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1100/2100 Sound Level Meters



Owner's manual

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Introduction

The 1100 Sound Level Meter is a light weight easy-to-use Type 1 instrument. The 2100 is a Type 2 model.

The purpose of this manual is to provide you with the necessary information to operate the 1100/2100 Sound Level Meter as well as the remote-able versions of the 1100R/2100R. The entire manual should be read to fully understand the many features this instrument offers.

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Introduction

The Quest models 1100 and 2100 Sound Level Meters and their remote versions (1100R/2100R) measure frequency weighted and time averaged sound pressure level and are shown in Figures I-1 and 1-2. Applications include laboratory, industrial, community, military, and audiometric measurement or analysis.

1100/2100 Models

The models 1100 and 2100 are easy-to-use hand held meters with an LCD display that provides a numerical readout. They are housed in a rugged RF shielded, injection molded case. The meters are operated with simple slide switches. An output jack is provided for connecting to peripheral devices such as chart recorders, oscilloscopes, audio recorders, etc.

The model 1100 provides Type 1 accuracy for critical measurements, while the model 2100 provides Type 2 accuracy for general field survey work. As both meters are operationally identical, this manual will refer only to the model 1100 except where appropriate.

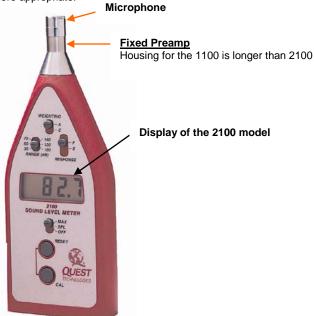


Figure 1-1: Sound Level Meter 2100 model

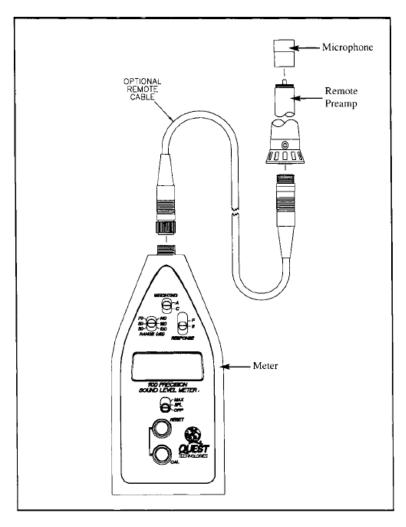


Figure 1-2: Model 1100R/2100R

Getting Started

The Display

The LCD display provides a numeric readout of sound level in 0.1 dB increments along with a LOBAT (low battery) indicator. In the SPL mode the numeric display provides a reading of the maximum sound pressure level measured during the previous second. In the MAX mode the display

holds the highest reading encountered since the meter was placed in MAX, or since the last time RESET was pressed.

The LOBAT indicator will light when the battery voltage is too low to allow an accurate reading.

The display will show a + sign when signal peaks cause an overload condition in the electronics. This indicator signals the user to switch to the next higher range to prevent erroneous readings.

The display will show "Ur" if signal levels are too low to provide an accurate reading. This indicator signals the user to switch to a lower range setting.

Meter Controls

OFF/SPL/MAX Switch

With the switch set to SPL the meter continuously displays sound level, automatically updating the current reading at a rate of once per second. Setting the switch to MAX causes the display to hold the highest SPL encountered thus far. As a higher SPL occurs, the display changes to show the new value. To reset the value stored, press and hold the RESET button for a few seconds, then release. This will erase the previous MAX value (and display the current value) prior to taking new readings. For response times see Figures 7 and 8.

"F" (FAST) / "S" (SLOW) RESPONSE Switch

The RESPONSE switch controls the rate at which the meter responds to changing input signals. Most sound measurements are done with the response set to SLOW. The FAST response is generally used when measuring short duration noises such as moving vehicles.

The RESPONSE switch positions are as follows:

- FAST 125 millisecond time constant. (See Figure 12).
- SLOW 1 second time constant. (See Figure 13).

