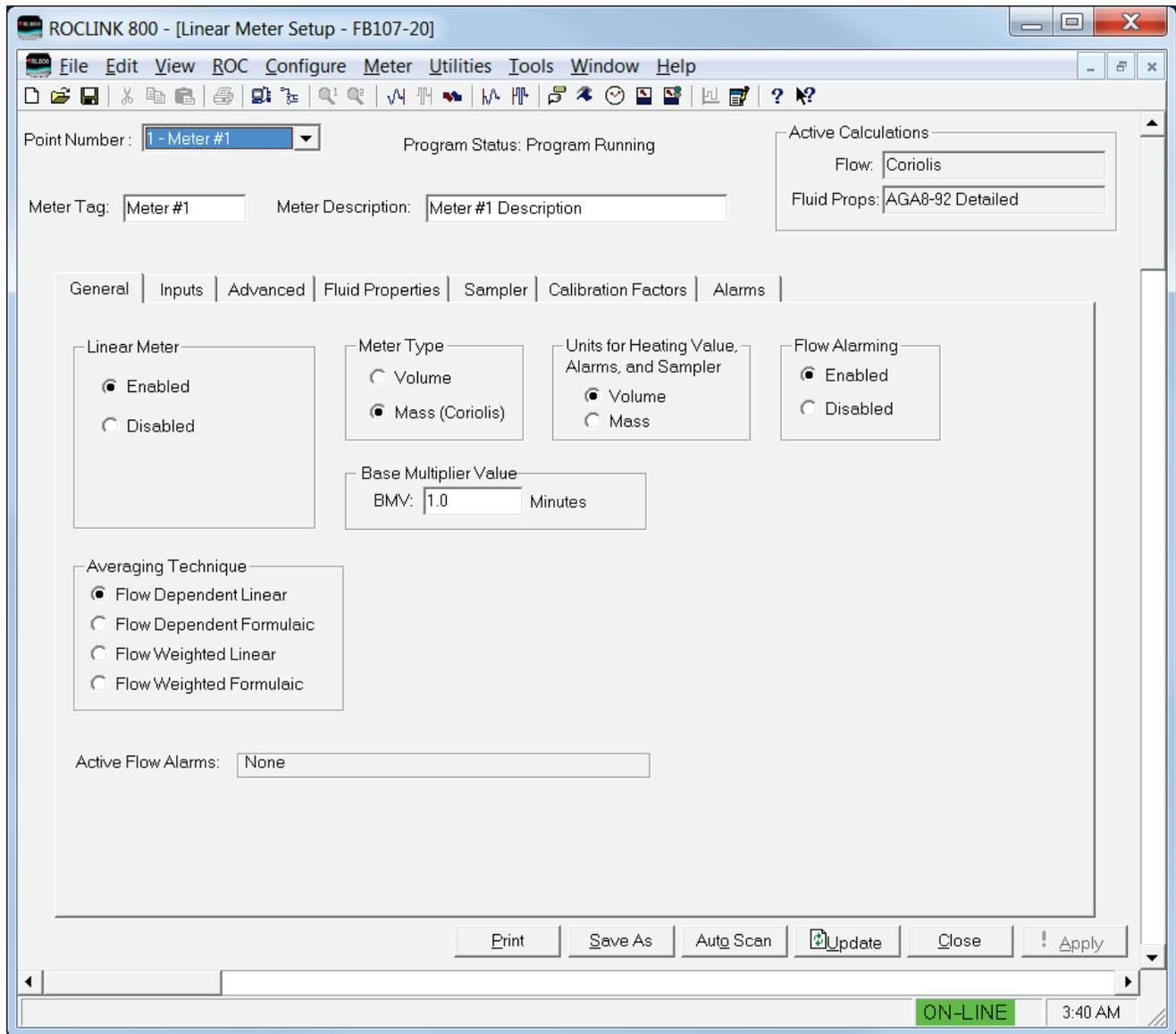


Linear Meter Flow Calculation Program User Manual (for FloBoss™ 107)



Revision Tracking Sheet

August 2015

This manual may be revised periodically to incorporate new or updated information. The revision date of each page appears at the bottom of the page opposite the page number. A change in revision date to any page also changes the date of the manual that appears on the front cover. Listed below is the revision date of each page (if applicable):

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Chapter 1 – Introduction

1.1 Scope and Organization

This document serves as the user manual for the Linear Meter Flow Calculation User Program (QER 08Q026), which is intended for use in a FloBoss™ 107 (FB107). This manual describes how to download and configure this program (referred to as the “Linear Meter program” or “the program” throughout the rest of this manual). Access and configure this program using ROCLINK™ 800 Configuration Software (version 1.80 or greater) loaded on an personal computer running Windows® 2000 (with Service Pack 2), Windows XP (with Service Pack 3), or Windows Vista™ (32-bit), or Windows 7 (32-bit and 64-bit).

The sections in this manual provide information in a sequence appropriate for first-time users. Once you become familiar with the procedures and the software running in a FB107, the manual becomes a reference tool.

This manual has the following major sections:

- *Chapter 1 – Introduction*
- *Chapter 2 – Installation*
- *Chapter 3 – Configuration*
- *Chapter 4 – Reference*

This manual assumes that you are familiar with the FB107 and its configuration. For more information, refer to the following manuals:

- *FloBoss 107 Flow Manager Instruction Manual* (part D301232X012)
- *ROCLINK 800 Configuration Software User Manual (for FB107)* (part D301249X012)

1.2 Product Overview

The Linear Meter program allows a FB107 to interface with meters whose flow input is proportional to either the mass flow or the uncorrected volumetric flow. Meter types with a flow input that is proportional to the uncorrected volumetric flow include turbine, vortex, ultrasonic, and positive displacement meters. Meter types with flow input that is proportional to the mass flow include Coriolis meters. Volume and mass flow rates and totals are calculated and stored for both volumetric and mass meters. The program uses the corresponding meter run point in the FB107’s firmware to store Linear Meter calculated values and accumulations. Additional configuration parameters are located in the program’s user-defined point types.

For natural gas measurement with a turbine meter (per AGA Report #7 2006 edition), the Linear Meter program is NOT required, as this functionality for a volume type turbine meter for natural gas measurement is built into the FB107 firmware. However the program does provide an additional implementation of this calculation, and can be used in place of the firmware.

You enable the Linear Meter calculation for meter runs with Linear Meter hardware installed. With the calculation enabled, the FB107 bypasses the standard meter run flow calculations and performs the Linear Meter calculation instead. All standard meter run parameters, as well as the additional Linear Meter parameters, are available for assignment to Modbus registers, PID control loops, historical archiving, and FST functions.

The program is designed to integrate with the properties calculation included in the FB107 Firmware (*AGA Report #8, 1992* edition for natural gas and other related hydrocarbons), or other fluids whose properties are provided by a separate user program installed in the FB107 (such as water and steam). The only fluid properties used by the Linear Meter program are the flowing and base densities. When correcting from volume at flowing conditions to volume at base conditions, the ratio of the flowing density to the base density is used.

When a meter type of mass (Coriolis) is used, the program provides the ability to correct for the effect of pressure on the mass flowrate and accumulation. This feature is used for enhanced accuracy in high pressure Coriolis applications. This correction *can* be applied inside the Coriolis device itself, or within the FB107 Linear Meter program. However it is common to apply this correction in the FB107, as it is likely to contain the live value from a pressure transmitter.

When used in conjunction with the FB107 Micro Motion Coriolis Interface Module, the program provides integration between the raw Coriolis data (without the use of pulses) and the FB107 meter runs. Linear Meter program accumulations are determined by detecting the incremental increases in the Coriolis Interface Module accumulator and adding that to the totals. Conversions between volume and mass units are handled automatically when the Coriolis Interface Module is used.

1.3 Program Requirements

You download the Linear Meter program to—and then run it from—the Flash and RAM memory on the FloBoss 107 with firmware version 1.40 (or greater). Download and configure the program using the ROCLINK 800 Configuration software version 2.30 (or greater).

Notes:

- Two versions of the program for QER 08Q026 are included. Installation and operation are identical between the two programs, but they use different point type locations, different display numbers, and are loaded into different program slots on the FB107. LinearMeter_5.bin loads into user program location 5 and User Defined Points (UDP) 31 and 32. LinearMeter_6.bin loads into user program location 6 and User Defined Points (UDP) 33 and 34. Install the program version that avoids point type conflicts with currently installed programs.
- This document shows the installation of LinearMeter_5.bin. The installation process and functionality is the same for all version of the Linear Meter Flow Calculation Program.

The downloadable program is:

File Name	Target Unit/ Version	User Defined Point (UDP)	Flash Used (in bytes)	DRAM Used (in bytes)	ROCKLINK 800 Version	Display Number
LinearMeter_5.bin	1.04	31, 32	13297	16,384	2.30	32, 33
LinearMeter_6.bin	1.04	33, 34	13297	16,384	2.30	34, 35

Note: You must connect a PC to the FloBoss’s LOI port before starting the download.

For information on viewing the memory allocation of user programs, refer to the *ROCLINK 800 Configuration Software User Manual (for FB107)* (part D301249X012).

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Chapter 2 – Installation

This section provides instructions for installing the Linear Meter program into the FB107. Read *Section 1.3* of this manual for program requirements.

2.1 Downloading the Program

This section provides instructions for installing the user program into FloBoss memory.

Note: Connect a PC to the FloBoss's LOI port **before** starting the download.

To download the user program:

1. Start and logon to ROCLINK 800.
2. Select **ROC > Direct Connect** to connect to the FloBoss unit.
3. Select **Utilities > User Program Administrator** from the ROCLINK menu bar. The User Program Administrator screen displays (see *Figure 1*):

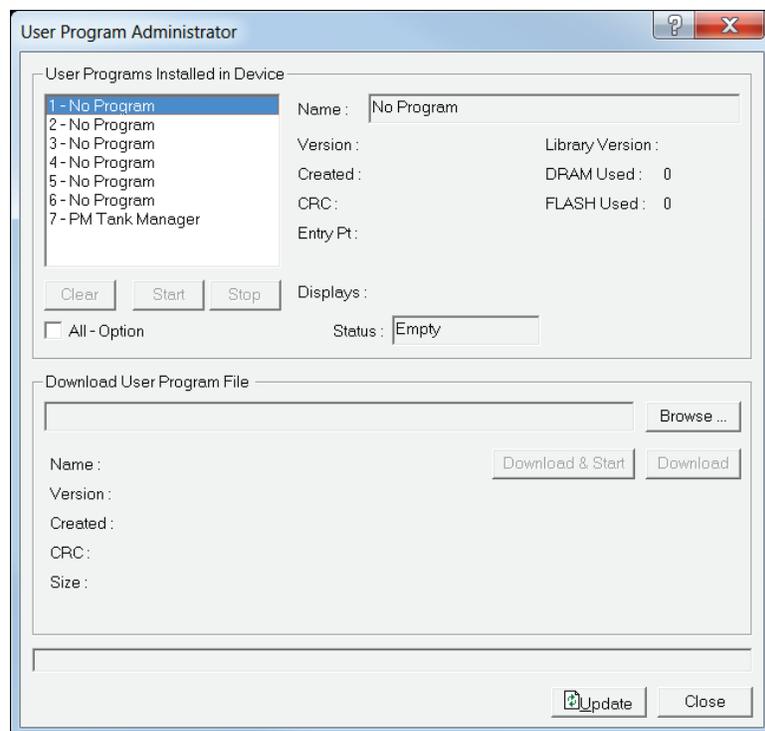


Figure 1. User Program Administrator

4. Click **Browse** in the Download User Program File frame. The Select User Program File screen displays (see *Figure 2*).
5. Select the path and user program file to download from the CD-ROM. (Program files are typically located in the Program Files folder on the CD-ROM). As *Figure 2* shows, the screen lists all valid user program files with the .BIN extension:

