

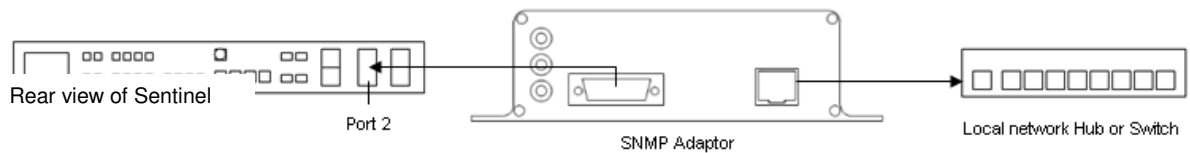
PowerShield SNMP Adaptor

This manual describes the setup and operation of the PowerShield SNMP adaptor for the Sentinel battery monitoring system

1. Connecting the SNMP Adaptor

The adaptor must be connected to a PowerShield battery monitoring system that has strings already configured and properly working. The SNMP adaptor cannot monitor a system with strings that are “INVALID” or don’t exist.

a) The SNMP adaptor must be connected to PORT2 of the Sentinel using a null modem serial cable and to the local Ethernet network using a patch network cable. These connections are located on the front panel of the adaptor.



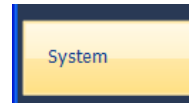
b) The device needs to be powered with a regulated 5V DC supply. This connection is located on the rear of the adaptor.



The power supply must be 5V DC. The centre pin is positive.

2. Configuring the SNMP Adaptor

The PowerShield SNMP adaptor is configured using PowerShield Configuration software. To edit the configuration you will need to be using Config with 'Installer' level access. The required configurations as detailed by the following instructions are located in the 'System' area of Config.



Configuration Part 1

Check that 'PORT 2' of the Sentinel is enabled. For the SNMP adaptor to function the status must be "Installed" and the Card Type must be "SNMP Interface Card" as shown in the picture below.

The screenshot shows the 'Port 2 Modbus' configuration page in the PowerShield Configuration software. The interface has a dark blue header with navigation tabs: System, Monitors, Communications, SNMP, Port 2 Modbus (highlighted), and Diagnostic. The main content area is light blue and contains several sections:

- Monitor Port 2 settings:** A section with a title bar. It contains the following fields:
 - Status: **Installed**
 - Card Type: **SNMP Interface Card**
 - Protocol: **Modbus ASCII** (dropdown menu)
 - Baud rate: **9600** (dropdown menu)
 - Flow control: **None** (dropdown menu)
 - Modbus Address: **1** (text input field)
- Recovery count:** A section with a title bar. It contains:
 - Count: **0** (text input field) and a **Clear** button.
 - Last recovery: **--** (text input field)
- Test:** A section with a title bar. It contains:
 - Test description: "Test is a read sitename by reading 16 input registers (Type 4) at address 0002."
 - Receive time: **20-Oct-10 10:51:53**
 - Transmit time: **20-Oct-10 10:51:53**
 - A **Clear** button.
 - A **Refresh** button with a circular arrow icon.
- Show Port 2 tester:** A large button at the bottom of the configuration area.

Configuration Part 2

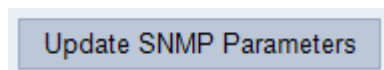
The parameters of the SNMP adaptor must be specified. These parameters are located under the 'SNMP' tab.



