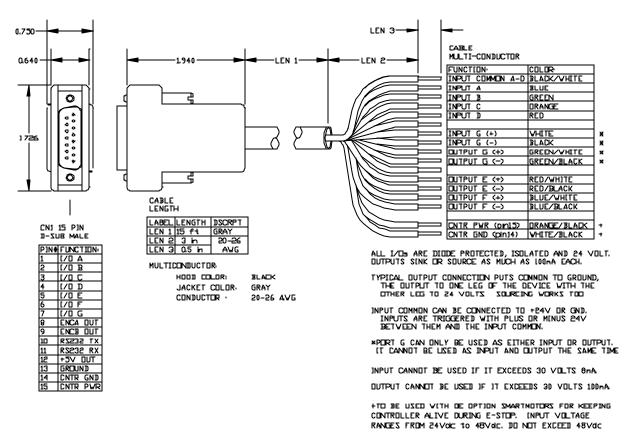
CLBIO4352DEx1 USER'S MANUAL

Overview

The CBLIO4352DEx¹ is a cable with a DB15 connector that converts 5VDC SmartMotor I/O to 24VDC I/O. The user has the option of using the CBLIO4352DE cable with four digital inputs and three digital outputs or five digital inputs and two outputs and brings 24Vdc or 48Vdc to the SmartMotor's control for SmartMotor with the DE option. This will allow user to take away power to the motor but keep power to the controller alive. This cable connects directly into the SmartMotor's DB 15 I/O connector (CN2) on the SM23xxD and SM34xxD series.



Inputs A to D can be set to either all sourcing or sinking inputs. Port G input is independent from input A to D. Outputs E, F, and G are wired independently so they can either be sourcing or sinking.

RATING: Input min. voltage 24 VDC max. voltage 30 VDC min. current 5 mA max. current 8 mA Output max. voltage 30 Vdc max. current 100 mA

¹ If x is H, cable is 5m long

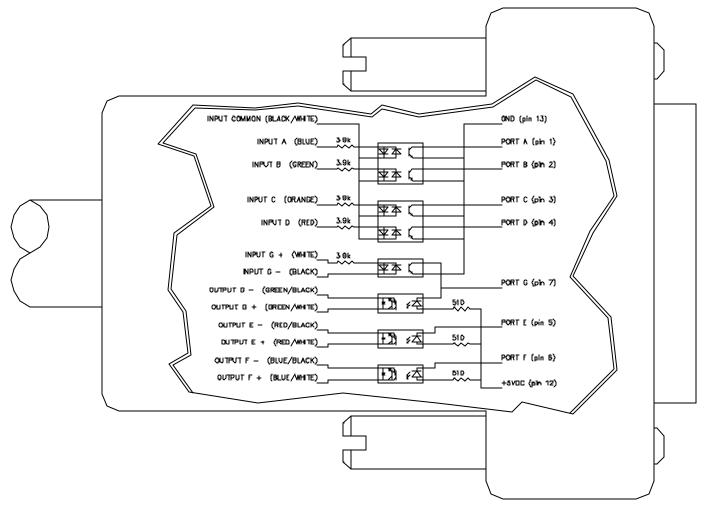
If x is -10M, cable is 10m long

Damage may occur if these maximum ratings are exceeded. **SmartMotor Interface**

PIN	SIGNAL	DESCRIPTION
1	input A	Digital input A / Encoder input A / Step input (input frequency
		50kHz)
2	input B	Digital input B / Encoder input B / direction input (input frequency
		50kHz)
3	input C	Digital input C / Positive Limit
4	input D	Digital input D / Negative Limit
5	output E	Digital output E
6	output F	Digital output F
7	input/output G	Digital input G / Digital output G (can only use either input or output)
12	+5Vdc	+5Vdc output
13	GND	Signal Ground
14	CNTR GND	for SmartMotor with DE option, Control GND
15	CNTR PWR	for SmartMotor with DE option, Control POWER

The CBLIO4352DE cable uses the SmartMotor's I/O pins as listed:

