

QuickSyn[®] *MICROWAVE FREQUENCY SYNTHESIZER*



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Notices

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Introduction

In this document...

The scope of this document is to define the communication between the QuickSyn[®] frequency synthesizer and the controlling system. This document describes the QuickSyn[®] control and query commands. The commands listed in this document may be sent through the SPI, USB, Ethernet, GPIB, and RS232 interfaces.

Goals

The primary goal for command communication is to allow fast, easy setup for basic operations. In particular, it should permit easy establishment of a new frequency setting. The commands must support frequency specifications up to 20 GHz in 0.001Hz steps.

Secondary goals include: support for very fast change to pre-computed settings, support for traversal of a list of pre-computed settings with a specified dwell, and support for computed sweeps of frequency with a specified dwell.

Hardware Interface

The hardware includes a multi-purpose SPI connector and a USB connector located on the front panel.

SPI Interface

The SPI hardware interface consists of a standard SPI interface plus additionally assigned lines as defined in Table 1.

Signal	Description	Connector
SPI_CLK	SPI clock, supplied by the controlling computer (not the synthesizer). The controlling computer is the SPI master, the synthesizer is the SPI slave.	Pin 11
SPI_SS	SPI Slave Select. This signal is an active low input to the synthesizer. It frames command communications. For each command, SPI_SS goes low before the first bit is sent and goes high after the last bit is sent.	Pin 13
SPI_MISO	Master in, Slave out. Status and other returned information from the synthesizer to the controlling computer.	Pin 7
SPI_MOSI	Master out, Slave in. Command data from the controlling computer to the synthesizer.	Pin 9
TRIGGER	Rising edge active input. When enabled, the trigger signal can initiate frequency change or step through lists or sweeps.	Pin 17
LOCK	Output indicating that the synthesizer is locked on its current setting (+3.3V - locked, 0 V - unlocked).	Pin 15
REF_LOCK	Output indicating that the synthesizer has detected an external reference signal and locked on that signal (+3.3V - locked, 0 V - unlocked).	Pin 16
PWR_+12V	External +12V DC Supply.	Pin 3, 4
RESET	Internally pulled-up to +3.3V with 100 kOhm resistor. Active "LOW" signal will reset the synthesizer to a default state.	Pin 18
GND	Ground.	Pin 8, 10, 19, 20
N/C	Not connected.	Pin 1, 2, 5, 6, 12, 14

Table 1Synthesizer Interface



SPI is a standard first introduced by Motorola (now Freescale) for lowcost communications among semiconductor devices. It allows for four different possible clocking schemes defined by the polarity and phase of the clock. SPI mode 0 is used to communicate to the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer. The synthesizer expects the CLK signal to be low at the time that the SPI_SS signal is asserted. At this time, the first MOSI bit will be set up. The synthesizer will sample incoming MOSI data at the rising edge of the CLK and expects that the controlling computer will also sample MISO at that edge. Subsequent MISO transitions will occur on the falling edges of the CLK signal.

Transfers are always initiated with the most significant bit of the full transfer and are ended with the least significant bit. The SPI_SS signal is expected to remain asserted for the duration of the transfer. After the last bit is transferred, the SPI_SS signal will go high.

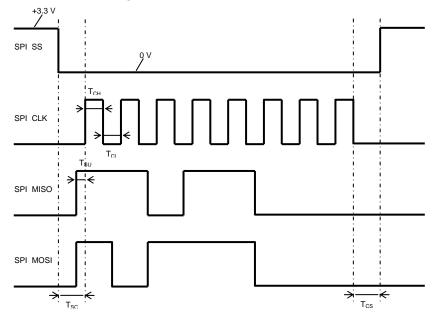


Figure 1 SPI Timing

 $T_{SC} > 25$ nSec – select low before first clock

 $T_{CS} > 25$ nSec – clock low before slave select high

 T_{SU} > 15 nSec – data stable before rising edge of clock

 $T_{CH} > 25$ nSec – minimum clock high time

 $T_{CL} > 25$ nSec – minimum clock low time

 $F_{CLK} \le 12 \text{ MHz} - \text{maximum clock frequency}$

USB Interface

The USB hardware interface consists of a standard female mini USB B-type connector. This port is USB 2.0 compatible and is utilized as a standard COM port (serial port) on the host PC. The serial data buffer for this port is 64-bytes long (including the terminator); thus, it is important not to exceed this length on any command data. All commands must be terminated by a termination character (13, 0X0D). The serial port parameters on the host PC must be set as 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, 115200 baud, no flow control.

