Freescale Semiconductor

Application Note

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LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards

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1 Introduction

This application note describes the demonstration application that is programmed into the LINkits evaluation boards. The LINkits boards comprise two LIN masters (MC68HC9S12C32/D64 and MC68HC908GZ60) and four slaves (MC68HC908GR60, MC68HC908EY16, MC68HC908QY4, and MC68HC908QL4). These devices will be referred to as the 9S12C32, 9S12D64, GZ60, GR60, EY16, QY4, and QL4, respectively. At the time of publication, QL4 silicon was unavailable so this board is not described.

The application runs using either of the masters and any combination of as many as 16 slaves (maximum of 4 slaves of any one type). This is achieved by using different default LIN IDs for each type of slave and by allowing this ID to be easily changed to any one of the three other IDs for that particular slave. If no more than one slave of any type is in use, no modification from the default IDs is necessary.

Contents

1	Introduction
2	LINkits Demonstration Application
3	Hardware
4	Master Software
5	Slave Software
6	CodeWarrior Project
7	References1
8	MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings 1
Appe	endix AMaster.h
Appe	endix BMaster.id
Appe	endix CMaster.cfg
Appe	endix DVector.c20
9	MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Listings 23
10	HC08EY16.h
(Reg	gister Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16) 2
Appe	endix ESlave.id (LIN Message ID File)
Appe	endix FSlave.cfg (LIN Configuration File)
Appe	endix G#define VECTOR_C



LINkits Demonstration Application

In order to retain versatility in the selection of the MCUs used for the master and slave nodes, the boards are available separately. There is also an accessory kit that includes a 500-mA power supply, an RS-232 cable, and a CD containing the documentation and software. This includes the application programs and the LIN drivers for each node, allowing users to develop their own LIN applications using the LINkits boards. The RS-232 cable is required to connect the LINkits board to a PC running the Metrowerks' CodeWarrior[®] development environment. This cable is not part of the programmed demonstration application.

Each slave has four LEDs whose states can be controlled by a single push-button switch. The resulting four bits of data is returned to the master and displayed on four of its eight LEDS. The other four LEDs on the master are used to indicate the slave type and ID. Two LEDs show the slave type (GR, EY, QY, or QL) and the other two correspond to the four IDs allocated to that particular type. If more than one slave is connected, the master's display cycles round all those present on the bus. The sending of header frames from the master can also be switched off to demonstrate the slaves' ability to enter low-power sleep mode in the absence of LIN activity (not applicable to the QY4 slave).

NOTE

With the exception of mask set errata documents, if any other Motorola document contains information that conflicts with the information in the device data sheet, the data sheet should be considered to have the most current and correct data.

2 LINkits Demonstration Application

The master has two modes selected by its slide switch. In one mode, a single lit LED sweeps up and down the display indicating that no LIN header frames are being sent. In this mode any slaves connected should be in sleep mode.

With the switch in the other position, the master sends headers for all the IDs used in the demonstration application and checks to see which are actually present. If a slave is present, the identification code and data is displayed in turn for all the IDs for which a response is received. The IDs used are shown in Table 1.

Slave	Default ID	Configurable IDs	Master LED ID Code (d: default)	Alternative IDs
GR60	\$29	\$2A, \$2B & \$28	1101 (d), 1110, 1111 & 1100	\$2C, \$2D, \$2E & \$2F
EY16	\$21	\$22, \$23 & \$20	1001 (d), 1010, 1011 & 1000	\$24, \$25, \$26 & \$27
QY4	\$19	\$1A, \$1B & \$18	0101 (d), 0110, 0111 & 0100	\$1C, \$1D, \$1E & \$1F
QL4	\$11	\$12, \$13 & \$10	0001 (d), 0010, 0011 & 0000	\$14, \$15, \$16 & \$17

Table 1. The LIN IDs Used by Each Type of Slave

The master cycles round the IDs of all the slaves that it finds to be present and displays each slave's ID using the bottom (leftmost) four LEDs. The two leftmost LEDs show the slave type, and the next two LEDs show the two LSBs of its ID using the code shown in Table 1.

The choice of IDs, their display formats, and the skipping of zero in the data field ensure that there is at least one 1 in each 4-bit field. These provisions eliminate the possibility of an all-zero slave display (which would also be represented in the master display by no illuminated LEDs). The only exception to this is the ID field displayed by the master for the last configurable QL ID (\$10).

Slaves can be added or removed from the bus without powering down or resetting the boards. When the master recognizes a new slave, it indicates this by sweeping the LED display once from 0 to 7. It then adds this slave to its display sequence. When it loses a slave, it shows this by sweeping the LEDs from 7 to 0 and removing it from the display sequence.

Out of reset, each slave responds with two bytes of data using its default ID. When in normal mode (not ID configuration mode), the push-button increments the LEDs through a binary cycle of 1–15, skipping zero. This 4-bit number is displayed on the slave's LEDs and also on the top (rightmost) four bits of the master's LED display. It is transferred to the master using the lower four bits of the first data byte of the slave's response.

The simple user interface uses a single push-button switch and four LEDs, and it allows the ID to be changed to any of the three configurable IDs (or back to the default ID). This configuration mode is entered by holding the button down for three seconds. In this mode, the LEDs flash and indicate the current ID. The button then allows cycling through the four configurable IDs (first LED for ID --xx xx01, second for --xx xx10, third for --xx xx11, and fourth for --xx xx00). If the button is not pressed for three seconds, the mode returns to normal.

The sleep feature of the boards can be seen by switching off the master's LIN activity while the slaves are connected and running. After five seconds, the boards (GR60 and EY16 only) will go to sleep as represented by all the LEDs switching off. This feature is not supported by the QY4 slave.

The allocation of the four alternative IDs for each slave type shown in Table 1 allows as many as eight slaves of one type to be used without reallocating any other IDs. These alternative IDs are, however, not supported by the programmed demonstration application.

3 Hardware

Figure 1 shows the main circuit diagram of the MC68HC908EY16 LINkits slave board. This constitutes the complete LIN node and also shows the function of the three jumpers on the board. These jumpers are only required when using the board to program or debug application software and should not be inserted when running the demonstration program (a fourth jumper, J3, — only on the QY4 slave — should be inserted when running the demonstration program).

When in the debug mode, additional hardware is required to connect the LINkits board to the PC containing the development environment. For clarity, these interfaces are not shown in Figure 1. The complete circuit diagram also shows the two 20-way connectors, P1 and P2. These allow access to all of the MCU's pins and facilitate the addition of a "top-board" incorporating user application hardware. Given the different resources and pin-outs of the various devices, the pin-outs of P1 and P2 are as consistent as possible across all the boards. The masters have additional pins available on a third 20-way connector, P3.

