

A-LST Product User's Manual Firmware 5.00 and up

Last Update: December 10 2015 Visit <u>www.zaber.com/wiki</u> for more recent updates.

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# **Disclaimer**

Zaber's devices are not intended for use in any critical medical, aviation, or military applications or situations where a product's use or failure could cause personal injury, death, or damage to property. Zaber disclaims any and all liability for injury or other damages resulting from the use of our products.

# Conventions used throughout this document

- Fixed width type indicates communication to and from a device. The symbol indicates a carriage return, which can be achieved by pressing enter when using a terminal program.
- An <u>ASCII command</u> followed by (T:xx) indicates a legacy T-Series <u>Binary Protocol</u> command that achieves the same result. Not all ASCII commands have an equivalent legacy counterpart. e.g.:

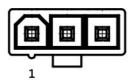
  move abs 10000 (T:20:10000) shows that a move abs ASCII command can also be achieved with binary command number 20.
- All devices support the <u>Binary Protocol</u>, however the <u>ASCII Protocol</u> is only supported in devices with firmware <u>version</u> (T:51) 6.06 and above.

# **Device Overview**



### **Connectors**

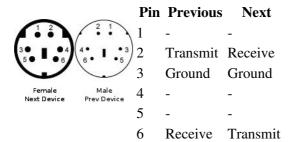
### **Power**



#### **Pin Description**

- 1 12 48V
- 2 GND
- 3 Chassis

### **RS232 Communications**



### **Default Settings**

Baud Rate: 9600Protocol: Binary

### Specifications

- Supported Protocols: Zaber ASCII, Zaber Binary
- Supported Baudrates: 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
- Bits: 8Parity: NoneStop Bits: 1
- Stop Bits: 1

### • Flow Control: None

### **Indicators**



#### PWR (Green) - Power.

- On: Controller is operational.
- Blinking at 2Hz: The power supply voltage or device temperature is out of range.
- Fading in and out slowly: The device is parked. See the tools parking (T:65) command.

#### ERR (Red) - Error.

• On/blinking: Controller has lost its settings, or an error has occurred. Please contact <u>Zaber Technical Support</u>.

#### MOT (Yellow) - Communication/Busy.

- On: Device is moving, or data is being transferred.
- Blinking: Device is under manual control via the knob (in Velocity mode). The blinking rate is proportional to movement speed.
- Blinking at fixed rate: Packet corruption has occurred for ASCII commands sent with a checksum.

#### ENC (Blue) - Slip/Stall.

- On: The device is slipping.
- 2 short flashes every 1 sec: The stationary device has been forced out of position.
- On-Off cycle every 2 sec: The device has stalled and stopped.

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### Installation

The A-LST can be connected to a computer as follows:

- 1. Either plug the Mini-DIN to D-Sub serial adaptor (<u>T-DSUB9</u>) into your computer's serial port, or the Mini-DIN to USB adapter (<u>T-USBDC</u>) into one of your computer's USB ports, then plug the device's data cable into the adaptor. For the USB adaptor, new computers will often be able to install the necessary drivers automatically when the cable is plugged in for the first time. If the computer reports that the driver installation was unsuccessful, you can download the drivers for Windows, Mac, or Linux <u>here</u>. Installation instructions and troubleshooting information are available for each operation system <u>here</u>. You may need to use a cable extension to reach your computer. There is no need to power-down or reboot the computer.
- 2. Connect the power plug of your power supply to the power connector of the unit. The green LED should light up indicating the unit has power.
- 3. Additional devices can simply be daisy-chained to the first. See <u>Daisy-Chaining Devices</u> below.
- 4. Install software from <a href="http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Software">http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Software</a>. For the initial setup, it is recommended that Zaber Console is used.



As a simple first test, try entering these instructions:

```
/<u>renumber</u> (<u>T:2</u>)
/1 <u>home</u> (<u>T:1</u>)
/1 <u>move</u> rel 10000 (<u>T:21:10000</u>)
```

The parameter of 10000 in the move command above specifies 10000 microsteps. To see the microstep size (default resolution) for the device and how it translates to displacement, first go to the <u>product overview</u> page, find your device, click through to the device's webpage, and click on the "Series Specs" tab. The microstep size (default resolution) will be shown in the list of product specs either in the "Group Specifications" section or the "Comparison" section.

### **Daisy-Chaining Devices**

Multiple devices can be connected together in a chain through the Prev and Next or USB and Next connectors. This allows any number of devices to be controlled from a single connection to a computer, reducing cabling demands. A power supply needs to be connected to each device in the chain. Whenever a device is added or removed from a chain, a <u>renumber</u> (<u>T:2</u>) command should be sent to prevent device-address conflicts.

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Zaber recommends having two separate chains when the connector types differ. To daisy-chain devices with different connectors, the following steps should be followed:

• DSUB9 and MiniDin 6 with firmware version at or below 6.05: (Binary Protocol Chain) The DSUB9 devices' <u>comm.protocol</u> (<u>T:123</u>) should be set to 1 (Binary) and the <u>comm.rs232.baud</u> (<u>T:122</u>) set to 9600.

The DSUB9 devices should be chained together closest to the computer A <u>T-DSUB9</u> connector can be used to connect the two strings of devices together.

• DSUB9 and MiniDin 6 with firmware version at or above 6.06: (ASCII Protocol Chain) The Minidin6 devices' <u>comm.protocol</u> (<u>T:123</u>) should be set to 2 (ASCII) and the <u>comm.rs232.baud</u> (<u>T:122</u>) set to 115200.

The DSUB9 devices should be chained together closest to the computer A <u>T-DSUB9</u> connector can be used to connect the two strings of devices together.