NOTE

A software device driver must first be installed to control the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer via the USB connector. Device drivers are available from the Phase Matrix website (<u>www.phasematrix.com</u>). Instructions for installing the device drivers are in the QuickSyn[®] user manual, which is also available from the Phase Matrix website.

Ethernet Interface

The Ethernet hardware interface consists of an Ethernet adapter and cable kit and is pre-configured to use DHCP for IP address assignment. The accompanying cable is configured to provide power to the Ethernet adapter from the same 12-volt source that powers the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer. To communicate with the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer via Ethernet, a TCP/IP socket must be created on port 10001 of the Ethernet adapter IP address. All commands must be terminated by a termination character (13, 0X0D).

GPIB Interface

The GPIB hardware interface consists of a GPIB adapter and cable kit and is pre-configured to communicate with the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer at address 5. The accompanying cable is configured with +12V terminals to connect the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer to a DC power source. The GPIB adapter has a universal AC adapter and must be connected to regular AC line voltage. All commands must be terminated by a termination character (13, 0X0D).



RS232 Interface

The RS232 hardware interface consists of a cable kit to connect a PC's standard COM port (serial port) to the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer. The accompanying cable is configured with +12V terminals to connect the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer to a DC power source. All commands must be terminated by a termination character (13, 0X0D). The serial port parameters on the host PC must be set as 8 bits, no parity, 1 stop bit, 115200 baud, no flow control.

Main Commands

Two command sets are available for controlling the QuickSyn[®] synthesizer—QuickSyn[®] native commands and SCPI commands. The SPI interface will only accept the native command set while the other interfaces (i.e., USB, Ethernet, GPIB, and RS232) will accept both the native commands and SCPI commands. The synthesizer's operation modes, output frequency, and power are controlled by the main commands listed in Tables 2a, 2b, 2c, 2d, and 5. Query commands are listed in Table 3 (SPI), Table 4 (other interfaces), and Table 5 (SCPI).

Native commands for the USB, Ethernet, GPIB, and RS232 interfaces are formatted the same as SPI commands. However, these commands are formatted as ASCII representations of hexadecimal values (i.e., each hexadecimal character is one ASCII character). Thus, twice as many bytes are sent for each command. Note that only single-byte characters may be used for these commands because double-byte characters will not be interpreted correctly by the QuickSyn[®] module. Furthermore, these commands must be sent separately with each command terminated by a termination character (13, 0x0D). The query commands differ from SPI query commands; therefore, refer to the applicable query command table in this document.

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Decomination	Size		ader—	Parameter			
Description	(Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bytes	Bits	Values	
Set Output Frequency	7	0C	[55:48]	6	[47:0]	Units of 0.001Hz	
This commands	sets the fre	quency v	vith no cha	inge in p	ower or o	ther parameters.	
Set Output Power	3	03	[23:16]	2	[15:0]	Power in tenth_dBm, If Neg., t 15 = 1	
This commands	sets the pov	wer with	no change	in frequ	ency or o	ther parameters.	
Reset	1	0E	[7:0]				
The Reset comm	and sets th	e unit to	one of the	followir	ng three st	ates:	
1.	Factory de	fault					
	a. Outp	ut power	: OFF				

Table 2a Control Commands (no return data)

- b. Frequency: 10 GHz
 c. Power: +15 dBm
- Blanking: ON d.
- Reference source: internal e.
- Reference output: ON f.
- Pulse modulation: OFF g. AM modulation: OFF
- h. AM sensitivity: 0 i.
- FM modulation: OFF
- j. FM sensitivity: 0 k.
- Triggering: disabled 1.
- 2. User defined default 1

See command Save Current State in Flash below

3. User defined default 2

See command Save Current State in Flash below

Note: A delay or wait period of 2 ms is required after the Reset command is sent.

Blanking mode on/off	2	05	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	OFF(0) / ON(1)
Select Ref. Source:	2	06	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	Int(0) / Ext(1)
Reference Output	2	08	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	OFF(0) / ON(1)
RF Output	2	0F	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	OFF(0) / ON(1)
Pulse Modulation	2	09	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	OFF(0) / ON(1)
AM Modulation	2	0A	[15:8]	1	[7:0]	OFF(0) / ON(1)
Set AM Sensitivity	3	11	[23:16]	2	[15:0]	Units from 0 to 0FFF



