



AER Returns Excel Workbook & Website User Manual

Version 2.1 January 2015

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1.0 Downloading the Configured Excel Workbook or XSD Schema

1.1 Logging In

Navigate to the login page of the [AER/PRTR returns site](#).



Fig. 1.1 – Login page

Here you will need to enter the following details:

- Your User ID (As supplied to you by the EPA)
- Your password (As supplied to you by the EPA)

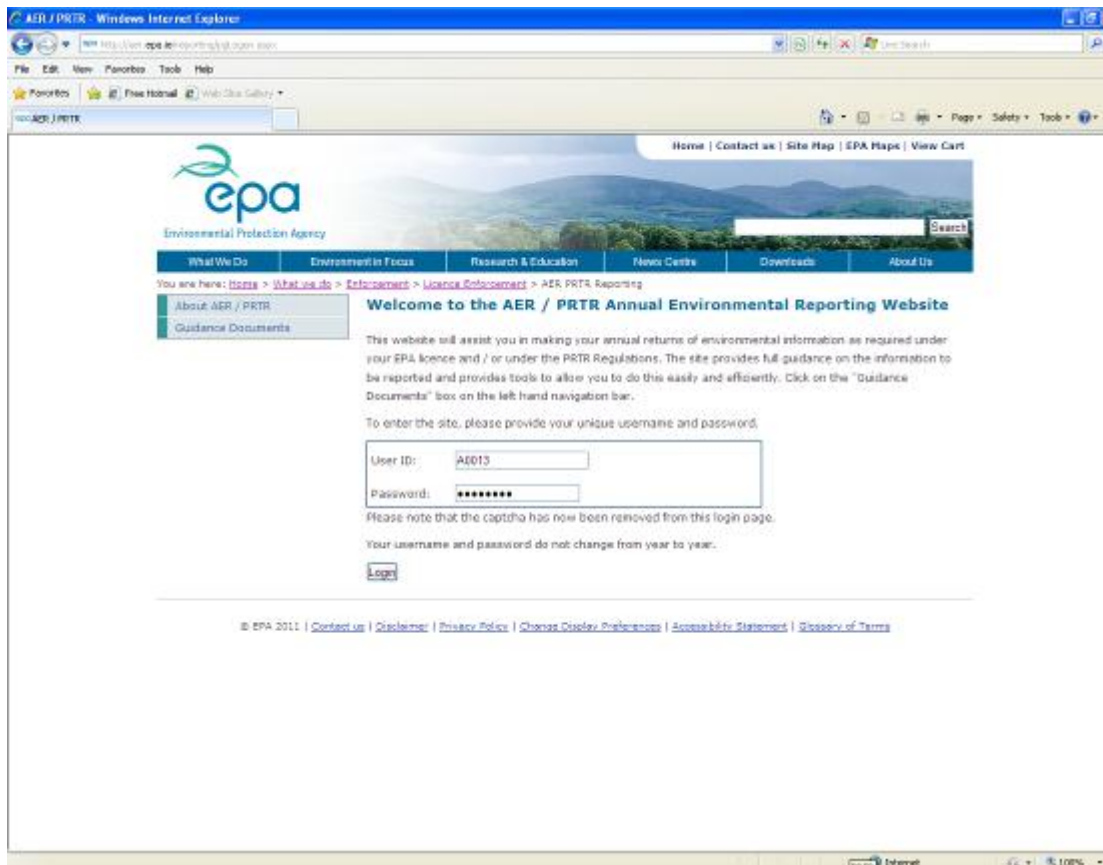


Fig. 1.2 – Entering login details

- Click the Login button to proceed.
- After successfully logging in the welcome page will be displayed.

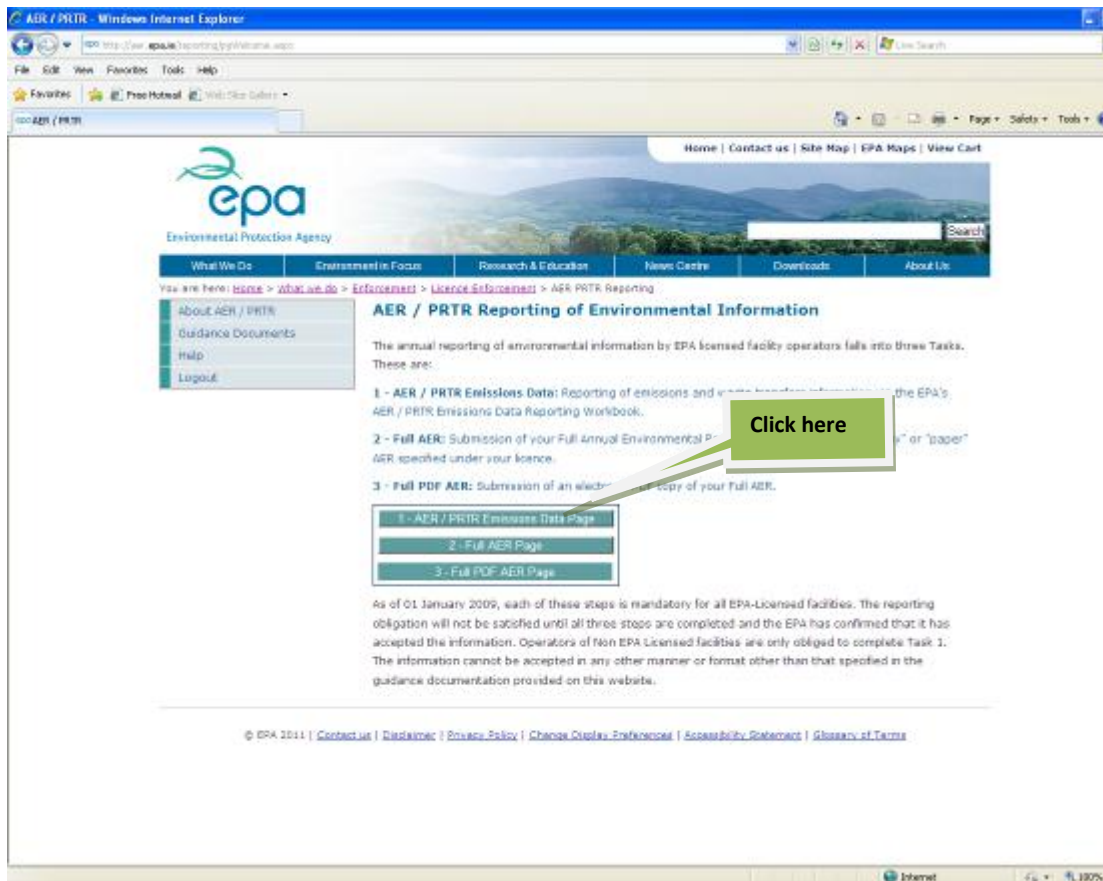


Fig. 1.3 – The welcome page

- Click the *1- AER/PRTR Emissions Data Page* button.
- The download page will be displayed.



Fig. 1.4 – The Emission Data Download / Upload Page

- Press the AER/PRTR Emissions Data Download Page

1.2 Downloading the Configured Excel Workbook

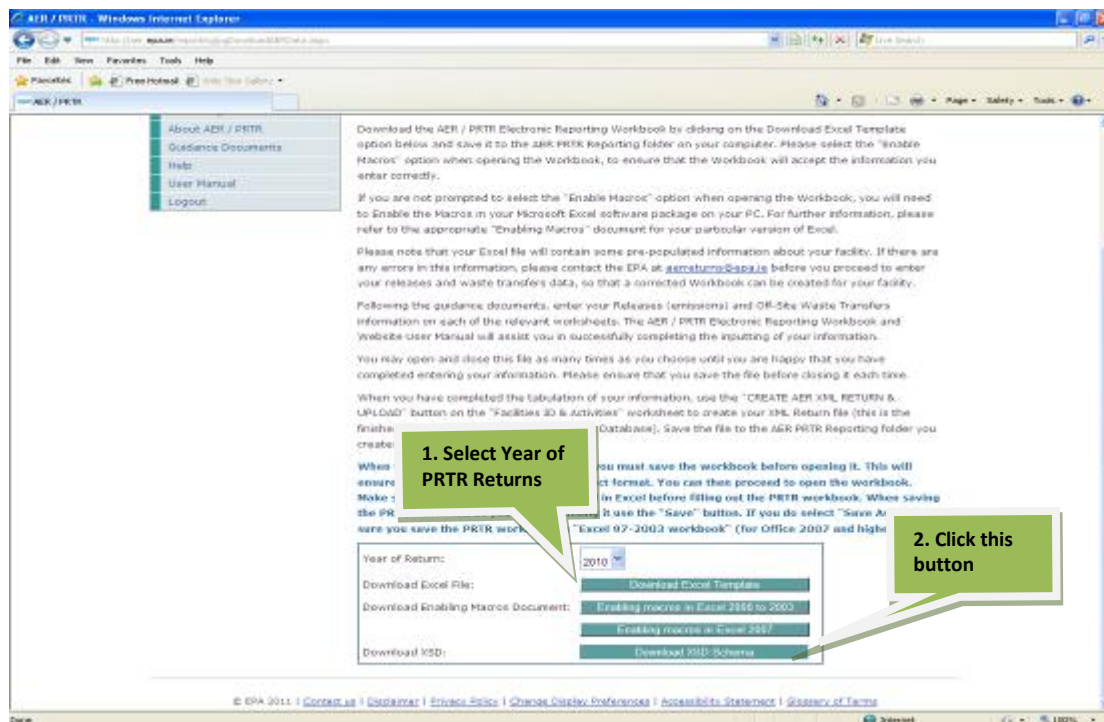


Fig. 1.5 – The PRTR Workbook Download page

- Select required Reporting Year.
- Click the Download Excel Template button.
- Please wait while the Excel file is being configured. *
- **You will then be presented with a Save As dialog box**

* Please be patient during this time as the configuration process may take a few moments.

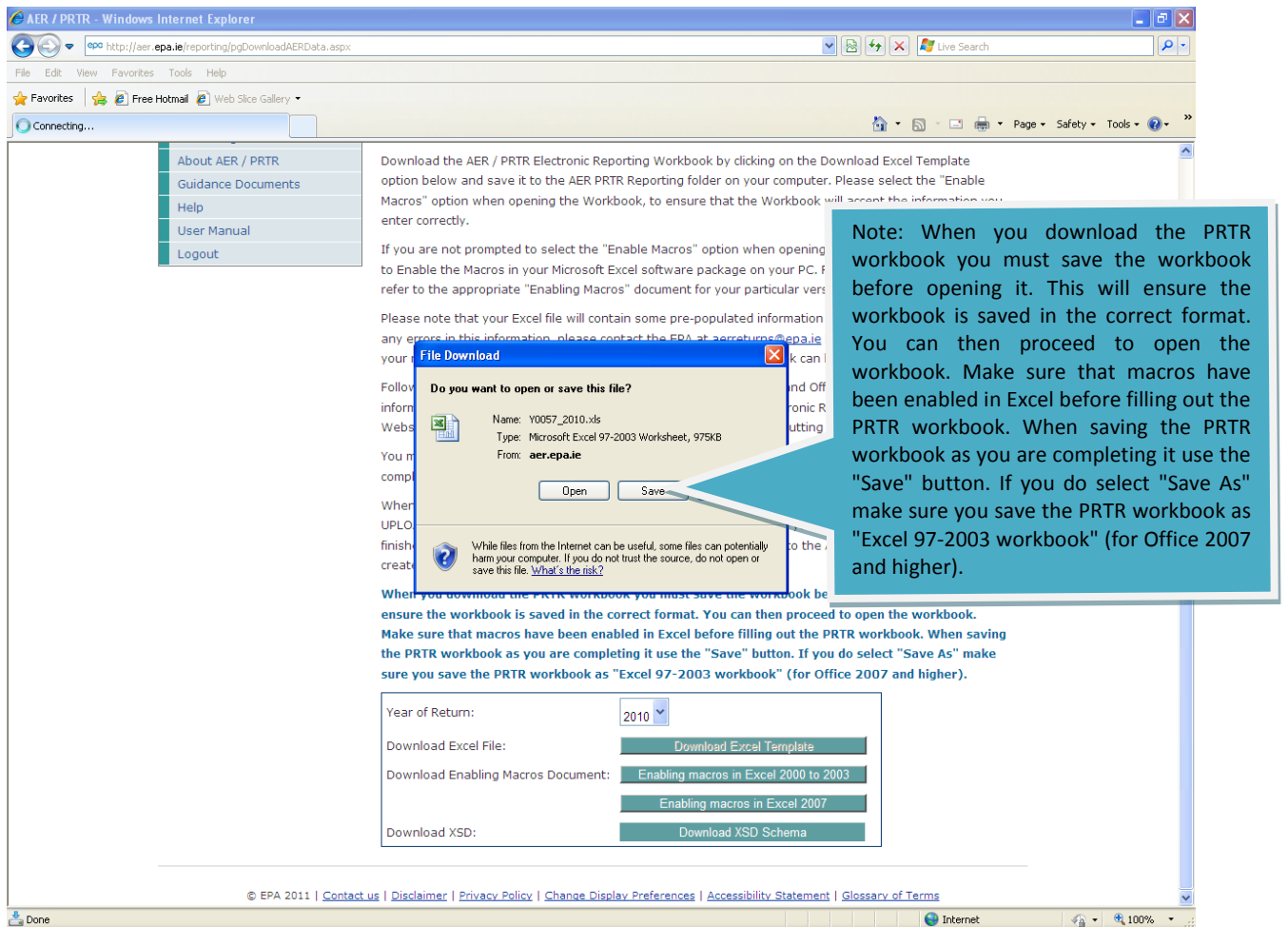


Fig. 1.5 – Saving the Excel file

- Click the Save button and save the file to your computer.
- You can now open the Excel file on your computer and begin filling in your return information (See section on Excel sheet for details)