4 Getting Started Meter Controls

WEIGHTING A/C Switch

The WEIGHTING switch controls the frequency response of the meter. Weightings A or C may be selected. See "Microphone preamplifier", page 13 Weighting Characteristics, for further information.

RANGE (dB) Switch

The displayed range of the model 1100 is 70 dB and is switchable between 30-100 dB, 50-120 dB, and 70-140 dB. After switching ranges allow several seconds for the meter electronics to stabilize.

RESET Button

This button is primarily used to clear the MAX sound level when the instrument is in the MAX mode. Pressing the **RESET** button for at least a half second will cause a reset of MAX. If observation of the changing Sound Pressure Level is desired, while in the MAX mode, the RESET button may be held down for as long as the SPL display is desired. Upon release of the RESET button MAX will be reset and the 1100 will resume accumulating MAX. The RESET button also functions as an up arrow during setup (see "Changing the Calibration Level", page 6).

CAL Button

This button is primarily used to enter the Calibration routine, but it also functions as a down arrow during setup (see "Changing the Calibration Level", page 6).

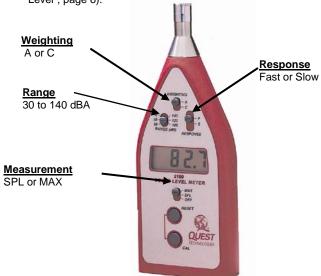


Figure 2: Keypad/Control switches identified

Overload Detection and Underrange

The *Overload Indicator* is displayed whenever the incoming signal saturates (overloads) the circuitry. It is the + sign on the left side of the display. If the overload indicator is on while taking measurements in a **Low range**, increasing the **dB Range** switch should cause the overload to disappear. If you are already on the highest range setting and an overload condition still exists, the sound level that you are measuring is beyond the capability of the 1100 due to either an extremely high rms value or a high crest factor (peak to rms ratio).

Underrange is indicated by a "Ur" in the display. When the noise level drops below the bottom of the range, this indicator will turn on. Switching to a lower range will turn it off.

Output Jack

The model 1100 provides an output jack on the bottom of the meter for measuring the weighted AC signal before the rms/log detector and the DC output of that detector. This jack may be connected to any load without affecting the operation of the meter. Connection to low impedance loads will require correction for the 1 Kohm impedance of this output and will also decrease battery life. The output jack uses a 3.5mm stereo plug.

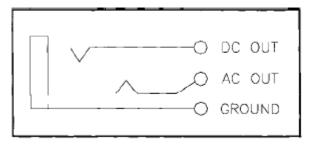


Figure 3: Output jack connections

DC Output Function

The Sound Pressure Level (SPL) over the range selected is linearly represented

by a DC output. The output changes 16.7mV/dB or 1 V/60dB. This output is primarily provided for connecting a 0 to 1 volt span data recorder.

AC Output Function

This output provides the amplified, weighted AC signal from the input of the RMS detector.

Checking the battery

Battery Check

At any time other than initial turn on, if the LOBAT indicator on the display is activated the user must replace the battery. A 9 volt Alkaline battery is recommended for best performance. Refer to the label in battery compartment for battery replacement.

Battery Replacement

Slide the battery door to the left to open the battery compartment and refer to the label inside the compartment for proper battery orientation.

Rechargeable Batteries

Nicad type rechargeable 9 V batteries (such as Radio Shack® 23-299 7.2 V, 120 mAh) and an appropriate charger may be used with the 1100. The fact that nicad 9 V replacement cells typically operate at 7.2 V will be observed as shorter battery life (approximately 8 hours with Radio Shack® 23-299). At the appearance of the LOBAT indicator the nicad battery must be recharged. NiMH (Nickel-Metal-Hydride) batteries are NOT recommended. This is due to the excessive discharge of the typical NiMH cell prior to the voltage dropping low enough to activate the LOBAT indicator.

