

6-10/100TX ,2-100FX Industrial Switch With Redundancy

HME-621 (multimode) HME-623 (singlemode)

User Manual



Rev.2.00 15-September-2006

Notice

The manual contents are based on the table below listing the software kernel version, hardware version, and firmware version. If the switch versions are different from the manual versions, please contact the local dealer for more information.

Firmware Version	V2.04
Kernel Version	V3.08
Hardware Version	A5.00

FCC Warning

This Equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class-A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Re-orient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

CE Mark Warning

This is a Class-A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

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The 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch is a cost-effective solution and meets the high reliability requirements demanded by industrial applications. The 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch can be easily managed through the Web GUI. By using the fiber ports, we can extend the connection distance to increase the network capability and performance. It also provides the X-Ring redundancy function to prevent network connection failures.

Features

- Conforms to IEEE 802.3 10Base-T, 802.3u 100Base-TX/100Base-FX
- 6-port 10/100TX plus 2 100FX port industrial switch
- RJ-45 port supports auto MDI/MDI-X function
- Store-and-Forward switching architecture
- Wide-range redundant power design
- DIN rail and wall mount design
- Easy configuration setup
- 2K MAC address table
- Web management GUI
- Supports 4 priority queues per port
- Fiber link ports
- IEEE 802.3x flow control support
 - Flow control with full-duplex
 - Back pressure with half-duplex
- Supports Class of service
- Supports IGMP with Query mode for multi media application
- Supports ingress packet filter and egress rate limit.
- Supports SNTP/SMTP
- Port mirroring for TX or TX and RX packet.

- Alarm Relay output for system events
- Supports X-Ring redundancy function
- Reverse power polarity protection
- 1Mbit Embedded memory
- Supports Port based VLAN / 802.1 Q Tag VLAN
- IEEE 802.1p class of service and provides port based, Tag based and Type of service priority method
- Supports DHCP client
- SNMP, Web Management, RMON supported
- TFTP firmware update and system configure restore and backup.

Package Contents

Please refer to the package content list below to verify them against the checklist.

- 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch
- One DIN-Rail (attached on the switch)
- One wall mount plate and six screws
- User manual





User Manual



6 10/100TX with X-Ring managed industrial switch





Wall Mount Plate

Screws

DIN-Rail

Compare the contents of the industrial switch with the standard checklist above. If any item is damaged or missing, please contact the local dealer for service.

Hardware Description

In this section, we will describe the Industrial switch's hardware spec, port, cabling information, and wiring installation.

Physical Dimensions

6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch dimensions (W x H x D) are **54mm x 135mm x 105mm**

Front Panel

The Front Panel of the 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch is illustrated below:



Front Panel of the industrial switch

Reset Button

The reset button provides user a quick and easy way to restart and set the configuration back to the default value.

- **Restart:** press the button for 2 seconds and then release it.
- Set to factory default value: press the button for 5 seconds and then release. The switch will set the configuration back to the default setting

Bottom View

The bottom panel of the 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch has one terminal block connector within two DC power inputs and one DC IN power jack.



Bottom Panel of the industrial switch

DIP-switch

The switch provides a 9 DIP-switch for configuring the relay alarm operation mode and the master ring operation mode. The default value of Dipswitch is **OFF**.

DIP Switch No	Status	Description		
	OFF	Disable port 1 Alarm		
1	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
2	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
3	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
4	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
_	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
5	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
6	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
_	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
7	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		

8	OFF	Disable port Alarm		
	ON	Enable port Alarm. If the port's link fails, the fault LED will be on		
9	OFF	Disable the ring master function		
	ON	Enable the switch as the ring master in the X-Ring group		

[NOTE]

- 1. When the port alarm function is enabled, the fault LED will be on and the Alarm relay will activate when a port failure occurs.
- 2. Please restart the switch after the X-Ring DIPswitch is set.

LED Indicators

There are 7 diagnostic LEDs located on the front panel of the industrial switch. They provide real-time information of system and optional status. The following table provides description of the LED status and their meanings for the switch.

LED	Status	Meaning
Power	Green	The switch has power
	Off	The switch has no power input
Power 1	Green	Power on
	Off	No power
Power 2	Green	Power on
	Off	No power

Fault	Yellow	Power failure or UTP port failure or Fiber port failure	
	Off	No Power failure or UTP port failure or Fiber port failure has occurred	
R.M. (Ring Master)	Green	The industrial switch is the master of the X-Ring group	
	Off	The industrial switch is not a ring master in the X-Ring group	
	Green	The port is linking	
LNK/ACT (Fiber port)	Blinks The port is transmitting or receive packets from the TX device		
	Off	No device attached	
	Yellow	The port is operating in the full- duplex mode	
FDX/COL (Fiber Port)	Blinks	Collision of Packets occurs in the port	
Off		The port is in the half-duplex mode or no device is attached	

Ports

RJ-45 ports

There are 6 10/100Mbps auto-sensing ports for 10Base-T or 100Base-TX device connection. The UTP ports will auto-sense for 10Base-T or 100Base-TX connections. Auto MDI/MDIX means that the switch can be connected to another switch or workstation without changing the straight through or crossover cabling. See the figures below for straight through and crossover cabling.

RJ-45 Pin Assignments

Pin Number	Assignment
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
6	Rx-

[NOTE] "+" and "-" signs represent the polarity of the wires that make up each wire pair.

All ports on this industrial switch support automatic MDI/MDI-X operation, the user can use straight-through cables (See figure below) for all network connections to PCs or servers, or to other switches or hubs. In a straight-through cable, pins 1, 2, 3, and 6, at one end of the cable, are connected straight through to pins 1, 2, 3 and 6 at the other end of the cable. The table below shows the 10BASE-T/100BASE-TX MDI and MDI-X port pinouts.

Pin MDI-X	Signal Name	MDI Signal Name
1	Receive Data plus (RD+)	Transmit Data plus (TD+)
2	Receive Data minus (RD-)	Transmit Data minus (TD-)
3	Transmit Data plus (TD+)	Receive Data plus (RD+)
6	Transmit Data minus (TD-)	Receive Data minus (RD-)







Cross Over Cable Schematic

Fiber Port

There are two 100Base-FX ports. The fiber port is an SC type connector for multi mode (2Km) or single mode (30Km).

When the user connects the fiber port to another fiber port, please follow the figure below. TX to RX and RX to TX





This is a Class 1 Laser/LED product. Do not stare into the Laser/LED Beam.

Cabling

- Use four twisted-pair, Category 5 cabling for the RJ-45 port connections. The cable between the switch and the link partner (switch, hub, workstation, etc.) must be less than 100 meters (328 ft.) long.
- Fiber segments using the single-mode connector type must use 8/125 or 9/125 um single-mode fiber cable. The user can connect two devices up to a distance of 30 Kilometers.
- Fiber segments using the multi-mode connector type must use 50 or 62.5/125 um multi-mode fiber cable. The user can connect two devices up to a distance of 2Kilometers.