For assistance please contact Zaber Technical Support

### Grounding

To prevent damage to the device due to static buildup, the device should be properly grounded.

Failure to ground the unit may result in the unit shutting down unexpectedly or ceasing to communicate with the computer. This problem can be minimized by not touching the unit during operation. If the unit fails due to static discharge, unplugging it and plugging it back in or sending a <u>system restore</u> (<u>T:36</u>) command will usually fix the problem.

Most Zaber devices are grounded via the shield wire of the data cables. This should normally provide a path to ground via the computer. For units which are being used without a computer, a ground lead should be connected to the chassis pin of the power supply connector.

**Note:** Encoder-embedded devices are sensitive to electrically noisy environments. Static discharges can affect position calibration and cause unstable behaviour. If the device is behaving strangely, verify that the device is properly grounded, reset the device (either by the <u>system reset</u> (<u>T:0</u>) command or by disconnecting then reconnecting power), then re-initialize the device with the <u>home</u> (<u>T:1</u>) command.

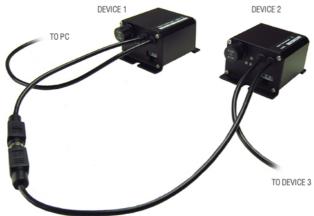
### **Quick Tutorial**

The following tutorial uses Zaber Console to communicate with the device(s). Please refer to the <u>ASCII</u> <u>Protocol Manual</u> and/or <u>Binary Protocol Manual</u> for detailed information on the available commands and how to setup and use other software.

### **Initial Setup**

The following steps need to be performed whenever a new unit is being installed.

- 1. Power up all integrated devices and controllers in the chain. The power indicator on each should light up.
- 2. Download and install Zaber Console from <a href="http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Software">http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Software</a>. Start Zaber Console and select the communications port the first controller is connected to. For instructions on how to find the available communication ports on your system, please refer to: <a href="https://example.com/Appendix A Available Communications Ports">Appendix A Available Communications Ports</a>
- 3. From the Console, issue a <u>renumber (T:2)</u> command to all devices. The first device closest to the computer in the chain will become device 1; the next, device 2 and so on.



### Initialization

Every time the device is powered up or reset, the motorized peripheral(s) need to be returned to the home position before they can be used. This is achieved by sending the <a href="https://home.org/hom

```
/01 move rel 10000
@01 0 RJ IDLE WR BADDATA
```

If the device is being used under manual control, the motorized peripherals need to be driven to the minimum (home) position before they will operate over their full range.

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### **Using the Device**

Several commonly used ASCII commands, and their Binary equivalents, are shown below. For a full list of the available commands, please refer to the <u>Command Reference</u> section below.

Command	Description
$/1.1 $ get pos $(\underline{T:60})$	Query the current position of device #1 axis #1.
/1 1 move abs 10000 ( <u>T:20:10000</u> )	Move device #1 axis #1 to position 10000 microsteps.
/2 1 <u>move</u> <u>rel</u> -12800 ( <u>T:21:-12800</u> )	Move device #2 axis #1 in the negative direction by 12800 microsteps.
/1 stop ( <u>T:23</u> )	Decelerate and stop ALL axes on device 1. An axis number of 0 or no no axis number implies all axes on the devices, or the device itself.
/move vel 153600 ( <u>T:22:153600</u> )	Move ALL devices and ALL axes in the positive direction at the speed 153600.  A device address of 0 or no device address implies all devices in the chain.

### **Modifying Device Settings**

Here are some examples if you would like to customize particular device settings. Refer to the <u>ASCII Settings</u> or <u>Command Reference</u> section for detailed descriptions of each setting.

Command	Description
/1 set <u>maxspeed</u> 100000 ( <u>T:42:100000</u> )	Set the speed of the all axes on the device.
/1 get <u>maxspeed</u> ( <u>T:53:42</u> )	Query the axes' speed.
$/1 $ system restore $(\underline{T:36})$	Restore all the settings of device 1 to the default.
<b>—</b>	

### **Built-In Help**

Zaber A-Series devices (with ASCII support) feature a built-in help guide, providing a quick and easy reference for all <u>Commands</u> and <u>Settings</u> that the device has. To access the help, send: /1 <u>help</u>

The device will respond with a detailed description on how to access specific information about commands and replies, as shown below:

```
@01 0 OK IDLE WR 0
#01 0 COMMAND USAGE:
#01 0 '/stop' stop all devices
#01 0 '/1 stop' stop device number 1
#01 0 '/1 2 stop' stop device number 1 axis number 2
#01 0
#01 0 Type '/help commands' for a list of all top-level commands.
#01 0 Type '/help reply' for a quick reference on reply messages.
#01 0 Visit www.zaber.com/support for complete instruction manuals.
```

To access help for a specific command, for example the <u>move</u> command, send:

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 $\#01\ 0$  move min Move to minimum position  $\#01\ 0$  move max Move to maximum position

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### **Manual Control**

The A-Series range of motion control products are integrated with a depressible knob with 20 detents per revolution, allowing devices to be controlled without the use of a computer. There are two manual movement modes available, Velocity and Displacement: switch between these modes by holding down the knob for 1 second or via configuring the knob.mode (T:109) setting.

Upon power-up, the device will only travel towards the motor from its start-up position until the home position is reached. Once the device has been manually homed, the full range of travel becomes available.

### **Velocity Mode**

Turn the knob clockwise to move the device in the positive direction (extend) or counter-clockwise for negative direction (retract). Each detent of the knob increases the speed of the carriage.