Calibrate

Changing the Calibration Level

NOTE: There may be times when it is necessary to change the calibration level that is stored in the meter. This calibration level is the decibel level that is produced by your calibrator.

Changing Cal level

- 1. Turn on the meter. The display will show:
 - a. All segments for 2 seconds.
 - b. The meter revision number for 2 seconds.
 - c. The current calibration level stored in the meter for 5 seconds.
- While current calibration level is in the display, press and hold both the RESET and CAL buttons for at least 1/2 second or until dashes appear in the display. Release the RESET and CAL buttons. The meter is now in the calibration level set mode.

7 Checking the battery Calibration

- **☑ NOTE**: If the RESET and CAL buttons are continuously held down after the dashes appear, the unit will interpret this as a command to exit calibration level set mode and exit without changing the calibration level.
- 3. To edit the level, use the RESET key to increase the value and the **CAL** key to decrease the value. Edit the value to match your calibrators output.
- 4. When the desired calibration level is displayed, press and hold both the RESET and CAL buttons until dashes appear on the display. The new calibration level is now stored in the instrument's memory and will not have to be changed again unless an alternate calibrator is used.

Calibration

The model 1100 may be calibrated in any range based on your calibrator's output. There is no warm up period required, but for maximum accuracy calibration of the model 1100 should be performed at the temperature of the environment to be measured. To calibrate, perform the following procedure using a Quest calibrator.

It is recommended that calibration be performed before each use.

Calibration

- 1. Check to see that the LOB AT indicator is not on.
- Check to see that the calibrator SPL output matches the calibration level stored in the meter. If it does not, use procedure outlined in "Changing the calibration level"
- ✓ NOTE: Failure to match calibrator output level to calibration level stored in the 1100 will result in erroneous SPL reading.
- 3. Turn the calibrator **ON**. If optional, set the frequency to **1 KHz**.
- 4. Place the black adapter ring fully onto the microphone.
- 5. Set the model 1100 to SPL, **SLOW** or **FAST**, and **A or C** weighting. Set the measuring range so that the calibration level falls within it.
- MOTE: Attempting to calibrate out of range will result in an "Err" on the display and a failed calibration. The previous calibration data will remain in the instrument.
- Press the CAL button. "CAL" will appear on the display followed by moving dashes. After about 2 seconds the display will show either a "P" for pass or an "F" for fail. If the calibration fails, check settings and repeat procedure.

Calibration Check

It is a good idea to check calibration after use. To do so, perform the previous steps 1 through 5. Observe the meter display, it should read the calibrator level +/- 0.5 dB. If out of tolerance, run calibration procedure described above in "Calibration".

Operating and Measurements

Operation

Before taking measurements with the model 1100, there is a series of quick checks and considerations that should be performed or noted. After switching the unit ON, check for a LOBAT indication on the display, replace battery if necessary. (See "Battery check", page 6).

Although the model 1100 will maintain accurate calibration over a long period of time, the calibration should be checked and the meter re-calibrated, if necessary, before each use. The calibration should also be checked after each use. (See "Calibration check", page 7). Set the RESPONSE, WEIGHTING, and RANGE (dB) switches as needed. Hold, set, or tripod mount the meter in the desired location. If a MAX measurement is needed, be sure to reset the meter before taking the measurements. It is always a good idea to document all measurement conditions and meter settings for possible future reference.

Meter/Microphone Placement

Whenever possible, the meter should be tripod-mounted in a relatively open area to minimize reflections from the body or other large reflective structures. Avoid placement against a wall or in a corner. A threaded bushing on the back will accept a standard 1/4-20 tripod fitting.

The microphone cartridges used on the models 1100 and 2100 are free-field microphones. Point the meter directly at the noise source (0 degrees).

Random incidence measurements may be taken with the 1100 if the plastic random incidence corrector supplied with the BK4936 microphone is used. The random incidence corrector is a black plastic lipped sleeve packed in the BK4936 packing container. To attach the corrector, position the end of the sleeve without the lip over the grid of the microphone and gently press down until a snap fit is achieved. Point the microphone approximately 70° to the direction of the sound.