Wiring the Power Inputs

Please follow below steps to insert the power wire.



1. Insert the positive and negative wires into the V+ and Vconnector on the terminal block connector.



2. To tighten the wire-clamp screws for preventing the DC wires from loosening.

[NOTE] The wire gauge of the terminal block is from 12~ 24 AWG.

Wiring the Fault Alarm Contact

The fault alarm contact is in the middle of terminal block connector as below figure shows. By inserting the wires and setting the DIPswitch to the "**ON**" status, it will detect the fault status, power failure, port link failure and from an open circuit. An application example for the fault alarm contact is below:



[NOTE] The wire gauge of the terminal block is from 12~ 24 AWG.



Mounting Installation

DIN-Rail Mounting

The DIN-Rail is installed on the industrial switch at the factory. If the DIN-Rail is not installed on the industrial switch, please see the following figure to install the DIN-Rail on the switch. Follow the below steps to install the industrial switch.



- 1. Use the screws to install the DIN-Rail on the industrial switch
- 2. To remove the DIN-Rail, reverse step 1.

1. First, insert the top of DIN-Rail into the track.



2. Then, lightly push the DIN-Rail into the track.



- 3. Check that the DIN-Rail is tightly on the track.
- 4. To remove the industrial switch from the track, reverse the steps above.

Wall Mount Plate Mounting

Follow the below steps to mount the industrial switch with wall mount plate.

- 1. Remove the DIN-Rail from the industrial switch; loosen the screws to remove the DIN-Rail.
- 2. Place the wall mount plate on the rear panel of the industrial switch.
- 3. Use the screws to mount the wall mount plate on the industrial switch.
- 4. Use the hook holes at the corners of the wall mount plate to hang the industrial switch on the wall.
- 5. To remove the wall mount plate, reverse the steps above.



In this section, we will describe how to install the 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring Managed Industrial Switch and the installation points to be attended to it.

Installation Steps

- 1. Unpacking the Industrial switch
- Check the DIN-Rail is screwed on the Industrial switch. If the DIN-Rail is not screwed on the Industrial switch. Please refer to **DIN-Rail Mounting** section for DIN-Rail installation. If user want to wall mount the Industrial switch, then please refer to **Wall Mount Plate Mounting** section for wall mount plate installation.
- 3. To hang the Industrial switch on the DIN-Rail track or wall, please refer to the **Mounting Installation** section.
- 4. Power on the Industrial switch. How to wire the power; please refer to the Wiring the Power Inputs section. The power LED on the Industrial switch will light up. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for meaning of LED lights.
- 5. Prepare the twisted-pair, straight through Category 5 cable for Ethernet connection.
- 6. Insert one side of RJ-45 cable (category 5) into the Industrial switch Ethernet port (RJ-45 port) and another side of RJ-45 cable (category 5) to the network devices' Ethernet port (RJ-45 port), ex: Switch PC or Server. The UTP port (RJ-45) LED on the Industrial switch will light up when the cable connected with the network device. Please refer to the LED Indicators section for LED light meaning.

[NOTE] Be sure the connected network devices support MDI/MDI-X. If it does not support then use the crossover category-5 cable.

7. When all connections are all set and LED lights all show in normal, the installation is complete.

Network Application

This chapter provides some sample applications to help the user have more of an actual idea of industrial switch function applications. A sample application of the industrial switch is as below:



X-Ring Application

The industrial switch supports the X-Ring protocol that can help the network system to recover from a network connection failure within 300ms or less, and make the network system more reliable. The X-Ring algorithm is similar to the spanning tree protocol (STP) algorithm, but it has a faster recovery time than STP. The following figure is a sample X-Ring application.



Coupling Ring Application

A network may have more than one X-Ring group. By using the coupling ring function, we can connect each X-Ring for the redundant backup. It can ensure the transmissions between two ring groups will not fail. The following figure is a sample of a coupling ring application.



Dual Homing Application

The Dual Homing function is to prevent the connection loss between the X-Ring group and upper level/core switch. Assign two ports to be the Dual Homing port that is the backup port in the X-Ring group. The Dual Homing function only works when the X-Ring function is active. Each X-Ring group can have only one Dual Homing port.

[NOTE] In Dual Homing application architecture, the upper level switches need to enable the Rapid Spanning Tree protocol.



Web-Based Management

This section introduces the configuration and functions of the Web-Based management.

About Web-based Management

On the CPU board of the switch there is an embedded HTML web page residing in flash memory, which offers advanced management features and allow users to manage the switch from anywhere on the network through a standard browser such as Microsoft Internet Explorer.

The Web-Based Management supports Internet Explorer 5.0. And, it is applied for Java Applets for reducing network bandwidth consumption, enhance access speed and present an easy viewing screen.

[NOTE] By default, IE5.0 or later version does not allow Java Applets to activate sockets. In fact, the user has to explicitly modify the browser setting to enable Java Applets to operate network ports.

Preparing for Web Management

Before to use web management, install the industrial switch on the network and make sure that any one of PC on the network can connect with the industrial switch through the web browser. The industrial switch default value of IP, subnet mask, username and password is as below:

- IP Address: **192.168.16.1**
- Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.0
- Default Gateway: **192.168.16.254**

- User Name: root
- Password: root

System Login

- 1. Launch the Internet Explorer on the PC
- 2. Key in "http:// "+" the IP address of the switch", and then Press "Enter".
- 3. The login screen will appear next
- 4. Key in the user name and password. The default user name and password as "**root**"

5. Press "Enter" or "OK", and then the home screen of the Web-based management appears as below:



Port status

View every port status that depended on user's setting and the negotiation result

- **Port:** The port number
- **Type:** The speed mode, ex: 100TX = 100Mbps
- Link: "Down" means "No Link". "UP" is for "Link"
- State: Display port statuses "disable" or "enable". "Unlink" will be treated as "off"
- Negotiation: Display the auto negotiation mode: auto/force. "Config" means the value that user configured. "Actual" means the current value of the port
- **Speed Duplex:** Display port connection speed. "Config" means the value that user configured. "Actual" means the current value of the port
- Flow Control: Display the flow control status is "enable" or "disable" in full mode. "Config" means the value that user configured. "Actual" is for the current value of the port

Port Status								
		Negotiation	Speed Duplex		Flow Control			
Port	Туре	Link	State	Negotiation	Config	Actual	Config	Actual
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.05	100TX	Up	Enable	Auto	100 Full	100 Full	Symmetric	Symmetric
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Symmetric	N/A
Port.07	100FX	Down	Enable	Force	100 Full	N/A	Asymmetric	N/A
Port.08	100FX	Down	Enable	Force	100 Full	N/A	Asymmetric	N/A

Port Status interface

Single Port Information

Click the port on the Panel figure on the web interface directly. Then, the single port information window will show up and display the port current information.

