

User's Manual

# Symphonie<sup>™</sup> Data Logger and Accessories

10 Commerce Street Hindsburg, VT USA prime State Bit 24 See 235 mail: sales dringsplans. Symphonic Logger	ING Systems, Inc. Symphonie Press [HOUE]
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# **Customer Support**

NRG Systems offers a variety of support options to help you get the most from your NRG product. If you have questions about your NRG product, first look in the printed product documentation or the Knowledge Base in the Tech Support section of NRG's web site. If you cannot find the answer, contact your salesperson or NRG Systems Customer Support for assistance using the information below. Customer support is available 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM EST, Monday through Friday.

NRG Systems, Inc.Telephone: 802-482-2255110 Riggs RoadToll Free (USA only): 800-448-WIND (800-448-9463)Hinesburg, VermontFAX: 802-482-227205461 U.S.A.Email: support@nrgsystems.com

When you call or email, you should have the appropriate product documentation at hand and be prepared to give the following information:

- Customer name
- Who purchased equipment
- Item number or description
- Serial number
- When equipment was purchased
- Where equipment is installed terrain conditions
- Description of the problem with some detail
- What events took place leading up to the problem
- · What you have tried while attempting to solve the problem

NRG Systems maintains an extensive website which includes an in-depth customer support area for NRG customers. If you need assistance at times other than our regular business hours, we suggest visiting our website, **www.nrgsystems.com**.

All instruments, sensors, software and towers manufactured by NRG Systems are designed to be reliable and easy to use. We welcome your comments and appreciate your help in making NRG products the best available.

# Introduction

#### Welcome!

Congratulations on your purchase of the Symphonie data logger. The revolutionary Symphonie data logger is part of the world's most advanced internet enabled data logger system. It gives you all the accuracy and durability of other NRG loggers, but allows you to collect data without leaving your desk. Symphonie stores data on a standard MMC card. With an optional NRG iPack, you can send data via your Internet provider over an embedded standard, satellite, or cellular phone. You get an email with an attached data file at any interval you choose.

The complete internet enabled Symphonie data logger system is comprised of the Symphonie data logger; optional iPack kit for AMPS cellular, CDMA cellular, GSM cellular, North American GSM cellular, DoCoMo cellular, satellite, or dial-up phone communications, plus Symphonie Data Retriever Software. Optional plug-in Signal Conditioning Modules (SCMs) are available and pre-configured to work with sensors from NRG or other manufacturers.

# Using This Manual

The Symphonie logger User's Manual is an indispensable part of the Symphonie logger system. Read this manual completely before installing and operating the Symphonie logger. Follow all instructions and recommendations closely. Several checklists and forms have been included to facilitate preparing for installation and site visits. Avoid jeopardizing the reliability of your data collection system by being prepared with the required information and tools.

#### Definitions

This type style is used for the general body of this manual and is used for general descriptions and instructions to the user.

Instructions in **Bold Type** refer to Symphonie Data Retreiver Software and require you to press a button on the computer screen, open a file, or select from a program menu. For example: **File>Open**.

Instructions in **[Brackets]** refer to Symphonie logger keypad navigation and require you to press a series of keys to perform a specific function. For example, pressing the **[Home/Esc]** key will always return the display to the Main Menu.

This type style is used to show actual prompts and messages that appear on the logger display.

This type style is used to warn users of a potential danger, either to themselves or to the equipment or data.

#### Symphonie Set-up Overview

Symphonie is a very flexible logging system that can be set up as a stand alone unit or as an internet enabled logging system. When used as a stand alone unit, data files are retrieved manually through regular site visits. When used in conjunction with a snap-on AMPS, CDMA, GSM, North American GSM, DoCoMo, satellite, or dial-up communications iPack, data files are delivered to the user as email attachments.

#### Stand Alone Users (no iPack)

Stand alone Symphonie configuration is fairly straightforward for those familiar with data loggers. Follow the sections on logger setup carefully. Stand alone users may skip the headings in this manual referring to iPacks and do not need to install the SDR software in order to configure a logger. All software related operations including software installation can be skipped until files need to be processed.

#### Internet Enabled Users (with iPack installation)

This manual provides full instructions in a chronological order for Symphonie / iPack systems. It is recommended that the manual be followed in chronological order for configuring an iPack system. Note that iPack users will need to set up internet service provider accounts in addition to cellular or satellite accounts. You may want to obtain some assistance from your IT department professionals if they routinely configure your computers for internet access. iPack users will also need to install the SDR software before an iPack can be configured.

#### Theory of Operation

The NRG Symphonie data logger is an internet ready, ultra-low power microprocessor-controlled data logging system specifically designed for the wind energy industry. Addition of communication iPacks allows for internet transfer of data via email. AMPS, CDMA, GSM, satellite and dial-up iPacks can be easily connected to the back of the Symphonie logger to enable remote internet communications.

The Symphonie logger has a fixed averaging interval of 10 minutes. Each of the 12 channels' averages, standard deviations, minimum and maximum values are calculated from continuous 2 second data samples. Data intervals are calculated every 10 minutes, time stamped with the beginning time of each interval and written to the MultiMedia Card (MMC) at the top of each hour.

Symphonie Data Retriever (SDR) software is then used to process raw data files stored on your computer either from an MMC Reader or email. Configuration of iPacks is also performed by the SDR software with the use of a programming cable.

Sensor scales and offsets programmed into the Symphonie logger can be edited later with SDR if there is a mistake or if a sensor is added or changed. The parameters in SDR's Site File are used to create the tab-delimited text file (ASCII), so there is always an opportunity to make changes to how the raw files will be processed before generating ASCII data files.

#### Features of the Symphonie Logger System

The Symphonie logger is a 12 channel data logger optimized for the needs of the wind energy assessment user. It is designed to be easy to install and reliable in any climate. Wherever you need to measure the wind, no matter how demanding the environment, Symphonie and the "plug and play" iPacks make data collection as easy as reading your email.

- It provides up to 6 counter inputs used for measuring wind speed or other frequency signals such as rain gauges or other totalizer type sensors.
- It provides up to 6 analog channels used for measuring wind direction or a range of other parameters including temperature, barometric pressure, relative humidity and solar energy.
- The Symphonie logger is wind energy industry specific and pre-configured to industry standards. All features for wind energy assessment are built in. Symphonie requires no complex configuration.
- Convenient "plug and play" Signal Conditioning Modules (SCMs) are pre-configured for a large variety of additional sensors.
- Configuration of channels 4-6 and 9-12 can be altered at any time for different sensors by simply changing the corresponding SCM.

- Symphonie uses non-volatile FLASH MultiMedia Cards (MMC) for data storage. Cards are available almost anywhere in the world and are safer for data storage than RAM memory.
- The standard 16 MB MMC provides over 2 years of data storage.
- Average, Standard Deviation, Maximum and Minimum values are recorded for all sensor channels at every 10 minute interval. Set up is done for you.
- Free Symphonie Data Retriever Software is included and produces versatile tab-delimited text files. Data files can be used with a wide range of data processing software, including SQL databases, Microsoft Excel and Access, and more. International numeric formats are supported.
- The 4 line x 20 character display is easy to read and provides easy to understand real-time data and configuration information.
- Dedicated navigation buttons (up, down, left, right, home), plus a data entry keypad make the full-text, menu driven display easy to use.
- Separate lithium battery-backed real-time clock provides accurate and reliable time stamping.
- Wiring panel provides additional gas tube ESD protection for each input channel.
- Symphonie runs on two alkaline D-cells (included) for up to one year, depending on sensor configuration.
- iPack kits for AMPS cellular, CDMA cellular, GSM worldwide cellular, DoCoMo cellular, satellite, and dial-up phone communications provide remote data collection via e-mail.
- PV-only iPack kits provide additional power for higher consumption sensors such as barometric pressure sensors or relative humidity sensors.
- Loggers with iPacks can remotely change the logger's sensor configuration and communication parameters via email.
- Symphonie Data Retriever Software allows pre-installation programming of iPacks through a programming cable.
- Voice call and antenna test features allow on-site testing of iPack communications.
- iPack battery can be recharged after office testing using a convenient wall charger (available from NRG).
- Symphonie Data Retriever Software version 5 and later is compatible with data from Wind Explorers, 9200-PLUS, and 9300 series loggers and their readers (DataPlug Reader, EEReader II).
- Improved support for DBCS systems.
- Data filtering in Symphonie Data Retriever Software can exclude icing data and faulty sensor data from reports.
- Support for SMTP authorization for iPacks version 14 and later.
- POPAuto feature included with Symphonie Data Retriever Software automates extraction of emailed data.
- Convenient access to complete sensor history information in the Site Information Editor screen.
- Customized ASCII export available.

# **Precautions**

# Notes for First Time Users

It is recommended that you take the time to become familiar with your new logger and its operation before going out in the field. Please read the manual and experiment with all the functions and features of the Symphonie data logger.

Practice the following in your office before going to the field:

- installing SCM cards
- setting Symphonie parameters
- attaching the sensors to the Symphonie logger
- using the keypad
- formatting and changing MMC cards
- changing batteries
- installing and configuring iPacks
- using Symphonie Data Retriever Software
- transferring data from the Symphonie logger to your PC using the supplied MMC card reader

# Grounding

Whenever coming in contact with the Symphonie logger, either in the field or indoors, it is good practice to first grasp a piece of grounded (earthed) metal to avoid a potentially damaging electrostatic discharge (ESD) to the logger.

Meteorological sensors, loggers, and towers will accumulate static charge unless they are properly grounded. Both high wind speeds and low humidity increase the rate of charge accumulation. Static charge can change the electric potential of the logger and sensors by thousands of volts relative to ground. Charge will continue to accumulate until the developed voltage difference causes dielectric breakdown and static discharge.

Electrostatic discharge will damage any scientific instrument, including a Symphonie logger. It is very important that you ground your logger immediately after mounting and prior to connecting a sensor. If a ground rod cannot be driven into the ground at the base of the tower, a grounding cable should be buried in the ground for sufficient distance to reduce the resistance between the logger ground stud and the earth. Failure to ground a Symphonie logger will cause damage to the logger, sensor damage, and loss of data.

Equipment that is not properly grounded is not covered by NRG Systems warranty.

#### Recharging the iPack Battery

Lead acid batteries such as the one used in the Symphonie iPack need to be kept fully charged. It is very important to recharge the iPack before installing it in the field, especially after programming or communications testing. All lead acid batteries will lose their capacity over time. Therefore, the battery must be recharged if an iPack is kept in storage or is

unused for any period of time. An iPack battery charger is available from NRG Systems (item #3615).

*iPack3* models (released April 2006) have an additional set of terminals for a 12 V external power source (battery bank with charge controller, for example). Please review the following table to make sure you are making the correct connections.

<b>Connection Point</b>	Do	Do NOT	Functional Notes
PV Terminals	Doconnect PV panels, DC power sources between 14 and 28 V DC	Do NOTconnect power sources in excess of 28 V DC, including large PV panels	The PV terminals will charge the iPack's internal battery; the PV terminals will NOT charge an external battery.
External Battery Terminals	Do…connect 12 V battery and/or external charge controller up to 14.3 V DC	Do NOTconnect PV panel or power sources in excess of 14.3 V DC	The external battery terminals are an input only, an external battery will NOT be charged from the iPack through these terminals nor will the internal iPack battery.
Ground Terminal	Doconnect to logger ground stud	Do NOTleave disconnected or connect other wires such as shields	This terminal will help provide protection from electrostatic discharge for the iPack and logger.

If the iPack battery is not fully charged before being installed in the field, the battery may discharge faster than the photovoltaic panel can recharge it. This is more likely when using sensors with higher power consumption such as barometric pressure and relative humidity sensors. Like most lead acid batteries, if the iPack battery remains at low capacity for an extended period of time, the battery will no longer accept or maintain a charge.

# Environmental Considerations

- Grounding requirements are site specific; determine soil type before installation.
- Sensor cables become less flexible and are more easily damaged at very low temperatures.
- Make sure that all sensor cables are securely fastened to the tower so they do not flap in the wind.
- Be sure that all connections are tight and securely fastened to ensure reliability in high winds.
- Low temperatures can diminish battery performance. Always use good quality alkaline batteries, and always stay within reasonable limits when establishing your battery replacement schedule.
- Make sure that all sensor cables are spiral wrapped (2 wraps every three meters) around the tower to discourage natural frequency vibrations. Use a high quality electrical tape rated for extreme conditions to further secure the cables to the tower.

#### Site Records

Understanding the assignment of site numbers is the single most important step in setting up a wind assessment system.

- The Symphonie logger system requires that you assign a unique site number to each logger site.
- The assigned site number must stay with the site even if the tower, sensors, and logger are dismantled and moved to another location.
- An abandoned site number is never re-used or assigned to a new location. It remains as a reference to the historical data from the abandoned site.

An accurate description of each site is essential to your wind measurement program. Your Symphonie logger can be configured to label datasets with the following information:

- Latitude and longitude
- Site elevation
- Sensor heights

It is advisable to record additional site information that may help in the analysis of your data:

- Type of terrain (open plain, mountainous forest, etc.)
- Type and height of trees
- Type of climate
- A topographic map of the area

Additional procedures and recommendations for keeping good site records can be found in the American Wind Energy Association's siting standards document: *Standard Procedures for Meteorological Measurements at a Potential Wind Turbine Site.* This document can be found on the AWEA web site, <u>www.awea.org.</u>

In the Appendices, we've provided some blank site data sheets that may be helpful in organizing this information.

# Symphonie Logger Components (Quick Tour)

### Unpacking the Symphonie Logger System

Follow standard precautions for handling electronic components when unpacking the Symphonie logger. Discharge static electricity from your body by touching a piece of grounded metal or wearing a ground strap.

Do not remove the brown desiccant pack from the clear plastic package at this time. During the field installation procedure, you will remove the clear wrapper and place the desiccant pack inside the logger enclosure to keep it dry.

Confirm that you have received all components by comparing your order to the packing list shown below. Immediately contact NRG Systems if any of the components are missing.

You should find the following standard equipment:

- 1 Symphonie data logger unit
- 2 1.5 volt D-cell alkaline batteries
- 1 3 volt lithium clock battery (installed)
- 1 8 foot (2.43 meter) 10 Ga. ground cable with connector
- 2 10-32 hex machine nuts
- 4 10-32 x 0.50 inch (13 mm) mounting screws
- 1 desiccant pack
- 1-16MB MMC card with protective case
- 1 field wiring panel
- 1 CD containing Symphonie Data Retriever software
- 1 screwdriver with NRG logo

Be sure to double-check your order for any optional equipment ordered, such as SCMs, extra MMCs, etc.

# Symphonie Logger Components Map

Here is an illustration of the logger with the cover open, the battery cover removed, and all seven additional SCMs installed. All of the main components are labeled.



#### Keypad

- Two field types are utilized when programming the Symphonie logger numeric only and alphanumeric. While in a numeric only field, pushing a numbered key allows direct entry of any numeric value. While in alphanumeric fields, the keys will scroll through each of the assigned characters. For example, push the [2] key, and it types the number "2." Push the same key again and it types the letter "A" or "a." Press the same key again, and it types the letter "B" or "b." The navigation keys in the top row are used to toggle between upper and lower case letters (see below).
- In this manner, the digits 0-9, the entire alphabet, as well as special characters, can all be entered utilizing only ten keys.
- The zero **[0]** key can be used to enter a blank space or the characters "\*" and "#." Pressing the **[Home/Esc]** key will always return the display to the Main Menu.
- Take some time to experiment with the keypad to become familiar with its operation.

### **Navigation keys**

The keys in the top row are the navigation keys – left, down, up and right. These keys can be used to page forward and backward, move the cursor on data entry screens, and enter decimal points "." or negative "-" characters. Additionally, the up and down keys are used to toggle between capital and lower case letters in alphanumeric fields.

#### Display

- The liquid crystal display is built into the logger to facilitate site visits and is activated by pressing any key on the logger keypad. The user can view present wind conditions and logger parameters without additional equipment.
- As a power saving function, the display will always shut off after one minute without any key inputs. The logger continues to collect data while the display is off.

#### **D-cell Batteries**

The logger runs on standard D-cell batteries which are protected by a battery cover. It is recommended that high quality alkaline batteries are used (such as Energizer or Duracell). Batteries should be changed one at a time so that logging operations are not disrupted during the battery change.

#### Input connector

This male DB-37 connector interfaces to the field wiring panel. Sensor wires are connected to the field wiring panel with the supplied NRG screwdriver.

#### iPack access port

This port allows connection of the Headset & Programming Adapter (HPA) for utilization of voice call features and iPack programming.

#### Ground stud

This 10-32 stud is designed to be connected directly to earth ground with the supplied ground cable. The logger must be grounded!

#### **Clock battery**

A lithium battery powers the logger clock even if D-cell batteries are not present. This allows the logger to retain date and time in the event of a reboot. Clock batteries will last many years under normal use.

#### Clock battery warning LED

This LED illuminates if the clock battery has been installed backwards.

#### **Reset Button**

Any time the reset button is pressed, the logger will begin a new data file.

- A reset button is provided in the unlikely event that a nearby lightning strike or ESD event causes the Symphonie data logger electronics to lock up. It is located between the battery box and the clock battery.
- Should it become necessary to reset the Symphonie logger, place the NRG screwdriver (provided) in the upper corner just to the left of the "Counter 4" SCM slot and slide down.
- Resetting the unit will cause up to 10 minutes of data to be lost (depending on how long since data was last written to memory) and will start a new data file.
- Symphonie loggers with attached iPacks will initiate an automatic call ("cold boot call") 10 minutes after the logger is
  powered up. If no antenna is attached or the call can not be completed, no attempt will be made to call again until the
  next scheduled call or a "Call Now" is initiated by the user.
- Collected data already written to memory and all configuration settings will be retained.
- The reset button can also be used during field installation to start a new data file from the point at which all sensors have been connected.

Note that a reset can be also be initiated by the built-in watchdog in response to an ESD (electrostatic discharge) event. When an iPack is connected to a logger with no D-cells, this will also initiate a reset. The iPack provides auxiliary power

to the logger and therefore powers it up in the absence of D-cells.

#### **MMC Card Slot**

The MMC memory card installs into this slot with the beveled front corner down.

#### SCM slots for counter channels 4, 5 and 6

Each slot accepts a counter type Signal Conditioning Module (SCM). These are used to configure the logger for additional counter type channels (in addition to the 3 built-in counter/anemometer channels).

#### SCM slots for analog channels 9,10,11 and 12

Each slot accepts an analog type Signal Conditioning Module (SCM). These are used to configure the logger for additional wind vanes (in addition to the 2 built-in vanes channels) or other analog type sensors.

#### **Channel Description**

The Symphonie Logger has 12 input channels; 6 channels are counters and 6 are analog.

#### Channels 1 – 6 (Counters)

Channels 1 through 3 have built-in sensor interfaces for the NRG #40 Maximum anemometer and other anemometers with similar output signals. Counter channels 4 through 6 are configured by plugging an SCM into the corresponding SCM slot for that channel. The SCM provides the electronics to configure the input for the sensor connected. The SCM also sets up the channel as a speed (frequency) or totalizer for sensors such as tipping-bucket rain gauges or kWh meters.

#### Channels 7 – 12 (Analogs)

Channels 7 and 8 have built-in sensor interfaces for the NRG #200P wind vane or other wind vanes with similar output signals. Channels 9 through 12 are configured by plugging an SCM into the corresponding SCM slot for that channel. The SCM provides the electronics to configure the input for the sensor connected. Appropriate SCMs in analog channels 9 through 12 also describe to the logger whether the analog channel is a vane or other type of analog sensor.

# **Pre-Installation Setup: Logger Configuration**

It is important to follow the instructions in this section in the sequence presented.

### Grounding

Whenever coming in contact with the Symphonie logger, either in the field or indoors, it is good practice to first grasp a piece of grounded (earthed) metal before touching the logger to avoid a potentially damaging electrostatic discharge (ESD) to the logger.

### Installing SCMs

If your site configuration requires more than the built-in three counter channels and two analog vane channels, it will be necessary to install appropriate Signal Conditioning Modules (SCMs) for each additional counter sensor (channels 4 through 6) and each additional analog sensor (channels 9 through 12) to be connected to the Symphonie logger. Each SCM provides the necessary signal conditioning (filtering, gain, buffering and protection) electronics for the specific sensor type to be connected to the channel.

Additionally, each SCM automatically sets the logging mode for the channel. The logging mode determines how the Symphonie logger will process data gathered by each channel. For each counter channel 4 through 6, the SCM identifies the logging mode as frequency (speed) or totalizer, and for each analog channel 9 through 12, the SCM identifies the logging mode as vane or not a vane.

Before inserting an SCM in the appropriate slot, be sure to grasp the ground stud on the logger to prevent a potentially harmful static discharge. The SCM has a metal strip on the top edge to facilitate grounding while being handled.

- In order to install a SCM, it is necessary to remove the battery cover by loosening the three thumbscrews. It is
  preferable that the logger is not powered while installing or removing SCMs, so the D-cells or iPack should not be
  installed at this time.
- Install the SCM into the appropriate slot with the pins facing downward and the circuit components facing to the right.
- Do not force the SCM.
- The pins and connectors are "keyed" so that a counter SCM cannot be inserted into an analog slot.
- Once the SCMs have been installed, the batteries can be installed, and the channels can be configured.

#### Installing D-Cell Batteries

- Open the logger enclosure and remove the battery box cover. If you just installed SCMs, the cover should already be off.
- Insert two fresh D-cell batteries, one at a time, into the battery holders with the positive terminals of the batteries (the end with the bump) oriented towards the sides of the enclosure. When the batteries are first inserted, the display will read:

NRG Systems, Inc.

#### Symphonie SN:0000

#### Press [HOME]

- Replace the battery box cover.
- As a power saving function, the display will always shut off after one minute without any key inputs.
- The display may also be shut off by pressing [Home] [3] [3].
- The logger continues to collect data while the display is off.



SCM cards installed under battery cover

### Setting Logger Display Contrast

The Symphonie's display contrast is pre-set at the factory but can be adjusted if necessary. Please note that changes in contrast are temporary. When the display is powered up again, the default contrast setting will appear. This is to avoid the screen being accidentally set so that it can't be read (completely black or completely white).

#### [Home][3][2] = Set Display Contrast

```
Use up and down keys
to adjust contrast
ESC=Quit Set=Accept
```

# Setting and Verifying Logger Units (Imperial or SI)

Sensor lists are used to configure each channel of the logger. There are two internally stored factory loaded sensor lists, one with scale factors in Imperial units and one with scale factors in SI (metric) units. Setting the logger units to Imperial will load the sensor list with the scale factors in miles per hour, and the site elevation and sensor height units will default to feet.

Setting the logger units to SI will load the sensor list with the scale factors in m/s, and the site elevation and sensor height units will default to meters.

# Note that this will not change the currently stored scale factors for each channel in the logger. You must always confirm the scale factors and units for each logger channel individually.

- Press [Home][4][3][3]
- Use the [UP] and [DOWN] navigation keys to select Imperial or SI.
- Press the [Set] key to accept the selected units or press [ESC] to quit without changing the units.

#### Channel Configuration Sequence – choosing a sensor, setting and verifying each logger channel

It is recommended that the channels are configured only after the logger units have been set to either Imperial or SI as described above. Default sensor configuration values are preprogrammed for NRG sensors and can typically be used to

simplify the configuration process.

