

The background is a complex, abstract composition of various shades of blue. It features a faint, stylized world map in the upper right quadrant, overlaid with a grid of small dots. The overall design is composed of numerous overlapping, semi-transparent geometric shapes, including triangles and polygons, which create a sense of depth and movement. The lighting is soft, with some areas appearing brighter than others, giving the impression of a digital or technological environment.

DYNAMIX VC2-M/S (CO&CPE)

Router

USER'S MANUAL

VDSL2 Point to Point Solution

VDSL2 (Very-High-Bit-Rate Digital Subscriber Line 2, ITU-T G.993.2 Standard) is an access technology that exploits the existing infrastructure of copper wires that were originally deployed for POTS services. It can be deployed from central offices, from fibre-fed cabinets located near the customer premises or within buildings.

ITU-T G.993.2 VDSL2 is the newest and most advanced standard of DSL broadband wireline communications. Designed to support the wide deployment of Triple Play services such as voice, video, data, high definition television (HDTV) and interactive gaming. VDSL2 enables operators and carriers to gradually, flexibly and cost efficient upgrade on existing xDSL-infrastructure.

ITU-T G.993.2 (VDSL2) is an enhancement to G.993.1 VDSL that permits the transmission of asymmetric and symmetric (Full-Duplex) aggregate data rates up to 200 Mbit/s on twisted pairs using a bandwidth up to 30 MHz.

VDSL2 deteriorates quickly from a theoretical maximum of 200 Mbit/s (Full-Duplex) at “source” to 100 Mbps at 0.3 km (symmetric) and 50 Mbps at 1 km, but degrades at a much slower rate from there and still outperforms VDSL. Starting from 1.6 km its performance is equal to ADSL2+.

Caution:

The product is for **indoor** applications only. We do not recommend for harsh environments. If user insist to install it for industrial applications (-20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F ~ 158°F)), please do not use the included commercial-grade power supply. Please use of industrial-grade power supply for industrial applications.

Safety Warnings

For your safety, be sure to read and follow all warning notices and instructions before device use.

- ◆ **DO NOT** open the device or unit. Opening or removing covers can expose you to dangerous high voltage points or other risks. ONLY qualified service personnel can service the device. Please contact your vendor for further information.
- ◆ **Use ONLY** the dedicated power supply for your device. Connect the power cord or power adaptor to the right supply voltage (110V AC in North America or 230V AC in Europe).
- ◆ **DO NOT** use the device if the power supply is damaged as it might cause electrocution. If the power supply is damaged, remove it from the power outlet. DO NOT attempt to repair the power supply. Contact your local vendor to order a new power supply.
- ◆ **Place** connecting cables carefully so that no one will step on them or stumble over them. DO NOT allow anything to rest on the power cord and do NOT locate the product where anyone can work on the power cord.
- ◆ **DO NOT** install nor use your device during a thoudersstorm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- ◆ **DO NOT** expose your device to dampness, dust or corrosive liquids.
- ◆ **DO NOT** use this product near water, for example, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- ◆ **Connect ONLY** suitable accessories to the device.
- ◆ **Make sure** to connect the cables to the correct ports.
- ◆ **DO NOT** obstruct the device ventilation slots, as insufficient airflow may harm your device.
- ◆ **DO NOT** store things on the device.
- ◆ **DO NOT** use the device for outdoor applications, and make sure all the commections are indoors. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- ◆ **Be careful** when unplugging the power, because the transformer may be very hot.
- ◆ **Keep** the device and all its parts and accessories out of children's reach.
- ◆ **Clean** the device using a soft and dry cloth rather than liquid or atomizers. Power off the equipment before cleansing it.
- ◆ This product is **recyclable**. Dispose of it properly.

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Chapter 1. Unpacking Information

1.1 Check List

Carefully unpack the package and check its contents against the checklist.

Package Contents

- Dynamix VC-2M/S (VDSL2 for CO router or VDSL2 for CPE router)
- 2 x rubber feet (Pre-installed on the bottom)
- 1 x CD User's Manual
- 1 x AC to DC 12V Power Adapter
- 1 x RJ-45 cable
- 1 x RJ-11 cable

Note1:

Please inform your dealer immediately for any missing or damaged parts.

If possible, retain the carton including the original packing materials.

Use them to repack the unit in case there is a need to return for repair.

Note2:

1. Do not use sub-standard power supply, connect the power supply in device before be sure to check compliance with specifications. Dynamix VC2-M/S Router of the power supply at least use DC12V/1A.
2. Power supply included in package is commercial-grade. Do not use in industrial-grade applications.

Chapter 2. Complete Installation

2.1 Hardware Installation

This chapter describes how to install the Dynamix VC2-M/S Router and establishes network connections. This may install the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router on any level surface (e.g, a table or shelf). However, please take note of the following minimum site requirements before you begin.

2.2 Pre-installation Requirements

Before the start actual hardware installation, make sure to provide the right operating environment, including power requirements, sufficient physical space and proximity to other network devices that are to be connected. Verify the following installation requirement:

- Power requirements: DC12V/1A or above.
- The Dynamix VC2-M/S Router should be located in a cool dry place, with at least 10cm(4in) of space at the front and back for well ventilation.
- Place the Dynamix VC2-M/S Router away from direct sunlight, heat sources, or areas with a high amount of electromagnetic interference.
- Check if network cables and connectors needed for installation are available
- Do Not install phone lines strapped together with AC power lines, or telephone office line with voice signal.
- Avoid installing this device radio amplifying station nearby or transformer station nearby.
- Please note VDSL2 Router internal splitter, can pass through voice spectrum is 0KHz ~ 120KHz.

2.3 General Rules

Before making any connections to the Dynamix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router, note the following rules:

- **Ethernet Port (RJ-45)**

All network connections to the Router Ethernet port must be made using Category 5 UTP for 100Mbps;

Category 3, 4 UTP for 10Mbps

No more than 100 meters of cabling may be use between the MUX or HUB and an end node.

- **Phone Port (RJ-11)**

All Phone set connections to the RJ-11 Port must use **24~26** Gauge with twisted pair phone wiring.

- We **do not recommend using 28 gauge** or above phone line.

2.4 Dynamix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router Connections

The VDSL2 CO/CPE Router can be controlled by a PC. For this purpose, a PC is needed with an Ethernet network interface and a RS-232(D-SUB 9Pin) serial interface. Two programs are required: A Web browser is mandatory and a terminal program should be available optionally.

The board has several connectors.

- 4 x Ethernet RJ-45 jack; the Auto MDIX feature of the port switches automatically between MDI and MDI-X (MDI – X = Media Dependant Interface - Crossover). Therefore straight Ethernet cables can be used.
- 2 x RJ-11 jack (Line port is for VDSL client side connection to Line interface, Phone port is for connection to phone set or FAX machine).
- 1 x Console port (access monitoring to operating system for firmware downloads, starting drivers and etc.)
- 1 x Power Supply (as described above)

VDSL2 CO/CPE router leverages extraordinary bandwidth promise of VDSL2(Max. 100Mbps symmetric) technology

VDSL2 CO Router

VDSL2 CPE Router

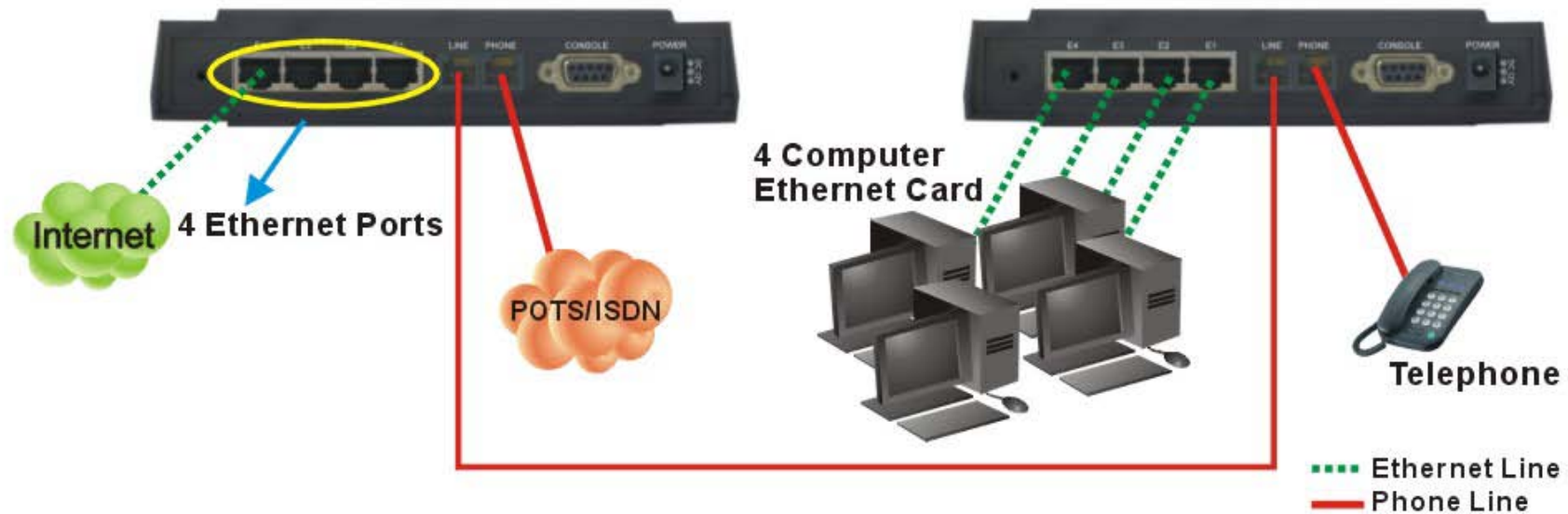


Figure 2.4 VDSL2 Basic Setup

Chapter 3. Hardware Description

This section describes the important parts of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. It features the front indicators and rear connectors.



VDSL2 CO ROUTER Outlook



VDSL2 CPE ROUTER Outlook

3.1 Front Panel

The following figure shows the front panel.



Figure 3.1.1 VDSL2 CO ROUTER / VDSL2 CPE ROUTER

3.2 Six LED indicators

At a quick glance of the front panel, it will be easy to tell if the router has power signal from its Ethernet RJ-45 port or there is phone line signal RJ-11port

3.3 Front Indicators

The following table describes the LEDs.

LEDs	Color	Status	Descriptions
PWR(Power)	Green	On(Steady)	The device is receiving the power and functioning properly.
		Off	The device is not ready or has malfunctioned.
E1~E4 (LAN)	Green	On(Steady)	The device has a good Ethernet connection.
		Blinking	The device is sending or receiving data or has malfunctioned.
		Off	The LAN is not connected or has malfunctioned.
LINK / WAN (VDSL2 LINK)	Green	On(Steady)	The Internet or network connection is up.
		Blinking	The device is sending or receiving data.
		Off	The Internet or network connection is down or has malfunctioned.

Note:

Two Routers connection may take within 3 minutes is normal, due to VDSL2 CO/CPE ROUTER to establish a link mechanism is auto-negotiation, with detects and calculate CO and CPE both PBO and PSD level as well as noise leveland other argument etc. for getting a better connection.

3.4 Rear Panel

The following figure shows the rear connectors

Figure 3.4 Rear Connectors



VDSL2 CO/CPE Router Rear Connectors

Connectors	Type	Description
Line	RJ-11	For connecting to the VDSL2 Router Using a RJ-11 cable
Phone	RJ-11	For connecting to the POTS equipment or ISDN router
E1~E4	RJ-45	For connecting to a Ethernet equipped device
Console	RS-232	For connecting to PC with RS-232 serial port over a D-SUB Cable

3.5 Power On

Check the adapter is properly connected.

Verify the power LED is steadily on.

Chapter 4. Configure the Dynamix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router Via Web Browser

The Dynmaix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router provides a built-in HTML based management interface that allow user configure the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router via Internet Browser. Best viewed at using the Internet Explorer or Firefox and set screen resolution at 1024 x 768.

In order to use the web browser configure the device, you may need to allow:

- Web browser pop-up windows from your device. Web pop-up blocking is enabled by default in windows XP SP2 or above.
- JavaScripts. (Enabled by default)
- Java permissions. (Enabled by default)

Launch your web browser and input the IP address [192.168.16.249](#) (Dynamix VC2-M CO Router) or [192.168.16.250](#) (Dynamix VC2-M CPE Router) in the Web page.

4.1 Login

The default password is "**admin**". The password is changeable in Administrator Settings.

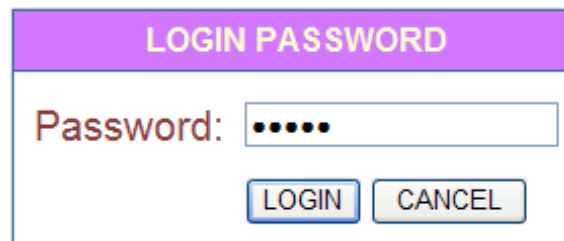
A screenshot of a web browser login dialog box. The dialog has a purple header bar with the text "LOGIN PASSWORD" in white. Below the header, the word "Password:" is displayed in a brown font. To the right of the text is a white text input field containing five black dots. Below the input field are two buttons: "LOGIN" and "CANCEL", both with blue borders and light blue backgrounds.

Figure 4.1 Login

4.2 Select the Menu Level

There is an easy Setup Wizard for end users at the VDSL2 CPE Router and an Advanced Setup for more detail configurations. This manual attaches importance to the Advanced Setup.





Figure 4.2 Select the Advanced Setup in the Entry Screen

4.3 Select Advanced Setup

Select the Advanced Setup. The menu below will be used frequently. As an exercise and an example now the IP address will be set.

VDSL2

CO Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

[Home](#) | [Logout](#)

Advanced Setup

The VDSL2 CO Modem supports advanced functions like hacker attackdetection, client filtering, virtual servers, specialapplication access, and a virtual DMZ host.

Netsys recommends you keep the default settings.

VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

Advanced Setup

The VDSL2 CPE Modem supports advanced functions like hacker attack detection, client filtering, virtual servers, special application access, and a virtual DMZ host.

Figure 4.3 Advanced Setup

Note:

The settings in the following [Chapter 4.4](#) only need to be performed in order to change LAN settings. Such a change may be necessary when connecting the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router to a new control PC and/or in order to turn the IP address changed via a shell command into a default address for the next restart of the board.

4.4 Select LAN

The menu below will not be used very often, but when connecting the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router to a new control PC, one may want to go through the following steps in order to make the IP address previously set by ifconfig in the console or on some later occasion one may want to change it again without using the console then the menu below will be helpful. In order to set the IP address, click on “LAN Settings”.

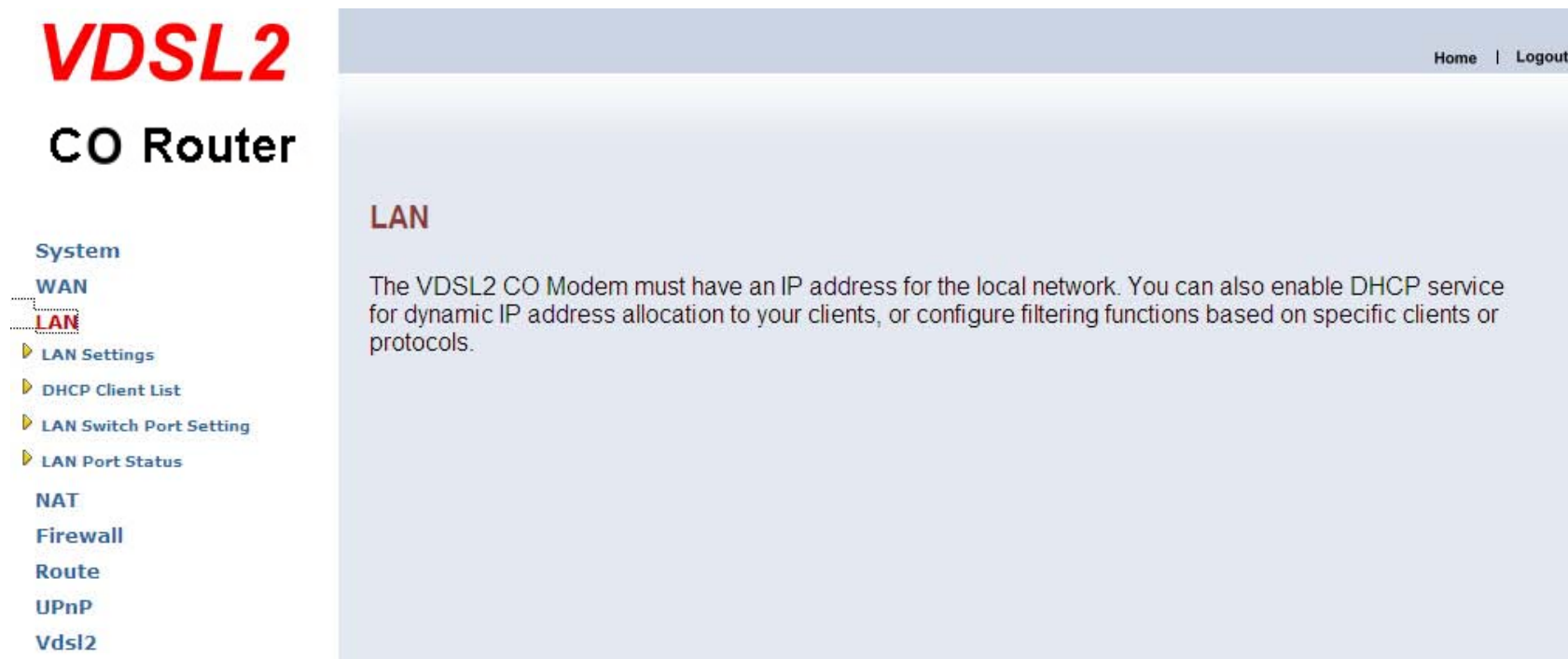


Figure 4.4 LAN menu

4.4.1 Select LAN Settings and set the IP Address

The form below is used to change the IP address of the LAN port “adm0” in the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.

The proposed IP address is either the default address of adm0 or it is the address changed by an ifconfig command via the shell running in the terminal. The Subnet Mask display can be ignored. In case the DHCP checkbox is checked, some additional data and options will be on display (see [Chapter 8.2.5.1](#)). The DHCP server is not required to work with VDSL2 in a lab environment. It recommend to uncheck the box if it is not unchecked already.

