

2012

### **Operation Manual**

#### Asis One Collector

This is an important document keep it in a safe place



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Design and survey report			Domestic hot water (DHW)	
Date:	1.	System type:	DHW plus space heating	
Reference:			Swimming pool heating	
Completed by:Surveyor contact no.:		Building type (if	House	□
		house record whether	Block of flats	
Client details:	2.	detached, semi- detached or terraced):	Sheltered housing	
Name: Address:			Commercial (describe)	
Tel.:	3.	Number of storey	/S	
Mobile:	4.	Approximate age	e of building	
E-mail:	5.	Is building listed?		Yes/No
	6.	Is building in con	servation area?	Yes/No
			Low (circa 50%)	
	7.	Solar fraction:	Medium (circa 60%)	
			High (circa 70%)	
	8.	No. of occupants	:	
		Approximate	Low (30 litres)	
	9.	<ul> <li>daily hot water</li> <li>usage (at 50°c)</li> <li>per occupant:</li> </ul>	Medium (50 litres)	
			High (70 litres)	

#### Design and survey report (continued)

Design	Design and survey report (continued)		19.	Available roof	Width	m	
					space	Height up roof	m
	Type of fuel	Gas	🗌kWh	20.	Any roof obstruction light, chimney stac	ons (e.g. Dormer, sky- k)	
	used for water heating (and	Oil	🔲kWh				
10.	approximate annual consumption in kWh)	LPG	kWh				
		Electricty	kWh		Please sketch the		
	Kvvii)	Solid fuel	🗌kWh				
11.	Hot water	Vented			proposed location of the solar collec-		
	storage type	Unvented		21.	<ul> <li>tors relative to the</li> </ul>		
12.	Does property have combi-	Yes/No			roof plan of the building		
	boiler?	If yes, type:					
		Pitched roof					
	Proposed	Flat roof					
13.	location for solar collectors	Ground mounted					
		Frame mounted on wall		22.	erecting scaffold?	ess restrictions for if so, draw on sketch in	
14.	Roof orientation				21)		
15.	Roof pitch			23.	For pitched roof, collectors are to	Mounted on-roof	
16.	Type of roof cove pan-tile etc.)	ering (eg. Slate, flat tile,			be:	Roof-integrated	
17.	Roof condition			• •	Space for solar cylinder(s) in airing	Height	m
18.	Any shading (eg.	nading (eg. none, from a tree, from a		24.	cupboard/plant	Width	m
	structure, part of	the day, a lot of the day)			room	Depth	m

Width

Available roof

#### Design and survey report (continued)

Number of only	
Number of coils	•••••
25. cylinder type Vented	
Unvented	
<ul><li>Please note and special cylinder fittings</li><li>26. required (e.g. shower fitting, pumped secondary fittings)</li></ul>	
<b>26.</b> Proposed number of Asis One collectors	
Proposed Portrait/vertical	
27. mounting configuration Landscape/horizontal	
<b>28.</b> Proposed solar Fully filled, pressurised	
<b>20.</b> circuit type Drainback	
<b>29.</b> Approximate distance between proposed solar collector location and solar cylinder(s)	m

#### Additional information for swimming pools

_	31.	Pool dimensions	Length	
			Width	
			Average depth	
		Pool location	Indoors	
	32.		Outdoors	
			In-ground	
			Above ground	
		Is a pool cover used when pool is not in use?		
	33.	Is a pool cover use	ed when pool is not in use?	Yes/No
-	33.	Is a pool cover use	ed when pool is not in use? Gas	Yes/No
-	33.	Is a pool cover use		Yes/No
-		Is a pool cover use	Gas	Yes/No
_	33. 34.		Gas Oil	Yes/No
_		Type of fuel used	Gas Oil LPG	Yes/No

Please note recommendations for solar

30. circuit pipe-route and note any complications or special features

If pool room (where appropriate) roof has not been described in 14 to 20, please pro-35. vide dimensions and notes on structure

.....

#### **General Terms and Conditions**

Installation and commissioning should be undertaken by an MCS Certified Solar Installer Company.

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General terms and conditions of warranty state that all installations must completed by a MCS certified and qualified solar installer company who is currently on the live MCS register of installers.