To begin the configuration process, press [Home][4]. The following display will appear:

- 1. Counters (Ch 1-6)
- 2. Analog (Ch 7-12)
- 3. Logger Settings
- Pressing [1] will display a list of the 6 currently active counter channel descriptions from memory.
- Pressing [2] will display a list of the 6 currently active analog channel descriptions from memory.
- Scroll through the desired list of six channels using the [UP] and [DOWN] arrows.
- Press the corresponding number for the channel you wish to configure. This will display the currently active channel description.
- You may now edit the currently displayed channel by pressing **[SET]**, or you may select a new configuration from the loaded sensor list by pressing the **[Down]** arrow key to scroll until the desired sensor description appears. When you have scrolled to the correct sensor description, press **[SET]** to edit. Any changes will be loaded as a working copy into temporary memory and will be saved and finalized after the configuration process for the channel is completed.
- Note that the currently selected sensor description will be followed by [Set] to Change on the LCD.

```
Channel 1: Frequency
NRG #40 Anem. m/s
[Set] to Change
[Down] for Defaults
```

Other possible sensor description choices will be followed by Up, Down to select and ESC=QUIT SET=ACCEPT.

#### -> Description (Sensor Model)

Edit the sensor description if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. Press **[SET]** when the sensor description is correct. The description is now loaded into the temporary memory and will be saved after the configuration process for this channel is completed. The scale factor editing screen will appear next.

#### -> Scale Factor

Enter the scale factor exactly and be careful to place the decimal point into the correct place. Edit the sensor scale factor if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. Press **[SET]** when the sensor scale factor is correct. The scale factor is now loaded into the temporary memory and will be saved after the configuration process for this channel is completed. The offset editing screen will appear next.

#### -> Offset

Edit the sensor offset if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. Press **[SET]** when the sensor offset is correct. The offset is now loaded into the temporary memory and will be saved after the configuration process for this channel is completed. The units editing screen will appear next.

#### -> Units

The Symphonie Logger may be set to use "mixed" units – that is, one can use SI units for some channels and Imperial units for others. Additionally, the units for each channel do not need to match the units that have been set for site elevation (altitude) and sensor height. Edit the sensor units if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. Press **[SET]** when the sensor units are correct. The units are now loaded into the temporary memory and will be saved after the configuration process for this channel is completed. The height editing screen will appear next.

#### -> Height

Edit the sensor height if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. The sensor height may be up to 4 characters. Press **[SET]** when the sensor height is correct. The height is now loaded into the temporary memory and will be saved after the configuration process for this channel is completed. The serial number editing screen will appear next.

#### -> Serial Number

Edit the sensor Serial Number (SN) if desired by using the keypad and navigation keys. It is an 8 character alphanumeric field. Press **[SET]** when the sensor Serial Number (SN) is correct.

All channel parameters that were loaded into temporary memory during editing are now finalized, and the configuration of this channel is now complete. The Symphonie data logger will return to the channel selection menu, and the process is repeated for the next channel.

# Setting and Verifying Site information, Time Zone, Clock and Data Encryption

#### Time Zone and Logger Clock (Time and Date)

- Press [Home] [4] [3] [1] to display the screen that sets the appropriate time zone (the logger defaults to zone –5: American Eastern Standard Time).
- Use the **[Up]** or **[Down]** arrows to scroll to the proper zone for your site, then press **[Set]** to accept. The logger will update the time zone and then display the prompt:

```
Set Date and Time
02/15/2003 15:26
mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm
ESC=Quit SET=Accept
```

Remember to use local standard time (not daylight savings time). Press [Set] to accept.

#### Site Number

- Press [Home [4] [3] [2] to set your unique site number.
- The Site Number field initially defaults to the logger's serial number but can be reset to any four digit number.

#### Site Altitude (Elevation) (optional)

- Press [Home] [4] [3] [4] to set site elevation.
- Site elevations will be expressed using the units (Imperial or SI) previously selected.
- Site elevations below sea level can be set by using a "-" in the first position. The "-" can be found in the navigation keys (the top row of the keypad).

#### Site Latitude and Longitude (optional)

- Press [Home] [4] [3] [5] to set site latitude.
- Use the **[Up] [Down]** navigation keys to toggle between north and south ("N" and "S"), and use the keypad to edit the displayed latitude information.
- When the latitude information appears as desired, press [SET].
- Use the [Up] [Down] navigation keys to toggle between east and west ("E" and "W"), and use the keypad to edit the displayed longitude information.
- When the longitude information appears as desired, press [SET].

#### **Data Encryption PIN Number (optional)**

As a security measure, Symphonie can encrypt data before storing it on the MMC. A Data Encryption PIN Number can be entered into the logger to enable data encryption. Note that this is an optional feature intended only for those for whom data theft is a risk. Data encryption can be disabled by setting the PIN to 0000. The data encryption PIN number is set to 0000 (disabled) at NRG before shipment. If the data are stored in encrypted format on the MMC, the encryption PIN number will also be needed for the SDR software to decrypt the data.

#### Do not lose the Data Encryption PIN number! You must know the PIN in order to disable or change it.

# Symphonie Data Retriever Software and Accessories

# Symphonie Data Retriever Software Functions

- Reads binary data files that have been stored on the computer hard disk from an email or MMC reader source.
- Stores site information.
- Configures iPacks through the use of a programming cable.
- Reads files generated by Symphonie, 9300, 9200-PLUS, and Wind Explorer data loggers, scales them according to a user-defined site file, and converts them to tab-delimited ASCII files readable by Notepad, Excel, etc.
- Imports data into a self-contained MicroSoft Access compatible database.
- Exports data as tab-delimited 10 minute, 60 minute .txt files or WASP format for any time range.
- Generates Wind Rose, Frequency Distribution and Summary reports for any time range.

Please be sure to open the "Read Me" file and check for any updates that may not have been included in the printing of this manual.

#### System Requirements

- Symphonie Data Retriever runs on Windows 95/98/2000, Windows ME, Windows XP Home, and Windows XP
  Professional computer operating systems and installs from a CD drive or can be downloaded from
  www.nrgsystems.com.
- A USB port is required to use the MMC Card Reader which allows you to read data from the MMC Flash cards.
- A standard DB9 COM port is required to program the iPack parameters. Note that in many cases, a USB to serial converter can be used in place of a real COM port.

#### **Related Hardware Accessories**

- MMC reader
- iPack programming cable
- Optional USB to serial converter cable

#### Installation

Symphonie Data Retreiver Software must be installed in order to program iPacks or read data files. Load the CD-ROM. Use Windows Explorer to find **SDRInst.exe**, and double-click the file to start the installation.

- 1. Select the options you want to install. If you are not sure, leave all the boxes checked. Hit "Next."
- 2. Choose the target directory for your installation. If you are not sure, leave it unchanged, and hit "Next."
- 3. When the installation is complete, hit "Close." If you are prompted to restart, do so now.
- 4. You are now ready to program iPacks or process files.

Please note that a default printer driver must be assigned before the software will run. You may use Windows Control Panel to do this.

Some versions of Windows do not allow users without administrator access to modify Windows system files. The user must have access privileges to install Symphonie Data Retriever.

If your PC does not have a CD-ROM drive, the Symphonie Data Retriever software may also be downloaded from the NRG Systems web site:

- 1. Go to the NRG Systems web site at http://www.nrgsystems.com, and go to the Software section of the Tech Support page.
- 2. Click on the link for SDRInst.exe and when asked, choose "Run from current location."
- When the download is complete, the program will start.
   You are now ready to program iPacks or process files.

# **Pre-installation Setup: iPack Accounts**

# AMPS Cellular Account

Before installing your AMPS iPack, an AMPS analog cellular account must be activated by a cellular service provider. In order to activate your AMPS analog cellular account, you will need to provide your cellular service provider with the AMPS iPack Electronic Serial Number (ESN). The ESN number can be found on a label on the AMPS iPack. Once you have given the ESN to the cellular provider and the account has been activated, the service provider will supply you with the Mobile Identification Number (MIN), System Identification Number (SID) and System Preference (A or B) for your AMPS iPack.

Record your AMPS iPack cellular parameters using the **AMPS iPack Data Sheet** worksheet found in the Appendices of this manual.

#### GSM Cellular Account

Before installing your GSM iPack, a GSM cellular account must be activated by a cellular service provider. Your GSM service provider will supply you with a SIM card that contains the GSM cellular account programming information.

The account associated with the SIM should be set up for Circuit Switched Data (CSD). The GSM Worldwide iPack (available starting May 2006) is capable of GPRS data transmission as well. In some cases, it may be necessary to use a GPRS connection as CSD may not be available from the GSM system in all locations. Be sure to ask your GSM provider about the different types of accounts and service availability for your area.

The SIM card must be installed into the GSM iPack before the unit can be installed. Detailed instructions for opening and closing the iPack can be found in the Appendices of this manual. A PIN (Personal Identification Number) number may also be provided and is supported by Symphonie. Be sure to inform your cellular service provider that you need the account enabled for data service instead of voice only.

Record your GSM iPack cellular parameters using the **GSM iPack Data Sheet** worksheet found in the Appendices of this manual.

# CDMA Cellular Account (Verizon Only)

Before using your CDMA iPack, an account must be established with the Verizon CDMA service provider. In order to activate your CDMA cellular account, you will need to provide Verizon with the CDMA iPack Electronic Serial Number (ESN). The ESN number can be found on a label on the CDMA iPack. Once you have given the ESN to the cellular provider and the account has been activated, you will need to register the phone in a Verizon home area. This is done through SDR by connecting the iPack directly to your computer, or by accessing the iPack through the logger's iPack access port, or through menus accessed from the logger's keypad. The phone will then download the account information automatically.

# CDMA Cellular Account (Canada / Telus Only)

Before using your CDMA iPack, an account must be established with the Telus CDMA service provider. In order to activate your CDMA cellular account, you will need to provide Telus with the CDMA iPack Electronic Serial Number (ESN). The ESN number can be found on a label on the CDMA iPack. Once you have given the ESN to the cellular provider and the account has been activated, you will need to register the phone in a Telus home area. This is done through SDR by connecting the iPack directly to your computer and sending a registration string of \*22886 using the "initialize phone" button, or doing the same by accessing the iPack through the logger's iPack access port. It is not possible to register the phone from the logger's keypad. The phone will then download the account information automatically.

### DoCoMo Cellular Account

Before using your DoCoMo iPack, an account must be established with NTT DoCoMo.

### Satellite Account

Before installing your satellite iPack, an account must be established with a satellite service provider that utilizes the Iridium satellite network. Complete the activation form included with the satellite iPack and fax to the satellite service provider as instructed on the form. A copy of this activation form can be found in the Appendices of this manual. The satellite phone in the iPack will be active once confirmation is received from the satellite service provider.

### Internet Service Provider (ISP) Account (all iPacks)

Before installing your iPack, an Internet Service Provider (ISP) account must be activated. The ISP must be capable of handling dial-up connections, be compatible with either PAP or CHAP authentication methods, be able to recommend Domain Name Service (DNS) servers, and have an SMTP server available for use. A POP3 server name, mailbox name and mailbox password are required, and you may use the ones provided by your ISP.

GSM iPacks utilizing GPRS service can obtain SMTP server information from the cellular service provider and do not require an account with an ISP. Remember that SMTP servers are used to send email from the logger. However, you will still need a POP3 mail account (to receive patch files), which will likely not be provided by the cellular carrier. Multiple loggers can share one POP3 account between them, but this account should not be used for anything other than Symphonie. If you do not already have a POP3 account for your loggers, you can obtain one from an email provider.

The POP3 mailbox MUST remain clear of SPAM and other email. Symphonie checks the POP3 mailbox at the end of each successful data transmission. Email other than a patch file residing in this mailbox will increase airtime unnecessarily.

Multiple loggers can share a single ISP account just as multiple users can share one ISP account. However, only one user can be logged in to an ISP at any one time. Therefore, it is recommended that logger call times are set up so their times are staggered by one hour.

NRG recommends having a separate, logger-only ISP account to make handling your data easier and avoid access conflicts. It is recommended that the assigned Symphonie ISP account is NOT the same account you use for your personal internet access. Each ISP account allows access for one user at any given time. This means that your day-to-day office internet access could obstruct the logger's internet access. If the ISP is busy with another user, the logger will try again later. Repeated attempts to access the internet are a waste of battery power and should be avoided.

# Pre-installation Setup: iPack Configuration

# Items required to configure (program) an iPack

You will need the following items to configure an iPack. Be sure you have all of these items before continuing:

- Symphonie Data Retriever Software
- Computer system requirements are specified in the *Symphonie Data Retriever Software and Accessories* section of this manual. You must follow the instructions to install the software before proceeding.
- iPack programming cable (available from NRG Systems)
- All ISP and phone account information

### Configuration (Programming) recommendations

iPack configuration should be done in the office before going to the field. Bringing an "active, ready to go" iPack to the field will insure the installation can be performed as quickly as possible, saving valuable field time and expense. Please note that if your logger revision is 8,7,11 or later, you have the ability to program the iPack through the logger's iPack Access Port. However, the iPack Access Port is intended for field use. For pre-installation programming of iPacks in your office, we recommend using the programming cable with PC as described below.

### Grounding

Please take care to observe good grounding practices when configuring your iPack. If you are in a dry office environment, make sure to discharge yourself before handling the iPack. The best solution is to place the iPack on a grounded antistatic mat.

#### Connecting the iPack to the Computer

Connect the iPack using a standard 9-pin female to 25-pin male ATModem cable to the serial port on your PC. The 9-pin end goes to the PC, and the 25-pin end goes to the iPack. Connect the computer end first, then the iPack end.

#### Starting Symphonie Data Retriever iPack Configuration Software

Start the Symphonie Data Retriever Software from the Windows Start menu. The program is usually found here: C:\NRG\SymDR\SDR.exe.

#### Establishing communication between the computer and iPack

From the main SDR Window, select **Site>Modify iPack Settings**. Check the lower left hand corner of the Modify iPack Settings window for a message.

If you receive no message or "iPack Communication Failed," it is likely that the comm port on your computer is not configured properly. You must disable any programs such as Palm HotSync that might be trying to access the comm port.

Select **Options>Comm Port** from the menu, and select the communication port you will be using to connect to the iPack. The comm port setting will be restored the next time you use the program and only needs to be entered the first time you use the program or following a reinstallation of SDR software.



Note: If none of the comm. ports in the Select Comm Port window can be selected, you will need to use Windows Control Panel's Device Manager to change the comm. port number to 1, 2, 3, or 4.

If the port is properly configured, you should see the message "Verifying iPack Connection" and then "iPack detected" at the bottom of the window.

Modify iPack Settings		×
File Options Special		
[SP Information] Call Schedule		
ISP Access Mail Access Email	Info	
Primary ISP Phone Number		
Primary DNS Number	0.0.0.0	
Secondary DNS Number	0.0.0.0	
Authentication Method	PAP	
User Name		
User Password		
Internet Time Server Name		- 11
AMPS v15 iPack detected		

#### Phone Programming & Initialization Overview - Set Up Phone

You will want to take extra care during this section. It is recommended that you get the iPack working before bringing it to the field for installation! The phone setup process is separate from the ISP setup and must be sent to the phone as described here.

At this point, you have established communication between the iPack and your computer. The embedded AMPS phone (or any GSM phone requiring a PIN) will need to be programmed through SDR with the account information provided by your cellular service provider. CDMA, Satellite, DoCoMo, and dialup iPacks require no programming.

From the Modify iPack window, select **Options>Set up Phone.** The appropriate type of phone (Dialup, AMPS, GSM, DoCoMo, CDMA, Satellite) button should already be selected. Note that at any time on the Set Up Phone window (for all iPacks except dialup and DoCoMo), you may press the **Get** button to retrieve the currently loaded phone settings. For AMPS and GSM iPacks, you may press the **Send** button to send currently displayed information on the Set Up Phone window to the iPack. The **Send** button is not available for CDMA and Satellite iPacks.

Set Up Phone	Set Up Phone
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite	Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite
CDMA Phone Parameters	CDMA Phone Parameters
ESN Number: Click 'Get'	ESN Number: 452600DC
Registration String: *22899	Registration String: *22899
Initialize Phone	Initialize Phone
Start Antenna Test	Start Antenna Test
	ESN Retrieved

# Phone Programming - Dial-up / POTS (Plain Old Telephone System)

No parameters are required. Return to the Modify iPack Settings window by closing the Set Up Phone window.

Set Up Phone	×
Connection Type	Get Send
Dialup Phone Parameters	
No Parameters Required	

# Phone Programming - AMPS cellular

You will need to enter all the appropriate information and then press the **Send** button to transfer the information to the embedded phone. Return to the Modify iPack Settings window by closing the Set Up Phone window when done.

Set Up Phone	X
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite	Get Send
AMPS Cellular Phone Parameters	
MIN Number	
Unknown	
System Preference O System A Only	
<ul> <li>System B Only</li> <li>System Determines Preference</li> <li>Home Use Only</li> </ul>	
Start Antenna Test	

#### MIN Number (Mobile Identification Number)

- This is the Mobile Identification Number that will be provided by your cellular phone provider.
- It is actually the phone number of your AMPS cellular phone.
- It should be 10 characters long.
- Enter it exactly as provided. Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- The entry should look something like: 8025551212

#### SID Number (System Identifier)

- This is the cellular phone provider's System Identification Number.
- It should be a 5 digit number.
- Your cellular phone company will give you this number when you set up your account.
- Enter it exactly as provided. Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- If it is a number with less than 5 digits, enter it with leading zeros.
- The entry should look something like:
  - 00313

#### **System Preference**

- The provider of the AMPS cellular service will tell you to use one of the following choices:
  - System A only System B only System Determines Preference Home Use Only

#### Phone Programming - GSM worldwide cellular

The GSM phone programming functions are performed through the GSM SIM (Subscriber Identity Module, a smart card containing the telephone number of the subscriber, encoded network identification details, the PIN and other user data such as the phone book). Your GSM provider will supply you with a SIM that you will install into the phone. GSM accounts can be configured for either Circuit Switched Data (CSD) or General Packet Radio Service (GPRS). GSM iPacks shipped prior to April 2006 cannot handle GPRS connections. The GSM Worldwide iPack (available starting late April 2006) is capable of GPRS data transmission. In some cases, CSD may not be available from the GSM system. In
these cases, you should use GPRS. GPRS configuration settings are specific to your cellular carrier.

#### Installing a SIM card into a GSM iPack

GSM users will need to open the iPack and install a SIM card into the GSM Data Modem.

#### **Opening the iPack**

Be sure to touch the metal shell of the DB25 connector on the iPack before opening the enclosure in order to safely discharge any static electricity.

The iPack enclosure consists of two halves secured together by four recessed screws, two from each side of the enclosure. A gasket in between the two halves and 8 o-rings provide an environmental seal for the iPack protecting the internal electronics from the elements.



Remove the four recessed screws and the iPack will separate into two halves. For older iPack models a short cable will connect the two halves. One half contains the iPack electronics and the other half contains the rectangular battery, which is secured by Velcro. For the newer GSM Worldwide iPack3 model, the battery and electronics will be found on the same half. The GSM transceiver is located to the left of the battery. *Try not to lose any of the o-rings, and be careful not to rip or tear the gasket if it should come loose*. Note that each iPack leaves the NRG factory with a small bag of spare o-rings inside the iPack.



Once the iPack cover is off, find the GSM transceiver and observe the outline of where the SIM should go. The notched corner of the SIM will align with the outline on the transceiver. Install the SIM in the GSM Data Modem by gently sliding it in. Be sure to install the SIM so that the gold contacts are facing down and the SIM card's notched corner is aligned with the outline. Older GSM Data Modems will have a hatch that needs to be opened before the SIM can be inserted. Secure the hatch (if applicable), and then reassemble the iPack.



#### Closing the iPack

- Insert the (4) 2-1/2 inch mounting screws up through the half of the enclosure that contains the iPack electronics.
- Slide the (4) o-rings over the screws.
- Set the gasket into the groove of the shell.
- Slide the cover (the half with the battery) over screws being careful not to pinch the battery cable.
- Make sure the gasket is not pinched and then install the screws. It is a good idea to make sure the screws fall back into the existing threads in the iPack enclosure. An easy way to do this is to gently turn the screw counterclockwise one turn –it will "fall" into the existing threads in the iPack enclosure.

#### **PIN Number**

Setup parameters for GSM phones are stored on the user-installed SIM card. Some SIM cards, however, require an unlocking PIN number to be entered every time the phone is used. The iPack uses this PIN number to initiate a call. The PIN should be a 4 to 8 character string.

#### APN (GSM Worldwide iPack when using GPRS Only)

It is recommended to use CSD connections whenever possible. If your GSM provider does not offer CSD service, GPRS can be used (if available, iPack3 only). GSM users configuring GPRS accounts will need to set the APN Name to whatever the provider gives you.

The format may be something like "apn.provider.com."

Press **Send** to send the PIN number and APN settings. If your iPack does not require a PIN or APN, do not press Send. Return to the Modify iPack Settings window by closing the Set Up Phone window when done.

Set Up Phone	×
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS © GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite	et Send
GSM Cellular Phone Parameters	
PIN Number Required	
PIN Number	
APN Name (for GPRS):	

#### Phone Programming - Satellite

The satellite phone in the iPack will be active once confirmation is received from the satellite service provider. There are no phone parameters to program. Clicking "Get" will provide the satellite phone's IMEI number.

Set Up Phone		×
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite	Get	Send
Satellite Phone Parameters		
IMEI Number: Click 'Get'		
Start Antenna Test		

## Phone Programming – CDMA (Verizon)

The CDMA phone in the iPack will be active once confirmation is received from the CDMA service provider. There are no phone parameters to program. Clicking "Get" will provide the CDMA phone's electronic serial number. Clicking "Initialize Phone" will register the CDMA phone with the cellular provider's network. The CDMA iPack will configure the same way as a wireless card on Verizon's network (\*22899). The phone can also be initialized through the logger's keypad by pressing [Home][3][4][4].

#### In order for the iPack to work, the CDMA phone must be initialized (registered) on Verizon's home network!

The cellular provider that Verizon is partnering with in the "extended coverage area" must support the CDMA IS95 call protocol and also provide a "modem pool" for the CDMA iPack. To insure a successful installation, we recommend that you determine who the Verizon partner is in the extended coverage area and contact them to see if they support IS95 and have a modem pool available. As a result, placing a call from a Verizon handheld phone is not a complete test of a site's compatibility with a CDMA iPack.

Note that you ALWAYS need to activate the CDMA iPack in a Verizon "home" area network and then bring the unit to the site. When setting up service with Verizon, find out which system (A or B) the phone will register on for your intended installation site. When performing an antenna test, if your iPack accesses the other system, your site is likely in an "extended coverage area." A manual initialization process may sometimes resolve the issue (contact NRG for assistance).

Set Up Phone 🔀			
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite			
CDMA Phone Parameters			
ESN Number: 452600DC			
Registration String: *22839			
Initialize Phone			
Start Antenna Test			
ESN Retrieved			

#### Phone Programming – CDMA (Telus)

The CDMA phone in the iPack will be active once confirmation is received from the CDMA service provider. There are no phone parameters to program. You will, however, need to initialize the phone on the Telus network using your computer and the Symphonie Data Retriever software rather than perform the initialization through the logger's menu. Clicking "Get" on SDR's "Set Up Phone" screen will provide the CDMA phone's electronic serial number. Clicking "Initialize Phone" will register the CDMA phone with the cellular provider's network. The registration string for the Telus network is \*22886. The SDR software and CDMA iPack's firmware code will display Verizon's registration string (\*22899), so you will need to change this to \*22886 before clicking the "Initialize Phone" button. Because the iPack's firmware contains only the Verizon registration string, registration on the Telus network must be done using the SDR software and contains on the Telus network must be done using the SDR software and contains on the Telus network must be done using the SDR software and contains only the logger's keypad.

