Washington Laboratories, Ltd. **Designing for Success**

Product Safety Compliance

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Overview

 North American Requirements
 European Requirements
 Product Safety Hazards
 Product Safety Design Guidelines for 60950-1 and 61010-1

North American Safety Requirements

- **Product Liability**
- Threat of Product Liability Lawsuits
- **Customer demands**
 - Contractual Requirements

Legal requirements

- Occupational Safety and Health Agency (OSHA) (CFR 1910.399) for workplace safety
- National Electric Code: NEC requires listing of products connected to telephone lines
- Local Laws. Enforced by local authorities
- Canadian Provincial Laws
- Mexican Product Safety Requirements



North American Safety Requirements Routes to Conformance



USA

- Underwriters Laboratories, Inc. (UL)

- NRTL: Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratories accredited by OHSA (TUV, NTS, etc)

Canada

- CSA
- c-UL
- c-NRTL (cTUV)

Mexico - NOM

UL Standards (a short list)



UL 60950-1*: Information Technology Equipment (formerly UL1950)

UL 6500*: Audio-Video Products and Accessories

(formerly UL1492 and UL1409)

UL 60601-1: Medical Electrical Equipment (former UL 2601-1)

UL 508: Industrial Control Equipment UL61010A-1: Lab equipment

(formerly UL3101-1)

* WLL is in the UL CAP Engineering Program for these standards



European Safety Requirements

- New Approach Directives
 - Self-Certification
 - Technical Construction File
- > Evidence of conformity to essential requirements
 - EMC and Safety
- Intended for Market Inspectors
- Documentation to support the use of the CE Marking is required.
- Manufacturer Affixes CE Mark
- Notified Body Required for some products



European Safety Requirements Routes to Conformance

Self declare by using CE Mark
 Use CE Mark with a competent body review

Obtain TUV, VDE, or other European safety approval mark in addition to CE Mark



Member States

Austria Luxembourg The Netherlands Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom Ireland Italy Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Greece



New members coming.....

Norway Iceland Lichenstein **Czech Republic** Cyprus Estonia Latvia

Hungary Lithuania Malta Poland Slovakia Slovenia



Low Voltage Directive

- Has been around since 1973 recently amended (1993) to include the use of the CE Marking.
- For products intended for connection to Mains voltages between 50 and 1000V~.
- Generally for household products, office or laboratory equipment NOT for machinery or medical products.
- For products where hazards are primarily electrical in nature.
- Documented internal QUALITY ASSURANCE required.



Low Voltage Directive Common Standards

Information Technology Equipment EN60950

Laboratory Equipment EN61010

≻Audio Video Equipment EN60065

Household Appliances EN60335



Other Common Directives

- <u>RTTE Directive:</u> For products connecting to the telephone network or containing radio transmitters. Requirements for the Low Voltage Directive apply without minimum voltage limitations.
- General Product Safety Directive: "Catch all" directive stating that all products must be safe.
- Machinery Directive: For devices with hazards primarily mechanical in nature.
- Medical Devices Directive: For Medical Devices.

NEW APPROACH DIRECTIVES





Other Directives based on New Approach



-Interoperability of trans-European high speed rail system (96/48/EC)

- -Energy Efficiency requirements (96/57/EC) -Marine Equipment (96/98/EC) Amended by 98/85/EC
- -Interoperability of trans-European conventional rail system (2001/16/EC)
- -Transportable pressure equipment (1999/36/EC)
- -Noise emission in the environment by equipment for use outdoors(2000/14/EC)
- -Energy efficiency requirements for ballasts for fluorescent lighting (2000/55/EC)

What is a TF ?



A Technical File (TF) brings together all required elements to show compliance with applied standards and incorporates the items outlined in the directive.

The TF is a neat, organized, professionally prepared report which will be accepted by any authority in Europe

The TF should make the product as understandable as possible to a third-party not familiar with the product



The TF includes...

A Test Report

- A clause-by-clause description of how the product complies with the requirements
- Or why a particular requirement does not apply.

