µchiller 3









Technology & Evolution



We wish to save you time and money!

We can assure you that the thorough reading of this manual will guarantee correct installation and safe use of the product described.

IMPORTANT WARNINGS



BEFORE INSTALLING OR HANDLING THE DEVICE PLEASE CAREFULLY READ AND FOLLOW THE INSTRUCTIONS DESCRIBED IN THIS MANUAL.

This device has been manufactured to operate risk-free for its specific purpose, as long as:

it is installed, operated and maintained according to the instructions contained in this manual;

the environmental conditions and the voltage of the power supply correspond to those specified.

All other uses and modifications made to the device that are not authorised by the manufacturer are considered incorrect.

Liability for injury or damage caused by the incorrect use of the device lies exclusively with the user.

Please note that this unit contains powered electrical devices and therefore all service and maintenance operations must be performed by specialist and qualified personnel who are aware of the necessary precautions.

Disconnect the unit from the mains power supply before accessing any internal parts.



INFORMATION FOR USERS ON THE CORRECT HANDLING OF WASTE ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT (WEEE)

In reference to European Union directive 2002/96/EC issued on 27 January 2003 and the related national legislation, please note that:

- 1. WEEE cannot be disposed of as municipal waste and such waste must be collected and disposed of separately;
- 2. The public or private waste collection systems defined by local legislation must be used. In addition, the equipment can be returned to the distributor at the end of its working life when buying new equipment.
- The equipment may contain hazardous substances: the improper use or incorrect disposal of such may have negative effects on human health and on the environment;
- 4. The symbol (crossed-out wheeled bin) shown on the product or on the packaging and on the instruction sheet indicates that the equipment has been introduced onto the market after 13 August 2005 and that it must be disposed of separately;
- 5. In the event of illegal disposal of electrical and electronic waste, the penalties are specified by local waste disposal legislation.

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1. Introduction

1.1 General description

The μ C³ is a new compact CAREL electronic controller, measuring the size of a normal thermostat, for the complete management of chillers and heat pumps: it can control air-air, air-water, water-water and condensing units.

Main functions

- Temperature control for air/air units, air/water-cooled chillers/heat pumps, with two circuits and up to 6 steps, with and without reversal on the water/refrigerant circuit;
- condenser control in two circuits with up to 6 steps on air/water-cooled units, with and without reversal on the water/refrigerant circuit;
- defrost management by time and/or by temperature or pressure;
- fan speed control;
- complete alarm management;
- time band management;

Advanced functions

- sliding defrost
- functions to prevent high condensing pressure/temperature, low evaporator pressure/temperature, antifreeze
- control
- management of tandem, trio and semi-hermetic compressors
- pump-down
- part-winding start

Driver functions

• Electronic expansion valve management.

Devices controlled

- Compressor;
- condenser fans;
- evaporator fan (air-source units)
- reversing valve;
- water pumps for the evaporator and/or condenser (water-source units);
- outlet fan (air-air);
- antifreeze heater;
- support heaters;
- alarm signal device;

Programming

CAREL offers the possibility to configure all the unit parameters not only from the keypad on the front panel, but also using a hardware key or via a serial line.

1.2 User interface

pLD large terminal

The display has 4 digits plus decimal point. In normal operation, the value shown on the display corresponds to the temperature read by the control probe, for example the evaporator water inlet temperature (on water chillers) or alternatively the room temperature, on direct expansion units.



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1.3 Programming procedure

- 1) press up or down
- 2) press Sel
- 3) enter the password using up or down
- press Sel to confirm

If the password is correct, the parameters menu automatically appears; if the password is wrong, the value 0 is displayed.

Repeat the operation by repeating the procedure or press Prg to exit.

2. pGD0 terminal

The display covers 4 rows by 20 characters. In normal operation, the display shows the evaporator inlet and outlet temperatures, the unit status (ON/OFF) and the mode (cooling/heating).

The up and down buttons can be used to immediately enter in the user menu, set point, ON/OFF and COOLING/HEATING mode. Entering the password in the screen following is possible enter in programming of all the parameters.



2.1 Passwords and levels of access

The user interface has the parameters organised into three distinct levels of access, each of which containing a different number of visible parameters: <u>free access</u>: access to the screens displaying the inputs and outputs, unit on/off, set point, enter password to access the protected parameters. <u>user level</u>: (password 22), all the free access parameters plus the main control parameters, maintenance parameters, alarms. <u>manufacturer level</u>: (password 66), complete access to the unit configuration parameters, from the type of devices controlled to the definition of the control parameters.

The parameters are organised by uniform groups accessible from specific sliding menus.

The following diagram shows the method for accessing the various groups of parameters and their layout.

From inside a group of parameters, pressing [Esc] moves the cursor to the sliding menu for selecting the parameters, pressing [Prog] moves to the main menu.

2.2 Type of connectors

The connectors and the cables can be purchased separately from CAREL (MCH3CON**) or directly from the manufacturers, Molex and Phoenix. For the crimping of the contacts use the special Molex tool code 69008-0724.

Mini-fit terminals

Number of connectors	Molex code of the connector	Number of pins	Molex code of the contact	Cable cross-section allowed in AWG	Cable cross-section allowed in mm2
2	39-01-2140	14	39-00-0038 39-00-0046	AWG18 to 24 AWG22 to 28	1.00 to 0.21 0.5 to 0.10
1	39-01-2060	6			
1	39-01-2080	8			
1	39-01-2100	10			
1	39-01-2100	10	39-00-0077	AWG16	1.50
2	39-01-2120	12	39-00-0077	AWG16	1.50

Plug-in terminals

Number of connectors	Phoenix code of the connector	Number of pins	Cable cross-section	Cable cross-section allowed in mm2
			allowed in AWG	
2	MC 1,5/3-ST-3,81	3	AWG18-24	1.00 to 0.21
1	MC 1,5/2-ST-3,81	2	AWG18-24	1.00 to 0.21

3. Applications

3.1 AIR/AIR units, single circuit



3.2 AIR/AIR units, two circuits



3.3 AIR/AIR units, two circuits, 1 condenser fan circuit



3.4 AIR/AIR heat pumps, single circuit



3.5 AIR/AIR heat pumps, two circuits



3.6 AIR/AIR heat pumps, two circuits, 1 condenser fan circuit







3.8 AIR/AIR chillers, two circuits, 2 condenser fan circuits and 2 evaporators



Fig. 3.a.h

3.9 AIR/WATER chillers, two circuits, 1 condenser fan circuit





Fig. 3.a.l.

3.11 AIR/WATER heat pumps, 2 condenser fan circuits



3.12 AIR/WATER heat pumps, two circuits, 1 condenser fan circuit



Fig. 3.a.n



Fig. 3.a.o.

3.14 WATER/WATER chillers, two circuits



Fig. 3.a.p.





3.16 WATER/WATER heat pumps with reversal on the refrigerant circuit, single circuit



Fig. 3.a.r.





3.18 WATER/WATER heat pumps with reversal on the refrigerant circuit, two circuits, 1 evaporator



Fig. 3.a.t.

3.19 WATER/WATER heat pumps with reversal on the water circuit, single circuit



3.20 WATER/WATER heat pumps with reversal on the water circuit, two circuits, H02= 1 and H21= 4



3.21 WATER/WATER heat pumps with reversal on the water circuit, two circuits, 1 evaporator H02= 1 and H21= 4



Fig. 3.a.z.

3.22 Air-cooled condensing unit without reverse cycle, single circuit



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3.23 Air-cooled condensing unit without reverse cycle, two circuits



3.24 Reverse-cycle air-cooled condensing unit, single circuit





3.25 Reverse-cycle air-cooled condensing unit, two circuits with condenser fan circuit



3.26 Water-cooled condensing unit without reverse cycle, single circuit



3.27 Water-cooled condensing unit without reverse cycle, two circuits





3.28 Reverse-cycle water-cooled condensing unit, single circuit





3.29 Reverse-cycle water-cooled condensing unit, two circuits



Fig. 3.b.h.

4. Parameters

4.1 Menu layout





- -/- Probe configuration
- A Antifreeze
- B Input Output
- C Compressors
- -d- Defrost
- F Condenser
- H Unit configuration
- P Alarm configuration
- r Control parameters
- F-r Software version
- -t- Clock
- EVD Electronic valve driver

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The various functions of the units are described below, with specific references to the parameters in the table according to the program menu codes.

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4.2 List of parameters with the pLD user interface

. <u> </u>		1	1	1	
pLD	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access
	/* parameters: probe settings				
/1	Calibration offset for analogue input B1	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/bar	0	user
/2	Calibration offset for analogue input B2	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/bar	0	user
/3	Calibration offset for analogue input B3	-9.9 to 9.9	bar	0	user
/4	Calibration offset for analogue input B4	-9.9 to 9.9	bar	0	user
/5	Calibration offset for analogue input B5	-9.9 to 9.9	0° 0	0	user
/6	Calibration offset for analogue input B6	-9.9 to 9.9	<u> </u>	0	user
/7 /8	Calibration offset for analogue input B7 Calibration offset for analogue input B8	-9.9 to 9.9 -9.9 to 9.9	%/°C	0	user
/o /9	Calibration offset for analogue input B9	-9.9 to 9.9	%/ C ℃	0	user user
/10	Calibration offset for analogue input B9	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user
/10		-3.3 10 3.3	0	0	usei
	A* parameters: antifreeze		٦°		r
A1	Antifreeze alarm set point (chiller units) low room temperature (air/air units)	-99.9 to 99.9	-U	3.0	user
A2	Antifreeze alarm differential (chiller units)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	1.0	user
AZ	Low room temperature (air/air units)	-33.3 10 33.3	Ū.	1.0	usei
A3	Antifreeze heater set point	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	5.0	user
A4	Antifreeze heater differential	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	1.0	user
A5	Support heater set point in cooling mode	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	30.0	user
A6	Heater differential support in cooling mode	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	1.0	user
A7	Support heater 1 set point in heating mode	15.0 to 50.0	°C	25.0	user
A8	Support heater 1 differential in heating mode	0.0 to 10.0	°C	5.0	user
A9	Support heater 2 set point in heating mode	15.0 to 50.0	°C	24.0	user
A10	Support heater 2 differential in heating mode	0.0 to 10.0	°C	5.0	user
A11	Support heater activation delay in heating	0 to 60	min	15	user
A12	Device start-up mode in antifreeze with unit off	DISABLED		DISABLED	user
		HEAT & PUMP ON			
1		HEAT & UNIT ON			
L		HEATER ONLY ON			
	b* parameters: sensors		1	1	r
B1	Value of analogue input B1	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar		
B2	Value of analogue input B2	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar		
B3	Value of analogue input B3	-99.9 to 99.9	bar		
B4	Value of analogue input B4	-99.9 to 99.9	bar		
B5	Value of analogue input B5	-99.9 to 99.9	°C		
B6	Value of analogue input B6	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	<u> </u>		
B7 B8	Value of analogue input B7	-99.9 to 99.9	%/°C		
во В9	Value of analogue input B8 Value of analogue input B9	-99.9 to 99.9	%/ C ℃		
B9 B10	Value of analogue input B10	-99.9 to 99.9	0°C		
B10	Status of digital input 1	-33.3 10 33.3	0		
B12	Status of digital input 2				
B14	Status of digital input 4				
B15	Status of digital input 5				
B16	Status of digital input 6				
B17	Status of digital input 7				
B18	Status of digital input 8				
B19	Status of digital input 9				
B20	Status of digital input 10				
B21	Status of digital input 11				
B22	Status of digital input 12				
B23	Status of digital input 13				
B24	Status of digital input 14				
B25	Status of digital input 15				
B26	Status of digital input 16				
B27	Status of digital input 17				
B28	Status of digital input 18				
B29 B30	Status of digital output 1 Status of digital output 2				
B30 B31	Status of digital output 2 Status of digital output 3				
B31 B32	Status of digital output 3 Status of digital output 4				
B32 B33	Status of digital output 5				
B33 B34	Status of digital output 6				
B35	Status of digital output 7				l
B36	Status of digital output 8		1		1
B37	Status of digital output 9				
B38	Status of digital output 10				
B39	Status of digital output 11				
B40	Status of digital output 12				
B41	Status of digital output 13				direct
B42	Status of digital output 14				
B43	Status of analogue output 1	0.0	V		
B44	Status of analogue output 2	0.0	V		
B45	Status of analogue output 5	0.0	V		
	c* parameters: compressors				
c1	Condenser pump operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c2	Condenser pump operating hours	0 to 999	h		
c3	Evaporator pump / main fan operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c4	Evaporator pump / main fan operating hours	0 to 999	h		
c5	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c6	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours	0 to 999	h		
c7	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c8	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h		
c9	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c10	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h		<u> </u>
	20/21 rol 1 5 16/11/2000	22			

					uC3
pLD	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access
c11	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c12	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h		
c13	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c14	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h		
c15	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c16 c17	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2 Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999 0 to 999	h h		
c17	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h		
c19	Manually force compressor 1 circuit 1	N/Y		Ν	user
c20	Manually force compressor 2 circuit 1	N/Y		N	user
c21	Manually force compressor 3 circuit 1	N/Y		Ν	user
c22	Manually force compressor 1 circuit 2	N/Y		Ν	user
c23	Manually force compressor 2 circuit 2	N/Y		N	user
c24	Manually force compressor 3 circuit 2	N/Y		Ν	user
	d* parameters: defrost				
d1	Start defrost threshold	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user
d2 d3	End defrost threshold Enable sliding defrost function	-99.9 to 99.9 N/Y	°C/bar	12.0 N	user
d3 d4	Minim. set point to start defrost accessible with sliding defrost function	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.5	user user
d4 d5	Outside temperature threshold to start sliding defrost action	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0.0	user
d6	Outside temperature threshold for maximum sliding defrost action	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0.0	user
	F* parameters: fans				1
F1	Start hour for low-noise operation	0 to 23	h	0	user
F2	Start minutes for low-noise operation	0 to 59	min	0	user
F3	End hour for low-noise operation	0 to 23	h	0	user
F4	End minutes for low-noise operation	0 to 59	min	0	user
F5	Low-noise set point in cooling	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.0	user
F6	Low-noise set point in heating	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.0	user
	H* parameters: unit configuration				
H1	Enable unit ON/OFF from digital input	N/Y		N	user
H2	Enable cooling/heating selection from digital input	N/Y		N	user
H3	Enable unit ON/OFF from supervisor	N/Y		N	user
H4 H5	Enable cooling/heating selection from supervisor	N / Y CAREL		N CAREL	user
пр	Select type of serial protocol for supervisory network	MODBUS		GANEL	user
		LONWORKS			
		Rs232			
		MODEM ANALOGUE.			
		GSM MODEM			
H6	Serial port communication speed for supervisory network	1200 (RS485/RS422)		19200 (ONLY RS485)	user
		2400 (RS485/RS422) 4800 (RS485/RS422)			
		9600 (RS485/RS422)			
		19200 (ONLY RS485)			
H7	Serial identification number for supervisory network	0 to 200		1	user
	P* parameters: alarms				
P1	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay at start-up	0 to 999	S	15	user
P2	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay in steady operation	0 to 999	S	3	user
P3	Condenser flow switch alarm delay at start-up	0 to 999	S	15	user
P4	Condenser flow switch alarm delay in steady operation	0 to 999	S	3	user
	r* parameters: control			-	
r1	Active set point		°C		direct
r2	Current outside temperature compensation value (B7)		<u> </u>		direct
r3	Current set point from analogue input B8	00.0 + 00.0	2°	10.0	
r4 r5	Cooling set point Heating set point	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	<u> </u>	12.0 45.0	direct direct
r5 r6	Minimum set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	ں» 2°	45.0 7.0	direct
r7	Maximum set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9		17.0	direct
r8	Minimum set point value from probe B8 (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	40.0	direct
r9	Maximum set point value from probe B8 (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9		50.0	
r10	Temperature control band	0 to 99.9	<u> </u>	3.0	user
r11	Enable set point compensation	N/Y		N	user
r12	Maximum compensation value	-99.9 to 99.9	0°	5.0	user
r13	Minimum outside temperature for compensation in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	<u> </u>	25.0	user
r14	Maximum outside temperature for compensation in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	0° 0°	35.0	user
r15	Minimum outside temperature for compensation in heating Maximum outside temperature for compensation in heating	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	<u> </u>	10.0 0.0	user user
r16		- 33.3 เป 33.3			
r16 r17			°C	-10.0	USE
r16 r17 r18	Outside temperature set point limit	-99.9 to 99.9		-10.0 2.0	user user
r17	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit				user
r17 r18	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software Software version, first digit	-99.9 to 99.9			
r17 r18 F1	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3 F4	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-1* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit Software version day	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3 F4	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-f* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit Software version day Software version month Software version year	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3 F4 F5	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit Software version day Software version month Software version year t* parameters: clock setting	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3 F4 F5 t1	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F+* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, first digit Software version day Software version month Software version year t* parameters: clock setting Hour setting	-99.9 to 99.9			user
r17 r18 F1 F1 F3 F4 F5	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-t* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit Software version day Software version month Software version year t* parameters: clock setting	-99.9 to 99.9 -9.9 to 9.9	°C		user
r17 r18 F1 F3 F4 F5 t1 t2	Outside temperature set point limit Outside temperature differential limit F-f* parameters: software Software version, first digit Software version, second digit Software version day Software version nonth Software version year t* parameters: clock setting Hour setting Minutes setting	-99.9 to 99.9 -9.9 to 9.9	°C		user

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of	Default	Access	Ana/I	Supervisor	R/
•			measure		Access	nt/Dig	address	R-W
Hour	System hours		h			INT	77	R
Minutes	System minutes		m			INT	76	R
Day	System day							
Month	System month							
Year	System year				-			
ln. air t.	Ambient air temperature (air/air units)							
In. evap.t.	Evaporator water inlet temperature		°C					
In. cond.t.	Condenser water inlet temperature (water/water units)		U.					
In. diff.t.	Differential between evaporator inlet temperature and outside temperature							
	Air outlet temperature (air/air units)							
	Evaporator water outlet temperature							
	Condenser water outlet temperature (water/water units)		°C					
	Differential between evaporator outlet temperature and outside		-					
	temperature							
Ext.control	External temp. control request percentage (condensing units)		%			INT	51	R
		UNIT ON						
		OFF FROM ALARM						
		OFF FROM SUPERV.						
		OFF FROM BANDS						
	Linit atatua	OFF FROM DIG.IN.				INT	50	R
	Unit status	OFF FROM BUTTON				INT	50	n
		ANTIFREEZE PROBE						
		P/LOAD PREVENT HP						
		DEFROST CIRC.1						
		DEFROST CIRC.2						
СН	Active operating mode (chiller/heat pump)					DIG	46	R
HP	Active operating mode (chiller/near pamp)					DIG	0	
On/Off unit	Unit ON/OFF from panel	UNIT OFF						
		UNIT ON						
Running mode	Cooling/Heating from panel	COOLING						
		HEATING						
Insert password	User / Manufacturer access password	0 to 9999						
Current language:								
ENGLISH	Salaat aCD waar interfees language	ITALIANO		ENCLICI				
press [⊷]	Select pGD user interface language	ENGLISH ESPAÑOL		ENGLISH				
for change		ESFANUL						
Probe offset B1:	Calibration offset for analogue input B1	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/bar	0	user			
Probe offset B2:	Calibration offset for analogue input B2	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/bar	0	user			
Probe offset B3:	Calibration offset for analogue input B3	-9.9 to 9.9	bar	0	user			
Probe offset B4:	Calibration offset for analogue input B4	-9.9 to 9.9	bar	0	user			
Probe offset B5:	Calibration offset for analogue input B5	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user			
Probe offset B6:	Calibration offset for analogue input B6	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user			
Probe offset B7:	Calibration offset for analogue input B7	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user			
Probe offset B8:	Calibration offset for analogue input B8	-9.9 to 9.9	%/°C	0	user			
Probe offset B9:	Calibration offset for analogue input B9	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user			
Probe offset B10:	Calibration offset for analogue input B10	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	0	user			
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B1							
B1: Tank temp.	Boiler temperature							
B1: T.condens.1	Condensing temperature 1	N / Y		Ν	manufacturer	DIG	11	RW
B1: P.evapor.1	Evaporation pressure 1							
B1: T.in.cond	Condenser inlet temperature (water/water units)							
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B2							
B2: Not used	Condensing temperature 2							
B2: T.condens.2	Evaporation pressure 2	N / Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	12	RW
B2: P.evapor.2	Condenser outlet temperature (water/water units)							
B2: T.out.cond								
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B3	N/Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	13	RW
B3: P.condens.1	Condensing pressure 1							+
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B4	N/Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	14	RW
B4: P.condens.2	Condensing pressure 2			1				
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B5	1						
B5: Room temp.	Room temperature (air/air units)	N/Y		Y	manufacturer	DIG	15	RW
B5: T.in.evap	Evaporator water inlet temperature (chiller units)							
B5: Not used				1				+
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B6	1						
B6: T.out.air B6: T.out.water	Evaporator air outlet temperature	N/Y		Y	manufacturer	DIG	16	RW
B6: Not used	Evaporator water outlet temperature				1			
				1	1			-
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B7	N/Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	17	RW
B7: External temp.	Outside air temperature							
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B8							
B8: External set	External set point	N / Y		Ν	manufacturer	DIG	18	RW
B8: Ext.contr.	External control unit (condensing units)							
Enable probe	Enable analogue input P0							
B9: T.out.ev.1	Enable analogue input B9 Evaporator 1 outlet temperature	N/Y		Ν	manufacturer	DIG	19	RW
B9: Not used								
Enable probe	Enable analogue input B10							
								1
B10: T.out.ev.2 B10: Not used	Evaporator 2 outlet temperature	N / Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	20	RW