The basic circuit diagram of a LIN slave node is very simple. It comprises the MCU, the LIN physical interface, and a 5-volt regulator. In this case, the physical interface used is the MC33399 (or MC33661)

Hardware

and the regulator is an LT1121, though these two chips can be replaced by a single chip, the MC33689 (LIN SBC systems base chip). The MCU enables the MC33399, which controls the regulator. When there is no LIN activity, the MC33399 shuts down the regulator, thus powering down the MCU and putting the node to sleep with an I_{DD} of less than 50 μ^{1} . This can be seen by the LEDs switching off because the demonstration software is written in such a way that at least one LED is always on when the MCU is powered up. An absence of LIN bus activity will not cause the MC68HC908QY4 to go to sleep.

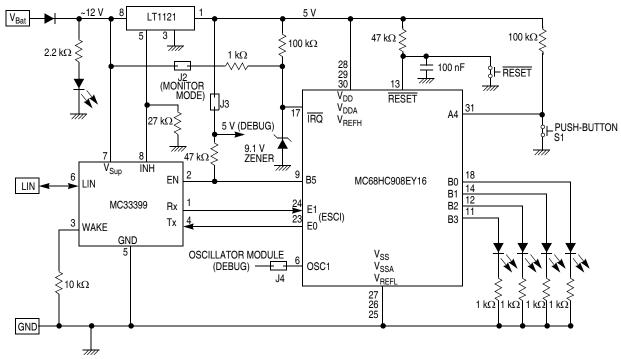


Figure 1. MC68HC908EY16 LINkits Slave

The other slaves are very similar to the EY16. The 48-pin GR60 is intended for use in high-end LIN nodes. It does not have an on-chip clock generator and thus the PCB incorporates a crystal and its associated passive components.

The QY4 is aimed at low-end nodes and, like the EY16, has an on-chip clock and thus does not require an external crystal. It has an additional jumper (J3) to isolate PTA1 because it is required to be high for monitor mode entry. This jumper should be fitted for normal use and removed only when entering monitor mode.

The GZ60 master board is similar to the GR60 slave, but the GZ60 includes an MC33388 CAN interface. The master boards also have a co-axial socket to allow the connection of the 12-V power supply included in the accessory kit. This is primarily intended for use with the demonstration application because all the LIN kits boards have two 4-pin, 8-amp Molex connectors (LIN, 12 volts and 2 grounds). These are intended for daisy-chaining multiple slaves but can also be used to supply power.

The 9S12C32 master board is similar to the GZ60, but the MON08 interfaces of the 9S12C32 are replaced by a 6-pin background debug mode (BDM) connector. As a possible low-cost alternative to the use of the

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

^{1.} To achieve this current, the LED attached to the 12-V line should be removed from the board.

BDM interface, the 9S12 PCB includes an RS-232 interface. This will, however, only be convenient to use if the MCU fitted is an 9S12D64 (which has a second SCI) rather than an 9S12C32.

All the HC08 PCBs have two debug interfaces which allow engineering use of the boards in monitor mode. These are the 16-pin Cyclone[®]/MultiLink[®] interface and an RS-232 connection directly to the PC via a 9-pin D connector. The RS-232 connection uses a level translator and an oscillator module. These are powered up using the appropriate jumper (J3 for the EY16 board). This jumper also supplies a pullup on the enable line to the MC33399 to prevent a power down when the reset button is pressed in the absence of LIN activity. With no LIN activity, the node would normally be powered down, but this jumper prevents this from happening in debug mode. This debug jumper should also be inserted when using the Cyclone/MultiLink interface. Although this supply may not be required, applying 5 V to the RS-232 interface chip prevents contention on PTA0 I/O line. The inclusion of the jumper also ensures that the oscillator module, which can optionally be used in this mode, is powered up.

When using the RS-232 MON08 interface, 9 V is required on the \overline{IRQ} pin in order to enter monitor mode. To achieve this, the appropriate jumper (J2 on the EY16 board) should be fitted. This mode also requires a clock source and an additional jumper (J4 on the EY16 board) should be used to connect the oscillator module to the OSC1 pin. This jumper is also required when using the Cyclone/MultiLink interface with an external clock selected.

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4 Master Software

The flow chart of the master code is shown in Figure 2. The code itself is listed at the end of this document. After MCU and LIN driver initialization, the slide switch on the PCB is checked to see if LIN activity should be active. If not, a continuous sweeping LED display is enabled. If, however, LIN activity is required, the *while(1)* loop in the master's *main()* function continually cycles round the 16 IDs used in the demonstration application (see Table 1). This is done using the array *idList[16]*, which is initialized to contain all the defined IDs. If *LIN_MsgStatus()* indicates that there is a response for a particular ID, its data is read and its byte in the array *activeList[16]* is checked to see if this is a new node (it wasn't previously present). If so its byte is set to a 1 and *NewNode()* is executed to perform the LED display which indicates that a node has been added.

If there is no response to a particular ID, <code>activeList[16]</code> is checked to determine whether there was a response to that ID the previous time around the loop. If there was a response the previous time, the node has since been removed. This is indicated on the LEDs using <code>LostNode()</code>. <code>NewNode()</code> and <code>LostNode()</code> are also used to provide the continuous sweeping LED display when the LIN master is not active. This is determined in the function <code>LINActive()</code>, which reads the slide switch on the master PCB.

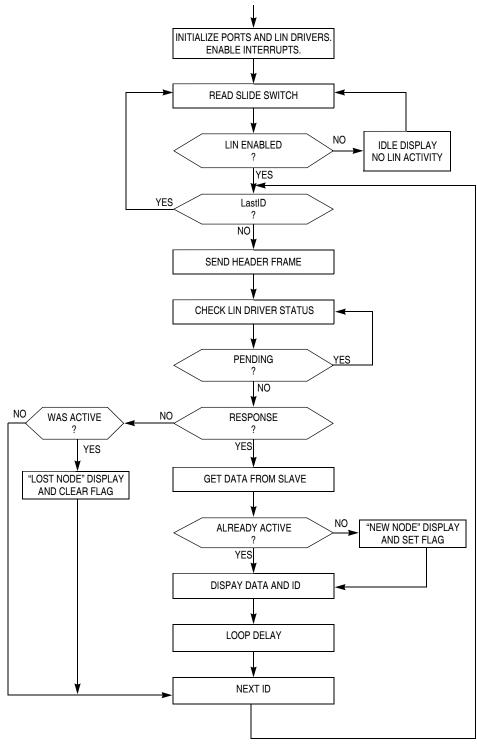


Figure 2. MC68HC9S012C32 Master Software Flow Chart

5 Slave Software

The accompanying code listing for Figure 3 is listed in back of this document. First, the CONFIG, I/O, and timer registers are initialized. In the case of the EY16, the ICG initial trimming value is also written to the ICGTR register. In the demonstration application, this has been entered manually and the code recompiled for each board; but in volume applications, this value could be stored in FLASH and transferred to ICGTR at the start of code execution.

When all the required registers have been initialized, a *while(1) loop* is entered. Execution of this loop is timed by the timebase module (TBM) on the GR60 and EY16. Because the QY4 does not have a TBM module, it uses the main timer's overflow feature instead. Because of the different clocks used by each board, the frequency of code execution in the loop is different for each slave type; #defines are used to determine the two periods required for correct execution of the program: push-button debounce time (about 60 ms) and mode change time (3 s).