<mark>Ø</mark> http://192.168.16.1 - Port 5 St	atus 💶 🗙				
Port	5				
Link	Up				
State	On				
Tx Good Packet	12048				
Tx Bad Packet	0				
Rx Good Packet	26696				
Rx Bad Packet	0				
Tx Abort Packet	0				
Packet Collision	0				
Packet Collision 0					
🦉 🗌 🗌 🖉 網際網路 🍌					

Port information interface

Port Statistics

The following information provides the current port statistic information

■ Click Clear button to clean all counts

Port Statistics

Port	Туре	Link	State			Rx Good Packet		Tx Abort Packet	Packet Collision
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.02	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.03	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.04	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.05	100TX	Up	Enable	12736	0	28043	0	0	0
Port.06	100TX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.07	100FX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0
Port.08	100FX	Down	Enable	0	0	0	0	0	0

Clear Help

Port Statistics Interface

Port Control

Change the port status

- Select the port by scroll the **Port** column
- **State:** Disable or enable control of this port
- Negotiation: Set auto negotiation mode is Auto, Nway (specify the speed/duplex on this port and enable auto-negotiation), or Force
- **Speed:** Set the speed of the port
- **Duplex:** Set full-duplex or half-duplex mode of the port
- Flow control: Set flow control function is Symmetric or Asymmetric in Full Duplex mode. The default value is Disable
- And then, click Apply button to apply all configuration
- When user select the port, user can see port current configure shows in below column

Port Configuration

Port	State	Negotiation	Speed	Duplex	Flow Control
Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 V	Enable 💌	Auto 💌	100 🗸	Full 🗸	Disable 💌

Apply Help

Port	Tupo	Link	State	Negotiation	Speed D	uplex	Flow Co	ntrol	Croup ID
PUIL	Type	LIIIK	State	Negotiation	Config	Actual	Config	Actual	Group ID
Port.01	100TX	Down	Enable	Auto	100 Full	N/A	Disable	N/A	N/A

Port Control interface

Switch Setting

Assigning the system name, location and view the system information

System Name: Assign the name of switch. The maximum length is 64

bytes

- System Description: Display the description of switch. Read only cannot be modified
- System Location: Assign the switch physical location. The maximum length is 64 bytes
- **System Contact:** Enter the name of contact person or organization
- **Firmware Version:** Display the switch's firmware version
- **Kernel Version:** Display the kernel software version
- Hardware version: Display the switch hardware version
- MAC Address: Display the unique hardware address assigned by manufacturer (default)

stem Name		
stem scription	6 10/100TX + 2 100FX indus	strial switch
stem Location		
stem Contact		
	Apply	Help
	Firmware Version	v1.02
	Kernel Version	v1.00
	Hardware Version	A5.00
	MAC Address	001122334455

Switch settings interface

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

Port Mirroring

The Port mirroring is a method to monitor traffic in switched networks. Traffic through ports can be monitored by one specific port. That is, traffic goes in or out monitored ports will be duplicated into mirror port.

- Port Mirroring Mode: Set mirror mode -- Disable, TX, and Both. The default value is "Disable"
- Analysis Port: It means mirror port can be used to see all monitor port traffic. User can connect mirror port to LAN analyzer or Netxray
- Monitor Port: The ports user wants to monitor. All monitor port traffic will be copied to mirror port. User can select max 7 monitor ports in the switch. User can choose which port that wants to monitor in only one mirror mode. Mark the State check box to select the port
- And then, click Apply

Port Mirroring Mode : Disable	-
Analysis Port : 🛛 🗹	
Monitor Port	State
Port.01	
Port.02	Γ
Port.03	Г
Port.04	Г
Port.05	Г
Port.06	
Port.07	
Port.08	Г

Prot Mirroring interface

[NOTE]

- 1. Select the monitor mode as disable to disable the mirroring
- 2. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

VLAN configuration

A Virtual LAN (VLAN) is a logical network grouping that limits the broadcast domain, which would, allow you to isolate network traffic so only the members of the VLAN will receive traffic from the same members of VLAN. Basically, creating a VLAN from a switch is logically equivalent of reconnecting a group of network devices to another Layer 2 switch. However, all the network devices are still plugged into the same switch physically.

The industrial switch supports port-based and 802.1Q (tagged-based) VLAN. In the default configuration, VLAN operation mode default is "**Disable**".

VLAN Configuration					
	VLAN Operation Mode : Disable 💌				
	VLAN NOT ENABLE				

VLAN Configuration interface

Port-based VLAN

Packets can only go among members of the same VLAN group. Note all unselected ports are treated as belonging to another single VLAN. If the port-based VLAN enabled, the VLAN-tagging is ignored.

In order for an end station to send packets to different VLAN groups, it itself has to be either capable of tagging packets it sends with VLAN tags or attached to a VLAN-aware bridge that is capable of classifying and tagging the packet with different VLAN ID based on not only default PVID but also other information about the packet, such as the protocol.

VLAN Configu	Iration	
	VLAN Operation Mode : Port Based 💌	
Add E	Edit Delete Previous Page Next Page Help	

VLAN – PortBase interface

- Click Add to add a new VLAN group(The maximum VLAN group is up to 64 VLAN groups)
- Entering the VLAN name, group ID and grouping the members of VLAN group
- And then, click Apply

VLAN Configuration							
	VLAN Operat	ion Mode : Port Based 💌					
C	Group Name						
١	/LAN ID	1					
	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08	Add Remove					
		Apply Help					

VLAN—PortBase Add interface

■ The VLAN group will list



[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.
802.1Q VLAN

Tagged-based VLAN is an IEEE 802.1Q specification standard which it allows to create a VLAN across devices from different switch venders. IEEE 802.1Q VLAN uses a technique to insert a "tag" into the Ethernet frames. Tag contains a VLAN Identifier (VID) that indicates the VLAN numbers.

All ports on the switch belong to default VLAN, VID is 1. The default VLAN can't be deleting. The maximum VLAN group is up to 64 VLAN groups.