VDSL2

CO Router

System
WAN
LAN
 ▶ LAN Settings
 ▶ DHCP Client List
 ▶ LAN Switch Port Setting
 ▶ LAN Port Status
NAT
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Home | Logout

LAN Settings

You can enable DHCP to dynamically allocate IP addresses to your client PCs.

IP Address	192.168.16.249
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
The Gateway acts as DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
IP Pool Starting Address	192.168.16.2
IP Pool Ending Address	192.168.16.254
Lease Time	Half hour
Local Domain Name	<input type="text"/> (optional)

HELP APPLY CANCEL

VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

▶ LAN Settings

▶ DHCP Client List

▶ LAN Switch Port Setting

▶ LAN Port Status

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

Home | Logout

LAN Settings

You can enable DHCP to dynamically allocate IP addresses to your client PCs.

IP Address	<input type="text" value="192"/> <input type="text" value="168"/> <input type="text" value="16"/> <input type="text" value="250"/>
Subnet Mask	<input type="text" value="255.255.255.0"/>
The Gateway acts as DHCP Server	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable
IP Pool Starting Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.16."/> <input type="text" value="2"/>
IP Pool Ending Address	<input type="text" value="192.168.16."/> <input type="text" value="254"/>
Lease Time	<input type="text" value="Half hour"/> ▼
Local Domain Name	<input type="text"/> (optional)





Figure 4.4.1 LAN Settings

Now the IP address either may be changed or left as it is. If it has been changed in the form or after it has been changed through console ifconfig command, it needs to be “APPLY” in order to make the displayed IP address new default address.

4.4.2 Restart the Settings Dialog

After the “APPLY” button has been hit, the displayed IP address “adm0” port will be stored in a non volatile memory on the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. Also, the Ethernet link between the control PC and the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router will be re-initialized – even if the IP address has not been changed. Refresh the display of the HTTP browser running on the control PC and login again.

A screenshot of a web-based login dialog box. The dialog has a purple header bar with the text "LOGIN PASSWORD" in white. Below the header, the word "Password:" is displayed in a dark red font, followed by a white text input field. At the bottom of the dialog, there are two buttons: "LOGIN" and "CANCEL", both with black text and a thin black border.

Figure 4.4.2 Login Password

The VDSL2 CO/CPE Router is ready to be controlled by the control PC now.

Chapter 5. Configure the Dynamix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router via Console

5.1 Setup on Hyperterminal

Open the Hyperterminal and set the baud rate to 115200, 8N1N to properly set the hyperterminal.

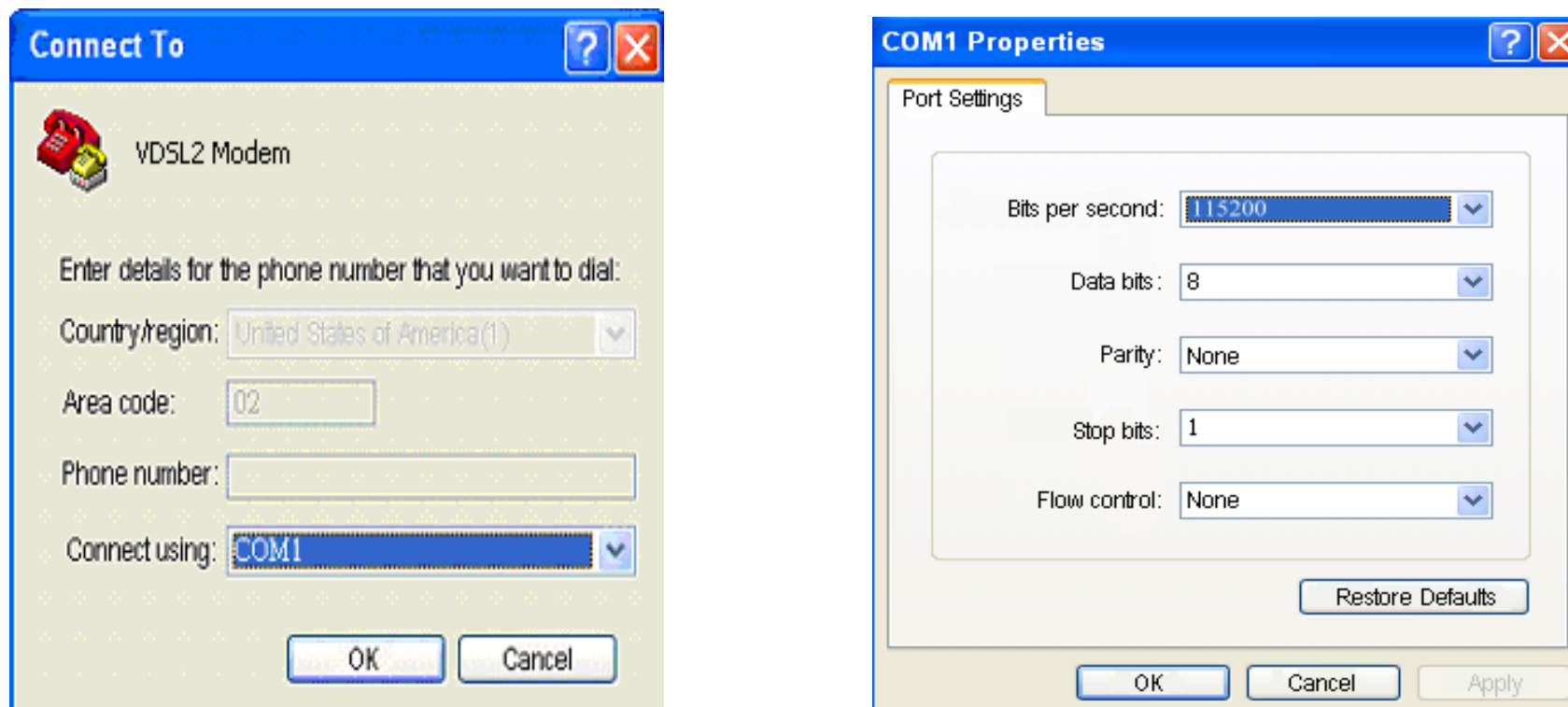


Figure 5 Hyperterminal Configuration

If the VDSL2 Router has been powered up already you will see a prompt by hitting the ENTER key. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 5.2](#)

```
nReturn=0 nLine=0
nReturn=0 nData="A173 0000 0002 000E2040 "
done
VDSL2 post init done

FW:                v9.7.3.11.0.2
DSL-API:           v2.0.12
DFE-Drv:           v0.1.4.8
WEB-Interface:     vB.2
-----
Addr: 1200007c, value: bfffffff

BusyBox v1.00 (2006.05.29-14:43+0000) Built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.
/ # _
```

Figure 5.2 Command Line

Note:

As you may identify from the commands above Industrial VDSL2 Router is a Linux based device. Many of the common Linux commands can be used here. However, please consider that you purchased a VDSL2 router device, not a PC. And always keep in mind that provider gives you support for configuring a standard VDSL2 router. If you try to use the VDSL2 router as a Linux hardware platform and modify its internal software structure, there is no support or warranty on the unit.

5.2 Check IP via CLI command

At the CLI command, write the command “ifconfig” to show the VDSL2 ip of web ui. Following screen is the VDSL2 CO ROUTER, the VDSL2 CPE ROUTER looks very similar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 5.3](#)

```
BusyBox v1.00 (2006.05.29-14:43+0000) Built-in shell (ash)
Enter 'help' for a list of built-in commands.

/ # ifconfig
adm0      Link encap:Ethernet  HWaddr 00:05:6E:02:00:00
          inet addr:192.168.16.217  Bcast:192.168.16.255  Mask:255.255.255.0
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST  MTU:1500  Metric:1
          RX packets:159 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:100
          RX bytes:13616 (13.2 KiB)  TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)
          Interrupt:9

lo        Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1  Mask:255.0.0.0
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING  MTU:16436  Metric:1
          RX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:0 (0.0 B)  TX bytes:0 (0.0 B)

/ #
```

Figure 5.3 ifconfig

Note:

You can use the serial Interface to configure an IP address by this command:

ifconfig adm0 <ipadress> netmask <subnetmask> (Example: ifconfig adm0 192.168.16.217 netmask 255.255.255.0)

This configuration is activated immediately but is only temporary because not stored in flash memory. We recommend you continue configuring by Web method.

5.3 Reset the system to default configuration

At the CLI command, write the command “**rawaccess -e**” to reset the system to default configuration. For it to take effect write the command “**reboot**” to restart the system. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 5.4](#)

```
/ # rawaccess -e
rawdev opened!
(raw acs)ioctl: RAWDRV_IOCRESFLASH
/ # reboot_
```

Figure 5.4 Reset to default via CLI command

Chapter 6. Building a VDSL2 System

First a quick overview on a complete setup of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.

VDSL2 CO/CPE is a Router leverages the extraordinary bandwidth promise of VDSL2 (max 100Mbps Symmetric) technology

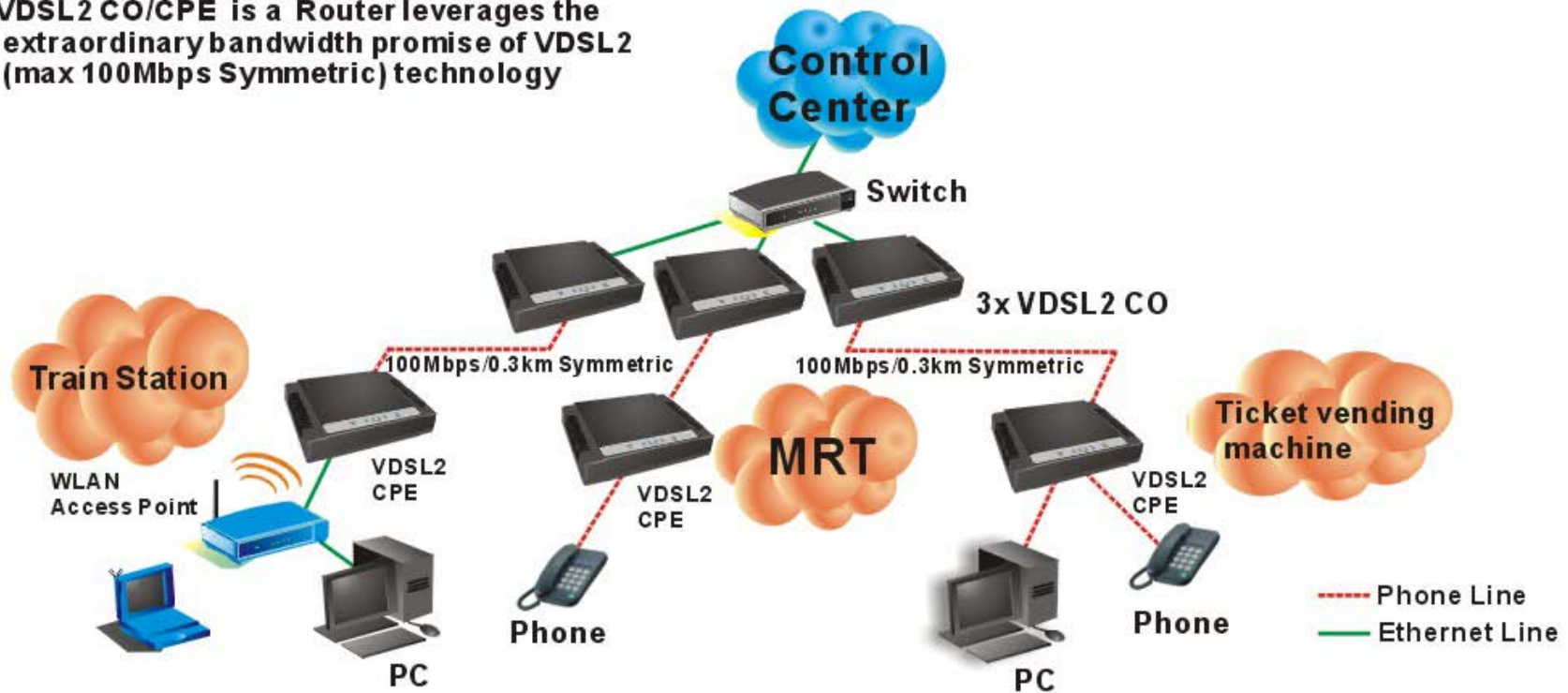


Figure 6 VDSL2 Application

6.1 Connect the VDSL2 CO and CPE ROUTER to the Line

The objective for VDSL2 is to pass high speed data over a twisted pair cable. In the setup, connects VDSL2 CO Router to VDSL2 CPE Router through phone wire or line simulator or any other hardware representation of a cable network, with or without noise injection and crosstalk simulations.

6.2 Connect the VDSL2 CO and CPE ROUTER to LAN Devices

In the setup, usually an Ethernet tester serves as representation of the LAN side as well as representation of the WAN side.

6.3 Run Demos and Tests

The Ethernet tester may send data downstream as well as upstream. It also receives the data in order to check the integrity of the data transmission. Different data rates can be tested under different line conditions.

Chapter 7. Operating the VDSL2 System

After the VDSL2 system has been set up, one may want to configure the settings that are related to VDSL2. Configuration of operation modes, test modes (loop back) and the display of status information are supported by GUI (Graphical User Interface).

7.1 Configuration Settings

Configure and start the VDSL2 CO Router (CO) and the VDSL2 CPE Router (CPE).

- Configuration: As a minimum configuration, usually selecting the bandplan is required.
See [Chapter 7.1.3, Profile Configuration](#).
- Next, both sides should be activated from the web interface.
See [Chapter 7.1.6, Line Activation](#)
- The connection status of the link can be monitored.
See [Chapter 7.2.1, Line Status](#)

7.1.1 Channel Configuration

This function is for setting VDSL2 channel.

The screenshot displays the 'VDSL2' configuration page for a 'CO Router'. On the left, a sidebar lists various configuration categories: System, WAN, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Route, UPnP, Vdsl2, Channel Config, Line Config, Profile Config, LoopBack, Activate/Deactivate, Line Status, Channel Status, Version Info, SNR Graph, and Bits Graph. The 'Channel Config' option is selected. The main content area is titled 'Channel Config' and includes a subtitle 'Configuration of line per bearer basis.' Below this, there are five configuration fields: 'Channel Number' (a dropdown menu set to 'Channel0'), 'Direction' (a dropdown menu set to 'Upstream'), 'Min Data Rate' (a text input field containing '64' with 'kbps' as the unit), 'Max Data Rate' (a text input field containing '102400' with 'kbps' as the unit), and 'Max Interleave Delay' (a text input field containing '1' with 'ms' as the unit).

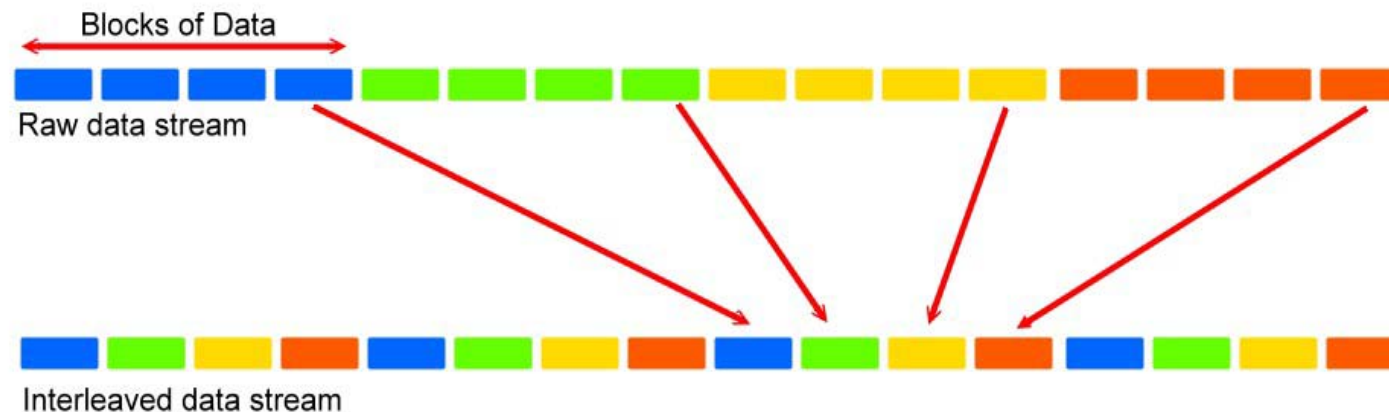
Figure 7.1.1 Channel Configuration Menu

Interleave delay function is used in digital data transmission technology to protect the transmission against noise issue and data error.

If during transit more than a certain amount of data has been lost then the data cannot be correctly decoded. Short bursts of noise on the line can cause these data packets to become corrupt and the router has to re-request data which in turn can slow down the overall rate at which data is transmitted.

Interleaving is a method of taking data packets, chopping them up into smaller bits and then rearranging them so that once contiguous data is now spaced further apart into a non continuous stream. Data packets are re-assembled by your router.

The diagram below is an example of how interleaved traffic is transmitted.



If your line is particularly susceptible to bursts of noise then interleaving should improve your VDSL2 experience simply because if you lose a whole batch of data then this could cause your router to loose sync with the exchange.

Using Interleaving, the router is able to re-assemble the data or if necessary just re-request the part of the data that it is unable to recover. By increasing the interleave depth of each ports that are susceptible to noise, this will improve error performance and stability of marginal lines.

Channel Configuration Settings

Setting	Description
Channel Number	To which bearer channel number shall the settings apply? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Channel 0
Direction	To which direction shall the settings apply? <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Upstream• Downstream
Min Data Rate	Minimum Payload Data Rate
Max Data Rate	Maximum Payload Data Rate
Max Interleave Delay	Maximum Interleave Delay (set from 1 to 63ms)

Note:

The Reboot is needed for saving the new settings.

7.1.2 Line Configuration

VDSL2

CO Router

- System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- Vdsl2
 - Channel Config
 - Line Config**
 - Profile Config
 - LoopBack
 - Activate/Deactivate
 - Line Status
 - Channel Status
 - Version Info
 - SNR Graph
 - Bits Graph

Line Config

Configuration of line.