A third critical time (go to sleep in five seconds if there is no LIN activity) is defined in *slave.cfg* (GR60 and EY16 only). This feature uses the LIN functions *LIN_IdleClock()* and *LIN_driverStatus()* as described in the LIN driver manual (see Section 7, "References"). After the predetermined number of executions of *LIN_IdleClock()*, with no LIN activity, *LIN_driverStatus()* ceases to return LIN_OK (0x01), and the MC33399 is shut down by lowering its enable line. This switches off the 5-V regulator and the MCU powers down.

If LIN messages are present, the remaining code in the loop is executed. This increments *count*, toggles a port line (for debug use to check the loop execution rate), reads the push-button switch using *Read_button()*, updates the LEDs using *LED_display()*, and supplies the relevant response data using *LIN_response()*.

The flow chart for the function *Read_button()* is shown in Figure 4. The counter *keycount* is used to determine whether the push-button has been in a particular state for long enough for action to be taken. It is used both for debounce and to determine whether a mode change (normal to ID configuration or ID configuration to normal) is required. If the state of the button (pressed or not pressed) is different from what it was the previous time through the loop, the counter is reset and the state remembered in *key last*.

If, however, the state of the button is the same, the counter value is compared with the required number for a debounce time of about 60 ms.

If the counter value is equal and the key is pressed, the data or ID is incremented according to the current mode. If the count is different from that required for debounce, it is compared with the mode change requirement.

If it is less, the counter is incremented. If it is, or has now become, equal to the mode change requirement then the mode is changed to ID configuration mode (if the key is pressed) or to normal mode (if it isn't). This arrangement ensures that the mode defaults automatically to normal if the key remains not pressed for three seconds (the time it takes the counter to reach the mode change number — 224 for the EY16).

Slave Software

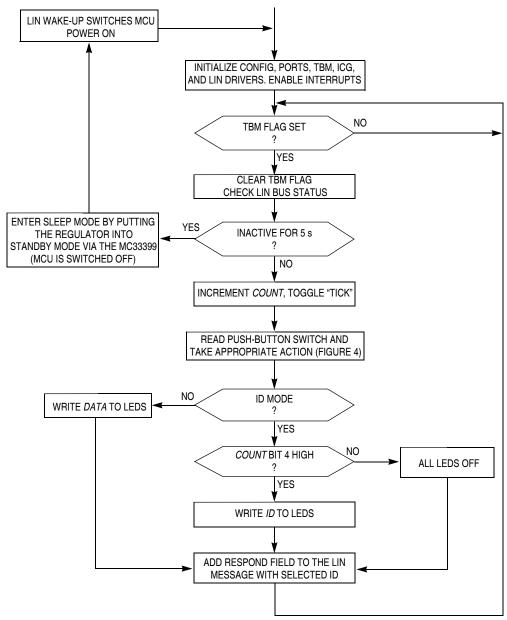


Figure 3. MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Main Flow Chart

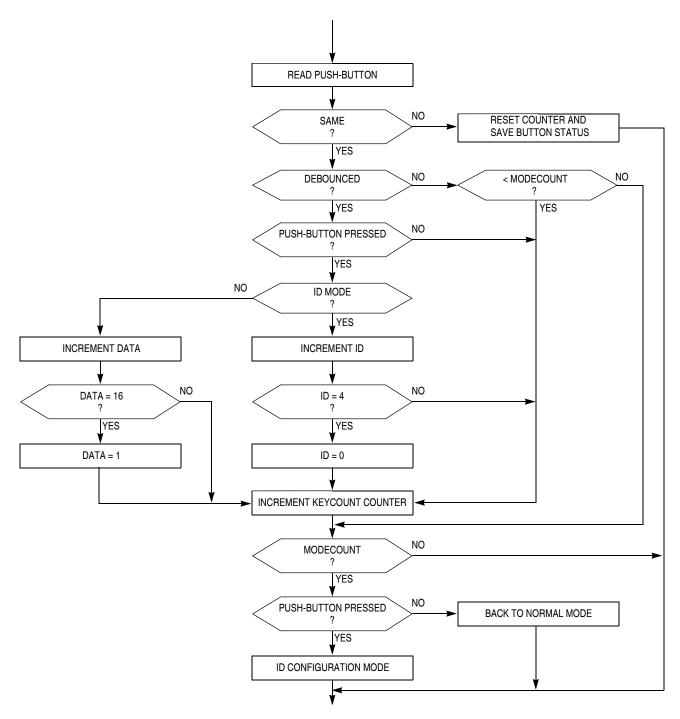


Figure 4. MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Push-Button Flow Chart

The function *LED_display()* writes the required data to the four I/O lines connected to the LEDs, ensuring that no change is made to any of the other bits on the same port. The data sent is the 4-bit variable *data*, or the 2-bit variable *ID*, according to the current mode. The ID is not displayed in binary so the variable *ID* is used to shift a single 1 to the appropriate position. To distinguish the ID display, this LED flashes at about 2 Hz using the counter *count*.

CodeWarrior Project

The function LIN_response() uses the variable ID so that the appropriate LIN_PutMsg(ID, data) is active. In order that the others are inactive, LIN_SEND_UPDATED should be specified in file slave.id (e.g. #define LIN_MSG_20 LIN_SEND_UPDATED). If LIN_SEND is used, the LIN drivers will always send a response after LIN_PutMsg(ID, data) has been executed for that ID. This does not apply to the QY4 because it uses the file LINmsg.c instead and the "type of send" can be defined there — see user's manual in <st-blue><st-bold>References.

The GR60 doesn't have an ICG to initialize but its slave code is otherwise very similar to that of the EY16.

The QY4 has no TBM module so it uses the main timer's overflow flag to pace its loop. This MCU also doesn't have an SCI; its LIN interface is implemented using I/O pins in conjunction with the timer's channel 1 input capture and output compare interrupts. For this reason, the QY4's timer counter and modulus registers should not be modified by the application code. To avoid compromising the timing of LIN communications, no interrupts, other than those from the LIN drivers themselves, are allowed. Within these limitations, channel 2 of the timer is available for use by the application.

6 CodeWarrior Project

The demonstration project is structured as shown in <st-blue><st-bold>Figure 5.. The folder *sample* contains the demonstration application code that is programmed into the LINkits evaluation boards. This is where any application being developed with the evaluation boards should reside. The other folders contain the LIN driver code, which should not normally be modified by the user. Its source code, include files, and user manual reside in the *src*, *inc*, and *man* folders, respectively.

The vector definition file *vector.c* is in the *hc08* folder. The sample directory contains the application source code, *slave.c*, and two additional files that determine the behavior of the slave node. The first is *slave.cfg*, which specifies the SCI prescaler value appropriate for the frequency being used and the number that determines the 5-second no-bus-activity timeout. The second is *slave.id*, which defines the messages to be acted upon by this node. The use of these files is described in the user's manual (see <st-blue><st-bold>References).