1.3 Downloading the XSD Schema

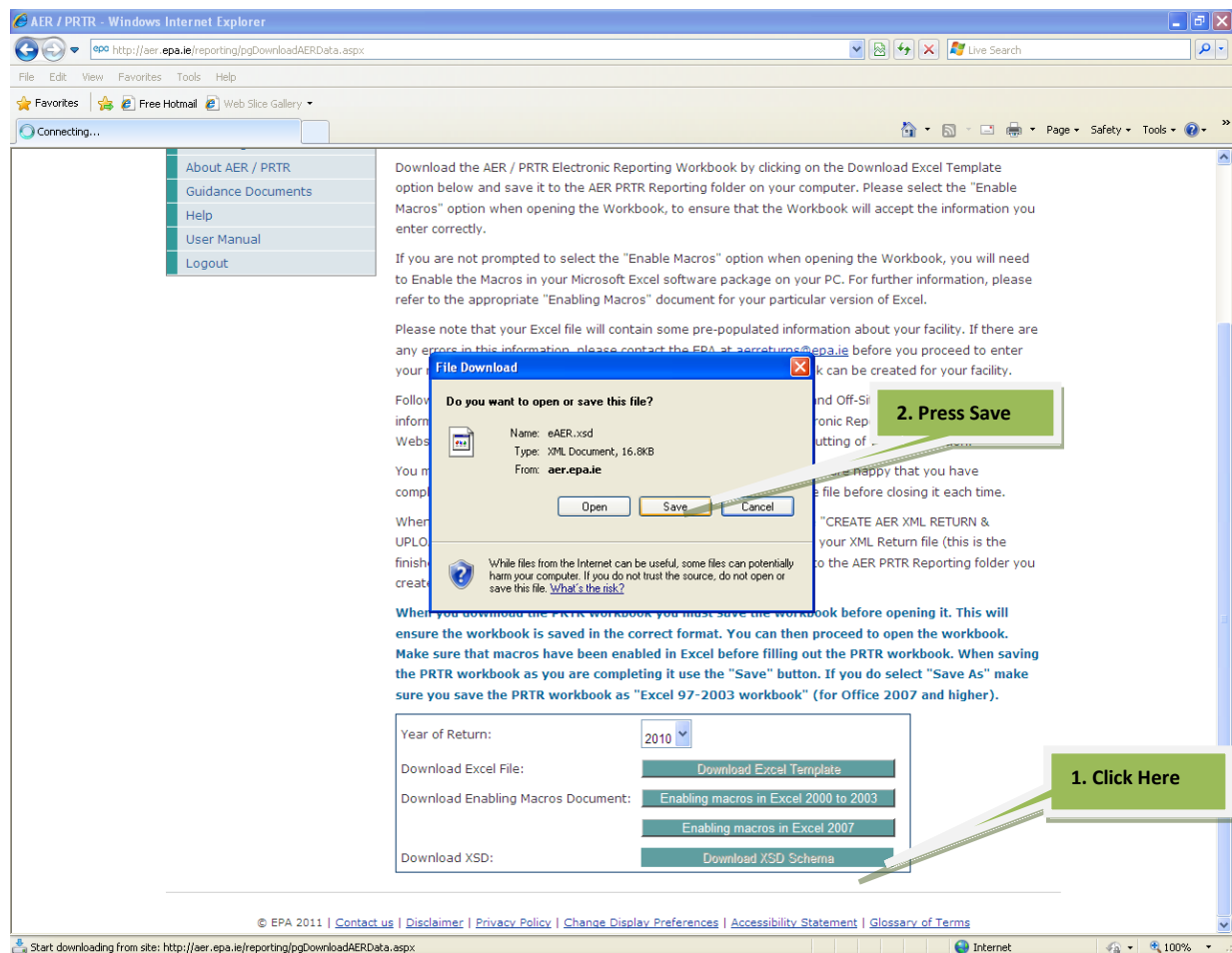


Fig. 1.6 – Saving the XSD file

- Click the Download XSD Schema button.
- **You will be presented with a Save As dialog box**
- **Click the Save button and save the file on your computer.**

2.0 The Excel Workbook

2.1 Introduction

The AER Returns Excel workbook is divided into numerous worksheets. The first group of worksheets form the AER return once filled in by the licensee. The remaining worksheets provide reference material to assist in the filling out of the data.

Help can also be found within the Excel sheet by either clicking on the HELP button or by hovering your mouse over the red triangle in cells that include comments.

Please note Facility contact details will no longer be auto-populated. The facility will have to enter these details into their workbook annually

The screenshot shows the 'AER Returns Worksheet' in Microsoft Excel. The worksheet is divided into several sections:

- Reference Year:** A green cell containing '2006'.
- 1. FACILITY IDENTIFICATION:** Fields for Facility Name (John Smith Ltd), PRTR Identification Number (A0013), Licence Number (P0164-01), Waste or IPPC Classes of Activity (class_name), Address 1 (North Main Street), Address 2 (Bagnelstown), City/Town/Village (Carlow), Postal Code, Country (Carlow), Coordinates of Location (0.000), River Basin District, NACE Code (O111), Main Economic Activity (Growing of cereals (except rice), leguminous crops and oil seeds), Production Volume, Number of Installations (0), Number of Operating Hours in Year (0), Number of Employees (0), User Feedback/Comments, and Web Address.
- 2. PRTR CLASS ACTIVITIES:** Fields for Activity Number, Activity Name (Mineral oil and gas refineries, Cement clinker or lime in other furnaces), and a comment field.
- 3. SOLVENTS DIRECTIVE:** Fields for 'Is it applicable?' (No) and 'Have you been granted an exemption?' (No), with a comment field.
- Buttons:** PRINT THIS SHEET, HELP, and CREATE AER XML RETURN & UPLOAD.
- Workbook Tabs:** Facility ID & Activities, Releases to Air, Releases to Water, etc.

Callout boxes provide additional information:

- Reference Year for return being made:** Points to the '2006' cell.
- Facility details:** Points to the facility identification fields.
- Waste or IPPC Classes of Activity details:** Points to the 'class_name' field.
- Facility details (continued):** Points to the address and location fields.
- PRTR Class Activities for facility:** Points to the PRTR class activities section.
- Solvents Directive details:** Points to the solvents directive section.
- Print, Help and Upload buttons:** Points to the bottom buttons.
- Workbook tabs for return sections and reference (see details below):** Points to the bottom tabs.
- Cell-specific help (red triangle):** Points to a red triangle in a cell.

Fig. 2.1 – The AER workbook

2.2 Facility ID & Activities Sheet

Main Economic Activity (rearing of poultry)	
AER Returns Contact Name	
AER Returns Contact Email Address	
AER Returns Contact Position	
AER Returns Contact Telephone Number	
AER Returns Contact Mobile Phone Number	
AER Returns Contact Fax Number	
Production Volume	0.0
Production Volume Units	
Number of Installations	0
Number of Operating Hours in Year	0
Number of Employees	0
User Feedback/Comments	
Web Address	

Fill out this section for Contact & Facility Details

2. PRTR CLASS ACTIVITIES

Activity Number	Activity Name
7(a)(i)	Installations for the intensive rearing of poultry or pigs (i)

3. SOLVENTS REGULATIONS (S.I. No. 543 of 2002)

Is it applicable?	
Have you been granted an exemption?	
If applicable which activity class applies (as per Schedule 2 of the regulations)?	
Is the reduction scheme compliance route being used?	

Fill out this section for Solvents Directive

4. WASTE IMPORTED/ACCEPTED ONTO SITE

[Guidance on waste imported/accepted onto site](#)

Do you import/accept waste onto your site for on-site treatment (either recovery or disposal activities)?	
---	--

Fill out this section for waste imported/ accepted onto site

This question is only applicable if you are an IPPC or Quarry site

Fig. 2.2 – Facility ID & Activities Sheet

This worksheet contains Licensee-specific information about the facility making the return. Most of this sheet will have been pre-filled when you downloaded the file from the website. This will only leave certain areas to be filled out. The following areas should be filled out on this worksheet:

- Production Volume *
- Production Volume Units
- Number of Installations *
- Number of Operating Hours in Year *
- Number of Employees *
- User Feedback/Comments
- Web Address

* If you cannot fill in these sections then please ensure that the cell contains a default value of 0 rather than blank – Otherwise your upload may be rejected.

You should also fill out Section 3 - Solvents Directive and Section 4 on waste imported/accepted onto site.

Please examine all pre-entered data to ensure that it is correct. You will need to inform the EPA if anything should be altered.

2.3 Releases to Air Sheet

Click on the “Releases to Air” tab of the workbook to display the sheet. This worksheet allows you to enter any pollutants that are released to air.

The screenshot shows the 'Releases to Air' worksheet in Excel. The worksheet is organized into three main sections for data entry:

- Section A: SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS** - This section contains a table with columns for 'POLLUTANT', 'METHOD', and 'ADD EMISSION POINT'. A callout box points to a link labeled 'Link to previous Years Emissions to Air'.
- Section B: REMAINING PRTR POLLUTANTS** - This section contains a similar table for remaining PRTR pollutants. A callout box points to it with the label 'Section B PRTR pollutants'.
- Section C: REMAINING POLLUTANT EMISSIONS (As required in your License)** - This section contains a table for licensed pollutants. A callout box points to it with the label 'Section C Licensed pollutants'.

Below these sections is a section for **Additional Data Requested from Landfill operators**. It includes a table for Landfill data with columns: 'T (Total) kg/Year', 'MUE', 'Method Used', 'Designation or Description', and 'Facility Total Capacity (mt3 per hour)'. A callout box points to this section with the label 'Landfill Operators additional information'.

At the bottom of the sheet, there are buttons for 'PRINT THIS SHEET' and 'HELP'. A callout box points to the 'Releases to Air' tab in the Excel ribbon with the instruction 'Click on this tab to display the sheet'.

Fig. 2.3 – Releases to Air Sheet

- Based on your Class Activities, the PRTR pollutants list will be divided into two sections (Section A and B)
- Section A represents sector-specific pollutants, which apply to air and are based on your class activities
- Section B represents all remaining pollutants that could be released to air but are not contained in Section A
- This division of pollutants allows for quicker and more intuitive filling out of the worksheet as pollutants are grouped by priority
- The third section (Section C) provides an area to fill in licensed pollutants
- An additional section for Landfill operators must be filled out also
- Enter a Total KG/Year, Method used details and the Facility Total Capacity as appropriate
- Each section is filled in the same manner
- Begin by selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list under the pollutant section
- When you select a pollutant the pollutant number and name will appear in the corresponding cells

- Fill in the method used section of the worksheet by selecting a method from the dropdown list. Only Measured, Calculated or Estimated are the values that can be entered here
- The Method code field is not free text and you must double click on the cell to select a relevant method code.
- The Designation or Description is a free text cell.

You must enter a value into all of these cells under the Method Used section or you will receive an error when you attempt to create the XML return file for uploading.

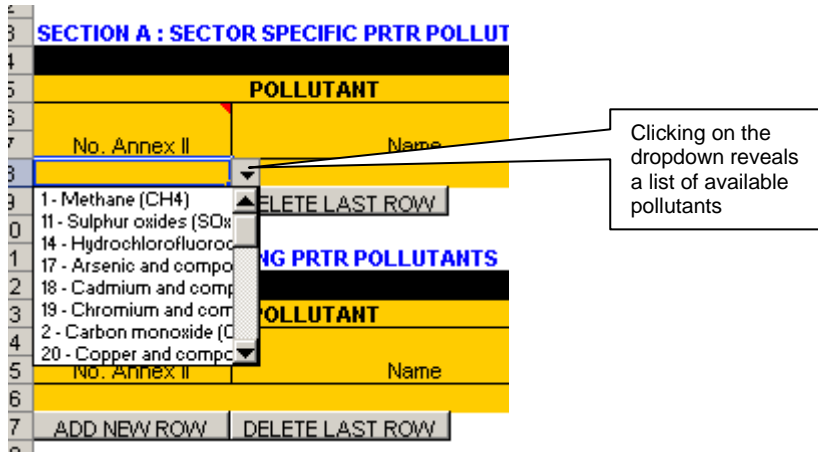


Fig. 2.4 – Selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

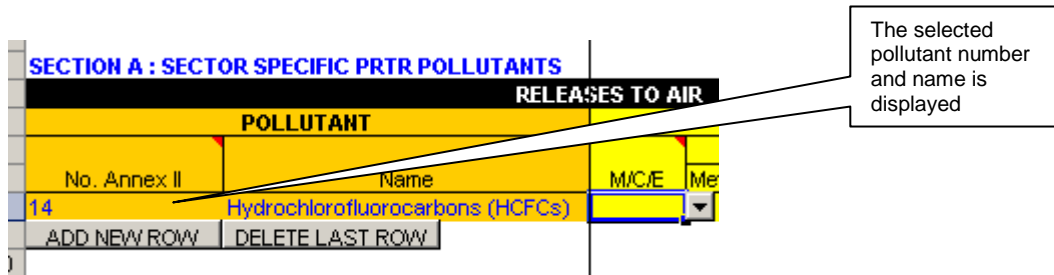


Fig. 2.5 – After selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

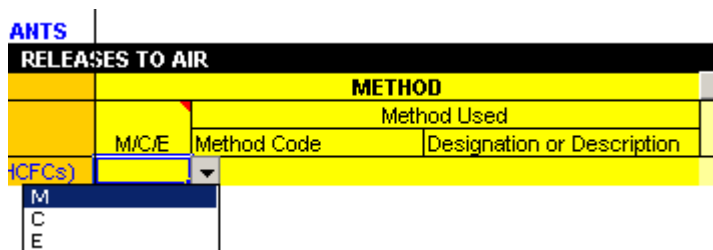


Fig. 2.6 – Filling in the Method Used section

- Next, enter the quantities of release for this pollutant under Emission Point 1. This will appear in the Total Quantity cell also. Quantities are expressed in KGs per year.

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	0	0	0

Fig. 2.7 – Filling in the release quantities

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	500	500	0

Fig. 2.8 – Filling in the release quantities (continued)

- If any Accidental or Fugitive releases for this pollutant are applicable then enter these under the Accidental or Fugitive section, otherwise leave these as 0

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	500	535	25

Fig. 2.9 – Filling in the Accidental and Fugitive quantities (optional)

- If you have releases from more than one Emission Point then you can add additional points by clicking on the **ADD EMISSION POINT** button. This will add an additional Emission Point column to the right of the last one (A maximum of 9 points can be used).

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY				
Emission Point 1	Emission Point 2	Emission Point 3	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
500	0	0	535	25	10

Fig. 2.10 – Adding additional Emission Points

- The Accidental and Fugitive quantities represent the totals for ALL emission points and not one particular point
- You can also enter comments or a description of each emission point in the grey cell over the emission point.
- In order to add another pollutant in a particular section you must click the ADD NEW ROW button

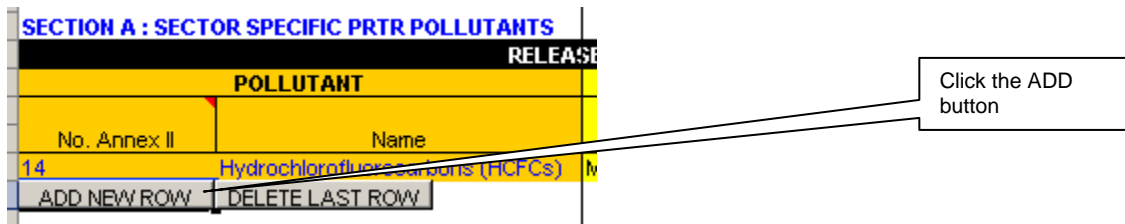


Fig. 2.11 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 1

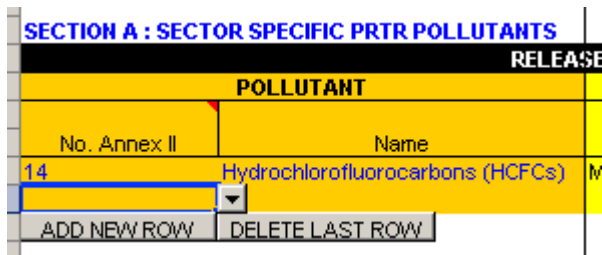


Fig. 2.12 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 2

- If you have made a mistake and wish to remove the last row entered then click the DELETE LAST ROW button in the relevant section

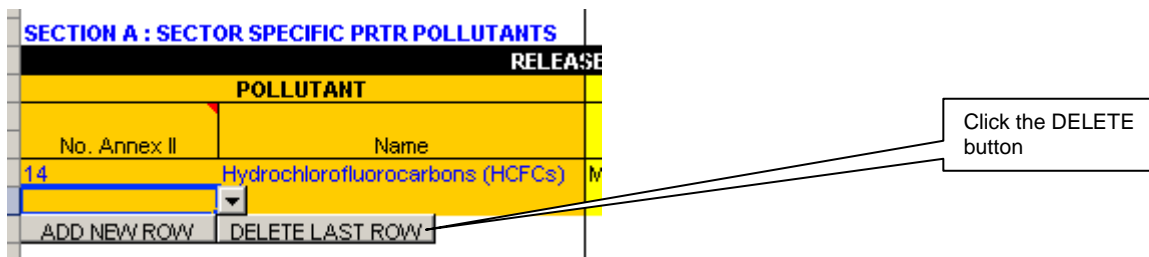


Fig. 2.13 – Deleting a row: Step 1

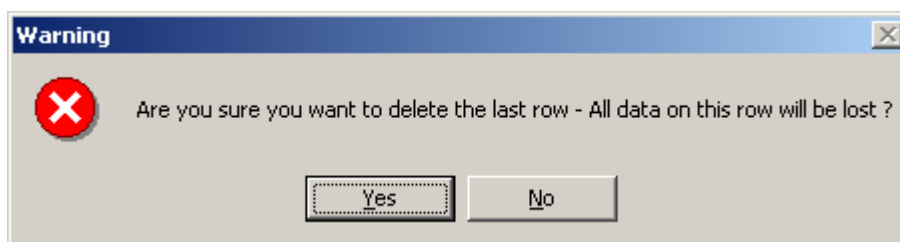


Fig. 2.14 – Deleting a row: Step 2

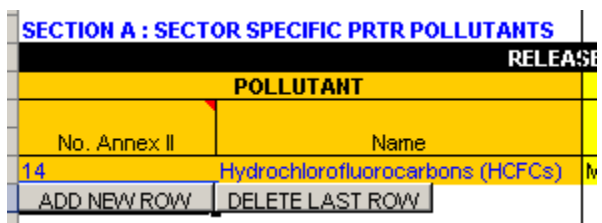


Fig. 2.15 – Deleting a row: Step 3

- If you do not have any releases for a particular section then do not enter any pollutant or related data into the section - leave it blank
- You cannot enter the same pollutant more than once in a particular section.