Direction: Upstream

Target SNRM: 6.000000 dB

Figure 7.1.2 Line Configuration Menu for SNR Margin Selection

Line Configuration

Setting	Description
Direction	Select the target direction.
Target SNRM	Set the required SNR Margin *10 (60=6dB)

Note:

Noise Margin is the non-technical term for Signal to Noise Ratio Margin (SNRM). Domestic standard modems and VDSL2 routers often use the terms Noise Margin or SNR when reporting on its value. The Signal to Noise Ratio, as its name implies, is the ratio between the strength of the signal and the level of noise on the line.

That ratio is a major factor in determining the connection speed, as the higher the ratio the higher the possible speed. The SNRM is a margin which by which the noise level can rise before connection is lost.

Taking the default (target) value of 6 dB applied is follow up telecom standard. Basically, you don't need adjust this value.

7.1.3 Profile Configuration

For this function, VDSL2 CO/CPE Router provides world wide telecom standard band plan, such as meet European telecom standard band plan 998(17a), USA telecom standard band plan 997(8a, 8b) and APAC Telecom standard band plan (30a) etc.

- ◆ **Annex A** specifies bandplans for the North American region and enables VDSL2 ROUTER to be deployed with traditional POTS telephony or in an all-digital mode.
- ◆ **Annex B** specifies bandplans for Europe and enables VDSL2 ROUTER deployment with underlying POTS and ISDN services.
- ◆ **Annex C** allows VDSL2 ROUTER to coexist with TCM-ISDN services, found primarily in APAC.

VDSL2 CO/CPE Router has numerous configuration profiles and bandplans to meet regional service provider requirements. The frequency bandwidth has increased to 30 MHz, with configuration options at 8.5 MHz, 12 MHz, 17.7 MHz and 30 MHz.

Band profile and band plan can only be configured at VDSL2 CO Router as VDSL2 CPE Router will auto-follow up on the settings of VDSL2 CO Router. The only thing that VDSL2 CPE Router has to be configured so that the routers will link is the tone mode. However, the default tone mode for VDSL2 CO/CPE Router is V43, so at default there's no need to change the tone mode unless it is required by the telecom companies to use different tone mode. Another important thing is that band profile and band plan setting must be compatible to each other if not access error will show when applied. Please deactivate and activate once the setting has been changed.

VDSL2

CO Router

- System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- Vdsl2
 - ▶ ChannelConfig
 - ▶ LineConfig
 - ▶ ProfileConfig
 - ▶ LoopBack
 - ▶ ActivateDeactivate
 - ▶ LineStatus
 - ▶ ChannelStatus
 - ▶ VersionInfo
 - ▶ SNRGraph
 - ▶ BitsGraph

Profile Config

Configuration of line for specific band plans.

Profile	Vdsl2 Profile30a ▼
Band Plan	Annex C_8K ▼
Filter	Additional Filter Off ▼
ToneMode	V43 ▼

- ◆ Please note you must deactivate then activate once on config port when you config VDSL2 arguments.

VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

▶ ChannelConfig

▶ LineConfig

▶ ProfileConfig

▶ LoopBack

▶ ActivateDeactivate

▶ LineStatus

▶ ChannelStatus

▶ VersionInfo

▶ SNRGraph

▶ BitsGraph

Profile Config

Configuration of line for specific band plans.

Filter

Additional Filter Off

ToneMode

V43

Figure 7.1.3.1 Profile Configuration

Note:

Filter and Tone Mode of VDSL2 CO ROUTER and VDSL2 CPE ROUTER need to match.
(Factory Default for Filter is Off, for Tone Mode is V43)



Figure 7.1.3.2 Band Profile and Plan Setup Error

Profile Region	8a US	8b EU	8c US	8d all	12a all	12b all	17a EU/US	30a APAC
Bandwidth (MHz)	8.832	8.832	8.500	8.832	12.000	12.000	17.664	30.000
Tones	2047	2047	1971	2047	2782	2782	4095	3478
Tone Spacing (kHz)	4.3125	4.3125	4.3125	4.3125	4.3125	4.3125	4.3125	8.625
Line Power (dBm)	+17.5	+20.5	+11.5	+14.5	+14.5	+14.5	+14.5	+14.5
Netsys(Infineon)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Competitor A	No	No	Yes	Yes	?	Yes	No	No
Competitor B	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	CO only	No

Figure 7.1.3.3 Band Profile Region

The following shows the band profile and band plan compatibility:

	Band Profile List		Band Plan List
0	VDSL2 Profile8a	0	Annex A M1_EU32
1	VDSL2 Profile8b	1	Annex A M9_EU64
2	VDSL2 Profile8c	8	Annex B 997-M2x-A (B05)
3	VDSL2 Profile8d	9	Annex B 997-M2x-M (B06)
4	VDSL2 Profile12a	10	Annex B 997-M1c-A-7 (B07)
5	VDSL2 Profile12b	11	Annex B 998-M1x-B (B08)
6	VDSL2 Profile17a	13	Annex B 998-M2x-A (B10)
7	VDSL2 Profile30a	14	Annex B 998-M2x-M (B11)
8	VDSL2 Profile17b	16	Annex B 998-M2x-B (B12)
		18	Annex B 998-M2x-NUS0 (B13)
		20	Annex C
		21	Annex C_8K
		22	Annex B 997-M2x-NUS0
		23	Annex C 1M1
		24	Annex C_8K 1M1
		25	Annex B 998E17-M2x-A
		26	Annex B 998E17-M2x-NUS0

Band Profile \ Band Plan	0	1	8	9	10	11	13	14	16	18	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
0	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
1	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
2	X	X	O	X	O	X	X	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
3	O	O	O	X	O	O	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
4	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
5	O	O	X	X	O	O	O	O	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
6	O	X	X	X	O	O	O	O	O	X	O	X	X	O	X	X	O
7	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	X	O	X	X
8	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	O	X	X	X	X	X	X	O	X

Note: O = Compatible ; X = Not Compatible

The following phone wire distance and data rates are possible according to the band profile and band plan setup:

Comment:

Downstream: Traffic from Transmitter to Receiver

Upstream: Traffic from Receiver to Transmitter

Default plan profile and band plan = 30a and C8K

Distance	0-350m	350-450m	450-600m	600-900m	Beyond 900m
Downstream	100Mbps	70-85Mbps	40-60Mbps	20-40Mbps	X
Upstream	100Mbps	40Mbps	10Mbps	1-5Mbps	X

Note:

Using Band profile 30a and band plan C8K for distances beyond 900m is not recommended.

Alternative band profile and band plan = 8d and M1_EU32

Distance	0-800m	800-1200m	1200-1500m	Beyond 1500m
Downstream	60-80Mbps	30-50Mbps	30Mbps	X
Upstream	15Mbps	5-10Mbps	2-5Mbps	X

Note:

Using Band profile 8d and band plan M1_EU32 for distances beyond 1500m is not recommended.

Note:

The performance data above is for reference only, the actual data rate will vary on the quality of the copper wire and environment factors.

7.1.4 Loop Back

Loopback (loop-back) describes ways of routing electronic signals, digital data streams, or flows of items from their originating facility back to the source without intentional processing or modification. This is primarily a means of testing the transmission or transportation infrastructure.

The loop back testing function for checking phone wire link problem: 1. System Loop. 2. Line Side Loop

To config the Loop Back, click on the “Loop Back” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 7.1.4](#)

VDSL2

CO Router

- System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- Vdsl2
 - ChannelConfig
 - LineConfig
 - ProfileConfig
 - LoopBack**
 - ActivateDeactivate
 - LineStatus
 - ChannelStatus
 - VersionInfo
 - SNRGraph
 - BitsGraph

Loop Back

Setting Of Loop Backs.(System - System Loop, or Line Side Loop)

Channel Number

Loop

State

Figure 7.1.4 Loop Back Activation/Deactivation Menu

The screen contains the following details:

Loop Back

Setting	Description
Channel No.	To which bearer channel number shall the settings apply? Channel 0
Loop	System loop or line side loop
State	Activate or deactivate loop back within the transmission convergence layer

- Click APPLY at any time during configuration to save the information that you have entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

Example applications(**Only reference**):

- Performing transmission tests of access lines from the serving switching center, which usually does not require the assistance of personnel at the served terminal.
- Testing between stations (not necessarily adjacent) where in two lines are used, with the test being done at one station and the two lines interconnected at the distant station. Commonly called loop around when the interconnecting circuit is accessed by dialing.
- A patch cable, applied manually or automatically, remotely or locally, that facilitates a loop-back test.
- A communication channel with only one endpoint. Any message transmitted through such a channel is immediately received by the same channel.
- Required the packet generator, if you would like to use loop back test function.

7.1.5 Line Activation

This function is for enable/disable VDSL2 port.

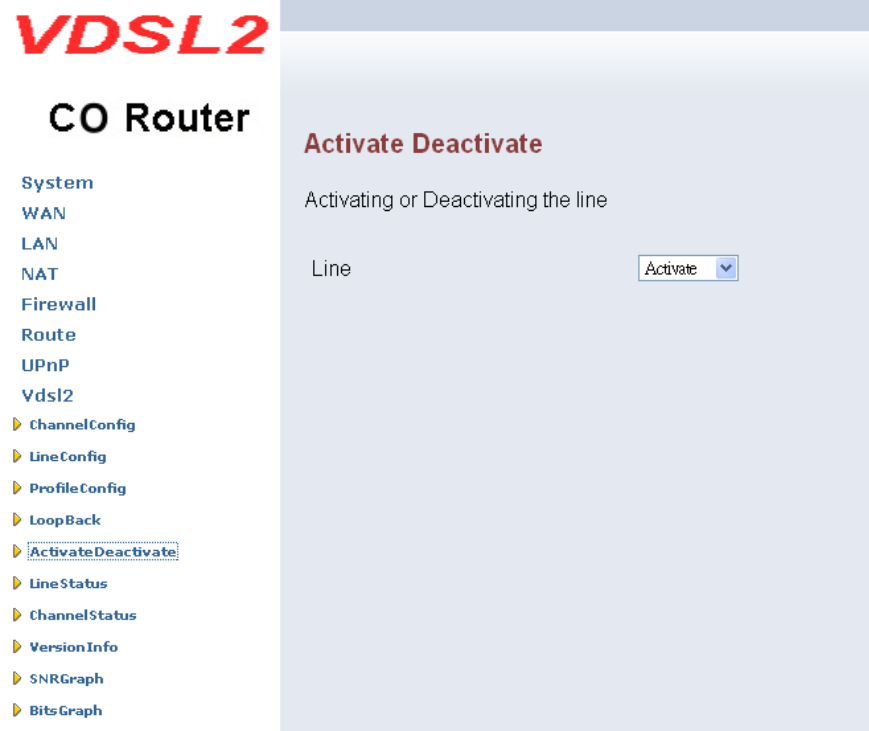


Figure 7.1.5 Activation and Deactivation of the Line

Line Activation/Deactivation:

Setting	Description
Line	Activate or deactivate the line when you adjust VDSL2 argument. (Select the activity and the press the APPLY button.)

7.2 Status Displays

7.2.1 Line Status

This function provides SNR value for checking phone wiring quality.

VDSL2

CO Router

- System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- Vdsl2
 - Channel Config
 - Line Config
 - Profile Config
 - LoopBack
 - Activate/Deactivate
 - Line Status**
 - Channel Status
 - Version Info
 - SNR Graph
 - Bits Graph

Line Status

Status of the Line.

	Upstream	Downstream
State	showtime to sync	showtime to sync
Band1 Actual SNR	9.600000 dB	8.000000 dB
Band2 Actual SNR	13.000000 dB	10.200000 dB
Band3 Actual SNR	10.500000 dB	12.700000 dB
Band4 Actual SNR	-3276.800049 dB	-3276.800049 dB
Band5 Actual SNR	-3276.800049 dB	-3276.800049 dB

Figure 7.2.1 Line Status Display: Actual SNR

Note:

Band Actual SNR value, if the value is 0 dB, currently dose not transmit; if the value is negative, do not currently use. For example, the above screen display Band1 to Band3 value of 30A mode state.

The following status messages may occur:

Line Status	Description	Line Status	Description
not_initialized	Line Status is not initialized!	exchange	EXCHANGE for VDSL2 this is a substate of FULL_INIT and is not reported.
exception	EXCEPTION corresponds to the VDSL2 device state FAIL_STATE.	showtime no sync	SHOWTIME corresponds to VDSL2 device state STEADY STATE TC NO SYNC.
idle request	Interim state between deactivation of line and the time this user request is acknowledged by the firmware.	showtime tc sync	SHOWTIME TC SYNC corresponds to VDSL2 device state STEADY STATE TC SYNC.
Idle	corresponds to the GEMINAX device state DISABLED and the VDSL2 device state RESET STATE SOCRATES device state DOWN READY.	fast retrain	FASTRETRAIN not supported by VDSL2.
silent request	Interim state between activation of line and the time this user request is acknowledged by the firmware.	lowpower l2	LOWPOWER_L2 not supported by VDSL2.
Silent	corresponds to the GEMINAX device state IDLE and the VDSL2 device state READY.	loopdiagnostic	DIAGNOSTIC ACTIVE.
handshake	HANDSHAKE corresponds to VDSL2 device state GHS.	loopdiagnostic	DIAGNOSTIC DATA EXCHANGE.
full init	FULL INIT GEMINAX device does not support this state corresponds to VDSL2 device state FULL INIT.	complete	Test status is complete.

discovery	DISCOVERY for VDSL2 this is a substate of FULL INIT and is not reported.	resync, test	Resync test status
Training	TRAINING for VDSL2 this is a substate of FULL INIT and is not reported.	lowpower l3	LOWPOWER L3 not supported by VDSL2.
analysis	ANALYSIS for VDSL2 this is a substate of FULL INIT and is not reported.	unknown	All line states that are not assigned at the moment.

Note:

Please note SNR value could not adjust, it is automatically generated. SNR values will vary on the quality of the copper wire and environment factors.

7.2.2 Channel Status

This function shows VDSL2 port status.

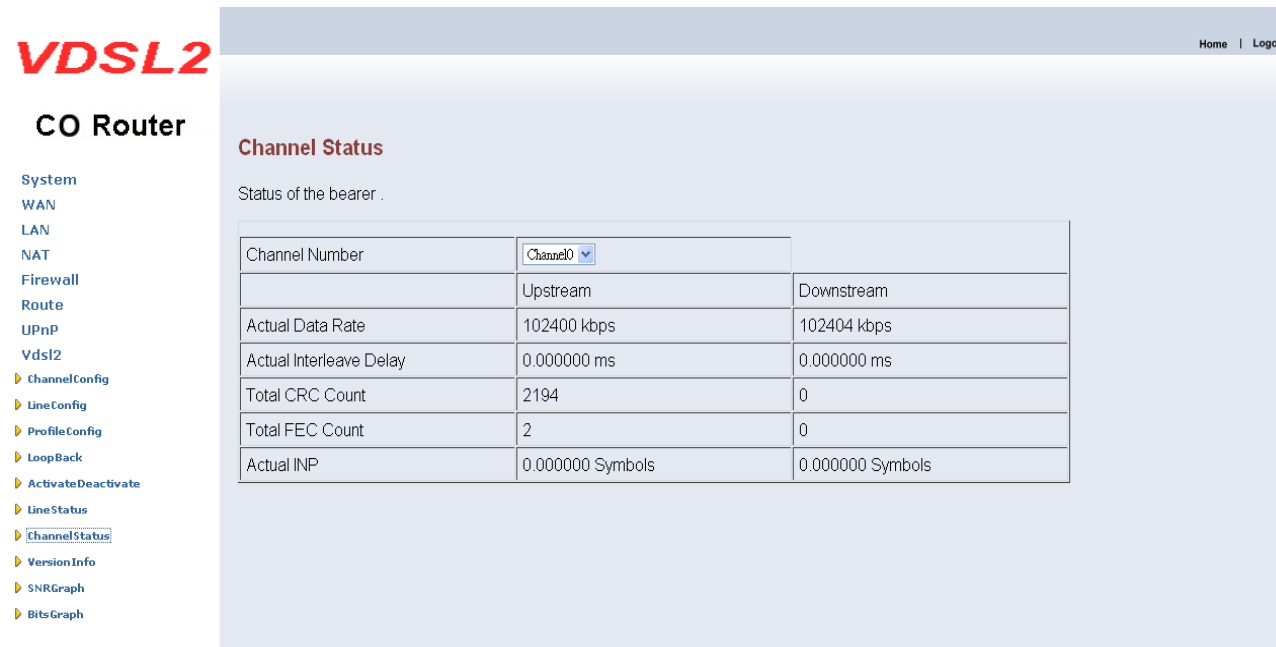


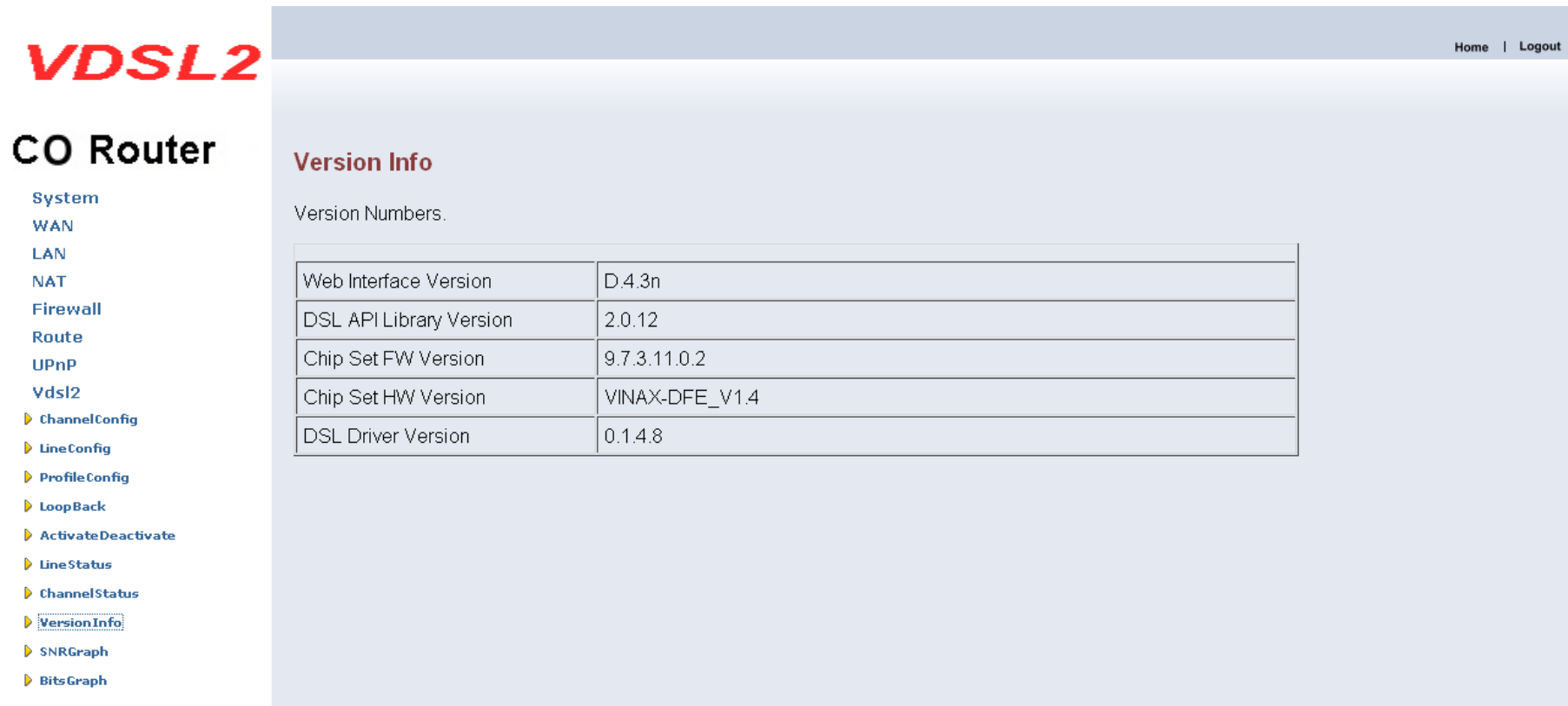
Figure 7.2.2 Channel Status Display: Data Rate, Delay, Error Counters and Impulse Noise Protection

Note:

The channel status shows accurate value as data rate, CRC, INP...etc when link established. All values will vary on the quality of the copper wire and environment factors.