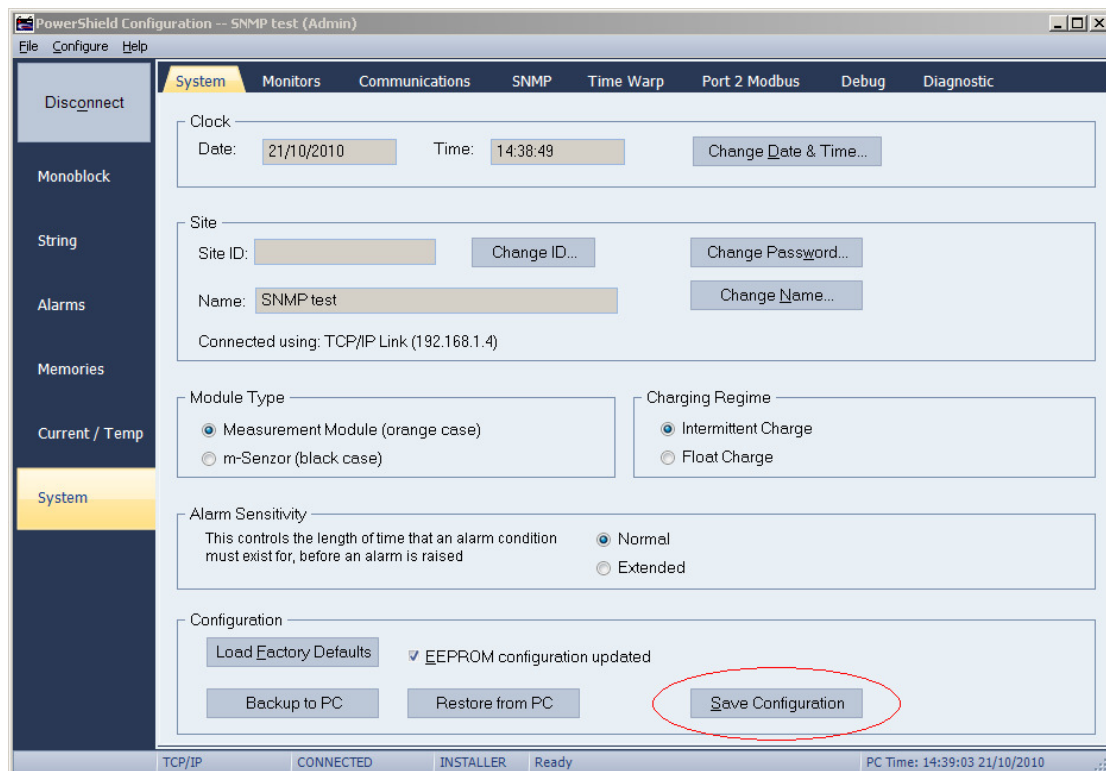
Enter the parameters with values that are **specific** to your organization. You may need to contact your system administrator to obtain a dedicated IP address for the adaptor. The image below shows an **example** set of parameters only.

Enable DHCP	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	System location:	Battery monitor
IP Address:	<input type="text"/>	Read-only Community	public
Subnet mask:	<input type="text"/>	Write Community:	private
Gateway:	<input type="text"/>	Trap Community:	public
		Trap Destination IP:	192.168.1.127

Once completed, the parameters need to be saved. This can be achieved by clicking on the 'Update SNMP Parameters' button as shown in the picture below.



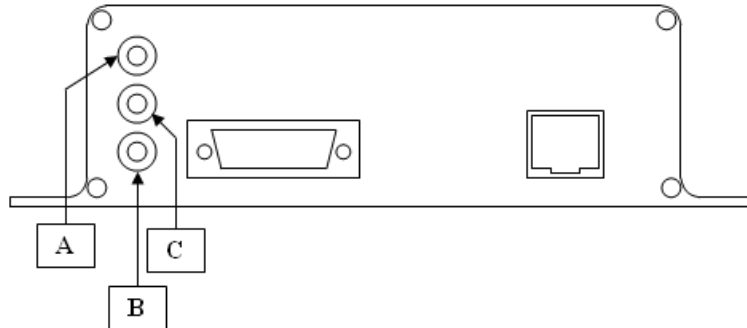
Then press the 'Save Configuration' button on the 'System' tab.



Once the parameters have been saved, the SNMP adaptor will need to be restarted for the new parameters to take effect.

3. Operation

Ensure that the SNMP adaptor is powered, connected to the Sentinel and configured from within Config. The adaptor should now be operational. Operation is indicated by the LEDs on the SNMP adaptor.