The sample directory also contains the projects .prm, .mcp, and .ini files and an include file slave.h for register definitions not already defined by the LIN drivers. Again, the QY4 is slightly different. It does not have the vector.c file but uses its .prm file to define the vectors. It also does not have the slave.cfg or slave.id file; it uses LINmsg.c for defining messages.

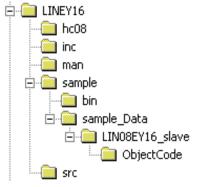


Figure 5. LINkits CodeWarrior Project Structure

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

7 References

AN2503/D: Slave LIN Driver for MC68HC08Q Family

LIN Protocol Specification, Version 1.3, 12 December 2002.

LIN Driver User's Manual.

9S12C32DGV1/D: MC68HC9S12C32 Device Guide

MC68HC908GZ60/D: MC68HC908GZ60 Technical Data

MC68HC908GR60/D: MC68HC908GR60 Technical Data

MC68HC908EY16/D: MC68HC908EY16 Technical Data

MC68HC908QY4/D: MC68HC908QY4 Technical Data

8 MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
/************************
       Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
             $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.c,v $
* Author: $Author: snl $
            $Locker: $
* Locker:
* State:
            $State: Exp $
* Revision:
            $Revision: 1.2 $
             Sample application for S12 LINKits Master Driver.
* Functions:
             Use the RCS command log to display revision history
* History:
              information.
* Description:
                    Communicates with 16 LIN nodes and displays their data.
             Also serves as an example of use for the LIN driver.
  *************************
#include <linapi.h>
#include "master.h"
                        /* errors counter */
/* messages counter */
unsigned char ErrCount;
unsigned char MsgCount;
                          /* transmited data */
unsigned char MsgSent [2];
unsigned char MsgRcvd [4];
                           /* received deta
                                             */
unsigned int Time;
                                           /* time from real time counter */
/*****************************
 * Function:
               LIN_Command
 * Description:
                 User call-back.
                 Called by the driver after successful transmission or receiving
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
of the Master Request Command Frame (ID Field value '0x3C').
* Returns:
             never return
* Notes:
void LIN_Command()
   while(1)
/****************************
* Function:
             Delay
 * Description: Initialise RTI for use in Delay() function
* Returns:
         none
* Notes:
                        busfreq indicates the bus operating frequency in KHz
     ********************
void InitDelay(unsigned int busfreq)
      switch (busfreq)
            case 40000: RTICTL = 0x44;
                                      break;
            case 32000: RTICTL = 0x60;
                                      break;
            case 16000: RTICTL = 0x50;
                                      break;
            case 12000: RTICTL = 0x32;
                                      break;
            case 8000: RTICTL = 0x40;
                                      break;
            case 4915: RTICTL = 0x14;
                                      break;
            case 4000: RTICTL = 0x30;
                                      break;
            default: break;
      /* Initialise RTI interrupt */
      CRGINT = 0x80;
/**********************************
* Function:
              RTI_ISR
* Description:
             Handle RTI ISR
                                      Add one tick to time
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
* Returns:
             none
* Notes:
*****************************
#pragma TRAP PROC
void RTI_ISR( void )
     Time++;
     /* Clear RTI flag */
     CRGFLG = 0x80;
}
* Function:
             Delay
* Description:
            Simple delay routine.
              Delay for n ms
* Returns:
         after n ms
* Notes:
                       Uses real time interrupt function - must be initialised
                                    elsewhere to give 1ms timeouts
********************
void Delay(unsigned int n)
     unsigned int stopTime;
     stopTime = Time+n;
     while (stopTime != Time);
/*****************************
* Function:
             NewNode
* Description: Flash LEDs in sequence low to high.
* Returns: none
* Notes:
void NewNode()
     char i;
     unsigned char strip = 0x01;
     for (i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           PORTB = ~strip;
           Delay(125);
           strip = strip<<1;</pre>
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
}
}
                  ***************
* Function:
             LostNode
* Description:
            Flash LEDs in sequence high to low.
* Returns:
             none
* Notes:
******************************
void LostNode()
     char i;
     unsigned char strip = 0x80;
     for (i = 0; i < 8; i++)
           PORTB = ~strip;
           Delay(125);
           strip = strip>>1;
     }
}
* Function:
             LINActive
            Returns only if master switch has enabled LIN
* Description:
* Returns:
            none
* Notes:
                      Flashes LEDs if LIN is disabled
*****************************
void LINActive()
     /* Check switch position */
  PERJ = 0x40;
  while ((PTJ \& 0x40) == 0)
     NewNode();
     LostNode();
     /* Enable LIN interface */
  PERJ = 0x80;
* Function:
              main
* Description:
            Sends and receives 2 bytes messages periodically
* Returns:
            never return
* Notes:
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
******************************
void main( void )
           int
                                                       i, nodeId;
          unsigned char
                                                                      statusDisplay;
           LINStatusType ret;
          unsigned char idList[16] = \{0x10, 0x11, 0x12, 0x13, 0x18, 0x19, 0x1A, 0x1B, 0x20, 0x21, 0x18, 
0x22, 0x23, 0x28, 0x29, 0x2A, 0x2B};
           char messageList = 16;
          Time = 0;
           /* Initialize driver */
          LIN Init();
           /* Enable LED display */
                     PORTB = 0xFF;
          DDRB = 0xFF;
                      /* Initialise RTI */
                      InitDelay(16000);
           /* Enable interrupt */
#if defined (CW12)
          asm cli;
#endif /* defined (CW12) */
#if defined (COSMIC12)
           asm("cli");
#endif /* defined (COSMIC12) */
                      /* Check/Enable LIN interface */
                      LINActive();
           /* Test message for comms debug */
           MsgSent[0] = 0x55;
          MsgSent[1] = 0xAA;
           /* Update message */
          ret = LIN PutMsg( 0x17, MsgSent );
           /* Send a request for message */
           ret = LIN RequestMsg( 0x17 );
           /* Wait for message processing */
           do
           {
                      ret = LIN DriverStatus();
           while( ret & LIN_STATUS_PENDING );
           /* Check sent message status */
           ret = LIN_MsgStatus( 0x17 );
           if ( ret != LIN OK )
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
{
        ErrCount = 1;
        while(1)
}
/* Schedule Loop */
while(1)
            /* Check/Enable LIN interface */
            LINActive();
            /* Slave received messages - cycle here */
            for (i = 0; i < messageList; i++)</pre>
            /* Send a request for message */
            ret = LIN RequestMsg( idList[i] );
            /* Wait for message processing */
            do
            {
                ret = LIN_DriverStatus();
            while( ret & LIN_STATUS_PENDING );
            /* Check received message status */
            ret = LIN_MsgStatus( idList[i] );
            if ( ret == LIN_OK )
            {
                    /* Read message */
                    ret = LIN GetMsg( idList[i], MsgRcvd );
                             /* Was message found last time? */
                    if (activeList[i] == 0)
                    {
                             /* No so new Id was added */
                             activeList[i] = 1;
                             /*Flash LEDs to indicate new node */
                                              NewNode();
                    }
                            MsgCount++;
                            statusDisplay = MsgRcvd[0] & 0x0F;
                            nodeId = i*16;
                            statusDisplay = statusDisplay + nodeId;
                            PORTB = ~statusDisplay;
                            Delay(480);
            }
            else
                      /* Id not found */
                            /* Was message found last time? */
                    if (activeList[i] == 1)
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