VLAN Configuration				
	VLAN Operation Mode :	802.1Q	•	
	🗖 Management Vlan I	D : 0	Apply	
	Basic		Port VLAN ID	
	DEFAU			
Add E	dit Delete Previo	us Page	Next Page	Help

802.1q VLAN interface

• Basic

- Click Add button
- Management VLAN ID: It is used for Remote Management Security. In fact, it can remote management that includes telnet, SNMP, and

Web browse the switch, only when the port of VLAN group ID is equal to the Management VLAN ID. Fill the specific VLAN ID number in Management VLAN ID column and mark the check box, and then click Apply button to enable the function. For example: the management VLAN ID is 101, the VLAN group ID 101 includes the port 1, 2, and 4. Therefore, only port 1, 2, and 4 can remote management the switch. And, if the port is in two different VLAN groups and one of VLAN group ID is equal to the assigned Management VLAN ID, it still has the right to remote management the switch.

- Group Name: Assign a name for the new VLAN
- VLAN ID: Key in a VLAN ID (2~4094). The default is 1
- Grouping the ports and click Add button

VLAN Configu	VLAN Configuration					
	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q					
	🗖 Managemo					
	Basic		Port VLAN ID			
Gr	oup Name					
VL	AN ID	1				
	Port.01 Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05 Port.06 Port.07 Port.08	Add Remove				
		Next Help				

802.1q VLAN - Add interface

And then, click Next then follow interface as below.

VLAN Configuration					
	VLAN Operation Mode : 802.1Q				
	Management VIan ID : 0 Apply				
	VLAN Name		V001		
	VLAN ID		2		
	UnTag Member				
	Port.01	Untag 💌	Port.02	Untag 💌	
Apply					

- Click Apply to set the outgoing frames are VLAN-Tagged frames or untagged
 - > Tag: Outgoing frames with VLAN-Tagged
 - > Untag: Outgoing frames without VLAN-Tagged
- Port VID: Configure port VID settings
- Port VLAN ID: Enter the port VLAN ID
- And then, click Apply
- To reset back to default value, click Default button

VLAN Configu	ration		
	VLAN Operation Mode	: 802.1Q 💌	
	🗖 Management Vlan	n ID : 0 Apply	
	<u>Basic</u>	Port VL	AN ID
		Port It	
	Port	Port VLAN ID	
	Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04	1	
	Арр	ly Help	
	Port Port.01	VLAN ID 1	

802.1q VLAN - Port VLAN ID interface

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

Alert

There are three kinds of alert – e-mail, event, and power alarm for user to configure.

Email Alert Configuration

When the specific events occur, the system will send the alert to the email account that is assigned by user. User can set up the mail server IP, mail

account, and forwarded email account for receiving the event alert.

- **Email Alert:** To enable or disable the email alert function
- SMTP Server IP Address: Set up the mail server IP address
- Authentication: Mark the check box to enable and configure the email account and password for authentication
 - Mail Account: Set up the email account to receive the alert. Ex: johnadmin@123.com. The email account must exist on the mail server, which user had set up in SMTP Server IP Address column
 - > **Password:** The email account password
 - > **Confirm Password:** Re-confirm the password
- E-mail Address of Receipient 1 ~ 4: Assign up to 4 e-mail accounts also to receive the alert
- And then, click Apply

Alert

Email Alert Cor	nfiguration	<u>Event Configurati</u>	on	Power Alarm	<u>Configuration</u>
		E-mail Alert: Disable	e 💌		
	SMTP Server IP	Address: 0.0.0.0			
	🗹 Authenticatio	n			
		Mail Account :			
		Password :			
		Confirm Password	:		
	E-mail of Recipio	ent 1 :			
	E-mail of Recipio	ent 2 :			
	E-mail of Recipio	ent 3 :			
	E-mail of Recipio	ent 4 :			
		Apply			

Email Alert Configuration interface

Event Configuration

The selected events that occur will send out the alert to the assigned SMTP server. Also, user can select port events for alerting.

- System event selection: 4 selections Device cold start, Power status, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-Ring topology changes. Mark the checkbox to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will sent out the alerting
 - Device cold start: When the device executes cold start action, the system will send out the alert to the dedicate SMTP server
 - Power status: When the device power status has changed, the system will send out the alert to the dedicate SMTP server
 - SMNP Authentication Failure: When the SNMP authentication fail, the system will send out the alert to the dedicate SMTP server
 - X-Ring topology change: When the X-Ring topology has changed, the system will send out the alert to dedicate SMTP server
- Port event selection: Select the per port events. Per port has 3 selections Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected
 - Link UP: The system will send out an alert when port connection is up only
 - Link Down: The system will send out an alert message when port connection is down only
 - Link UP & Link Down: The system will send out an alert message when port connection is up and down
- After selected, click Apply

nail Alert Config	<u>uration</u>	Event Con	figuration	Power Ala	arm Configuratio
stem event sele	ction				
Device c	old start		Power s	tatus	
SNMP AU	ithentication Fa	ailure	Super rir	ng topology cha	inge
rt event selectio	n				
Port.01	Disable	~	Port.02	Disable	~
Port.03	Disable	~	Port.04	Disable	~
Port.05	Disable	~	Port.06	Disable	~
Port.07	Disable	~	Port.08	Disable	~

Event Configuration interface

Power Alarm Configuration

The Power alarm function enables the Relay alarm action. Without enabling power alarm function, the Relay alarm action will not work even the Relay alarm is set.



IP Configuration

The User can configure the IP Settings and DHCP client function

- DHCP Client: To enable or disable the DHCP client function. When DHCP client function is enabling, the industrial switch will be assigned the IP address from the network DHCP server. The default IP address will be replace by the DHCP server assigned IP address. After user click "Apply" button, a popup dialog show up. It is to inform the user that when the DHCP client is enabling, the current IP will lose and user should find the new IP on the DHCP server. To cancel the enabling DHCP client function, click "cancel"
- IP Address: Assign the IP address that the network is using. If DHCP client function is enabling, and then user don't need to assign the IP address. And, the network DHCP server will assign the IP address for the industrial switch and display in this column. The default IP is 192.168.16.1
- Subnet Mask: Assign the subnet mask of the IP address. If DHCP client function is enabling, and then user do not need to assign the subnet mask
- Gateway: Assign the network gateway for the industrial switch. The default gateway is 192.168.16.254
- And then, click Apply button

IP Configuration		_
	DHCP Clier	nt : Disable 💌
	IP Address	192.168.16.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	Gateway	192.168.16.254
	Арр	ly Help

IP configuration interface

SNTP Configuration

The User can configure the SNTP (Simple Network Time Protocol) settings. The SNTP allows user to synchronize switch clocks in the Internet.

- SNTP Client: To enable or disable SNTP function to get the time from the SNTP server
- Daylight Saving Time: To enable or disable daylight saving time function. When daylight saving time is enabling, user need to configure the daylight saving time period
- UTC Timezone: Set the switch location time zone. The following table lists the different location time zone for the reference. User also can drag down the list to find the time zone user want it.