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	Size	He	ader—			–Parameter––––			
Description	(Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bytes	Bits	Values			
FM Modulation Choices	2	0B	[15:8]	1	[0] [1] [2] [3] [4]	FM:OFF(0)/ON(1)Phase Mod:OFF(0)/ON(1)FM Wide:OFF(0)/ON(1)FM Narrow1:OFF(0)/ON(1)FM Narrow2:OFF(0)/ON(1)			
With FM on, frequency changes require 1 ms delay after the command is setup.									
Set FM Sensitivity	3	12	[23:16]	2	[15:0]	Units from 0 to 0FFF			
Adjust Internal Ref.	3	1B	[23:16]	2	[15:0]	Units from 0 to FFFF			
This requires a fe	w seconds	for hard	ware to up	odate.					
Save current state in Flash	2	26	[15:8]	1	[0:7]	1 or 2 only			
						2 (see Reset command) and tt saved default settings will be			
Restore current state from Flash	2	27	[15:8]	1	[0:7]	0, 1 or 2 only. 0 - default			
This command restores settings to the factory default 0, user-defined default 1, or user-defined default 2 and requires a 50 ms wait delay. When unit is power cycled, the last restored default settings will be used to initialize the unit.									
Lock Recovery	2	28	[15:8]	1	[0:7]	OFF(0) / ON(1)			
				1		y per frequency is allowed			

*When option is present

NOTE	The Synthesizer Reset command executes a full instrument re-initialization, which is functionally equivalent to a power up. All commands in progress will be aborted. The synthesizer will reset to a default state (frequency = 10 GHz, RF power = 0 dBm, RF Output = OFF).							
NOTE	If the SPI interface is used, each query command needs to be executed twice.							
	Examples:							
	1. Set Output Frequency to 9.876543210 GHz							
	• Convert 9.876543210 GHz to milliHertz: 9,876,543,210,000.							
	• Convert 9,876,543,210,000 to 48-bit Hex: 08 FB 8F D9 82 10							
	 Append Command Header (0C) in front of the Frequency: 0C 08 FB 8F D9 82 10 							
	• Send command: 0C 08 FB 8F D9 82 10							
	2. Set output power to 12 dBm:							
	• Convert 12 dBm to tenth_dBm: 120							
	• Convert 120 to 2-byte hex number: 0078							
	• Append Command Header (03) in front of power: 03 0078							
	• Send command: 030078							
	3. Set output power to -3dBm:							
	• Convert -3 dBm to tenth_dBm: -30							
	• Convert -30 to 2-byte hex number: FFE2							
	• Append Command Header (03) in front of power: 03 FFE2							
	• Send command: 03FFE2							
	4. Select FM Wide modulation							
	• Send command: 0B05							
	5. Set FM Sensitivity to 50%							
	• 50% of full scale (0FFF) is: 07FF							
	• Send command: 1207FF							



Table 2b Control Commands

	Size —Header—			Parameter			
Description	(Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bytes	Bits	Values	
List Point Setup and Write to Flash	16	13	[127:120]	2 6 2 4 1	[119:104] [103:56] [55:40] [39:08] [1] [0]	List point # (1 to 32767) Freq in milliHertz Power in tenth_dBm Dwell time in usec (5 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) in 5us increments. Pulse Mod: On(1)/Off(0) RF Output: On(1)/Off(0)	

This command places each point in temporary and permanent memory and requires a 300 ms wait delay.

List Point Setup and Write to 16 4A RAM only - Fast	[127:120]	2 6 2 4 1	[119:104] [103:56] [55:40] [39:08] [1] [0]	List point # (1 to 32767) Freq in milliHertz Power in tenth_dBm Dwell time in usec (5 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) in 5us increments. Pulse Mod: On(1)/Off(0) RF Output: On(1)/Off(0)
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This command only places each point in temporary memory and requires 100 μs wait delay.

Save List Table	1	4B	[07:00]	Saves the entire List Table
Table				

This command saves the list to permanent memory. A delay of at least 50 ms plus 2.5 ms per list_point is required before sending next command.

Run List Point	3	14	[23:16]	2	[15:0]	List point # (1 to 32767)
				4	[55:24]	Dwell time in usec (5 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) in 5us increments. If 0, List Point Dwell Time is used
1.404				2	[23:08]	# of times to run list 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite
List Setup And Run	8	15	[63:56]		[03:02]	Enable List Trigger(1) Enable List Point Trig(2)*
				1		Software Trigger (0)
					[01:00]	Direction Up(0) – Lo to Hi Down(1) – Hi to Lo Up & Down(2)

A list command cannot be executed with FM on.

*The minimum period of pulses in list-point-trigger mode is 150 μs

Stop List	1	20	[07:00]
Erase List	1	22	[07:00]

This command requires a wait delay of 200 ms.

NOTE

Before re-programming List Points, execute Erase List Command (0x22). Send a Reset command followed by an RF Output On command upon exiting List Mode to return to normal mode.