All installer companies should work to the Building Regulations in force at the time of installation..

The manufacturer's warranty will only apply if these installation instructions are followed. The warranty does not cover any damage caused by non- observance of this manual.

The correct functionality of the system is only guaranteed if the installation instructions are followed.

The end client should be informed at system handover that system should be checked visually once pre year and the heat exchange fluid changed once every four years.

This document is part of the warranty and should be kept in a safe place and handed over to the end user client on completion of works.

#### Instructions for installation and transport

Mint Solar Collectors kits are delivered on pallets.

Never store outside in water logged conditions.

Always store on a flat surface with glass facing upwards maximum 8 collectors per stack., or vertical with glass facing outwards.

The use of a carrying strap is recommended for transporting the collector. The collector must not be lifted at the connections.

Avoid impacts and mechanical actions on the solar collector.

Mint Solar Collectors should only be used in professionally designed systems with all system components and materials being appropriately rated for use in solar water heating systems and properly installed.

#### Structure

The collectors may only be mounted on sufficiently loadbearing roof surfaces and substructures. The structural loadbearing capacity of the roof and the substructure must be assessed on- site, by a suitably experienced professional before mounting the collectors.

Particular attention should be paid to the quality of the timber substructure in terms of the stability of the screw joints necessary for installing the collectors.

In particular, it is essential to have the entire collector structure verified at the installation site by a qualified engineer in regions with high wind speeds.

The assessment should also take into account any special features of the particular site that could lead to increased loads (high wind speeds, snow loads etc).

#### Lightning protection / Potential bonding of the building

It is not necessary to connect collector arrays to the lightning protection of the building (please observe the specific electrical regulations). For installations on metal substructures at the installation site, authorised lightning protection specialists must be consulted.

The metal tubes of the solar circuit must be connected to the main potential equalization bus by means of a conductor (green/yellow) with a cross- section of at least 16mm<sup>2</sup> CU (H07V- U or R). It is possible to ground the collectors to a ground rod. The grounding line must be laid outside the house. The ground rod must also be connected to the main potential equalization bus by a line with the same crosssection as above.

Connections (compression connection fittings)

Connect the collectors using the certified solar compression connections supplied with your kit. Precautions must be taken to protect the connection pipes against temperature fluctuations caused by heat expansion (expansion bends/flexible piping). In this case, no more than 6 collectors may be connected in series.

Larger collector arrays must be assembled with expansion bends or flexible members inserted in the links (IMPORTANT: check the pump design). When tightening the connections, always apply counter pressure with a wrench or another spanner to prevent damage to the manifold connections.

#### Collector inclination / General notes

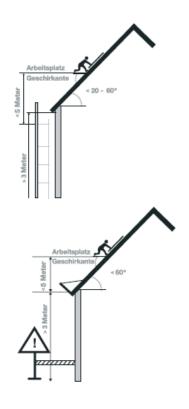
The collector is suitable for installation at an angle of between  $15^{\circ} - 75^{\circ}$  Steps must be taken to ensure that water and other contaminants such as dust, etc. are prevented from getting into the collector connections and ventilation holes.

#### Warranty

Warranty claims can only be made if an appropriate specification of antifreeze is used and maintenance is carried out correctly.

# 0 100 am

Ladder and scaffolding assembly



#### **Safety Precautions**



Before commencing mounting work on roofs, it must be ensured in all cases that the non personal fall protection and fall- arrest systems required by DIN 18338 (Roof Covering and Roof Sealing Works) and DIN 18451 (Scaffolding Works) are in place. See also Builders' Protection Ordinance



If non-personal fall protection or fall- arrest systems cannot be installed for technical reasons, all personnel must be secured by means of suitable safety harnesses!



Only use safety harnesses (safety belts, lanyards and straps, shock absorbers, fall arresters) that were tested and certified by authorized testing bodies.



If non-personal fall protection or fall- arrest systems are not provided, working without the use of suitable safety harnesses may lead to falls from heights and therefore cause serious or lethal injuries!



Ladders not properly secured against sinking in, sliding or falling over may lead to dangerous falls!