4.3 List of parameters with the pGD user interface

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μC R/ R-W
B1 probe config. Min.value	Minimum end scale configuration for analogue input B1	-30.0 to 150.0	bar	-0.5	manufacturer			
B1 probe config. Max.value	Maximum end scale configuration for analogue input B1	0.0 to 150.0	bar	7.0	manufacturer			-
B2 probe config. Min.value	Minimum end scale configuration for analogue input B2	-30.0 to 150.0	bar	-0.5	manufacturer			-
B2 probe config. Max.value	Maximum end scale configuration for analogue input B2	0.0 to 150.0	bar	7.0	manufacturer			-
B3 probe config.	Minimum end scale configuration for analogue input B3	-30.0 to 150.0	bar	0.0	manufacturer			-
Min.value B3 probe config.	Maximum end scale configuration for analogue input B3	0.0 to 150.0	bar	30.0	manufacturer			-
Max.value B4 probe config.	Minimum end scale configuration for analogue input B4	-30.0 to 150.0	bar	0.0	manufacturer			
Min.value B4 probe config.								
Max.value B8 probe config.	Maximum end scale configuration for analogue input B4	0.0 to 150.0	bar	30.0	manufacturer			
Min.value	Minimum end scale configuration for analogue input B8	-30.0 to 150.0	%/°C	0.0	manufacturer			<u> </u>
B8 probe config. Max.value	Maximum end scale configuration for analogue input B8	0.0 to 150.0	%/°C	100.0	manufacturer			
Analog inputs 1 & 2 configuration	Configuration of analogue inputs B1 and B2	BOILER TEMP. CONDENSE TEMP. EVAP. PRESS.		Boiler Temperat Ure	manufacturer	INT	1	RW
Reciprocating comp.	Type of semi-hermetic compressors controlled	PART LOAD ONLY WITH PUMP DOWN WITH PARTWINDING		PART LOAD ONLY.	manufacturer			
Maximum time PW time	Maximum pumpdown duration Part-winding time	1 to 999 1 to 999	s ms	60 1	manufacturer manufacturer	INT INT	2	RW RW
Pump down config.	Select end pumpdown mode	PRESS. SWITCH	1115	PRESS.	user		3	
End from: End set:	End pumpdown pressure (from low pressure transducer)	PRESSURE PROBE -99.9 to 99.9	bar	SWITCH 0.0	user	ANA	3	RW
Unload	Enable compressor capacity control	N/Y	Ibdi	N.	manufacturer	ANA	5	1100
enabled Type:	Configure compressor capacity-control relay operating logic	N.C.		N.C.	manufacturer			
Unload time	Compressor capacity control deactivation delay	N.O. 1 to 999	S	5	manufacturer	INT	4	RW
Compressors min. time ON	Minimum compressor on time	0 to 9999	s	60	manufacturer	INT	5	RW
Compressors min. time OFF	Minimum compressor off time	0 to 9999	s	360	manufacturer	INT	6	RW
Time between diff. comp.starts	Minimum time between starts of different compressors	0 to 9999	s	10	manufacturer	INT	7	RW
Time between same comp.starts	Minimum time between starts of the same compressor	0 to 9999	s	450	manufacturer	INT	8	RW
Min.time between pump/fan and compressors starting	Delay between start of pump/main fan and compressors	0 to 999	s	5	manufacturer	INT	107	
Delay OFF main pump/fan	Delay for stopping the pump/main fan	0 to 999	s	5	manufacturer	INT	108	
Hour meter Cond.pump	Condenser pump operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	62	R
Hour meter Cond.pump	Condenser pump operating hours	0 to 999	h			INT	63	R
Hour meter Main pump Main fan	Evaporator pump / main fan operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	58	
Hour meter Main pump Main fan	Evaporator pump / main fan operating hours	0 to 999	h			INT	59	
Hour meter Main pump 2	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	60	
Hour meter Main pump 2	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours	0 to 999	h			INT	61	
Hour meter Comp.1 circ.1	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	64	1
Hour meter Comp.1 circ.1	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h			INT	65	1
Hour meter Comp.2 circ.1	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	66	1
Hour meter Comp.2 circ.1	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h			INT	67	1
Hour meter	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	68	1
Comp.3 circ.1 Hour meter	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h			INT	69	+
Comp.3 circ.1 Hour meter	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	70	+
Comp.1 circ.2 Hour meter	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h			INT	70	+
Comp.1 circ.2 Hour meter								
Comp.2 circ.2	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	72	

			Unit of	Default	Ι.	Ana/I	Supervisor	μC. R/
Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	measure	Donaut	Access	nt/Dig	address	R-W
Hour meter Comp.2 circ.2	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h			INT	73	
Hour meter Comp.3 circ.2	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h			INT	74	
Hour meter Comp.3 circ.2	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h			INT	75	
Pump/Fan hour meter Threshold	Pump/main fan operating hour threshold alarm x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset pump/main fan operating hours	0 to 1			user			
	Evaporator pump / main fan operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		user	INT	58	R
Pump 2 hour meter	Evaporator main pump fan operating hours	0 to 999	h		user	INT	59	R
Threshold	Pump 2 operating hour threshold alarm x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset pump 2 operating hours	0 to 1			user			
	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		user	INT	60	R
Coordon on a summer	Evaporator pump 2 operating hours	0 to 999	h		user	INT	61	R
Condenser pump hour meter Threshold	Condenser pump operating hour threshold alarm x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset condenser pump operating hours	0 to 1			user			
	Condenser pump operating hours x 1000	0 to 999	h		user	INT	62	R
Comp.1 circ.1	Condenser pump operating hours	0 to 999	h		user	INT	63	R
hour meter Threshold	Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 1 circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 1			user			
	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000 Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999 0 to 999	h h		user user	INT INT	64 65	R R
Comp.2 circ.1		0 10 333			usei	IINI	05	
hour meter Threshold	Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 2 circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 1			user			
	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000 Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999 0 to 999	h		user	INT INT	66 67	R R
Comp.3 circ.1 hour meter	Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 3 circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h h	10	user		07	n
Threshold	Deast compressor 2 operating hours signify 1	0 to 1						-
Reset	Reset compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1 Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1 x 1000	0 to 999	h		user user	INT	68	R
	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 1	0 to 999	h		user	INT	69	R
Comp.1 circ.2 hour meter Threshold	Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 1 circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 1			user			
	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h		user	INT	70	R
	Compressor 1 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h		user	INT	71	R
Comp.2 circ.2 hour meter Threshold	Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 2 circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h	10	user			
Reset	Reset compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 1			user			
	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999	h		user	INT	72	R
Comp.3 circ.2 hour meter	Compressor 2 operating hours circuit 2 Operating hour threshold alarm, compressor 3 circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 999 0 to 999	h h	10	user	INT	73	R
Threshold	Depart compressors () an article because size () ()	0 to 1	_		11005			<u> </u>
Reset	Reset compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2 Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2 x 1000	0 to 1 0 to 999	h		user user	INT	74	R
	Compressor 3 operating hours circuit 2	0 to 999	h		user	INT	75	R
Rotation time with tandem/trio compressors:	Tandem/trio compressor rotation delay in part load operation	1 to 180	min	20	user			
Compressors enabled C1/1	Enable operation of compressor 1 circuit 1	N/Y		Y	user	DIG	5	RW
Compressors enabled C2/1	Enable operation of compressor 2 circuit 1	N / Y		Y	user	DIG	6	RW
Compressors enabled C3/1	Enable operation of compressor 3 circuit 1	N / Y		Y	user	DIG	7	RW
Compressors enabled C1/2	Enable operation of compressor 1 circuit 2	N / Y		Y	user	DIG	8	RW
Compressors enabled C2/2	Enable operation of compressor 2 circuit 2	N / Y		Y	user	DIG	9	RW
Compressors enabled	Enable operation of compressor 3 circuit 2	N/Y		Y	user	DIG	10	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of	Default	Access	Ana/I	Supervisor	μC R/
-	Extended description	winymax limits	measure		Access	nt/Dig	address	R-W
1-2 analog inputs:	Value of analogue input B1							
Tank temp.	Boiler temperature Condensing temperature 1	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar				43	R
T.condens.1	Evaporation pressure 1	-99.9 10 99.9	C/Dar			ANA	43	n
P.evapor.1	Condenser inlet temperature (water/water units)							
T.in.cond 1-2 analog								+
inputs:	Value of analogue input B2							
Not used	Condensing temperature 2	00.0.000						
T.condens.2	Evaporation pressure 2	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar			ANA	44	R
P.evapor.2	Condenser outlet temperature (water/water units)							
T.out.cond						-		<u> </u>
3-4 analog	Value of analogue input B3	-99.9 to 99.9	bor			ANA	45	R
inputs: P.condens.1	Condensing pressure 1	-99.9 10 99.9	bar			ANA	40	n
3-4 analog								-
inputs:	Value of analogue input B4 Condensing pressure 2	-99.9 to 99.9	bar			ANA	46	R
P.condens.2								<u> </u>
5-6 analog	Malua of analysis inst DE							
inputs: Room temp.	Value of analogue input B5 Room temperature (air/air units)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	47	R
T.in.evap.	Evaporator water inlet temperature	33.3 10 33.3	0			7111/1	77	
Not used								
5-6 analog								
inputs:	Value of analogue input B6							_
T.out air	Air outlet temperature (air/air units)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	48	R
T.out.evap. Not used	Evaporator water outlet temperature							
7-8 analog								+
inputs:	Value of analogue input B7	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	49	R
Ext.temp.	Outside air temperature							
7-8 analog	Value of analogue input B8							
inputs:	External set point	-99.9 to 99.9	%/°С			ANA	50	R
External set	External control value (condensing units)		, _					
Ext.contr. 9-10 analog			-			-		+
inputs:	Value of analogue input B9							_
T.out.ev.1	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	51	R
Not used								
9-10 analog								
inputs:	Value of analogue input B10	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	52	R
T.out.ev.2 Not used	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature	0010 10 0010	0				02	
	Status of digital input 1		-			-		+
1-3 dig.inputs:	Serious alarm from digital input					510		
Serious alarm Remote On/Off	ON/OFF from digital input (condensing units with control from digital					DIG	41	R
	inputs)							
1-3 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 2							
Air flow state	Air flow switch (air/air units)					DIG	42	R
Evap.flow state Control step 1	Evaporator water flow switch					DIG	42	К
Not used	Condensing unit digital control 1							
1-3 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 3							-
Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off					DIG	43	R
Control step 2	Condensing unit digital control 2							<u> </u>
4-6 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 4							1
Overload main fan Overload ev.pump	Main fan thermal overload Evaporator pump 1 thermal overload					DIG	44	R
Not used	Condensing unit digital control 3							
4-6 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 5				1	DIC	4E	P
Pressost.L.press.1	Low pressure switch circuit 1					DIG	45	R
4-6 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 6					DIG	46	R
Pressost.H.press.1	High pressure switch circuit 1					510		<u> </u>
7-9 dig.inputs: Over.comp.1 circ.1	Status of digital input 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1					DIG	47	R
7-9 dig.inputs:	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 Status of digital input 8		-					+
Over.comp.2 circ.1	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1					DIG	48	R
7-9 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 9				T	1	İ	1
Overl.fan 1 Circ.1	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1					DIG	49	R
Overload cond.pump	Condenser pump thermal overload				L			
10-12 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 10					DIG	50	R
Pressost.L.press.2 10-12 dig.inputs:	Low pressure switch circuit 2 Status of digital input 11		+		<u> </u>	+		+
Pressost.H.press.2	High pressure switch circuit 2					DIG	51	R
10-12 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 12					DIO	52	P
Over.comp.1 circ.2	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2					DIG	52	R
13-15 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 13					DIG	53	R
Over.comp.2 circ.2	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2		_		ļ	DIG	30	<u> </u>
13-15 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 14							
Overl.fan 2 Circ.1	Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1 (1 condenser)					DIG	54	R
Overl.fan 1 Circ.2 Cond. flow state	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2 (2 condensers) Condenser water flow switch(water/water units)							
13-15 dig.inputs:					<u> </u>	+		+
Not used	Status of digital input 15					DIG	55	R
	Select cooling/heating from digital input	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μC R/ R-W
16-18 dig.inputs:	Obstant of disited instat 10		measure			IIVDIY	auur635	11-44
Not used	Status of digital input 16 Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1 (2 condensers, 4 fans)					DIG	56	R
Overl.fan 2 Circ.1	Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1 (2 condensers, 4 fans) Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 (units with trio compressors)					DIG	20	n
Over.comp.3 circ.1	compressor 5 mential overload circuit 1 (units with the compressors)							
16-18 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 17							
Not used	Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2 (2 condensers, 4 fans)					DIG	57	R
Overl.fan 2 Circ.2	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 (units with trio compressors)					bid	0,	
Over.comp.3 circ.2								
16-18 dig.inputs:	Status of digital input 18							
Not used	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload					DIG	58	R
Overload pump 2	Condensing unit digital control 4							
Control step 4	Status of digital output 1				-			
1-3 dig.outputs: Comp.1 circ.1	Compressor 1 circuit 1					DIG	25	В
Winding A comp.1	Winding A compressor 1					DIG	20	n
1-3 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 2							+
Comp.2 circ.1	Compressor 2 circuit 1							
Unload comp.1	Compressor 1 capacity control					DIG	26	R
Winding B comp.1	Winding B compressor 1							
1-3 dig.outputs:								-
Not used	Status of digital output 3							
Cond.fan 2 circ.1	Fan 2 circuit 1				1	DIC	27	P
Comp.3 circ.1	Compressor 3 circuit 1 Liquid solenoid circuit 1				1	DIG	27	R
Solenoid circ.1	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)				1	1		1
Unload comp.1						1		
4-6 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 4					1		1
Cond.fan 1 circ.1	Fan 1 circuit 1					DIG	28	R
Not used	Defrost heater circuit 1				1	1		1
Defrost res.circ.1					1			┥───
4-6 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 5							
Main fan	Main fan (air/air units)					DIG	29	R
Evaporator pump Not used	Evaporator pump 1							
4-6 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 6				-			
Comp.1 circ.2	Compressor 1 circuit 2					DIG	30	В
Winding A comp.2	Winding A compressor 2					DIG	50	
7-9 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 7							-
Comp.2 circ.2	Compressor 2 circuit 2							_
Unload comp.2	Compressor 2 capacity control					DIG	31	R
Winding B comp.2	Winding B compressor 2							
7-9 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 9							
Not used	Status of digital output 8 Evaporator pump 2							
Evaporator pump 2	Fan 2 circuit 2							
Cond.fan 2 circ.2	Compressor 3 circuit 2					DIG	32	R
Comp.3 circ.2	Liquid solenoid circuit 2							
Solenoid circ.2	Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)							
Unload comp.2						-		+
7-9 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 9							
Cond.fan 2 circ.1 Cond.fan 1 circ.2	Fan 2 circuit 1 (single condenser)					DIG	33	R
Not used	Fan 1 circuit 2 (2 condensers)					DIG	33	n
Defrost res.circ.2	Defrost heater circuit 2							
10-12 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 10							-
General alarm	Generic alarm					DIG	34	R
10-12 dig.outputs:								-
Antifreeze heater1	Status of digital output 11					DIG	35	R
Not used	Heater 1				1	1		1
10-12 dig.outputs:	Status of digital autout 12				1	1		1
Antifreeze heater2	Status of digital output 12 Heater 2				1	DIG	36	R
Not used								
13-14 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 13							
Not used	4-way valve for reversing the refrigerant circuit in circuit 1				1	DIG	37	R
Valve 4way circ.1	4-way valve for reversing the water circuit (water/water units)					DIG	57	
Water inv.valve	, varyo for fororoning the water encart (water/water units)					1		\perp
13-14 dig.outputs:	Status of digital output 14				1	1		1
Not used	4-way valve for reversing the refrigerant circuit in circuit 2				1	DIG	38	R
Valve 4way circ.2	Condenser pump (water/water units)				1	1		1
Condenser pump								+
Analog	Status of analogue output 1		v		1	A NI A	55	R
outputs: Fan circuit 1	Condenser fans circuit 1		v			ANA	55	n
Analog					1	+	1	+
outputs:	Status of analogue output 2		V			ANA	56	R
Fan circuit 2	Condenser fans circuit 2		v		1	731 W/4	50	
Analog					1	1		+
outputs:	Status of analogue output 5		V			1		1
Evap.pump 2	Evaporator pump 2		v			1		1
	1	COOLING	-		1	1		1
Driver1 mode:	Active operating mode circuit 1	HEATING			direct	INT	105	R
Sinor mouo.		DEFROST			unoot		100	1
EEV Mode	Activate manual control, driver 1 (reading)	0 to 1			1	DIG	160	RW
	Read position of valve 1	0 to 9999	-		1			_
EEV Position	Bead position of valve 1					INT	97	R

