that uses an arc, Fill may leak when that image is actually displayed on the LT panel display. To prevent this, use a line to connect any gaps in the image.



■ Fill Attributes



Note: • To select the background color for all the screens used, use the [Option] menu's [Screen Settings] command.

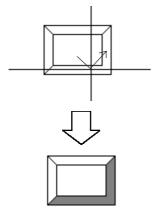
▼Reference 2.7.2 ■ Settings Screen Property - [Color]

 \cdot To cancel the application of a Fill due to a mistake, such as having designated the wrong Fill point, press the $\boxed{\mathsf{Esc}}$ key.

	CREATING DAGE
■ Filling an Object	
PROCEDURE	REMAR
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Fill] command, or click of the the licon.	n
(2)Set the attributes. Select Colors and Tiling Patterns, if desired.	Fill spreads outward f lected point until it re- der with one of the col Bd) selected in step (2 Select the same color (border) Color and b (foreground) Color. E.g. Fill's Bd color. Blue
<u> </u>]	Left-clicking on a l

(3) Move the cursor to the drawing area and click on the area to be filled.

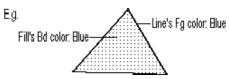
The designated area will be filled in.



from the seeaches a borolors (Fg, Bg, 2).

KS

or for the Bd boundary Fg



Left-clicking on a line will not cause it to be filled. Be sure to only click in an area enclosed by lines.

When drawing via the PC's key-

board, press the 📕 button to indicate a fill point. Fills and fill points can be specified to either display or not display via the drawing board.

Reference 2.7.2 Screen Environment Settings

To cancel Fill due to a mistake, such as designating a wrong Fill point, press the Esc key.

To cancel the filling, click on the icon.

Double-clicking on a filling point of any filled object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that filled object's attribute settings.

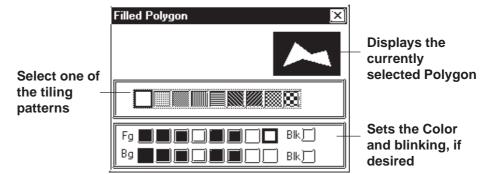
Reference Attributes

```
2.3.15 Changing
```

2.2.7 Filled Polygon

To draw a Polygon, either Left-click or press the key to indicate the Polygon's vertices. To complete the Polygon, either right-click or press the C to automatically connect the beginning and end points. Holding down the Ctrl key while drawing a Polygon will snap the polygon's segments to 45 degree angles.

Polygon Attributes



Drawing a Polygon

Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Filled Polygon] command,	
or click on the 📐 icon.	
(2)Set attributes of a polygon to be drawn. Select Colors and Tiling Pattern, if desired.	
Filled Polygon	
(3)Move the cursor to the drawing area and click on the	
start point "a".	

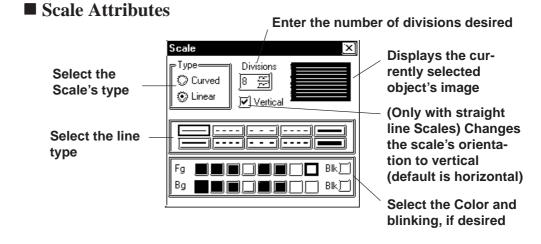
2.2 Drawing

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

PROCEDURE	Remarks			
(4)Left-click to designate the positions of the Polygon's vertices.	Up to 100 corners (faces) can be created.			
Repeat this for as many vertices as needed. Here, points b and c are also shown.	In step (4), holding the Ctrl key causes lines to be drawn at exactly 0, 45, or 90 degree angles.			
a				
 (5)After defining the final vertex, c, right-click or press C to complete and fill the Polygon. Points a and c are joined and the object is filled. 	To cancel the drawing, click on the icon.			
b	Double-clicking on any object drawn on the screen automatically calls up that object's attribute set- tings.			
C	Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes			
Note: • About Filling a Polygon	I			
When a polygon's segments overlap, the filling alternates, so that areas next to each other do not display the same pattern. As a result, areas without any fill (white) may develop inside the polygon. If fill is desired in these				
areas as well, click on the 🖓 icon. E.g.				

2.2.8 Scale

To draw or create a Scale, input the number of divisions desired and then left-click the mouse's cursor to designate the scale's beginning and end points. Scales can be either horizontal or vertical, linear (straight line) or curved (semi-circle).



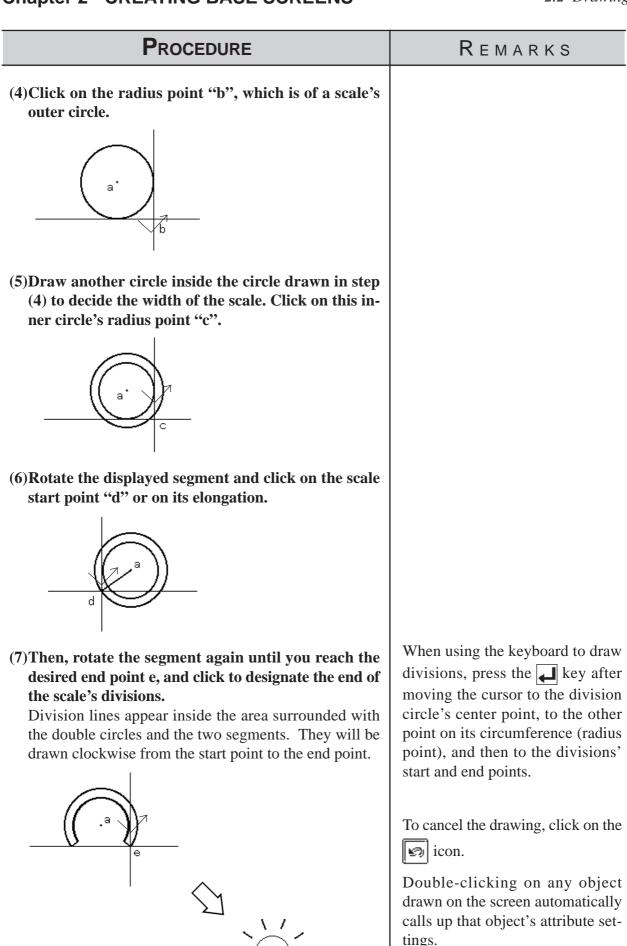
Drawing a Scale

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Scale] command, or click on the state icon.	
<text><text></text></text>	<number divisions="" of=""> When the number of the divisions is specified as 8, a total of 9 divi- sion lives will be displayed.</number>

2.2 Drawing

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

Procedure	REMARKS
The following explanation is divided into two parts; first, when creating a linear type scale, and second, when creating a curved type scale.	
[Creating a Linear type scale- (Vertical, with 8 divi- sions)] Specify the area of division lines by a rectangle.	
(3)Use the mouse's cursor to create a rectangle in the drawing area, i.e. left-click to indicate the linear scale's start point, a.	
- · ·	
a	
(4)Complete the rectangle by left-clicking on the Scale's end point, b. The rectangle shape will disappear, and be replaced by division lines.	Holding down the Ctrl key while performing step (4) will draw a perfect square.When using the keyboard to perform drawing, press the key to
	To cancel the drawing, click on the icon.
[Creating a Curved type scale- (8 divisions)] Specify the area of division lines, using double circles.	
(3)Use the mouse's cursor to create a circle on the draw- ing area, i.e. left-click to indicate the curved scale's start point, a.	
a	

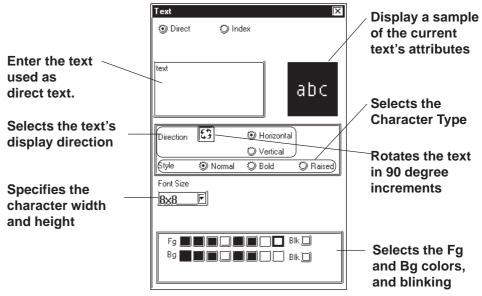


Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

2.2.9 Text

Use your PC's keyboard to enter text, and then place in on the screen with your mouse's cursor. This software has two methods of placing text on the screen. The first method defines the placement point, and the second defines the area where the text will be centered.

Text Attributes



Direct

The text entered in the text entry field is placed directly as a fixed text string.

A maximum of 100 characters can be entered per line, and 100 lines per screen.

Index

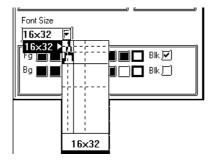
Select and add the Index Text.

Reference 4.5.3 ■ Selecting the index character string ◆ Entering the index character string

Font Size

Clicking on the font size display area, displays the current character size (used after text is placed on the drawing area). Move the cursor to where the X and Y axis lines cross, and drag the cursor. As the axis lines move, the

character size will change. Click on the text block again, or press the key to register (enter) the change.



♦ Style

Characters can be either Normal, Bold, or Raised.

⇒Style ceeeee
💭 Normal
🔘 Bold
💭 Raised

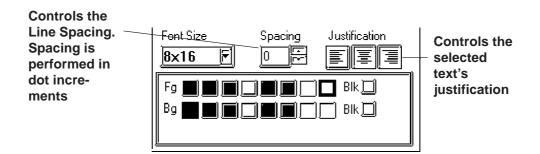


When text character background (Bg) is specified to Black + Blk (Blink), transparent mode is used, thereby displaying that area as transparent. If an object has been drawn underneath these characters, they (the characters) will appear transparent, showing the object behind. This function is useful when overlaying text on objects, i.e., over the face of Switches and Lamps.

 \checkmark Reference \checkmark 2.2 \blacksquare Selecting Colors

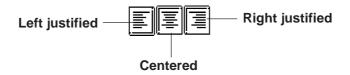
■ Changing to a New Text Line and Line Settings

When entering characters, simply press the key to move to a new line. When there are 2 or more lines of text, icons will appear to allow adjustments in line spacing, and justification.



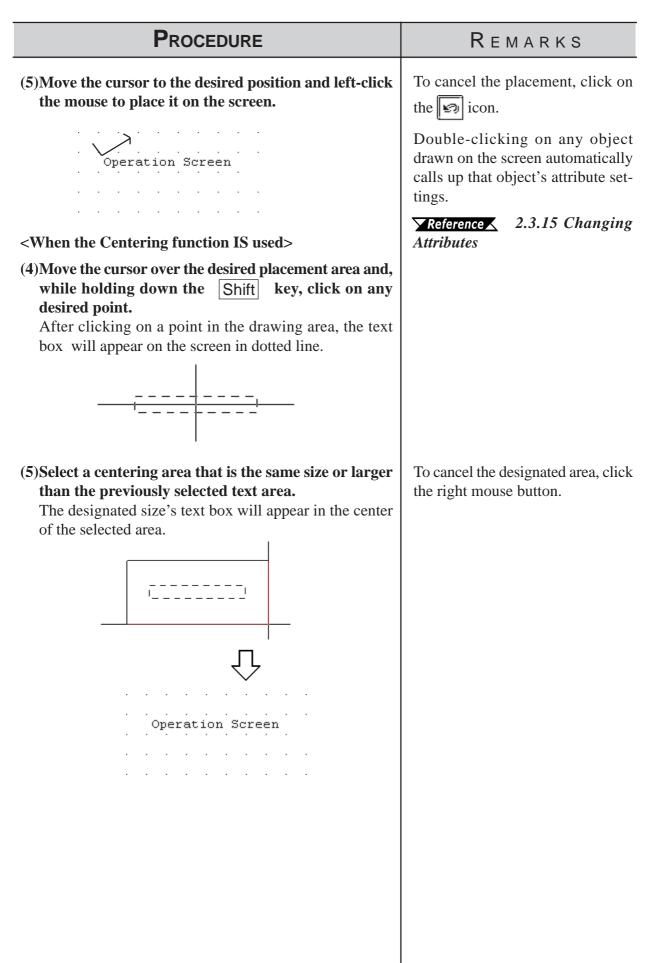
Justification

Horizontal text's alignment can be changed to either Left, Center, or Right justified.



Entering Text

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Text] command, or click on the right icon.	
on the et (2)Set the attributes of the characters to be input. Get Colors and Character Size, if desired. Image: Color of the character stope input characters, via your provide the stope input characters, via your provide the stope input characters. (3)Click on the text field to input characters, via your provide the stope input characters. Simply clicking on the text field allows you to input characters there. Image: Color of the stope input characters input characters input characters.	The attributes can also be entered and selected after entering text. When "Raised" is selected for Character Type, the border color (Bd) will become shadowed (i.e. 3-D).
 Formation is a point in the drawing area, a text box the size of the selected character will appear on the screen. The top left corner of the text box is the base point used for positioning. 	When using your PC's keyboard to enter text, press the wey to designate a position.
IT Editor Var. 2.0 Operation Manual Sover Creation Gui	da 2-137



2.2.10 Load Screens

Graphics created on screens in a project can be loaded and used repeatedly on others with LT Editor. Thus, a single screen's contents can be used repeatedly elsewhere. The Load Screen function is also a good way to cut down on your screen's actual size, since you only need to call up items to your screen, not save them on it.

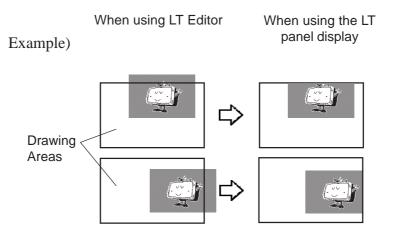
Screens that can be loaded to other screens

The screen currently being edited cannot be loaded on to itself.

Current Screen	Loadable Screens
B (Base) screen	B (Base) screen
D (Dase) screen	l (Image) screen
U (Window) screen	B (Base) screen
o (willdow) scieeli	l (Image) screen



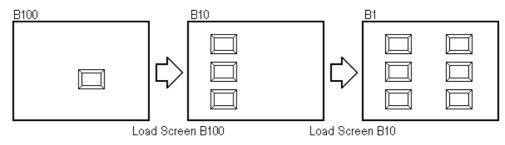
- The screen currently being edited cannot be loaded on to itself.
- If a portion of an Image screen extends over a Base screen's Y axis border, that portion will not be displayed on the LT screen. When the Image screen is placed over the Base screen laterally, however, any part that extends over the Base screen X axis border will be squeezed onto the LT screen.(i.e. not cut)



■ Nesting

Screens can be nested up to 10 times (11 layers). However, if your PC's system memory is low, a loaded screen/object may not be displayed. Later, however, when the data is transferred to the LT, the display will appear normally.

E.g.) Nesting Objects Twice (3 layers)



Note: The load screen nesting condition can be viewed via the load screen nesting **V** display function.

Reference 2.7.9 Display at Screen Level Change Structure

■ Loading a Screen

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Load Screen] command, or click on the 🖪 icon.	
(2)Select a desired screen from the list or enter that screen's number directly on the [Screen No.] field via the keyboard, and then click on the OK button. Then, the screen's outline and center point will appear in the drawing area, next to your cursor.	Only screens in the currently used Project file can be loaded. Screens in other project files can not be loaded.
Load Screen Screen Type: Base Screen No.: 11: Operation Monitor Screen No.: I1: Operation Monitor Screen No.: II: Operation Monitor II: Operation Monitor	The current (selected) Screen can- not be loaded on to itself.

2.2 Drawing

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

PROCEDURE			REMARKS		
(3)Click on the point where the Screen's top left corner is to be placed.The image's center point is left top corner of its border, and for other objects, the screen center mark will be the placement point.			while it is being used on a different (i.e. loaded) screen. You will need		
B C D	STOP STOP STOP STOP	WARM-UP WARM-UP WARM-UP WARM-UP	RUN RUN RUN RUN		To cancel the loading, click on the solution icon.



RUN

STOP

When calling up a filled object:

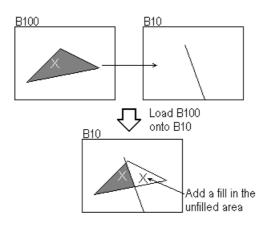
TROUBLE

CONTROL

RUN MONITOR

When the current screen's graphics overlap loaded filled (painted) graphics, depending on the color used, unfilled areas may be created. To correct this, add a fill to the current screen's unfilled area.

Reference 2.2.6 Fill





If a background color is selected for the screen used for screen call-up, the object placed on the screen will not be displayed on the LT.

To call up the screen for which a background color has been . selected, specify the center of the screen as the call-up position and then place the screen.

2.2.11 Load Mark

Marks (dot images) created in a Mark screen can be loaded and used repeatedly on a Base screen.

Loading a Mark Screen

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Load Mark] command, or	
click on the 🛃 icon.	
 (2)Select a desired Mark screen from the list or enter that screen's number directly on the [Screen No.] field via the keyboard, and then click on theK button. The Mark's outline will appear in the drawing area, next to your cursor. Designate its color and size before clicking on the [OK] 	
3)Click on the point where the Mark's top left corner is to be placed. If desired, use the Mark's handles to alter its size.	 Only Mark screens in the current project can be loaded. Mark screens in other projects are not available. When the screen display size is 50%, the loaded Mark may not be displayed correctly on the LT Editor software. To cancel the loading, click on the screen and the loading, click on the screen at the loading of the loader of the loade

Object Editing 2.3

Parts, objects, and text previously placed or drawn (hereafter called "Objects"), can be edited using various functions, such as Copy and Delete. To edit an object, first, use the cursor to select the object, and then select the type of edit operation.

Usage Pattern					
Select an Object →	[Edit] or Tool Bar	\rightarrow	Select the type of editing to perform	\rightarrow	Perform the editing

Types of Editing Functions

Icons contained in the Edit Tool Bar and their corresponding edit operation are as follows:

Icon	Edit Type	lcon	Edit Type
B	Undo	♦	Mirror X-axis
2	Redo	ŧ	Mirror Y-axis
8	Cut	¥	Group
	Сору	X	Ungroup
	Paste	ſ₽.	Bring to Front
	Command Data Paste	P.	Send to Back
	Duplicate	L∎	Change Attribute
	Delete		Change Coordinates
	Align		Convert Bitmap
Ę.	Rotate Left		Transferring Screen to Clipboard
t t	Rotate Right		Converting Screen to Bitmap File
			Redraw Screen



Note: The tools shown above can also be used from a menu by right-clicking the 凶 mouse.

2.3.1 Selecting Objects

Two methods are available for selecting objects: 1) clicking on an object directly, or 2) dragging the mouse to enclose and select single or multiple objects.

Also, you can select individual objects that have other objects either on top of, or overlapping them.

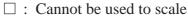
When the tool bar's **k** icon is clicked on (active), an object can be selected. To activate this icon, click on it directly, or select the pull down [Edit] menu's [Select] command. Also, while drawing objects, right-clicking anywhere on a desired object allows you to select it.

Either a \square or a \square mark will be displayed on the sides of the selected object. These square marks are called "handles".

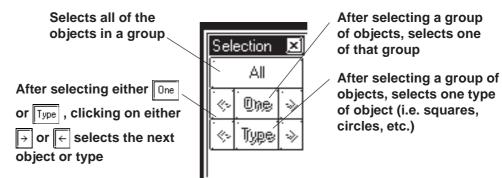
Handle Types

There are two types of handles, those that can be used to scale the object and those that can not.

Can be used to scale the object



When an object has been be selected, the Selection Tool box will automatically appear. When multiple objects are selected, all the selection Tool box's functions are available.



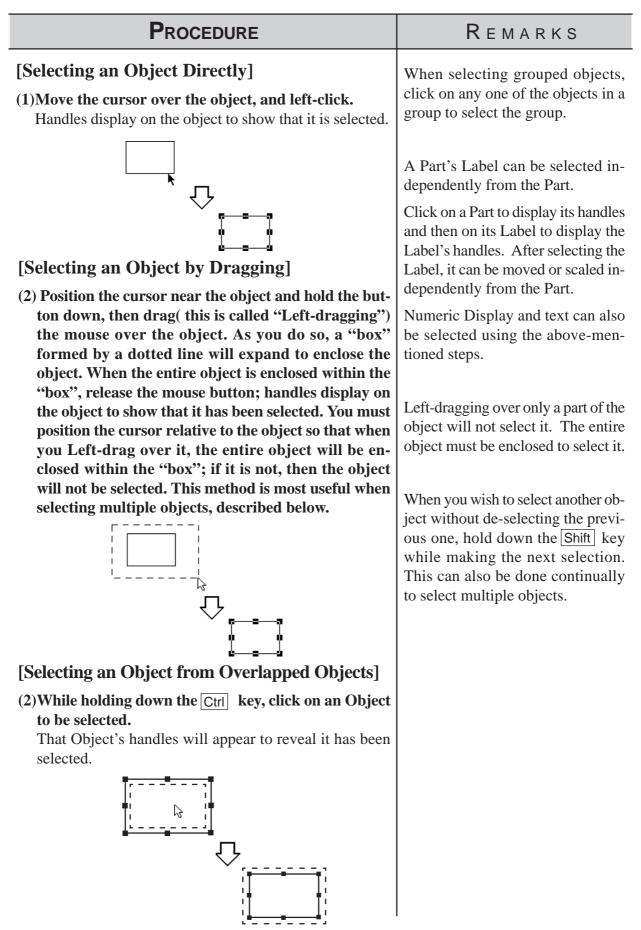
Rote:

Objects may be selected using the Screen Data List, instead of selecting them on the screen.

Reference 2.7.4 Screen Data List

■ How to Select a Single Object

Here, the procedure for selecting an object is explained.

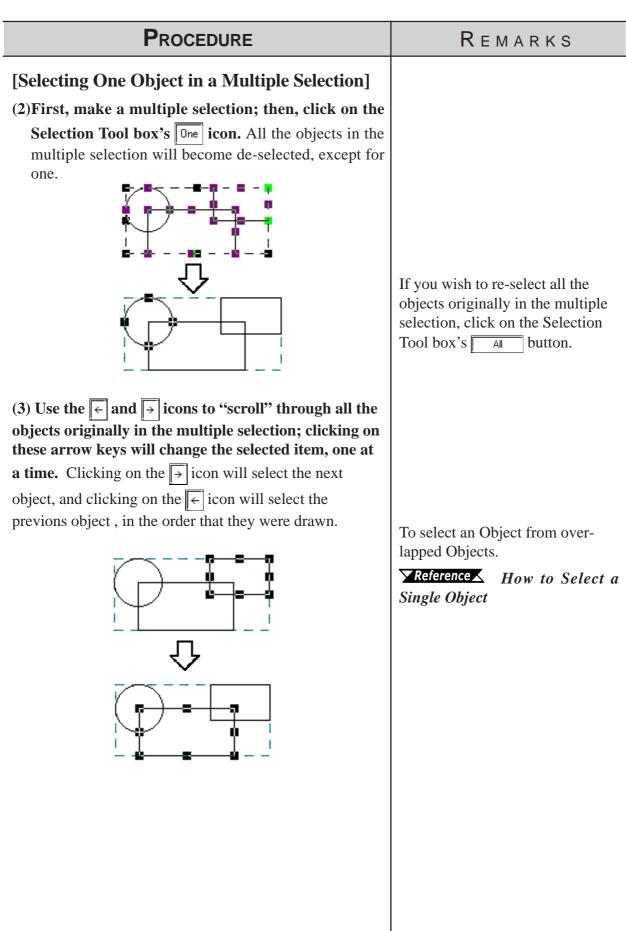


■ How to Select Multiple Objects

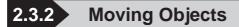
Use this operation to select multiple objects. All the objects in a designated area or on the entire screen can be selected. Also, if necessary, some of these objects can be de-selected.

Procedure	Remarks
[Selecting Multiple Objects by Dragging] (1)Left-drag over objects as described in Selecting an Object by Dragging (see above). Be sure to enclose all of the objects to be selected completely; if part of an object is not enclosed within the "box", it will not be included in the multiple selection. Handles will dis- play on the objects that have been selected.	Left-dragging over only a part of an object will not select it. The entire object must be specified to make selection possible. When two or more objects are se- lected, the [Change Attributes] command cannot be used. The editing commands available depend on what objects have been selected.
[Selecting All the Objects on a Screen] (1)Select the pull down [Edit] menu's [Select All Objects] command. All object handles will appear, to show that they have been selected.	

PROCEDURE	Remarks
[Excluding Objects From A Multiple Selection]	
(2)When multiple objects are selected, to de-select an object while preserving the selection of the other objects, first move the cursor over the object; then, while holding down the Shift key, left-click on the object. When the object's handles disappear, that object is no longer selected. Repeat this process as many times as desired.	
[Adding Objects To A Multiple Selection]	
 (2)When multiple objects are selected, to add an object, either left-click on the object or Left-drag over it, while holding down the Shift key. The imaginary "box" that encloses the multiple selection (represented by its' own handles) will expand to include the added object, which now has handles Using this process, you can add as many objects to the multiple selection as you want. 	
$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	
LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Gui	<i>de</i> 2-147



Procedure	P F M A D K A
FRUCEDUKE	REMARKS
 [Selecting Objects by Type from a Multiple Selection] (2)First, make a multiple selection; then, click on the Selection Tool box's Type icon. Selection handles will appear for only one type of object (here, only square objects are selected), while an outline remains around them all. This will effectively de-select any objects that are not the currently selected type. 	Objects are classified as follows: Parts: by each type, Objects: by each type, Loaded Screens and Marks: All as one type, respectively.
	To re-select all the objects originally in the multiple selection, click on the Selection Tool box's All button.
 (3) Use the ← and → icons to select a different object type. As you press either arrow key, the selected object type will change. 	



In this section, the procedures for moving objects are described.



PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Click on the desired object. The object's handles will appear, showing that it has been selected.	▼Reference▲ 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
	The keyboard's \uparrow , \rightarrow , \leftarrow , and \downarrow keys can also be used when the object's handles are displayed.
(2)Place the cursor over the object, away from the handles, and after the cursor changes to ↔, drag it to the desired location.	If an object is too small to select and move (i.e. it is only scaled up or down), click on and drag the ob- ject while holding down the Alt key. Also, you can move the object by zooming out the screen or using the keyboard. Reference 1.5.2 Display Area (50%, 100%, 200%)
the icon. Note: • To move an object horizontally or vertically, do so while holding the Shift key down. In this case, the object will be moved in either the horizontal or	

- key down. In this case, the object will be moved in either the horizontal or vertical direction where the moving distance is greater.
 - To move and scale up/down an object, designating its coordinates can be used.

Reference 2.3.16 Changing Coordinates

2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down

Scaling means changing the size and proportion of an object. This function allows you to easily scale an object up (larger) or down (smaller). Be sure the object's handles are displayed as (\blacksquare).

Scaling An Object

Procedure	REMARKS	
(1)Click on the object to select it. The object's handles will appear to show that it is selected.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects	
$\mathbf{\dot{c}} = \mathbf{\dot{c}} \mathbf{\dot{c}}$	Re-sizing will depend on which handle is dragged:	
(2)Place the cursor on an object's handle, and after the	Ex. To scale a square up or down:	
double arrow cursor appears, drag the handle to re-	Corner Handles = proportionally	
size the object.	Top/Bottom handles = vertically	
	Right/Left handles = horizontally	
	Place the cursor on one of the	
	handles of the object.	
	When the cursor becomes \leftrightarrow , use	
	the keyboard's either \uparrow , \rightarrow \leftarrow	
	or $\mathbf{\downarrow}$ key to scale the object up or	
\checkmark	down in the unit of dot.	
	To cancel the re-sizing, click on the	
 When re-sizing an object while holding down the Ctrl key, lines will snap to 45 degree intervals, Rectangular and Scale (Linear) objects will become square-shaped objects, and ovals will become circles. Also, if the Shift key is held down, all selected Lines, Rectangles, Ovals, Scales, Text and loaded Marks will scale up or down proportionately. When scaling a Part with a Label, holding down the Ctrl key causes the Label to scale up or down together with the Part. 		
• When selecting an oblique line, 8 handles will be displayed. Click on the line again and 8 handles will change to 2 handles, one at either end. Click- ing and then dragging on one end's handle "fixes" the opposite end in place, and "releases" the dragged end, and allowing the line to pivot freely.		
 Multiple parts may be selected and then scaled up/down. However, the following parts are not scaled up/down, but their positions are moved: Half-pie Graphs, Pie Graphs, Meters, Trend Graphs, Alarms, Keypads, an Picture Displays. 		

• To move and scale up/down an object, designating its coordinates can be used.

Reference 2.3.16 Changing Coordinates

2.3.4 Cut

Here, the procedure for "cutting" an object (deleting it) and placing it on another screen, is explained. (When an object is "cut", it is stored in the Clipboard^{*1}.)

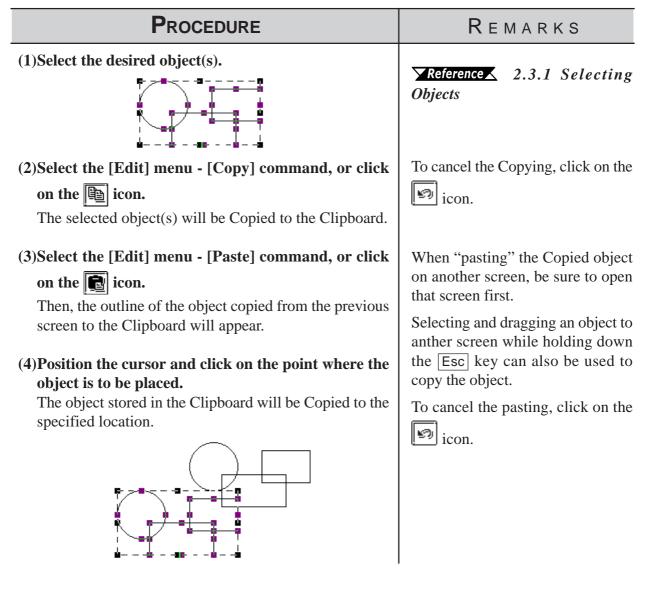
Cutting (Moving) an Object	
Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select an object.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Cut] command, or click on the icon. Then, the selected object will be cut.	To cancel the Cutting, click on the icon.
 (3)Open the object's destination screen, and select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the Image: Im	To cancel the pasting, click on the icon.

*1 An area where text, graphics, or both, that have been Cut or Copied, are temporarily stored. The contents of the Clipboard can be "pasted" (copied from the Clipboard) using the Paste function. However, once the Copy/Cut command is executed, the data stored in the Clipboard is replaced; therefore, only the data from the most recent Copy/Cut command can be Pasted.

2.3.5 Copy

Here, the procedure for "copying" an object (without deleting it) and placing it elsewhere, is explained. (When an object is "copied", it is stored in the Clipboard^{*1}.)

Copying an Object



^{*1} An area where text, graphics, or both, that have been Cut or Copied, are temporarily stored. The contents of the Clipboard can be "pasted" (copied from the Clipboard) using the Paste function. However, once the Copy/Cut command is executed, the data stored in the Clipboard is replaced; therefore, only the data from the most recent Copy/Cut command can be Pasted.

2.3.6 Paste

Here, the procedure for "pasting" an object, that has been Copied (or Cut) to the Clipboard^{*1}, is explained.

Pasting an Object

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 (1)First, Copy (or Cut) an object. (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the revious is creen to the Clipboard will appear. 	▼Reference 2.3.5 Copy
(3)Position the cursor and click on the point where the object is to be Pasted. The object stored in the Clipboard will be Pasted to the new location.	To cancel the paste, click on the icon. When an object is copied from an- other screen, it will be automati- cally placed at the same coordinates as its original ones. To place the object at different coordinates, move it after this automatic place- ment.

^{*1} An area where text, graphics, or both, that have been Cut or Copied, are temporarily stored. The contents of the Clipboard can be "pasted" (copied from the Clipboard) using the Paste function. However, once the Copy/Cut command is executed, the data stored in the Clipboard is replaced; therefore, only the data from the most recent Copy/Cut command can be Pasted.

2.3.7 Pasting Instruction Data

By copying and pasting to the Screen Editor a logic program instruction created with the Logic Program Editor, you can place a Part corresponding with the instruction.

In the same way, copying and pasting to a logic program a Part placed on the screen inserts an instruction corresponding with the Part.

Conversion between Instructions and Parts

Each instruction and part has counterparts that have been already determined.

Conversion from Instructions to Parts

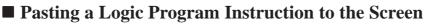
Below is the list of Parts to which each instruction is to be converted.

Instruction	Parts
NO (a Contact)	Bit/Toggle Switch
NC (b Contact)	Bit/Toggle Switch
PT (Start Up Contact)	Bit/Toggle Switch
NT (Start Down Contact)	Bit/Toggle Switch
OUT/M (Out Coil)	Lamp
NEG/NM (Reverse Coil)	Lamp
SET/SM (Set Coil)	Lamp
RST/RM (Reset Coil)	Lamp
CTU (Up Counter)	Numeric Display/Graph/Keypad Input Display
CTD (Down Counter)	Numeric Display/Graph/Keypad Input Display
CTUD (Updown Counter)	Numeric Display/Graph/Keypad Input Display
TON (On Delay Timer)	Keypad Input Display
TOF (Off Delay Timer)	Keypad Input Display
TP (Pulse Timer)	Keypad Input Display

Conversion from Parts to Instructions

Below is the list of Instructions to which each Part is to be converted.

Parts	Instruction
Dit/Teggelo Switch	NO (a Contact), NC (b Contact), PT (Start Up Contact), NT
Bit/Toggle Switch	(Start Down Contact)
	NO (a Contact), NC (b Contact), PT (Start Up Contact), NT
Lamp	(Start Down Contact), OUT/M (Out Coil), NEG/NM (Reverse
	Coil), SET/SM (Set Coil), RST/RM (Reset Coil)
Numeric Display/Graph/Keypad Input	CTU (Up Counter), CTD (Down Counter), CTUD (Updown
Display	Counter)
Keypad Input Display	TON (On Delay Timer), TOF (Off Delay Timer), TP (Pulse
Keypau iliput Display	Timer)

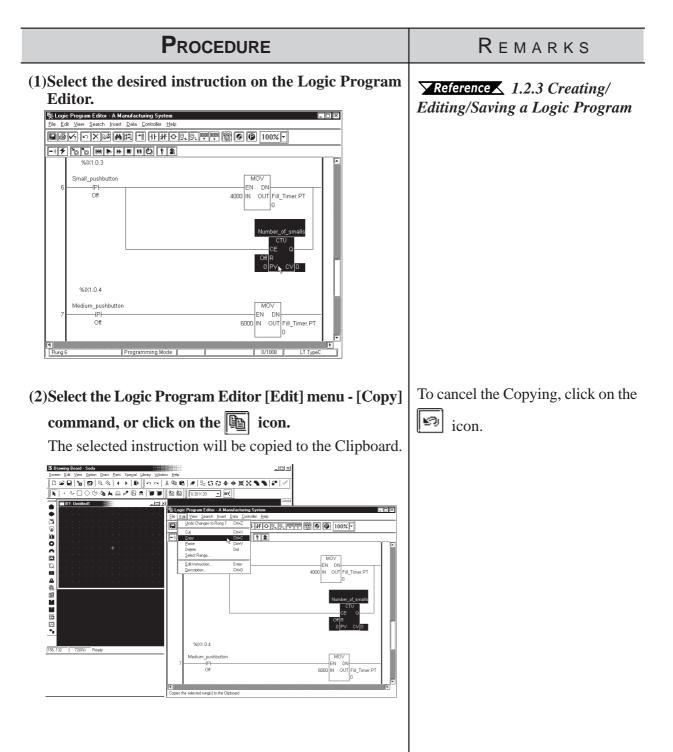


Here, the procedure for "copying and pasting" a logic program instruction to the screen is explained. When pasting the instruction, the type of Part to be converted to needs to be selected from the list.



• Before copying an instruction, you have to allocate a variable to the instruction. Instructions without a variable allocated cannot be copied to the screen.

• Before pasting an instruction, be sure to save the logic program.



PROCEDURE	Remarks
(3)Select the Screen Editor [Edit] menu - [Paste Com- mand Data(2)] command, or click on the [] icon.	To cancel the Pasting, click on the icon.
(4)Select the Part to convert, and determine by clicking	
Select Parts	A list of the Parts to which the cop- ied instruction can be converted will appear. If there is only one Part that corresponds to the instruction, the step 4 is omitted.
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp	
(5)Change the size and attributes of the Part as neces- sary and place it on the screen.	Reference 2.1 Parts
Numeric Display Settings [ND_001] General Settings Display Format Shape/Color Alarm Settings Description Word Address With Number_of_Small Browser Place Cancel	
B?: Untitled1*	

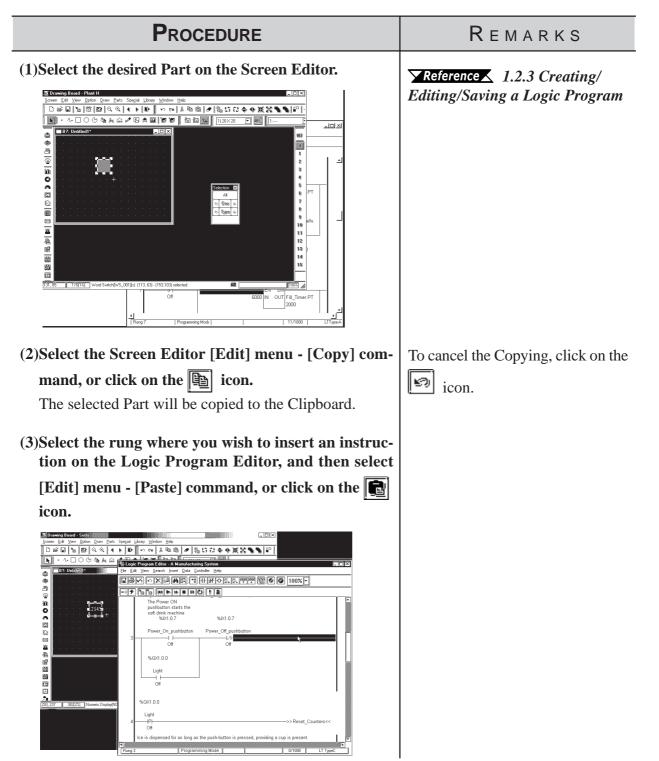


Here, the procedure for "copying and pasting" a part placed to the screen to a logic program is explained. When pasting the Part, the type of instruction to be converted to must be selected from the list.



Before copying a Part, you have to allocate a variable (Logic symbol) to the Part. Parts without a variable allocated cannot be copied to a logic program.

A variable will be registered with the Symbol Editor as a Logic symbol when the logic program is saved.



PROCEDURE	Remarks
(4)Select an instruction to convert, and determine by double-clicking on it. The instruction will be inserted.	A list of instructions to which the copied Part can be converted will appear.
Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Constant Image: Constant Image: Constant Constant </th <th>To cancel the Pasting, click on the icon.</th>	To cancel the Pasting, click on the icon.

Dragging and Dropping

Copying and pasting of an instruction or a Part can be performed by the drag and drop operation.



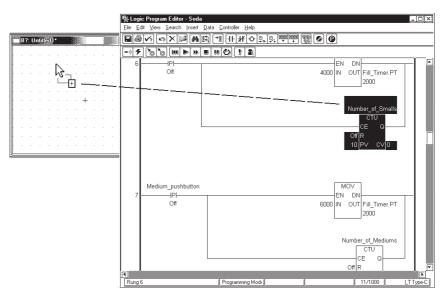
Before dragging and dropping an instruction or a Part, you have to allocate a variable to the instruction or the Part. Instructions or Parts without a variable allocated cannot be dragged and dropped.

• Dragging and dropping of a Logic Program Instruction to a Part

By dragging a logic program instruction created with the Logic Program Editor to the Screen Editor, you can place a Part that corresponds with the instruction.

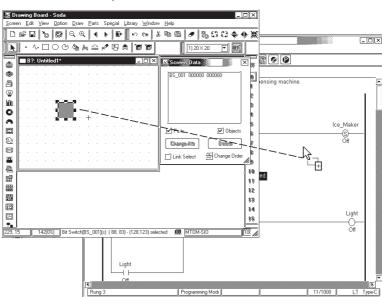


Before dragging and dropping an instruction, be sure to save the logic program.



• Dragging and dropping of a Part to a Logic Program instruction

By dragging a Part placed on the screen to a Logic Program, you can place an instruction that corresponds with the Part. Drag the Part while holding down the Ctrl key.

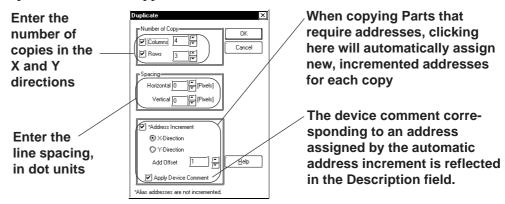


2.3.8 Duplicate

This command allows you to easily make multiple copies of any object. The address of the copies can be set up so as to increment automatically from copy to copy, or simply reuse the address of the original object.

Duplicate Setting Dialog Box

When this command is used, the Duplicate dialog box for entering the copy specifications, will appear as shown below.



Number of Copy

Here, how many times an object will be copied in the X and Y directions is entered. When "1" is entered for either direction, copying will not be performed in that direction.

The number of copies is also limited by the copied object's location, size, the Duplicate dialog box's Spacing settings, and any other related settings.

Spacing

Enter the spacing interval of dot (screen pixel) units to be used when the object is copied for both the Horizontal and Vertical directions.

Vote: When Duplicating an object, its positioning will be decided based on the top left handle of the copied (master) object. However, if a Bar Graph's handles are located in a graph display area, the object will be placed based on the graph display area, not the graph's border. Therefore, when setting the spacing, be sure to not overlap any of the graphs' borders.

Address Increment

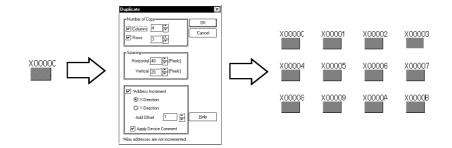
To copy multiple Parts, specify the direction of the automatic address increment. According to the automatic address increment, consecutive Addresses will be assigned in the designated direction. When the original object's Address is a Bit Address, the automatic address increment is performed in the unit of bit, and when it is a Word Address, the automatic address increment is performed in the unit of word.

If the automatic address increment is not used, Parts will be copied using the same address as their original ones.

Note

Vote: When the original object's Address is a symbol/Logic symbol, the automatic address increment is not performed.

E.g.) When duplicating with the settings shown below:



♦ Apply Device Comment

When the [Apply Device Comment] check box is marked with a check, the device comment corresponding to an address assigned by the automatic address increment will be reflected in the Description Field. For Parts designating multiple Addresses, however, the device comment corresponding to an Address designated as the Reflected Description Address is reflected. The Reflected Description Addresses for different Parts are shown in the table below:

<Reflected Description Address Table>

Object name	Automatic input address
Bit Switch	Operation bit address
Word Switch	Word address
Function Switch	
Lamp	Bit address
Bar Graph	Word address
Pie Graph	Word address
Half-pie Graph	Word address
Meter Graph	Word address
Trend Graph	Channel 0 word address
Keypad	
Keypad Input Display	Word address
Alarm	Word address
File Name Display	
Data Logging Display	Block number designated address
Numeric Display	Word address
Message Display	Address
Date Display	
Time Display	
Graphic Display	Address
Window Parts	Word address
Data Sampling	Sampling Address

■ Duplicating

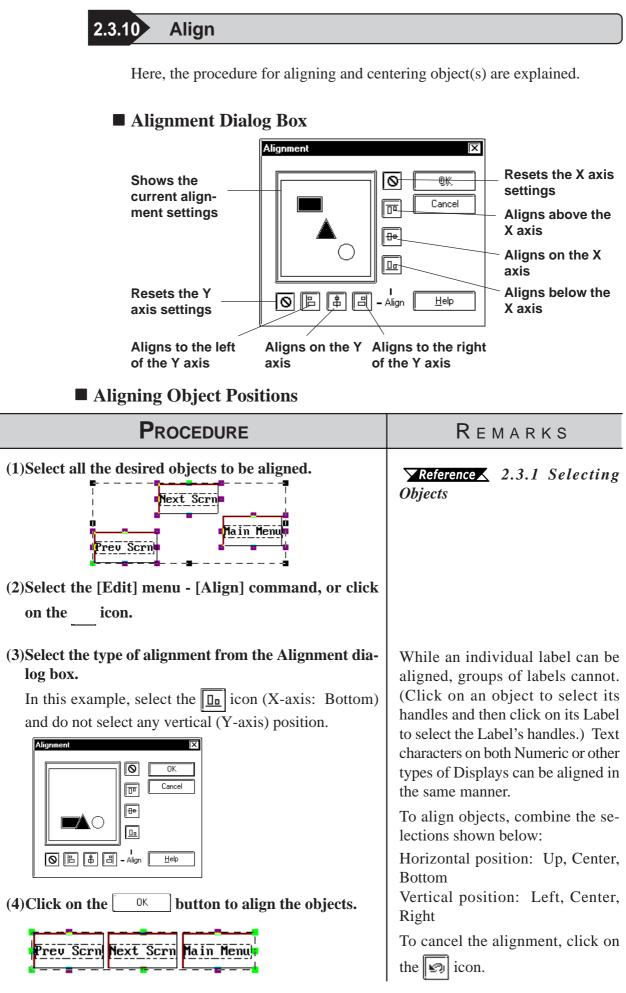
PROCEDURE	REMARKS
<when 5="" a="" both<br="" duplicating="" in="" switch="" times="">the X and Y directions> (1)Select the desired object.</when>	
(2)Select the pull down [Edit] menu's [Duplicate] command.	
(3)Enter the number of copies to make in the X and Y directions, spacing between copies.If desired, click on the Address Increment check box, to increment addresses automatically.	When duplicating an object, posi- tioning will be decided based on the top left handle of the copied (mas- ter) object.
Duplicate Image: Concelement Enter 5 Image: Number of Copy Image: Concelement Enter 5 Image: Normal Image: Normal Image: Provels Image: Normal Image: Provels Image: Normal Image:	
(4)Click on the OK button to duplicate the object.	To cancel the duplication, click on the 🔊 icon. To stop duplicating, press the Esc key.

2.3.9 Delete

Here, the procedure for deleting an object is explained.

Deleting an Object

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select an object.	
(2)Select the pull down [Edit] menu's [Delete] command, or click on theicon.	Instead of selecting the [Delete] command, the computer keyboard's Delete key can also be used. To cancel the deletion, click on the R icon.



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2.3.11 Rotate Left/ Rotate Right

With this command, an object can be rotated in 90° increments. However, loaded Screens and Marks, and grouped objects cannot be rotated.

Rotating an Object Counterclockwise (Left)		
PROCEDURE	REMARKS	
(1)Select an object. (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Rotate Left] command, or click on the final icon. The object will be rotated counterclockwise 90 degrees, relative to its center point; if necessary, repeat the com- mand. 90° Rotation	Reference2.3.1 Selecting ObjectsThe center point of the object is where two lines, connecting the opposite handles (other than the corner handles), cross.Image: Center pointTo cancel the rotation, click on the ison (Clicking on the ison icon one time reverses one 90 degree ro- tation.)If an object is moved outside the drawing area by rotating, the object will not be displayed on the LT screen.	

■ Rotating an Object Clockwise (Right)

PROCEDURE	Remarks
 (1)Select a desired object. Center (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Rotate Right] command, or click on the E icon. 	Reference2.3.1 SelectingObjectsThe center point of the object is where two lines, connecting the opposite handles (other than the corner handles), cross.
The object will be rotated clockwise 90 degrees, relative to its center point. If necessary, repeat the command. 90 $^{\circ}$	Center point
Rotation	To cancel the rotation, click on the icon. (Clicking on the rotation) icon once reverses one 90 degree rota- tion.) If an object is moved outside

once reverses one 90 degree rotation.) If an object is moved outside the drawing area by rotating, the object will not be displayed on the LT screen.

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2.3.12 Mirror X/ Mirror Y

An object can be moved symmetrically around its center line with respect to the X or Y axis. The display position of Parts, Text, Load Screens, and Load Marks can only be moved symmetrically.

Moving Symmetrically along the X-axis

PROCEDURE	REMARKS	
 (1)Select an object. Center (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Mirror X-axis] command, or click on the since. The object will move symmetrically with respect to the X-axis. 	Reference2.3.1 SelectingObjectsDisectsThe center point of the object is where two lines , connecting the opposite handles (other than the corner handles), cross.If an object is moved outside of the drawing area by using the Mirror X function, the part of the object outside the drawing area will not be displayed on the LT screen.	
Moving Symmetrically along the V a	To cancel the change, click on the icon.	
■ Moving Symmetrically along the Y-a	_	
PROCEDURE	REMARKS	
(1)Select an object. Center (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Mirror Y-axis] command, or click on the]] icon. The object will moves symmetrically around the Y axis.	Reference2.3.1 SelectingObjectsThe center point of the object is where two lines, connecting the opposite handles (other than the corner handles), cross.If an object is moved outside of the drawing area by using the Mirror Y function, the overflowing part of the object will not be displayed on the LT screen.To cancel the change, click on theImage: Note that the change, click on theImage: Note the change, click on the	

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2.3.13 Group/ Ungroup

This function can be used to "group" multiple objects, enabling you to manipulate the "group" as a single object, even after changing screens or using a different editing function.

■ Grouping Objects

R S

PROCEDURE	Remarks	
(1)Select the objects to be Grouped.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting	
	Objects	
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Group] command, or click	To cancel the Grouping, click on the	
on the 🗮 icon.	icon.	
Note: \cdot When a Load Screen is included in a group, its handles appear as \Box , so that		

- When a Load Screen is included in a group, its handles appear as \Box , so that the objects cannot be scaled up/down. Thus, you must first ungroup the objects in order to scale any individual object.
- When a Part is included in a group, double click on the group to bring up the Confirm Device Address dialog box, where address changes can be made.

Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes

Ungrouping Objects

This function changes a Group of objects to a selection of multiple objects.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select a group of objects.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Ungroup] command, or click on the click	To cancel the ungrouping, click on the

2.3.14 Bring to Front/ Send to Back

When graphics and Parts overlap each other, you can change the order of the layers with these two commands.

■ Changing the Order of Overlapping Objects

Procedure	Remarks
In this example, you will move the oval, partially hidden by the rectangle, to the front.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
[Bringing an Object Forward]	
(1)Use the cursor to select the filled oval.	
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Bring to Front] command,	To cancel the movement, click on
or click on the icon.	the 🛐 icon.
[Sending an Object Behind]	
(1)Use the cursor to select the black rectangle.	
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Send to Back] command, or	To cancel the movement, click on
click on theicon.	the 🛐 icon.

2.3.15 Changing Attributes

Here, you can change any of an object's attributes, i.e. its color, address, etc. Also, with objects of the same type, you can change the same attribute of all the objects of that type at the same time.

Changing Attributes

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)First, select an object to change its attributes. In this case, an unfilled rectangle drawn with a solid line.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
 (2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Change Attribute] command, or click on the ion (3)Select a new attribute from the dialog box. Here, a dotted line is selected. 	While the attributes of Grouped objects generally, cannot be changed, the same type objects can be changed at the same time. When Grouped Parts have been selected, only their addresses can be changed.
Square/Rectangle	▼Reference 2.3.15 ■ Chang- ing Attributes; Confirming Ad- dresses
(4) Click on the OK button to register your change.	Instead of clicking on the icon, simply double-click on the object when selecting it, to display the At- tribute Settings dialog box (skip step {2}).
	To cancel the attribute changes, click on the Cancel button in the dialog box.
	You can reverse the attributes changes (only for the most recent change) by clicking on the real icon.

You can select more than one object of the same type and change the attributes of each, at the same time. With all the desired objects selected, click on the Tool box's Type button; then, proceed with step (2).

✓ Reference 2.3.1 ■ Selecting Objects; How to Select Multiple Objects; Selecting Objects by Type from a Multiple Selection

Confirming Addresses

If a Part that requires an address has been grouped, the Confirm Device Address dialog box shown below will appear whenever its attributes are changed; the Part addresses are changed here.

Allows you to view either the Bit or Word Addresses of

all the Parts	s in the currently se	ected group of o	ojects
	Confirm Device Address		X
	Bit Address		
Part Addresses are	Address 1 Function	1 [°] Parts Name 1 [°] Part ID	Description
displayed here	X00000 Bit Set(Operation B X00042 Bit Set(Operation B	t) Bit Switch BS_001	
Check this box to automatically change all the addresses of the Parts in this group that have the same Device Address	Address Range Conversion	Cancel Help	

♦ Address

Each Part's address is displayed. To change an address, click on the inside of each cell. As shown above, any Switches selected that have state changes will have both their Operation Bit and their Monitor Bit addresses displayed.

♦ Address Range Conversion

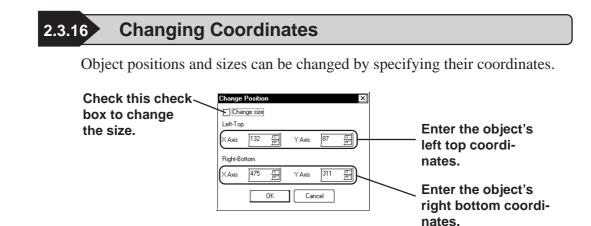
When an address is changed and this check box is checked, any other Part with the same device address will be automatically changed.



The address conversion is not performed in the case of symbol/Logic symbol.

In the example above, if the first bit address is changed from X00000 to X00010, the following bit addresses will be changed as below.

	6	Bit Address	e Address			×
Clicking on any cell other than the <i>//</i> changed one will show the changed address		Address X00000 X00042	¹ Function Bit Set(Operation Bit) Bit Set(Operation Bit)		Part ID BS_001 BS_002	1 [°] Description
		Address I	Range Conversion	Cancel	<u>H</u> elp]

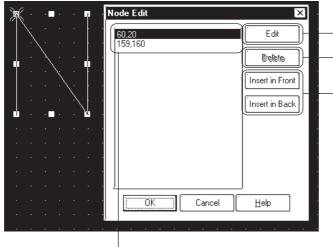


■ Using Coordinates to Change an Object's Position

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select a desired object.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting Objects
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Change Coordinates] com- mand.	
(3)Enter the object's left top and right bottom coordi-	To change the size, check the Change size check box in step (3).
Left-Top X Axis 132 FF Y Axis 87 FF Right-Bottom X Axis 475 FF Y Axis 311 FF OK Cancel	To cancel the coordinates change, click on the Cancel button.
(4) Click on the $\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	To undo the coordinates change, click on the <i>concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernant concernation conce</i>

2.3.17 Editing the Node of a Multi-segment Line

Creating, Editing, or deleting a node can be performed on a multi-segment line and a filled polygon.



The [Node Edit] dialog displays.

Deletes the selected peak.

Adds a node. The added node is the same as the selected node. If the screen capacity is exceeded by the added value, the [Insert in Front] and [Insert in Back] buttons are highlighted and cannot be specified.

If the node edit is selected, the selected point in the displayed dialog is marked with a cross.

Editing a Node on a Continuous Line

PROCEDURE	REMARKS	
(1)Select the desired continuous line.	Reference 2.3.1 Selecting an	
(2)Select [Node Edit(K)] from [Edit(E)].	Object	
(3)Select the coordinate value that you want to edit.		
(4)Click on the Edit button.		
(5)Enter the X/Y coordinate values in the coordinate change dialogs.		
Node Edit		
(6)Click on the <u>uk</u> button to run the coordinate change.	To cancel the coordinate change, Click on the Cancel button.	

2.3.18 Convert (Import) Image

This section describes how to convert image data (bitmap: BMP file and JPEG: JPEG file), created from other drawing software or imported from a scanner, for use on a LT Image (I) screen.

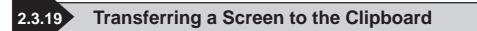
Reference For Image Conversion data, refer to **3.2** *Creating an Image: the Image Screen*.

Converting and Placing an Image

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the pull down [Edit] menu's [Convert Image] command.	Once an image has been converted, it can be placed on a screen using the Load Screen function.
(2)Set all conversion settings and click on the Convert button.	✓ Reference ▲ 2.2.10 Load Screen ✓ Reference ▲ For each setting item, 3.5 Creating Image Data - Image.
Colors 256 Size (bytes) 23074 Dimensions 153 x 141 Place Cancel Convert Help	Before conversion, the image dis- played in the Import Image dialog box is still compressed and may appear different from the actual dis- play (after conversion).
<text><text><image/></text></text>	To cancel the conversion, simply click on the Cancel button.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
<text></text>	
 (5) Click on the point where the Image screen is to be placed. The Image screen will appear on your screen. If a portion of an Image screen extends that portion will not be displayed on this placed over the Base screen laterally, the Base screen X axis border will be so cut) 	e LT screen. When the Image screen , however, any part that extends over
Example) When using LT Editor for Windows	When using the LT panel display
Drawing Areas	
Pasting images with other file for	rmats
The paste function can be used for imag Executing the [Paste] command from sc in the clipboard will display the "Paste I "Source" tab will not be displayed on th pasted with this procedure, convert the i files with other image processing softwa the screen editor.	reen editor while a copied image is mage" dialog box on the screen. The e screen.When images cannot be mages into bitmap files or JPEG

*1 The clipboard is a storage location where copied or cut data is temporarily stored. The data stored on the clipboard can be copied or moved by pasting it.



The current screen is transferred as an image to the clipboard^{*1}. The transferred screen can be utilized by pasting it to other drawing software. The screen types that can be transferred to the clipboard are the Base (B) screen, Mark (M) screen and Window (U) screen.

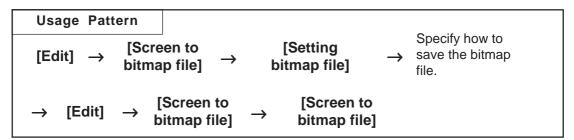
■ Transferring a Screen to the Clipboard

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Screen to clipboard] command from [Edit] menu. The current screen will be transferred to the clipboa	
(2) Paste the screen to other drawing software.	
Image File Edit Yiew Image Colors Help Image Image <td< td=""><td></td></td<>	

^{*1} An area where text, graphics, or both, that have been Cut or Copied, are temporarily stored. The contents of the Clipboard can be "pasted" (copied from the Clipboard) using the Paste function. However, once the Copy/Cut command is executed, the data stored in the Clipboard is replaced; therefore, only the data from the most recent Copy/Cut command can be Pasted.

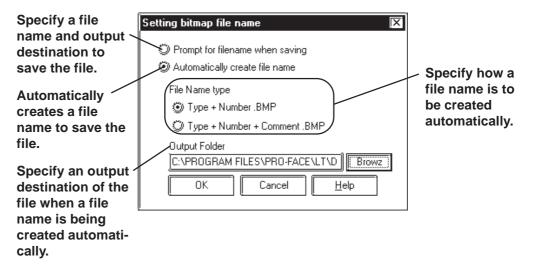
2.3.20 Converting a Screen to a Bitmap File

The current screen is converted into a bitmap file, and then saved. The screen types that can be converted are the Base (B) screen, Mark (M) screen, and Window (U) screen.



Designating a Bitmap's File Name

Before converting the screen to a bitmap file, specify how to save the bitmap file.



◆ Prompt for filename when saving

When the [Screen to bitmap file] command is executed, the Save As dialog box will appear, where you can specify the location and name of the file to be saved.

♦ Automatically create file name

When the [Screen to bitmap file] command is executed, a file name will be created automatically, and the file saved in a previously specified location.

Example: If the No. 1 screen of the Base (B) screen named "Menu" is converted into a bitmap file: Screen type + number.BMP —> B1.BMP Screen type + number + screen title.BMP —> B1 Menu.BMP

■ Converting a Screen into a Bitmap File

- Converting a Serven into a Ditinap F	
Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Setting bitmap file] option for the [Screen to bitmap file] command from the [Edit] menu.	
(2) Select a method for saving the bitmap file, and es- tablish it by clicking on the OK button.	
Setting bitmap file name Image: Setting bitmap file name Image: Original Property Provided HTML Setting to the setting of the setting to the setting of	
(3) Select the [Screen to bitmap file] option for the [Screen to bitmap file] command from the [Edit] menu. When a file name is created automatically, the bitmap file is saved now.	
(4) If [Prompt for filename when saving] was selected in step (2), specify a file name and output destination, and then click on the <u>Save</u> button.	
Save As Save jn: Image: Contract of the second	
Save as type: Bitmap file(*.bmp) Cancel	

2.3.21 Redraw Screen

This command updates the current drawing area display to reflect the latest drawing data. When the Auto Redraw feature is not used, filling and editing objects can cause after-images to remain on the screen. Use this function to remove these images and show the screen as it will appear on the actual LT display.