Local Time Zone	Conversion from UTC	Time at 12:00 UTC	
November Time Zone	- 1 hour	11am	
Oscar Time Zone	-2 hours	10 am	
ADT - Atlantic	-3 hours	9 am	
Daylight	0 110010	5 um	
AST - Atlantic			
Standard	-4 hours	8 am	
EDT - Eastern	4 Hours		
Daylight			
EST - Eastern			
Standard	-5 hours	7 am	
CDT - Central			
Daylight			
CST - Central			
Standard	-6 hours	6 am	
MDT - Mountain	-0 110013	0 am	
Daylight			
MST - Mountain	-7 hours	5 am	
Standard		Jan	

PDT - Pacific		
Daylight		
PST - Pacific		
Standard	0 houro	1.000
ADT - Alaskan	-8 hours	4 am
Daylight		
ALA - Alaskan	0.4.5	0.545
Standard	-9 hours	3 am
HAW - Hawaiian	-10 hours) am
Standard	- TO HOUIS	2 am
Nome, Alaska	-11 hours	1 am
CET - Central		
European		
FWT - French		
Winter		
MET - Middle	+1 hour	1
European	+ i noui	1 pm
MEWT - Middle		
European Winter		
SWT - Swedish		
Winter		
EET - Eastern		
European, USSR	+2 hours	2 pm
Zone 1		
BT - Baghdad,	+3 hours	3 pm
USSR Zone 2	+5 110015	5 pm
ZP4 - USSR Zone 3	+4 hours	4 pm
ZP5 - USSR Zone 4	+5 hours	5 pm
ZP6 - USSR Zone 5	+6 hours	6 pm
WAST - West	+7 hours	7 nm
Australian Standard		7 pm
CCT - China Coast,	+8 hours	8 nm
USSR Zone 7		8 pm

JST - Japan		
Standard, USSR	+9 hours	9 pm
Zone 8		
EAST - East		
Australian Standard		
GST	+10 hours	10 pm
Guam Standard,		
USSR Zone 9		
IDLE - International		
Date Line		
NZST - New	+12 hours	Midnight
Zealand Standard		
NZT - New Zealand		

- SNTP Sever IP: Set the SNTP server IP address
- **Switch Timer:** Display the switch current time
- Daylight Saving Period: Set up the Daylight Saving beginning and ending time. Daylight Saving beginning and ending time will be different in every year
- Daylight Saving Offset (mins): Configure the offset value
- And then, click Apply button

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

SNTP Configuration					
SNTP Client : Disable 💌					
E	aylight Saving Time : Disable 💌				
UTC Timezone	(GMT)Greenwich Mean Time: Dublin, Edinburgh, Lisbon, London 💌				
SNTP Server IP	0.0.0.0				
Switch Timer					
Daylight Saving Period	20040101 00:00 20040101 00:00				
Daylight Saving Offset(mins)	0				
	Apply Help				

SNTP Configuration

IP Security

The IP security function allows user to assign 10 specific IP addresses that have permission to access the switch through the web browser for the securing switch management.

- Enable the IP Security: Mark the check box to enable the IP security function
- Security IP 1 ~ 10: Assign up to 10 specific IP address. Only these 10 IP address can access and manage the switch through the Web browser
- And then, click Apply button to apply the configuration

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

IP Security		_
	🗆 Enable IP Se	curity
	Security IP1	0.0.0.0
	Security IP2	0.0.0.0
	Security IP3	0.0.0.0
	Security IP4	0.0.0.0
	Security IP5	0.0.0.0
	Security IP6	0.0.0.0
	Security IP7	0.0.0.0
	Security IP8	0.0.0.0
	Security IP9	0.0.0.0
	Security IP10	0.0.0.0
	Appl	Help

IP Security Interface

RSTP Configuration

The Rapid Spanning Tree Protocol (RSTP) is an evolution of the Spanning Tree Protocol and provides for faster spanning tree convergence after a topology change. The system also supports STP and the system will auto detect the connected device that is running STP or RSTP protocol.

System Configuration

- User can view spanning tree information about the Root Bridge
- User can modify RSTP state. After modification, click Apply button
 - RSTP mode: user must enable or disable RSTP function before configure the related parameters
 - Priority (0-61440): a value used to identify the root bridge. The bridge with the lowest value has the highest priority and is

selected as the root. If the value changes, user must reboot the switch. The value must be multiple of 4096 according to the protocol standard rule

- Max Age (6-40): the number of seconds a bridge waits without receiving Spanning-tree Protocol configuration messages before attempting a reconfiguration. Enter a value between 6 through 40
- Hello Time (1-10): the time that controls switch sends out the BPDU packet to check RSTP current status. Enter a value between 1 through 10
- Forward Delay Time (4-30): the number of seconds a port waits before changing from its Rapid Spanning-Tree Protocol learning and listening states to the forwarding state. Enter a value between 4 through 30

[NOTE]

1. Must follow the rule to configure the MAX Age, Hello Time, and Forward Delay Time

2 x (Forward Delay Time value –1) > = Max Age value >= 2 x (Hello Time value +1)

2. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off

Rapid Spanning Tree

System Configuration

Per Port Configuration

RSTP Mode	Enable 💌
Priority (0-61440)	32768
Max Age (6-40)	20
Hello Time (1-10)	2
Forward Delay Time (4-30)	15

Priority must be a multiple of 4096 2*(Forward Delay Time-1) should be greater than or equal to the Max Age. The Max Age should be greater than or equal to 2*(Hello Time + 1).

Apply	1
Obbil	

Root Bridge Information					
Bridge ID	8000001122334455				
Root Priority	32768				
Root Port	Root				
Root Path Cost	0				
Max Age	20				
Hello Time	2				
Forward Delay	15				

De et Dridere Infermetiem

RSTP-System Configuration Interface

Per Port Configuration

To Configure the path cost and the priority of every port

- Select the port in Port column
- Path Cost: The cost of the path to the other bridge from this transmitting bridge at the specified port. Enter a number 1 through 20000000
- **Priority:** Decide which port should be blocked by priority in LAN. Enter a number 0 through 240. The value of priority must be the multiple of 16
- Admin P2P: Some of the rapid state transactions that are possible within RSTP are dependent upon whether the port concerned can only be connected to exactly one other bridge (i.e. it is served by a point-topoint LAN segment), or can be connected to two or more bridges (i.e. it

is served by a shared medium LAN segment). This function allows the P2P status of the link to be manipulated administratively. True is P2P enabling. False is P2P disabling

- Admin Edge: The port directly connected to end stations cannot create bridging loop in the network. To configure the port as an edge port, set the port to "True" status
- Admin Non Stp: The port includes the STP mathematic calculation. True is not including STP mathematic calculation. False is including the STP mathematic calculation
- And then, click Apply button

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

Rapid S	Rapid Spanning Tree									
	<u>System Confiqu</u>	<u>ration</u>	Per	Port Configura	tion					
Port	Path Cost (1-200000000)	Priority (0-240)	Admin P2P	Admin Edge	Admin Non Stp					
Port.01 A Port.02 Port.03 Port.04 Port.05	200000	128	Auto 💌	True 💌	False 💌					

priority must be a multi	-	
	Apply	Help

	Kate Fort status									
Port	Path Cost	Port Priority	Admin P2P		Stp Neighbor	State	Role			
Port.01	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.02	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.03	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.04	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.05	200000	128	True	False	True	Forwarding	Root			
Port.06	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.07	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			
Port.08	200000	128	True	True	False	Disabled	Disabled			

RSTP Port Status

RSTP – Per Port Configuration interface

X-Ring

The X-Ring provides a faster redundant recovery than Spanning Tree topology. The action is similar with STP or RSTP, but the algorithms not the same.