In order for the iPack to work, the CDMA phone must be initialized (registered) on Telus's home network!

The cellular provider that Telus is partnering with in the "extended coverage area" must support the CDMA IS95 call protocol and also provide a "modem pool" for the CDMA iPack. To insure a successful installation, we recommend that you determine who the Telus partner is in the extended coverage area and contact them to see if they support IS95 and have a modem pool available. As a result, placing a call from a Telus handheld phone is not a complete test of a site's compatibility with a CDMA iPack.

Note that you ALWAYS need to activate the CDMA iPack in a Telus "home" area network and then bring the unit to the site. When setting up service with Telus, find out which system (A or B) the phone will register on for your intended installation site. When performing an antenna test, if your iPack accesses the other system, your site is likely in an "extended coverage area." A manual initialization process may sometimes resolve the issue (contact NRG for assistance).



#### Phone Programming – DoCoMo

The DoCoMo phone in the iPack will be active once confirmation is received from the DoCoMo service provider. There are no phone parameters to program.

Set Up Phone
Connection Type C Dialup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite
DoCoMo Phone Parameters No Parameters Required
Start Antenna Test

## ISP Programming Overview (All iPack types)

You are now ready to enter all of your ISP settings. The process for programming ISP information is the same for every type of iPack. You must have all of your ISP information (obtained from your internet service provider) to program the iPack and connect to the internet. The process is much the same as if you were configuring a PC to connect to the internet. You may want to ask your company's IT department for assistance if they regularly configure your computer systems for internet access. The programming has been organized into a familiar folder-tab system. The programming will be discussed tab by tab.

You will want to take extra care during this section. Even a minor typographical error will prevent the iPack from connecting to the internet. It is recommended that you get the iPack working before bringing it to the field for installation!

#### Viewing the Pre-Loaded iPack Settings

From the Modify iPack Window, select **File>Load from iPack** from the menu. The status line on the bottom of the screen should show the message "Transferring >>>>>" followed by the message "Done!" You will now see the fields populated with information.

SP Information		
ISP <u>A</u> ccess <u>M</u> ail Access <u>E</u> m	ail Info	
Primary ISP Phone Number	18024827794	
Primary DNS Number	192.168.80.36	
Secondary DNS Number	192.168.80.37	
Authentication Method	PAP	
User Name	nrg-cust	
User Password	7}:mnH1Gcw	
Internet Time Server Name	triton.nrgsystems.test	

## ISP Programming – ISP Access Tab

You may edit the pre-loaded configuration that is currently being viewed with the information you have obtained from your ISP and iPack by selecting the checkbox to the right of each setting. To select all the checkboxes, select **Options>Check** All.

Мо	dify iPack Settings		X
File	e Options Special		
[]	SP Information		
	ISP Access Mail Access Email I	nfo	
	Primary ISP Phone Number	18024827794	<b>v</b>
	Primary DNS Number	192.168.80.36	
	Secondary DNS Number	192.168.80.37	
	Authentication Method	PAP	
	User Name	nrg-cust	
	User Password	7}:mnH1Gcw	
	Internet Time Server Name	triton.nrgsystems.test	
Done!			

All the checkboxes will now be checked, and you may edit each setting. General information regarding each setting is provided below.

#### **Primary ISP Phone Number**

- This is the number the iPack will use to dial and access the Internet Service Provider (ISP). You will need to determine what the dialing requirements from the site location to the ISP are.
- Enter the number with no spaces or dashes.
- GSM iPack users with GPRS service will set the ISP phone number to: \*99\*\*\*1#
- CDMA iPack users will set the ISP phone number to #777
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- Examples of properly entered phone numbers are:

18025551212 5551212

- If you are using a dial up iPack and the call is routed through a PBX phone system where "9" must dialed before
  making an outside call, you will need to enter 9 followed by a comma, and then the number:

   9.5551212
  - 9.18025551212
- If you are using a satellite iPack, two leading zeroes are required for the ISP phone number (00-802-123-4567, for example). This is standard Iridium satellite protocol.
- If you are using a GSM iPack with GPRS, you will enter \*99\*\*\*1# in the primary ISP phone number field.

#### Primary DNS Number and Secondary DNS Number

- These are the Domain Name Service entries that the ISP uses and need to be obtained directly from your ISP.
- GPRS users will need to obtain primary and secondary DNS numbers from the GPRS provider.
- DNS numbers can often be found on your ISP's web page.
- Enter the numbers with no spaces.
- Be sure to enter the decimal points between numbers.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entries.
- If you are unable to obtain the DNS numbers from your ISP, try using the SDR default values in the primary and secondary DNS number fields.

• Examples of properly entered DNS numbers are:

123.23.156.47 234.243.167.144 235.1.133.45

#### **Authentication Method**

• Symphonie supports both PAP and CHAP authentication methods. Select the authentication method provided by your ISP.

#### User Name

- This is the account level user name your ISP gives you or you select when you sign up for an account.
- Enter it exactly as your ISP provided, and do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should look something like: jsmith
  - mydatalogger

Note that some ISPs may require a format of jsmith@isp.com instead of jsmith.

#### User Password

- This is the account level password your ISP provided or you selected.
- Enter it exactly as it is provided to you.
- When you enter your password, it will be displayed as asterisks (\*) so it will be secure if someone else reads the information from the iPack.
- When you read the parameters from the iPack and then save them to the iPack, all parameters, including the password, are returned unchanged unless the user changes them.
- You do not need to enter the password every time you save to the iPack.

#### Internet Time Server Name

- As part of the iPack's calling routine, it gets the current time (in UTC) from the internet and updates the Symphonie's clock.
- The user must enter a local time server for the iPack to use. The local time server must be compliant with RFC 868 time servers that respond to requests on port 37. There are many on the internet, and your ISP may be able to suggest one that is RFC 868 compliant.
- Enter the time server name exactly as provided, and do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- Be sure to include the decimal points in the name.
- This entry should look something like one of the following: time-a.nist.gov
  - time-a.timefreq.bldrdoc.gov

Once the information on this tab has been edited and double checked, move to the Mail Access tab. More details regarding programming requirements for specific service providers can be found in the Knowledge Base section of NRG's web site.

## ISP Programming – Mail Access Tab

All the checkboxes should still be checked, and you may edit each Mail Access setting. General information regarding each setting is provided below. Note that the SMTP server setting is used to send the email from the logger and should not be confused with the POP3 server, which is used to access email addressed to the logger.

GSM iPack users with GPRS accounts may obtain the SMTP server setting from their GSM service provider but will need to obtain access to a POP3 server through another provider.

Modify iPack Settings	×			
Eile Options				
ISP Information				
ISP Access Mail Access Email Info				
Mailbox Name logger				
Mailbox Password				
POP3 Server Name pop prosystems test				
SMTP Server Name smtn prosvstems test				
Patch password 12345678				
My SMTP Server requires authentication O Yes 💿 No				
SMTP Login				
SMTP Password				
Done!				

#### Mailbox Name

- This is the mailbox account name your ISP provided or you selected when you set up your account.
- This is the mailbox account name on the POP3 server that the logger points to in order to retrieve mail (patch files, for example).
- Enter it exactly as your ISP provided.
- Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should be something like: jsmith

#### Mailbox Password

- This is the mailbox password your ISP provided or you selected that allows access to your mailbox.
- Enter it exactly as it is provided to you.
- When you enter your password, it will be displayed as asterisks (\*) so it will be secure if someone else reads the information from the iPack.
- When you read the parameters from the iPack and then save them to the iPack, all parameters, including the mailbox password, are returned unchanged unless the user changes them.
- You do not need to enter the mailbox password every time you save to the iPack.

#### POP3 Server Name

- This is the name of the POP3 server that your ISP will provide and/or you can find on your ISP's web site. GSM iPack users with GPRS service will get a POP3 server name from their POP3 service provider.
- Enter it exactly as your ISP provided, and do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should look something like: pop.myisp.com

#### SMTP Server Name

- This is the SMTP server name that your ISP will provide and/or you can find on your ISP's web site. It is used to send mail from the logger. GSM iPack users with GPRS service will need to get the SMTP server name from the cellular service provider rather than from an ISP. CDMA iPack users utilizing packet switched connections (1xRTT) will need to make sure that the SMTP server is authenticated.
- Enter it exactly as your ISP provided.
- Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.

- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should look something like: smtp.myisp.com

#### **Patch Password**

- The patch password is a security measure that protects your data logger from unwanted patching.
- Enter a patch password do not leave blank.

#### My SMTP Server requires authentication

Some SMTP servers require a login and password before allowing you to send mail. If the SMTP server does not require authentication, select "No." If your ISP requires SMTP server authentication, select "Yes" and enter the SMTP login and password. The formats are often identical to those of the mailbox name and password. However, check with your ISP if you are unsure. Please note that CDMA iPack users utilizing packet switched connections (1xRTT) will need to use an authenticated SMTP server.

Once the information on this tab has been edited and double checked, move to the E-Mail Info tab.

## ISP Programming – Email Info Tab

All the checkboxes should still be checked, and you may edit each Email Info setting. General information regarding each setting is provided below.

Modify iPack Settings		×		
Eile Options	_			
ISP Information	•			
ISP <u>A</u> ccess <u>M</u> ail Access	Email Info			
Recipient's E-Mail Address	data@nrgsystems.test			
Recipient's Name	Test Data			
CC E-Mail Address				
CC E-Mail Address 2				
Sender's E-Mail Address	symphonie@nrgsystems.test	] =		
E-Mail Subject Line	Symphonie CDMA auto-test			
Done!				

#### **Recipient's E-Mail Address**

- This is the e-mail address where the Symphonie is going to send the data.
- This can be your e-mail at work.
- Enter it exactly as your ISP provided.
- Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should look something like: jsmith@mycompany.com

## **Recipient's Name**

- This field is the text portion of the e-mail address.
- If you look at an e-mail in your in-box, it will have the "To" item as something like, "John Smith" <jsmith@mycompany.com>.

- This entry is the "John Smith" portion of the recipient's e-mail address.
- This field is optional but is useful if someone has to sort through incoming emails.
- It could look something like: John Smith

## **CC E-Mail Address**

• This is an additional e-mail address where the Symphonie is going to send the data.

#### CC E-Mail Address 2

• This is also an additional e-mail address where the Symphonie is going to send the data.

#### Sender's E-Mail Address

- This is the e-mail address that will appear in the "from" of the emails being sent to the recipient's email address from the logger. Note that this is NOT the address to which patch files should be sent.
- Do not enter any extra spaces or quotation marks.
- Check that there are no leading or trailing spaces in your entry.
- It should look something like: logger@mycompany.com

#### E-Mail Subject Line

- This entry will become the subject line of the e-mail that you receive from the iPack and may contain letters, numbers and other symbols.
- It is typically a description of the logger that will be calling.
- It should look something like:
  - Site 1234 Derry Mountain

Once the information on this tab has been edited and double checked, move to the Call Schedule tab.

## Call Schedule Programming – Call Schedule Tab

Modify iPack Settings	×
Eile Options	
ISP Information Call Schedule	1
I Include in Change	
Next Call Time	
2 :00:00 PM Tuesday , April 02, 2002	
Call Interval	
• Days	

#### Next Call Time and Call Interval

- These entries give the iPack a first time to call and how often to call thereafter.
- The next call time entry can actually be in the past, but the logger will initiate its call schedule calculations using this entry as a starting time. Using the Next Call Time and date entered in this screen, the logger calculates the next possible time to call.
- This combination is used to force loggers to call at specific times during the day or week.
- If you want a logger to call daily at 6:45am, set the next call time to any day at 6:45am and the call interval to 1 day.

- If you want a logger to call every 2 days at 7:30pm starting tomorrow, then set the next call time and date to tomorrow at 7:30pm and the call interval to 2 days.
- If you set the next call time to a week from now and set the call interval to 1 day, the logger will not wait until next week to call but will immediately start calling daily at the time specified in the next call time field.
- You can determine when the logger will make the first call by taking the difference between the scheduled call time and the current time, dividing the total time by the call interval and work your way backwards (or forwards) from the "next scheduled call time" by subtracting (or adding) the call interval from the "next scheduled call time." Notice that if the call interval is less than the amount of time between the current time and the "next scheduled call time", the logger will call before the next scheduled call time.

Due to phone power requirements and potential problems with overlapping phone calls, multiple daily calls are not recommended.

#### Saving the iPack Displayed Setup to the connected iPack

After editing the parameters on the screen, return the changed parameters to the iPack by selecting **File>Save to iPack**. This will download all of the checked settings to the attached iPack.

On the lower left of the Modify iPack Settings window you should see the message "Transferring>>>>>" and then "Done!" You've now completed programming the iPack.

### Saving a copy of the iPack File (.ipk) to your computer

Save a copy of the iPack settings by selecting **File>Load from iPack**. This will load the iPack configuration to your computer screen. Then choose **File>Save iPack File**.

Remember to send a copy of the iPack file to your site management team - it is important to keep safe!



## Opening a Saved iPack File (.ipk)

From the Modify iPack Window, select **File>Open iPack File.** In the future, you may want to open a saved iPack file, edit the settings and then send it back to the iPack. You can also do this to check the saved iPack file.



## **Office Testing**

## Why It's Important

Office testing your Symphonie system prior to installation in the field will save you time and money. Internet access capabilities rely on perfect coordination between iPack, cellular phone, and ISP settings – if these are not set up correctly, the system will not work. Troubleshooting is much easier in the comfort of your office than in the field, in foul weather, with a crackling, intermittent handheld cellular phone connection as your only lifeline to civilization. It is likely that if you experience communication problems, you will need to contact your cellular account representative or your ISP to resolve the problem.

During office testing, be sure to fill out Data Sheet forms (found in Appendices) with setup parameters. A copy of these forms should be made for field personnel so setup parameters are readily available.

## What You'll Need

If you haven't done so already, read the rest of this manual, paying particular attention to the chapter covering *Symphonie Start-up.* If you are ready to begin office testing your Symphonie system, you should have already completed the tasks found in the chapters *Pre-Installation Setup: Logger Configuration, Pre-Installation Setup: iPack Accounts,* and *Pre-Installation Setup: iPack Configuration.* You'll also need a few test sensors with cables, the field wiring panel and related hardware, an MMC, the antenna included with your iPack, iPack voice call headset (currently available for AMPS and GSM iPacks only), a Phillips head (+) screwdriver, and a computer running Symphonie Data Retriever Software.

#### Installing the iPack to the Logger (iPack users only)

Connect the antenna to the iPack.

Carefully set the iPack (connector facing up) flat on a table, preferably on an anti-static mat. Connect an earth ground to the logger's ground lug. Place the logger (connector facing down) over the iPack and mate the two units together, and connect the iPack's ground wire to the logger's ground lug (iPack 3 only). While mated, handle the units with care. While performing office tests, it is recommended that you connect a 15 V DC **regulated and fused** adapter to the iPack PV input to prevent draining the batteries during testing. However, this is necessary only if initiating more than 5 calls.

Note that a cold boot call can be triggered when an iPack is initially connected to the logger. During a call, the Call Now, Antenna Test, Voice Call, and iPack programming features are unavailable, but all other logger programming functions are available. If no D-cells are in the logger and then the logger is plugged onto the iPack, the iPack provides auxiliary power to the logger and therefore powers it up regardless of the lack of D-cells. The iPack will then dial the ISP to transfer data, and the iPack status screen will indicate that a call is being made ("iPack busy or not present"). However, if you have already completed the logger programming in the *Pre-installation Setup: Logger Configuration* chapter, the logger batteries are already installed, so attachment of the iPack will not initiate the automatic call.

## **Pre-Installation Testing**

To test before installing in the field, do the following:

- 1) If using an iPack, connect it to the logger as described above.
- 2) Check logger status (battery voltage, date, time, internal temperature, revision numbers).
- 3) Connect the wiring panel according to instructions in the *Field Installation* chapter.
- 4) Connect the test sensor(s) and verify logger programming of each input channel.

- 4) Install and format MMC card.
- 5) Check MMC status (logging, files stored, days left).
- 6) Check iPack status (if present), noting the iPack battery voltage.
- 7) Verify cellular signal strength (GSM and AMPS iPack) with the antenna test.
- 8) Verify iPack communications (Call Now).

For detailed instructions on performing these tests, refer to the chapter on Symphonie Start-Up.

#### Recharging the iPack Battery

Under normal use, the iPack battery will stay charged through an installed 5 Watt 12 V PV panel. However, the iPack battery must be fully charged before field installation. Connect a **regulated and fused** 15 V DC source to the PV input of the iPack. The iPack3 charging circuit will draw a maximum of 750 mA (earlier iPacks will draw a maximum of 500 mA). A completely discharged battery can be recharged in about 6 hours with such an adapter. An iPack charger is available from NRG Systems (item #3615).

After completing tests, you may want to pre-assemble the logger and iPack in the logger's shelter box. This can simplify the transport of the equipment and save time. See the *Field Installation* chapter for detailed instructions.

The iPack3 has two sets of terminals. When recharging the iPack battery, you MUST use the PV terminals; do not use the 12 V external battery terminals. For more information about these terminals see the following sections regarding connecting a PV panel to the iPack.

## **Field Installation**

## **Tools Required**

- · diagonal wire cutters to trim sensor wire leads
- wire strippers to strip sensor cables if necessary
- 7/16 inch nut driver or wrench for installing yagi antenna
- 5/16 inch nut driver for hose clamps, mounting screws (PV and logger)
- 1/2 inch crescent wrench to tighten ground acorn nut
- 1/4 inch nut driver for sensor terminals
- 3/8 inch nut driver or wrench for ground stud nut
- electrical tape
- small flat blade NRG screwdriver (included with logger) for sensor wires
- Phillips head screw driver for PV terminals
- 5/16 inch open end wrench
- drill to tighten hose clamps optional
- tin snips to cut excess hose clamp optional

#### Site Grounding Recommendations

For many sites, the NRG Grounding Kit provides all the needed parts to earth ground your TallTower<sup>™</sup> and instrumentation. The Grounding Kit includes a copper-clad lightning spike, copper ground wire, and two copper-clad ground rods. It is recommended that you determine the soil type of your site and classify its resistivity.

The lower the resistivity, the better the earth ground.

,	
Soil Type Average	Soil Resistivity per cm (Ohms/cm)
1. ashes, cinders, brine, waste	2370
2. Clay, shale, gumbo, loam	4060
3. Same, with varying proportions of sand and gravel	15800
4. Gravel, sand, stones with little clay or loam	94000

The NRG Grounding Kit will perform adequately in type 1 and 2 soils. For other soil types, or for sites with a high incidence of lightning, you will need to augment the earth grounding system.

The best approach to grounding will depend on the soil type in your area. Soil resistivity is directly related to moisture content AND temperature. The colder it gets, the higher the resistivity will be for a specific moisture content. Any moisture content below 20% quickly increases ground resistivity exponentially to dangerous levels. In most climates, moisture content and soil temperature change seasonally. During times of the year when the soil is very dry or very cold, soil resistivity is at its highest, and getting a good ground is more difficult. Keep this in mind when evaluating your site - it's better to put in too much grounding than not enough.

You may want to consult a local utility regarding grounding techniques they've successfully used in your area.

- Use longer ground rods, and/or install additional rods.
- Additional contact surface helps, and soil conductivity improves with depth. If multiple rods are used, they must be installed far enough away from each other [at least 2 meters (6 feet)] so that each rod's effective resistance area does not overlap.
- Use high compression fittings at all conductor/rod connections.

- Ensure that the single strand, bare copper conductor is 10 gauge.
- Ensure that the grounding rod(s) is free from non-conducting coatings such as paint or enamel.
- Wire all grounding rods together to provide electrical continuity.
- Where rock is encountered, drive the ground rod at a 45 degree angle, or bury it in a trench at least 0.6 m (2 feet) deep (deeper is better; the key is to maximize the soil contact area).
- Protect the above-soil end of the rod and its electrical conductor attachment against damage. Where the soil can become frozen, drive grounding rods below the frost line.
- Apply a deoxidation agent to all grounding connections.

## Installing a Stand Alone Symphonie Logger

To install a stand alone Symphonie logger (no iPack), insert  $10-32 \times \frac{1}{2}$  inch mounting bolts through the mounting holes in the back of the shelter box, and then align with the threaded mounting holes in the back of the logger and tighten. You may now skip the instructions related to iPack installation and proceed to the instructions for *Mounting the Shelter Box to the Tower*.





Mounting the iPack and Logger to the Shelter Box

Prior to mounting to an NRG TallTower, the Symphonie logger and iPack should first be installed in a shelter box to protect the unit from the elements. If an existing shelter box is to be employed, use the template included in the Appendix of this manual to mark and drill the mounting holes for the logger. You may find it easier to remove the cover of the shelter box prior to attaching the logger, iPack, or PV panel.



#### Removing protective sticker from iPack

When ready to install the iPack to the logger, remove the protective water resistant sticker from the back of the logger.

#### **Inserting Screws Into Shelter Box**

Continue installation of the shelter box according to the following instructions. Mounting holes are pre-drilled in the optional Symphonie shelter box. To install a Symphonie with an iPack, insert four  $10-32 \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$  inches mounting bolts through the mounting holes in the back of the shelter box, through the iPack, and then align with the threaded mounting holes in the back of the logger and tighten.

#### Mounting inside the Shelter Box

If your shelter box has keyhole slots, insert the mounting bolts through the iPack and logger assembly and screw them in until they are about 1 cm away from the back of the iPack. The Symphonie and iPack can be hung in the shelter box by inserting the mounting screws in the keyhole slots. The mounting screws can then be tightened from the back of the shelter box.





#### Connecting the iPack Ground Wire to the Logger

If you haven't done so already, connect the iPack's green ground wire (iPack3 only) to the logger's ground stud. To do this, remove the nut and lock washer from the logger ground stud, place the green ground wire lug from the iPack over the logger ground stud, replace the lock washer and nut; tighten the nut.



Installing the optional PV panel (iPack users only)

Inside the PV panel carton you will find a PV panel and four screws. Remove the five plastic plugs from the Symphonie shelter box door.





Read the back of the PV panel and note the polarity of the wires. Feed the PV panel wire through the center hole in the shelter box door, and then secure the PV to the shelter box door with the four mounting screws.





Feed any excess PV wire back into the hole behind the PV panel. Connect the PV wires with the polarity that you noted to the iPack PV input screw terminals located on the right side of the iPack. Shade the PV panel from direct sunlight while wires are being connected to avoid sparks.



## Connecting the PV Panel and/or External Battery Wires

The iPack3 has an extra set of terminals that allow for connection of an external 12 V DC power source such as a battery in addition to the PV panel. There are some basic rules for these terminals as described below.





Connection Point	Do	Do NOT	Functional Notes
PV Terminals	Do…connect PV panels, DC power sources between 14 and 28 V DC	Do NOT…connect power sources in excess of 28 V DC, including large PV panels	The PV terminals will charge the iPack's internal battery; The PV terminals will NOT charge an external battery.
External Battery Terminals	Do…connect 12 V battery and/or external charge controller up to 14.3 V DC	Do NOTconnect PV panel or power sources in excess of 14.3 V DC	The external battery terminals are an input only, an external battery will NOT be charged from the iPack through these terminals nor will the internal iPack battery.
Ground Terminal	Doconnect to logger ground stud	Do NOTleave disconnected or connect other wires such as shields	This terminal will help provide protection from electrostatic discharge for the iPack and logger.