Redrawing a Screen

PROCEDURE	Remarks
Sometimes, when removing an object's filled color, only the fill point area's color will be removed, resulting in a small, non-colored square.	
Point where fill began Fill point is deleted	
(1)Select the [Edit] menu - [Redraw] command, or click	
on the 📝 icon.	
The screen will automatically be refreshed and all the	
fill color will be removed.	

2.3.22 Undo

With this function, an operation can be "undone" and the screen display returned to the previous condition. Every time the *spi* icon is clicked on, depending on memory, previous operations will be undone, in succession.



The Redraw Screen function cannot be undone.

■ Canceling an Action

PROCEDURE	Rемаккѕ
In this example, a circle has been accidentally deleted. (1)Select the [Edit] menu - [Undo] command, or click	To cancel the Undo operation,
on the 🛐 icon.	click on theicon.
The circle will reappear and the screen is displayed as it was prior to the deletion.	Reference 2.3.23 Redo
\bigcirc	

2.3.23 Redo

With this function, an operation previously undone with the Undo command can be "redone", if performed immediately after the Undo command is used.

Redoing the Previous Undo Command

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
In this example, the undone circle deletion will be re- done (i.e. deleted again).	
(1)Select the [Edit] menu - [Undo] command, or click on the icon. The circle will reappear.	
(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Redo] command, or click on theicon. The circle will disappear.	To cancel the Redo operation, click on the <i>reference</i> 2.3.22 Undo

2.4 Library Items

The objects you created can be registered. These registered objects are called "Libraries". You can call up and use the registered Libraries, whenever necessary. Like a pre-made Part Shape, the objects registered in these libraries can be viewed and selected using the Browser function. Multiple objects can be combined and registered, and Marks created on Mark screens can also be registered.

Reference 3.1 Creating a Mark - the Mark Screen

These items are stored in a Library file (CPW file), separate from Project (LTE) files . When library data is a Mark, it will be saved in a Mark Library (MRK) file. Moving from one Library file to the other allows objects to be called up that were previously used in a variety of screens and Project files.

To call up an item from a Library, or save an item to a Library, either select one of the tool bar's icons icons icons icons the pull down menu's [Library] commands.



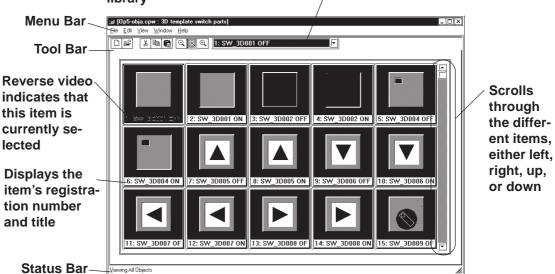
With both Base and Mark screens open, when the Base screen where the Library Browser is remained open is changed to the Mark screen, the Mark Library Browser cannot be open on the Mark screen. When changing the screen, first close the Library Browser and change the screen, and then open the Library Browser on the newly opened screen.

Objects called up via the [Load Screen] or [Load Mark] or [Window Parts (W)] command, as well as D-script cannot be registered.

Library Browser

When either **m** or **m** icon is clicked on, the Library Browser will appear.

Displays the currently selected item's registration number and title; clicking on the triangle brings up a list of the items in the current library



Editing Library Items

Three Library Item editing functions are available.



Cuts a Library item (which is then moved to the Clipboard); the Library item can then be moved to another screen using the [Paste] function.

Ð

Copies the selected Library item to the Clipboard.

Pastes the Library item Cut or Copied, and temporarily stored in the Clipboard, to another screen. The Library item can also be Pasted to another Library file.

You can remove a Library item using the Delete function. To do so, select the [Delete] command from the Library dialog box's pull down [Edit] menu.

Reference 2.4.3 Editing Library Items

■ Changing the Library's Display

The Library's image display size and type can be changed. Also, you can change from one Library file to another.

Library Size

When either the \bigcirc , \bigcirc , or \bigcirc icon is clicked on, or the pull down [View] menu's either [Normal], [Adjust to Fit], or [Full Screen] command is selected, and the Library display size can be changed. When Normal is selected, each Library size will be displayed relatively, allowing you to check the relationship between Libraries for their size. When the Adjust to Fit function is selected, the Library item will be enlarged until it fits inside the Library window's borders. When Full Screen is selected, the Library item will be displayed in its actual (LT) screen size.

Library Type

When the pull down [View] menu's [All Objects], [Part Objects], or [Graphic Objects] is selected, the Library type(s) shown on the Browser can be selected.

[All Objects]	Displays all the Library items in the selected Library file.
[Part Objects]	Displays only those items that are Parts in the selected Library file.
[Graphic Objects]	Displays only those items which are not Parts in the selected Library file.

Switching Library Files

♦ Creating a New Library File

When the D icon is clicked on, or the pull down [File] menu's [New] command is selected, the Dialog box shown below will appear. When a Description is input and the UK button is clicked on, a new Library file will appear.

New	X
Description :	OK
	Cancel
	<u>H</u> elp

♦ Selecting (Calling Up) another Library File

When the icon is clicked on, or the pull down [File] menu's [Select File] command is selected, the Library file list will appear. By selecting (dragging) the desired Library file from this list, other Library files can be called up.



Note: Library files for GP-PRO/PBIII for Windows (Digital Electronics Corporation) (CPW file) cannot be used.

Shows the currently displayed file's folder	Select - Look jr: cpw imit [imit] [imit] [imit] [imit] Imit [imit] [imit] [imit] [imit] [imit] [imit] [imit] Imit] Op5-objic.cpw Imit] Op5-objic.cpw	
Lists all the files in the currently selected folder	Ma Op5-obje.cpw	
	File name:	<u>Dpen</u> Cancel
	e currently selected ption data (if any) Currently selected file's format (type)	Currently selected file's name (If desired, can be entered)

■ Modifying Library File Names (Titles)

Library filenames can also be changed. Simply select a library from the file list, then select [Property] from the [Edit] menu, and the Property screen will appear. Type in the filename (title) that you wish to use and click on OK.

roperty	
Description :	OK
3state SW word	Cancel

Displaying the Browser at the Top of the Normal Screen

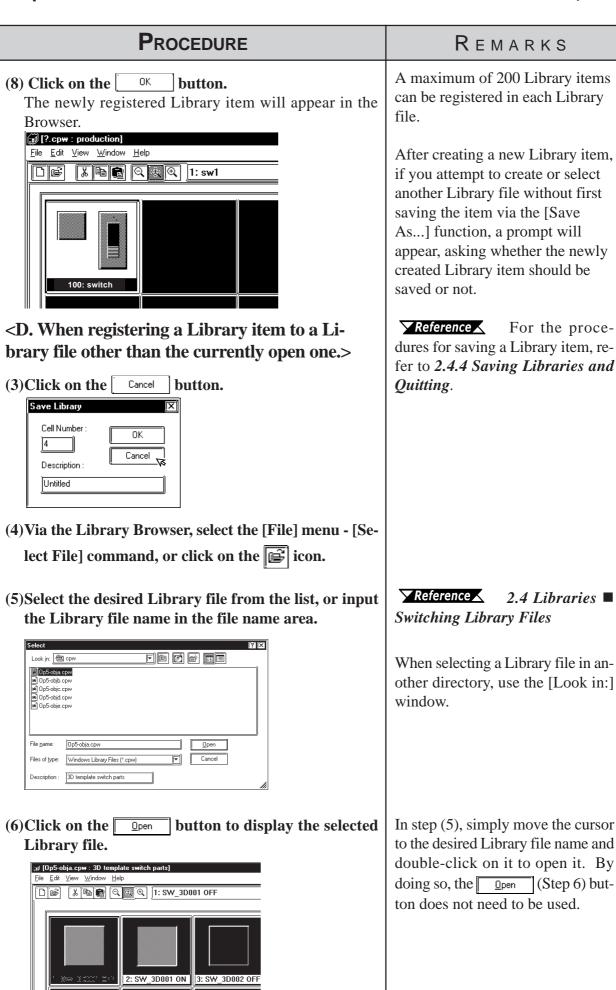
If the [Always on Top] option is selected from the [Window] menu, whenever the Library Browser is called up, it will be placed at the top of the current window. If this option is not selected, selecting another screen will place that screen over the Library screen, hiding it from view.

2.4.1 Registering Library Items

Here, the procedure for registering a Library is explained.

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select objects to be registered as Library items.	▼Reference 2.3.1 ■ Selecting Objects; Registering Library Items
(2)Select the [Library] menu - [Register Library] com-	If the Library Browser is already
mand, or click on the 💓 icon.	showing, click on either 🖺 or
<a. a="" item="" library="" new="" registering="" to<br="" when="">the currently open Library file:> (3)Enter the Library's registration number and descrip-</a.>	icon in the screen editor drawing area, and the right icon in the Library Browser, which will perform the function of step (2).
tion. In the Cell Number area, the smallest of the currently open Library file's unused numbers will be automatically displayed. To change it, simply enter the desired number. Save Library Cell Number: OK Description: Switch	 The following procedures will differ depending on the Library file registered. When registering a new Library item to the currently open Library file: When no Library file is displayed: When registering a Library item to a new Library file: When registering a Library item to a Library file other than the
(4)Click on the uk button to register the number.	currently open one:
The registered Library will then be displayed in the Browser.	Up to 200 Library items can be registered in one file.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
<b. displayed:="" file="" is="" library="" no="" when=""> (3) The "New" dialog box will appear. New Description: OK Cancel Help</b.>	Enter the file name when the Library file is saved. ▼Reference 2.4.4 Saving Li- braries and Quitting ■ Saving a Library File Under Another Name
 When registering a Library item to a new Library file. <<i>C.</i> When registering a Library to a new Library file>'s step (5) When registering a Library item to an existing Library file: Click on the Cancel button. <<i>D.</i> When registering a Library item to a Library file other than the currently open one>'s step (4) 	A comment of up to 60 characters can be entered.
C. When registering a Library item to a new Library file:> (3) Click on the Cancel button.	
(4) Via the Library Browser, select the [File] menu - [New] command, or click on the [b] icon.	
(5)Enter a comment and click on the OK button.	 Enter a description up to 60 characters. Enter the file name when the Library file is saved. ✓ Reference 2.4.4 Saving Libraries and Quitting ■ Saving a Library File Under Another Name
(6)Via the Screen Editor, select the [Library] menu - [Register Library] command, or click on the 💓 icon.	
(7)Enter a Cell Number and Description.	



PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(7)Via the Screen Editor, select the [Library] menu - [Register Library] command, or click on the micon on the Draw Tool Bar.	
(8)Input a Cell Number and Description. In the Cell Number area, the smallest of the currently open Library file's unused numbers will be automatically displayed. To change it, enter the desired number.	
Save Library Image: Cell Number : Image: Cell Number : 100 Image: Cell Number : Image: Cell Number : Description : Image: Cell Number : Image: Switch Image: Switch	
(9)Click on the OK button to register the item. The registered Library item will appear in the Browser.	Up to 200 libraries can be regis- tered in one file.
Intervention <	

■ Using the Cut, Copy, and Paste Functions

Library items can be Cut, Copied and Pasted from the screen drawing area to Browser. First, select the desired Library item in the drawing area, and then either Cut or Copy it; then, Paste it to the current Library Browser.



Here, items registered in a Library file are placed on a drawing area.

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Via the Screen Editor, select the [Library] menu - [Call Up Library] command, or click on the micon on the Draw Tool Bar.	
(2)Select a Library Item to be read out from the Browser.	Library items Cut, Copied, or Pasted between the screen and the Browser. Simply select the desired Library item and perform the com- mand. When calling up an item from a file different than the currently dis- played file, click on the 😰 icon to bring up a file list.
(3)Drag the Library item to the desired position in the drawing area. The Library item can be placed on any open screens, and will be displayed in the drawing area. If desired use the sizing handles to alter the item's size. Image: Desire the desired to the desired position in the drawing area.	 Reference 2.4 Libraries Switching Library files The Library item's top left corner is the placement point. To cancel the placement, click on the screen editor's icon. Reference To change a Library item's size, refer to 2.3.3 Scaling Up/Down.
ats Special Library Window Help The STREET Without Help The Control of State The Control of State The Control of Control of Control Of State The Control of Cont	Items called up are automatically grouped. They can be freely edited after ungrouping them by clicking on the icon.

When a Library that contains Parts is called up, the Confirm Device Address screen will appear. After entering each Part's address, click on the OK button. To cancel these settings, click on the Cancel button.

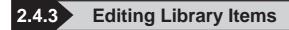
Reference 2.3.15 Changing Attributes Address Confirmation

When the Library placed on the screen is double-clicked on, the Confirm Device Address dialog box shown below will appear, allowing you to change the Part's previously entered addresses.

C	onfirm Devic	e Address				X
I	Bit Address					,
	Address	Function	Parts Name	Part ID	Description	1
	×00010	Bit Set (C)	Bit Switch	BS_012		
	×00042	Bit Set (C)	Bit Switch	BS_013		
	🔲 Address	Range Conversion				
		OK	Cancel	<u>H</u> elp		

■ Using the Cut, Copy, and Paste Functions

Library items can be Cut, Copied, and Pasted from the screen drawing area to the Browser. First, select the desired Library item in the drawing area and Cut or Copy it; then, Paste it to the Library Browser.



Library Items can be Edited, Deleted, Copied, Cut, or Pasted.

Editing a Library Item

Here, a registered Library item is edited.

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select and double-click the Library item to be edited from the Browser.	In order to call up a Library item from a Library file which is differ- ent from the currently displayed file, click on the 😰 icon.
e 17: Volume SW se 18: Volume SW cir	■ Switching Library Files
ti 50: Numeric Input I	When double-clicking on a Library item's title, the title editing screen will appear. (Prop- erty Screen)
(2)Edit that Library item.	Property X Description : OK
→ -	
(3)Via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Save]	<i>Important</i> Once an item is edited, it
command, or click on the 🔲 icon on the Main Tool	cannot be Undone.
Bar.	
रे] 100: switch	
e 47: Volume SW se 48: Volume SW cir 150: Numeric Input I	

Deleting a Library Item

Here, a registered Library item is deleted.

Procedure	REMARKS
(1)Select the Library item to be deleted from the Browser.	In order to call up a Library item from a Library file which is differ- ent from the currently displayed file, click on the silon icon. Reference 2.4 Libraries Switching Library Files
 (2)Select the [Delete] command from the Library Browser's [Edit] menu. A dialog box appears to confirm your command. Delete (? Are you sure you want to delete ? OK Cancel (3)Click on the OK button, and the Library item will be deleted. 	<i>Important</i> Once an item is deleted, it cannot be Undone.
Interview Interview <td></td>	

Cutting a Library Item (from a Library File) and Pasting

Here, a registered Library item is Cut and Pasted.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select a Library item to be cut (out) from the Browser.	In order to call up a Library item from a Library file different than the currently displayed Library file, click on the i con. Reference 2.4 Libraries Switching Library Files
(3)Open a desired Library file and, via the Library Browser, select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the right icon.	To register the Library item to a new Library file, click on the Dicon.
The following steps are the same as those used for a Library Item registration. (4)Input the Item's Cell Number and Description. In the Register Number area, the smallest number in the currently open Library file's empty numbers will be automatically displayed. To change it, input the desired number. Save Library Cell Number: OK Description: Cancel will	To register the Library item to a Library file different from the currently displayed one, click on the start icon.

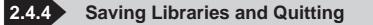
PROCEDURE	Remarks
(5) Click on the OK button to register the Library Item. The registered Library will be displayed on the Browser.	

Copying a Library Item

Here, a previously registered Library item will be copied.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Open the desired Library Item's Library file and se- lect the Library item from the Browser.	In order to call up a Library item from a Library file different than the currently displayed Library file, click on the 😰 icon.
(2)Via the Library Browser, select the [Edit] menu - [Copy] command, or click on the Discrete for the select t	Reference 2.4 Libraries Switching Library Files
The Library item will be copied to the Clipboard. (3)Open the destination Library file and select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the Library Browser's icon.	To register the Library item to a new Library file, click on the D icon. To register the Library item to a Li- brary file different than the current one, click on the i icon to call up a list of Library files. Reference 2.4 Libraries Switching Library Files

Procedure	Remarks
Hereafter, steps are the same as Library Item Registra- tion.	
(4)Input the Item's Cell Number and Description. In the Register Number area, the smallest of the currently open Library file's unused numbers will be automatically displayed. To change it, enter the desired number.	
Save Library Image: Cell Number : OK 1 Image: Cancel Description : Image: Sw1	
(5) Click on the button to register the Item. The registered Item will appear in the Browser.	
File Edit View Window Help B K K K 1: sw1	
100: switch	



When a Library file's contents are changed, the changed data will automatically overwrite the old data and be saved. However, if the Library file has been newly created, when you attempt to create or select another Library file, a prompt will appear asking if whether the new file is to be saved or not. When Yes is clicked on, the [Save As...] Dialog box will appear.

Saving a Library File Under Another Name

Here, the Library File will be saved under a different name.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
l)Select the [Save As] command from the Library Browser's [File] menu.	
2)The currently selected Library file name and its com- ment data, if any, will appear. Input a new file name and change the desired settings.	The file name can be input within 255 characters, including a path and extension.
Save As Y X Save jr; Cpw Dp5-objb.cpw Image: Image: Image: Production cpw Dp5-objc.cpw Image: Image: Production cpw File name: Production cpw Save as type: Windows Library Files (*.cpw) Description: Production Process Library Parts	
Click on the save button to save the Library. When a project with the same name already exists, a prompt asking whether the new name should overwrite the old name will appear; to do so, click on the source button. When you do not want to overwrite, click on the	
No button. Save As Image: Save As C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\cpw\Production.cpw already exists. Do you want to replace it? Yes	

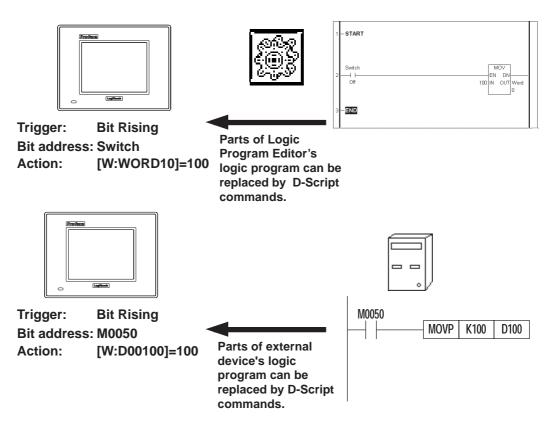
Quitting the Library Browser

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Select the pull down menu [File]'s [Exit] command. If a newly created Library file has not been saved yet, a prompt asking whether the new Library file should be saved, will appear. When the Yes button is clicked, the "Save As" dialog box will appear, and when the No button is clicked, the Library file will not be saved and the Library Browser will quit. Then, a Li- brary file creation or selection screen will appear.	Clicking on the Library Browser's top right mark 🔀 can also be used to quit.

2.5 D-Script/Global D-Script

The LT Editor provides a special feature that enables you to create a program to execute functions, in addition to Parts. This feature is given by D-Scripts/Global D-Scripts. The display load on the Device/PLC can be reduced significantly by creating and registering a program with D-Scripts/ Global D-Scripts. D-Scripts are used on each screen and serve as programs that are only effective on that screen. Global D-Scripts serve as programs that are effective on all the screens.

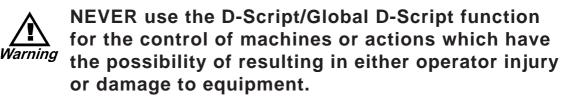
Using D-Script, you can program (describe) separately the trigger used and the action it performs. Then, when the trigger conditions are satisfied, the script is performed. The procedures for writing a program with Global D-Scripts are the same as those for writing a program with D-Scripts.



Overview

- To use D-Script for all of a project's screens, regardless of the current screen, select Global D-Script. To use the D-Script only for the currently displayed screen, select D-Script while creating that screen.
- D-Script allows you to perform Bin/BCD display format changes, text data changes, or other functions, all previously performed by the Device/PLC, via the LT.
- Since D-Script is a language program, debugging can be performed easily.
- D-Script can be programmed as a trigger to sense the leading or falling edge of a bit, to activate a timer, or to detect true or false of a given condition.

- There are three elements in a D-Script, Operators, Statements, and Operands, which can be used to program conditions in the Device/PLC.
- There are four types of commands: Drawing, Mathematical calculations, Boolean operations, and Bit operations.
- Syntax check is available during program creation.
- Syntax auxiliary function provides a pop-up keyboard for address settings to enhance programming efficiency.
- Programming commands can be entered via icons.





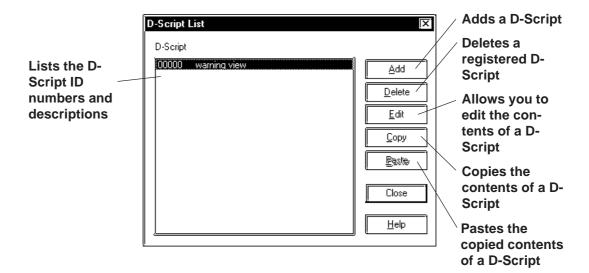
D-script and Global D-script cannot be registered as Libraries. To select [Global D-Script], open any Base screen in advance.

2.5.1 D-Script Settings

D-Script can be added, edited and deleted on the D-Script list. D-Script is programmed with the D-Script Editor. For details of the D-Script's commands, please refer to 2.5.2.D-Script Commands

Usage Pattern					
[Special] →	[D-Script] or [Global D-Script]	\rightarrow	Add, Modify, or Delete	\rightarrow	Close or the ESC key

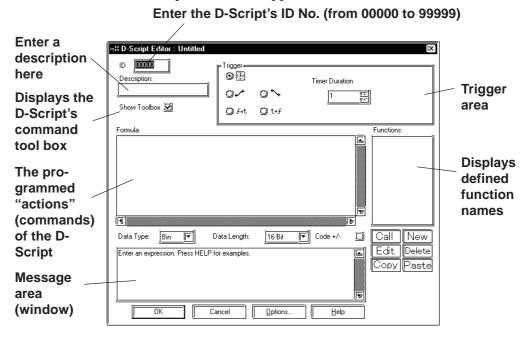
An example of the D-Script dialog box (the initial screen) is shown below.



LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

Registering D-Script Editor

Here, additional D-Scripts can be registered. When the Add button is clicked on, the D-Script Editor will appear.



♦ ID

Each D-Script program is uniquely identified by an ID number. Enter an ID number in the range of 00000 to 99999.

Description

Up to 20 Single-byte or 10 Double-byte characters can be entered here as a description about the D-Script you are to create.

Show Toolbox

When checked, the tool box appears that contains the Operators, Statements, and Operands used to create the D-Script program.

Data Type

Designates the D-Script data format as either Bin or BCD.

Data Length

Designates the D-Script data bit length as either 16 bits or 32 bits.

◆ Code +/-

Please refer to the following table when entering negative numeric data.

Data Format	Constant Entry		
	Min. Value	Max. Value	
Bin16	0	65535	
Bin32	0	4294967295	
Bin16+/-	-32768	32767	
Bin32+/-	-2147483648	2147483647	
BCD16	0	9999	
BCD32	0	99999999	



When a D-Script's command follows another D-Script's command, enter a space between these commands.

For example, if the "not" command follows the "and" command, spacing is needed between the commands.

"andnot" : Incorrect (The operation will not be performed and an error message will display on the software screen.)

"and not": Correct

■ Trigger

These selections designate the type of trigger used to activate your program. The possible options are "Timer", "Bit Rising", "Bit Falling", "Expression becomes Non-Zero", and "Expression becomes Zero."

Timer Settings

When the designated time elapses, the statements described in the Action area of your program are performed. The timer duration can be set from 1 to 32767 seconds. The timer restarts its counting when the designated time elapses.

-Ingger= ©⊞			Timer Duration
0.~	¢∿	⊘≫	
₿£+t	Üt→f		, <u> </u>

• Bit Rising

When the LT detects the designated bit change from 0 to 1, the statements described in the Action area are performed.

Bit Falling

When the LT detects the falling edge of the designated bit, the statements described in the Action area are performed.

◆ Bit Dual Operation Trigger

When the LT detects the rising or the falling edge of the designated bit, the statements described in the Action area are performed.

-Trigger O 🕀		Edge Bit Address
0,~	o∽o×	
Ø f+t	Ö t+f	

• $f \rightarrow t$ (Expression becomes Non-Zero)

When the LT detects true of a given condition in a triggering program, the statements described in the Action area are performed only one time at the detection.

• $t \rightarrow f$ (Expression becomes Zero)

When the LT detects false of a given condition in a triggering program, the statements described in the Action area are performed only one time at the detection.

r Trigger= O⊞		Simple Edge Expression	U U
0./	o∿o×		<u>i</u>
© f→t	Üt→f		₽

- The bit designated for the "Bit Rising / Falling" option must be held ON or OFF for longer than the Part scanning time (stored in LS2036).
- Printing or drawing operation may cause a timer delay.
- The Timer feature, when a screen change is performed, will reset to "0" (with D-Script). When using Global D-Script, the timer continues the current counting.
- The timer may produce "designated time" or "Part scanning time" errors.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual, 1.1.4/4.1.3 Special Relay

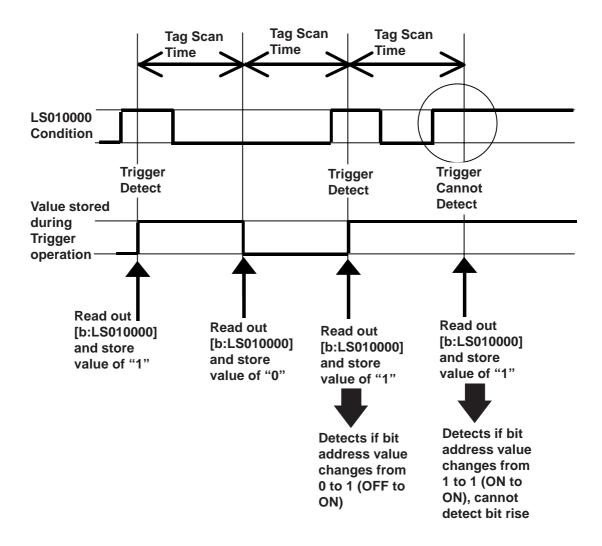
- Writing on the external device must be performed at an interval longer than a cycle time. If writing on the external device is frequently performed using a part scan counter of the special relay inside the LT as a trigger, communication errors may occur.
- The expressions specified in "f → t (Expression becomes Non-Zero)" or "t → f (Expression becomes Zero) must be held for longer than the Tag scanning time (stored in LS2036).



- When the bit used for the D-Script Trigger Condition is set for "touch" and that bit turns OFF during D-Script processing, the timing used when pressing the touch area repeatedly can prevent the detection of the bit's rise.
- The D-Script trigger will compare the previously read out value to the currently read out value to determine if the trigger is now "True". However, during a single scan, the value that is stored in the bit address used during the Trigger operation is kept the same, even if the value is changed during execution. The new value is read out only after the next scan begins.

Ex. When Touch is used to turn trigger bit (LS010000) ON, and D-Script turns the value OFF:

Trigger: Leading Edge of Bit ([b:LS010000]) Execute: clear ([b:LS010000])



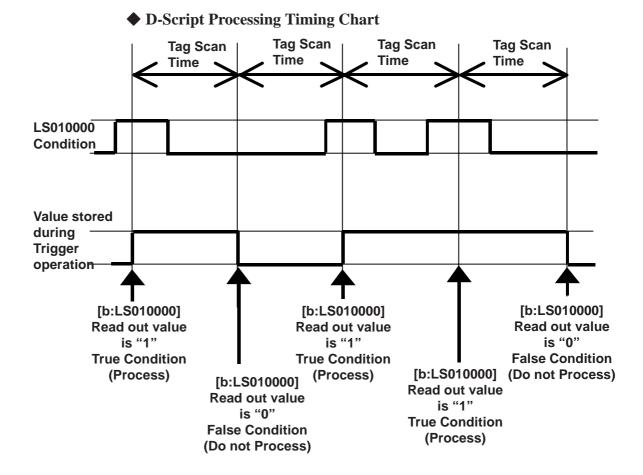
D-Script Processing Timing Chart

As an example, if the D-Script touch timing is not used, and only detection is performed, the processing will be as follows. Using an if() statement to detect a trigger

The if statement is used to detect when the bit is set using a touch. Prior to performing the processing, the value is read out and compared.

> Trigger: Bit rising ([b:LS203800]) Execute: if([b:LS010000]==1). { clear(b:LS010000]) :

When this type of D-Script is created, even if touch input is done repeatedly, the tag scan is performed as shown in the following timing chart. Here, each tag scan value is read out, the condition is compared and, regardless of the previous value, if it agrees with the condition, the processing is performed.



Functions

A D-Script program can be created using Functions. A program created as a Function can be used on the same screen or on other screens. The Functions can be used commonly for D-Script and Global D-Script.

Functions:

<u> </u>	
Call	New
Edit	Delete
Copy	Paste

♦ Call

Select a Function name to be loaded and then click on this button. After clicking on the Load button, the called-up Function name will be displayed in the formula area.

◆ Edit

Select a Function name to be edited and then click on this button. Use the D-Script Function dialog box to perform editing.

♦ Delete

Click on this button to delete a created Function. First, select a Function name to be deleted and then click on the Delete button.

Copy

Any selected function can be copied.

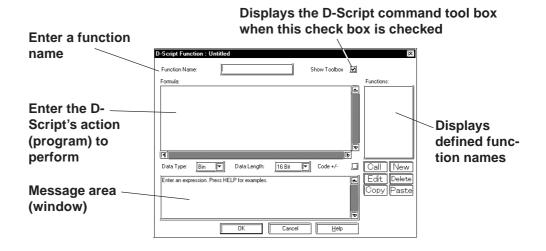
Paste

Use this command to paste a copied function.Click on this button and the following dialog box will appear. Then, enter the name for the function to be pasted.

Duplicate D-Script Function Name	X		
Please enter a new function name:			
function1			
OK Cancel			

Definition of Functions

When the Hew icon is clicked on in the D-Scrip Editor, the D-Script function setting screen will appear.



Function Name

Enter the name of your Function here. Once a Function is created, that Function name is displayed in the Function area. Up to 20 characters can be used for a Function name. (Alphabet characters, numbers, and "_")



The following function names are reserved. DO NOT use these names.

"rise", "fall", "rise_expr", "timer", "set", "clear", "toggle", "if", "else", "endif", "b_call", "Bcall", "dsp_rectangle", "dsp_line", "dsp_dot", "dsp_circle", "dsp_arc", "Call", "and", "or", "not" "memcpy", "memset", "loop", "break", "IO_READ", "IO_WRITE", "_memcpy_EX", "_memset_EX", "IO_READ_EX", "IO_WRITE_EX", "IO_READ_WAIT", "databuf0", "databuf1", "databuf2", "databuf3", "_strset", "_dlcopy", "_hexasc2bin", "_decasc2bin", "_bin2hexasc", "_strlen", "_strcat", "_strmid", "_wait", "return"

Deleting D-Script Settings

Here, existing D-Script settings can be deleted. After selecting the D-Script settings to be deleted from the listing, and clicking on the $\boxed{\text{Delete}}$ button, the Confirm Script Delete dialog box will appear. When the $\boxed{\text{Yes}}$ button is clicked on, the D-Script settings will be deleted. When the $\boxed{\text{No}}$ button is clicked on, the deletion command will be canceled.

Confirm Script Delete 😿			
?	Doyou want to delete this script? id: 00000 desc: warning view		
	Yes <u>N</u> o		

Editing D-Script Settings

Here, registered D-Script settings are changed. After selecting the D-Script settings to be changed from the D-Script list and clicking on the \boxed{Modify} button, an additional registration screen will appear. Click on the \boxed{OK} button to change the D-Script settings. To cancel the Change command, click on the \boxed{Cancel} button.



- It is not possible to use the Project Manager [Utility]'s [Convert Address] area to modify addresses used in a D-Script. Any D-Script program that requires address conversion will need to be edited manually.
- If the [Save As...] function has been used to change a project file's Device/PLC, the D-Script program will not be able to automatically change those addresses.
- Be sure to not use D-Script to perform any life-threatening, or possibly damaging actions!

D-Script Settings: Copy and Paste

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the pull down [Special] menu's [D-Script] com- mand.	
(2) Click on the Copy button. D-Script D-Script D-Script Copy Paste Close Help	
(3)When the <u>Paste</u> button is clicked on, the D-Script copied in step (2) will be added. The D-Script's ID number will automatically be assigned to the small- est number currently available.	This D-Script can also be copied to another screen.
D-Script 00001 Pump ON 00002 Pump ON Edit Edit Copy Easte Close Help	

2.5.2 D-Script Commands

You can enter D-Script commands, Statements and constants using D-Script tool box.

D-Script Tool Box

The D-Script tool box contains icons for D-Script commands and Statements and constant input icons.

When the tool box check box is checked, the following tool box will appear.

D-Script ToolBox]
Data Set	F
Bit Address Constant Temp. Address Word Address	
	Entry
Statements	Operators + - % * / =
Compare and or not < <= <> > >= ==	<<>>&

D-Script Toolbox

Statements



if() if-endif

When a condition enclosed with brackets "()" becomes true, the process following the "if ()" statement is executed. The Assign "=" character cannot be used in a conditional expression.

if()else if-else-endif

When a condition enclosed with brackets "()"becomes true, the process following the if "()"statement is executed. When the condition is false, the statement after "else" is executed. The Assign "=" cannot be used in a conditional expression.



For details about the execution path, refer to **3.1.8 Conditional Branches**.

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

=Statements =			
if()	i£() else		
P	þreak		

loop() loop-endloop

Loop (repetitive) processing is repeated according to the number stored in the temporary Addresses designated in the brackets "()".



The loop() format is as follows:

E.g. loop (number of loops)<=Designates the temporary Address where the loop repetition number is designated.

{

Mode equation

break <= Stated when escaping from the loop halfway (can be omitted)

} endloop <= Stated at the end of the loop

• Only a temporary Word Address can be entered (in the paren theses).

(e.g.: loop ([t:000]))

- "loop()" cannot be used for a trigger equation.
- The temporary Word Address value used to designate the "infinite loop" will decrease every time loop operation is performed. When the value changes to 0, the loop's operation is finished. If the temporary Word Address value designated for the "infinite loop" is modified, the loop will become end less. Also, the temporary Word Address used is designated as Global. Therefore, simultaneously using this temporary Word Address for another item means the loop's operation may be performed forever.
- Until loop operation finishes, screen displays of tags, etc. will not be updated/refreshed.
- loop() can also be nested. When it is nested, the inner-most loop() will be skipped via the "break" command.

2

loop ([t:0000])//loop 1
{ loop ([t:0001])//loop 2 {
break// Escape from loop } endloop
} endloop
\rightarrow

• If loop operation is finished without using the escape com mand, the temporary Word Address value becomes 0.



The range available for the temporary Word Address value will differ depending on the data format (Bin, BCD), bit length, and code +/- used. If code +/- has been designated and the temporary Word Address becomes a negative value, the condition is judged at the beginning of the loop and the loop processing stops.

• DO NOT use a PLC device in the loop formula. Instead, use an address from the LT's internal LS area's user area device, or a temporary Word Address. For example, the following de scription preforms data write to the PLC many times in a short period (100 times in the following example). This can cause a system error since communication processing (the time required to write to the PLC) cannot be performed at this speed. (The addresses entered below are just a few ex amples. The actual address entry varies depending on your PLC type.)

E.g.

```
[t:0000] = 100 //Loop100 times
loop ([t:0000])
{
        [w:D0200] = [w:LS0100] //Write data to D0200
        [w:LS0100] = [w:LS0100] + 1 //Increment LS0100
} endloop
```

Change as follows:

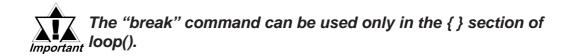
[t:0000] = 100 loop ([t:0000])	//Loop100 times
{	
[w:LS200] = [w:LS0100]	//Writes data to D0200
[w:LS0100] = [w:LS0100] + 1	//Increment LS0100
} endloop	
[w:D0200] = [w:LS0200]	//Writes LS0200 data to D0200

• Using "loop" or "break" a variable name for a D-Script vari able will cause an error.

-Statements =			
if()	if() else		
loop	break		

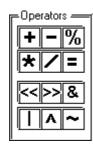
break

Halts loop operation while the loop() equation is being executed.



Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

• Math (Operators)



+ (Addition)

Adds the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. Any overflowing digits resulting from the operation are rounded.

- (Subtraction)

Performs subtraction on the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. Any overflowing digits resulting from the operation are rounded.

% (Remainder)

Detects a remainder of a division performed on the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The operation result may depend on the sign of the left and right sides.

* (Multiplication)

Multiplies the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. Any overflowing digits resulting from the operation are rounded.

/ (Division)

Performs division on the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. Decimal places and overflowing digits resulting from the operation are rounded.

= (Assign)

Assigns the right side value in the left side. The left side can state a device address only, while the right side can describe both a device address and a constant. Any overflowing digits resulting from the operation are rounded.

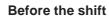
<< (Shift Left)

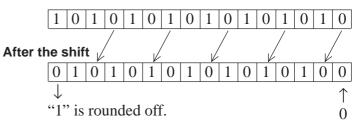
Shifts the data on the left side to the left by the number on the right side. This feature supports logical shifts only.

>> (Shift Right)

Shifts the data on the left side to the right by the number on the right side. This feature supports logical shifts only.

Example: Shift Left operation (Shifts to the left by one bit.)





Bit-wise AND (&)

Performs logical AND of data between word devices, or between word device data and constant. Used to extract a specific bit or to mask a specific string of bits.

Bit-wise OR (|)

Performs logical OR of data between word devices, or between word device data and constant. Used to turn ON a specific bit.

Bit-wise XOR (^)

Performs exclusive OR of data between word devices, or between word device data and constant.

1's complement (~)

Inverts the bits.



For details about overflowing digits, and errors and rounded decimal places resulting from a remainder operation:

Reference 3.1.5 Notes on Operation Results

Priority and Associativity

The following table shows the trigger priorities. If two or more operators have the same priority, follow the direction shown by the associativity.

Priority	Operators	Associativity
High	()	→ →
	not, ~	←
	*, /, %	→ ·
	+, -	→ →
	<<, >>	→
	<, <=, >, >=	→ →
	==, <>	→ →
	&, ^,	→ →
	and, or	→
Low	=	←

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

Comparisons

Compare			
and	lor	not	
<]<=	<>	
\geq	>=	==	

and (AND: Conjunction)

ANDs the right and left sides. Value 0 (zero) is regarded as OFF, and other values, as ON. "N1 and N2" is true if both N1 and N2 are ON, and false if otherwise.

or (OR: Disjunction)

ORs the right and left sides. Value 0 (zero) is regarded as OFF, and other values, as ON. "N1 or N2" is true if either N1 or N2 is ON, and false if otherwise.

not (NOT: Negation)

NOTs the right side. Value 0 (zero) is regarded as 1, and other values, as 0. "not N1" is 0 if N1 is 1, and 1 if N1 is 0.

< (Smaller than)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is smaller than N2 (N1 < N2).

<= (Equal to or smaller than)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is equal to or smaller than N2 (N1 \leq N2).

<> (≠) (Not equal)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is not equal to N2 (N1 <> (\neq) N2).

> (Greater than)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is greater than N2 (N1 > N2).

>= (Equal to or greater than)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is equal to or greater than N2 (N1>=N2).

== (Equal)

Compares the data in two word addresses, or the data in a word address and a constant. The result is true if N1 is equal to N2 (N1=N2).

2.5 D-Script/Global D-Script

Command Example		Example
Conjunction	and	if [(Arithmetic expression) and (Arithmetic expression)]
Disjunction	or	if [(Arithmetic expression) or (Arithmetic expression)]
Negation	not	if [not (Arithmetic expression)]
Smaller than	<	<term1><<term2></term2></term1>
Equal to or smaller than	<=	<term1><=<term2></term2></term1>
Not equal	< >	<term1><><term2></term2></term1>
Greater than	>	<term1>><term2></term2></term1>
Equal to or greater than	>=	<term1>>=<term2></term2></term1>
Equal	==	<term1>==<term2></term2></term1>

 \mathcal{S}

べべ ***Note:** For details about logical operations:

 \bigtriangledown Reference \checkmark 3.1.6 Logical Operation Examples

Constant/Address

D-Script ToolBox		Ten
Functions		I
Data Set		t
Bit Address	i	8
Constant Temp. Address		8
Word Address		-
		1
		Bit
]
	Entry	Wo
]
Statements -	Operators	Co
if() if() else	+-%	
lloop break		
Compare	<<>>&	
and or not		
>>===		
T. : J 4:6 J	- 4 ¹ - 4 1	4 .].4 .
to identify da	ata via the inpu	t data
Eσ		

p. Address

ere, a LT internal Address is specified at can be used with the program. There e 90 words (from 0000 to 0089) availole for Temporary Work Address. The emporary Work Address's initial value is ot fixed.

Address

nter a bit address.

d Address

nter a word address.

stant

elect a constant.

Note: format:

E.g.	
Decimal:	A numeric value without leading zeros $\rightarrow 100$
Hexadecimal:	A numeric value preceding by $0x \rightarrow 0x100$
Octal:	A numeric value preceding by a zero $\rightarrow 0100$

• Calculation examples in hexadecimal and BCD formats

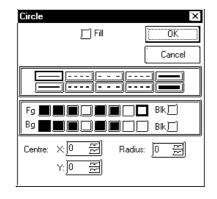
Hexadecimal format only 0x270F & 0xFF00 BCD and hexadecimal formats 9999 & 0xFF00

The result is 0x2700

The result is 0x9900

Draw

D-Script ToolBox	
Draw	
Call Screen Circle	
Dot Line	
Rectangle	
<u></u>	
	Entry
Estatements —	- Operators -
if() if()	+-%



Load Screen			×
Screen No.	1	दिन	
Position X	320	1	
Position Y	200	Ē	
	Cancel		Help

Square/Re	ectangle	×
	Ľ.	OK
ŏŏ	Comen 8 😤	Cancel
<u>.</u>		
Fg		
Bg 📕		
	■ ■ ■ 第 ×2: 0 第 ¥2: 0	

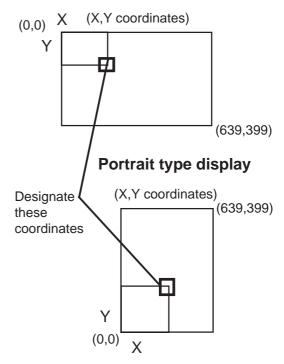
Circle

Draws a circle at the designated point. When the Pattern check box is checked, a filled circle will be drawn.

Select and enter the line type (or fill pattern when selecting a pattern), color attributes, center coordinates, and radius value.

Scrn (Load Screen)

This function is used to call up a previously registered Library Item. The designated screen (Base screen) will be called up at the designated X,Y coordinates.



Landscape type display

Square/Rectangle

Draws a square at the designated position. When the Pattern check box is checked, a filled square will be drawn. When selecting a beveled square, a beveling dot can be entered. Select and enter the line type (or fill pattern when selecting a pattern), color attributes, and start and end coordinates.

2.5 D-Script/Global D-Script

Polyline 🔀
ОК
Cancel
X1: 问题 X2: 问题
Y1: 0 뿐 Y2: 0 뿐

Dot type 1Dot 2Dots		Cancel
0 3Dots 0 5Dots	×问题	 Y:回 爵
Fg F g		

Memory Control <Offset Address>

D-Script ToolBox
Functions
Memory Ops.
Memory Copy
Memory Set Offset Address
Entry
Statements P Poperators
and or not
> >= ==

Polyline

Draws a line at the designated position. Designate the line's type, color attributes, and start and end coordinates.

Dot

Draws a dot at the designated point. Designate a dot type, its X,Y coordinates, and its display color. 2, 3, and 5 dot groups cannot be selected.

Offset Addresses

Offset Addresses can be designated. Only temporary Word Addresses can be designated for offset value storage Addresses.

The offset Address format is as follows: (Word Address # Offset Value Storage Address)

Format:

[Word Address] # [Offset Value Storage Address]

<Constant Data Entry Ranges>

Data Format	Constant Entry	
Data i Ormat	Min. Value	Max. Value
Bin16	0	65535
Bin32	0	4294967295
Bin16+/-	-32768	32767
Bin32+/-	-2147483648	2147483647
BCD16	0	9999
BCD32	0	99999999

E.g. Read [w:WORD20] = [w:WORD10] # [t:0000] (Offset Word Address Read)

> Write [w:WORD10] # [t:0000] = 100 (Offset Word Address Write)

This Address becomes the Word Address + Temporary Word Address value. For the above example, when the value "2" is used for [t:000], the Address becomes [w:0102].



< Offset Address >

• The device designated as storing the offset value is not always read from the Device/PLC. It is read only when D-script processing is performed. If a communication error occurs during device read, the offset value will become 0, and the LT's internal special relay (LS2032 bit 12) is turned ON. When the data read is completed normally, this bit is turned OFF.

- Word Addresses used in the offset address format are not counted as D-Script Addresses.
- When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as an address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

<Memory Copy>

D-Script ToolBox	
Functions —	
Memory Ops.	
Memory Copy Memory Set Offset Address	
	ntry
Statements == @Onera	tors 📖

Memory Copy "memcpy"

Copies device memory all at once. Data for the number of Addresses will be copied to the copy destination Word Addresses beginning from the copy original Word Address. The number of Addresses effective is 1 to 640.

Format:

memcpy ([Copy destination Word Address], [Copy original Word Address], the number of Addresses)

Example statement:

When copying data of WORD10 to WORD19 to WORD20 to WORD29 memcpy ([w:WORD20], [w:WORD10], 10)



- < Memory Copy (memcpy) >
- Original copy data will be read from the PLC only once, when required. If a communication error occurs during data read, the GP's internal special relay LS2032's Bit 12 will be turned ON. When data read is completed normally, Bit 12 will be turned OFF.
- Although it will depend on the number of Addresses to be copied, data will be read from the original copy data, then divided into pieces and copied to the copy destination. Therefore, even if a communication error occurs during data read, data may be partially written.

(Result of data write in the copy destination: O: Data write completed, x: No data is written.)

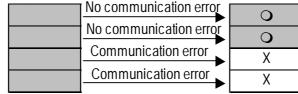
<Block Memory Copy>



<Divided Memory Copy>

Copy original data

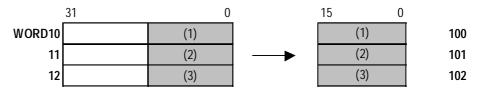
Result of data write in the copy destination



- As the number of Addresses increases, the more time is required for writing data to the PLC. Depending on the number of Addresses, it may take from 20 seconds to several minutes.
- Unless data write is completed for the designated number of Addresses, screen displays such as tags will not be updated or refreshed.
- If data to be written exceeds the designated device range, a communication error occurs. In this case, you must turn the GP's power OFF and then ON again to reset the GP from the error.
- When the data are written to the LS Area with the Memory Copy (memcpy) function, the data can be written only in the User area. Data cannot be written into the System Data area (LS0000 to LS0019), Special area (LS2032 to S2047), or Reserved area (LS2048 to LS2095). However, data can be read out from these areas.
- When the 32 bit device data is copied to a 16 bit device using D-Script, and the bit length is designated as 16 bits, only the data for lower 16 bits will be copied.

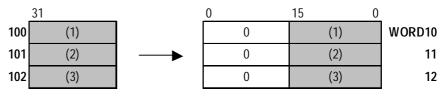
Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

E.g.: memcpy ([w:100], [w:WORD10], 3)

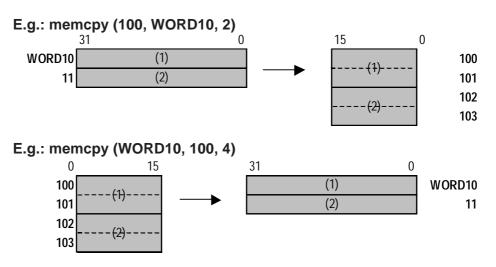


Also, when 16 bit device data is copied to a 32 bit device, the data for the lower 16 bits will be copied and "0" will be designated for the upper 16 bits.

E.g.: memcpy ([w:WORD10], [w:100)



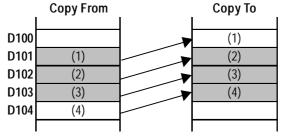
• When 32 bit device data is copied to a 16 bit device, or when 16 bit device data is copied to a 32 bit device, if the D-Script bit length designated in D-Script is 32, the copying will be as fol lows:



• If the original and destination data ranges overlap, all overlap ping data will be rewritten as follows:

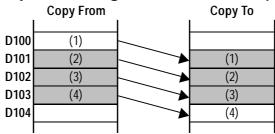
E.g.: When copying "D101 to D104" to "D100 to D103"

(Data is copied to a smaller number Address)



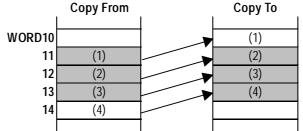
E.g.: When copying "D100 to D103" to "D101 to D104"

(Data is copied to a larger number Address)



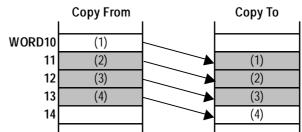
E.g.: When copying "WORD11 to WORD14" to "WORD10 to WORD13"





E.g.: When copying "WORD11 to WORD13" to "WORD11 to WORD14"

(Data is copied to a larger number Address)



- Although this example's function designates 2 Addresses, these Addresses will not be counted as D-Script Addresses.
- When using device addresses for the Assign operation, the write values will not be assigned immediately, due to the LT to PLC transmission time. (The addresses entered below are just a few examples. The actual address entry varies depending on your PLC type.)

E.g.: memcpy ([w:D200], [w:D100], 10) //Copies "D100 to D109" to "D200 to D209" [w:D300] = [D200] //Assigns D200 data to D300.

In this case, D100's value to be written to D200 as the operation result has not yet been assigned to D300.

<Memory Set>

D-Script ToolBox	
Functions	
Memory Ops.	
Memory Copy	
Memory Set Offset Address	
	Entry
	L cruy
- Statemente	- Operatore
🕞 Statements 🗐 🕞	 operators —

Memory Set (memset)

This feature initializes all devices at once. Setting data for the number of Addresses is taken from the Set Word Address. The allowable range of Addresses is from 1 to 640.

Format:

memset ([Set Word Address], set data, number of Addresses)

Example statement:

When "0" is set to addresses WORD10 to WORD19 - memset ([w:WORD10], 0, 10)



< Memory Set (memset) >

- As the number of Addresses increases, the more the time is required for writing data to the external device. Depending on the number of Addresses, it may take from 20 seconds to several minutes.
- If data to be written exceeds the designated device range, a communication error occurs. In this case, you must turn the LT's power OFF and then ON again to reset the LT from the error.
- Although it will depend on the number of Addresses to be copied, data will be read from the original copy data, then divided into pieces and copied to the copy destination. Therefore, even if a communication error occurs during data read, data may be partially written.
- Unless data write is completed for the designated number of Addresses, screen displays such as tags will not be updated or refreshed.
- Although this function designates Address(es), they are not counted as D-Script Address(es).
- When writing data to the LS Area with the Memory Set (memset) function, the data can be written only into the User area. Data cannot be written into the System Data area (LS0000 to LS0019), Special area (LS2032 to S2047), or Reserved area (LS2048 to LS2095).



• When using device addresses for the Assign operation, the write values will not be assigned immediately, due to the LT to PLC transmission time. (The addresses entered below are just a few examples. The actual address entry varies depending on your PLC type.)

E.g.: memset ([w:D0100], 0, 10) //Initializes "D100 to D109" as 0 [w:D200] = [w:D100] //Assigns D100 data to D200.

In this case, value 0 written to D100 as the operation result has not been assigned to D200 yet.

• When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as an address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

Bit Control

<Clear Bit>

D-Script ToolBox
Functions —
Bit Ops.
Clear Bit Set Bit
Toggle Bit
Entry
if0 else + - %

Clear Bit: clear () Changes the specified bit address from 1 to 0.

Example statement: clear ([b: LS010000])

In the above example, the 00th bit of LS0100 is changed from 1 to 0.

<Toggle Bit>

D-Script ToolBox Functions
Clear Bit Set Bit Toggle Bit
Entry

Bit toggle (invert): toggle () Changes the specified bit address from 1

to 0 or from 0 to 1.

Example statement: toggle ([b: LS010000])

In the above example, the 00th bit of LS0100 is changed from 1 to 0 or from 0 to 1.

<Set Bit>

D-Script ToolBox
Bit Ops.
Clear Bit Set Bit
Toggle Bit
Entry
Statements Operators

Bit set: set ()

Changes the specified bit address from 0 to 1.

Example statement: set ([b: LS010000])

In the above example, the 00th bit of LS0100 is changed from 0 to 1.

2.5.3 D-Script / Global D-Script Limitations

◆ Limitations on BCD format operations

If a value which cannot be converted into BCD format is found during operation, the program stops running. These values include A to F in hexadecimal format. Do not use such values. If the program stops due to non-BCD values, bit 7 in common relay information (LS2032) in the LT turns ON. This bit does not turn OFF until the LT is turned OFF or goes offline.

E.g. [w:WORD20] = ([w:WORD30]) << 2) + 80

If WORD30 is 3, shifting two bits to the left results in 0x000C, which cannot be converted into BCD format interrupts program execution.

[w:WORD20] = [w:WORD30] << 2

If WORD30 is 3, shifting two bits to the left results in 0x000C. Unlike the above example, 0x000C is the result of the operation to be stored in the memory, and does not cause the program to stop.

◆ Limitations of zero operations

Do not divide by zero in division (/) and remainder (*) operations. If you do, the program stops and bit 8 in common relay information (LS2032) turns ON. This bit does not turn OFF until the LT is turned OFF or goes offline.

Notes on delay during assign operation

Using a device address in an assign operation may cause write delay because the LT has to read the address data from the external device. Consider the following:

```
E.g. [w:D200] = [w:D300] + 1 \dots (1)
[w:D201] = [w:D200] + 1 \dots (2)
```

Statement (1) assigns (D300+1) into D200. However, in statement (2), the result of statement (1) has not been assigned in D200 because of time-consuming communication with the host (Device/PLC). In such case, program so that the result of statement (1) is stored in the LS area before it is executed, as shown below.

```
[w:LS100] = [w:D300] + 1
[w:D200] = [w:LS100]
[w:D201] = [w:LS100] + 1
```

- As a guide for D-Script programming, three addresses occupy the same amount of memory as one Parts. The maximum number of addresses available for a script is 255. However, try to use the fewest possible addresses, since the more devices that are used, the slower the response.
- The Convert Address command in the Utility menu of the Project Manager cannot convert addresses used in D-Script. Open the D-Script Editor to change these addresses.

Reference 4.2.4 Converting Addresses and Device Codes

• If you have changed the external device, the addresses used by D-Script will not be converted. Be sure to use the D-Script Editor to change these addresses.

Reference 4.2.8 Changing Your Project's Device/PLC

- The size of a D-Script affects the Parts scanning time. Note that using a large number of addresses may significantly degrade the performance of the program.
- Up to 9 levels of Functions can be called by a program. Do NOT create more than that.
- Up to 254 Functions can be created.
- D-Script operations activated by a trigger after the screen changes are as

Trig	Trigger Conditions Direct Access Method		Memory Link Method						
	Current Value or	Bit "0"	Bit "1"	FALSE	TRUE	Bit "0"	Bit "1"	FALSE	TRUE
	Condition								
Bit ri	se	Х	0	-	-	Х	Х	-	-
Bit fa	all	О	Х	-	-	Х	Х	-	-
Bit D	ual Operation	О	0	-	-	Х	Х	-	-
Time	er settings	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Dete	cting true	-	-	Х	О	-	-	Х	О
Dete	cting false	-	-	О	Х	-	-	0	Х

O: Operation is performed right after the screen is changed, or the power is turned ON.

X: Operation is not performed right after the screen is changed, or the power is turned ON.

- * When the timer is operating, the timer starts counting right after the screen changes.
- * When using Global D-Script, the operations mentioned above are performed only when the LT's power is turned ON. When the LT screen changes, however, the operation mentioned above will not be performed and the monitor operates using the trigger conditions that have been set.
- * When a Global D-Script includes a timer, the timer starts counting right after the LT's power cord is connected.



Note: Do not use the touch panel key to set the trigger bit or to operate the start bit in a program because the timing of the touch input may not be correct, resulting in the bit being improperly entered.

• When a value is assigned to an address for switching screens while a D-Script command is being executed, the screen switching operation is processed after all D-Scripts have been processed.

Example:

ID: 00000

Data Format:	Bin,	Data Length: 16 bits,	Code +/-: No Code
Trigger:	Leading	; bit ([b:M0000])	
Processing	[w: WORD10]=0 // (1) [w: LS0008] =30 //(2) Switches to Base screen No. 3 [w: WORD11]=1 //(3) [w: WORD12]=2 //(4)		

When the above D-Script is executed, processing of the screen switching is performed after (3) and (4) have been processed.

■ Limitations Specific to Global D-Script

- When the LT's power is turned ON, the actions shown in the table on the previous page are performed. At the screen change, this table is not applied, and the trigger conditions are continuously monitored.
- Global D-Script operation is suspended during screen changes or other LT operations.
- After the LT's power is turned ON, Global D-Script actions are not performed until all data reads are completed for the initial screen. However, after the initial screen changes, Global-D-Script actions may be performed before the data reads are completed.
- The maximum number of addresses in Global D-Script is 255. When this number exceeds 256, the D-Script does not function. Since these addresses always read data regardless of the screens, be sure to use only the minimum number of device settings in your D-Script. Otherwise, operation performance can be degraded.
- The maximum number of Global D-Scripts available is 32. The currently used function also counts as one Global D-Script. When the number of the Global D-Scripts reaches 32, any new Global D-Scripts are ignored.

2.5.4 Notes on Operation Results

Overflowing Digits

Overflowing digits resulting from operations are rounded.

E.g. When performing an operation on unsigned 16-bit data:

- 65535 + 1 = 0 (Produces overflowing digits)
- (65534 * 2) / 2 = 32766 (Produces overflowing digits)
- (65534/2) * 2 = 65534 (Does not produce overflowing digits)

Difference of Residual Processing

The result of a residual processing depends on whether the left and right sides are signed or unsigned. When a remainder is produced by a division operation, an error may be created due to round up operation.

Rounded Decimal Places

Decimal places resulting from a division are rounded.

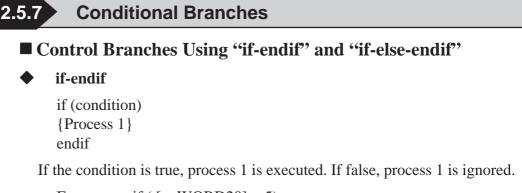
E.g. • 10 / 3 * 3 = 9 • 10 * 3 / 3 = 10

■ Notes on Operating BCD data

A BCD-data operation which produces overflowing digits does not give the correct result.