There are 16 speeds in each direction. The velocity profile and maximum speed can be configured via the <u>knob.speedprofile</u> (T:112) and <u>knob.maxspeed</u> (T:111) settings. The device stops and resets the knob upon arriving at the end of travel.

### **Displacement Mode**

Turn the knob clockwise to move the device in the positive direction (extend), counter-clockwise for negative direction (retract). Each detent of the knob moves the device a fixed number of microsteps, specified by the knob.distance (T:110) setting. The device moves at the speed specified by the maxspeed (T:42) setting, or the slower of speed and limit.approach.maxspeed (T:41) if the device has not been homed. If there are fewer than knob.distance (T:110) microsteps to the end of travel and another move is requested, the device will move to the end of travel and then stop.

### Summary of knob functionality

• Turning the knob:

Moves the device in the direction of knob turn.

• Pressing the knob:

Decelerates and stops the device (identical to a Stop command).

Instantly stops the device, if the device is already decelerating.

• Pressing and holding the knob for 1 sec:

Toggles between Velocity Mode and Displacement Mode.

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# **Trajectory Control and Behaviour**

This section describes the behaviour of the device trajectory when a movement command is issued.

#### **Software Position Limits**

The travel range of the device is confined by the Minimum Position and Maximum Position settings. The factory settings for the devices are configured to match the physical travel range. If a customized range is desired, it can be changed via configuring the <u>limit.min</u> (T:106) and <u>limit.max</u> (T:44) settings to appropriate values.

#### Minimum Position

When Current Position is less than the Minimum Position value, the device cannot move in the negative direction (towards the motor).

#### **Maximum Position**

When Current Position is greater than the Maximum Position value, the device cannot move in the positive direction (away from the motor).

### **Movement Speed**

The movement speed of the device depends on device status and various speed settings. If the device has not been initialized by the <u>home</u> (<u>T:1</u>) command or by moving towards the home end of the device, movement speed will be constrained to fail-safe values. The home status of the device can be determined by reading the <u>limit.sensor.triggered</u> (<u>T:53</u>) setting for the home sensor. The binary command additionally requires a value of 103.

Movement speed of the device is specified below:

#### move vel (T:22)

The device will move at the specified speed regardless of home status.

#### Knob manual movement in Velocity Mode

The device will move at the specified speed regardless of home status.

The speed is specified by the knob.speedprofile (T:112) and knob.maxspeed (T:111) settings.

#### Other movement commands - When device has not been homed

The device will move at the slower of the  $\underline{\text{maxspeed}}$  ( $\underline{\text{T:42}}$ ) and  $\underline{\text{limit.approach.maxspeed}}$  ( $\underline{\text{T:41}}$ ) settings.

#### Other movement commands - When device has been homed

The device will move at the speed specified by the <u>maxspeed</u> (<u>T:42</u>) setting.

# **Quick Command Reference**

A-Series devices ship with either the ASCII or Binary protocol enabled by default. Please refer to the <u>RS232</u> <u>Communications</u> section above to see the default protocol for the A-LST.

### **ASCII Protocol**

The following table offers a quick command and setting reference for the A-LST. Follow the links to view a detailed description of each instruction or refer to the <u>ASCII Protocol Manual</u>.

#### **Quick Commands**

Parameters in square brackets, e.g. [clr], indicate that the parameter is optional.

Parameters in italics, e.g. *value*, indicate that data, typically a number, needs to be provided.

Parameters separated by a pipe, e.g. abslrel, indicate that one of the parameters in the set need to be provided.

Command	Scope	Parameter(s)	Returns	Firmware Versions	Description
<u>estop</u>	Axis		0	6.06+	Instantly stops motorized movement.
get	Device and Axis	setting	value	6.06+	Retrieves the current value of the device or axis setting.
<u>help</u>	Device	commands reply <i>command</i>	0	6.06+	Displays the help information for the system.
<u>home</u>	Axis		0	6.06+	Moves the axis to the home position.
move	Axis	abslrellvel <i>value</i> minlmax stored <i>number</i>	0	6.06+	Moves the axis to various positions along its travel.
<u>renumber</u>	Device	value	0	6.06+	Renumbers all devices in the chain.
<u>set</u>	Device and Axis	setting value	0	6.06+	Sets the device or axis setting <i>setting</i> to the <i>value</i> .
stop	Axis		0	6.06+	Decelerates the axis and brings it to a halt.
<u>stream</u>	Device	Refer to the documentation	Refer to the documentation	6.12+	Performs an action related to streamed, interpolated multi-axis motion.

system reset	Device		0	6.06+	Resets the device, as it would appear after power up.
system restore	Device		0	6.06+	Restores common device settings to their default values.
tools echo	Device	(message)	0	6.06+	Echoes the provided message (if any) back to the user.
tools gotolimit	Axis	limit dir action update	0	6.06+	Moves the axis to a limit sensor and performs the provided actions.
tools parking	Device	statelparklunpark	011	6.06+	Parking allows the device to be turned off and used at a later time without first having to home.
tools setcomm	Device	rs232baud protocol	0	6.06+	Sets RS232 baud rate and communication protocol for RS232 and USB.
tools storepos	Axis	number [position current]	0 position	6.06+	Stores a number of positions for easy movement.
trigger	Device	Refer to the documentation	0	6.06+	Configures actions to be performed on the device when a certain condition is met.
warnings	Axis	[clear]	0	6.06+	Displays the active device and axis warnings, optionally clearing them if applicable.

# **Quick Device Settings**

The settings listed below can be inspected and modified with the get and set commands described above.

Setting	Scope	Writable	Firmware Versions	Description
<u>accel</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the acceleration used to modify the speed.
comm.address	Device	Yes	6.06+	The device address.
comm.alert	Device	Yes	16 U6±	The device will send alert messages when this setting is 1.