## Mounting the Shelter Box to the Tower

The Symphonie shelter box is mounted to the tower 1.5 to 2.0 meters (5 to 6 feet) above the ground (or above the maximum height of the annual snowfall) using two stainless steel hose clamps (provided).

#### **Trimming the Hose Clamps**

The hose clamps are long enough to mount the shelter box to towers up 8 inches (20 cm) diameter. If your tower is a smaller diameter, it will speed up the installation to trial fit the clamps to your tower and trim them to length. Place your hand between the tower and the clamp to allow for the logger. Trim off the excess hose clamp material using a pair of tin snips. Be careful not to cut off too much. Note that if you have a drill on site, it may not be necessary to trim the hose clamps.

## **Mounting Technique**

Mount the logger and shelter box to the tower using the hose clamps. Thread the hose clamps through the slots in the



back of the shelter box from the inside. It is best to pass the end of the hose clamp through the right slot first (as viewed from inside the enclosure), then around the tower, and back through the left slot, since this will provide easier access when tightening the hose clamp. Connect the logger ground wire to the ground rod at the base of the tower, passing the ground wire into the shelter box through either the lower wire slot or through one of the upper wire knockouts.

#### **Field Wiring Panel**

All sensor wires connect to the field wiring panel.



The field wiring panel connects to the 37 pin connector on the side of the logger and is held in place by the ground nut. If you haven't done so already, connect the logger ground wire to earth ground.

#### Connect the logger ground wire to the earth ground rod before connecting any sensors!

To install the field wiring panel, remove the warning label from the logger's ground stud. Then touch the ground wire to the wiring panel's ground lug and the logger's ground stud. This will safely discharge any static build-up that could damage your logger. Connect the wiring panel by gently pushing it securely onto the logger's 37-pin connector. Finally, attach the ground wire with the washer and nut (as shown below), and tighten the nut until the panel and ground wire are secure.



Note that the field wiring panel mounts over the grounding stud and can be removed from the logger without having to disconnect the sensor wires. This is particularly useful in the event a logger needs to be swapped out for service.

## Sensor Connection

Make sure that the logger ground wire is connected to the earth ground rod before connecting sensor wires!



Pass sensor wires into the shelter box, either through the lower wire slot or through one of the upper wire knockouts.

All wires coming down the tower and into the shelter box should be secured to the tower below the shelter-box and then brought back up, to form a drip-loop, before entering the shelter-box.

Sensor wires should be stripped to expose only 5 mm (1/4 inch) of bare wire. Stripping off more insulation could allow the wires to touch and cause an electrical short. If using standard NRG sensor cables, you may need to trim off some of the exposed wire.

#### Wiring Sequence

Connect sensor wires to the field wiring panel according to the *Sensor Connections* diagram (see below) using the following sequence:

Make sure that the logger ground wire is connected to the earth ground rod before connecting sensor wires!

- 1. Touch the shield wire to the ground stud, then connect it to the lower grounding terminal strip. Note that not all the terminals in this row are for shield connections. Connecting a shield wire to the 12 VDC terminal (labeled "CTR EXC" on older wiring panels) can drain your iPack battery!
- 2. Connect the black wire of the sensor to the "-" terminal of the appropriate channel's input.
- 3. Connect the signal (white or clear) wire to the "Sig" (signal input) terminal for analog channels, or to the "+" terminal for speed or totalizer channels.
- 5. For three terminal devices ONLY (such as vanes), connect the red wire (excitation/power) to the "+" terminal of the analog channel.
- 6. Confirm correct wiring by reviewing each sensor channel on the logger's display.
- 7. Coat the wiring panel's terminal screws with an anti-corrosive protectant (such as PreserveIT P100L from Caig Labs or Vaseline petroleum jelly).
- Systems that include an iPack will be on as soon as the iPack is connected and supplying power to the logger. For systems without an iPack, install the D-cells now as described in the Logger Setup section of this manual.

#### **Sensor Connections**



## **Antenna Connection**

After connecting sensors to the field wiring panel, connect the iPack antenna.

Be sure to form a drip-loop with the antenna cable to protect the iPack from water that may get inside the cable jacket.



You may now proceed to the next chapter, Symphonie Start-up, to complete the installation process.

## Symphonie Start-up

At this point, you should have already completed the tasks described in the *Pre-Installation Setup: Logger Configuration* chapter (all users). If using an iPack, you will also need to have completed the tasks in *Pre-Installation Setup: iPack Accounts* and *Pre-Installation Setup: iPack Configuration*.

Pressing any key will activate the logger display.

```
NRG Systems, Inc.
Symphonie SN:0000
Press [HOME]
```

Pressing the [Home] key at any time will always bring you back to the home menu of Symphonie.

Measurements
 Status
 Utilities
 Settings

It is recommended that the user check the logger functions in the order presented in this section.

## Checking logger status (battery, date and time, internal temperature, revision) [Home][2] = Status Menu

1. Logger Status

- 2. Mem Card Status
- 3. iPack Status
- 4. Error Log

The Status menu allows the user to check current operating status of the Symphonie data logger system.

## [Home][2][1] = Logger Status Screen

```
14 Apr 2002 14:02:50
Batt 1.19V REPLACE
Site:0150 Temp -10 C
Revision: 8, 7, 11
```

The message Waiting for update should display for a few seconds. The logger status screen displays current date and time in Standard Time (remember that this may appear one hour off during daylight savings time). It also displays current logger battery voltage and condition (Good, Fair, or Replace) as well as the revision level of the logger's firmware.

#### Checking logger measurements (all 12 channels)

Press [Home][1], then scroll using [Down] to see each sensor's current readings. Readings that vary widely with

expected norms may indicate a sensor malfunction or incorrect channel configuration.

#### Installing the MMC Card

Place a new MMC card in the MMC card slot with the beveled front corner down. Note that the card cannot be inserted backwards. If the MMC was not the last MMC formatted by this logger the following message will display:

Press any key to format new card

#### Formatting the MMC Card

Formatting the MMC card may take up to 30 seconds, after which a Format complete message will briefly display before changing to the Home Menu.

If an MMC does not format after the first attempt, it could indicate a damaged or corrupted MMC card. Always have spare cards available.

When the logger writes data to the MMC card, it beeps to warn you that the card is active.

To be sure that all the data has been transferred, do not remove the card until five seconds have passed since the last beep.

Since the Logger is always storing data to its internal non-volatile memory, there will be several data files created during installation. These files will be written to the card as soon as formatting is complete.

The data files created during installation may have incorrect readings because sensors were being connected during these intervals. As part of your site data, note the date and time of the start of logging with your completed connections and settings.

#### [Home][3][1] = Erase, are you sure?

Format will erase all data on card Are you sure ?? Press [9] to Erase

[Home] aborts the formatting function and returns home; any other key aborts and returns to the Utilities Menu. Data can not be recorded onto an unformatted MMC.

## Checking MMC status (logging, files stored, days left) [Home][2][2] = Memory Card Status Screen

Card In,	or	Card Out
Card Inserted Logging		Please Insert another card
3 Files Stored		
665 Days Leit		

Memory card status displays the number of files stored on the MMC card, as well as the number of days remaining until the card is full. The Symphonie data logger emits a soft beep when it writes to the MMC card. The process of writing to the card takes about two seconds, so should the unit beep just as the card is about to be changed, wait until five seconds have passed before pulling the card.

## Checking iPack status (if present) [Home][2][3] = iPack Status Screen

iPack GSM 1800 Rev. 4 Nxt Call 05-10 10:15 Last Call: Success

If an iPack is attached to the Symphonie, the status screen will display the model of iPack in use, the revision level, the next scheduled call, and the status of the last operation performed.

## Checking iPack Battery Voltage from the logger

On Symphonie revisions 8,7,11 and higher you can check the voltage of the iPack internal 12 V battery from the logger. Go to **[Home][3][4][3]**. The battery voltage displayed is the iPack internal 12 V battery being measured in real time with one second updates to the display. If you want to continuously monitor iPack voltage, there is an SCM available (Item #3585) specifically for this purpose. When installed in one of the logger's analog channels, the iPack voltage SCM will provide an iPack voltage reading for each 10-minute averaging interval.

#### Verifying Signal Strength with the antenna test

On logger revisions 7, 6, 9 and later, an antenna test function has been built in so that you can determine signal strength and point a directional yagi antenna towards a cellular tower. The test works in near real time with one second updates. Please note that the values displayed reflect the strength of the received signal from the tower or satellite, not the strength of the transmission signal of your phone.

If using an earlier revision Symphonie logger, you can still perform the antenna test by directly connecting the iPack to your computer and running the antenna test from the SDR software. Antenna tests on AMPS iPacks using SDR will give RSSI values in dBm. GSM iPack antenna tests using SDR will give a Signal Strength value between 0 and 31, followed by a Bit Error Rate Value between 0 and 7.

Note that antenna tests made on a fair day are optimistic, and local conditions can dramatically affect connection reliability. Cell radio signals are weakened by local cellular traffic, rain, and even high humidity in the signal path. To begin the antenna test, press **[Home] [3] [4].** Wait for the menu to change while the iPack powers up. Then press **[2].** A message will tell you if service is available and the strength of the signal in dB (AMPS) or on a relative scale (GSM).

Powering up phone is displayed briefly, and then a screen similar to one of these appears:

iPack/AMPS Cellular	or	-	iPack/	GSM C	Cellul	ar
Rev 9		I	Rev 9			
Antenna Sig: -081dB		I	RSSI:	24	BER:	2
SERVICE AVAILABLE	Ι	REGISTI	ERED (	(HOME)		

#### AMPS iPack:

Antenna Sig:	Status
-60 or better (-50, -40, etc.)	Good (0 dB is best).
-70 to –60	Only fair. Can you find a better spot for the antenna?
-80 to -70	Close to the edge. It will work today, but if signal is impaired later, it may miss
	calls.
-90 to -80	On the edge. It may miss calls, especially on foul weather days.
below –90	May not even get service. May work, but no margin.
Service availability message	Status
SERVICE AVAILABLE	Good.
SERVICE UNAVAILABLE	Contact your provider or check MIN, SID, and system settings

#### GSM iPack:

RSSI (RECEIVED SIGNAL STRENGTH INDICATOR):	Status
24 to 31	Good (31 is best).

9 to 23	On the edge. It may miss calls, especially on foul
	weather days.
0 to 8	May not even get service.
99	No signal.
BER (BIT ERROR RATE):	Status
0 to 2	Good (0 is best).
3 to 7	May not even get service.
99	No signal.
Service availability message	Status
Not searching	Not registered and not searching
Registered (Home)	Registered on the home network
Searching	Not registered, searching
Registration denied	Recognized but service denied – call provider.
Unknown	Call provider.
Registered (Roaming)	Registered on different provider's network.

#### Satellite iPack:

The satellite iPack antenna test will provide results ranging from 0 to 100% in increments of 20%. A result of 100% indicates optimal signal strength, and a result of 50% indicates only fair signal strength.

The satellite antenna easily mounts to any boom with a terminal end of <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" IPT. The threaded <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" IPT socket of the antenna will screw onto the end of the boom. Mounting booms are available from NRG and sold separately. Installation considerations include:

- The antenna MUST have a clear view to the satellite at ALL TIMES.
- Any obstructions can cause an interruption between the communications of the iPack and the satellite and could cause the data call to be terminated before complete.
- The antenna must be upright/facing the sky to ensure maximum exposure.
- The antenna must be located so that it has a good view of the sky, ideally horizon-to-horizon coverage.
- The antenna should be mounted so that it is away from structures by a distance of at least 0.5 meters. The NRG mounting boom meets this requirement.
- The satellites fly in a South-to-North orbit, so the antenna must be mounted such that no
  obstructions occur in this plane (orient the antenna South in the northern hemisphere, and North
  in the southern hemisphere)

An antenna test should be performed on the satellite iPack once it is attached to the logger. Go to iPack Utilities from the Symphonie logger main menu to perform this function. Signal strength is reported from 0% to 100% and may fluctuate depending on site conditions. If a value other than 0% is returned, the user can try to establish a call. A value of 0% indicates that no direct connection has been established between the antenna and the satellite. Try mounting the antenna in a different location.

#### CDMA iPack:

The CDMA iPack antenna test will provide results ranging from 0 to 100%. A result of 100% indicates optimal signal strength, and a result of 50% indicates only fair signal strength. Powering up phone is displayed briefly, followed by Contacting Carrier, and then a screen similar to this appears:

```
iPack/CDMA
rv2ld 10-26
Signal Strength: 45%
Carrier: B SID: 300
```

The screen below shows the same results when the antenna test is done using SDR software.

Set Up Phone
Connection Type C Dielup C AMPS C GSM C DoCoMo C CDMA C Satellite
CDMA Phone Parameters
ESN Number: Click 'Get'
Registration String: *22899
Register Phone
Stop Antenna Test
Registered on network B
Connected

Remember that the CDMA phone must be initialized (registered) in a Verizon home area.

#### DoCoMo iPack:

The DoCoMo antenna test will inform the user if the DoCoMo phone is "registered" or "not registered" on the DoCoMo system. Signal strength readings are not available through the DoCoMo antenna test.

## Voice call test (dialup, AMPS, GSM iPacks only)

If you own a voice call kit for your iPack (Item #3368), you can plug in the headset and make a call (to your office, a friend, or your cell phone, for example). During the call, listen for crackling, drop-outs, or other interference on the line. Once you have confirmed that the cellular connection is working well, verify that the call connects to the ISP's server and that you hear its modem squeal when calling the ISP phone number.

#### Verifying iPack data transfer to ISP (Call Now)

Once you have verified that the logger is functioning and that the iPack is present by pressing **[Home] [2] [3]**, you will want to perform a Call Now to verify communications with your ISP. During a call, the Call Now and Antenna Test features are unavailable, but all other logger programming functions are available. Press **[Home] [3] [4]**, and wait for the menu to change while the iPack powers up. Then press **[1]**. The logger will display the following series of messages as it performs the call:

Call Now Requested

iPack displays this message when a Call Now is requested.

Battery OK for Call iPack checks internal gel cell battery voltage and displays this message if it is above 10.5 V.

Initializing iPack retrieves necessary settings from non-volatile memory.

Programming Modem

iPack loads retrieved settings into the internet processor, modem, and cellular transceiver (AMPS and GSM iPacks).

Getting MMC File **Or** Retrying Last File

iPack retrieves a copy of the file from the MMC and loads the entire file into a non-volatile memory location (or if a file is already loaded in the iPack non-volatile memory, it will retry to send that file). Retries can occur if data transmission is interrupted during a call.

#### Emailing Data

iPack begins to move data from non-volatile memory to the internet processor.

#### Waiting for Internet

This message is displayed while the phone is powered, dials the ISP, and Symphonie logs onto the internet. The message could be displayed up to 3 minutes. If the logger cannot log on to the internet within 3 minutes, a retry will occur automatically in 10 minutes.

While logging onto the internet, Symphonie checks for successful completion of the authentication process, confirms availability of DNS service, locates the SMTP server, and confirms that service is available. During communications, the iPack status screen **[Home] [2] [3]** will indicate that a call is being made ("iPack busy or not present").

#### Percent Sent %

iPack data transfer progress of the file currently being sent as a percentage.

#### File was Sent

A file was successfully transferred to the ISP, and the iPack checks the MMC for another unsent file. If another unsent file is found, the logger returns to the step of the process where the MMC file is retrieved. The logger will keep returning to that step in the process in a loop type fashion until all files have been sent, data transmission has been cut off, or the iPack times out after a 20 minute on-air period.

Note: Under normal use, Symphonie should never need to exceed 20 minutes of on-air time. In fact, each daily call should take under 2 minutes to transfer data. The 20 minute on-air time out protects both your battery from running down and your phone account bill from running up should something go wrong.

#### Getting Time

Once all the files from the MMC have been sent, Symphonie gets the time from the defined time server. Note that Symphonie is compliant with RFC 868 time servers which respond to requests on port 37. Your ISP can recommend a time server that is RFC 868 compliant.

#### Checking Mail

The iPack logs onto the POP3 server (with the proper mailbox name and mailbox password settings) then searches each email header for a patch file that is addressed to the logger. If the logger finds a patch email, it downloads it and updates the iPack settings in non-volatile memory based on the patch file.

Tip: Keep the mailbox clean and regularly delete SPAM to reduce air time and save money on bills. Also, any changes in your account status may result in the ISP sending an email to this mailbox. It is a good idea to log on (through a web-mail type interface if possible) and check for important mail from your ISP regarding your account status.

#### Patch Applied

If the iPack finds a patch file, the logger will briefly display this message.

Shutting Down

This is always the last message of the series after checking mail or patch applied.

#### Success **Of** Internet Error XXX

This is the same message as would be found in the iPack status screen. The call is properly terminated by Symphonie with all data transfer a success, or an error has occurred. Note the error code number and look up the error on the iPack Error Code Chart in the Troubleshooting chapter of this manual.

## Verifying iPack phone communications (Voice Call)

#### Overview of the voice call function

Newer revisions of the Symphonie logger and AMPS and GSM iPacks are capable of placing voice calls from the site. The user will need a headset / programming adapter and a headset. The Symphonie system revision (checked from the logger status screen) must be 8,7,11 or higher.

The voice call option allows the user to test the cellular phone communications of the iPack by placing a voice call from the logger. If the iPack can complete a voice call, you will know with certainty that the phone service is enabled and functioning.

Note that if you were able to successfully complete the "Call Now" function, a voice call test is probably not needed. The voice call option is helpful when the "Call Now" fails and you are not certain if the failure occurred at the ISP level or at the cellular service level.

#### Installing the headset / programming adapter

On one side of the adapter you should see symbols for a headphone and microphone. The logger uses the same headsets commonly sold for use with computer sound cards – there are separate jacks for the microphone and headphones. NRG supplies the headsets with the adapter. Plug in the headphone jack and then the microphone jack from your headset into the adapter.

To install the adapter, remove the logger battery cover and very carefully insert the headset / programming adapter with the 1/8 inch phone jacks pointing down.

Be careful not to bump the SCMs! Electrical damage could result! Do not force the adapter! Make sure you are inserting the adapter into the correct port!

Once installed, the headset and microphone symbols should be on the right side of the adapter.

#### Placing the Voice Call

Go to [Home][3][4][3]. The logger will prompt the user to enter a phone number using the logger keypad. Put on your headset if you have not already.

Enter Phone Number 123456789 SET to start call ESC to quit

Press [SET] to start the call or [ESC] to quit and not place the call. You should see the following:

iPack/AMPS Cellular Rev 11

Powering up Phone

After a few moments the phone is powered and the display will change to:

Voice Call Progress Batt= 12.8v Time Left 273 secs Any key ends call

You will hear a few clicks and pops as the audio is switched on. After a few moments you will hear the distant phone ringing. The call will be automatically terminated in 300 seconds or if the user presses any key. The 300-second timer

prevents excessive use of the iPack battery.

Suggestions for a voice call would include calling your main office or a field crew member's personal cellular phone. You may also dial the ISP phone number to see if a modem answers the phone.

### Verifying iPack settings with your computer at the site using the iPack Access Port

Sometimes it is necessary to check the current iPack ISP and phone settings while on site. The headset / programming adapter along with the DB9 field programming cable will allow you to do this by connecting a portable computer equipped with a COM port to the logger's iPack access port (see Symphonie Logger Components Map).

The front panel iPack access port works exactly the same way as the DB25 port but allows the user to access the iPack while the logger is connected to the iPack. Note that if the logger is controlling the iPack at the moment you plug in (voice call, for example), the computer will not be able to communicate with the iPack until the logger commands are finished. The iPack can only communicate with one device (logger or computer) at a time.

You may perform all the same functions as found in the Pre-Installation Setup: iPack Configuration section.

#### Installing the headset / programming adapter

On one side of the adapter you should see symbols for a headphone and microphone. NRG supplies the DB9 cable with the adapter. Plug the DB9 cable into the adapter.

To install the adapter, remove the logger battery cover and very carefully insert the headset / programming adapter with the 1/8 inch phone jacks pointing down.

Be careful not to bump the SCMs! Electrical damage could result! Do not force the adapter! Make sure you are inserting the adapter into the correct port!

Once installed, the headset and microphone symbols should be on the right side of the adapter.

#### Before Leaving the Site

- 1. Check sensor readings to assess sensor condition. Readings that vary widely with expected norms may indicate a faulty connection. Press [Home] [1], then [Up] or [Down] to scroll through the sensors.
- 2. Check all sensor cables, making sure they are firmly attached to the tower.
- 3. Check the batteries and clock. Note battery condition. Press [Home] [2] [1].
- 4. Confirm that the MMC has been installed and formatted.
- 5. Review the time and date settings, and the next call scheduled (remember the clock is set to Standard time).
- 6. Remove the desiccant pack from its plastic bag, and clip it under the gray clip in the logger's door.
- 7. Install the battery cover to securely hold the D-cells and the SCMs. Tighten the thumbscrews by hand only (do not overtighten or use tools).
- 8. Close the logger's door, and secure both latches.
- 9. Close, latch and lock the shelter box.

## Site Visits

## Recommended Tools and Supplies

- · diagonal wire cutters to trim sensor wire leads
- wire strippers to strip sensor cables if necessary
- 7/16 inch nut driver or wrench for installing yagi antenna
- 5/16 inch nut driver for hose clamps, mounting screws (PV and logger)
- 1/2 inch crescent wrench to tighten ground acorn nut
- 1/4 inch nut driver for sensor terminals
- 3/8 inch nut driver or wrench for ground stud nut
- electrical tape
- small flat blade NRG screwdriver (included with logger) for sensor wires
- Phillips head screw driver for PV terminals & attaching iPack to logger
- drill to tighten hose clamps optional
- tin snips to cut excess hose clamp optional
- extra desiccant pack

## Changing MMC and Routine Site Visit Check List

A routine site visit should include the following activities:

- 1. Check sensor readings to assess sensor condition. Readings that vary widely with expected norms may indicate a sensor malfunction. Press [Home] [1], then [Up] or [Down] to scroll through the sensors.
- 2. Check the batteries and clock. Note battery condition. Press [Home] [2] [1].
- 3. Pull MMC and label it. The MMC can be pulled at any time.
- 4. If battery status was "Replace", replace both batteries now, one at a time. Use only alkaline D-cells, IEC type LR20.
- 5. Correct the clock, if needed (remember the clock is set to Standard time).
- 6. Insert and format a new MMC card.
- 7. Check MMC status.
- 8. If any condensation is noticed inside the enclosure, replace the desiccant pack with a fresh one from a sealed package.

#### Cleaning

If it should become necessary to clean the Symphonie data logger, use a cloth slightly dampened with water and wipe clean. Do not use solvents. Never submerge the unit.

## Symphonie Data Retriever Software: Data Processing

## Backing up data files

It is very important that your data is backed up at regular intervals. It is a good idea to back up and archive all your raw data files (.rwd) as well as the SDR site database (.nsd). A simple backup method is to copy/burn your entire NRG directory to a CD after every successful data processing session. Always consult with your IT professional if unsure how to copy or back up files.

Make sure to back up your data!

