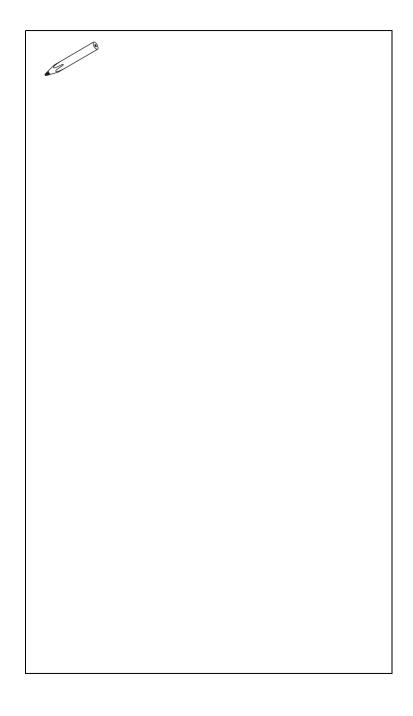
GE Sensing

# Druck DPI 820

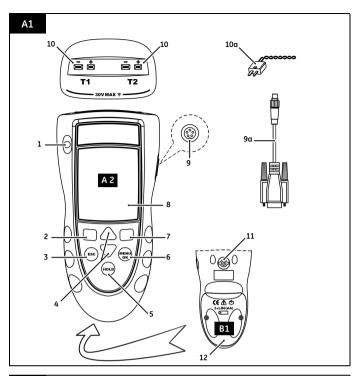
Dual input thermometer

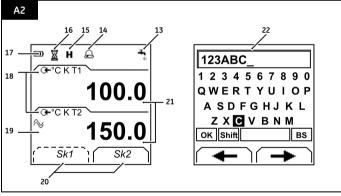
User manual - K0386

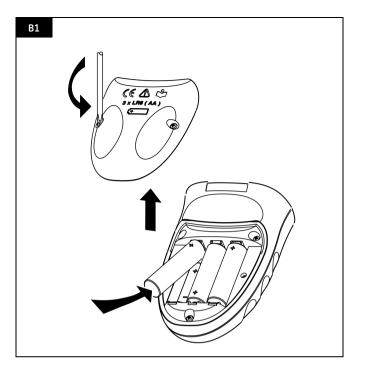












# Customer service

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#### Introduction

The DPI 820 Dual Input Thermometer is part of the Druck DPI 800 series of hand held instruments.

The DPI 800 series uses Intelligent Digital Output Sensor (IDOS) technology to give instant plug and play functionality with a range of Universal Measurement Modules (UMM). Example: the Universal Pressure Module (LIPM)

The DPI 820 includes these functions:

THE DITIOZO INCIDUES THESE TUNCTIONS.
Function
* Measure temperature: T1 and/or T2
* Measure temperature difference: T1 - T2
* Cold Junction (CJ) compensation: Automatic/Manual
Snapshot: Up to 1000 displays with a date/time stamp
Communications port: IDOS or RS232
Language selection
** Measure pressure/Leak test: External IDOS UPM
Other functions: Hold, Maximum/Minimum/Average, Filter, Tare, Scaled values, Backlight, Alarm

- Refer to "Specification data".
- \*\* Optional item

# Safety

Before you use the instrument, make sure that you read and understand all the related data. This includes: all local safety procedures, the instructions for the UMM (if applicable), and this publication.

#### WARNING

- It is dangerous to ignore the specified limits for the instrument or to use the instrument when it is not in its normal condition. Use the applicable protection and obey all safety precautions.
- Do not use the instrument in locations with explosive gas, vapor or dust. There is a risk of an explosion.
- To prevent electrical shocks or damage to the instrument, do not connect more than 30V between the terminals, or between the terminals and the ground (earth).
- UPM only. To prevent a dangerous release of pressure, isolate and bleed the system before you disconnect a pressure connection.

Continued

# Safety (Continued)

Before you start an operation or procedure in this publication, make sure that you have the necessary skills (if necessary, with qualifications from an approved training establishment). Follow good engineering practice at all times.