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comm.checksum	Device	Yes	6.06+	The device includes checksums in its messages if this setting is set to 1.
comm.protocol	Device	Yes	6.06+	The communications protocol used by the device on the current interface.
comm.rs232.baud	Device	Yes	6.06+	The baud rate used by RS232 Prev and Next interfaces.
comm.rs232.protocol	Device	Yes	6.09+	The protocol used by RS232 Prev and Next interfaces.
<u>deviceid</u>	Device	No	6.06+	The device id for the unit.
driver.current.hold	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Current used to hold the motor in position, in 25 mA units.
driver.current.max	Axis	No	6.16+	Maximum legal value of <u>driver.current.hold</u> and <u>driver.current.run</u> .
<u>driver.current.run</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Current used to drive the motor, in 25 mA units.
<u>knob.dir</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the movement direction for the knob.
knob.distance	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets how far the device moves with each step of the knob in displacement mode, in units of microsteps.
<u>knob.enable</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Disable the use of the knob when set to 0.
knob.maxspeed	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The maximum speed that can be reached using the knob in velocity mode.
knob.mode	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the mode of the knob. 0 for velocity mode, 1 for displacement mode.
knob.speedprofile	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the profile to be used per increment when in velocity mode.
limit.approach.maxspeed	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Maximum speed used when approaching a limit sensor.
limit.detect.decelonly	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Deceleration used when stopping after a limit sensor has triggered.
limit.detect.maxspeed	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Maximum speed used when moving away from a limit sensor.
limit.home.pos	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The updated position of the sensor, when triggered.
limit.home.posupdate	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Position update to occur when sensor is triggered.
<u>limit.home.preset</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The default position of the home sensor.
<u>limit.home.state</u>	Axis	No	6.06+	The state of the home sensor.
limit.home.triggered	Axis	No	6.06+	Whether the home sensor has been triggered previously.
<u>limit.max</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The maximum position the device can move to, measured in microsteps.
<u>limit.min</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The minimum position the device can move to, measured in microsteps.
maxspeed	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The maximum speed the device moves at.
motion.accelonly	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the acceleration used to increase the speed.
motion.decelonly	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Sets the deceleration used when decreasing the speed.

pos	Axis	Yes	6.06+	The current absolute position of the device.
<u>resolution</u>	Axis	Yes	6.06+	Microstep resolution
stream.numbufs	Device	No	6.14+	The number of stream buffers provided in the device.
stream.numstreams	Device	No	6.14+	The number of streams provided in the device.
system.access	Device	Yes	6.06+	Sets the access level of the user.
system.axiscount	Device	No	6.06+	The number of axes in the device.
system.led.enable	Device	Yes	6.06+	Enables the front panel LEDs.
system.serial	Device	No	6.15+	The serial number of the device.
system.temperature	Device	No	6.06+	The current temperature of the unit, in degrees Celsius.
system.voltage	Device	No	6.06+	The voltage being applied to the device.
version	Device	No	6.06+	The firmware version of the device.
version.build	Device	No	6.17+	The build number of the device's firmware.

# **Binary Protocol**

The following table offers a quick command reference for the A-LST. For convenience, you may sort the table below by instruction name, command number, or reply number. Follow the links to view a detailed description of each instruction or refer to the <u>Binary Protocol Manual</u>.

<b>Instruction Name</b>	Command#	<b>Command Data</b>	Command Type	Reply Data
Reset	0	Ignored	Command	None
<u>Home</u>	1	Ignored	Command	Final position (in this case 0)
Renumber*	2	Ignored	Command	Device Id
Read Register	5	Register Address	Command	Data
Set Active Register	6	Register Address	Setting	Register Address
Write Register	7	Data	Command	Data
Move Tracking	8	n/a	Reply	Tracking Position
<u>Limit Active</u>	9	n/a	Reply	Final Position
Manual Move Tracking	10	n/a	Reply	Tracking Position
Manual Move	11	n/a	Reply	Final Position
Slip Tracking	12	n/a	Reply	Tracking Position
<u>Unexpected Position</u>	13	n/a	Reply	Final Position
<b>Store Current Position*</b>	16	Address	Command	Address
Return Stored Position	17	Address	Command	Stored Position
Move To Stored Position	18	Address	Command	Final Position
Move Absolute	20	Absolute Position	Command	Final Position
Move Relative	21	Relative Position	Command	Final Position
Move At Constant Speed	22	Speed	Command	Speed
Stop	23	Ignored	Command	Final Position
Restore Settings*	36	Peripheral Id	Command	Peripheral Id
Set Microstep Resolution*	37	Microsteps	Setting	Microsteps
Set Running Current*	38	Value	Setting	Value