#### Transferring Raw Data Files onto your computer hard drive

# Using the MMC Reader and Windows Explorer to copy Raw Data Files from the MMC Reader to your Raw Files working directory

Once you have successfully installed the MMC Reader and have a drive mapped to it, you may use standard commands in Windows Explorer to copy the raw files from the MMC to the Raw Files working directory (see Options) on your computer system. It is important to remember that when viewing the raw data files (.rwd) on the MMC Reader, they only exist in the MMC Card and do not exist on your computer until you copy them to your system hard disk. It is very important that the drive to which the raw data files are copied is backed up at regular intervals. Consult with your IT professional if unsure how to copy or backup files.

# Saving Raw Data Files received as email attachments from your email program to your Raw Files working directory (iPack users only)

Once you have successfully received a raw data file as an email attachment, use standard commands in your email program to save the raw data files (.rwd) to the Raw Files working directory (see Options). It is very important that the drive to which the raw data files are copied is backed up at regular intervals. Ask your IT professional if unsure how to save or backup files.

#### **Data Processing Utilities**

SDR installs utilities on your computer that assist in data handling. PopAuto.exe and OutAuto.exe can be used to automate the extraction of Symphonie data from emails. Application notes that explain how to use PopAuto.exe and OutAuto.exe can be found on NRG's web site.

#### **Opening the SDR software**

From the Windows Start menu go to Programs>NRG>Symphonie Data Retriever. The SDR main window will open.

💵 Symphonie Data Retriever	
Eile <u>S</u> ite <u>H</u> elp	
Site:	Logger:
Site Number 0000	Serial #
Database Edit History	Model #
Description:	Hardware Rev.
	iPack
Latitude	Data File:
Longitude	Logger Timestamp
Altitude	Load Header Read Data
Time Zone	Scale using settings from: © Site C File

## Checking what version of SDR is installed

From time to time it is necessary to check which version of SDR is installed on your computer so you may check for an update or submit a technical support inquiry. Go to the **Help>About** menu to check the version number. *Be sure to check the NRG website for updates!* 

About Symphonie Data R	etriever		×
NRG	Symphonie Data Reti Version 5.02.03 NRG Symphonie data	iever a logger software	
Copyright ©2000-2005 NRC	à Systems, Inc.	ОК	

## Viewing Data Header

The data header contains basic site and logger information such as site number, site description, latitude, longitude, altitude, time zone, logger serial number, model number, hardware revision, iPack, and logger time stamp for the data file. This information should always be checked before reading a data file. If anything is corrupt in the header information, take note and proceed with caution.

Press the "Load Header" button to view the header information.
Open				<u>?</u> ×
Look <u>i</u> n:	🔁 RawData		← 🗈 📸 🎟 🕶	
History Desktop My Computer	<ul> <li>01252002060917.R</li> <li>01252002061207.R</li> <li>01252002061308.R</li> <li>01252002061510.R</li> <li>01252002061510.R</li> <li>01252002061611.R</li> <li>0125200206170261712.R</li> <li>0125200206170.R</li> <li>01252002061211.R</li> <li>01252002062116.R</li> <li>01252002062116.R</li> <li>01252002062116.R</li> <li>01252002062118.R</li> <li>01252002062118.R</li> <li>01252002062318.R</li> <li>01252002062419.R</li> <li>01252002062419.R</li> </ul>	WD         A 012520020625021.RWD           WD         A 012520020625022.RWD           WD         A 012520020625002.RWD           WD         A 012520020626009.RWD           WD         A 012520020628011.RWD           WD         A 012520020628011.RWD           WD         A 012520020628011.RWD           WD         A 012520020630013.RWD           WD         A 012520020630013.RWD           WD         A 012520020701014.RWD           WD         A 01252002071004.RWD           WD         A 012520020720041.RWD           WD         A 012520020720041.RWD           WD         A 012520020720041.RWD           WD         A 012520020720041.RWD           WD         A 012520020720041.RWD	<ul> <li> <ul> <li>012520020826006.RWD</li> <li>012520020826007.RWD</li> <li>012520020826008.RWD</li> <li>012520020827009.RWD</li> <li>012520020828010.RWD</li> <li>012520021017062.RWD</li> <li>012520021018063.RWD</li> <li>012520021019064.RWD</li> <li>01252002102102065.RWD</li> <li>01252002102102067.RWD</li> <li>0125200210210266.RWD</li> <li>012520021022067.RWD</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	File <u>n</u> ame: 01	252002060917.RWD	▼ <u>Op</u>	en
	Files of type:	aw wind data (*.rwd)	Can	cel

Select a file and press "**Open**." If files are not \*.rwd, choose the correct type of file from the "Files of type" drop-down menu at the bottom of the window. If a site for this file does not exist, you should see the following message:

	×
8	Warning! No local site corresponds to the one referenced in this data file! Create a new site with the data file parameters?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Note that if a site file does not exist, SDR will prompt you to create one at this point. See the section called "Creating a New Site" found in the chapter called "Data Retriever Site Information" if you choose to create a site file at this point. You will want to have the site commissioning data at this point to be able to successfully create the site.

To view the file header without creating the site, choose **No**. You should see the following window with the file header information:



# Reading Data to the Data Viewer with settings from data file

Once you have loaded the header of a raw data file, you may "Read" the data into the graphical data viewer. If you wish

to use the settings that are included in the data file (the settings that were programmed into the logger), select "Scale using settings from: File." The interpreted data in the data viewer will be based on the logger settings as they were configured by field personnel.



# Reading Data to the Data Viewer with settings from site file

Once you have loaded the header of a raw data file, you may "**Read**" the data into the graphical data viewer. If you wish to use the settings that are included in the site file, select "**scale using settings from: Site.**"

The interpreted data in the data viewer will be based on the site file as it was configured with the SDR software.



# Logger Channels and Graph

The data viewer allows users to graphically view each channel or even multiple channels simultaneously in the graph located at the top of the screen. The channel descriptions run down the left side of the screen.

# Choosing logger channel to view in graph

To select a channel to view in the graph, click on the channel with your mouse. You may select multiple channels simultaneously by holding down the shift key and clicking on the channels with your mouse. Each channel will be represented by a different color on the graph, and a key is included to the right.

# Choosing parameters from selected logger channel to view in graph

Once you have selected channels to view in the graph, you may change the parameter you are viewing for the channel by selecting from the **View** menu. For example, to view the standard deviation instead of 10 minute averages, select **View>Standard Deviation**.



# Saving Data from the Data Viewer to a TXT file

Once you have viewed the data and wish to create an ASCII (.txt) file for further data processing, choose **File>Save TXT File**. SDR will save a tab delimited ASCII file into the scaled data working directory (see Options) with the .txt extension.

×
Wrote: C:\NRG\ScaledData\01252002123013618.txt
OK

Note: When creating an ASCII file from data scaled from settings from file, scale factors from the logger will applied rather than scale factors from the site file.

# Importing the data into the site database (when viewing with settings from Site only)

Once you have viewed the data using the settings from the site and wish to import the data into the SDR site database, choose **File>Import to database**. SDR will import the data into the corresponding site database file (.nsd) where the data can be accumulated over time.

# Closing the Data Viewer

Select **File>Close** from the Interpreted Data Window to close the Data Viewer. The SDR Main menu will appear once the Data Viewer has been closed.

# Batch Processing data files (Converting a group of raw data files to .txt files and importing into the database)

If you wish to convert many raw data files into scaled ASCII data files and/or import many raw files into the database together in a single process, you may do so using the batch processing feature. Select **File>Batch Process**. SDR allows you to choose if the scaling information will come from the site file and if this data will also be imported into the database with or without generating corresponding daily .txt files. SDR also allows import using the settings from each raw file – in this case the data cannot be imported into the site database. If selected, text files will be written to your scaled data folder. If a file cannot be processed, filename.log will be written in the scaled data folder.

Batch Processing		X
• Use predefined site parameters	🔽 Import data to site database	
C Use each data file's sensor parameters	Do not output text files	
0%		Go!
1		

# Options

# **Disabling Descriptive Headers from Output Files**

Certain data processing tasks require that the header information is not included in each saved ASCII (.txt) file. Go to **File>Options** and check the **"skip descriptive headers"** box if descriptive headers are unwanted in the file output. Additionally, if the **"skip descriptive headers"** box is checked, the option to skip column headers is also available by checking the **"skip column headers box."** 

# **Output Hourly Averages**

Check the "**Output Hourly Averages**" box if you wish the daily .txt file format to contain data with hourly averages instead of 10 minute averages.

# Delimit with commas instead of tabs

Check the "Delimit with commas instead of tabs" box if you wish the daily .txt file format to use commas as a delimiter instead of tabs. This is not recommended for users outside of the USA!

# Setting the working directory for Raw files (where Raw files from the MMC or email program should be saved so SDR can find them)

Go to the **File>Options** menu to change the working directory for raw data files. This is the directory that SDR will point to for reading raw data files. You will see the working directory path and can either edit the path or browse to a new location by clicking on the box with three dots to the right of the Raw Data path.

# Setting the working directory for Saved TXT files (where scaled data files are stored)

Go to the **File>Options** menu to change this working directory. This is the directory that SDR will point to for saving scaled data files. You will see the working directory path and can either edit the path or browse to a new location by clicking on the box with three dots to the right of the Scaled Data path.

# Setting the working directory for Site files (where site information used to scale data is stored)

Go to the **File>Options** menu to change this working directory. This is the directory that SDR will point to for saving site files. It is also the directory that SDR will point to when utilizing a site file to process raw data. You will see the working directory path and can either edit the path or browse to a new location by clicking on the box with three dots to the right of the Site Files path.

# Setting the working directory for Reports (.wmf file format)

Go to the **File>Options** menu to change this working directory. This is the directory that SDR will point to for saving reports. Each time you run reports in SDR, they will be saved to this directory. The .wmf report files easily import into MicroSoft office documents and can be easily exchanged through email. You will see the working directory path and can either edit the path or browse to a new location by clicking on the box with three dots to the right of the Site Files path.

Options	×
Working Folders	
Raw Data:	
C.\NRG\RawData	OK
Scaled Data:	UN
C:\NRG\ScaledData	
Site Files:	Cancel
c:\NRG\SiteFiles	
Reports:	
C.\NRG\Reports	
-Output Files	
Skip descriptive headers	
🗖 Skip column headers	
Output Hourly Averages	
Delimit with commas instead of tabs	

# SDR Troubleshooting Wizard

The troubleshooting wizard can assist in solving problems with data files in the unlikely event data corruption has occurred. The wizard will step you through the process by first asking "What is the problem?" To open the troubleshooting wizard, select **File>Troubleshooting** from the Interpreted Data window.



# **Fixing Timestamps**

Selecting this wizard makes it possible to fix timestamps (see Time Offset History Window).

# **Sensor Connections**

Selecting this wizard makes it possible to see if sensors are disconnected or have no SCM installed.

# **Sensor History**

Selecting this wizard makes it possible to see if an incorrect sensor history entry is skewing data.

# **SDR Database and Reporting Functions**

SDR includes a self-contained MicroSoft Access compatible database to store imported Symphonie data. Symphonie raw files (.rwd) and ASCII files (.txt) can be imported, and all data are stored, after scaling from the site information settings has been applied for each sensor. This section will provide an overview of the most useful features of the database.

# Selecting a site to open (View database)

Go to Site>View Database, and you will see the following window:

dite:	Description:	
036	Otis Wind	
125	Mt Ferrara	
		ОК
		Cancel

Choose the site you wish to work with and click OK.

# Database main window displayed settings:

- Site Number based on Site Information window
- Site Description based on Site Information window
- Location based on Site Information window
- Elevation based on Site Information window
- Data Range shows date range of data that has been imported into the selected database
- Reports -shows the reports that have been configured for the selected database

# Importing Data from the Database main window

You should see the Main Database window with the information from the selected site database you have opened.

\NRG\SiteFiles\0125.nsd	Reports
Site 0125 Mt Ferrara	
Project: NRG Test Site Location: Elevation: 350	
Data Range: 12/30/2002 to 01/13/2003	
Data	Create New Run Checked
Import.RWD Files	Currently Highlighted Report
Export Filter	Run Edit Delete

# Importing raw (.rwd) files

To import raw Symphonie data files (.rwd), click on "Import RWD Files." A Windows "File Open" box should appear pointing to the raw files directory you have previously configured under the File>Options menu.

Open				? ×
Look <u>i</u> n	🔁 RawData	•	← 🗈 📸 팩	
History Desktop My Computer	■012520021230136. ■01252002060917.R ■01252002061207.R ■01252002061207.R ■01252002061308.R ■01252002061510.R ■0125200206151.R ■0125200206181.R ■0125200206181.R ■0125200206181.R ■01252002062116.R ■01252002062217.R ■01252002062218.R	RWD              01252002062419.RWD            M012520020625021.RWD              01252002062502.RWD            M01252002062500.RWD              01252002062500.RWD            M01252002062500.RWD              01252002062500.RWD            M012520020627010.RWD              012520020627010.RWD            M012520020629011.RWD              012520020629012.RWD            M012520020629013.RWD              012520020701014.RWD            M012520020719040.RWD              012520020719040.RWD            M012520020721042.RWD              012520020721042.RWD	■ 012520020722043.RW ■ 012520020826007.RW ■ 012520020826007.RW ■ 012520020826007.RW ■ 012520020828001.RW ■ 01252002828010.RW ■ 012520021017062.RW ■ 012520021019064.RW ■ 012520021019064.RW ■ 01252002102065.RW ■ 01252002102067.RW	
	File <u>n</u> ame:	2520021230136.RWD	<b>•</b>	<u>O</u> pen
	Files of type:	aw wind data (0125*.rwd)	•	Cancel

Select the files you wish to import, and click "Open." Notice the "Files of type" entry contains a filter for only the site with which you are currently working.

The "Batch Processing" window should appear. Uncheck the "Do not output text files" box only if you want daily text files to be placed into the "scaled data" folder. Most users prefer to use SDR's export function rather than scaling individual daily text files. The "scaled data" folder has previously been configured under the File>Options menu. Press "Go" to import the data into the database. Note that this is the exact same function as choosing "batch processing" mentioned earlier in the "Data Processing" section.

Batch Processing			×
• Use predefined site parameters	🔽 Import data to site database		
$\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ Use each data file's sensor parameters	Do not output text files		
		Gol	
0%			

The Events / Errors viewer will display the status of the process.

Batch Processing			
Use predefined site parameters     Use each data file's sensor parameters     Do not output text files     Do not output text files     Donel     100 %     Donel     100 %  Events / Errors  I12520021017062 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021017062 M     12520021018063 M     12520021018063 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021018063 M     112520021018065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021018063 M     112520021018065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021018063 M     112520021018065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021018065 M     112520021018065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(012520021018065 M     112520021018065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(01252002108065 M     11252002102005 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(01252002102005 M     1125002102005 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(01252002102005 M     1125002102005 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(01252002102005 M     11250021021065 M     11250021021065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData(01252002102005 M     11250021021065 M     11250021021065 M     11250021021065 M     11250021021065 M     11250021021065 M     1125002102105 M     11250002102105	Batch Processing		×
100 %           Events / Errors           [112520021017062 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021017062.tmt           012520021018063 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021018063.tmt           012520021018063 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021018063.tmt           012520021020065 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021021066.tmt           0125200021020065 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021021066.tmt           012520021020065 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\012520021020065.tmt           01252002102066 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\01252002102066.tmt           01252002102066 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\01252002102065.tmt           01252002102066 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\01252002102065.tmt           01252002102066 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\01252002102065.tmt           01252002102066 Wrote: C\NFG\ScaledDate\01252002102065.tmt	<ul> <li>Use predefined site parameters</li> <li>Use each data file's sensor parameters</li> </ul>	☑ Import data to site database □ Do not output text files	
Events / Errors 01252002107062 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021017062 Mt 012520021017064 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021017062 Mt 012520021019064 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021019064 Mt 01252002102005 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021020065 Mt 01252002102005 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021021066 Mt 01252002102065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\012520021021066 Mt 01252002102067 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002102067 Mt 0125200102067 Mt 01252002102067 Mt 012520021007 Mt 012520021007 Mt 01252007 Mt 01252007 Mt 01252007 Mt 01252007 Mt 01252007 Mt 0125007 Mt 0125007 Mt	100 %		Done!
38 files processed and imported	Events / Errors 012520021017062 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 012520021018063 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 012520021018064 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 012520021020055 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 01252002102065 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 01252002102067 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 01252002102067 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 0125002102067 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\01252002 01250021057 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\0125002 01250021057 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\0125002 01250021057 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\0125002 01250021057 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\0125002 01250021057 Wrote: C\NRG\ScaledData\0125002 01250021057 W	1017062 ht 1018063 ht 1019064 ht 1020065 ht 1021066 ht 1022067 ht	<b>^</b>

Click "Done." Once data files are imported, you may export or create and generate reports.

# Importing scaled ASCII (.txt) files

Symphonie Data Retriever software provides an ASCII import feature for use in the unfortunate event that the original raw files have been lost. To import Symphonie scaled ASCII data files (.txt), click on "Import .TXT Files." A Windows "File Open" box should appear pointing to the scaled files directory you have previously configured under the File>Options menu.

Open		?	×
Look <u>i</u> n:	🔁 ScaledData	▼ # 2 → ▼	
History Desktop My Computer My Network Pla	0125200206091     0125200206120     0125200206120     0125200206130     0125200206131     0125200206151     0125200206171     0125200206171     0125200206171     012520020621     0125     015     015     015     015     015     015     015	17.bt       IIII 012520020625021.bt       IIIII 012520020826009.bt         17.bt       IIIII 012520020625201.bt       IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	
	Files of type:	Symphonie Scaled Data (0125*.txt) Cancel	

Select the files you wish to import and click "Open." Notice the "Files of type" entry contains a filter for only the site with which you are currently working.

A standard status bar will appear showing the progress of the .txt import.

Warning: Import .txt files only if they are standard Symphonie converted ASCII files. Files converted with header modifications or alternate delimiters will not import correctly. This feature should only be used when the original raw files have been lost.

# Exporting Data as 10 minute, 60 minute or WAsP

SDR's export feature allows you to export data for a particular month or date range for use with a spreadsheet or other software program that accepts .txt format. Click "Export." The "Select Span for Report" window should appear. You may select a monthly or comprehensive date range for the data export. Also, if you wish to export only data that has had bad data removed, select the "Export data with filters applied" check box. See the section on removing data if you are interested in filtering the data for export.

Select Span for Rej	oort				×
Monthly:	2003	Jan	uary	•	
O Date Range:	06/09/2002	▼ to	01/13/2003	•	
E	xport data with filter	rs applied			
	ОК	Canc	el		

Select a range and click "OK." A standard Windows "File Save" box should appear pointing to the scaled data folder. Enter a file name for the exported file and choose the file Save as type; here is where you may choose 10 minute, 60 minute or WAsP data.

Click "Save."

Save As			<u>?</u> ×
Save in:	ScaledData	✓ ← 10 min	
History Deckhop My Computer			
	File name:	my_site_data_export	Save
	Save as type:	Tabbed 10-min ASCII (* txt)	Cancel

A standard Status bar will appear showing the progress of the export.

# **Database Export File Formats**

Data can be exported from the database in the following formats:

- tab delimited 10 minute data (.txt)
- tab delimited 60 minute data (.txt)
- WAsP data

Remember that the exported data has been scaled according to the site information stored in the transferable user defined site file (.nsd).

# Data Filtering

SDR has the ability to filter data through user-configurable filters. Data filters can be created and saved for each site. Saved filters can then be run on each site periodically.

# **Creating a Data Filter**

Go to **Site>View Database** and select the site database for which you wish to create filters. From the Site Database window, click "Filter."

😵 C:\NRG\SiteFiles\sites0000-0500\0125	.nsd	Saved Data Filters	×
Site Site 0125 Ferrara Project: New Project Location: Elevation: 350 Date Range: 06/17/2002 to 06/02/2004	Reports Houty Averages Graph Ch 1 Houty Averages Graph Ch 1 Houty Averages Graph Ch 9 Houty Averages Table Ch 1 Houty Averages Table Ch 1 Striff Houty Averages Graph Ch 11 Summary Report Wind Rose Ch 1, 7	Data (filtered & unfiltered): 06/17/2002 to 06/02/2004 6:50:00 AM	Filters
Data	Create New Bun Checked		Create New Run Checked
Import Raw Files Import.TXT files	Currently Highlighted Report Hourly Averages Graph Ch 1 Run Edit Delete	Blanket Filter	No Filter Highlighted

This brings up the "Saved Data Filters" Window. Click "Create New" which brings up the "Create New Filter" window.

ate New Filter						
	Filter Name:	Icing Filter				
Where Channel:	7: #200P Wind Va	ine 💌	C Avg € SD		0	▲ deg
And Where Channel:	1: NRG #40 Anen	nometer 💌	● Avg C SD	< 🔻	1	▲ mph
And Where Channel:	9: #110S Temp S	ens (F) 🔽	• Avg C SD	< 🔻	32	F
Mark Channels: ☑1 🗖	2 🗖 3 🗖 4	□5 □6	<b></b> 7 <b></b>	8 🗖 9	□ 10	□ 11 □ 1
Mark dat	a as: 💿 Ice Da	ta			1 -	
	C Bad S	ensor		ОК		Cancel
	· · ·	Data				
	Invalic	Data			-	

Here you can assign your filter a name and choose the logical definition for your filter based on the data of up to 3 different channels. The "Mark Channels" checkboxes allow you to identify which channels to mark if the filter conditions are all found to apply. The "Mark Data as Type" boxes allow you select the code with which the data will be marked in the SDR database. Click "OK" to save your filter.

Note: Data marked by a filter are not deleted from the database. However, SDR will know to not include those records in report calculations. When exporting, you will have the option to export the data with or without applying filters.

# **Running a Data Filter**

From the "Saved Data Filter" window, check the filters you want to run and select the time span for the filter.

Select Span for Fil	ter	×
Monthly:	2004 May	
O Date Range:	06/17/2002 <b>v</b> to 06/02/	2004 💌
	OK	

Click "OK" to run the filter. SDR will return the "Filters applied" message when done.

# Blanket Filtering / Unmarking all data in database

From the "Saved Data Filters" window, Click on "Blanket Filter." You should see the "Data Filtering" window.

Data Filtering		×
	12:00:00 AM	
	Range encompasses 100966 data points	
Flag as:	All Channels Good Data 💌	
1 Good Data	▼ 2 Good Data ▼ 3 Good Data ▼ 4 Good Data ▼	
5 Good Data	▼ 6 Good Data ▼ 7 Good Data ▼ 8 Good Data ▼	
9 Good Data	▼ 10 Good Data ▼ 11 Good Data ▼ 12 Good Data ▼	
	OK Cancel	

This window allows you to filter based on time range and channel and is handy when you may want to remove all marked data from the database.

# Data Flag types

You can choose from the following flags to mark data:

- Good Data applies no filter
- Ice Data marks data so it can be filtered
- Bad Sensor marks data so it can be filtered
- Invalid Data marks data so it can be filtered

The flags "Ice Data", "Bad Sensor", and "Invalid Data" all exclude the data selected from calculations and graphs. SDR does not identify the data flag types on the reports.

If you wish to include all data, make sure that the "Good Data" flag is selected for all 12 channels for the entire time range.

# **Filtering all channels**

Select the desired data range and make your flag selection from the "All Channels" drop down box. You should see the 12 channel flags change when doing this. Click "OK."



# Filtering any channel individually

Select a date range and adjust the flags for each channel. Note that only the "Good Data" flag being selected for a channel for a given time range will be included in reports or exports (exports have a checkbox option to include filtered data or not).

# Unfiltering (Unmarking) all data for all channels

Select the entire date range. Select "Good Data" from the "All Channels" drop down box. You should see the 12 channel flags change to "Good Data" when doing this. Click "OK."