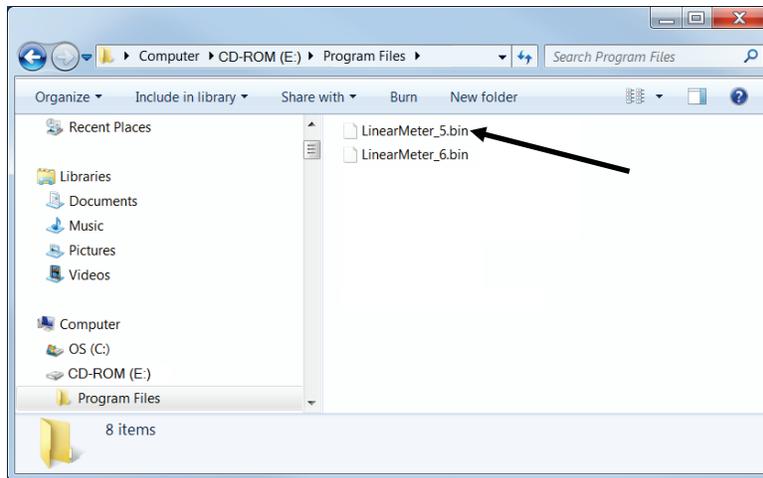


Figure 2. Select User Program File

6. Click **Open** to select the program file. The User Program Administrator screen displays. As shown in Figure 3, note that the Download User Program File frame identifies the selected program and that the **Download & Start** button is active:

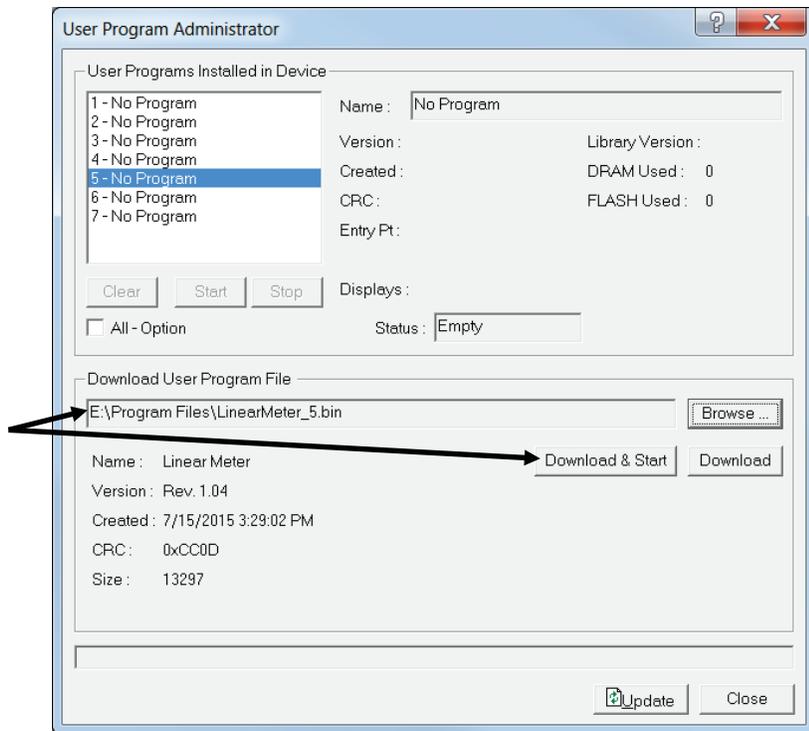


Figure 3. User Program Administrator

7. Click **Download & Start** to begin loading the selected programs. The following message displays:

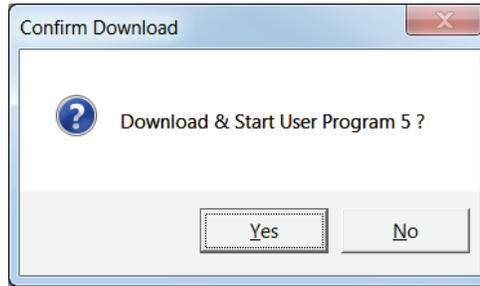


Figure 4. Confirm Download

Note: For the FB107, ROCLINK800 assigns program positions based on memory allocations. For this reason, the LinearMeter_5.bin program automatically installs as program 5. For LinearMeter_6.bin program automatically installs as program 6.

8. Click **Yes** to begin the download. During the download, the program performs a warm start, creates an event in the event log, and—when the download completes—displays the following message:

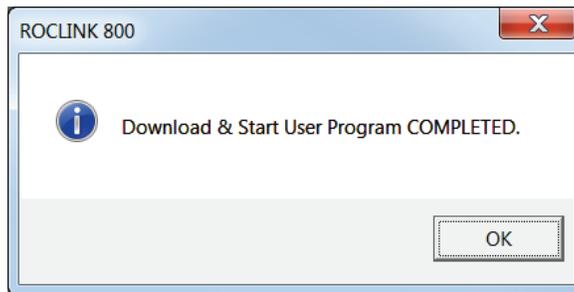


Figure 5. ROCLINK 800 Download Confirmation

9. Click **OK**. The User Program Administrator screen displays (see *Figure 6*). Note that:
 - The User Programs Installed in Device frame identifies the loaded program.
 - The Status field indicates that the program is running.

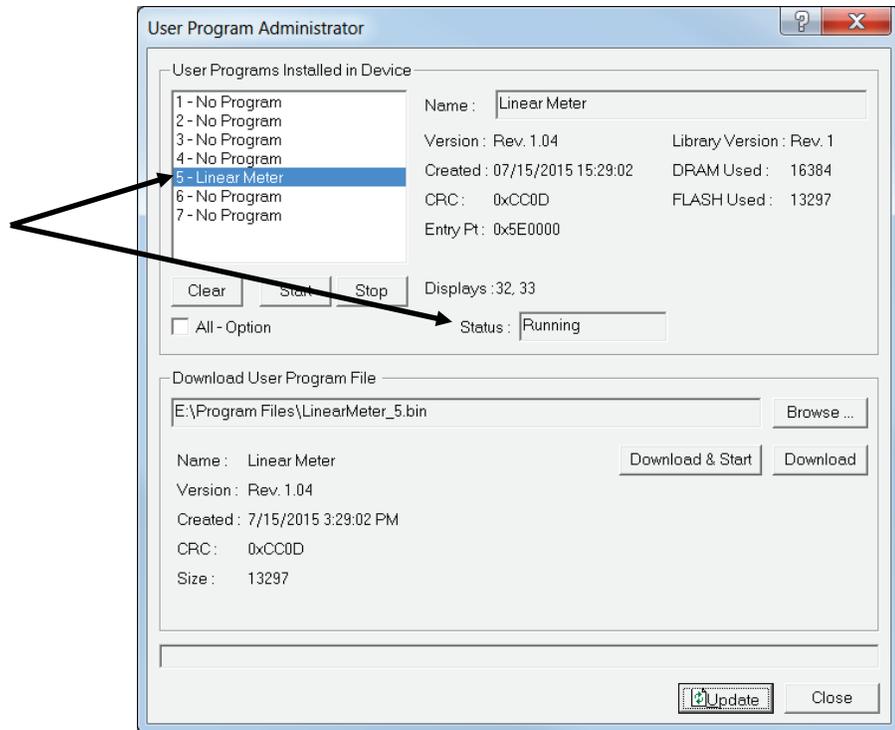


Figure 6. User Program Administrator

10. Click **Close** and proceed to *Chapter 3* to configure the program.

Chapter 3 – Configuration

After you have downloaded and started the Linear Meter program, you configure the program and view calculation results using the ROCLINK 800 software. To do this, you use two program-specific screens (Linear Meter Setup and Linear Meter Values):

- Use the Linear Meter Setup screen to set the parameters for the meter run.
- Use the Linear Meter Values screen to view results from the Linear Meter calculations.

Note: Configure history points after you configure the Linear Meter program. To configure history points, refer to *Table 7-2. EFM History Points (AGA 7)* in *Section 10.2 of the ROCLINK800 Configuration Software User Manual (for FloBoss 107), (part D301249X012).*

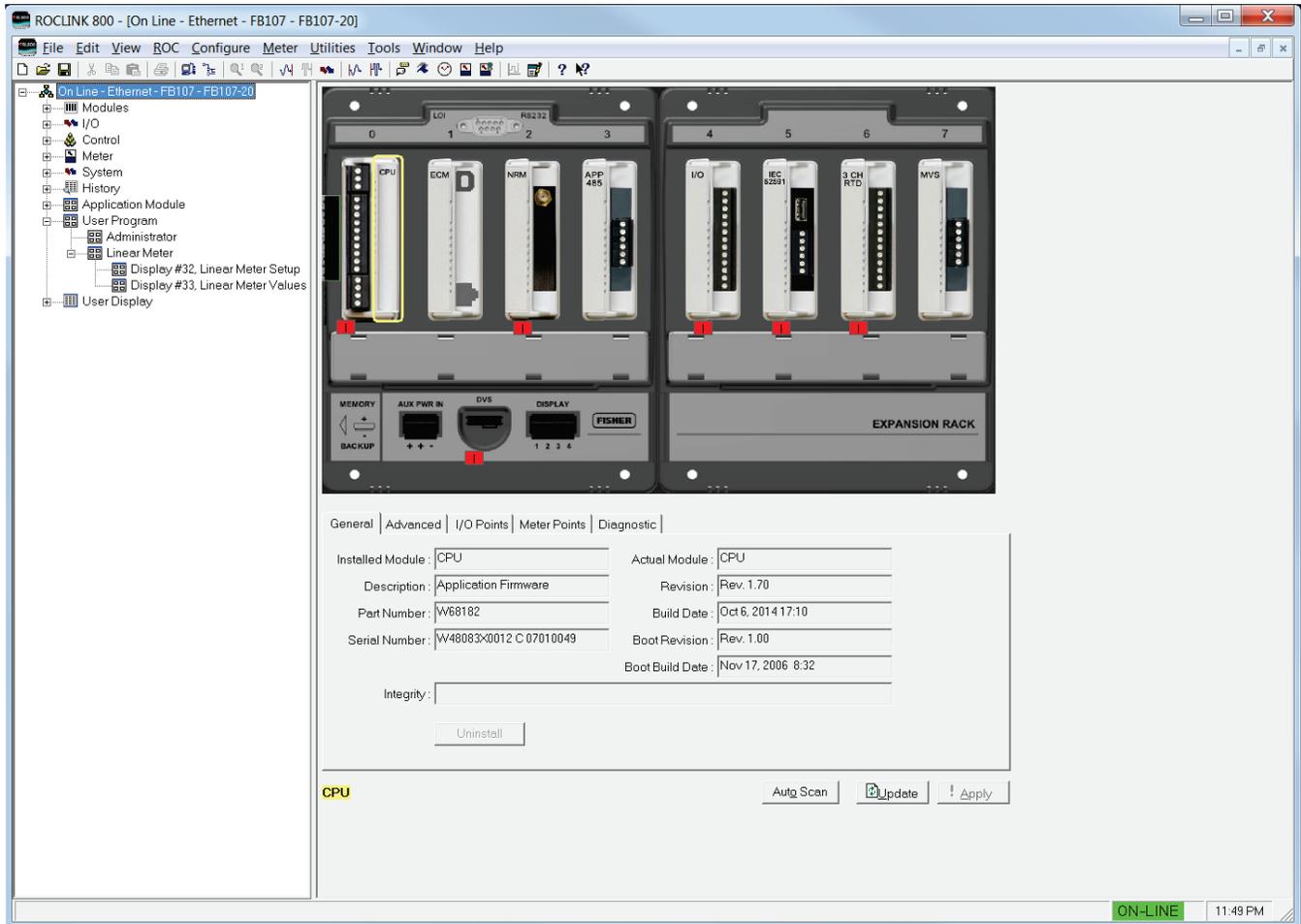


Figure 7. ROCLINK 800

3.1 Linear Meter Setup Screen

Once you have successfully loaded the Linear Meter program into the FloBoss, you can access the Linear Meter Setup screen and configure the meter runs.