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39	Value	Setting	Value
40	Mode	Setting	Mode
41	Speed	Setting	Speed
42	Speed	Setting	Speed
43	Acceleration	Setting	Acceleration
44	Range	Setting	Range
45	New Position	Setting	New Position
47	Offset	Setting	Offset
48	Alias Number	Setting	Alias Number
50	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Device Id
51	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Version
52	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Voltage
53	Setting Number	Command	Setting Value
54	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Status
55	Data	Command	Data
56	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Build Number
60	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Position
63	Ignored	Read-Only Setting	Serial Number
65	Park State	Setting	Position
101	Auto-Reply Mode	Setting	Auto-Reply Mode
102	Message Id Mode	Setting	Message Id Mode
103	Home Status	Setting	Home Status
106	Minimum Position	Setting	Minimum Position
107	Knob Disabled Mode	Setting	Knob Disabled Mode
108	Direction	Setting	Direction
109	Movement Mode	Setting	Movement Mode
110	Jog Size	Setting	Jog Size
111	Velocity Scale	Setting	Velocity Scale
112	Velocity Profile	Setting	Velocity Profile
113	Acceleration	Setting	Acceleration
114	Deceleration	Setting	Deceleration
115	Tracking Mode	Setting	Tracking Mode
116	Tracking Mode	Setting	Tracking Mode
117	Tracking Period	Setting	Tracking Period
118	Closed-Loop Mode	Setting	Closed-Loop Mode
	40 41 42 43 44 45 47 48 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 60 63 65 101 102 103 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117	40 Mode 41 Speed 42 Speed 43 Acceleration 44 Range 45 New Position 47 Offset 48 Alias Number 50 Ignored 51 Ignored 52 Ignored 53 Setting Number 54 Ignored 55 Data 56 Ignored 60 Ignored 63 Ignored 65 Park State 101 Auto-Reply Mode 102 Message Id Mode 103 Home Status 106 Minimum Position 107 Knob Disabled 108 Direction 109 Movement Mode 110 Jog Size 111 Velocity Scale 112 Velocity Profile 113 Acceleration 114 Deceleration 115 Tracking Mode 116 Tracking Mode 117 Tracking Period Closed-Loop	40 Mode Setting 41 Speed Setting 42 Speed Setting 43 Acceleration Setting 44 Range Setting 45 New Position Setting 47 Offset Setting 48 Alias Number Setting 50 Ignored Read-Only Setting 51 Ignored Read-Only Setting 52 Ignored Setting 53 Setting Number Command 54 Ignored Read-Only Setting 55 Data Command 56 Ignored Read-Only Setting 60 Ignored Read-Only Setting 63 Ignored Read-Only Setting 65 Park State Setting 65 Park State Setting 101 Auto-Reply Mode Setting 102 Message Id Mode Setting 103 Home Status Setting 106 Minimum Position Setting 107 Knob Disabled Mode 108 Direction Setting 109 Movement Mode Setting 110 Jog Size Setting 111 Velocity Scale Setting 112 Velocity Profile Setting 113 Acceleration Setting 114 Deceleration Setting 115 Tracking Mode Setting 116 Tracking Mode Setting 117 Tracking Period Setting 118 Closed-Loop Setting

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Set Slip Tracking Period*	119	Tracking Period	Setting	Tracking Period
Set Stall Timeout*	120	Timeout	Setting	Timeout
Set Baud Rate*	122	Baud Rate	Setting	Baud Rate
Set Protocol*	123	Protocol	Setting	Protocol
Convert To Ascii*	124	Baud Rate	Command	Baud Rate
Error	255	n/a	Reply	Error Code

<sup>\*</sup> The settings for these commands are saved in non-volatile memory, i.e. the setting persists even if the device is powered down. To restore all settings to factory default, use command 36.

Binary Protocol 17

# **Troubleshooting A-Series Open-Loop Motion Devices**

The following sections contain tips for troubleshooting common problems with the A-Series devices.

If the device is unable to communicate, and it is operating erratically, a manual factory reset can be performed as a last resort through the following steps:

- 1. Power Off the device
- 2. Push and hold the knob for the first Axis (if applicable)
- 3. Power On the device
- 4. Continue to hold the knob in until the Blue LED is lit (~5 seconds), release the knob.

The device has been returned to its factory defaults and can be configured per the steps in <u>Initial Setup</u>.

#### **Front Panel Indicators**

Green LED On

The device is powered on and operating normally

Green LED Fades In and Out

The device is parked.

Issue a tools parking unpark (T:65) command, or home (T:1) the device.

Green LED Flashes Slowly

The operating conditions of the device are outside of the recommended range.

This will occur when the supply voltage is either over or under the recommended range, or the internal temperature has exceeded the set limit. Check the following:

- ♦ The input voltage is in the range 23.5V 48.5V. This can be read from the device with the <u>get</u> <u>system.voltage</u> command.
- ♦ The device temperature is below 80°C. This can be read from the device with the get system.temperature command.

Green LED Off

The device is not powered.

Check the supply connections and power adaptor for correct operation.

Red LED On or Flashing.

A critical error has occurred.

Please contact Zaber Technical Support.

Yellow LED Always Off or Flashes but No Reply.

There are communication errors.

Please see the <u>Communication Errors</u> section below.

### **Manual Control**

Turning the knob either way results in no movement

The knob may have been disabled.

Check that the <u>knob.enable</u> (<u>T:107</u>) setting is correct.

Restore the default parameters through the <u>system restore</u> (T:36) command.

The device won't cover the full range of travel.

The device hasn't been homed.

Turn the knob anti-clockwise until the device reaches the fully retracted position (closest to the motor). The device will home and the full range of travel available.

### **Unexpected Behaviour**

The device doesn't respond to a move command.

The device needs to be homed before use.

Send the home (T:1) command.

The device is moving on its own and running against the ends of travel.

The position encoder has de-synchronized.

Reset the device by power cycling it or sending <u>system reset</u> ( $\underline{T:0}$ ) command, then re-initialize it with the <u>home</u> ( $\underline{T:1}$ ) command. Ground the device and avoid operation under a statically noisy environment.

The device is moving very slowly. It used to move faster.

The speed settings may have been changed inadvertently.

Send a system restore (T:36) command.

The device makes louder than normal noise during travel and is frequently slipping.

This condition happens if the thrust needed is more than the thrust available from the device.

Check the following:

- ♦ The force on the device is less than the maximum thrust.
- ♦ The voltage using the <u>get system.voltage</u> command. Voltage less than the specified voltage for the device will reduce the device's maximum thrust.