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	R/ R-W
Driver2 mode:	Active operating mode circuit 1	COOLING HEATING DEFROST				INT	105	R
EEV Mode	Activate manual control, driver 2 (reading)	0 to 1				DIG	161	RW
EEV Position	Read position of valve 2	0 to 9999				INT	98	R
Power request	Read capacity request for driver 2	0 to 100	%			INT	102	R
Driver3 mode:	Active operating mode circuit 2	COOLING HEATING DEFROST				INT	106	R
EEV Mode	Activate manual control, driver 3 (reading)	0 to 1				DIG	162	RW
EEV Position	Read position of valve 3	0 to 9999				INT	99	R
Power request	Read capacity request for driver 3	0 to 100	%			INT	103	R
Driver4 mode:	Active operating mode circuit 2	COOLING HEATING DEFROST				INT	106	R
EEV Mode	Activate manual control, driver 4 (reading)	0 to 1				DIG	163	RW
EEV Position	Read position of valve 4	0 to 9999				INT	100	R
Power request	Read capacity request for driver 4	0 to 100	%			INT	104	R
Driver 1	Type of gas used	None R22 R134a R404a R407c R410a R507c R290 R6000 R600a R717 R714				INT	81	RW
SuperHeat	SuperHeat measured by driver 1	-999.9 to 999.9	°C			ANA	60	R
Satured Temp.	Saturation temperature measured by driver 1	-999.9 to 999.9	°C			ANA	64	R
Suction Temp.	Suction temperature measured by driver 1	-999.9 to 999.9	°C			ANA	68	R
Driver 2	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	See Driver 1				INT	81	RW
SuperHeat	SuperHeat measured by driver 2	-999.9 to 999.9	С°			ANA	61	R
Satured Temp.	Saturation temperature measured by driver 2	-999.9 to 999.9	°C			ANA	65	R
Suction Temp.	Suction temperature measured by driver 2	-999.9 to 999.9	°C			ANA	69	R
Driver 3 SuperHeat	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit SuperHeat measured by driver 3	See Driver 1 -999.9 to 999.9	°C	1		INT ANA	81 62	RW R
Satured Temp.	Saturation temperature measured by driver 3	-999.9 to 999.9	ں 2°			ANA	66	R
Suction Temp.	Suction temperature measured by driver 3	-999.9 to 999.9	0		1	ANA	70	R
Driver 4	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	See Driver 1	-			INT	81	RW
SuperHeat	SuperHeat measured by driver 4	-999.9 to 999.9	0°			ANA	63	R
Satured Temp. Suction Temp.	Saturation temperature measured by driver 4 Suction temperature measured by driver 4	-999.9 to 999.9 -999.9 to 999.9	0° 0°			ANA ANA	67 71	R R
Driver 1	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	None R22 R134a R404a R407c R410a R507c R290 R600 R600a R717 R744				INT	81	RW
Evap.press.	Evaporation pressure measured by driver 1	-99.9 to 99.9	barg			ANA	64	R
Evap.temp. Cond.temp.	Evaporation temperature measured by driver 1 Condensing temperature measured by driver 1	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	0° 0°			ANA ANA	72 76	R R
Driver 2	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	See Driver 1	0		<u> </u>	INT	81	RW
Evap.press.	Evaporation pressure measured by driver 2	-99.9 to 99.9	barg		1	ANA	65	R
Evap.temp.	Evaporation temperature measured by driver 2	-99.9 to 99.9	°C			ANA	73	R
Cond.temp.	Condensing temperature measured by driver 2	-99.9 to 99.9	0°			ANA	77	R
Driver 3	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	See Driver 1			-	INT	81	RW
Evap.press. Evap.temp.	Evaporation pressure measured by driver 3 Evaporation temperature measured by driver 3	-99.9 to 99.9 -99.9 to 99.9	barg °C			ANA ANA	66 74	R R
Cond.temp.	Condensing temperature measured by driver 3	-99.9 to 99.9	ں 20		1	ANA	74 78	R
Driver 4	Display type of gas used in the refrigerant circuit	See Driver 1		1	1	INT	81	RW
Evap.press.	Evaporation pressure measured by driver 4	-99.9 to 99.9	barg			ANA	67	R
Evap.temp.	Evaporation temperature measured by driver 4	-99.9 to 99.9	0°			ANA	75	R
Cond.temp.	Condensing temperature measured by driver 4	-99.9 to 99.9	0°			ANA	79	R
EVD1 version	Firmware version H driver 1	0 to 999		ļ				\perp
EVD1 version	Firmware version L driver 1	0 to 999						—
EVD2 version EVD2 version	Firmware version L driver 2	0 to 999			1			+
EVD2 version EVD3 version	Firmware version L driver 2 Firmware version H driver 3	0 to 999 0 to 999						
EVD3 version	Firmware version L driver 3	0 to 999			1			+
EVD4 version	Firmware version H driver 4	0 to 999		1	1	1		+
EVD4 version	Firmware version L driver 4	0 to 999		1	1		1	1
Antifreeze Low room temperature	Antifreeze alarm set point (chiller units) low room temperature (air/air units)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	3.0	user	ANA	13	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/l nt/Dig	Supervisor address	R/ R-W
Antifreeze Low room temperature	Antifreeze alarm differential (chiller units) Low room temperature (air/air units)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	1.0	user	ANA	14	RW
alarm Diff. Antifreeze alrm Low room temperature setpoint limits Low	Minimum set point limit antifreeze/low room temperature	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0.0	manufacturer		5	
Antifreeze alrm Low room temperature setpoint limits High	Maximum set point limit antifreeze/low room temperature	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	12.0	manufacturer			
Antifreeze alarm Reset	Type of antifreeze alarm reset	MANUAL AUTOMATIC		MANUAL	user			
Antifreeze alarm Delay	Antifreeze alarm delay when starting (manual reset)	0 to 540	min	0	user	INT	9	RW
Antifreeze heaters Setpont	Antifreeze heater set point	-99.9 to 99.9		5.0	user	ANA	15	RW
Antifreeze heaters Diff.	Antifreeze heater differential	-99.9 to 99.9		1.0	user	ANA	16	RW
Auxiliary heater in cooling mode Setpoint	Support heater set point in cooling mode	-99.9 to 99.9		30.0	user	ANA	17	RW
Auxiliary heater in cooling mode Diff.	Heater differential support in cooling mode	-99.9 to 99.9		1.0	user	ANA	18	RW
Auxiliary heater in heating mode Setpoint	Support heater 1 set point in heating mode	15.0 to 50.0		25.0	user	ANA	19	RW
Auxiliary heater in heating mode Diff.	Support heater 1 differential in heating mode	0.0 to 10.0		5.0	user	ANA	20	RW
Auxiliary heater in heating mode (2) Setpoint	Support heater 2 set point in heating mode	15.0 to 50.0		24.0	user	ANA	21	RW
Auxiliary heater in heating mode (2) Diff.	Support heater 2 differential in heating mode	0.0 to 10.0		5.0	user	ANA	22	RW
Aux.heater HP mode enable by tank Setpoint	Boiler temperature set point to enable support heater	-3.0 to 50.0	°C	10.0	user			
Aux.heater HP mode enable by tank Diff.	Boiler temperature differential to enable support heater	0.0 to 10.0	°C	2.0	user			-
Aux.heater HP mode enable by ext.temp. Setpoint	Outside air set point to enable support heater	-30.0 to 30.0	°C	-7.0	user			
Aux.heater HP mode enable by ext.temp. Diff.	Outside air differential to enable support heater	0.0 to 10.0	°C	2.0	user			
Auxiliary heater activation delay on heating mode	Support heater 2 differential in heating mode	0 to 60	min	15	user	INT	10	RW
Antifreeze Probe:	Select probe for cooling support control in air/air units	OUTLET TEMP. ROOM TEMP.		OUTLET TEMP.	user			
Automatic turn ON in antifreeze	Device start-up mode in antifreeze with unit off	DISABLED ON RES.& PUMP ON RES.& UNIT ONLY RESISTANCE ON		DISABLED	user	INT	11	RW
Defrost config. Start/End:	Select values for the start and end defrost control	TEMPERATURE PRESSURE EXTERNAL CONTACT PRESSURE/TEMP.		TEMPERAT URE	user	INT	12	RW
Defrost config. Type:	Type of defrost between circuits	SIMULTANEOUS SEPARATE		SIMULTAN EOUS	user			
Defrost end by threshold	Select end defrost mode	TIME TEMP/PRESSURE		TIME	user			
Defrost Delay	Defrost activation delay	1 to 32000	s	1800	user	INT	13	RW
Defrost Start	Start defrost threshold	-99.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user	ANA	5	RW
Defrost End	End defrost threshold	-99.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	12.0	user	ANA	6	RW
Defrost Max.time	Maximum defrost duration	0 to 32000	s	300	user	INT	14	RW
Defrost Min.time Delay between defrost	Minimum defrost duration Delay between defrosts in the same circuit	0 to 32000 0 to 32000	s s	0	user user	INT INT	15 16	RW RW
same circuit Delay between defrost	Delay between defrosts in different circuits	0 to 32000	s	0	user	INT	17	RW
differ.circ. Defrost Compressor force OFF on start/end	Forced compressor off time at start and end defrost	0 to 999	S	60	manufacturer	INT	18	RW
defrost Defrost Reversal cycle	Delay in reversing refrigerating cycle for defrost	0 to 999	s	30	manufacturer	INT	19	RW
delay Sliding defrost Enable:	Enable sliding defrost function	N/Y		N	user			+
Sliding defrost Defrost start min. Set point	Minimum set point to start defrost accessible with sliding defrost function	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.5	user	ANA	23	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ(R/ R-W
Sliding defrost External temperature	Outside temperature threshold to start sliding defrost action	-99.9 to 99.9	С	0.0	user			
Start Sliding defrost External temperature	Outside temperature threshold for maximum sliding defrost action	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0.0	user			
End Manual defrost	Enable manual defrost operation	DISABLED		DISABLED	user			
Circuit 1:	Request forced defrost in circuit 1	ENABLED OFF		OFF	user			
Circuit 2:	Request forced defrost in circuit 2	START OFF START		OFF	user			-
Transducer high pressure alarm Se tpoint	High pressure alarm set point from transducer	0 to 99.9	bar	21.0	manufacturer	ANA	24	RW
Transducer high pressure alarm Diff.	High pressure alarm differential from transducer	0 to 99.9	bar	2.0	manufacturer	ANA	25	RW
Low pressure alarm Summer set	Low pressure alarm set point from transducer (cooling)	0 to 99.9	bar	2.0	manufacturer			
Low pressure alarm Winter set	Low pressure alarm set point from transducer (heating)	0 to 99.9	bar	0.5	manufacturer			
Low pressure alarm Defrost set	Low pressure alarm set point from transducer (defrost)	0 to 99.9	bar	1.0	manufacturer			
LP delay switch-on Summer	Low pressure alarm delay when starting the compressors (cooling)	0 to 999	S	40	user	INT	20	RW
LP delay switch-on Winter	Low pressure alarm delay when starting the compressors (heating)	0 to 999	S	40	user	INT	21	RW
LP delay switch-on Defrost	Low pressure delay when starting the compressors (defrost)	0 to 999	S	40	user	INT	22	RW
Low pressure alarm Regime delay	Low pressure alarm delay in steady operation	0 to 999	S	0.0	user	INT	23	RW
Low pressure alarm Diff.	Low pressure alarm differential from transducer	0 to 99.9	bar	2.0	user			
Evaporator flow alarm Start delay	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay at start-up	0 to 999	S	15	user	INT	24	RW
Evaporator flow alarm Regime delay	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay in steady operation	0 to 999	S	3	user	INT	25	RW
Condenser flow alarm Start delay	Condenser flow switch alarm delay at start-up	0 to 999	S	15	user	INT	26	RW
Condenser flow alarm Regime delay	Condenser flow switch alarm delay in steady operation	0 to 999	S	3	user	INT	27	RW
Automatic alarms reset Events n.	Number of alarm events to switch from automatic to manual reset	0 to 4		1	user	INT	28	RW
Automatic alarms reset Time	Period of repeated alarm events to switch from automatic to manual reset	1 to 99	min	60	user	INT	29	RW
Alarms reset selection Comp.overload	Select type of compressor thermal overload alarm reset	0 to 1		0	user			
Alarms reset selection Fans overload	Select type of fan thermal overload alarm reset	0 to 1		0	user			
Alarms reset selection Low pressure	Select type of low pressure alarm reset	0 to 1		0	user			
Alarms reset selection High pressure	Select type of high pressure alarm reset	0 to 1		0	user			
Configuration	Configure type of unit	AIR/AIR CHILLER AIR/AIR CHILLER + HEAT P. WATER/AIR CHILLER WATER/AIR CHILLER + HEAT P. WATER/WATER CHILLER WATER/WATER CHILLER + HEAT P. WATER/AIR CONDENSING WATER/AIR CONDENSING + HEAT P.		AIR/AIR CHILLER	manufacturer			
	Type of condensing unit control	ANALOGUE CONTROL DIGITAL CONTROL		ANALOGUE CONTROL	manufacturer			-
Inv.selection:	Select type of reverse cycle for water/water units	WATER GAS		WATER	manufacturer			+

Camp. Exclusions number of compressor / number of infligerant circuits to unit 2/1 2/2 2/1 2/2/2 2/2/2/2 2/2/2/2 2/2/2/2remodecure 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2/2remodecure 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2/2remodecure 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2/2remodecure 2/2/2 2/2/2 2/2/2/2 2/2/2/2 2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2/2	Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μί R/ R-W
31 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		Total number of compressors / number of refrigerant circuits on unit			1/1	manufacturer	Ĭ		
2/2 0/0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0 2/2 0/0 2/2 0 2/2 0 <td>number:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	number:								
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concession control ing PROPERITORIAL in the instant of the information of the informati		Select type of condensing unit control from analogue input			STEPS	manufacturer			
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No. Image analysis No.		4-way valve operating logic for the reversal of the refrigerant/water	N.C.		N.O.	manufacturer	DIG	4	RW
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mode Date mode Mode <th< td=""><td>Pumps number:</td><td>Number of evaporator pumps</td><td>1 to 2</td><td></td><td>1</td><td>manufacturer</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Pumps number:	Number of evaporator pumps	1 to 2		1	manufacturer			
Image number Expectator pumplement for operating mode ALWAYS DF ALWAYS DF A	Rotation type	Select type of evaporator pump rotation	STARTS		STARTS	manufacturer			
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6 7 7 8 9 # *									1
Nodem password: Number of rings			-						1
9 # * Modem rings: Number of rings 010 9 010 9 010 9 010 9 010 9 010 9 010 9 * <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td>									1
# * , @# * , @# * , @# * , @# * ># * ># ># >Modem password:Modem password0 to 99990user000			8						1
Modem password: Modem password 0 to 9999 0 user 1 Modem rings: Number of rings 0 to 9 3 user 1			0	1	1	1	1		
Modem password: Modem password O to 9999 O user Modem rings: Number of rings O to 9 3 user									
Modem password: Modem password O to 9999 O user Modem rings: Number of rings O to 9 3 user									
Modem password: Modem password 0 to 9999 0 user Modem rings: Number of rings 0 to 9 3 user			# *						
Modem rings: Number of rings 0 to 9 3 user			# * ,						
	Modem password	Modem password	# * , @		0	user			
			# * , @ ^ 0 to 9999						

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ R/ R-W
SMS send test:	Send test SMS (an SMS is sent with a test message)	N/Y			user			
SMS send enable:	Enable send SMS in response to an alarm	N/Y		Y	user			
EXTERNAL MODEM	Status of the modem	Ext. modem standby						
GSM MODEM Status:		Initialisation Search GSM network						
Status.		Modem standby						
		Modem alarm						
		Init. error Enable PIN						
		GSM network not found						
		SMS saturation						
		Send SMS						
		Modem connected Modem calling						
Field:	Percentage of signal reception for the GSM modem	0 to 100	%					
	Temporary modem error	Temp. error						
	Permanent modem error	Perm. error						-
Time next call	Waiting time for new call after failed attempt	0	s	0				-
Language mask	Enable display of change language screen when starting unit	N/Y	Ū	Ŷ	user			_
visualization on start	Enable display of charige language screen when starting unit	1071		1	usei			
Reset eventi SMS	Delete list of SMS messages sent or to be sent	N/Y		Ν	manufacturer			
Restore	Start board memory delete procedure and restore default values	N/Y	1	Ν	manufacturer	1		1
default values Condensation	Type of condenser control	CIRC.ON/OFF STATUS		PRESSURE	manufacturer	INT	37	RW
Regulation type		PRESSURE TEMPERATURE		THEODONE	manulacturer	1111	57	1100
Condensation	Number of condensers installed	1 2		1	manufacturer	DIG	3	RW
Condenser number Condensation Devices type	Type of condensing devices controlled	INVERTER FANS		INVERTER	manufacturer	DIG	21	RW
Condensation Fans number	Total number of fans installed	1 to 4		1	manufacturer			
Fans type Frequency	Frequency of power supply for fan control by inverter	50 60	Hz	50	manufacturer			
Cond.fan forcing	Forcing time when starting the condenser (temperature control)	0 to 999	S	0	manufacturer	INT	38	RW
time on start	Maximum voltage threshold for Triac	0 +- 100	0/	75				_
PWM Phase cut Triac max.:	Maximum voltage threshold for Triac	0 to 100	%	/5	manufacturer			
PWM Phase cut	Minimum voltage threshold for Triac	0 to 100	%	25	manufacturer			
Triac min.: PWM Phase cut	Amplitude impulse for phase control	0.0 to 10.0	ms	2.5	manufacturer			
Range wave:					manadotaron			
Fan parameters	Condensing set point (cooling)	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	14.0	user	ANA	11	RW
summer Setpoint								
Fan parameters	Condenser differential (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user	ANA	12	RW
summer Diff.								
Fan parameters	Evaporation set point (heating)	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	14.0	user			-
winter								
Setpoint Fan parameters	Evaporation differential (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user			
winter	Evaporation unerential (nearing)	-33.3 10 33.3	C/Dai	2.0	usei			
Diff.				5.0				_
Fan minimum speed	Differential for fan operation at minimum speed	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	5.0	user			
diff.								
Inverter May append	Maximum fan speed with inverter	0.0 to 10.0	V	10.0	manufacturer			
Max.speed Inverter	Minimum fan speed with inverter	0.0 to 10.0	V	0.0	manufacturer			+
Min.speed Inverter	Speed-up time with inverter	0 to 999	s	30	manufacturer	INT	39	RW
Speed-up time	Speed-up time with inverter	0 10 999	5	30	Indituidetuiei		29	nvv
HP prevent	Enable high pressure prevent	N/Y		N	manufacturer			
Enabled HP prevent	Select the prevent probe	PRESSURE		PRESSURE	manufacturer			+
Probe		TEMPERATURE						
HP prevent (cooling mode) Setpoint	High pressure prevent set point (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	20.0	user			
HP prevent (cooling mode)	High pressure prevent differential (cooling)	0 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user			1
Diff.								\vdash
LP prevent (heating mode) Setpoint	Low pressure prevent set point (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C/bar	3.0	user			
LP prevent	Low pressure prevent differential (heating)	0 to 99.9	°C/bar	2.0	user		ļ	+
(heating mode)		1	1	1	1	1		1