Schematic



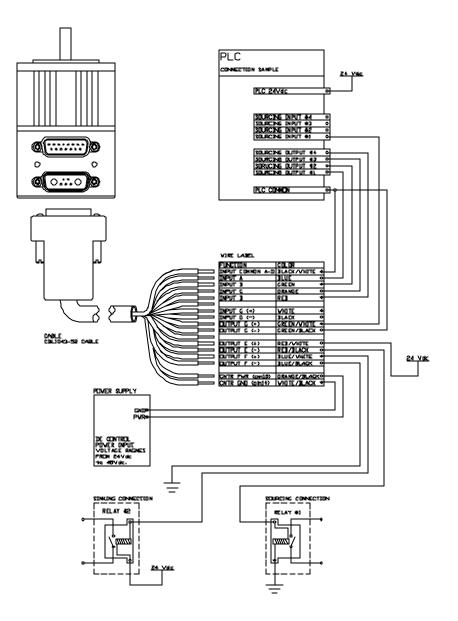
DE Control Power Input Rating

min. voltage	24VDC
max. voltage	48VDC
min. current	20mA
max. current	80mA

Damage may occur if these maximum ratings are exceeded.

Application

The CBLIO4352DE cable is used to interface the SmartMotor with a PLC and some coil relay. A sample application wiring is shown below:



The above diagram is an example of using the CBLIO4352 cable to interface the SmartMotor with a PLC. The sample program below reads output signal from the PLC to determine which predefined profile to run. After a move completed, the SmartMotor will signal back to the PLC. Also, the SmartMotorTM will send outputs to if the an error occurred.

```
'SAMPLE PROGRAM USING I/O
'INPUT A to C for PLC profile selection
'INPUT D for read ready
'OUTPUT G motor signal PLC after motion completed
'OUTPUT E and F to turn on/off pump and value
'initialize I/O ports
              'initialize port A as input, signal input bit 0
UAI
              'initialize port B as input, signal input bit 1
UBT
UCP
              'initialize port C as RT Limit input
UDM
              'initialize port D as LT Limit input
UE = 1
              'set output E off
              'initialize port E as output, trajectory start(high)/ended(low)
UEO
UF=1
              'set output F off
UFO
              'initialize port F as output, fault(high)
              'initialize port G as input, read ready trigger
UGT
'set Acceleration/velocity
              'set motor to ModePosition
MP
A=8*100
              'set acceleration to 100 rps^2 for motors with 500 line encoder
V=32212*30
             'set velocity to 30 rps for motors with 500 line encoder
'read/check input loop
                                          'infinite WHILE LOOP
WHILE 1
                                          'gate, waiting for PLC read ready signal
       WHILE UGI==1 LOOP
       UF = 1
                                          'reset the fault output if any
       ab[0]=UAI
                                          'if input A triggered, UAI will read 0,
                                          ' otherwise ab[0] is 1
       ab[1]=UBI*2
                                          'if input B triggered, UBI will read 0,
                                          ' otherwise ab[1] is 2
       a=ab[0]+ab[1]
                                          'summing up the binary values
       SWITCH a
                                          'comparing each binary value with the
                                          ' SWITCH/CASE
                                          ' statement
                                          'CASE 0 when B A triggered ( 0 0 )
              CASE 0
                     PRINT("CASE 0 move to P=8000",#13)
                     P = 8000
                                          'set position value
                                          'GO to SUBroutine CO to start motion and
                     GOSUB0
                                          ' error handling
              BREAK
                                          'BREAK out of SWITCH statement
                                          'CASE 1 when B \_ triggered ( 0 1 )
              CASE 1
                     PRINT("CASE 1 move to P=10000",#13)
                     P=10000
                                          'set position value
                     GOSUB0
                                          'GO to SUBroutine CO to start motion and
                                          ' error handling
              BREAK
              CASE 2
                                          'CASE 2 when \_ A triggered ( 1 0 )
                     PRINT("CASE 2 move to P=-8000",#13)
                     P = -8000
                             'set position value
                     GOSUB0
                                          'GO to SUBroutine CO to start motion and
                                          ' error handling
              BREAK
                                          'CASE 3 when
              CASE 3
                                                          _ triggered ( 0 0 )
                     PRINT("CASE 3 move to P=-10000",#13)
                     P = -10000
                                          'set position value
                     GOSUB0
                                          'GO to SUBroutine CO to start motion and
                                          ' error handling
              BREAK
       ENDS
                                          'ENDS for closing SWITCH statement
LOOP
                                          'LOOP for closing WHILE statement
                                          'END marks end of program
```