Examples:

 Set List Point 1 with Output Frequency of 9.111222333 GHz, Power +12 dBm, Dwell Time 3 sec, RF Output ON, Pulse Modulation OFF

Field	<u>List Point</u>	Frequency	Power	Dwell time
Units	No.	milliHertz	tenth_dBm	microseconds
Decimal	1	9111222333000	120	3000000
Hex	0001	08495F2BAE48	0078	002DC6C0

Command 13 00 01 08 49 5F 2B AE 48 00 78 00 2D C6 C0 01

2. Set List Point 2 with Output Frequency of **8.333222111 GHz**, Power **-12 dBm**, Dwell Time 4 sec, RF Output ON, Pulse Modulation OFF

	List				Pulse	<u>RF</u>
Field	<u>Point</u>	Frequency	<u>Power</u>	<u>Dwell time</u>	<u>Mod</u>	<u>Outp</u>
Units	No.	milliHertz	tenth_dBm	μs	Boolean	Boolean
Decimal	2	8333222111000	-120	4000000	OFF	ON
Hex	0002	07943ABE6718	FF88	003D0900		

Command 13 00 02 07 94 3A BE 67 18 FF 88 00 3D 09 00 01

- 3. Run List Point 2: 14 00 02
- 4. List Setup and Run applies to entire list. The List parameters are: Dwell Time: **10sec**, Number of times to execute list: **3**, List Point Trigger: ON, Direction: **UP**.

		<u>Times to</u>	<u>List Point</u>	
Field	<u>Dwell time</u>	Execute	<u>Trigger</u>	Direction
Units	μs	No.	Boolean	No.
Decimal	10000000	3	Yes	Up
Hex	00989680	0003	08	

Command 15 00 98 96 80 00 03 08



5. Wait 100 µs.

After this command is executed, external trigger signals should be applied for each List Point.

 List Setup and Run applies to the entire list. The list parameters are: Dwell Time: 5sec, Number of times to execute list: 1, List Trigger: ON, List Point Trigger: OFF, Direction: Down.

		<u>Times to</u>		
Field	<u>Dwell time</u>	Execute	<u>List Trigger</u>	Direction
Units	μs	No.	Boolean	No.
Decimal	50000000	1	Yes	
Hex	004C4B40	0001	05_	

Command 15 00 4C 4B 40 00 01 05

Table 2cControl Commands (fast sweep)

	Size	H	leader—		J	Parameter
Description	(Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bytes	Bits	Values
				6	[183:136]	Start Freq in mlHz
				6	[135:88]	Stop Freq in mlHz
				2	[87:72]	# of points (1 to 32767)
				2	[71:56]	Power in tenth_dBm
				4	[55:24]	Dwell time in usec (0 to
Fast						4,294,967,295(~1hr))
Frequency						In 5us increments
Sweep Setup	24	17	191:184	2	[23:08]	# of times to run sweep
and Run						1 to 32767, 0 - infinite
					[03:02]	Enable Sweep trigger(1)
						Enable Sweep Point trg(2)*
				1		Software Trigger (0)
					[01:00]	Direction $Up(0) - Lo$ to Hi
						Down(1) – Hi to Lo
						Up & Down(2)
This command						Up & Down(2)
This command *The minimum					r mode is 15	Up & Down(2)
					r mode is 15	Up & Down(2)
				int-trigge		Up & Down(2) 0 μs.
				int-trigger 2 2 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500)
				int-trigger	[151:136] [135:120]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm
*The minimum				int-trigger 2 2 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to
*The minimum				2 2 2 6 4	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr))
*The minimum Fast Power	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mIHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup				2 2 2 6 4	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite
*The minimum Fast Power	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1)
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1) Enable Sweep Point trg(2)
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08] [03:02]	Up & Down(2) 0 μs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1) Enable Sweep Point trg(2) Software Trigger (0)
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08]	Up & Down(2) D µs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1) Enable Sweep Point trg(2) Software Trigger (0) Direction Up(0) – Lo to Hi
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08] [03:02]	Up & Down(2) D µs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1) Enable Sweep Point trg(2) Software Trigger (0) Direction Up(0) – Lo to Hi Down(1) – Hi to Lo
*The minimum Fast Power Sweep Setup	period of	f pulses i	n sweep-po	2 2 2 6 4 2	[151:136] [135:120] [119:104] [103:56] [55:24] [23:08] [03:02]	Up & Down(2) D µs. Start Power in tenth_dBm Stop Power in tenth_dBm # of points (1 to 500) Freq in mlHz Dwell time in usec (0 to 4,294,967,295(~1hr)) # of times to run sweep 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite Enable Sweep trigger(1) Enable Sweep Point trg(2) Software Trigger (0) Direction Up(0) – Lo to Hi