# Creating (Configuring) Reports

From the Main database window, click "Create New" in the Reports section. You should see the "Create New Report" window.



# Selecting the report type

Select the desired report from the "Report Type" pull down menu Report types include the following:

- Wind Rose
- Frequency Distribution
- Hourly Averages Table
- Hourly Averages Graph
- Summary Report

Note that certain options will appear based on the report type selected. You may create as many report types as you want for each site.

# Selecting the sensors to be included in the report (Configuring your report)

Click on the sensors you wish to include in the report. The report name will be generated from these selections. A good example is choosing the top level anemometer and top level vane to generate the Wind Rose as shown above.

# Saving the configured report type for this site

Click "OK." You will now see the report you created in the "reports" section of the Main database window.

c:\NRG\SiteFiles\0125.nsd	2
Site O125 Mt Ferrara	Reports
Project: NRG Test Site	
Location:	
Elevation: 350	
Data Range: 06/09/2002 to 01/13/2003	
Data	Create New Run Checked
Import.RWD Import.TXT files	Currently Highlighted Report
	Wind Rose Ch 5, 7
Export Filter	Run Edit Delete

# Generating (Running) Reports

Each time you run reports in SDR, they will be saved to the "Reports" directory previously configured under the File>Options menu of SDR. The .wmf report files can be imported into MicroSoft office documents and can be easily exchanged through email. You can also print these reports directly from SDR.

# Selecting reports to be generated from the list

Click on the checkbox to the left of each report you wish to run.

Site	sd	Reports
Sile UTA Mt Ferrara	25	Hourly Averages Graph Ch 1     Wind Rose Ch 1     Wind Rose Ch 1
Project: NRG Tes	t Site	
Elevation: 350		
Data Range: 06/09/2002 to 01/13/2003		
Data		Create New Run Checked
Import RWD Files	port .TXT files	Currently Highlighted Report Wind Rose Ch 1, 7
Export	Filter	Run Edit Delete

# **Editing and Deleting selected reports**

If you wish to edit a report before running, highlight the report by clicking on it, and then click the "Edit" button. You should see an "Editing report..." window. Make your changes and click "OK."

Report Wind F	nd Rose Ch 1, 7 Type: Rose	OK Cancel
Report	Name:	
Wind Ro	se Options:	Vana
1 2 3 4 5	NRG #40 Anemometer NRG #40 Anemometer NRG #40 Anemometer NRG #40 Anemometer NRG #40 Anemometer	7 #200P Wind Vane 8 #200P Wind Vane
Minim	num wind speed for TIs:	Number of compass subdivisions:

# Running and printing the selected reports

Once you have selected all the reports you wish to run in the Main database window, click on "Run Checked." You should see the "Select Span for Report" window. Select the desired month or date range, check the "preview before printing" box, and then click "OK." SDR will then show standard status bars as each report is generated.

Click "Print Setup" and make sure your printer selection is correct. Exit the print setup, and click "Print and Next" to print the currently displayed report and then display the next report that has been generated. Note that all these reports also now exist on your computer's hard drive in the "Reports" folder that SDR has set up.

Always make sure your site's sensor scale factors are correct before generating reports!

# Data Retriever Software: Site Information & Site History

# Creating a New Site

# The Site File

A site file contains all the information necessary to successfully process raw data files from each individual site. The site file also contains all the scaled data that has been imported into the SDR database. The site files are of the format:

SSSS.nsd where SSSS = the site number. For example, 0125.nsd is the site file for site 0125.

Remember, the site file contains scaled data, so if you change the scale factors for old data, you will need to re-import that old data to apply the new scale factors.

When you create a new site, a new site file is created and stored in the SDR subdirectory (as set in the SDR Main Window **File>Options** menu). The Site File contains information about the site location, description, what sensors are connected, and how SDR will scale the data from each of the 12 logger channels. It is very important to get the site file set up correctly. You will want to have the site data sheet when creating a new site. All of the specific parameters that are included in each site file are described in this section.

# Creating a Site File From Data File (Recommended)

The recommended way to create a new site file is to load the header for a data file from a new site. At that point, a warning message will appear on your screen informing you that "No local site corresponds to the one referenced in this data file! Create a new site with the data file parameters?"

	×
8	Warning! No local site corresponds to the one referenced in this data file! Create a new site with the data file parameters?
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o

Click **Yes** when prompted at the warning message.

This will bring you into the Site Information Editor window. The site fields will be populated with the information passed from the logger as programmed by the field personnel. At this point, you will be able to edit all the fields and then save the site file. You will want to have the site data sheet when creating the new site. The site data sheet will include the information you need to enter into the site editor if field personnel did not program the logger completely. Once the site file is saved, any raw data files (.rwd) from the corresponding site that are converted based on this site file will use the settings stored in the site file to create the ASCII (.txt) file. For this reason, it is essential that the information in the site file is correct.

🗯 Site Informat	ion Editor					×	
Eile							
	Site Information			Se	ensor Informat	tion	
Site #	1234		Г	Channel #	1 • •	Load Defaults	
Site Desc	Apple Tree Ridge		Γ	As of	Baseline		
Project Code	ATR001		ΙĹ	Description	NRG #40 Anem,	mph	
Project Desc	Small-scale turbine grid			Details			
Site Location	Hinesburg, VT			Serial Number	Speed 💌		
Site Elevation	150		ΙĹ	Height			
Base Time Zone	(GMT-05:00) Eastern	Time (US & Ca 💌	ΙΓ	Scale Factor	1.711		
Latitude	44.334621		ΙΓ	Offset	0.78		
Longitude	73.097955	Encruption		Print Precision	0.1	<b>_</b>	
Serial Number (4-digit suffix)	5678	Code:	ΙΓ	Units	mph	Notes	
Hardware Rev.	009-008-014	1234		History	Delete Ma	ake New Change	

# **Creating a Site File Manually**

To manually create a site, select **Site>New Site** from the SDR Main Window. This will bring you into the Site Editor Window. The site fields will appear empty. At this point, you will be able to populate all the fields and then save the site file. You will want to have the site data sheet when creating the new site. The site data sheet will include the information you need to enter into the site editor if the field personnel did not program the logger completely. Once the site file is saved, any raw data files from the corresponding site that are converted based on this site file will use the settings stored in the site file to create the ASCII (.txt) file.

Note that you cannot return to the SDR Main Window until you **close** the Site Editor window. Subsequent sensor changes to the site can be made using the "Edit" button.

From the SDR Main Window, select **Site>Edit Site.** This will bring you into the Site Information Editor window. You cannot return to the SDR Main Window until you close the Site Information Editor window.

# Site Information Editor - Site Information Parameters

These parameters are found on the left side of the Site Information Editor window.

# Site #

The logger serial number is reported as a four-digit number.

# Site Desc (Site Description)

An 80-character text field where a site description can be entered.

### **Project Code**

A six-character parameter that can be used to code sites.

# **Project Desc (Project Description)**

An 80-character text field where a project description can be entered.

### Site Location

An 80-character text field where a site location can be entered.

# Site Elevation (Altitude)

A six-character field reporting the Site Elevation as referenced from sea level. Units are not stored. For site elevations

below sea level, include a "-" sign before the number.

# Base Time Zone (the time zone the logger is located in)

A pull down menu that determines how your data's timestamps (in UTC) are adjusted to match the local time. Make sure it is set to the logger local time zone. Time settings should always be in Standard Time (NOT Daylight Savings Time).

# Latitude

A data entry field. Note that WAsP export only allows the latitude degrees, minutes, and seconds (North or South) or decimal formats to be exported.

# Longitude

A data entry field. Note that WAsP export only allows the longitude degrees, minutes, and seconds (East or West) or decimal formats to be exported.

# Logger Serial Number (4-digit suffix)

A four-character field that reports the logger serial number.

# Hardware Rev. (Logger Hardware Revision)

The hardware revision is reported as a masked three number sequence signifying the current revisions of the logger core, logger MMC controller, and iPack.

# Site Information Editor - Baseline Sensor Information Parameters

These parameters are found on the right side of the Site Information Editor window.

### Channel

Reports the logger channel for which the sensor information is being displayed. Use the up and down arrows to scroll to the desired channel.

# Load Defaults

To the right of the Channel # field, the Load Defaults button can be used to load a default scale factor and offset for the type of sensor shown in the Sensor Type field (see below). Note that you will see transfer functions (scale factors) in both SI and Imperial units, allowing the user to choose which units are used for individual channels.

# Description

A 20-character field reporting the sensor description. For NRG sensors, this is the same as the sensor model.

# Details

An 80-character field for reporting any sensor details.

# Serial Number

An 8-character text field reporting the sensor serial number.

# Sensor Type

The sensor type and therefore the logging mode of the logger for this channel can be chosen using a pull-down menu to the right of the Serial Number field. For a counter channel, the sensor type can be either frequency (speed) or totalizer. For an analog channel, the sensor type can be defined as either a wind vane or not a wind vane.

# Height

A six-character field reporting the sensor height.

# **Scale Factor**

An 8 character numerical field reporting the sensor scale factor.

# Offset

An 8 character numerical field reporting the sensor offset.

# **Print Precision**

A pull down menu that reports how many decimals and leading zeros the scaled data will have.

# Units (Imperial or SI)

A five-character field that reports appropriate SI or Imperial units for the sensor selected. Note that you may choose SI units for some sensors and Imperial units for others (wind speeds in m/s but barometric pressure in inches of Hg, for example).

# Notes

Clicking the **Notes** button opens a text field in which site notes can be entered. The **Notes** button will be in bold if any notes are contained. The notes are not output in the ASCII (.txt) files.

# Saving the Site File

When all the site information is entered and has been confirmed as correct, it is time to save the site file. From the Site Information Editor window, select **File>Save Site**.

# Site History Entries

The Site Information Editor contains a powerful site history tool that can be used when a sensor at a particular site is changed. History entries will mark the point in time the change is made and then patch in the new sensor information from that point forward. Since many projects last several years, it is not uncommon to have sensor changes. For example, you may want to replace an unheated anemometer with a heated anemometer.

# Selecting the Site and Sensor

Select **Site>Edit Site** from SDR's main screen. Choose the site from the "Select a Site" screen and click "OK." In the Site Information Editor screen, click the "History" button to display the sensor history table. The table displayed will show the history for the sensor channel selected under "Sensor Information." If you scroll through the sensor channels, you will see the history for each channel.

# **Make New Change**

To make a sensor history change, click the "Make New Change" button. The sensor information fields are now "live" and will be applied to this entry when the site file is saved.

# **Site History Concepts**

There are several important concepts to understand regarding the history editor. First, whatever row in the history table is selected will be affected by whatever changes are made in the "Sensor Information" fields. For example, in the screen shown below, changing the height from 5 m to 50 m would change the row highlighted in the table. To change the height, put your cursor in the field to the right of "Height," type in the new height, and press Tab. In the table below, you would see the new height displayed in the highlighted row.

<sup>2</sup> Site Informat	ion Edito	r - 0125 r	nsd							×
Eile										
	Site Inf	ormation				S	Sensor Info	mation	)	
Site #	0125	Symp	ohonie	•		Channel	<sup>#</sup> 9 • 1	•	.oad Defau	lts
Site Desc	Mt. Ferrie	ra.				As o	f 8 /26/2002	- 3	1:00:00 PM	*
Project Code	New		-			Description	NRG #1105	Temp		
Project Desc	Mt. Ferrie	ra Test Site				Details	8			-
Site Location	NRG				Se	rial Numbe	SN:		Analog	-
Site Elevation	350			_	<u> </u>	Heigh	4 5 m			
Base Time Zone	(GMT-05	:00) Indiana	(East)	•	1	Scale Facto	r 0.138			-
Latitude	N 044° 20	.000'				Offset -86.383			_	
Longitude	W 073° 0	7.000'			Pri	Print Precision 0.1			-	
Serial Number (4-digit suffix)	0011		Code:	n _		Unite	C		Notes	
Hardware Rev.	007-006-0	014	2255		His	tory	Delete	Make	New Chang	e
Timestamp		Descriptio	n	Serial	Number	Height	Scale Factor	Offset	Units	
Baseline		#110S Ter	np Sens (F)	SN:		ft	0.244	-123.5	F	
8/26/2002 3:00:00	PM	NRG #110	STemp	SN:		5 m	0.138	-86.383	C	
8/28/2002 1:10:00	PM	#110S Ter	np Sens (F)	SN:		ft	0.244	-123.5	F	

The next important concept to understand is that the "Make New Change" button adds a row to the history table. The new row can then be edited by entering new values in the Sensor Information fields above.

Once the entries look good on the screen, the site file must be saved. Don't forget to save your changes! Select **File>Save.** 

The most important concept is that whatever information appears in each row of the history table is applied until the date of the next entry. For example, if a logger was originally installed with a #40 anemometer which was replaced 3 months later with an IceFree anemometer, the Baseline entry would show a description and scaling information for the #40 for the first 3 months, and then the next history entry would show the time and date the IceFree anemometer was installed and its scaling information.

# Data Retriever Software: Changing iPack and Sensor Settings from a Remote Location by Creating a Patch File

# Cautions

Extreme care must be taken when patching ISP parameters. If you make a mistake (specifying the wrong ISP phone number, for example), you risk cutting communication with the logger, and a site visit will be required.

# Creating the Patch File

# **Sensor Patch**

If you need to add or change a sensor, go to the "Site Information Editor" window. Select the sensor entry that you wish to change, make changes, and then select **File>Save Site** to save changes (or create a new entry by following instructions in *"Creating a New Site History Entry"*). Close the Site Editor window and go to **Site>Create Sensor Patch**. Select the site, and click **"OK."** In the "Create Patch File" window, enter the time and date at which the change occurred, and check the boxes corresponding to the sensor channels affected by the change.

Create Patch File - 00	07.nsd				
Generate patch with ser	nsor history settings as of:				
4 / 5 /2005	• 1 :57:00 PM •				
T Altitude					
🔽 Sensor 1 info	🔽 Sensor 7 info				
🔽 Sensor 2 info	🔽 Sensor 8 info				
🗹 Sensor 3 info	🗖 Sensor 9 info				
🗖 Sensor 4 info	Sensor 10 info				
🗖 Sensor 5 info	🗖 Sensor 11 info				
🔲 Sensor 6 info	Sensor 12 info				
Patch password	12345678				
S	ave Patch				

Then enter your patch password, click "Save Patch," and then "Save" in the Windows dialog box.

The Patch Viewer will then show the entry for each field as it will be patched to the logger. Check the changes you made to be sure they are correct. Confirm that the logger serial number and logger hardware revision number are correct. These numbers must be correct for the patch to be applied.

Patch applies to l	onner with Si	erial Number: 0760 and Ha	ardware Rev: 008-007-012	
r alon applies to r	ogger war o	sharrannosi, or oo ana ric	Admatch (64, 666 667 612	
Memory Location	Address	Parameter	Value	
Logger	31	S1 Description	NRG #40 Anem. m/s	
Logger	56	S1 Serial Number	SN:13240	
Logger	50	S1 Height	50 m	
Logger	4A	S1 Scale Factor	0.762	
Logger	4D	S1 Offset	0.375	
Logger	45	S1 Units	m/s	
Logger	61	S2 Description	NRG #40 Anem. m/s	
Logger	86	S2 Serial Number	SN:13241	
Logger	80	S2 Height	50 m	
Logger	7A	S2 Scale Factor	0.76	
Logger	7D	S2 Offset	0.467	
Logger	75	S2 Units	m/s	
Logger	91	S3 Description	NRG #40 Anem. m/s	
Logger	B6	S3 Serial Number	SN:13242	
Logger	B0	S3 Height	30 m	
Logger	AA	S3 Scale Factor	0.765	
Logger	AD	S3 Offset	0.432	
Logger	A5	S3 Units	m/s	
Logger	151	S7 Description	#200P Wind Vane	
Logger	176	S7 Serial Number	SN:1/03	•

When you are satisfied that the patch information is correct, click the **X** in the upper right corner of the window to exit the Patch Viewer window. SDR will now display a message notifying you that the Patch File has been written and the file name has been copied to your Windows clipboard:

<u>×</u>	1
Wrote: 0941843354log.ptc The number 0941843354 has been copied to your clipboard Paste it into the subject line and the message body of the e-mail you send containing the patch file.	
ОК	

The file name will be used as the subject line of the outgoing email to which the Patch File will be attached. Open your email program, and address an email message to the logger. Paste the Patch File name from your Windows clipboard into the subject field of your email and into the body of the email message.

Failure to paste the patch file name into the body of the email message may cause some email clients (such as Outlook, Pegasus, Eudora, etc.) to incorrectly attach the patch file. Also note that patch emails need to be in txt format, not HTML.

Attach the Patch File and send the message.

# **Configuration Patch**

From the SDR Main Window, select **Site>Modify iPack Settings.** This will bring up the Modify iPack Settings window. From here, select **File>Open iPack File**. Browse and select the iPack file you wish to modify. Once you have selected the file, you will notice check boxes on the right side of the window. Be sure to uncheck any parameter that you wish to keep the same. Parameters you wish to edit should remain checked.

# Data Retriever Software: Changing iPack and Sensor Settings from a Remote Location by Creating a Patch File

Modify iPack Settings	X	Modify iPack Settings
Ele Options		Elle Options
ISP Information	_,	ISP Information Call Schedule
[ISP Access] Mail Access Email Info		ISP Access Mail Access Email Info
Primary ISP Phone Number 18024827794		Mailbox Name
Secondary ISP Phone Number 18024827794		Mailbox Password
Primary DNS Number 192.168.80.36		POP3 Server Name pop.nrgsystems.test 🗸
Secondary DNS Number 192.168.80.37		SMTP Server Name smtp.nrgsystems.test
Authentication Method		Patch password 12345678
User Name nrg-cust		My SMTP Server requires authentication C Mag. C No. 17
User Password		SMTP Login
Internet Time Server Name triton.nrgsystems.test		SMTP Password
CDMA v21 iPack detected		CDMA v21 iPack detected

Review the *Pre-Installation Set-up: iPack Configuration* section of this manual for an explanation of all parameters. Enter new parameter information in checked boxes. Once you've confirmed the settings are correct, it is time to save the Patch File.

# Saving the Patch File

Select **File>Save To Patch File**. This will bring up the Select A Site window. With your mouse, select the site you wish to patch, and then click **OK**.

This will bring up the Save As dialog box. SDR will generate an appropriate file name under which this patch file will be saved. *Do not change it.* Select **Save**.

This will bring up the Patch Viewer window. Confirm that the logger serial number and logger hardware revision number are correct. These numbers must be correct for the patch to be applied. Click the **X** in the upper right corner of the window to exit the Patch Viewer window.

SDR will now display a message notifying you that the Patch File has been written and the file name has been copied to your Windows clipboard. The file name will be used as the subject line of the outgoing email to which the Patch File will be attached.

# Sending the Patch File to the logger via email

Open your email program, and address an email message to the logger. The address you choose must be one that will get the mail delivered into the mailbox on the pop3 server that the logger will check for email.

This is typically of the format: <u>username@myisp.com</u>.

Do not send the patch email as a response to a logger email! The "from" field from incoming data emails is user configurable; be sure to use the email address assigned to your account by your ISP.

Paste the Patch File name from your Windows clipboard into the subject field of your email and into the body of the email message. Attach the Patch File and send the message.

# Confirming the change

Depending on when the Patch File is delivered to the logger and the logger's call interval, changes may not be immediately visible in the next received data file. Subsequent files, however, should reflect the changes. If the logger successfully retrieved the patch file, the email will be deleted from the internet server by the iPack. If the email is not deleted from the internet server, the patch was unsuccessful and must be tried again after identifying the problem.

Once the logger has received a new patch, if it is unable to download data or connect with a POP3 server within 12 attempts (within 2 scheduled calls), the iPack will revert to the previous configuration. This ensures that communication can be restored if faulty patch information is uploaded and disrupts the logger's ability to successfully download data (a patch with an incorrect ISP phone number, for example). Communication will eventually resume on the third scheduled call. *An incorrect entry in any parameter field can result in a bad patch*. The only exception to this is the time server field – an incorrect entry in this field alone will not prevent the logger from calling.

# Data Retriever Software: Processing Data from 9200-PLUS, Wind Explorer and 9300 Loggers

In addition to processing data from Symphonie loggers, Symphonie Data Retriever can import and process data from 9200-PLUS, Wind Explorer, and 9300 loggers. This provides users with older NRG loggers an upgrade path to Symphonie. Each NRG logger had some different features, and to maintain uniformity in the database, there are a few things to pay attention to when using SDR to process data from these loggers.

# Leave Time Zone set to 0

The 9200-PLUS, Wind Explorer and 9300 logger systems all record data in "logger local time." This is different from the Symphonie logger, which records data with time and date stamps relative to UTC. Because of this difference in time zone configuration, leave the time zone setting at "0 UTC" for all non-Symphonie NRG loggers.

# Importing and Processing Data

Importing and processing data should otherwise be the same for these loggers as for Symphonie; please refer to the sections on processing Symphonie raw data files in this manual.

# Introduction to SDR ChipReader

Versions 5 and higher of the SDR software includes a built in "Chip Reader" utility that is capable of reading 9200-PLUS DataChips and WindExplorer DataPlugs. SDR is not compatible with the TermReader and will not read 9300 DataCards.

In order to read a DataPlug you will need a DataPlug Reader complete with the supplied null modem cable. To read a DataChip, you will need an EEReader complete with the phone cable and its RS-232 connector. Your computer will need a serial COM port or a USB port with a reliable USB to serial converter. The EEReader should be installed on COM 1 or COM 2.

# Reading a DataPlug from a WindExplorer

Connect the DataPlug Reader to your computer with the null-modem cable and place the DataPlug into the Reader.

Go to File>Chip Reader (WE/9200+). You should see the following screen:

WindExplorer / 9200+ Chip Reader	
Options	
Wind Explorer loggers: Insert DataPlug into DataPlug Re 9200+ loggers: Insert DataChip into EE Reader II	ader
Cancel	Get Ra <del>w</del> File
DataPlug Reader detected	

Press the "Get Raw File" button and SDR will read the DataPlug. When done you will see the following message:

Symphonie Data Retriever	×
Wrote: C:\NRG\RawData\01260613	.b04

You may press OK. The reading process is done; a raw file now exists in the specified directory and this data can be imported and processed with SDR.

# Reading a DataChip from a 9200-Plus

Connect the EE Reader to your computer with the phone cable and RS232 connector and place a DataChip into the EE Reader. Please remember that the EE Reader can only read one DataChip at a time.

Go to File>Chip Reader (WE/9200+). You should see the following screen:

WindExplorer / 9200+ Chip Reader				
Options				
Wind Explorer loggers: Insert DataPlug into DataPlug Reader 9200+ loggers: Insert DataChip into EE Reader II				
Cancel	Get Ra <del>w</del> File			
EEReader detected				

Press the "Get Raw File" button, and SDR will read the DataChip and display the following:

Cancel		Save		Original:	Edited:
			Chip Socket	Left	Left
	Original:	Edited:	Left Socket	32k Chip	32k Chip
Site Number	0000	0000	Right Socket	No Chip	No Chip
Serial Number	3515	3515	Chip ID	00	00
Model Number	9210	9210	# of Sensors	3	3
Firmware Version	04	04	Interval (min)	60	60
-Data Start:			Data Stop:		
3/22/2005	1:44:0	D PM	4/5/2005	2:50	:00 PM
3 /22/2005	• 1:44	00 PM	4 / 5 /2005	▼ 2:5	50:00 PM
,			,		
-Data Range Inf	ormation: —				
The stop time app	ears to be co	rrect.			