2.5.6 Bit Operat	ion Examples			
■ This section give	This section gives examples of bit operations.			
• [w:WORD20] <	<< 4			
Result: The data in V	WORD20 is shifted 4 bits to the left.			
◆ [w:WORD20]>	>> 4			
Result: The data in V	WORD20 is shifted 4 bits to the right.			
_	red in D301, using the BIN format.			
] = [w:WORD30] >> [w:WORD31]			
	Result : The data in WORD30 is shifted 12 bits to the right and assigned to			
• Bit AND				
0 & 0 0 & 1 1 & 1 0x1234 & 0xF0F0	Result : 0 Result : 0 Result : 1 Result : 0x1030			
♦ Bit OR				
0 0 0 1 1 1 0x1234 0x9999	Result : 0 Result : 1 Result : 1 Result : 0x9BBD			
• Bit XOR				
0 ^ 0 0 ^ 1 1 ^ 1	Result : 0 Result : 1 Result : 0			
• Bit One's complem	nent (NOT) (When the data format is Bin16 +.)			
~ 0	Result : 0xFFFF			
~ 1	Result : 0xFFFE			



```
E.g.
          if ([w:WORD20] < 5)
```

```
{
           [w:WORD10] = 1
}
endif
```

If the data in WORD20 is smaller than 5, 1 is assigned in WORD10.

if-else-endif

```
if (condition)
{Process 1}
else
{Process 2}
endif
```

If the condition is true, process 1 is executed. If false, process 2 is executed.

```
E.g. if ([w:WORD20] < 5)
{
     [w:WORD10] = 1
}
else
{
      [w:WORD10] = 0
}
endif
```

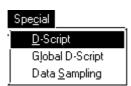
If the data in WORD20 is smaller than 5, 1 is substituted in WORD10. Otherwise, 0 is substituted in WORD10.

2.5.8 Application Example (1)

In this example, we create a program for a temperature management system, which checks an error bit in the host (Device/PLC) to detect the temperature 70° or above and 30° or below. If an error is found, the LT displays alarm messages accordingly. This system also counts the detected errors.

Error bit	: M0001
Temperature information	: D200
Error counter (70 $^{\circ}$ or above)	: LS300
Error counter ($30C^{\circ}$ or below)	: LS301
Alarm message screen number storage add	ress : LS302

(1) From the [Special] menu, select the [D-script] option.



(2) When the D-Script List appears, click on the [Add] button.

The D-Script Editor will appear.

D-Script	
	<u>A</u> dd
	<u> </u>
	Ору
	Baste
	Close
	<u>H</u> elp

	$\int_{-\infty}^{-\infty}$		
D-Script Editor : Untitled	r Trigger-		×
ID 00000 Description: Show Toolbox 🗹	B SAC AA OM OM OM	Timer Duration]
Formula:			Functions:
Data Type: Bin 🔽		Code +/-	Call New Edit Delete Copy Paste
OK Canc	el		Help

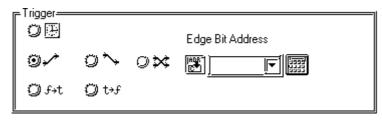
(3) Enter an ID number and Description.

In this example, enter "00000" in the ID field, and enter "Alarm Display" in the Description field.

ID 00000		
Description:		
🛛 Alarm Display		

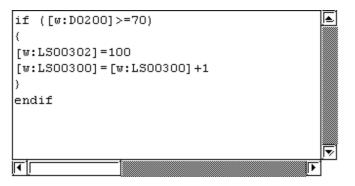
(4) Select a trigger type.

In this example, select the "Bit Rising" (left side) option and designate a bit address "M0001."



(5)Create a program in the Action area by clicking the buttons in the Operators, Statements, and Operands areas.

Action



Program Example

if([w:D200]>=70) { [w:LS302]=100 [w:LS300]=[w:LS300]+1	//If 70C° or above //70C°-or-above alarm message screen No.100 //assigned //Count up errors
} endif	
if([w:D200]<=30)	
{ [w:LS302]=101	//lf 30C° or below //30C°-or-below alarm message screen //No.101 assigned
[w:LS301]=[w:LS301]+1	//Count up errors
} endif	

(6)Click on the OK button.

The ID number and description you have entered will appear in the D-Script List window.

D-Script	
00001 Alarm Display	dd
	<u>E</u> dit
	Сору
	Close
	. <u>H</u> elp



Application Example (2)

In this example, we create three interlocked switches as shown below:



♦ Screen

SETUP	Bit switch	Address : M0001,	Bit operation : Set
OK	Bit switch	Address : M0002,	Bit operation : Set
RUNNING	Lamp	Address : M0003	

Operation Example

Pressing the SETUP and OK keys in that order turns the RUNNING lamp ON. The host (PLC) uses M0003 as the trigger bit.

Program Example

```
Trigger

[b:M0002] == 1

Execution

if ([b:M0001] & [b:M0002])

// bit set

{

set ([b:M0003])

}

else

// bit clear

{

clear ([b:M0003])

clear ([b:M0002])

}

endif
```

2.6 Data Sampling

Designated address data is sampled and stored (backed up) in the LT unit. When using this function for a graph (Part)'s channel, Trend graph data can also be stored (backed up).

Up to 20 sets of Data Sampling can be entered, including the number of channels; the setting attributes can also be confirmed in the [Data Sampling Settings] of the [View] menu.

Reference 2.7.6 Data Sampling List

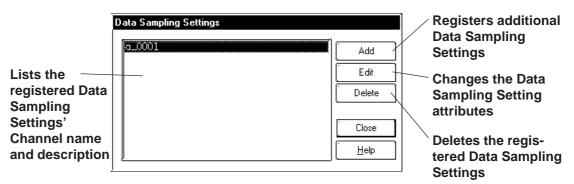
Overview

- The specified Word Address data is sampled each specified time or with a desired time cycle and stored it into the LS Area via the trigger bit.
- Data can be sampled per word, and data for up to 640 words can be stored in series.
- Sampled data can now be backed up. The backed up data can be stored in the LS Area via the Trigger Bit.
- Decide a channel name for each piece of sampling data.
- The number of channels that can be set is up to 20 for the entire system including trend graph channels. When more than 20 channels are set, channels after 20th will be disregarded according to the following rules:
 - Data sampling will be given priority over trend graphs.
 - Data sampling channel numbering will begin from those set previously.

Data Sampling Settings 2.6.1

Usage Pattern					
[Special] →	[Data Sampling]	\rightarrow	Add, Edit, or Delete	\rightarrow	Close or the Esc key

An example of the Data Sampling Setting dialog box is shown below.



Registering Data Sampling Settings

Additional Data Sampling Settings are registered.

When the Add button is clicked on, the Data Sampling Setting screen will appear.

General

The General page provides information about the current channel settings for the Trend Graph Display.

Channel Setting
General Data Format Sampling
Tag Name o
Description
Sampling Address 0000
Trigger Bit Address 000000
Top Write Address 0020

Data Format

Channel Setting)×	
General Data Format S.	ampling)1	
Sampling Address	D0000	
Trigger Bit Address		
Top Write Address	LS0020	
No. of Sampl. Addr.		
BackUp Data Backup D Synetwanewe Wade		
ОК	Cancel Help	

Tag Name

Must be no more than five Single-byte or two Double-byte characters long and composed of letters and/or symbols.

Description

Up to 20 Single-byte or 10 Double-byte characters can be entered as a description.

Sampling Address

Designates the Word Address to be sampled.

Trigger Bit Address

When the bit address stored here turns ON, the sampled data will be stored into the LS Area.

Note: The address to be entered varies depending on your LT and external device. Note that the sample screen in this manual is just an example.

Top Write Address

Specifies the LS Area's data storage start address. LS0000 to LS0019 cannot be used since they are the system area. The "Start address + Sampling data count +1" must not exceed LS2031.

No. of Sampl. Addr.

Designates the number of sampled data (items) to be stored.



When a variable (Logic Symbol) is used as a Top Write Address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

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Channel Setting)×]
General Data Format	Sampling	1
Sampling Address	D0000	
Trigger Bit Address	×0000	
Top Write Address	ES0020	
No. of Sampl. Addr.		
BackUp Data Backup Synehranews Made		
ОК	Cancel	Help

BackUp

Data Backup

The sampled data will be backed up in the LT's backup memory.

Synchronous Mode

With this mode selected, when the LT's power is turned ON, data will be sampled following that data stored before the LT's power was turned OFF. With this mode unselected, when the LT's power is turned ON, data sampling will start from the value "0". For normal operation, select this mode.



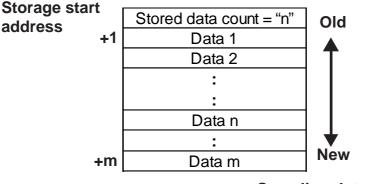
Data stored in the backup SRAM is erased when:

- The memory is initialized.
- Screen data is transmitted.
- The LT system and protocol are set up.
- The LT self-diagnosis "Internal FEPROM (screen area)" is performed.

♦ Data Storage Example

The following is an example of data stored from the storage start address. When the trigger bit is turned ON, the data is stored into the LS Area.

- The stored data count is stored in the storage start address.
- The stored data count number "n" is in the Bin format.
- When the stored data count is less than the sampling data count, the Word Addresses up to that number will be cleared to "0".



m = Sampling data count

■ Sampling

Channel Setting	X
General Data Format Sampling Sampling Type	
 Periodic During Trigger Sample Only On Trigger 	
Sampling Time 60 [m]	
OK Cancel	

Sampling Type

The method to import data from the host (Device/PLC) is specified from the following: Periodic, Trigger Control, and Trigger Sampling.

Periodic (No Trigger)

The host (Device/PLC) data is imported at the setup intervals starting from when the LT is powered up.

Periodic During Trigger

The host (Device/PLC) data is imported at the setup intervals. The data import start, pause, and clear commands will be performed according to changes to the corresponding bit in the specified Word Address.

Sample Only On Trigger

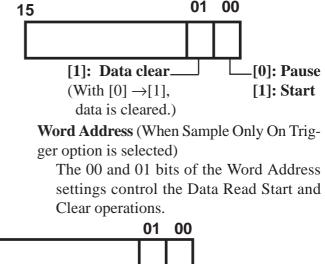
The data is sampled at the desired timing setup. Data import and data clear will be performed according to changes to the corresponding bit in the setup Word Address.

Sampling Time

Specifies the sampling time, in 1 second units, for the import of host (Device/PLC) data.

Word Address (When Periodic During Trigger option is selected)

The 00 and 01 bits of the Word Address specified here will control the data import start, pause, and clear operations.



[1]: Data clear (With $[0] \rightarrow [1]$, data is cleared) (With $[0] \rightarrow [1]$ or [1] $\rightarrow [0]$, data is imported)

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Please wait until the LT confirms the status of the control bits - i.e. whether they are "0" or "1" (For Direct Access communication, either the communication cycle time or 50ms, whichever is longer).



A delay of up to 1 second may occur from the time of data import start to actual data sampling.

Deleting Data Sampling Settings

Here, the registered Data Sampling Settings can be deleted. Select a Data Sampling to be deleted from the list. When the Delete button is clicked on, a dialog box will appear to confirm your command. If you click on the Yes button, the Data Sampling will be deleted; if you click on the button, the deletion will be canceled.

Data Sar	npling Setting 🛛 😿
2	Selected Screens will be deleted !
	Yes No

Editing Data Sampling Settings

Here, the registered Data Sampling Setting attributes can be changed. Select a Data Sampling to be changed from the list. When the <u>Edit</u> button is clicked on, the Add (registration) dialog box will appear. If you click on the <u>OK</u> button, the Data Sampling setting attributes will be changed, and if you click on the <u>Cancel</u> button, editing will be canceled.

Setting Up Data Sampling

The Data Sampling setup procedure is shown below. Data Sampling samples data stored in D0102 and stores it in the LS0020 LS area.

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Select [Data Sampling] from the [Special] pull down menu.	
(2) Click on the Add button.	Up to 20 Data Sampling sets, in- cluding Trend graph channels, can be entered.
(3) Perform the data sampling settings. After the settings are all completed, click on the ok button.	Enter a Channel name of up to 5 characters.
Channel Setting X General Data Format Sampling Tag Name 0 0000 Description	
(4) Click on the Close button to quit the registration.	
<u></u>	

2.7 Efficient Drawing Techniques

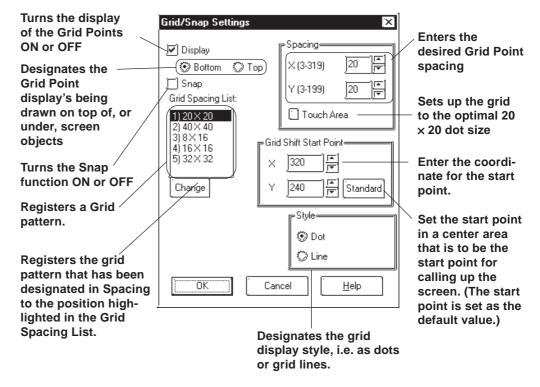
This section explains how the use of grids, changing display states, and the help function can all help to increase your drawing efficiency.

2.7.1 Grid/Snap

Grid Points are placed at regular intervals on your screen and divide the drawing area into a coordinate "grid" pattern; when the Snap to Grid function is enabled, objects that are drawn will automatically "snap" (be aligned) on this "grid" pattern. Use the Grid Point Spacing command to adjust the density of the Grid points, and to display the grid or not. Also, grid points can be displayed as grid lines, not as dots. Grid Points are not shown on the LT unit's display.

Select the pull down menu [Option]'s [Grid/Snap] command.

Grid/Snap Settings dialog box



Display

Sets the Grid Point display state (displayed or not displayed).

Grid pattern display can also be changed in the Grid Tool Bar's grid pattern selection list box.

🔶 Snap

When the Snap check box is checked, the cursor will "snap" to the grid; objects can only be drawn on points (start & end) along the grid.



Turning the Snap function ON or OFF can also be performed via the Grid/ Snap Tool Bar's icons off and off.

Glid/Snap	×
]1)20×20	FIN

Spacing

The Grid Point intervals are entered here. The unit is a dot. Input the interval value for the X and Y axes, respectively. The default value is 20 dots.

When clicking on [Touch Area], a 20 x 20 dot spacing will be automatically designated, which is most suitable for the touch panel.

Select a desired grid pattern in Spacing and click on the $\bigcirc K$ button. Then, the selected grid pattern will be reflected to the current screen and will also be displayed as the 6th selection of the Grid Tool Bar's grid pattern selection list.

Grid Spacing List

Clicking on the Change button changes Grid Spacing List's highlighted set value to Spacing's set value and registers it.

The grid patterns registered here will be displayed on the Grid Tool Bar's grid pattern selection list box. A grid pattern selected from the grid pattern selection list box will be reflected to the current screen.

Glid/Snap			×
)1)20×20	┍	œį	
^{II} Grid No Displa	Υ		-
1) 20 × 20 2) 40 × 40			
3) 8 X 16			
. 4) 16 × 16 5) 32 × 32			

Grid Shift Start Point

The Grid Shift Start Point is entered here. The default setting has the start point in the center of the screen. Pressing the Standard button returns the start point to the center of the screen.

- Grid	Shift Start Point
×	160 F
Y]120 💽 Standard

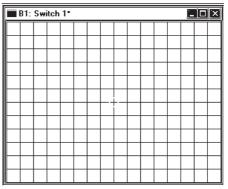
♦ Style

Select grid pattern display style from "Dot" and "Line".

<When selecting Dot:>

🎬 B1	: Swit	ch 1	×								<u>_ </u>].	
	• •									•		·
· ·	• •			•			•					·
· ·	• •		•	•			•		•		•	·
· ·	• •		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	·
	• •		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	·
		1	•	•		•	•		•	•		·
	• •			•	+	•				•		·
	• •		•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	·
	• •	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	·
	• •			·		•	•			·		·
	• •			•		·	•					·
	• •											·

<When selecting Line:>



2.7.2 Screen Property Settings

Here, the screen display's environment is set up, which effects both the method used to draw screens and displaying the Part addresses. The user's work environment can be modified whenever necessary, helping to reduce the time required for drawing.

Select the pull down menu [Option]'s [Screen Property] command.

Setting Screen Property - [Display]

The display state (displayed or not) of the items such as object Fill and setting information on Parts can be selected on the screen Editor. Check the box of the items to be displayed. When a box is not checked, that item will not be displayed.

The settings on this screen will be applied to all the screens. Properties cannot be set up for individual screens.

Screen Property
Display Color
☑ Window Parts ■Information Data
Information Data Size Parts ID Device Address Information Data Size Nomal Small
) Used Hairline <u>C</u> ursor
OK Cancel Help



The display state of ID numbers and Addresses can also be changed via the [Option] tool bar icons.

Option	X
6 6	

🔶 Fill

When creating a screen, the drawing can be controlled so that any Fills used will either be displayed or not. If the "Fill" check box is not checked, all Fills are not shown. Using this feature will help you to speed up screen redrawing time, and thus speed up screen creation.



When the "Fill" check box is not checked, the actual screen shown on the LT unit may differ from the screen shown on your PC. To be sure the display is correct, check the "Fill" check box ON at least once, to verify the screen, before sending screen data to the LT.

Fill Point

When this feature is selected, specified Fill points will appear with an "X" mark, which is especially useful when selecting Fill points. If the Fill Points are not displayed, Fill cannot be performed while editing.



The X (cursor position) mark's color can be designated in the system's [Color] area.

• Multiple Open with Next/Prev

When selecting [Previous Screen]/[Next Screen] from the [Screen] menu, or opening a screen with the Open Screen switch \frown , specify whether the next screen is opened with the currently active screen open or after that active screen is closed. Up to 20 screens may be opened continuously.

◆ Display in Load Screen Object

You can specify whether Part addresses and ID numbers on a screen which has been called up using the [Load Screen] command are displayed or hidden.

Load Screen Double Click

Specify an edit method for editing a screen that has been called up on another screen where the [Load Screen] command was executed, or for editing a screen on the Screen List.

If [Change Attribute] is specified, the Load Screen dialog box will be opened, enabling you to select a screen to be called up (screen number).

If [Edit Screen] is specified, the screen that has been called up will be opened, allowing you to edit the data.

Window Parts

Designate whether the contents of the window part placed on the Base screen will be displayed or hidden.

Parts ID

Designates whether or not a Part's ID number is displayed on the Base screen.

Device Address

Designates whether or not Part Addresses are displayed on the Base screen. Part Addresses appear below the ID number.

♦ Information Data Size

Selects the character size displayed from Standard (half size) and Minimized (1/4 size) for ID No. and Address.

Used Hairline Cursor

Changes the arrow cursor to the hairline cursor.

	B1:	Sw	vitch	i 1≛							į	. <u> </u> .	$[\times]$
ľ.													
<u> </u>						<u> </u>	 		ì—	 			
ŀ							╎⊣	F					
ŀ		•	•						ļ				·
ŀ	•	•	•		•								·
	•	•					· ·						·
·													
Ĺ													

Setting Screen Property - [Color]

Select the Grid, Fill Point, and Screen Background colors here. When the drawn image data's and system's colors are the same, the screens will be hard to see. Here, these colors can be changed to remedy that.

Creen Property	
Grid Color	
Fill Point Color	
Screen Background	Pattern
	Fg B B B B B B B B B B B B B
 [`)K] Cancel] Help

♦ Grid Color

Selects the grid point's color.

Fill Point Color

Fill Points designate the point where a fill will begin; this setting determines the color of the fill point.

Screen Background

Select the Base screen's background color; the color selected here is also displayed on the LT.



.

If any background color is specified for the screen to be loaded, no on-screen object will be displayed on the LT unit.

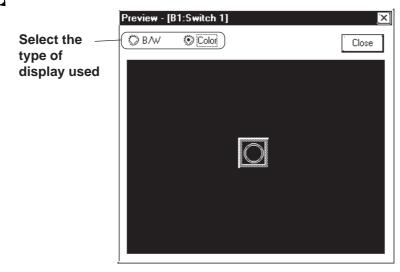
To load a screen whose background color was specified, specify the loading position at the center of the screen.

2.7.3 Preview Screen

With this feature, you can confirm how an image will appear on the LT unit. This image will differ depending on each LT display device type. Select the [View] menu's [Preview] selection.



Select "B/W" (black and white) to view the monochrome LT screen image.

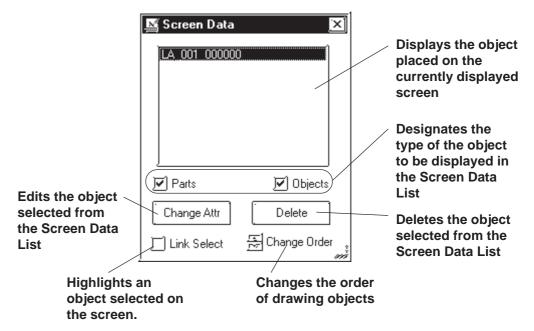


2.7.4 Screen Data List

The currently displayed screen's object locations and setting attributes are listed in the Screen Data List.

Screen Data List

An example of the Screen Data List is shown below.



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Screen Data Display

The designated type of object(s) data is displayed. If a grouped object contains at least one object whose type has been designated, it is displayed as an grouped object.

The Screen Data List displays the following information:

Drawing Type and coordinates of a drawing object Part..... ID Number and Address Grouped object Grouped object's coordinates and each grouped object's information

Note: D-Scripts are displayed all the time. Each D-Script shows ID and description information.

Selecting an Object

The object selected from the list will be displayed with handles (i.e. selected) in the Screen Editor. To select multiple objects from the list, Leftdrag them, or hold the Shift or Ctrl key down and click on desired ones.

Link Select

Normally, when any object is selected with the Screen Editor, it will not be displayed on the list. If the check box for [Link Select] is marked, an object selected with the Screen Editor will also be selected (highlighted) on the list.

Editing an Object

To edit an object, select it from the list and click on the Change Attr button; or simply double-click on the object.

If the object is D-Script, D-Script Editor will be actuated.

Clicking on the Delete button deletes the selected object.

Change Order

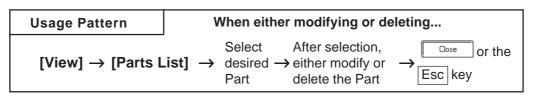
Objects are displayed on the list in the order where they have been drawn. If the order of objects on the list is changed, the overlapping order of drawn objects and the executing order of Parts can also be changed.

Copying

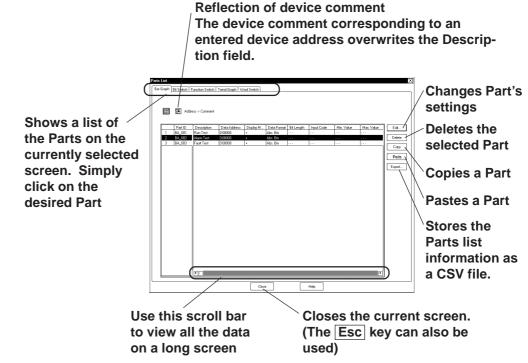
Any object on the list can be copied by pressing the Ctrl + C key, or pasted by pressing the Ctrl + V keys. Multiple objects can be copied at a time by selecting them.

2.7.5 Part Reference List

The settings for each Part placed on the currently edited screen are listed here, for each Part type. Part settings can also be changed on the Part Reference List.



An example of the Part Reference List on a screen is shown below.

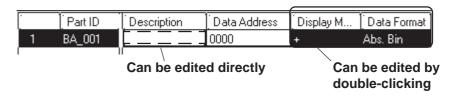


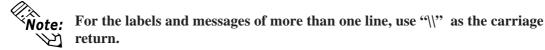
Note: The tab width for each item can be adjusted by placing the mouse pointer on the border between items and then dragging it.

Editing Items on the Part Reference List

Part setting data can be changed directly on the Part Reference List. Click on the left-most number of a Part to be changed, and it will be highlighted; then, click on the <u>Edt.</u> button, and the Part's Dialog box will appear and its settings can be changed.

Setting items, such as the Description and Address areas, can be changed via the Part Reference List. Also, items displayed in gray can be changed in the dialog box by double-clicking on the inside of their border.







Deleting Items from the Part Reference List

Parts can be deleted directly from the Part Reference List. Click in the middle of a Part to be deleted, and it will be highlighted. Then, click on the button, and a dialog box will appear. Clicking on the Delete button will delete the Part from the Part Reference List. To close <u>Y</u>es the box without deleting the Part, click on the <u>N</u>o button. When multiple Parts are selected, all the Parts will be deleted by clicking on the button, and by clicking on the button, the box will be Yes <u>A</u>ll N<u>o</u> All closed.



Copying a Part on the Parts List

Any Part can be copied on the Parts list.

Select the left-most number for the Part being copied by clicking on that number. The selected Part will be highlighted. After this selection, click on the Copy button and then the Paste button. The Part will be copied to the bottom line of the list.

Reflecting a Device Comment on the Parts List

The device comment corresponding to an entered device address can be entered on the Parts list by clicking on a specified button. This can be done in either of the following two ways:

1. Select the address setting field and click on the [Apply Device Comment] button.

The device comment corresponding to the selected address will be reflected in the Description field.

2. Select a Part by its line and click on the [Apply Device Comment] button.

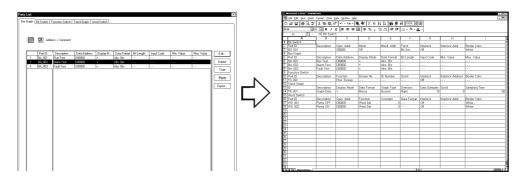
If there are multiple address setting items for that Part, the description corresponding to the address specified in the [Address Table for Automatic Input of Device comment] will be reflected in the Description field.

Reference 2.3.8 **Reflection of Device Comments**

Exporting to a CSV File

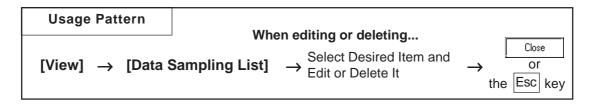
The Parts list information can be saved as a CSV file.

You can also select whether the currently selected page (tab)'s information will be exported or the entire page will be exported.

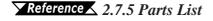


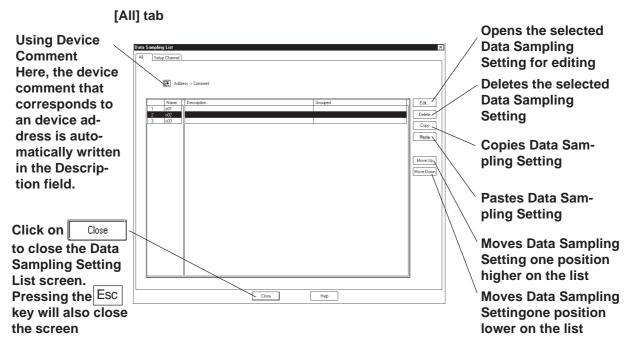
2.7.6 Data Sampling List

Data Sampling List shows data sampling settings created in the edited project file. You can confirm the status of each data sampling setting there. You can also change the data sampling settings on the list.



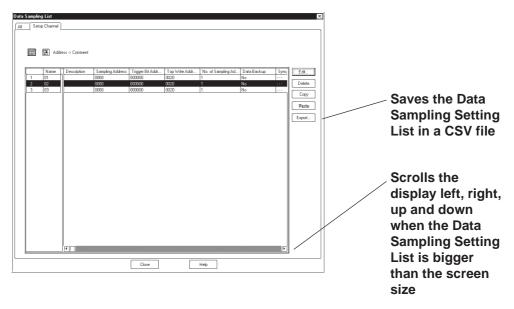
The following is the Data Ssampling List (local) screen example. The edit method of this list is the same as that of the Parts list.





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[Setup Channel] tub





The tab width for each item can be adjusted by positioning the mouse pointer on the border between items and then dragging it.

Changing the Data Sampling Setting Order

The Data Samplings will function in the order that they have been set up (the order displayed on all the pages of the Data Sampling List) on the LT screen. To change this order, click on either the Move Up or Move Down key. When multiple Data Sampling are grouped, that group will be moved up or down.

Exporting a CSV File

The Data Sampling Setting list information can be saved as a CSV file.

Reference 2.7.5 Parts List **Exporting a CSV File**

2.7.7 Cross Reference List

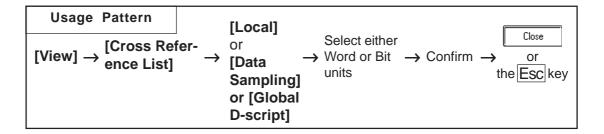
The Cross Reference List feature is useful when displaying the current address condition of Parts and other items. Here, the exact address used for each Part can be checked.

Cross reference will be displayed for local settings (each screen's Parts and D-scripts), and data sampling and global D-scripts registered for all the screens. For the global cross reference, setting display will not be sorted for each functions and screens, but the address designation conditions will be displayed for the entire Project File.



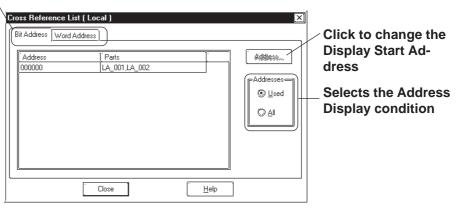
- Since, to display the global cross reference, address information for all the screen will be acquired, it can take a long period of time.
- The global cross reference does not display the condition of addresses that have been designated via [LT System Settings].

Cross Reference (Local, Data Sampling, Global D-script)



An example of the Cross Reference List dialog box (in the case of Local) is as shown below.

Select whether to display by Bit Address or Word Address

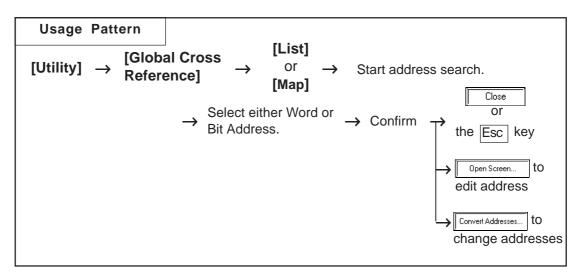


Global Cross Reference

The global cross reference has two display methods, i.e. list display same as the standard cross reference and address map display.

This feature enables you to go to the screen that uses the address you want to edit, to convert addresses in one operation, and to make a reference to an address.

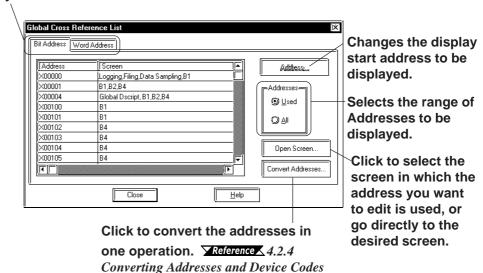
- Limitations exist regarding the display of the following addresses with the global cross reference that was designated when the LT System was set up. (To set up the LT system settings, select GP Setup from the Project Manager menu, and configure the settings in the [LT System Settings] dialog box.)
- The [Watch Dog] address designated on the [Extended Settings] tab will not be displayed when the "Time" is set to "0" seconds.
- As for the [System Start Address] designated on the [Mode Settings] tab, only the designated System Start Address will be displayed regardless of the total number of words used in the system area and the reading area size.



The following is the overview for the global cross reference screens.

♦ List Display

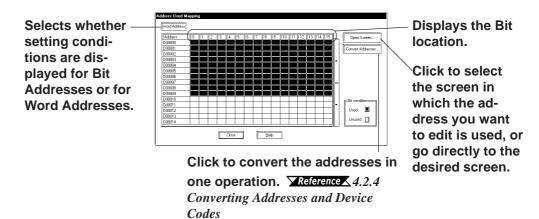
For local settings, which screen is used, and for global settings, function type will be displayed, respectively.



Selects whether setting conditions are displayed for Bit Addresses or for Word Addresses.

♦ Address Map Display

When selecting Word Address, the table cells from Word Address Bits 0 to 15 (for 32 bit device, from 0 to 32) will all be filled. When selecting Bit Address, only bit cells currently used will be filled.



Changing Addresses

You may move to the drawing screen of the specified address from the global cross reference, or change addresses.

On the global cross reference list, double-click on the column of the address you wish to change. Or, click on the Den Screen... button to open the [Start Address] dialog box, specify the address before the change, and click on the DK button.

Address X00000	Screen B1	Addiess
		Addresses
<u> </u>	Close	
		Address



When selecting an address designated on the Base screen, Trend Graph screen, Keypad screen, Video screen or Window screen, open the screen by double-clicking on the address or by clicking on the Open Screen... button after selecting the desired address.

When the specified address is used only on one screen, the screen will be displayed directly. When the specified address is used on two or more screens, the [Open Screen] dialog box appears. Select the desired screen (two or more screens can be selected) and click on the Open button.

·	
Open Screen (Address:X00101)	
1 Switch 2 CSV	Close
Screen Type:	
Base Screen	

The Global Cross Reference dialog box closes when the drawing screen opens.

♦ Address Block Conversion

The addresses listed on the Global Cross Reference dialog box (all addresses in the Project and GP system addresses, excluding the addresses registered as symbols) can be converted into different addresses in one operation simply by clicking on the Convert Addresses... button.

Reference 4.2.3 Converting Addresses and Device Codes

The Global Cross Reference display is automatically updated after the Address Block Conversion operation.

• Among the tags and parts, the ones corresponding to both bit addresses and word addresses are cross-referenced with both of those addresses on the Cross Reference List even if they were placed by specifying their bit addresses.

Example: A tag (part) placed at bit address, X0000F is displayed as word address, X00000.

• The addresses displayed in the sample screen are an example. Note that the address actually displayed on your screen varies depending on your LT and PLC type.

Changing Display Addresses

For cross reference and global cross reference list display, when selecting [Used], addresses that have been used for the Parts and other items used in the currently open screen or Project will be displayed. When selecting "All Addresses", all the addresses beginning with the Start Address will be displayed. To change the Start Address, click on the Address button, and the Dialog box shown below will appear. Set the Start Address and click on the Use button, and the display will show from that address on.

	Start Address	×
Enter the Start — Address	Start Address	Cancel
		. <u>H</u> elp

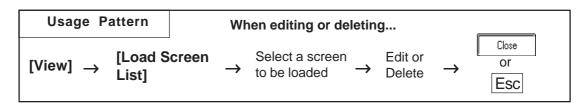
For the global cross reference's address map display, the map display start address can be designated when toggling Bit and Word display.

When clicking on $W_{ord Address}$ or Bit Address, the following dialog box will appear. After selecting Bit or Word, designate the start address. Then, click on the OK button and the cross reference display will start from the designated start address.

	Start Address	×
	🕲 Word 🔘 Bit	(OK)
	Start Address	Cancel
Enter an — Address	D00000]	Help

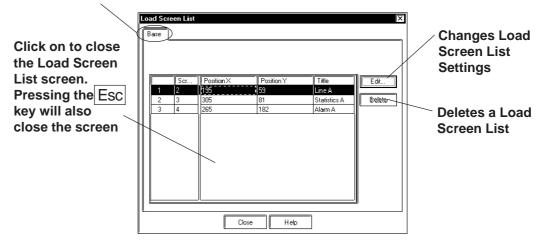
2.7.8 Load Screen List

The Load Screen List will be displayed on the currently edited screen. With this list, you can check the setting attributes of a screen to be loaded and also can change its loading location.



General Load Screen Summary List

Lists all the screens loaded on the currently open screen. Select the desired screen to show its setting attributes.



Editing via the Load Screen List

Screen settings can be changed using the Load Screen List. Clicking on the left-most number of a screen to be changed will select (highlight) it. Then, clicking on the [Edit] button will bring up the [Load Screen] dialog box or the currently called-up screen, allowing you to edit the screen. The procedure for calling up and then editing a screen varies depending on the settings in the [Load Screen Double Click].

▼*Reference* 2.7.2 ■ Screen Property Settings [Display Settings]

Any coordinate setting can be changed directly via the Load Screen List.

Deleting from the Load Screen List

Screens can be deleted from the Load Screen List.

Clicking on the left-most number of a screen to be changed will select (highlight) it. To delete multiple Load Screen Lists simultaneously, simply drag the cursor to select the screen numbers. Then, click on the Delete button, and the dialog box will appear to confirm the command. If you click button, the screen will be deleted. To cancel the request, click on Yes button. When selecting multiple screens, click on the on the <u>N</u>o to delete all of them, and click on to cancel any dele-Yes All N<u>o</u> All tions.

Confirm Delete	ΙX.
Are you sure you want to delete: 2?	
Yes All No No All Car	icel

2.7.9 Display of Screen Level Change Structure

The nesting of Load Screens that have been set up on the currently edited screen is displayed. In this way, a multiple nesting condition can be viewed.

Reference 2.2.10 Nesting

Select the [View] menu - [Load Screen Nesting Display] command.

Load Screen Nesting	\mathbf{X}
B1 B4 B4 B3 B4 B4 B4 B4	
	Help

Each screen will be displayed via the following symbols:

Screen Type	Symbol
Base screen	В
Mark screen	М
Image screen	I
Window screen	U



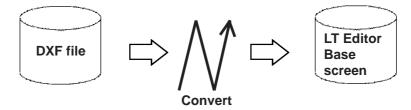
This feature allows you to convert DXF (Drawing Interchange File) file data into Base screen data, and to convert Base screen data into DXF file data. (A DXF file is on Auto Cad[®] drawing file)



- DXF filenames must be alphanumeric.
- DXF can be used for the Release 12 program. If a newer version's data is used, that data will not be converted.
 - When each object's coordinates are converted, errors may occur, thereby slightly changing them.
 - Once a DXF file data is converted into Base screen data, even if the Base screen is again converted back into the original DXF file, or vice-versa, the resulting data my be unusable.
 - When converting data, be sure that the screen's width and height ratio will be the same for both the Base screen and the DXF file (Screen size settings: \$LIMMAX, \$LIMMIN). If this ratio is different, after data is converted, object locations or shapes will also be different from the original.

2.8.1 Conversion from DXF File to Base Screen (DXF \rightarrow Screen)

DXF file data is converted into Base screen data.



■ Requirements and Restrictions when Converting Data (DXF → Screen)

- Grouped objects (Blocks) can be nested up to 10 layers (levels deep).
- The DXF file data format is ASCII. Both "CR LF" and "LF" can be used as line feed characters and will be converted correctly.
- During conversion, when the resulting output file's size reaches 16Kbytes, the conversion will quit, and subsequent data will not be converted.
- Three dimensional data cannot be converted.
- If the X,Y coordinate screen boundaries (\$LIMMIN, \$LIMMAX) are not set up correctly in the DXF file, after the data created in the DXF file is converted into Base screen data, it may go beyond the Base screen's display area.

- After DXF file data is converted into Base screen data, the DXF file name is used as the Base screen's description.
- When a layer's attribute has been turned OFF, that layer's data will not be converted, and only ON layer data will be converted into Base screen data.
- Fill and Oval/Arc data cannot be converted.

Option (DXF \rightarrow Screen)

Here, select and enter the color and size used when converting data. According to the specified DXF and Base screen size, data will be relatively magnified or minimized when converted.

Convert Color Data is converted as colored	Option (DXF -> Screen)	DXF size Selects a DXF file size
Screen Size Designates the screen size used after conversion	Convert Screen Size 〇 640x480 × 320 〇 640x400 Y 240 〇 320x240 〇 800x600	

Convert Color

When this box is checked, DXF file data is converted as colored. When this box is not checked, DXF file data is converted as monochrome.

Reference \square Color Conversion (DXF \rightarrow Screen)

Convert DXF Size

The DXF file data conversion range is selected.

When "Use \$LIMMIN, \$LIMMAX" is selected, data in the DXF file's maximum screen area (X,Y coordinate screen boundaries) will be converted. When "Use \$EXTMIN, \$EXTMAX" is selected, only data in the DXF file's object area will be converted.

Convert LT Size

The Project File screen size (LT screen size) used after conversion is specified.

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Color Conversion (DXF \rightarrow Screen)

When the [Option] dialog box's [Convert Color Data] check box is checked, the DXF file's color data will be converted as follows:

DXF File Color No.	Base Screen
1 (red), 1X (red-based)	Red
2 (yellow), 5X (yellow-based)	Yellow
3 (green), 9X (green-based)	Green
4 (light blue), 13X (light blue-based)	Light blue
5 (blue), 17X (blue-based)	Blue
6 (purple), 21X (purple-based)	Purple
7 (white)	White
Other colors	White

The background color will be converted into Black.

■ Line Type Conversion (DXF → Screen)

Each DXF file's line type will be converted as follows:

DXF File	Base Screen
CONTINUOUS	Solid line
DASHED	– – – Broken line
HIDDEN	– – – Broken line
CENTER	Adot-dash-line
PHANTOM	— Two dot-dash-line
Other	Solid line

The user defined line types will be converted into solid lines.

Object Conversion (DXF \rightarrow Screen)

The DXF file's objects will be converted as follows.

Colors and line types will be converted as shown above. Tiling patterns will be converted into solid Fill.

DXF File	Base Screen
LINE	Straight line
POINT (dot)	Straight line (The start and end are the same point)
CIRCLE	Regular circle
ARC	Arc
TRACE (thick line)	Filled polygon
SOLID (filled object)	Filled polygon
TEXT (characters and signs)	Text
DIMENSION (dimension indicator)	Straight line
INSERT (inserting object)	Conversion breaks down complex objects into
	component parts (objects)
ATTRIB (attribute)	Conversion breaks down complex objects into
	component parts (objects)
POLYLINE(polyline/donut-shaped/ oval/polygon/rectangle)	Continuous straight line
VERTEX	Vertex coordinates of a continuous straight line

Objects other than the above will not be converted.

Each object's elements, other than colors and line types, will be converted as follows:

POINT (dot)

- A dot's pattern will be converted into "0" (point), and its display size will be converted into "0,0".
- A dot will be converted to a straight line, with the start and end coordinates at the same point.

• TEXT (characters and signs)

- A rotation angle will be converted into an angle closer to 90°, 180°, 270°, or 360°. (in 90° units)
- The character size will be converted into a size closer to either 1, 2, 4, or 8 x magnification.
- Special characters that will be converted are %%d (°), %%c (φ), and %%p (±).
- When text contains more than 100 characters, it will be divided every 100 characters into records of data and then converted.
- When more than 100 character text is divided into records of data, groups of overflowing characters after the first 100 characters will be dislocated toward the right bottom for a few dots.
- Tilting angles, character fonts, and character spacing will not be converted.
- Text will be converted based on the ASCII code; therefore, the character style (Standard, Bigfont, etc.) or font file settings will be ignored.
- When text with half-sized and full-sized characters mixed in vertical lines is converted, the half-sized characters will be centered.

DIMENSION (Dimension Indicator)

• During conversion, the breaking down of a grouped object (Block) is performed by referring to the Block's sections, which indicate the Block's component Part (objects). However, dots will not be converted.

◆ INSERT (Inserting Object)

- A grouped object defined in the Block section will be broken down into each drawing object and converted.
- Up to 10 layers of nested data will be converted. However, since all the data will be converted into a single layer on a single screen, the objects over the limit (file capacity) will not be converted.
- Although the rotating angles, and the number of lines and columns can be converted (lines and columns of the objects over the limit will not be converted), their ratio (scaling) will not be converted.
- The grouped object created in Layer "0" will be converted based on the inserted layer's colors and line types, however, a grouped object created in an other layer level will not be converted based on the inserted layer's colors and line types. In this case, if BYBLOCK is specified to the grouped object, the inserted layer's colors and line types will be used.
- Simulated object sectioning (hatching) data cannot be converted, since, when the Block section's hatching data pattern is converted into each drawing object, that data size can exceed the LT file capacity.
- If another file's grouped object has been inserted or another file is referred, that grouped object will not be converted.

♦ ATTRIB (attribute)

ATTRIB (attribute) data is part of INSERT data.

• Attribute data will be converted in the same manner as TEXT conversion.

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POLYLINE (polyline/donut-shaped/oval/polygon/rectangle)

- •POLYLINE data will be converted connecting the following VERTEX's coordinates with a continuous straight line. Only data whose polyline flag is either "0 (default)", "1 (closed polyline)", "2 (adding the fit curve vertex)", or "4 (adding the spline curve vertex)" will be converted.
- •When the number of vertices exceeds 100, data will be divided every 100 vertices and converted.
- •When the converted data's coordinates are repeated at the same point, the following coordinates will be omitted.
- •When a polyline has curved sections, they will not be converted. Therefore, donut-shaped lines and curved polylines will be converted into continuous straight lines, connecting each coordinate point.

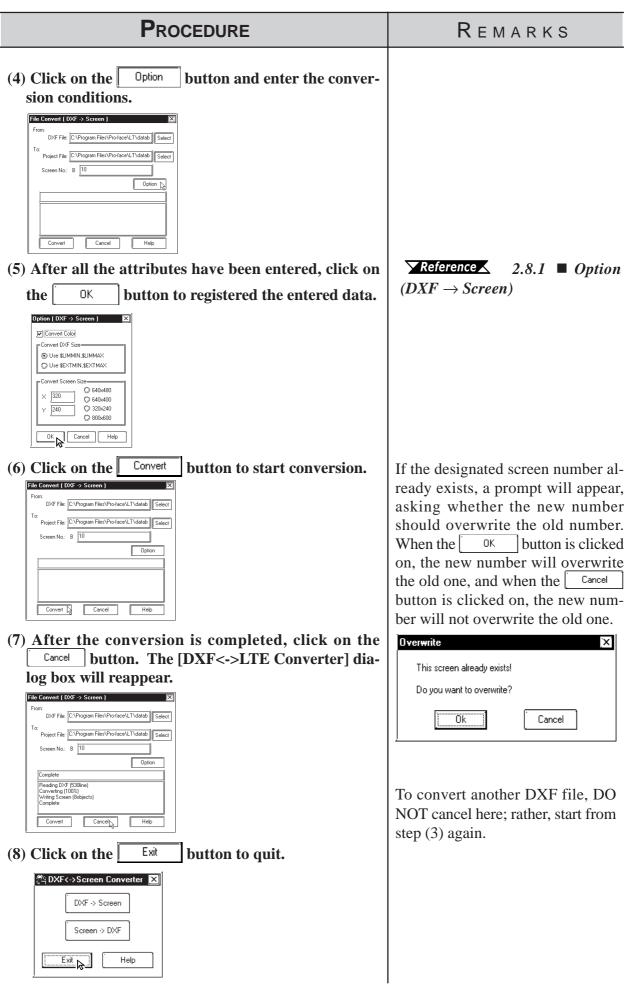
♦ VERTEX

Top coordinates of a polyline.

• A polyline's width will not be converted.

Converting DXF File Data to Base Screen Data

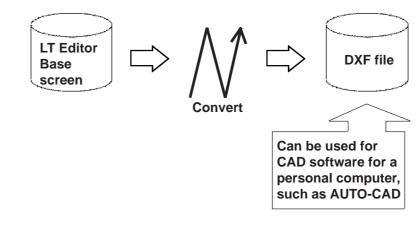
PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Select the pull down menu [Utility]'s [Convert DXF] command.	
(2) Click on the $\square XF \rightarrow PRW$ button.	
Image: Screen Sorree Image: Scree Image: Scree	
(3) Designate the source (DXF file) and the destination (Project File), and enter the Base screen number.	To designate a folder, click on the Select button.
File Convert (DXF -> Screen) Image: Convert (DXF -> Screen) From: DXF File: C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\datab Select To: Project File: C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\datab Select Screen No.: B 10 Image: Difference of the pro-face of the p	



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2.8.2 Conversion from Base Screen to DXF File (Screen \rightarrow DXF)

Base screen data is converted into DXF file (Drawing Interchange File) data.

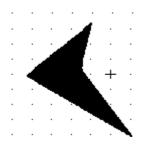


■ Requirements and Restrictions when Converting Data (Screen → DXF)

- Only Base screens can be converted.
- Image screens called up on the Base screen will not be converted.
- Tag data will not be converted, so for example, M-tag's Marks will not be displayed after conversion.
- When text is converted, the character size and position may differ from the original due to font type difference and errors created during conversion.
- Since Load Mark will be converted into a simple straight line (i.e. no width), if it has been magnified, it will be displayed differently from the original after it is converted.

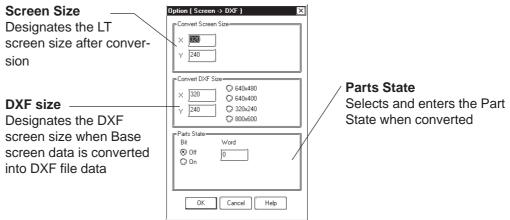


If you try to convert a filled polygon that has four peaks, one of which introverts, into a DXF file, this polygon will not be converted properly.



Option (Screen \rightarrow DXF)

Here, select and enter color and size data used when performing data conversion.



Convert Screen Size

The screen size of a LT unit specified in the Project File.

Convert DXF Size

The DXF file size used after data is converted using data conversion is selected. The default values are the same as the Screen Size values mentioned above.

Parts State

- **Bit** When Part display states (ON/OFF) are specified, that Part will be converted for each display state.
- **Word ..** Picture Display and Message Display will be converted with the display state specified here.

Color Conversion (Screen \rightarrow DXF)

Base screen's drawing data colors will be converted as follows:

Base Screen	DXF File Color No.
Black	250 (gray)
Blue	5 (blue)
Green	3 (green)
Light blue	4 (light blue)
Red	1 (red)
Purple	6 (purple)
Yellow	2 (yellow)
White	7 (white)

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■ Line Type Conversion (Screen → DXF)

Base screen's line types will be converted as follows:

Base Screen	DXF File
1-dot solid line	CONTINUOUS
1-dot broken line	DASHED
1-dot one-dot-dash line	CENTER
1-dot two-dot-dash line	PHANTOM
2-dot solid line	CONTINUOUS
2-dot broken line	DASHED
2-dot one-dot-dash line	CENTER
2-dot two-dot-dash line	PHANTOM
3-dot solid line	CONTINUOUS
5-dot solid line	CONTINUOUS

The line thickness will be converted in the same thickness for all the lines, regardless of the line types.

$\blacksquare Object Conversion (Screen \rightarrow DXF)$

Base screen's drawing data will be converted as follows. Colors and line types will be converted as shown in the previous page's table. The background colors will not be converted. Tiling patterns will be converted into solid Fill.

Base Screen	DXF File	
Straight line/Continuous straight line	LINE/POLYLINE	
Square/Filled Square	POLYLINE/SOLID	
Regular Circle/Filled	CIRCLE/CIRCLE + SOLID	
Regular Circle	CIRCLE/CIRCLE + SOLID	
Oval/Filled Oval	POLYLINE/POLYLINE + SOLID	
Arc/Pie	ARC/ARC + POLYLINE	
Division	Collection of lines	
Filled Polygon	SOLID or POLYLINE	
Load Screen	Broken down into each Part object and converted	
Text	TEXT	
Load Mark	POLYLINE	
Part	Broken down into each part and converted	

Data other than the above will not be converted.

◆ Straight line/Continuous straight line

- When the number of coordinates is "2", a straight line or continuous straight line will be converted into LINE. If this number is other than 2, it will be converted into POLYLINE.
- When a line has an arrow at one end, a solid filled triangle will be drawn at the end coordinates, and when a line has arrows at both ends, solid filled triangles will be drawn at both ends.

♦ Square/Filled Square

- Any line will be converted into POLYLINE.
- Any Fill will be converted into SOLID.

• Regular Circle/Filled Regular Circle

• Filled regular circle's border will be converted into CIRCLE and its filling will be converted into SOLID.

Oval/Filled Oval

- Any lines will be converted into POLYLINE.
- Filled oval's border will be converted into CIRCLE and its filling will be converted into SOLID.

♦ Arc/Pie

• Pie's straight line section will be converted into POLYLINE.

Divisions

- When the divisions are marked on a straight axis, their coordinates will be calculated based on their start and end coordinates, direction, and the number of divisions, and will be converted into LINE.
- When the divisions are marked on an arc axis, their coordinates will be calculated based on their start and end angles, external circle's radius, internal circle's radius, number of divisions, and will be converted into LINE.

♦ Filled Polygon

• Fill will be converted into SOLID. However, if the number of vertices is more than 5, Fill will not be converted and only its trace will be converted into POLYLINE (CONTINUOUS).

Load Screen

- The screen will be retrieved from its attributes, and screen number and if it exists, and each drawing data will be converted.
- The called up screen's data will be converted in the same layer as other drawing data.
- Only Base screen will be converted.

◆ TEXT

- Characters written horizontally will be converted into BIGFONT. Those written vertically will be converted into TATEGAKI (vertical type of BIGFONT).
- 1/4-sized characters will be all converted into half-sized characters.
- Half-sized (1/4-sized) characters written horizontally will be converted with a relative scale of 1/2 in the X direction, and other size characters will be converted with a relative scale of 1.
- Both half and full-sized characters written vertically will be converted with a scale of 1 for their height and width. Therefore, the half-sized characters will become the same size as the full-sized characters.
- Character types of "Bold" and "Raised" will not be converted.
- Due to font difference and other elements, text will be different from the Base screen, after conversion.

◆ Load Mark

• The Mark screen will be retrieved from the screen number, if that screen exists, the dot pattern will be converted into POLYLINE (CONTINUOUS).

Part

• Each Part's data will be converted into drawing data.

Chapter 2 - CREATING BASE SCREENS

(1)Select the pull down menu [Utility]'s [DXF Conver- sion] command.	
(2)Click on the PRW -> DXF button.	
number and designate the destination (DXF file).	To designate a folder, click on the Select button.
Image: Science	

Converting Base Screen Data to DXF File Data

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(5)After all the attributes have been entered, click on the OK button to registered the entered data.	Reference 2.8.2 Option (Screen $\rightarrow DXF$)
	If the designated DXF file name already exists, a prompt will appear, asking whether the new name should overwrite the old name. When the OK button is clicked on, the new name will overwrite the old one, and when the Cancel button is clicked on, the new name will not overwrite the old one. <u>Verwite The desedy exist</u> <u>Do you want to overwrite?</u> <u>To convert another Base screen, DO NOT stop here; rather, start again from step (3).</u>
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3

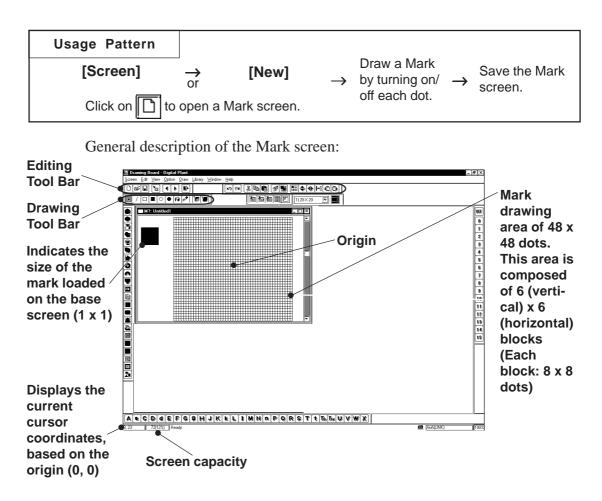
T Editor provides various screens for specific purposes (for example: for creating marks and images), in addition to the Base screens which are the fundamental screen used for all drawing modes. Other screens can then be loaded onto Base screens as libraries.

This chapter describes the procedure for creating these screens and their applications.

- 3.1 Creating a Mark: the Mark Screen
- 3.2 Creating an Image: the Image Screen
- 3.3 Window Display: Window (U) Screen and Base (B) Screen

3.1 Creating a Mark: the Mark Screen

Create a mark (dot pattern) on a "Mark" screen. Using the [Draw] menu - [Load Mark] command, you can load the created Mark onto a Base screen.



Drawing Tools

The Drawing Tool Bar icons and their corresponding drawing objects are as follows:

Icon	Drawing Tool	Description	
	Dot	Specify the ON/OFF status of each dot by clicking on	
•	DOL	each dot or dragging the mouse within a specified area.	
	Line	Specify the start and end points of a line and draw a line	
	Line	by clicking on desired points.	
	Square (Rectangle)	Draw a square or rectangle by clicking and dragging to the desired size on a diagonal axis.	
	Filled square (Filled rectangle)		
0	Circle/Oval	Draw a circle or oval by clicking and dragging to the desired size on a diagonal axis.	
	Filled circle (Filled oval)		

Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS

3.1 Creating a Mark: the Mark Screen

lcon	Drawing Tool	Description
	Fill	Fill in an area with a desired color by clicking in the area
	FIII	(enclosed within lines and shapes).
×	Text	Enter the text to be displayed in the mark drawing area.
	Call Up Mark Library	Select a Mark from the Mark Library
	Register Mark Library	Register a created Mark as a Mark Library.

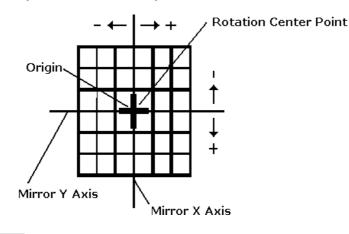
Editing Tools

The Editing Tool Bar icons and their corresponding functions are as follows:

Icon	Editing Tool	Description
[X]		Used to delete an entire Mark screen and store it in the
	Cut	clipboard. Using the [Paste] command, you can then
		paste the Mark screen onto another screen.
	Сору	Used to copy the data of the selected Mark screen in the
	ССРУ	clipboard.
C	Paste	Used to paste the data temporarily stored in the
	1 456	clipboard onto a desired place.
[J]	Duplicate	Used to duplicate a Mark screen's specified area.
Ś	Delete	Used to delete a mark.
	Undo	Used to cancel the command executed immediately
5	Undo	before, and return to the previous condition. (Undo)
	Redo	Used to redo the command canceled with the [Undo]
୍ଲ	Redo	command. (Redo)
		Used to move the dot pattern symmetrically relative to
	Mirror X	the vertical axis. The symmetry axis is the vertical line
		that divides the screen into two equal sections.
		Used to move the dot pattern symmetrically relative to
	Mirror Y	the horizontal axis. The symmetry axis is the horizontal
		line that divides the screen into two equal sections.
Ð	Turn counterclockwise	Used to turn the Mark counterclockwise by 90°.
C)	Turn clockwise	Used to turn the Mark clockwise 90°.
[++ []	Reverse	Used to reverse the white/black area of a Mark.
	Transparent/	If no dots are turned ON in a block (8 x 8 dots), this block
	Background color	becomes transparent.

Mark Drawing Area Structure

The mark drawing area has the following structure. When you edit a Mark, you can use this for your reference.



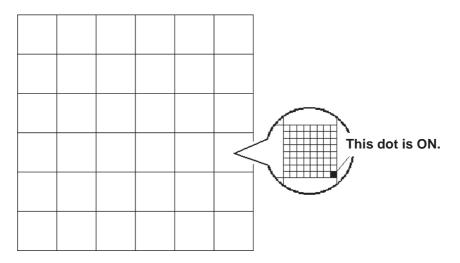
3.1.1 Drawing a Mark

When drawing a mark you can use LT Editor's standard drawing functions. Here, the procedures for using each function are described.

Drawing with Dots

You can draw a Mark by turning ON/OFF each dot. When you click the left mouse button in the Mark drawing area, each dot turns ON (white). When you click the right mouse button in the Mark drawing area, each dot turns OFF (black).

A Mark is created with dots, and displayed in a block (8 x 8 dots). If at least one dot is turned ON in a block, the whole block is displayed when the Mark screen is loaded onto a Base screen. In this status, the ON dots are displayed in the current display color (Fg), and the OFF dots are displayed in the background color (Bg).



■ Freehand Drawing

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Dot] command, or click on the • icon.	
(2)Draw a Mark by clicking on each dot or by dragging the mouse in the Mark drawing area.	

■ Drawing a Line **P**ROCEDURE REMARKS (1) Select the [Draw] menu - [Line] command, or click on the $\boxed{}$ icon. (2) Click on a start point in the mMark drawing area and drag the mouse. . (3) Click the end point in the Mark drawing area. If you press and hold the Ctrl key A line is defined. in step (2), you can draw a line at an angle of 0° , 45° , and 90° .