Example:

1. Fast Frequency Sweep Setup and Run command.

Settings:

Start Frequency: 5 GHz

Stop Frequency: 8 GHz

Number of Points Between Frequencies (inclusive): 30

Power: 12 dBm

Dwell Time: 3 sec

Number of times to run sweep: 2

Enable Sweep Trigger: Yes

Enable Sweep Point Triggers: No

Direction: Up

	<u>Start</u>	<u>Stop</u>	<u>Num</u>			<u>Num</u>		
Field	Frequency	Frequency	<u>points</u>	Pwr	Dwell time	Runs	Trig	<u>Dir</u>
Units	milliHertz	milliHertz		tenth_dBm	μs		Bool	
Decimal	5000000000000	8000000000000	30	120	3000000	2	Yes	Up
Hex	048C27395000	0746A5288000	001E	0078	002DC6C0	0002	0	4—

17 04 8C 27 39 50 00 07 46 A5 28 80 00 00 1E 00 78 00 2D C6 C0 00 02 04

After this command is executed, ONE Sweep trigger signal should be applied.

	Size	—Н	eader—		J	Parameter	
Description	(Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bytes	Bits	Values	
				6	[215:168]	Start Freq in mlHz	
				6	[167:120]	Stop Freq in mlHz	
				6	[119:72]	Step Freq in mlHz	
				2	[71:56]	Power in tenth dBm	
				4	[55:24]	Dwell time in usec (0 to $4,294,967,295(\sim1hr)$)	
Normal						$4,294,907,295(\sim 111))$ In 5us increments	
Frequency				2	[23:08]	# of times to run sweep	
Sweep Setup	28	1C	223:216	2	[23.08]	1 to 32767	
and Run	20	10	223.210		[03:02]	Enable Sweep trigger(1)	
und rean					[00:02]	Enable Sweep Point trg(2)	
				1		Software Trigger (0)	
					[01:00]	Direction Up(0) – Lo to Hi	
						Down(1) - Hi to Lo	
						Up & Down(2)	
				2	[151:136]	Start Power in tenth dBm	
				2	[135:120]	Stop Power in tenth dBm	
				2	[119:104]	Step Power in tenth dBm	
				6	[103:56]	Freq in mlHz	
				4	[55:24]	Dwell time in usec (0 to	
Normal						4,294,967,295(~1hr))	
Power				2	[23:08]	# of times to run sweep	
Sweep Setup	20	1E	159:152			0 – infinite, 1 to 32767	
					[03:02]	Enable Sweep trigger(1)	
						Enable Sweep Point trg(2)	
				1	504 003	Software Trigger (0)	
					[01:00]	Direction $Up(0) - Lo$ to Hi	
						Down(1) - Hi to Lo	
						Up & Down(2)	
Stop Sweep	1	21	[07:00]				

 Table 2d Control Commands (normal sweep)

NOTE

All query commands must be sent twice. Data output from the unit can be read back after the second query command.

Description		-Com	mand-					
		He	ader	Don't care		Retur		n Data
	Size (Bytes)	Code	Bits	Bits	Total Bytes	Bytes	Data bits	Values
Get ID	12	01	[95:88]	[87:0]	12	1 2 2 2 5	[95:88] [87:72] [71:56] [55:40] [39:00]	'Don't Care' Model# Option# Soft.ver. Serial#
Get Status	2	02	[15:8]	[7:0]	2	1	 [15:8] [0] [1] [2] [3] [4] [5] [6] [7] 	'Don't Care' No Ext Ref(0) Ext Ref(1) RF locked(0) RF unlocked(1) Ref locked(1) RF Outp Off(0) RF Outp Off(0) RF Outp On(1) Voltage OK(0) Voltage Err(1) REF outp off(0) REF outp off(0) Blanking off(0) Blanking off(0) Lock recovery on(1)/off(0)
Get Freq	7	04	[55:48]	[47:0]	7	1 6	[55:48] [47:0]	'Don't Care' mlHz
Get Power	3	0D	[23:16]	[15:0]	3	1 2	[23:16] [15:0]	'Don't Care' dBm x10
Ref Source Query	2	07	[15:8]	[7:0]	2	1 1	[15:8] [0:7]	'Don't Care' Int(0)/Ext(1)
Get Temperature	3	10	[23:16]	[15:0]	3	1 2	[23:16] [15:0]	'Don't Care' Temper. x10
Get Modulation	2	47	[15:8]	[7:0]	2	1	[15:8] [0] [1] [2]	'Don't Care' Pulse on(1)/off(0) AM on(1)/off(0) FM NB1 on(1)/off(0
						1	[2] [3] [4]	FM NB2 on(1)/off(0 FM WIDE
							[5]	on(1)/off(0) PHASE on(1)/off(0)
Get AM Sensitivity	3	48	[23:16]	[15:0]	3	1 2	[23:16] [15:0]	'Don't Care' AM sense
Get FM Sensitivity	3	49	[23:16]	[15:0]	3	1 2	[23:16] [15:0]	'Don't Care' FM sense

Table 3 SPI Query Commands (with return data)

*When option is present.