2.4 Releases to Waters Sheet

- Click on the “Releases to Waters” tab of the workbook to display the sheet. This worksheet allows you to enter any pollutants that are released to water

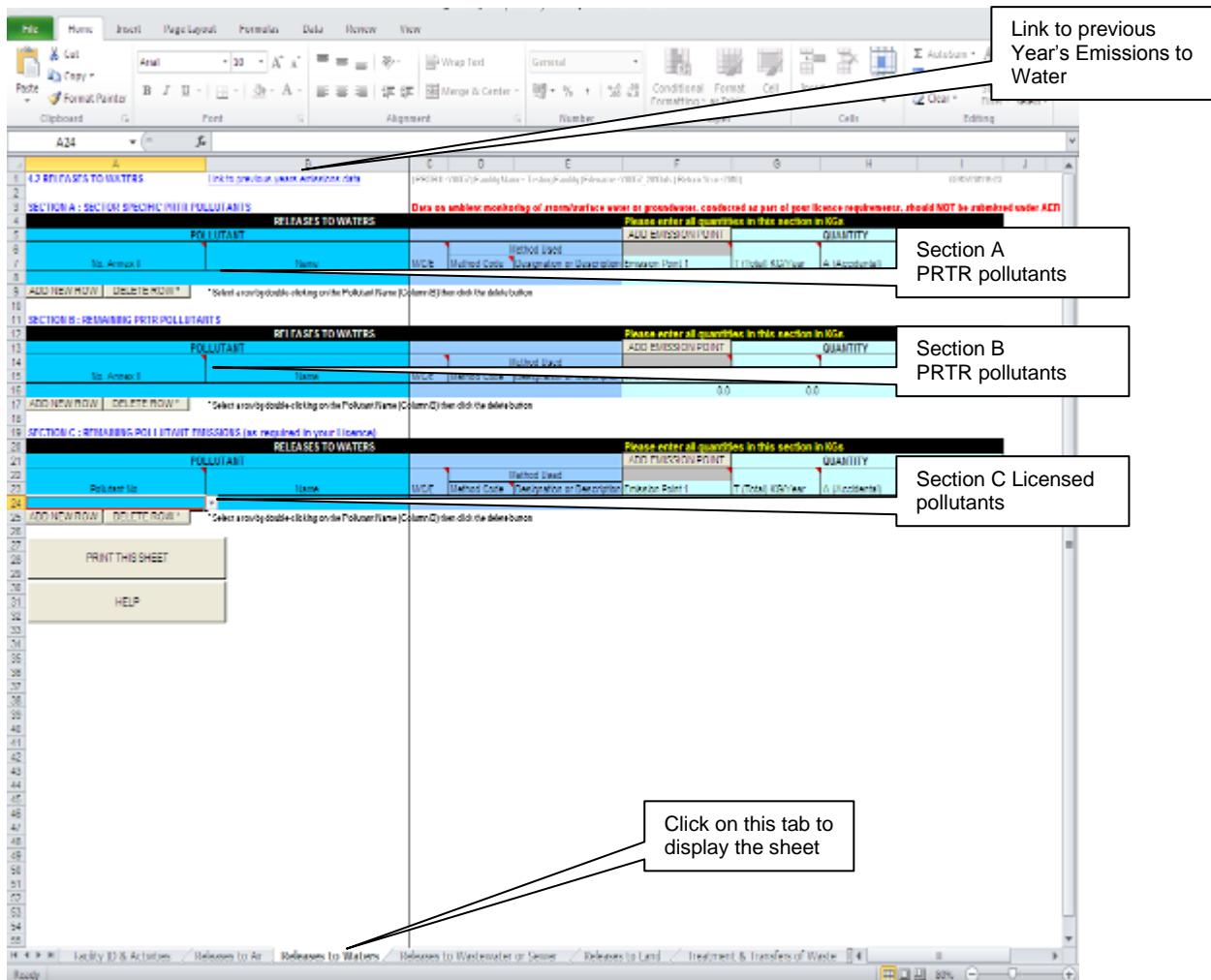


Fig. 2.16 – Releases to Waters Sheet

- Based on your Class Activities the PRTR pollutants list will be divided into two sections (Section A and B)
- Section A represents sector-specific pollutants, which apply to water and are based on your class activities
- Section B represents all remaining pollutants that could be released to water but are not contained in Section A
- This division of pollutants allows for quicker and more intuitive filling out of the worksheet as pollutants are grouped by priority
- The third section (Section C) provides an area to fill in licensed pollutants
- Each section is filled in the same manner
- Begin by selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list under the pollutant section
- When you select a pollutant the pollutant number and name will appear in the corresponding cells

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATER			
POLLUTANT			
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method
12 - Total nitrogen			
13 - Total phosphorus			
17 - Arsenic and compounds			
18 - Cadmium and compounds			
19 - Chromium and compounds			
20 - Copper and compounds			
21 - Mercury and compounds			
22 - Nickel and compounds			

Clicking on the dropdown reveals a list of available pollutants

Fig. 2.17 – Selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATER			
POLLUTANT			
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method
19	Chromium and compounds		

The selected pollutant number and name is displayed

Fig. 2.18 – After selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

- Fill in the method used section of the worksheet by selecting a method from the dropdown list. Only Measured, Calculated or Estimated are the values that can be entered here
- The Method code field is not free text and you must double click on the cell to select a relevant method code.
- The Designation or Description is a free text cell.

You must enter a value into all of these cells under the Method Used section or you will receive an error when you attempt to create the XML return file for uploading.

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATER			
POLLUTANT			
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method
19	Chromium and compounds		

Fig. 2.19 – Filling in the Method Used section

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATER			
POLLUTANT			
No. Annex II	Name	M/C/E	Method
		Method Code	Designation or Description
19	Chromium and compounds	M	PER test description

Fig. 2.20 – Filling in the Method Used section (continued)

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANT	
POLLUTANT	
No. Annex II	Name
19	Chromium and compounds
<input type="button" value="ADD NEW ROW"/> <input type="button" value="DELETE LAST ROW"/>	

Click the ADD button

Fig. 2.25 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 1

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATERS			
POLLUTANT		M/C/E	Methc
No. Annex II	Name		
19	Chromium and compounds	M	PER
<input type="button" value="ADD NEW ROW"/> <input type="button" value="DELETE LAST ROW"/>			

Fig. 2.26 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 2

- If you have made a mistake and wish to remove the last row entered then click the DELETE LAST ROW button in the relevant section.

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANTS			
RELEASES TO WATERS			
POLLUTANT		M/C/E	Methc
No. Annex II	Name		
19	Chromium and compounds	M	PER
<input type="button" value="ADD NEW ROW"/> <input type="button" value="DELETE LAST ROW"/>			

Click the DELETE button

Fig. 2.27 – Deleting a row: Step 1

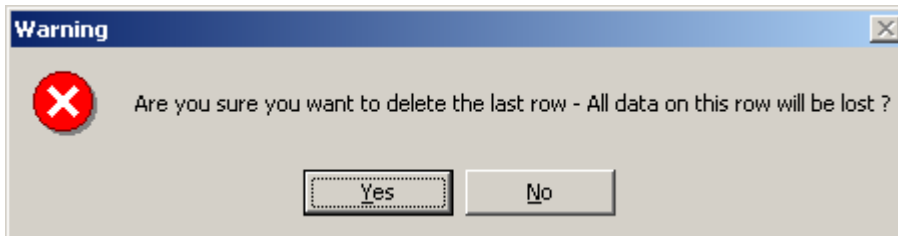


Fig. 2.28 – Deleting a row: Step 2

SECTION A : SECTOR SPECIFIC PRTR POLLUTANT	
POLLUTANT	
No. Annex II	Name
19	Chromium and compounds
<input type="button" value="ADD NEW ROW"/> <input type="button" value="DELETE LAST ROW"/>	

Fig. 2.29 – Deleting a row: Step 3

- If you do not have any releases for a particular section then do not enter any pollutant or related data into the section - leave it blank
- You cannot enter the same pollutant more than once in a particular section.

2.5 Offsite Transfers of Pollutants

- Click on the “Offsite Transfers of Pollutants” tab of the workbook to display the sheet. This worksheet allows you to enter any pollutants that are transferred offsite and are destined for wastewater treatment or sewer.

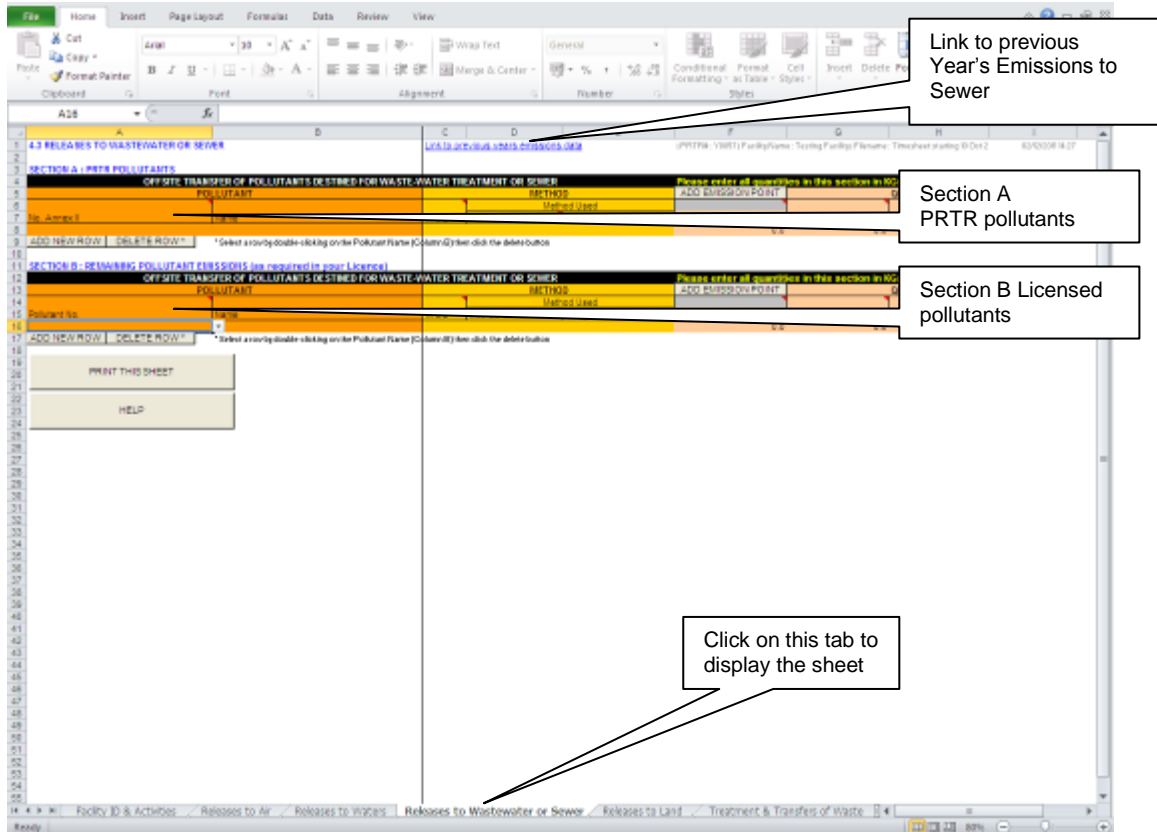


Fig. 2.30 – Offsite Transfers Sheet

- This worksheet is divided into two sections (Section A and B). Section A represents PRTR pollutants while section B represents Licensed pollutants
- Each section is filled in the same manner
- Begin by selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list under the pollutant section
- When you select a pollutant the pollutant number and name will appear in the corresponding cells

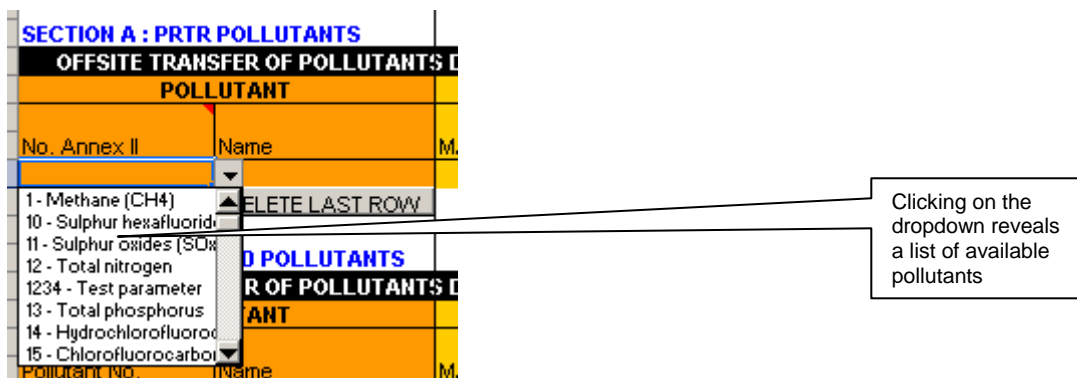


Fig. 2.31 – Selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

SECTION A : PRTR POLLUTANTS		
OFFSITE TRANSFER OF POLLUTANTS DESTINED FOR WASTE-WATER TREATMENT OR SEWER		
POLLUTANT		
No. Annex II	Name	Method
10	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	M
ADD NEW ROW		DELETE LAST ROW

The selected pollutant number and name is displayed

Fig. 2.32 – After selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

- Fill in the method used section of the worksheet by selecting a method from the dropdown list. Only Measured, Calculated or Estimated are the values that can be entered here
- The Method code field is not free text and you must double click on the cell to select a relevant method code.
- The Designation or Description is a free text cell.