Drawing a Square (Rectangle) or Filled Square (Filled Rectangle)

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the [Draw] menu - [Square/Rectangle] or [Filled Square/Rectangle] command, or click on the or icon.	
(2) Click on a point (a) and drag the mouse on a diago- nal axis in the Mark drawing area.	
<image/>	If you press and hold the Ctrl key in step (2), you can draw a square.

Procedure	REMARKS
 (1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Circle/Oval] or [Filled Circle/Filled Oval] command, or click on the or icon. (2) Click on a point (a) and drag the mouse on a diagonal axis in the Mark drawing area. 	
<image/>	If you press and hold the Ctrl key in step (2), you can draw a circle.

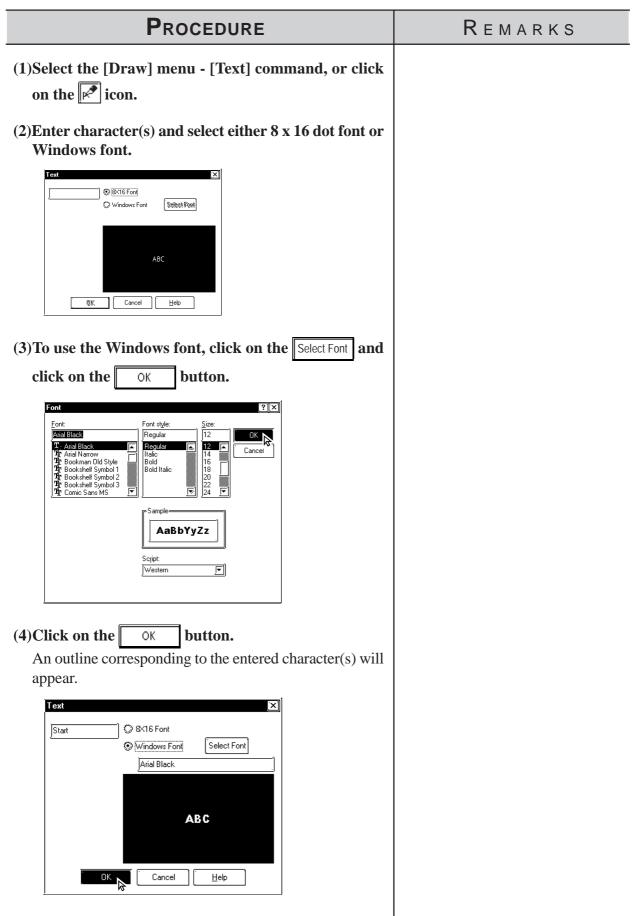
Drawing Circle (Oval) or Filled Circle (Filled Oval)

■ Filling a Mark

Procedure	Remarks
 (1)Select the [Draw] menu - [Fill] command, or click on the icon. (2)Click inside the area to be filled. The specified area will be filled. 	
	If you click on a line, the filling mode cannot be executed. Be sure to click inside a completely en- closed area, if you do not, the en- tire Mark screen may be filled.

Entering Text

The "Text" mode allows you to enter text on a Mark screen.



PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(5)Move the box to the desired position where the char- acter pattern will be displayed. The character pattern is displayed in the position where you click. A Mark can be created using this pattern.	If you move the character pattern to a position where another char- acter pattern has already been cre- ated, the new pattern will overwrite the existing pattern, and the exist- ing pattern will be deleted.

3.1.2 Editing a Mark

To edit a Mark, you can use the following editing functions. This section describes the operating procedure for each function.

Cutting a Mark

The "Cut" command deletes the data of the selected screen and stores it in the clipboard^{*1}. (The deleted screen can be moved to another screen, but cannot be moved to the original screen.) The "Cut" command can be executed for the entire screen.

Procedure	REMARKS
(1) Select the original Mark screen to be cut. This description assumes that several screens have al- ready been opened.	
(2) Select the [Edit] menu - [Cut] command, or click on	To delete the Mark screen, perform
the s icon to store the Mark data in the Clipboard. Data of the original data screen will be cut.	steps (1) and (2) only.
Data of the original data screen will be cut.	

*1 When the [Copy] or [Cut] command is executed, the copied or cut data are temporarily stored in the clipboard. When you execute the [Paste] command, the data stored in the clipboard will be pasted

When you execute the [Paste] command, the data stored in the clipboard will be pasted to the selected position.

Procedure	REMARKS
(3) Select the mark screen (destination) to which the se- lected Mark screen will be pasted.	
(4) Select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the icon.	
Data of the Mark screen will be pasted.	

Copying a Screen

The selected screen data are copied in the clipboard. Unlike the [Cut] command, the original screen data will not be deleted.



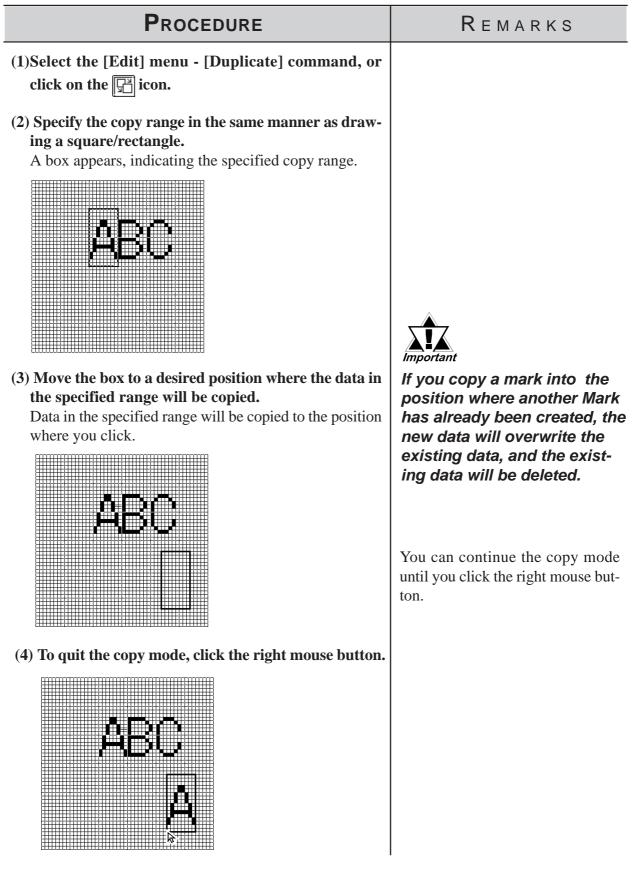
To copy a Mark into the original screen, use the [Duplicate] command.

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Select the original Mark screen to be copied. This description assumes that several screens have al- ready been opened.	
(2) Select the [Edit] menu - [Copy] command, or click on	
the 🗎 icon to store the mark in the Clipboard.	
(3) Select the Mark screen (destination) to which the se- lected Mark screen will be copied.	
(4) Select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click	
on the icon. Data will be copied from the original Mark screen and pasted onto the destination Mark screen.	

Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS

Copying a Specified Range : Duplication

A specified range in the Mark drawing area can be duplicated by dots.



Deleting a Mark

Delete the Mark, or a partion of it.

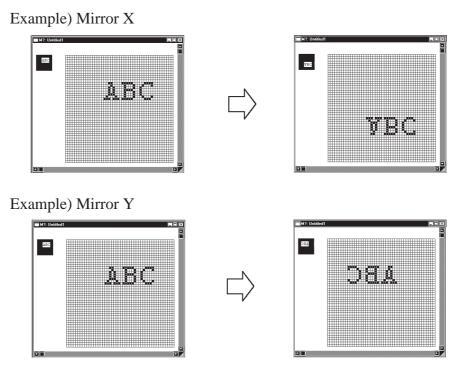
PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Select the [Edit] menu - [Delete] command, or click on the state icon.	
The procedures for deleting part of a Mark or deleting a whole mark are separately described:	
[Deleting Part of a Mark]	
(2) Select [Partial Clear] and click on the OK but- ton.	
 Partial Clear Clear <u>A</u>ll 	
(3) Specify the range to be deleted in the same manner	
as drawing a square/rectangle.	

Procedure	REMARKS
(4) Click in the range to be deleted. The specified range will be deleted.	
[Deleting the Entire Mark] (2) Select [Clear All].	
(3) Click on the OK button to delete the entire Mark.	
The entire Mark will be deleted.	

■ Mirror X, Mirror Y

The "Mirror X" and "Mirror Y" functions move a Mark symmetrically relative to the vertical and horizontal axis, respectively.

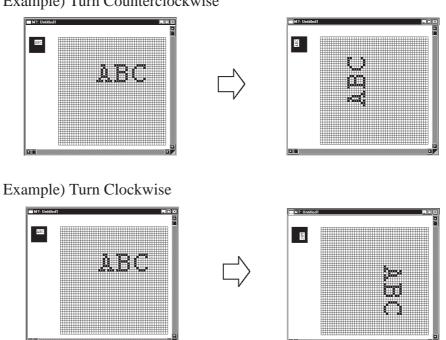
To execute the "Mirror X" and "Mirror Y" functions, click on the icon, respectively.



■ Turn Counterclockwise [O], Turn Clockwise [N]

The "Turn Counterclockwise", "Turn Clockwise" functions turn the mark counterclockwise and clockwise 90°, respectively.

To execute the "Turn Counterclockwise" and "Turn Clockwise" functions, click on their respective the 🕢 🕞 icons respectively.



Example) Turn Counterclockwise

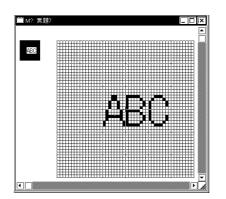
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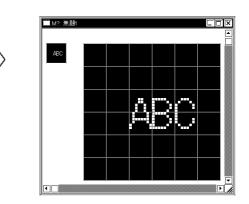
Reverse

This function reverses the white and black areas. In the reverse display mode, all ON dots are turned OFF, and all OFF-dots are turned ON.

To execute this function, click on the **[+**] icon.

Example)



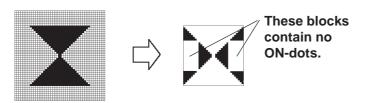


■ Transparent/Background Color

If no dots are turned ON in a block, this block becomes transparent. When this function is set to "Background color", a block without any ON dots is displayed in the background color (Bg).

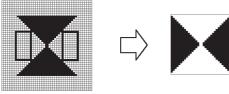
Procedure	REMARKS
(1) Select the [Edit] menu - [Background Color] com- mand, or click on the icon.	
 (2) Click in the block to be displayed in the background color. The border line of the specified block is changed. Every time you click in the block, the color setting is switched. 	
 (3) Click the right mouse button to register the above setting. Display When Called Up to a B When this function is set to "Transpa 	

When this function is set to "Transparent":



If at least one dot is ON in a block, this block is displayed in the background color. The block with no ON dots becomes transparent, and you can see the objects on the base screen.

When this function is set to "Background color":



The block with no ON dots is displayed in the background color.

■ Canceling a Command: Undo

This function is used to cancel a command and return to the previous condition immediately before the command was made.

[Undo] is only effective for the command immediately before it.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
After deleting a circle unintentionally:	
(1)Select the silon.	
The deleted circle is restored, and the screen returns to	
the previous condition.	
Redo Command	

This function is used to redo the command canceled with the [Undo] command.

The [Redo] command is effective only for the command immediately before it.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
After deleting a circle, you have selected the 🔊 icon to return to the previous condition, but you realize that actually, the circle must be deleted: (1)Select the 🗇 icon. The screen returns to the condition where the circle has been deleted and harmony is restored.	

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3.1.3 Registering and Placing a Mark Library Item

You can register a mark created in the mark drawing area and the registered Mark can be loaded whenever required. The Mark Library Item (mark list) can be saved as a Mark library file (MRK file). The LT Editor enables you to manage MRK files independent of project (LTE) files . This function allows you to use the sameMmark for several projects, since you can select a desired Mark while checking the image displayed in the browser. Registration, placement, and other editing operations of Mark Library are performed in the same manners as those of the standard Libraries.

Reference 2.4 Libraries



Note: LT Editor has pre-made MRK files in correspondence with the ISO7000 Series Marks and symbols.

Drawing symbol number	MRK file name	Title
0001-0200	IS07-1	0001-0200
0201-0400	IS07-2	0201-0400
0401-0600	IS07-3	0401-0600
0601-0800	IS07-4	0601-0800
0801-1000	IS07-5	0801-1000
1001-1140	IS07-6	1001-1140

Reference Parts List Manual

3.2 Creating an Image: the Image Screen

When you convert image data (bitmap = BMP file and JPEG: JPG file) read with an image scanner into an Image screen for the LT series, the image data can be displayed on the LT series panel. Even though your original image file can be up to 256 colors, since the LT can only display in 64 colors, the file's colors will be converted to the LT's 64 colors.

You can load an Image screen onto a Base screen, Trend Graph screen, or Keyboard screen by selecting the [Draw] menu - [Load Screen] command.

Reference 2.2.10 Load Screens

To convert image data into Image screen data for the LT series, use the [Utility] menu - [Convert Image] command.



- **Note:** The Image Screen cannot be opened with the Screen Editor.
 - You can also perform the conversion in the screen editor by selecting the [Draw] menu [Convert/Image] command.

Reference 2.3.18 Convert (Import) Image

• Image screens cannot be edited. To edit the image data, you must use the original file, and then convert this file into Image screen data. The Image screens can be checked on the screen list.

Reference 4.1.1 Listing/Copying/Deleting Screens

• This command can convert image data of up to 800 x 600 dots. Note that any portion that does not fit into the LT screen will be cut off before conversion.

3.2.1

Image Conversion

Convert image data (bitmap: BMP file and JPEG: JPG file) created with other editor software or read with an image scanner into an Image (I) screen for the LT series.

		1 bit	4 b	its	8 b	oits			
Number of col	ore	2 colors		16-level		256-level	16-bit	24-bit	32-bit
	015	(black &	16 colors	gray	256 color	gray	color	color	color
		white)		scale		scale			
Windows BMP/DIB		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Windows BMP/DIB(RLE4)	*.BMP	-	0	0	-	-	-	-	-
Windows BMP/DIB (RLE8)		-	-	-	0	0	-	-	-
JPEG	*.JPG	-	-	-	-	0	-	0	-

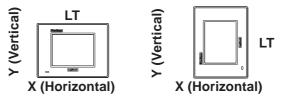
With a color Image screen, when the data volume becomes large the LT series' display speed is increased. With a monochrome Image screen, the LT series' display speed is slightly lowered, but the data volume can be reduced. Select a color or monochrome Image screen according to your purpose.

If the data volume is too large to be displayed on one screen, the converted data will be divided into several screens (up to nine screens) of 50 Kbytes each.



Compressed BMP files cannot be converted.

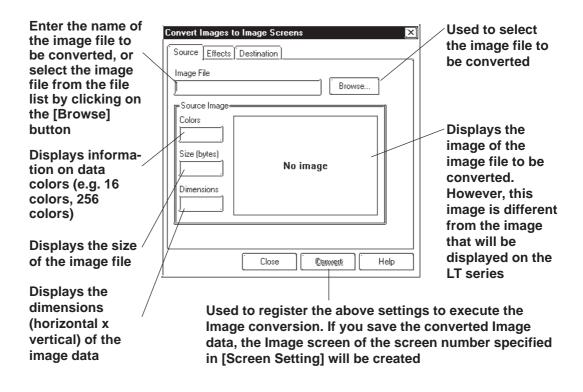
• Make sure that the original image data's longitudinal dimension ("X" for the horizontal type, and "Y" for the vertical type in the figure below) is a multiple of "4" for color data, or a multiple of "8" for monochrome data. Otherwise the fractional data will be deleted from the right edge of the screen after conversion.



• If the longitudinal dimension of the original image data is less than "4" for color data, or less than "8" for monochrome data, the image data cannot be converted.

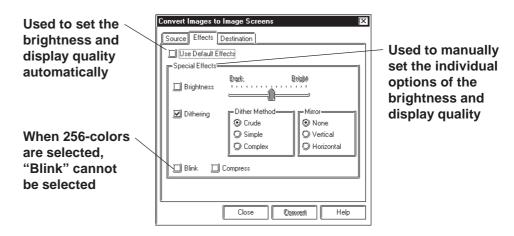
Converting/Placing an Image: [Source]

Specify the image file to be converted. The information on the specified bitmap file will be displayed.



Converting/Placing an Image: [Effects]

Specify the brightness, resolution, blinking, compression, and mirror functions for the converted image data.



Use Default Effects

When you specify Use Default Effects, the original data will be automatically converted into the image data with the optimum brightness and display quality.

Brightness

Used to convert bitmap data according to the brightness level. The reference value can be changed between levels "0" and "15". A larger value indicates a brighter image, and a smaller value indicates a darker image.

Dithering

Used to set the converted data's display quality.

Blink

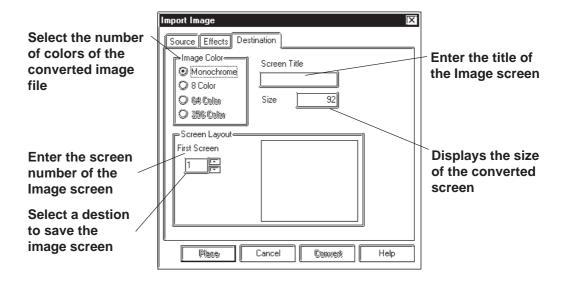
Used to make the converted data blink.

Compress

Used to compress the original image data during conversion.

Mirror

Used to replace the original image data symmetrically relative to the X-axis or Y-axis during conversion.



Converting/Placing an Image: [Destination]

Screen Color

Select the type of the converted image file: Monochrome or 8-colors. The screen size and the number of screen divisions vary depending on the selected type.

♦ First Screen

Enter the screen number of the Image screen. If no screen number is specified, an Image screen of the currently displayed screen number will be created.

Screen Title

Enter the title of the Image screen. Even if the converted data are divided into several screens, only one title can be specified for one original file.

♦ Size

Displays the size of the converted screen.

Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS 3.2 Creating an Image: the Image Screen

Converting an Image

Convert an image file into Image screen data.

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select the [Utility] menu - [Convert Image] command of the Project Manager.	
(2)Click on the Browse button, and select a image file to be converted. The color type, data volume, screen size and image data of the image file will be displayed.	
Convert Images to Image Screens Image File Source Image Browse Colors 256 Size (bytes) 23074 Dimensions 153 x 141 Close Convert Help	
(3)Specify the conversion parameters. If the data volume is too large to be displayed in one	
screen, the image data will be divided into several Im- age screens.	
Convert Images to Image Screens Images Converting Source Effects Use Default Effects Bright Brightness Images Converting Dither Method Mirror Images Dither Method Mirror Images Dither Method Mirror Images Dither Method Vertical Images Dither Method Vertical	If the original data are mono- chrome, these conversion param- eters cannot be specified.

3.2 Creating an Image: the Image Screen Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS

r	
Procedure	REMARKS
(4)Enter the screen number and title of a new Image, and designate Screen Type. If you do not set a title, the title of the original BMP file will be specified. Screen Effects Screen Title Screen Layout Screen Title Screen Layout In provider picture bring	 The number of colors specified for [Screen Color] must be equal to the number of display colors supported by your LT series. If the number of colors is differ- ent, the display speed will be low- ered. Any colors that are not supported with your LT series cannot be dis- played.
(5) Click on the Convert button to perform data conversion. The image data conversion starts. Then, the converted image will be displayed. OUTONO DESTINATION OF A DESTINATION 	If the same screen number already exists, the system asks if you want to replace the existing screen with the one you are attempting to save. If so, select Yes ; otherwise, select No . Image Screen Conflict Ves Do you wish to overwrite existing Screens? Yes No
 (6) If the displayed image is correct, click on the Save button. An Image screen is created. Figs Screen Preview Figs Screen Conversion Figs Screen Conversi	To cancel conversion, click on the Discard button. When an image is converted by se- lecting the [Convert Image] com- mand from the [Draw] menu on the Screen Editor, pressing the [Place] button allows the converted image screen to be placed. Reference 2.4.18 Convert (Im- port) Image Select the [Load Screen] command from the [Draw] menu to place the converted image. Reference 2.2.10 Load Screens

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3.2.2 Compressing/Decompressing an Image Screen

If the size of the Image screen is large, you can compress it to reduce the data size. The data is compressed to one-fifth the size of the source data. The compressed Image screen data can then be displayed directly to the LT series. With the compressed Image screen, however, the LT series' display speed will be slower.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select the [Utility] menu - [Compress Image] com- mand of the Project Manager.	
(2) Select the screen to be compressed or decompressed from the list.	To compress an Image screen (bit map data) of another project, select the project.
The compression and decompression procedures are separately described as follows:	To select a specified screen, click on the screen number while pressing the Ctrl key.
[Compression] (3) Click on the <u>Compress</u> button to execute data compression. The process is finished when the word "Compressed" appears. Image: <u>State Take Compressed Lifedor.bmp Compressed Utedor.bmp Compressed Utedo</u>	
[Decompression] (3) Click on the ecompress button to perform data decompression. The process is finished when the word "Normal" appears. Compress Britance No. Size Side 1 20000 20000 ItE directory Core Help	

LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

3.3 Window Display: Window (U) Screen **Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS** *and Base (B) Screen*

```
3.3 Window Display: Window (U) Screen and Base (B) Screen
```

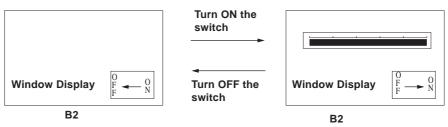
3.3.1 Overview of Window Display

Call up the windows registered on the Window Screen (U) or Base Screen (B) and display them on the Base Screen (B).

Additional windows can be displayed on the LT screen when necessary.

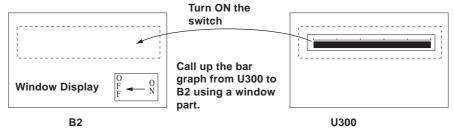
Example: Make the settings for displaying a bar graph by turning ON the window display switch.

<LT Screen>



<LT Editor Screen Editor>

1)Registering a window on the U Screen



Window Registration can be performed on the Window Screen (U).

Specify the Window Parts to call up the windows registered on the Window Screen (U) onto the Base Screen (B).

Reference 2.1.20 Window Parts, 3.3.2 Window Registration on the U Screen

♦ Global Window Display

Displays a single window on all Base Screens (B) as a global window. To call up the window, make the "Global Window" settings on the OFFLINE settings of the LT unit or on the [System Setup] of the Program Manager in LT Editor.

Reference Each LT series User Manual, Global Window Setup



Trend graphs (T Screen and parts), Keypad Input Display and Logging Display will not function from the registered window.

3.3 Window Display: Window (U) Screen and Base (B) Screen

3.3.2 Window Registration on the U Screen

Call up a window that has been registered on the Window Screen (U) onto the Base Screen (B)

The window can be easily called up with the window part placed on the Base Screen pasted to the Base Screen.

Window Screen

Usage Pattern	
$[Screen] \rightarrow [New Screen] \rightarrow$	$OK \rightarrow Create a window.$
$[Part] \rightarrow [Window Part] \rightarrow$	Specify the window. \rightarrow Place.
or	
F	

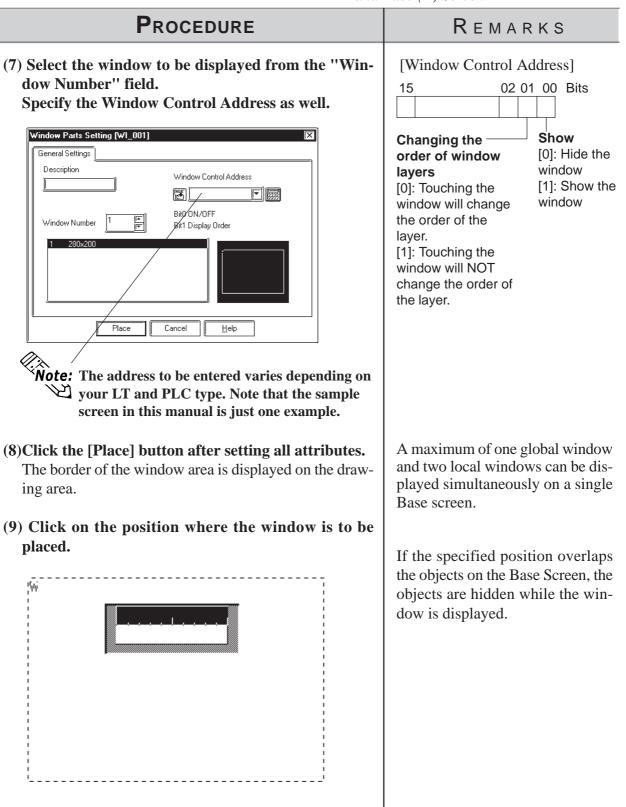
This section describes the procedure for calling up a window display of a bar graph onto B2, following the example in the section Overview of Window Display in 3.3.1.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1) Select [New] from the [Screen] menu, or click i to select [Window Screen]. The Window Screen (U) opens and a window area with a square frame is dis- played.	
New Image: Concel Screen Image: Concel Base Screen Image: Concel Mark Screen Image: Concel Image: Concel Image: Concel	
(2) Draw the bar graph to be called up to the B2 screen.	Click the border of the window area and eight \blacksquare will appear on the screen. With the mouse, drag \blacksquare to change the size of the window area.

3.3 Window Display: Window (U) Screen Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS and Base (B) Screen

and Base (B) Screen	
Procedure	REMARKS
<text><image/><image/><text><text><image/></text></text></text>	R E M A R K S The x coordinates for the window display can only be set up in 8 dot intervals, i.e. the cursor will snap from one 8 dot unit to another. You can set up the Y coordinates any- where you wish.
(6) Select [Window Parts] from the [Parts] menu, or click	

Chapter 3 - DRAWING APPLICATIONS



Memo

SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

4

s you use the LT Editor, file management work such as copying and deleting created screens and projects will increase, thereby improving your work efficiency. This chapter covers "Information Management of your data."

Screen Editin	4.1
Project Editin	4.2
Project Compression/Decompressio	4.3
Information Displa	4.4
Table Editor Character String	4.5

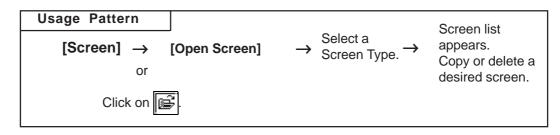
4.1 Screen Editing

This section describes the commands used to edit a screen, such as listing screens, and copying/deleting a specified screen.

4.1.1 Listing/Copying/Deleting Screens

You can list the number, size and title of all existing screens for each screen type. You can also print out this screen list.

Reference 9.1 Print Settings



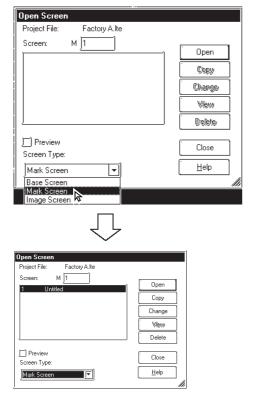
Listing Screens

This feature lists screens for the current project.

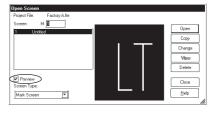
Procedure	Remarks
(1) Via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Open Screen] command, or click on the 🕞 icon.	

(2)Select the type of screens to be listed.

The screens will be automatically listed.



By checking the [Preview] check box, the selected screen image can be viewed in the dialog box.



By changing the [Open Screen] dialog box's size, the screen list display area can be enlarged so that more screens can be displayed.

Reference To print the screen list, *refer to* **9.1.1** ■ **Printing** - [**Project Information**] **Tab**.

Chapter 4 - SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

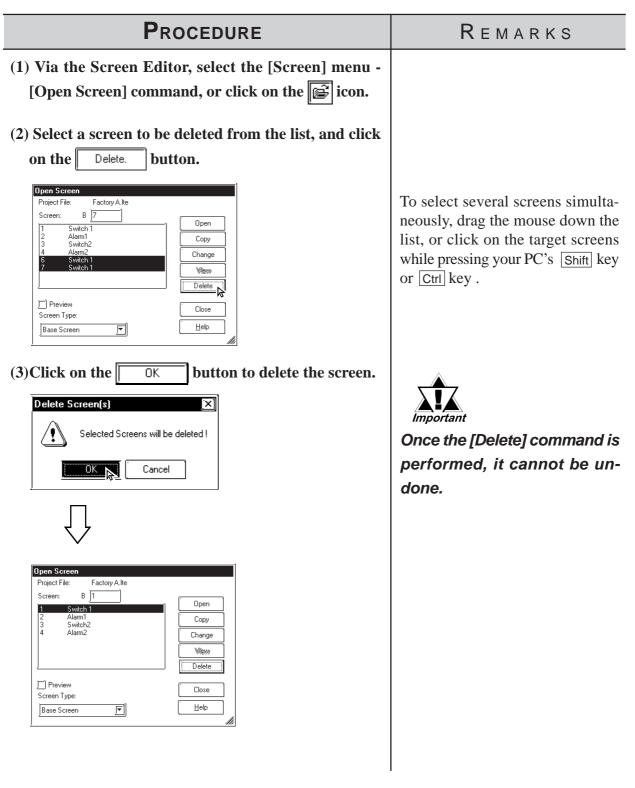
Copying Screens

This feature copies a screen from the current project file.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Open Screen] command, or click on the 🕞 icon.	
(2) Select a screen to be copied from the list, and click on the Copy button.	
Open Screen Project File: Factory Alte Screen: B 1 Open Switch2 Alarm1 Copy Change View Delete Preview Screen Type: Base Screen	
 (3) Specify the Start Screen Number of the copy destination and copy count. Then, click on the OK button. The screen will be copied for the designated number, consecutively from the Start Screen No. 	To select several screens simulta- neously, drag the mouse down the list, or click on the target screens while pressing your PC's Shift key or Ctrl key.
Screen Copy X Start Screen Number: OK 4 Cancel Copy Count Help	When selecting multiple screens si- multaneously, copy will be per- formed only one time.
	<i>Important</i> Once the [Copy] command is
Open Screen Project File: Factory A, Ite Screent: B 2 Alamin 2 Alamin 3 Copy 4 Amm2 4 Switch 1 7 Switch 1 7 Switch 1 9 Preview Screen Type: Else Base Screen Help	performed, it cannot be un- done.

Deleting Screens

This feature deletes a screen from the current project file.



Changing Screen Numbers and Titles

This feature allows you to change screen numbers and titles in the current project file.

Procedure	REMARKS
[Changing only One Screen] (1) Via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Open Screen] command, or click on the 📴 icon.	
(2) Select a screen to be changed from the list, and click on the Change button.	
(3) Change the screen number and title, and then click on the OK button to delete the screen.	Important
Rename X Project File: Digital Plant Screen Type: Base Screen Screen: Image: Cancel Description: Pump 1 1 Motor 1 7 Plant Graph 11 Pump 1	If any existing screen num- ber is specified, it will be overwritten. The currently open screen cannot
	be changed.
Open Screen Project File: Factory Alte Screen: B 1 Open 2 Alarm1 3 Switch 1 2 Copy 3 Switch Alarm2 View Change View Delete Preview Close Screen Type: Help	

Procedure	Remarks
 [Changing Multiple Screens at a Time] (1) Via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Open Screen] command, or click on the <i>E</i> icon. 	
(2) Select multiple screens to be changed from the list, and click on the change button.	To select multiple screens at a time, drag the mouse through the desired screens on the list, or click on those screens while holding the Shift or Ctrl key down. The currently open screen cannot be changed.
 (3) Specify the start screen number at the destination, and then click on the OK button. "13" is specified here. The specified number comes to the top, and the subsequent numbers are changed automatically with increments of offset values. Sreen Change Concerning Conc	The difference between the start screen number at the destination and that at the source is taken as an offset value. Since the start screen number, 1 is to be changed to 13 here, the offset value is 12. This offset value is added to the subse- quent screen number 2 and 5, which is then changed to 14 and 17.
Upen Screen Project File: Factory A Ite Screen: B 13 Switch 1 15 Switch 2 16 Production Alarm2 UBew Delete Preview Close Screen Help	

4.1.2 Copying Screens from Other Projects

Screens created in any project file other than the currently open one, and other settings can be copied to the currently open screen.



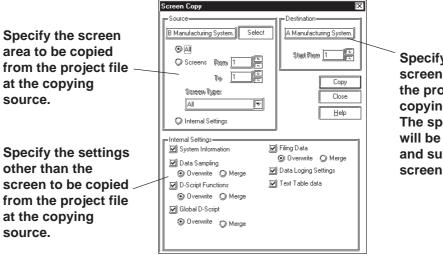
Note: • To copy a logic program from other project files, import a logic program file (*.wll) with the Logic Program Editor.

Reference Logic Programming Operation Manual

 The contents of Alarm Editor and Text Editor tables can be shared between Projects by importing/exporting ALA (alarm data only) or CSV files.
 ✓ Reference 4.5.2 ■ Importing/Exporting CSV files, 5.1.4 Alarm Import/ Export

Specifying Items to Be Copied

After selecting a project file as the copying source, specify the items you want to copy, such as the screen area to be copied and other settings, and a copying method.



Specify the start screen number in the project file at the copying destination. The specified data will be copied to this and subsequent screens.

♦ Source

The project file selected as the copying source is displayed. Specify the screen area to be copied and a screen type. If you are not copying a screen, but other settings only, select [Internal Settings].

Destination

The current project file is displayed. When copying a screen from another project file, specify the start screen number in the project file at the copying destination to start copying the screen.

♦ Internal Settings

Select the items to be copied among the global settings for each project file, which are not dependent on any screen. Also specify whether the settings existing in the current project file are deleted by overwriting them or merged (added) with additional settings without deleting them. If "Overwrite" is specified, the settings at the copying destination will be deleted and all the settings at the copying source will be copied. If "Merge" is specified, the settings at the copying source will be copied while those at the copying destination are left as far as possible.

When such a merge is made using [Window Registry], [D-Script Functions], or [Filing Data], you will be prompted to confirm whether any identical existing number or function name is to be overwritten. When the combination is made using [Data Sampling] or [Global D-Script] all the settings will be merged.

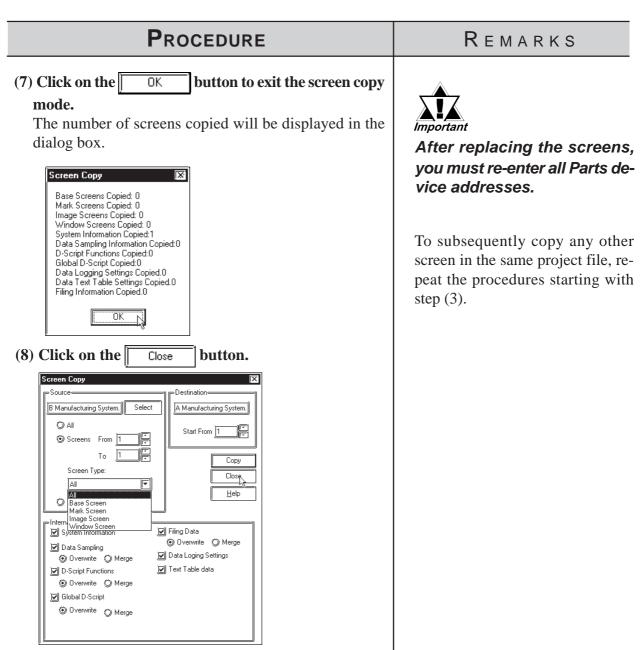
Copying Screens from Other Projects

Procedure	Remarks
First, open the copy designation project.	
(1) Select the Project Manager's [Utility] menu - [Screen Copy] command.	
(2) Select the project file to be copied (original project file) from the screen list, or enter the target project name, then click on the Den button.	To select a screen located in a dif- ferent folder, you must change to that folder.
Select (?) (X) Look jr: (Adabase () (A Manufacturing System.le () Manufacturing System.le	Reference 1.2.2 ■ Selecting an Existing Project
Production Process Ite Schedule Control Ite Test.Ite	The currently opened project can- not be selected.
File game: B Manufacturing System. Ite Files of type: Windows Project Files (*:Ite) Description : A Manufacturing System Display Type: TypeC Device/PLC Type: OMRON THERMAC NED SERIES	When you double-click on the project name selected in step (2), you can skip the com- mand.

Procedure	Remarks
<text><text><image/></text></text>	R E M A R K S If you select [All], all screens from the current project will be copied.
Grobal C-Schpt Overwrite O Merge	
LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guid	de 4-9

4.1 Screen Editing

Procedure	Remarks
(5) Select the internal settings to be copied, and specify a copying method (overwrite or merge).	
Screen Copy Image: Screen Screen Screen Type: All Screen Type: To Image: Screen Type: All Image: Screen Type: Base Screen Image: Screen Type: Image: Screen Image: Screen	
 (6) After confirming your selection and designation, click on the Copy button. If there is any screen of an identical number or function name, you will be prompted to conform whether or not to overwrite it. Selecting Yes will overwrite such a screen or function name, and selecting No will proceed to the next question. If Yes All is selected, all the screens or settings will be overwritten. If No All is selected, only the screens or settings that do not exist at the copying destination will be copied. 	
Screen Copy A Screen Type: A To Screen Type: Screen Type: Copy Base Screen Edd Copy Image Screen Fing D als Overwide Merge Script Functions Text Table data Overwide Merge Screen Type: Text Table data Overwide Merge Screen Type: Text Table data	
Screen Copy Image Screen number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? Image Screen Number 1 exists. Do you want to overwrite ? <	







This feature allows you to delete a project file.

Procedure	R e m a r k s
(1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Delete] command.	
(2) Select the project to be deleted from the screen list, or enter the desired project's file name. Then, click on the DeleteD button.	To select a project located in a dif- ferent folder, change the directory to that folder. Reference 1.2.2 Selecting an Existing Project When you double-click on the project name selected in step (2), you can skip the Delete(D) com- mand.
(3) Click on the Yes button to delete the project.	Once the [Delete] command is performed, it cannot be un- done.

4.2.2 Backing up Project Files

When a Project file is saved, a backup file (*.bak) of the most recently saved Project file data is created. The backup file is created in the same folder in which the selected Project Manager is stored.

To open and edit Backup files as Project files, change the filename extension to "lte".

Procedure	Rемаккѕ
(1) In the Project Manager (such as A PLANT SYSTEM. lte), select the [Project] menu's [Backup Settings] command.	
(2) Put a check mark in the "Backup Project File" checkbox and click on the OK button.	The option is enabled in the initial settings.
Backup Setting	
(3) Save a Project file. The backup file [A PLANT SYSTEM. bak] is created in the same folder in which the selected Project Man- ager (Example: A PLANT SYSTEM.lte) is stored.	To open and edit Backup files via the Project Manger, change the filename extension from "bak" to "lte".

4.2.3 Rebuilding A Project (Rebuild)

The "Rebuild" tool is used to both check the contents of the LTE files, CPW files and MRK files created with LT Editor, as well as to rebuild these files if they are damaged.

In the following cases, use the "Rebuild" command to restore file data.

- 1. Your personal computer is either reset or shut down while you are saving data.
- 2. The system crashed while you were saving data.
- 3. Your floppy disk or hard disk is damaged.
- 4. Your personal computer's disk drive is defective.
- 5. A system error (an error not specified in the error message list, such as a partition or checksum error) occurs while a screen is being opened or transferred.
- 6. The desired project file does not display as a LTE file during project selection, or an existing screen's number is not displayed when you try to open that screen.
- 7. You cannot select a project file when you try to perform the [Select Project] command. (i.e. the LT Editor program cannot recognize the project file as a LTE file)
- 8. When you try to open a file, an error message appears, indicating that the file is damaged.



9. Parts placed on the LT Editor program screen cannot be displayed on the LT unit, or, a different screen than desired is displayed on the LT unit. (i.e. the relationship between the screen data and Parts data is not correct)

If this error message is displayed, LT Editor program cannot read the target file until this file is rebuilt.

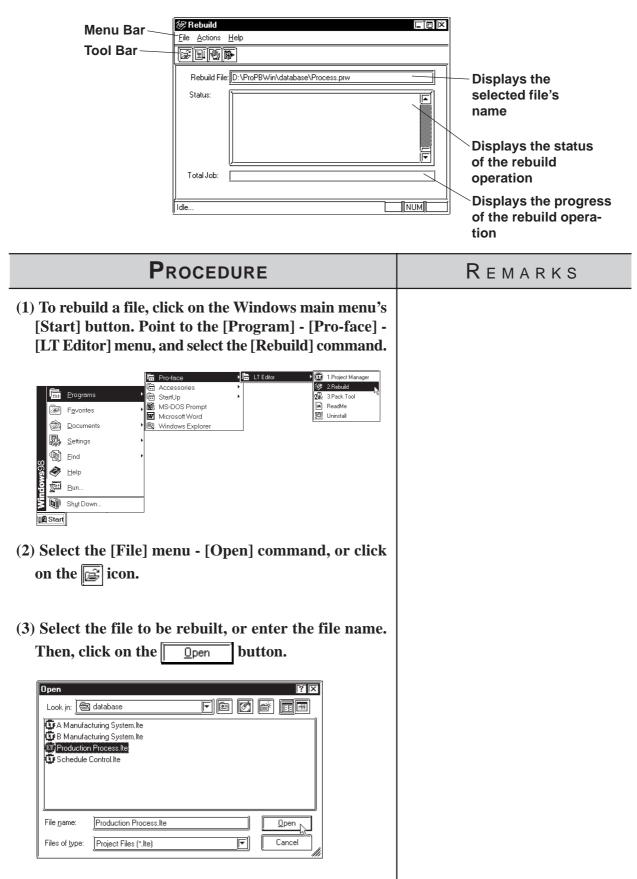
If a file's data cannot be completely restored with the "Rebuild" tool, the system treats this data as abnormal data and deletes it. In this case, you must edit this LTE file using LT Editor program after the "Rebuild" command is performed.



Note: File Rebuilding requires approximately three times the hard disk space occupied by the Project file.

Rebuilding

General description of the "Rebuild" screen is as follows:



4.2 Project Editing

Chapter 4 - SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Procedure	REMARKS
After confirming that the file name is correct, select the [Actions] menu - [Start] command, or click on the 🗐 icon.	
The selected file will then be rebuilt.	
Rebuild File: C: \Program Files \Pro-face \LT \database \Production Process.lte Status:	
Total Job:	
File Actions Help	To cancel file rebuilding, click on the with icon.
Rebuild File: D:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database\Production Process.lte Status: Deleting S10001 Processing Finishing	

the **i**con and finish the rebuild operation. **Note:** When Parts or Tags set up on the LT Editor screens are not displayed on the LT screen, or displayed in shapes different from the designated shapes (the screen data and part data are not related properly), rebuilt the data, and then transfer the data

again. Click on [4], and select [Transfer] - [Prepare] to display the Transfer Settings dialog box. Then, select "Send All Screens" option from the Transfer Method field.

4.2.4 Converting Addresses and Device Codes

This feature allows you to change a Part's addresses. This address conversion can be performed on either word or bit addresses. This command is useful for changing both addresses or an address' device code.

Note: When assigning a variable (Logic symbol) to the address, do not perform the Address Block conversion; otherwise, the operation will fail.

PROCEDURE	Rемаккѕ
(1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Utility] menu - [Convert Addresses] command.	
<text><image/></text>	In word address conversion mode, Part addresses specified by a bit ad- dress can also be changed, within a specified range. When using any of the following External Devices, specify the De- vice/PLC number, as well: FACTORY ACE, 1:n communica- tion (Yokogawa Electric Corp.) SDC Series (Yamatake Electric Corp.) THER MAC NEO series (OMRON) Vord Address Fried States (Device/PLC No.
Before this step is performed, be sure that the first and last device codes used are the same. You cannot specify	
an address conversion range for a different device.	
Address Conversion Device Type Owned Address Device Type Convert Close Before Start Address Dir/Con000 End Address Or/Con000 Streen Type Streen Type Streen Type Or/Con000	When converting addresses, be sure that the address settings meet the following condition: "Final address before conver- sion" - "Initial address before conversion" ≤ "Final address af- ter conversion" - "Initial ad- dress after conversion"
Image: Screen	If the left side is larger than the right side in the above formula, the Parts corresponding to the surplus addresses will be assigned to the final address of the same device

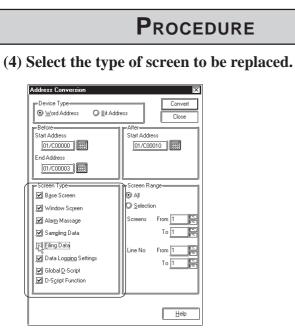
LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

Help

D-Script Function

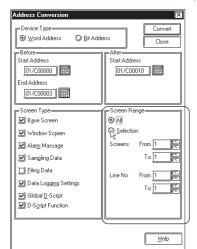
final address of the same device.

REMARKS



(5) Enter the screen number to be changed. (Enter the line numbers used in the Alarm Editor)

All the addresses between the initial screen number and the final screen number (or the addresses between the initial line number and the final line number), will now be changed.



(6) After confirming that all the settings are correct, click on the Convert button.

Address Conversion	X
© Evice Type	ess Close
Before Start Address 01/C00000 0000 End Address 01/C00003 0000	After Start Address 01/C00010
Screen Type Base Screen Window Screen Alam Massage Samgling Data Eling Data Data Logging Settings Global D.Script D.Script Function	Screen Range Al Scleenion Screens From To Line No From To To
<u>.</u>	<u>H</u> elp



Do not convert addresses on 2,000 screens or more at a time. Otherwise, the memory capacity might run short after this conversion. If this memory shortage occurs, restart the LT Editor.

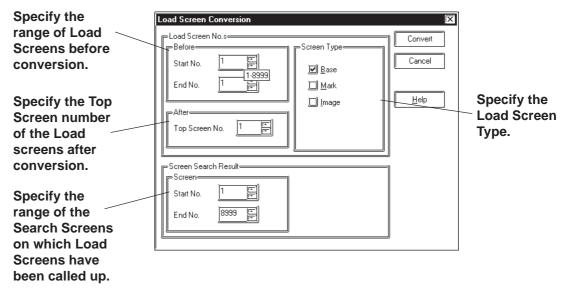
PROCEDURE	Remarks
(7) Click on the Start button. The progress of the address conversion will be displayed.	
Converted Screens Completed Cancel	
(8)To stop the address conversion prior to normal completion, click on the Close button.	
Converted Screens B5 B6 Completed	

4.2.5 Convert Load Screens

This feature allows you to convert the currently loaded screens to different ones via the [Load Screen] command, all at once.

Load Screen and Search Screen Settings

Here, specify the screens to be converted. Enter the numbers of the Search Screens on which Load Screens have been called up and called up Load Screens.



Procedure	Remarks
 Example; Load Screens B100 to B105 currently loaded on Base screens B1 to B30 are converted to B200 to B205. (1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Utility] menu - [Convert Load Screens] command. 	
(2) Specify the type and numbers of the Load Screens to be converted and the Top Screen number of the Load Screens after conversion. Base screen	
Start No. (100) Image End No. (105) Image Top Screen No. Image	
 (200) (3) Specify the range of the Search Screens and their type. The Load Screen numbers specified in step (2) will be converted and called up on Search Screens specified by the Start and End numbers, here. 	
Start No. (1) End No. (30)	
(4) After confirming all the settings are correct, click on the Convert button.	
(5) Click on the Start button to start conversion. The conversion status will continuously be displayed.	
Conversion Status Converted Screens Cancel Cancel	
(6) Click on the Close button to close the dialog.	
Converted Screens B5 B6 Completed	

4.2.6 Symbol Editor

The Symbol Editor enables you to assign an address to a symbol and then register that symbol and to assign a device comment to an address and then register it.

The "Symbol" is the registered name used to indicate the address of any Part. Thus, when you change the address corresponding to a symbol, you will automatically change a Part's address(es) without having to re-setting the Part. The "device comment" indicates a comment assigned (attached) to

each address. When setting a Part's address(es), simply clicking on

([Apply Device Comment]) reflects the registered device comment to the Part's comment field.

✓ Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Part Attributes - Entering a Comment
In all the address entry fields, such as of Parts, addresses registered via the Symbol Editor will be displayed in a pull-down list together with the symbols or device comments. Addresses can also be specified here by selecting them from this list.

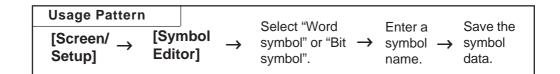
☐ Constant Sector Addresses Constant Sector Constant Sec

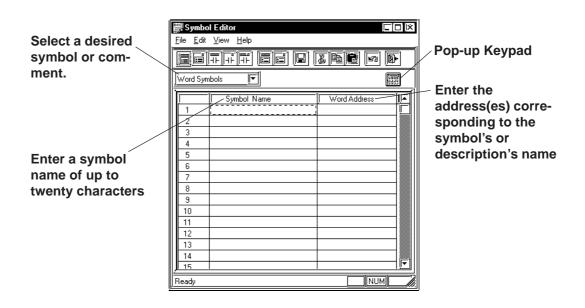
< Note

Note: The registered symbol and device comment information can be printed as a symbol list.

```
Reference 9.1.1 Printing
```

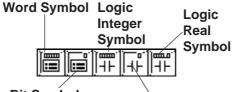
Projects by import and export.





Symbol Editor Types

There are five types of symbols: the Word symbol corresponding to a word address, the Bit symbol corresponding to a bit address, the Logic Integer symbol, the Logic Discrete symbol and the Logic Real symbol which are used in a logic program.



Bit Symbol Logic Discrete Symbol

◆ Logic symbol

Logic symbol means variables used in a logic program. A new logic symbol cannot be registered with the Symbol Editor. When a logic program is saved, global variables registered on the variable list will automatically be registered with the Symbol Editor.

Only global variables are registered as logic symbols.

Variables are registered as one of the following three logic symbols depending on the variable type: **Logic Integer symbol, Logic Discrete symbol, Logic Real symbol**.

As for an array variable, each element is registered as a symbol. An array of size 5 is registered as five logic symbols. [Element Number] representing elements in an array will be <Element Number> as a Logic symbol, and an array of size 5, ALLM, will be represented as below.

Array variable	Logic symbol
ALLM[0]	ALLM<0>
ALLM[1]	ALLM<1>
ALLM[2]	ALLM<2>
ALLM[3]	ALLM<3>



Note: For details of variables, please refer to the "Logic Programming Operation Manual" or "online help".

Device Comment Types

There are two types of bit device comments: the word device comment corresponding to a word address and the bit device comment corresponding to a bit address.

Word Device Comment



Bit Device Comment

Edit Commands

To edit symbols, you can use the following commands:

- 🐺 Used to delete a symbol's line of data and store it on the clipboard. The Paste command allows you to then move that symbol to another line.
- **E**..... Used to copy a selected line of data to the clipboard.
- 💽 Used to insert the line of data temporarily stored on the clipboard into the desired row, after the Cut/Copy command has been performed.
 - Used to cancel the command previously performed and return to the previous condition. However, an edited symbol character cannot be restored.

■ Using the Cut/Copy/Paste Commands

Cut/Copy/Paste commands can be used to move data between different Symbol Editor files. To do this, simply open another LBE file and select a desired line. Then, use the [Cut] or [Copy] command, and then the Symbol Editor's [Paste] command.



Do not register the same symbol name for both a word symbol and a bit symbol.

If alphanumeric numerals are used at the end of a symbol name, executing the [Copy] and [Paste] command will automatically change the symbol's name.

 When Chinese characters and numbers are used in a symbol name:

All the Arabic numbers to the right of the Chinese character(s) will be deleted. Sequence numbers starting from "2" will be assigned after the Chinese characters.

When Roman characters and Arabic numbers are used in a symbol name:

Example) ABC123

All the Arabic numerals to the right of Roman character(s) will be deleted and replaced by a sequence number.

When only Arabic numbers are used in a symbol name:

Only the first number is retained, and all other digits are truncated and replaced with a sequence number.

Registering Symbols and Device Comments

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Via the Project Manager, select the [Screen/Setup] menu - [Symbol Editor] command.	
(2)Select symbol or device comment type. In this example, please select "Word Symbols".	
Symbol Editor Image: Symbol Editor File Edit View Help Image: Symbol Symbol Symbol Image: Symbol Editor Word Symbol Image: Symbol Name Word Address 1 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 2 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 1 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 2 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 1 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 2 Image: Symbol Name Word Address 1 Image: Symbol Name Word Name Image: Symbol Name 2 Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name 2 Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name 1 Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name Image: Symbol Name 1 Image: Symbol Nam	
(3) Enter symbol names and addresses.	To enter a symbol name, you can use up to twenty alphanumeric characters, or up to ten Chinese
Eile Edit Yiew Help Image: Image	 characters. The entered characters are not case- sensitive. You can perform the [Delete] or [Copy] and [Paste] commands af- ter selecting multiple messages.
(4) After all the necessary items are registered, select the [File] menu - [Save] command, or click on the icon.	The symbols [], ?, and the Tab key cannot be used in the Symbol Editor.

Importing Symbols and Device Comments

The previously saved Symbol Editor data can be imported to and shared with the currently open Symbol Editor. Files with the extension of "*.LBE" or "*.CSV" can be imported.

CSV files that have been created via a text editor, Microsoft Excel, or other applications can be used as symbol or device comment data via the Symbol Editor after imported.



Note: Logic symbols cannot be imported with the Symbol Editor.

Symbol data and device comment's CSV file formats are as follows:

<Symbol Data CSV Format>

"GP_SYMBOL"

"Symbol Name", "Word Address"

<Give one line feed between a word address and a bit address> "Symbol Name", "Bit Address"

Example

"GP_SYMBOL" "Line A (1 to 5): Word","D00100" "Line A (6 to 10): Word","D00101"

One line feed

"Line A (1 to 5): Bit","X00100" "Line A (6 to 10): Bit","X00101"

<Device Comment Data CSV Format>

"GP_COMMENT"

"Word Address", "Device Comment Name" <Give one line feed between a word address and a bit address> "Bit Address", "Device Comment Name"

Example

"GP_COMMENT" "D00100","Machine A stops" "D00101","Machine A is now operating"

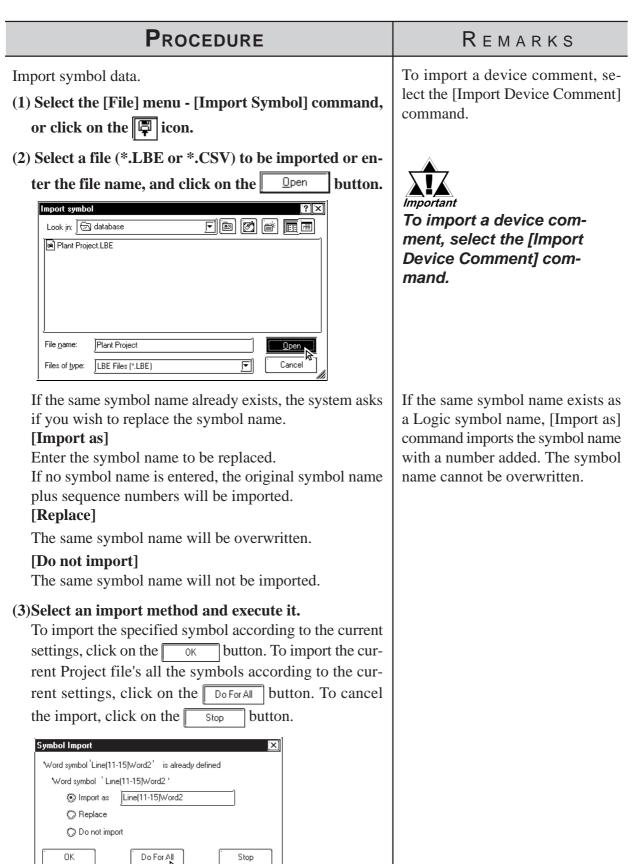
One line feed

"X00100"," Pump B" "X00101"," Pump B"



"GP_SYMBOL" and "GP_COMMENT" are identifiers indicating they are Symbol and Device Comment Data, respectively.

Give a line feed only between a word symbol and a bit symbol. If an unnecessary line feed is given in any other place, data cannot be imported.



- **Note:** Amount of the Symbol data created or imported via the Symbol Editor is not limited. However, the number of device comment characters is up to 20.
 - Items with an inappropriate device name are not imported.

Exporting Symbols and Device Comments

Data registered via the Symbol Editor is exported and saved as an LBE or CSV file. By importing this data, the Symbol Editor data can be shared among Projects.



Logic symbols cannot be imported with the Symbol Editor.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
Export symbol data. (1)Via the Symbol Editor, select the [File] menu - [Export Symbol] command, or click on the icon.	To export a device comment, select the [Export Device Comment] command.
 (2)Specify the name and type (*.LBE or *.CSV) of the file to save the exported data with, and click on the save button. If the same file name already exists, the system asks if the existing file must be overwritten. If it must be overwritten, select yes. If you do not wish to over write it, select No. 	
Export as ? X Save jn: Database Image: Line1 word_LBE File name: Line3 word Save as type: LBE Files (".LBE)	
Export symbol IX Image: Specific already exists. Okay to replace? Image: Specific already exists. Image: Specific already exists. Image: Specific already exists. Image: Specific already exists.	

🔟 Include Alarm Files

Cancel

ок 🔊

■ Calling up Device Comments

All the comments that have already been registered with Parts can be called up on the Symbol Editor as device comments. For addresses corresponding to each Part's comment, refer to the Input Description Address Table.

Reference 2.3.8 Duplication

PROCEDURE Remarks (1)Select the [File] menu - [Get Device Comment From **Project**]. Important (2) Select a device comment calling up method and click Multiple addresses may be given to a Part depending on the ΟK button. on its type. In this case, [Overwrite] ... The device comment is called up after device comments will be the already assigned address is deleted. called up for all the as-[Merge] ... The device comment is called up in addition signed addresses. to the already assigned address. Get Comment File From Project X. To call up an alarm message from Save Options= the Alarm Editor, mark the [Include 🗐 Overwrite Alarm Files] check box. <u> Merge</u>



You can change the LT type of your current project.



Note: After changing the LT type, you can save the current project using the (Project] menu - [Save As] command.

Reference 1.2.2 Saving a Project Under a Different Name

Procedure	REMARKS			
<text><image/><image/><text></text></text>				
Display Type: TypeB/B+ TypeH TypeA Portrait TypeC virtait (3) Click on the OK button. Change Display Type Display Type: TypeA OK Help	The drawing area, com- mands and memory used by this change will vary de- pending on the selected LT type. Be sure to check these items before changing the LT type to be sure that your change(s) will be compatible with your existing project's data.			
When a vertical type LT unit is replaced with a horizontal type or vice- versa, the displayed screen is rotated 90°. Therefore, you must also edit the screen using the [Rotate] command. After editing, be sure to check that the displayed data is as desired.				
Example)	ABC			
Horizontal type Ver LT Editor Ver 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guid	rtical type 4-29			



The PLC type selected in the current project and the available addresses can be changed. This function is enabled only when using LT Type C.



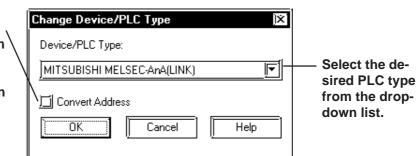
Note: To change the Device/PLC type, save the Device/PLC type you have changed via the [Project] menu-[Save As] command.

Reference 1.1.2 Saving a Project File under a Different File Name

Changing the Device/PLC type

The PLC type can be changed in the following dialog box.

Add a check mark to display a screen that allows you to configure the conversion pattern of available devices.



Setting the Device Conversion Pattern

The conversion operation of available devices is executed when the PLC type is changed.

The "Conversion Pattern" should be registered in order to convert the available device.

Ote: For efficient setup operations, arrange the following items beforehand.

Tables of available devices/PLCs both before and after the device/PLC types have been changed.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual, Device Memory Map of the PLC, etc.

Click this button to execute the conversion accord-

ing to the data shown in the Address Table.

• Printed result of global cross reference

CSV file data and display the

data in the Address Table.

Address Table Displays detailed information on the conversion patterns (address type, range of available addresses before the PLC type is changed, and start address of the available address after the change).