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The TF includes...

A Critical Component List (CCL)

- CCL identifies all components related to product safety
- Lists the manufacturer, part number, approvals, and ratings
- Must be a link to agency certificates(TUV,VDE, UL), manufacturer's declarations of conformity, or test data to back up the claims of compliance.
- NOTE: There MUST be a Specifications and Certification/Declaration or Test Data for every component in the CCL.

The TF includes...



Drawings, schematics, and parts list

- All items relevant to Product Safety should be available
- Must be clear and legible and correspond with the sample identification

 Block Diagram is very useful to quickly illustrate a product's electrical interconnections.

The TF includes...



Specifications

- Provide design and performance criteriamay not indicate the safety related limits or ratings
- Should be available for every component listed in the CCL
 - Used to verify proper application of the relevant parts only when the information does not appear on an official document (agency certificate, mDOC).

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AXIAL LEAD AND CARTRIDGE FUSES 124 Littelfuse



DESIGNED TO IEC STANDARD

5 x 20 mm Time Lag Fuse (Slo-Blo® Type Fuse)

- Designed to International (IEC) Standards for use globally.
 Meets the IEC 60127-2, Sheet 3 specification for Time Lag Fuses.
- · Available in Cartridge and Axial Lead Form.
- · Available in ratings of 0.032 to 10 amperes.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS:

% of Ampere Rating	Ampere Rating	Opening Time	
150%	.032100	60 minutes, Minimum	
	.125-6.3	60 minutes, Minimum	
210%	.032100	2 minutes, Maximum	
	.125-6.3	2 minutes, Maximum	
275%	.032100	0.2 sec., Min.; 10 sec. Max.	
	.125-6.3	0.6 sec., Min.; 10 sec. Max.	
400%	.032100	.04 sec., Min.; 3 sec. Max.	
	.125-6.3	.15 sec., Min.; 3 sec. Max.	
1000%	.032100	.01 sec., Min.; 0.3 sec. Max.	
	.125-6.3	0.02 sec., Min.; 0.3 sec. Max.	

AGENCY APPROVALS: Sheet III IEC 60127-2.* SEMKO, VDE approved thru 6.3 amps. BSI approved 0.08-6.3 amps. Recognized under the Components Program of Underwriters Laboratories and recognized by CSA. 0213 series MITI approved 1-5A.

VOLTAGE RATING: 250 VAC

INTERRUPTING RATINGS: 35 amperes or 10 x rated current; whichever is greater.

ORDERING INFORMATION:

For axial leaded change 218 to 228 and 213 to 223.

218/228		213/223 Surge Withstand				
Ampere Rating	Cartridge Catalog Number	Nominal Resistance Cold Ohmns	Nominal Melting Pt A'Sec.	Cartridge Catalog Number	Nominal Resistance Cold Ohms	Nominal Melting Pt A ³ Sec.
.032	218.032	58.45	0.00305	-		-
.040	218.040	35.70	0.0055	-	-	-
.050	218.050	23.30	0.0071	-	-	-
.063	218.063	18.1	0.012	-	_	_
.080	218.080	12.6	0.0265	-		-
.100	218.100	8.95	0.0495	-	4 4	_
.125	218.125	4.41	0.150	-	-	
.160	218,160	2.44	0.225	-	-	-
.200	218,200	1.60	0.350	0213.200	1.60	0.350
.250	218,250	1.05	0,555	0213.250	1.05	0.555
.315	218.315	0.848	1.14	0213.315	0.848	1.14
.400	218.400	0.535	1.35	0213,400	0.535	1.35
.500	218.500	0.370	2.90	0213.500	0.370	2.90
.630	218,630	0.275	4.80	0213,630	0.275	4.80
.800	218,800	0.073	1.99	0213.800	0,165	9,42
1	218 001	0.055	3.33	0213 001.	0.117	19.20
1.25	218 1.25	0.042	5.80	0213 1.25	0.081	27.15
1.6	218 01.6	0.032	10.61	0213 01.6	0.055	44.2
2	218 002	0.029	14.80	0213 002.	0.044	92.7
2.5	218 02.5	0.022	23,85	0213 02.5	0.030	138.0
3.15	218 3.15	0.017	39,20	0213 3.15	0.022	226.5
4	218 004	0.013	70,95	0213 004.	0.017	202
5	218 005	0.010	114.0	0213 005.	0.011	314
6.3	218 06.3	0.0075	204.0	0213 06.3	0.08	600
8	218 008	0.0059	350.5	_	_	-
10	218 010	0.0045	583.0	-	-	-
15	218 015	0.0030	1441.0			