Test the following:

- ♦ Try a slower target velocity. Stepper motors produce more thrust when moving slowly.
- ♦ Try a lower acceleration and deceleration.
- ♦ Clean the screw and lightly re-grease it with a grease that does not degrade plastics.

The device has repeatability errors smaller than 4 full steps.

If steps aren't being skipped, friction or loose parts may still cause some variation when returning to a position.

Please contact Zaber Technical Support.

The device doesn't cover the full range of travel, or runs into the end.

A setting might have been inadvertently changed.

- $\Diamond$  home (T:1) the device to see if this corrects the behaviour.
- ♦ Send a <u>system restore</u> (<u>T:36</u>) command.

### **Communication Errors**

There is no communication with the device, the Yellow LED does not come on or flash.

There are several things should be checked:

- ♦ Make sure the correct serial port is selected. Try selecting other serial ports in the software.
- ♦ Check the baud rate, hand shaking, parity, stop bit, etc. when configuring the serial communications software. The required settings are listed in the RS232 Communications section above.
- ♦ Make sure there are no bent pins in the ends of all the data cables
- ♦ Make sure the device is powered, the Green LED should be on.
- ♦ If the computer is a laptop running on batteries, try plugging in the power. Some laptops disable the serial ports when running on batteries.
- ♦ Make sure a null modem adaptor or cable is not being used.

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- ♦ Make sure the correct adaptors(if any) are being used. Refer to the pinouts in the <u>RS232</u> Communications section above.
- ♦ If the problem encountered when trying to control the device with custom software, try using one of the demo programs from the Zaber website to verify that the hardware is functioning properly.

The yellow light comes on briefly when sending a command, but the device does not move and does not reply.

Check baud rate, hand shaking, parity, stop bit, etc. are set as per the <u>RS232 Communications</u> defaults.

The device numbers may not be what is expected, issue a <u>system renumber</u> (<u>T:2</u>) command. Make sure that the computer does not transmit anything else while the devices renumber.

If using the binary protocol, check the following:

- \$\delta\$ 6 bytes are transmitted and that the device number and command are valid.
- ♦ The software does not transmit any control characters such as line feed and spaces.
- ♦ That the serial port is not configured with a termination character (it often defaults to linefeed).

If problems are encountered when using custom software, try using one of the demo programs from the Zaber website to verify that the hardware works.

The device does not behave as expected when software sends it a series of commands.

The computer might be set to Unicode. This is common for languages that use non-Latin based characters. Go to Control Panel/Regional and Language Options/Advanced. Select a language for non-unicode programs. This should be English or another Latin based character language.

Check what is being sent out of the serial port. <u>stackoverflow.com</u> has a list of some tools to monitor serial ports.

In Binary mode, the device does not send replies but otherwise works.

Auto-reply might have been disabled via <u>T:101</u>.

Send a <u>system restore</u> (<u>T:36</u>) command.

If the problem is encountered when trying to control the device with custom software:

- ♦ Use a demo program from the Zaber website to verify that the hardware is functioning properly.
- ♦ Make sure that the receiving part of the code or commercial package is correct.
- ♦ Check the serial port settings are correct.
- ♦ Check connectors for bent or broken pins.

In Binary mode, the device sometimes returns fewer than 6 bytes.

This typically indicates a problem with the serial port settings. Some serial ports are set to automatically recognize and remove specific control characters such as carriage returns when they appear in the RS232 receive buffer.

Check the settings are correct and not removing or replacing characters.

### Slipping and Stalling

The device makes noise but does not move.

The device is stalling.

Try removing all external loads. If the device now extends and retracts normally, the problem is excessive load. Try to reduce the load and ensure the load is less than the maximum thrust. A higher thrust or torque can be achieved by lowering the speed of the device using the <u>maxspeed</u> (<u>T:42</u>) setting.

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# Warranty and Repair

For Zaber's policies on warranty and repair, please refer to the Ordering Policies

### Standard products

Standard products are any part numbers that do not contain the suffix ENG followed by a 4 digit number. Most, but not all, standard products are listed for sale on our website. All standard Zaber products are backed by a one-month satisfaction guarantee. If you are not satisfied with your purchase, we will refund your payment minus any shipping charges. Goods must be in brand new saleable condition with no marks. Zaber products are guaranteed for one year. During this period Zaber will repair any products with faults due to manufacturing defects, free of charge.

### **Custom products**

Custom products are any part numbers containing the suffix ENG followed by a 4 digit number. Each of these products has been designed for a custom application for a particular customer. Custom products are guaranteed for one year, unless explicitly stated otherwise. During this period Zaber will repair any products with faults due to manufacturing defects, free of charge.

### How to return products

Customers with devices in need of return or repair should contact Zaber to obtain an RMA form which must be filled out and sent back to us to receive an RMA number. The RMA form contains instructions for packing and returning the device. The specified RMA number must be included on the shipment to ensure timely processing.

# **Email Updates**

If you would like to receive our periodic email newsletter including product updates and promotions, please sign up online at <a href="https://www.zaber.com">www.zaber.com</a> (news section). Newsletters typically include a promotional offer worth at least \$100.

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# **Contact Information**

Contact Zaber Technologies Inc by any of the following methods:

Phone	1-604-569-3780 (direct)
	1-888-276-8033 (toll free in North America)
Fax	1-604-648-8033
Mail	#2 - 605 West Kent Ave. N., Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6P 6T7
Web	www.zaber.com
Email	Please visit our website for up to date email contact information.

The original instructions for this product are available at <a href="http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Manuals/A-LST">http://www.zaber.com/wiki/Manuals/A-LST</a>.