Example:

Get Output Frequency

- Send command: 04 00 00 00 00 00 00
- Send command: 04 00 00 00 00 00 00
- Read Data: 00 08 FB 8F D9 82 10
- Disregard 'Don't Care' bits [55:48] 00. Convert 08 FB 8F D9 82 10 to decimal to get frequency in milliHertz: 9,876,543,210,000

NOTE

Only the Get Temperature command must be sent twice. All other data output from the unit can be read back after the first query command.

Command			Return Data				
Descr iption	Size (Bytes)	Code	Total Bytes	Bytes	Data bits	Values	
Get ID	2	01	22	2	[87:72]	Model#	
				2	[71:56]	Option#	
				2	[55:40]	Soft.ver.	
				5	[39:00]	Serial#	
Get Status	2	02	2		[0]	No Ext Ref(0) Ext Ref(1)	
					[1]	RF locked(0) RF unlocked(1)	
				1	[2]	Ref locked(0) Ref unlocked(1)	
					[3]	RF Outp Off(0) RF Outp On(1)	
					[4]	Voltage OK(0) Voltage Err(1)	
					[5]	REF outp off(0) REF outp on(1)	
					[6]	Blanking off(0) Blanking on(1)	
					[7]	Lock recovery on(1)/off(0)	
Get Freq	2	04	12	6	[47:0]	mlHz	

Table 4Query Commands (with return data) for Native USB, Ethernet,GPIB, and RS232



Command			Return Data				
Descr iption	Size (Bytes)	Code	Total Bytes	Bytes	Data bits	Values	
Get Power	2	0D	4	2	[15:0]	dBm x10	
Ref Source Query	2	07	2	1	[0:7]	Int(0)/Ext(1)	
Get Temperature	2	10	4	2	[15:0]	Temper. x10	
Get Modulation	2	47	2		[0]	Pulse on(1)/off(0)	
Modulation					[1]	AM on(1)/off(0)	
					[2]	FM NB1	
				1	[3]	on(1)/off(0)	
					[4]	FM NB2 on(1)/off(0)	
					[5]	FM WIDE on(1)/off(0)	
						PHASE on(1)/off(0)	
Get AM Sensitivity	2	48	4	2	[15:0]	AM sense	
Get FM Sensitivity	2	49	4	2	[15:0]	FM sense	

Example:

Get Output Frequency

- Send command: 04
- Read Data: 08 FB 8F D9 82 10
- Convert **08 FB 8F D9 82 10** to decimal to get frequency in milliHertz: **9,876,543,210,000**

NOTE

SCPI commands can only be used with QuickSyn[®] synthesizers that have version 100 or higher firmware.

<u>Comman</u> d	Parameter	Result	Description	Example
FREQ	Value GHz, MHz, KHz, mlHz[default]		Set Output Frequency	FREQ 2.2GHz
FREQ?		Value in mlHz	Get Output Frequency	FREQ? 2200000000000
POW	+/- XX.X [DBM]		Set Output Power	POW -8.3
POW?		Value in dBm	Get Output Power	POW? -8.3
*RST	NONE		Reset	*RST
OUTP:BLAN	ON/OFF		Blanking mode Enable/Disable	
OUTP:BLAN	?	1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get blanking mode	OUTP:BLAN? 1
ROSC:SOUR	EXT/INT		Select Ref. Source	ROSC:SOUR EXT
ROSC:SOUR	?	EXT/INT	Get Ref. Source	
OUTP:ROSC	: ON/OFF		Reference	OUTP:ROSC:ST
STAT			Output	AT ON
			Enable/Disable	
OUTP:ROSC STAT?	:	1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get Reference Output Status	OUTP:ROSC:ST AT? 1
OUTP:STAT	ON/OFF		RF Output Enable/Disable	OUTP:STAT
OUTP:STAT	?	1(ON)/0(OFF)		OUTP:STAT?
PULM:STAT	ON/OFF		Pulse Modulation Enable/Disable	PULM:STAT ON
PULM:STAT	?	1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get Pulse Modulation Status	PULM:STAT? 1
AM:STAT	ON/OFF		AM Modulation Enable/Disable	AM:STAT ON
AM:STAT?		1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get AM Modulation Status	AM:STAT? 1
AM:DEPT	0 TO 4095 – DAC Value		Set AM Sensitivity	AM:DEPT 2000
AM:DEPT?		0 TO 4095 – DAC Value	Get AM Sensitivity	AM:DEPT? 2000
FM:MODE	1 - Phase Mod 2 - FM Wide 3 - FM Narrow1 4 - FM Narrow2		FM Modulation Choices	
FM:MODE?	i Tivi ivaitow2	 Phase Mod FM Wide FM Narrow1 FM Narrow2 	Get type of FM modulation.	FM:MODE? 2
FM:STAT	ON/OFF		FM Enable/Disable	FM:STAT ON
FM:STAT?		1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get FM Status	FM:STAT? 1
FM:SENS	0 TO 4095 – DAC Value		Set FM Sensitivity	FM:SENS 2000
FM:SENS?		0 TO 4095 – DAC Value	Get FM Sensitivity	FM:SENS? 1