7.2.3 Version Info

This function shows hardware and firmware version.



The screenshot shows the VDSL2 CO Router web interface. On the left is a navigation menu with options: System, WAN, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Route, UPnP, Vdsl2, ChannelConfig, LineConfig, ProfileConfig, LoopBack, ActivateDeactivate, LineStatus, ChannelStatus, VersionInfo (highlighted), SNRGraph, and BitsGraph. The main content area is titled 'Version Info' and contains the text 'Version Numbers.' followed by a table of version information.

Web Interface Version	D.4.3n
DSL API Library Version	2.0.12
Chip Set FW Version	9.7.3.11.0.2
Chip Set HW Version	VINAX-DFE_V1.4
DSL Driver Version	0.1.4.8

Figure 7.2.3 Display of Version Data

- ◆ The firmware of web interface version: Web Interface Version.

7.2.4 SNR Graphs

When VDSL2 CO Router links with VDSL2 CPE Router, this graph will show the SNR value for each band.

VDSL2

CO Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

▶ ChannelConfig

▶ LineConfig

▶ ProfileConfig

▶ LoopBack

▶ ActivateDeactivate

▶ LineStatus

▶ ChannelStatus

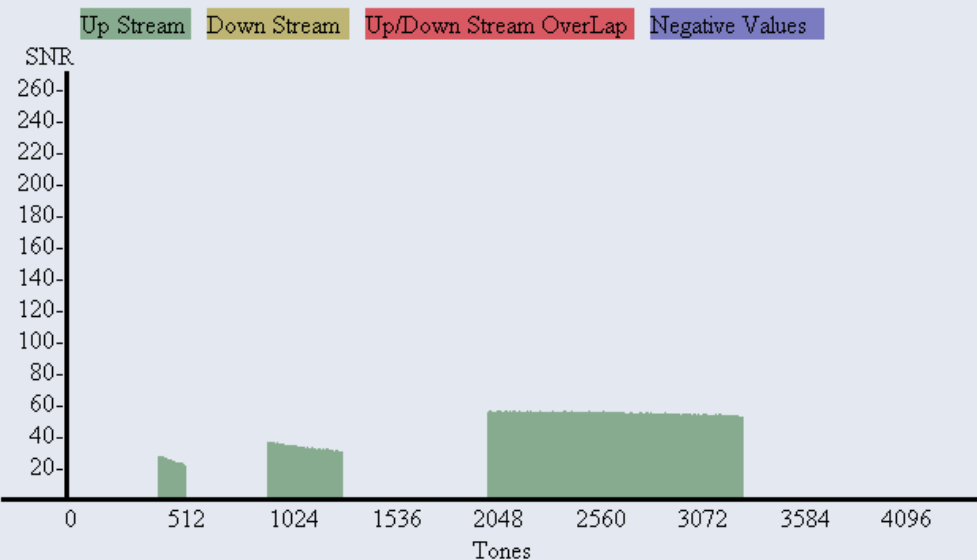
▶ VersionInfo

▶ **SNRGraph**

▶ BitsGraph

Update Expand Graph Show Raw Values

SNR Per Tone Graph



VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

▶ ChannelConfig

▶ LineConfig

▶ ProfileConfig

▶ LoopBack

▶ ActivateDeactivate

▶ LineStatus

▶ ChannelStatus

▶ VersionInfo

▶ **SNRGraph**

▶ BitsGraph

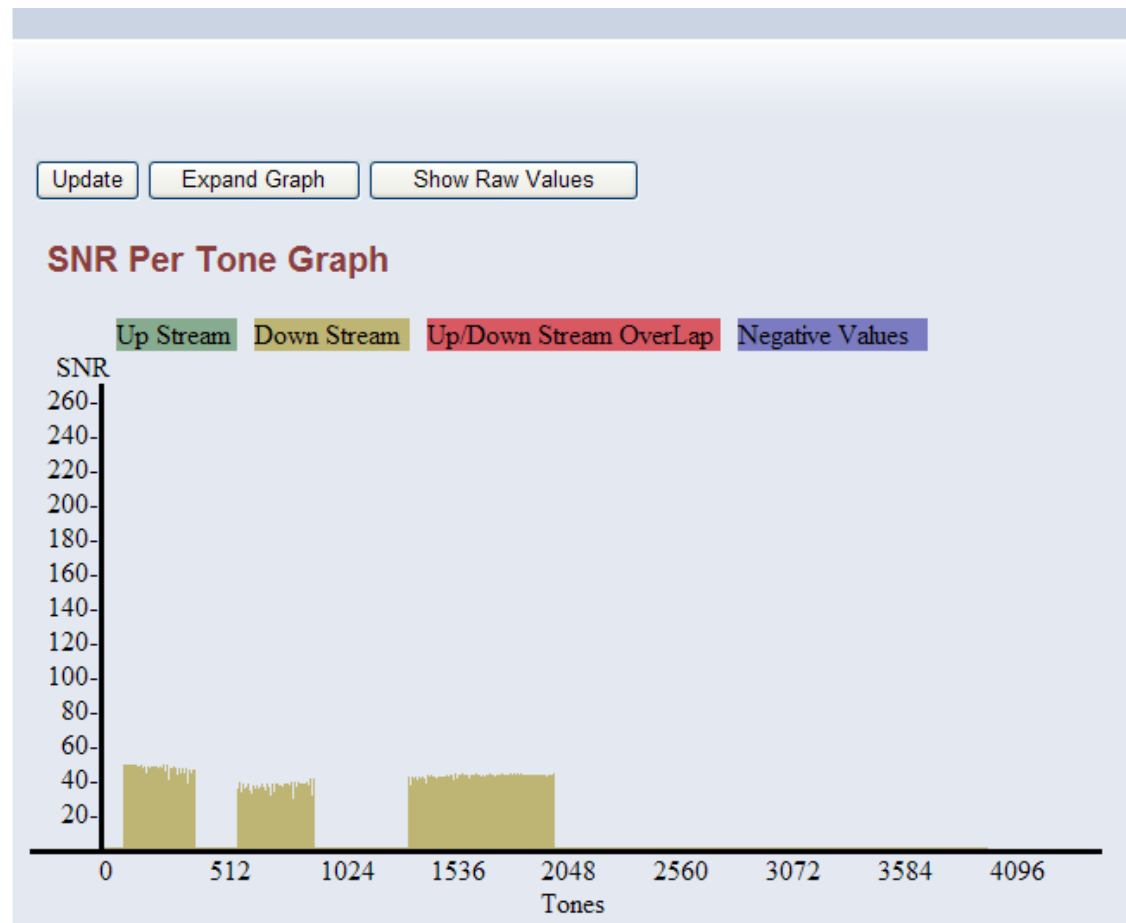


Figure 7.2.4 Display of SNR per Carrier

7.2.5 BitsGraphs

When VDSL2 CO Router links with VDSL2 CPE Router, this graph will show the bits value for each tone.

VDSL2

CO Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

▶ ChannelConfig

▶ LineConfig

▶ ProfileConfig

▶ LoopBack

▶ ActivateDeactivate

▶ LineStatus

▶ ChannelStatus

▶ VersionInfo

▶ SNRGraph

▶ **Bits Graph**



Figure 7.2.5 Display Bits Per Tone Graph

Regarding the describe of "tone graph"(Only reference):

"If slow service is indicated, technicians can look at the bits per tone measurement. Dips in the bit per tone graph indicate interference. Checking the frequency of the interference often makes it possible to identify its cause. The accompanying chart shows the frequencies associated with common interference sources, such as T1,E1 and HDSL. If the bits per tone are taking a hit and it is determined that noise is not the cause, then the cause could be a DC fault, such as a bridge tap or a wet section. Very low or nonexistent bits per tone in the high frequency band indicate the presence of a long loop. If there is a major dip in the bits-per-tone graph but the noise power-per-tone graph does not show any abnormalities, the most likely troubles are bridged taps or wet sections on the span. Use a loop-troubleshooting tool with a TDR to find and fix these problems. If the bits per tone are low across the whole bandwidth, the cause is most likely DC troubles on the loop, such as shorts or grounds. A major dip in bits per tone indicates AC trouble on the loop. To verify the type of AC trouble, compare the bits per tone to SNR. If the noise influence and bits-per-tone dip occur at the same frequency, the degraded performance is most likely due to a transmission influence. The particular frequency will help identify the source of influence or crosstalk.

Chapter 8. Configuration Interface of the Router

This section explains how to configure the router section of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router using its web-based configuration.

The part of the circuitry as well as the router configuration menu has been ported from that of the reference kit to the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router reference board. As for the menu, there are only a few differences:

- The “adm1” port now is the port to the VDSL2 side. The port on the LAN is “adm0”. It supports four Ethernet connections.
- The IP addresses are used in this chapter are different from the examples in the previous chapters.
- The password used in this chapter is different from the examples in the previous chapters.

8.1 Logging in to the Dynamix VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router

To log on to the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router Web Application, you must have a valid password. The Administrator creates the log on user with its password. When one log on to the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router Web Application, the LOGIN PASSWORD window is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.1](#).

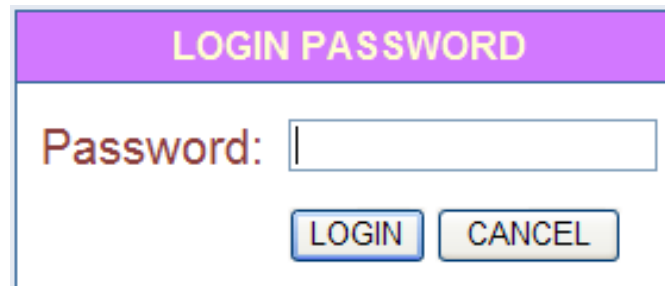


Figure 8.1 VDSL2 CO/CPE Router Web Application

In the LOGIN PASSWORD window:

1. Enter the password in the Password text box. For an Admin user, the default password is “[admin](#)”.
2. Click LOGIN to begin the configuration or click CANCEL in the LOGIN PASSWORD window to cancel this log on operation.

8.2 Setup Wizard and Advanced Setup

There is an easy Setup Wizard for end users at the VDSL2 CPE router and an Advanced Setup for more detail configurations for both VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. This manual gives importance to the Advanced Setup.

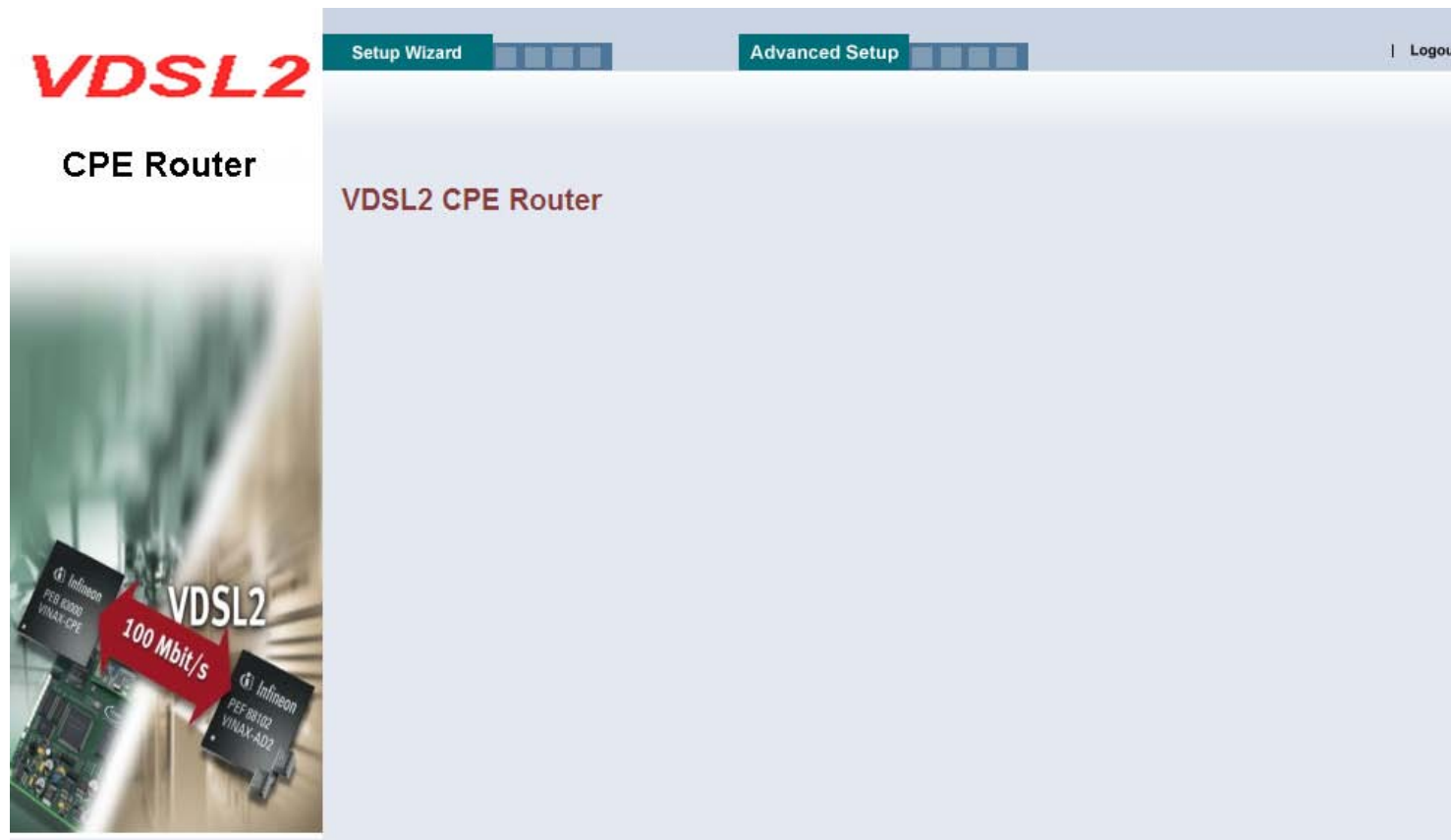
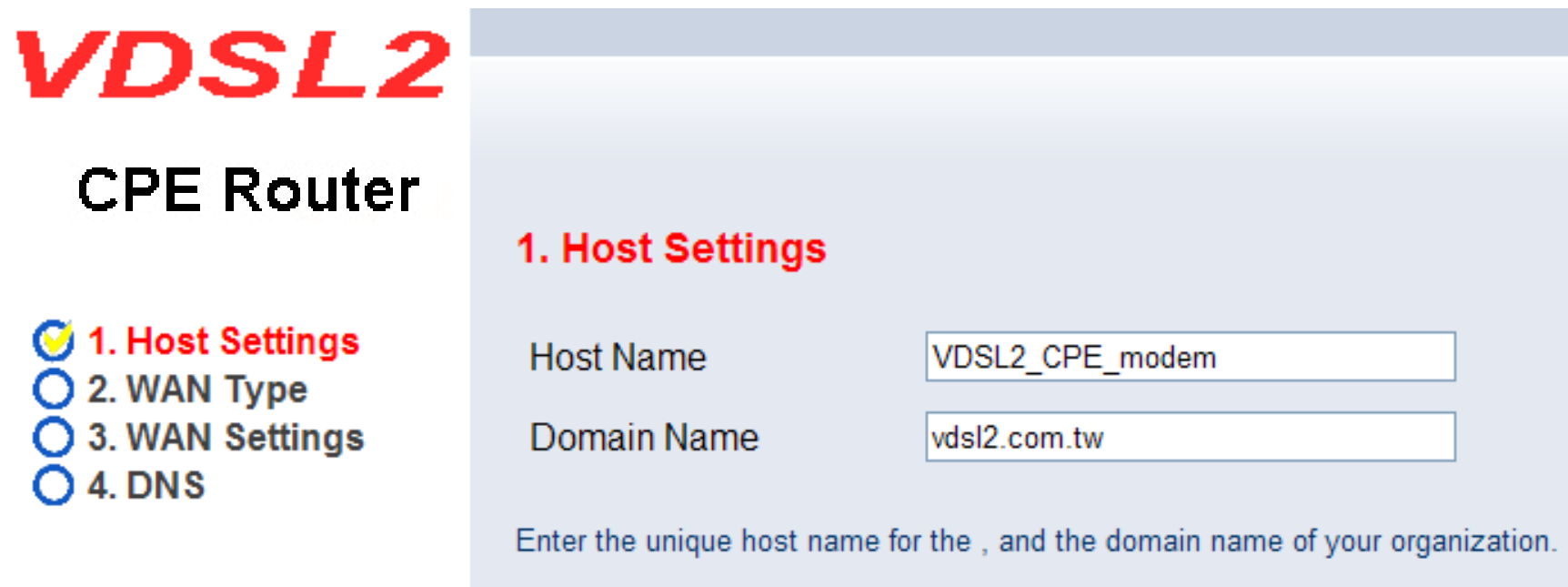


Figure 8.2 Select the Advanced Setup in the Entry Screen

8.2.1 Setup Wizard

The Setup Wizard is designed for ease-of-use in order to quickly configure the most common settings. The Admin can view the Setup Wizard link in the homepage. The wizard first step is to allow the admin to configure the system host settings displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.1](#)



VDSL2

CPE Router

- ☒ **1. Host Settings**
- ☐ **2. WAN Type**
- ☐ **3. WAN Settings**
- ☐ **4. DNS**

1. Host Settings

Host Name

Domain Name

Enter the unique host name for the , and the domain name of your organization.