Appendix A Master.h

```
*****************
       Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
               $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.c,v $
* Author:
              $Author: snl $
* Locker:
               $Locker: $
               $State: Exp $
* State:
* Revision:
              $Revision: 1.2 $
* Functions:
              Sample application for S12 LINKits Master Driver.
* History:
               Use the RCS command log to display revision history
               information.
* Description: Header file for master.c.
* Notes:
               Also serves as an example of use for the LIN driver.
******************************
void Delay(unsigned int n);
void LostNode();
void NewNode();
void RTI ISR();
void InitDelay(unsigned int busfreq);
#define
          IOBYTE(address)
                            (*(( volatile unsigned char*) (address)))
          IOWORD (address)
                            (*(( volatile unsigned int*) (address)))
#define
/* Registers undefined in standard LIN drivers */
                     IOBYTE(0x1000)
                                       /* PORTA moved */
#define
          PORTA
                                         /* PORTB moved */
#define
          PORTB
                     IOBYTE(0x1001)
#define DDRA
                     IOBYTE (0x1002)
                                         /* DDRA moved */
#define DDRB
                     IOBYTE(0x1003)
                                         /* DDRB moved */
#define CRGFLG
                     IOBYTE (0x1037)
                                         /* CRGFLG moved */
#define CRGINT
                     IOBYTE(0x1038)
                                         /* CRGINT moved */
#define RTICTL
                                         /* RTICTL moved */
                     IOBYTE(0x103B)
                                         /* PTJ moved */
#define
         PTJ
                     IOBYTE(0x1268)
                                         /* PERJ moved */
#define
        PERJ
                     IOBYTE(0x126C)
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

Appendix B Master.id

```
#ifndef LINMSGID H
#define LINMSGID H
Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
      All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
            $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.id,v $
* Author: $Author: kam $
* Locker:
             $Locker: $
* State:
            $State: Exp $
* Revision:
            $Revision: 1.3 $
* Functions: Message Identifier configuration for LINS12 LINkits Master sample
* History:
             Use the RCS command log to display revision history
             information.
* Description:
* Notes:
#define LIN MSG 17 LIN SEND
/* EY16 Slave IDs */
#define LIN MSG 21 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN_MSG_22 LIN_RECEIVE
#define LIN_MSG_23 LIN_RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 20 LIN RECEIVE
/* GR60 Slave IDs */
#define LIN MSG 29 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 2A LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 2B LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 28 LIN RECEIVE
/* QY4 Slave IDs */
#define LIN MSG 19 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 1A LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN_MSG_1B LIN_RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 18 LIN RECEIVE
/* Reserved Slave IDs */
#define LIN_MSG_11 LIN_RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 12 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 13 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN MSG 10 LIN RECEIVE
#define LIN_MSG_17_LEN
                           2
                                 /* standard length */
#define LIN MSG 21 LEN
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
#define LIN MSG 22 LEN
#define LIN_MSG_23_LEN
#define LIN MSG 20 LEN
#define LIN MSG 29 LEN
                                 2
#define LIN MSG 2A LEN
                                 2
#define LIN MSG 2B LEN
                                 2
#define LIN_MSG_28_LEN
                                 2
#define LIN MSG 19 LEN
                                 2
#define LIN_MSG_1A_LEN
                                 2
#define LIN_MSG_1B_LEN
                                 2
#define LIN MSG 18 LEN
#define LIN MSG 11 LEN
                                 2
#define LIN MSG 12 LEN
#define LIN MSG 13 LEN
                                 2
#define LIN_MSG_10_LEN
#endif /* defined(LINMSGID_H)*/
```

Appendix C Master.cfg

```
#ifndef LINCFG H
#define LINCFG_H
/*************************
      Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
      All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
            $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.cfg,v $
* Author: $Author: kam $
* Locker:
             $Locker: $
* State:
            $State: Exp $
* Revision:
            $Revision: 1.4 $
* Functions: LIN Driver static configuration file for LINS12 LINKits Master sample
* History:
             Use the RCS command log to display revision history
             information.
* Description: Example file that can be modified by the user.
* Notes:
/* CPU bus freq = 8 MHz */
/* SCI (LIN) freq = 9.6 Kbit */
   This definition set the number of user-defined timer clocks
   (LIN IdleClock service calls), recognized as "no-bus-activity"
   condition.
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
This number shall not be greater than OxFFFF.
#define LIN IDLETIMEOUT
                                 100u
        This definition configures the LIN bus baud rate.
        This value shall be set according to target MCU
        SCI register usage.
        MC9S12DP256: the 16-bit value is
    masked by 0x1FFF and put into SCIOBD register;
#define LIN BAUDRATE
                                                   52u
/*
        This definition configures the timer clock rate.
    Only for Master node.
        This value shall be set according to target MCU
        timer prescaler register usage.
        MC9S12DP256: the 8-bit value is
    masked by 0x07 and put into TSCR2 register;
#define LIN_TIMERPRESCALER
                                                   3u
/*
        This definition set the length of one bit transmission
        period on the target MCU.
    Only for Master node.
        Due to 16-bit counters on target MCU this value
        shall not be greater than <code>OxFFFF</code>.
    For correct timeouts computation this value
    shall have qualificator 'l'.
#define LIN BITTIME
                                                       104ul
#endif /* !define (LINCFG H) */
```

Appendix D Vector.c