Background Noise

Background noise can cause considerable error in measurement when its intensity is close to that of a particular sound source of interest. When it is not possible to eliminate or reduce the background noise, use the curve shown in Figure 4 to correct for the effect of the background noise on the measurement.

Background Noise Example

For example, if the background noise is 45 dB and the sound of interest measures 51 dB, the difference between measurement and background noise is 6 dB. From Figure 4, for a 6 dB difference, 1.3 dB should be subtracted from the measurement. The correct measurement is therefore 51 dB- 1.3 dB= 49.7 dB.

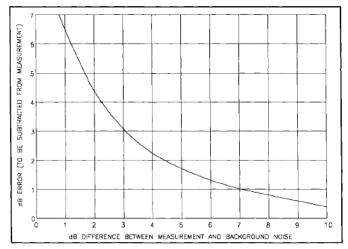


Figure 4: Effects of background noise

Windscreen Effects

To prevent measurement errors caused by wind blowing across the microphone, the use of a windscreen is recommended. The wind screen will reduce wind effects and will also help protect the microphone under dusty or oily conditions. Acoustic attenuation effects of the WS-7 windscreen are shown in Figure 5.

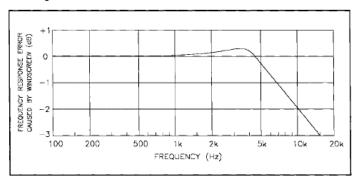


Figure 5: Effects of WS-7

Chart Recording/Datalogging

The model 1100 has a DC output that is linearly related to the decibel reading on the LCD display by 16.7mV/dB (1V/60dB).

This output, capable of driving up to 100 feet of shielded or twisted pair cable, is intended for use with a 0 to 1 volt DC input chart recorder or data acquisition device that has a high input impedance. The output impedance is 1000 ohms. Chart recorder input impedance may cause loading of this output, which should be taken into account. Multiplication factors for the above numbers are given below for various chart recorder input impedances.

Input impedance of recorder:	Multiply DC voltage by:
10 KOHM	1.100
20 KOHM	1.050
50 KOHM	1.020
100 KOHM	1.010

Technical Information

Principles of Operation

The Quest model 1100 uses low noise, low power analog and digital integrated circuitry to ensure long battery life, maximum stability, and superior reliability over a wide range of environmental conditions. Figure 6 is a block diagram of the model 1100/2100's internal circuit operations.

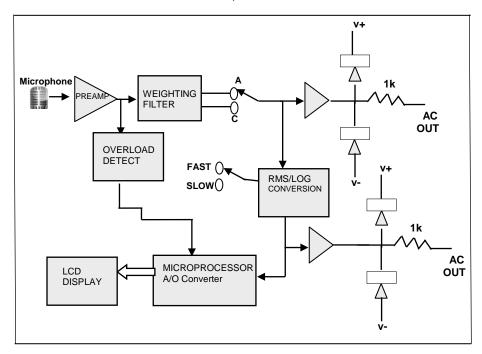


Figure 6: Block diagram of the model 1100/2100's circuit board

Microphone

The model 1100 is designed to accept a pre-polarized (electret) type 1 microphone Quest part number #059-523 BK 4936. The impedance of this microphone is approximately 12pF. The microphone screws directly onto either the remoteable preamp or the fixed microphone extension of the meter case. A typical response curve for the Type 1 microphone is shown in Figure 7.

The model 2100 is designed to accept a prepolarized (electret) type 2 microphone Quest P/N #056-316 QE7052. The impedance of this microphone is approximately 15pF. The microphone screws directly onto either the remoteable preamp or the fixed microphone extension of the meter case. A typical response curve for the Type 2 microphone is shown in Figure 8.

Microphone response time

CAUTION: When installing or removing the microphone, do not unscrew the protective grid. Do not touch the metal foil microphone diaphragm under this grid as permanent damage may result.