Figure 8.2.1 Setup Wizard's First Step

Note:

There are four steps to complete the wizard. Follow the instructions given in each step and enter the desired settings.

8.2.2 Advanced Setup

Click on the Advanced Setup link in the homepage in case you want to configure a wider range of settings. The following configuration options are displayed in the left navigation bar, as shown in [Figure 8.2.2](#).

- System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- VDSL2



VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2



Figure 8.2.2 Advanced Setup

8.2.3 System

The System link can be viewed in the left navigation bar. The following are the options available under System, as shown in [Figure 8.2.3](#).

- Administrator Settings
- Firmware Upgrade
- Device Mode
- System Status
- Reboot
- Reset System

VDSL2 CO Router

- System**
 - ▶ Administrator Settings
 - ▶ Firmware Upgrade
 - ▶ Device Mode
 - ▶ System Status
 - ▶ Reboot
 - ▶ Reset System
- WAN
- LAN
- NAT
- Firewall
- Route
- UPnP
- Vdsl2



Figure 8.2.3 System in the Left Navigator Bar

8.2.3.1 Administrator Settings

To add a user or change user's password, click on the "Administrator Settings" link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.3.1](#).

VDSL2
CO Router

System
▶ Administrator Settings
▶ Firmware Upgrade
▶ Device Mode
▶ System Status
▶ Reboot
▶ Reset System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Administrator Settings

Set a password to restrict management access to the modem. If you want to manage the modem from a remote location (outside of the local network), you must also specify the IP address of the remote PC.

After Modify Password, system will Reboot!!

Current Password

Password

Re-type password (3-12 Characters)

Auto-Logout Time Min (Auto-Logout Time, at least >= 1 Min)

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.3.1 Administrator Settings Configuration

While adding a user, each user must assign a separate port. Hence the number of users that can be added to the system depends on the number of ports available on the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in User Setting:

Field	Description
Current Password	This is the password associated with the administrator. This is enabled only for the user Administrator login. Characters: 3-12.
Password	This is the password of the login administrator. Characters: 3-12.
Re-type Password	This is the password verification. Characters: 3-12.
Auto-Logout Time	The auto-logout time, at least one minute .

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.3.2 Firmware Upgrade

To update the system firmware, click on the “Firmware Upgrade” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in 8.2.3.2

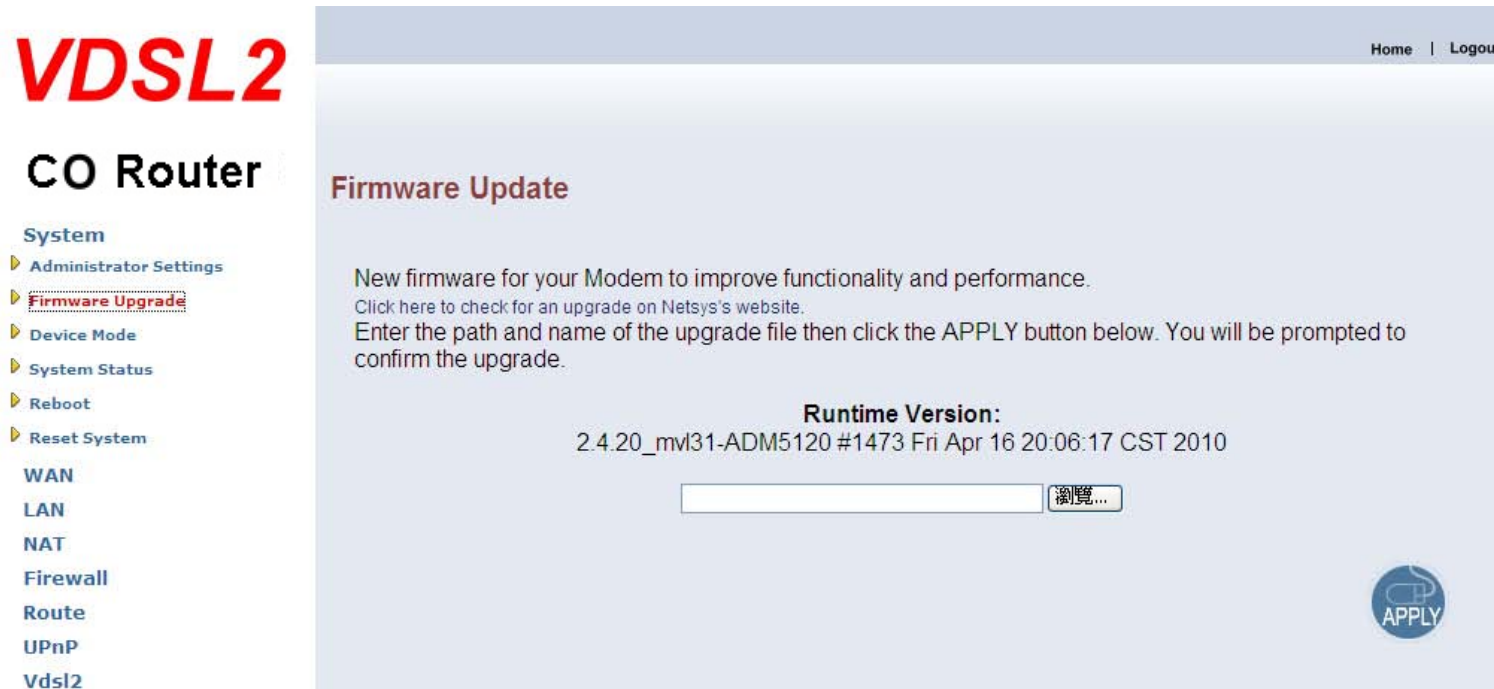


Figure 8.2.3.2 Firmware Update

The screen contains the following detail:

- Click "Browse" to select a specific file name in preparation upgrade the firmware.
- Click APPLY to start the firmware update.

Notes:

1. If the machine firmware version is too old to be updated with the current firmware version of the gap, after the firmware upgrade must be reset system to default to avoid the new features can not use or system error.
2. "2.4.20_mvl31-ADM5120" of kernel version means the CPU number of an IC. # 1473 means a serial number of records compiled firmware. The date means the date of the firmware is compiled.
3. Please note VC2-M (CO) ROUTER and VC2-S (CPE) ROUTER firmware is different, so you can not upgrade them with the same firmware.

8.2.3.3 Device Mode

The ADM5120 network processor used in the reference system is able to act as either a switch or a router. Clicking on “Device Mode” on the left navigation bar allows the user to change the mode of operation, as shown in the following figure.

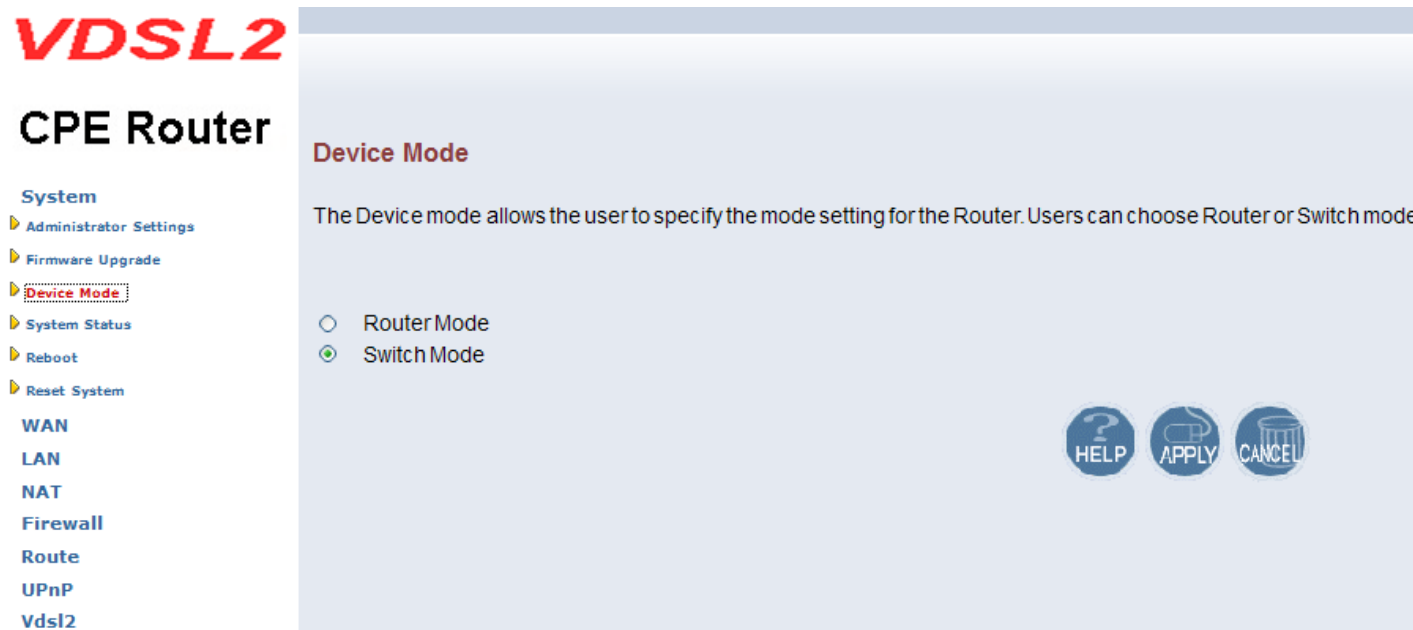


Figure 8.2.3.3 Device Mode

Notes:

1. The default setting is in Switch(Bridge) mode, it is not necessary to change the setting in most of the case. In situations, which devices (e.g. PC, Server, VoIP) connected to CPE requires Router function. Hence, set the VDSL2 CO/CPE ROUTER on Router mode.
2. Switch(Bridge) mode can pass through any packet, include vlan packet.

8.2.3.4 System Status

To view system status, click on the “System Status” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.3.4](#)

VDSL2
CO Router

System
Administrator Settings
Firmware Upgrade
Device Mode
System Status
Reboot
Reset System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Status

You can use the Status screen to see the connection status for the Modems' WAN/LAN interfaces, firmware and hardware version numbers, and the number of connected clients to your network.

INTERNET

WAN IP	0.0.0.0
Subnet Mask	0.0.0.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
DNS	0.0.0.0
Secondary DNS	0.0.0.0
Connection Type	FIXED

GATEWAY

IP Address	192.168.16.205
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server	Disable
Firewall	Disable

INFORMATION

Connected Clients	0
Runtime Code Version	2.4.20_mv31-ADM5120 #1473 Fri Apr 16 20:06:17 CST 2010
LAN MAC Address	00:05:6E:02:00:F1
WAN MAC Address	00:05:6E:02:00:F2
Hardware Version	1.00.00

Home | Lo

HELP

Figure 8.2.3.4 Status Window

8.2.3.5 Reboot

To reboot the unit, click on the “Reboot” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.3.5](#).

VDSL2

CO Router

System

- ▶ Administrator Settings
- ▶ Firmware Upgrade
- ▶ Device Mode
- ▶ System Status
- ▶ **Reboot**
- ▶ Reset System

WAN

LAN

NAT

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

Home | Logout

Reboot Modem

In the event that the modem stops responding correctly or in some way stops functioning, you can perform a reboot. Your settings will not be changed. To perform the reboot, click on the "Reboot" button below. You will be asked to confirm your decision. The reboot will be complete when the power light stops blinking.

Reboot



Figure 8.2.3.5 Reboot VDSL2 CO/CPE Router

- Click Reboot to restart the unit.
- Wait at least 30 sec and refresh the web browser.

8.2.3.6 Reset system

To reset the system, click on the “Reset” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.3.6](#).



Figure 8.2.3.6 Reset VDSL2 CO/CPE Router

- Click Reset to restart the system to default configuration.
- After upgrade the firmware, and then automatically reboot.
- All settings will be cleared, and return to the default IP(192.168.16.249 / 192.168.16.250)

8.2.4 WAN

The WAN settings can be viewed in the left navigation bar. The following are the options available under WAN, as shown Figure 8.2.4:

- Dynamic IP
- IP Settings
- PPPoE
- DNS

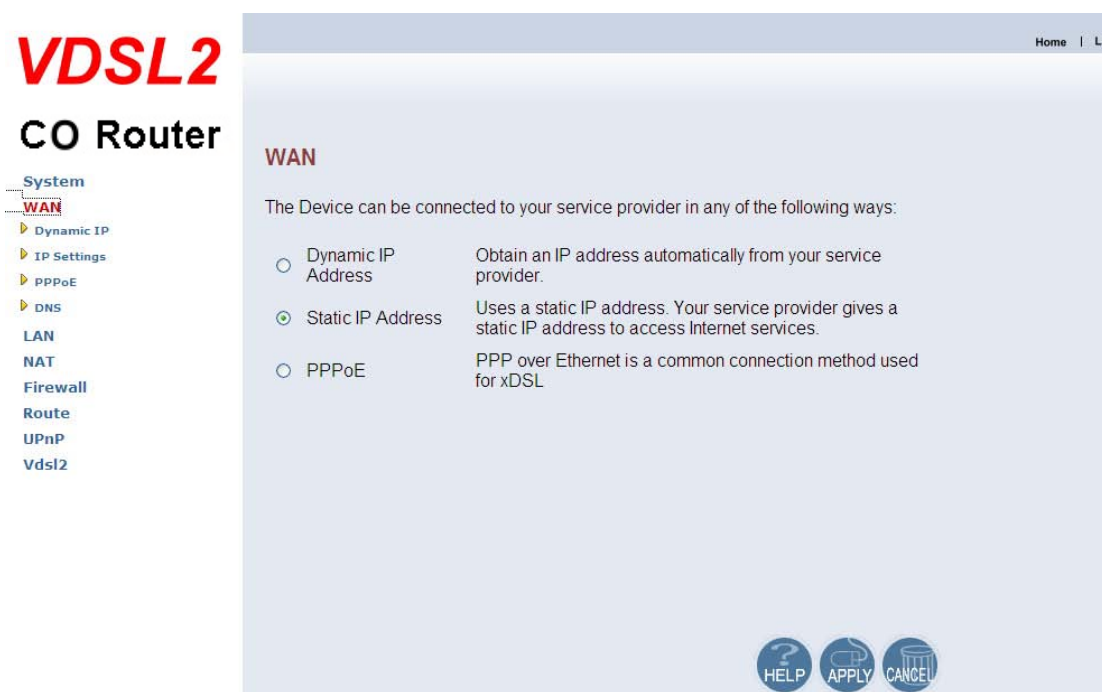


Figure 8.2.4 WAN Setting in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.4.1 Dynamic IP

To configure the WAN interface to dynamically obtain an IP Address, click on the “Dynamic IP” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.4.1](#).

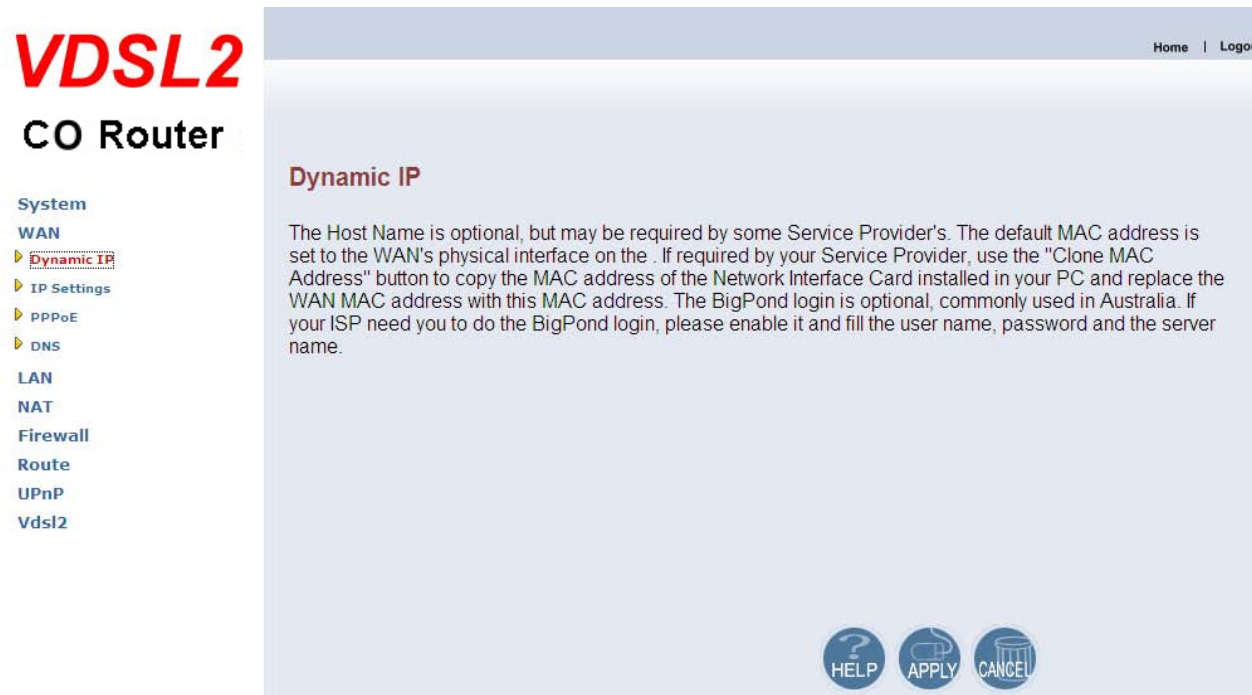


Figure 8.2.4.1 Dynamic IP Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page.