You must enter a value into all of these cells under the Method Used section or you will receive an error when you attempt to create the XML return file for uploading.

POLLUTANTS DESTINED FOR WASTE-WATER TREATMENT OR SEWER		
METHOD		
M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description
M	PER	test description

Fig. 2.33 – Filling in the Method Used section

POLLUTANTS DESTINED FOR WASTE-WATER TREATMENT OR SEWER		
METHOD		
M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description
M	PER	test description

Fig. 2.34 – Filling in the Method Used section (continued)

- Next, enter the quantities of release for this pollutant under Emission Point 1. This will appear in the Total Quantity cell also Quantities are expressed in KGs per year.

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	0	0	0

Fig. 2.35 – Filling in the release quantities

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	320	320	0

Fig. 2.36 – Filling in the release quantities (continued)

- If any Accidental or Fugitive releases for this pollutant are applicable then enter these under the Accidental or Fugitive section, otherwise leave these as 0

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
	320	355	20
			15

Fig. 2.37 – Filling in the Accidental and Fugitive quantities (optional)

- If you have releases from more than one Emission Point then you can add additional points by clicking on the **ADD EMISSION POINT** button. This will add an additional Emission Point column to the right of the last one (A maximum of 9 points can be used)

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY				
Emission Point 1	Emission Point 2	Emission Point 3	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year	F (Fugitive) KG/Year
320	0	0	355	20	15

Fig. 2.38 – Adding additional Emission Points

- The Accidental and Fugitive quantities represent the totals for ALL emission points and not one particular point.
- You can also enter comments or a description of each emission point in the grey cell over the emission point.
- In order to add another pollutant in a particular section you must click the ADD NEW ROW button

SECTION A : PRTR POLLUTANTS		
OFFSITE TRANSFER OF POLLUTANTS DES		
POLLUTANT		
No. Annex II	Name	M
10	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	M
ADD NEW ROW		DELETE LAST ROW

Click the ADD button

Fig. 2.39 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 1

SECTION A : PRTR POLLUTANTS		
OFFSITE TRANSFER OF POLLUTANTS DES		
POLLUTANT		
No. Annex II	Name	M
10	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	M
ADD NEW ROW		DELETE LAST ROW

Fig. 2.40 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 2

- If you have made a mistake and wish to remove the last row entered then click the DELETE LAST ROW button in the relevant section

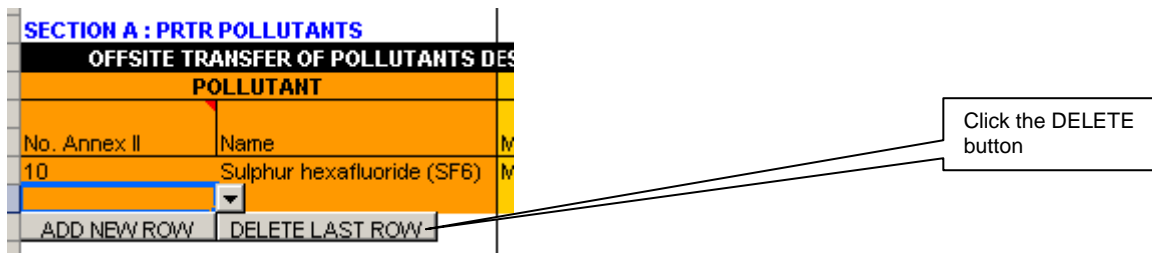


Fig. 2.41 – Deleting a row: Step 1

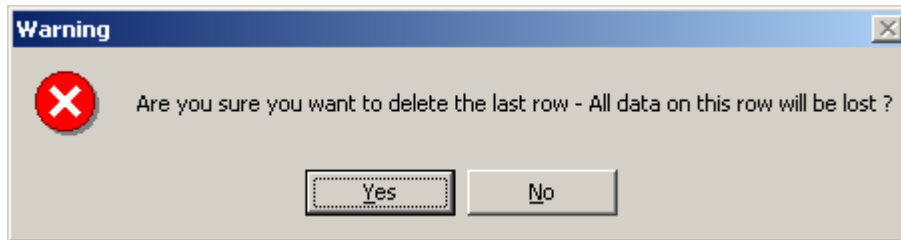


Fig. 2.42 – Deleting a row: Step 2

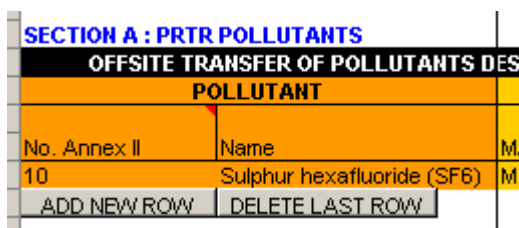


Fig. 2.43 – Deleting a row: Step 3

- If you do not have any releases for a particular section then do not enter any pollutant or related data into the section - leave it blank
- You cannot enter the same pollutant more than once in a particular section.

2.6 Releases to Land

These activities are not currently employed in Ireland. Therefore, although a page has been made available in the Workbook for the reporting of releases to land to cater for future developments, it is currently not expected that any operation in Ireland will report under this category. This worksheet is locked and you are not able to input data on it.

- Click on the “Releases to Land” tab of the workbook to display the sheet. This worksheet allows you to enter any pollutants that are released to land

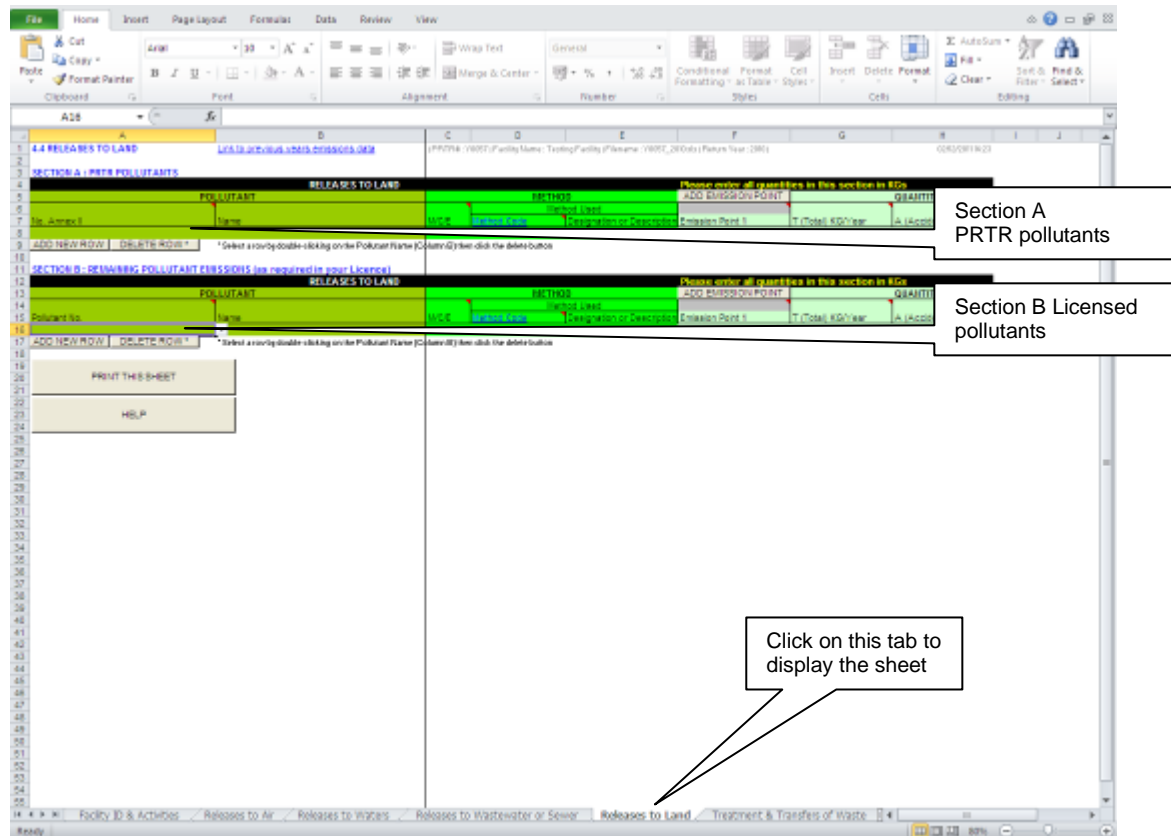


Fig. 2.44 – Releases to Land Sheet

- This worksheet is divided into two sections (Section A and B). Section A represents PRTR pollutants while section B represents Licensed pollutants
- Each section is filled in the same manner
- Begin by selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list under the pollutant section
- When you select a pollutant the pollutant number and name will appear in the corresponding cells

SECTION A : PRTR POLLUTANTS		
POLLUTANT		RE
No. Annex II	Name	M/
1 - Methane (CH4)		
10 - Sulphur hexafluoride		
11 - Sulphur oxides (SOx)		
12 - Total nitrogen		
1234 - Test parameter		
13 - Total phosphorus		
14 - Hydrochlorofluorocarbon		
15 - Chlorofluorocarbon		
Pollutant NO.	Name	M/

Clicking on the dropdown reveals a list of available pollutants

Fig. 2.45 – Selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

SECTION A : PRTR POLLUTANTS		
POLLUTANT		RE
No. Annex II	Name	M/
46	Mirex	
ADD NEW ROW	DELETE LAST ROW	

The selected pollutant number and name is displayed

Fig. 2.46 – After selecting a pollutant from the dropdown list

- Fill in the method used section of the worksheet by selecting a method from the dropdown list. Only Measured, Calculated or Estimated are the values that can be entered here
- The Method code field is not free text and you must double click on the cell to select a relevant method code.
- The Designation or Description is a free text cell.

You must enter a value into all of these cells under the Method Used section or you will receive an error when you attempt to create the XML return file for uploading.

RELEASURES TO LAND			
METHOD			
Name	M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description
Mirex			
M			
C			
E			

Fig. 2.47 – Filling in the Method Used section

RELEASURES TO LAND			
METHOD			
Name	M/C/E	Method Code	Designation or Description
Mirex		PER	Test description
ADD NEW ROW	DELETE LAST ROW		

Fig. 2.48 – Filling in the Method Used section (continued)

- Next, enter the quantities of release for this pollutant under Emission Point 1. This will appear in the Total Quantity cell also. Quantities are expressed in KGs per year.

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY	
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year
	0	0

Fig. 2.49 – Filling in the release quantities

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY	
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year
	145	145
		0

Fig. 2.50 – Filling in the release quantities (continued)

- If any Accidental releases for this pollutant are applicable then enter these under the Accidental section, otherwise leave these as 0

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY	
Emission Point 1	T (Total) KG/Year	A (Accidental) KG/Year
	145	175
		30

Fig. 2.51 – Filling in the Accidental quantity (optional)

- If you have releases from more than one Emission Point then you can add additional points by clicking on the **ADD EMISSION POINT** button. This will add an additional Emission Point column to the right of the last one (A maximum of 9 points can be used)

ADD EMISSION POINT	QUANTITY		
Emission Point 1	Emission Point 2	Emission Point 3	T (Total) KG/Year
			A (Accidental) KG/Year
	145	0	175
		0	30

Fig. 2.52 – Adding additional Emission Points

- The Accidental quantities represent the totals for ALL emission points and not one particular point.
- You can also enter comments or a description of each emission point in the grey cell over the emission point.

- In order to add another pollutant in a particular section you must click the ADD NEW ROW button.

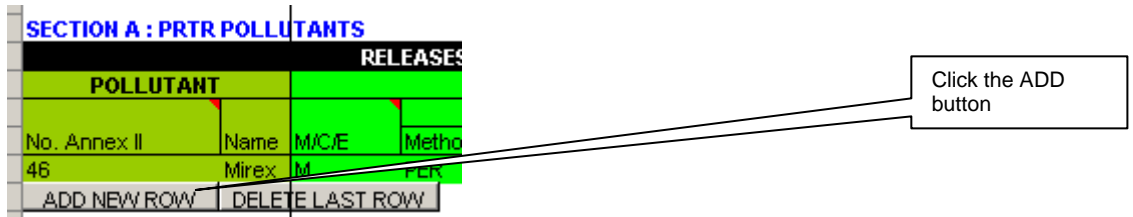


Fig. 2.53 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 1

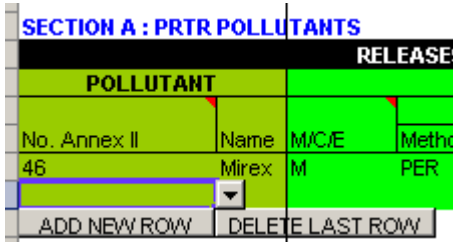


Fig. 2.54 – Adding a new row to enter another pollutant: Step 2

- If you have made a mistake and wish to remove the last row entered then click the DELETE LAST ROW button in the relevant section

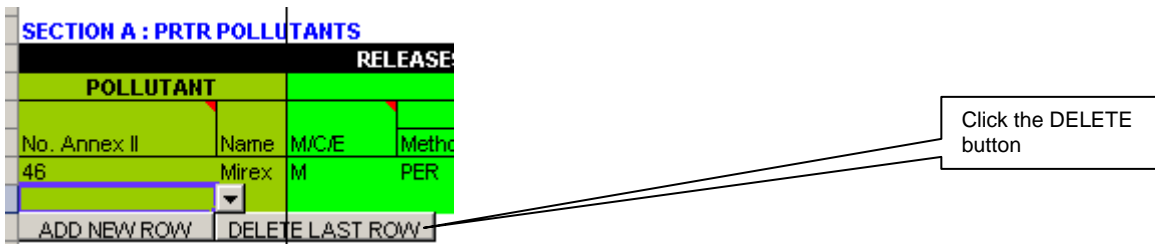


Fig. 2.55 – Deleting a row: Step 1

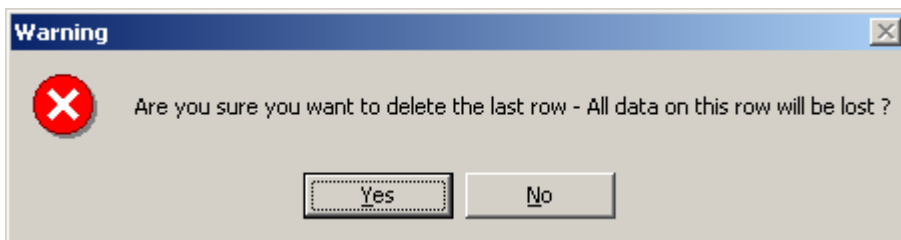


Fig. 2.56 – Deleting a row: Step 2

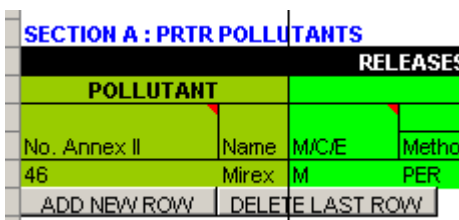


Fig. 2.57 – Deleting a row: Step 3

- If you do not have any releases for a particular section then do not enter any pollutant or related data into the section - leave it blank
- You cannot enter the same pollutant more than once in a particular section.