\						
1 / I	PLC Type Cha	nge			[×
ne 🔪	Convert From	OMRON THERM	AC NEO SERIES		Convert	
erns 🔪	Convert To	MITSUBISHI FRE	QROL SERIES		Cancel	7
nge	Device Type	Start Address(Before)	End Address(Before)	Start Address(/	Add Pattern	
he .					Delet Pattern	ľ,
iged, s of Iress					Save Pattens	
).					Help	
conve	rsion pa	on to load	om the sa		button to	-

Click this button to cancel all conversion information in the Address Table.

Click this button to register an additional conversion pattern.

Click this button to modify the settings of the conversion pattern.

Click this button to delete a conversion pattern.

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patterns in a CSV

file.

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Via the Project Manager, click on the icon, or select the [Project] menu - [Change Device/PLC Type] command.	Do not open screens other than the Project Manager. Doing so will dis- able the selection of the Device/ PLC Type.
(2) To change the Device/PLC type, click on the desired external device.	
Change Device/PLC Type Image: Comparison of the second	
[When no Device conversion patterns are set] (3)Click on the OK button.	The conversion operation applies to all addresses in the selected Project (except for addresses that have been registered as symbols).
Convert Address	
(4) Click on the OK button to exit the setting dia- log box. PLC types are different Image: Comparison of the setting dia- log box. Save- As Plc Type different from previous type. Address conversion may have produced invalid addresses OK	Once you change a project's De- vice/PLC type, you must re-enter that project's device addresses for Tags, D-script and alarms. Save each screen separately again when the Function Switch set up with the "Change Screen" function is used on the screen.

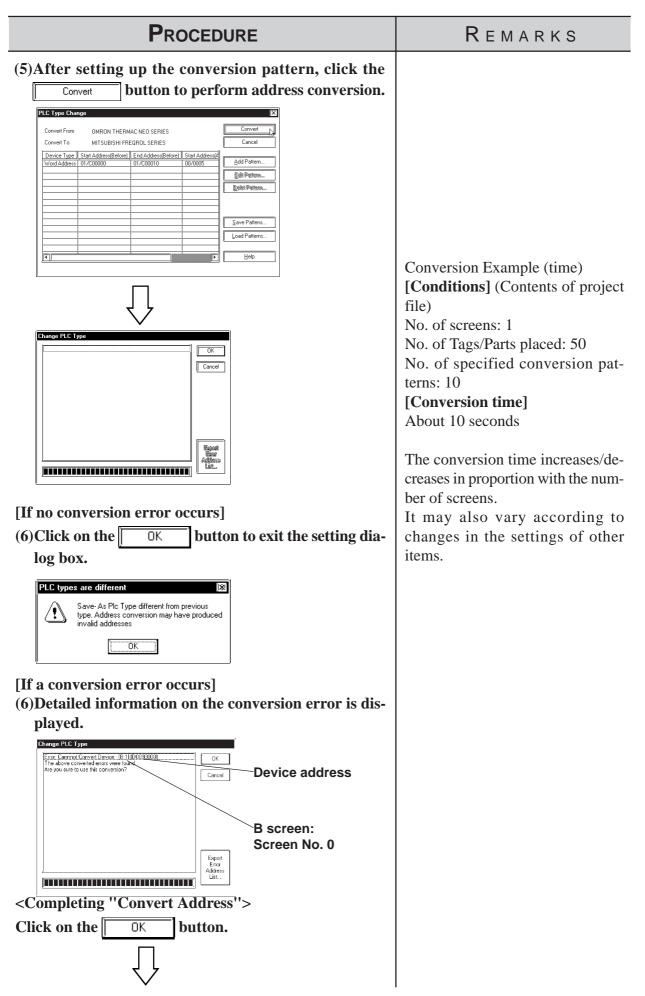
PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 [When Device conversion patterns are set] (3)Put a check mark in the "Convert Address" checkbox and click on the OK button. 	The conversion operation applies to all addresses in the selected Project (except for the addresses that have registered as symbols).
Change Device/PLC Type Device/PLC Type: MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Image: Convert Address OK Cancel	
(4)Click on the <u>Add Pattern</u> button to set up the conversion pattern for the Device.	
PLC Type Change Image: Convert From OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES Convert Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Device Type Start Address(Before) End Address(Before) Start Address(Before) Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Image: Convert To Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Image: Convert To Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Image: Convert To Cancel Image: Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Image: Convert To Cancel Image: Convert To Cancel Image: Convert To Cancel <	
$\overline{\Box}$	
Select the "Address Type" option and designate the available "Start Address" and "End Address" of the PLC before the conversion, as well as the available "Start Address" of the PLC after the conversion, and click on the OK button.	Refer to the list of available devices of your PLC.
Edit Address Convertion Pattern OK Address Type OK Bit Address OWord Address Convert From Cancel Start Address Start Address [01/C00003] Image: Start Address [01/C00010] Image: Start Address	
$\overline{\Box}$	

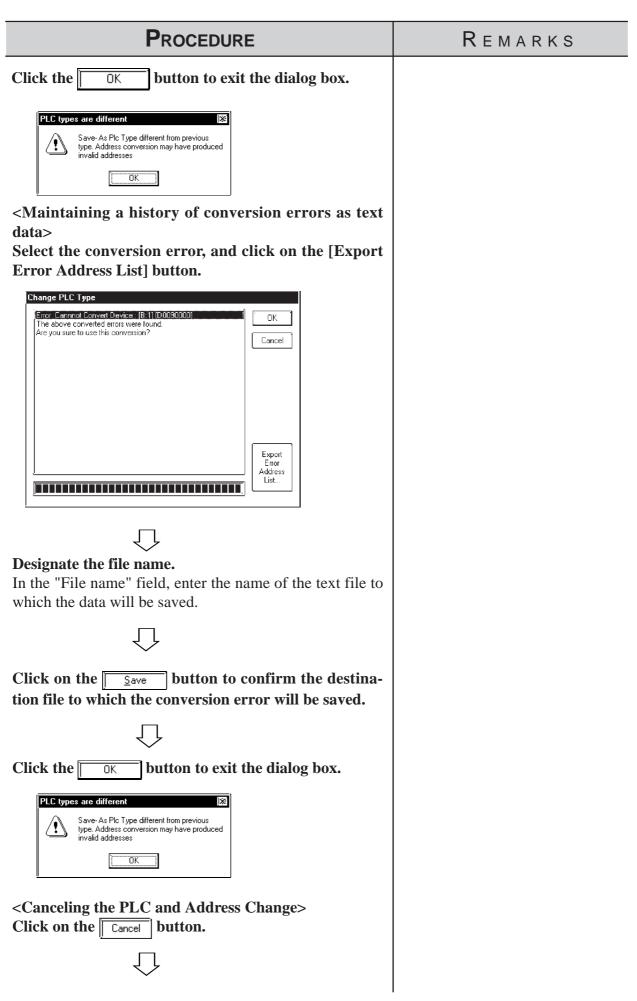
Procedure	REMARKS
The new conversion pattern is added to the Address Table.	
PLC Type Change	
Convert From OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES Convert Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel	
Device_Type Start Address[Before] End Address[Before] Start Address[Word Address 01/C00000 01/C00010 00/0003 Address[
Edit Patterne Ballet Ballet	
Added conversion pattern	
Editing a conversion pattern>	
Select the conversion pattern you want to edit from the Address Table and click on the <u>Edit Pattern</u> button.	
Convert From OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES Convert	
Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Device Type Start Address[Before] End Address[Before] Start Address[6]	
Word Address 01/C00000 01/C00010 00/0003 Add Pattern Edit Pattern	
Delet Pattern	
Save Patters Load Patters	
۲, L	
esignate the conversion pattern with the procedure	
escribed in Step (4) of [When Device conversion pat-	
erns are set].	
Edit Address Convertion Pattern	
Address Type OK Bit Address OW Word Address Cancel	
Convert From Start Address 01/C00000 End Address 01/C00010 End Address	

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Procedure	REMARKS
The edited information is displayed in the Address Table of the conversion pattern.	
<saving a="" as="" conversion="" csv="" file="" pattern=""> Select the conversion pattern you want to save from the Address Table, and click on the <u>Save Pattens</u> button.</saving>	
PLC Type Change Image: Convert From OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES Convert Convert To MITSUBISHI FREQROL SERIES Cancel Device Type, Start Address[Before] Start Address[Before] Start Address[Before] Word Address 01/C00010 00/0005 Edit Pattern Edit Pattern Edit Pattern Load Pattern Image: Convert To To The series of t	
\downarrow	

-	_
Procedure	Remarks
Designate the file name." In the "File name." field, enter the name of the CSV file to which the data will be saved. Dick on the seve button to confirm the destination file to which the conversion pattern will be saved. Character a conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load Pattern button. The file name. The number of the CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a CSV file to the load ed. Dive the conversion pattern from a conversion.	When the combination of the PLCs indicated in "Convert From" and "Convert To" specified in [PLC Type Change] differs from the data on the CSV file, the conversion pat- tern stored in the CSV file cannot be loaded. Selecting the CSV file and clicking on the Open but- ton will not display any data in the Address Table.





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PROCEDURE	Remarks
The [PLC Type Change] dialog box appears on the screen and the settings are reset to the conversion pattern settings that existed before the conversion.	
$\overline{\Box}$	
Click on the Cancel button to close all setting screens for changing the PLC.	

4.3 Project Compression/Decompression

Compressing a project file reduces the size of its data to accomodate a standard floppy disk's limited capacity. A compressed project file and its screens however, cannot be edited. To edit the screens, you must first decompress the project file.

Usage Pattern				
Start → Prograr	ns \rightarrow Pro-face \rightarrow LT Ed	litor \rightarrow Pack Tool \rightarrow		
	press Project File]/ \rightarrow propress Project File]	Designate a Project file to be compressed or	\rightarrow	Click on the
or		decompressed.		ОК
Click on 🗐 or 📑				button.

A general description of the compression tool is as follows:

	Reack Tool
Displays the file name of the project to be compressed/ decompressed	File Name Status
Displays the status of the project file compression/decom- pression	
Displays the overall progress of the project file compres- sion/decompression	Progress
	ReadyNUM

4.3.1 Compressing a Project File

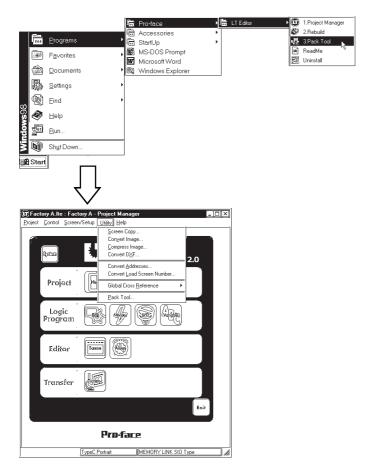
A Project file can be compressed to a smaller size. At this time, a large sized file can be divided into smaller files automatically according to the specified capacity. After a project file is divided into several files during compression, serial numbers are assigned to the first character of each file extension (or assigned to the first and second characters if the file number has two digits).

Example) *.0lt, *.1lt...*.9lt, *.10t, *.11t

Enter the file name of the project file to be compressed, or select a desired file name from	Pack Project File	Used to locate the project file to be com- pressed
the list by clicking on the [Browse] button	Separate File 1.44 MB	 Used to select the file size
The compressed project file is automatically divided into several files according to the specified file size		limit

(1) First, click the Windows [Start] button. Then, click
on the [Programs]-[Pro-face] - [LT Editor] menu and
click the [3. Pack Tool] menu item. You can also se-
lect [3.Pack Tool] from the Utility pull-down menu.

PROCEDURE



Remarks

Chapter 4 - SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT 4.3 Project Compression/Decompression

D	2
Procedure	Remarks
(2)Select the [Action] menu - [Compress Project File] command, or click on the 💷 icon.	
楼 Pack Tool	
File Name Status Progress Ready	
(3)Select the folder and project file to be compressed,	To call up a menu of all the avail-
or enter the file name. The file name of the desired project file will be displayed in the "Pack" screen.	able folders, click on the Browse
Pack Project File	
File Name C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database	
 ☐ Separate File 1.44 MB ▼	
OK Cancel	
(4)To divide the project file during compression, click on the [Separate File] check box, and select the de- sired file size limit.	When [Separate File] is selected and the file size is set to "1.44 MB" as shown in the left, the data will be divided and stored on two or
File Name C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database	more floppy disks.
OK. Cancel	
<u></u>	

Procedure	Remarks
 (5)Click on the OK button. If the same file name already exists, the system asks if the existing file must be overwritten. If you select OK , the existing file will be overwritten. If you select Cancel , the existing file will not be overwritten, and you will return to the previous dialog box. 	The compressed project file will be stored in the same folder as the original project file.
Pack Project File Eile Name C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database Image: Separate File Image: Ltd MB Image: Cancel	
Pack Tool File 'C:\Program Files\Pro-face\LT\database\A Manufacturing System.OLT' already exists. Okay to overwrite this file? OK Cancel	
(6) Select the [Action] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the icon.	

Chapter 4 - SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT 4.3 Project Compression/Decompression

4.3.2 Decompressing a Project File

A compressed project file (0LT file) cannot be edited. To edit the compressed project file, you must first decompress it.

PROCEDURE REMARKS (1)Click on the Windows desktop's [Start] button. Then, point to the [Programs] - [Pro-face] - [LT Editor] menu and click on the [4. Pack Tool] menu. Image: Start in the image: Start	Enter the file name of the project file to be decompressed, or select the desired file name from the list by clicking on the [Browse] button	UnPack Packed File File Name OK Car	Used to locate the project file to be decompressed
<pre>point to the [Programs] - [Pro-face] - [LT Editor] menu and click on the [4. Pack Tool] menu. If is a constrained in the isotropy is a constrained in the isotropy isotr</pre>	Proc	EDURE	REMARKS
Progress Ready	point to the [Programs menu and click on the [Podes Provides Documents Docu	a. [Pro-face] - [LT Editor] 4. Pack Tool] menu. a. [Decompress Project File] ne final icon.	

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4.3 Project Compression/Decompression Chapter 4 - SCREEN AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT

	5
Procedure	Remarks
 (3) Select a folder and Project file to be decompressed or enter the file name, and click on the OK button. If the same file name already exists, the system asks if the existing file must be overwritten. If you select 	To select a folder, click on the Browse button.
OK , the existing file will be overwritten. If you select Cancel , the existing file will not be overwritten, and you will return to the previous dialog box. UnPack Packed File X	<i>Important</i> To decompress a com- pressed project file that has been divided into several files, make sure that all divided files are available.
Eile Name Factory B.0lt Browse OK Cancel	However, when you specify the file name to be decom- pressed, the system dis- plays the first file name (*.0LT) only.
Pack Tool File 'Factory B.Ite' already exists. Okay to overwrite this file? Cancel Cancel	The decompressed project file will be stored in the same folder as the compressed file.
(4) Select the [Action] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the from icon.	

4.4 Information Display

This section describes the types of screen and project information available.

4.4.1 Project Information

[Project Information] displays both the commands used to edit the current project, and the date and time of its last revision. To use this command, select the [Project] menu - [Project Information] command.

Project Information

Project Info	SRAM Information
Current Project:	A Manufacturing System.Ite
Description:	Plant B
Device/PLC Type:	OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES
Display Type:	ТуреС
Project Size:	35879 Bytes
Date & Time:	Wed Oct 09 10:08:56 2002
Size of Screen To	Be Sent To dispaly unit:
With Upload Info	.: 11326 Bytes 1%
Without Upload I	nfo.: 1072 Bytes 1%
Extended Screen (Count: 11
	. <u></u>
	OK <u>H</u> elp

Current Project

Displays the file name of the currently selected project file.

♦ Description

Displays a comment about the current project.

Device/PLC Type

Displays the Device/PLC selected in the currently opened project file.

Display Type

Displays the LT type selected in the current project file.

Project Size

Displays the data volume of the current project file.

If any Parts are placed in this file, the file volume will be increased.

♦ Date & Time

Displays the date and time when this file was saved last.

◆ Size of Screen To Be Sent To LT

Displays the total data volume that will be occupied in the LT unit panel, relative to the current project file. This item indicates the case where upload information is sent to the LT panel, and the case where upload information is not sent to the LT unit, separately.

The ratio of the current total data volume to the LT unit's total memory capacity is displayed in %. Referring to the LT unit's total memory capacity, you can calculate the approximate number of screens that can be accepted by the LT panel.

When the data volume is indicated as "????", select the [Project]'s - [Transfer] menu, and then select the [Prepare] command.

Reference 7.2.3 Transfer Preparation

Use this value only as a guideline. Depending on the size of the memory stored in the LT, a screen of allowable size may not be entirely transferred.

◆Extended Screen Count

Displays the number of screens that will be created in the LT unit, relative to the current project file. Since this value includes the LT unit's internal screens, it is larger than the number of screens that have been created with LT Editor for Windows 95. To display this information, set up the current project file in the "Transfer Preparation" mode. If the project file is not in the "Transfer Preparation" mode, the number of screens is indicated as "????"

Screen Information

This screen shows the number of screen types, alarm messages and channels contained in the current project.

Project Info X Project Screen SRAM Information Number of Screens: Base: 1	
Image: 0	
	The number of channels and the screen number that are used in the project are displayed
OK <u>H</u> elp	

SRAM Information

The situation with the use of the backup SRAM in the current project is displayed on a function basis.

Project Info	
Available SRAM Size	96 KBytes
Data Sampling/Trend Graph	0 Bytes
LS Backup	0 Bytes
Loging Data	0 Bytes
Filing Data	0 Bytes
Remaining SRAM Size	98176 Bytes
OK	<u>H</u> elp

4.4.2 Screen Information

The [Screen Information] screen displays the settings for the currently open screen, as well as the date and time of its last revision. To use this command, select the [Project] menu's - [Screen Information] command.

■Screen

Screen Informatio	on <u>ix</u>
Screen	
Project Name:	Factory B
External Device T	ype: OMRON THERMAC NEO SERIES
Current Screen:	<u>]</u> B1]
Description:	Itest
Size:]170 Bytes
	OK <u>H</u> elp

Project Name

Displays the file name of the currently selected project file.

•External Device Type

Displays the external device selected in the current project file.

Current Screen

Displays the screen type and screen number of the current screen.

Description

Displays the title of the current screen.

♦Size

Displays the data volume of the current screen. If any Parts are placed on this screen, the screen data volume will be increased.

4.4.3 Version Information

[Version Information] displays the LT Editor Project Manager and Editor's version information. To see this data, select the [Help] menu - [About] command.

<Project Manager Version Information>



4.5 Table Editor Character Strings

The Character Strings Settings and the Multi-language Display Feature are described in this section.

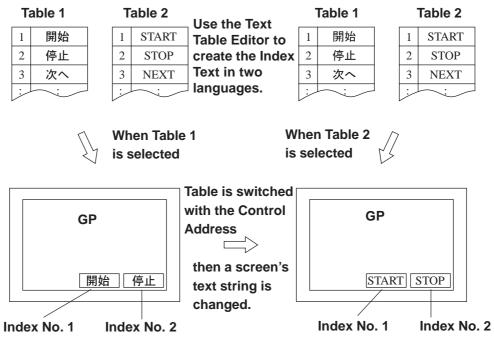


Image fonts cannot be used in the table editor character strings.

4.5.1 Overview: Multi-language Display Feature

Using Index Text for the text objects and part's labels allow you to easily switch the language and information displayed on the screen during operation (the diagram below describes the steps for switching the display language.) Switching between tables is performed with the Control Address (two or more tables cannot be specified at one time). Thus, you can easily switch the display language or displayed text items on the screen. Character strings are switched by selecting tables (a group of character strings). Registration of the Index Text and setting the Control Address can be performed with the Text Table Editor.

Example: Switching the display language for the label of a part

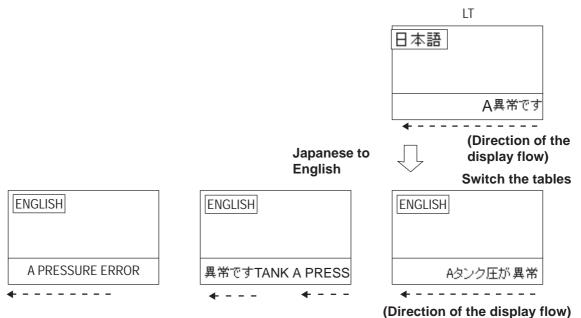




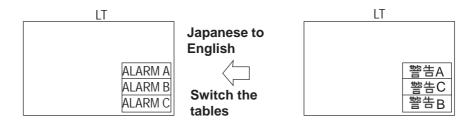
- Switching tables uses the same process as switching screens. Therefore, some screen displays drawn with tags may not be able to be refreshed.
- The following character strings cannot be changed even when the tables are switched.
 - [X-tag] character strings
 - Filing Feature
 - Logging Feature

Precautions for switching tables with the Alarm function

• When a table is switched while an alarm message (Flow display) is displayed, the switched table is not used until the next message is issued.



- When the print setting is enabled for the Alarm Message Function (Flow display), the alarm message of the table (language) displayed at the moment when the alarm is triggered or reset will print.
- When a table is switched while real-time printing is set to print the alarm summary (a-tag) or log alarms (Q-tags), the switched table will be used starting from the next print job.



- When a table is switched while log alarms (Q-tags) are being written into the CF Card as a CSV file, the switched table is used immediately.
- The steps for switching tables are similar to those for switching screens. Therefore, the Sub Display, Cursor Display and Scroll Display that were displayed before the switching with the Log Alarm (Q-tag) will not be reproduced.

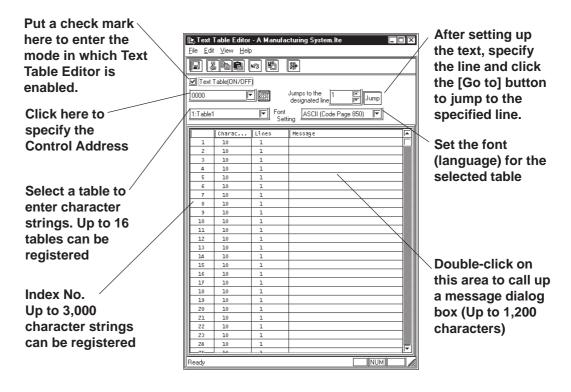
4.5.2 Table Editor Index Character Strings

The Table Editor is used to create a table's index character strings.

Table Editor Index Character Strings can be exported in CSV format. You can also import a CSV file to use as an index character string.

Operation procedures
Start \rightarrow [Screen/Setup] \rightarrow [Text Table] \rightarrow [Put a check mark in the "Text Table(ON/OFF)" checkbox.] \rightarrow
Assign Control Address. \rightarrow Select font from [Font Setting] menu. \rightarrow
Enter index character string. \rightarrow Save table data.

■ Table Editor Features



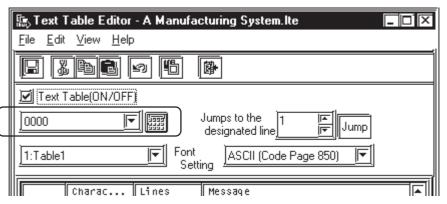
■ Using the Text Table Editor

- When a check mark is placed in the "Text Table(ON/OFF)" checkbox (ON mode), the Table Editor is switched to input mode, enabling additional settings such as Table setting and Index Text registration.
- When the check mark is removed from the checkbox (OFF mode), the following warning message dialog box appears. Clicking the OK button deletes all Text Table data registered in the project. Click the Cancel button to retain the data.

Warning	<u> X</u>
	All the table messages will be deleted. Do you still want to continue?
	Cancel

Entering ControlAddress Settings

Specify the Control Address to switch the tables.



In the Control Address, store the Table No. you want to display. The default text table is displayed when "0" is stored. To set up the default text table, select [Default Table Setup] from the [File] menu on the "Text Table Editor" dialog screen.

<Values stored in the Word Address>

Value in one Control Address	Table No.
0	Initial character string table
1	Table 1
2	Table 2
:	:
16	Table 16



• A table will not appear when you specify a table number for which nothing is set.

■ Table Name

Up to 16 tables can be registered.

To change a table name, display the table whose name is to be changed onto the "Text Table Editor" screen. Next, click [Table Name Change] on the [File] menu.

Enter the desired table name and click the [OK] button to change the table name.

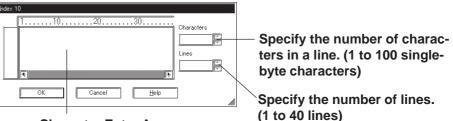
Font Settings

Specify one font (language) for each table (a table cannot contain more than one font [language]).

Entering Messages

On the Text Table Editor, double-click the column of the Index No. you want to set up. The screen below appears on the screen. Enter the Index Text for each Index Number.

Specify the message size [Characters] x [Lines] for each Index No.







Note: • The number of characters used in the index character string is determined by [Characters] x [Lines]. (Max. 1,200)

[Characters] x [Lines] \leq 1,200

• Multiple display lines can be used for [Character string] and Parts [Label] only. For other features, do not specify an index number for which multiple display lines are set. If such an index number is specified, only the first line will be displayed.



The index characters for each index number [Characters] x [Lines] are available in all tables.

- Index Character String Registration		
PROCEDURE	Remarks	
(1) In the Project Manager, select the [Screen/Setup] menu - [Text Table] command.		
(2) Put a check mark in the "Text Table Editor" checkbox in the [Text Table(ON/OFF)] dialog box.		
(3) Click on the icon and enter the [Control Address].	The table name can be modified by selecting [File] menu - [Table Name Change].	
(4) Select a font from the [Font Setting] menu .		
Select a table from 🔽 on the right of the "Table 1" field and select a font (language) from 🔽 on the right of the "Font Settings" field.	You can choose from the follow- ing five selections. • ASCII (Code Page 850)	
(5) Double-click the index character string entry area.	• CHINA (GB2312) • JAPAN(JIS)	
File Edit View Help	• KOREA (KS-C5601) • TAIWAN (Big5)	
Text Table(ON/OFF)		
0000 IV Jumps to the designated line		
I:Table1 Font Setting ASCII (Code Page 850)		
Charac Lines Message		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
	The number of characters used in	
(6) Enter the desired [Characters] and [Lines] accord- ing to the index character string.	the index character string is deter-	
Index 10	mined by [Characters] x [Lines].	
[11020	(Max. 1,200)	
	[Characters] x [Lines] \leq 1,200	
	Multiple display lines can be used	
OK Cancel Help	for [Character string] and Parts [La- bel] only. For other features, do not	
	specify an index number for which	
	multiple display lines are set. If	
	such an index number is specified, only the first line will be displayed.	
	only the motime will be displayed.	

■ Index Character String Registration

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(7) Enter the index character string.	
Index 10	
(8) Click the OK button to confirm the charac- ters.	
(9) Repeat the same steps to set the index character strings for the other index numbers.	
(10)Repeat the same steps to create other tables.	
(11)Select the [File] menu - [Save] command or click on the 🕞 icon to save the setting.	Up to 16 tables can be registered.

■ Importing/Exporting CSV files

You can export the contents of a table created using the Table Editor as a CSV file, or you can import a CSV file created using another table editor software into the Table Editor.



To edit data exported into a CSV file, or edit data that has been previously exported, use an operating system that supports the font specified in [Font setting] of Table Editor Character Strings.

♦ Importing CSV files

Select the [File] menu - [Import] command.

Use the following dialog box to select the desired file.

Open	?
Look in: 🖾 My Documents 💌	
File name:	. ОК
Files of type: (*.csv)	Cancel
Characters/Lines	

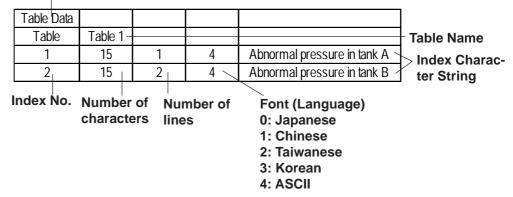


- When a CSV file is imported, the existing index character string is overwritten.
- When [Characters/Lines] is selected If the imported [Characters] x [Lines] of the CSV file setting values are lower/less than the index character string values set in the [Table Editor], any excess/remaining characters in the [Table Editor] will be deleted during import.
- When [Characters/Lines] is not selected If the imported CSV file's setting values are higher/greater than the index character string values set in the [Table Editor], any excess characters in the imported data will be deleted during import.

◆ CSV file format for character string tables

CSV file format

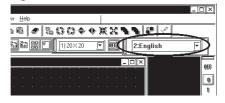
Header (Required for importing the file data)



4.5.3 Entering Settings via the Screen Editor

Selecting the drawing table

From the menu bar in the Screen Editor, select the table to use for drawing. When a table is changed, the character strings used in the Screen Editor also change.



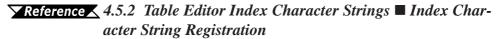
Selecting the index character string

Entering the index character string

Click on the [Index] to switch the screen to the one used to enter the index character string.

Select the desired index character string from those shown in the [Table Editor]. To add a new index character string, click the $\boxed{Add \ln dex}$ button to

start the [Table Editor].



Text Direct 1:Alarm Add Index Sort Add Index Sort Direction Sort Direction Sort Direction Sort Direction Sort Direction Style Normal Bold Raised	Place a check mark here to sort the Index character strings displayed in the pull-down menu in the order character code. (Single-byte and double-byte characters are discriminated.)
Fg BBBBBBBB F No Bik F Bg BBBBBBBBB F No Bik F	

Note: The size of any text object placed on the drawing area automatically changes according to the size specified in the Table Editor ([Characters] x [Lines]). Switching tables does not change the text size.

Designating Part's label

Select [Index] in the Part's [Label] area to change to the index character string entry screen.

Select the desired [Index] from those specified in the [Table Editor]. To add a new [Index], click the Add Index] button to start the [Table Editor].

▼*Reference* ▲ 4.5.2 *Table Editor Index Character Strings* ■ *Index Character String Registration*

Bit Switch Settings [65_001] IX [General Settings] [Shape/Color] Extend [C] Direct @ Index	
Add Index J Sot	
16x16 Image: Style Text Color Style Fg ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ □ ■ □ Image: Style	
OK Cancel Help	

 Place a check mark here to sort the Index character strings displayed in the pull-down menu in the order character code. (Single-byte and double-byte characters are discriminated.)

Note: The size of any text placed on the drawing area automatically changes according to the size specified in the Table Editor ([Characters] x [Lines]). Switching tables does not change the text size.

Designating messages for the Message Display

In the Message Display Settings, select the "Index" option in the [Messages] area.

Select the desired Index character strings (Index No.) from those specified in the Table Editor. To add new Index character strings, click on the Add Index button to activate the Table Editor.

Reference 4.5.2 Table Editor Index Character Strings Index Character String Registration

essage Display Settings [MW_001] [X General Settings Messages
Direct Ondex No. of Display Characters 10 Direct Display Selected Message Direct Direct
Message Style Add Index S Sort
Text Color
Place Cancel Help

 Place a check mark here to sort the Index character strings displayed in the pull-down menu in the order character code.
 (Single-byte and double-byte characters are discriminated.)

Note: The frame size of the Part will be displayed according to the Index character string (Number of characters x Number of lines) of the specified Index No. The frame size of a Part remains the same even if the Table is switched.

♦ Selecting Alarm Editor Messages

First, select [Text Method] in [Alarm] in the [Alarm Editor] and change the character string setting mode to [Index].

Text Method)×1	
🙄 Direct	🕑 Index	∐ Sort	
]1:Table1	<u> </u>	
ОК	Cancel	<u>H</u> elp	

Place a check mark here to sort the character strings in the order of character code. (Singlebyte and double-byte characters are discriminated.)

When the character string setting mode is changed, all previunportant ously registered alarm messages are deleted.

Then, click in [Message/Summary Text] to view the list of [Index character strings] specified in the [Table Editor]. Select the desired Index Text from the Index Texts registered on the Text Table Editor.

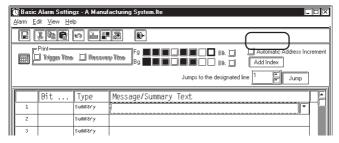
	Alarm Settin dit <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> e		acturing System.Ite
	x B C	Ø	
	• Print) 🗋 Recover	y Time Bg B B B B B B A Address Increment Add Index Jumps to the designated line 1 F Jump
	Bit	Туре	Message/Summary Text
1	1	Summary	
2		Summary	
3		Summary	
4		Summary	
5		Summary	
6		Summary	
7		Summary	
8	J	Summary	
Ready			

[Index character strings] can also be selected by choosing [Add Alarm(s)] in [Edit].

Add Basic Alarm		×
Start Address 🗙 🗙 🖂 🕅 🕅 🕅 🕅	Alarm Type	< 1
Number of Bits to Add	🛞 Alarm Summary 🗌 Can	cel
Add Offset	Alarm Message	lp
₩ Message 21;TANK1		

If you want to add a new [Index], click the Add Index button to start the [Table Editor].

Reference 4.5.2 Table Editor Index Character Strings Index Character String Registration





- When messages are registered with the Alarm Editor, Direct Text and Index Text cannot be mixed.
- Do not set up an Index Text with two or more lines. Only the first line will be displayed, even if two or more lines have been set up.

Memo

CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS

5

his feature allows you to register text data to be displayed as alarm mesages. This chapter describes how to create and edit these alarm messages.

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

With this feature you can register the messages to be displayed in the "Alarm Summary" (Part menu's "Alarm Display") and "Alarm Message" (right to left scrolling display). You can also set up a monitor bit for each message. According to the monitor bit's ON/OFF status, the specified messages are then displayed in the "Alarm Summary" or "Alarm Message" mode.

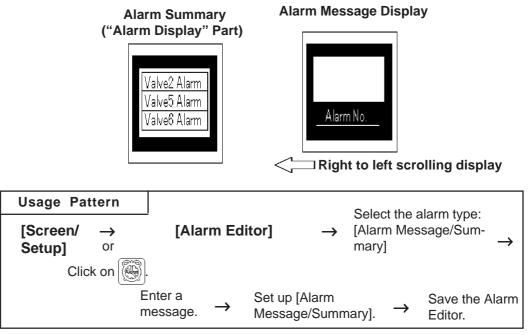
The "Alarm Summary" lists messages in the Alarm Display Part.

Reference 2.1.12 Alarm Display

With "Alarm Message" text, the horizontal and vertical size of the text is specified in the [Setup Area's (Initial Setup screen)] menu or in the LT unit's [Setup] mode. Character sizes can be set to either "x 1", "x 2", or "x 4".

When the horizontal and vertical sizes are set to "1 x 1", an alphanumeric character occupies 16×8 dots, and a Chinese character occupies 16×16 dots.

The "Alarm Display" and "Alarm Message" will display on the LT unit's panel screen as shown below:



5.1.1 Alarm Editor

Via the Alarm Editor, messages and monitor bits are registered for each alarm type. An example of an Alarm Message screen used for entering a message is as follows.



The tab width for each item in the Alarm Editor (messages) can be adjusted by positioning the mouse pointer on the border between items and then dragging it. The changed size will be saved, and used on the subsequently opened screens.

■ Alarm Message/Summary Screen

Here, you can register the messages to be displayed as either "Alarm Summary" ("Alarm Display" Part) or as "Alarm Message" (right to left scrolling display). The message can be registered up to 8999 lines.

Pop-up Keypad	Image: Basic Alarm Settings - A Manufacturing System.lte Alarm Edit View Help	Checks if the Auto- matic
AlarmPrint –	Prints I Trigger Time I Recovery Time Bg B I B I B I B I Automatic Address Increment	Address Increment function is
Bit	Bit Tuno Magagara/Summany Taxt	being used
Address	Bit Type Message/Summary Text	-
Alarm Type	2 Summfry 3 Summry	Message Color
Message	3 Summary 4 Summary 5 Summary 6 Summary 7 Summary	
-	6 Summary 7 Summary	Jump to the
	/ Summary 8 Summary	specified
	Ready NUM	line

Bit Address

Specifies the monitor bit. To specify the bit address for the "Alarm Summary" mode, select a device that can be specified in Word units.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual

Alarm Type

The Alarm Editor provides two types of alarms: [Alarm Summary] and [Alarm Message].

The [Alarm Summary] mode lists messages specified by the Alarm Part. The [Alarm Message] mode displays a scrolling message at the bottom of the LT's screen.

Up to 128 messages can be entered into the Alarm Editor. Any message beyond this setting range will not operate on the LT unit's panel screen.

◆ Message

Enter your message here. Up to 160 alphanumeric characters can be entered for one message. Index Text can be used to switch messages.

Reference 4.5.3 Entering Settings via the Screen Editor \blacklozenge Selecting Alarm Editor Messages

Pop-up Keypad

A pop-up keypad is displayed, allowing you to enter the bit address using the mouse.

Message Color

Designates message's color. Select the display color (Fg) and background color (Bg), and specify whether to blinking (Blk) is used or not.

♦ Automatic Address Increment

After entering and registering a message in a line and moving to the next line, an address that is one bit larger will be automatically entered for the new line.

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS



When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as an address, the automatic address increment function must be turned off. Otherwise, the correct addition will not be performed.

◆ Jump to the designated line.

Specify a line and click Jump to jump to the line.

Print

An Alarm Message (like a bulletin board) can be printed out when the alarm is triggered and when recovered. Specify if the Alarm Message is printed out at the triggering of the alarm and at the recovery from the alarm, respectively. When [Summary] is selected, this setting becomes ineffective.

Trigger Time:Prints out the time when the Alarm Message started.Recovery Time:Prints out the time when the Alarm Message is finished.

Printing Example

Trigger	10/15	16:07 No.1 error
Recovery	10/15	16:30 No.1 error
Trigger	10/21	11:25 No.1 error
Trigger	10/21	11:28 No.3 error
Recovery	10/21	15:45 No.1 error



- Up to 1,000 Alarm Message triggering and recovery events can be stored in the LT. When the LT is not connected to a printer, up to 1,000 events will be stored in the LT, which enters a printing stand-by mode. When the number of the events exceeds 1,000, the excessive events will not be stored.
- When a printer becomes offline mode due to the running out of printing paper during printing, DO NOT turn the LT's power OFF. Refill the paper and return the printer to online mode. Event information stored in the LT in the printer offline mode will be output to the printer when the printer mode returns to online.
- If the printer's power is turned OFF during printing, event information transferred from the LT to the printer while the printer's power is OFF will not be printed.

Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS 5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

5.1.2 Creating an Alarm

This section describes how to create and register alarm messages using Alarm Editor.

PROCEDURE

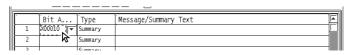
(1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Screen/Setup] menu - [Alarm Editor] command, or click on the icon to open the Alarm Editor.

	Alarm Settin lit ⊻iew <u>H</u> el		acturing System.Ite 📃 🗖 🕅	
	x B C	9		
Pint Print Print Processing Time Bg Bg B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B				
			Jumps to the designated line 1 🕅 Jump	
	Bit	Туре	Message/Summary Text	
1	_	Summary		
2		Summary		
3		Summary		
4		Summary		
5		Summary		
6		Summary		
7		Summary		
8		Summary		
Ready			MUM)	

REMARKS

Entering data in the Alarm Editor only does not activate the "Alarm Summary" mode. To activate the "Alarm Summary" mode, you must place the Message Display on the Base screen where the message is displayed.

(2)Specify the bit address (monitor bit).



(3)Enter a message.

Enter the message to be displayed on the LT unit panel during alarm output.

Select a message color, if desired.

- II-					—	
			Bit A	Туре	Message/Summary Text	
		L	X00010	Summary	Tank A temperature increase	
		2		Summary	<u>N</u>	
- 111	r -	<u> </u>		1 e - 1		1



When designating an Alarm summary's bit address, be sure to select a device that can use word designated units.

✓ Reference Device/PLC
Connection Manual, 3_*_3/
4_*_3 Supported Devices
✓ Note: The address to be entered varies depending on your LT and PLC type. Note that the sample screen in this manual is just one example.

Up to 160 alphanumeric characters can be entered for one Basic Alarm message.

After selecting several messages by dragging the mouse, you can use the [Copy] and [Paste] commands

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(4)Select the alarm type: Alarm "Message" or Alarm "Summary".	Up to 512 alarm messages can be registered. However, set the moni- tor bits within 128 words.
 (5) After entering all the necessary items, select the [Alarm] menu - [Save] command, or click on the icon. The specified alarm data will be stored in the currently opened project file. 	If a message has not been entered, the Alarm Editor data cannot be saved, even if the bit addresses have been specified.

5.1.3 Editing Alarm Data

This section describes how to use the Alarm Editor's editing commands.

■ Cut/Move

Here, you can delete the selected line of alarm data and store it on the clipboard.

I	ROCED	REMARKS	
2 X0050 3 X0051	Bulletin 1 Summary 1 Summary 1 Summary 1 nenu - [Cu port alarn	If a message has not been entered, Alarm Editor data cannot be saved, even if bit addresses have been specified. To select several lines, drag the mouse between the target lines, or click on the target line while holding down the Shift or Ctrl key.	
Bit Address 1 X0010 2 X0050 3	Bulletin Summary Summary Summary Summary n line.	Wessage Message Tank & temperature UP	To delete the selected line(s), per- form steps (1) and (2) only.

	Bit Address	Гуре	nessage
1	X0010	Bulletin	Tank A temperature UP
2	X0050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP
3		Summary	
4	X0052	Summary	
50	X0053	Summary	
6	X0054	Summary	
7	X0055	Summarv	

Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS 5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

	P	ROCEDI	JRE	Remarks
on the from t If the each fit the de $\boxed{\underline{N}}$ the sys If you	icon to p the Clipboard same number ile must be ov esired data w	aste alarn d. already e erwritten. vill be ove ired file wi he same qu	ste] command, or click a data to the destination xists, the system asks if If you select <u>Yes</u> , erwritten. If you select Il not be overwritten, and testion for the next alarm. isting alarms will be over- , you will return to the	
Confirm Aları	screen. m Replace 5 already exists! Overwrite? Yes to All	No No to A		
The se	elected alarm		ved to the specified line.	
1	X0010	Summary	Tank A stops	
2	X0050	Summary	Tank B stops	
3		Summary		
	X0052	Summary		
4	X0051	Summary	Tank C stops	
4 5	120001			
	X0054	Summary		

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS

Copy

Copies the selected line of alarm data, and stores it on the clipboard.

PROCEDURE

(1)Select the alarm line to be copied.

Iг				
		Bit Address	Туре	Message
	1	X00010	Bulletin	Tank A temperature UP
	2	×00050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP
	3 N	×00051	Summary	Tank C temperature UP
	4 3	X00052	Summary	
	5	×00053	Summary	

(2)Select the [Edit] menu - [Copy] command, or click on the icon to import alarm data to the Clipboard. The selected alarm data will be copied to the clipboard.

	Bit Address	Туре	Message
1	×00010	Summary	Tank A temperature UP
2	×00050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP
3	×00051	Bulletin	Tank C temperature UP
4	X00052	Summary	
5	×00051	Bulletin	

(3)Select the destination line.

	Bit Address	Туре	Message
1	×00010	Summary	Tank A temperature UP
2	×00050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP
3	×00051	Bulletin	Tank C temperature UP
4	×00052	Summary	
5	×00051	Bulletin	
6	×00054	Summary	
7	×00055	Summary	
8	×00056	Summary	Real Providence Provid
9	×00057	Summary	

(4) Select the [Edit] menu - [Paste] command, or click on the icon to paste alarm data to the destination from the Clipboard.

If the same data already exists, the system asks if each file (item) must be overwritten. If you select \boxed{Yes} , the desired file will be overwritten. If you select \boxed{No} , the desired file will not be overwritten, and the system will ask the same question for the next alarm. If you select $\boxed{Yes to All}$, all existing alarms will be overwritten. If you select $\boxed{Yes to All}$, you will return to the menu screen.

REMARKS

Even if bit addresses have been specified, if message data has not been entered, the Alarm Editor data cannot be saved.

To select several lines, drag the mouse between the target lines, or click on the target line while holding down the Shift or Ctrl key.

Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS 5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

Procedure				REMARKS
Confirm Alar Alarm No	5 already exists! Overwrite?	No No ta	o All	
The sel	ected alarn	n data is copie	ed to the specified line(s)).
WIF			-).
i	X0010	Bulletin	Tank 1 stops).
1 2	X0010 X0050		Tamk 1 stops Tamk 8 stops).
i	X0010	Bulletin	Tank 1 stops).
1 2	X0010 X0050	Bulletin Summary	Tamk 1 stops Tamk 8 stops).
1 2 3	X0010 X0050 X0051	Bulletin Summary Summary	Tamk 1 stops Tamk 8 stops).
1 2 3 4	X0010 X0050 X0051 X0052	Bulletin Summary Summary Summary	Tamk 1 stops Tamk 8 stops).
1 2 3 4 5	X0010 X0050 X0051 X0052 X0053	Bulletin Summary Summary Summary Summary	Tamk 1 stops Tamk 8 stops).
1 2 3 4 5 6	X0010 X0050 X0051 X0052 X0053 X0054	Bulletin Summary Summary Summary Summary Summary	Temix & stoys Temix B stoys Temix C stoys).
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	X0010 X0050 X0051 X0052 X0053 X0054 K0051	Bulletin Summary Summary Summary Summary Summary Summary Summary	Temix & stoys Temix B stoys Temix C stoys).

Undo

This feature allows you to cancel the previously performed command, and return to the previous condition.

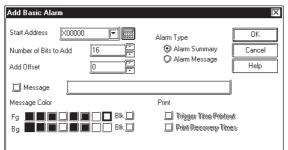
	Procedure				REMARKS
When	When an alarm has been unintentionally deleted:				
		the [Edit] n 🔊 icon.	nenu - [Un	do] command, or click	Edited message characters cannot be restored with the [Undo] com- mand.
		Bit Address	Туре	Message	
	1	X00010	Bulletin	Tank A temperature UP	
	2	×00050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP	
	3 X00051 Summary Tank C temperature UP				
	4	X00052	Summary		
	5	×00053	Summary		

Adding Alarm Data

Here, you can add alarms for the specified number of bits or words from the line whose item is enclosed with dotted lines. Addresses are automatically assigned to each alarm from the start address in series, according to the designated address adding increment. In addition, when messages have been entered, they are copied for all the alarms to be added.



When a variable (Logic symbol) is used as a start address, set the add offset to 0. Otherwise, the correct addition will not be performed.



PROCEDURE

REMARKS

(1)Select the address line where the specified number of addresses will be added. (Shown here with a dotted line around its border)

	Tore waarses	L x y p ≥	nessage	
i	X0010	Bulletin	Tank A temperature UP	╔┛╢
2	X0001 N	Summar y		
3	x0002 K	Summary		
4	X0003	Summar y		
5	XNNN4	Summerv		

- (2)Select the [Edit] menu [Add Alarm] command, or click on the 📄 icon.
- (3)After entering the necessary settings, click on the $\Box K$ button.

If the same number already exists, the system asks if each file must be overwritten. If you select \boxed{Yes} , the desired file will be overwritten. If you select \boxed{No} , the desired file will not be overwritten, and the system will ask about the next alarm. If you select $\boxed{Yes to All}$, all existing alarms will be overwritten. If you select $\boxed{No to All}$, you will return to the menu screen.

Add Basic Alarm		×
Start Address 01/C000000 Image: Comparison of Comparison	Alarm Type ③ Alarm Summary ③ Alarm Message	Cancel Help
Message Message Bik]

If a symbol is specified for the start address, the added addresses will be displayed as follows:

Example: Assume that the start address is TEST (\leftarrow Symbol), and that the number of added bits is 4. The addresses are consecutively added as shown below:

1

$$TEST + 2$$
$$TEST + 3$$

PROCEDURE	Remarks
$\overline{\Box}$	
Confirm Alarm Replace	
Yes Ves to All	

Changing Alarm Attributes

You can easily change any alarm's attributes.

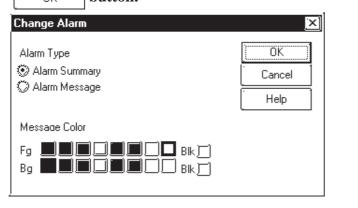
Change Alarm	X
Alarm Type Ø Alarm Summary Ø Alarm Message	Cancel Help
Message Color	
Fg BBB B B B B B B B B 	

PROCEDURE

(1) Select the line of the alarm to be changed. In this example, we will change an attribute of an item in the alarm message/alarm summary area.

	Bit Address	Туре	Message
1	×00010	Bulletin	Tank A temperature UP
2	×00050	Summary	Tank B temperature UP
3 \	×00051	Summary	Tank C temperature UP
4 5	×00052	Summary	
5	×00053	Summary	

- (2) Select the [Edit] menu [Change Attributes] command, or click on the icon.
- (3) After entering the necessary items, click on the



REMARKS

If several lines are selected, the attributes of the selected lines can all be simultaneously changed.

To select several lines, drag the mouse between the desired lines, or click on the desired line while pressing the Shift or Ctrl key.

LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

Reflecting Device Comments

This feature is used to reflect all the comment information corresponding to a selected device in the Message field.

PRO	REMARKS	
to be reflected, on a ro	ent in the device for the alarm	
上 X00100 Summ 2 X00101 Summ 3 X00102 Summ 4 X00010 Summ	ary	
(2) Select the [Edit] menu command, or click on t	u - [Apply Device Comment] the 📴 icon.	
	g box appears. Click on the ute the command	
Alarm Editor The selected Address(es) will be u If found, the comment will be inser Are you OK?	I≫ sed to search for a related Device Comment(s). ted into message field.	
(4) The device comment of will be included in the	corresponding to the address messages.	
Bit Ad	e Message/Summary Text	
1 X00100 Mess		
2 X00101 Summ		
3 X00102 Summ	ary	
	1	

Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS 5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing

5.1.4 **Alarm Import/Export**

The created Alarm data can be exported to and saved as an ALA or CSV file. Then, by importing the saved alarm data, it can be shared among Projects. CSV files created via a text editor or Microsoft Excel can be imported and used on the Alarm Editor. Alarm data's CSV file formats are as follows:

"Block", "0"	Reserved 1		
"Block1", "0"	Reserved 2		
"Block2", "0"	Reserved 3		
"Block3", "0"	Reserved 4		
"Basic Alarm"	Message/Summary settings	"Bit Address",	
"M0064", "Function	n A in suspension", "0", "0", "7", "0", "0", "0"	"Message" "Re-	
"M0065", "Function B in suspension", "1", "1", "1", "1", "2", "1" served 5 ", " Fg ", " Blk ", " Bg ", " Blk ", " B "			

"M0066", "Function C in suspension", "2", "0", "3", "0", "5", "1"

0 fixed		
0 fixed		
0 fixed		
Foreground color (Fg),	0 to 7	
Background color (Bg)		
Blink (Blk)	0: Not blink 1: Blink 2: Not blink 3: Blink	
	0 fixed 0 fixed Foreground color (Fg), Background color (Bg)	

5.1 Alarm Creation and Editing Chapter 5 - CREATING AND EDITING ALARMS

■ Alarm Export

Alarm data is saved as ALA or CSV files.

Procedure	Remarks
(1) Select the Alarm Editor's [Alarm] menu - [Export] command.	
(2) Click on the \underline{Yes} button.	
Alarm Editor This operation may take a very long time for a large number of messages Continue? <u>Yes</u> <u>No</u>	
(3) Specify the file name and file type (*.ALA or *.CSV) with which the exported alarm data is saved, and click	
on the <u>Save</u> button.	
Enter a comment, if desired. If the same ALA file name already exists, the system asks if the existing file must be overwritten. If it must be	
overwritten, select $\underline{\underline{Yes}}$. If it should not be overwritten, select $\underline{\underline{No}}$.	
Written, select <u>No</u> .	
Save in: Database I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	
Ţ	
Alarm Editor The source is of a different PLC type than the current project! Imported addresses may be invalid. Do you want to continue?	
(5) Click on the Close button to quit the Alarm export mode.	
Processing Alarm Messages	
Operation Status:	
Close R	

■ Alarm Import

Alarm data saved as a file is imported to the currently open Alarm Editor. Files with the extension of "*.ALA" or "*.CSV" can be imported.

To import alarm data from a CSV file, only the specified type of alarm can be imported from all the registered alarm.

Procedure	REMARKS
(1) Select the Alarm Editor's [Alarm] menu - [Import] command.	
(2)Click on the <u>Yes</u> button.	
Alarm Editor	
Continue?	
(3) Select a file (*.ALA or *.CSV) to be imported, or enter the file name. Then, specify an import method.	[Overwrite] All current alarm registration num- bers (1 to 8999) will be overwrit-
Open ?X Look in: Image: A marked black in the second bl	ten.
Devingx	[Add to End] Imported messages will be added af-
	ter the last message line. If there are any gaps between the current regis-
File name:	tration numbers, the sequence num- bers will be re-assigned to fit into
Files of type: [(".ala) [] Cancel	all existing lines, and the imported messages will be added after the last
Add to End	line.
4)When selecting CSV file as imported file type, specify	When colocting ALA file of im
the type of alarm to be imported. Only the type of alarm specified here will be imported.	When selecting ALA file as imported file type, skip step (4).
Open ?X	
Look in: S My Documents T m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	
File name: Itest.csv OK	
Files of type: [(*.csv)) Cancel	
Description: Description:	
T Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guid	<i>le</i> 5-15

	-
Procedure	Remarks
(5) After entering all the necessary items, click on the □K button. If the selected Device/PLC is different between the cur- rently open project and the imported ALA file, the system asks if the preset addresses should be overwritten. If the preset addresses must be overwritten, select Yes. If they must not be overwritten, select No. Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver Ver	Direction Direction Direction Complete the [Import] command, it cannot be undone.
Aurn Editor The source is of a different External Device type than the current project Imported addresses may be invalid. Do you want to continue? Yes No (6) Click on the Cose Notton to quit import mode. Since you selected [Add to End] in this example, the im- ported messages were added after the last line. Processing Alarm Messages Done. Operation Statu:	



· When alarm data does not have an identifier "Block*" for the first 4 lines which indicate Reserved 1 to 4, the alarm will not *Important* be imported.

> · If the address(es) registered in the alarm data to be imported are incorrect, set correct addresses via the Symbol Editor.

Reference 4.2.6 Symbol Editor

- · When the number of message characters exceeds the limit, the message is imported only for the effective number of characters.
- · When data is imported from a file in which only a message is registered, the initial value is used as an address.

Memo

LT INITIAL AND SYSTEM SETTINGS

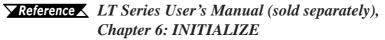
6

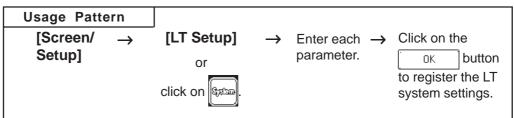
ou can select many of the LT unit's initial settings through the LT Editor for Windows program. This program area is called "System Settings". When "System Settings" data is sent to the LT unit, you will not need to manually perform the initial setup of the LT unit. A description of each LT unit setting item is provided in your "LT Series User's Manual" (sold separately). For details, refer to that manual.

6.1 Menu Setting Items: LT Setup

6.1 Menu Setting Items: LT Setup

In the [System Settings] mode, you can easily select the LT unit's initial settings. By doing this, you don't need to manually set up the LT panel, since the [System Settings] data is sent to the LT panel automatically. After the [System Settings] data is sent to the LT panel, you can also change those settings via the LT unit itself.





Some setting commands are supported by the LT unit but not by LT Editor for Windows, or vice versa, i.e. are supported by LT Editor for Windows but not supported by the LT unit. This section describes only the commands supported by LT Editor for Windows. For a description of other commands, refer to your "LT Editor User's Manual" (sold separately). For individual settings of each external communication device network, refer to the Device/PLC Connection Manual.

> Setting commands Supported by Only the LT Unit:

- · Setting Date/Time
- $\cdot\,$ Self-diagnosis command
- \cdot Font settings (English, Korean, etc.)^{*1}

Commands Supported by Only LT Editor:

• LT Settings: [Checksum]

Enables checksum verification.

• LT Settings: [Screen Level Change Flow]

Used to switch screens in the hierarchical display mode.

• LT Settings: [Change to Screen No.]

Specify the number of the screen used to replace the current one after the preset standby time has passed. If you enter "0", no screen will be displayed.

- **I/O Settings:** [Offline Mode] Specify how to change from on-line mode to off-line mode.
- I/O Settings [Printer Type] Specify whether to use the LT's Tool Connector to perform print

operations. If you select "Yes" (using the LT's Tool Connector), configure the printer type and detailed print settings.

^{*1} If any font setting other than "Japanese" is selected, "Font Setting" requires specifying whether alphanumeric characters and symbols are to be displayed at the high quality level.

• Mode Settings: [Device/PLC]

Displays the name of the host (Device/PLC) connected to the LT panel.

Mode Settings: [Option]
 Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual

• Extended Settings: [Keypad Display Priority]

Designates the Keypad Display processing mode. "Standard" mode executes the processing of the Keypad Display once per scan time, and "Twice" mode executes the processing two times per scan time.

• Extended Settings: [Backup Settings]

Used to back up the LT panel's LS area data. Specify the initial address of the backup range, and the number of words used.

• Extended Settings: [Delete Error Display](Only for programless type) Displays an error message when an communication error occurs with the LT unit panel, and deletes the error message when the communication error is reset. System errors however cannot be reset, regardless of this setting.

• Extended Settings: [Watch Dog]

Monitors the communication status between the LT panel and Device/ PLC. The LT unit sends "00FF" to the External Device's word address at a specified time interval. The Device/PLC (ladder program, etc.) checks whether the communication is performed normally by confirming the "00FF" command at the specified time interval.

The data that is checked should then be cleared to "0", in order to detect new data writes from the LT unit. However, if the LT's internal common relay (special relay) data (LS2032)'s bit 2 is ON, the LT will be unable to write.

Communication Settings: [Send Wait]

If the LT unit sends a command to the Device/PLC immediately after receiving a response from the Device/PLC, the Device/PLC cannot receive the command, which will cause a communication error, depending on the Device/PLC. In this case, enter a value for the transmission wait time. If a transmission wait time has been entered, the LT unit waits for the preset time duration after receiving the External Device's response, and then sends the next command to the Device/PLC.

Tab Setting Items

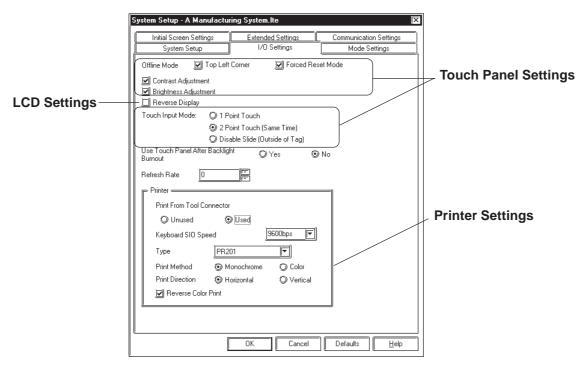
Each tab's setting items are described here.



Note: The setting items may differ depending on the LT type or Device/PLC being used.