Table 5 SCPI Commands for USB, Ethernet, GPIB, and RS232



~	_			
	Parameter	Result	Description	Example
	R 0 TO 65535 – DAC		Adjust Internal	DIAG:CAL:REF
EF:DAC	Value		Ref. DAC Value	:DAC 30000
DIAG:CAL:R	l	0 TO 65535 - DAC Value	Get Internal	DIAG:CAL:REF
EF:DAC?			Ref. DAC	:DAC?
			Value	30000
*SAV	1,2 - States		Save current	*SAV 1
			state in Flash	
*RCL	0 – factory default		Restore current	*RCL 0
	1 – setting 1		state from	
	2 – setting 2		Flash	
FREQ:LRST			Lock Recovery Enable/Disable	
FREQ:LRSTA	A T?	1(ON)/0(OFF)	Get Lock	FREQ:LRSTAT
			Recovery	?
			Status	1
LIST:PVEC	1) List point # (1 to 32767	7),		LIST:PVEC
	2) Freq,			1,3GHz,4dBm,1s
	3) Power (dBm)			,OFF,ON,F
	4) Dwell time in us, ms, s			
	(from 5us to 4,294 s (~1h	r)),		
	default - us		List Point	
	5) Pulse Mod (On/OFF)		Setup	
	6) RF Output (On/Off)			
	7) Save to Flash (F or f) – Optional field			
LIST:SAV	None		Save List	LIST:SAV
			Table to Flash	
LIST:PVEC:F	R List point # (1 to 32767)		Run List	LIST:PVEC:RU
UN			Point	N 1
LIST:SETUP	1) Dwell time in us, ms, s			LIST:SETUP
	(from 5us to 4,294 s (~1h	r)),		2s,0,2,2,RUN
	default - us			
	2) # of times to run list (1	to		
	32767), 0 - infinite			
	3) Trigger:			
	0 – Software Trig		List Setup	
	1 – List Trig		(And Run –	
	2 – List Point Trig		Opt)	
	4) Direction:			
	0 - Lo to Hi			
	1 – Hi to Lo			
	2 – Up & Down 5) Ontional field			
	5) Optional field 'RUN' – run list,			
	Don't otherwise			
LICT.CTAD	Γ) # of times to run list (1		Start List	LIST:STAR 5
LIST.51AK(to 32767), 0 - infinite		Execution	L131.31AK 3
LIST:STOP	None		Stop List	LIST:STOP
LIST:ERAS	None		Erase List	LIST:ERAS
LISTERAS	none		LIDE LISE	LIST.EKAS