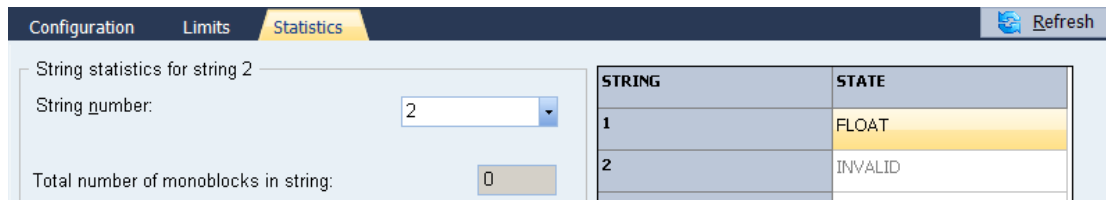


Connector	Type	Description
A	Monitor Online LED	Indicates the adaptor is connected and communicating with the Sentinel
B	Power LED	Indicates the device is powered and turned on
C	Status LED	Flashes at regular intervals to indicate the adaptor is operating.

Ensure that the ‘Power LED’ and the ‘Monitor Online LED’ are on and the ‘Status LED’ is constantly flashing. Note that it may take up to 30 seconds after the SNMP adaptor has been switched on before the LED’s display this state. If the ‘Monitor Online LED’ failed to switch on, there is either a problem with the serial connection from the Sentinel to the SNMP adaptor or ‘Port 2’ of the Sentinel is not configured. If the later is the case, please consult ‘Configuration Part 1’ of this manual.

When the SNMP adaptor starts, it will fetch a list of valid strings. Any string labelled as “Invalid”, at the time the SNMP adaptor starts, will not be monitored. If there are no strings configured, or all strings have an “Invalid” state the adaptor will reset and try again. It will continue to do this until there are valid strings present.

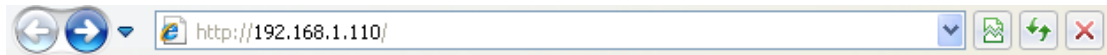
In the scenario presented by the following image, String 2 is labelled as “INVALID” and will not be monitored.



String states can be confirmed under the “Statistics” tab of the “String” page in Config.

4. SNMP Monitoring

The PowerShield Sentinel MIB files need to be downloaded and compiled. The MIB file can be located by browsing to the SNMP adaptor using your web browser. Type the IP address into the address bar. The IP address is the same address as specified in the SNMP configuration parameters as shown in the “Configuring the SNMP adaptor” section of this manual.



The following webpage should be displayed.



Save the “MONITOR.MIB” file to your computer.

Installing the MIB file

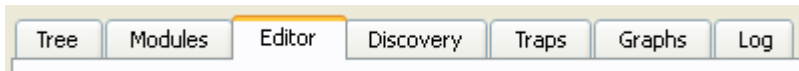
The process of compiling and installing the MIB file will be specific to the SNMP management software you are using.

5. SNMP Monitoring using SNMPB

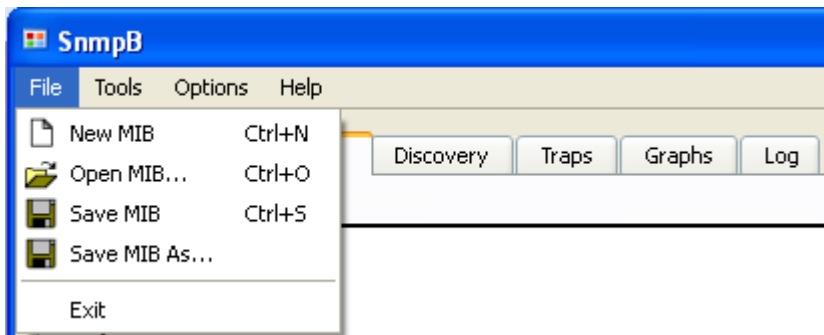
If you do not have existing SNMP monitoring software you may wish to use a free solution such as SNMPB. This can be obtained from <http://sourceforge.net/projects/snmpb/> or the SNMP adaptor itself, located on the same webpage as the MIB file.