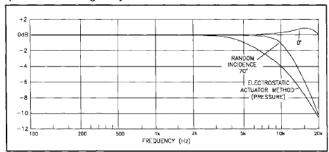


Figure 7: Typical microphone response Type 1

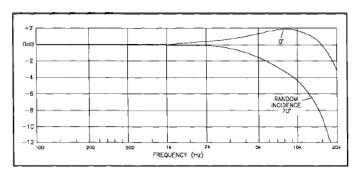


Figure 8: Typical microphone response Type 2

Microphone preamplifier extension cables

On 1100R (Remote) units the preamplifier is removable by unscrewing the black plastic collar below the preamplifier housing. The 1100 will drive up to a 10 foot cable with minimal loss. Quest offers the following lengths of remote cable for use with the 1100:

- #59-899 ICM-2 Microphone Cable (2 foot length)
- #59-733 ICM-10 Microphone Cable (10 foot length)
- #59-734 ICM-50 Microphone Cable (50 foot length)

The calibration level at 1 kHz is affected by less than 0.1 dB with the insertion of either of these cables. Therefore, there is no need to recalibrate when the cable is attached

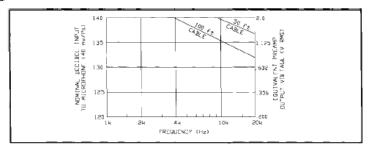


Figure 9: Frequency/Amplitude limitations with extension cables

Input Buffer Circuitry

The high impedance input circuitry of the 1100 will accept up to a 2.0 volt RMS signal. With the microphone and preamp removed, other transducer devices may be connected to give a dB readout on the meter. To remove the preamplifier unscrew the black plastic collar below the preamp housing. Only use pins 1 and 3 for the AC signal input. NEVER connect to pins 2 and 4. To input an electrical signal requires a special connector, Quest part number 14-739. Figure 10 shows the function of each of the pins within the meter input connector.

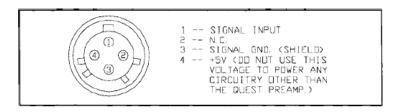


Figure 10: Input buffer circuitry

Weighting Characteristics

The weighting characteristics (frequency response) for A and C are shown in Figure 11. The "A" weighting response emulates the low level response of the human ear and is used for most industrial and community noise measurements. Generally, "C" weighting is used for measuring noise reduction in hearing protectors and for other scientific purposes.

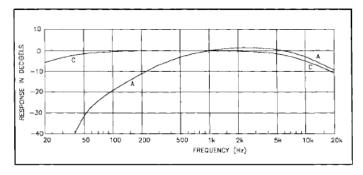


Figure 11: A & C Weighting

Internal Electrical Noise

The normal measurement range of the 1100 meter is approximately 30 to 140 dBA and 40 to 140 dBC. The inherent noise level is typically 24 dBA.

Tone Burst Response

Figures 12 and 13 show the meter response to a sine-wave input of various pulse durations for Fast and Slow settings.

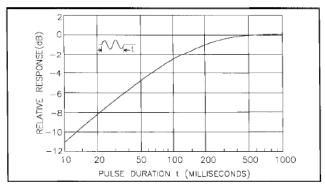


Figure 12: Fast response

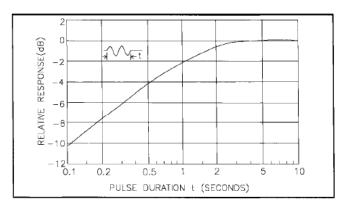


Figure 13: Slow response

Nominal decay times for each time response setting are as follows:

- FAST 34.7 dB per second
- SLOW 4.35 dB per second

Specifications

Standards: Model 1100 : Type 1 ; Model 2100 : Type 2

ANSI S1.4-1983(R1997), IEC 651-1979 EN60651

Display: 3 1/2 Digit Liquid Crystal Display. Level display

indicates to 0.1 dB resolution. Annunciator is included for

Battery Check.