```
#define VECTOR C
                       ************
       Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
              $RCSfile: vector.c,v $
              $Author: ttz778 $
* Author:
* Locker:
              $Locker: ttz778 $
* State:
              $State: Exp $
* Revision:
              $Revision: 1.0 $
* Functions:
              Vectors table for LINS12 Drivers with Motorola API
 History:
              Use the RCS command log to display revision history
              information.
* Description: This file contains vectors tables for MC9S12DP256 MCU.
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
It used for LIN Drivers with Motorola API.
             The users can add their own vectors into the table,
             but they should not replace LIN Drivers vectors.
* Notes:
             Timer Channel O vector used for Master driver only.
             The following variables shall be defined
             (this is controlled by the compiler option, which in turn is
             to be adjusted in 'makefile' or batch file):
                    C32
                    MASTER or SLAVE
*******************************
extern void LIN ISR SCI Interrupt();
                                           /* SCI interrupt routine
                                                                           */
extern void LIN_ISR_Timer0();
                                           /* Timer channel 0 interrupt routine */
extern void LIN Startup();
                                            /* LIN Startup routine
extern void RTI_ISR();
                                        /* LIN Startup routine
/******************************
   INTERRUPT VECTORS TABLE
   User is able to add another ISR into this table instead NULL pointer.
*****************************
#if !defined(NULL)
#define NULL (0)
#endif /* !defined(NULL) */
#undef LIN VECTF
#if defined(CW12)
#define LIN VECTF
               ( void ( *const near )( ) )
                                          /* Vector table function specifier
#endif /* defined(CW12) */
#if defined(COSMIC12)
#define LIN VECTF ( void *const )
                                          /* Vector table function specifier */
#endif /* defined(COSMIC12) */
#if defined(CW12)
#pragma CONST SEG VECTORS DATA
#endif /* defined(CW12) */
#if defined(CW12)
void near ( * const near _vectab[] )( ) =
#endif /* defined(CW12) */
#if defined(COSMIC12)
void @near ( * const @near _vectab[] )( ) =
#endif /* defined(COSMIC12) */
/************************
#if defined(C32)
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                 /* 0xFF80: Reserved
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                 /* 0xFF82: Reserved
                                                               */
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC9S12C32 Master Software Listings

```
/* 0xFF84: Reserved
  LIN VECTF NULL,
                                                      */
  LIN_VECTF LIN_ISR_Timer0, /* 0xFFEE: Timer Channel 0
dif /* defined(MASTER) */
#if defined(MASTER)
                                                     */
#endif /* defined(MASTER) */
#if defined(SLAVE)
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
LIN VECTF NULL,
                                       /* 0xFFEE: Timer Channel 0
#endif /* defined(SLAVE) */
   LIN VECTF RTI ISR,
                                       /* 0xFFF0: Real Time Interrupt
                                                                           */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                       /* 0xFFF2: IRQ
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                       /* 0xFFF4: XIRO
                                                                           * /
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                       /* 0xFFF6: SWI
                                                                           * /
                                       /* 0xFFF8: instr trap
   LIN VECTF NULL,
    LIN VECTF NULL,
                                       /* 0xFFFA: cop fail
                                       /* 0xFFFC: cop clock fail
   LIN VECTF NULL,
    LIN VECTF LIN Startup,
                                       /* 0xFFFE: Reset
};
#endif /* defined(C32) */
#if defined(CW12)
#pragma CONST SEG DEFAULT
#endif /* defined(CW12) */
```

9 MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Listings

```
/*****************************
         Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc. All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
             $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/slave/slave.c,v $
* Author:
             $Author: snl $
* Locker:
             $Locker: $
* State:
             $State: Exp $
             $Revision: 1.2 $
* Revision:
             Sample application for LIN08EY16 LINKits Slave Driver
 Functions:
* History:
             Use the RCS command log to display revision history
             information.
 Function:
             Slave supplies a 2-byte response with a selectable ID.
             The data in the lower nibble of the first byte is the
             hexadecimal number displayed on the 4 LEDs. This number
             can be incremented using the button on port A, bit 4.
             The default ID is $29 with $2A, $2B & $28 selectable
             using an ID comfiguration mode. This mode is entered by
             holding the button down for 3 seconds. After this the
             LEDs flash and display the ID (0:29, 1:2A, 2:2B, 3:28).
             Pressing the button in this mode increments the ID.
             After three seconds of no activity on the button, the
             mode returns to normal.
       *******************
#pragma DATA_SEG SHORT _DATA_ZEROPAGE
/****************************
    Includes, defines, globals and function prototypes
*******************************
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Listings

```
#include "slave.h"
#include <linapi.h>
                                             /* 13.3ms x (4+1) = 67ms
#define debounce 4
                                                                       */
#define modecount 224
                                             /* 13.3ms x (224+1) = 3s
unsigned char data = 1;
unsigned char ID = 0;
unsigned char key last;
unsigned char count;
unsigned char mode;
unsigned char LIN data[2];
int keycount;
void Read button (void);
void LED display (void);
void LIN response (void);
/****************************
    Function name: Main
    Originator: P. Topping
    Date: 18th June 2003 *
Function: Loop at 75Hz. Switch off if no LIN activity for 5s (375). *
*************************
void main (void)
   CONFIG1 = 0x01;
                                             /* dissable COP
                                             /* slow clock for TBM
   CONFIG2 = 0x45;
                                             /* ICG nominal 19.6608 MHz */
   ICGMR = 64;
   DDRA = 0x00;
                                             /* button on A4
                                             /* LEDS on B0-3, LPI on B5 */
   DDRB = 0x3F;
                                             /* MCLK on C2 [tick on B4 */
   DDRC = 0x80;
   PTB = 0x20;
                                             /* enable MC33399 LPI
                                                                      */
   TBCR = 0x20;
                                             /* / by 262144 for 75Hz @ */
   TBCR = 0x22;
                                             /* 19.661MHz & enable TBM */
   ICGTR = 158;
                                             /* insert trim value here */
   asm cli;
                                             /* enable interrupts
   LIN Init();
                                             /* initialise LIN drivers */
while (1)
   if (TBCR & 0x80)
                                            /* is TBM flag set?
                                                                       */
       TBCR = 0x08;
                                             /* yes, clear it
                                                                       */
       LIN IdleClock ();
                                            /* check for LIN activity */
       if (LIN_DriverStatus () != 0x01)
                                            /* bus idle for 375 trys ? */
       {
          PTB &= \sim (0x20);
                                             /* yes, power down MCU
       }
       count++;
                                             /* used for LED flashing
                                                                      */
                                             /* toggle tick output
       PTB ^{=} 0x10;
                                                                       */
                                             /* read button on PTA4
                                                                       */
       Read button ();
       LED display ();
                                             /* update LEDs on PTB0-3
                                                                       */
       LIN response ();
                                             /* send LIN response msg. */
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
}
    Function name: Read_button
                   P. Topping
    Originator:
    Date:
                   19th June 2003
    Function:
                   The port line is read and its level compared with what
                   it was the previous time through the loop. If it is the
                   same, the counter "keycount" is used for debounce (80ms)
                   and to decide if the same state has been present long
                   enough (3 seconds) for a mode change. In each mode the
                   appropriate increment (data or ID) takes place.
                   If the switch status changes the counter is reset.
        ***********************
void Read_button (void)
unsigned char key;
   key = PTA \& 0x10;
                                                /* read button on A4
                                                                          * /
   if (key == key last)
                                               /* same as last time ?
       if (keycount == debounce)
                                              /* yes, (debounce + 2)th ? */
           if (key == 0)
                                               /* yes, key pressed ?
               if (mode)
                                               /* yes, ID mode ?
                                                                          */
                   ID++;
                                               /* yes, increment ID
                   if (ID == 4) ID = 0;
                                               /* wrap round from 3 to 0 */
               else
                                               /* no, normal mode
                                                                          */
                                              /* increment data
                   data++;
                   if (data == 16) data = 1;
                                              /* wrapping from 15 to 1
           keycount ++;
                                               /* prevents re-entry
                                                                          */
       else if (keycount < modecount)</pre>
                                              /* prevents wraparound
           keycount ++;
       if (keycount == modecount)
                                              /* time for modechange ?
           if (key == 0)
                                              /* yes, key pressed ?
                                                                          */
           {
              mode = 1;
                                               /* yes, change to ID mode */
           else
                                               /* no, not pressed
                                                                          */
                                               /* so back to normal mode */
              mode = 0;
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