8.2.4.2 IP Settings

To configure the WAN interface to use a Static IP Address, click on the “Static IP” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.4.2](#).

VDSL2
CO Router

System
WAN
Dynamic IP
IP Settings
PPPoE
DNS
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Static IP

If your Service Provider has assigned a fixed IP address, enter the assigned IP Address, Subnet Mask and ISP Gateway Address provided.

IP address assigned by your ISP: [] [] [] []

Subnet Mask: [] [] [] []

ISP Gateway Address: [] [] [] []

Does ISP provide more IP addresses: ☒ Yes

Alias IP Address	Subnet Mask	
[] [] [] []	[] [] [] []	<< Add

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.4.2 Static IP Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Static IP:

Field	Description
IP Address assigned by your ISP	Enter the IP Address of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.
Subnet Mask	Enter the Subnet Mask of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.
ISP Gateway Address	Enter the Gateway address of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.
Does ISP provide more IP Address	Provides more IP Addresses of the WAN interface. Select the check box to enable this option. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 41. Click Add to add IP Address and Subnet Mask.
IP Pool Starting Address	Enter the starting IP Pool Address.
IP Pool Ending Address	Enter the ending IP Pool Address.
Lease Time	Enter the Lease Time from half hour to two weeks.
Local Domain Name	Enter the Local Domain Name but is optional.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.4.3 PPPoE

To configure the WAN interface to use PPPoE, click on the “PPPoE” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.4.3](#).

The screenshot shows the configuration interface for a VDSL2 CO Router. On the left is a navigation menu with the following items: System, WAN (highlighted), Dynamic IP, IP Settings, PPPoE (highlighted with a red box), DNS, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Route, UPnP, and Vdsl2. The main content area is titled 'PPPoE' and contains the following text: 'Enter the PPPoE user name and password assigned by your Service Provider. The Service Name is normally optional, but may be required by some service providers. Enter a Maximum Idle Time (in minutes) to define a maximum period of time for which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. If the connection is inactive for longer than the defined Maximum Idle Time, then it will be dropped. You can enable the Auto-reconnect option to automatically re-establish the connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again..'. Below this text is a note: 'If your Internet Service Provider requires the use of PPPoE, enter the information below.' The form includes input fields for User Name, Password, Please retype your password, Service Name, MTU (1400-1492) (set to 1492), and Maximum Idle Time (set to 0 minutes). There is also an unchecked checkbox for 'Auto-reconnect'. At the bottom right are three circular buttons: HELP, APPLY, and CANCEL.

Figure 8.2.4.3 PPPoE Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in PPPoE

Field	Description
User Name	Enter a name to use the PPPoE session. (50 characters maximum)
Password	Enter the password of the login user. (50 characters maximum)
Retype Password	Enter the password again to reconfirm. (50 characters maximum)
Service Name	Enter a service name. (50 characters maximum)
Field	Description
MTU	Enter the maximum connection units of the PPPoE. The MTU range is 1400 to 1492 bytes. By default, it is 1492.
Maximum Idle Time	<p>This is the period of time required to keep the connection alive if no packets are transmitted. If no packets are transmitted between LAN port and WAN port or between VDSL2 CO/CPE Router and WAN, the connection is disconnected after the 'Maximum idle time.</p> <p>If the Auto-reconnect check box is selected, the PPP connection is re-established if there is some data that is received from the upper layers to be transmitted on this link.</p>

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.4.4 DNS

To configure the DNS address, click on the “DNS” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8.2.4.4:

VDSL2
CO Router

System
WAN
Dynamic IP
IP Settings
PPPoE
DNS
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Home | Logout

DNS

A Domain Name system (DNS) server is like an index of IP addresses and Web addresses. If you type a Web address into you browser, a DNS server will find that name in its index and find the matching IP address. Most ISPs provide a DNS server for speed and convenience. Since your Service Provider many connect to the Internet with dynamic IP settings, it is likely that the DNS server IP addresses are also provided dynamically. However, if there is a DNS server that you would rather use, you need to specify the IP address below.

Domain Name Server (DNS) Address:

Secondary DNS Address (optional):

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.4.4 DNS Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in DNS:

Field	Description
Domain Name Server(DNS) Address	Enter the DNS address of the primary DNS server.
Secondary DNS Address(optional)	Enter the address of the secondary DNS server, if available.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.5 LAN

The LAN Setting can be viewed in the left navigation bar. The following are the options available under LAN, as shown in Figure 8.2.5:

- LAN Settings
- DHCP Client List
- LAN Switch Port Setting
- LAN Port Status

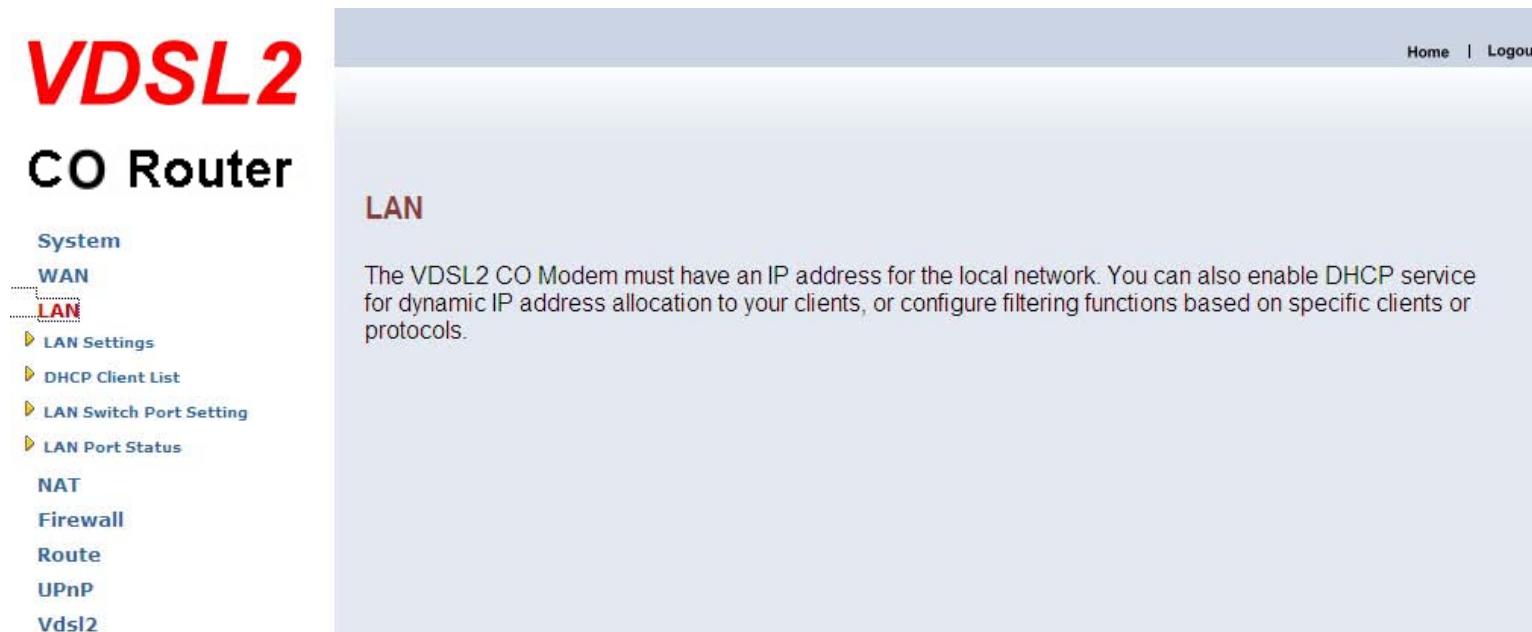


Figure 8.2.5 LAN in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.5.1 LAN Settings

Note:

For the VC2-M/S (CO/CPE) Router, it is recommended to select a simple IP setting suitable to controlled lab environments. Set a static IP address and don't use DHCP. The required steps are explained in section 4.4.1.

To configure the LAN interface, click on the "LAN Settings" link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.5.1](#) in case of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.

The screenshot displays the 'LAN Settings' page for a 'VDSL2 CO Router'. On the left is a navigation menu with links: System, WAN, LAN, LAN Settings (selected), DHCP Client List, LAN Switch Port Setting, LAN Port Status, NAT, Firewall, Route, UPnP, and Vdsl2. The main content area is titled 'LAN Settings' and includes a note: 'You can enable DHCP to dynamically allocate IP addresses to your client PCs.' Below this are several configuration fields: 'IP Address' (192.168.16.249), 'Subnet Mask' (255.255.255.0), 'The Gateway acts as DHCP Server' (checked 'Enable' box), 'IP Pool Starting Address' (192.168.16.2), 'IP Pool Ending Address' (192.168.16.254), 'Lease Time' (Half hour), and 'Local Domain Name' (optional). At the bottom right are 'HELP', 'APPLY', and 'CANCEL' buttons.

Figure 8.2.5.1 LAN Settings

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in LAN Settings:

Field	Description
IP Address	Enter the LAN interface IP Address of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. (Web IP)
Subnet Mask	Enter the LAN Subnet Mask of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.
The Gateway acts as DHCP Server	Enable or disables the DHCP Server of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. Select the check-box to enable this option.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.5.2 DHCP Client List

To view the DHCP client list, click on the “DHCP Client List” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed to list all DHCP client connection with IP Address and MAC Address as shown in [Figure 8.2.5.2](#).

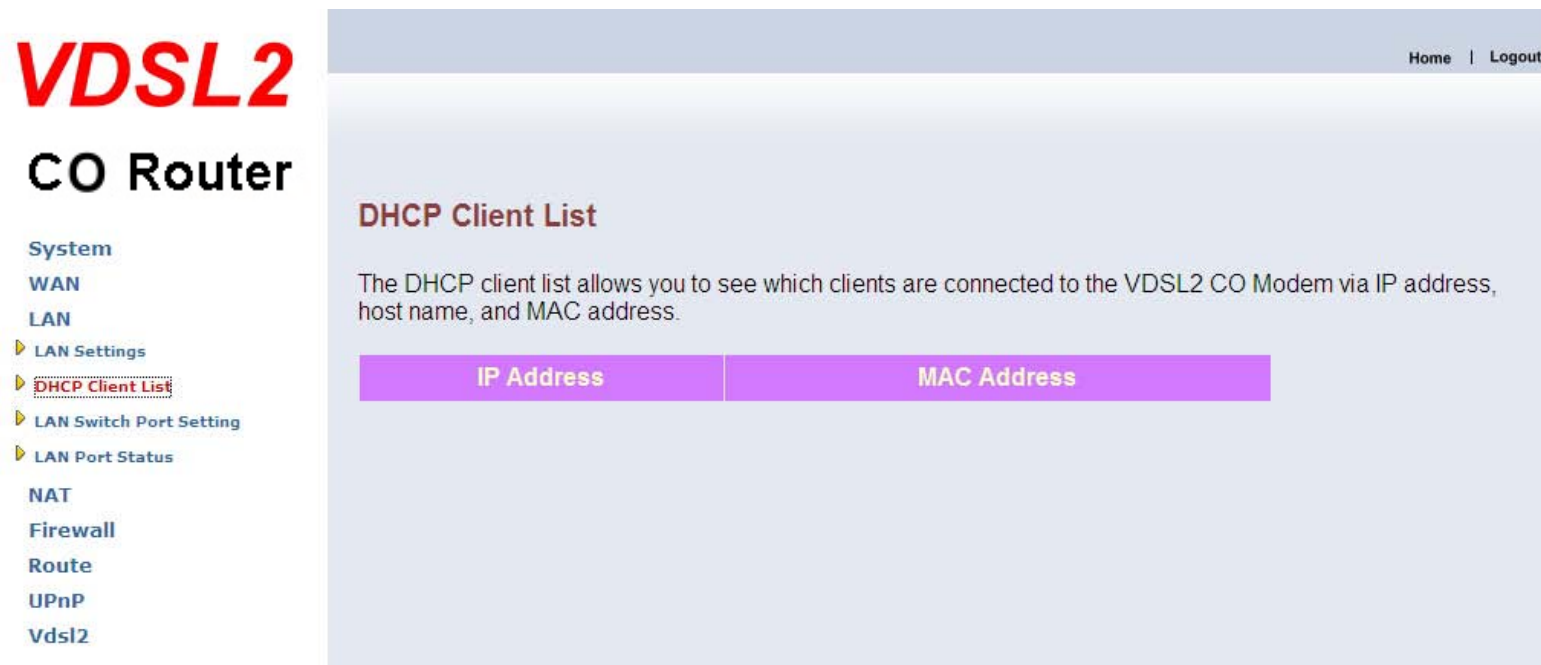


Figure 8.2.5.2 DHCP Client List

8.2.5.3 LAN Switch Port Setting

To view the All LAN Port Setting, click on the “LAN Switch Port Setting” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed to All LAN Port Setting as shown in [Figure 8.2.5.3](#).



Figure 8.2.5.3 DHCP Client List

- Default value is “Auto 10/100 Full/Half”.
- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.5.4 LAN Port Status

To view the ALL LAN Port Status, click on the “LAN Port Status” link in the left navigation bar. The following information provides a view of the current Ethernet ports status of the unit. A screen is displayed to Status as shown in [Figure 8.2.5.4](#).

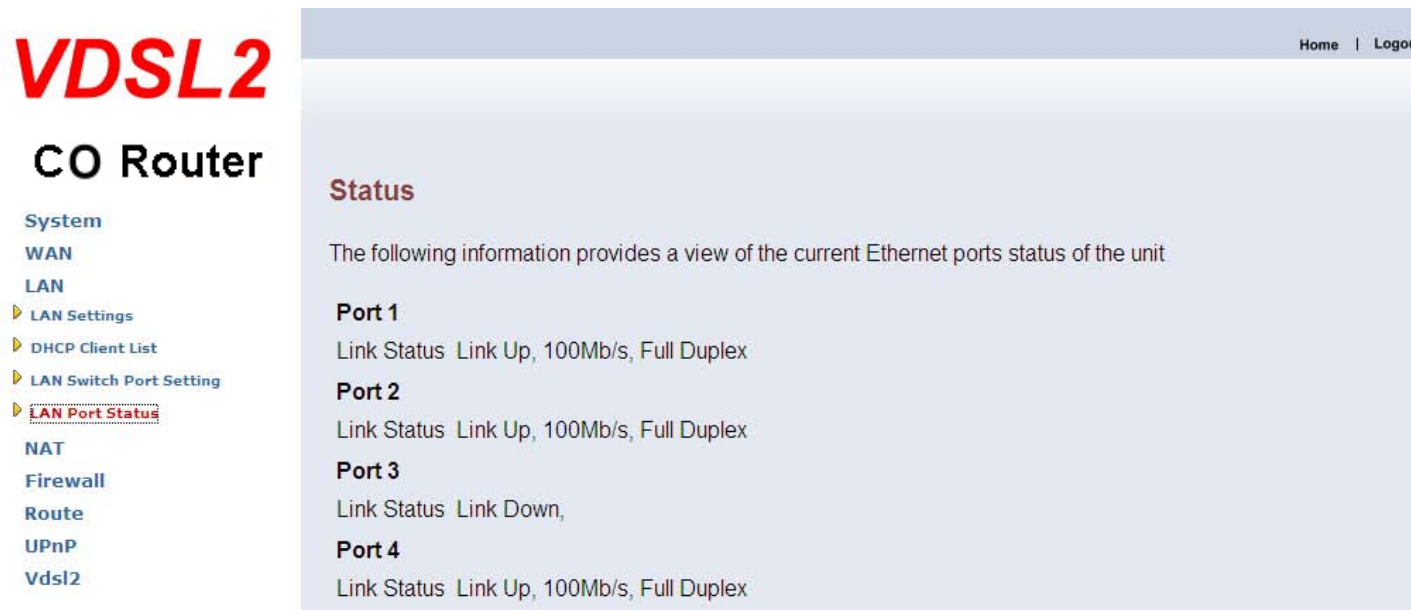


Figure 8.2.5.4 LAN Port Status

Example Table:

Input 1	Output 1	Input 2	Output 2	Input 3	Output 3	Input 4	Output 4
NWAY 10M Full	10M Full	Force 10M Full	10M Half	None	Link Down	NWAY 10M Half	10M Half
Input 5	Output 5	Input 6	Output 6	Input 7	Output 7	Input 8	Output 8
NWAY 100M Half	100M Half	Force 100M Full	100M Half	Auto 100M Full	100M full	Auto	100M FULL

8.2.6 NAT

Network Address Translation(NAT) allows multiple users at your local site to access the internet through a single public IP address or multiple public IP address. NAT can also prevent hacker attacks by mapping local address to public address for key services such as the Web or FTP.The NAT Settings can be viewed in the left navigation bar of VDSL2 CPE Router only. The following are the options available under NAT, as shown in [Figure 8.2.6](#):