In the X-Ring topology, every switch should enable X-Ring function and assign two member ports in the ring. Only one switch in the X-Ring group would be set as a backup switch that one of two member ports would be blocking, called backup port, and another port is called working port. Other switches are called working switches and their two member ports are called working ports. When the network connection failure, the backup port will automatically become a working port to recovery the failure.

The switch supports one Dipswitch for setting the switch as the ring master or slave mode. The ring master has the rights to negotiate and place command to other switches in the X-Ring group. If there are 2 or more switches are in master mode, then software will select the switch with lowest MAC address number as the ring master. The X-Ring master ring mode will be enabling by the DIP Switch. When the switch is set to the master ring mode, the X-Ring configuration interface will display the switch as the master ring message. Also, user can identify the switch as the ring master from the R.M. LED panel of the LED panel on the switch.

The system also supports the coupling ring that can connect 2 or more X-Ring group for the redundant backup function and dual homing function that prevent connection lose between X-Ring group and upper level/core switch.

- Enable X-Ring: To enable the X-Ring function. Marking the check box to enable the X-Ring function.
- 1st & 2nd Working Ports: Assign two ports as the member ports. One port will be working port and one port will be the backup port. The

system will automatically decide which port is working port and which port is backup port.

- Enable Coupling Ring: To enable the coupling ring function. Marking the check box to enable the coupling ring function.
- **Coupling port:** Assign the member port.
- **Control port:** Set the switch as the master switch in the coupling ring.
- Enable Dual Homing: Set up one of port on the switch to be the Dual Homing port. In an X-Ring group, maximum Dual Homing port is one. Dual Homing only work when the X-Ring function enable.
- And then, click Apply to apply the configuration.

X-Ring	
 Enable X-Ring 1st Working Port 2nd Working Port 	Port.01
 Enable Couple Ring Coupling Port Control Port Enable Dual Homing 	Port.03 V Port.04 V Port.08 V
Apply Help	

[NOTE]

- 1. When the X-Ring function enable, user must disable the RSTP. The X-Ring function and RSTP function cannot exist at the same time.
- 2. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

QoS Configuration

To Configure the Qos setting of the every port

- **Oos Policy:** Select the Qos policy rule
 - Using the 8,4,2,1 weight fair queue scheme: The switch will follow 8:4:2:1 rate to process priority queue from Hi to lowest queue. For example: the system will process 8 high queue packets, 4 middle queue packets, 2 low queue packets, and the one lowest queue packets at the same time
 - Use the strict priority scheme: The higher queue will always be process first, except higher queue is empty
- **Priority Type:** Every port has 5 priority type selections
 - Port-base: The port priority will follow the default port priority that user have assigned – High, middle, low, or lowest
 - COS only: The port priority will only follow the COS priority that user have assigned
 - TOS only: The port priority will only follow the TOS priority that user have assigned
 - COS first: The port priority will follow the COS priority first, and then other priority rule
 - TOS first: The port priority will follow the TOS priority first, and the other priority rule
- **COS priority:** Set the COS priority level 0~7
- TOS priority: The system provides 0~63 TOS priority level. Each level has 4 types of priority high, mid, low, and lowest. The default value is "Lowest" priority for each level. When the IP packet is received, the system will check the TOS level value in the IP packet has received. For example: user set the TOS level 25 is high. The port 1 is following the TOS priority policy only. When the packet received by port 1, the system will check the TOS value of the received IP packet. If the TOS value of received IP packet is 25(priority = high), and then the packet priority will have highest priority.

[NOTE] QoS and Rate control cannot be existed at the same time.

QoS

Qos Policy

• Use an 8,4,2,1 weighted fair queuing scheme

 ${\ensuremath{\mathbf{C}}}$ Use a strict priority scheme

Priority Type:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06	Port.07	Port.08
Port-based 💌							

Default Port Priority:

Port.01	Port.02	Port.03	Port.04	Port.05	Port.06	Port.07	Port.08
Lowest 🖵	Lowest 💌	Lowest 🖵	Lowest 💌				

Apply	Help
-------	------

COS								
Priority	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌							

ros								
Priorit y	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 💌	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌				
Priorit y	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Lowest 💌							
Priorit y	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌				
Priorit y	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
	Lowest 💌							
Priorit y	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
	Lowest 💌							
Priorit y	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47
	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌				
Priorit y	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55
	Lowest 💌	Lowest 👻	Lowest 💌					
Priorit y	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63
	Lowest 💌							

Apply Help

QoS configuration Interface

IGMP

The Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) is an internal protocol of the Internet Protocol (IP) suite. IP manages multicast traffic by using

Apply Help

switches, routers, and hosts that support IGMP. Enabling IGMP allows the ports to detect IGMP queries and report packets and manage IP multicast traffic through the switch. IGMP have three fundamental types of message as follows:

Message	Description	
Query	A message sent from the querier (IGMP router or switch) asking for a response from each host belonging to the multicast group.	
Report	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host wants to be or is a member of a given group indicated in the report message.	
Leave Group	A message sent by a host to the querier to indicate that the host has quit to be a member of a specific multicast group.	

The User can enable **IGMP protocol** and **IGMP Query** function here. User will see the IGMP snooping information in this section -- difference multicast group VID and member port, and IP multicast addresses range from 224.0.0.0 through 239.255.255.255.

IGMP			
	IP Address	VLAN ID	_ Member Port
	235.080.068.083_	1	****5****
		IGMP Protocol: Enable IGMP Query : Enable	
		Apply Help	

IGMP Snooping interface

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

Security Manager

To Change web management login user name and password for the management security issue

- 1. User name: Key in the new user name(The default is "admin")
- 2. **Password:** Key in the new password(The default is "admin")
- 3. Confirm password: Re-type the new password
- 4. And then, click Apply

<u>Security</u>	Manager	
	User Name :	admin
	New Password :	••••
	Confirm Password :	••••
		Apply Help

Security Manager interface

[NOTE] Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.