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ R/ R-W
Fan run with condensation probe fault	Condenser operating mode in the event of probe fault	FORCE OFF FORCE ON WITH COMP ON		FORCE ON WITH COMP ON	user	INT	40	RW
Prevent output delay	Delay to exit the prevent function	0 to 999	s	0	user	INT	41	RW
Low-noise Start hour	Start hour for low-noise operation	0 to 23	h	0	user			
Low-noise Start hour	Start minutes for low-noise operation	0 to 59	min	0	user			
Low-noise End hour	End hour for low-noise operation	0 to 23	h	0	user			-
Low-noise End hour	End minutes for low-noise operation	0 to 59	min	0	user			
Low-noise Setpoint Summer	Low-noise set point in cooling	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.0	user			
Low-noise Setpoint Winter	Low-noise set point in heating	0.0 to 99.9	°C/bar	0.0	user			
Actual setpoint	Active set point		°C		direct	ANA	57	R
Compens.B7	Current outside temperature compensation value (B7)		°C		direct	ANA	58	R
Ext.set.B8	Current set point from analogue input B8		°C			ANA	59	R
Summer setpoint	Cooling set point	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	12.0	direct	ANA	1	RW
Winter setpoint	Heating set point	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	45.0	direct	ANA	2	RW
B8 external setpoint Summer min	Minimum set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	7.0	direct			
B8 external setpoint Summer max	Maximum set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	17.0	direct			
B8 external setpoint Winter min	Minimum set point value from probe B8 (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	40.0	direct			
38 external setpoint Winter max	Maximum set point value from probe B8 (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	50.0				
emperature egulation band	Temperature control band	0 to 99.9	<u></u> С	3.0	user	ANA	4	RW
Summer temperature setpoint limits Low	Minimum limit for setting the set point in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	-12.2	user	ANA	7	RW
Summer temperature setpoint limits High	Maximum limit for setting the set point in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	48.9	user	ANA	8	RW
Winter temperature setpoint limits Low	Minimum limit for setting the set point in heating	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	10.0	user	ANA	9	RW
Winter temperature setpoint limits High	Maximum limit for setting the set point in heating	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	93.0	user	ANA	10	RW
Setpoint compensation enabled	Enable set point compensation	N/Y		N	user			
Maximum compensation	Maximum compensation value	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	5.0	user	ANA	26	RW
Summer compens. Start temp.	Minimum outside temperature for compensation in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	25.0	user	ANA	27	RW
Summer compens. End temp.	Maximum outside temperature for compensation in cooling	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	35.0	user	ANA	28	RW
Winter compens. Start temp.	Minimum outside temperature for compensation in heating	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	10.0	user	ANA	29	RW
Winter compens. End temp.	Maximum outside temperature for compensation in heating	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0.0	user	ANA	30	RW
Temperature regulation type	Type of temperature control	INLET (PROP.) OUTLET (DEAD ZONE)		INLET (PROP.)	manufacturer			
Inlet Regulation Type	Proportional or proportional + integral inlet control	P P+I		Р	manufacturer			
nlet Regulation ntegr.time	Integral time for proportional + integral control	0 to 9999	S	600	manufacturer	INT	42	RW
Dutlet egulation Max.time ON	Maximum time between starts with outlet control	0 to 9999	S	20	manufacturer	INT	43	RW
Dutlet regulation Min.time ON	Minimum time between starts with outlet control	0 to 9999	S	20	manufacturer	INT	44	RW
Outlet regulation Max.time OFF	Maximum time between stops with outlet control	0 to 9999	S	10	manufacturer	INT	45	RW
Outlet regulation Min.time OFF	Minimum time between stops with outlet control	0 to 9999	S	10	manufacturer	INT	46	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/l nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μί R/ R-W
Outlet regulation Request time variation differential	Differential for calculating the time between steps with outlet control	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	2.0	manufacturer	ANA	31	RW
Temperature regulation type	Select reference value for temperature control	CONTROL PROBE OUTSIDE TEMP. CONTROL		CONTROL PROBE	manufacturer	INT	47	RW
Force OFF outlet regulation Summer	Forced shutdown threshold with outlet control (cooling)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	5.0	manufacturer	ANA	32	RW
Force OFF outlet regulation Winter	Forced shutdown threshold with outlet control (heating)	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	47.0	manufacturer			
External temp.limit Setpoint	Outside temperature set point limit	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	-10.0	user	ANA	33	RW
External temp.limit Differential	Outside temperature differential limit	-9.9 to 9.9	°C	2.0	user	ANA	34	RW
Clock config. Hour	Hour setting	0 to 23	h			INT	49	RW
Clock config. Hour	Minutes setting	0 to 59	min			INT	48	RW
Clock config. Date	Day setting	1 to 31	day					-
Clock config. Date	Month setting	1 to 12	month					-
Clock config. Date	Year setting	0 to 99	year					-
Time-zones On-off unit	Enable unit ON-OFF time bands	0 to 1		0	user			-
Time-zones Temp.setpoint	Enable set point time bands	0 to 1		0	user			1
On-off unit F1-1 ON	Band 1. First on hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
On-off unit	Band 1. First on minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			
F1-1 ON On-off unit	Band 1. First off hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			
F1-1 OFF On-off unit	Band 1. First off minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			
F1-1 OFF On-off unit	Band 1. Second on hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
F1-2 ON On-off unit	Band 1. Second on minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			+
F1-2 ON On-off unit	Band 1. Second off hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
F1-2 OFF On-off unit F1-2 OFF	Band 1. Second off minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			
On-off unit F2 ON	Band 2. On hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			
On-off unit F2 ON	Band 2. On minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			
On-off unit	Band 2. Off hour in the day	0 to 23	h	0	user			
F2 OFF On-off unit	Band 2. Off minutes in the day	0 to 59	min	0	user			+
F2 OFF On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Monday	F1		0	user			+
Lun:		F2 F3						
On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Tuesday	F4 F1,F2,F3,F4		0	user			+
Tue: On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Wednesday	F1, F2, F3, F4		0	user			
Wed: On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Thursday	F1, F2, F3, F4		0	user			+
Thu: On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Friday	F1, F2, F3, F4		0	user			+
Fri: On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Saturday	F1, F2, F3, F4		0	user			+
Sat: On-off unit	Select band F1, F2, F3 or F4 for Sunday	F1, F2, F3, F4		0	user			+
Sun: Setpoint temp.	Start hour for set point band 1	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 1 Setpoint temp.	Start minutes for set point band 1	0 to 59	min	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 1 Setpoint temp.	Cooling set point in band 1	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	35	RW
Summer Setpoint temp.	Heating set point in band 1	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	36	RW
Winter Setpoint temp.	Start hour for set point band 2	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 2 Setpoint temp.	Start minutes for set point band 2	0 to 59	min	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 2 Setpoint temp.	Cooling set point in band 2	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	37	RW
Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/l nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ(R/ R-W
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Setpoint temp.	Heating set point in band 2	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	38	RW
Winter Setpoint temp.	Start hour for set point band 3	0 to 23	h	0	user			1
Start Time-Z 3 Setpoint temp.	Start minutes for set point band 3	0 to 59	min	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 3 Setpoint temp.	Cooling set point in band 3	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	39	RW
Summer Setpoint temp.	Heating set point in band 3	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	40	RW
Winter Setpoint temp.	Start hour for set point band 4	0 to 23	h	0	user			+
Start Time-Z 4 Setpoint temp.	Start minutes for set point band 4	0 to 59	min	0	user			
Start Time-Z 4 Setpoint temp.	Cooling set point in band 4	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	41	RW
Summer Setpoint temp.	Heating set point in band 4	-99.9 to 99.9	°C	0	user	ANA	42	RW
Winter Enable clock	Enable control of the clock board	N/Y		N	manufacturer			
board						INIT	70	DIA
EVD type	Type of EVD 400 driver connected to the uChiller3 board	EVD400 pLAN EVD400 tLAN		EVD400 tLAN	manufacturer	INT	78	RW
EVD probes type	Type of probes connected to the driver	Not selected SHeat NTC-P(4-20)mA SHeat NTC-P(rat) SHeat NTC-NTC SHeat Pt1000-P SHeat NTCht-P(rat) PID Press PID NTC PID NTC HT PID Pt1000		Not selected	manufacturer	INT	79	RW
PID direction	Direction of PID control (direct or reverse)	DIR REV		DIR	manufacturer	DIG	164	RW
step	Maximum number of steps displayed for the type of valve selected	nev			manufacturer			1
		ALCO EX5 ALCO EX6 ALCO EX6 ALCO EX7 ALCO EX8 SPORLAN 0.5-20tons SPORLAN 25-30tons SPORLAN 50-250tons CAREL E2V**P CAREL E2V**A DANFOSS ETS50 AST-g DANFOSS ETS100 AST-g CUSTOM		selected				
Bi flow valve:	Enable bi-directional valve (chiller/heat pump operation on the same valve/driver)	N / Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	165	RW
Refrigerant	Set type of gas used	R22 R134a R404a R407c R410a R507c R290 R600 R600a R717 R744			manufacturer	INT	81	RW
Custom valve config. Minimum steps	Minimum number of steps for custom valve	0 to 8100		0	manufacturer			
Custom valve config. Maximum steps	Maximum number of steps for custom valve	0 to 8100		0	manufacturer			1
Custom valve config. Closing steps	Total number of steps for custom valve	0 to 8100		0	manufacturer			1
Custom valve config. Opening EXTRAs	Use extra opening step on custom valve	N/Y		Ν	manufacturer	DIG	166	RW
Custom valve config. Closing EXTRAs	Use extra closing step on custom valve	N/Y		N	manufacturer	DIG	167	RW
Custom valve config. Phase current	Operating current of the custom valve	0 to 1000	mA	0	manufacturer			
Phase current Custom valve config. Still current	Holding current of the custom valve	0 to 1000	mA	0	manufacturer			+
Custom valve config.	Impulse frequency of the custom valve	32 to 501	Hz	0	manufacturer			+
Step rate Custom valve config.	Duty cycle of the custom valve	0 to 100	%	0	manufacturer			+
Duty-cycle EEV stand-by steps EEV position with 0% power demand	Position valve with capacity request equal to 0%	0 to 8100		0	manufacturer	INT	82	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/l nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ(R/ R-W
S1 probe limits pressure limits	Minimum end scale of pressure probe S1	-9.9 to 99.9	barg	-1.0	manufacturer	ANA	80	RW
Min value S1 probe limits pressure limits Max value	Maximum end scale of pressure probe \$1	0.0 to 99.9	barg	9.3	manufacturer	ANA	81	RW
Alarms delay	Low SuperHeat alarm delay	0 to 3600	s	120	manufacturer	INT	83	RW
Low SuperHeat Alarms delay	High SuperHeat alarm delay	0 to 500	min	20	manufacturer	INT	84	RW
High SuperHeat Alarms delay	LOP alarm delay	0 to 3600	S	120	manufacturer	INT	85	RW
LOP Alarms delay MOP	MOP alarm delay	0 to 3600	S	0	manufacturer	INT	86	RW
Alarms delay Delay probe error	Probe alarm signal delay	0 to 999	s	10	manufacturer	INT	87	RW
CH-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Percentage of EEV opening from autosetup		%		manufacturer			-
CH-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Settable percentage of EEV opening in chiller mode	0 to 100	%		manufacturer			-
CH-Proportional gain	Proportional gain from autosetup				manufacturer			-
Auto CH-Proportional gain	Settable proportional gain in chiller mode	0 to 99.9			manufacturer			+
CH-Integral time	Integral time from autosetup in chiller mode		s		manufacturer			+
Auto CH-Integral time	Settable integral time in chiller mode	0 to 999	s		manufacturer			
CH-SuperHeat set C1	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			
Auto CH-SuperHeat set C1	Settable SuperHeat set point in chiller mode circuit 1	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			<u> </u>
CH-Low SuperHeat C1	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			
Auto CH-Low SuperHeat C1	Settable low SuperHeat in chiller mode circuit 1	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			+
CH-SuperHeat set C2	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			
Auto CH-SuperHeat set C2	Settable SuperHeat set point in chiller mode circuit 2	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			
CH-Low SuperHeat C2	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			
Auto CH-Low SuperHeat C2	Settable low SuperHeat in chiller mode circuit 2	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			
HP-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Percentage of EEV opening from autosetup		%		manufacturer			
Auto HP-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Settable percentage of EEV opening in heat pump mode	0 to 100	%		manufacturer			
HP-Proportional gain	Proportional gain from autosetup				manufacturer			
Auto HP-Proportional gain	Settable proportional gain in heat pump mode	0 to 99.9			manufacturer			
HP-Integral time	Integral time from autosetup in heat pump mode		s		manufacturer			1
Auto HP-Integral time	Settable integral time in heat pump mode	0 to 999	s		manufacturer			
HP-SuperHeat set C1	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer	ł – –		-
Auto HP-SuperHeat set C1	Settable SuperHeat set point in heat pump mode circuit 1	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			
HP-Low SuperHeat C1	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			-
Auto HP-Low SuperHeat C1	Settable low SuperHeat in heat pump mode circuit 1	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			
HP-SuperHeat set C2	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			
Auto HP-SuperHeat set C2	Settable SuperHeat set point in heat pump mode circuit 2	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			
HP-Low SuperHeat C2	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer	1		-
Auto HP-Low SuperHeat C2	Settable low SuperHeat in heat pump mode circuit 2	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			
DF-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Percentage of EEV opening from autosetup		%		manufacturer			
Auto DF-Circuit/EEV Ratio	Settable percentage of EEV opening in defrost mode	0 to 100	%	1	manufacturer			+
DF-Proportional gain Auto	Proportional gain from autosetup				manufacturer			1
DF-Proportional gain	Settable proportional gain in defrost mode	0 to 99.9			manufacturer			+
DF-Integral time Auto	Integral time from autosetup in defrost mode		S		manufacturer			1
DF-Integral time	Settable integral time in defrost mode	0 to 999	s	1	manufacturer	1		1
DF-SuperHeat set C1 Auto	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			1
DF-SuperHeat set C1	Settable SuperHeat set point in defrost mode circuit 1	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			+
DF-Low SuperHeat C1 Auto	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			1
DF-Low SuperHeat C1	Settable low SuperHeat in defrost mode circuit 1	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			+

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/l nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μ(R/ R-W
DF-SuperHeat set C2	SuperHeat set point from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			-
Auto DF-SuperHeat set C2	Settable SuperHeat set point in defrost mode circuit 2	2.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer			+
DF-Low SuperHeat C2	Low SuperHeat from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			1
Auto DF-Low SuperHeat C2	Settable low SuperHeat in defrost mode circuit 2	-4.0 to 21.0	°C		manufacturer			
SHeat dead zone +/-	SuperHeat dead zone from autosetup		°C		manufacturer			-
Auto SHeat dead zone +/-	Settable SuperHeat dead zone	0.0 to 9.9	°C		manufacturer			-
Derivative time	Derivative time from autosetup		s		manufacturer			-
Auto Derivative time	Settable derivative time	0 to 999	s		manufacturer			
Low SHeat int.time	Low SuperHeat integral time from autosetup		S		manufacturer			-
Auto Low SHeat int.time	Settable integral time low SuperHeat	0.0 to 30.0	s		manufacturer			
LOP integral time	LOP integral time from autosetup		S		manufacturer			1
Auto LOP integral time	Settable LOP integral time	0.0 to 25.5	s		manufacturer			
MOP integral time	MOP integral time from autosetup		s		manufacturer			
Auto MOP integral time	Settable MOP integral time	0.0 to 25.5	s		manufacturer			
MOP startup delay	Start MOP delay from autosetup		S		manufacturer			
Auto MOP startup delay	Settable start MOP delay	0 to 500	s		manufacturer			
Dynamic proportional	Select dynamic proportional control mode	0 to 1	5		manufacturer	DIG	168	RW
gain? Blocked valve check	EEV stop control from autosetup		s		manufacturer			<u> </u>
Auto		0.1.000						<u> </u>
Blocked valve check Hi TCond.protection	Settable EEV stop control High condensing temperature alarm from autosetup	0 to 999	s °C		manufacturer manufacturer			
Auto								
Hi TCond.protection	Settable high condensing temperature alarm	0.0 to 99.9	°C		manufacturer			<u> </u>
Hi TCond.int.time Auto	Condensing temperature integral time from autosetup		S		manufacturer			
Hi TCond.int.time	Settable condensing temperature integral time	0.0 to 25.5	s		manufacturer	DIO	100	-
Manual mng.driver 1 EEV Mode	Driver 1 management mode (automatic or manual)	AUTO MAN.			manufacturer	DIG	160	RW
Manual mng.driver 1 Requested steps	Settable steps required with manual management on driver 1	0 to 8100			manufacturer			
Manual mng.driver 1 EEV Position	Current position read for valve 1				manufacturer	INT	97	R
Manual mng.driver 2	Driver 2 management mode (automatic or manual)	AUTO			manufacturer	DIG	161	RW
EEV Mode Manual mng.driver 2	Settable steps required with manual management on driver 2	MAN. 0 to 8100			manufacturer			
Requested steps Manual mng.driver 2	Current position read for valve 2				manufacturer	INT	98	B
EEV Position						DIG	162	
Manual mng.driver 3 EEV Mode	Driver 3 management mode (automatic or manual)	AUTO MAN.			manufacturer	DIG	102	RW
Manual mng.driver 3 Requested steps	Settable steps required with manual management on driver 3	0 to 8100			manufacturer			
Manual mng.driver 3 EEV Position	Current position read for valve 3				manufacturer	INT	99	R
Manual mng.driver 4	Driver 4 management mode (automatic or manual)	AUTO			manufacturer	DIG	163	RW
EEV Mode Manual mng.driver 4	Settable steps required with manual management on driver 4	MAN. 0 to 8100			manufacturer			
Requested steps Manual mng.driver 4	Current position read for valve 4				manufacturer	INT	100	R
EEV Position Driver 1 status	Go ahead active, driver 1 status	NO FAULT			manufacturer	INT	93	RW
System waiting for		VALVE NOT CLOSED BATT. CHARGING EEPROM ERROR			manulacturel	1111	55	1144
Go ahead?	Ignore driver 1 status	0 to 1			manufacturer	DIG	169	RW
Driver 2 status System waiting for	Go ahead active, driver 2 status	NO FAULT VALVE NOT CLOSED BATT. CHARGING EEPROM ERROR			manufacturer	INT	94	RW
Go ahead?	Ignore driver 2 status	0 to 1			manufacturer	DIG	170	RW
Driver 3 status System waiting for	Go ahead active, driver 3 status	NO FAULT VALVE NOT CLOSED BATT. CHARGING EEPROM ERROR			manufacturer	INT	95	RW
Go ahead?	Ignore driver 3 status	0 to 1			manufacturer	DIG	171	RW

Menu description	Extended description	Min/max limits	Unit of measure	Default	Access	Ana/I nt/Dig	Supervisor address	μί R/ R-W
Driver 4 status System waiting for	Go ahead active, driver 4 status	NO FAULT VALVE NOT CLOSED BATT. CHARGING	measure		manufacturer	INT	96	RW
Go ahead?	Ignore driver 4 status	EEPROM ERROR 0 to 1			manufacturer	DIG	172	RW
Drv 1 probes offset	Probe S1 offset, driver 1	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			-
S1 Drv 1 probes offset	Probe S2 offset, driver 1	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
S2 Drv 1 probes offset	Probe S3 offset, driver 1	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
S3 Drv 2 probes offset		-9.9 to 9.9						
S1	Probe S1 offset, driver 2		°C/barg		manufacturer			
Drv 2 probes offset S2	Probe S2 offset, driver 2	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
Drv 2 probes offset S3	Probe S3 offset, driver 2	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
Drv 3 probes offset S1	Probe S1 offset, driver 3	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
Drv 3 probes offset S2	Probe S2 offset, driver 3	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
Drv 3 probes offset S3	Probe S3 offset, driver 3	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			-
Drv 4 probes offset	Probe S1 offset, driver 4	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			-
S1 Drv 4 probes offset	Probe S2 offset, driver 4	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
S2 Drv 5 probes offset	Probe S3 offset, driver 4	-9.9 to 9.9	°C/barg		manufacturer			
S3 Circuit/EEV Ratio	Valve opening percentage when starting	0 to 100	%		manufacturer	INT	88	RW
for startup opening Compressor or Unit	Type of compressor/unit	Not selected			manufacturer	INT	89	RW
·		RECIPROCATING SCREW SCROLL QUICK CASE/COLD RM. CASE/COLD ROOM						
Capacity control	Type of capacity-control (if present)	Not selected NO/STEPS SLOW CONTINUOUS FAST CONTINUOUS			manufacturer	INT	90	RW
Evaporator type Cool	Type of evaporator used in chiller mode	Not selected FINS PLATES/TUBES FAST FINNED SLOW FINNED			manufacturer	INT	91	RW
Evaporator type Heat	Type of evaporator used in heat pump mode	Not selected FINS PLATES/TUBES FAST FINNED SLOW FINNED			manufacturer	INT	92	RW
Minimum satured temp Cool mode	Minimum saturated temperature in chiller mode	-70.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	82	RW
Minimum satured temp Heat mode	Minimum saturated temperature in heat pump mode	-70.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	83	RW
Minimum satured temp	Minimum saturated temperature in defrost mode	-70.0 to 50.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	84	RW
Defr.Mode Maximum satured temp	Maximum saturated temperature in chiller mode	-50.0 to 90.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	85	RW
Cool mode Maximum satured temp	Maximum saturated temperature in heat pump mode	-50.0 to 90.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	86	RW
Heat mode Maximum satured temp	Maximum saturated temperature in defrost mode	-50.0 to 90.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	87	RW
Defr.Mode High SuperHeat alarm threshold	Current high SuperHeat alarm threshold		°C		manufacturer			+
Auto High SuperHeat alarm threshold	Settable high SuperHeat alarm threshold	0.0 to 100.0	°C		manufacturer	ANA	88	RW

5. Connections

Assembly instructions

Maximum NTC/ratiometric probe connection cable length: 10 m Maximum digital input connection cable length: 10 m Maximum power output connection cable length: 5 m Maximum fan control output connection cable length: 5 m Maximum power cable length: 3 m

Power supply

A Class II safety transformer with a minimum rating of 50 VA must be used in the installation to supply just one μ chiller³. The power supply to the μ chiller^{3P} controller (or μ chiller³ controllers) should be separated from the power supply to the other electrical devices (contactors and other electromechanical components) inside the electrical panel. If the secondary of the transformer is earthed, make sure that the earth wire is connected to terminal G0. This is true for all the devices connected to the μ chiller^{3P}.

IMPORTANT

A fuse must be fitted in series with the power supply, with the following characteristics: 250 Vac 2 A slow-blow (2 AT).

*Direct current connection

Warning, for DC power supply, follow the instructions as shown in the following figure:





WARNINGS

• when programming the parameters with the key, the controller must be disconnected form the power supply and any other devices;

• the 24 Vdc available at the Vdc terminal can be used to supply an 4 to 20 mA active probe; the maximum current is 100 mA. The 5 Vdc available at the 5VR terminals can be used to supply to the 0 to 5 V active ratiometric probes; the maximum total current is 50 mA;

• for applications subject to strong vibrations (1.5 mm pk-pk 10/55 Hz), secure the cables connected to the μ chiller³ using clamps placed around 3 cm from the connectors;

• for operation in domestic environments, shielded cables must be used (one wire + shield) for the tLAN connections (EN 55014-1);

• if a single power transformer is used for the μ chiller³ and the options, to avoid damaging the controller, all the G0 pins on the various controllers or the boards must be connected to the same terminal on the secondary, and all the G pins to the other terminal on the secondary, resetting the polarity of G and G0 for all the terminals;

• the system made up of the control board and the other optional boards represents a control device to be incorporated into class I or class II appliances.

Example of connection, as proposed by the default configuration.



Assembly for the version without the plastic case

The μ chiller³ should be installed on a 0.5 to 2 mm thick metal panel using the special spacers.