- Virtual Server
- Port Mapping
- DMZ

VDSL2

CPE Router

System

WAN

LAN

NAT

▶ Virtual Server

▶ Port Mapping

▶ DMZ

Firewall

Route

UPnP

Vdsl2

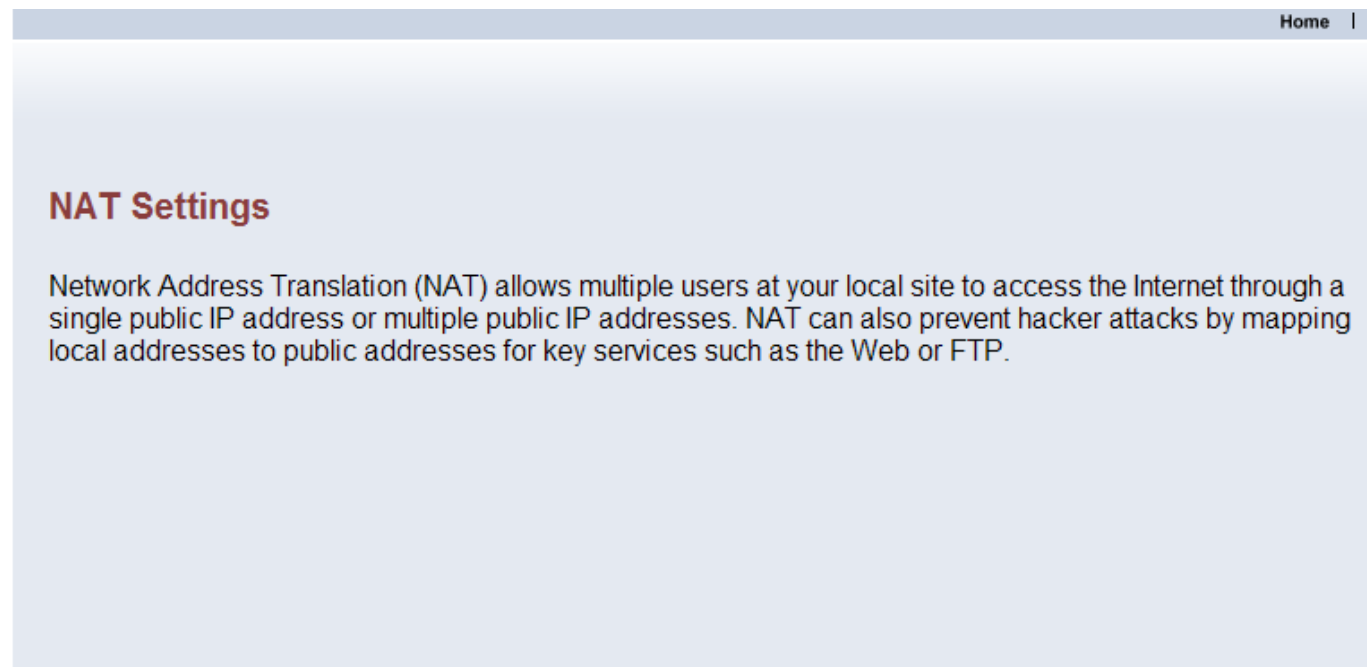


Figure 8.2.6 NAT in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.6.1 Virtual Server

To configure virtual server, click on the “Virtual Server” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8.2.6.1:

VDSL2

CPE Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
▶ **Virtual Server**
▶ Port Mapping
▶ DMZ
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Virtual Server

You can configure the Router as a virtual server so that remote users accessing services such as the Web or FTP at your local site via public IP addresses can be automatically redirected to local servers configured with private IP addresses. In other words, depending on the requested service (TCP/UDP port numbers), the Router redirects the external service request to the appropriate server (located at another internal IP address).

	Private IP	Private Port	Type	Public Port	Enabled
1	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.6.1 Virtual Server Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Virtual Server:

Field	Description
Private IP	Enter a private IP Address of specified entry.
Private Port	Enter a private Port number of the specified entry.
Type	Select virtual server protocol type of the specified entry.
Public Port	Enter a public port number of the internet user to access the virtual server.
Enabled	Enable the specified entry of the virtual server.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.6.2 Port Mapping

To configure Port Mapping, click on the “Port Mapping” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8.2.6.2:

VDSL2

CPE Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Virtual Server
Port Mapping
DMZ
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Port Mapping

For some applications, you need to assign a set or a range of ports to a specified local machine to route the packets. Router allows the user to configure the needed port mappings to suit such applications.

	ServerIP	Mapping Ports	Enabled
1	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	192.168.16. <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.6.2 Port Mapping Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Port Mapping:

Field	Description
Server IP	Enter the IP Address of a specified local machine.
Mapping Port	Assign a range of port or specific port number to route the packets.
Enabled	Enable a specified entry of the Port Mapping.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.6.3 DMZ

To configure the DMZ, click on the “DMZ” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.6.3](#):

VDSL2

CPE Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Virtual Server
Port Mapping
DMZ
Firewall
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

DMZ(Demilitarized Zone)

If you have a local client PC that cannot run an Internet application properly from behind the NAT firewall, you can open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access by defining a virtual DMZ Host.

Enable ☐

IP Address of Virtual DMZ Host

Figure 8.2.6.3 DMZ Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in DMZ:

Field	Description
Enable	Enable or disable the DMZ setting of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router. Select the check box to enable this option.
IP Address	Enter IP Address of the DMZ host.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.7 Firewall

The Firewall Settings can be viewed in the left navigation bar of VDSL2 CPE Router only. The following are the options available under Firewall, as shown in [Figure 8.2.7](#):

- Firewall Options
- Client Filter MAC Control
- MAC Control



Figure 8.2.7 Firewall in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.7.1 Firewall Options

To enable the firewall options, click on the "Firewall Options" link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.7.1](#):

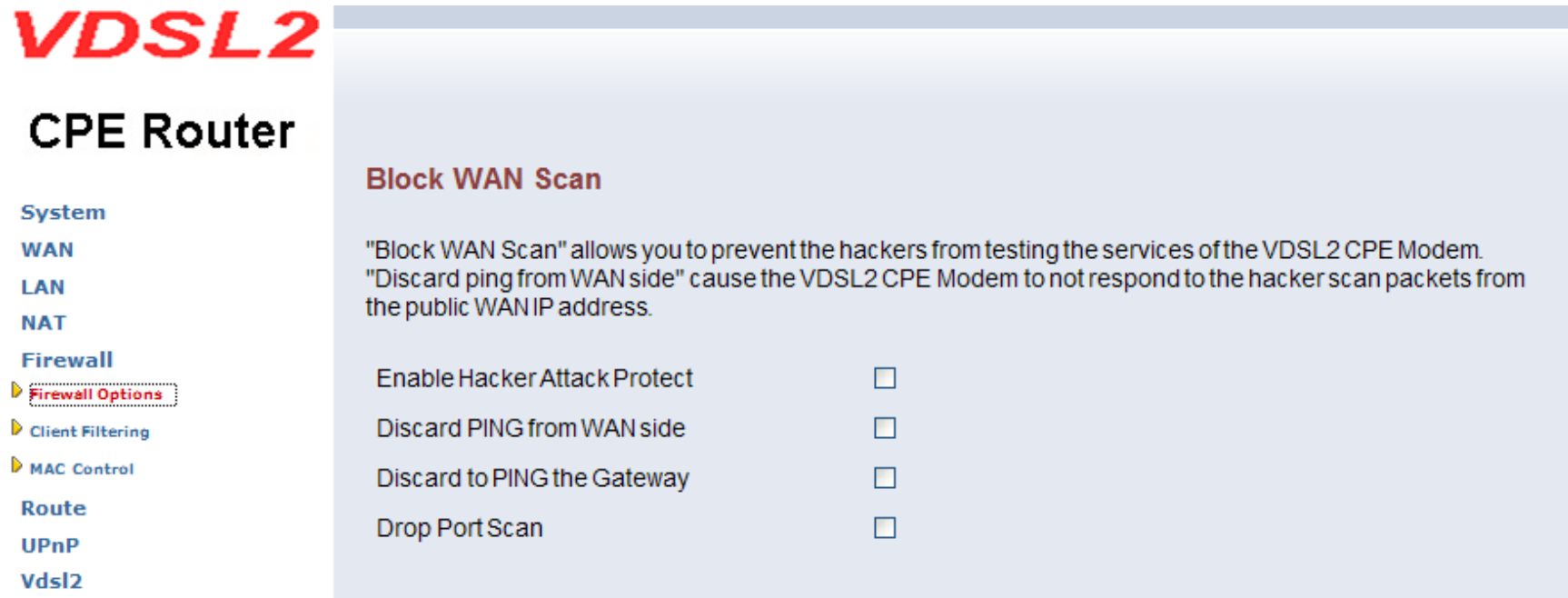


Figure 8.2.7.1 Firewall Options Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Firewall Options:

Field	Description
Enable Hacker Attack Protect	Select the check box to log and drop all the hacker attack events.
Discard PING from WAN	Select the check box to drop all PING from the WAN side.
Discard PING the Gateway	Select the check box to drop all PING to VDSL2 CO/CPE Router packet for the LAN side.
Drop Port Scan	Select the check box to drop all the port scan packets.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.7.2 Client Filtering

To enable Client Filter, click on the “Client Filtering” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8.2.7.2.

VDSL2
CPE Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Firewall
 Firewall Options
 Client Filtering
 MAC Control
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

Client Filtering

You can block certain client PCs accessing the Internet based on time.

☒ Enable Client Filter

	IP	Port	Type	Enable
1	192.168.16. ~ <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="checkbox"/>
2	192.168.16. ~ <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="checkbox"/>
3	192.168.16. ~ <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="checkbox"/>
4	192.168.16. ~ <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="checkbox"/>
5	192.168.16. ~ <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> TCP <input type="radio"/> UDP	<input type="checkbox"/>

HELP APPLY CANCEL

Figure 8.2.7.2 Client Filter Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Client Filter:

Field	Description
Enable Client Filter	Enable or disable the Client Filter feature of VDSL2 CO&CPE Router. Select the check box to enable this option.
IP	Enter the filter IP Address range of the local machines under VDSL2 CO&CPE Router.
Port	Enter the filter Port number range of the local machines under VDSL2 CO&CPE Router.
Type	Select TCP or UDP to filter the protocol type packets from the local machines.
Enable	Provides more IP Addresses of the WAN interface.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.7.3 MAC Control

To configure MAC Control, click on the “MAC Control” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in Figure 8.2.7.3

VDSL2

CPE Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Firewall
 ▶ Firewall Options
 ▶ Client Filtering
 ▶ **MAC Control**
Route
UPnP
Vdsl2

MAC Control

You can block certain client PCs accessing the Internet based on MAC addresses.

MAC Address Control: ☒

MAC Address Control List

Block Connect to Internet	MAC Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/> : <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/>

<< Add

Figure 8.2.7.3 MAC Control Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in MAC Control:

Field	Description
MAC Address Control	Enable or disable the MAC address control.
Block Connection to Internet	Enable or disable block status. If the check box is selected, it blocks the specified MAC address.
MAC Address	Assign the blocking MAC address for local machine.

- Click APPLY to save the information that has been entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

8.2.8 Route Settings

The Route Settings can be viewed in the left navigation bar. The following are the options available under Route, as shown in [Figure 8.2.8](#):

- Static Routing
- Routing Table List

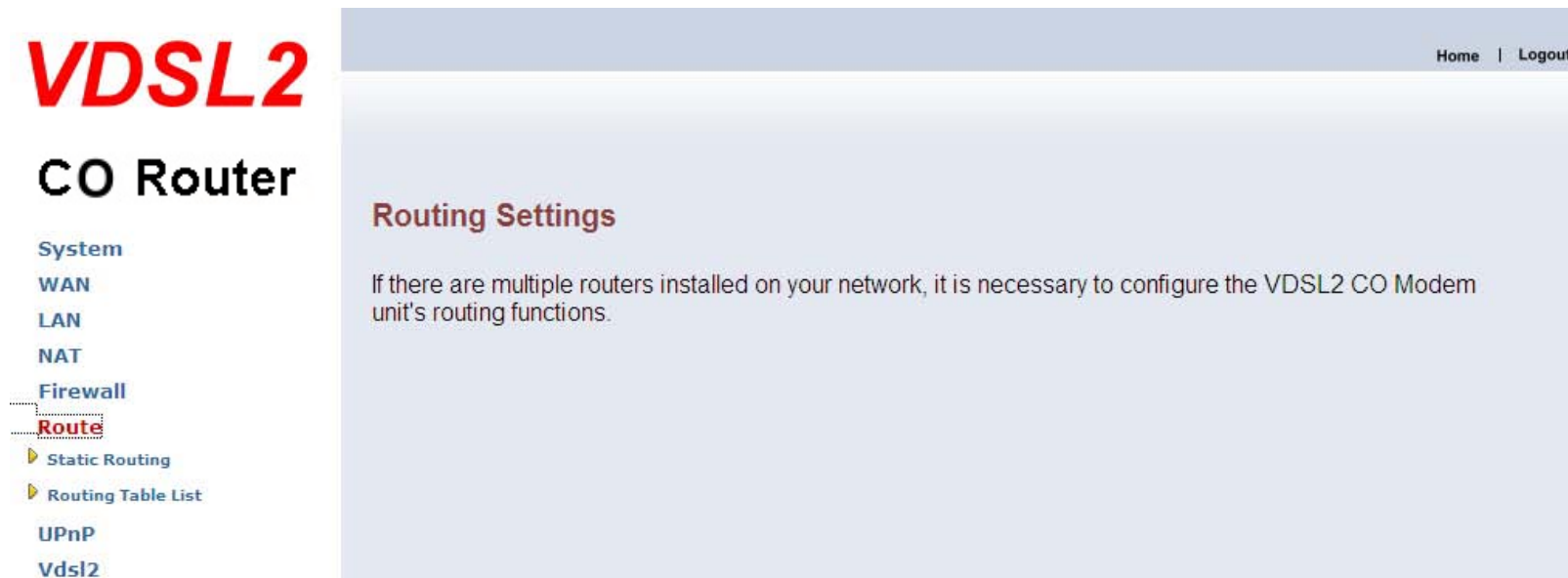


Figure 8.2.8 Route in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.8.1 Static Routing

To setup Static Routing, click on the “Static Routing” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.8.1](#).

VDSL2
CO Router

System
WAN
LAN
NAT
Firewall
Route
▶ **Static Routing**
▶ Routing Table List
UPnP
Vdsl2

Home | Logout

Static Routing

The static routing function determines the path that data follows over your network before and after it passes through your router. You can use static routing to allow different IP domain users to access the Internet through this VDSL2 CO Modem device.

Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Add"/>

HELP CANCEL

Figure 8.2.8.1 Static Routing Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in Static Routing:

Field	Description
Destination LAN IP	Enter the IP Address of routing entry.
Subnet Mask	Enter the Subnet Mask of routing entry.
Gateway	Enter the Gateway address of routing entry.

- Click Add to add the information that has been entered.

Note:

Static Routing functionality is used to define the connected Gateway between the LAN and WAN. For example, if we want to activate the Network Time Protocol (NTP) service, and we have to define the Gateway connected to NTP server in the WAN.

8.2.8.2 Routing Table List

To view the Routing entry table list of VDSL2 CO/CPE Router, click on the “Routing Table List” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.8.2](#).

The screenshot displays the VDSL2 CO Router web interface. On the left, a navigation menu lists various system functions: System, WAN, LAN, NAT, Firewall, Route, Static Routing, **Routing Table List** (highlighted with a red dashed box), UPnP, and Vdsl2. The main content area is titled "Routing Table" and includes a descriptive text: "The Routing table allows you to see how many routings on your VDSL2 CO Modem routing table and interface information." Below this text is a table with the following data:

Destination LAN IP	Subnet Mask	Gateway	Metric	Interface
192.168.16.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	0	adm0

To the right of the table is a "Refresh" button. In the bottom right corner of the main area, there is a circular "HELP" button with a question mark icon. The top right of the interface shows "Home | Logout" links.

Figure 8.2.8.2 Routing Table List

The screen contains the following details:

- Click Refresh to update currently routing list of the VDSL2 CO/CPE Router.

8.2.9 UPnP Setting

The UPnP Settings can be viewed in the left navigation bar. The following are the options available under UPnP, as shown in [Figure 8.2.9](#).

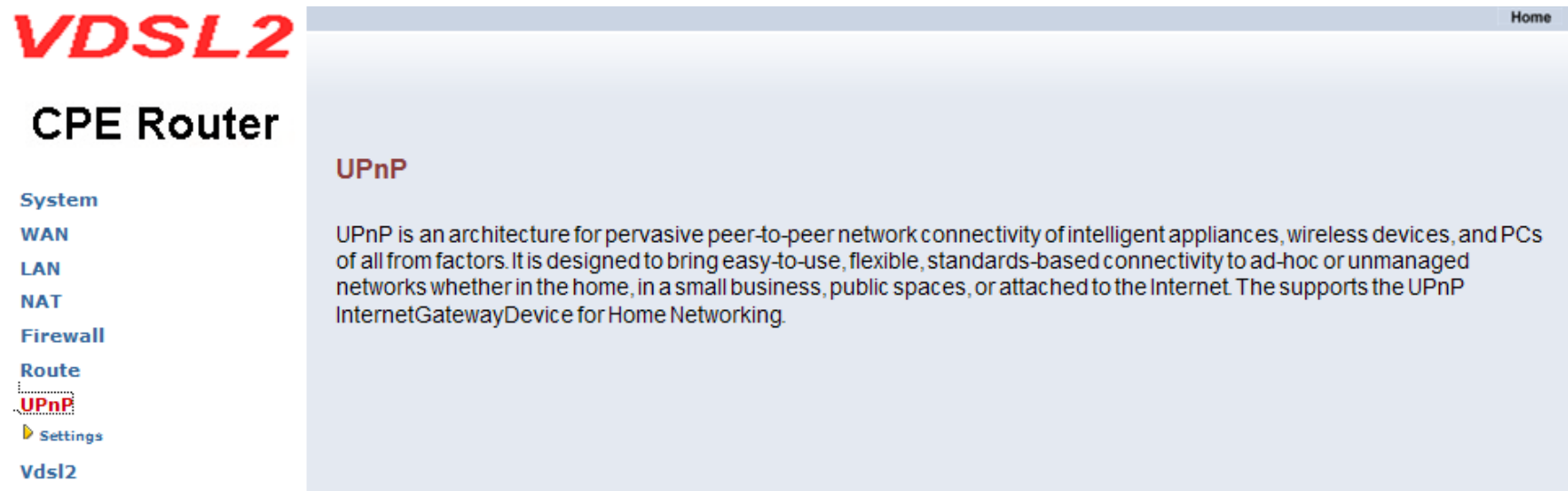


Figure 8.2.9 UPnP in Left Navigator Bar

8.2.9.1 Settings

To enable or disable the UPnP Settings, click on the “Settings” link in the left navigation bar. A screen is displayed as shown in [Figure 8.2.9.1](#).