To access this screen:

1. Click **User Program > Linear Meter > Display #32, Linear Meter Setup** from the ROCLINK configuration tree:
2. Double-click **#1, Meter #1**. The Linear Meter screen displays (see *Figure 8*):

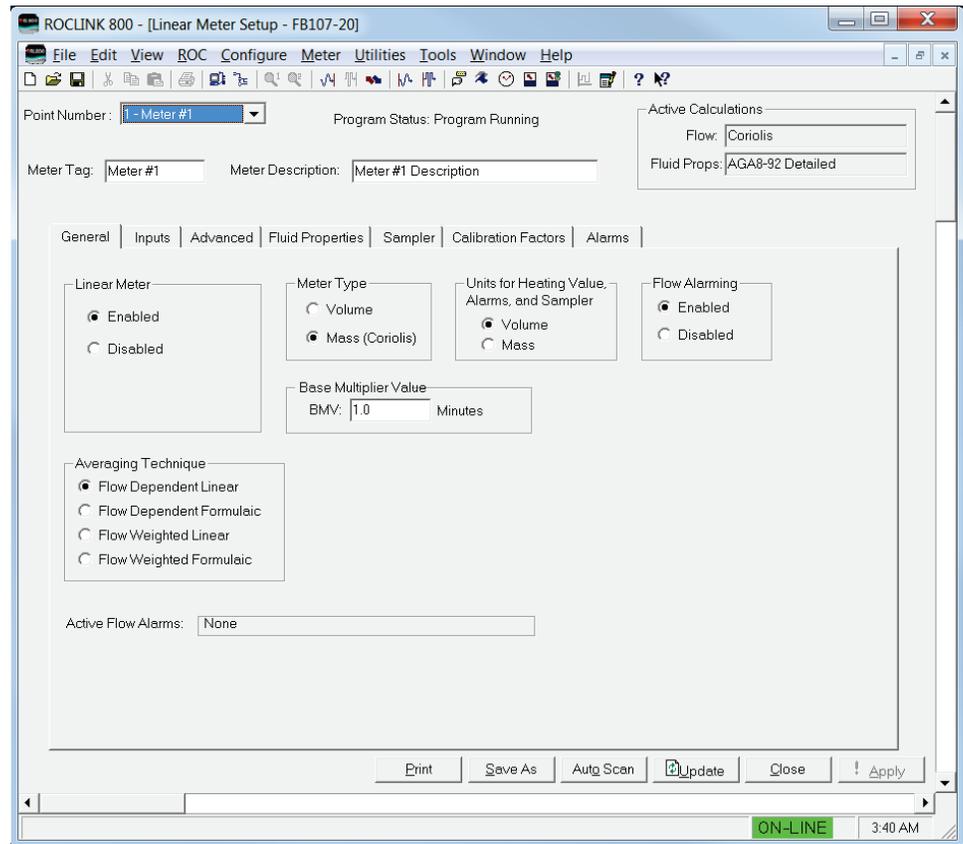


Figure 8. Linear Meter Setup

Note: Six fields at the top of the screen (Point number, Program Status, Meter Tag, Meter Description, Active Calculations – Flow, and Active Calculations – Fluid Props) appear on all tabs.

3. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Point Number	Selects the meter run to configure. Click ▼ to display all defined instances. Clicking a different meter run causes the screen to display the values for that meter run.
Program Status	This read-only field shows the current state of the user program. Valid values are: Program Not Loaded, Program Loaded – Not Started, Program Running, Program Shutting Down, and Not Running – Library Version Error.
Meter Tag	Sets the unique identifier for the selected meter.
Meter Description	Sets the description of the selected meter.
Flow	This read-only field shows the flow calculation standard currently performing flow calculations for the selected meter run.
Fluid Props	This read-only field shows the properties calculation standard currently performing properties calculations for the selected meter run.

4. Click **Apply** to save your changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.1* to configure the General tab.

3.1.1 Linear Meter Setup Screen – General Tab

Use the General tab (which displays when you access the Linear Meter Setup screen) to enable the Linear Meter calculation, specify the averaging technique used by the program, and define program-specific options.

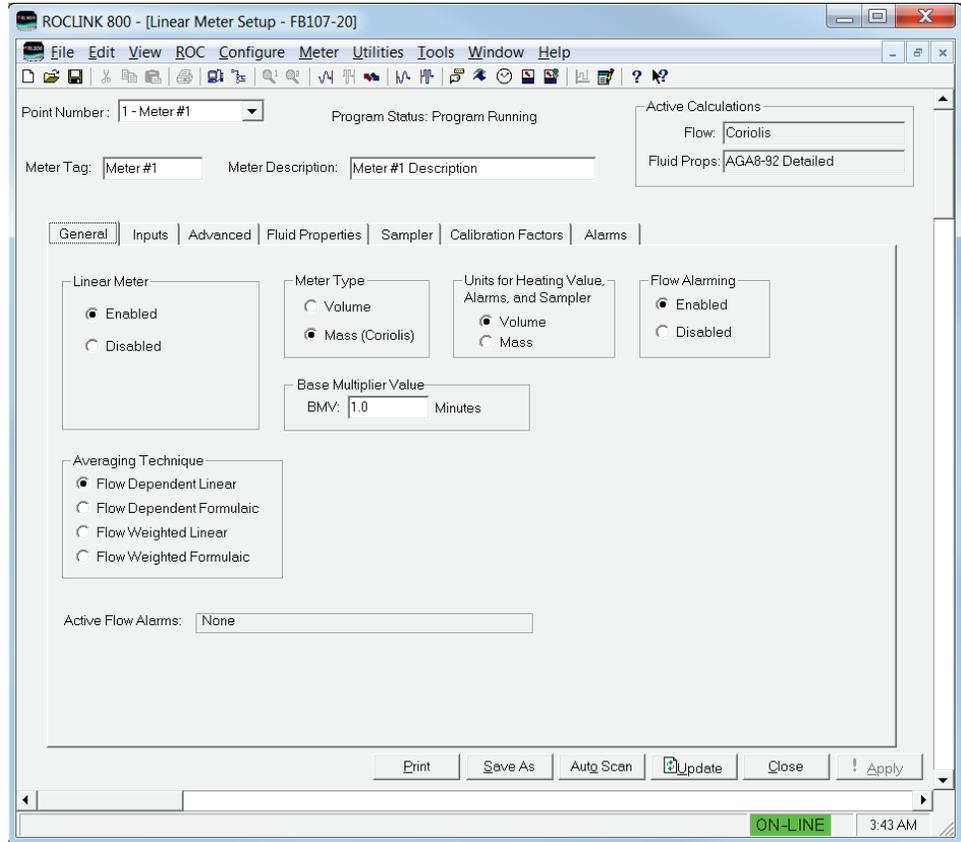


Figure 9. Linear Meter, General Tab

1. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Linear Meter	Enables or disables the Linear Meter program to perform the flow calculations for the selected meter run. Valid selections are Enabled or Disabled.
Meter Type	Sets the type of meter associated with the meter run. Valid selections are Volume (volume metering device such as a turbine meter) or Mass (Micro Motion Coriolis Mass Meter or similar mass meter). Note: This field displays only if you select Enabled for the Linear Meter option.
Units for Heating Value, Alarms, and Sampler	Sets the type of units used for heating value, alarms, and sampler of the meter run. Valid selections are Volume, (units are BTU/CF or MJ/M3, Ft ³ or M3, etc) and Mass (units are BTU/Lb or MJ/Kg, Lb or Kg, etc).

Field	Description
Flow Alarming	Enables or disables flow alarming for the meter. If enabled, alarm status changes are added to the Alarm Log. Use the Alarms tab to configure the alarms. If disabled, no alarm generates for this meter, regardless of the alarm configuration.
Base Multiplier Value (BMV) Integral Multiplier Value (IMV)	Sets, in minutes, how frequently the system recalculates the fluid properties and resulting Base Multiplier Value (BMV) (per the API measurement standard <i>Chapter 21, Section 1</i>). If the flow calculation for the meter run is AGA3-92, ISO5167-2003, or another calculation standard where the flow input is a differential pressure, this field is labeled Integral Multiplier Value (IMV).
Averaging Technique	Sets the averaging technique for determining the average static pressure and flowing temperature during each BMV/IMV for the meter run. If the flow input is from a differential pressure meter, the average differential pressure is also determined. For further details, see API measurement standard <i>Chapter 21, Section 1, Appendix B</i> . Valid selections are:
Flow Dependant Linear	Calculates the average static pressure and average flowing temperature with equal weighting given to each sample when there is flow through the meter. For samples in which there is no flow, the value is not included in the average. However, if there is no flow during the BMV/IMV, the system determines averages using all of the samples.

Field	Description
Flow Dependant Formulaic	<p>Calculates averages for the static pressure and flowing temperature where each sample is raised to the power to which the parameter is raised in the flow equation, with equal weighting given to each sample when there is flow through meter. For samples where there is no flow, the value is not included in the averaging. However, if there is no flow during the BMV/IMV, averages are determined using all of the samples. At the end of the BMV/IMV, the resulting average is raised to the reciprocal of the power to which the value is raised in the flow equation.</p> <p>Note: Flow Dependent Linear and Flow Dependent Formulaic averaging yield the same result when used with linear meters.</p>
Flow Weighted Linear	<p>Calculates averages for the static pressure and flowing temperature with weighting for a sample being the ratio of the flow through the meter at the time of the sample to the total flow during the BMV/IMV. For samples where there is no flow, the value is not included in the average. However, if there is no flow during the BMV/IMV, averages are determined using all of the samples.</p>

Field	Description
	<p>Flow Weighted Formulaic Calculates averages for the static pressure and flowing temperature where each sample is raised to the power to which the parameter is raised in the flow equation, with weighting for a sample being the ratio of the flow at the time of the sample to the total flow during the BMV/IMV. For samples where there is no flow, the value is not included in the average. However, if there is no flow during the BMV/IMV, averages are determined using all of the samples. At the end of the BMV/IMV, the resulting average is raised to the reciprocal of the power to which the value is raised in the flow equation. With a linear meter, flow weighted formulaic averaging yields the same result as flow weighted linear averaging.</p> <p>Note: Flow Weighted Linear and Flow Weighted Formulaic averaging yield the same result when used with linear meters.</p>
Active Flow Alarms	<p>This display-only field shows any alarm currently active. For example, Low indicates that the calculated flow is below the Low Alarm limit. Other alarms can include High, No Flow, and Manual Mode.</p>

2. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.2* to configure the Inputs tab.