2.7 Treatment & Transfers of Waste

- Click on the “Treatment & Transfers of Waste” tab of the workbook to display the sheet. This worksheet allows you to enter onsite treatment and offsite transfers of waste.

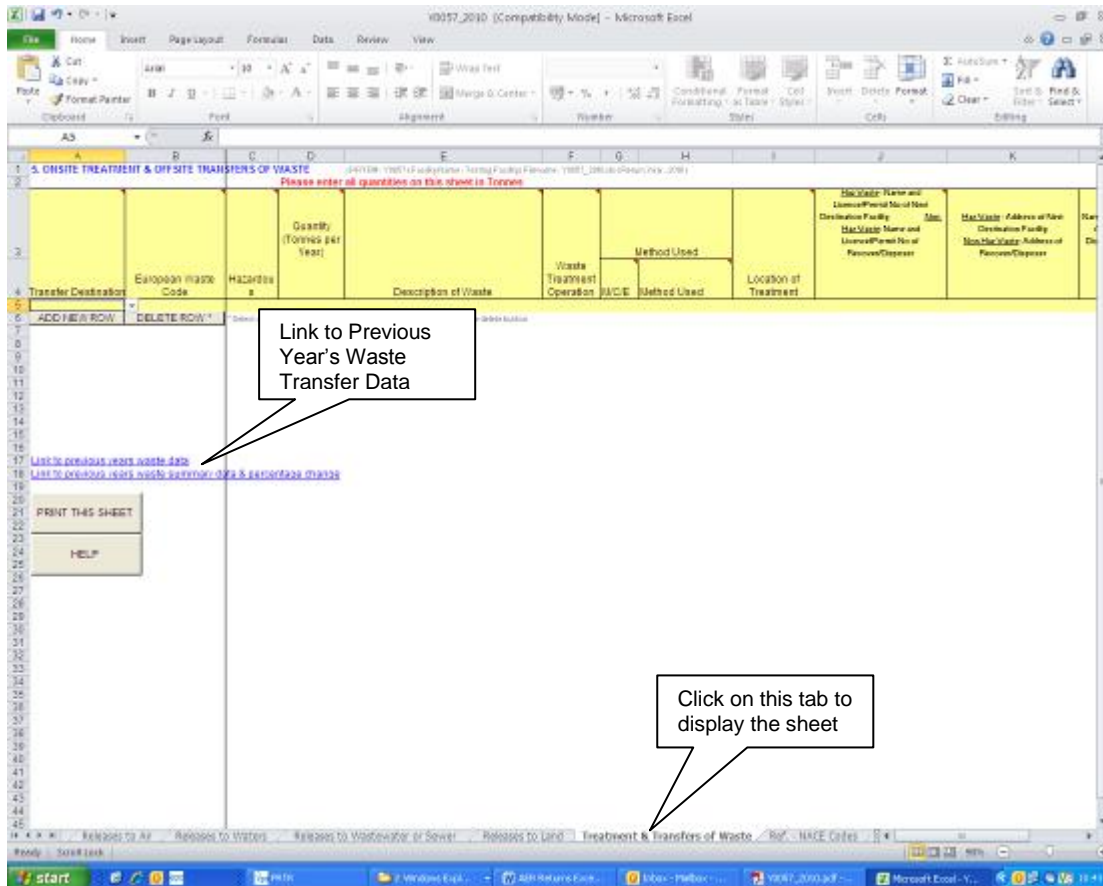


Fig. 2.58 – Treatment & Transfers of Waste Sheet

- Begin by selecting the transfer destination from the dropdown list (valid entries are Within the Country or To Other Countries).

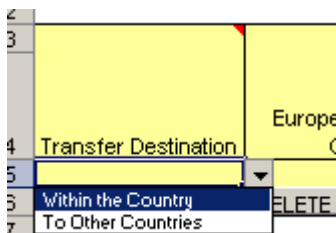


Fig. 2.59 – Selecting the Transfer Destination

- Next, select the EWC (European Waste Code) by double-clicking on the EWC cell for the record you are filling out.

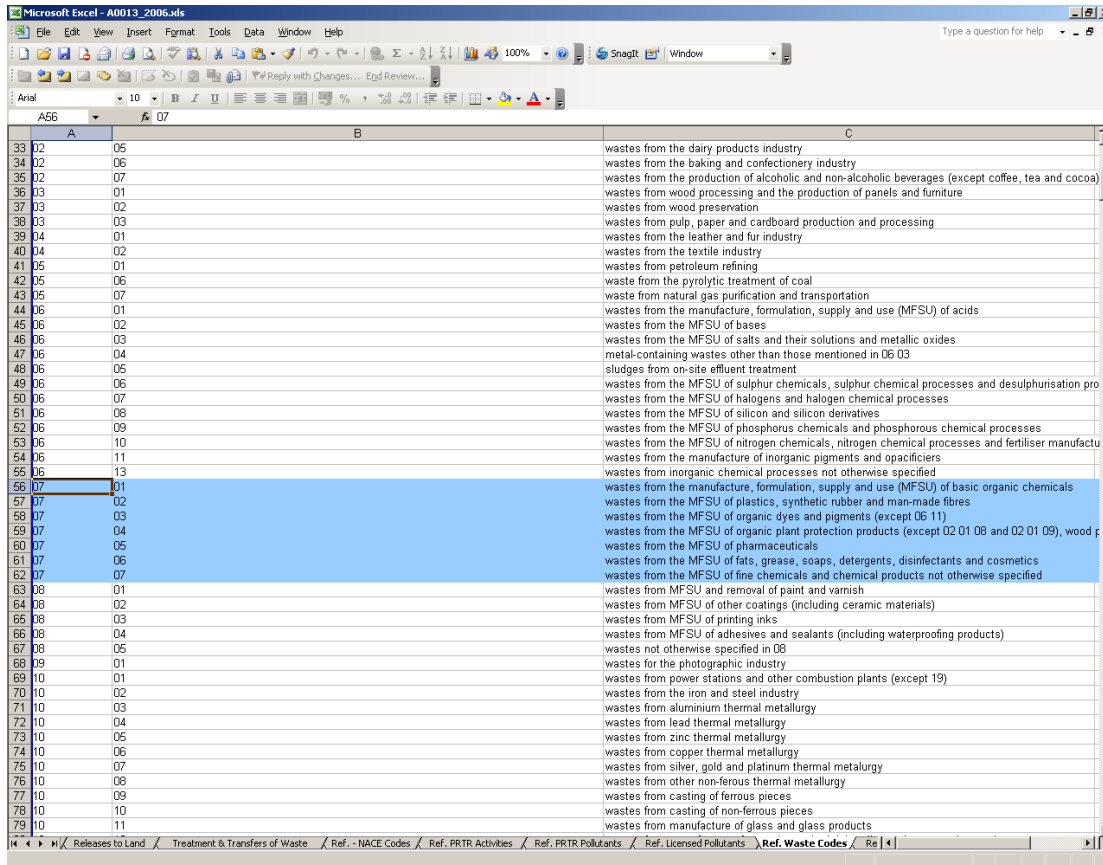


Fig. 2.62 – Navigating through the codes

- Appropriate codes for the selected values will be highlighted in blue.
- Repeat this for the subsequent levels to retrieve the full six-digit Waste Code.
- The code will then be returned to the Treatment & Transfers of Waste sheet that is being filled out.
- If you already know the full six digit EWC then just scroll down the Waste Reference sheet and double click on the six-digit code.
- The Hazardous value for the entered EWC will be displayed.

Transfer Destination	European Waste Code	Hazardous
Within the Country	07 03 04	Yes
ADD NEW ROW	DELETE LAST ROW	

Fig. 2.63 – After selecting the EWC

- Enter a quantity for the particular EWC (Tonnes/year). Please ensure that all weights are entered as wet weights.

Hazardous	Quantity T/Year
Yes	2000

Fig. 2.64 – Entering a Quantity

- The description of waste field will be auto-populated when you select the EWC code. If the description does not describe your waste stream accurately double click on the description cell. This allows you to enter the description manually. Generally your own accurate description of the waste can be more valuable than the generic EWC description and aids the validation process.

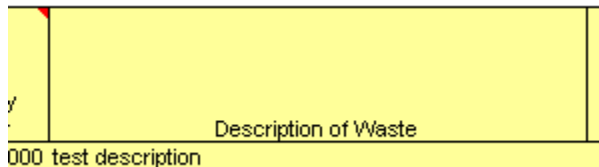


Fig. 2.65 – Entering a Description for the waste

- Select a Waste Treatment Operation by double-clicking on the cell under this section. The Waste Treatment Operation reference worksheet will be displayed.

RD Code	RD Description	RD Type
1	Landfill Deposit into or onto land, (e.g. landfill, etc.)	Disposal
2	D1 - deposit of overburden, waste rock and tailings on heaps in the extractive industry.	Disposal
3	D10 Incineration on land - municipal solid waste incineration plants for incineration of MSW, hazardous waste, sewage sludge, clinical waste, animal carcasses.	Disposal
4	D11 Incineration at sea This operation is prohibited by EU legislation and international conventions.	Disposal
5	D12 Permanent storage Permanent storage (e.g. emplacement of containers in a mine, etc.)	Disposal
6	D13 Blending or mixing prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D1-D12 - basic sorting activities; crushing and shredding of waste in order to reduce the volume of waste for transport or landfilling; mixing and blending of waste (e.g. mixing of similar wastes from different waste generators); homogenisation, conditioning and solidification	Disposal
7	D14 Repackaging prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D1-D13 - transfer and compaction of waste; packaging of asbestos	Disposal
8	D15 Storage pending any of the operations numbered D1-D14 Does not apply to storage of waste prior to collection at the site at which it was generated. Temporary storage of waste prior to disposal is limited to a period of <+1 year. Otherwise the provisions of the Landfill Directive apply (Directive 1999/31/EC, Article 2(g)).	Disposal
9	D2 Land treatment Land treatment, (e.g. biodegradation of liquid or sludgy discards in soils, etc.) - spreading of waste on land, often followed by the incorporation of the waste into the soil, which does not result in benefits to agriculture or other ecological improvements. Generally applies to non-hazardous sludge and liquid wastes, e.g. disposal of dredging sludge.	Disposal
10	D3 Injection Deep injection, (e.g. injection of pumpable discards into wells, salt domes of naturally occurring repositories, etc.) - injection of waste into natural and artificial cavities (e.g. salt domes, wells, mines), and porous formations of rock not covered by Directive 1999/31/EC.	Disposal
11	D4 Surface impoundment Surface impoundment, (e.g. placement of liquid or sludge discards into pits, ponds or lagoons, etc.) - the deposit of waste in natural or engineered ponds, pits or lagoons (impoundment), which is the predominant method for the management of tailings in mining operations; impoundment of dredging sludge.	Disposal
12	D5 Engineered landfill Specially engineered landfill, (e.g. placement into lined discrete cells which are capped and isolated from one another and the environment, etc.) - landfill for inert waste, non-hazardous waste and hazardous waste above ground.	Disposal
13	D6 Release to waters Release into a water body except seas/oceans - deposit of non-hazardous dredging sludge and other non-hazardous sludge in surface water including the bed and the subsoil. Release to sea Release into seas/oceans including sea-bed insertion - discharge of waste at sea in accordance with the OSPAR Convention (e.g. discharge of fish processing waste and inert materials of natural origin).	Disposal
14	D7 Biological treatment Biological treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1-D12	Disposal
15	D8 -biological-mechanical treatment of municipal waste; biological treatment of contaminated soil; sludges or mineral wastes, if followed by disposal Physico-chemical treatment Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1-D12 (e.g. evaporation, drying, calcination, neutralization, precipitation, etc.)	Disposal

Fig. 2.66 – The Recoverer/Disposer Codes reference sheet

- Select the appropriate code by double-clicking on it. The code will then be returned to the Treatment & Transfers of Waste sheet that is being filled out.

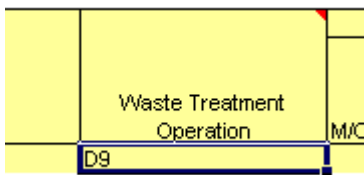


Fig. 2.67 – After selecting the Recoverer/Disposer code

- Select a method used from the dropdown lists in the Method Used section of the sheet.

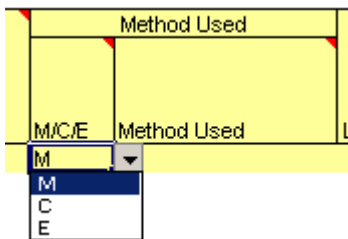


Fig. 2.68 – Entering a Method Used

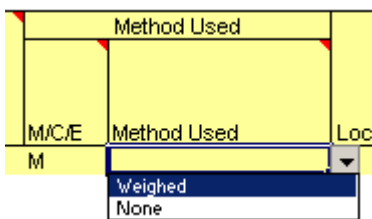


Fig. 2.69 – Entering a Method Used (continued)

- Select a Location of Treatment from the dropdown list (valid values are Onsite of Generation, Offsite in Ireland and Abroad).

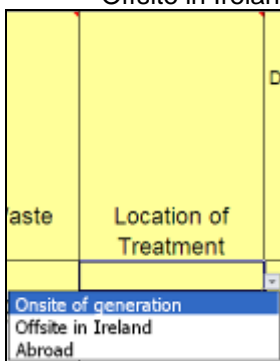


Fig. 2.70 – Selecting a Treatment Location

- If you select “Onsite of Generation” a pop-up box will appear explain when to use the treatment location “On-Site in Ireland”.



- Enter the name and licence/permit number of the next destination facility for hazardous waste, or the name and licence/permit number of the recoverer/disposer for non hazardous waste.
- Enter the address of the next destination facility (hazardous waste) or the recoverer/disposer (non hazardous waste).
- For hazardous waste, enter the name and licence/permit number and address of the final recoverer/disposer.
- For hazardous waste, enter the actual address of the final destination i.e. final recovery/disposal site.
- If you have reported waste treated ‘on-site of generation’ please enter in your own facility name /address details.

Location of Treatment	Haz Waste : Name and Licence/Permit No of Next Destination Facility Non Haz Waste: Name and Licence/Permit No of Recover/Disposer	Haz Waste : Address of Next Destination Facility Non Haz Waste: Address of Recover/Disposer	Name and License / Permit No. and Address of Final Recoverer / Disposer (HAZARDOUS WASTE ONLY)	Actual Address of Final Destination i.e. Final Recovery / Disposal Site (HAZARDOUS WASTE ONLY)
Own site name, Own site permit No	Own address, Own licence number, Own address, Ireland	Own address, Ireland	Own address, Own licence name and number, Own address, Ireland	Own address, Ireland

In some cases where waste generated on-site is treated on site, the on-site treatment process may be a preliminary treatment step, and residual waste from the treatment process may be sent off-site for final treatment. If that is the case, please enter the residual wastes transferred off-site as separate entry(ies)/rows and in the description(s) clearly describe that this is residual waste following preliminary treatment of waste on-site (as detailed in previous entry/row no. x).