Command	Parameter Result	Description	Example	
	1) Start Freq	Fast	SWE:FAST:FR	
	2) Stop Freq	Frequency	Q:SETUP	
	3) # of points (1 to 32767) in	Sweep Setup	2GHz,10GHz,80 2dBm,1s,	
	the sweep	(and Run –		
	4) Power (dBm)	Opt)	10,0,0	
	5) Dwell time in us, ms, s	- 1 - 7	-) -) -	
	(from 5us to $4,294 \text{ s} (\sim 1 \text{hr})$),			
	default - us			
	6) # of times to run sweep			
	1 to $32767, 0 - infinite$			
	7) Trigger:			
	0 – Software Trig			
	1 – Sweep Trig			
	2 – Sweep Point Trig			
	8) Direction:			
	0 - Lo to Hi			
	1 - Hi to Lo			
	2 - Up & Down			
	9) Optional field 'PLIN' run guage Dan't			
	'RUN' – run sweep, Don't			
OWE EAST.E	otherwise	64++ FE 6	QWE-EACT-EE	
	R # of times to run sweep	Start FF Sweep	SWE:FAST:FR	
	1 to 32767, 0 - infinite	Fast	Q:STAR 0	
	1) Start Power		SWE:FAST:PC	
OW:SETUP	2) Stop Power 2) # a far a inter (1 to 500) in the	Power	W:SETUP	
	3) # of points (1 to 500) in the	Sweep Setup	1.2,5.2,40,10GI	
	sweep	(and Run –	z,500ms,0,	
	4) Freq	Opt)	1,2, RUN	
	5) Dwell time in us, ms, s			
	(from 5us to 4,294 s (~1hr)),			
	default - us			
	6) # of times to run sweep			
	1 to 32767, 0 – infinite			
	7) Trigger:			
	0 – Software Trig			
	1 – Sweep Trig			
	2 – Sweep Point Trig			
	8) Direction:			
	0 – Lo to Hi			
	1 – Hi to Lo			
	2 – Up & Down			
	9) Optional field			
	'RUN' – run sweep, Don't			
	otherwise			
	otherwise			
SWE:FAST:P	# of times to run sweep 1	Start FP Sweep	SWE:FAST:PC	



Command	Parameter	Result	Description	Example
	1) Start Freq		Normal	SWE:NORM:FR
FREQ:SETU	P 2) Stop Freq		Frequency	EQ:SETUP
	3) Step Freq		Sweep Setup	2GHz,8GHz,1G
	4) Power (dBm)		(and Run –	Hz,0dBm,5ms,
	5 Dwell time in us, ms, s		Opt)	200,2,2,RUN
	(from 5us to 4,294 s (~11	nr)),		
	default - us			
	6) # of times to run swee	р		
	1 to 32767, 0 – infinite			
	7) Trigger:			
	0 – Software Trig			
	1 – Sweep Trig			
	2 – Sweep Point Trig			
	8) Direction:			
	0 - Lo to Hi			
	1 – Hi to Lo			
	2 – Up & Down			
	9) Optional field 'RUN' – run sweep, De	on't		
	otherwise	on t		
SWEINORM	F # of times to run sweep		Start NE Sween	SWE:NORM:FR
	(1) 1 to 32767, 0 - infinite		Start INF Sweep	EQ:SETUP 1
	1) Start Power		Normal Power	SWE:NORM:PO
	2) Stop Power		Sweep Setup	W:SETUP
10.0101	3) Step Power		(and Run –	w.5E101
	4) Freq		(and Kull – Opt)	- 2.0,5.0,1.0,5GHz
	5) Dwell time in us, ms,	s	Opt)	,50ms,0,
	(from 5us to 4,294 s (~11	nr))		1,2
	default - us			-,=
	6) # of times to run swee	p		
	1 to 32767, 0 – infinite	r		
	7) Trigger:			
	0 – Software Trig			
	1 – Sweep Trig			
	2 - Sweep Point Trig			
	8) Direction:			
	0 – Lo to Hi			
	1 – Hi to Lo			
	2 – Up & Down			
	Optional field			
	'RUN' – run sweep, D	on't		
	otherwise			
	P # of times to run sweep		Start NP Sweep	SWE:NORM:PO
OW:STAR(T	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			W:STAR 3
SWE:STOP	None		Stop Sweep	SWE:STOP
*IDN?		Character String	Get ID	*IDN?
				Phase
				Matrix,FSW-
				0010,
				0000007f,0,300a

Command	Parameter	Result	Description	Example
STAT?	 [15:8] - 'Don't Care' [0] - No Ext Ref(0) Ext Ref(1) [1] - RF locked(0) RF unlocked(1) [2] - Ref locked(0) Ref unlocked(1) [3] - RF Outp Off(0) RF Outp On(1) [4] - Voltage OK(0) Voltage Err(1) [5] - REF outp off(0) REF outp on(1) [6] - Blanking off(0) Blanking on(1) [7] - Lock recovery on(1)/off(0) 		Get Status	STAT? 00A8
DIAG:MEAS		Value Deg. C	Get Temperature	DIAG:MEA ? 21 38.9
DIAG:MOD?		[15:8] - 'Don't Care' [0] - Pulse on(1)/off(0) [1] - AM on(1)/off(0) [2] - FM NB1 on(1)/off(0) [3] - FM NB2 on(1)/off(0) [4] - FM WIDE on(1)/off(0) [5] - PHASE on(1)/off(0)	Get Modulation	DIAG:MOD 10
DIAG:BAUD Baud Rate			Set debug port (used for RS232,GPIB, Ethernet)	DIAG:BAU 115200
DIAG:BAUD	?	Value		DIAG:BAU ? 115200