3.1.2 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Inputs Tab

Use the Inputs tab to define the inputs used by the Linear Meter calculation.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Inputs** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen. One of the following four screens displays:

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meters on the General tab.

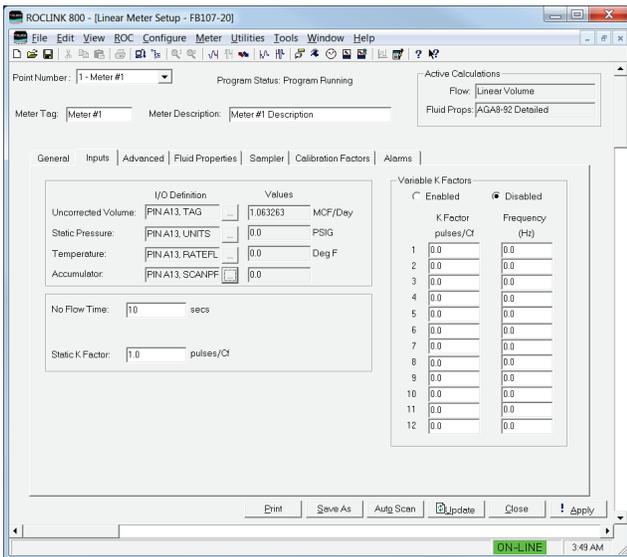


Figure 10(a). Linear Meter Setup, Inputs tab (Meter Type is Volume, I/O Definition is a PI Point)

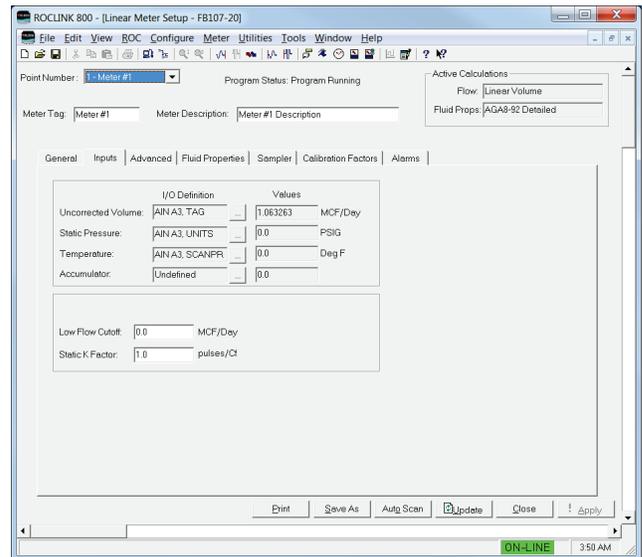


Figure 10(b). Linear Meter Setup, Inputs tab (Meter Type is Volume, I/O Definition is an Analog Value)

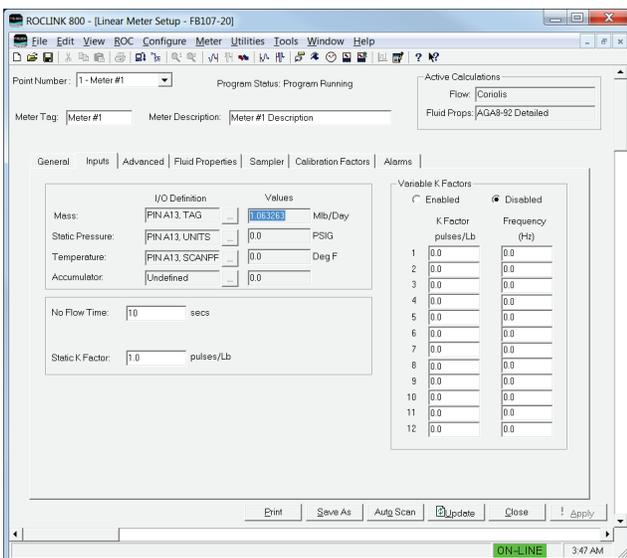


Figure 10(c). Linear Meter Setup, Inputs tab (Meter Type is Mass, I/O Definition is a PI Point)

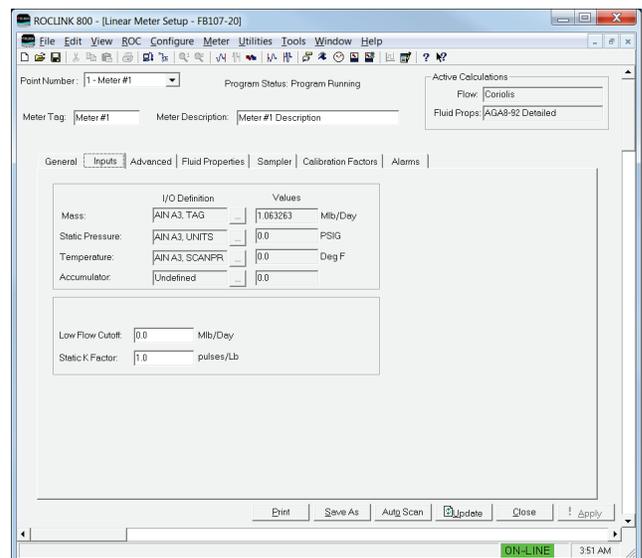


Figure 10(d). Linear Meter Setup, Inputs tab (Meter Type is Mass, I/O Definition is an Analog Value)

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Uncorrected Volume	<p>Sets the parameter for the uncorrected volume flow rate from the meter. Click  to display the Select TLP dialog box you use to assign the parameter. The units for the uncorrected volume value are MCF/Day or km³/Day.</p> <p>If the parameter for the uncorrected volume flow rate is from a PI point, select parameter 13 (EU). If the parameter for the uncorrected volume flow rate is an analog value, select that parameter.</p> <p>Note: This field displays only if the meter type is volume.</p>
Mass	<p>Sets the parameter for the mass flow rate from the meter. Click  to display the Select TLP dialog box you use to assign the parameter. The units of the mass are Mlb/Day or Tonnes/Day.</p> <p>If the parameter for the mass flow rate is from a PI point, select parameter 13 (EU). If the parameter for the mass is an analog value, select that parameter.</p> <p>Note:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ This field displays only if the meter type is mass (Coriolis). ▪ When the program is used with the Micro Motion Coriolis Interface Module, this should be set to the module's forward mass flow rate, parameter 11 (Mass Flow Rate Fwd" of point type 65.
Static Pressure	<p>Sets the parameter for the static pressure. Click  to display the Select TLP dialog box you use to assign the parameter. The units for the static pressure are PSIG/PSIA or kPa(g)/kPa(a).</p>
Temperature	<p>Sets the parameter for the flowing temperature of the fluid. Click  to display the Select TLP dialog box you use to assign the parameter. The units for the flowing temperature are Deg F or Deg C.</p>
Accumulator	<p>Sets the parameter for an accumulator containing the current amount of flow measured by the meter. It is assumed that this parameter rolls over at 1,000,000.0 and is in the appropriate units. When the program is used in conjunction with the Micro Motion Coriolis Interface Module, this should be set to the module's ongoing mass accumulator, parameter 171 (Mass Accumulated) of point type 65. The program will automatically convert the mass to the required units in this case.</p>

Field	Description
No Flow Time	<p>Sets the amount of time without a pulse, in seconds, before the no flow status is set.</p> <p>Note: This field displays only if the I/O Definition for the flow rate parameter is a PI point.</p>
Low Flow Cutoff	<p>Sets the low flow cutoff point. When the value of the flow input parameter is less than or equal to this value, the calculated flow rate is set to zero and, if alarming is enabled, the No Flow alarm status is set and an entry is made in the Alarm Log. The units of the low flow cutoff are MCF/Day or kM^3/Day.</p> <p>Note: This field displays only if the I/O Definition for the flow rate parameter is an analog value.</p>
Static K Factor	<p>Sets the K factor when the variable K factor is disabled or the I/O definition for the flow rate parameter is an analog value. If the flow rate parameter is an analog value, pulses are generated from the analog value and added to the total pulses stored in parameter 59 of point type 47. If the variable K factor is enabled, the static K factor is the last K factor calculated from the variable K factor table. The K factor is the number of pulses per unit of flow. The units are pulses/Cf, pulses/M³, pulses/Lb, or pulses/Kg.</p>
Variable K Factors	<p>Enables the use of the variable K Factor table and sets the K Factor values over a range of pulse frequencies. The units of the values of the K Factor are pulses/Cf, pulses/M³, pulses/Lb, or pulses/Kg. The units of the pulse frequencies are Hz. If this field is Disabled, the Static K Factor is used.</p> <p>Note: These fields displays only if the I/O Definition for the flow rate parameter is a PI point.</p>

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.3* to configure the Advanced tab.

3.1.3 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Advanced Tab

Use the Advanced tab to define additional meter run information for the Linear Meter flow calculation.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Advanced** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen. One of the following two screens displays:

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meters on the General tab.

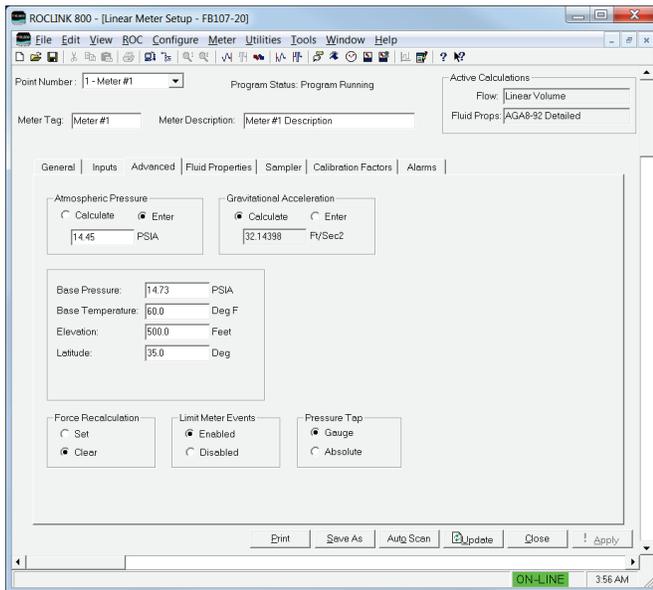


Figure 11(a). Linear Meter Setup, Advanced tab (Meter Type is Volume)

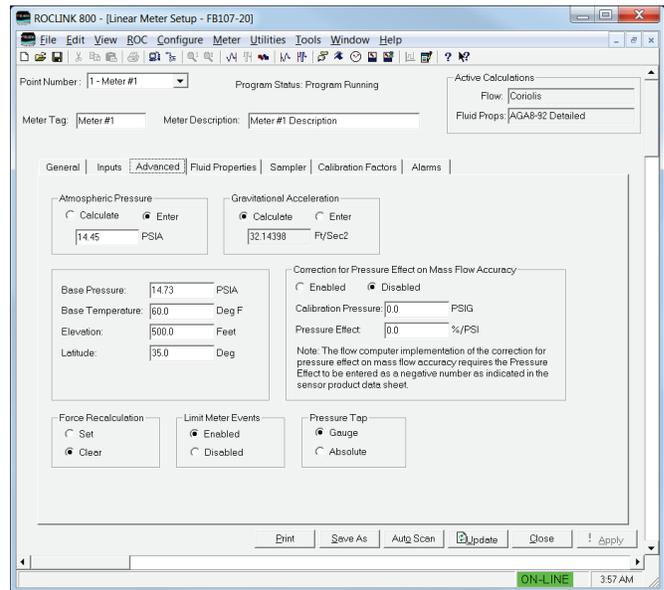


Figure 11(b). Linear Meter Setup, Advanced tab (Meter Type is Mass)

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Atmospheric Pressure	Sets how the program determines atmospheric pressure (absolute) at the metering location. Valid selections are Calculate (calculate atmospheric pressure from other parameters defined on this screen) or Enter (use the value, either as PSIA or kPa(a), entered in the field in this frame). The default is Enter . Note: If you select Enter , the value must be greater than zero.