Some PRTR organisations have internal recycling as part of the production process. It is very important that this is correctly identified by operators so that EPA can clearly identify it for validation and reporting purposes.

According to guidance published by Eurostat¹, internal recycling includes the following operations where they take place at the site of generation:

- The reprocessing of production waste (e.g. of cuttings, shavings, rejects etc.) in the same or a similar process by which it was generated, as typically carried out in some sectors of manufacturing industry;
- The regeneration of spent process materials in order to be used again for the same or a similar purpose (e.g. regeneration of spent solvents, acids and bases, catalysts, adsorbents);

Internal recycling excludes:

- Any disposal operation;
- Energy recovery operations;
- Any backfilling operations

These two lists are not exhaustive.

¹ Manual on waste statistics. A handbook for data collection on waste generation and treatment.” 2013 edition. European Union, 2013 (ISBN 978-92-79-29050-3)

When reporting on waste treated on-site of generation, please identify clearly in the description if it is an internal recycling process (as described above) and separately report on any recycling of waste received from other companies for recycling.

Fig. 2.71 – Additional waste details

In order to add another waste code record you must click the ADD NEW ROW button.

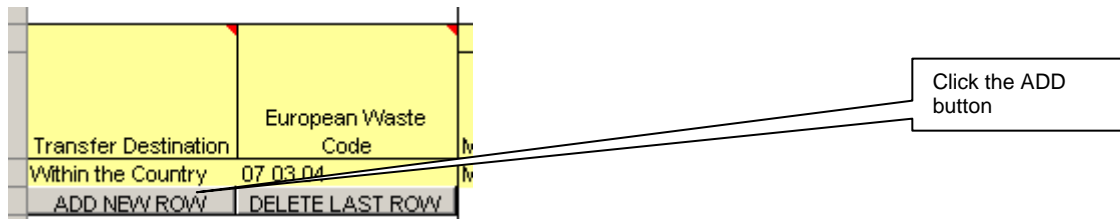


Fig. 2.72 – Adding a new row to enter another waste record: Step 1

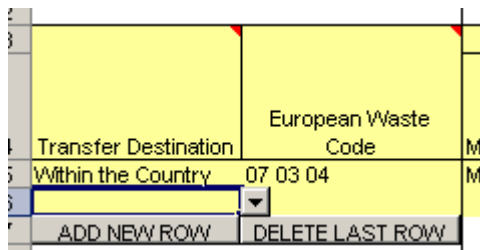


Fig. 2.73 – Adding a new row to enter another waste record: Step 2

- If you have made a mistake and wish to remove the last row entered then click the DELETE LAST ROW button in the relevant section

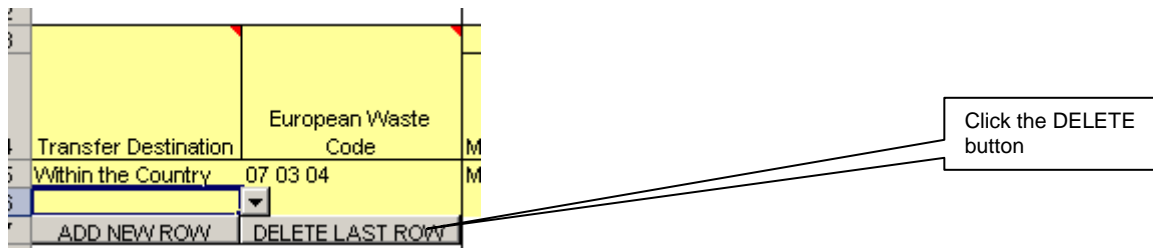


Fig. 2.74 – Deleting a row: Step 1

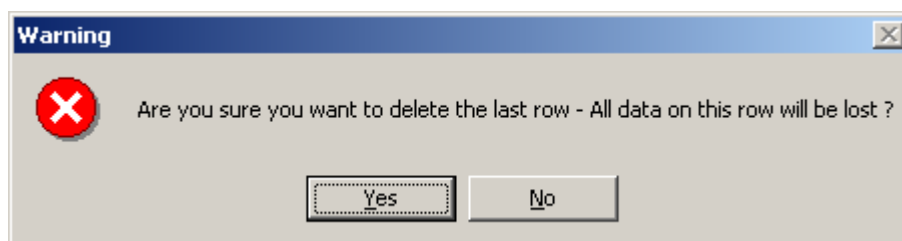


Fig. 2.75 – Deleting a row: Step 2

Transfer Destination	European Waste Code	iv
Within the Country	07 03 04	iv
ADD NEW ROW	DELETE LAST ROW	

Fig. 2.76 – Deleting a row: Step 3

- If you have no waste data to enter then do not enter any waste or related data into this worksheet - leave it blank

2.8 Reference Sheets

Ref. - NACE Codes

This worksheet contains reference information for NACE codes

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
	NACE Group	NACE SubGroup	NACE Code	NACE Description	NACE ISIC				
2	12	0	0	Manufacture of tobacco products	1200				
3	36	0	0	Water collection, treatment and supply	3600				
4	37	0	0	Sewerage	3700				
5	39	0	0	Remediation activities and other waste management services	3900				
6	75	0	0	Veterinary activities	7500				
7	92	0	0	Gambling and betting activities	9200				
8	97	0	0	Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel	9700				
9	99	0	0	Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies	9900				
10	02	1	0	Silviculture and other forestry activities	0210				
11	05	1	0	Mining of hard coal	0510				
12	06	1	0	Extraction of crude petroleum	0610				
13	07	1	0	Mining of iron ores	0710				
14	09	1	0	Support activities for petroleum and natural gas extraction	0910				
15	13	1	0	Preparation and spinning of textile fibres	1311				
16	16	1	0	Sawmilling and planing of wood	1610				
17	19	1	0	Manufacture of coke oven products	1910				
18	21	1	0	Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products	2100*				
19	24	1	0	Manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloys	2410*				
20	29	1	0	Manufacture of motor vehicles	2910				
21	41	1	0	Development of building projects	4100*				
22	49	1	0	Passenger rail transport, interurban	4911				
23	50	1	0	Sea and coastal passenger water transport	5011				
24	51	1	0	Passenger air transport	5110				
25	52	1	0	Warehousing and storage	5210				
26	53	1	0	Postal activities under universal service obligation	5310				
27	55	1	0	Hotels and similar accommodation	5510*				
28	56	1	0	Restaurants and mobile food service activities	5610				
29	60	1	0	Radio broadcasting	6010				
30	61	1	0	Wireless telecommunications activities	6110				
31	68	1	0	Buying and selling of own real estate	6810*				
32	69	1	0	Legal activities	6910				
33	70	1	0	Activities of head offices	7010				
34	74	1	0	Specialised design activities	7410				
35	78	1	0	Activities of employment placement agencies	7810				
36	80	1	0	Private security activities	8010				
37	81	1	0	Combined facilities support activities	8110				
38	85	1	0	Pre-primary education	8510*				
39	86	1	0	Hospital activities	8610				
40	87	1	0	Residential nursing care activities	8710				
41	88	1	0	Social work activities without accommodation for the elderly and disabled	8810				
42	98	1	0	Undifferentiated goods-producing activities of private households for own use	9810				
43	02	2	0	Logging	0220				
44	05	2	0	Mining of lignite	0520				
45	06	2	0	Extraction of natural gas	0620				
46	10	2	0	Processing and preserving of fish, crustaceans and molluscs	1020				
47	13	2	0	Weaving of textiles	1312				

Fig. 2.77 – NACE Codes Reference Sheet

Ref. PRTR Activities

This worksheet contains reference information for PRTR Class Activities

Activity Group	Activity SubGroup	Activity Code	Activity Name	Capacity Threshold
1	NA	a	Mineral oil and gas refineries	
2	NA	a	Metal ore (including sulphide ore) roasting or sintering installations	
3	NA	a	Underground mining and related operations	0
4	NA	a	Installations for the recovery or disposal of hazardous waste	Receiving 10 tonnes per day
5	NA	a	Industrial plants for the production of pulp from timber or similar fibrous materials	0
6	NA	a	Slaughterhouses	With a carcass production capacity of 50 tonnes per day
7	NA	a	Plants for the pre-treatment (operations such as washing, bleaching, mercerisation) or dyeing of fibre	With a treatment capacity of 10 tonnes per day
8	NA	b	Installations for gasification and liquefaction	0
9	NA	b	Installations for the production of pig iron or steel (primary or secondary melting) including continuous casting	With a capacity of 2,5 tonnes per hour
10	NA	b	Open-cast mining and quarrying	Where the surface of the area effectively under extraction exceeds 100 000 m ²
11	NA	b	Installations for the incineration of non-hazardous waste in the scope of Directive 2000/76/EC of the Council	With a capacity of 3 tonnes per hour
12	NA	b	Industrial plants for the production of paper and board and other primary wood products (such as cellophane)	With a production capacity of 20 tonnes per day
13	NA	b	Intensive aquaculture	With a production capacity of 1 000 tonnes of fish or shellfish per year
14	NA	b	Plants for the tanning of hides and skins	With a treatment capacity of 12 tonnes of finished product per day
15	NA	c	Thermal power stations and other combustion installations	With a heat input of 50 megawatts (MW)
16	NA	c	Chemical installations for the production on an industrial scale of phosphorous-, nitrogen- or potassium-based fertilisers	0
17	NA	c	Installations for the disposal of non-hazardous waste	With a capacity of 50 tonnes per day
18	NA	c	Industrial plants for the preservation of wood and wood products with chemicals	With a production capacity of 50 m ³ per day
19	NA	c	Treatment and processing of milk	With a capacity to receive 200 tonnes of milk per day
20	NA	c	Installations for surface treatment of substances, objects or products using organic solvents in part	With a consumption capacity of 150 kg per hour or 200 kg per day
21	NA	d	Coke ovens	0
22	NA	d	Ferrous metal foundries	With a production capacity of 20 tonnes per day
23	NA	d	Installations for the production of asbestos and the manufacture of asbestos-based products	0
24	NA	d	Chemical installations for the production on an industrial scale of basic plant health products and pesticides	0
25	NA	d	Landfills	Receiving 10 tonnes per day or with a total capacity of 100 000 tonnes
26	NA	d	Installations for the production of carbon (hard-burnt coal) or electro-graphite by means of incineration	0
27	AA	CC	DD	MODIFIED ACTIVITY NAME
28	NA	e	Coal rolling mills	With a capacity of 1 tonne per hour
29	NA	e	Installations for the manufacture of glass, including glass fibre	With a melting capacity of 20 tonnes per day
30	NA	e	Installations using a chemical or biological process for the production on an industrial scale of basic organic chemicals	0
31	NA	e	Installations for the disposal or recycling of animal carcasses and animal waste	With a treatment capacity of 10 tonnes per day
32	NA	e	Installations for the building of, and painting or removal of paint from ships	With a capacity for ships 100 m long
33	NA	f	Installations for the manufacture of coal products and solid smokeless fuel	0
34	NA	f	Installations for surface treatment of metals and plastic materials using an electrolytic or chemical process	Where the volume of the treatment vats equals 30 m ³
35	NA	f	Installations for melting mineral substances, including the production of mineral fibres	With a melting capacity of 20 tonnes per day
36	NA	f	Installations for the production on an industrial scale of explosives and pyrotechnic products	0
37	NA	f	Urban waste-water treatment plants	With a capacity of 100 000 population equivalents
38	NA	g	Installations for the manufacture of ceramic products by firing, in particular roofing tiles, bricks, refractory products	With a production capacity of 75 tonnes per day, or 100 000 m ² per year
39	NA	g	Independently operated industrial waste-water treatment plants which serve one or more activities	With a capacity of 10 000 m ³ per day
40	NA	i	Simple hydrocarbons (linear or cyclic, saturated or unsaturated, aliphatic or aromatic)	0
41	NA	i	Installations for the intensive rearing of poultry or pigs (i)	With 40 000 places for poultry
42	NA	i	Gases, such as ammonia, chlorine or hydrogen chloride, fluorine or hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide	0
43	NA	i	Animal raw materials (other than milk)	With a finished product production capacity of 75 tonnes per day

Fig. 2.78 – PRTR Activities Reference Sheet

Ref. PRTR Pollutants

This worksheet contains reference information for PRTR Pollutants

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
27	72	Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)	72 - Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs)				
28	8	Nitrogen oxides (NOx/NO2)	8 - Nitrogen oxides (NOx/NO2)				
29	80	Chlorine and inorganic compounds	80 - Chlorine and inorganic compounds				
30	84	Fluorine and inorganic compounds (as HF)	84 - Fluorine and inorganic compounds (as HF)				
31	85	Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)	85 - Hydrogen cyanide (HCN)				
32	86	Particulate matter (PM10)	86 - Particulate matter (PM10)				
33							
34		Remaining PRTR Pollutants					
35		Pollutant Number	Pollutant Name				
36	10	Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)	10 - Sulphur hexafluoride (SF6)				
37	1234	Test parameter	1234 - Test parameter				
38	15	Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)	15 - Chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs)				
39	16	Halons	16 - Halons				
40	26	Aldrin	26 - Aldrin				
41	28	Chlordane	28 - Chlordane				
42	29	Chlordecone	29 - Chlordecone				
43	33	DDT	33 - DDT				
44	34	1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)	34 - 1,2-dichloroethane (EDC)				
45	35	Dichloromethane (DCM)	35 - Dichloromethane (DCM)				
46	36	Dieldrin	36 - Dieldrin				
47	39	Endrin	39 - Endrin				
48	41	Heptachlor	41 - Heptachlor				
49	42	Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)	42 - Hexachlorobenzene (HCB)				
50	44	1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane(HCH)	44 - 1,2,3,4,5,6-hexachlorocyclohexane(HCH)				
51	45	Lindane	45 - Lindane				
52	46	Mirex	46 - Mirex				
53	48	Pentachlorobenzene	48 - Pentachlorobenzene				
54	49	Pentachlorophenol (PCP)	49 - Pentachlorophenol (PCP)				
55	52	Tetrachloroethylene (PER)	52 - Tetrachloroethylene (PER)				
56	53	Tetrachloromethane (TCM)	53 - Tetrachloromethane (TCM)				
57	54	Trichlorobenzenes (TCBs)	54 - Trichlorobenzenes (TCBs)				
58	55	1,1,1-trichloroethane	55 - 1,1,1-trichloroethane				
59	56	1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	56 - 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane				
60	57	Trichloroethylene	57 - Trichloroethylene				
61	58	Trichloromethane	58 - Trichloromethane				
62	59	Toxaphene	59 - Toxaphene				
63	60	Vinyl chloride	60 - Vinyl chloride				
64	66	Ethylene oxide	66 - Ethylene oxide				
65	81	Asbestos	81 - Asbestos				
66	9	Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	9 - Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)				
67	90	Hexabromobiphenyl	90 - Hexabromobiphenyl				
68							
69		Emission Type: Water					
70		Category Specific PRTR Pollutants					
71		Pollutant Number	Pollutant Name				
72	12	Total nitrogen	12 - Total nitrogen				
73	13	Total phosphorus	13 - Total phosphorus				