SNMP Configuration

The SNMP is a Protocol that governs the transfer of information between management and agent. The switch supports SNMP V1.

User can define management stations as trap managers and to enter SNMP community strings. User also can define a name, location, and contact person for the switch. Fill in the system options data, and then click Apply to update the changes.

SNMP Configuration				
System Options				
Name :				
Location :				
Contact :				
Apply Help Community Strings New Community String : publicR0 Add String : private_RW Remove RO				
Trap Managers				
Current Managers : New Manager :				
(none) Add IP Address :				
Remove Community :				
Trap version: • v1 O v2c				

SNMP Management interface

System Options

- Name: Enter a name for the switch
- Location: Enter the switch physical location
- **Contact:** Enter the name of contact person or organization

Community strings

Serve as a password.

- **Strings:** Key in the name of string
- RO: Read only. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information

- RW: Read write. Enables requests accompanied by this string to display MIB-object information and to set MIB objects
- And then, click Add

Trap Manager

A trap manager is a management station that receives traps, the system alerts generated by the switch. If no trap manager is defined, no traps will issue. Create a trap manager by entering the IP address of the station and a community string.

- IP Address: Key in the trap device IP
- **Community Strings:** The trap device community strings
- And then, click Add

Configuration Backup

In Configuration Backup, user can restore the backup configuration into the industrial switch. Also, user can backup the configuration to TFTP server.

TFTP Restore Configuration

User can restore flash ROM value from TFTP server, but user must put the backup image in TFTP server, industrial switch will download the image back to the flash.

- TFTP Server IP Address: Key in the TFTP server IP
- **Restore File Name:** Key in the restore file image name
- And then, click Apply

<u>Conf</u>	iguration Backup		
	TFTP Restore Configuration	on	TFTP Backup Configuration
	TFTP Server IP Address0.0.0.Restore File Namedata.or		
	l	Apply	Help

TFTP Restore Configuration interface

TFTP Backup Configuration

User can save current flash ROM value from the industrial switch to the TFTP server, then go to the TFTP restore configuration page to restore the image value back to the industrial switch.

- **TFTP Server IP Address:** Key in the TFTP server IP
- Backup File Name: Key in the file image name
- And then, click Apply

<u>Confi</u>	guration Backup		
	TFTP Restore Configurati	<u>on</u>	TFTP Backup Configuration
	TFTP Server IP Address	0.0.0.	D
	Backup File Name	data.dat	
	I	Apply	Help

TFTP Backup Configuration interface

TFTP Update Firmware

It provides the functions to allow a user to update the switch firmware.

Before updating, make sure user have user TFTP server ready and the firmware image is on the TFTP server.

■ TFTP Server IP Address: Key in user TFTP server IP

And then, click Apply

■ Firmware File Name: Key in the name of firmware image

TFTP Update Firmware	
TFTP Server IP Addres	5 192.168.16.2
Firmware File Name	image.bin
	Apply Help

TFTP Update Firmware interface

Factory Default

The Reset Switch to default configuration. Except the IP address, subnet mask, default gateway, username, and password will remain as user configured.

■ Click Default button to reset switch to default setting

Factory Default	
Please click [Default] button to	restore factory default setting.
Default	Help

Factory Default interface

System Reboot

To Reboot the Switch in software reset

Click Repool bullon to repool the swit	Click		Reboot	Click	button to reboot the switch
----------------------------------------	-------	--	--------	-------	-----------------------------

System Reboot

Please click [Reboot] button to restart switch device.

Reboot

System Reboot interface

Save Configuration

To Save the industrial switch configuration to the flash memory. Power off the industrial switch without the saving, all changed configuration will lost.

Click the Save Flash button the save the configuration

Save Configuration		
	Save Flash	Help



Rate Control

To Set up every port's bandwidth rate and packet limitation type

- Limit Packet type: Select the packet type that wants to filter. The packet types have all type packet, broadcast/multicast/unknown unicast packet, broadcast/multicast packet, and broadcast packet only. The broadcast/multicast/unknown unicast packet, broadcast/multicast packet, broadcast/multicast packet. The egress rate only supports all type packets
- Band Width: The port1 ~ port 8, supports port ingress and egress rate

control. For example, assume port 1 is 10Mbps, users can set it's effective egress rate is 1Mbps, ingress rate is 500Kbps. The switch performs the ingress rate by packet counter to meet the specified rate.

- Ingress: Select the port effective ingress rate. The valid range value is 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, 8MB, 16MB, 32MB and 64MB. The default value is "disable"
- Egress: Select the port effective ingress rate. The valid range value is 128kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, and 8MB. The default value is "disable"
- And then, click Apply button to apply the configuration

	Limit packet type	Ingress	Egress
Port.01		Disable 💌	Disable 💌
Port.02	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 💌
Port.03	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 💌
Port.04	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🔻
Port.05	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵
Port.06	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵
Port.07	All	Disable 🖵	Disable 🖵
Port.08	All	Disable 💌	Disable 🖵

Rate Control Interface

[NOTE]

- 1. Remember to execute the "Save Configuration" action, otherwise the new configuration will lose when switch power off.
- 2. Qos and Rate control cannot be existed at the same.

System Log

To Set up system log events and view the system log events

System Log Configuration

View the system log events in here.

- Click Reload button to get newest system log event
- To clear the log events, click Clear button
- If log event list more that one page, drag down the list to switch to different page.
- System Log Client Mode: user can select in Client Only, Server Only, or Both mode
- System Log Server IP: Assign the system log server IP
- And then, click Apply button to apply the configuration

<u>System Log</u>		_
Systen	n Log Configuration	Event Configuration
	System Log Mode System Log Server IP 1: Jan 1 00:08:50 : :	Client Only Apply 0.0.0.0 System Log Enable!
	Pag	e.1 T
	Reloa	d Clear

System Log Configuration interface

Event Configuration

The User can select the system log events. When selected events occur, the system will send out the log information. Also, per port log events can be selected.

- System event selection: 4 selections Device cold start, Power status, SNMP Authentication Failure, and X-Ring topology change. Mark the checkbox to select the event. When selected events occur, the system will produce the logs
 - Device cold start: When the device executes cold start action, the system will produce a log message
 - Power status: When the device power status has changed, the system will produce a log message

- SNMP Authentication Failure: When the SNMP authentication fails, the system will produce a log message
- X-Ring topology change: When the X-Ring topology has changed, the system will produce a log message.
- Port event selection: Select the per port events. Per port have 3 selections Link UP, Link Down, and Link UP & Link Down. Disable means no event is selected.
 - Link UP: The system will produce a log message when port connection is up only
 - Link Down: The system will produce a log message when port connection is down only
 - Link UP & Link Down: The system will produce a log message when port connection is up and down
- After selected, click Apply

System Log

Port.07

Disable

<u>s</u>	ystem Log Configuration	Event	t Configuration	
stem event se	lection			
📃 Device	Device cold start		tatus	
SNMP Authentication Failure		📃 Super rir	ng topology change	
rt event selec	tion			
Port.01	. Disable 🗸	Port.02	Disable 🗸	
Port.03	Disable 👻	Port.04	Disable 👻	
Port.05	i Disable 🗸	Port.06	Disable 🗸	



Port.08

Disable

Event Configuration interface

¥

Verify that is using the right power cord/adapter (DC 12-48V), please don't use the power adapter with DC output bigger than 48V, or it will burn this converter down.