The electrical damage that occurs to electronic components is almost always due to electrostatic discharges caused by the operator. Consequently, suitable precautions must be taken when handling these components, in particular:

• before handling any electronic component or board, touch an earthed object (avoiding contact with a component is not sufficient, as a 10,000 V discharge, a voltage that can easily be reached by static electricity, creates an arc of around 1 cm);

• the materials must remain as long as possible inside their original packages. If necessary, remove the board from the packing and then place the product in antistatic packaging without touching the rear of the board;

• always avoid using plastic, polystyrene or non-antistatic materials;

always avoid passing the board between operators (to avoid the phenomena of electrostatic induction and consequent discharges).

• special care must be taken when fitting the optional boards on the main board, so as to avoid causing irreparable damage to the boards. Consequently, it is recommended to first secure the connection cables to the optional boards (using the plug-in terminals), and then insert the boards in the corresponding slots and finally secure the connection cables using cable clamps.

DRIVER ADRESSING IN pLAN NETWORK

The addressing of the EVD400 driver units that can be connected to the pLAN network must be set as following:

ADDRESS 2 -- > Circuit 1 Chiller Driver or Circuit 1 Bidirectional Driver

ADDRESS 3 -- > Circuit 1 Heat Pump Driver

ADDRESS 4 -- > Circuit 2 Chiller Driver or Circuit 2 Bidirectional Driver

ADDRESS 5 -- > Circuit 2 Heat Pump Driver

The driver should be configured using the serial addressing tool **EVD4_UI Address** that can be downloaded from CAREL website <u>http://ksa.carel.com/</u>. For further details on the use of the Driver and its configuration please refer to the manual code + 030220225.pdf (EVD4 – User manual)

6. Description of the main functions

6.1 Control set point

Inputs used

• Outside	e air temperature	[B7]
 Externa 	al set point	[B8]
 Select 	cooling/heating from digital input	[B25]
Parameters use	d	
Active		[main]
	g set point	[r4]
	g set point	[r5]
 Enable 	analogue probe 8 - External set point	[-/-]
Minim	um set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	[r6]
	num set point value from probe B8 (cooling)	[r7]
	um set point value from probe B8 (heating)	[r8]
 Maxim 	num set point value from probe B8 (heating)	[r9]
 Enable 	control of the clock board	[t6]
 Enable 	e set point time bands	[-t-]
 Cooling 	g set point in band 1	[-t-]
 Heating 	g set point in band 1	[-t-]
 Cooling 	g set point in band 2	[-t-]
 Heating 	g set point in band 2	[-t-]
	g set point in band 3	[-t-]
 Heating 	g set point in band 3	[-t-]
 Cooling 	g set point in band 4	[-t-]
	g set point in band 4	[-t-]
 Enable 	e set point compensation	[r11]
	e analogue probe 7 for outside air temperature	[-/-]
	num compensation value	[r12]
	um outside temperature for compensation in cooling	[r13]
	num outside temperature for compensation in cooling	[r14]
	um outside temperature for compensation in heating	[r15]
	num outside temperature for compensation in heating	[r16]
Outnuts used		

Outputs used

Setting the control set point from the screen

The control set point can be set from the screen on the user interface.

Two distinct values need to be set, respectively for cooling and heating operation, if the unit features operation in chiller or heat pump mode.

Setting the remote analogue input set point

When enabling control of input B8 for the management of the remote set point, the setting made on the screen can be replaced with a set point calculated based on the 4 to 20 mA signal at the input to the board.

The lower and upper limits must be set for calculating the remote set point in cooling and/or heating operation.

Based on the 4 to 20 mA input signal, linear conversion will be performed between the end values set.

Remote set point for analogue input B8

The limits for calculating the remote set point will be the minimum and maximum values set for the corresponding password-protected parameter on set point screen.



Time bands for varying the set point

By enabling control of the clock board, the management of 4 daily set point time bands can be configured.

Each time band features the start and end time and the associated set point.

When the time band starts, the active set point is replaced by the value set for the active time band, irrespective of whether the analogue input for the remote set point is activated.

Set point compensation for outside air temperature

The working set point can be adjusted according to the outside air temperature.

Normally this function is used in installations where greater priority is given to comfort; for example, in a shop where people enter and exit frequently, an excessive temperature difference between the inside and outside may be annoying to users and negative to their health.

This function increases or decreases the unit set point according to the outside temperature measured, adding an offset to set point set as described above that is directly proportional to the difference between the minimum and maximum limits.

The parameters for setting the operating limits are different for cooling and heating operation, without any restrictions regarding the setting of the limits for calculating the compensation offset.

6.1.1 Minimum outside temperature limit

Inputs used

<u>Inputs used</u>	
Outside air temperature	[B7]
Parameters used	
 Enable analogue probe 7 Outside air temperature 	[-/-]
Outside temperature set point limit	[r17]
Outside temperature differential limit	[r18]
Outputs used	
Compressor 1 circuit 1	[B29]
Winding A compressor 1	
Compressor 2 circuit 1	[B30]
Winding B compressor 1	
Compressor 3 circuit 1	[B31]
Compressor 1 circuit 2. Winding A compressor 2	[B34]
Compressor 2 circuit 2. Winding B compressor 2	[B35]
Compressor 3 circuit 2	[B36]

If the probe for measuring the outside air temperature is enabled, a temperature threshold is activated below which the compressors are forced off. Temperature control only starts again when the outside air temperature is above the set point + a differential.

On units in chiller operation, this is done to prevent the operation of the unit in ambient conditions that would cause an excessively low condensing pressure. On units in heat pump operation, this is done to prevent the operation of the unit in ambient conditions that would cause the rapid formation of frost on the outdoor exchanger. To disable the function, simply set the value of the control differential to 0.

6.2 Inlet-room temperature control

Inputs used	
Room temperature (air/air units)	[B5]
Evaporator water inlet temperature	
Parameters used	
 Active operating mode (chiller/heat pump) 	[main]
Configure type of unit	[-H-]
 Total number of compressors / number of refrigerant circuits on unit 	[-H-]
Enable compressor capacity control	[-c-]
Type of temperature control	[-r-]
Active set point	[r1]
Temperature control band	[r10]
 Proportional or proportional + integral Inlet control 	[-r-]
 Integral time for proportional + integral control 	[-r-]
Outputs used	
Liquid solenoid circuit 1	[B31]
Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]
Compressor 1 circuit 1. Winding A compressor 1	[B29]
Compressor 2 circuit 1. Compressor 1 capacity control. Winding B compressor	I [B30]
Compressor 3 circuit 1. Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	[B31]
Compressor 1 circuit 2. Winding A compressor 2	[B34]
Compressor 2 circuit 2. Compressor 2 capacity control	[B35]
Winding B compressor 2	
Compressor 3 circuit 2. Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	[B36]

7. Description of operation

Temperature control proportional to the reading of the evaporator inlet probe





STPM Control set point

RBM Control band

EIWT Evaporator water inlet temperature

S 1...4 Control steps

The temperature control depends on the values measured by the temperature probe located at the evaporator inlet (air/water – water/water units), or by the room probe (air/air units), and follows proportional logic.

Depending on the total number of compressors configured and the number of load steps per compressor, the control band set will be divided into a number of steps of the same amplitude.

When the various thresholds are exceeded, a compressor or load step will be activated.

The following relationships are applied to determine of the activation thresholds:

Total number of control steps = Proportional step amplitude =

Step activation threshold =

Number of compressors + (Number of compressors * Number load steps/compressor). Proportional control band / Total number of control steps

Control set point + (Proportional step amplitude * Progressive step [1,2,3,...]).

EXAMPLE OF TEMPERATURE CONTROL ON CHILLER UNITS WITH 4 COMPRESSORS

Semi-hermetic compressors with proportional control



Outputs used	
Liquid solenoid circuit 1	[B31]
Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]
Compressor 1 circuit 1	[B29]
Winding A compressor 1	
Compressor 2 circuit 1	[B30]
Compressor 1 capacity control	
Winding B compressor 1	
Compressor 3 circuit 1	[B31]
Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	
Compressor 1 circuit 2	[B34]
Winding A compressor 2	
Compressor 2 circuit 2	[B35]
Compressor 2 capacity control	
Winding B compressor 2	
Compressor 3 circuit 2	[B36]
Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	

EXAMPLE OF CONTROL IN THE DEAD ZONE ON CHILLER UNITS

Temperature control with dead zone based on the reading of the outlet probe



Fig. 7.c

STPM Control set point

RBM Control band

NZ Dead zone

TVD Time variation differential for activation/deactivation steps

EOWT Evaporator water outlet temperature

t Time

DonZ Device start zone

HTON Maximum time delay for activation of steps

LTON Minimum time delay for activation for steps

DoffZ Device stop zone

HTOFF Maximum time delay for deactivation of steps

LTOFF Minimum time delay for deactivation for steps

Temperature control is based on the temperature measured by probe B6 on units with one or two evaporators; in the latter the water temperature of mixture is used. A temperature dead band is identified based on the set point and band.

Temperature values between the set point and set point + band (STPM < Temperature < STPM+RBM) will not switch any compressors On/Off.

Temperature values above set point + band (Temperature > STPM+RBM) will activate the compressors

Temperature values below the set point (Temperature < STPM) will deactivate the compressors

The compressor start/stop procedures are controlled by variable delay times.

With a differential set for calculating the delay time, the activation/deactivation of the devices is modulated according to the temperature measured.

Setting to 0 the minimum delay times upon an increase and/or decrease in the demand, disables the corresponding calculation functions.

A temperature threshold is envisaged, for both cooling operation and heating operation, below/above which the devices installed will in any case be stopped, in order to avoid excessive cooling/heating output produced by the unit.

µC3

7.2 Differential Temperature Control

Inputs used

- Evaporator inlet temperature
- Evaporator outlet temperature
- Outside air temperature
- Room temperature (acqua terminal)
- Parameters used
- Type of unit
- Total number of compressors
- Number of load steps
- Type of temperature control
- Proportional band for inlet control or Dead zone for outlet control
- Temperature difference (delta) between reference and controlled value.
- Outputs used
- Liquid solenoid
- Compressor start relay
- Compressor capacity control relay

Description of operation

The temperature control differential is based on the difference between a reference temperature and a controlled temperature.

 Δ calculated = Reference temperature – Controlled temperature

The value calculated in this way is compared against the rated value. Depending on the unit operating mode, cooling or heating, the following situations may occur.

	Cooling	Heating
Δ calculated \geq rated Δ		Compressors On
Δ calculated <u><</u> rated Δ	Compressors On	

The purpose of this function is to maintain a constant temperature difference between two components in a system, with different thermal inertia, by acting on only one of the values measured.

The controlled temperature is defined as the component with the lower thermal inertia.

The reference temperature is defined as the component with the higher thermal inertia.

As the unit can operate in cooling or heating mode as selected from the screen on the user interface or by the digital input, if the reference temperature equals or exceeds the controlled temperature (i.e. opposite to the unit operating mode), the operation of the controller switches from error correction to amplification; consequently, the application of this type of control is designed for systems in which the variation in controlled values occurs within certain limits dictated by the operating mode of the active unit.

Control is proportional, according to the control band set.

The proportional control band is divided into a number of uniform steps, equal to the total number of compressors and load steps installed (as for inlet temperature control). The control set point is the rated temperature difference set.

The value controlled is the difference calculated between the reference temperature and the controlled temperature.

To select this type of control, a special parameter is provided that indicates which signal is used by the temperature control functions:

- Evaporator inlet-outlet control probe
- Reference temperature— Controlled temperature

7.3 Condensing unit control

Inputs used	
 External control value (condensing units) 	[B8]
Condensing unit digital control 1	[B12]
Condensing unit digital control 2	[B13]
Condensing unit digital control 3	[B14]
Condensing unit digital control 4	[B28]
Parameters used	
Configure type of unit	[-H-]
Type of condensing unit control	[-H-]
 Select proportional or step condensing unit control 	[-H-]
Outputs used	
 Compressor 1 circuit 1. Winding A compressor 1 	[B29]
 Compressor 2 circuit 1. Compressor 1 capacity control. 	[B30]
Winding B compressor 1	

Compressor 3 circuit 1. Liquid solenoid circuit 1.	[B31]
Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	
Compressor 1 circuit 2. Winding A compressor 2	[B34]
 Compressor 2 circuit 2. Compressor 2 capacity control 	[B35]
Winding B compressor 2	
Compressor 3 circuit 2. Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]
Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	

Description of operation

Condensing unit control involves the devices being called by a proportional voltage or current signal supplied by an external controller, or alternatively a series of electromechanical contacts via digital input. As the compressors are called by an external controller, the corresponding control probes and parameters are not used.

Control with analogue input

The signal acquired by analogue input B8 is 4 to 20mA.

There are two control modes: proportional or steps, these can be selected via the dedicated user parameter.

Proportional control

Below is a description of the operation of proportional control when a 4 to 20 mA analogue input is used.

The compressor requests depend on the analogue input B8, with continuous variation of the input signal, the board calculates the number of steps required based on the value of the signal:

 Analogue input
 4mA
 0% request (no compressor on)

 Analogue input
 20mA
 100% request (all the compressors on)

EXAMPLE OF CONTROL ON A UNIT WITH 6 HERMETIC COMPRESSORS:

Condensing units with proportional control



Analogue input end sc	ale	
Activation threshold for step 1 to 5		
Remote control signal		
Compressor steps		
Total number of compressors $= 6$		
Number of load steps per compressor $= 0$		
	Activation threshold fo Remote control signal Compressor steps compressors	

Total number of steps = Total number of compressors + (Total number of compressors * Number of load steps per compressor) = 6 + 6 * 0 = 6Amplitude of each step = Operating current range / Total number of steps = (20 - 4) / 6 = 2.666 mA

If the analogue input B8 measures 9.35 mA, two steps will be requested, therefore two compressors will be activated.

Two safety thresholds are calculated for the total activation or deactivation of the compressors, if exceeded.

These thresholds are calculated according to the following relationships.

Forced shutdown threshold = (Amplitude of each step / 2) + Analogue input lower end scale = $(2.666 / 2) + 4 = 1.333 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 5.3 \text{ mA}$ Forced start threshold = Analogue input upper end scale – Forced shutdown threshold = $20 - 1.333 = 18.667 \text{ mA} \rightarrow 18.6 \text{ mA}$

If the reading of the analogue input B8 is less than the value of the forced shutdown threshold calculated, the devices will be stopped unconditionally.

If the reading of the analogue input B8 is greater than the value of the forced start threshold calculated, the devices will be started unconditionally.

Stepped control

Below is a description of the operation of stepped control steps when a 4 to 20 mA analogue input is used.

The compressor requests depend on the analogue input B8, using a current divider or equivalent circuit to supply precise signals that correspond to the activation or deactivation of the compressors and the relative load steps.

Analogue input 4 mA 100% request (all compressors on)

Analogue input 20 mA 0% request (no compressor on)

EXAMPLE OF CONTROL ON A UNIT WITH 6 HERMETIC COMPRESSORS:

Condensing units with stepped control



Fig. 7.e

FSC	Analogue input end scale
THR S15	Activation threshold for step 1 to 5
RC	Remote control signal
С 16	Compressor steps

Total number of compressors

Number of load steps per compressor = 0

Total number of steps = Total number of compressors + (Total number of compressors * Number of load steps per compressor) = 6 + 6 * 0 = 6Amplitude of each step = Operating current range / Total number of steps = (20 - 4) / 6 = 2.666 mA. If analogue input B8 measures 14.65 mA, two steps will be required, and consequently two compressors will be started.

Control with digital inputs

A number of digital inputs equal to the number of compressors installed on the unit are provided to start the devices.

= 6

There is no direct correspondence between the digital input and the compressor on, however the number of inputs closed at the same time will determine the number of compressors that are on. The compressor activation sequence is in any case defined according to rotation, as enabled by the corresponding parameter.

Only in the case of units with six compressors in two refrigerant circuits, in trio configuration, is there an exception to the compressor control mode; digital inputs 4 and 18 activate two load steps in response to just one input signal.

Considering this characteristic, the cooling capacity of the unit can still be modulated by uniformly increasing the capacity one step at a time; the digital inputs must be switched in such a way as to ensure that the difference in the number of requests between two consecutive input control sequences is equal to one step.

7.4 Compressor rotation

Inputs used

inputo		
•	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	[B17
•	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	[B18]
•	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 (units with trio compressors)	[B26]
•	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2	[B22]
•	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2	[B23]
•	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 (units with trio compressors)	[B27]
Parame	eters used	
•	Configure type of unit	[-H-]
•	Type of semi-hermetic compressors controlled	[-C-]
•	Total number of compressors / number of refrigerant circuits on unit	[-H-]
•	Enable compressor capacity control	[-C-]
•	Select type of compressor / refrigerant circuit rotation	[-H-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 1 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 2 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 3 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 1 circuit 2	[-C-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 2 circuit 2	[-C-]
•	Enable operation of compressor 3 circuit 2	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 1 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 2 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 3 circuit 1	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 1 circuit 2	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 2 circuit 2	[-C-]
•	Manually force compressor 3 circuit 2	[-C-]
<u>Output</u>	<u>s used</u>	
•	Liquid solenoid circuit 1	[B31]
•	Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]
•	Compressor 1 circuit 1	[B29]
	Winding A compressor 1	
•	Compressor 2 circuit 1. Compressor 1 capacity control	[B30]
	Winding B compressor 1	

٠	Compressor 3 circuit 1	[B31]
	Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	
٠	Compressor 1 circuit 2. Winding A compressor 2	[B34]
٠	Compressor 2 circuit 2. Compressor 2 capacity control Winding B compressor 2	[B35]
٠	Compressor 3 circuit 2	[B36]
	Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	

The compressor calls are rotated so as to balance out the number of operating hours and starts of the devices. There are three different types of rotation available:

- L.I.F.O.
- F.I.F.O. ٠
- By time •

Rotation is only performed between the compressors, and not between the capacity steps.

LIFO rotation

The first compressor to start will be the last to stop. The device activation sequence on a unit with 4 compressors is: C1, C2, C3, C4 The device deactivation sequence on a unit with 4 compressors is: C4, C3, C2, C1

FIFO rotation

The first compressor to start will be the first to stop. The device activation sequence on a unit with 4 compressors is: C1. C2. C3. C4. The device deactivation sequence on a unit with 4 compressors is: C1, C2, C3, C4

Rotation by time

This type of rotation is based on the count of the device operating hours. The compressor with the least number of operating hours will always start first. The active compressor with the highest number of operating hours will always stop first.

The activation of one or more than one alarm that causes one or more compressors to shutdown requires the activation of an equivalent number of devices, from those available, so as to make up for the variation in active cooling capacity.

7.5 **TANDEM – TRIO compressor rotation**

Rotation between circuits

In the units with tandem or trio compressors in two refrigerant circuits, the circuit rotation described is incorporated into the rotation between compressors, for the purpose of balancing the quantity of oil in each.

Whenever the unit is started, and the compressors are completely off, rotation is performed that involves the alternating start-up of the two circuits.

Force tandem - trio compressors in FIFO rotation

For these types of compressors, the aim is to avoid the operation of circuits at part load for excessive periods (affecting the operation of the compressors that are off). A maximum part load operating time has been introduced, after which the active compressor is stopped, and the demand is transferred to another compressor in the same circuit.

If no compressors are available when the exchange in condition occurs, the operation of the circuit remains unchanged.

The activation of an alarm on the compressor being forced on will involve a return to the previous operating conditions.

The count time for forcing the compressor on is reset whenever an alarm occurs in the circuit.

7.6 **Compressor safety times**

Inputs used

Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	[B17
Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	[B18]
 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 (units with trio compressors) 	[B16]
 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 (units with the compressors) Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 	[B20]
Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2	[B23]
Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 (units with trio compressors)	[B27]
Parameters used	
Minimum compressor on time	[-c-]
Minimum compressor off time	[-C-]
 Minimum time between starts of different compressors 	[-c-]
 Minimum time between starts of the same compressor 	[-c-]
Outputs used	
Liquid solenoid circuit 1	[B31]
Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]
Compressor 1 circuit 1. Winding A compressor 1	[B29]
Compressor 2 circuit 1. Compressor 1 capacity control	[B30]
Winding B compressor 1	
Compressor 3 circuit 1.	[B31]
Compressor 1 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	
Compressor 1 circuit 2. Winding A compressor 2	[B34]
Compressor 2 circuit 2. Compressor 2 capacity control	[B35]
Winding B compressor 2	[000]
	[[]]
Compressor 3 circuit 2.	[B36]
Compressor 2 capacity control (if Part-Winding enabled)	

Minimum compressor on time

This defines a guaranteed minimum ON time for the compressors; once activated, the compressors will operate for this time, irrespective of the temperature control request status. Only the activation of a protector will cause the device to shutdown earlier.