Fig. 2.79 – PRTR Pollutants Reference Sheet

Ref. Licensed Pollutants

This worksheet contains reference information for Licensed Pollutants

Licensed (Non-PRTR) Pollutants			Pollutant Lookup
Pollutant Number	Pollutant Name	Pollutant Lookup	
A1	1,2 trichloroethylene	A1 - 1,2 trichloroethylene	From Row 3
A10	Epichlorohydrin	A10 - Epichlorohydrin	To Row 101
A11	formic acid	A11 - formic acid	Start Cell 2
A12	hydrogen bromide	A12 - hydrogen bromide	
A13	hydrogen sulphide	A13 - hydrogen sulphide	
A14	iodinated compounds	A14 - iodinated compounds	
A15	isocyanate	A15 - isocyanate	
A16	mercaptans	A16 - mercaptans	
A17	mercury	A17 - mercury	
A18	natural gas	A18 - natural gas	
A19	Noise	A19 - Noise	
A2	2-methoxyethanol	A2 - 2-methoxyethanol	
A20	Organic chems with photochemical Ozone potential	A20 - Organic chems with photochemical Ozone potential	
A21	Ozone	A21 - Ozone	
A22	potassium	A22 - potassium	
A23	pressure	A23 - pressure	
A24	rubber fume	A24 - rubber fume	
A25	TA luft inorganic dust particles class 1	A25 - TA luft inorganic dust particles class 1	
A26	TA luft inorganic dust particles class 2	A26 - TA luft inorganic dust particles class 2	
A27	TA luft inorganic dust particles class 3	A27 - TA luft inorganic dust particles class 3	
A28	TA luft organics class 1	A28 - TA luft organics class 1	
A29	TA luft organics class 2	A29 - TA luft organics class 2	
A3	Acetic acid	A3 - Acetic acid	
A30	TA luft organics class 3	A30 - TA luft organics class 3	
A31	Thalium compounds	A31 - Thalium compounds	
A32	toluene di-isocyanate	A32 - toluene di-isocyanate	
A33	total acids	A33 - total acids	
A34	total organic carbon as C	A34 - total organic carbon as C	
A35	vanadium	A35 - vanadium	
A36	volumetric flow rate	A36 - volumetric flow rate	
A37	water vapour	A37 - water vapour	
A4	amines	A4 - amines	
A5	antimony	A5 - antimony	
A6	Class B organics	A6 - Class B organics	
A7	Combustion efficiency	A7 - Combustion efficiency	
A8	condenseable volatile organic compounds	A8 - condenseable volatile organic compounds	
A9	dimethylformamide	A9 - dimethylformamide	
W1	acetate	W1 - acetate	
W10	dissolved oxygen	W10 - dissolved oxygen	
W11	faecal coliforms	W11 - faecal coliforms	
W12	faecal streptococci	W12 - faecal streptococci	
W13	fats, oils and greases	W13 - fats, oils and greases	
W14	formaldehyde	W14 - formaldehyde	
W15	Hardness	W15 - Hardness	
W16	hydrazine	W16 - hydrazine	

Fig. 2.80 – Licensed Pollutants Reference Sheet

Ref. Waste Codes

This worksheet contains reference information for EWC (European Waste Codes)

A	B	C
25 01	01	wastes from mineral excavation
26 01	03	wastes from physical and chemical processing of metalliferous minerals
27 01	04	wastes from physical and chemical processing of non-metalliferous minerals
28 01	05	drilling muds and other drilling wastes
29 02	01	wastes from agriculture, horticulture, aquaculture, forestry, hunting and fishing
30 02	02	wastes from the preparation and processing of meat, fish and other foods of animal origin
31 02	03	wastes from fruit, vegetables, cereals, edible oils, cocoa, coffee, tea and tobacco preparation and processing
32 02	04	wastes from sugar processing
33 02	05	wastes from the dairy products industry
34 02	06	wastes from the baking and confectionery industry
35 02	07	wastes from the production of alcoholic and non-alcoholic beverages (except coffee, tea and cocoa)
36 03	01	wastes from wood processing and the production of panels and furniture
37 03	02	wastes from wood preservation
38 03	03	wastes from pulp, paper and cardboard production and processing
39 04	01	wastes from the leather and fur industry
40 04	02	wastes from the textile industry
41 05	01	wastes from petroleum refining
42 05	06	waste from the pyrolytic treatment of coal
43 05	07	wastes from natural gas purification and transportation
44 06	01	wastes from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of acids
45 06	02	wastes from the MFSU of bases
46 06	03	wastes from the MFSU of salts and their solutions and metallic oxides
47 06	04	metal-containing wastes other than those mentioned in D6 D3
48 06	05	sludges from on-site effluent treatment
49 06	06	wastes from the MFSU of sulphur chemicals, sulphur chemical processes and desulphurisation products
50 06	07	wastes from the MFSU of halogens and halogen chemical processes
51 06	08	wastes from the MFSU of silicon and silicon derivatives
52 06	09	wastes from the MFSU of phosphorus chemicals and phosphorous chemical processes
53 06	10	wastes from the MFSU of nitrogen chemicals, nitrogen chemical processes and fertiliser manufacture
54 06	11	wastes from the manufacture of inorganic pigments and opacifiers
55 06	13	wastes from inorganic chemical processes not otherwise specified
56 07	01	wastes from the manufacture, formulation, supply and use (MFSU) of basic organic chemicals
57 07	02	wastes from the MFSU of plastics, synthetic rubber and man-made fibres
58 07	03	wastes from the MFSU of organic dyes and pigments (except D6 11)
59 07	04	wastes from the MFSU of organic plant protection products (except D2 01 08 and D2 01 09), wood preservatives
60 07	05	wastes from the MFSU of pharmaceuticals
61 07	06	wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents, disinfectants and cosmetics
62 07	07	wastes from the MFSU of fine chemicals and chemical products not otherwise specified
63 08	01	wastes from MFSU and removal of paint and varnish
64 08	02	wastes from MFSU of other coatings (including ceramic materials)
65 08	03	wastes from MFSU of printing inks
66 08	04	wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products)
67 08	05	wastes not otherwise specified in D6
68 09	01	wastes from the photographic industry
69 10	01	wastes from power stations and other combustion plants (except 19)
70 10	02	wastes from the iron and steel industry
71 10	03	wastes from aluminium thermal metallurgy

Fig. 2.81 – European Waste Codes Reference Sheet

Ref. Recoverer/Disposer Codes

This worksheet contains reference information for Recoverer and Disposer Codes

RD Code	RD Description	RD Type
	Landfill	
2 D1	Deposit into or onto land, (e.g. landfill, etc.) - deposit of overburden, waste rock and tailings on heaps in the extractive industry.	Disposal
3 D10	Incineration on land - municipal solid waste incineration plants for incineration of MSW, hazardous waste, sewage sludge, clinical waste, animal carcasses.	Disposal
4 D11	Incineration at sea This operation is prohibited by EU legislation and international conventions.	Disposal
5 D12	Permanent storage Permanent storage (e.g. emplacement of containers in a mine, etc.) - landfills for the underground storage of waste.	Disposal
6 D13	Blending or mixing prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D1-D12 - basic sorting activities; crushing and shredding of wastes in order to reduce the volume of waste for transport or landfilling; mixing and blending of waste (e.g. mixing of similar wastes from different waste generators); homogenisation, conditioning and solidification	Disposal
7 D14	Repackaging prior to submission to any of the operations numbered D1-D13 - transfer and compaction of waste; packaging of asbestos Storage pending any of the operations numbered D1-D14	Disposal
8 D15	Does not apply to storage of waste prior to collection at the site at which it was generated. Temporary storage of waste prior to disposal is limited to a period of +1 year. Otherwise the provisions of the Landfill Directive apply (Directive 1999/31/EC, Article 2(g)). Land treatment Land treatment, (e.g. biodegradation of liquid or sludgy discards in soils, etc.) - spreading of waste on land, often followed by the incorporation of the waste into the soil, which does not result in benefits to agriculture or other ecological improvements. Generally applies to non-hazardous sludge and liquid wastes, e.g. disposal of dredging sludge.	Disposal
9 D2	Injection Deep injection, (e.g. injection of pumpable discards into wells, salt domes of naturally occurring repositories, etc.) - injection of waste into natural and artificial cavities (e.g. salt domes, wells, mines), and porous formations of rock not covered by Directive 1999/31/EC.	Disposal
10 D3	Surface impoundment Surface impoundment, (e.g. placement of liquid or sludge discards into pits, ponds or lagoons, etc.) - the deposit of waste in natural or engineered ponds, pits or lagoons (impoundment), which is the predominant method for the management of tailings in mining operations; impoundment of dredging sludge.	Disposal
11 D4	Engineered landfill Specially engineered landfill, (e.g. placement into lined discrete cells which are capped and isolated from one another and the environment, etc.) - landfills for inert waste, non-hazardous waste and hazardous waste above ground.	Disposal
12 D5	Release to waters Release into a water body except seas/oceans - deposit of non-hazardous dredging sludge and other non-hazardous sludge in surface water including the bed and the subsoil.	Disposal
13 D6	Release to sea Release into seas/oceans including sea-bed insertion - discharge of waste at sea in accordance with the OSPAR Convention (e.g. discharge of fish processing waste and inert materials of natural origin).	Disposal
14 D7	Biological treatment Biological treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1-D12 -biological-mechanical treatment of municipal waste; biological treatment of contaminated soil; sludges or mineral wastes, if followed by disposal	Disposal
15 D8	Physico-chemical treatment Physico-chemical treatment not specified elsewhere in this Annex which results in final compounds or mixtures which are discarded by means of any of the operations numbered D1-D12 (e.g. evaporation, drying, calcination, neutralization, precipitation, etc.)	Disposal

Fig. 2.82 – Recoverer/Disposer Codes Reference Sheet

Ref. Methods Used

This worksheet contains reference information for Methods Used

Method Code	M/C/E	Where this code is applicable	Designation or Description
ISO 10397-1993	M	Asbestos	Leave Blank
ISO 11338-1 to 2:2003	M	Anthracene, polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) & flouranthene	Leave Blank
EN 14385:2004	M	(Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Cobalt, Copper, Manganese, Nickel, Lead, Antimony, Thallium, Vanadium and Zinc) & Compounds	Leave Blank
EN 15058:2004	M	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Leave Blank
ISO 12039:2001	M	Carbon Monoxide (CO) & Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	Leave Blank
EN 1911-1 to 3:2003	M	Chlorine & Inorganic Compounds (as HCl)	Leave Blank
ISO/DIS 15713:2004	M	Fluorine & Inorganic Compounds (as HF)	Leave Blank
EN 13211:2001	M	Mercury & Compounds (as Hg)	Leave Blank
EN 14884:2005	M	Mercury & Compounds (as Hg)	Leave Blank
EN 14792:2005	M	Nitrogen Oxides (Nox/NO2)	Leave Blank
ISO 11564:1998	M	Nitrogen Oxides (Nox/NO2)	Leave Blank
ISO 10849:1996	M	Nitrogen Oxides (Nox/NO2)	Leave Blank
EN 13649:2001	M	Non-Methane Volatile Organic (NMVOC) & Benzene	Leave Blank
EN 1948-1 to 3:2003	M	PCDD + PCDF(dioxins + furans) (as Teg).	Leave Blank
EN 14791:2005	M	Sulphur Oxides (Sox/SO2)	Leave Blank
ISO 7934:1989	M	Sulphur Oxides (Sox/SO2)	Leave Blank
ISO 7935:1992	M	Sulphur Oxides (Sox/SO2)	Leave Blank
ISO 11632:1998	M	Sulphur Oxides (Sox/SO2)	Leave Blank
ALT	M	Is applicable if the facility is using a CEN or ISO standard but not the one on the approved list in the PRTR Guidance.	Name of the ISO /CEN Standard
CRM	M	If a lab/facility is using a non-ISO/CEN Method that is validated and accredited or has been accepted by the Agency.	Name of the non-ISO/CEN Standard
ETS	C	If a facility is registered as part of the Emission Trading Scheme.	Leave Blank
OTH	M/C	If the method or the calculation does not fall under any of the method codes e.g. in-house methodology not based on CEN/ISO standard.	Brief & specific description of the method / Calculation used.
PER	M/C	This is only applicable if the facility's license specifies a specific standard method to use e.g. Use ISO... If you license states to use Standard Method or a particular piece of equipment this does not fall under PER.	Name of the prescribed standard
NRB	M/C	Not Applicable to Irish Licenses.	-
MAB	C	Used for the calculation of fugitive emissions.	Brief & specific description of the Calculation used.

Fig. 2.83 – Method Used Reference Sheet

3.0 Creating & Submitting an AER Return

- Once all relevant data has been entered (ref. sections below) click the **CREATE AER XML RETURN & UPLOAD** button on the Facilities ID & Activities worksheet.

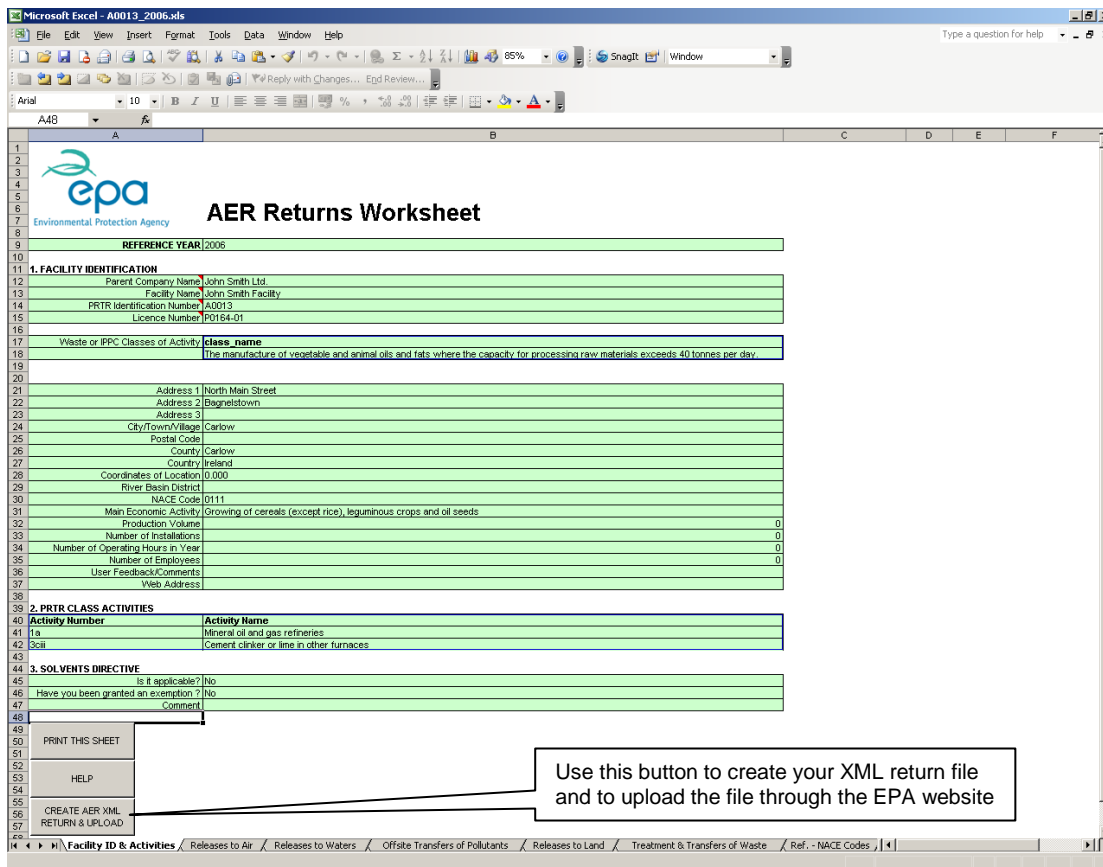


Fig. 3.1 – Submitting your return

- This will validate the workbook and prompt you to enter a location for creating the XML AER Return file (C:\ by default)