Please contact Littelfuse for Average Time Current Curve for 213/223 surge withstand.

1 228 and 223 Series are used for North American ordering.

* IEC Standards for 5 x 20 fuses do not include ratings above 6.3A, but are under consideration.

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Spec Sheet Example



The TF includes...

Declarations and Certifications

- Are required for verifying compliance of components used in the systems
- mDOCs should be properly formatted and contain the correct part number (traceable back to the specification and CCL listing)
- Certifications should have the correct part number (traceable back to the specification and CCL listing) and the standards applied

		2.#3	
Ce	rtif	i c a t e	TÜV
Power-One, I	nc.		PRODUCT SERVICE
740 Calle Pla Camarillo, CA USA	no A 93012-8593		
with production fa 24238 24258 242	iclity(ies) 260 36080		
is authorized to la	bel the following products v	vith the	
as shown in the c	certification ma ertification mark list. See al	rk E20 so notes overleaf.	
Product:	Netzgeräte AC / DC Switching Pow	ver Supply	
Model:	MAP40-1005 MAP55 Series		
Parameters:	Rated Input Voltage: Rated Frequency: Rated Input Current: Rated Output Voltage: Rated Output Current: Protection Class: Degree of Protection	100 - 240 V AC 50 / 60 Hz 2 A See Attachment See Attachment I (at end-use) IPXO	
	Remarks: When installing mentioned star See attachmen	the equipment, all requirements of the ndard must be met. t 1 for additional information.	below
The product meet (report no.: SI1053	s the relevant safety require	ements and was tested according to	
EN 60950:2000 IEC 60950:1999			
Released with the the Product Certifi	above certificate number b cation Body of TÜV AMERI	Y TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE, ICA INC.	distant.
R - (B 97 01 2423	8 091)	F. Hence	l
Department:	SDGMIC/HP	Date: 09/20/01	



Certificate Example Example

The second
Road
TIFICATE
T + CEF
STIFIKA

TÜV PRODUCT SERVICE, INC · Danvers · MA · www.tuvglobal.com

The TF also includes...



Installation/User/Service Instructions

Photographs

Copy of the Declaration of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity



Application of Council Directive (s):

89/336/EEC, 72/23/EEC

Standard(s) to which Conformity is Declared: EN55022, EN60950

> COMPANY NAME ADDRESS

(EU Representative's Name) (EU Representative's Address)

EQUIPMENT DESCRIPTION

MODEL NUMBER

(Year of Manufacture)

I, the undersigned, hereby declare that the equipment specified above conforms to the above Directive(s) and Standard(s).

(Full Name, Title)

Manufacture's Name: Manufacture's Address:

Importer's Name:

Importer's Address:

Type of Equipment:

Year of Manufacturer:

Model Number:

(Signature)

(Date)

Anatomy of a Technical File



Product Safety Hazards addressed in 60950-1 and 61010-1



- Electric Shock
- Energy
- ≻ Fire
- Mechanical
- Radiation
- Thermal

Electric Shock Hazards:

- High voltage at low frequency can travel through the heart and cause ventricular fibrillation.
- Higher frequencies can cause burns.
- Voltages above 30Vrms or 60Vdc considered hazardous.