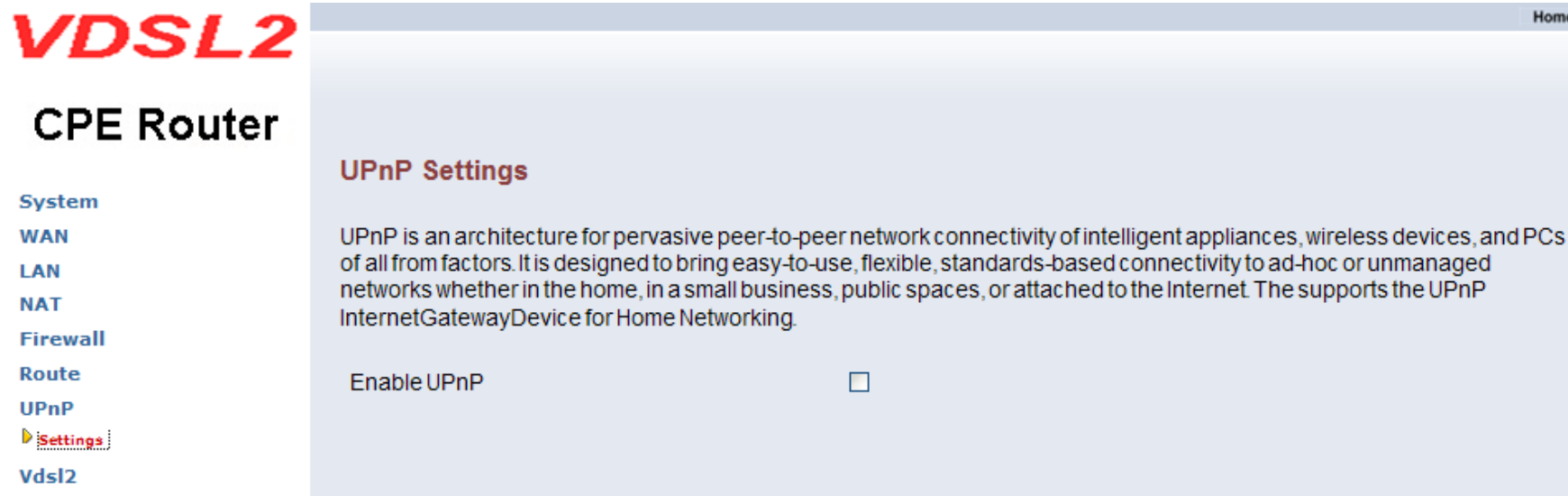


Figure 8.2.9.1 UPnP Configuration

The screen contains the following details:

Fields in UPnP Settings:

Field	Description
Enable UPnP	To enable or disable UPnP Setting. Select the check box to Enable or Disable the UPnP function of SPEED-VDSL2 CO&CPE Router.

- Click APPLY at any time during configuration to save the information that you have entered.
- Click CANCEL to exit from this page without saving the changes.

Appendix A: Product Features & Specification

Features:

- Compliant with IEEE 802.3 & 802.3u Ethernet Standards
- Compliant with G993.2 VDSL2 standards
- Provides 4 x 10/100M auto-sensing RJ-45 Ethernet ports
- Supports Bandwidth up to 100Mbps over RJ-11 ports
- POTS / ISDN Splitter port RJ-11 x 1 (Splitter on board)
- Support Downstream Power Back-Off(DPBO)
- Supports auto speed for VDSL2 port
- Supports Web management (HTTP)
- Supports TFTP
- Supports Console (RS-232C)
- Supports PPPOE
- Supports NAT/DHCP/DMZ
- Supports Firewall
- Supports Route & Switch (Bridge) mode
- Supports UPnP
- Supports Loop back
- Supports SNR indicator for checking phone wiring quality
- Supports Interleave Delay to prevent against noise and data errors
- Support 8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 12a, 12b, 17a, 17b, and 30a band profile
- Support 997, 998 band plan
- Provides surge protection for VDSL2 port

Specifications:

Standard:	IEEE802.3 standard IEEE802.3u standard Compliant G993.2 VDSL2 standard
Interface:	4 * RJ-45 10/100Mbps Ethernet port 1 * RJ-11 connector for VDSL2 1 * RJ-11 connector for POTS/ISDN device
Band Profile:	8a, 8b, 8c, 8d, 12a, 12b, 17a, 17b, 30a
Band Plan:	997, 998
Max. Bandwidth:	Symmetric 100 Mbps / 0.3 km
LED indication:	Power LED Link/Active Status for Ethernet port * 4 Link LED for VDSL2 port
Switch method:	Store and forward
Console port:	RS-232C/115200bps
Flow control:	Full duplex: IEEE 802.3x Half duplex: Back pressure
Power Consumption:	VDSL2 CO Router (LT): 5.52W VDSL2 CPE Router (NT): 6.12W
Operating Temperature:	0°C ~ 50°C (32°F ~ 122°F)

Storage Temperature:	-20°C ~ 70°C (-4°F ~ 158°F)
Humidity:	10 to 90% (non-condensing)
Weight:	About 0.96kg
Dimensions:	184 x 146 x 40 mm (7.2" x 5.74" x 1.57")
AC to DC adapter:	Input range: 85VAC~240VAC/50~60Hz Output: 12V DC/1A
EMI Compliant:	CE, FCC, VCCI
Chipset:	Infineon MIPS ADM5120P / VINAX

Appendix B: Troubleshooting

1. Symptom: Connected the Co-Router with CPE-Router within 300 meters RJ-11 phonecable got only less than 10 Mbit/s.

Cause: Some testing program which is base on TCP/IP protocol such as FTP, Iperf, NetIQ, the bandwidth of testing outcome will be limited by TCP window size.

Solution: We recommend to test VDSL2 bandwidth best by Smartbit equipment, if you don't have Smartbit, we recommend test that by IPERF program, and TCP window size must be setted max. 64k, the parameter as iperf -c server IP address -i 1 -t 50 -w 65535 for client side.

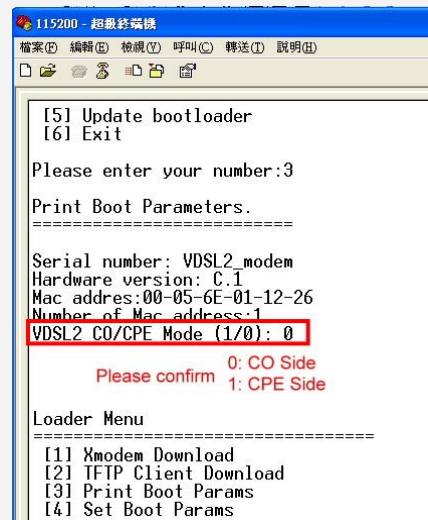
2. Symptom: VDSL2 CO router cannot link with CPE router.

Cause:

1. The VDSL2 CO/CPE mode settings of VDSL2 router become unknown.
2. VDSL2 CO and CPE router tone mode is different due to mixed use of new and old hardware VDSL2 routers.

Solution:

1. Using the console, reboot the system and go to loader menu. Select set boot parameters and choose the VDSL2 CO/CPE mode correctly. Choose "1" if it is CO router and "0" if it is CPE router. Do not just press enter to skip the setting as it will not retain even if the setting is correct, then it will become unknown causing the VDSL2 router not to link. 0: VDSL2 CO Router. 1: VDSL2 CPE Router



```
115200 - 超級終端機
檔案(F) 編輯(E) 檢視(V) 呼叫(C) 轉送(T) 說明(H)
[5] Update bootloader
[6] Exit
Please enter your number:3
Print Boot Parameters.
=====
Serial number: VDSL2_modem
Hardware version: C.1
Mac address:00-05-6E-01-12-26
Number of Mac address:1
VDSL2 CO/CPE Mode (1/0): 0
Please confirm 0: CO Side
               1: CPE Side
Loader Menu
=====
[1] Xmodem Download
[2] TFTP Client Download
[3] Print Boot Params
[4] Set Boot Params
```

2. Update the old hardware to D series firmware so that you can set the same tone mode for both CO and CPE router.

3. Symptom: VDSL2 web management that uses public IP address cannot be accessed.

Cause: It can be affected by some incoming traffic perhaps web crawlers, worms or other automated activity..

Solution: Open a command prompt and log in to telnet by writing “telnet xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx”, xxx is the IP address of your router, then write “cd /etc/rc.d/init.d” to go to this folder, then write “./httpd start” to open the web management, so that it can be accessed again.

Appendix C: Cable Requirements

A CAT 3, 4 or 5 UTP (unshielded twisted pair) cable is typically used to connect the Ethernet device to the router. A 10Base-T cable often consists of four pairs of wires, two of which are used for transmission. The connector at the end of the 10Base-T cable is referred to as an RJ-45 connector and it consists of eight pins. The Ethernet standard uses pins 1, 2, 3 and 6 for data transmission purposes. (Table C-1)

Table C-1 RJ-45 Ethernet Connector Pin Assignments

PIN #	MDI		MDI-X	
	Signal	Media Dependant interface	Signal	Media Dependant interface-cross
1	TX+	Transmit Data +	RX+	Receive Data +
2	TX-	Transmit Data -	RX-	Receive Data -
3	RX+	Receive Data +	TX+	Transmit Data +
4	--	Unused	--	Unused
5	--	Unused	--	Unused
6	RX-	Receive Data -	TX-	Transmit Data -
7	--	Unused	--	Unused
8	--	Unused	--	Unused

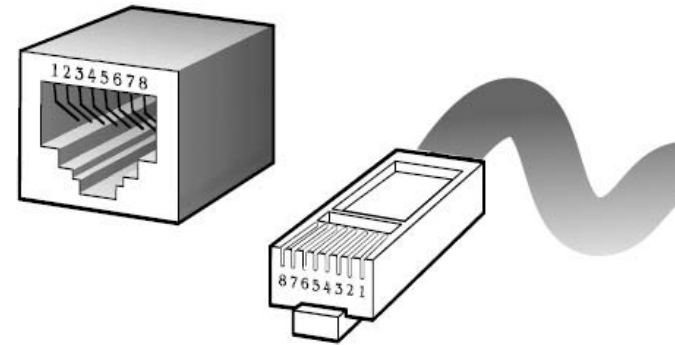


Figure C-1 Standard RJ-45 repeater/connector

Note:

Please make sure your connected cables are with same pin assignment as above table before deploying the cables into your network.

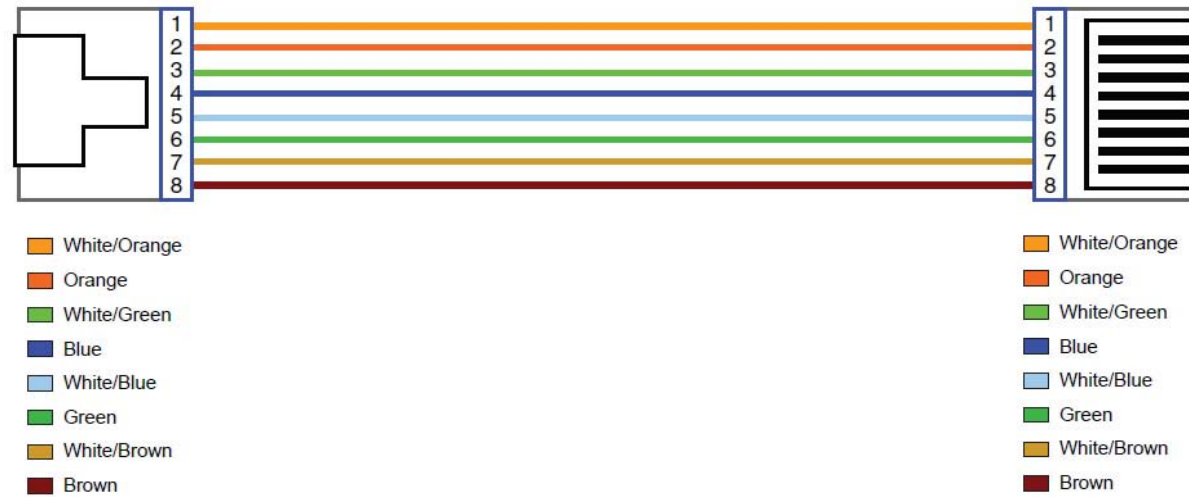


Figure C-2 Pin Assignments and Wiring for an RJ-45 Straight-Through Cable



Figure C-3 Pin Assignments and Wiring for an RJ-45 Crossover Cable

Serial Console Interface Connector Pin Assignments

The serial console interface connector is a 9-pin, RS-232 D-type, DTE connector. A null router cable is required to connect a workstation running the Linux or Windows operating system. [Table C-2](#) lists the pin assignments for the serial console interface connector.

Table C-2 RS-232 Connector Pin Assignments

Description	Pin	I/O	Signal Name
Not used	1	-	-
Receive data; input	2	In	RXD
Transmit data; output	3	Out	TXD
Data terminal ready; output	4	Out	DTR
Interface signal ground	5	-	GND
Data set ready; input	6	In	DSR
Not used	7	-	-
Not used	8	-	-
Not used	9	-	-

The CDEs have one standard serial port connector located on the back of the device. [Figure C-4](#) shows the pin number assignments for the 9-pin, male D-shell serial port connector on the back of the device. These pin number assignments conform to the industry standard for RS-232 communications.

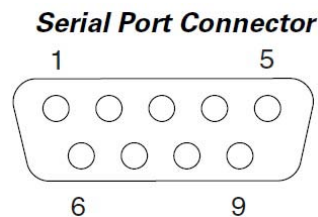


Figure C-4

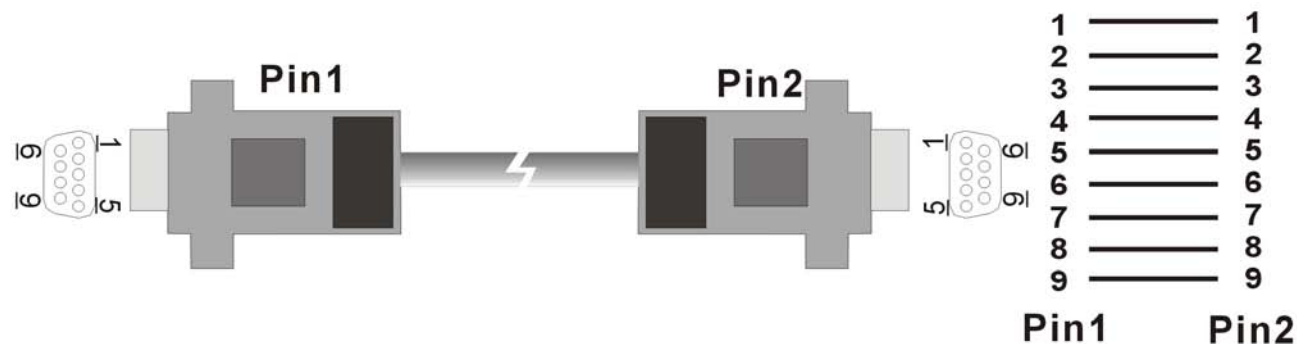


Figure C-5 Pin Assignments and Wiring for an RS-232 Cable

Appendix D: Compliance and Safety Information

FCC Radio Frequency Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested to comply with the limits for a computing device, pursuant to Part 15 of FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment can generate, use and radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by taking one or more of the following measures:

1. Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
2. Increase the distance between the equipment and receiver.
3. The equipment and the receiver should be connected to outlets on separate circuits.
4. Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/television technician for help.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

If this telephone equipment causes harm to the telephone network, the telephone company will notify you in advance that temporary discontinuance of service may be required. But if advance notice isn't practical, the telephone company will notify the customer as soon as possible. Also, you will be advised of your right to file a complaint with the FCC if you believe it is necessary.

The telephone company may make changes in its facilities, equipment, operations or procedures that could affect the proper functioning of your equipment. If they do, you will be notified in advance in order for you to make necessary modifications to maintain uninterrupted service.

This equipment may not be used on coin service provided by the telephone company. Connection to party lines is subject to state tariffs.

Important Safety Instructions

Important Safety Instructions

- ◆ **Caution:** The direct plug-in wall transformer serves as the main product for disconnecting. The socket outlet shall be installed near the product and be readily accessible.
- ◆ **Caution:** Use only the power supply included with this product. In the event the power supply is lost or damaged: In the United States, use only with CSA certified or UL listed Class 2 power supply, rated **12Vdc 1A** or above. IN Europe, use only with CE certified power supply, rated **12Vdc 1A** or above.
- ◆ **Do not** use this equipment near water, for example in a wet basement.
- ◆ **Avoid** using a telephone during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electrical shock from lightning.
- ◆ **Do not** use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leaking area.
- ◆ If you experience trouble with this unit, please contact customer service of your dealer immediately.
- ◆ **DO NOT DISASSEMBLE THIS EQUIPMENT.** It does not contain any user serviceable components.

FCC Warning



This equipment has been tested to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment can generate, use, and radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at owner's expense.

CE Mark Warning



This is a CE class A product. In a domestic environment, this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

WEEE Warning



To avoid the potential effects on the environment and human health as a result of the presence of hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment, end users of electrical and electronic equipment should understand the meaning of the crossed-out wheeled bin symbol. Do not dispose of WEEE as unsorted municipal waste and have to collect such WEEE separately.

Warranty

The original owner of this package will be free from defects in material and workmanship for one year parts after purchase. For the warranty to apply, you must register your purchase by returning the registration card indicating the date of purchase.

There will be a minimal charge to replace consumable components, such as fuses, power transformers, and mechanical cooling devices. The warranty will not apply to any products which have been subjected to any misuse, neglect or accidental damage, or which contain defects which are in any way attributable to improper installation or to alteration or repairs made or performed by any person not under control of the original owner.

The above warranty is in lieu of any other warranty, whether express, implied, or statutory, including but not limited to any warranty of merchantability, fitness for a particular purpose, or any warranty arising out of any proposal, specification, or sample. We shall not be liable for incidental or consequential damages. We neither assume nor authorize any person to assume for it any other liability.



WARNING:

- 1.DO NOT TEAR OFF OR REMOVE THE WARRANTY STICKER AS SHOWN, OR THE WARRANTY IS VOID.**
- 2. WARRANTY VOID IF USE COMMERCIAL-GRADE POWER SUPPLY IS USED AT INDUSTRIAL ENVIRONMENTS.**