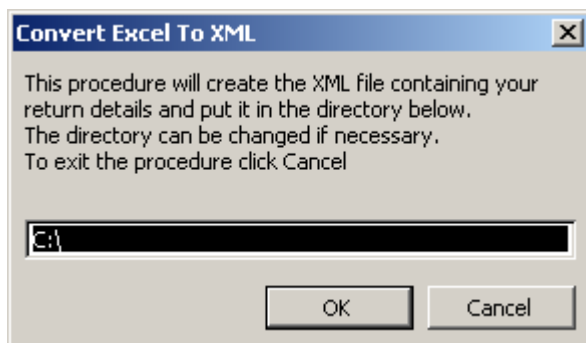


Fig. 3.2 – Creating the XML return file

- You can either accept the default path or enter a different path where the file will be created, then click the OK button.
- Once the file has been created a message will be displayed containing further instructions (Make a note of the XML file at this point)

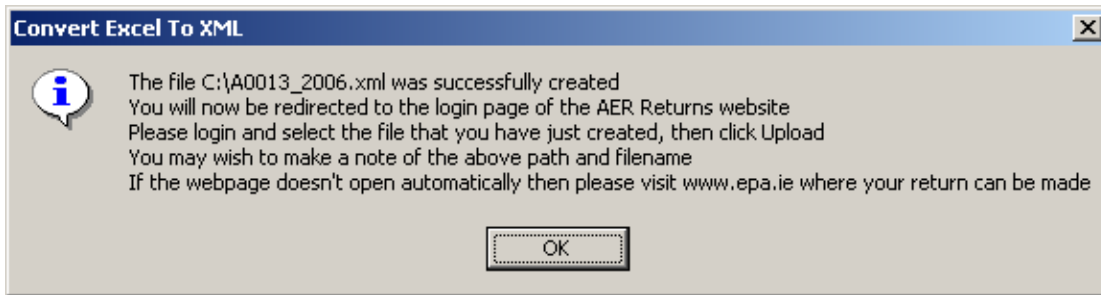


Fig. 3.3 – Creating the XML return file (continued)

- You will then be redirected to the AER returns website where you must first login and then attach your XML file for uploading.
- It is therefore important to ensure you have Internet access from the computer you are making a return from.

3.1 Logging In

- Navigate to the login page of the AER returns site.



Fig. 3.4 – Login page

- Click the **AER/PRTR Emissions Data Page** button



Fig. 3.6 – The welcome page

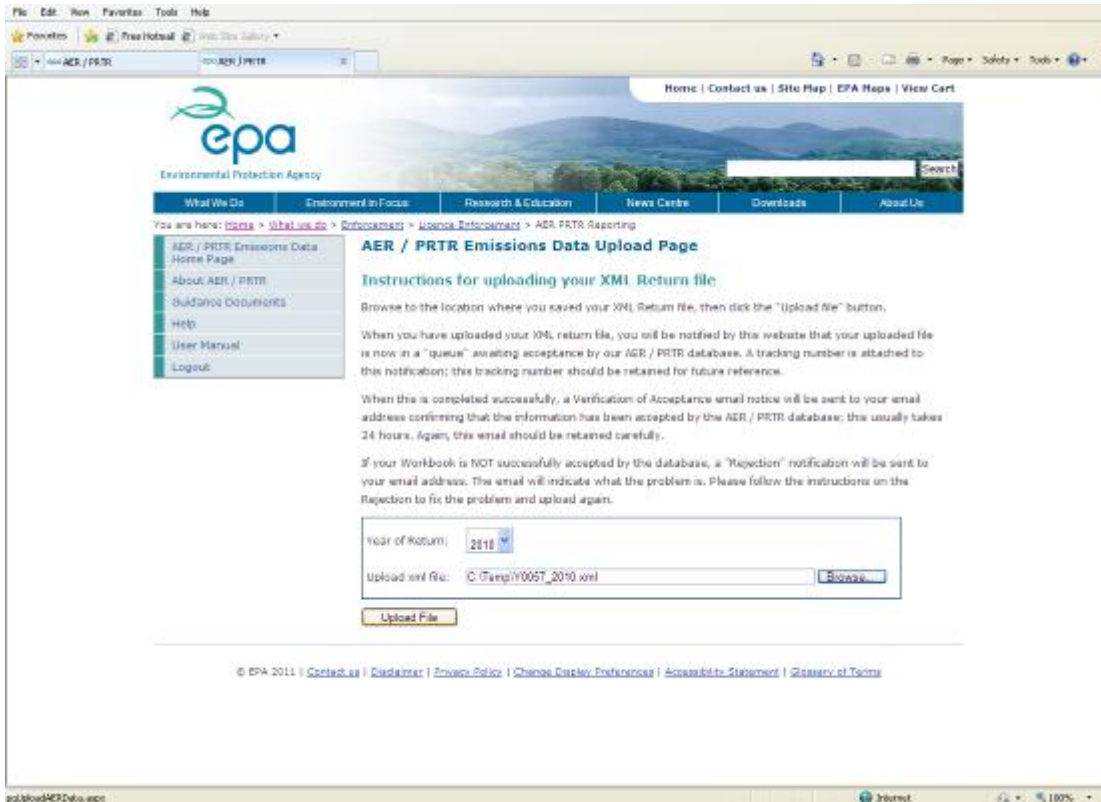


Fig. 3.8 – Selecting the file for uploading

- If the file uploaded without any errors then a confirmation page will be displayed.
- Your upload will be processed by the EPA.
- Check your email for any updates or errors in your submission.

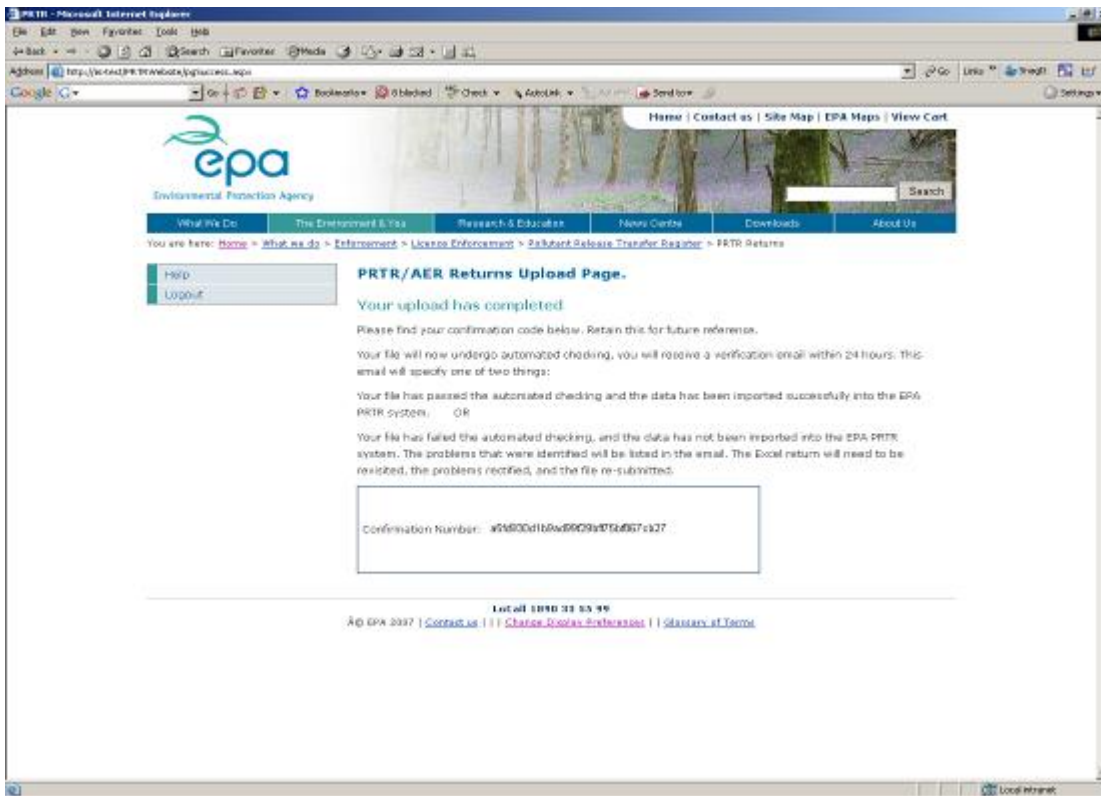


Fig. 3.9 – The upload confirmation page

If any errors are found in the upload file then these will be displayed accordingly.

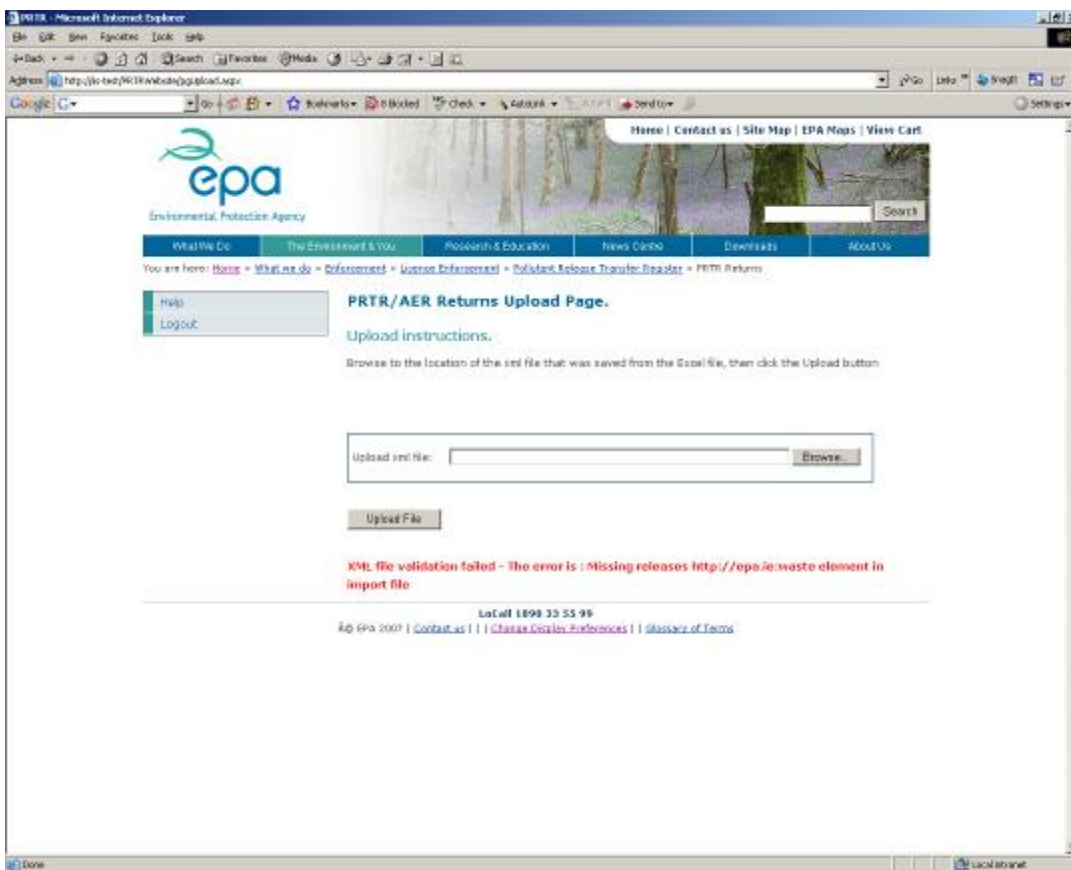


Fig. 3.10 – Upload errors

3.3 Printing

- If required, the AER return details can be printed by clicking on the **PRINT THIS SHEET** button. Alternatively, you can use the standard Excel print options found under the File menu.

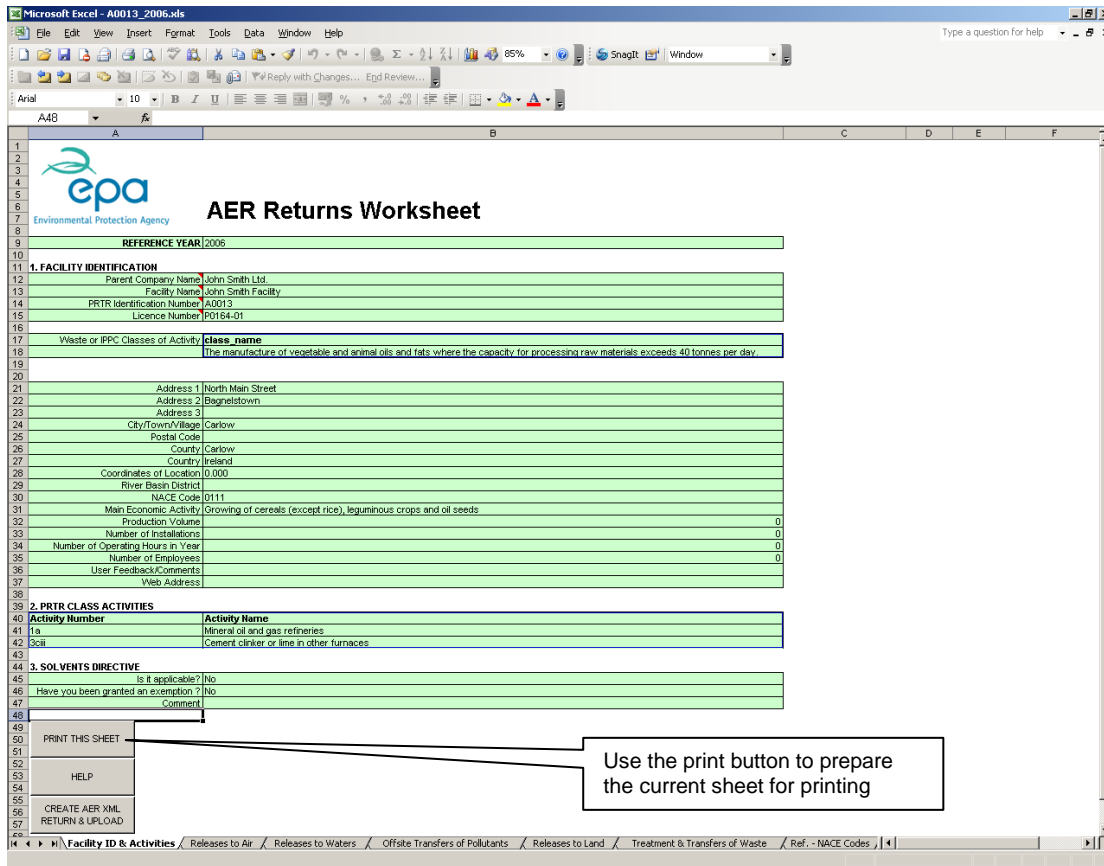


Fig. 3.11 – Printing your AER return details