Energy Hazards:

- High current at low voltage can cause insulation or other parts to ignite and start a fire.
- Excessive current can cause metal parts to fragment, creating a physical hazard from shrapnel.





Fire Hazards:

Excessive temperatures can ignite materials inside the equipment or in close proximity to external surfaces.

Beside the danger of the fire itself, the release of toxic gases is a concern.







Mechanical Hazards:

- Moving parts.
- Expelled parts.
- Motor overspeed.



- Locked rotors or motor shafts.
- Sharp edges.

- **Radiation Hazards:**
- Ultraviolet.
- Laser.
- Sonic (audible noise)
- Ionizing.

Damage to the components in the equipment must be considered in addition to hazards to the operator or service personnel.





Thermal Hazards:

Excessive external temperatures may cause burns.

High temperatures may start a fire or degrade insulation.





Product Safety Design Guidelines for 60950-1 and 61010-1



- Design and Construction Requirements
- Labeling and Markings
- Instructions Manuals
- Language
- Wiring and Connection to the supply
- Resistance to Fire and control of spread of fire
- Connection to Telecommunications Network

Design Requirements



Protection against electric shock and energy hazards:

The OPERATOR can not touch bare or inadequately insulated parts at hazardous voltage or energy levels.

Hazardous Voltage Level is typically >30Vrms, 42.4Vpeak, or 60VDC.

Hazardous energy is typically >240VA or 8A

Protection may provided via insulation, guarding or interlocking.

What is Insulation?



Separation between two parts (creepage or clearance distance)





Insulation Types

Functional / Operational Insulation (DC input to ground)

Basic Insulation (Primary to Ground, TNV to Ground, TNV to SELV)

Reinforced Insulation (Primary to Secondary)



Reinforced Insulation Example



Spacings



- Determine insulation required for your circuit.
- Determine maximum working voltage for your circuit.
- Go to tables in standard and determine required creepage and clearance distances.
- Maintain these distances in your design.



Creepage



Creepage = distance between two points along the surface

Creepage is measured on 1:1 artwork or on a blank board

Locations of circuits determined by reviewing schematics



Clearance

Clearance = distance between two points through the air

Clearance is measured on a populated sample

Abnormal Operation



"None of the following conditions shall create a hazard within the meaning of the Standard:"

- Fan Fail
- Transformer Overload
- Component Short- and Open-circuits
- Failure of unapproved Thermal Limiting device.
- Locked Rotor.
- and others, depending upon equipment.

Labeling and Marking



- Rated voltage, current or power, frequency
- Manufacturer's name or registered trademark.
- Model or type number.
- Fuse replacement info (if applicable).
- > IEC symbols wherever possible.
- Warnings and Cautions appropriate for the particular equipment.





User Instructions



- Installation Instructions information regarding mounting, connection to the supply, ventilation, input ratings, etc.
- All information regarding use, cleaning, maintenance (if necessary).
- > All safety warnings and cautions.
- Restricted Access Location statement if applicable.
- Rack Mount instructions.
- Instructions for Racks.

Language



- Safety-related' information to be in appropriate language.
- Service Instructions may be in English.
- Many times, the entire User Manual must be translated (for specific market areas, dependent on intended end-user, etc).

Wiring and connection to the supply

- Protective Earth -
- PE conductor must be green/yellow or bare insulation conductor
- PE connections must be double secured so that both the wire and insulation are crimped
- IEC PE symbol shall be marked adjacent to PE stud
- PE conductor shall connect to chassis directly from input (inlet, terminal block, etc).
- PE conductor must be secured with washer and locknut.
- > Additional PE conductors can be secured to PE stud with a second washer and locknut.









Wiring and connection to the supply – Primary Wiring -



- All AC wires shall be double secured. Double securement can be met by:
 - Double crimp connector or Single crimp connector and cable tie or Single crimp connector and shrink sleeving.
- AC wiring shall be rated for the maximum working voltage and current.
- AC wiring shall be isolated from low voltage wiring or low voltage parts, this can be accomplished by: Shrink sleeving the AC conductors or By routing the AC conductors away from low voltage wires and securing with cable ties or By using UL1015 Reinforced Insulation wire.