LT Settings System Setup - A Manufacturing System.lte Extended Settings Communication Settings Initial Screen Settings System Setup 1/0 Settings Mode Settings Check Sum System Setting 🗹 Touch Buzzer Items 🖲 Bin 🔘 BCD Screen No. Data Type 🔲 Screen Level Change Flow Password Settings Designate the arbitrarily Standby Mode Time O F Minutes specified password (0-9999) Change To Screen No. or select the ON/OFF setting Com Port Start Up Delay Sec. for the common password setting (1101). ΟK Cancel Defaults <u>H</u>elp

• I/O Settings



♦ Mode Settings

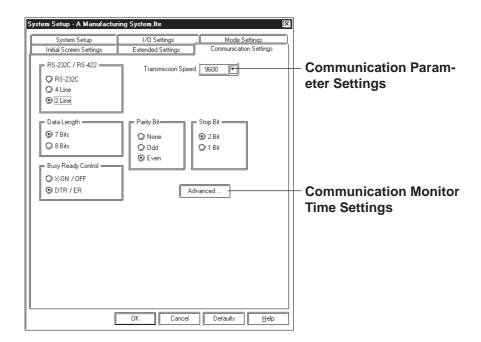
System Setup - A Manufacturing System.Ite Image: Communication Settings Communication Settings Initial Screen Settings Extended Settings Communication Settings System Setup I/O Settings Mode Settings	Operating Environment Settings
Device/PLC OMRON THERMAC NED SERIES System Start Address C00000 Machine Number 1 Read Area Size 0 Link Protocol Type 1:1 Node Setup 0 Node Number 0 Transmission Status C00000 Option 0 Option 0 Defaults Help	 Node Information Settings Customizing command (n:1) Operating Environment Options

♦ Initial Screen Settings

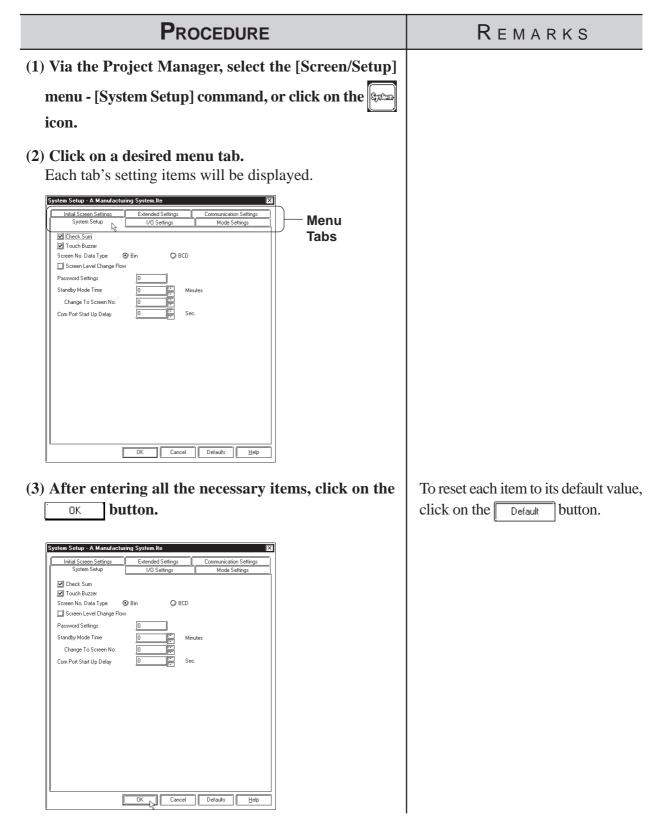
Į	System Setup - A Manufactu	ring System.Ite	X	
	System Setup	I/O Settings	Mode Settings	Initial Screen Settings
	Initial Screen Settings	Extended Settings	Communication Settings	
	Initial Base Screen Number			
	Alarm Character Size	4 x 4		
		OK Cancel	Defaults Help	

Extend	ed Settings	
Font Settings Keypad Display Priority Settings	System Setup I/O Settings Mode Settings System Setup I/O Settings Mode Settings Initial Screen Settings Extended Settings Communication Settings Fort Setting Image: Settings Communication Settings Image: Settings Image: Settings Image: Settings Image: Settings Image: Setings Image: Settings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Settings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image: Setings Image:	 Error Handling Settings String Data Settings System Area Backup
Watchdog Monitoring Address and Time Settings	Watch Dog Word Addr. C00000 Time DE Sec. OK Cancel Defaults Help	Command Settings LT Internal Memory Data Area Settings Global Window Settings

Communication Settings Menu



LT System Settings



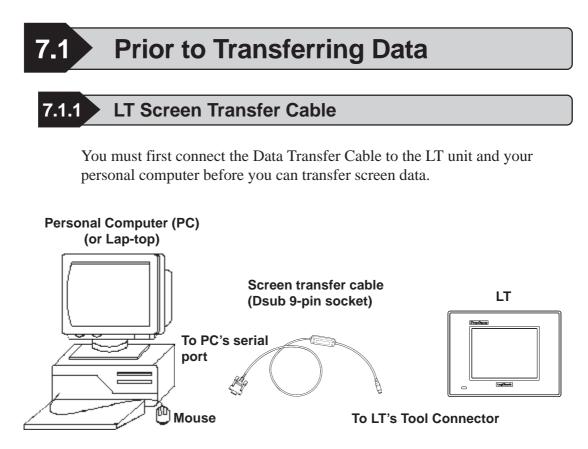
Memo

TRANSFERRING SCREENS

o display screens created with the LT Editor on the LT unit, or to run the created logic program on the LT unit, you must first transfer data to the LT. Conversely, you can also transfer the data stored in the LT unit back to the LT Editor.

This chapter describes how to transfer data to and from the LT unit.

7.1	Prior to Transferring Data
7.2 Transfe	rring Data and Logic Programs
7.3	Options





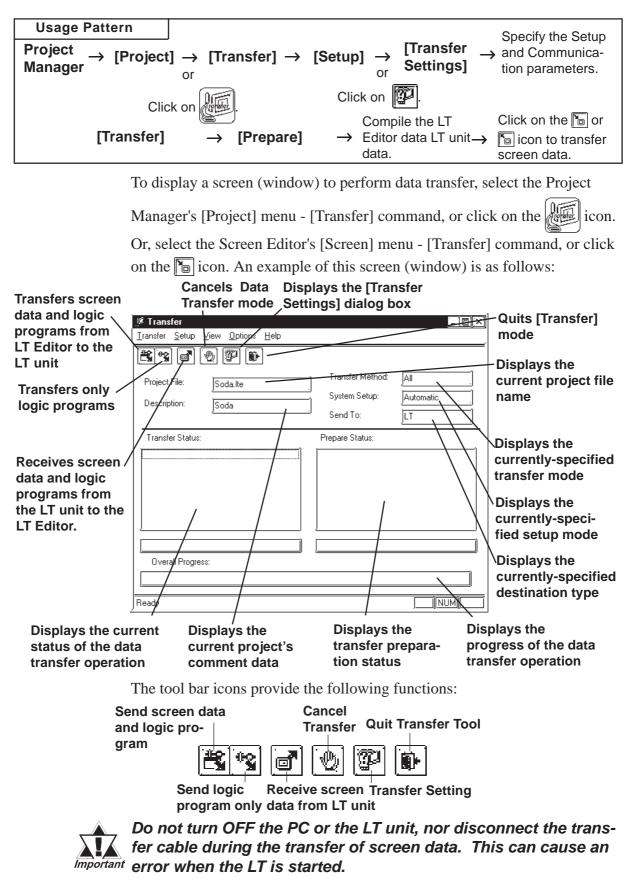
- To transfer LT Editor data to the LT unit, the optional screen transfer cable (GPW-CB02) is required. This cable does not come with any interface conversion adapter for the personal computer. Supply a connector conversion adapter compatible with the interface of your personal computer.
- File Transfer requires approximately three times the hard disk space occupied by the Project file.



- **Note:** Use a pin adapter that fits your personal computer's serial port.
 - If a serial mouse is used, be sure to connect the cable from the LT unit to a different serial port on your PC.

7.2 Transferring Data and Logic Programs

This section describes how to transfer screen data created with the LT Editor program to and from the LT unit.

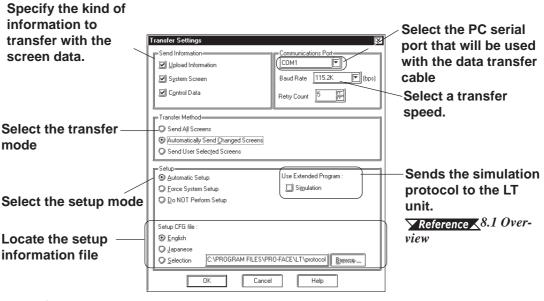


7.2.1 Transfer Settings

This section describes the parameter settings necessary for screen data transfer between your personal computer and the LT unit. These parameters must be reset if your personal computer has been disconnected from the LT unit, if the LT unit has been shut down, or if a nonstandard system or protocol program has been used with the LT unit.

■ Transfer Settings

Select the [Setup] menu - [Transfer Settings] command, or click on the icon. Then, a dialog box to perform data transfer settings will appear.



Transferring Information

ſ	Send Information-
	☑ Upload Information
	🗹 System Screen
	🗹 Control Data

Upload Information

Check this box if you wish to send upload information to receive data from the LT unit.



Upload parameter data must be included to Receive data from the LT unit. If the LT unit's memory is insufficient to include the upload parameter data, data can still be transferred from your personal computer to the LT unit. However, if the upload parameter data is omitted, your personal computer cannot receive data from the LT unit.

System Screen

Check this box if you wish to transfer LT system settings information along with other data to the LT unit.

Control Data

Check this box if you wish to send logic programs along with other data to the LT unit. When transferring system programs or protocol programs, however, logic programs are always transferred regardless of the setting of this screen.

Communication Port

Select a serial port to which the transfer cable is connected, and a transfer speed.

Transfer Method

Transfer Method-	
🗘 Send All Screens	
Outomatically Send Changed Screens	
💭 Send User Selected Screens	

Send All Screens

Transfers all screen data in a Project File to the LT unit.

Automatically Send Changed Screens

Any screen data that have been updated in the current Project File are automatically transferred to the LT unit. This transfer mode is only effective when screens have been previously transferred to the LT unit.



Note: When "Automatically Send Changed Screens" is used, screens that have been deleted (not just updated) from the Project File in the LT Editor program will not be automatically deleted from the Project File stored in the LT unit. To completely replace all screens of the Project File stored in the LT unit, be sure to use "Send All Screens".

Send User Selected Screens

When transferring a screen to a Project File stored in the LT unit, you must specify the screen type.



Note: No Filing Data and logged data can be specified to transfer them.

To select screens, click on the names of desired screens while holding down the ctrl key.

Туре	Number	Title
Data Sampling		
Base	2	Alarm1
Base	13	Switch 1
Base	15	Switch2
Base	16	Production Ala
Mark Screen	1	Untitled
mage	1	Logilogo.bmp
Message/Summary	1	Alarm File
ء		ا ا

♦ Setup

-Setup		
Automatic Set	tup	Use Extended Program :
© Eorce System	Setup	Simulation
🗘 Do NOT Perfo	orm Setup	
Setup CFG file :		
🖲 <u>E</u> nglish		
🔘 Japanese		
© <u>S</u> election	C:\PROGRAM F	TLES\PRO-FACE\LT\protocol

Automatic setup :

Set up operation is performed if necessary, according to the LT's status. Normally, select this setup mode.

Force system setup :

Setup operation is performed every time screen data are transferred, regardless of the LT's status.

Do not setup :

Setup operation is not performed, and only screen data and logic programs are transferred.

Setup CFG file :

This is the file storing the setup information. Normally, you need not use this setup mode.

If you select "English" and perform setup, the OFFLINE screen on the LT unit will be displayed in English.



If you have changed from Japanese to English or vice versa, be sure to force the system setup.

Use Extended Program

When using the Simulation Function with the LT Type-C, you need to transfer a simulation protocol in advance.

Reference 8.1 Overview



Registering a Password

You can enter a password to restrict user access to the data transfer function.



- Be sure to keep a copy of the password in a safe place. If you forget the password, the "Transfer" function cannot be executed.
- The password is limited to 24 characters and only alphanumeric data (no symbols) can be used.

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu -	
[Transfer] command, or click on the icon. Or,	
via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu -	
[Transfer] command, or click on the 🛅 icon.	
(2) Select the [Setup] menu - [Password] command.	
(3) Enter a password.	
Register Password Please Enter Password: Please Confirm Password: Please remember to write down your password If you forget your password, screen transfer cannot DK Cancel Help Help Cancel Help Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: DK Duttors: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter Password: Please Enter	If a password has already been reg- istered, the [Change Password] dia- log box will appear.

7.2 Transferring Data and Logic Programs Chapter 7 - TRANSFERRING SCREENS

■ Changing a Password

The registered password can be changed or canceled.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
 (1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon. Or, via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon. 	
 (2) Select the [Setup] menu - [Password] command. (3) In order to change a password, you must first enter the currently registered password. 	
	To cancel the password, after entering the currently registered password in step (2), DO NOT enter a new password in step (3) and simply click on the OK button.

Chapter 7 - TRANSFERRING SCREENS 7.2 Transferring Data and Logic Programs

Transfer Preparation 7.2.3

The Project File (LTE file) data created with the LT Editor program is first compiled before it is transferred to the LT unit.

Select the [Project] menu - [Prepare] command to compile your data.

∉ Transfer		
<u>Iransfer</u> Setup <u>V</u> iew <u>O</u> ptions <u>H</u> elp		
Project File: Factory A.Ite	Transfer Method: System Setup:	Selected
Description: Factory A	J Send To:	LT]
Transfer Status:	Prepare Status:	
Ready		



Note: • To prepare the transfer, about the 3 times the project file size is required in your computer's hard disk.

• After the [Prepare] command is finished, you can check the LT unit's current memory capacity with the [Project Information] feature.

▼Reference 4.4.1 Project Information

- Once you use the [Prepare] command, you do not need to use it again for the same data, unless the data has been updated.
- If the Project File to be transferred is stored on your PC's floppy disk, copy it to your PC's hard disk prior to using "Prepare" to reduce transfer time.

7.2.4 When Sending Screens and Logic Programs Together To the LT

To display screen created with LT Editor and to run created logic programs on the LT panel, you must first transfer data from the LT Editor to the LT unit.

The [All Send] command transfers the screen data and logic programs at the same time. You can also send logic programs alone.

Reference 7.2.5 When Sending Logic Programs



In the case of LT Type C, if the LT is not connected to the external device when the screen data are transferred to the LT and the "Change State" function is set to "Yes", bit switches, toggle switches, lamps, and objects will not be displayed on the LT panel after data transfer.

Procedure	REMARKS
(1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon. Oth-	Make sure that the LT unit is in the "Transfer Screen Data" mode or "RUN" mode.
erwise, via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the 🛅 icon.	▼Reference▲ LT Series User's Manual (sold separately): CHAP- TER 6 INITIALIZE
 (2) Select the [Transfer] menu - [Send] command, or click on the icon. If the currently open Project File has not been prepared for data transfer (the Project File has not been compiled), then the system automatically compiles the Project File before transferring it to the LT unit. To transfer a screen to the LT unit for the first time, set up the LT unit^{*1} first, and then transfer the screen data. The number of screens transferred is displayed in [Transfer Status]. If the external device designated in the project file to be transferred is different from the LT's existing internal data, the following message will appear. When you click 	 When transferring logic programs, you must first select [Control Data] in the [Transfer Settings] dialog box. Reference 7.2.1 Transfer Settings To cancel the data transfer mode, click on the <i>m</i> icon.
on the OK button, the system starts setup operation, and then transfers the screen data. Protocol Download External Device type is Different. OK to Continue? OK Cancel OK Cancel After set up is completed, the LT panel screen is automatically switched to the OFF-LINE mode. Confirm the initial setting on the LT panel, and adjust the settings as required.	Data transfer mode will automati- cally quit when the LT unit's inter- nal memory capacity becomes in- sufficient.

*1 "LT setup" means to download the system program and protocol program from LT Editor to the LT unit so that the LT unit can operate in the specified environment.

Chapter 7 - TRANSFERRING SCREENS 7.2 Transferring Data and Logic Programs

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(3) After screen data transfer is completed, select the [Transfer] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the []] icon.	

■ Transferring a Screen Using a Password

If a password has been registered, you must enter it to transfer data to the LT unit.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon. Or, via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon. icon.	
 (2)Select the [Transfer] menu - [Send] command, or click on the icon. (3)Enter the registered password, and click on the k button to confirm it. The data transfer operation will start. Password Entry Enter Password: Enter Password: Enter Password: Enter Password: Enter Password: Enter Password: 	If you enter an incorrect password three times or more, data transfer can- not be performed. In this case, repeat the transfer procedure from step (2). Invalid Password Please Retype password Cancel To cancel data transfer mode, click on the Win icon.
(4)After screen data transfer is completed, select the [Transferring Data and Logic Programs] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the too.	

7.2.5 When Sending Logic Programs

You can also send logic programs alone to the LT that has been already set up.

Logic programs can be transferred from the Logic Program Editor as well.

Reference 7.2.7 Sending Programs with the Logic Program Editor



Before sending logic programs alone, be sure to select the [All Send] command.

Reference 7.2.4 When Sending Screens and Logic Programs Together To the LT

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the wise, via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu - [Transfer] command, or click on the icon.	The LT unit must be set to [Screen Transfer mode] or [Running mode]. Reference LT Series User's Manual (sold separately): CHAP- TER 6 INITIALIZE
(2)Select the [Only Control Send] command, or click on the icon. If a password has been registered, enter the password.	■ Reference 7.2.2. Passwords If you enter an incorrect password three times or more, data transfer can- not be performed. In this case, repeat the transfer procedure from step (2).
(3)After the transfer is completed, select the [Transfer] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the Fight icon.	Please Retype password OK Cancel To cancel data transfer mode, click on the Image

on the 💮 icon.

7.2.6 When Receiving Data From the LT

Data stored in the LT unit can be received on a project file basis by the LT Editor.

To receive transferred data with the password registered, password entry is required when receiving the data.



Unless [Upload Information] is selected in the [Transfer Settings] dialog box when any data is transferred to the LT unit, the data cannot be received from the LT unit.

PROCEDURE REMARKS (1) Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu -[Transfer] command, or click on the icon. Or, via the Screen Editor, select the [Screen] menu -[Transfer] command, or click on the 🛅 icon. (2) Select the [Transfer] menu - [Receive] command, or click **Reference** 7.2.2. Passwords If you enter an incorrect password on the **F** icon. three times or more, data transfer can-If a password has been registered, enter the password. not be performed. In this case, repeat Password Entry X the transfer procedure from step (2). Enter Password Invalid Password! X Please Retype password OK n Cancel Help ΠK Cancel (3)Specify a location (directory) and Project file to store To cancel data transfer mode, click the received data. Then, click on the Save buton the 👧 icon. ton. If the same Project File name already exists, the system asks if you wish to replace it; if so, select Yes otherwise select No Factory A.It Save as type: Project File (4) After the data transfer is completed, select the [Transfer] menu - [Exit] command, or click on the icon.

7.2.7 Sending Programs with the Logic Program Editor

The Logic Program Editor allows you to send (write) logic programs alone to the LT that has been already set up. You can also receive (read) logic programs from the LT.



Before sending logic programs alone, be sure to select [Send Together] command.

Reference 7.2.4 When Sending Screens and Logic Programs Together To the LT

Sending Logic Programs

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Via the Project Manager, select [Control] menu - [Edi- tor] command, or click on the icon to start the	Reference 1.2.3 Creating/ Editing/Saving a Logic Program
<text><form><form><form><form><form></form></form></form></form></form></text>	▼Reference ₹ 7.2.2 Passwords

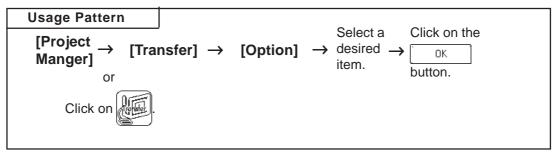
Chapter 7 - TRANSFERRING SCREENS 7.2 Transferring Data and Logic Programs

Receiving Logic Programs

PROCEDURE	Remarks
(1)Via the Project Manager, select [Control] menu - [Edi- tor] command, or click on the control icon to start the Logic Program Editor.	Reference 1.2.3 Creating/ Editing/Saving a Logic Program
 (2)Select the [Controller] menu - [Read from Controller] command, or click on the a control ler] command. If a password has been registered, enter the password. 	Reference 7.2.2 Passwords
Password Confirmation Enter password: The second secon	

7.3 Options

In addition to transferring/receiving screen data, you can check the screen information on the connected LT Unit using the LT Editor program.



7.3.1 LT Internal Screen Data Information

LT internal information will be displayed, here. Functions such as [Screen List], [Memory Info] and [LT Version] are included.

List Screens

The screen name, data volume and title of the screens stored in the LT unit are listed by screen type.

Procedure	Remarks
(1)Select the [Options] menu - [Screens List] command. Screens of the current project will be listed.	
<text></text>	

Chapter 7 - TRANSFERRING SCREENS

Memory Information

The LT unit's current memory capacity for a specified memory area (bank) is displayed. Its maximum internal memory capacity is also displayed.

Procedure	REMARKS
 (1)Select the [Options] menu - [Memory Info] command. The receiving of memory information begins. (2)After confirming the displayed information, click on the OK button to close the memory informa- tion window. [Max Block Size]Displays the LT unit's allow- able memory capacity. [Used]Displays the data volume cur- rently used in the LT unit. [Free]Displays the amount of "Free" or remaining memory. 	Number of banks provided in the LT is 32. The capacity for each bank is 59526 bytes. A single screen file cannot be stored in several banks. Therefore, the sum of the remain- ing memory capacity for each bank is not always equal to the transfer- rable screen data volume.
Memory Information 0 24106 1 59526 2 59526 3 59526 4 59526 5 59526 6 59526 7 59526 - Max Block Size: 952416 Used: 35420	

916996

Help

Free:

ΟK

<u>. N</u>

LT Version Information

This feature displays the LT unit version information.

PROCEDURE	REMARKS
(1)Select the [Options] menu - [LT Version] command. The receiving of version information begins.	
(2)After confirming the displayed information, click on	
the <u> </u>	
Check Version	
Display Type : GLC150	
Version :	
Date :	
LT's Project File: A Manufacturing System.Ite	
Date : 02/09/25 - 9:32	



B efore transferring screen data to the LT unit and connecting the LT unit to the Device/PLC, you can check the LT panel operation by running a simulation of your LT Editor program.

This chapter describes the program simulation procedure.

8.1 Overview



Connect the LT unit to your personal computer via the transfer cable. Turn ON/OFF bits on the LT Editor program's Simulation screen, and change the data corresponding to the specified word address. Even if no external device is connected, you can check the operation in the LT unit and the data changes resulting from the Part functions.



Important

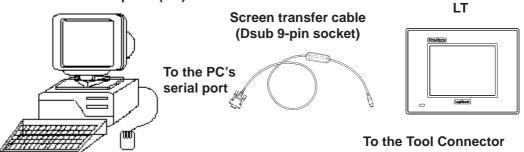
ote: The Simulation function can be used only when the LT is Type-C.

The Simulation feature is provided for simulating Device/PLC operations on a PC. For this is only a simulation, its performance such as processing speed may differ from the actual one which is performed when the LT unit is connected with a Device/PLC.

Connecting method between your personal computer and the LT is the same as the one for data transfer.

Reference 7.1 Prior to Transferring Data

Personal Computer (PC)



Precautions

When using the Simulation function keep in mind the following restrictions:

- The Simulation function can be used only when the LT is Type-C.
- When the external device is either THERMAC NEO Series (Omron) or Memory Link SIO Type", the simulation cannot be performed.
- Simulations of logic program's variables (Logic symbol) cannot be performed.
- To carry out a simulation, you need to transfer a simulation protocol at the LT set-up.

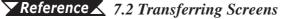
Reference 8.1.2 Transferring Simulation Protocol

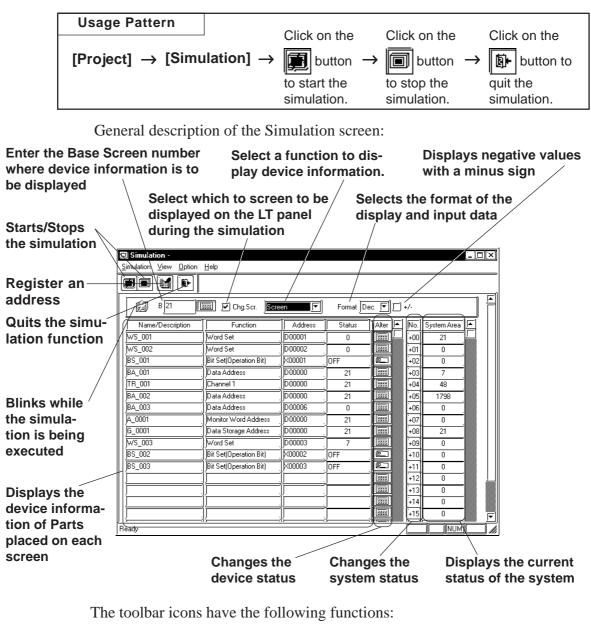
- With a device specified in [System Setup], the simulation cannot be performed.
- If the backup function for the LS area is selected, or if a D-Script uses an LS area special relay for its start bit, no LS device can be simulated.

- If the LS device is frequently written using the D-script during the LS device simulation, actions such as a slide transition will be slow.
- DO NOT specify [System Setup]-[Extended Settings] tab-[Reset LT On Data Write Error].
- The screen on the LT panel cannot be changed.
- The simulation cannot be performed for any address greater than 32,768 (8000h). To perform a simulation for such an address, temporarily change the address to 32,767 or lower.
- Do not press any touch panel switch on the LT unit before the simulation has begun. Otherwise, a system error will occur.

8.1.1 General Description of the Simulation Screen

To perform a simulation, first transfer the screen data created with the LT Editor program and the "simulation protocol" to the LT unit.







Chapter 8 - SIMULATION

Chg. Scr.

When the Check Box is marked, the LT panel screen is changed according to the Simulation screen. When this Check Box is , the LT panel screen can be separately changed, independent of the Simulation screen.

♦ Displayed Function Selection

The function used to display the simulation can be changed. In addition to the settings of each screen, the devices show in the following figure that have been set with the screen-independent global functions can slso be displayed.

Screen	₹
Screen	
Window Screen	
Alarm	
Data Sampling	
Global D-Script	
Filing	
Data Logging	
Registered Add	res:

Format

The data format of the device status (displayed in the "Status" cell) and the device data (displayed in the "Change" cell) can be selected for "Dec" (decimal), "Hex" (hexadecimal), or "Oct" (octadecimal) format.

♦+/-

Marking the "+/-" check box adds a "- (minus)" sign to the displayed values, if the word address settings displayed in the "Status" cell are negative values.

Name/Comment

ID number of a Part or any comment is displayed. To switch the ID number or comment display mode, select [Name] of [Comment] from the [View] menu.

Function

A general description of the device function for each specified Part is displayed.

Address

The device specified for each Part is displayed and you can change their word address settings.

Status

The current status of each device (bit ON/OFF status or word address setting) is displayed, and you can change their word address settings.

♦ Alter

You can change each device status (bit ON/OFF) or the word address settings. Every time you click on the row icon, the bit ON/OFF status is switched. When you click on the row icon, the following Keypad will appear, enabling you to change the data.



■ Selecting a Display Type

Select the types of Parts used to display device information. Select the [Options] menu - [Display Type Settings] command.

Specify the Parts to be displayed.

When you select "All Type", information on all Parts will be displayed.

Display Type Settings	×
I All type ☐ Bit Switch ☐ Word Switch ☐ Function Switch ☐ Lamp ☐ Bar Graph ☐ Pie Graph ☐ Half Pie Graph ☐ Meter	 Trend Graph Keypad Display Alarm Display Numeric Display Message Display Picture Display Filing Display Logging Display Window Parts
OK Cancel	Help

Setting up the Device Memory

Even after the simulation function has been closed, device information can be saved to the Project File.

Select the [Options] menu - [Device Memory Settings] command.

When the "Backup" check box is marked 💽, device information is automatically saved when the simulation function is quit. When the simulation starts up again, the same device status will be displayed.

Clicking on the Device Clear button resets all device settings to "0".

Device Memory	Settings 🔀
Backup	Device Clean
ОК	Cancel Help

Movement Settings

LS devices can also be simulated in the range from LS0020 to LS2031 (excluding the read-in area). Select the [Movement Settings] command from the [Option] menu.

If the [LS Device] check box is marked, the Parts that use LS devices will be displayed when a simulation is executed.

Movement Settings	×
🗔 LS Device	
Cancel	Help

Address Registration

Simulation can be performed for any registered address, not for each screen or function.

The simulation result is displayed by selecting the registered address from the display function pull-down list's [Address Registration].

To register/edit an address, select the [Simulation] menu - [Address Registration] command, or click on the icon.

Register	Address		
Туре	Device		
Bit	X00000		
			<u> </u>
			ору
			<u>P</u> este
			ок
			Help

Rote

Note: The address to be entered varies depending on your LT and PLC type. Note that the sample screen in this manual is just one example.

Adding a registered address

You can add a new address. Click on the Add button, and the following dialog box will appear. Then, enter an address and the number of addresses to be added, and specify Bit or Word.

After entering a number of addresses to be added, addresses are added from the designated number in series.

You can enter a desired name as a function name with up to 20 half-sized characters.

Input Address	X
Address	X00000
	🕑 Bit 🔿 Word
Address Count	
Function	
	OK Cancel

• Editing a registered address

You can change the registered address settings. Select an address to be edited and click on the $\boxed{\underline{E}dt}$ button. Then, a dialog box that is the same as for the adding of a registered address will appear.

Deleting a registered address

Delete	\mathbf{x}
	Selected address will be deleted !
<u>)</u>	OK Cancel

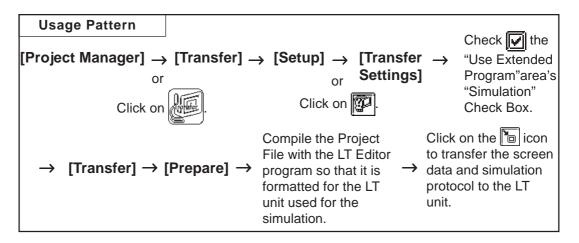
Copying and pasting a registered address

Select an address to be copied and click on the \Box_{OPY} button. Then, click on the P_{aste} button to add the copied address at the end of the list.

8.1.2 Transferring Simulation Protocol

To simulate the LT panel's actual operation using the LT Editor program, transfer the screen data created with the LT Editor program along with the "simulation protocol" to the LT unit.

Reference 7.2 Transferring Screens



Simulation Protocol

Before executing the simulation, you must first transfer the simulation protocol to the LT unit, regardless of the Device/PLC specified for the project file.

Check the "Use Extended Program" area's "Simulation" Check Box in the [Transfer Settings] dialog box so that when screens are transferred, the simulation protocol will be transferred to the LT unit.

Reference 7.2.1 Transfer Settings

Note: When a simulation is executed , you need to transfer the simulation protocol only for the first screen transfer.



To perform a simulation, first connect the LT unit to your personal computer using the Data Transfer Cable.



Before performing a simulation, you must transfer the simulation protocol to the LT unit.

Reference 8.1.2 Transferring Simulation Protocol

Be sure not to press the touch panel switch of the LT main unit before the simulation starts. Especially, be sure not to change the screen of the LT unit. Otherwise, a system error will occur.

Procedure	Rемаккѕ
Connect the LT unit to your personal computer with the Data Transfer Cable.	Prior to starting simulation, set the LT unit to the RUN mode.
 (1)Via the Project Manager, select the [Project] menu - [Simulation] command. (2)Click on the button to begin communication with the LT unit. 	If the simulation protocol has not been transferred to the LT unit in step (1), the following dialog box will appear, and the simulation can- not be started.
The device information on the current LT panel screen is displayed.	The simulation protocol has not yet been transferred. Please designate the protocol in the screen transfer menu. OK During communication, the icon blinks, like this
You can check the LT panel operation by switching screens or changing the device settings using the regime or regime icon displayed in the [Alter] cell. Also, you can check the device status changes via the LT's touch keys	Reference 8.1.1 General Description of the Simulation Screen

check the device status changes via the LT's touch keys.

(3)Click on the **button to quit the simulation.** (4)Click on the **button** to quit the simulation mode. During simulation, screen data cannot be transferred. Click on the icon and stop simulation before transferring screen data.

LT Editor Ver. 2.0 Operation Manual - Screen Creation Guide

9 PRINTING

printed copy of created screens and Part setting conditions is often useful when debugging. This chapter describes the printing procedure and print settings.

9.1 Print Settings

9.1 Print Settings

This section describes the procedure for printing created screens or a list of designated Parts, and options available when printing.

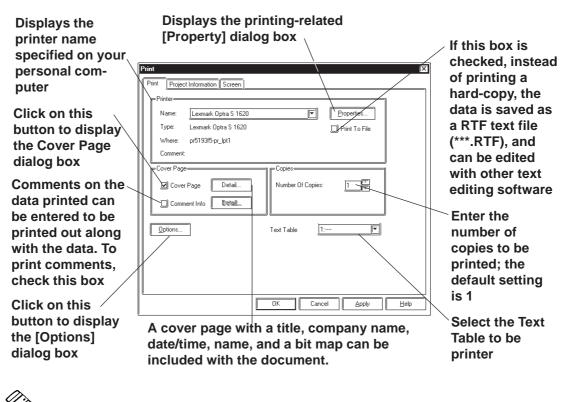
Usage Pa	attern					
Project Manager	\rightarrow	[Print]	\rightarrow	Select the appropriate items in the dialog box.		Select the data to be printed from the dialog box.
		\rightarrow	range	ify the printing e, depending on - elected function.	→	Click on the

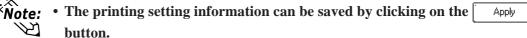
9.1.1 Printing

When you select the [Project] menu - [Print] command, the [Print] screen will be displayed.

Printing - [Print] Tab

Specify the printer type and other print settings on your personal computer. Only Windows-compatible printers that can be connected to your personal computer can be used to print with LT Editor for Windows.



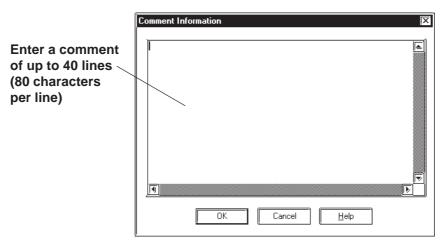


- The printing orientation is "Vertical" (Portrait).
- Only "A3", "B4", or "A4" paper can be used for printing.

◆ Cover Page Dialog Box

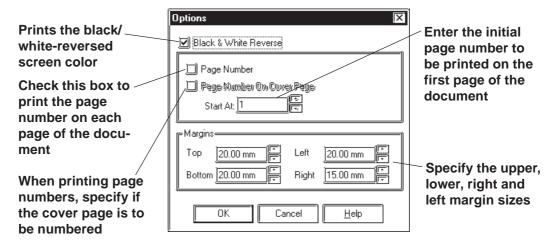
Check this box to print a title on the cover page	Cover Page	Check this box to print a company name on the
Enter a title or a company name of up	T E T	cover page
to 3 lines (40 charac- ters per line)		Check this box to print a name on
Check this box to include the date and time of printing on the cover page	Bitmap Bitowsee Lawout OK Cancel Help	the cover page Enter the name here
Check this box to include a Bit-map on the cover page	Click on this button to preview t layout. When Bit-map printing is placement of the Bit-map on the changed.	s selected, the

Comment Information Dialog Box



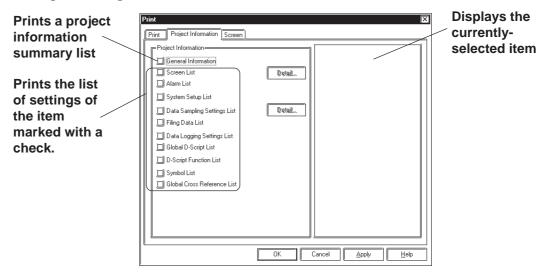
Options Dialog Box

Settings in the Options dialog box allow you to format the pages of the document to be printed. You can specify the range of page numbers to be printed, the screen color, and margin size.



Printing - [Project Information] Tab

You can check the created screens and Part designation status through printer output.



Details

Click on the Detail. button to specify detailed information of printing.

Screen List

Select the screen type to be printed.

Screen List	×
Contents) Base Screen
	☐ Mark Screen
	🗂 Image Screen
	🗂 Window Screen
ОК	Cancel <u>H</u> elp

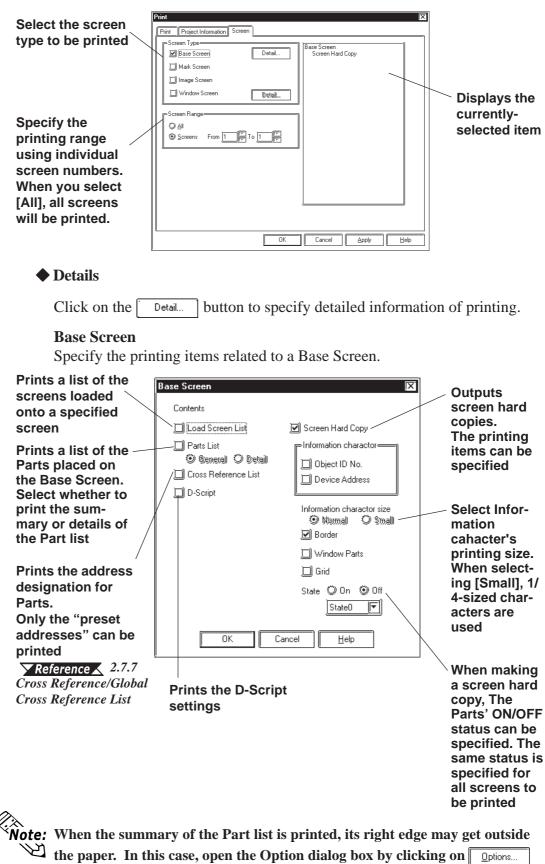
Date Sampling Settings List

Select whether to print the summary or details of the data sampling settings.

Data Sampling Settings List	×
🗘 General 💿 Detail	
Cross Reference List	
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp	

Printing - [Screen] Tab

Select the screen type and contents to be printed.



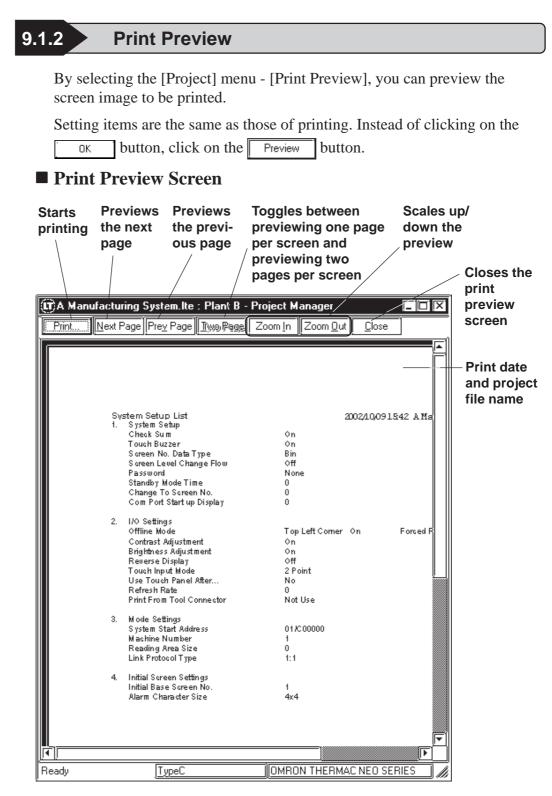
button in the [Print] tab, and then reduce the left margin.

Window Screen

Specify the printing items related to a Window screen.

Window Screen	X
Contents	
🔲 Load Screen List	Screen Hard Copy
□ Parts List ③ Greneral ① Detail □ Cross Reference List	Diplect ID No.
	Device Address
	⊙Nomal OSmall
	🗹 Border 💭 Grid
	State 🗘 On 🕲 Off State0 🔽
OK Ca	ncel <u>H</u> elp

Chapter 9 - PRINTING



Memo

ADVANCED FEATURES

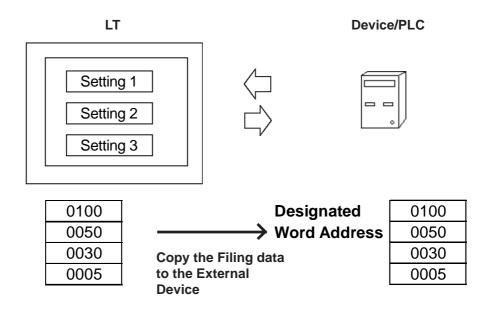
10

he filing data (recipe) and logging functions are advanced features that increase the performance of your LT unit.

10.1	Filing Data (Recipe)
10.2	Logging

10.1 Filing Data (Recipe)

Setting data that you have created and stored on the LT can be easily transferred to the Device/PLC whenever necessary, using LT touch keys or by specifying bit addresses in the Device/PLC. Also, Filing (Recipe) Data that has been transferred to the Device/PLC can be then sent back to the LT, edited, and then transferred again to the Device/PLC.



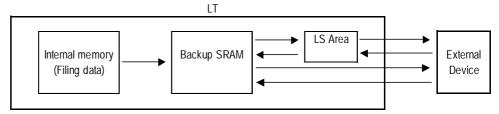
Overview

- There are two methods of transmitting filing data to the Device/PLC. One is automatic transmission, where filing data is sent to the Device/PLC via a Device/PLC trigger. The other is manual transmission, where data selected on the LT screen is sent to the Device/PLC.
- When using manual data transmission, select the Filing Data Display from the Tool Box or [Parts] menus.
- Filing data can be controlled by file numbers for each project file.
- Filing data can be stored in the LT's internal memory.
- Filing data is stored in the Device/PLC in a series of addresses.
- Setting up filing data so that it is transmitted via an LS Area allows filing data to be edited on the LT panel and then written to the Device/PLC.

10.1.1 Filing Data (Recipe) Function

Filing Data Transfer Flow

Filing data is first written from the LT's internal memory, then to the LT's backup SRAM and then is transferred to the Device/PLC, either directly or via the LS area.



Managing Filing Data in Group

Filing data is organized into folders, files, blocks, and data. Also, to use as much filing data as possible, multiple folders can be used in the LT's internal memory to register multiple filing data items.

You can register multiple folders by selecting [Use Multiple Folders] from the [Filing Settings] menu.

Folder 1							
_	_ File 0						
IF	Block 0	Block 1					
	Data 1	Data 1					
	Data 2	Data 2					
	Data 3	Data 3					
	Data 4	Data 4					
	File 1						
	Block 0	Block 1					
	Data 1	Data 1					
	Data 2	Data 2					
	Data 3	Data 3					
	Data 4	Data 4					

Folder 2

-							
_	File 0						
	Block 0	Block 1					
	Data 1	Data 1					
	Data 2	Data 2					
	Data 3	Data 3					
	Data 4	Data 4					
	File	1					
	Block 0	Block 1					
	Data 1	Data 1					
	Data 2	Data 2					
	Data 3	Data 3					
	Data 4	Data 4					

• When multiple folders are not used

Only 1 folder is registered. In this case, the folder number is usually not designated, however, whenever it is necessary, the number is designated as 1.

When multiple folders are used

Multiple filing data folders can be registered. In the LT, the folder numbers need to be designated to transfer data to the LT's internal memory and backup SRAM. Since only one filing data folder can be used on the LT at one time, select which folder will be used.

- Multiple folders can be registered in both the LT's internal memory.
- Up to 64 folders can be registered in the LT's internal memory.
- Select a folder to be used on the LT.
- Only one folder of data can be transferred to the LT's backup SRAM.

■ Filing Data Registration Capacity

When saving filing data, up to 2,048 filing data files can be registered, with up to 1,650 data blocks in each file, and up to 10,000 pieces of data in each block. (However, when the data format is 32 Bits, only 5,000 data items can be registered.)

Registration capacity, however, varies depending on the use of the backup SRAM or other settings.

Up to 59520 bytes of filing data can be stored in one folder in the LT's internal memory. (when storing only filing data to the backup SRAM).

◆ SRAM Storage Capacity Calculation

1 file = 96 (Fixed value) + (32 + 2 or 4 x number of data pieces) x number of data pieces) x number of data blocks Use "2" for 16 Bit devices, and use "4"

Total capacity of all files < 59520 for 32 Bit device file calculation.

The following shows Storage Capacity when using 16 Bit Device Data Format.

No. of files	No. of data pieces	No. of data blocks	Total capacity of all files
1	2	1650	59496
1	640	45	59136
1	10000	2	40160

• Usage priority of backup SRAM

- 1) Data sampling
- 2) Trend graph
- 3) LS Area backup
- 4) Logging data
- 5) Filing data

SRAM Memory is used starting from item 1).

To check the LT's available usage capacity, **Reference** 4.4.1 Project Information

- Data in backup SRAM is erased when:
 - The LT's memory is initialized.
 - Data is transmitted.
 - The LT system and protocol are set up.
 - LT's self-diagnosis "Internal FEPROM (screen area)" is performed.
- As the number of Addresses increases, the more time is required for writing data to the Device/PLC. Depending on the number of Addresses, it may take from 20 seconds to several minutes.

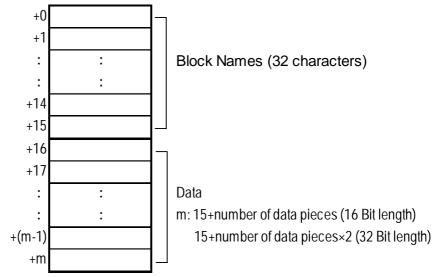
- When data is being written, screen displays, such as for Parts, may not be updated/refreshed or may appear slowly. Screen changes may also be performed slowly. If screens are changed at this time, screen data such as for Parts will also be read out, and data writing to the Device/PLC will be performed at a slower than normal speed.
- DO NOT perform any of the following operations at the same time.
 - Data transfer between the LS area and the Device/PLC
 - Data transfer between SRAM and the Device/PLC: via the File Name Display
 - Data transfer between SRAM and the Device/PLC: via the Control Word Address using Transfer Settings

Be sure to perform data transfer after the current data transfer is completed.

• During the current data write, the succeeding data write operation cannot be accepted/received.

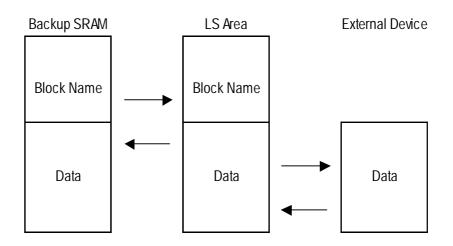
LS Area Filing Data Structure

Designated address



Data transmitted between the backup SRAM and LS Area will overwrite the existing Block Name and Block data.

Data transmitted from the Device/PLC to the LS Area overwrites only file data and preserves the Block Name.



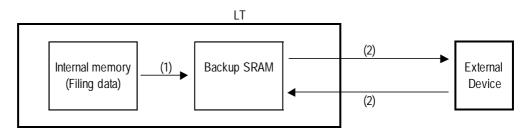
- When a device is used with a 32 Bit system start Address, filing data cannot be transmitted to the Device/PLC via the LS Area.
- Block Name text characters are stored in order of the character input.

Reference LT Series User's Manual 6.3.2 Text Data Settings

■ Filing Data Transmission Methods

♦ Automatic Transmission

Filing data is transmitted from the LT to the Device/PLC via a Device/PLC trigger. Use the Control Word Address instead of using the Filing Data Display to transfer data between the LT and the Device/PLC (LT \rightarrow Device/PLC, Device/PLC \rightarrow LT.)



(1) Device/PLC Trigger

∑Reference 10.1.2 Filing Data Setting ◆ Control Word Address (Filing Data \rightarrow SRAM)

(2) Device/PLC Trigger

▼Reference 10.1.2 Filing Data Setting ◆ Control Word Address $(SRAM \leftarrow \rightarrow Device/PLC)$

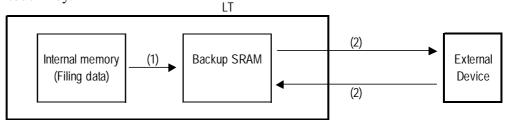


 When a single folder is used, designate the folder number as 1.

- *Important* If the designated number's folder does not exist, data will not be transferred to backup SRAM. Also, the Write Completed Bit Address will not be turned ON.
 - When data is not transferred to backup SRAM, the LT internal special relay (LS2032)'s bit 9 will turn ON.

♦ Manual Transmission - type 1

Filing data is transmitted to the Device/PLC by touching a LT screen touch key. Use the Filing Data Display to transfer data to/from the Device/PLC, using the "SRAM \rightarrow Device/PLC" touch key and the "Device/PLC \rightarrow SRAM" touch key.



(1) Device/PLC Trigger

Reference 10.1.2 Filing Data Setting \blacklozenge Control Word Address (Filing Data \rightarrow SRAM)

(2)Screen Touch Keys

✓ Reference 10.1.5 Manual Filing Data Transmission Example 1/
■ Filing Data Transmission Flow

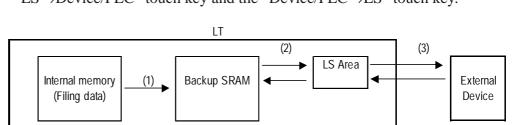


When filing data is sent back to the Device/PLC from backup SRAM, the newly sent data will overwrite the old. In order to prevent this, beforehand create another data block for the return value data (See the figure below) to send the filing data to and designate that block via the Control Word Address.

File 0								
		А		В	А	Return Value	В	Return Value
		50		40		0		0
		60		30		0		0

♦ Manual Transmission - type 2

Select the desired filing data via the screen's touch keys, perform any data changes, and then transmit the edited data to the Device/PLC. Use the Filing Data Display to transfer data to/from the Device/PLC, using the "LS \rightarrow Device/PLC" touch key and the "Device/PLC \rightarrow LS" touch key.



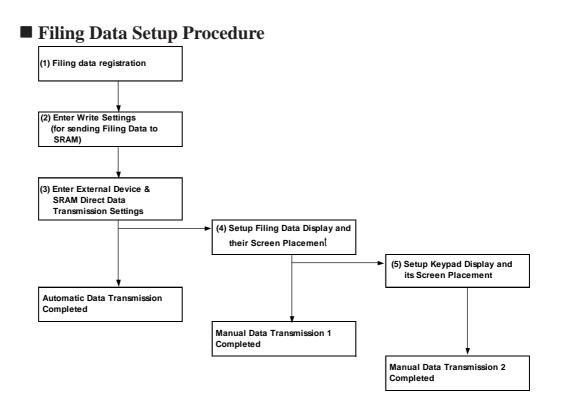
(1) Device/PLC Trigger

∑Reference 10.1.2 Filing Data Setting ◆ Control Word Address (Filing Data \rightarrow SRAM)

(2) Screen touch keys

Reference 10.1.6 Manual Filing Data Transmission Example 2 (1) Writing filling data to SRAM (3) Screen touch keys

Reference 10.1.6 Manual Filing Data Transmission Example 2 (5) LS Area to Device/PLC



- (1)Filing Data Registration via [Filing Data]/[Filing List]
- (2)Setup of [Write Settings (Send Filing Data to SRAM)] via [Filing Data]/ [Filing Setting]
- (3)When performing automatic data transmission, setup the [Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Settings] via the same dialog box. Automatic Data Transmission is completed here.
- (4)When performing manual data transmission type 1, setup the Filing Data Display and designate its placement.

Manual Data Transmission - type 1 is completed here.

(5)When performing manual data transmission - Type 2, setup the Keypad Display and designate its placement.Manual Data Transmission - Type 2 setting is completed here.

10.1.2 Filing Data Setting

Use the following setting items to create multiple folders and a trigger for transferring data.

Select [Filing Setting] from the [Screen/Setup] - [Filing Data] menu.

Filing Setting	
🗹 Filing (ON/OFF)	
🛄 Use Muliple Folders	
Write Settings(From Filing Data To SRA	.M)
Control Word Address 01/C	00000 🔽
Write Completed Bit Address	0000000 🔽
Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Tran	smission Settings
Control Word Address 01/C	00000 🔽
Transmit Completed Bit Address	
OK Cancel	

♦ Filing (ON/OFF)

Check this check box in order to use the filing data.

Use Multiple Folders

Check this check box in order to register 2 or more folders.

♦ Write Settings (From Filing Data To SRAM)

In response to a trigger, filing data stored in the LT's internal memory (screen data) is written to backup SRAM. This prepares for filing data transfer. In order to tranfer data to the Device/PLC, you need to first write data to backup SRAM. Only 1 item of filing data can be written to backup SRAM.

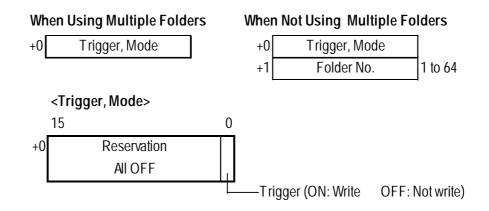


Note: When using filing data, be sure to enter the "Write Settings" data.

◆ Control Word Address (Filing Data → SRAM)

Designate a Word Address to use as a trigger, or designate the mode to use when writing to backup SRAM. This trigger controls the data write timing. When using multiple filing data items, designate the folder numbers.

The Control Word Address will be as follows:



• Write Completed Bit Address (Filing Data \rightarrow SRAM)

Designate a specific Bit Address to be turned ON when the data write to LT backup SRAM is completed.



 Note: If data cannot be transmitted to backup SRAM due to insufficient memory, LS2032's Bit 9 will be turned ON. When data is transmitted to backup SRAM again, use either the designated communication cycle time or 150ms, whichever is longer, as the trigger's OFF time.

For communication cycle time details, **Reference** Device/PLC Connection Manual, 1.1.4/2.1.3 Special Relays

	Write Completed Bit Address	LS2032 Bit 9
Normal data transmission	ON	OFF
Data transmission error	-	ON

Chapter 10 - ADVANCED FEATURES

• Device/PLC & SRAM Data Transmission Settings

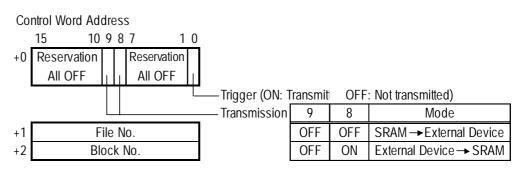
Here, select the method used to transmit filing data either from backup SRAM to the Device/PLC, or from the Device/PLC to backup SRAM. Select this setting when performing automatic data transmission using the Contorl Word Address feature.

Device/PLC Controlled Transfer (SRAM ←→ Device/PLC)

When this check box is selected, automatic data transmission via the External Device's trigger is set up. If this box is not checked, data must be transmitted manually using the Editor area Toolbox's Filing Data Display.

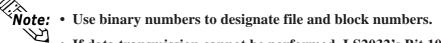
Control Word Address (SRAM ←→ Device/PLC)

Designates a Word Address where the filing data transmission trigger and mode data are stored.



Transmit Completed Bit Address (SRAM $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ Device/PLC)

Designates the Bit Address that will be turned ON when filing data transmission is completed.



• If data transmission cannot be performed, LS2032's Bit 10 is turned ON. To transmit data to the Device/PLC, use either your standard communication cycle time or 150ms, whichever is longer, as the trigger OFF time.

For Communication cycle time details, **Reference** Device/PLC Connection Manual 1.1.4/2.1.3 Special Relay

	Transmit Completed Bit Address	LS2032 Bit 10
Normal data transmission	ON	OFF
Data transmission error	-	ON

10.1.3 Filing Data List

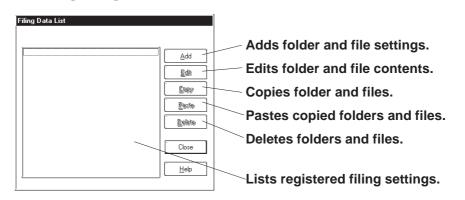
Filing Settings can be added, edited and deleted on the [Filing Data List] screen.

5010011.				
Usage Pattern				
[Screen/ → [Filing Setup]	Data] →	[Filing List] \rightarrow	$\begin{array}{c} \text{ADD or} \\ \text{Edit or} \\ \text{Delete} \end{array} \rightarrow$	[Close] or [Esc]

Filing Data List

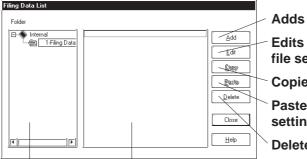
Below is the overview of the screen on which you can make filing settings.

♦ When using a single folder



♦ When using multiple folders

"Internal Memory" indicates the screen data stored in the internal memory. "1-Filing Data" folder indicates the File Settings.



Adds folder and file settings.

Edits the contents of folder and file settings.

Copies folder and file settings.

Pastes copied folder and file settings.

Deletes folder and file settings.

Lists registered Lists registered filing folders and files. settings.

Registering Filing Data

Here, the procedure of adding Filing Data Setting is explained.

• Registering Folders

When multiple folders are used, select [Internal Memory] and click on Add to display the screen for creating a new folder.

Save As		
Folder Type	Filing Data(Internal)	OK
Folder No.		Cancel
Folder Title		
1		

Folder No. (= Filing data number)

A value between 1 and 64 can be set. **Folder Title**

Enter a title. (Commas"," are not allowed.)

Registering Filing Data

When multiple folders are not used, the filing data setting screen is displayed. When multiple folders are used, you can display the filing data setting screen by selecting [1-filing Data] and click on the Add button.

File No.		No. of	Data Blocks	3
Description:		No. of	Data Items	10
Data Storage Start	Address	D00000		Data Format
[Block0	Block1	Bl	16Bit
Block Name	0	1	2	Display Format
D00000	0	0	0	Dec
D00001	0	0	0	1080
D00002	0	0	0	🔟 Code+/-
D00003	0	0	0	Clear
D00004	0	0	0	Сору
D00005	0	0	0	
D00006	0	0	0	Paste
D00007	o	0	0	Import
D00008	0	0	0 F	Export
			1	<u>v</u>

File No.

Filing data is controlled in individual file units. Here, designate the file numbers of filing data to be registered. Up to 2,048 files can be registered.

Data Storage Start Address

Enter the first Address where the transferred filing data is stored. Data storage areas will be saved in series, starting from the Start Address for the number of filing data items.



Note: The address to be entered varies **U** depending on your LT and PLC type. Note that the sample screen in this manual is just one example.

No. of Data Blocks

Designate the number of blocks to be registered in one file. A maximum of 1,650 blocks can be designated. (The maximum number will change depending on the number of data blocks.)

No. of Data Items

Designates the number of data items registered in one block. A maximum of 9,999 data items can be registered. (The maximum number will change depending on the number of data blocks)

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When a variable (Logic Symbol) is used as a data storage start address, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

Data Format

Select either 16 or 32 bit data.

Display Format

Select a filing data display format.

Code +/-

"- (minus)" display becomes effective when this check box is checked.

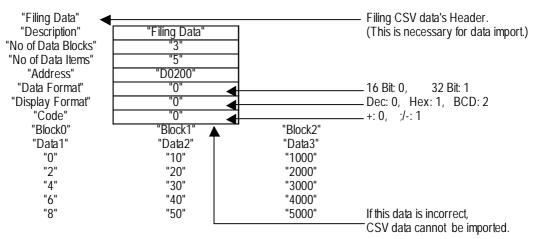
Import

Other file data (CSV format) can be imported and used as filing data.

Export

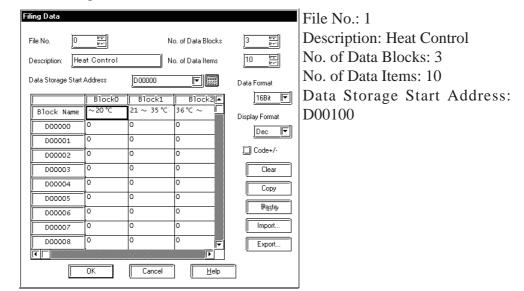
Filing data can be exported and saved in the CSV format.

<Output Example using CSV Format>



Setting up Filing Data

Entering File No., Description, No. of Data Blocks, No. of Data Items and Data Storage Start Address.



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• Filing List Display

<When using multiple folders>

<When using a single folder>

Filing Data List			Filing Data List	
Filing Data List	1 Temperature Settings	Add Edit Bashe Delete	Filing Data List	
[4][]])		<u>H</u> elp		Help

10.1.4 Automatic Filing Data Transmission

Here, data transmission via the external device's trigger (automatic data transmission) is explained.