Minimum compressor off time

This defines the minimum guaranteed OFF time for the compressors, in response to any shutdown signal due to the temperature conditions or an alarm. Even if called to start, a compressor cannot be switched on before this time elapses.



Minimum time between starts of different compressors

This defines the minimum guaranteed time between the starts of two different compressors; this prevents simultaneous starts of multiple devices

C1REQ	Compressor 1 request
C2REQ	Compressor 2 request
CMP1	Compressor 1 status
CMP2	Compressor 2 status
CMPST	Minimum time between starts of different compressors
t	Time



Fig. 7.h

Minimum time between starts of the same compressor

This defines the minimum guaranteed time between two successive starts of the same compressor.

Even if called to start, the compressor will not be able to switch on before this times elapses.

Setting this parameter suitably can limit the number of starts/hour according to the specific instructions of the manufacturer of the compressor.

CREQ Compressor request CMP Compressor status CST Minimum time between starts of the same compressor t Time	CREQ		1	t[s]
	Fig. 7.i	<	CST	\longrightarrow $t[s]$
7.7 Pumpdown management				
Inputs used				
Low pressure switch circuit 1	[B15]			
Low pressure switch circuit 2	[B20]			
Evaporation pressure 1	[B1]			
Evaporation pressure 2	[B2]			
ON/OFF from digital input (air/air units and chillers)	[B13]			
Parameters used				
 Type of semi-hermetic compressors controlled Maximum pumpdown duration 	[-C-] [-C-]			
 Select end pumpdown mode 	[-C-]			
End pumpdown pressure from probe	[-C-]			
Unit ON/OFF from panel	[main]			
Unit ON/OFF from supervisor	[]			
Outputs used				
Liquid solenoid circuit 1	[B31]			
Liquid solenoid circuit 2	[B36]			

Winding A compressor 1 [B29]
Winding B compressor 1 [B30]
Winding A compressor 2 [B34]
Winding B compressor 2 [B35]

The pumpdown procedure is performed for the purpose of completely emptying the residual freon from the evaporator in a refrigerant circuit during shutdown. The following conditions can cause a refrigerant circuit to shutdown:

Remote ON/OFF: unit shutdown from remote contact

ON/OFF from keypad: unit shutdown from display with specific procedure

ON/OFF from supervisor: unit shutdown on signal from supervisory system

Thermostat: circuit shutdown when temperature set point reached

The pumpdown procedure involves the operation of a certain circuit with the liquid solenoid valve de-energised (closed).

The pumpdown procedure ends when:

- the low pressure transducer is activated, according to the set end pumpdown threshold
- the low pressure switch is activated
- the maximum time limit is reached

During the pumpdown procedure, the low pressure alarm, both from transducer and from pressure switch, is disabled.



7.8 Main pump management

Inputs used	
 Evaporator water flow switch 	[B12]
 Evaporator pump 1 thermal overload 	[B14]
 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload 	[B28]
Parameters used	
 Number of evaporator pumps 	[-H-]
 Evaporator pump/main fan operating mode 	[-H-]
 Delay between start of pump/main fan and compressors 	[-C-]
 Delay for stopping the pump/main fan 	[-C-]
ON time in burst operation	[-H-]
OFF time in burst operation	[-H-]
Outputs used	
Evaporator pump 1	[B33]
Evaporator pump 2	[B36]

The main circulating pump can be managed in four different operating modes:

- <u>Always on</u>: the pump is activated when the unit is started and remains active while the unit is operating; if there are two pumps, the devices will be rotated according to the specific settings
- On according to the status of the compressor: the pump is on according to the compressor call status; consequently, when the set point has been reached, the circulating pump and compressors, excepting in the case of safety times, are off
- <u>Burst operation</u>: normally the circulating pump is off, and is activated periodically for a set time; the unit temperature conditions are constantly monitored and the compressors are started if necessary; when the control set point is reached the pump is switched off
- <u>Always off</u>: the main circulating pump is not managed, whatever the operating conditions of the unit

Two safety times are observed, respectively a compressor activation delay after the circulating pump starts, and pump shutdown delay after the compressors stop when having reached the control set point or the unit is shutdown.

7.9 Pump rotation

Inputs used

Evaporator water flow switch	[B12]
Evaporator pump 1 thermal overload	[B14]
Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload	[B28]
Parameters used	
Number of evaporator pumps	[-H-]
 Select type of evaporator pump rotation 	[-H-]
 Operating hour threshold for the rotation of the evaporator pumps 	[-H-]
Outputs used	
Evaporator pump 1	[B33]
Evaporator pump 2	[B36]
	c

If there are two circulating pumps on the unit, the operation of these can be rotated in the following modes:

- <u>Botation at start</u>: when the unit is started, the operation of the pumps is rotated, so as to balance the number of starts-stops of the devices
- <u>Rotation by time</u>: a rotation time is established (expressed in hours), which when reached the devices are rotated, so as to balance the number of
 operating hours of the devices.

Control of the second circulating pump in any case involves forced rotation in the event of an alarm event of one of the devices, to ensure maximum continuity of operation.

Pump thermal overload alarm

If a thermal overload alarm is activated on the active circulating pump, the pump is stopped and the devices are rotated. A further activation of the thermal overload alarm on the active reserve pump causes the total shutdown of the unit due to no other pump being available on powerup, and a new rotation is forced.

Evaporator flow switch alarm

The activation of the evaporator flow switch alarm forces the rotation of the devices and the activation of the reserve pump; in this condition, the alarm signal delay time in steady operation is re-activated, after which, with the alarm active, the unit is switched off.

Evaporator flow switch alarm/intervention

The evaporator flow switch intervention generates the EVAPORATOR FLOW SWITCH ALARM respecting the following time:

- Evaporator flow switch alarm delay at start-up
 - Evaporator flow switch alarm delay in steady operation

If there are 2 evaporator pumps, the intervention of the flow switch causes the startup of the backup pump. If after the "Evaporator flow switch alarm delay at startup" the flow switch signal is still present, the EVAPORATOR FLOW SWITCH ALARM occurs and the unit is turned off. The compressors, after the startup of the backup pump, remain still ON for a delay time in steady operation.

7.10 **Electric heaters**

Inp

<u>Inputs ι</u>	ised	
•	Room temperature (air/air units) Evaporator water inlet temperature	[B5]
•	Air outlet temperature (air/air units) Evaporator water outlet temperature	[B6]
•	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature	[B9]
٠	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature	[B10]
٠	Outside air temperature	[B7]
٠	Boiler temperature	[B1]
Parame	ters used	
٠	Select number of evaporators	[-H-]
•	Type of temperature control	[-r-]
•	Enable analogue probe 7 Outside air temperature	[-/-]
•	Enable analogue probe 1 Boiler temperature	[-/-]
•	Configuration of analogue inputs 1 and 2	[-/-]
•	Antifreeze heater set point	[A3]
•	Antifreeze heater differential	[A4]
•	Support heater set point in cooling mode	[A5]
•	Support heater differential in cooling mode	[A6]
•	Support heater set point 1 in heating mode	[A7]
•	Support heater differential 1 in heating mode	[A8]
•	Support heater set point 2 in heating mode	[A9]
•	Support heater differential 1 in heating mode	[A10]
•	Delay in activation of the support heater in heating mode	[A11]
•	Select probe for cooling support control in air/air units	[-A-]
•	Outside air set point to enable support heater	[-A-]
•	Outside air differential to enable support heater	[-A-]
•	Boiler temperature set point to enable support heater	[-A-]
•	Boiler temperature differential to enable support heater	[-A-]
•	Active operating mode (chiller/heat pump)	[main]
<u>Outputs</u>	used	
•	Status of digital output 11. Heater 1	[B39]
•	Status of digital output 12. Heater 2	[B40]

Antifreeze heater

To prevent the activation of the antifreeze protection one or more electric heaters are used, immersed in the flow of water at the evaporator and controlled based on by a set point and differential. The activation of the antifreeze heater causes the total shutdown of the compressors, or in any case disables the cooling devices, until the temperature returns above the heater set point + differential.

Support heater in cooling

To prevent the activation of the minimum room temperature limit protection in air/air units, an electric heater is activated, immersed in the main air flow, controlled based on a set point and differential.

The activation of the support heater in cooling causes the total shutdown of the compressors, or in any case disables the cooling devices, until the temperature returns above the heater set point + differential.

SUPPORT HEATERS IN HEATING

Heating support function on water/air - water/water units

In units operating in heating mode with reversal on the refrigerant circuit, electric heaters (used in cooling mode as evaporator antifreeze heaters) are used to support the heating function, if the operation of the unit cannot satisfy the thermal load of the installation. These heaters are controlled based on the unit temperature control probe (inlet or outlet, according to the setting made), while two separate set points and differentials are set for the activation of the devices. In the event of control based on the temperature measured at the evaporator outlet, in units with one and two evaporators, the heaters will be controlled based on the values measured by analogue input B6.

Heating support function on air/air units

In units operating in heating mode with reversal on the refrigerant circuit, electric heaters are used to support the heating function, if the operation of the unit cannot satisfy the thermal load of the installation.

The user can set whether the heater is activated based on the room temperature or the outlet temperature.

The support heaters are managed by setting an activation delay time, calculated from when the circulating pump starts, so as to give the unit time to reach steady operation. Enabling the control set point compensation function will also cause the compensation of the heater set point, according to the same temperature difference calculated.

Boiler function

If the reading of analogue input B1 is enabled and configured as the boiler temperature, the operation of the heaters can be managed based on the outside temperature conditions and the water temperature in the storage cylinder.

Once having set a control set point and differential for both readings, the support heaters will be activated based on the control temperature measured (inlet or outlet, according to the specific setting) in reference to specific set points and differentials, only if the outside temperature conditions and boiler conditions allow.

7.11 Selecting the operating mode

Inputs used	
 Select cooling/heating from digital input 	[B25]
Parameters used	
Configure type of unit	[-H-]
Cooling/Heating from panel	[main]
 Enable cooling/heating selection from digital input 	[H2]
 Enable cooling/heating selection from supervisor 	[H4]
 Select cooling/heating from supervisor 	
 Logic of the 4-way reversing valve 	[-H-]
 Force devices OFF for automatic reversal of the refrigerant circuit 	[-H-]
Outputs used	
 4-way value for reversing the refrigerant circuit in circuit 1 	[B41]
 4-way value for reversing the refrigerant circuit in circuit 2 	[B42]

In general, if the unit configured features operation in both chiller mode (cooling) and heat pump mode (heating), the operating mode can be changed with the unit on or off, depending on the type of selection.

There are three different ways to change the operating mode:

Keypad: a parameter is set on the menu. The operating mode can only be changed if the unit is off and the circulating pump has stopped

Supervisor: this can be enabled, with a switching signal received from the supervisor serial network. The operating mode can only be changed if the unit is off and the circulating pump has stopped

Digital input: this can be enabled, with the switching of the enabled digital input, by an external controller. A delay must be set for switching the reversing valves in the refrigerant circuit, if equal to zero the mode is switched immediately, otherwise the unit is switched off according to the procedure shown in the figure

Switching Cooling-heating from digital input



The keypad and supervisor have equal priority in setting the operating mode, the most recent variation determines the actual status; if enabled, the digital input has absolute priority over the other two.

7.12 ON/OFF time bands

•	
Inputs used	
System hours	[main]
System minutes	[main]
System day	[main]
System month	[main]
System year	[main]
Parameters used	
 Enable control of the clock board 	[t6]
Hour setting	[t1]
Minutes setting	[t2]
Day setting	[t3]
Month setting	[t4]
Year setting	[t5]
 Enable unit ON-OFF time bands 	[-t-]
Enable set point time bands	[-t-]
 Configure time band parameters – day 	[-t-]
Outputs used	

Outputs used

ON-OFF time bands

If control of the clock board is enabled, and the board is fitted and operating, the program can control 4 different types of time band, with separate application on each day of the week.

The time bands set only take effect if the unit has been switched on from the button.

Four values are set, respectively the start and end times for two periods, within which the unit is on.

OFF ON	OFF	ON	OFF
--------	-----	----	-----

Band 2

Two values are set, respectively the start and end time band, within which the unit is on.



Band 3

The unit is forced ON without time limits

Band 4

The unit is forced OFF without time limits

Set point time bands

If control of the clock board is enabled, and the board is fitted and operating, the program can control 4 different types of time band with changes in the set point, applied on each day of the week.

A different cooling and heating set point must be set for each period (total of 8 parameters) plus the start and end times of the bands.

Setting the same start and end times is equivalent to disabling the function for that period of time.

7.13 Antifreeze control

Inputs used

in parte about	
Evaporator water outlet temperature	[B6]
 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature 	[B9]
 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature 	[B10]
Parameters used	
 Enable analogue probe 6. Evaporator water outlet temperature 	[-/-]
 Antifreeze alarm set point (chiller units) 	[A1]
 Antifreeze alarm differential (chiller units) 	[A2]
 Minimum antifreeze/low room temperature set point limit 	[-A-]
 Maximum antifreeze/low room temperature set point limit 	[-A-]
 Type of antifreeze alarm reset 	[-A-]
 Antifreeze alarm delay when starting (manual reset) 	[-A-]
 Device start mode in antifreeze with unit off 	[A12]
Outputs used	
Generic alarm	[B38]

General information

The antifreeze function is based on the reading made by the temperature probes located on the evaporator outlet.

The function is different for units with one or two water circuits, with the antifreeze control based on the readings of the following inputs respectively:

- B6 single circuit units
- B9-B10 two circuit units



Fig. 7.n

THRA_F	Antifreeze alarm set point
DIFF_AF	Antifreeze alarm differential
FA	Antifreeze alarm
THR_AFH	Antifreeze heater set point
DIFF_AFH	Antifreeze heater differential
AFH	Antifreeze heater
EOWT	Evaporator water outlet temperature

Antifreeze alarm

See the antifreeze alarm in the chapter on the alarms.

7.14 Condenser - evaporator control

Inputs	<u>used</u>	
•	Condensing temperature 1	[B1]
٠	Condensing temperature 2	[B2]
•	Outside air temperature	[B7]
•	Condensing pressure 1	[B3]
•	Condensing pressure 2	[B4]
Parame	eters used	
•	Type of condenser control	[-F-]
•	Number of condensers installed	[-F-]
•	Type of condensing devices controlled	[-F-]
•	Total number of fans installed	[-F-]
•	Forcing time when starting the condenser (control by temperature)	[-F-]
•	Maximum voltage threshold for Triac	[-F-]
•	Minimum voltage threshold for Triac	[-F-]
•	Amplitude impulse for phase control	[-F-]
•	Condenser control set point (cooling)	[-F-]
•	Condenser differential (cooling)	[-F-]
•	Evaporator set point (heating)	[-F-]
•	Evaporator differential (heating)	[-F-]
•	Fan operation differential at minimum speed	[-F-]
•	Maximum fan speed with inverter	[-F-]
•	Minimum fan speed with inverter	[-F-]
•	Speed-up time with inverter	[-F-]
•	Enable high pressure prevent	[-F-]
- [-F		[-F-]
•	High pressure prevent set point(cooling)	[-F-]
•	High pressure prevent differential (cooling)	[-F-]
•	Low pressure prevent set point (heating)	[-F-]
•	Low pressure prevent differential (heating)	[-F-]
•	Condenser operating mode in the event of probe fault	[-F-]
•	End prevent delay	[-F-]
•	Start hour for low-noise operation	[F1]
•	Start minutes for low-noise operation	[F2]
•	End hour for low-noise operation	[F3]
•	End minutes for low-noise operation	[F4]
•	Low-noise set point in cooling	[F5]
•	Low-noise set point in leading	[F6]
•	Enable control of the clock board	[10] [t6]
•	Active operating mode (chiller/heat pump)	[main]
Output		[IIIdiii]
•	Fan 1 circuit 1	[B32]
	Fan 2 circuit 1	[B31]
•	Fan 2 circuit 1 (1 condenser)	[B37]
•	Fan 1 circuit 2 (2 condensers)	[B37]
•	Fan 2 circuit 2 (2 condensers)	[B36]
•	Status of analogue output 1	[B30] [B43]
•	Condenser fans circuit 1	[0+3]
-	Status of analogue output 2	[B44]
•	Condenser fans circuit 2	[144]

Condenser-evaporator on/off linked to compressor operation

The operation of the fans will be slaved exclusively to the operation of the compressors: Compressor off = fan off Compressor on = fan on No pressure or temperature transducers need to be installed

On/off condenser-evaporator operation linked to the pressure or temperature sensor reading

The operation of the fans will be slaved to the operation of the compressors and the value read by the pressure or temperature sensors, according to a set point and band, with proportional control.

In cooling operation, when the pressure/temperature is less than or equal to the set point, all the fans will be off; when the pressure/temperature rises to the set point + band, all the fans will be on.

In heating operation, when the pressure/temperature is greater than or equal to the set point, all the fans will be off; when the pressure/temperature falls to the set point - band, all the fans will be on.

The control band is divided into a uniform number of steps, equal to the number of fans installed for the circuit in question.

Single or separate condensers/evaporators can be chosen; with single coils, the fans will be controlled by the higher/lower pressure/temperature, with the second separate coil, each pressure sensor/temperature controls its own fan or group of fans.

Modulating condenser-evaporator operation linked to the pressure or temperature sensor reading

The fans will be controlled by a 0 to 10 V or PWM analogue output, in proportion to the request from the pressure / temperature sensors.

Single or separate condensers/evaporators can be chosen; with single coils, the fans will be controlled by the higher/lower pressure/temperature, with the second separate coil, each pressure sensor/temperature controls its own fan or group of fans.

Condenser fan control in chiller operation

Fig. 7.0 Condenser control devices and alarms





- STPC Condenser control set point
- RBC Condenser control band
- OFFD Deactivation differential
- HYST Deactivation hysteresis (0.5bar/1°C)
- MINV Minimum fan speed threshold
- MAXV Maximum fan speed threshold
- CPT Condensing pressure / temperature

With reference to the previous graph:

- pressure/temperature values between STPC and STPC+RBC cause the modulation of the condenser fan speed with proportional control between the minimum and maximum voltage set
- o pressure/temperature values between STPC and STPC-OFFD cause the operation of the condenser fans at the minimum speed set
- pressure/temperature values below STPC-OFFD cause the total shutdown of the fans and the analogue output signal is set to 0 Volt. A fixed hysteresis of 0.5 bar or 1.0°C is featured to prevent swings in the controlled value around the threshold STPC-OFFD from causing repeated starts and stops of the controlled devices.

In the activation phase with increasing pressure/temperature, as soon as the value exceeds the threshold STPC-OFFD, the fan is operated at maximum speed for a period equal to the set speed-up time.

If condenser control is based on the condenser temperature reading, when the liquid solenoid valve opens (refrigerant circuit activated), if the outside air temperature is above STPC-OFFD, the fan is operated at maximum speed for a period equal to the set speed-up time.

This function aims to prevent high pressure in the refrigerant circuit when starting the compressors, caused by an incorrect measurement of the condenser temperature due to the thermal inertia of the control probe.

Evaporator fan control in heat pump operation



Fig. 7.p Condenser control devices and alarms

STPC Evaporator control set point

- RBC Evaporator control band
- OFFD Deactivation differential
- HYST Deactivation hysteresis (0.5bar/1°C)
- MINV Minimum fan speed threshold
- MAXV Maximum fan speed threshold
- CPT Evaporation pressure / temperature

In heat pump operation, the previous observations concerning cooling operation are still valid; the function simply operates in the diametrically opposite manner, given the different unit operating mode.

7.15 Prevent function

This function can be enabled in the manufacturer branch, and prevents the circuits from being shutdown due to a high pressure alarm. When the compressors are on, once reaching the set threshold, the capacity of the compressor is controlled until the pressure returns below or above the set point by a set differential, in cooling or heating mode respectively.

When the compressors are off, once having reached the set threshold, the fans are started at maximum speed until the pressure returns to acceptable values for the operation of the unit.

In units with tandem or trio hermetic compressors, the prevent function stops one of the active compressors, performing a rotation so as to shutdown a different device each time.

The compressor shutdown procedure is repeated whenever the pressure/temperature exceeds the set prevent threshold, or alternatively waits a fixed time of 10 seconds with high/low pressure before repeating the shutdown. The procedure stops when reaching the minimum number of devices on per circuit. In units with capacity-controlled semi-hermetic compressors, the prevent function activates the load steps, with the aim of preventing the compressor from shutting down.