MC68HC908EY16 Slave Software Listings

```
}
  }
  else
     keycount = 0;
                                  /* no, different, so reset */
                                   /* count and save status */
     key_last = key;
}
/*****************************
   Function name: LED_display
   Originator: P. Topping
   Date:
             19th June 2003
            According to mode the LEDs display the 4-bit data field
   Function:
              or the flashing ID (0:21, 1:22, 2:23, 3:20).
*******************************
void LED_display (void)
  if (mode)
  {
     if (count & 0x08)
        }
     else
                                  /* ID mode flash, LEDs off */
        PTB &= 0xF0;
  }
  else
                                   /* normal mode so
     }
/*****************************
   Function name: LIN_response
   Originator: P. Topping
   Date:
             19th June 2003
   Function:
            According to ID (0:21, 1:22, 2:23, 3:20), a 2-byte
              response field is sent using "data" for the lower nibble *
              of the first byte. All the other bits are zero.
 *****************************
void LIN_response (void)
  LIN data[0] = data;
  LIN_data[1] = 0;
  switch (ID)
     case 0:
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
LIN PutMsg (0x21, LIN data);
                                             /* LIN response to ID21
       break;
       case 1:
       LIN_PutMsg (0x22, LIN_data);
                                            /* LIN response to ID22
       break;
       case 2:
       LIN PutMsg (0x23, LIN data);
                                            /* LIN response to ID23
       break;
       case 3:
       LIN PutMsg (0x20, LIN data);
                                           /* LIN response to ID20
       break;
}
               LIN_Command
* Function:
               User call-back. Called by the driver after transmission or
* Description:
                reception of the Master Request Command Frame (ID: 0x3C).
*******************************
void LIN Command()
   while(1)
```

10 HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
/*******************************
      Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
      All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
            $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.c,v $
* Author: $Author: snl $
            $Locker: $
* Locker:
* State:
           $State: Exp $
* Revision:
            $Revision: 1.2 $
* Functions:
            Sample application for 08EY16 LINKits Slave Driver.
            Use the RCS command log to display revision history
* History:
             information.
* Description: Header file for slave.c.
            Also serves as an example of use for the LIN driver.
 ************************
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
void
                 Read button (void);
void
                 LED_display (void);
void
                 LIN response (void);
void
                 LIN Command (void);
void
                 Dummy_ISR( void );
                                      (*(( volatile unsigned char*) (address)))
#define
                 IOBYTE(address)
#define
                 IOWORD(address)
                                      (*(( volatile unsigned int*) (address)))
/* Registers undefined in standard LIN drivers */
                                                     /* PORT A */
#define
                 РТА
                              IOBYTE(0x0000)
#define
                 PTB
                                  IOBYTE (0x0001)
                                                     /* PORT B */
#define
                 PTC
                                  IOBYTE (0x0002)
                                                    /* PORT C */
#define
                 PTD
                                  IOBYTE(0x0003)
                                                    /* PORT D */
#define
                 PTE
                                  IOBYTE (0x0008)
                                                     /* PORT E */
#define
                 DDRA
                                  IOBYTE (0x0004)
                                                     /* DDR A */
                                                     /* DDR B */
#define
                 DDRB
                                  IOBYTE (0x0005)
#define
                                                     /* DDR C */
                 DDRC
                                  IOBYTE(0x0006)
#define
                 DDRD
                                  IOBYTE (0x0007)
                                                     /* DDR D */
#define
                 DDRE
                                  IOBYTE (0x000A)
                                                     /* DDR E */
#define
                 SCBR
                              IOBYTE (0x0016)
#define
                              IOBYTE (0x0017)
                 SCPSC
#define
                 CONFIG1
                              IOBYTE (0x001F)
#define
                 CONFIG2
                              IOBYTE (0x001E)
#define
                 TBCR
                              IOBYTE (0x001C)
#define
                          IOBYTE (0x0020)
            TASC
#define
            TACNTH
                          IOBYTE (0x0021)
#define
            TACNTL
                          IOBYTE (0x0022)
#define
            TAMODH
                          IOBYTE (0x0023)
#define
            TAMODL
                         IOBYTE (0x0024)
#define
            TASC0
                         IOBYTE (0x0025)
#define
            TACH0H
                          IOBYTE (0x0026)
#define
            TACHOL
                         IOBYTE (0x0027)
                         IOBYTE (0x0028)
#define
            TASC1
#define
            TACH1H
                          IOBYTE (0x0029)
#define
            TACH1L
                         IOBYTE (0x002A)
#define
            TBSC
                          IOBYTE (0x002B)
#define
            TBCNTH
                          IOBYTE (0x002C)
#define
            TBCNTL
                          IOBYTE (0x002D)
#define
            TBMODH
                          IOBYTE (0x002E)
#define
            TBMODL
                          IOBYTE (0x002F)
#define
            TBSC0
                          IOBYTE (0x0030)
#define
            TBCH0H
                          IOBYTE (0x0031)
#define
            TBCH0L
                          IOBYTE (0x0032)
#define
            TBSC1
                          IOBYTE (0x0033)
#define
            TBCH1H
                          IOBYTE (0x0034)
#define
            TBCH1L
                         IOBYTE (0x0035)
#define ICGCR
               IOBYTE(0x0036)
#define ICGMR
               IOBYTE (0x0037)
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

```
#define ICGTR IOBYTE(0x0038)
#define DDIV IOBYTE(0x0039)
#define DSTG IOBYTE(0x003A)
```

Appendix E Slave.id (LIN Message ID File)

```
#ifndef LINMSGID H
#define LINMSGID H
/*********************************
       Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
             $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc12star/sample/master/master.id,v $
* Author:
             $Author: kam $
* Locker:
             $Locker: $
* State:
             $State: Exp $
             $Revision: 1.3 $
* Revision:
* Functions:
            Message Identifier configuration for LIN08 LINkits Slave sample
* History:
              Use the RCS command log to display revision history
              information.
* Description:
* Notes:
**************************
#define LIN_MSG_20 LIN_SEND_UPDATED
#define LIN_MSG_21 LIN_SEND_UPDATED
#define LIN MSG 22 LIN SEND UPDATED
#define LIN MSG 23 LIN SEND UPDATED
                          /* non-standard length */
#define LIN_MSG_20_LEN 2
#define LIN MSG 21 LEN 2
                            /* non-standard length */
#define LIN_MSG_22 LEN 2
                            /* non-standard length */
#define LIN MSG 23 LEN 2
                            /* non-standard length */
#endif /* defined(LINMSGID_H)*/
```

Appendix F Slave.cfg (LIN Configuration File)