Confirm everything looks Ok and press the "Save" button. You will see the following:

Symphonie E	ata Retriever	×
Wrote: C:V	VRG\RawData\0000	0322.a05
	ОК	

You may press OK. The reading process is done; a raw file now exists in the specified directory and this data can be imported and processed with SDR.

If you receive an error message that the EEReader is not found, click the right mouse button, choose "Options" and then set the COM port to 1 or 2.

# **Troubleshooting Guide**

Be sure to visit the support section of the NRG Systems website at: <u>http://www.nrgsystems.com/support/</u> for the most up to date troubleshooting information.

# **Communication Problems**

Although the Symphonie system was designed to be as robust and simple as possible, it relies on phone service and the internet to perform its functions. From time to time, things do not go as smoothly as anticipated. If you have stopped receiving or have never received emails from your Symphonie logger, or if your logger doesn't respond when instructed to "Call Now," check the following before visiting the site:

# AMPS iPacks

# **Phone Service**

- Request a copy of the installation crew field notes.
- What did the antenna test results show?
- Obtain a copy of the .ipk file that was programmed into the iPack.
- Call your cellular service provider and make sure that the MIN and ESN pair are active on your account.

• Get the cell account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see cellular activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

• Make sure that all of the "digital services" are disabled - digital services such as voice mail

and call waiting can be "assigned" to analog cell accounts by your provider by mistake. The interruptions in the audio can cause the calls to drop.

• Give the cell provider the exact coordinates of where the logger is installed AND the ISP phone number it is dialing. Ask them if the number is being dialed correctly, i.e. 7 digits (local call with no area code required), 10 digits (long distance, area code required), or 1 + area code + phone number. This varies depending on location. NRG has already seen situations where the cell provider unexpectedly changed the dialing requirements for a given area as well as cellular providers accidentally shutting off a customer's account ESN.

# **ISP Service**

• Get the ISP account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

- No records available? Try dialing the ISP phone number from your office does a modem answer?
- Load the ISP settings that are in the .ipk file into Windows dial-up networking and see if you can log onto the ISP account. If you are unable to login to the ISP from a computer, you will need to review all the ISP settings with your provider. NRG has seen ISP's that have unexpectedly changed the user name on an account. If you are having a particularly difficult time, you may send the .ipk file to NRG as an email attachment. We may be able to check the settings for you from NRG.

# At the Site (AMPS)

• Perform an antenna test and record the result.

• Try dialing the ISP phone number from a personal handheld cellphone at the site. You should hear modem tones on the other end. If you hear a "fast busy," there may be compatibility issues between the cell system and the ISP modem

bank it is dialing into. Contact your ISP provider and ask if there are any restrictions or problems associated with cellular phones calling into the modem bank. At that point, it may also be worth obtaining and trying an alternate ISP phone number.

• There also could be an audio distortion problem due to the terrain and location of the cell tower relative to the logger. If this is the case, the antenna test could show good signal strength while in fact the audio quality is poor. You may be able to re-orient the antenna to point at a different cell tower.

• Perform the "Call Now" function on the logger and note the resulting message. If the message "internet error" appears, record the error number.

• You may load the "default amps" .ipk file into Symphonie and perform a "call now." These settings will use your cellular account to dial into a special "Test ISP" NRG has configured. Note that NRG cannot be responsible for any data transmitted through this Test ISP. The MMC in the logger will still contain all of the data files (up to 680 days) - the files are NOT erased from the MMC after they are emailed. It is a good idea to call technical support at NRG prior to trying a test call from the field. We can monitor the call and login process from our side.

# GSM iPacks

# **Phone Service**

- Request a copy of the installation crew field notes.
- What did the antenna test results show?
- Obtain a copy of the .ipk file that was programmed into the iPack.

• Call your GSM cell provider and make sure that the account is active. Is the SIM active? Have you tried the SIM in another phone?

• Has the SIM been properly activated for data transfer, and has the SIM been installed into the iPack?

• Get the cell account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see cellular activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

• Give the cell provider the exact coordinates of where the logger is installed AND the ISP phone number it is dialing. Ask them if the number is being dialed correctly.

# **ISP Service**

• Get the ISP account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

• No records? Try dialing the ISP phone number from your office. Does a modem answer?

• Load the ISP settings that are in the .ipk file into Windows dial-up networking and see if you can log onto the ISP account. If you are unable to login to the ISP from a computer, you will need to review all the ISP settings with your provider. NRG has seen ISPs that have unexpectedly changed the user name on an account. If you are having a particularly difficult time, you may send the .ipk file to NRG as an email attachment. We may be able to check (but not necessarily test) the settings for you from NRG.

# At the site

• Perform an antenna test and record the result.

• Try dialing the ISP phone number from a personal handheld cellphone at the site. You should hear modem tones on the other end. If you hear a "fast busy," there may be compatibility issues between the cell system and the ISP modem bank it is dialing into. Contact your ISP provider and ask if there are any restrictions or problems associated with cellular phones calling into the modem bank. At that point, it may also be worth obtaining and trying an alternate ISP phone number.

• Perform the "Call Now" function on the logger and note the resulting message. If the message "internet error" appears, record the error number.

• Is the SIM active? Have you tried the SIM in another phone?

• Has the SIM been properly activated for data transfer, and has the SIM been installed into the iPack? Be sure that the SIM card is activated for transparent data mode.

# **General GSM System Information**

When a GSM phone is powered, it registers with the cellular system, and when it powers down, it de-registers with the system. The GSM iPack follows this protocol closely.

Using GSM in marginal signal areas can cause registration problems. The iPack de-registers when powering down. However, if signal is lost, the de-registration is never seen by the cell. The next time the GSM phone in the iPack is powered up, it will try to register with the system and will be blocked out because the system thinks it is already registered.

The only solution is to have the central GSM office perform a de-registration and then bring the account back up. We learned this information by talking with Vodafone and a customer in Europe who encountered this issue.

# CDMA iPacks

# **Phone Service**

- Request a copy of the installation crew field notes.
- What did the antenna test results show?
- What were the results of the phone initialization process?
- Obtain a copy of the .ipk file that was programmed into the iPack.
- Call your CDMA service provider and make sure that the MIN and ESN pair are active on your account.
- Get the cell account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

• Give the CDMA provider the exact coordinates of where the logger is installed AND the ISP phone number it is dialing. Ask them if the number is being dialed correctly, i.e. 7 digits (local call with no area code required), 10 digits (long distance, area code required), or 1 + area code + phone number. This varies depending on location. NRG has already seen situations where the provider unexpectedly changed the dialing requirements for a given area as well as a provider accidentally shutting off a customer's account ESN.

# **ISP Service**

• Get the ISP account records and check the duration and frequency of the activity. Do you see activity around the time a scheduled call is supposed to occur? Do you see re-tries every 10 minutes (up to six total)?

• No records? Try dialing the ISP phone number from your office. Does a modem answer?

• Load the ISP settings that are in the .ipk file into Windows dial-up networking and see if you can log onto the ISP account. If you are unable to login to the ISP from a computer, you will need to review all the ISP settings with your provider. NRG has seen ISPs that have unexpectedly changed the user name on an account. If you are having a particularly difficult time, you may send the .ipk file to NRG as an email attachment. We may be able to check (but not necessarily test) the settings for you from NRG.

# At the site

• Perform an antenna test and record the result.

• Try dialing the ISP phone number from a personal handheld CDMA cellphone at the site. You should hear modem tones on the other end. If you hear a "fast busy," there may be compatibility issues between the cell system and the ISP modem bank it is dialing into. Contact your ISP and ask if there are any restrictions or problems associated with cellular phones calling into the modem bank. At that point, it may also be worth obtaining and trying an alternate ISP phone number.

• Perform the "Call Now" function on the logger and note the resulting message. If the message "internet error" appears, record the error number.

• Re-register the phone in home area.

# Satellite iPacks

# **Phone Service**

Instructions are included with each Satellite iPack to turn on the phone service. This includes a registration form that needs to be filled out and faxed to the provider.

# Satellite System

At the time this manual was written, the Satellite iPacks use Wireless Innovations as the provider. The Iridium satellites circle the earth once every100 minutes traveling in a roughly South to North direction and depend on "line of sight" signals from the iPack transceiver. Orca's constellation ensures that every region on the globe is covered by at least one satellite at all times.

Each (daily) call should take around 3 minutes per day and probably not more than 4 minutes. This may be slightly longer than other iPacks. The variables in the call length are login, UTC timeserver check, and POP mail check. These events happen each call regardless of the number of files sent and can be considered "overhead."

# Installation

Obstructions such as a mast or trees can cause an interruption between the communications of the MiChroSat modem to the Iridium satellite and therefore can cause untimely termination of the data call.

Given this, installations must take into account the following:

- The antenna must be upright/facing the sky to ensure maximum exposure for the satellite.
- The antenna must be located so that it has a good view of the sky, ideally horizon to horizon coverage.
- The antenna should be mounted offset from the mast by a distance of at least 0.5 meters, with no other obstructions in the line of sight view.
- The satellites fly in a South-North orbit so the antenna must be mounted such that no obstructions will occur in this plane. In the northern hemisphere, the antenna mast should point south, and in the southern hemisphere, the antenna should point north.

# At the site

• Perform an antenna test and record the result.

• If possible, try dialing the ISP phone number from a personal cellphone at the site. You should hear modem tones on the other end. If you hear a "fast busy," there may be compatibility issues between the cell system and the ISP modem bank it is dialing into. Contact your ISP and ask if there are any restrictions or problems associated with the modem bank. At that point, it may also be worth obtaining and trying an alternate ISP phone number.

• Perform the "Call Now" function on the logger and note the resulting message. If the message "internet error" appears, record the error number.

# Internet Error Codes as Displayed by Symphonie Logger

Rev 009 iPacks and higher are capable of reporting internet error codes on the logger display. The error code is the last message displayed if data transmission is unsuccessful. The error codes are useful tools in determining the source of a transmission problem. These error codes are trapped by the internet processor inside the iPack. The error codes do not necessarily give a specific resolution to a particular issue –rather, they will point you to the set of settings most likely causing the problem. If you receive an error code not listed below, please contact NRG for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 001: iPack timeout error

This message is received when the iPack processor sends a command to the iPack's internet processor to initiate data transfer and does not receive any message from the iPack's internet processor for three minutes.

Possible cause(s): No cellular service; interference, or poor signal strength.

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise.

### Problem: at + ixfh error:

The "at+ixfh error" comes up when the internet processor is busy trying to talk to the cellular modem and cannot process commands from the iPack's main microprocessor.

Possible cause(s): Bad iPack phone; cellular account is misconfigured and confusing the modem.

Possible solution: Disassemble the iPack and remove the iPack battery for several minutes to re-boot; contact NRG for return authorization number and return iPack for repair.

### Problem: Internet errors 41 – 52:

Error messages 41 through 52 indicate an incorrect format was entered in an iPack programming field in SDR.

Possible cause(s): Typographical error; incorrect format (for example, the DNS field must contain only numbers).

Possible solution: Check the format of each entry; consult ISP for assistance.

### Problem: Internet error 57: Error when trying to establish PPP

This error indicates a problem with an ISP setting.

Possible cause(s): Incorrect DNS, username, password, or authentication method.

Possible solution: Check all ISP settings; consult ISP for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 58: Error when trying to establish SMTP

This error is received when SMTP authorization is required by the ISP but the iPack's SMTP authorization setting is "No."

Possible cause(s): SMTP authorization setting is incorrect; SMTP authorization username or password is incorrect.

Possible solution: Change iPack's SMTP authorization setting to "Yes" and enter the correct username and password; consult ISP for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 59: Error when trying to establish POP3

This error indicates a problem with the POP3 setting.

Possible cause(s): Incorrect POP3 server name.

Possible solution: Check POP3 setting; consult ISP for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 60: Single session body for MIME exceeds the maximum allowed

This error indicates that the file size exceeds that allowed by the ISP.

Possible cause(s): The ISP has limited the size of email messages to less than 20 KB.

Possible solution: Contact ISP for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 61: Internal memory failure

Contact NRG Systems for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 69: Timeout on host communication

iPack timeout error similar to internet error 001. This message is received when the iPack processor sends a command to the ISP to initiate data transfer and does not receive any message from the ISP for three minutes.

Possible cause(s): Lost internet connection due to lack of cellular service, interference, or poor signal strength.

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise.

### Problem: Internet error 70: Modem failed to respond

The iPack's internet processor sent ATDT (dial) command to cellular modem and did not receive a response before timeout (about 2 minutes).

Possible cause(s): Bad iPack phone; inactive account (wrong ESN or ESN not active) in an area where service is available. The phone dials but at that point, an operator voice message or special series of tones comes on the line from the service provider with instructions.

Possible solution: Confirm that ESN is active; contact NRG for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 71: No dial tone response.

This error message indicates a problem with the cellular service.

Possible cause(s): No cellular service; incorrect system setting; interference or poor signal strength.

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise; change system setting and try again; contact cellular service provider for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 72: No carrier modem response

This error message is received when the phone dials a phone number that does not have a modem answer (may not be an ISP phone number).

Possible cause(s): Incorrect ISP phone number; ISP has changed their phone number or the area code has changed. For CDMA iPacks, a wrong ESN or incorrect MIN configuration by Verizon can also produce this error message. CDMA network incompatible with CDMA iPack.

Possible solution: Correct ISP phone number, initialize CDMA iPack in Verizon Home area, see information below.

The cellular provider that Verizon is partnering with in the "extended coverage area" must support the CDMA IS95 call protocol and also provide a "modem pool" for the CDMA iPack. To insure a successful installation, we recommend that you determine who the Verizon partner is in the extended coverage area and contact them to see if they support IS95 and have a modem pool available. As a result, placing a call from a Verizon handheld phone is not a complete test of a site's compatibility with a CDMA iPack.

Note that you ALWAYS need to activate the CDMA iPack in a Verizon "home" area network and then bring the unit to the site. When setting up service with Verizon, find out which system (A or B) the phone will register on for your intended installation site. When performing an antenna test, if your iPack accesses the other system, your site is likely in an "extended coverage area." A manual initialization process may sometimes resolve the issue (contact NRG for assistance).

# Problem: Internet error 73: Dial failed

Similar to internet error 71; indicates a problem with the cellular service.

Possible cause(s): No cellular service; incorrect system setting; interference or poor signal strength

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise; change system setting and try again; contact cellular service provider for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 74: Connection with ISP lost

Possible cause(s): Poor audio quality on phone line / weak cell signal.

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise.

# Problem: Internet error 75: Access denied to ISP server

Possible cause(s): Wrong ISP phone number; incorrect authentication method, incorrect username and/or user password.

Possible solution: Confirm that entries for ISP phone number, authentication method, username, and password are correct.

# Problem: Internet error 76: Unable to locate POP3 server

Possible cause(s): Wrong POP3 server name.

Possible solution: Confirm that POP3 server name is correct.

# Problem: Internet error 77: POP3 server timed out.

Possible cause: POP3 server is down.

Possible solution: Try again later; contact your ISP.

# Problem: Internet error 78: Access denied to POP3 server.

Possible cause(s): Password is wrong; mailbox name is wrong or needs to be changed to include ISP name.

Possible solution: Correct password; try changing mailbox name to mailboxname@myisp.com

# Problem: Internet error 79: POP3 failed

Possible cause(s): Wrong POP3 server name.

Possible solution: Confirm that POP3 server name is correct; confirm that the POP3 server is your ISP's POP3 server (i.e. don't try to use another ISP's POP3 server).

# Problem: Internet error 81: Unable to locate SMTP Server

Possible cause(s): Wrong SMTP server name, SMTP server temporarily down.

Possible solution: Confirm SMTP server name is correct, contact ISP and check that SMTP server is up and running.

# Problem: Internet error 82: SMTP server timed out

This message is received when the iPack sends a command to the SMTP server to initiate mail transfer and does not receive any message from the SMTP server for three minutes.

Possible cause(s): Unavailable for overloaded SMTP server; cellular signal drop.

Possible solution: Perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise. Try different SMTP server; contact ISP for assistance.

# Problem: Internet error 83: SMTP failed

Possible cause(s): SMTP server is down or overloaded; GSM units need to have "data mode" enabled on SIM; no cellular service; interference or poor signal strength.

Possible solution: Try again later; confirm that GSM iPack SIM has "data mode" enabled; perform antenna test to confirm signal strength and check for service; make a call from the logger using the headset, and listen for drop-outs or noise.

### Problem: Internet errors 101 through 109: Parameter not defined

Possible cause: An iPack setting has been left blank.

Possible solution: Enter all required iPack settings in SDR.

### Problem: Internet error 110: No SMTP defined.

Possible cause: SMTP server field left empty. Possible solution: Add SMTP server name to field.

# Symphonie Data Retriever and iPack Programming

### Problem: "iPack communication failed"

When opening the "Modify iPack" window, the message: "Verifying iPack connection" appears in the lower status bar, but then the message "iPack communication failed" appears.

Possible causes(s): The iPack utilizes a sense line on the COM port in order to intitiate communications and expects standardized states for the COM port on and off conditions. On certain models of computer and operating system combinations, the COM port default off state does not return to the expected off state, and the iPack gets "hung" in a state where handshaking cannot take place.

Solution:

- unplug the DB25 cable from the iPack.
- close the "Modify iPack" window.
- reconnect the DB25 cable to the iPack.
- reopen the "Modify iPack" window.

You should now be connected to the iPack and be able to load a file from the iPack.

Note: When the "Modify iPack" window is opened, a request is made by SDR to open the configured COM port. Conversely, when the "Modify iPack" window is closed, a request to close the COM port is made.

# SDR installation

### Problem: SDR software can't find serial port.

Possible cause(s): Computer hardware compatibility problem.

Solution: Use USB to serial converter, install manually to COM2.

# Symphonie Logger Problems

# Problem: MMC is blank but should contain data.

Possible cause: MMC was never formatted (can't save data).

Solution: Format MMC.

Problem: Received error message "One or more CRCs do not match: possible bad data" when trying to read
#### data file in SDR software

Possible cause(s): Data encryption PIN number in Symphonie logger settings doesn't match PIN number enabled in Symphonie Data Retriever Software's site information.

Solution: Change data encryption PIN number in Symphonie Data Retriever Software's site information to match PIN number in Symphonie logger settings.

#### Problem: Receiving message "iPack Not Present."

Possible cause(s): iPack battery is dead; iPack is plugged into SDR; iPack is busy trying to make a call.

Solution: Recharge iPack battery; wait for iPack to stop its communication with SDR software; wait for iPack to complete call. As a failsafe, the logger will check at noon every day to see if an iPack has been connected.

#### Data / MMC

#### Problem: MMC Card does not format correctly first time.

Possible cause(s): MMC card has damaged memory locations. MMC card may not be compatible with Symphonie.

Solution: Identify MMC markings and notify NRG with all details. NRG runs qualification tests on MMC Cards we ship. Obtain MMC Card from NRG.

### Appendices

#### Logger Error Log / SDR Event Log

The Symphonie logger stores internal events into a log viewable from the logger display. The event log is transferred into the Data File header whenever a new file is created for any reason. The SDR software imports these events into the SDR "Event Log" which is viewable from SDR (from SDR's main menu, choose **Site>View Event Log**, choose the site number from the list, and click OK). Note that the error log has room for expansion and that the log does not include internet errors generated by the iPack.

<u>Even</u>	t <u>/Error</u> 0	<u>Meaning</u> Internet Time Adjust. Time of event is the new time after adjustment has been applied. Clock was adjusted by less than 2 minutes by an internet time update from the iPack.
	1	EEPROM initialized. This event is recorded when the logger is restarted and the internal non-volatile memory was reset.
	2	Reboot. This event is recorded when the logger is restarted following a power loss or electrostatic event.
	3	Reserved for future use
	4	Clock set. This event is recorded when the keys of the logger's keypad are pressed (for updating the logger clock, for example).
	5	Reserved for future use
	6	I2C error. This event is recorded if the logger encounters an internal data transfer error.
	7	MMC Failure. This event is recorded if the logger could not write to MMC card due to a damaged MMC microprocessor, damaged MMC, or bad sector on the MMC. Try a different MMC card.
	8	Reserved for future use
	9	Reserved for future use
	10	Reserved for future use
	11	Bad Command. Invalid command request to logger from user or iPack.
	12	Internet clock set. This event is recorded each time the iPack successfully accesses an internet time server and adjusts the time by more than two minutes. Time of event is the new time after adjustment has been applied. This time change will cause a new file, with this event, right after call ends.
	10	Liese Activisted Deals Leaged whenever a menual call ("call new") is requested, or when entering

13 User Activated iPack. Logged whenever a manual call ("call now") is requested, or when entering the Utilities, iPack menu [Home][3][4].

#### **Battery messages**

Note that when an iPack is connected to the logger the logger is powered from the iPack 2 volt regulator. Fresh D Cell batteries can output a voltage as high as 1.6 volts. Always use high quality Alkaline D-Cell batteries in your loggers! Lithium D-Cells should be used when the logger will be left unattended for an extended period of time extreme in cold environments.

#### Logger Only (no iPack)

1.25 V or better	Good
1.15 V to 1.25 V	Fair
below 1.15 V	Replace

#### Logger with iPack Connected

1.90 V or higher Good

1.15 V to 1.89 V Danger! Logger is not being powered by the iPack battery. iPack battery is likely depleted and logger is being powered by D-Cells only.

If the battery needs to be changed, refer to instructions for "Opening & Closing the iPack" and change the battery as follows:

- Pull the battery loose from the Velcro and gently unclip the battery.
- Clip on the new battery. Be sure the clip fully engages the locking tab.
- Install the new battery into the iPack by fixing it to the Velcro. Use a slight "rubbing" motion to make sure the Velcro sticks.

Carefully close the iPack according to instructions.

#### **Opening & Closing the iPack**

Installing or changing a GSM SIM card or iPack battery requires opening the iPack. It is important that this is done carefully to avoid damaging internal wiring or the iPack's weatherproof seal.

#### **Opening the iPack**

Be sure to touch the metal shell of the DB25 connector on the iPack before opening the enclosure in order to safely discharge any static electricity.

The iPack enclosure consists of two halves secured together by four recessed screws, two from each side of the enclosure. A gasket in between the two halves and 8 o-rings provide an environmental seal for the iPack protecting the internal electronics from the elements.

Remove the four recessed screws and the iPack will separate into two halves connected by a short cable. One half contains the iPack electronics and the other half contains the rectangular battery, which is secured by Velcro. *Try not to lose any of the o-rings, and be careful not to rip or tear the gasket if it should come loose.* Note that each iPack leaves the NRG factory with a small bag of spare o-rings inside the iPack.

#### **Closing the iPack**

Insert the (4)  $2-\frac{1}{2}$  inch mounting screws up through the half of the enclosure that contains the iPack electronics. Slide the (4) o-rings over the screws.

Set the gasket into the groove of the shell.

Slide the cover (the half with the battery) over screws being careful not to pinch the battery cable.

Make sure the gasket is not pinched and then install the screws. It is a good idea to make sure the screws fall back into the existing threads in the iPack enclosure. An easy way to do this is to gently turn the screw counterclockwise one turn – it will "fall" into the existing threads in the iPack enclosure.