7.16 Low noise function

This function is used to reduce the noise generated by the unit, due to the condenser/evaporator fans, at specific times.

Once the start and end times have been defined for the Low Noise function, the unit control set point will be modified in such period by a set value.

A set point is defined for cooling operation and another for heating operation, applied according to the set time band, in relation to the operating mode that is active on the unit.

Setting the same start and end times disables the function.

7.17 Start with hot condenser

This function only applies to air/water units in cooling operation with condenser control based on the temperature of the coil.

When activating a refrigerant circuit, if the temperature measured at the condenser is above 20.0°C (when starting, the condenser temperature corresponds to the outside air temperature), the condenser fans are forced on at the maximum speed for a time equal to the set forcing time when starting.

7.18 Defrost control in air/water – Air/air units

Inputs (used	
•	Condensing temperature 1	[B1]
•	Condensing temperature 2	[B2]
•	Outside air temperature	[B7]
•	Condensing pressure 1	[B3]
•	Condensing pressure 2	[B4]
Parame	ters used	
٠	Select values for start and end defrost control	[-d-]
•	Type of defrost between circuits	[-d-]
•	Select end defrost mode	[-d-]
•	Start defrost threshold	[d1]
•	End defrost threshold	[d2]
•	Defrost activation delay	[-d-]
•	Maximum defrost duration	[-d-]
•	Minimum defrost duration	[-d-]
•	Delay between defrosts on same circuit	[-d-]
•	Delay between defrosts on different circuits	[-d-]
•	Forced compressor off time at start and end defrost	[-d-]
•	Delay in reversing refrigerant circuit for defrost	[-d-]
•	Enable sliding defrost function	[d3]
•	Minimum start defrost set point allowed with sliding defrost function	[d4]
•	Outside temperature threshold to start sliding defrost action	[d5]
•	Outside temperature threshold for maximum sliding defrost action	[d6]
•	Enable manual defrost actuator	[-d-]
•	Manual defrost on circuit 1	[-d-]
•	Manual defrost on circuit 2	[-d-]
Outputs		[-]
•	Compressor 1 circuit 1	[B29]
	Winding A compressor 1	[]
•	Compressor 2 circuit 1	[B30]
	Winding B compressor 1	
•	Compressor 3 circuit 1	[B31]
•	Compressor 1 circuit 2	[B34]
	Winding A compressor 2	[]
•	Compressor 2 circuit 2	[B35]
	Winding B compressor 2	[]
•	Compressor 3 circuit 2	[B36]
•	4-way reversing valve circuit 1	[B41]
•	4-way reversing valve circuit 2	[B42]
•	Fan 1 circuit 1	[B32]
•	Fan 2 circuit 1	[B31]
•	Fan 2 circuit 1 (single condenser)	[B37]
•	Fan 1 circuit 2 (2 condensers)	[B37]
•	Fan 2 circuit 2	[B36]
	Analogue output 1 status	[B30] [B43]
•	Condenser fans circuit 1	נדטן
•	Analogue output 2 status	[B44]
•	Condenser fans circuit 2	[דדט]

7.19 Types of defrost

Simultaneous

Only one circuit needs a defrost request (temperature/pressure below the start defrost threshold) for all the circuits to be forced to defrost. The circuits which do not require defrosting (temperature/pressure above the end defrost threshold) stop and go to standby; as soon as all the circuits end their defrost cycle the compressors can start again in heat pump operation.

Separate

The circuits are defrosted separately by the circuits. The first circuit that requires defrosting starts the procedure, while the others wait for the end defrost (heat pump operation) before reversing the cycle and sequentially performing the defrost.

7.20 Defrosting a circuit with time / temperature control



- Duration of the pressure/temperature inside the defrost activation zone t DefrAct Defrost active
- Time t

CPT

Fig. 7-1 Defrost control

7.20.1 Description of operation

If the temperature/pressure of a coil remains continuously below the start defrost threshold for the defrost delay time set, the circuit in question will start a defrost cycle:

- the compressor/compressors in the circuit stop for a set time
- the refrigerant circuit is reversed using the 4-way valve after a set delay
- the fan in question is switched off (if the pressure probes are present, the high condensing pressure prevention function will be active) •

If the compressor off time at start and end defrost is set to 0, then the 4-way reversing valve is switched with the compressors on.

The circuit exits the defrost cycle if the temperature/pressure exceeds the end defrost threshold, or after a maximum time, if the defrost cycle exceeds the maximum set threshold time.

7.20.2 Start defrost threshold automatic (sliding defrost)

In the event of very low outside temperatures, the pressure or temperature of the evaporator (outdoor exchanger) may fall below the start defrost threshold, even when there is no actual frost on the heat exchanger. In this case, a procedure has been implemented for automatically calculating the start defrost threshold, based on the outside air temperature probe reading.

The purpose of this function is to avoid unneeded defrosts due to outside conditions that are nonetheless favourable for heat pump operation, despite the low air temperature.

The user can thus set, in addition to the start defrost set point, an even lower threshold can be set that corresponds to the minimum temperature or pressure value for performing the defrost, thus avoiding the unit stopping due to low pressure. Within this interval, the start defrost threshold varies depending on the outside temperature, compensated proportionally. In this case too, a start compensation threshold and a limit threshold (minimum allowed) are used to lower the start defrost threshold within acceptable values and according to a certain proportionality.



Fig. 7-2 Sliding defrost

CPTCondensing pressure/temperatureT.ExtOutside temperatureDefrOnTHRStart defrost thresholdMinDOnTHRMinimum start defrost thresholdMinSDOnTHRSliding Defrost start thresholdMaxSDOffTHRSliding Defrost limit threshold

7.20.3 Start and end defrost mode

Two distinct start and end defrost modes can be defined by suitably combining the settings of two parameters.

- In particular, the values that determine the start and end defrost can be selected:
 - o <u>Start-end by temperature</u>: condenser temperature probe readings
 - o <u>Start-end by pressure</u>: condensing pressure probe readings
 - <u>Start by pressure end by temperature</u>: condenser temperature probe reading for start defrost and fan control throughout the defrost phase, condenser temperature probe reading to end the procedure

The end defrost can also be selected as follows:

- o <u>Time</u>: the defrost only ends when reaching the maximum time
- o <u>Pressure/temperature</u> : the defrost ends when reaching the set end defrost thresholds, or alternatively after the maximum time

7.20.4 Dripping

The coil dripping phase is the period in which, with the refrigerant circuit in heating mode and the compressors off, the heat of the accumulated on the exchanger is exploited to remove any condensate.

This phase occurs at the end of the defrost cycle, from when the compressors stop to when the 4-way reversing valve switches to heat pump mode.

7.21 Defrosting a circuit with control from external contact

The activation / deactivation of the defrost cycle depends on the status an external contact, controlled by a differential pressure switch or outside temperature thermostat for the circuit in question.

For this purpose, the analogue input used to measure the temperature of the condenser coil will be used as a digital input for reading of the status of the pressure switch.

A voltage-free contact is thus required, which, if open, starts the defrost procedure, vice-versa if closed. For this type of procedure the duration is also monitored and compared against the maximum time set.

7.22 Manual defrost

A circuit can also be defrosted manually using of a specific parameter with manufacturer password protection. Based on the type of defrost configured (simultaneous or separate), the circuits can be defrosted at the same time or separately. The manual defrost follows the settings of the normal defrost, as described in the previous paragraphs.

7.23 Defrost control ON REVERSE-CYCLE water/water units

Inputs used

Pa

iputs	used	
•	Condensing temperature 1	[B1]
٠	Condensing temperature 2	[B2]
٠	Outside air temperature	[B7]
٠	Condensing pressure 1	[B3]
٠	Condensing pressure 2	[B4]
arame	eters used	
٠	Select values for start and end defrost control	[-d-]
٠	Type of defrost between circuits	[-d-]
٠	Select end defrost mode	[-d-]
٠	Start defrost threshold	[d1]
٠	End defrost threshold	[d2]
٠	Defrost activation delay	[-d-]
٠	Maximum defrost duration	[-d-]
٠	Minimum defrost duration	[-d-]
٠	Delay between defrosts on same circuit	[-d-]
٠	Delay between defrosts on different circuits	[-d-]
٠	Enable sliding defrost function	[d3]
٠	Minimum start defrost set point allowed with sliding defrost function	[d4]
٠	Outside temperature threshold to start sliding defrost action	[d5]
٠	Outside temperature threshold for maximum sliding defrost action	[d6]
٠	Enable manual defrost actuator	[-d-]
٠	Manual defrost on circuit 1	[-d-]
٠	Manual defrost on circuit 2	[-d-]
utput	<u>s used</u>	
٠	Defrost heater circuit 1	[B32]
٠	Defrost heater circuit 2	[B37]

Operation

Οι

On reverse-cycle water/water units, the defrost is performed using electric heaters immersed in the flow of water in the cooling coil.

7.24 Activating a defrost cycle

A configuration parameter is available for setting the measurement used to control the activation of the defrost, temperature or pressure; the threshold below which the defrost procedure starts then needs to be set.

The temperature or pressure must remain below this threshold for a continuous time equal to set defrost activation delay before the procedure can start. In the event of consecutive defrosts on the same refrigerant circuit, the times between defrosts on the same circuit and between different circuits are also monitored, the latter applied only in the event of separate defrosts.

7.25 Running a defrost

The defrost phase is performed by switching off the compressors and activating the defrost heaters with the circulating pump on. The duration of the defrost cycle is monitored from the activation of the heaters and compared against the minimum threshold set; irrespective of pressure or temperature values measured, the defrost cannot end before the set time.

7.26 Ending a defrost cycle

Two parameters are available for setting the type of measurement controlled and the end defrost mode.

Based on the selection, pressure or temperature, a threshold must be set above which the defrost procedure ends.

The end defrost can be selected by maximum time or maximum time and temperature/pressure; in the latter mode the duration of the defrost cycle is monitored and compared against the maximum value set, once the maximum time threshold is exceeded the defrost ends immediately.

8. Map of outputs

8.1 Air / air units

8.1.1 Cooling only

DIGITAL INPUTS		
ID 1	Serious alarm	
ID 2	Air flow switch	
ID 3	Remote ON/OFF	
ID 4	Main fan thermal overload	
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID 9	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2	
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2	
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID14	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID15		
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID18		
ANALOGUE	INPUTS	
B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/ Evaporation pressure circuit 1/	
	External water storage temperature	
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 / Evaporation pressure circuit 2	
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1	
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2	
B5	Room temperature	
B6	Air outlet temp.	
B7	Outside temperature	
B8	Remote set point	
B9		

DIGITAL OUTPUTS

B10

DIUITAL UU	
N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO 4	Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
NO 5	Circulating fan
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 2
NO 9	Condenser fan 1 circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
N010	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2
N013	
N014	

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y2	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y3	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y4	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y5	
Y6	
Important	

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9.

8.1.2 Cooling + Heat pump

DIGITAL INPUTS

ID 5 Low pressur	tch /OFF ermal overload e switch circuit 1 re switch circuit 1
ID 3Remote ON/ID 4Main fan theID 5Low pressur	OFF ermal overload e switch circuit 1 re switch circuit 1
ID 4Main fan theID 5Low pressur	ermal overload e switch circuit 1 e switch circuit 1
ID 5 Low pressur	e switch circuit 1 re switch circuit 1
	re switch circuit 1
ID 6 High pressur	4 the second as a decided of the 10.4
ID 7 Compressor	1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8 Compressor	2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9 Condenser fa	an 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID10 Low pressur	e switch circuit 2
ID11 High pressur	re switch circuit 2
ID12 Compressor	1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13 Compressor	2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14 Condenser fa	an 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID15	
ID16 Compressor	3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17 Compressor	3 thermal overload circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	

ANALOGUE INPUTS

B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/ Evaporation pressure circuit 1/
	External water storage temperature
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 / Evaporation pressure circuit 2
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	Room temperature
B6	Air outlet temp.
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set point
B9	
B10	

DIGITAL OUTPUTS

N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 (if PART-WINDING enabled) / condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO 4	Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
NO 5	Circulating fan
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 Condenser fan 2 circuit 2
NO 9	Condenser fan 1 circuit 2/
	Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
N010	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2/
	Support heater in heating operation
N013	4-way valve circuit 1
N014	4-way valve circuit 2

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

7417 120002		
Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1	
Y2	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2	
Y3	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1	
Y4	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2	
Y5		
Y6		
Image anto at:	·	

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9.

8.2 Air / water units

8.2.1 Cooling only

DIGITAL INPUTS		
ID 1	Serious alarm	
ID 2	Evaporator flow switch	
ID 3	Remote ON/OFF	
ID 4	Main pump thermal overload	
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID 9	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2	
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2	
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID14	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID15		
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 /Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID18	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload	
ANALOGUE	INPUTS	
B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1/	
	External water storage temperature	
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 2	
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1	
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2	
B5	Evaporator water inlet temperature	
B6	Water outlet temperature	
B7	Outside temperature	
B8	Remote set point	
B9	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature	
B10	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature	

DIGITAL OUTPUTS

DIGITAL OUTFUTS	
N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO 4	Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
NO 5	Pump
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 2
NO 9	Condenser fan 1 circuit 2/ Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO10	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2
N013	
N014	

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y2	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y3	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y4	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y5	Pump 2
Y6	

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9.

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8.2.2 Cooling + Heat pump

DIGITAL I	NPUTS
ID 1	Serious alarm
ID 2	Evaporator flow switch
ID 3	Remote ON/OFF
ID 4	Main pump thermal overload
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID15	Select cooling/heating
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 /Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload
ANALOGI	JE INPUTS
B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1/
	External water storage temperature
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 2
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	Evaporator water inlet temperature
B6	Water outlet temperature
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set point
B9	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature
B10	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature
DIGITAL (DUTPUTS
N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO 4	Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
NO 5	Pump
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2Condenser fan 2 circuit 2 /
	Pump 2
NO 9	Condenser fan 1 circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
N010	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation
N013	4-way valve circuit 1
N014	4-way valve circuit 2
	JE OUTPUTS
Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1

Y1 Y2 Y3 Y4 0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1 0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2 PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1 PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2 Y5 Pump 2 Y6

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9.

8.3 Water / water units

8.3.1 Cooling only

DIGITAL INPUTS

DIGITAL	
ID 1	Serious alarm
ID 2	Evaporator flow switch
ID 3	Remote ON/OFF
ID 4	Main pump thermal overload
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9	Condenser pump thermal overload
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14	Condenser flow switch
ID15	
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload
ANALOGUE	
B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 1
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B3 B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	Evaporator water inlet temperature
B6	Water outlet temperature
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set point
B9	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature
B10	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature
L	
DIGITAL OU	
N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
NO 4	
NO 5	Pump
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 /
NIG 0	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2
NO 9	
NO10	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2
N013	
N014	Condenser pump

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Y1	
Y2	
Y3	
Y4	
Y5	Pump 2
Y6	

8.3.2 Cooling + Heat pump with reversal on the water circuit

ID 1 Serious alarm ID 2 Evaporator flow switch ID 3 Remote DN/OFF ID 4 Main pump thermal overload ID 5 Low pressure switch circuit 1 ID 6 High pressure switch circuit 1 ID 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 8 Condensers pump thermal overload circuit 1 ID 9 Condensers pump thermal overload circuit 1 ID 10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID111 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID13 Condenser flow switch ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID17 Comdenser outlet temperature ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ID18 Condensing pressure circuit 1 ID18 Condensing pressure circuit 2	DIGITAL INPUTS		
D3 Remote ON/OFF D4 Main pump thermal overload D5 Low pressure switch circuit 1 D6 High pressure switch circuit 1 D7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 D9 Condenser pump thermal overload circuit 1 D9 Condenser pump thermal overload circuit 2 D101 Low pressure switch circuit 2 D112 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 D13 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 D14 Condenser flow switch D15 Cooling/ heating selection D16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 D17 Condenser inlet temperature D16 Condenser outlet temperature B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature D16 Compressor 1 circuit 1 Vinding A compressor 1 circu	ID 1	Serious alarm	
ID 4 Main pump thermal overload ID 5 Low pressure switch circuit 1 ID 6 High pressure switch circuit 1 ID 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 8 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 9 Condenser pump thermal overload circuit 2 ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload ANLOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 vicuit 1/ N01 C	ID 2	Evaporator flow switch	
ID 5 Low pressure switch circuit 1 ID 6 High pressure switch circuit 1 ID 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 8 Condenser pump thermal overload ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANLOGUE NPUTS E B1 Condenser outlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 vater outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature <t< td=""><td>ID 3</td><td>Remote ON/OFF</td></t<>	ID 3	Remote ON/OFF	
ID 6 High pressure switch circuit 1 ID 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 8 Condenser pump thermal overload ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser outlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 avater outlet temperature B10 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / N03	ID 4	Main pump thermal overload	
ID 7 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 8 Compressor 2 thermal overload ID 9 Condenser pump thermal overload ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANLOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 vater outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1	ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 8 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1 ID 9 Condenser pump thermal overload ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANLOGUE INPUTS B1 Dadenser inlet temperature B2 B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 NO1 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 <t< td=""><td>ID 6</td><td>High pressure switch circuit 1</td></t<>	ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1	
ID 9 Condenser pump thermal overload ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condenser outlet temperature B4 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 ricuit 1 / N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / N02 Compressor 1 ci	ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID10 Low pressure switch circuit 2 ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Condenser flow switch ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B11 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 Vinding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 // Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 // Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid soleno	ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	
ID11 High pressure switch circuit 2 ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Condenser flow switch ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1	ID 9	Condenser pump thermal overload	
ID12 Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2 ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANLOGUE INPUTS Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGTAL OUTPUTS N01 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N04 N04 N0	ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2	
ID13 Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2 ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload B1 Condenser outlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 N05	ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2	
ID14 Condenser flow switch ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 vater outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature	ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2	
ID15 Cooling/ heating selection ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B11 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 Inpat toad compressor 1 circuit 1 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 /	ID13		
ID16 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS E B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Oppressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 2 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compres	ID14	Condenser flow switch	
ID17 Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 vater outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 circuit 1 / N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07	ID15	Cooling/ heating selection	
ID18 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoi	ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1	
ANALOGUE INPUTS B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / <t< td=""><td>ID17</td><td>Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2</td></t<>	ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2	
B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B3 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compresso	ID18	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload	
B1 Condenser inlet temperature B2 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B3 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compresso	ANALOGUE	INPLITS	
B2 Condenser outlet temperature B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 N04 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Ompressor 3 circuit 2 / N09 Eiquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N09 Eiquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1			
B3 Condensing pressure circuit 1 B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N04 N05 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve <td>B2</td> <td></td>	B2		
B4 Condensing pressure circuit 2 B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 Input Second Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 Input Second Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Pump 2 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 / N012 N01			
B5 Evaporator water inlet temperature B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N0 5 Pump N0 6 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 7 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 / N012 N013 Reversing valve <td></td> <td></td>			
B6 Water outlet temperature B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve			
B7 Outside temperature B8 Remote set point B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 / N012 N013 Reversing valve			
B9 Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 / N012 N013 Reversing valve			
B10 Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 Image: Second Secon	B8	Remote set point	
DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	B9	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature	
DIGITAL OUTPUTS N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	B10	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature	
N01 Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1 N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 Image: N05 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 Image: N010 General alarm N011 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve		TPLITS	
Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1N02Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1N03Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1N04			
N02 Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	1101		
Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N04 N05 Pump N06 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N07 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N08 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N09	N02		
N03 Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1 Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N0 4 N0 5 Pump N0 6 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9			
Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 N0 4 N0 5 Pump N0 6 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9	N03		
N0 5 Pump N0 6 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9 Image: Soleneral alarm N010 General alarm N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve			
N0 6 Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2 N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N0 9 N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 4		
N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2 / N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 5	Pump	
N0 7 Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 / Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/ Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2	
N0 8 Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/ Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 7		
Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2 N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve		Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2	
N0 9 N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/	
N010 General alarm N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve		Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Pump 2	
N011 Antifreeze heater circuit 1 N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO 9		
N012 Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation N013 Reversing valve	NO10		
N013 Reversing valve			
		Antifreeze heater circuit 2 / Support heater in heating operation	
NO14 Condenser pump			
	N014	Condenser pump	

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Y1	
Y2	
Y3	
Y4	
Y5	Pump 2
Y6	