Field	Description
Gravitational Acceleration	<p>Sets how the program determines gravitational acceleration at the metering location. Valid selections are Calculate (calculate gravitational acceleration from other parameters defined on this screen) or Enter (use the value, either as Ft/Sec² or M/Sec², entered in the field in this frame). The default is Calculate.</p> <p>Note: If you select Enter, the value must be greater than zero.</p>
Base Pressure	<p>Sets, in PSIA or kPa(a), the flow measurement base pressure specified in the gas contract.</p>
Base Temperature	<p>Sets, in degrees Fahrenheit or degrees Celsius, the flow measurement base temperature specified in the gas contract.</p>
Elevation	<p>Sets, in feet or meters above sea level, the elevation of the metering location.</p>
Latitude	<p>Sets, in degrees, the latitude of the metering location.</p>
Correction for Pressure Effect on Mass Flow Accuracy	<p>Enables or disables the correction of the mass flow input due to pressure effects.</p> <p>Note: This field displays only if the meter type is mass (Coriolis).</p>
Calibration Pressure	<p>Sets the calibration pressure of the mass flow meter for determining the pressure effect correction of the mass flow input. Units are PSIG or kPa(g).</p> <p>Note: This field displays only if the meter type is mass (Coriolis).</p>
Pressure Effect	<p>Sets the coefficient for the effect of pressure on the mass flow accuracy. Units are %/PSI or %/kPa.</p> <p>Note: The flow computer implementation of the correction for pressure effect on mass flow accuracy requires the Pressure Effect to be entered as a negative number as indicated in the sensor product data sheet.</p>
Force Recalculation	<p>Forces the program to recalculate the flow without waiting for the next normal recalculation. Select Set and click Apply to force the recalculation.</p> <p>Note: You define normal recalculation periods using the Base Multiplier Period field (located on the Linear Meter Setup screen's General tab).</p>
Limit Meter Events	<p>Sets whether the FB107 logs all flow-related events. Valid selections are Enabled (log all events) or Disabled (do not log events).</p>

Field	Description
Pressure Tap	Sets the reference of the static pressure. This field must match how the sensor or transmitter actually measures the static pressure. Valid selections are Gauge and Absolute .

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.4* to configure the Fluid Properties tab.

3.1.4 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Fluid Properties Tab

Use the Fluid Properties tab to define the fluid composition and other properties.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Fluid Properties** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen.

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meters on the General tab.

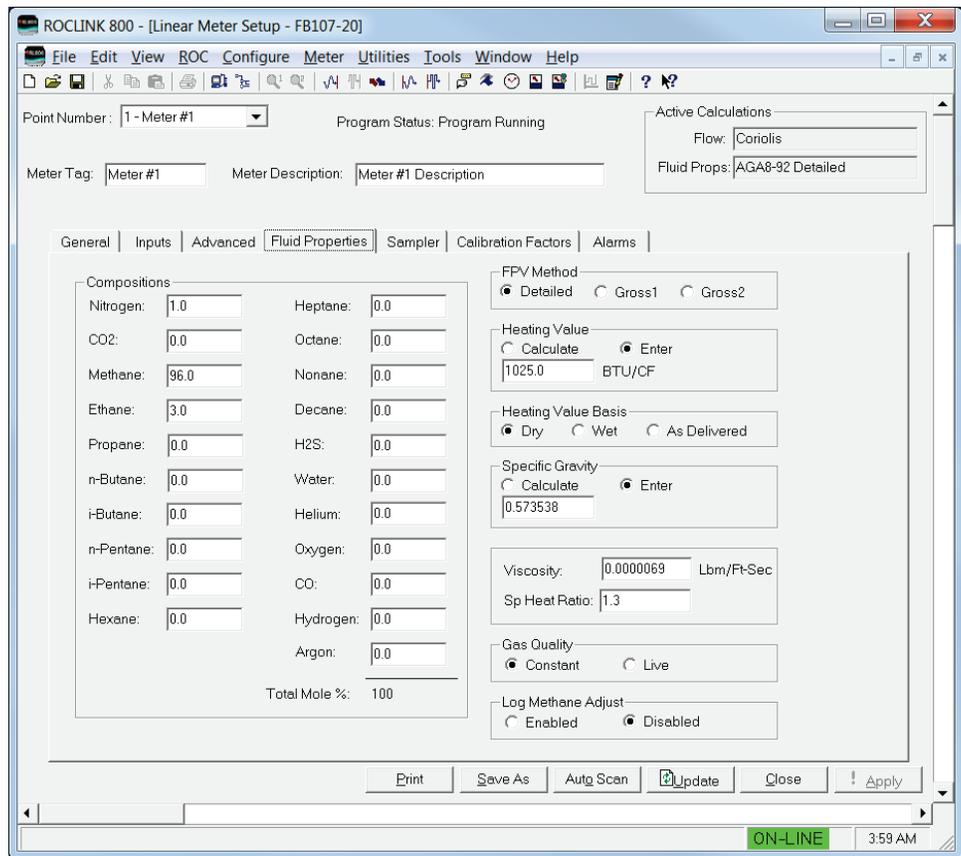


Figure 12. Linear Meter Setup, Fluid Properties tab

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Composition	Sets the mole percent for each gas component. If the FPV Method is Detailed, the value in the Total Mole % field must equal 100%. If the FPV Method is Gross1, only the mole % of CO ₂ must be entered. If the FPV Method is Gross2, the mole % of CO ₂ and the mole % of N ₂ must be entered.
FPV Method	Sets the method of determining the compressibility factors for AGA8 calculations. Valid selections are:

Field	Description
Detailed	Requires the natural gas composition in mole percent to be entered for all components.
Gross1	Requires the specific gravity of the natural gas, the real gas gross heating value per unit volume, and the mole % of CO ₂ to be entered.
Gross2	Requires the specific gravity of the natural gas, the mole % of CO ₂ , and the mole % of N ₂ to be entered.
<p>Note: If you choose either Gross1 or Gross2, you must manually enter values for Specific Gravity and Heating Value on this screen. Gross2 only requires a value for Heating Value if you're calculating the gas energy flow.</p> <p>While the Detailed method provides the highest accuracy in a broad range of measurement conditions, you can use either of the Gross methods when:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Temperature is between 32°F and 130°F (0°C and 54°C). ▪ Pressure is between 0 and 1200 PSIA (0 and 8274 kPa(a)). ▪ Gas composition is within the Normal range, as defined in the 1992 AGA8 report. 	
Heating Value	<p>Sets how the system determines the heating value of the gas. Valid selections are Calculate (allow the system to calculate the heating value from the gas composition data) or Enter (use the value specified in the energy calculation).</p> <p>Note: Set the <i>Units for Heating Value, Alarms, and Sampler</i> parameter on the General tab to select volume or mass measurement in English units (BTU/CF or BTU/Lb) or metric units (MJ/M³ or MJ/Kg).</p>
Heating Value Basis	<p>Identifies the basis the system uses to determine the heating value for flow or energy calculations. Valid selections are:</p>
Dry	No water vapor present in gas.

Field	Description
	<p>Wet Saturated water vapor present in gas.</p> <p>Note: When you select this option, the FB107 calculates the mole percentage of water based on the algorithm from IAPWS—IF97 standards and adjusts the other mole percentages accordingly.</p>
	<p>As Delivered Gas may contain some water vapor.</p>
Specific Gravity	<p>Sets the ratio of the molar mass of the gas to the molar mass of the air. Valid selections are Calculate (the system calculates the value) and Enter (use the specific value for the flow calculation).</p> <p>Note: If you select Enter, the value should represent the gas at standard conditions and cannot be less than 0.07.</p>
Viscosity	<p>Sets the dynamic viscosity of the flowing gas. Units are Lbm/Ft-Sec (English units) or cP (metric units).</p>
Sp Heat Ratio	<p>Sets the specific heat ratio of the gas (defined as the specific heat of the gas at constant pressure divided by the specific heat of the gas at constant volume). Accepted practice for natural gas applications is to use a value of 1.3, which was used to develop the expansion factor tables in the AGA 3 Report – Part 3. If entered, the value must be greater than zero.</p>
Gas Quality	<p>Sets the source for the gas compositions and other properties. Valid selections are Constant (readings are manually entered and changes are added to the event log) or Live (readings come from a gas chromatograph or are periodically downloaded from a host and changes are not added to the event log).</p>
Log Methane Adjust	<p>Sets if system adjustments to the methane composition are added to the event log. Valid selections are Enabled (adjustments are added to the event log) or Disabled (adjustments are not added to the event log).</p>

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.5* to configure the Sampler tab.

3.1.5 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Sampler Tab

Use the Sampler tab to set up the discrete output (DO) to send a pulse output to another device, such as an odorizer, or to control a gas sampler for a meter run.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Sampler** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen.

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meters on the General tab.

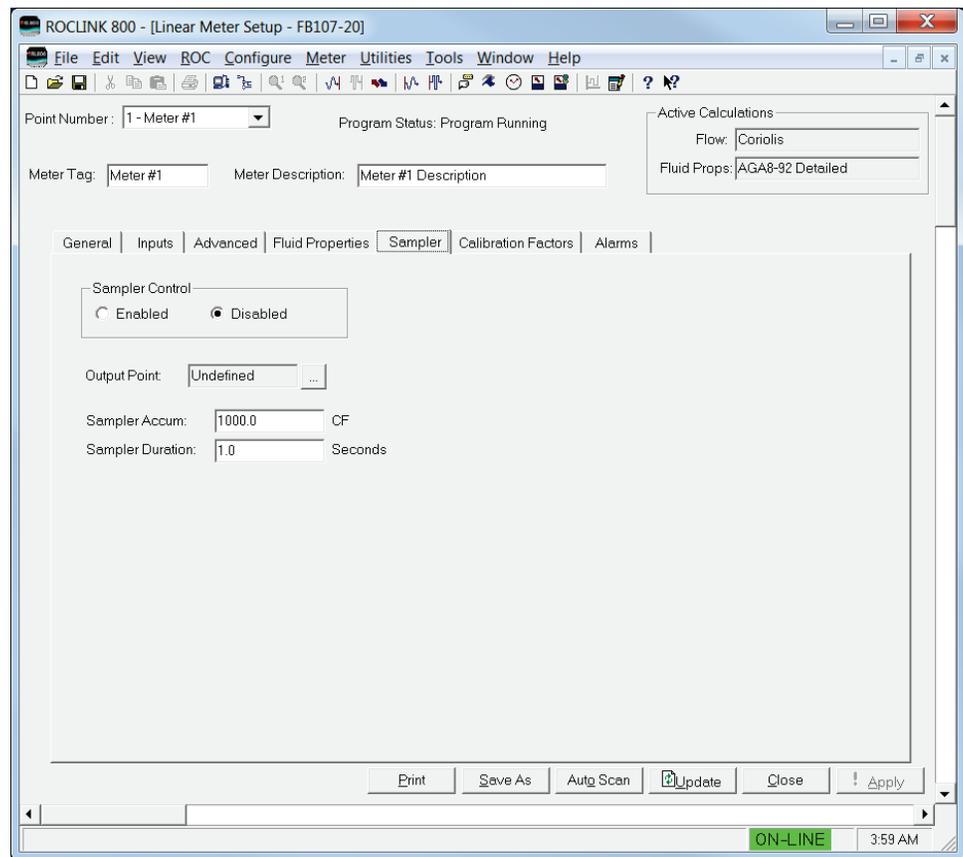


Figure 13. Linear Meter Setup, Sampler tab

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Sampler Control	Enables sampling for the meter run. When enabled, the Output Point is set when the previous flow matches or exceeds the value in the Sampler Accum field.
Output Point	Sets the parameter for the output to drive the sampler. Click <input type="button" value="..."/> to display the Select TLP dialog you use to define the parameter. It must be parameter 3 of a DO point.