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# **Appendix A - Available Communications Ports**

### **Finding Installed Serial Ports**

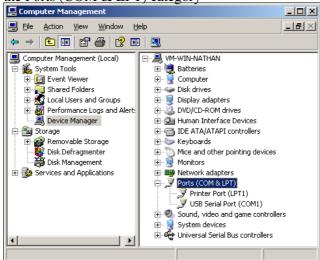
#### **Windows**

1. Right click on Computer or My Computer and select Manage.



2. Select Device Manager from the Computer Management list





◆ In this example there is one serial port installed (COM1), which is a USB adaptor.

#### Linux

- 1. Finding devices
  - ♦ Open a terminal and execute the following command:

```
dmesg | grep -E ttyU\?S
```

◆ The response will be similar to the following:

```
[ 2.029214] serial8250: ttySO at I/O 0x3f8 (irq = 4) is a
16550A
[ 2.432572] 00:07: ttySO at I/O 0x3f8 (irq = 4) is a 16550A
[ 2.468149] 0000:00:03.3: ttyS4 at I/O 0xec98 (irq = 17) is a
16550A
[ 13.514432] usb 7-2: FTDI USB Serial Device converter now
attached to ttyUSBO
```

◆ This shows that there are 3 serial ports available: ttyS0, ttyS4 and ttyUSB0 (a USB adaptor)

#### 2. Checking port permissions

• Using the ports found above, execute the following command

```
ls -l /dev/tty{S0, S4, USB0}
```

♦ The permissions, given below, show that a user has to be root or a member of the dialout group to be able to access these devices

```
crw-rw---- 1 root dialout 4, 64 Oct 31 06:44 /dev/ttyS0
crw-rw---- 1 root dialout 4, 68 Oct 31 06:45 /dev/ttyS4
crw-rw---- 1 root dialout 188, 0 Oct 31 07:58 /dev/ttyUSB0
```

3. Checking group membership

groups

♦ The output will be similar to the following:

```
adm cdrom sudo dip plugdev users lpadmin sambashare Notice that dialout is not in the list
```

- ♦ A user can be added to the dialout group with the following command sudo adduser \$USER dialout
- Group membership will not take effect until the next logon.

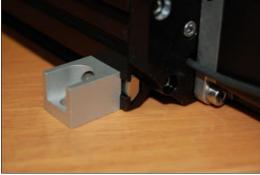
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# **Appendix B - Mounting**

### Mounting the stage with AB105 brackets

AB105 brackets are designed to mount LST family stages to a mounting surface like an optical table. The brackets use the T-channels in the stage base. This allows for any mounting location in the direction of travel and 123 - 128 mm, or 5" spacing from side to side. Mounting instructions:

1. Insert the t-nut in the end of the stage as shown and slide it to the desired position.



2. Push down the stage and bracket so they are both flush with the mounting surface. Note that the stage has raised contact surfaces on the bottom so the side of the stage does not touch the mounting surface. Tighten the M4 screw to secure the bracket to the stage. It is important that the bottoms of the brackets are flush with the bottom of the stage; otherwise the stage base could be forced to bend slightly open or closed when the brackets are mounted to the mounting surface, causing the moving

carriage to become too tight or too loose at that position.



3. Use M6 or 1/4"-20 screws to mount the brackets to a mounting surface.

Specification	Value	Alternate Unit
Integrated Controller	Yes	
Encoder Type	None	
Communication Interface	RS-232	
Communication Protocol	Zaber ASCII, Zaber Binary (Default)	
Maximum Centered Load	1000 N	224.3 lb
Maximum Cantilever Load	3000 N-cm	4,248.4 oz-in
Guide Type	Roller bearing	
Vertical Runout	< 13 μm	< 0.000512 "
Horizontal Runout	< 13 μm	< 0.000512 "
<u>Pitch</u>	0.10 degrees	1.745 mrad
Roll	0.08 degrees	1.396 mrad
<u>Yaw</u>	0.05 degrees	0.873 mrad
Maximum Current Draw	1200 mA	
Power Supply	12-48 VDC	
Power Plug	Molex Mini-Fit Jr. 3pin	
Motor Steps Per Rev	200	
Motor Type	Stepper (2 phase)	
<u>Inductance</u>	1.6 mH/phase	
Data Cable Connection	Minidin 6 M/F	
Mechanical Drive System	Precision lead screw	
<u>Limit or Home Sensing</u>	Magnetic home sensor	
Manual Control	Indexed knob with push switch	
Axes of Motion	1	
LED Indicators	Yes	
Mounting Interface	M6 and M3 threaded holes	
Vacuum Compatible	No	
Operating Temperature Range	0 to 50 degrees C	
RoHS Compliant	Yes	
CE Compliant	Yes	