Previously entered filing data is transmitted to the Device/PLC as shown below.

Filing Data				
File No.		No. of Da	3	
Description: Hea	at Control	No. of Da	3	
Data Storage Start	Address <u>D</u>	00100		Data Format
	BlockO	Block1	B	16Bit 🔽
Block Name	~20°C	21~35°C	36°C	Display Format
D00100	200	30	55	Dec
D00101	202	30	56	1
D00102	205	28	62	Clear

Data Transmission via Device/PLC Trigger (Automatic Data Transmission)

Block 1's data is transmitted when the Control Word Address changes.

Filing Setting	
Filing (ON/OFF)	
🗹 Use Muliple Folders	
Write Settings(From Filing Data	To SRAM)
Control Word Address	00/0000 🔽
Write Completed Bit Address	00/000000 🕞
External Device & SRAM Direct	Data Transmission Settings
External Device Controlled	d Transfer
Control Word Address	00/0000 🕞
Transmit Completed Bit Addres	[∞]]00/000000 💌
	ancel <u>H</u> elp

Write Settings (From Filing Data to SRAM)

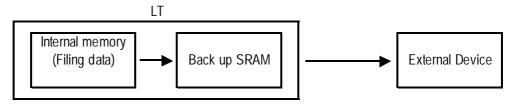
Control Word Address: D00200 Write Completed Bit Address: M00001 Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data

Transmission Settings

Control Word Address: D00201 Transmit Completed Bit Address: M00002

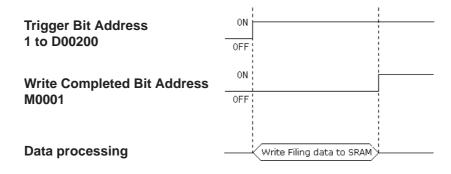
When using multiple folders, the Control Word Addresses will be D00200 to **Note:** D00201, which overlap with the following Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Settings, Control Word Address (D00201).

Filing Data Data Transfer



$\bullet \quad \text{Filing data} \rightarrow \text{SRAM}$

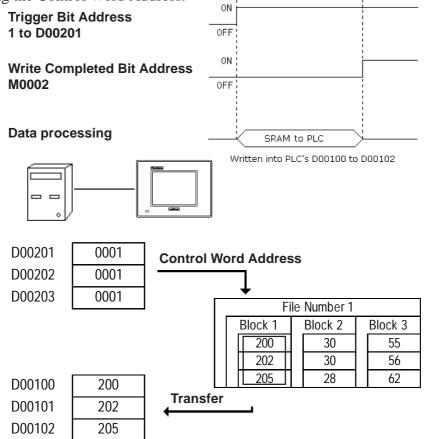
When the "0" Bit of a data transmission's Control Word Address (D00200) is turned ON, all the filing data is written to SRAM.



$\bullet \quad SRAM \rightarrow Device/PLC$

When the "0" Bit of the data transmission's Control Word Address (D00201) is turned ON, the designated filing data is written to the Device/PLC.

To designate filing data, prior to transferring filing data a file number is stored in D00202 and a block number is stored in D00203, directly following the Control Word Address.



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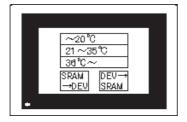
10.1.5 Manual Filing Data Transmission Example 1

The following explains how to transfer data by selecting the desired screen setting (Manual Transmission 1).

The same filing data as in "10.1.4. Automatic Filing Data Transmission" is used.

Screen Example

In this example, data from File No. 1's Block No. 3 is sent by touching the LT screen.



Filing Setting Example

When [Device/PLC Controlled Transfer] is not checked, manual transfer is performed.

Filing Setting	
Filing (ON/OFF)	
) Use Muliple Folders	
Write Settings(From Filing Data To SRAM)-	-1
Control Word Address	
Write Completed Bit Address	
Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Settings	
Device/PLC Controlled Transfer	
Control Word Address	
Transmit Completed Bit Address 01/C0000000	
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp	-

Write Setting (From Filing Data To SRAM)

Control Word Address: D00200

Write Completed Bit Address: M00001 Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Setting

Device/PLC Controlled Transfer: Not selected

Filing Data Display Settings

When manual data transmission is performed, you must place the Filing Name Display.

\checkmark Reference \checkmark 2.1.12 File Name Display

♦ General Settings

File Display [FD_001]	X
General Settings Display Style/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color	
Description Use LS Area	1
Top Write Word Address	
🕅 017LS0020 🔰 🕅	
External Device Transfer	1
ID No. 0 F Transfer Completed Bit Address	
File No. 0 8 01/C00000 1 8	
Place Cancel Help	

Description: Heat Control Use LS Area

Use LS Area: Not selected

Since, in this example, data is transmitted from SRAM to the Device/PLC, it is not transmitted via the LS Area. Keep the default setting.

Top Write Word Address: Not selected

Not designated. Since this example does not use the LS area, this Address does not need to be designated. When using the LS area, designate the Top Address of the LS area where data is stored.

Device/PLC Transfer

Use Transfer Completed Bit Address: Not selected

The example does not turn the Device/ PLC Transfer Completed Bit Address ON when the data transfer is completed between the LS area and Device/PLC, and SRAM and Device/PLC. (No information is sent when data transfer is completed.)

When using the Transfer Completed Bit Address, after the Bit ON condition is detected, turn the corresponding Bit OFF on the Device/PLC. Also, when the Transfer Completed Bit Address is used, the special relay (LS2032)'s bit 10 will turn ON when data transfer is not completed normally, between the Device/PLC and LS area, or between the Device/PLC and SRAM.

Reference Device/PLC Connection Manual; Chapter 1

Device/PLC Transfer Completed Bit Address: Not designated

Since this example does not use the Transfer Completed Bit Address, this Address does not need to be designated. When using the Transfer Completed Bit Address, designate an Address that will be turned ON when data transfer is completed.

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ID No.: 0

In this example, where only one Filing Data Display is placed, the ID No. does not need to be entered. Keep the default setting. When placing two or more Filing Data Displays on the currently displayed screen, be sure not to use the same ID No. for multiple Filing Data Displays.

File No.: 1

Enter the previously entered filing data number.

No. of Display Lines: 3 No. of Display Characters: 10 Direct Selection: Selected Cursor Position Control: Selected



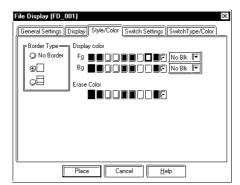
General Settings Display Style/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color
No of Displau Lines 3 ==
Direct Selection
Place Cancel Help

<Cursor Position Control>

- Even when the screens are changed on the LT monitor, the current File Name Display's cursor position can be preserved.
- Cursor Position Control can be designated when setting up the File Name Display.
- When the LT's main power is turned ON or the LT is reset, the cursor will appear on the first line.
- The cursor position will be stored for each ID No. (The storage area of an ID No. and its cursor position correspond to each other.) To retain the cursor position, be sure that the File Name Display ID Nos. do not overlap each other on any of the screens. For more detailed information about the File Name Display,

Reference 2.1.12 File Name Display

Style/Color



Border Type: Outer and inner borders Display Color: Select desired colors.

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink).

Erase Color: Select the desired color. Select the display area color to use when a Filing Data Display is cleared. When using a monochrome LT, select "Black".

• Switch	Settings
File Display [FD_001]	X
General Settings Display S	tyle/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color
Automatic Switch Placement	Method
SRAM -> External Devic	e 🛄 SR#M → LS
External Device -> SRA	M □ LS → SRAM
🔲 Roll Up 🛛 🚦	🗧 🗌 External Device 🕹 LS
Boll Down 1	🐳 🔲 LS 🕹 External Device
Place	Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Send To Device/PLC From SRAM: Selected Send To SRAM From Device/PLC: Selected Roll Up: Not selected Roll Down: Not selected Send To LS From SRAM: Not selected Send To SRAM From LS: Not selected Send To LS From Device/PLC: Not selected Sending To Device/PLC From LS: Not selected

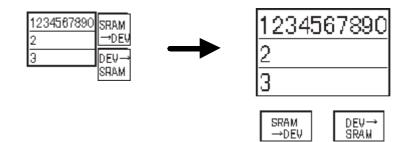
Switch Type/Color File Display [FD_001] Image: Color Switch Settings General Settings Display [Style/Color Switch Settings] Border Color Image: Color Switch Settings Image: Border Color Switch S

Border Color: Select the desired color.

Select the desired color for the Filing Name Display's border.

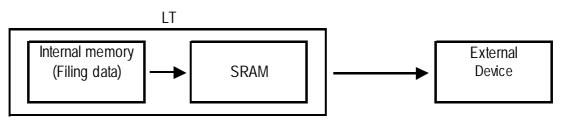
Place

Click on the [Place] button to display the Filing Name Display. If desired, change the Part's size via its sizing handles.



Note: To change the Filing Name Display's layout or attributes, first ungroup it.

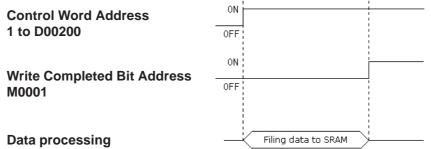
Filing Data Transmission Flow



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• Filing Data to SRAM

All the filing data is written into the SRAM when the Trigger Bit is turned ON.



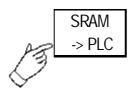
♦ SRAM → Device/PLC

Filing data selected by the LT's touch key is written to the Device/PLC.

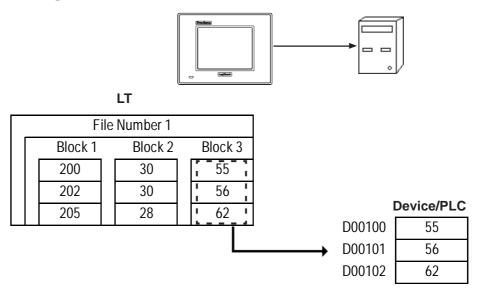
- Actual Process
 - 1) Select an item. (Here, select Block 3 "36°C -".)

	~20°C	
	21~35℃ 38℃~	
	SRAM DEV→ →DEV SRAM	
•		

2) Touch "SRAM \rightarrow PLC" key.



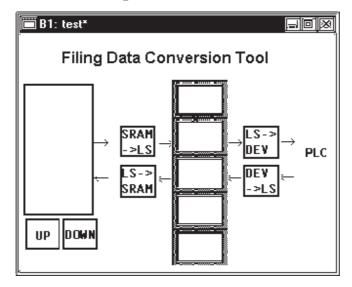
3) Filing data is transmitted from SRAM to the Device/PLC.



10.1.6 Manual Filing Data Transmission Example 2

Here, select an item using the File Name Display from a screen and finetune (minutely adjust) the data via the LS area, and then transfer the data (manual transfer: 2).

Screen Example



■ Filing Setting Example

When the check box of [Device/PLC Controlled Transfer] is off, manual data transmission is performed.

Filing Setting
Filing (ON/OFF)
Use Muliple Folders
write Settings(From Filing Data To SRAM)
Control Word Address
Write Completed Bit Address
Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Settings
Device/PLC Controlled Transfer
Control Word Address
Transmit Completed Bit Address
OK Cancel Help

Write Setting (From Filing Data To SRAM)

Control Word Address: D00200 Write Completed Bit Address: M00001

Device/PLC & SRAM Direct Data Transmission Setting

Device/PLC Controlled Transfer: Not selected

■ Filing Name Display Settings

When manual data transmission is performed, you must place the Filing Name Display.

Reference 2.1.12 Filing Name Display

General Settings

General Settings Display	ityle/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color
Description	Use LS Area Use LS Area Top Write Word Address
ID No. 0 File No. 1 F	External Device Transfer Use Transfer Completed Bit Address Transfer Completed Bit Address
Place	Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Description: Heat Control

Use LS Area

Use LS Area: Selected

Filing data is first transferred to the LT's LS area before being transferred to the Device/PLC.

While filing data is being transferred from SRAM to LS, and LS to SRAM, the LT internal special relay (LS2032)'s bit 11 will be turned ON.

Device/PLC Transfer

Use Transfer Completed Bit Address: Not Selected

Enables/disables the Transfer Completed Bit setting.

ID No.: 0

In this example, where only one Filing Name Display is placed, the ID No. does not need to be entered. Keep the default setting. When placing two or more Filing Name Displays on the currently displayed screen, be sure not to use the same ID No. for multiple Filing Name Displays.

File No.: 1

Enter the previously entered filing data number.

♦ Display

File Display (FD_001)
General Settings Display Style/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color
No. of Display Lines 8 Internet
No. of Display Characters 15 Irrel
Direct Selection
Cursor Position Control
Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp

No. of Display Lines: 8 No. of Display Characters: 15 Direct Selection: Selected Cursor Position Control: Selected

Cursor Position Control

- Even when the screens are changed on the LT monitor, the current File Name Display's cursor position can be retained.
- Cursor Position Control can be designated when setting up the File Name Display.
- When turning the LT's main power switch ON or resetting the LT, the cursor will appear on the first line.
- The cursor position will be stored for each ID No. (The storage area of an ID No. and a cursor position are in correspondence with each other.) To retain the cursor position, be sure that the File Name Display ID Nos. do not overlap each other on any of the screens. For more detailed information about the File Name Display,

Reference 2.1.12 File Name Display

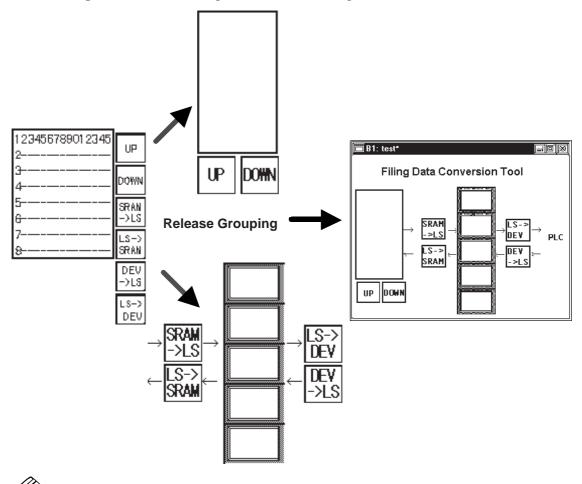
♦ Switch Settings

General Settings Display Style/Color Switch Settings SwitchType/Color
Automatic Switch Placement Method
SRAM -> External Device SRAM -> LS
🗇 External Device -> SRAM 🛛 🗹 LS -> SRAM
Roll Up 1 📰 🗹 External Device -> LS
Roll Down 1 E LS -> External Device
Place Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Send To Device/PLC From SRAM: Not Selected Send To SRAM From Device/PLC: Not Selected Roll Up: Selected Roll Down: Selected Send To LS From SRAM: Selected Send To SRAM From LS: Selected Send To LS From Device/PLC: Selected Sending To Device/PLC From LS: Selected

Place

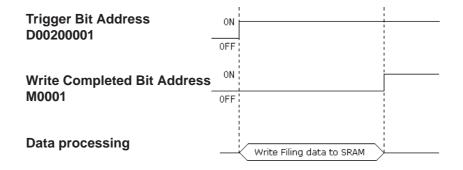
Click on the Place button to display the Filing Name Data Display. Change the size of placed Part, if desired. Settings Display must be placed to correspond with the storing address of the filing data.



Note: To change the Filing Name Display's layout or attributes, first ungroup it.

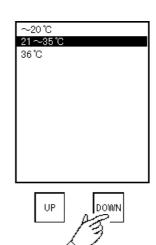
1) Writing filing data to SRAM

All filing data is written to SRAM when the Trigger Bit is turned ON.



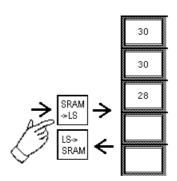
2) Selecting a file name

Select the desired setting by touching Block 2's LT screen data.



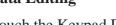
3) Backup SRAM → LS Area Touching the "SRAM → LS" key will transmit data from

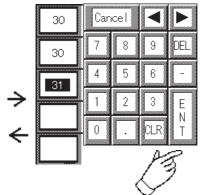
SRAM to the LS Area.

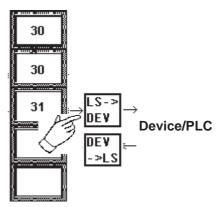


4) Data Editing

Touch the Keypad Display to display the Pop-up Keypad. Adjust the data using the Popup Keypad.







5) LS Area to Device/PLC

The edited data is transmitted to the Device/PLC by touching the "LS \rightarrow DEV" key.

10.2 Logging

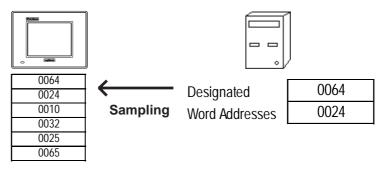
The Device/PLC data is loaded to the LT's backup area (SRAM) at bit-based or time-specified timings to display it in a tabular form on the screen or print it on the printer.

Logging data can be displayed via a Logging Display.

Reference 2.1.13 Logging Display

Logging data can be displayed with its Total, Average, Max., and Min. values, which can be set via the Data Calculation Settings.

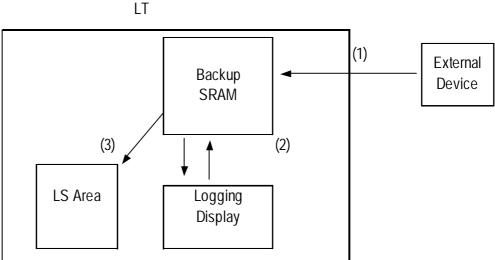
Logging data can be entered into a database for data analysis.



10.2.1 Logging Function

Data Logging Flow

This flow chart shows the logging data flow and each trigger condition.



(1)Logging by the Device/PLC Trigger Bit Address or at designated timing
 ▼Reference ▲ 10.2.3 Data Logging Settings ■ Trigger Settings

(2)Data display and edit via the Logging Display

Reference 10.2.4 Display Settings

(3)Data transmission to LS Area via the Control Word Address

▼Reference 10.2.3 Data Logging Settings ■ Write to LS

■ Managing Groups of Logging Data

Logging data is grouped into files and blocks.

Up to 32 words can be logged in one time. These logged words are called "data".

A group of data is called a "block" and a group of blocks are called a "file". Be aware that the number of pieces of data in each block is considered to be the same.

File 1				
	Block 1		Block 2	
	Data 1		Data 1	
	Data 2		Data 2	
	Data 3		Data 3	
	Data 4		Data 4	

Backup SRAM's capacity

Backup SRAM's capacity is limited (Approximately 95KB) and all blocks and records set up must be within these limits.

The capacity of Backup SRAM to be used for logging setting is calculated by the following formulas. The formula varies depending on whether loop operation is performed or not.

▼Reference 10.2.1 Logging Function ■ Loop Operation

Without Loop Operation

Used backup SRAM capacity (byte)

= $128 + 20 + \{(12 + 2 \text{ X Number of logging data pieces}^{*1})$ X Frequency of data logging} X Number of blocks

With Loop Operation

Used backup SRAM capacity (byte)

= $128 + 20 + \{(12 + 2 X \text{ Number of logging data pieces}^{*1}) X$ Frequency of data logging} X Number of blocks + (12 + 2 X Number of logging data pieces)

For example, when loop operation is not selected, the number of block is 1, and the number of logging is 2048, the capacity available is approximately 32 KB, assuming that the logging data consists of 2 words. If the number of pieces of data is 32 (the maximum) the memory required becomes approximately 153 KB, which is too high.

^{*1} Regardless whether loop operation is designated or not, when the number of logging data items is an odd number, add 1 to the above calculation. For example, when the number of logging data items is 7, it is considered as 8 Words.

♦ Backup SRAM usage priority order

- 1) Data sampling
- 2) Trend graph
- 3) LS Area backup
- 4) Logging data
- 5) Filing data

Memory area is used starting from 1).

To check the amount of memory available, **Reference** 4.4.1 Project Information

Data stored in backup SRAM is erased at the following times:

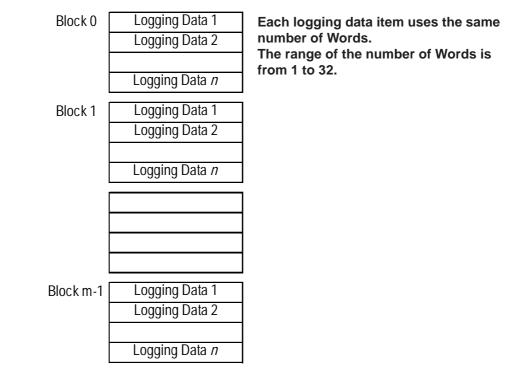


- When initializing LT memory
- When transmitting screen data from your PC to the LT.
- When setting up the LT system and protocol
- When performing LT's self-diagnosis "Internal FEPROM (screen area)"

Loop Operation

Loop operation can be designated in logging mode. With loop operation selected, when data logging capacity becomes full, logging data will repeatedly be overwritten from the 1st (top) data area (loop operation). Also, the LT's backup SRAM (storage area) becomes one large storage area that has a linked, buffer-like structure.

<Without Loop Operation>





Note: • When data logging is performed for the designated number of blocks, the LT will turn the File Full Bit Address ON and data logging will stop.

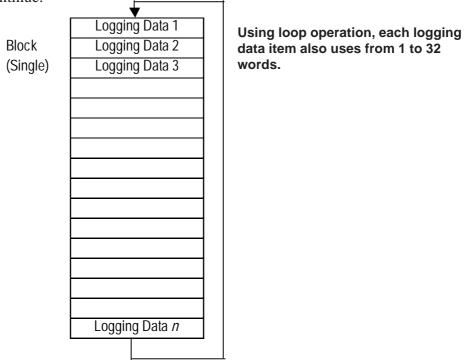
• To resume data logging, turn the Data Clear Bit Address ON from the Device/PLC. The LT then clears all logging data and will start data logging from the beginning.

With Loop operation

When data logging is performed to the end of a loop cycle, data logging repeats from the beginning, and overwrites the existing data.

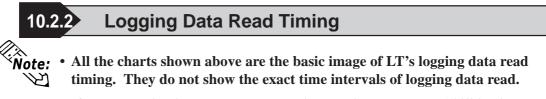
Only one block is used, which has a linked, buffer-like structure. and is similar to the link buffer.

After data logging is completed (and control jumps from the end of the block to the beginning), the LT will turn the File Full Bit Address ON. Turning this Address ON simply indicates that data logging has been performed from the beginning to the end one time and that data logging will continue.





- After the Device/PLC detects the File Full Bit's turning ON, turn the Bit OFF.
- When the Data Clear Bit Address turns ON from the Device/ PLC, the LT clears logging data and repeats data logging from the beginning. When logging data is cleared, the LT turns the Data Clear Bit Address OFF.

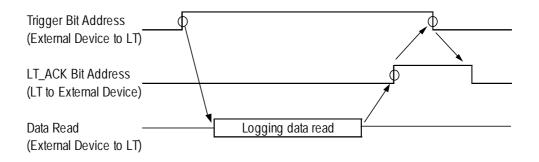


• If a communication error occurs during logging data read, "**" is displayed on the Logging Display, representing that there is no data.

When designating a Bit Address

Logging data is read only one time for each trigger.

When designating a Bit, logging data is read out if the Device/PLC Trigger Bit has been turned ON when the main power is turned ON.

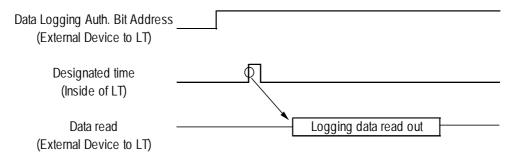


- 1) Data is set to the Device/PLC Word Address.
- 2) The Device/PLC Trigger Bit Address is turned ON.
- 3) The logging data is read out (one time).
- 4) The LT_ACK Bit Address is turned ON.
- 5) Device/PLC detects the LT_ACK Bit Address is turned ON and the Device/PLC Trigger Bit Address is turned OFF.
- 6) LT detects the Device/PLC Trigger Bit Address is turned OFF and the LT_ACK Bit Address is turned OFF.
- 7) The Device/PLC confirms that the LT_ACK Bit Address is turned OFF.

Prior to performing steps 1) and 2) with the Device/PLC, be sure to confirm that the LT_ACK Bit Address has been turned OFF. Also, assuming that the main power may be turned OFF for some reason, be sure to take appropriate countermeasures such as turning the Device/PLC Trigger Bit and LT_ACK Bit OFF when starting operation.

When designating time

Logging data is read only one time at the designated timing. When designating time without using loop operation, a Block's Finish Bit Address is turned ON when a block's data logging is completed, in order to start data read at the read start time. Logging data in the Device/PLC Word Address is cleared by the external device.



10.2.3 **Data Logging Settings**

Set up items in the [Trigger Setting], [Display], and [Write Settings] tabs. Select the Project Manager's [Screen/Edit] menu - [Logging Setting] command.

Trigger Settings

Trigger Settings (Bit Method)

Data Logging Settings			<u>></u>
Trigger Settings Display Write Set	ttings		
Cogging(ON/OFF)			
Bit Method O Time M	1ethod		
Data Logging Start Address	00/0000	F	
No. of Words	1 1		
Read Count	1 5	(Counts/Block)
Block Count	1 5		
Trigger Bit Address	00/000000	F	
ACK Bit Address	00/000000		
File Full Bit Address	00/000000		🗂 Loop
Data Clear Bit Address	00/000000		
. ОК	Cancel	<u>H</u> elp	

Logging (ON/OFF)

Check this check box when performing data logging.

Bit Method

Select this option when using a Trigger Bit to start data logging.

Data Logging Start Address

Designate the Start Address of the Device/PLC device where data to be logged is stored.

No. of Words

Designate the desired number of words from the Start Address. Up to 32 words can be designated.



When a variable (Logic Symbol) is used as a logging start ad-*Important* dress, an integer array must be designated. For an integer array, an appropriate size required for consecutive addresses needs to be allocated.

Read Count

Designate the frequency of data logging. Data is logged at the frequency designated here and then handled as a block.

Block Count

Designate the number of data blocks. Data is logged for the number of blocks designated here and then handled as a file.

 $1 \le \text{Times x Blocks} \le 2048$

Trigger Bit Address

Designate a Bit Address to be used as External Device's trigger. (Device/PLC to LT)

LT_ACK Bit Address

Designate the Device/PLC Bit Address. When data logging is completed one time, LT turns ON the Bit Address designated here. (LT to Device/PLC)

File Full Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When data logging is performed for the designated number of blocks, the Bit Address designated here is turned ON. (LT to Device/PLC) After the Device/PLC detects the Bit Address is turned ON, turn it OFF.

Data Clear Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When the Bit Address designated here is turned ON, data stored in the backup SRAM is deleted. After the backup SRAM data is deleted, LT turns OFF this Bit Address.

(Device/PLC to LT, LT to Device/PLC)

Loop

Selecting this feature means when data logging is completed, it will begin again from the top-most data address and overwrite the existing data.

)

Data Logging Settings
Trigger Settings Display Write Settings
Logging(DN/OFF) Bit Method O Time Method
Data Logging Start Address
No. of Words
Start Time 0 = H 0 = M Finish Time 0 H 0 M 0 S
Duration 0 F H 0 F M 0 F S Read Count 1 F
Block Count 1 🖻
Data Logging Auth. Bit Address
Block's Finish Bit Address
File Full Bit Address
Data Clear Bit Address
OK Cancel Help

Time Method

Select this option when performing data logging by triggering logging start at the designated timing.

Data Logging Start Address

Designate the Start Address of the Device/PLC device where data to be logged is stored.

No. of Words

Designate the desired number of words counted from the Start Address. Up to 32 words can be designated.

Start Time

Designate the first data logging start time.

Duration

Designate the time period that data logging is performed periodically. "S (second)" setting options are "00", "15", "30", and "45", with 15 second intervals. When designating data logging time, data logged from the start to end times is handled as 1 block.

Read Count

Designate the frequency of data logging between the Start time and End time. Based on the frequency set here, the End time is determined.

Block Count

Designate the number of data blocks. Data logged for the number of blocks designated here is handled as a file. When designating data logging time, data for a block is logged per day.

 $1 \le \text{Times x Blocks} \le 2048$

Data Logging Auth. Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When the Bit Address designated here is turned ON and it becomes the designated logging time, data logging is performed. (Device/PLC to LT)

Block's Finish Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When data logging is completed one time, the Bit Address designated here is turned ON. (LT to Device/PLC) After the Device/PLC detects that the Bit Address is turned ON, turn it OFF.

File Full Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When data logging is completed for block, the Bit Address designated here is turned ON. (LT to Device/PLC) After the Device/PLC detects the Bit Address is turned ON, turn it OFF.

Data Clear Bit Address

Designate the External Device's Bit Address. When the Bit Address designated here is turned ON, data stored in the backup SRAM is deleted. After the data is deleted, LT turns OFF the Bit Address. (Device/PLC to LT, LT to Device/PLC)

Loop

Selecting this feature means when data logging is completed, it will begin again from the top-most data address and overwrite the existing data.

Trigger settings with Loop operation

Trigger settings will differ depending on the type of Loop operation designated.

Bit Method

Item (Trigger Settings)	Without Loop Operation	With Loop Operation	
Data Logging Start Address	Designated by user	Designated by user	
No. of Words	1 to 32 Words	1 to 32 Words	
Read Count	1 to 2048 ^{*1}	1 to 2048	
Block Count	1 to 2048 ^{*1}	1 (fixed)	
Trigger Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user	
LT_ACK Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user	
File Full Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user	
Data Clear Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user	

^{*1.} The maximum number of logging Words in all blocks is 2048. Number of blocks x frequency ≤ 2048

Time Method

Item (Trigger Settings)	Without Loop Operation	With Loop Operation
Data Logging Start Address	Designated by user	Designated by user
No. of Words	1 to 32 Words	1 to 32 Words
Start Time	Hour/Min.	Hour/Min.
Finish Time	No Setting *1	No Setting *1
Duration	Hour/Min./Sec.	Hour/Min./Sec.
Read Count	1 to 2048 *2	1 to 2048 *2
Block Count	1 to 2048 *2	1 to 2048 *2
Data Logging Auth. Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user
Block's Finish Bit Address	Designated by user	No Setting
File Full Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user
Data Clear Bit Address	Designated by user	Designated by user

*1. The end time is automatically calculated using the time period and frequency.

*2. The maximum number of logging Words in all blocks is 2048.

*Number of blocks***x** *frequency* ≤ 2048

When using loop operation, the number of blocks needs to be designated to decide the Logging area size.

The Device/PLC monitors bits at approximately 150 ms intervals. Therefore, a slight time delay may occur until the LT detects the Trigger, or the Data Clear Bit. Set these Bit change intervals to the length of communication cycle or to 150ms, whichever is longer.



- Each piece of data to be logged inside the record is only 16 Bits long. When the Device/PLC device uses 32 Bit length addresses, only the lower 16 Bits of data are logged.
- The LT's internal clock controls time using the last two digits of the year display. Therefore, the logging data's year is controlled by these digits.
- When the Start and End times are the same, or when the time interval is "0", data logging is performed once for each block.
- Data stored in the backup SRAM is cleared via the Data Clear Bit Address, when the Clear Bit changes from OFF to ON.
- When the LT's power is turned ON, if the Data Clear Bit Address's Bit has been turned ON, the LT deletes the backup SRAM logging data and turns OFF the Clear Bit.
- With loop operation and time setup designated, when Data Logging Auth. Bit Address is turned OFF or when the LT's power is turned OFF, after the logging period elapses loop operation becomes the same status as non-loop operation.

(e.g.) Start time 09:00 End time 18:00 Time period 3 hrs.

If the 15:00 logging was skipped due to the LT's power being turned OFF:

< without Loop Operation>				
Block 1				
09:00	Logging			
12:00	Logging			
15:00	Read Error			
18:00	Logging			

-Without Loon Onerstions

	Block 2
09:00	Logging
12:00	Logging

Data logging at 15:00 is stored as a read error.

<With Loop Operation>

Logging at 09:00	
Logging at 12:00	
Read Error	(15:00)
Logging at 18:00	

Data logging at 15:00 is stored as a read error. (Same as without loop operation)

Display

Data Logging Settings	<u>×</u>
Trigger Settings Display Write Settings	
Display(ON/OFF)	
Row Settings-	Column Settings
🗹 Display Block Name	🗹 Display Block Name
No. of Block Name Rows	No. of Char./Item 5
No.of Data Rows	No. of Data Col. 2
No.of Calc. Rows	
Data Char. Size 8×16 7	No. of Char./Data 8 📻 Preview
OK	Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Display (ON/OFF)

Click on this check box to display data using the Logging Display, or when saving data to a CF Card.

Row Settings

Display Block Name

Check this check box to display data together with its Block Name.

No. of Block Name Rows

Enter a value here to display block names in multiple rows. Up to 3 rows can be set up.

No. of Data Rows

Set up the number of rows in the data display area.

No. of Calc. Rows

Set up the number of rows in the calculation area. Up to 4 rows can be set up.

Column Settings

Display Block Name

Check this check box to display data together with its Block Name.

No. of Char./Item

Designate the maximum number of block name characters.

No. of Data Col.

Designate the number of data display columns in the data display area.

Data Char. Size

Designate the character size for each data in the data display area.

No. of Char. / Data

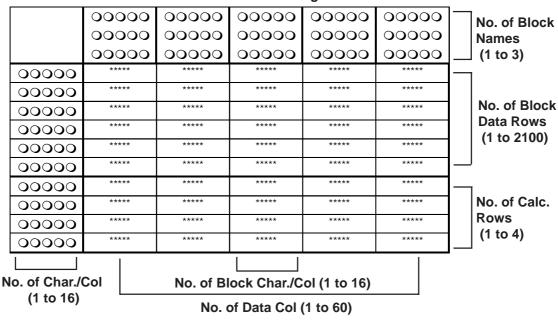
Designate the number of characters in the data display area.

Preview

The setting contents can be preview.

Maximum Number of Rows and Columns

Up to 60 columns and up to 2100 rows of data can be entered. However, since the file capacity is approximately 58KB, depending on the No. of Block Name Rows and No. of Char./Name designated for the cells, these column and row limits will decrease.

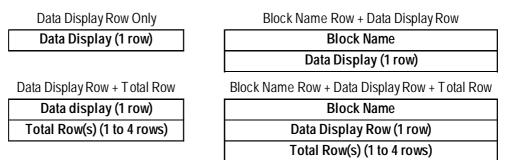


<Row/Column Settings>

Row Setting When Using Loop Operation

When the loop feature is used, regardless of the logging frequency, the data display will always be only one row.

The display row settings used during loop operation are as follows:



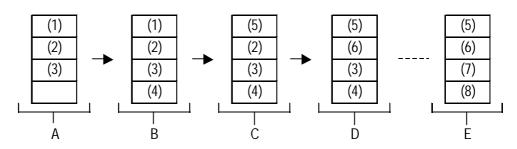
E.g.

Settings	্রিট্র	C_	ieĥ [f	Paste	Cyt	
	Date/Time	Value	Value	Value	Value	
Item	Time	Voltage	Temp. 1	Temp, 2	Pressu	
Data	hh:mm	****	****	****	*****	

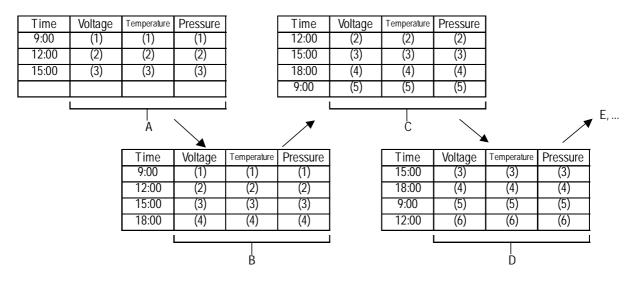
♦ Row Setting Display When Using Loop Operation

When using the loop feature, the Data Logging Display is as follows:

E.g. When frequency is set to 4 Logging Data (Backup SRAM data)



Data Logging Display (Changes over Time)



Here, the oldest (acquired earliest) logging data is displayed in the top-most cell. When a single cycle of data logging is completed from beginning to end, data display rows will then shift upwards one row, every time data is logged.

When using the loop feature, the Total (Total, Average, Max., Min.) rows will disappear. However, these Total values will be the totals of backup SRAM data at that one pointing in time. Therefore, the new data that over-writes the old data will not be included in the Total values.

■Print

Data Logging Settings			()
Trigger Settings Display	Print Write S	ettings	
Print(ON/OFF)	Block Unit	() Realtime	Copy from Display
Row Settings		TF ^{Column Setting}	s
No. of Data Rows	2	No. of Data Co	ol. <u>3</u>
No. of Calc. Rows	1	Header	Footer Preview
Control Word Address	D00000		Left Margin 0 1721
Print Completed Bit Address	×00000		
Ē	OK	Cancel	Help
1			

Print (ON/OFF)

Click on this check box to print out the logging data.

Block Unit

Logging data is printed in block units. Printing is started via the Control Word Address.

Realtime

Logging data is printed out each time it is logged.

Copy from Display

Click on this button, when the display format has already been set up, to use that format for printing.

Row Settings

No. of Data Rows

Designates the number of rows in the data print area.

No. of Calc. Rows

Designates the number of rows in the calculation area.

Column Settings

No. of Data Col.

Designates the number of rows in the data print area.

Header

Click on this button to display the header edit window. Enter text on this window. The maximum text entry size is 160 characters for each row and the total of 40 rows.

Footer

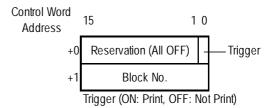
Click on this button to display the footer editing window. Enter text in the footer section. The maximum entry size is 160 characters for each row and the total of 40 rows.

Preview

Click on this button to view the printing image of the data, header, and footer areas.

Control Word Address

When data is printed out for each block, the printing starts with the Trigger Bit turned ON. This setting designates that Word Address.



Print(ON/OFF)	Ø Block Unit	ettings Ø Realtime	Copy from Display
Row Settings	g block of it	n column Settin ارتي ارت⊂Column Settin	<u>0</u>
No. of Data Rows	2	No. of Data C	
No. of Calc. Rows]'	Header	Footer Preview
Control Word Address]D00000		Left Margin
Print Completed Bit Addres	s X00000		

Print Completed Bit Address

Designates the Bit Address to be turned ON at the end of printing, when data is printed out for each block. After confirming that this Bit Address is turned ON, perform the next printing.

Left Margin

Designates the left margin size to be used when printing out the data. The space for the number of the characters designated here is saved as a blank. This setting controls only the data print area.

Note:. Not

- ✓ Reference ▲ For hardware printing settings, refer to LT Series User's Manual.
 - When using loop operation and performing real time printing, the Total section will not be printed.
 - When using loop operation to perform real time printing, if the logging frequency is not very high or a printer has not yet been connected, printing cannot be performed at the speed the logging data is created, thereby causing a difference between the two. Please note that the first cycle's logging data will not be printed out when data logging is performed to the end of a loop cycle and then repeats from the beginning, overwriting the existing data.

■ Write to LS

Data Logging Settings	<u>[X</u>
Trigger Settings Display Write Settings	.]
Write Settings(Data)	
Perform Data Write(On/Off)	
Control Word Address	
Write to LS Address]00/LS0020
Write Complete Bit Address	
Write Settings(Total)	
Perform Data Write(On/Off)	
Control Word Address	00/0000 🔽
Write to LS Address	00/LS0020
Write Complete Bit Address	
OK	Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Write Settings (When Writing to LS Area)

Stores logging data in the LS area. Displays logging data items in combination with Keypad Display.

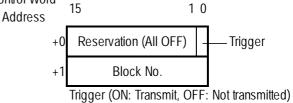
Perform Data Write (On/Off)

Although all logging data can be displayed at a single time via the display settings, using the LS Area allows each piece of logging data to be displayed separately, together with Keypad Display. Click on this check box to use this setting.

Control Word Address

Designate a Word Address that is the trigger or mode change for writing data to the LS Area. This Trigger Bit is turned ON or OFF by the Device/PLC. When writing backup SRAM logging data to the LS area, logging data transfer is performed by designating a Block No. (when using loop operation, set to "0") and turning the Trigger Bit OFF and then ON.





Write to LS Address

Designates the LS Area Address where data is written to.

Write Complete Bit Address

Designates the Bit Address that will be turned ON when data write to the LS Area is completed. After turning the Bit Address ON is detected, use the Device/PLC to turn it OFF. When there is no designated Block No., the Perform Data Write Bit Address is not turned ON.

Write Settings (Total)

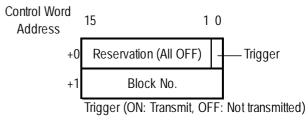
Writes each column's total value for each block to the LS area. The Total value is written to the LS area via the Control Word Address, according to the Logging Settings' Display Settings.

Perform Data Write (On/Off)

Designates whether or not the Total value is written to the LS area.

Control Word Address

When writing the Total value to the LS area, transfers the Total value data to the LS area by designating a Block No. and turning the Trigger Bit OFF and then ON.



Write to LS Address

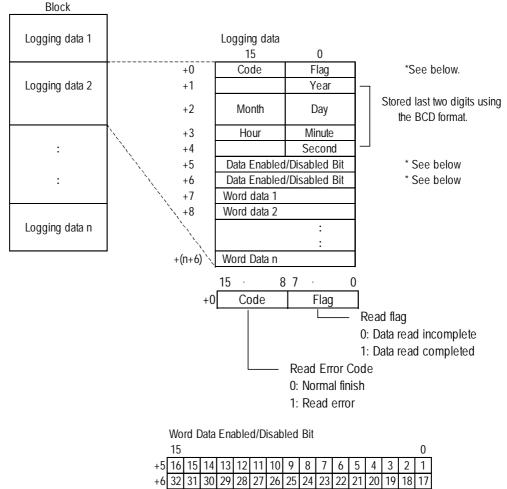
Designates the LS Area Address used when writing data.

Write Complete Bit Address

Designates a Bit Address to be turned ON when data write into the LS Area is completed. After the Bit Address ON condition is detected, turn it OFF via the Device/PLC. When there is no designated Block No., the Perform Data Write Bit Address is not turned ON.

♦ Data to be Written to LS Area

Block and data structures to be transmitted to the LS Area are as follows:



Each Bit in a Word represents a data number. When a Bit is "0" the Bit is Disabled. When a Bit is "1" the Bit is Enabled.

When using loop operation, logging data is transferred starting with the oldest piece of data.

Logging Data Process (in Backup SRAM)

Here, (1) to (6) represent logging data.

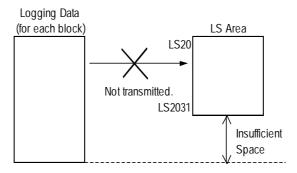
(1)	
(2)	
(3)	

In this case, logging data is written to the LS area in the order of (1), (2), and (3).

(5)
(6)
(3)
(4)

When using the Loop feature, logging data is written in the order of (3), (4), (5), and (6).

If a data block's size exceeds the LS Area size, that data block cannot be transmitted.



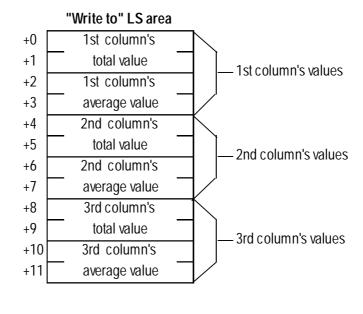
◆ Display Setting Example for Writing to LS Area

The following is an example of the display settings used when writing each logging data column's total value data to the LS area. (block units)

Display Settings					
Settings	Ĺ	Add C	989	Paste	Cyt
	Item	Date/Time	Value	Value	Value 🔺
Item	1			I] 🔄
Data	ĺ	yy/mm/dd	****	*****	*****
Data	1	yy/mm/dd	****	****	****
Data		yy/mm/dd	****	****	*****
Data]	yy/mm/dd	****	****	****
Total	Total		****	*****	****
Total	Average		****	****	*****
					۲ ۸ ۱

<Total Value Data and Average Value Data Display>

When using the above display settings, the Total value data will be written to the LS area as follows. The Total values (Total, Average, Max., and Min.) are all written as 32 bit data. Also, the Total values will be written from the left column. All values (except Data and Item) will be automatically shifted to the left in a column.

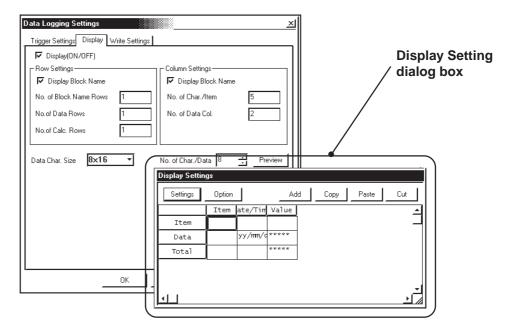


Note: If the size of the Total value data exceeds the LS Area size, that data cannot be transmitted.

10.2.4 Display Settings

Display Settings

In the [Display Settings] dialog box, the settings made in the [Display] tab can be viewed and edited.



Note: When using loop operation, regardless of the logging frequency, the data display row will be designated as only a single row.

Settings

Rows and columns can be selected to change their attributes.

◆ Add

Select a Data row or Value column and click on the [Add] button, to create a new row or column.

Copy

Copies the currently selected Data row(s) or Value column(s)' data is copied to the Clipboard.

Paste

Pastes data row or Value column data copied to the Clipboard with the [Copy] button in the desired position.

◆ Cut

Deletes the currently selected Data row(s) or Value column(s).

• When copying row or column data with the same attribute multiple times:

- 1. Designate the No. of Block Data and No. of Char./Col.
- 2. Set the attributes for a row or column to create the original data for copying.
- 3. Select that row or column.
- 4. Click on the [Copy] button.
- 5. Select the destination row or column to paste the copied data to. When copying multiple times, select multiple rows or columns.
- 6. Click on the [Paste] button to paste the same attribute to all the selected rows/columns.

1) Item Name Settings (Display)

Enter Item Names

Enter the Item Names for each cell.

Settingo	ľ	Add	Copy	Paste	Ciy	<u>k</u>
	Item	ate/Tir	Value			
Item		Time	Da	ĺ		l
Data		yy/mm/	****			
Total			****			
				1		

Attribute Settings

To change the Item Name attributes, select the Item Name title area and click on the [Settings] button.

Display Setting	gs				,
Settings		Adu	Copy	Paste	Ciuż
]	Item	ate/Tir	Value		F
Item		Time	Data	[
Data		yy/mm/	****		
Total			****		
ı.					۲ //

♦ General Info.

Item Settings)×
General Info. Color	
Column No. 1	
Column Type	

This tab page provides information about the current settings for the Item Name.

♦ Color

Item Settings		ÌX
General Info. Co	lor]	
Color Settings=		
Block Name Color	Fg Haller II , <u>No Bik</u> Bg Haller II , <u>No Bik</u>	
	OK Cancel Help	

Block Name Color

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink) display.

2) Column Settings (Display)

■ Attribute Settings

To enter column attribute data, click on a Date/Time or Value title (top bar) and then click on the [Settings] button.

Display Setting	2	
Settings	Add Copy Page Cut] [
]	Item ate/Tim Value	E
ltern		
Data	yy/mm/t	
Total	****	
		•

◆ General Info. [Column Type : Date/Time]

This tab page provides information about the current Column settings.

ľ	Column Settings		þ
ľſ	General Info. Data Form	at Size/Style Alarm Settings	
	Column No. 2		
	Column Type 🛛 🗘 Va	lue 🕑 Date/Time 🗘 Char. Col.	
	Data Type	Date	_
	Display Format	yy/mm/dd	
	Input:		
	Alarm Settings	OFF	
	Display Style	Shift Left	-
	No. of Display Digits		
	Decimal Places		
Ш			

♦ Data Format

Column Settings)×
General Info. Data Format	Size/Style Alarm Settings	
🖲 Date 📿	Time	
Display Format	yy/mm/dd 💌	

Column Type

Select the desired display item from Value, Date/Time, or Char.Col.

Date

Displays the date. **Time** Displays the time.

Display Format

Select the desired time/date display format.



Note: There are two types of settings in the Date/Time settings, i.e. date settings and d time settings. Time is expressed only by the 24 hour system.

• For date: mm/dd/yy mm/dd yy/mm/dd dd/mm/yy • For time: hh:mm hh:mm:ss

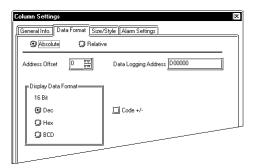
◆ General Info. [Column Type : Value]

General Info. Data For	nat Size/Style Alarm Settings
Column No. 2	
Column Type 🛛 🕥 🖸	alue 🔘 Date/Time 🔘 Char. Col.
Data Type	Date
Display Format	yy/mm/dd
Input:	
Alarm Settings	OFF
Display Style	Shift Left
No. of Display Digits	
Decimal Places	

Value

Selecting this option displays actual logging data in the Display Settings area.

Data Format (Absolute)



Absolute

Displays Logging Address area Address data.

Address Offset

The Logging Address is changed by the offset value entered here. For example, when the number of logging words is 4, the offset value becomes 0 to 3.

Display Data Format

Select the desired data format from Dec, Hex, and BCD.

Code +/-

Check this check box when displaying negative values. Only available when selecting the Dec data format.

◆ Data Format (Relative)

General Info. Data Format Size/Style	Alarm Settings
Q Absolute	
Address Offset	Data Logging Address
Bit Length (1-16)	
Input Code	
No Code	Code +/-
	🗂 Round Up
r Input Range	F Display Range
Min Value 0	Min Value 0 IT
<u></u>	
Max Value 65535	Max Value 65535
<u>U</u>	
I OK I	Cancel Help

Relative

Data stored in the Address entered in the Logging Address area is converted according to the Input Range area's values and the converted data values are displayed.

Address Offset

The Logging Address is changed by the offset value entered here. For example, when the number of logging words is 4, the offset value becomes 0 to 3.

Bit Length (1-16)

Enter the Enabled Bit length of data to be stored in the Logging Address.

Input Code

No Code

Displays positive values only.

+/-2's Complement

Uses 2's complement to express negative values.

Code +/-

Check this check box when displaying negative values. Only available when selecting the Dec data format.

Round Up

The decimal point numbers created during relative value range conversion will be rounded up or off. When this option is not selected, those numbers will be rounded off.

Input Range

Min. Value

Max. Value

Designates the range of values stored in the Logging Address. The possible ranges vary depending on the Input Code Format.

Display Range

Min. Value

Max. Value

Designates the range of values displayed in the N-tag. The possible ranges vary depending on the Display Format and Code +/- settings.

Size/Style

General Info. Data F	Display Format=	ngs) f Display Digits B Decimal Places 0 r
Color Settings Display Color	Fg 	BK
Display Style Shift Right Shift Left	🗹 Zero Suppress	Preview 88888
Input Style O Auto Clear OF O Auto Clear ON		
	OK Cance	

Display Format

No. of Display Digits

Designates the number of digits for the display within the range of characters designated in the Display tab, usually as 1 to 16 digits. The length designated here includes digits after the decimal point, but not the decimal point itself.

Decimal Places

Designates the number of digits displayed after the decimal point, usually as 0 to 14 digits. This setting is valid only for Dec and BCD formats. Enter "0" when not displaying decimal place numbers.

Color Settings

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink). When the Alarm option is selected, the color attributes designated here are used for normal display.

Display Style

Shift Left

Shift Right

Select the display style from the Shift Left and Shift Right. The data will appear, starting from the side designated here. Shift Left has been selected as the default setting.

Zero Suppress

Check this check box to omit the leading zeros of display data. (e.g) When the Display Length is 4 and the Zero Suppress is NOT selected, "25" appears as 0025.

Input Style

Auto Clear OFF

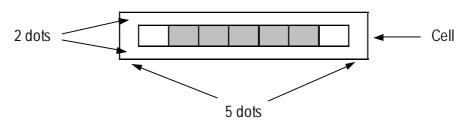
In this mode, the previously entered values are not cleared and newly entered values are added to those values. To clear the previously entered values, press "CLR" of the touch keyboard.

Auto Clear ON

When the first character of a value is entered (excluding moving the cursor, entering ENT, DEL, and BS), the previously entered value is cleared.



Date/Time and Value data, except for the text characters, are centered. Also, a 2 dot space is automatically inserted in the upper, lower, left and right sides.



For example, when the number of characters are 7 and the number of numeric value's digits are 5 in a cell, space for one character is saved on both left and right sides and displayed data is centered.

♦ Alarm Settings

Column Settings
🔀 [Alarm Display(0n/Off]
PAlam Range
Max Value 65535 5
Alarm Color
Bg IIII III III
OK Cancel Help

Alarm Display (On/Off)

Select this check box to display the Alarm display.

Alarm Range

Min. Value

Max. Value

When the Alarm Type is set to Direct, designate the Alarm Range. When selecting Relative value display, the Display Range designated in the Data Format tab is used as normal display's Min. and Max Values automatically. The possible Alarm ranges varies depending on the Data Format selected.

Alarm Color

If the data exceeds the Alarm Range, the Alarm display appears in the designated colors.

<Alarm Range List>

	Data Format		Alarm Range
		Code+/-	
16Bit	Dec	+/-	-32768 to 32767
		+	0 to 65535
	Hex		0 to FFFF(h)
	BCD		0 to 9999

♦ Size/Style

Column Settings General Info. Data Format Display Format No. of Display Digits Decimal Places 0 rec er)×
Color Settings Display Color Fg Bg Color Fg Bg F Color Fg Bg F Color Fg Bg F Color Fg F Color Fg F Fg	
P Display Style Osplay Style Preview Display Style Preview O00008	
Phput Style O Auto Clear OFF Auto Clear ON	
OK Cancel Help	

Color Settings

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink).

◆ General Info. [Column Type : Char. Col]

Column Settings	ata Format Size/Style Alarm Settings)×
Column No. Column Type	2 Ö Value Ö Date/Time Ö Char. Col.	
Data Type Display Format Input: Alarm Settings	 OFF	
Display Style No. of Display D Decimal Places	Shift Left gits	

Char.Col Displays text.

3) Row Settings (Display)

Attribute Settings

Select either Item Name or Data row, and click on the [Settings] button to edit each row's attributes.

Display Settin	21
Settings	Add Copy Paster Cut
]	Item ate/Tim Value
Item	
Data	yy/mm/(*****
Total	****

◆ General Info. [Selecting Item Name Row]

Item Settings		X
General Info.		<u> </u>
Row No.	1	
Row Type		
Color:		
<u></u>	OK Cancel Help	

The General Info. page provides information about the current settings for Item Name Settings.

Settings neral Info. Co	lor
Color Settings= Block Name Color	
	OK Cancel Help

Color Settings

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink).

Note: The row color settings have priority over the column color settings.

♦ General Info. [Selecting Data Row]

The General Info. page provides information about the current settings for Data settings.

Row Settings General Info.	در	×
Row Number Row Type	2 1 Data 🗘 Char. Col.	1
	OK Cancel Help	

Row Type

Select the desired type of display from the Data and Char.Col. settings.

4) Totals (Display)

Attribute Settings

To set up the calculation attributes, select the Totals cell and click on the [Settings] button.

Settings	Į	Âdd	Cepy	Pase	•	Ciulà
	ltem	ate/Tim	Value] 11
ltem						U.
Data		yy/mm/	*****			
Total			*****			
]		

• General Info.

The General Info. page provides information about the current settings for Totals Settings.

Total Settings General Info. Size/	Style Ala	m Settings]×
Row Number	3	Column Number	3
Row Type	Total		
Data Calculation Se Alarm Settings:	ttings OFF	Total	•
Display Style:	Shift	Min.	
No. of Display Digits	:: 5No	. of Display Digits	
Decimal Places:	0		
L			

♦ Size/Style

Total Settings General Info. Size/S	Style Alarm Settings
r Color Settings ──	P Display Format No. of Display Digits 5 Decimal Places 0
Display Color F	59 B F <u>Nobk</u> 89 B Nobk
Display Style O Shift Right	Zero Suppress Preview 00008
	OK Cancel Help

Data Calculation Settings

Select the desired calculation item from Total, Average, Maximum, and Minimum. The calculation attributes can be set up for the entire Data row or Value column. At this time, the applicable column's attribute is Date/Time or Char.Col., and the Data Calculation Settings cannot be designated. Data calculation is performed via the 32 Bit format.

Display Format

No. of Display Digits

Enter the number of display digits. The numbers displayed after the decimal point is also included. (However, the decimal point is not included itself.) Enter a value in a range from 1 to 16.

Decimal Places

Enter the number of digits after the decimal point in a range from 0 to 14. This setting is Enabled only when the Data Format is designated as Dec or BCD. If the values after the decimal point are not displayed, enter "0".

Color Settings

Select the desired colors for Fg (foreground), Bg (background), and Blk (blink). When the Alarm option is selected, the color attributes designated here are used for normal display.

Display Style Shift Left

Shift Right

Select either shift type. Data is displayed from the selected position. The default setting is Shift Left.

Zero Suppress

When 0 suppression check box is checked, all unnecessary 0s are not displayed. When this check is removed, 0s are added to the front of numbers to match the display length designated in the No. of Display Digits area. (e.g. When the No. of Display Digits is 4 and 0 suppression is OFF, value 25 appears as "0025".)

■ Display Settings Maximum File Size

The display settings' file size capacity is approximately 58KB. However, depending on the specific setting combination, the user's file size may exceed this capacity. The following example is the standard display setting size.

- Enter the Block Name in the 1st column and then up to 8 single-byte characters in each column.
- Enter the Block Name in the 1st row and then up to 8 single-byte characters in each row.
- Four rows are available for totals. (Total, Average, Max., Min.)

		Block Name	Date	Time	Value	Value	 Value
	Block Name		ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH
	Data display	ABCDEFGH					
	Data display	ABCDEFGH					
No. of data display rows	Data display	ABCDEFGH					
display rows							
	Data display	ABCDEFGH					
•	Total (Total)	ABCDEFGH					
	Total (Average)	ABCDEFGH					
	Total (Max.)	ABCDEFGH					
	Total (Min.)	ABCDEFGH					

No. of value columns

When using the pattern shown above, the maximum number of value columns and data display rows are as follows:

No. of Value	No. of Data	Remarks
Columns	Display Rows	i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
32	1007	When the No. of value columns (number of logging
JZ	1007	words) is the maximum (32 columns).
16	1116	When the No. of value columns (number of logging
10	10 1110	words) is the maximum (16 columns).
0	1170	When the No. of value columns (number of logging
8	1170	words) is the maximum (8 columns).
4 1107		When the No. of value columns (number of logging
4	1197	words) is the maximum (4 columns).



When designating the columns as the block name display and entering characters in each column, the file size will become Important extremely large. Depending on the number of characters entered and other items designated, approximately 1000 rows can be used for the pattern shown above.

10.2.5 Print Settings

In this dialog box, the current Print Settings applied in the Print screen can be viewed and edited.

Reference For hardware printing settings, refer to *LT Series User's Manual*.

Data Logging Settings	<u>)X</u>]
Trigger Settings Display Print Wr	ite Settings	Print Settings
Print(ON/OFF) 🕲 Block L	nit 🥥 Realtime 🛛 Copy from Display	
Row Settings-	Column Settings	/ dialog box
No. of Data Rows	No. of Data Col.	
No. of Calc. Rows	Header Footer Preview	
Control Word Address	000 🔽 📰 Left Margin <u>0 🔚</u>	
Print Completed Bit Address		
	Print Settings	
	Settings Add Copy	Paste Cui
	har. Col Date/Time	Value
	Border	
	Char. Col.	
	Border	
	Data yy/mm/dd	*****
ОК		
	<u></u>	

When using the Loop, regardless of the logging frequency, the data display row will be designated as a single row.

♦Settings

To change row/column attributes, select the desired row or column and click on the Edit button.

♦Add

Select a row or column and click on the Add button, then one row or column is added.

Copy

Copies the currently selected row or column data to the Clipboard.