Modes of Measures sound pressure level (SPL) or

Operation: maximum level (MAX).

Linear 32 to 140 dBA Operating Range: 38 to 140 dBC

Electrical Noise

Floor: 25 dBA, 32 dBC typical

Frequency Weighting

Networks: A and C

Meter Response: Slow and Fast

Microphone: Removable .52 inch (13.5 mm) diameter prepolarized

condenser (electret) microphone Model 1100 : - Type 1 accuracy (P/N: 059-523 BK 4936) Model 2100 : - Type 2

accuracy (P/N: 056-317 QE 7052)

AC Output: Approximately 0 - 1 V AC RMS.

1000 ohm output impedance, 3.5 mm stereo jack

DC Output: Approximately 0 - 1 V DC RMS. Each 0.167V change

equals I0dB (1 V/60dB). 1000 ohm output impedance, 3.5

mm stereo jack

Detector: True RMS

Overload

Indicator: A '+' sign in the display indicates overload

Temperature Within 0.5dB at 23°C; Within 1.0dB over the

Accuracy: temperature range of -10°C to +50°C

Level Range +/- 0.5dB from 31.5 - 8000 Hz (1100) **Accuracy:** +/- 1.0dB from 20 - 12500 Hz (1100)

+/- 0.7dB from 31.5 - 8000 Hz (2100)

Technical InformationSpecifications Tone Burst Response

Crest Factor: Greater than 26dB (crest factor = 20) if peak of signal does

not cause an overload. Crest factor is sufficient to handle

the signal if the overload indicator does not light.

Operating Temperature

Range: -10°C to +50°C

Storage

(less batteries): -20° to + 60°C

Operating

Humidity: 0 to 95% relative humidity, non-condensing.

Battery: One 9-volt alkaline battery

ANSI/NEDA Type 1604A or IEC: Type 6LR61 Typical

Energizer 522 (Quest 058-176)

Battery Life: 9 Volt Alkaline, approximately 25-30 hours

Effect of

Electromagnetic

Fields: Negligible.

Effect of Electrostatic

Fields: Negligible.

Tripod Mount: A threaded insert on back of the meter accepts a standard;

1/4 inch tripod mounting screw.

Size: 2100: 2.8 x 7.6 x 1.3 inches (including mic)

1100: 2.8 x 9.7 x 1.3 inches (including mic)

Weight: 2100: 10.3 oz. (293 g.) including battery

1100: 10.8 oz. (306 g.) including battery

18 Technical InformationAccessories Tone Burst Response

Accessories

58-928	Calibrator Adapter for 0.52 inch diameter microphone for use with Quest "CA-" series calibrators
56-990	Calibrator Adapter for 0.52 inch diameter microphone for use with Quest "QC-" series calibrators
59-344	WS-7 Windscreen for 0.52 inch microphone (pkg. of 3) 59-045 Tripod (Larger) 59-046 Tripod (Smaller)
59-703	Input Adapter - Female BNC jack to 1/2" microphone thread, with 18pF capacitance. Allows direct electrical signal input to the meter.
59-899	ICM-2 microphone cable (2 foot length) 59-733 ICM-10 microphone cable (10 foot length) 59-734 ICM-50 microphone cable (50 foot length).

Quest Service

Contacting Quest Technologies

Should your Quest Technologies equipment need to be returned for repair or for recalibration, please contact the service department at the following number or access the online form via the website. For technical issues, please contact Technical Support.

Service Department and Technical Support: 1 (800) 245-0779. Fax: 1 (262) 567-4047. Office hours are 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. United States Central.

- E-mail at quest.mail@mmm.com
- Internet at www.quest-technologies.com

International customers

Contact your local, factory-authorized distributor from whom the product was purchased. You can obtain the name and contact information of your local factory-authorized distributor from Quest by using the e-mail, telephone, or fax information given under "Contacting Quest Technologies" above.

Warranty

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