The following instructions are specific to SNMPB software.

- 1) Download, install then run SNMPB
- 2) Select the “Editor” tab.



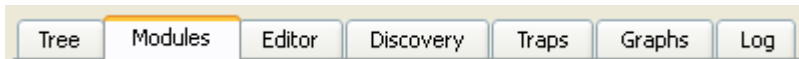
- 3) Select “Open MIB...” from the file menu. Locate and select the PowerShield B1001 MIB file provided with the adaptor.



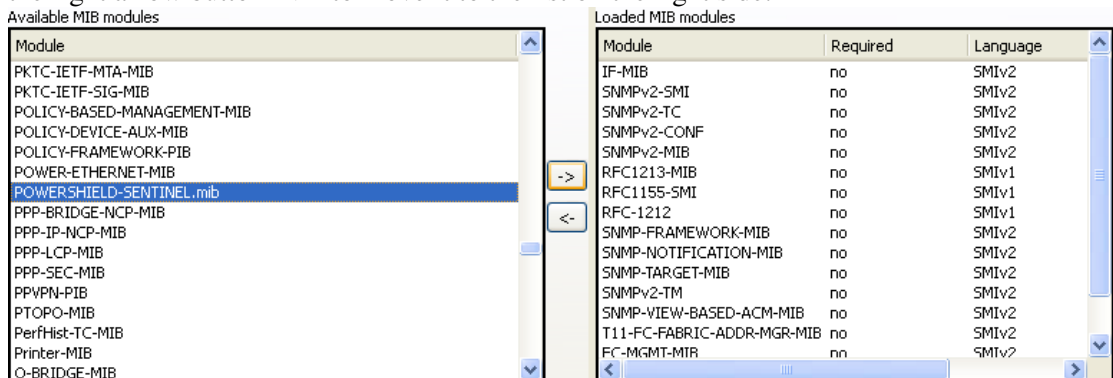
- 4) Select “Save MIB As...” from the file menu. Save the MIB file to the “mibs” folder of SNMPB. Use the filename “POWERSHIELD-SENTINEL.mib”.

- 5) Close then Reopen the SNMPB program.

- 6) Select the “Modules” tab.









- 7) Scroll down the list then locate and select “POWERSHIELD-SENTINEL.mib”. Click the right arrow button “->” to move it to the list on the right side.



You are now ready to use SNMPB to monitor the PowerShield Sentinel.

6. Troubleshooting

The status may only display intermittently on the LEDs, stop then after a short delay, display again. The Orange LED will flash and not remain constantly on.

Symptom	Led	Solution
Not Working	  	The SNMP adaptor is failing to communicate with the Sentinel. Check the "SNMP Interface Card" is detected under the "Port 2 Modbus" Tab in settings. If it is, confirm it is working with the "Port 2 Tester".
Not Working + "ColdStart" traps being received.	  	<p>The SNMP adaptor is communicating, but it can not detect any strings, so it restarts thus sending another "ColdStart" trap.</p> <p>In the "Statistics" tab under "Strings", ensure that there are strings present and that no strings have an "Invalid" state.</p>

Specifications

The PowerShield SNMP adaptor is an addition to the Sentinel battery monitoring system. It supports SNMP V1 and V2C and provides monitoring for the following parameters.

Traps/Informs
Monoblock voltage - charge / discharge
Monoblock voltage – float
Monoblock voltage – variation
Monoblock voltage – idle
String voltage - Charge / Discharge
String voltage – Float
Charge Current
Discharge Current
Float Current
String mode – Charge
String mode – Discharge
String mode – Float
String mode – Idle
Module failure
Battery monitor offline
Memory format
Memory Full
Long term memory low
Long term memory full
String ambient
Monitored mains
Comms notification
Input Alarm
String Information
String Number
First Monoblock Number
Last Monoblock Number
String State
String Voltage
String Temperature
String Current
Time of the last string update
Monoblock Information
Monoblock Number
String Number
Voltage
Temperature
*Impedance
Time of the last monoblock update

*For impedance systems only