END

C0 'Label for subroutine CO UE = 0'output high, trajectory started 'start trajectory (motion)
'wait until trajectory ends (motion stopped) G TWAIT 'reset signal to RESET MOTION (low) signal UE = 1to PLC IF Be 'checking excessive position error bit PRINT("excessive position error occured",#13) 'print to terminal window UF=0 'set fault signal (high) ENDIF IF Bp 'checking RT limit bit PRINT("RT Limit reached",#13) 'print to terminal window 'set fault signal (high) UF = 0ENDIF 'checking LT limit bit 'print to terminal window IF Bm PRINT("LT Limit reached",#13) UF = 0'set fault signal (high) ENDIF IF Bh 'checking over temperature bit PRINT("Over Temperature Occured", #13) 'print to terminal window UF = 0'set fault signal (high) ENDIF RETURN 'RETURN to main program

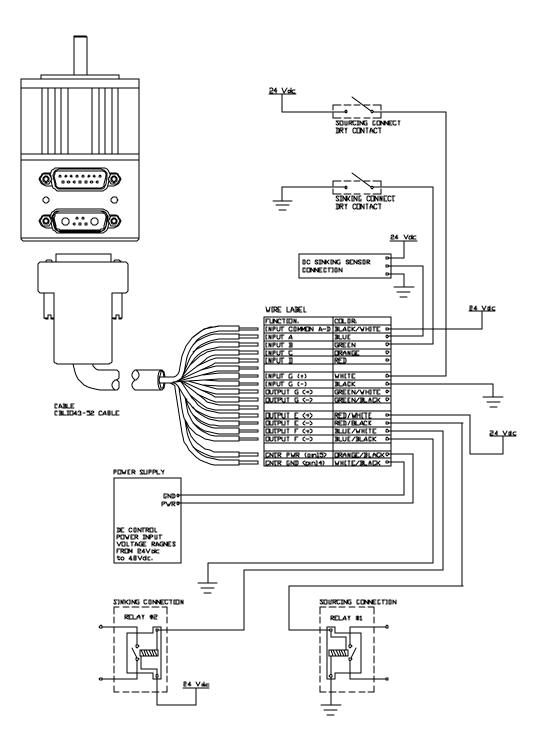
You probably noticed that the motor is reading the signal low when high signal is being sent to the CBLIO4352DE cable. If you prefer the motor to read a high signal when high signal is being sent to the cable, you can mask the input value by using the following command:

a=UAI==0 `this sets a to 1 if UAI is trun, which in this case if UAI is 0 (low)

I/O Commands:

UAI	`initialize port A as input
UBI	'initialize port B as input
UCI	`initialize port C as input
UDI	`initialize port D as input
UCP	'initialize port C as Right Limit (Port C is right limit by default)
UDM	'initialize port D as Left Limit (Port D is left limit by default)
UGI	`initialize port G as input (port G can only be used as either
UGO	'initialize port G as outputinput or output)
UG=1	'set output G off (output line open)
UG=1	'set output G on (output line close)
UEO	`initialize port E as output
UE = 1	'set output E off (output line open)
UE = 0	'set output E on (output line close)
UFO	`initialize port F as output
UF=1	`set output F off (output line open)
UF = 0	`set output F on (output line close)
d=UCI	`store the input state value of port C into variable d
IF UAI	`using with IF statement, true => UAI is 1
ENDIF	
IF UAI==0	'using with IF statement, true => UAI is 0
IF UAL==0 ENDIF	using with if statement, true => DAI is 0
ENDIE	

Sample Wiring Diagram:



For further details about I/O commands and program flows, please refer to the SmartMotorTM Users Guide.