8.3.3 Cooling + Heat pump with reversal on the refrigerant circuit

DIGITAL I	NPUTS
ID 1	Serious alarm
ID 2	Evaporator flow switch
ID 3	Remote ON/OFF
ID 4	Main pump thermal overload
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9	Condenser pump thermal overload
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14	Condenser flow switch
ID15	Cooling/ heating selection
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload
	ue inputs
B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 2
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	Evaporator water inlet temperature
B6	Water outlet temperature
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set point
B9	Evaporator 1 water outlet temperature
B10	Evaporator 2 water outlet temperature
	• •
DIGITAL C	
N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 / Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1
1100	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
NO 4	Defrost heater circuit 1
NO 5	Pump
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
110 /	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 /Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 Pump 2
NO 9	Defrost heater circuit 2
N010	General alarm
N011	Antifreeze heater circuit 1
N012	Antifreeze heater circuit 2 /
	Support heater in heating operation
N013	Reversing valve
N014	Condenser pump

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

Y1	
Y2	
Y3	
Y4	
Y5	Pump 2
Y6	

8.4 Air-cooled condensing units

Cooling only 8.4.1

DIGITAL INPUTS	
ID 1	Serious alarm / Remote ON/OFF (with digital controls). Serious alarm (with analogue control)
ID 2	Compressor 1 control (with digital controls) Not used (with analogue control)
ID 3	Compressor 2 control (with digital controls) Remote ON/OFF (with analogue control)
ID 4	Compressor 3 control (with tandem circuits and with digital controls)
	Compressor 3 and 4 control (with trio circuits and with digital controls)
	Not used (with analogue control)
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID15	
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 /Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	Compressor 4 control (with tandem circuits and with digital controls)
	Compressor 5 and 6 control (with trio circuits and with digital controls)
	Not used (with analogue control)

ANALOGUE INPUTS

B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 2
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	
B6	
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set point
B9	
B10	

DIGITAL OUTPUTS

N01	Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
N02	Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
N03	Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
	Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
NO 4	Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
NO 5	
NO 6	Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
NO 7	Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
NO 8	Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
	Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 2
NO 9	Condenser fan 1 circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
N010	General alarm
N011	
N012	
N013	
N014	

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

ANALUGUL	0011010
Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y2	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y3	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y4	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y5	
Y6	
1	

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9. 71

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8.4.2 Cooling + Heat pump

DIGITAL INPUTS

ID 1	Sorious alarm / Pomoto ON/OEE (with digital apatrola) Sorious alarm (with apalogue control)
	Serious alarm / Remote ON/OFF (with digital controls) Serious alarm (with analogue control)
ID 2	Compressor 1 control (with digital controls) Not used (with analogue control)
ID 3	Compressor 2 control (with digital controls) Remote ON/OFF (with analogue control)
ID 4	Compressor 3 control (with tandem circuits and with digital controls)
	Compressor 3 and 4 control (with trio circuits and with digital controls)
	Not used (with analogue control)
ID 5	Low pressure switch circuit 1
ID 6	High pressure switch circuit 1
ID 7	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 8	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID 9	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1
ID10	Low pressure switch circuit 2
ID11	High pressure switch circuit 2
ID12	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID13	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID14	Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2
ID15	Cooling / heating selection
ID16	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1 / Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1
ID17	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2 /Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2
ID18	Compressor 4 control (with tandem circuits and with digital controls)
	Compressor 5 and 6 control (with trio circuits and with digital controls)
	Not used (with analogue control)

ANALOGUE INPUTS

B1	Condensing temperature circuit 1/Evaporation pressure circuit 1
B2	Condensing temperature circuit 2 /Evaporation pressure circuit 2
B3	Condensing pressure circuit 1
B4	Condensing pressure circuit 2
B5	
B6	
B7	Outside temperature
B8	Remote set pointl
B9	
B10	

DIGITAL OUTPUTS

Compressor 1 circuit 1 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 1
Compressor 2 circuit 1 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 1 /
Part load compressor 1 circuit 1
Liquid solenoid circuit 1 / Compressor 3 circuit 1/
Part load compressor 1 circuit 1 condenser fan 2 circuit 1
Condenser fan 1 circuit 1
Compressor 1 circuit 2 / Winding A compressor 1 circuit 2
Compressor 2 circuit 2 / Winding B compressor 1 circuit 2 /
Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2
Liquid solenoid circuit 2 / Compressor 3 circuit 2/
Compressor 1 capacity control circuit 2 Condenser fan 2 circuit 2
Condenser fan 1 circuit 2 / Condenser fan 2 circuit 1
General alarm
4-way valve circuit 1
4-way valve circuit 2

ANALOGUE OUTPUTS

ANALUGUL	0011013
Y1	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y2	0 to 10 V condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y3	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 1
Y4	PWM condenser fan inverter circuit 2
Y5	
Y6	

Important:

If using a single condenser, with 2 fans configured and 3 compressors configured, in the event of step control, the dedicated outputs will be number 4 and number 9.

Note

Part Winding management has been added to all unit configurations, together with the management of semi hermetic compressors with a single unloader valve.

9. ALARMS

9.1 Table of alarms

The following table describes all the alarms managed by the unit, indicating the type of devices disabled for each.

<u>Code</u>: this is the alarm ID code, which is shown cyclically on the PLD display

Description: this is the description of the type of alarm activated, as shown in the alarm log on the PGD0 display

<u>Type</u>: this indicates the source of the alarm

- DIN = digital input
- $\mathsf{AIN} = \mathsf{analogue} \ \mathsf{input}$
- SYS = system

 $\label{eq:DRV} \mathsf{DRV} = \mathsf{electronic} \ \mathsf{expansion} \ \mathsf{valve} \ \mathsf{driver} \\ \mathsf{this} \ \mathsf{indicates} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{type} \ \mathsf{of} \ \mathsf{reset} \ \mathsf{featured} \ \mathsf{for} \ \mathsf{the} \ \mathsf{alarm}$

Reset: the

- A = automatic
- M = manual
- S = selectable

Code	Description	Туре	Reset	Delay	Compressors	Pump/ Fan	Fans	Notes
A001	Antifreeze alarm 1	DIN	М	/	Х	Х	Х	
A002	Antifreeze alarm 2	AIN	S	/	Х			
A003	Evaporator pump thermal overload	DIN	Μ	/	X ^(*)	Х	X ^(*)	^(*) If alarm on all the pumps
A004	Condenser pump thermal overload	DIN	М	/	Х	Х	Х	
A005	Evaporator flow switch alarm	DIN	М	Start Steady operation	X ^(*)	Х	X ^(*)	$^{(^{\ast})}\text{lf}$ alarm on all the pumps
A006	Condenser flow switch alarm	DIN	М	Start Steady operation	Х	Х	Х	Total unit shutdown due to serious alarm
A007	Main fan thermal overload	DIN	М	/				
A008	Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload	DIN	М	/	X ^(*)	Х	X ^(*)	^(*) If alarm on all the pumps
A009	Low pressure circ.1 (Pressure switch)	DIN	S	Start Steady operation	Х			
A010	Low pressure circ. 2 (Pressure switch)	DIN	S	Start Steady operation	Х			
A011	High pressure circ.1 (Pressure switch)	DIN	S	/	Х			
A012	High pressure circ. 2 (Pressure switch)	DIN	S	/	Х			
A013	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 1	DIN	S	/	Х			
A014	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 1	DIN	S	/	Х			
A015	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 1	DIN	S	/	Х			
A016	Compressor 1 thermal overload circuit 2	DIN	S	/	Х			
A017	Compressor 2 thermal overload circuit 2	DIN	S	/	Х			
A018	Compressor 3 thermal overload circuit 2	DIN	S	/	Х			
A019	Fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1	DIN	S	/	X ^(*)		Х	^(*) If alarm on all the fans
A020	Fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1	DIN	S	/	X ^(*)		Х	^(*) If alarm on all the fans
A021	Fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2	DIN	S	/	X ^(*)		Х	^(*) If alarm on all the fans
A022	Fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2	DIN	S	/	X ^(*)		Х	^(*) If alarm on all the fans
A023	High pressure circ. 1 (Transducer)	AIN	М	/	Х		X ^(*)	^(*) If high pressure prevent disabled
A024	High pressure circ. 2 (Transducer)	AIN	M	/	Х		X ^(*)	^(*) If high pressure prevent disabled
A025	Probe B1 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	X ^(*)		X ^(*)	^(*) Operating mode can be configured if used as condensing temperature
A026	Probe B2 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	X ^(*)		X ^(*)	^(*) Operating mode can be configured if used as condensing temperature
A027	Probe B3 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s			X ^(*)	^(*) Operating mode can be configured
A028	Probe B4 faulty or disconnected	AIN	Μ	60s			X ^(*)	(*) Operating mode can be configured
A029	Probe B5 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	Х	Х	Х	
A030	Probe B6 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	Х	Х	Х	
A031	Probe B7 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	X ^(*)		X ^(*)	
A032	Probe B8 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s	X ^(*)		X ^(*)	(*) In condensing units if used as control input
A033	Probe B9 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s				
A034	Probe B10 faulty or disconnected	AIN	М	60s				
A035	Fan/main pump operating hour threshold	SYS	М	/				
A036	Compressor 1 operating hour threshold circuit 1	SYS	М	/				
A037	Compressor 2 operating hour threshold circuit 1	SYS	М	/				
A038	Compressor 3 operating hour threshold circuit 1	SYS	М	/				
A039	Compressor 1 operating hour threshold circuit 2	SYS	Μ	/				
A040	Compressor 2 operating hour threshold circuit 2	SYS	М	/				
A041	Compressor 3 operating hour threshold circuit 2	SYS	М	/				

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A107	Driver 4 LAN disconnected	SYS	М	30s	Х	Х	Stops the corresponding circuit
A108	Driver 1 autosetup not completed	SYS	М	/			
A109	Driver 2 autosetup not completed	SYS	М	/			
A110	Driver 3 autosetup not completed	SYS	Μ	/			
A111	Driver 4 autosetup not completed	SYS	М	/			

9.2 Type of alarm reset

The reset mode can be set for some of the alarms listed in the table, choosing between automatic and manual:

- o Compressor thermal overload
- o Fan thermal overload
- o Low pressure from transducer and/or pressure switch
- o High pressure from transducer and/or pressure switch

If automatic reset is selected, a maximum number of events with automatic reset and maximum period of validity can be set, with the time counted from the activation of the first alarm.

If after this period the maximum number of repeats of a certain event is not reached, the timer is reset and the next alarm will start a new count.

If the maximum number N of repeats set is reached within the set time, then the next event (N+1) will be with manual reset, requiring the operator to intervene to restore the operation of the unit.

If manual reset is set, then each alarm event requires the intervention of the operator to restore the operation of the unit.

9.3 Alarm log

The alarm log is included to save the fundamental unit operating values in response to certain events.

9.4 Flow switch alarm

Inputs used

inputs		
•	Air flow switch (air/air units)	[B12]
	Evaporator water flow switch	
Parame	eters used	
•	Number of evaporator pumps	[-H-]
•	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay at start-up	[P1]
•	Evaporator flow switch alarm delay in steady operation	[P2]
Output	<u>s used</u>	
•	Evaporator pump 1	[B33]
•	Evaporator pump 2	[B36]
•	Generic alarm	[B38]

The evaporator flow switch alarm disables the operation of the unit if there is no water or air in the main exchanger, so as to prevent dangerous operating conditions with the compressors on and no water or air flow.

In Air/water or Water/water units, if control of the second circulating pump is enabled, as the flow switch alarm will cause the rotation of the pump in operation, the program will attempt to recover the situation by starting the reserve device.

The alarm management features two delay times before activation:

- when the water circuit is first started
- when the unit is in steady operation

The activation of the reserve pump to restore an alarm situation resets the delay in steady operation, after which any new alarm condition will cause the unit to shut down due to a serious water flow problem.

In general, with the reserve circulating pump enabled, the flow switch alarm can be activated two times in a row, after which the unit is switched off due to the alarm.

9.5 Circulating pump thermal overload alarm

Inputs used	
Evaporator pump 1 thermal overload	[B14]
 Evaporator pump 2 thermal overload 	[B28]
Parameters used	
Number evaporator pumps	[-H-]
Outputs used	
Evaporator pump 1	[B33]
Evaporator pump 2	[B36]
Generic alarm	[B38]

The circulating pump thermal overload alarm disables the operation of the device, causing the unit to shutdown immediately, so as to prevent dangerous operating conditions with the compressors on and no water flow.

If control of the second circulating pump is enabled, as the thermal alarm will cause the rotation of the pump in operation, the program will attempt to recover the situation by starting the reserve device. Should there also be a thermal overload alarm on this device too, the unit will shutdown immediately. In general, if in response to a thermal overload alarm a different pump cannot be started as support, the unit is switched off.

9.6 Condenser fan thermal overload alarm

Inputs used

	10 4 61
 Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 1 	[B19]
 Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1 (1 condenser) 	[B24]
 Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 1 (2 condensers, 4 fans) 	[B26]
 Condenser fan 1 thermal overload circuit 2 (2 condensers) 	[B24]
 Condenser fan 2 thermal overload circuit 2 (2 condensers, 4 fans) 	[B27]
Parameters used	
 Number of condensers installed 	[-F-]
 Total number of fans installed 	[-F-]
Outputs used	
Fan 1 circuit 1	[B32]
Fan 2 circuit 1	[B31]
Fan 2 circuit 1 (single condenser)	[B37]
Fan 1 circuit 2 (2 condensers)	[B37]
• Fan 2 circuit 2	[B36]

The purpose of an individual thermal overload alarm is to prevent the operation of the corresponding device.

The alarm affects the operation of the refrigerant circuit in different ways.

In general, if in a certain refrigerant circuit, due to one or more alarms the condenser fans are no longer available, then the compressors are also switched off, thus stopping the circuit, so as to avoid dangerous situations of high pressure in the condenser.

9.7 Antifreeze alarm

The activation of the antifreeze alarm is based on a set point and differential; if the water temperature falls below the set point, the compressors are stopped immediately, while the pump remains on to prevent the formation of ice.

The devices can only be restarted if the water temperature rises above the alarm set point + differential.

The set point for the antifreeze alarm is limited by minimum and maximum values, protected by manufacturer password, so as to prevent the values being set at dangerous extreme unit operating conditions.

The alarm reset can be defined as manual or automatic:

<u>Manual reset</u>: the activation of the antifreeze protection is delayed by a set time (in minutes) from when the unit starts, to allow the unit time to move the water and reach steady operation; the alarm causes the devices to shutdown as described and requires the operator to reset the unit from the user terminal; the unit will only restart if the temperature has returned above the alarm set point + differential.

<u>Automatic reset</u>: the activation of the antifreeze protection causes the devices to shutdown as described, and does not require any action by the operator to reset the operation of the unit; as soon as the temperature rises above the alarm set point + differential, the unit will restart automatically.

A start-up configuration can be defined for the devices in the event of antifreeze alarms when the unit is off. This function applies only to air/water and water/water units, with the following options:

DISABLED: the function is disabled, consequently no load switches in response to an antifreeze alarm, except for the alarm relay

HEAT & PUMP ON: in response to an antifreeze alarm, the antifreeze heater and the circulating pump are started

HEAT & UNIT ON: in response to an antifreeze alarm, the antifreeze heater and the entire unit are started in heat pump mode, if operation in heating mode is featured HEATER ONLY ON: in response to an antifreeze alarm, the antifreeze heater/heaters are started.

10. Connections, accessories and options



11. Codes

Code accessories

μ C3 in plastic case, complete (single package)	MCH3010020
μ C3 without plastic case (multiple packs of 18 boards)	MCH3010001
μ C3 connector kit (single package)	MCH3CON000
μ C3 connector kit (multiple packs of 18 boards)	MCH3CON001
μ C3 cable kit 2 m (single package)	MCH300CAB0
parameter programming key with external power supply	MCH300KYA0
clock board	PC0100CLK0
optically-isolated RS485 serial board	PCOS004850
RS232 serial board for modems	PC0100MDM0
LON FTT10 STD serial board with LonMark chiller profile	PC010000F0
120x32 semi-graphic terminal, panel installation	PGD0000F00
	•

12. Technical specifications

Plastic case material	technopolymer
flame retardancy	V0 (UL94) and 960°C (IEC 695)
ball pressure test	125°C
resistance to creeping current	≥250 V
colour	grey RAL7035
type of assembly	mounted on DIN rail, as per DIN 43880 and CEI EN 50022 standards

Electrical specifications

Power supply (controller with standard terminal connected): 22 to 38 Vdc or 24 Vac \pm 15% 50/60 Hz - Maximum power input P= 14 W.

Analogue inputs

analogue conversion	10-bit A/D converter, built-in CPU
type	5 inputs: B5, B6, B7, B9 and B10; CAREL NTC temperature sensors (- 50T90°C; R/T 10 k Ω 25°C) 2 inputs: B3 and B4; sensors with 0 to 5 Vdc ratiometric signal 1 input: B8; sensor with 4 to 20 mA current signal 2 inputs: B1 and B2; NTC or 0 to 5 V, can be configured by software
maximum number	10
input time constant	1 s
internal resistance of 4 to 20 mA inputs	100 Ω

Analogue outputs

type and max. no.	4 x 0 to 10 Vdc outputs (Y1, Y2, Y5 and Y6); 2 PWM phase control outputs (Y3 and Y4) with a 5 V impulse of
	programmable duration;
resolution	8 bit
maximum load	1 k Ω (10 mA) for 0 to 10 V and 470 Ω (10 mA) for PWM

Digital outputs

maximum number	14 (electromechanical relays)	
	N1, N2, N3, N4	GROUP A: C1-2, C3-4
	N5	Signal relay 1: C5
	N6, N7, N8, N9	GROUP B: C6-7, C8-9
	N10	Signal relay 2: C10
	N11, N12, N13, N14	GROUP C: C11-12, C13-14
current limits	max current 2A for each relay	
	output, extendable to 3A for a	
	single output	

Some outputs are grouped in twos, with two common terminals so as to ensure easy assembly of the common pins. Make sure that the current running through the common terminals does not exceed the rated current of each individual terminal, that is: 6 A for the Mini-fit terminals.

	Type of relay	1250 VA, 250Vac, 5 A resistive	
	EN approval EN60730: 3 A resistive, 2 A inductive, 3(2) A (100,000 cycles)		
UL approval UL: 3 A resistive, 1 A FLA, 6 A LRA, 250 Vac, $\cos \phi = 0.4$, C300 (30,000 cycles)		UL; 3 A resistive, 1 A FLA, 6 A LRA, 250 Vac, cosφ = 0.4, C300 (30,000 cvcles)	

All the relays must have the common in the same group [C1-2, C3-4], [C6-7, C8-9], [C11-12, C13-C14] connected together externally.

Power

G(+), GO(-)	Power supply to μ chiller3 +24 Vdc/Vac
VDC	Power output for 24 Vdc active probes
5VR	Power output for 5 Vdc ratiometric probes
VZC	24 Vac zero crossing for the PWM phase control analogue outputs

The use of some inputs/outputs depends on the configuration of the parameters.

Other specifications

storage conditions	-20T70, 90 % RH non-condensing	
operating conditions	-10T55, 90 % RH non-condensing	
index of protection	IP20 or IP00 (version without plastic case)	
environmental pollution	normal	
class of protection against electric shock	to be integrated in Class I and/or II appliances	
PTI of the insulating materials	250 V	
period of stress across the insulating parts	long	
type of action	10	
type of disconnection or microswitching	microswitching	
category of resistance to heat and fire	category D (UL94 - V0)	
immunity against voltage surges	category 1	
no. of automatic operating cycles	100,000 (EN 60730-1); 30,000 (UL 873)	
software class and structure	Class A	

The device is not designed to be he-held.

WARNINGS

• when programming the parameters with the key, the controller must be disconnected form the power supply and any other devices;

• the 24 Vdc available at the Vdc terminal can be used to supply an 4 to 20 mA active probe; the maximum current is 100 mA. The 5 Vdc available at the 5VR terminals can be used to supply to the 0 to 5 V active ratiometric probes; the maximum total current is 50 mA;

• for applications subject to strong vibrations (1.5 mm pk-pk 10/55 Hz), secure the cables connected to the μ chiller3 using clamps placed around 3 cm from the connectors;

• for operation in domestic environments, shielded cables must be used (one wire + shield) for the tLAN connections (EN 55014-1);

• If a single power transformer is used for the μ chiller3 and the options, to avoid damaging the controller, all the G0 pins on the various controllers or the boards must be connected to the same terminal on the secondary, and all the G pins to the other terminal on the secondary, resetting the polarity of G and G0 for all the terminals;

• the system made up of the control board and the other optional boards represents a control device to be incorporated into class I or class II appliances.



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