Field	Description
Sampler Accum	Sets the quantity of fluid that must pass before the status of the Output Point is set. Units are Cf, M ³ , Lb, or Kg based on the Units Type for Heating Value, Alarms, and Sampler on the General tab.
Sampler Duration	Sets the duration, in seconds, for holding the status of the Output Point to ON when the quantity of fluid passed matches or exceeds the Sampler Accum.

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.6* to configure the Calibration Factors tab.

3.1.6 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Calibration Factors Tab

Use the Calibration Factors tab to define information related to pressure calibration.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Calibration Factors** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen.

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meter on the General tab.

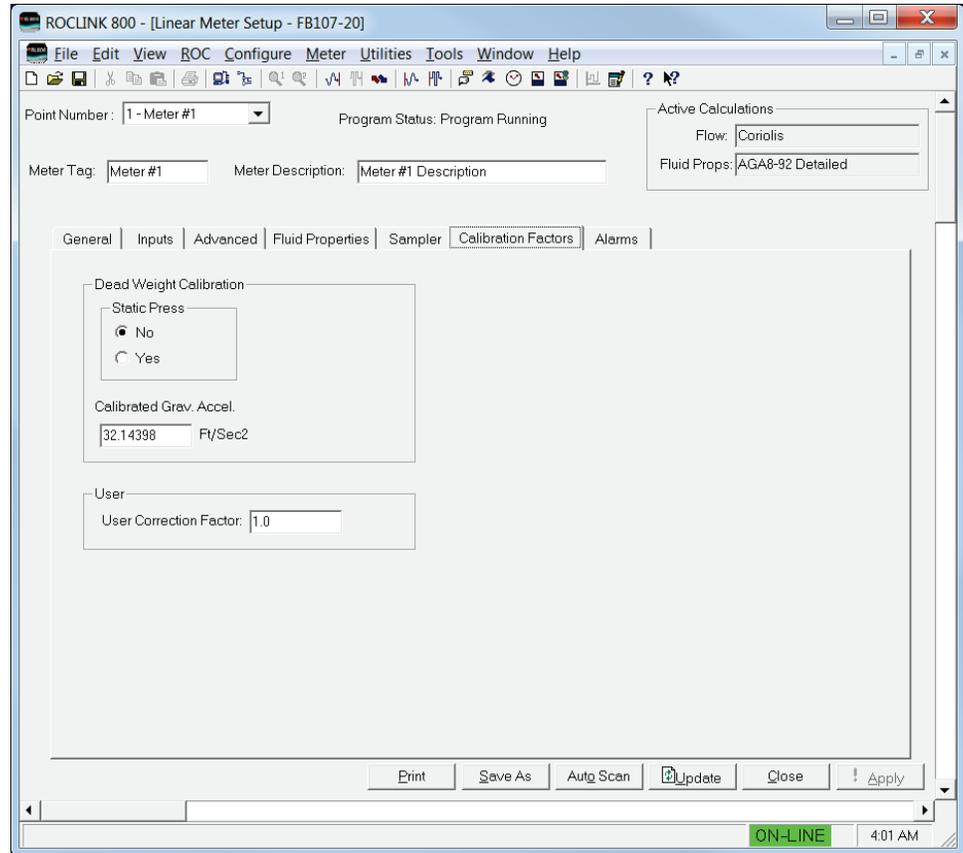


Figure 14. Linear Meter Setup, Calibration Factor tab

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Dead Weight Calibration: Static Pressure	Sets if the program compensates the static pressure value for the difference between the gravitational acceleration at the location where the static pressure was calibrated and the gravitational acceleration associated with the dead weight calibrator.
Calibrated Gravitational Acceleration	Sets the gravitational acceleration associated with the dead weight calibrator. The units are Ft/Sec ² or M/Sec ² .

Field	Description
User Correction Factor	Sets a multiplier value to adjust the flow for factors not included with the Linear Meter program. Note: Use the default value of 1.0 if no correction is desired.

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.1.7* to configure the Alarms tab.

3.1.7 Linear Meter Setup Screen – Alarms Tab

Use the Alarms tab to define information related to flow alarming.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Alarms** tab on the Linear Meter Setup screen.

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for Linear Meter on the General tab.

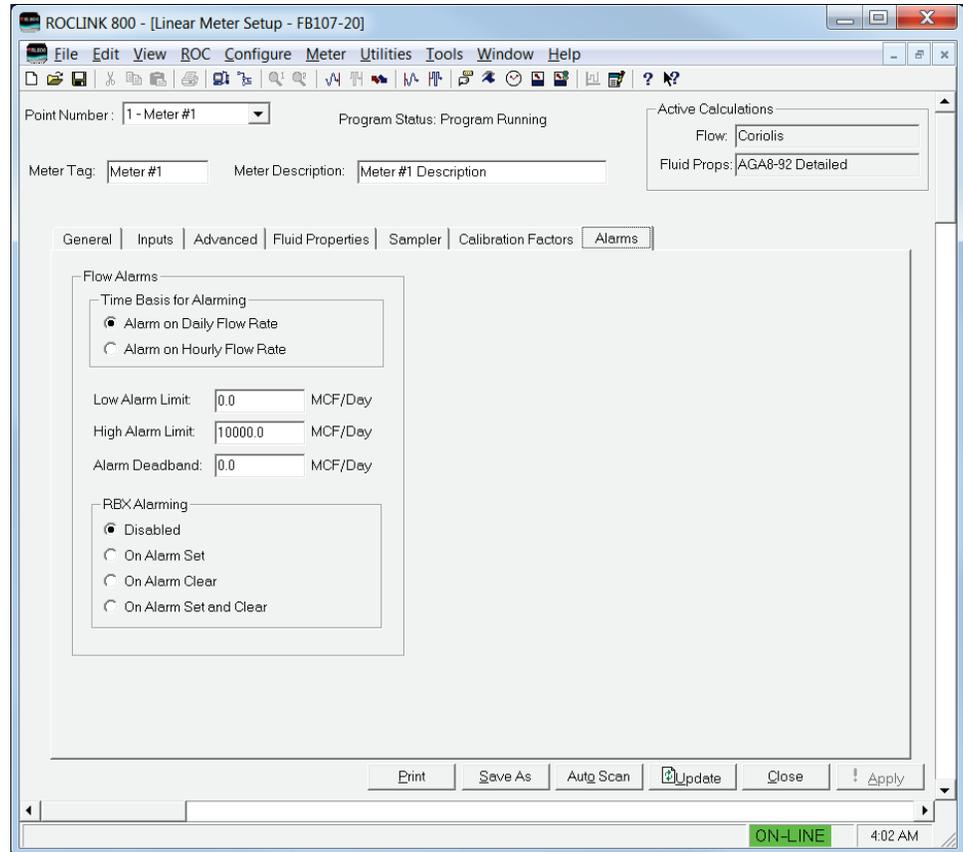


Figure 15. Linear Meter Setup, Alarms tab

2. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Time Basis for Alarming	Sets the parameter whose value is to be used for alarming. If Alarm on Daily Flow Rate is selected, the daily volume or mass flow rate is used for alarming. If Alarm on Hourly Flow Rate is selected, the hourly volume or mass flow rate is used for alarming. The use of the volume or mass flow rate is dependent on the Units Type for Heating Value, Alarms, and Sampler on the General tab.

Field	Description						
Low Alarm Limit	<p>Sets the value below which the calculated flow rate must fall to generate a low alarm. The units are MCF/Day, CF/Hour, Mlb/Day, Lb/Hour, kM³/Day, M³/Hour, Tonnes/Day, or Kg/Hour.</p> <p>Note: Default value is 0.0 Mlb/Day if you select Mass for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab and 0.0 MCF/Day if you select Volume for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab.</p>						
High Alarm Limit	<p>Sets the value above which the calculated flow rate must rise to generate a high alarm. The units are MCF/Day, CF/Hour, Mlb/Day, Lb/Hour, kM³/Day, M³/Hour, Tonnes/Day, or Kg/Hour.</p> <p>Note: Default value is 10,000 Mlb/Day if you select Mass for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab and 10,000 MCF/Day if you select Volume for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab.</p>						
Alarm Deadband	<p>Sets a value that defines a zone above the Low Alarm limit and below the High Alarm limit. When an alarm condition is set, the flow rate must clear the alarm limit plus the zone defined by the deadband, before the alarm condition clears. This deadband prevents the system from setting and clearing the alarm continuously when the input value is oscillating around the alarm limit. The units are MCF/Day, CF/Hour, Mlb/Day, Lb/Hour, kM³/Day, M³/Hour, Tonnes/Day, or Kg/Hour.</p> <p>Note: Default value is 0.0 Mlb/Day if you select Mass for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab and 0.0 MCF/Day if you select Volume for Units for Heating Value, Alarms and Sampler on the General tab.</p>						
RBX Alarming	<p>Sets alarming options for initiating Report-by-Exception messages. These messages are sent out through communication ports that have RBX mode enabled.</p> <table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">Disabled</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">RBX Alarming is turned off.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">On Alarm Set</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">When the point enters an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="padding: 2px;">On Alarm Clear</td> <td style="padding: 2px;">When the point leaves an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.</td> </tr> </table>	Disabled	RBX Alarming is turned off.	On Alarm Set	When the point enters an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.	On Alarm Clear	When the point leaves an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.
Disabled	RBX Alarming is turned off.						
On Alarm Set	When the point enters an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.						
On Alarm Clear	When the point leaves an alarm condition, the FB107 generates a Report-by-Exception message to the host.						

Field	Description
	On Alarm Set and Clear In either condition, an RBX message generates to the host.

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes.
4. Click **Close** to close this screen, and proceed to *Section 3.2* to configure the Linear Meter Values screen.