Whenever you are near live overhead electric cables where contact is possible, only work if: - it is ensured that they are voltage- free and this is secured for the duration of work. The live parts are secured by the ESB by covering them or cordoning them off. And are deemed safe by ESB transmission supervisor. Or advised safety distances are maintained.



Voltage radius: 1m with .....voltages up to 1000V 3m with .....voltages from 1000V to 11000V 4m with .....voltages from 11000V to 22000V 5m with .....voltages from 22000V to 38000V > 5m in case of unknown voltages



The manufacturer hereby guarantees to take back products identified with an eco-label and to recycle the materials used. Only the heat transfer medium specified may be used!







Contact with live electric overhead cables can be lethal.

Safety harnesses should be fixed above the

users whenever possible. Safety harnesses should only be fastened to sufficiently load

Never use damaged ladders (e.g., wooden

ladders with split runners or rungs, or bent

Ensure that ladders are put up safely. Ob-

serve the correct leaning angle (68° - 75°). Prevent ladders from sliding, falling over or

sinking into the ground (e.g. using wider feet,

feet suited to the ground or hooking devices).

Only lean ladders against secure points.

Secure ladders in traffic areas by suitable

or buckled metal ladders). Never try to repair broken runners, rungs or steps on wooden

bearing structures or fixing points!

Wear protective goggles when drilling and 0 handling solar collectors evacuated tube collectors have a danger if damaged of implosion !

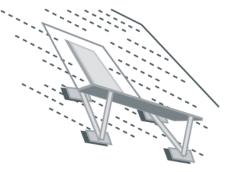
Ladders!

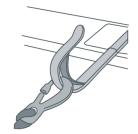
Cordonina.

Wear safety shoes when carrying out installation Work!

Wear cut- proof safety gloves when mounting collectors and handling evacuated tube collectors (danger of implosion)!

Wear a helmet



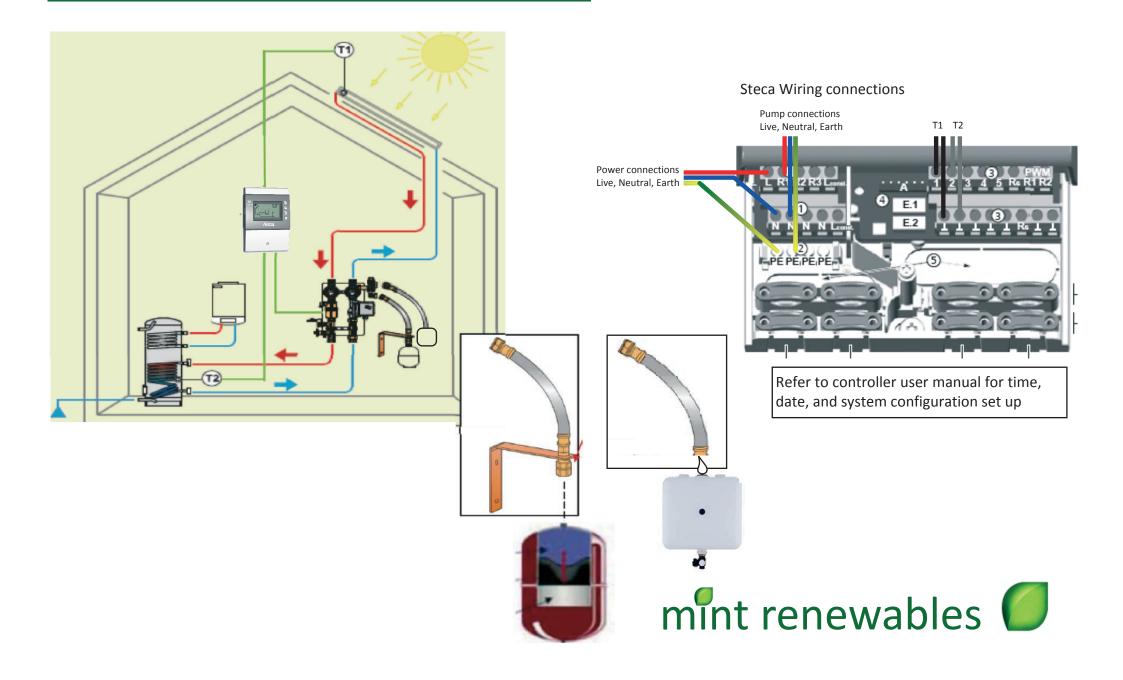




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#### **System Installation Schematic**