Resistance to fire and control of fire spreading



Flammability of enclosure, internal, and external parts Flammability ratings

5VA 5VB V0 V1 V2 HB40 HB75

Resistance to fire and control of spread of fire

60950-1 Fire enclosure openings shall be: Top and side openings shall be: less than 5mm in any dimension or less than 1mm in width regardless of length or meet the 5° projection rule. There shall be no bottom openings (some exceptions allowed but difficult to meet)



Methods for Meeting Fire Requirements in 61010-1

Requirement: There shall be no spread of fire outside the equipment in Normal or Single Fault Conditions.

Methods of Compliance:

- A: Testing in single fault conditions
- B: Reducing sources of ignition within the equipment

C: Containing fire within the equipment should it occur

Electrical Enclosure



<u>60950-1</u>

Even if fire enclosure is not required an electrical enclosure is required for hazardous parts.

Electrical enclosure openings shall:

- be less than 5mm in any dimension or
- be less than 1mm in width regardless of length or
- meet the 5° projection rule or
- not allow access to hazardous parts via the test finger or test pin.



Electrical Enclosure

61010-1

Not allow access to hazardous parts via the test finger or test pin.

Test pin 4mm diameter and 100mm long shall not contact hazardous parts when suspended vertically.

Connection to Telecommunications Networks (60950-1)



- TNV-1: Within SELV limits, but subject to overvoltages (goes outside the building). T1, T3, DS1, DS3, etc.
- TNV-2: Exceeds SELV voltages, but not subject to overvoltages (does not leave the building). Unit which generates a ringing signal to connect to a local phone.
- TNV-3: Exceeds SELV limits and is subject to overvoltages (goes outside the building). Port that connects to the PSTN.

Overvoltage Tests – see flowchart in UL60950-1



- > 600V 40A 1.5s Not required if 26AWG cord is specified
- 600V 7A 5s
- 600V 2.2A 30 minutes
- 600V 135% fuse rating 30 minutes (if fuse blows during 2.2A test, the fuse is bypassed and repeated at this level)
- V at 2.2A or 135% fuse rating 30 minutes (if MOV rated to conduct at >285V, test is repeated at voltage just below conduction voltage)
- All overvoltage tests are conducted in Metallic (tip to ring) and Longitudinal (Tip and Ring to ground) modes. If unit does not have a ground connection, then only metallic mode is performed.
- All overvoltage tests are conducted in both On-hook and Offhook modes (therefore unit must be able to stay off-hook for 30 minutes)

Overvoltage Test Example





Overvoltage Test Example





Common Non-compliances Discovered During Safety Evaluations

- Not using European approved components (requires additional testing)
- CE marked components meet EMC requirements only, not safety (requires additional testing).
- Inadequate Labeling (Warning labels don't use IEC symbols, no voltage ratings, no Protective Earth labels, etc.)
- Overcurrent protection not provided (Fuses, circuit breakers, etc.)





Common Non-Compliances Continued

- > Improper Primary Wire Connection Methods
- Improper Protective Earth Connection Methods
- Not providing adequate documentation (schematics, wiring diagrams, manuals, parts lists, etc.)
- Not considering Creepage / Clearance requirements (Requires re-designing circuit boards)

Washington Laboratories, Ltd.



- Help you select the proper Directives and Standards to apply to your product.
- Evaluate your product to the appropriate Safety Standard and offer solutions for noncompliances.
- Provide product design assistance.
- Assist in obtaining UL or NRTL, c-UL or c-NRTL, GS Mark, and other approvals.
- WLL is approved under the UL CAP Program for UL60950 and UL6500.
- WLL is a Partner Test Lab for TUV Rheinland of North America for 60950, 61010, and 60065



Washington Laboratories, Ltd.

Give us a call or send us info about your product - we're here to help!

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