Select the proper UTP cable to construct user network. Please check that is using the right cable. use unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) or shield twisted-pair (STP) cable for RJ-45 connections: 100 Ω

Category 3, 4 or 5 cable for 10Mbps connections or 100Ω Category 5 cable for 100Mbps connections. Also be sure that the length of any twisted-pair connection does not exceed 100 meters (328 feet).

- Diagnosing LED Indicators: the Switch can be easily monitored through panel indicators to assist in identifying problems, which describes common problems user may encounter and where user can find possible solutions.
- If the power indicator does turn on when the power cord is plugged in, user may have a problem with power cord. Than check for loose power connections, power losses or surges at power outlet. If user still cannot resolve the problem, contact user local dealer for assistance.
- If the Industrial switch LED indicators are normal and the connected cables are correct but the packets still cannot transmit. Please check user system's Ethernet devices' configuration or status.

Technical Specifications

The 6 10/100TX plus 2 100FX with X-Ring managed industrial switch technical specification is following.

	IEEE 802.3 10Base-T Ethernet		
	IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX and 100Base-FX Fast		
	Ethernet		
	IEEE802.3x Flow Control and Back-pressure		
Standard	IEEE802.1d spanning tree / IEEE802.1w rapid		
	spanning tree		
	IEEE802.1p class of service		
	IEEE802.1Q VLAN Tag		
Protocol	CSMA/CD		
	COMA/CD		
	SNMP management		
Management	Web interface management		
	One default button for system default setting		
	RFC 1213 MIBII		
	RFC 1493 Bridge MIB		
	RMON RFC 1757		
	RFC 2674 VLAN MIB		
SNMP MIB	RFC 1643 Ethernet like MIB		
	RFC 1215 Trap MIB		
	Private MIB for switch information, X-Ring, port		
	alarm, TFTP firmware upgrade, reset, port		
	mirror, IP security management, IGMP		
	management MIB.		

	Lin to 2 Trop stations	
	Up to 3 Trap stations	
	Cold start	
	Port link Up	
SNMP Trap	Port link down	
	Authentication Failure	
	Private Trap for power status	
	Port Alarm configuration	
	Fault alarm, X-Ring	
Technology	Store and forward switching architecture	
	14,880 pps for 10Base-T Ethernet port	
Transfer Rate	148,800 pps for 100Base-TX/FX Fast Ethernet	
	port	
Transfer packet	64bytes to 1522 bytes (with VLAN tag)	
size		
	4 types of packet filter rule with different packet	
	combination:	
	 All of packet 	
Packet filter	Broadcast/ multicast/ unknown unicast	
	packet	
	Broadcast/ multicast packet	
	Broadcast packet only	
MAC address	2K MAC address table	
Memory Buffer	1Mbits	
-		
	Per port: Link/Activity (Green), Full	
LED	duplex/Collision (Yellow)	
	Per unit: Power (Green), Power 1 (Green),	
	Power 2 (Green), Fault (Yellow), Master (Green)	

Network Cable	10Base-T: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 3, 4, 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m) 100Base-TX: 2-pair UTP/STP Cat. 5 cable EIA/TIA-568 100-ohm (100m)	
Optical cable	 SC (Multi-mode): 50/125um or 62.5/125um SC (Single mode): 9/125um or 10/125um Available distance: 2KM (Multi-mode) / 30KM (single-mode) Wavelength: 1310nm (multi-mode/ single mode) 	
Back-plane	2.0 Gbps	
Packet throughput ability	1.19Mpps @64bytes	
Power Supply	12 ~48 VDC Redundant power with polarity reverse protects function and connective removable terminal block for master and slave power.	
Power consumption	6 Watts	
X-Ring	2 ports for X-Ring to provide redundant backup feature and the recovery time below 300ms and start by Web interface management. The ring port can be defined by Web interface.	
VLAN	Port based VLAN IEEE802.1Q Tag VLAN. Both of port based and Tag based VLAN group up to 64 VLANs.	

	IEEE802.1p class of service
Class of service	Per port provides 4 priority queues.
Quality of service	The quality of service determined by port, Tag
	and Ipv4 Type of service.
Spanning tree	IEEE802.1d spanning tree
Spanning tree	IEEE802.1w rapid spanning tree.
IGMP	IGMP v1 and Query mode
IGMP	Up to 256 groups.
SMTP	Simple mail transfer protocol.
SNTP	Simple Network time protocol.
Management IP	IP address security to prevents unauthorized
security	intruder
Port mirror	TX packet only
Port Immor	Both of TX and RX packet
Firmwaro undato	TFTP firmware update
Firmware update	TFTP backup and restore
	One relay output for port breakdown and power
Alarm	fail
	Dipswitch to mask link down port
	Alarm Relay current carry ability: 1A @ DC24V

Bandwidth control	 Ingress packets filter and egress packet limit. The egress rate control supports all of packet type and the limit rates are 128kbps, 256Kbps, 512Kbps, 1MB, 2MB, 4MB, and 8MB. Ingress filter packet type combination rule for Broadcast/Multicast/Unknown Unicast packet, Broadcast/Multicast packet, Broadcast packet only and all of packet. The ingress packet filter rate can be set follow as:1Mbps, 2Mbps, 32Mbps, 64Mbps. 	
DHCP client	DHCP client function to obtain IP address from DHCP serve	
Install	DIN rail kit and wall mount ear for wall mount or DIN-type cabinet install	
Operation Temp.	0°C to 60°C (32°F to 140°F)	
Operation Humidity	5% to 95% (Non-condensing)	
Storage Temperature	-40°C to 85°C	
Case Dimension	IP-30, 54 mm (W) x 135 mm (H) x 105mm (D)	
EMI	FCC Class A CE EN6100-4-2 CE EN6100-4-3 CE EN-6100-4-4 CE EN6100-4-5 CE EN6100-4-6	

	UL
Safety	cUL
	CE/EN60950
	IEC60068-2-32 (Free fall)
Stability testing	IEC60068-2-27 (Shock)
	IEC60068-2-6 (Vibration)