#### Installing the temperature sensor

The solar collector temperature sensor should be installed in the sensor sleeve nearest to the collector array flow. To ensure optimal contact between the temperature sensor and the surrounding environment, the gap between the sensor sleeve and the sensor element should be filled with a suitable conducting compound. All materials used for installing temperature sensors (sensor element, conducting compound, cables, sealing and insulating materials ) must be suitably temperature resistant (up to 250°c).

#### **Operating pressure**

The maximum operating pressure is 10 bar.

#### Removal of air from the system (bleeding)

The system should be properly bled at commissioning to remove as much air as possible from the system. We would recommend that after 2 to 4 weeks of operation the system is bled again .

Warning! - When bleeding the system there is a risk of scalding due to steam and hot transfer fluid and appropriate care must be taken.

Only operate the bleeding valve if the temperature of the heat transfer fluid is below 60°c. When bleeding the system the collectors must not be hot! Cover the collectors and, if possible, bleed the system in the morning.

#### Checking heat transfer fluid

The heat transfer fluid must be checked at least every four years with regard to its antifreeze content and pH value.

- Check the antifreeze with an antifreeze tester and replace or refill if necessary. We would recommend a target protection of -25°c.
- Check the pH value with a pH indicator rod. If the limit pH value is less than 7.0 then replace the heat transfer fluid.

#### **Collector maintenance**

The solar collectors should be inspected visually, once a year, for any signs of damage, leaks or contamination.

#### System commissioning checklist:

Customer details:	Commissioning date:	
Name:	Solar collector serial numbers	
Address:		
Telephone number: Mobile number: E-mail address: Installer details: Company name: Address:	Solar collector mounting brackets and clips inspected and secure Solar collector connections inspected and properly fitted and tightened Type of weatherproofing of roof penetrations (for in- let and outlet pipe-work and sensor cable) Penetration weatherproofing inspected and properly fitted Collector sensor probe securely fitted into collector sensor pocket Primary pressure limit of weakest component	□ □ □ □
Telephone number:	System pressure when cold	bar
Mobile number:	Fuse rating for fused-spur supply to controller and	
E-mail address: Web-site:	pump Controls and sensors checked and operating correctly	
MCS number:	$\Delta t$ setting for controller for switching system on	<sup>0</sup> c
System summary:	$\Delta t$ setting for controller for switching system off	<sup>0</sup> c
Number of Asis One 1A collectors	Maximum cylinder temperature setting in controller	<sup>0</sup> c
Type and volume of cylinder	Cylinder temperature sensors secured and sensor cable tied neatly	
Type of pump-station and controller	Expansion vessel capacity	litres
Type of solar circuit fitted	Expansion vessel pre-charge pressure	bar

#### System commissioning checklist (continued:

Volume of drain-back vessel (if drainback circuit): used)	litres
System flow-rate	litres/min
Primary circuit volume	litres
Type of heat transfer fluid used	
Earth bonding present	
Direction of non-return valve checked	
Position and type of air-vents used	
Air-vent(s) isolated after commissioning	Yes/No
Type and thickness of insulation used	,
Pipe-work all insulated (apart from tee off to expansion vessel and air-vent)	
Pump operation and checked and pump running quietly	
Pump speed setting	
Method of anti-scalding in DHW circulation	
Location of fused isolation switch	
Location of pressure gauge	
System explained to customer	
System documentation provided to customer	

#### Declaration (to be completed by the commissioning engineer):

I confirm that the system described in this commissioning checklist has been installed at the address stated.

The system design is in line with best practice and the system has been installed to comply with the Microgeneration Certification Scheme Standard MIS3001 and with all legal requirements. All notifiable works have been carried out by suitably qualified personnel and have been notified to the relevant authorities.

Signed:

Print name:

Date of commissioning:



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