#### **Technical Specifications**

	Instrument type	12 channel internet-enabled micropower wind energy data logger	
	Applications	<ul> <li>wind resource assessment</li> <li>turbine power performance verification</li> </ul>	
Description	Sensor compatibility - counter channels	<ul> <li>NRG #40 Maximum anemometer</li> <li>rain gauge</li> <li>opto anemometer (contact NRG for more information)</li> <li>reed switch anemometer (contact NRG for more information)</li> </ul>	
	Sensor compatibility - analog channels	<ul> <li>NRG 200P direction vane</li> <li>NRG 110S temperature</li> <li>Li-Cor 200SA pyranometer</li> <li>NRG BP-20 absolute pressure (requires optional iPack power)</li> <li>RH-5 relative humidity (requires optional iPack power)</li> </ul>	
	Counter channels	<ul> <li>Channels 1 - 6 are always counter inputs:</li> <li>channels 1 - 3 dedicated for NRG #40 Maximum anemometer or compatible</li> <li>channels 4 - 6 use counter Signal Conditioning Modules (SCMs) to configure the channel for a particular sensor</li> </ul>	
	Analog channels	<ul> <li>Channels 7 - 12 are always analog inputs:</li> <li>channels 7 and 8 dedicated for NRG 200P (potentiometer) direction vane</li> <li>channels 9 - 12 use analog Signal Conditioning Modules (SCMs) to configure each channel for a particular sensor</li> </ul>	
	Sampling interval	2 seconds	
	Averaging interval	10 minute fixed	
	Real time clock	internal battery-backed with leap year correction, Y2K to 2099	
	Storage medium	16 MB MultiMedia Card (MMC), non-volatile FLASH	
	Maximum data storage	664 days	
Data Collection	Parameters recorded for each channel	<ul> <li>each data interval is time-stamped</li> <li>average</li> <li>standard deviation</li> <li>min</li> <li>max</li> </ul>	
	File format	<ul> <li>Windows compatible</li> <li>(1) 14 KB binary file per day</li> <li>header includes site, serial number and sensor information</li> </ul>	
	Software	Symphonie Data Retriever for Windows (included) • scales raw data • creates measurement database for each site • creates basic reports • maintains site and sensor information • configures iPacks	
	Reader	Windows compatible MMC reader (Item 3158) accesses MMC data as disk files	
	Data delivery	<ul> <li>MMC cards</li> <li>internet email via GSM, AMPS or dial-up with optional iPack</li> </ul>	
	Analog measurement resolution	0.1% of full scale (1024 counts)	
	Counter average stored resolution	0.1% of the value stored	
Resolution	Analog average stored resolution	0.1% of the value stored	
	Min / Max stored resolution	0.3% of the value stored	
	Standard deviation stored resolution	4% of the value stored	
Configuration	User interface	<ul> <li>Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) 4 x 20 characters</li> <li>16 key pad (6 navigation keys plus numeric/phone pad) with audible feedback</li> </ul>	

	Configurable parameters	<ul> <li>clock</li> <li>time zone</li> <li>site number</li> <li>display scaling (defaults are provided for each channel based on channel type)</li> </ul>		
	iPack options	<ul> <li>iPack configured via serial port connection to your PC</li> <li>Serial connection direct to iPack or through logger's iPack access port</li> <li>Symphonie Data Retriever for Windows integrates iPack settings</li> </ul>		
Connections	Sensor wiring	<ul> <li>sensors connect to field wiring panel</li> <li>field wiring panel plugs into logger</li> <li>ground stud to connect to earth ground</li> <li>male DB25 interfaces to one optional iPack communications module</li> <li>iPack access port facilitates field programming and accepts headset for voice calls</li> <li>3 SCM slots for counter SCMs</li> <li>4 SCM slots for analog SCMs</li> </ul>		
	Batteries	<ul> <li>(2) 1.5 Volt D-Cell Batteries (included)</li> <li>nominal voltage: 1.5 Volts</li> <li>minimum voltage: 0.9 Volts</li> <li>battery life approximately one year, depending on configuration</li> </ul>		
Power requirements	External power input	provided by any iPack		
	External solar input	provided by any iPack		
	Other	optional iPacks provide 12V power required by some sensors. PV/Battery only iPack (Item 3166) provides power to sensors and logger for stand alone configurations.		
	Mounting	<ul> <li>Mounts with 4 bolts (included) to keyed slots inside of metal shelter box</li> <li>shelter box attaches to tower with hose clamps</li> </ul>		
Installation	Tools required	<ul> <li>screwdriver for sensor terminals, included</li> <li>5/16 inch nut driver</li> <li>3/8 inch nut driver</li> </ul>		
	Operating temperature range	-40 °C to 65 °C (-40 °F to 149 °F) Note: display readable -30 °C to 55 °C (-22 °F to 130 °F)		
Environmental	Operating humidity range	0 to 100% RH non-condensing		
	Lifespan	10 years +		
Physical	Weight	1.3 kg (2.6 pounds), including batteries		
Пузіса	Dimensions	(Including Field Wiring Panel) 22.2 cm height, 18.8 cm width, 7.7 cm depth (8.7 x 7.4 x 3.0 in.)		
	Faceplate	Injection molded black ABS		
	Buttons	white elastomer dome keypad		
Materials	Wiring panel	fiberglass-epoxy terminal board, sealed gold plated pins, zinc plated screws and terminals		
	Enclosure	<ul><li>Weatherproof polycarbonate, meets the following specifications:</li><li>NEMA type 4, 4X and 13</li><li>IEC: IP65</li></ul>		

Glossary		
"A carrier"	A non-wireline or "cellular only" phone company.	
alphanumeric	Any string of characters that contains letters and numbers in combination. The Symphonie display is capable of alphanumeric strings.	
analog channel	An input channel that accepts a voltage or current type sensor such as a 200P Wind Direction Vane, 110S Temperature Sensor, Relative Humidity Sensor, or Pyranometer.	
AMPS cellular	Advanced Mobile Telephone System. AMPS is the cellular phone system that was widely deployed in North America, parts of South America, Australia, and New Zealand. It is now often referred to as "analog" cellular to distinguish it from the various digital systems that use the same channels.	
anemometer	A sensing device that is used to measure wind velocity. The Symphonie logger collects data from anemometers and other measurement sensors. The NRG Maximum #40 Anemometer is a 3-cup anemometer.	
ASCII file format	American Standard code for Computer Information Interchange. ASCII files are "common currency" in the computer world. The code contains characters including numbers, letters, and standard punctuation. Symphonie converts raw binary data to ASCII format files.	
averaging interval	The time period over which the logger collects data for averaging. The averaging interval for the Symphonie Logger is fixed at 10 minutes.	
"B" carrier	A wireline or "regular" telephone company that also provides cellular service.	
cellular carrier	A cellular phone company.	
counter channel	An input channel that is designed to accept frequency or totalizer type sensors such as anemometers and rain gauges.	
GSM cellular	Global System for Mobile telecommunications. GSM is the digital cellular phone system widely deployed in Europe and elsewhere to replace the various analog systems that were in use before GSM was adopted.	
non-volatile	Computer storage that is not affected by a loss of power. The Symphonie logger uses non-volatile data storage and therefore does not require a battery to retain information in its memory.	
offset	Also known as intercept. The offset is the measured value for zero output from a sensor. Symphonie includes an offset field that can be used for sensors that have non-zero offsets or to correct for wind direction sensors that are referenced to directions other than true north. The number that you enter in the offset field is added to the value that is recorded by Symphonie. For example, the NRG	

	110S Temperature Sensor outputs 0 volts at -86.39 °C. The offset you would enter for the 110S sensor is -86.39.
POP3	Post Office Protocol is a protocol used to retrieve email from a specified server. POP3 is a newer version of the POP protocol.
print precision	Print precision is the number of decimal places you specify in scaled data numbers. For wind assessment studies, specifying two decimal places is appropriate. For example, print precision of (###.##) yields a number up to 999.99.
PV panel	Photovoltaic panel. A 5 watt PV panel is an available option for the Symphonie logger. The PV panel attaches to the outside of the Symphonie shelter box and uses solar energy to charge the logger's batteries.
pyranometer	A sensor that is used to measure total solar radiation. NRG's #LI- 200SA Li-Cor Pyranometer is a dependable and low-cost pyranometer that can be used for energy studies, site evaluation, passive solar system analysis, or irrigation scheduling.
roaming	Switching from your cellular carrier to another in order to transmit a call. An example of when roaming is necessary is when a car with a cellular phone travels beyond the area covered by the primary cellular carrier.
RS-232 serial port	A standard interface that allows communication between a computer and other devices. On PC's, the port is often referred to as a "Comm Port." Serial ports typically use a 9-pin D shaped connector.
sampling interval	The time period between samples of the input sensors. The Symphonie logger samples data once every two seconds. At the end of the averaging interval, the Symphonie Logger calculates and stores an average and standard deviation of these samples.
scale factor	A number that is used as a multiplier to convert raw data from the Symphonie logger to useful units of measure (such as °F, or m/s). The scale factor is often called the "slope." For example, the scale factor for the NRG #40 Maximum anemometer is 0.765 m/s per Hz.
shelter box	The lockable steel enclosure that mounts to a tower or structure and protects a logger from weather and vandalism.
SCM	Signal Conditioning Module. An optional plug in module that provides the electronics to configure the input on channels 4-6 and 9-12 on the Symphonie logger for a particular sensor. The SCM also tells the logger whether the sensor is a counter (frequency output), totalizer, vane or linear signal.
site	The installation location of the Symphonie logger, TallTower, and sensors. A site is a unique and permanent location. Symphonie loggers store a site number you assign to identify the site.
standard deviation	A measure of the central tendency of a collection of data. A small standard deviation means the data do not vary widely. A large

	standard deviation means the data vary more widely. Standard deviation is calculated as the square root of the variance, where variance is the average of the squared deviations about the mean.		
storage intervals	The period of time that data are gathered before being stored to non-volatile memory. In Symphonie loggers, the storage interval is always 10 minutes.		
Symphonie Data Retriever	Software supplied by NRG Systems used to produce versatile tab- delimited text Data Retriever files from raw data files collected by the Symphonie logger. Text files can be used with a wide range of data processing software, including SQL databases, Microsoft Excel, Microsoft Access, and more. Supports international numeric formats.		
TallTower	NRG TallTowers are the original tilt-up tubular steel meteorological tower. TallTowers are delivered in complete kits, assembled on the ground and then tilted up and secured with guy wires.		
text editor	A simple utility program that can be used to view or edit text files.		
text file	A computer file containing only text in ASCII format.		
time stamp	The time and date that identifies when a record was recorded. All Symphonie logger data is time stamped.		
turbulence intensity (TI)	A measure of the irregularity of air flow over a site. TI is related to wind speed and terrain and is defined as the ratio of the standard deviation of the wind speed to the mean of the wind speed. Average turbulence intensity is the arithmetic mean of the valid TI values for the reporting period.		
UTC	Coordinated Universal Time (UTC) is the international time standard. It is the current term for what was commonly referred to as Greenwich Meridian Time (GMT). Zero (0) hours UTC is midnight in Greenwich, England, which lies on the zero longitudinal meridian. Universal time is based on a 24 hour clock. Afternoon hours such as 5 pm UTC are expressed as 17:00 UTC (seven <i>teen hours, zero minutes</i> ).		
wind direction	The compass direction, as compass points (NE, NNE, etc.) or degrees (0 to 360°) from which the wind is blowing.		
wind shear	The stress that occurs when adjacent wind layers move at different speeds or in different directions. Wind shear is measured as the change in wind speed from a measured anemometer to a reference anemometer. The measured anemometer is normally the anemometer at the top of the tower. The reference anemometer is the lowest anemometer on the tower.		

#### Two Year Limited Warranty

NRG Systems, Inc. (NRG) warrants its products for a period of two years from the date of original purchase solely for the benefit of the original consumer purchaser. If this NRG product is determined to be defective in materials or workmanship, NRG will, at NRG's option, repair or replace this product without charge. This warranty does not cover damage due to improper installation or use, accident or misuse, lightning or damages due to any unauthorized service. This warranty also will not apply if any seal on any instrument or sensor is broken or the equipment is not grounded.

To return a defective product, call NRG Systems at the telephone number listed below for an RMA number. You must have available when you call the serial number of the item as well as the date purchased. *No products will be accepted for warranty work without an RMA number.* The product must be returned, postage prepaid, to NRG. Include a brief description of the problem, RMA number and a return address with phone number.

The foregoing limited warranty is given in lieu of all other warranties, express or implied. NRG specifically disclaims all implied warranties, including, but not limited to, any implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose.

# The above limited warranty expressly excludes, and NRG shall not be liable for, any incidental or consequential damages caused or related to the use of, inability to use or malfunction of this product.

Prompt disposition: NRG will make a good faith effort for prompt correction or other adjustment with respect to any product which proves to be defective within warranty. First contact NRG or representative from whom product was purchased and ask for an RMA number.

NRG will also make a good faith effort for prompt service after the warranty period. Contact NRG with the nature of the problem and obtain an RMA number.

Inspect your shipments for damaged or missing packages immediately upon receipt. Record any such exceptions on the freight receipt of the delivery agent. If any contents are damaged or missing, report this in writing to the freight carrier and send NRG a copy of the damage report. If you insured the shipment yourself, report any damages to your insurance carrier.

TEL: 802-482-2255 FAX: 802-482-2272 EMAIL: sales@nrgsystems.com

#### Return Instructions (Repairs)

If you wish to return an item to NRG Systems Service Department by phone (802) 482-2. Number. The RMA Number allows us to trac shipped to us and refer to it in your correspon with your shipment to NRG Systems.	s for repair or any other reason, please <b>before shipping co</b> 255 or fax (802) 482-2272 to obtain a Return Material Auth k and route your shipment or repair. Note the RMA Number ndence or phone calls to us. Please fill out a copy of this sh	ontact NRG's orization (RMA) on all boxes eet and send it	
Date:Your Name:	RMA No:		
Items being returned:	Serial Number:		
Reason for return:			
Warranty: Yes No Not Sure	Purchase Date / Invoice No:		
Estimate for repair charges requested?	Yes No Repair not to exceed US\$:		
Person to be contacted with estimate:Phone:			
Person to issue Purchase Order for repair:	Phone:		
Billing Address:	Shipping Address:		

Send your shipment **FREIGHT PREPAID and INSURED** against loss or damage in transit to:

NRG Systems, Inc. Attn: Receiving Dept., RMA No. R-\_\_\_\_\_ 110 Riggs Road Hinesburg, VT 05461, USA

SHIPMENTS SENT FREIGHT COLLECT WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED BY NRG SYSTEMS.

International Customers please state the following in your shipping documents:

"THESE ITEMS ARE BEING RETURNED TO THEIR U.S. MANUFACTURER. COUNTRY OF MANUFACTURE AND ORIGIN IS U.S.A. HS CODE 9801.00.1025"

# **AMPS iPack Data Sheet**

#### **AMPS Cellular Account Information:**

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Symphonie Serial Number	Found on inside front cover of Symphonie logger	30900003
Cellular Service Provider	Name of company providing cellular service	Verízon
ESN	Provided by/user, found on AMPS iPack Tabel	31210150
MIN	Supplied by cellular service provider	8025551212
SID	Supplied by cellular service provider	00444
System Preference	Supplied by cellular service provider	A only

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Internet Service Provider (ISP)	Name of company providing internet service	Earthlink.com
Primary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	18025551212
Secondary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	18025551212
Primary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	123.23.156.47
Secondary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	123.23.156.47
Authentication Method	Provided by ISP	PAP
User Name	Provided/approved by ISP	Jsmíth
User Password	Provided/approved by	Stif5yy
SMTP Server Name	Provided/approved by	Smtp.myísp.com
Patch Password	Provided by user	8]5!*66
Mailbox Name	Provided/approved by	Jsmíth
Mailbox Password	Provided/approved by ISP	boat6873
POP3 Server Name	Provided by ISP	pop.myísp.com
Recipient's E-mail Address	Provided by user	jsmíth@mycompany.com
Recipient's Name	Provided by user	John Smíth
Sender's E-mail Address	Provided/approved by ISP	Logger@mycompany.com
E-mail Subject Line	Provided by user	Síte 1234 – Derry Mountaín
Internet Time Server Name	Provided by user	tíck.usno.navy.míl
Next Call Time	Provided by user	20:45
Call Interval	Provided by user	1 week

#### AMPS iPack Data Sheet

AMPS Cellular Account Information:

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Symphonie Serial Number	Found on inside front cover of Symphonie logger	
Cellular Service Provider	Name of company providing cellular service	
ESN	Provided by user, found on AMPS iPack label	
MIN	Supplied by cellular service provider	
SID	Supplied by cellular service provider	
System Preference	Supplied by cellular service provider	

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Internet Service Provider (ISP)	Name of company providing internet service	
Primary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	
Primary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	
Secondary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	
Authentication Method	Provided by ISP	
User Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
User Password	Provided/approved by ISP	
SMTP Server Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
Patch Password	Provided by user	
Mailbox Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
Mailbox Password	Provided/approved by ISP	
POP3 Server Name	Provided by ISP	
Recipient's E-mail Address	Provided by user	
Recipient's Name	Provided by user	
Sender's E-mail Address	Provided/approved by ISP	
E-mail Subject Line	Provided by user	
Internet Time Server Name	Provided by user	
Next Call Time	Provided by user	
Call Interval	Provided by user	

## **GSM iPack Data Sheet**

#### **GSM Cellular Account Information:**

PARAMETER	ORIGIN
Symphonie Serial Number	Found on inside front-cover of Symphonie logger
GSM Service Provider	Name of company providing GSM service
PIN	Rrovided by user, found on AMPS iPack

PARAMETER	URIGIN	
Internet Service Provider (ISP)	Name of company providing internet service	Earthlink.com
Primary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	18025551212
Secondary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	18025551212
Primary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	123.23.156.
Secondary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	123.23.156.47
Authentication Method	Provided by ISP	PAP
User Name	Provided/approved by ISP	mydatalogger
User Password	Provided/approved by	hoatee73
SMTP Server Name	Provided/approved by	shitp.myisp.com
Patch Password	Provided by user	8]5!*66
Mailbox Name	Provided/approved by	jsmíth
Mailbox Password	Provided/approved by	88jf5yy
POP3 Server Name	Provided by ISP	Pop.myísp.com
Recipient's E-mail Address	Provided by user	jsmith@mycompany.com
Recipient's Name	Provided by user	John Smíth
Sender's E-mail Address Provided/approved by ISP		<u>logger@mycompany.com</u>
E-mail Subject Line	Provided by user	Síte 1234 – Derry Mountain
Internet Time Server Name Provided by user		sundíal.columbía.edu
Next Call Time	Provided by user	20:45
Call Interval	Provided by user	1 day or 1 week

#### GSM iPack Data Sheet

GSM Cellular Account Information:

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Symphonie Serial Number	Found on inside front cover of Symphonie	
	loggel	
GSM Service Provider	Name of company providing GSM service	
PIN	Usually provided by cell company	

PARAMETER	ORIGIN	
Internet Service Provider (ISP)	Name of company providing internet service	
Primary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	
Secondary ISP Phone Number	Provided by ISP	
Primary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	
Secondary DNS Number	Provided by ISP, found on ISP's web page	
Authentication Method	Provided by ISP	
User Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
User Password	Provided/approved by ISP	
SMTP Server Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
Patch Password	Provided by user	
Mailbox Name	Provided/approved by ISP	
Mailbox Password	Provided/approved by ISP	
POP3 Server Name	Provided by ISP	
Recipient's E-mail Address	Provided by user	
Recipient's Name	Provided by user	
Sender's E-mail Address	Provided/approved by ISP	
E-mail Subject Line	Provided by user	
Internet Time Server Name	Provided by user	
Next Call Time	Provided by user	
Call Interval	Provided by user	

#### Site Data Sheet

Site Number	Project Number
Site Name	Project Name
Site Location	
Latitude	Time Zone
Longitude	Magnetic Declination
Elevation	Prevailing Winds
Installation Crew	Phone Numbers: (hotel, cell phone, etc.)
Site description (tree types, hills, etc.)	
Terrain Features (obstructions, distances from tower)	
Soil Type	

Installation Date		
Removal Date		
Field Contact Information	1	
Company		
Contact Person		
Address		
Phone Number		
Fax Number		
e-mail Address		

#### Sensors

Anemometers – Always use published transfer function for NRG anemometers; attach calibration sheets for any calibrated anemometers

	Anemometer 1	Anemometer 2	Anemometer 3	Anemometer 4	Anemometer 5	Anemometer 6
Monitoring height						
Serial Number						
Primary or Redundant?						
Mounting Orientation (degrees –						
Boom length						
Calibration Date						
Offset						
Logger Channel Number:						
Comments:						

#### Wind Vanes

	Wind Vane 1	Wind Vane 2	Wind Vane 3	Wind Vane 4	Wind Vane 5	Wind Vane 6
Monitoring Height						
Serial Number						
Mounting Orientation (degrees – magnetic)						
Boom Length						
Deadband Orientation (degrees)						
Logger Channel Number						
Comments						

#### Other Sensors

	Sensor 1	Sensor 2	Sensor 3	Sensor 4	Sensor 5	Sensor 6
Sensor Type						
Monitoring						
Height						
Serial						
Number						
Mounting						
Orientation						
(degrees –						
magnetic)						
Slope						
Offset						
Logger						
Channel						
Number						
Comment						

#### Tower

Tower Type	
Height	
Diameter	
Comments	

Site Photographs Take pictures in 8 directions at tower base and several pictures showing the surrounding terrain.

North

- Northeast
- East

Southeast

- \_ South
- Southwest
- West

\_ Northwest

Site & surrounding area

#### Time Zones



#### Mounting Template



#### EU Declaration of Conformity





Global leaders in wind assessment technology

#### www.nrgsystems.com

### **Declaration of Conformity**

(in accordance with ISO/IEC 17050-1:2004)

NRG Systems Document Number: N3441, Rev D

Supplier:	NRG Systems
Supplier Address:	110 Riggs Road, Hinesburg, VT 05461, USA Telephone: 802 482 2255, Fax: 802 482 2272
	Email: sales@nrgsystems.com

Declares that the Product: Symphonie Logger System

Including Model Numbers:

Symphonie Logger	Model 3090
NRG #40 Anemometer	Models 1793, 1795, 1797, 1798
NRG 200P Wind Vane	Model 1799, 2273
NRG 110 S Temperature Sensor	Model 1802, 3365
NRG BP-20 Barometric Pressure Sensor	Model 1805
NRG RH-5 Relative Humidity Sensor	Model 1807
NRG Licor Pyranometer	Model 1804

is in conformity with the requirements of the following standards:

Safety: IEC 61010-1 Ed. 2.0 b:2001, "Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use" EMC: 2004/108/EC "Council Directive of 15 December 2004, on the approximation of

EMC: 2004/108/EC "Council Directive of 15 December 2004, on the approximation of the Laws of Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility" EN61326-1 Class A "Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use—EMC Requirements"

Additional Information:

All circuits are extra low voltage (ELV), therefore standard 2006/95/EC (the low-voltage directive) does not apply, and

This product complies with the requirements of 2004/108/EC, and therefore

The product is CE marked in accordance with 93/68/EEC.

The design documentation, test reports, and assessment laboratory accreditation are on file with Mr. Barry King, Electrical Engineer.

Issued at Hinesburg, VT, USA

Owe

13 November 2007

Owen Clay Engineering Manager

110 Riggs Road, PO Box 509, Hinesburg, Vermont 05461 USA • Tel 802-482-2255 • Fax 802-482-2272 • info@nrgsystems.com

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