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
* Filename:
              $RCSfile:
/net/sdt/vault-rte/cvsroot/lin/release/hc08/sample/master/master.cfg,v $
* Author:
              $Author: kam $
* Locker:
              $Locker: $
* State:
              $State: Exp $
* Revision:
              $Revision: 1.12 $
* Functions: LIN Driver static configuration file for LIN08 LINkitsMaster sample
* History:
              Use the RCS command log to display revision history
               information.
 Description: It is allowed to modify by the user.
* Notes:
***********************
/* External MCU frequency = 8.000MHz */
/* SCI Baud rate
                         = 9600
/* This definition configures the ESCI Prescaler divide ratio
#define LIN_SCIPRESCALER
                                  0x60u
                                                /* divide by 4 */
/* This definition configures the LIN bus baud rate. This value
                                                               */
/* shall be set according to target MCU SCI register usage.
                                                                */
/* HC08EY16: the 8-bit SCBR value will be masked by 0x37.
                                                                */
/* The following numbers assume that the ESCI prescaller = 4
                                                               */
/* Selects 9600 baud for a nominal 2.4576 MHz clock (ICGMR=32)
//#define LIN BAUDRATE
                               0x00u
/* Selects 9600 baud for a nominal 4.9152 MHz clock (ICGMR=64)
#define LIN BAUDRATE
                              0x01u
/* Enable ESCI (fractional divide prescaler) baudrate synch.
                                                               */
#define LIN SYNC SLAVE
/* The following numbers assume that the ESCI prescaller = 1
                                                                */
/* Selects 9600 baud rate if using a 4.9152MHz crystal
//#define LIN BAUDRATE
                                0x03u
/* Selects 9600 baud rate if using an 8.000MHz crystal
//#define LIN BAUDRATE
                                0x30u
/* Selects 9600 baud rate if using a 16.000MHz crystal
                                                               */
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

Appendix G #define VECTOR_C

```
Copyright (C) 2003 Motorola, Inc.
       All Rights Reserved
 Filename:
              RCSfile: \\\Zuk07fil02\\8_16BitMCU\\Strategic\040Mktg_Sys\\RCS\\
                           D\\Projects\\CW\\LIN08EY16 src\\hc08\\vector.c,v $
* Author:
              $Author: ttz778 $
* Locker:
              $Locker: $
* State:
              $State: Exp $
* Revision:
             $Revision: 1.0 $
* Functions:
             Vectors table for LIN08EY16 Drivers
* History:
              Use the RCS command log to display revision history
              information.
             Vector table and node's startup for HC08.
* Description:
              The users can add their own vectors into the table,
              but they should not replace LIN Drivers vectors.
 Notes:
              1. The only one of the following variables may be defined, while
                 all others are undefined. This is controlled by the compiler
                 option, which in turn is to be adjusted in 'makefile' or batch
                 file:
                     HC08EY16
******************************
#if defined(HC08EY16)
extern void LIN ISR SCI Receive();
                                  /* ESCI receive ISR
                                                                 */
extern void LIN_ISR_SCI_Error();
                                   /* ESCI error ISR
extern void TimerA0();
                                   /* Timer Module A Channel 0 ISR
                                  /* Timer Module A Channel 1 ISR
extern void TimerA1();
                                  /* Timer Module B Overflow ISR
// extern void TimerB();
                                                                * /
// extern void BREAK Command();
                                  /* SWI ISR
                                                                * /
#endif /* defined(HC08EY16) */
NODE STARTUP
   By default compiler startup routine is called.
   User is able to replace this by any other routine.
*****************************
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
#if defined(CW08)
                    _Startup
#define Node Startup
                                  /* CW08 compiler startup routine declaration */
extern void Startup();
#endif /* defined(CW08) */
#if defined(COSMIC08)
#define Node_Startup
                    _stext
extern void _stext();
                                  /* Cosmic compiler startup routine declaration */
#endif /* defined(COSMIC08) */
/********************************
   INTERRUPT VECTORS TABLE
   User is able to add another ISR into this table instead NULL pointer.
#if !defined(NULL)
#define NULL
             (0)
#endif /* !defined(NULL) */
#undef LIN VECTF
#if defined(CW08)
#define LIN_VECTF ( void ( *const ) ( ) )
#pragma CONST_SEG VECTORS_DATA
                                      /* vectors segment declaration */
void (* const _vectab[])( ) =
#endif /* defined(CW08) */
#if defined(COSMIC08)
#define LIN_VECTF (void *const)
void *const _vectab[] =
#endif /* defined(COSMICO8) */
#if defined(HC08EY16)
```

LINkits LIN Evaluation Boards, Rev. 2

32

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HC08EY16.h (Register Definitions for the MC68HC908EY16)

```
/******************************
/*
                                                                        */
/*
                              HC08EY16
                                                                        */
/*
       These vectors are appropriate for the 2L31N mask set of the
                                                                        * /
       MC68HC908EY16 and all subsequent versions.
                                                                        * /
                                                                        */
       Older mask sets, e.g. 0L38H, 1L38H, 0L31N and 1L31N had a fault
                                                                        */
/*
       in their interrupt vector table and hence in the priorities.
                                                                        */
/*
      For these older mask sets the order of the SCI vectors was:
                                                                        */
                                                                        */
     SCI_Error_ISR,
SCI_Transmit_ISR,
                                          // 0xFFE6 ESCI error
                                                                        * /
/*
                                          // 0xFFE8 ESCI transmit
                                                                       */
/*
     SCI_Receive_ISR,
                                          // 0xFFEA ESCI receive
                                                                        */
/*
                                                                        */
/*
     All other vectors are unchanged.
                                                                        */
                                                                        */
/*****************************
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                           /* 0xFFDC Timebase
                                          /* OxFFDC Timebase
/* OxFFDE SPI transmit
/* OxFFEO SPI receive
   LIN VECTF NULL,
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                                                       * /
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFE2 ADC
                                                                       * /
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFE4 Keyboard
                                     /* (used for Master node only)*/
/* 0xFFF6 B33-
#if defined(MASTER)
   LIN_VECTF LIN_ISR_SCI_Transmit,
                                         /* 0xFFE6 ESCI transmit */
#endif /* defined(MASTER) */
#if defined(SLAVE)
                                         /* 0xFFE6 ESCI transmit
   LIN VECTF NULL,
#endif /* defined(SLAVE) */
   LIN_VECTF LIN_ISR_SCI_Receive, /* 0xFFE8 ESCI receive
LIN_VECTF LIN_ISR_SCI_Error, /* 0xFFEA ESCI error
                                                                       */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFEC TIMER B overflow */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFEE TIMER B channel 1 */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFF0 TIMER B channel 0 */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFF2 TIMER A overflow */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFF4 TIMER A channel 1 */
   LIN_VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFF6 TIMER A channel 0 */
   LIN VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFF8 CMIREQ
                                                                       * /
   LIN_VECTF NULL,
                                          /* 0xFFFA IRQ
                                                                       */
                                          /* 0xFFFC SWI
// LIN VECTF BREAK Command,
                                                                       */
                                          /* 0xFFFC SWI
/* 0xFFFE RESET
   LIN VECTF NULL,
   LIN VECTF Node Startup
};
#endif /* defined(HC08EY16) */
#if defined(CW08)
#pragma CONST SEG DEFAULT
#endif /* defined(CW08) */
```

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33

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