3.2 Linear Meter Values Screen

Use this screen to view the results and calculation factors used in Linear Meter calculations

To access this screen:

1. Click **User Program > Linear Meter > Display #33, Linear Meter Values** from the ROCLINK configuration tree:
2. Double-click **#1, Meter #1**. The Linear Meter Values screen displays:

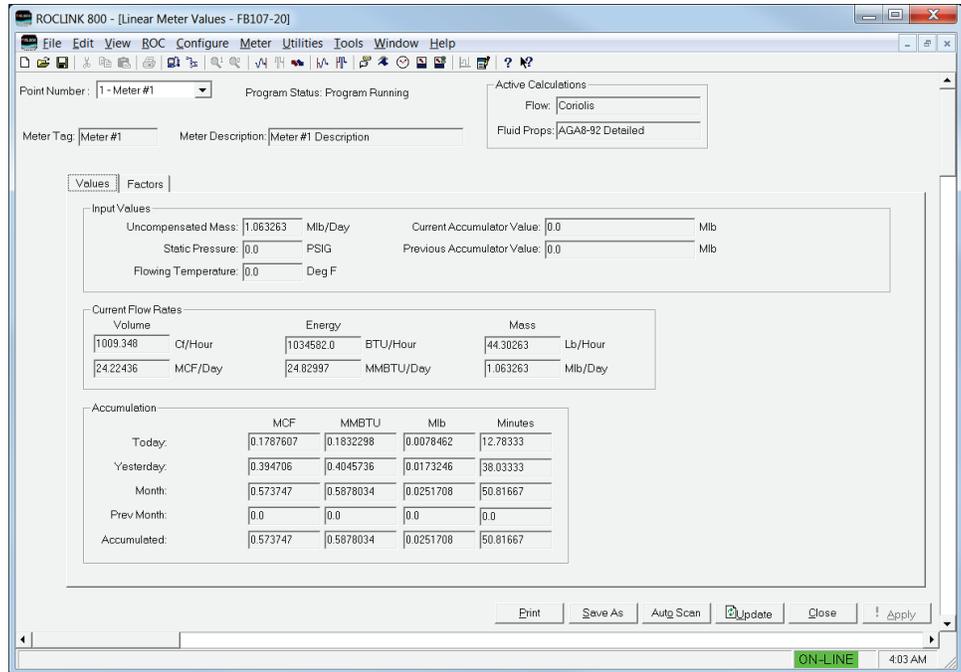


Figure 16. Linear Meter Values

Note: Six fields at the top of the screen (Point number, Program Status, Meter Tag, Meter Description, Active Calculations – Flow, and Active Calculations – Fluid Props) appear on all tabs.

3. Review and change as necessary the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Point Number	Selects the meter run to configure. Click ▼ to display all defined instances. Clicking a different meter run causes the screen to display the values for that meter run.
Program Status	This read-only field shows the current state of the user program. Valid values are: Program Not Loaded, Program Loaded – Not Started, Program Running, Program Shutting Down, and Not Running – Library Version Error.
Meter Tag	This read-only field shows the unique identifier for the selected meter.

Field	Description
Meter Description	This read-only field shows the description of the selected meter.
Active Calculations: Flow	This read-only field shows the flow calculation standard currently performing flow calculations for the selected meter run.
Active Calculations: Fluid Props	This read-only field shows the properties calculation standard currently performing properties calculations for the selected meter run.

4. Click **Apply** to save any changes, and proceed to *Section 3.2.1* to configure the Values tab.

3.2.1 Linear Meter Values –Values Tab

Use the Values tab (which displays one of the following three screens when you access the Linear Meter Values screen) to view results of the Linear Meter calculations.

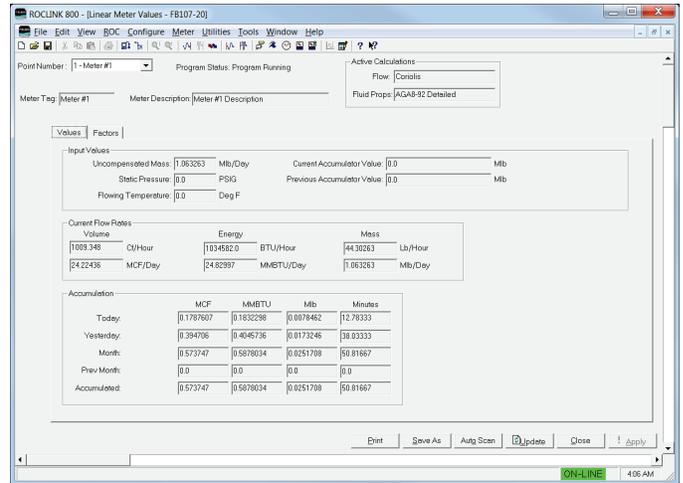
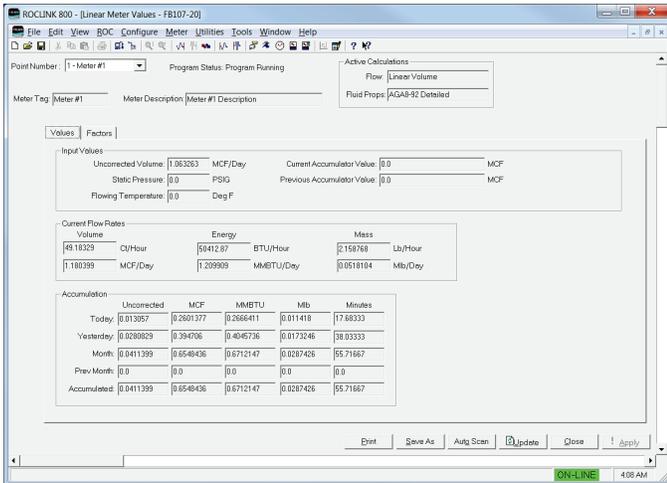


Figure 17(a). Linear Meter Values, Values tab (Meter Type is Volume)

Figure 17(b). Linear Meter Values, Values tab (Meter Type is Mass)

1. Review the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Uncorrected Volume	This read-only field displays uncorrected volume flow rate, which is the volumetric flow input before any density correction is applied. The units are MCF/Day or km3/Day. Note: This field displays only if you select Volume for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.
Uncompensated Mass	This read-only field displays uncompensated mass flow rate, which is the mass flow input before pressure compensation is applied. The units are Mlb/Day or Tonnes/Day. Note: This field displays only if you select Mass (Coriolis) for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.
Static Pressure	This read-only field displays current static pressure in PSIG, PSIA, kPa(g) or kPa(a).
Flowing Temperature	This read-only field displays current flowing temperature in Deg F or Deg C.
Current Accumulator Value	If an accumulator type meter is in use, this read-only field displays the value of the accumulator read during the current second.

Field	Description
Previous Accumulator Value	If an accumulator type meter is in use, this read-only field displays the value of the accumulator read during the previous second.
Current Flow Rate – Volume	This read-only field displays current hourly and daily flow rates in CF/Hour and MCF/Day or M3/hr and km3/Day.
Current Flow Rate – Energy	This read-only field displays current hourly and daily energy rates in BTU/Hour and MMBTU/Day or MJ/Hour and GJ/Day.
Current Flow Rate – Mass	This read-only field displays current hourly and daily mass rates in Lb/Hour and Mlb/Day or Kg/Hour and Tonnes/Day.
Accumulation – Uncorrected	This read-only field displays uncorrected volume total flow in MCF or Km3 for the current day, the previous day, the current month, the previous month, and the accumulated total since the accumulator last reset.
Accumulation – MCF	This read-only field displays total flow in MCF or km3 for the current day, the previous day, the current month, the previous month, and the accumulated total since the accumulator last reset.
Accumulation –MMBTU	This read-only field displays total energy in MMBTU or GJoules for the current day, the previous day, the current month, the previous month, and the accumulated total since the accumulator last reset.
Accumulation – Mlb	This read-only field displays total mass in Mlb or Tonnes for the current day, the previous day, the current month, the previous month, and the accumulated total since the accumulator last reset.
Accumulation – Minutes	This read-only field displays flowing time in Minutes for the current day, the previous day, the current month, the previous month, and the accumulated total since the accumulator last reset.

2. Click **Apply** to save any changes and proceed to *Section 3.2.2* to configure the Calculated Factors tab.

3.2.2 Linear Meter Values Screen – Calculated Factors Tab

Use this tab to view calculation factors used in Linear Meter calculations.

To access this screen:

1. Select the **Factors** tab on the Linear Meter Values screen. One of the following two screens displays:

Note: This tab displays only if you select **Enabled** for the Linear Meter on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.

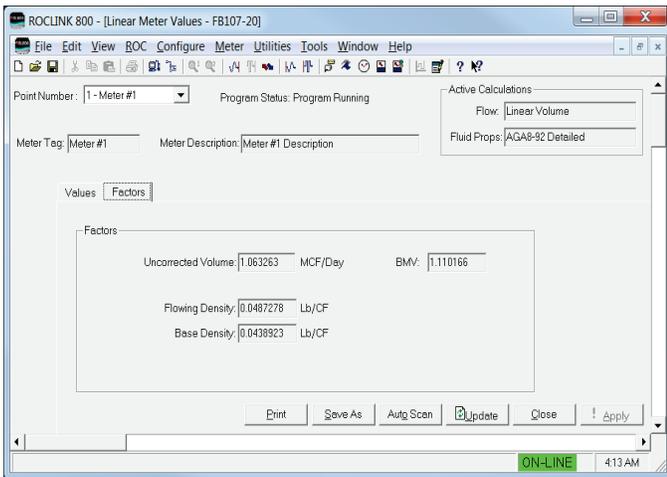


Figure 18(a). Linear Meter Values, Values tab (Meter Type is Volume)

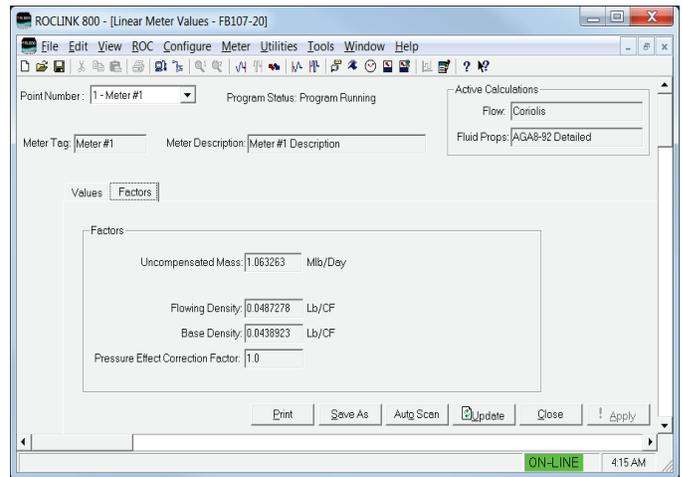


Figure 18(b). Linear Meter Values, Values tab (Meter Type is Mass)

2. Review the values in the following fields:

Field	Description
Uncorrected Volume	This read-only field displays the uncorrected volume flow rate, which is the volumetric flow input before any density correction is applied. The units are MCF/Day or km3/Day. Note: This field displays only if you select Volume for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.
Uncompensated Mass	This read-only field displays the uncompensated mass flow rate, which is the mass flow input before the correction for pressure effect is applied. The units are Mlb/Day or Tonnes/Day. Note: This field displays only if you select Mass (Coriolis) for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.
Flowing Density	This read-only field shows the calculated density at flowing conditions in Lb/CF or Kg/M3.

Field	Description
Base Density	This read-only field shows the calculated density at base conditions in Lb/CF or Kg/M3.
BMV	This read-only field displays the base multiplier value (BMV), which is the factor for multiplying by the uncorrected volume flow rate to determine the corrected volume flow rate. Note: This field displays only if you select Volume for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup screen.
Pressure Effect Correction Factor	This read-only field displays the pressure effect correction factor, which is calculated from the pressure effect coefficient and the difference between the flowing and calibration pressures. Note: This field displays only if you select Mass (Coriolis) for meter type on the General tab of the Linear Meter Setup

3. Click **Apply** to save any changes.
4. Click **Close** to close this screen. Proceed to *Section 3.3* to save your configuration.