# **Comparison - A-LST Series**

Part Number	Microstep Size (Default Resolution)	Travel Range	Accuracy (unidirectional)	<b>Repeatability</b>
<u>A-LST0250A</u>	$0.124023438~\mu m$	254 mm ( 10.000 ")	63 μm ( 0.002480 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0250B</u>	0.49609375 μm	254 mm ( 10.000 ")	63 μm ( 0.002480 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0250D</u>	1.984375 μm	254 mm ( 10.000 ")	63 μm ( 0.002480 ")	< 2.5 μm (< 0.00098 ")
<u>A-LST0500A</u>	0.124023438 μm	500 mm ( 19.685 ")	125 μm ( 0.004921 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0500B</u>	0.49609375 μm	500 mm ( 19.685 ")	125 μm ( 0.004921 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0500D</u>	1.984375 μm	500 mm ( 19.685 ")	125 μm ( 0.004921 ")	< 2.5 μm (< 0.00098 ")
<u>A-LST0750A</u>	0.124023438 μm	750 mm ( 29.528 ")	188 μm ( 0.007402 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0750B</u>	0.49609375 μm	750 mm ( 29.528 ")	188 μm ( 0.007402 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST0750D</u>	1.984375 μm	750 mm ( 29.528 ")	188 μm ( 0.007402 ")	< 2.5 μm (< 0.000098 ")
<u>A-LST1000A</u>	0.124023438 μm	1000 mm ( 39.370 ")	250 μm ( 0.009843 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST1000B</u>	0.49609375 μm	1000 mm ( 39.370 ")	250 μm ( 0.009843 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST1000D</u>	1.984375 μm	1000 mm ( 39.370 ")	250 μm ( 0.009843 ")	< 2.5 μm (< 0.000098 ")
<u>A-LST1500A</u>	0.124023438 μm	1500 mm ( 59.055 ")	375 μm ( 0.014764 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST1500B</u>	0.49609375 μm	1500 mm ( 59.055 ")	375 μm ( 0.014764 ")	< 2 μm (< 0.000079 ")
<u>A-LST1500D</u>	1.984375 μm			

Comparison - A-LST Series

			1500 mm ( 59.055 ")	375 μm ( 0.014764 ")	< 2.5 μm (< 0.00098 ")
Part Number	<b>Backlash</b>	Maximum Speed	Minimum Speed	<b>Speed Resolution</b>	
<u>A-LST0250A</u>	< 5 μm (< 0.000197 ")	22 mm/s ( 0.866 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0250B</u>	< 10 μm (< 0.000394 ")	100 mm/s ( 3.937 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0250D</u>	< 20 μm (< 0.000787 ")	420 mm/s ( 16.535 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0500A</u>	< 5 μm (< 0.000197 ")	22 mm/s ( 0.866 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0500B</u>	< 10 μm (< 0.000394 ")	100 mm/s ( 3.937 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0500D</u>	< 20 μm (< 0.000787 ")	420 mm/s ( 16.535 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0750A</u>	< 5 μm (< 0.000197 ")	22 mm/s ( 0.866 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0750B</u>	< 10 μm (< 0.000394 ")	100 mm/s ( 3.937 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	
<u>A-LST0750D</u>	< 20 μm (< 0.000787 ")	420 mm/s ( 16.535 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1000A</u>	< 5 μm (< 0.000197 ")	22 mm/s ( 0.866 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1000B</u>	< 10 μm (< 0.000394 ")	100 mm/s (3.937 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1000D</u>	< 20 μm (< 0.000787 ")	420 mm/s ( 16.535 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1500A</u>	< 5 μm (< 0.000197 ")	15 mm/s ( 0.591 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	0.0000757 mm/s ( 0.00000 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1500B</u>	< 10 μm (< 0.000394 ")	60 mm/s ( 2.362 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	0.000303 mm/s ( 0.00001 "/s)	
<u>A-LST1500D</u>					

Comparison - A-LST Series

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	< 20 μm (< 0.000787 ")	240 mm/s	0.00121 mm/s ( 0.00005 "/s)		
Part Number	Peak Thrust	Maximum Continu		Linear Motion Per Motor Rev	<b>Weight</b>
<u>A-LST0250A</u>	700 N ( 157.0 lb)	560 N ( 125.6 lb)		1.5875 mm (0.062 ")	4.05 kg
<u>A-LST0250B</u>	350 N ( 78.5 lb)	350 N ( 78.5 lb)		5.35 mm (0.250 ")	4.05 kg
<u>A-LST0250D</u>	80 N ( 17.9 lb)	80 N ( 17.9 lb)		25.4 mm (1.000 ")	4.05 kg
<u>A-LST0500A</u>	700 N ( 157.0 lb)	560 N ( 125.6 lb)		1.5875 mm (0.062 ")	4.98 kg
<u>A-LST0500B</u>	350 N ( 78.5 lb)	350 N ( 78.5 lb)		5.35 mm ( 0.250 ")	4.98 kg
A-LST0500D	80 N ( 17.9 lb)	80 N ( 17.9 lb)		25.4 mm [1.000 ")	4.98 kg
<u>A-LST0750A</u>	700 N ( 157.0 lb)	560 N ( 125.6 lb)		1.5875 mm (0.062 ")	5.80 kg
<u>A-LST0750B</u>	350 N ( 78.5 lb)	350 N ( 78.5 lb)		5.35 mm (0.250 ")	5.80 kg
<u>A-LST0750D</u>	80 N ( 17.9 lb)	80 N ( 17.9 lb)		25.4 mm [1.000 ")	5.80 kg
<u>A-LST1000A</u>	700 N ( 157.0 lb)	560 N ( 125.6 lb)		1.5875 mm ( 0.062 ")	6.90 kg
<u>A-LST1000B</u>	350 N ( 78.5 lb)	350 N ( 78.5 lb)		5.35 mm (0.250 ")	6.90 kg
<u>A-LST1000D</u>	80 N ( 17.9 lb)	80 N ( 17.9 lb)		25.4 mm [1.000 ")	6.90 kg
<u>A-LST1500A</u>	700 N ( 157.0 lb)	560 N ( 125.6 lb)		1.5875 mm (0.062 ")	9.10 kg
<u>A-LST1500B</u>	350 N ( 78.5 lb)	350 N ( 78.5 lb)		5.35 mm ( 0.250 ")	9.10 kg
<u>A-LST1500D</u>					9.10 kg

80 N 80 N 25.4 mm (17.9 lb) (17.9 lb) (1.000 ")