♦Paste

Pastes the copied row or column data to the desired position.

◆Cut

Deletes the currently selected row(s) or column(s) are deleted.

1) Column Settings (Print)

Attribute Settings

To set up column attributes, select either a Ruled Line, the Date/Time, or a String(Char.Col.), and click on the Settings button.

Print Settings						
Settings		Add) Ca	opy Paste) 	Cut
	orde	Char. Col.	orde	Date/Time	orde	∫ Vald≜
Border	+		+		+	i
Char. Col.	I		I		I	
Border	+		+		+	
Data	1			yy/mm/dd	I	*****
Border	+		+		+	
ارا آ			I		!	

♦General Info.

General Info.	ata Format S	ize/Style]		
Column No.	1				
Column Type	🕑 Value	0	Date/Time	🥥 Char. Col.	🥥 Border
Data Type	A	bsolute	D00000		
Display Format	D	ec			
Input:					

The General Info. page provides information about the current Column Settings in use.

Column Type

Select the desired display item from Value, Date/Time, Char.Col. or Border.

♦ General Info. [Column Type : Value]

olumn Settings				
General Info. Da	ta Format Size	e/Style		
Column No.	1			
Column Type	🕑 Value	🛈 Date/Tim	e 🥥 Char. Col.	Ø Border
Data Type	Abs	olute D00000		
Display Format	Dec	;		
Input				

◆Data Format

Column Settings)X
General Info. Data Formal	t Size/Style
Ø Absolute	Relative
Address Offset	Data Logging Address
Display Data Format—	
16 Bit	
🕑 Dec	☐ Code +/-
() Hex	
💭 BCD	
L	-

Value

When this option is selected, numeric data is printed out.

Absolute

Data stored in the Address displayed in the Logging Address area is directly printed out. This data is handled as an absolute value.

Address Offset

The Logging Address is changed by the offset value entered here. For example, when the number of logging words is 4, the offset value becomes 0 to 3.

Column Settings General Info. Data Format Ø Absolute Ø F	Size/Style
Address Offset	Data Logging Address D00000
Display Data Format 16 Bit 10 Dec 10 Hex 10 BCD	☐ Code +/-

Column Settings)×
O Absolute O Relative	
Address Offset	Data Logging Address
Bit Length (1-16) <u>16</u>)) Code +/-
) +/- 2's Complement	🔟 Round Up
Input Range Min Value	J Display Range Min Value
Max Value 65535	Max Value 65535
	Cancel Help

Display Data Format

Select the desired data format from Dec, Hex and BCD.

Code +/-

Check this check box when printing negative values. Only available when selecting the Dec data format.

Relative

Data stored in the Address entered in the Logging Address area is converted according to the Input Range area's values and the converted numeric data is printed out.

Address Offset

The Logging Address is changed by the offset value entered here. For example, when the number of logging words is 4, the offset value becomes from 0 to 3.

Bit Length

Enter the Enabled Bit length of data to be stored in the Logging Address.

Input Code Format

No Code

Displays positive values only.

+/-2's Complement

Uses 2's complement to express negative values.

Code +/-

Check this check box when displaying negative values. Only available when selecting the Dec data format.

Round Up

Round up displaying or printing values.

Input Range

Min. Value

Max. Value

Designate the range of values stored in the Logging Address. The possible ranges vary depending on the Input Code Format settings.

Column Settings	×
General Info. Data Format Size/Style	
O Absolute O Relative	
Address Offset	Data Logging Address
Bit Length (1-16)	
Pinput Code No Code +/- 2's Complement	☐ Code +/- ☐ Round Up
Min Value 0 III Max Value 65535 III	Min Value 0 F Max Value 65535 F
OK [Cancel Help

◆Size/Style
Column Settings
[General Info.] [Data Format] Size/Style Display Format No. of Display Digits Decimal Places 0 Provide the state of the state
Display Style System Soft Right Zero Suppress Preview Soft Let S
OK Cancel <u>H</u> elp

Display Range

Min. Value

Max. Value

Designate the range of values displayed in the N-tag. The possible ranges vary depending on the Display Format and Code +/- settings.

Display Format No. of Display Digits

Designate the number of digits for the display within the range of characters designated in the Display Setting area, usually 1 to 14 digits. The length designated here includes digits after the decimal point, but not the decimal point itself.

No. of display digits = $1 \sim ((No. of data$ *char.*)-(*Code*+/-)-(*Decimal places*))

Decimal Places

Designates the number of digits displayed after the decimal point usually as 0 to 16. This setting is valid only for Dec and BCD formats. You can designate the value from 0 to 16. Enter "0" when not displaying decimal place numbers.

Decimal Places=0~(No.of display digits-1) No. of Char./Col.

Designates the cell size. Enter a value in a range from 1 to 32 (digits).

Display Style

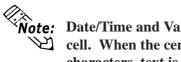
Shift Right

Shift Left

Select either shift type. Data is displayed from the selected position. The default setting is Shift Left.

Zero Suppress

When 0 suppression check box is checked, all unnecessary 0s are not displayed. When this check is removed, 0s are added to the front of numbers to match the Display Length. (e.g. When the No. of Display Digits is 4 and 0 suppression is OFF, value 25 appears as "0025".)



◆General Info. [Column Type : Date/Time]

Note: Date/Time and Value data, except for text data, is printed in the middle of a cell. When the center point cannot be designated due to the number of characters, text is shifted to right for one character. When designating Char. Col. for Column Type, data is printed being shifted left.

	Date/Time
Column Settings 🛛	Prints out Time and Date data.
Column No. 1	
Column Type O Value O Date/Time O Char. Col. O Border Data Type Date	
Display Format yy/mm/dd Input:	
◆Data Format	
	Date
Jumn Settings IX	Prints out date data.
@Date O Time	Time
	Prints out time data.
Display Format Jyy/mm/dd 🔽	Display Format
	Select the desired time/date display format.
yy/mm/dd dd/mm/yy • For time: hh:mm hh:mm	
♦Size/Style	
	No. of Char./Col.
	Designates the call size. Enter a value
General Info. Data Format Size/Style	Designates the cell size. Enter a value from 5 to 16 (digits).

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ПK

Cancel

<u>H</u>elp

♦ General Info. [Column Type : Char. Col.]

General Info. D	ata Format Size.	/Style		
Column No.	1			
Column Type	🔾 Value	🔾 Date/Time	🕑 Char. Col.	🔾 Border
Data Type				
Display Format				-

Char. Col.

Prints out the text.

◆Size/Style

Column Settings	Display Format-	lo. of Char./Col DE
Display Style O Shife Right O Shife Lefe	💌 Zelo Suppless	Preview 8
<u>.</u>	OK Canc	el Help

No. of Char./Col.

Designates the cell size. Enter a value from 5 to 16 (digits).

◆General Info. [Column Type : Border]

Column Settings):
General Info.	ata Format Size/	/Style		
Column No.	1			
Column Type	()) Value	🔾 Date/Time	🥥 Char. Col.	Border
Data Type				
Display Format				-
Input:				

Border

Prints out the borders.

2) Row Settings (Print)

■ Attribute Settings

To set up row attributes, select Border, String (Char. Col.), Data (Value), or Total, and click on the Settings button.

Print Settings						
Settings Add Copy Pages Cut						
<u> </u>	orde	Char. Col.	orde	Date/Time	orde	Vall <u> </u> ≜
Border	+		+		+	
Char. Col.	1		I		1	
Border	+		+		+	
Data	1		I	yy/mm/dd	I	*****
Border	+		+		+	
[]	1			1		া

♦General Info.

l	łow Settings				×
	General Info.				1
	Row Number	1			
	Row Type	🥥 Data	🥥 Char. Col.	Border	
					—
ľ	,	ОК	Cancel	Help	
Ĭ		b	- V		

The General Info. page provides information about the current settings for Row Settings.

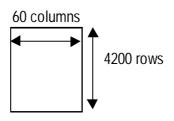
Row Type

Select the desired print item from Data, Char. Col., and Border.



With the real-time printing, if the Loop is not used, the header is also printed when the first item of logging data is printed. When the last item of logging data is printed, the footer and total value(s) are printed.

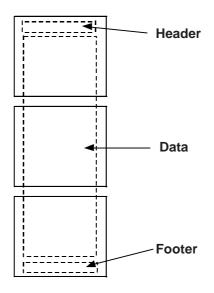
- With both real-time and block printing, when the Loop is not used, after the last item of logging data is printed, page feed is performed.
- The maximum number of columns is 60 and the maximum number of rows is 4200. However, since the setting data file capacity is approximately 58KB (maximum), the number of rows will depend on the No. of Char. Col. to be designated for the number of borders and cells.

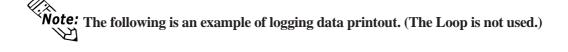


Chapter 10 - ADVANCED FEATURES



- べ入 ***Note:**・ If the Windows system's font setting is either Korean (Hangul), Taiwanese or Chinese, image data is printed out.
 - Regardless of the printer's color settings, all data is printed in black and white.
 - Alarm printing and screen hard copy commands are accepted even during real-time printing. Therefore, during real-time printing, DO NOT enter other printing commands.
 - While multiple lines of data are being printed, if logging data is cleared, data printing is interrupted. Also, if the LT's power is turned OFF during printing, the remaining data will not be printed out even if the LT's power is turned ON again.
 - The printing format consists of the three areas, i.e. header, main data, and footer. Up to 160 characters can be printed per line.





		-	++- Appr.	Check Cre
		-	++- 	+
			 ++-	 +
TIME	VOLTAGE	TEMP 1	+ TEMP 2	+ PRESSURE
09:00 10:00	3228 3236	30.3 26.4	25.3	6.1
11:00 12:00 13:00	3244 3202 3210	28.6 30.7 26.9	27.6 28.7 29.9	6.2 6.5 6.3
14:00 15:00 16:00	3219 3227 3235	29.2 31.1 27.3	24.0 25.1 26.3	6.0 6.3 6.1
17:00	3243	27.3	20.3	6.4
TOTAL AVERAGE	29044 3227	259.7 28.9	240.7 26.7	56.3 6.3
MAX. MIN.	3244 3202	31.1 26.4	29.9 24.0	6.5 6.0

Chapter 10 - ADVANCED FEATURES

When using the Loop, regardless of the logging frequency, the data display row will be designated as a single row. Also, Char. Col., Border and Total sections cannot be set.

Settings	Ad	d Copy	Paste	Cut				
	Char. Col.	Date/Time	Char. Col.	Value	Char. Col.	Value	Char. Col.	
Data	1	yy/mm/dd		****		****	Î 👘	

<Real Time Printing - using Loop>

10:00 XXXX XX.X XX.X <td< th=""><th>Prints the data display rows only when data logging is performed. The header, footer and other items will no be printed.</th></td<>	Prints the data display rows only when data logging is performed. The header, footer and other items will no be printed.
---	--



Note: With real time printing, when using the Loop, the data display row will be designated as a single row.



• When using the Loop, only real time printing can be used.

• When using the Loop and performing real time printing, the Total section will not be printed.

• When using Loop and performing real time printing, if the logging frequency is not very high or a printer has not yet been connected, printing cannot be performed at the speed the logging data is created, thereby causing a difference between the two. In this case, only part of a single cycle's logging data will not be printed.

Print Settings Maximum File Size

The print settings' file size capacity is limited. Therefore, depending on the specific setting, the user's file size may exceed this capacity. (The setting file contains the print header, print footer and print data areas' settings.) The maximum number of characters that can be entered per row is 160. The following is the standard print setting size.

- Enter the Block Name in the 1st column and then up to 8 single-byte characters in each column.
- Enter the Block Name in the 2nd row and then up to 8 single-byte characters in each row.
- Four rows are available for totals (Total, Average, Max., Min.)

		Char. Col.	Date	Time	Value	Value	~	 Value
	Border							
	Char. Col.		ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH	ABCDEFGH		ABCDEFGH
	Border							
	Data display	ABCDEFGH						
	Data display	ABCDEFGH						
No. of data	Data display	ABCDEFGH						
display rows								
	Data display	ABCDEFGH						
•	Border							
	Total (Total)	ABCDEFGH						
	Total (Average)	ABCDEFGH						
	Total (Max.)	ABCDEFGH						
	Total (Min.)	ABCDEFGH						
	Border							

No. of value columns

When using the pattern shown above, the maximum number of value columns and data display rows are as follows:

No. of Value	No. of Data	Remarks
Columns	Display Rows	Remarks
		The maximum number of characters that can be entered per
17	282	row is 160. Therefore, when 8 characters are entered for each
		column, the number of value columns available will be 17.
16	295	When the No. of value columns (number of logging words) is
10	295	the maximum (16 columns).
8	482	When the No. of value columns (number of logging words) is
0	402	the maximum (8 columns).
4	683	When the No. of value columns (number of logging words) is
4	003	the maximum (4 columns).

When designating the columns as the block name display and entering characters in each column, the file size will become extremely large. Depending on the number of characters entered and other items designated, several hundreds rows can be used for the pattern shown above.

APPENDICES

This section contains a list of error messages and corrective actions, as well as address conversion tables.

Appendix 1	Error Messages
Appendix 2	Troubleshooting
Appendix 3	Address Conversion Tables
Appendix 4	Software Trouble Report



Project Manager Errors

This section describes error messages that will be displayed during operation of the LT Editor and how to solve these problems. If malfunction still occurs after the measure is taken, describe the problem in the attached Software Trouble Report and send it to us by facsimile.

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
В	Because of the change in PLC type, a part of	This warning message is displayed every time an
	the device address used in the project may	attempt is made to change the Device/PLC type
	be converted into a device address that	and addresses. Double-check all device
	cannot be used with the current PLC.	addresses used in the project and modify as
	Double-check all device addresses used in	necessary.
	the project and modify them as required.	, ,
С	Can't edit - Insufficient memory	The memory area for editing is insufficient. Quit
	, ,	other applications, then begin editing your file
		again.
	Cannot edit the files because the filing mode	When the filing mode settings ' [Use Multiple]
	•	Folders] was not selected, you attempted to open
	selected! Click on [Use Multiple Folders].	2 or more kinds of filing data directly from the
		Project Manager having nesting screen display
		by double-clicking. Select [Use Multiple Folders].
	Cannot start up Internet browser	The browser settings are not correct or the
	ournot start up internet browser	memory area for the browser is insufficient.
		Check the settings of the startup browser. If the
		browser settings are correct, quit all other
		applications and restart the browser.
	Cannot read system file	The program file data required for setup cannot be
	Califior read system nie	opened or read, or the file's data is not correct.
		The file may be corrupt, or a disk error may have
		occurred. After solving the problem, reinstall the
	Connot mod the file/e custom information	file.
	Cannot read the file's system information	The project file is corrupt. Use LT Editor 's
		rebuilding tool to repair the file. After repair is
		completed, read the file again.
	Current Color Depth Not Supported	Only bit maps of 256 colors or less can be used
	Convert to 256 colors or less	by this software.
D	Destination screen number is too high.	Set (Copy source end number - copy source
		start number) >= (8999 - copy destination start
<u> </u>	screens	number).
E	Exceeds Data Backup Area Limit.	The backup settings, backup area used cannot
	Please adjust your settings to fit this area's	exceed 2031. Set (Backup start address + the
	size limitations	number of devices) to less than or equal to 2031.
	External Device File Type Error	The External Device table file format is not the
		same as the LT's, or the file is corrupt. Select an
		External Device from the master disk and reinstall
		the file.
G	Grouping Nesting Limit Reached.	You are attempting to nest grouped objects more
	Unable to group more than these objects	than 10 times. Only 10 levels of nesting are
		allowed.

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
I	Internet Browser Not Selected Yet.	An Internet browser has not been selected yet.
	Please select a Browser	After clicking on the error message's OK button,
		select a browser from the dialog box that appears.
	Invalid Address !	Before entering the device address, check that the
		value is within the allowable range and that the
		device is supported by the External Device.
	Invalid External Device table	The External Device table file format is not the
		same as the LT's, or the file is corrupt for some
		reason. Select an External Device from the
		master disk and reinstall the file.
	Incorrect External Device Table Format	The External Device table file format is not the
		same as the LT's, or the file is corrupt for some
		reason. Select an External Device from the
		master disk and reinstall the file.
Ν	Non-LTE File	A file has been selected that is not recognized by
		LT Editor for Windows 95. Be sure to select only
		Project (.lte) files.
0		The External Device table file from an old version
	may not work properly.	is being used. Select a new External Device from
	Please use latest table	the master disk and reinstall it.
S		Enter a "copy to" screen number that is greater
	than screen number to copy to.	than the "copy from" screen number.
	Selected project is the same as current	You cannot copy data within the same project file.
	project.	Be sure to specify a project file other than the
	Creating address is not used for some	current project file.
	Specified address is not used for screen	When opening the screen via the Global Cross
	properties that can be displayed.	Reference List, designate an address within the valid range of screen addresses.
	System error	The program file data required for setup cannot be
	Systement	opened and read, or the file's data is not correct.
		The file may be corrupt, or a disk error may have
		occurred. After solving the problem, reinstall the
		file.
	System file is corrupt	The program file data required for setup cannot be
		opened and read, or the file's data is not correct.
		The file may be corrupt, or a disk error may have
		occurred. After solving the problem, reinstall the
		file.
	System open error	The program file data required for setup cannot be
		opened and read, or the file's data is not correct.
		The file may be corrupt, or a disk error may have
		occurred. After solving the problem, reinstall the
		file.
	System write error	The program file data required for setup cannot be
		opened and read, or the file's data is not correct.
		The file may be corrupt, or a disk error may have
		occurred. After solving the problem, reinstall the
		file.

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
U	Unable to convert file. Please check disk.	The destination disk does not have sufficient free space. Prepare a disk that has sufficient space
		and re-try.
	Unable to read current project information	The project file is corrupt. Use the LT Editor
		rebuilding tool to repair the file, and then read the
		file again.
	Unrecognizable Bitmap	The selected bit map file is either corrupted or
	File may be corrupted	unusable by this software.

Screen Editor Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Can't edit - Insufficient memory	The memory area is insufficient for editing. Quit a
		other applications and resume editing.
	Can't open more than 20 screens	The screen editor can have up to 20 screen
		open at one time.
	Cannot place screen on itself	You cannot call the screen being edited.
	Change request will exceed maximum	This change will exceed the Parts upper limit.
	number of Parts. Changes canceled	
	Current Color Depth Not Supported.	Only bit maps created with 256 colors or less ca
	Convert to 256 colors or less	be used in this system.
D	Device address out of range	When the specified command is performed, th
		device address exceeds the upper limit. Specifi
		an address within the allowable range.
Е	Exceeded maximum screen size. Changes	This change will exceed the screen size uppe
	canceled	limit.
		Reference 1.5 Screen Editor
	Exceeds alarm limit	Only one alarm can be used on a single screen.
	Eveneda kovmad limit	Only one keypad screen can be called to a Base
	Exceeds keypad limit	screen.
	Exceeds time display limit	Only one time display can be used on a singl
		screen.
	Exceeds screen size limit	The screen size exceeds the upper limit, and yo
		cannot create any more graphic data. The last
		data created will become invalid. Store the scree
		data, and then open a new screen and call th
		stored screen using [Load Screen] in the [Draw
		menu.
	Exceeds Part Library limit.	If the number of Part Libraries used exceeds th
	-	limit, Part Library data cannot be transferred to the
		LT. Reduce the number of Part Libraries.
		▼Reference 2.1 Parts ■ Maximun
		Number of Automatically Created Part Libraries
F	Filing displays with the same ID No. cannot	,
-	be placed on a screen if [Cursor Position	
	Control] is selected.	placed on one screen. Either deselect [Curso
		Position Control] or change each filing display ' II
		No. so that the ID Nos. do not overlap.
	ļ	

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
G	Grouping Nesting Limit Reached.	You are attempting to nest grouped objects more
	Unable to group more than these objects	than 10 times. Only 10 levels of nesting are
		allowed.
	Invalid Screen (Number)	The effective screen number is within the range
		from 1 to 8999. Re-enter the screen number.
L	Logging Display and Keypad Input Display	Check whether a Logging display or Keypad Input
	cannot be placed on a screen	Display has already been placed on the screen.
	simultaneously.	
Р	Parts are not valid objects.	A library item containing Parts cannot be used in
		a Picture Display.
S	Screen No. is out of range. Re-enter a	Screen No. used after conversion is out of the
	different Screen No.	Screen No. range. Enter the correct number.
	File write error	This file cannot be written to the destination media.
		Please check the designated drive name and
		directory.
Т	The sum total of all the data saved by the LT'	The backup size exceeds the SRAM capacity.
	s data backup features now exceeds the	Reduce the number of sampling data, or set this
	backup memory unit 's limit. Please reduce	item's backup setting to "None".
	this amount.	
	The area available for data sampling has been	The storage address used exceeds 2031. Set
	exceeded.	(Storage start address + the number of sampling
	Please re-enter this item's settings.	data) to less than or equal to 2031.
	The amount entered for the data sampling	When 20 channels are preset, the Add button is
	feature is combined with the number of	clicked in the data sampling setting list display
	• ·	dialog box. Delete unnecessary settings so that
	combined total cannot exceed 20.	the total of Trend Graph channel settings and the
		data sampling settings will be within 20.
	There are no screens created for this screen	The screen that you attempt to open cannot be
	type.	created with the specified screen type. Open a
		new screen.
	The designated screen does not exist.	The screen that you attempted to open cannot be
		found in this project. Select a screen from different
		existing project.
		If this screen is used as the screen for the
		background color, be sure to align its center point
	sure that your loaded screen's center point is	5
	aligned with the object (loaded to) screen's	
	center point.	
U	Unrecognizable Bitmap	The selected bit map file is either corrupted or
	File may be corrupted	unusable by this software.

Screen Editor Errors (from previous page)

Library Item Placement / Save Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
G	Grouping Nesting Limit Reached.	You are attempting to nest grouped objects more
	Unable to group more than these objects	than 10 times. Only 10 levels of nesting are
		allowed.
N	Not a library file	The library file selected in the library browser
		cannot be used in this system. Select a file with a
		CPW extension.
0	Out of memory	Memory is not sufficient to execute the operation.
		Quit other applications, re-allocate memory, and
		then restart the operation.
S	System error	An error occurs when the library file is being
		stored. Reserve sufficient free disk space and
		restart the operation.
U	Unable to convert memory block into cell	The memory is not sufficient to execute the
		operation. Quit other applications, re-allocate
		memory, and then restart the operation.
	Unable to create cell list	The library file is corrupt for some reason. Use
		the provided rebuilding tool to repair the file and
		then restart the list creation.

D-Script Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Constant value out of range:	The preset constant value exceeds the specified
		range. Enter a correct value.*
D	D-Script function name has not been	Do not click OK without entering the function
	entered.	name; you must first specify the function name.
	Please type the function 's name in the	Enter the function name.
	description field.	
E	Expression too complex.	Simplify the D-Script expression.
	See HELP screens for assistance.	
1	if ' expression requires a non-empty	An expression is required in { } in the if clause. If
	statement	no expression is specified, the if clause is
		ignored.*
	Illegal Expression	The entered expression contains an error and will
		not be recognized.*
	Illegal syntax	The entered D-Script expression has a syntax
		error.
	Illegal address	The entered address setting contains an error.
		Enable the syntax help in the option setting menu
		and enter the address by clicking the icon, or
		enter it from the keypad.
N	Negative numbers not supported - select	A negative number cannot be used as a constant.
	correct data type	Enter a positive number.*
Т		The preset D-Script expression has an error.
		Even if this script is registered, the operation will
	data and quit the D-Script editor?	be not performed.
w	WARNING: Statement has no effect and has	The entered instruction is ignored because it will
	been removed	not influence the expression.

* These messages are displayed only when the syntax check in the option setting menu is selected.

■ Alarm Editor Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Can't Add Messages - Insufficient memory	Memory is not sufficient to add the messages. Quit
		other applications, re-allocate memory and try to
		add the messages again.
		During message import, the number of alarm
	Alarm message/summary limit has been	message/summary has exceeded the designated
	reached.	limit. Delete the messages currently set and adjust
		the setting range so that the messages to be
		imported can be stored.
D		Since the "Block" feature was turned OFF when
	the LT.	this data was downloaded, please delete Blocks 2
		and 3.
L		Memory is not sufficient to paste all the messages.
	pasted!	Quit other applications, re-allocate memory and
		paste the messages again.
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Memory is not sufficient to paste all the messages.
	Try copying a smaller group.	Quit other applications, re-allocate memory and
		paste the messages again.
N	Not enough memory to perform undo!	Memory is not sufficient to undo the messages. The
	Do you want to continue?	deleted message(s) cannot be undone (restored).
	Not all alarms were saved.	Disk capacity is not enough to store the data.
	Insufficient disk space	Create more free disk space and store the data
		again.
	Not all alarms were read.	Memory is not sufficient to read the alarm
	Insufficient memory	messages. Quit other applications, create more
		memory and read in the alarms again.
S		The format of CSV data to be imported is
	imported.	incorrect. Data in and below the line with the
		incorrect data will not be imported. Check Alarm
		data's CSV format.

Symbol Editor Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
Α	Addresses cannot be used as symbol names!	Enter a standard address in the address column.
D	Disk space is insufficient.	The disk in which the data is stored has no free
		space. Create more free space and try again.
Т	This Symbol Name is already in use.	A symbol of the same name has already been
	Please choose another name.	defined. Rename the symbol.
	This is not a symbol file. Please choose the	The chosen file is not a file that can be used for
	correct format file.	symbol import. Please choose a file that is this
		format, or modify the chosen file so that it
		becomes this format.
	This is not a device comment file. Please	The chosen file is not a device comment import
	choose the correct format file.	file. Please choose a file that is this format, or
		modify the chosen file so that it becomes this
		format.
	This symbol name is already registered as a	You attempted to change an existing symbol
	Logic symbol. Please choose another name.	name. Be sure that your symbol name used is
		not one of those designated in the Word Symbol
		area's Logic Word or Real areas.
	The total number of Logic symbols is over	The maximum number of symbols has been
	2048 and a Save cannot be performed. Please	exceeded. After deleting unneeded symbols,
	delete all unneeded symbols.	please retry saving the data.
S	Some data is incorrect and all data cannot be	The format of CSV data to be imported is
	imported.	incorrect. Data in and below the line with the
		incorrect data will not be imported. Check Alarm
		data' CSV format.
	Symbol **** 's number of characters is over	You attempted to import a symbol with a name
	20, and cannot be imported.	over 20 characters long. Please reduce this
		name to less than 20 characters.
%	%s cannot be found, or cannot be performed.	The file(s) required to perform this action cannot
		be found. Please re-install the application software.

Screen Transfer Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
Α	A different Extended Program is present in	This extended program can only be sent to a LT
	the LT. The LT's setup cannot be performed.	containing the same program. Please change the
		LT type, or install the extended task's program in
		the LT.
	A different Extended Program is present in	A different type of Extended Program is present in
	the LT. Do you wish to continue?	the LT. Press OK to overwrite this program, or
		Cancel to stop the transfer. Selecting OK will
		change the LT's internal Extended Program.
С	Cannot transmit data at 115.2Kbps - used a	This error occurs when the speed of 115.2Kbps
	slower speed. Change Data Transfer Speed	cannot be used. Change the Data Transfer Speed
	to 38400 when sending data.	setting to 38400 and re-try.

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Command Parameter ERROR	Retry data transfer to the designated LT using
		"Auto Setup". If this message appears again, the
		PC has a command-related problem. Or, there
		may be an error in the cable or in the PC. Check
		both and retry data transfer. If the problem
		persists, the cable may be damaged. If
		necessary, contact your local LT distributor.
	Connected Device is not correct LT!	A device other than the LT or one that is not
		supported by LT Editor is connected. Check the
		model of the connected device.
	Core - ID Command failed	An error has occurred during data transfer from
		the PC. The cable may be disconnected or the LT
		is OFF. Retry data transfer.
D	Data Transfer Port initialization error.	Initialization of the communication port has failed.
		Check the transfer serial port settings and transfer
		cable connection.
	Do you want to download the simulation	When you want to transfer the simulation protocol,
	protocol?	click OK. Otherwise, click cancel.
E	ERROR, Out of Memory	The LT 's internal memory is full. Delete any
		unnecessary screens.
	ERROR, Incomplete Transmission	Screen transfer to the LT has been aborted. Refer
		to the error message code.
	ERROR, No Configuration File	The file required for setup was not found in the
		specified folder. Re-install the system from the
		Master disk, or check the transfer path settings.
		(Transfer Settings area)
	ERROR, Cannot Transfer Data	A communication error has occurred and transfer
		has failed. Reset the LT and PC and retry data
		transfer.
	ERROR, Cannot open Screen	The system is trying to transfer the screen to the
	Usedahaking EDDOD J.T. nat	LT but cannot open the Project File.
н	Handshaking ERROR – LT not	The LT power supply is turned OFF, the data
	Responding	cable is unplugged, or the LT may be in
		OFFLINE mode. Check all these points. When the LT main unit is in OFFLINE mode, reset it to
		transfer mode. Also, check the serial port.
•	Invalid address substituted for unknown	When using a symbol in the device address, use
	aliases, or invalid address error	the symbol editor to enter the actual symbol
		addresses.
		สนนเธงจรง.

Screen Transfer Errors (from previous page)

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
N	Network Connection Failed	Connection to the specified party node is failed.
		Check the PC network settings and the network
		cable connection. If the problem still remains,
		contact the network manager.
	No Upload Information in LT Data File	Because the LT does not have the data required
		for sending the data to the PC, the PC cannot
		receive the screen. The screen originally may
		have been sent with the upload information set to
		"Not transfer". A screen that is not sent together
		with the upload information cannot be received.
Р	PGO command failed	The power supply to the LT may have been
	PLD command failed	turned OFF, or the cable has been un-plugged.
		Reset the LT and the PC and retry data transfer.
	Protocol file not found	The External Device protocol file to be sent to the
		LT is not found in the system 's directory. Re-
		install the LT's system starting from the master
		disk.
S	Send SIO Error - Unable To Open a Com Port	The COM port cannot be used. In the transfer
		setting menu's serial port setting, specify the
		available serial port, and retry data transfer.
	Send File Error - Bad File Data	The data to be sent is not correct. The data
		created in the temporary file cannot be read
		correctly. Check that the disk has sufficient free
	Simulation data file cannot be found.	space and it is not corrupt, and retry file transfer.
	Simulation data file cannot be found.	The CSV file is not stored in the directory as the
		execution file. The simulation information file may be deleted, or the file may have not been created.
		Set the simulation feature when transferring the
		screen and retry data transfer.
	Simulation data file read-in error.	The CSV file cannot be read into the system. The
		simulation information file may have been deleted,
		or the file may have not been created. Set the
		simulation feature when transferring the screen
		and retry data transfer.

Screen Transfer Errors (from previous page)

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
Т	The Extended Program cannot be found.	The Extended Program required for setting up the
		LT cannot be found. Please check the CFG file's
		directory. Also, you may need to change the LT's
		type.
	The Extended Program cannot be found in	Unable to locate the program's destination LT for
	the LT. The LT's Setup cannot be performed.	setup. Check the LT type settings and the LT type
		selected. Change the LT type, if needed.
	The currently selected Device/PLC does not	The currently selected Device/PLC does not
	support the Simulation feature.	support the Simulation feature. This feature cannot
		be used with the destination LT. Deselect this
		feature and re-send the data.
	This LT does not support Extended	The destination LT does not support Extended
	Programs. The LT 's setup cannot be	Features. Either change the LT Type, or send
	performed.	data that is designed for the designated LT type.
	Timeout Error	Communication timeout has occurred. Reset the
		LT and re-try data transfer.
W	Write Error	An error has occurred while reading the data to
		LT internal memory. Re-try data transfer. If the
		error occurs again, use the LT's self-diagnosis
		feature and identify the problem. If necessary,
		contact your local LT distributor.

Screen Transfer Errors (from previous page)

Project Compression and Execution Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
D	Disk Error - File Error During Read	The file cannot be opened. The most probable
		cause is corruption of the file or disk failure. Solve
		the problem and try again to read the file.
	Disk Error - File Error During Write	The disk is write-protected. Take off the write
		protection. This error also occurs when the disk is
		defective.
U	Unable to open file '***'.	A portion of the file cannot be found. To recover
	Would you like to try to find it elsewhere?	divided files and recreate the original project file, all
		the divided files are required.
	Unable to open file ' *** ' for reading,	The file cannot be opened. The file is corrupt or
	aborting	the disk has a problem. After correcting the
		problem, re-try opening the file.

* The file named is inserted here ***.

Rebuild Tool Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
F	File version does not match	The specified file contains settings for a version
		which is not supported by this rebuilding tool. Re-
		specify a project file (LTE file).
R	Rebuilding the File has Failed	Recovery of the file has failed. This file is
		damaged and cannot be rebuilt.
S	LTE header is destroyed	The file header information is corrupt. This file
		cannot be rebuilt and cannot be used.

DXF File Conversion Errors

The error messages generated during DXF file conversion are as follows: (xynn) <message> (line = ????)

- x : Conversion direction (1: DXF \rightarrow LT / 2: LT \rightarrow DXF)
- y: Procedure (1: Read 2: Conversion 3: Write)
- nn : Error code
- (line = ????) : Line No. of the DXF file causing the error

DXF File Conversion Errors

Error		
Code	Error Message	Cause/Solution
01	Length Over in 1 record (line, ????)	The single record length of the DXF file exceeds
		256 characters. Edit the error line so that the
		length is less than 256 characters.
02	DXF Format Error (line, ????)	Non-DXF data may be included. Correct the
		format of the data at the error line.
03	HEADER SECTION Not Found	The header section of the DXF file to be read is
		not found. Add the header section.
04	\$LIMMIN Not Found	The header section of the DXF file to be read does
		not have a \$LIMMIN setting. Set the option DXF
		size to "Use \$EXTMIN, \$EXTMAX" and re-
		execute the program, or add the \$LIMMIN
		setting.
05	\$LIMMAX Not Found	The header section of the DXF file to be read does
		not have a \$LIMMAX setting. Set the option DXF
		size to "Use \$EXTMIN, \$EXTMAX" and re-
		execute the program, or add the \$LIMMAX
		setting.
06	SEXTMIN Not Found	The header section of the DXF file to be read does
00		not have a \$EXTMIN setting. Set the option DXF
		size to "Use \$LIMMIN, \$LIMMAX" and re-
		execute the program, or add the \$EXTMIN
07		setting. The header section of the DXF file to be read does
07	SEXTMAX Not Found	
		not have a \$EXTMAX setting. Set the option DXF
		size to "Use \$LIMMIN, \$LIMMAX" and re-
		execute the program, or add the \$EXTMAX
		setting.
08	EOF Not Found	The EOF record is not specified at the end of the
		DXF file to be read. Add the EOF record.
0A	ENDSEC Not Found	The ENDSEC record is not specified at the end of
		the DXF file to be read. Add the ENDSEC record.
0B	ENDTAB Not Found (line, ????)	The ENDTAB record is not specified at the end of
		the TABLE section of the DXF file to be read. Add
		the ENDTAB record.
0C	(W) SEQEND Not Found (line, ????)	SEQEND to be used as a pair with VERTEX
		following the POLYLINE entity is not specified.
		Add the SEQEND record to the error line.
0D	Insufficient Data (line, ????)	The essential data for the element of each entity is
		insufficient. Add the required data to the error line.

Error		
Code	Error Message	Cause/Solution
0E	LTYPE Not Defined (line, ????)	The line type name specified when the entity line
		type is individually set is not defined in the TABLE
		section. Add the data of the preset line name to the
		TABLE section.
0F	LAYER Not Defined (line, ????)	The layer name set in the entity is not defined in
		the TABLE section. Add the preset layer name to
40	CTVL E Net Defined (line, 2222)	the TABLE section.
10	STYLE Not Defined (line, ????)	The character style name used in the entity is not defined in the TABLE section. Add the character
	DLOCKC Net Defined (line 2222)	style name to be used to the TABLE section.
11	BLOCKS Not Defined (line, ????)	The composite picture name which is referenced
		by the INSERT and DIMENSION entities is not
		defined in the BLOCK section. Add the data of the
		preset composite picture name to the BLOCK section.
04	Application Freeze	
21	Application Error	An unexpected data case is found in the
		intermediate file. (This does not occur normally.)
		The temporary file created during conversion
		may not have been written. Check the free disk
	BLOCKS Not Found	space and disk condition and retry conversion.
22		The specified composite picture is not found when
		converting the INSERT and DIMENSION entities.
		Add the preset composite picture data to the BLOCK section.
23	(W) BLOCKS - Over Nesting Limit	The reference layers of the composite picture are
23		more than 10 layers. A compound graphic with
		more than 10 layers cannot be converted. Correct
		the graphic data so that the number of layers will
		be 10 or less.
24	(W) Conversion Data is Over 16 Kbytes	The output LT screen size (after conversion)
24		exceeds 16 K bytes. The subsequent data cannot
		be converted.
41	Format Error	The format of the LT data is not correct. LT data
41		which is not supported may be involved, or the
		screen data is corrupt. Use the Editor to save the
		screen again and retry conversion.
42	(W) Check Sum Error	The checksum of the LT screen read is not
	, ,	correct. The data may be corrupt. Use the Editor
		to save the screen again and retry conversion.
43	(W) Library Screen Not Found ????	The screen being called is not found in the project.
τv		Create a destination screen or delete the data
		which calls the screen.
44	(W) Mark Screen Not Found ????	The mark screen being called is not found in the
77		project. Create the destination mark screen or
		delete the data which calls the mark.
	1	

DXF File Conversion Errors(from previous page)

Error Code	Error Message	Cause/Solution
45	(W) Library Screen Type Error (0x????)	The type of the screen used in the screen call
		menu is not a base, mark, image, or a window
		screen. LT data which is not supported may be
		involved, or the screen data may be corrupt. Use
		the Editor to save the screen again and retry
		conversion.
46	(W) Screens – Over Nesting Limit	The screen calling layers are greater than 10.
		Screens with more than 10 layers cannot be
		converted. Correct the data so that the number of
		layers will be 10 screens or less.
81	Disk Full	When writing the temporary file or output file, the
		disk has become full. Increase the amount of free
		disk space for the temporary file and output file.
82	Insufficient Memory	The process is interrupted because of insufficient
		memory area during operation. Close all other
		applications and retry the operation.
FF	User Abort	The user has interrupted the operation during
		conversion.

DXF File Conversion Errors(from previous page)

■ File Management Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Cannot Write File ????	The data cannot be written to the specified output
		file name. Check the amount of free disk, or if the
		disk is write-protected.
I	Input File Name Format Error	The specified input file name is different from the
		file name created by the editor. Specify the correct
		file name.
	Input File Not Found	The specified input file is not found. Check the file
		name and specify the existing file.
0	Output File Name Format Error	The specified output file name cannot be
		recognized by the editor. Specify the correct file
		name.
W	Work Directory Not Found ????	The folder in which the temporary file is created is
		not found. Specify the existing folder using the
		environment variable TEMP.

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Cannot read data in project file.	The screen data cannot be read from the project
		file. Quit other functions and re-execute.
	Cannot write simulation information data.	The system cannot write the data to the simulation
	Unable to start simulation.	information file. Check that the simulation file
		(TAGDATA.CSV) is not used in other
		applications and that the directory in which EXE
		exists is not write-protected.
Ν		Retry this action after closing other active
	applications.	applications.
Р	External Device Data File cannot be found.	The External Device table file does not exist in the
		specified directory. The External Device table file
		is deleted or it is not for the LT. Select the External
		Device file from the master disk and reinstall the
		file.
S	Simulation start failed.	The LT does not respond to the simulation start
		command. The LT may be in another mode, or
		data transfer may have failed. Check the
		communication port settings, cable connections,
		LT unit power supply, and then retry the simulation
	Circulation data file connect he formal	data transfer.
	Simulation data file cannot be found.	The simulation information file (TAGDATA.CSV)
		does not exist in the specified directory. Check
		(turn on) the Transfer menu [Settings] area 's
		[Simulation] selection, then retry the Simulation.

■ Simulation Errors

Filing Data Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
С	Cannot import CSV file. Data is out of range	The number of blocks or data amounts is
	or format is incorrect.	inappropriate in the CSV file to be imported. Enter
		the correct value(s).
D	Data is larger than designated data range.	Data from outside the Filing Data 's range is
	Please check the data settings.	present. Check the designated data range settings
		and change them if necessary.
E	Exceeds folder addition limit.	Up to 64 folders can be stored in the internal
		memory and up to 8999 folders can be stored in
		the CF card. Any folder cannot be added because
		the number of folders will exceed the limit.
I		The current settings will overflow the LT 's
	Please reduce the block or data settings.	memory. Please reduce either the block or data
		settings.
Р	Please enter a Block name.	Nothing has been entered for the Filing Data's
		Block data. Please enter a name.
Т		Please reduce either the amount of data copied or
	the maximum amount allowed. Paste cannot	the number of blocks copied.
	be performed.	
W	.	When using 16 bit data, up to 40 items can be
	maximum number of data items is 20. OK to	used; with 32 bits, maximum is 20. Be sure the
	delete items over 20?	data type fits your data needs.

■ Logging Data Errors

	Error Message	Cause/Solution
Α	Address Entry limit reached. No more	Reduce the number of device addresses used.
	addresses can be entered.	
C	Character size is too large. Please use a	Designated character is larger than LT ' s
	different size.	character matrix. Please select a smaller size.
D	Display file data size is over maximum.	Reduce the size of the designated display.
Р	Paste failed.	The current paste settings (range, etc.) are not the
		same as the paste destination. Or, the paste
		action may delete a column or effect another data
		item's settings.
	Printer file data size is over.	Reduce the size of the area/amount of data to be
		printed.
Т	Time settings cannot exceed 24 hours. Please	Change the settings so that the time value is 24
	adjust the settings.	hours or less.
	The no. of times x no. of blocks should be	Be sure the number of times and number of
	less than or equal to 2048.	blocks produces a result that is 2048 or less.



Troubleshooting

This section describes how to solve problems generated when using LT Editor.

Before you begin troubleshooting, please check the following items again. If you answer "Yes" to all the questions, start troubleshooting. If you answer "No" to any one of the questions, set the required item and then start troubleshooting.

If the error still occurs after troubleshooting, fill the details of the error in the provided trouble report sheet and follow the directions stated in Appendix 4.

ltem	Check
Is your personal computer's OS Windows 95/98/Me/NT4.0/2000 or XP?	
Is the memory capacity greater than 32 Mbytes?	
Is your PC hard disk's amount of free space sufficient?	

Error	Cause/Solution	
LT Editor	Are all the environment settings correct?	
will not start up	Reference LT Editor CD Jacket	
	Is your personal computer hard disk's free space amount sufficient?	
	Double-click on the Windows icon. Double-click on the drive in which LT Editor has been	
	installed. Use the [File] menu's [Property] feature to check the amount of free disk space. If	
	the free disk space is insufficient, empty the trash box or delete unnecessary files from the	
	hard disk.	
	Is the PC's RAM memory capacity sufficient?	
	Memory of 16 M byte or more is required.	
	Click the Windows 95 [Start] button first, and then click on the [Settings], [Control Panel],	
	and [System] selections. Click the virtual memory button in the system property dialog box	
	and check that "Auto Setting (recommended)" is selected. If "Manual Setting" is selected,	
	change the setting to "Auto Setting (recommended)". Restart the PC and then restart LT	
	Editor.	
	Some applications do not work well with LT Editor and such an application may interfere	
	with the startup of LT Editor.	
	Quit all running applications and delete them from the Startup menu ([Startup] in the	
	Windows 95 [Program] menu. Restart the PC and then restart LT Editor.	
	Do the trigger commands (Config.sys, Autoexec.bat, etc.) operate correctly?	
	Restart the PC. Press [F8] when "Starting windows" appears. When the menu appears,	
	select "Step-by-step Confirmation" to check that the commands all operate normally. If an	
	error message appears, correct the error. For details, refer to the PC's operation manual.	

Error	Cause/Solution	
Cannot draw	Is the LT Editor's screen open?	
graphic data	With LT Editor, you must select the project file and open a drawing screen before you can	
	draw any objects. Create a new a screen or open an existing one.	
	Does the disk have enough free space?	
	Prepare a disk which has enough free space.	
	Is the symbol editor started?	
	The screen editor and the symbol editor cannot be started at the same time. Check that the	
	symbol editor window has been closed.	
Cannot save the	Is the file write-protected?	
screen file's data	Check whether the floppy disk is write-protected using the [Property] feature.	
	Does the disk you are saving to have enough free space?	
	Prepare a disk which has enough free space.	
Cannot	Is the proper cable being used?	
communicate	Be sure to use the DIGITAL transfer cable (option).	
between the PC and	Is the LT in the "Screen Data Transfer Mode" or "Run Mode"?	
the LT	If not, communications between the PC and the LT will not be possible.	
	Reference LogiTouch Series User Manual	
	When receiving data from the LT, does your PC's hard disk have enough space?	
	Prepare the disk so that it has enough free space.	
	Is the communication port setting correct?	
	Check that the transfer cable's serial port matches the port set in [Transfer].	
	Does another application use the same communication port?	
	Check whether there is competition between the LT and a modem, or other applications	
	which require the communication port.	
If:the Buzzer won't	The Data Transfer cable may be loose or connected to the wrong COM port. Also, the	
stop. The LT won't	System Data area may be incorrectly accessed, or the LT may be incorrectly set up. For	
display data. Data	details, see the next page's Appendix 2.2.	
transfer fails.	la the OS(e (Mindewe) printer cotting correct?	
The printer does not run/ hard copy	Is the OS's (Windows) printer setting correct?	
is not printed	Check the printer setting using the Control Panel's printer property.	
The desired	Did you select the required External Device and LT type when installing LT Editor?	
External Device and	(Custom Installation)	
LT type are not	When customizing the system installation, you can select the External Device and the LT	
listed when	types. You cannot install an External Device or a LT type if it has not been selected	
creating a new	previously. Re-install the system with the desired External Device and LT type.	
project	providusty. No install the system with the desired external Device and ET type.	
Simulation cannot	Possible causes are that LS area data is being backed up to the LT, via the [System	
be performed	Setup], or that an LS area Special Relay is being used by D-Script start up bit. If any of	
	these are true, the simulation cannot be performed. Deselect the [Option] menu - [Settings]	
	- [LS Device Simulation].	

A.2.2 Buzzer will not Stop/No Display on the LT/Transfer Disabled

Error Pattern by Symptom

Error Pattern	Buzzer Sound (Symptom)	LT Screen	Probable Cause
1	Pip, pip, pip, (Continues to beep intermittently or beeps every second.)	Blank (Black)	There is no startup program or the startup program has been corrupted.(When the LT is powered on)
2	None	Normal Display	Transfer cable was removed. Improper COM port was used.
3	None	Blank (Black)	The system for the target model has not been downloaded. (When the LT is powered on)
4	None Buzzer sounds continuously	Blank/ Normal	Invalid access is made to "+9" or "+14" of the System Data Area.

Refer to Solution 1 when error pattern 1 is observed.

Similarly, Solution 2 corresponds to Error Pattern 2.

When error pattern 3 is observed, try the procedure described in Solution 3. If Solution 1 or 2 does not solve the problem with error patterns 1 and 2, try Solution 3 as well.

Refer to Solution 4 when error pattern 4 is observed.

♦ Solution 1

1. Transfer from the PC

Transfer programs and screen data from the PC (LT Editor) to the LT while the buzzer of the LT sounds. (Be sure that your PC and the transfer cable are able to transfer programs and data to the LT.) LT Editor has been programed to handle a variety of problems and retry data transfer repeatedly if the LT fails to respond successfully. In this case, LT Editor will try repeatedly to complete handshake mode (it may take more than a minute in some situations). After handshaking is completed, LT Editor will begin to transfer the Memory Loader program, system program, communication protocol program, expansion program and screen data.

Solution 2

The transfer cable is improperly connected or has been removed. The improper COM port may have been selected. Confirm that the cable and port are set up properly for data transfer and try again.

Solution 3

If error pattern 3, 4 or 5 has been observed, or Solution 1 or 2 does not solve the problem, perform a forced transfer from your PC. Perform the transfer even if the buzzer is sounding. (Confirm that the cable and PC are configured for successful transfers.)

- 1. Select [Setup] from the [Setup] menu on the [Screen Transfer] to display the [Transfer Settings] dialog box on the screen.
- 2. Select "Force System Setup" from the "Setup" field and click the [OK] button.

Transfer Settings	X
Send Information D Upload Information System Screen D Control Data	Communications Port COM1 Baud Rate 115.2K (bps) Retry Count 5
Transfer Method	
🙄 Send All Screens	
Automatically Send Changed Screens	
Send User Selected Screens	
-Setup-	
O Automatic Setup	Use Extended Program :
Eorce System Setup	☐ Si <u>m</u> ulation
Ö Do NOT Perform Setup	
Setup CFG file :	
English	
Ö Japanese	
Selection C:\PROGRAM FILES\PR	10-FACE \LT \protocol

- 3. Select [Screen Transfer] from the [Transfer] menu and perform a forced transfer.
- 4. When the message "No System Program on the LT" is displayed on the screen, click the [OK] button.

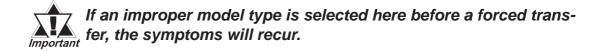
This message will not be displayed if the protocol has not been down-loaded to the LT.

Force System Program Download	ΙX.
Send System to LT?	
OK Cancel	

5. The message "Select Type" is displayed on the screen. Select the model type and click the [OK] button.

Usually, the system automatically selects the connected model. However, confirm the model type of the connected LT.

Select Type	Σ.
GLC150	
	<u></u>
ок 1	Cancel
l ^[]	<u>.</u>



6. Check the LT type and click the [OK] button. The system begins transferring the System Program, Protocol Program and screen data. The restoration is completed when the transfer is completed successfully. In some cases, the "handshaking" (transfer to the LT unit) with the LT may

not be successful. If handshaking is unsuccessful, the system displays the following message on the screen to ensure successful handshaking with the LT.

LT not Responding	\mathbf{X}
Please turn on LT	
To re-establish communication	
Cancel	

Power the LT OFF and ON again. The system will automatically resume the transfer.

Solution 4

Check whether an incorrect value has been entered into the LT in "+9" or "+14" of the System Data Area, or an invalid Start Address has been assigned for the System Data Area.

A.3 Address Conversion Tables

Addresses can or cannot be converted depending on the address combination. The combinations which cannot be converted vary with the external device manufacturers. See the following address global conversion table to convert the addresses correctly.

How to Read the table

The symbols used in the table have the following meanings:

- When the address conversion device type is set to [Word], the system converts both Word and bit devices. When the [Bit] setting is used, only bit device addresses are changed.
- \blacklozenge : When the selected conversion mode is [Word], only Word ad
 - dresses are converted. Selecting [Bit] will convert only bit addresses.
- ★ : When [Word] mode is selected, the system converts only word addresses.
- When [Bit] mode is selected, the system converts only bit addresses.

(Blanks cannot be converted)

For the timers and counters, the bit indicates the contact or coil used, and the word indicates the current value (elapsed value) or setting value

Address Conversion Table List

Memory link SIO Type

		After conversion LS
Before conversion	LS System Area	Ο

Mitsubishi Electric FREQROL Series

		After Conversion						
		-	Ρ	All devices except for parameter	LS			
c	Parameter except for FR-S500, E500's Pr-37	0	О	О	О			
Before Conversion	Р	0	0	O	0			
ore Con	Parameter for FR- S500, E500's Pr-37	0	О	O	О			
Befc	All devices except for parameter	0	0	0	Ο			
	LS System Area	0	О	0	О			

								A	iter	Cor	ıve	rsic	n						
		Х	Υ	Ι	Ε	М	L	Т	С	TP	СР	TS	CS	D	В	R	Ζ	W	LS
	X Input Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Y Output Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	I Internal Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	E Common Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	M Special Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L Link Relay	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	T Timer (contact)																		
ion	C Counter (contact)																		
Conversion	TP Timer (current)	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	О
ore Co	CP Counter (current)	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	О
Before	TS Timer (setup)	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	CS Counter (setup)	*	*	*	*	*	*			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	D Data Register	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	B File Register	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R Joint Register	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Z Special Register	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	W Link Register	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LS System Area	0	0	0	0	0	0			*	*	*	*	0	0	0	0	0	0

■ Yokogawa Electric FACTORY ACE

R Joint Register is only for FA-M3.

■ Yokogawa M&C UT100 Series

r	Device	After conversion					
-	Device	D Register d	LS				
Before	D Register d	0	0				
conversion	LS Area	0	Ο				

■ Yamatake Yamatake SDC Series/DMC10

		After Co	nversion
		Data	LS
Before Conversion	Data	0	0
Before	LS	0	0
Co T	System Area	C	C

Rika Kohgyou CB/SR-Mini Series

		After Conversion					
		0000 to 02EE	LS				
Before	0000 to 02EE	0	Ο				
Conversion	LS	0	0				

Rika Kohgyou CB/REX-F/LE100 Series

		After Conversion							
		СВ	REX	LE	LS				
Before Conversion	СВ	0	0	0	0				
	REX	0	0	0	0				
	LE	0	0	0	0				
	LS	0	0	0	0				

■ Omron THERMAC NEO Controller

		Α	fter Co	nversio	n	
		C0	C1	С3	Α	LS
	C0	0	0	0	0	Ο
Before	C1	0	0	0	0	Ο
Conversion	C3	0	0	0	0	Ο
	Α	0	0	0	0	Ο
	LS	0	0	0	0	Ο

Shinkoh Technos C/FC/FIR/GC/FCL/PC-900 Series

		A	fter Co	nversio	n
			S	С	LS
		Ο	0	0	Ο
Before	Setting Value Memory	0	0	0	0
Conversion	Channel	Ο	0	0	0
	LS Area LS	0	0	0	0

Fenwal Controls of Japan Temperature Controller AL Series

		After Co	nversion
		All Devices	LS
Before	All Devices	Ο	0
Conversion	LS Area LS	О	0

■ JT Engineering Moisture Meter JE-70 Series

		A	fter Co	nversio	n
		М	D	R	LS
	М	0	Ο	Ο	0
Before	D	0	Ο	Ο	0
Conversion	R	0	Ο	Ο	0
	LS Area LS	0	0	0	0

Fuji Electric FRENICS, FVR Series

					Aft	er Co	nvers	ion			
		F	Ε	С	Ρ	Н	Α	0	S	Μ	LS
	Fundamental Function F	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	o
	Terminal Function E	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο
Ľ	Control Function C	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο
/ersio	Motor 1 P	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο
Conv	High-level Function H	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο
Before Conversion	Motor 2 A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	О
	Option O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	О
	Command Data S	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	О
	Monitor Data M	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	О
	System Area LS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο

Fuji Electric Micro Controller X

			Afte	r Co	nver	sion	
		0	1	30	40	31	41
Ĺ	0						
Conversion	1		0	0	0	0	0
ver	30		0	0	0	0	0
on	40		0	0	0	0	0
	31		0	0	0	0	0
Before	41		0	0	0	0	0
Be	LS Area LS		0	0	0	0	0

Mitsubishi Electric MELSEC-F₂

					Afte	r Conver	sion		
		Х	Υ	Ν	S	Т/ТС/ТЅ	C/CC/CS	D	LS
	X Input Relay								
	Y Output Relay								
rsion	M Auxiliary Relay, Keep Relay								
onvei	S State								
Before Conversion	T/TC/TS Timer					0	0		
Bef	C/CC/CS Counter					0	О		
	D Data Register					•	•	0	o
	LS System Area					•	•	0	0

					Aft	er Conver	sion		
		Х	Y	М	S	TS/TN	CS/CN	D	LS
	X Input Relay	0	0	О	0	•	•	o	O
	Y Output Relay	0	0	О	0	•	•	o	O
ion	M Internal Relay	0	0	О	0	•	•	o	O
nvers	S Step Relay	0	0	0	0	•	•	o	o
Before Conversion	TS/TN Timer	٠	٠	٠	٠	О	0	•	•
Befo	CS/CN Counter	٠	٠	٠	٠	0	0	•	•
	D Data Register	0	0	О	0	•	•	0	O
	LS System Area	0	О	О	o	•	•	o	О

Mitsubishi Electric MELSEC-FX

Toho Electronics TTM Series

									Afte	r Co	nver	sion							
		00_	10_	100_	110_	120_	300_	1020_	SSV	END	S∏	SOK	SWZ	SWT	SON	SOF	SRN	SE0	LS
	00_	Ο	0	0	Ο	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	0
	10_	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	100_	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0
	110_	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0
	120_	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	0
uo	300_	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
Conversion	1020_	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
nve	SSV	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	Ο	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0
ပိ	END	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ore	STI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Before	SOK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SWZ	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο	Ο
	SWT	0	0	0	0	0	Ο	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ο
	SON	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	Ο	0	Ο	0	Ο	0	0
	SOF	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SRN	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	SEO	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	LS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

SHIMADEN SR253/SR90/SR80/MR13/FP93/SD16/EM70 Series

		After Co	nversion
		Data Address	LS Area
Before	Data Address	Ο	Ο
Conversion	LS Area	0	0

■ Matsushita Electric Industrial MINAS-A/S Series

		After Co	nversion
		All Devices	LS
Before	All Devices	Ο	0
Conversion	LS Area LS	0	0

Yasukawa Electric G7/F7 Series and VS mini V7/J7 Series Variable-Speed Inverter (Varispeed)

		After	Conve	rsion
		BR		LS
	Bit Register BR			
Before Conversion	Register		0	0
	LS Area LS		О	О

A.4 Software Trouble Report

■ When problems continue after following "Troubleshooting" advice

If following the steps outlined in the troubleshooting section does not solve your problem, please make a copy of the next page's Software Trouble Report, fill in any relevant information, and fax it to your local Pro-face service center. Please include any relevant details, including project data and/or screens so that the

problem can be duplicated. We guarantee all this data will remain confidential. Also, please take the time to use the "OSCHECK" tool installed with your LT Editor software, and include a printout of its result with your fax.

Using the "OSCHECK" Program

This program, after it completes its test, produces a text file (*.txt). Please be sure to print out this data and include it with your Software Trouble Report.

1) Click on the Windows main screen's [Start] button and then on the [Run] selection.

2) Here, use the [Browse] feature to find the OSCHECK.EXE program, located in your PC's "LT Editor" folder. Once you find it, click on [OK] to start the program.

3) Designate the status report's Save folder and filename. Click again on [OK] and the text file will be created.



• When inquiring, be sure to write down your software's serial No. Without your software's serial No., your question(s) cannot be answered.

• Understand that it may take some time for us to respond, since your question must be carefully checked and recreated.

Pro-face FAX and Email Information:

- Pro-face Europe: FAX No. +31-(0)20-6464-358 Email: support@proface.com
- Pro-Face Korea: FAX No. +82-(0)2-3664-6839 Email: proface@proface.co.kr
- Pro-Face Taiwan: FAX No. +886-(0)2-8773-7892 Email: proface@proface.com.tw
- **Pro-face America** (North and South): FAX No. +1-630-351-1102 Email: support@profaceamerica.com

Digital (Japan) FAX and Email Information:

• Digital Electronics Corporation: FAX No. +81-6-6613-5982 Email: support@digital.co.jp

Also, if you require instruction about the correct usage of your LT Editor software, please use the above information to contact your local LT Editor distributor.

Software Trouble Report Date: Number of p	ages:
Company name Department	TEL
Your name	FAX
Company Address	
Software Serial No.	
* We cannot respond to any questions without your software's serial number.	
Software name : LT Editor () Other ()	
Ver ()	
Your LT model: Type of Device/PLC:	
PC: Manufacturer: Model:	
Printer Manufacturer: () Model: ()
Driver version: ()	
related documents. Prepare one report sheet for each problem.	
Error message details:	
(This area is for Pro-face use only)	Processed by Received by

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