3.3 Saving the Configuration

Whenever you modify or change the configuration, it is a good practice to save the final configuration to memory. To save the configuration:

1. Select **ROC > Flags**. The Flags screen displays:

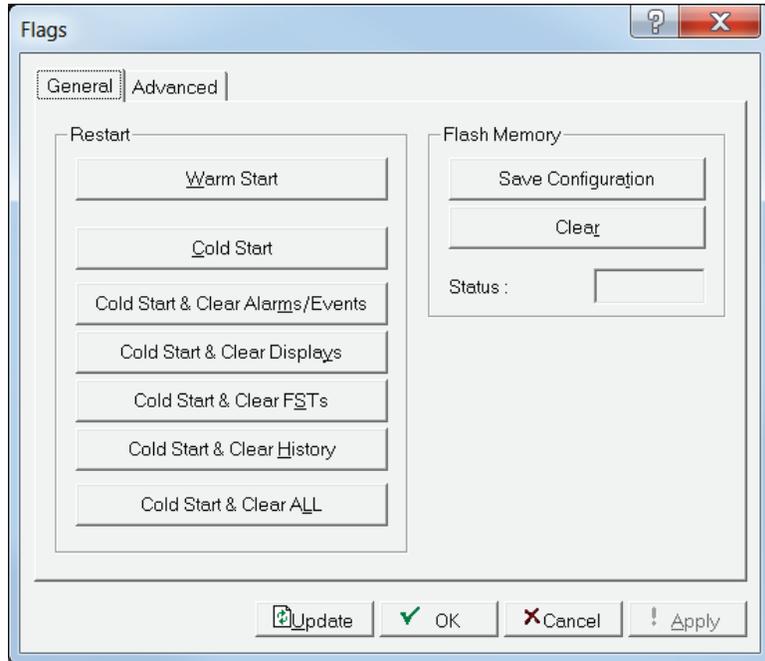


Figure 19. Flags

2. Click **Save Configuration**. A verification message displays:

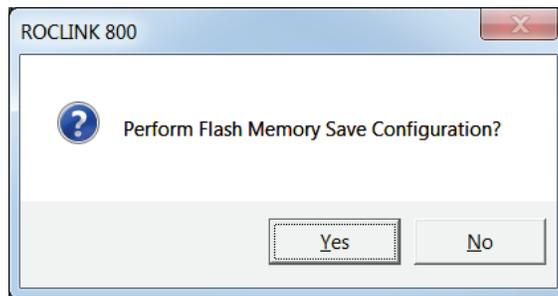


Figure 20. Save Verification

3. Click **Yes**. When the save process completes, a confirmation message displays:

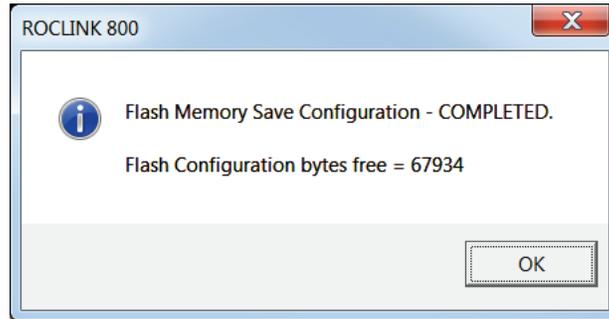


Figure 21. Confirmation

Note: Depending on the size and complexity of the user program, this process may take several minutes. When the process ends, the Status field on the Flags screen displays *Completed*.

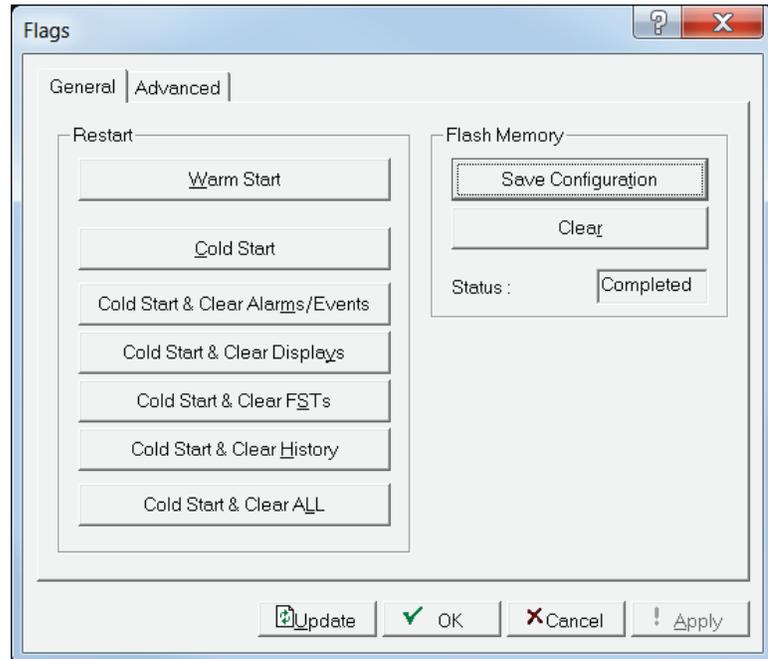


Figure 22. Flags, Status - Completed

4. Click **Update** on the Flags screen. This completes the process of saving your new configuration.

Note: For archive purposes, you should also save this configuration to your PC's hard drive or a removable media (such as a flash drive) using the **File > Save Configuration** option on the ROCLINK 800 menu bar.

Chapter 4 – Reference

This section provides calculation details and tables of information on the user defined points used by the Linear Meter Flow Calculation program.

- Calculation Details
- Point Type 31: Linear Meter Setup
- Point Type 32: Linear Meter Values

4.1 Calculation Details

The Linear Meter flow calculations are based on equations presented in the following flow calculation standards.

- *Measurement of Gas by Turbine Meters, Transmission Measurement Committee Report No. 7, American Gas Association (AGA), Second Revision, April, 1996.*
- *Measurement of Natural Gas by Coriolis Meter, AGA Report No. 11, API MPMS 14.9, Transmission Measurement Committee,, American Gas Association (AGA), 2003.*

Each of these flow calculation standards can be implemented using the Linear Meter program. However, AGA7 is already available with the FB107 Application Firmware, so it is recommended to use that implementation for meter runs requiring AGA7.

If you specify **Volume** as meter type, the flow calculations are:

$$Q_b = Q_f * \rho_f / \rho_b$$

$$q_m = Q_b * \rho_b$$

where:

Q_b = Volumetric flow at base conditions. Units are MCF or km³.

Q_f = Volumetric flow at flowing conditions (uncorrected flow).

Units are MCF or km³.

q_m = Mass flow. Units are Mlb or Tonnes.

ρ_b = Density at base conditions. Units are Lb/CF or Kg/M³.

ρ_f = Density at flowing conditions. Units are Lb/CF or Kg/M³.

If you specify **Mass** (Coriolis) as meter type, the flow calculations are:

$$q_m = q_{m,u} * F_p$$

$$Q_b = q_m / \rho_b$$

where:

F_p = Correction for pressure effect on the mass flow accuracy.

Q_b = Volumetric flow at base conditions. Units are MCF or km³.

q_m = Mass flow. Units are Mlb or Tonnes.

$q_{m,u}$ = Mass flow before correction for pressure effect. Units are Mlb or Tonnes.

ρ_b = Density at base conditions. Units are Lb/CF or Kg/M³.

If correction for pressure effect is enabled:

$$F_p = 1.0 / (1.0 + (K_p / 100.0) * (P_f - P_c))$$

where:

K_p = Pressure effect coefficient. Units are %/PSIG or %/kPa(g).

P_f = Calibration pressure. Units are PSIG or kPa(g)

P_c = Flowing pressure. Units are PSIG or kPa(g)

If correction for pressure effect is disabled:

$$F_p = 1.0$$

With both volume and mass meters, the program updates flow inputs once a second and calculates approximations of the flow rates and totals. The program revises approximated flow totals at the specified base multiplier period (BMP) using the total of flow input, base density, and average flowing density (recalculated using the average pressure and temperature during the BMP).

4.2 Point Type 31: Linear Meter Setup

Point type 31 contains the parameters for configuring the Linear Meter program. There are four logicals of this point type (one logical for each meter run).

Point Type 31: Linear Meter Setup

Parm #	Name	Access	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Description of functionality and meaning of values
0	Point Tag ID	R/O	AC	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for Each ASCII character	“ “	Point tag identification. This value is copied from point type 46, parameter 0.
1	Enable Linear Meter	R/W	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	Enable/disable status of the linear meter flow calculation for the meter run. Valid values are: 0 = Disable 1 = Enable
2	Meter Type	R/W	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	Type of meter. Valid values are: 0 = Volume – The flow input is proportional to the uncorrected volumetric flow. 1 = Mass (Coriolis) – The flow input is proportional to the mass flow.
3	Press Effect Enable	R/W	UINT8	1	0 -> 1	0	If the meter type is volume: Not used. If the meter type is mass (Coriolis): Enable/disable the correction for the pressure effect on the mass flow accuracy. Valid values are: 0 = Disable 1 = Enable

Point Type 31: Linear Meter Setup

Parm #	Name	Access	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Description of functionality and meaning of values
4	Calibration Pressure	R/W	FL	4	Any floating point number	0.0	If the meter type is volume: Not used. If the meter type is mass: Calibration pressure of the mass meter from which the correction for the pressure effect on the mass flow accuracy is determined. Units are PSIG or kPa(g).
5	Press Effect Coeff	R/W	FL	4	Any floating point number	0.0	If the meter type is volume: Not used. If the meter type is mass: Pressure effect coefficient for the mass meter. Units are %/PSIG or %/kPa(g). The correction for pressure effect on mass flow accuracy requires the pressure effect coefficient to be a negative number as indicated in the sensor product data sheet.
6	Accumulator TLP	R/W	TLP	3	Any valid TLP	0,0,0	Accumulator Input for this program. Configuring this parameter triggers the Linear Meter program to read the parameter specified by Accumulator TLP and use its value, along with the specified rate, to calculate accumulated totals. NOTE: The Linear Meter Program assumes that the accumulator is in the correct units for the meter run in which it is used.

4.3 Point Type 32: Linear Meter Values

Point type 32 contains the calculated parameters for the Linear Meter program. There are four logicals of this point type (one logical for each meter run).

Point Type 31: Linear Meter Setup

Parm #	Name	Access	Data Type	Length	Range	Default	Description of functionality and meaning of values
0	Point Tag ID	R/O	AC	10	0x20 -> 0x7E for Each ASCII character	“ “	Point tag identification. This value is copied from point type 46, parameter 0.
1	Press Effect Factor	R/O	FL	4	Any floating point number	1.0	If the meter type is volume: Not used. If the meter type is mass (Coriolis): Pressure effect correction factor, which is calculated from the pressure effect coefficient and the difference between the flowing and calibration pressures.
2	Current Accumulator Value	R/O	FL	4	Any floating point number	0.0	The value of the accumulator read during the current second.
3	Previous Accumulator Value	R/O	FL	4	Any floating point number	0.0	The value of the accumulator read during the previous second.
4	Value From Accumulator	R/O	FL	4	Any floating point number	0.0	The current value of the accumulator. NOTE: This parameter is not part of the Linear Meter Program's calculations, and is only used to display the current value of the accumulator on the Meter Inputs Tab. When used with the Micro Motion Coriolis Interface Module, the units will be automatically converted as required

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