# Safety - Marks and symbols on the instrument

$\epsilon$	Complies with European Union directives	<u>^</u>	Warning - refer to the manual
•	Read the manual	⊡	Battery
÷	Ground (Earth)	0	ON/OFF
X	Do not dispose of this product as household waste. Refer to "Maintenance".		
T1/T2	Identifies the thermocouple connector		

#### To start

## To start - Location of items A1

Iten	n	Description		
1.	0	On or off button.		
2.	==	Left-hand soft-key. Selects the function above it on		
		the display (Item 20). Example: Edit		
3.		Moves back one menu level.		
	ESC	Leaves a menu option.		
		Cancels the changes to a value.		
4.	•	Increases or decreases a value.		
	•	Highlights a different item.		
5.	HOLD	Holds the data on the display. To continue, press the		
	HOLD	HOLD button again.		
		If Snapshot is on (Item 16): HOLD records the data on		
		the display.		
6.	MENU	Shows the Select Task menu.		
	OK	Selects or accepts an item or value.		
	Oit	Selects [ $\checkmark$ ] or cancels [ $\ $ ] a selection.		
7.		Right-hand soft-key. Selects the function above it on		
		the display (Item 20). Example: Settings		
8.		Display. Refer to A2		
9.	SENSOR	Communications port. Use to connect a Universal		
	/PC	Measurement Module (UMM) or a RS232 cable.		
9a.		Optional item - Part No. IO800D: RS232 cable (5-pin to		
		9-pin D type connector). Use to copy the snapshot		
		records to a PC or to a printer. Refer to "Operation".		
10.		Thermocouple connector: Refer to "Operation".		
10a	1.	Type K thermocouple (two included).		
11.		Connection point for some of the optional		
		accessories. Refer to the datasheet.		
12.		Battery compartment. Refer to B1.		

#### To start - Items on the display A2

Item		Description		
13.	Ŧ,	UPM only. Task indication for the leak test.		
		Refer to: Select Task (Table 2)		
14.		The measured value satisfies one of the alarm		
	₽	conditions. Refer to: Settings (Table 3)		
15.	н	The data on the display is on hold. To continue, press		
	п	the <b>HOLD</b> button again.		
16.	/ <del>□</del>	The Snapshot function is set up to record the data on		
	<b>₽\</b> \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	the display (Keypress or Periodic).		
		Refer to "Operation" (Table 4)		
17.		Shows the battery level: 0 100%.		
18.	G+	Identifies the type of data: measurement range, units,		
	٠.	thermocouple type (K, J, T ), T1/T2 - If applicable.		
		Q+ = Input		
		Refer to: Select Task (Table 2)		
19.	$\sim$	Shows the settings applied to the input (If applicable		
		123ABC = x:y scaled value		
		= Filter 🔺 = Maximum		
		₹ = Average		
		<b>T</b> = Tare		
		Refer to: Settings (Table 3)		
20.		A soft-key function. To select an available function,		
		press the soft-key below it. Example:		
		= Move left = Move right		
21.		The measured value or values applicable to the task		
		selection.		
22.		The <i>Edit</i> display to set up text labels ( $\leq$ 6 characters):		
		Snapshot (Table 1), x:y Scaling (Table 3).		
		OK = Accept the new text label		
		Shift = Change the keys: 123ABC or+abc		
		= Add a space		
		<b>BS</b> = Back space (Delete character)		

# To start - Prepare the instrument

Before you use the instrument for the first time:

- Make sure that there is no damage to the instrument, and that there are no missing items.
- Remove the plastic film that protects the display. Use the tag () in the top right-hand corner.
- Install the batteries (refer to B1). Then re-attach the cover.

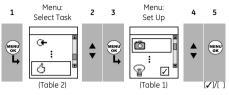
#### To start - Power on or off

To turn the instrument on or off, press  $\bigcirc$  (A1 - item [1]). The instrument does a self test and then shows the applicable data.

When the power is off, the last set of configuration options stays in memory. Refer to "Maintenance".

#### To start - Set up the basic operation

Use the Set Up menu to set up the basic operation of the instrument.



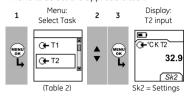
If there is additional data for a menu option, select Settings ( ) to see the values that are set up. If necessary, adjust the values.

Table 1: Menu options - Set Up

	- Tuble 1. Mena options - Set op
Options	Description
(If applicable)	
r	To set up and use the Snapshot functions.
	Additional data: Refer to "Operation" (Table 4)
Scale	To select the applicable international temperature
	scale: IPTS 68 or ITS 90.
CJ	To select the type of cold junction (CJ)
	compensation.
	Automatic: The instrument monitors the CJ
	temperature and applies the necessary CJ
	compensation.
	Manual: Measure the CJ temperature and set the
	applicable value. The instrument uses this value to
	apply the necessary CJ compensation.
	Additional data (Manual): Select Settings (■ ■)
1	To select and set up the backlight facility + timer.
	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)
0/I	To select and set up the power off facility + timer.
0,1	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)
•	To show the battery level (%).
<b>/</b>	To set the display contrast (%).
•	▲ Increases %, ▼ decreases %
Ö	To set the time + date. The calibration facility uses
•	the date to give service and calibration messages.
	Snapshot adds a date/time stamp to each display.
<b>©</b> 4	To set the language option.
C.	To calibrate the instrument.
Þ	Additional data: Refer to "Calibration".
(T)	To select and show the applicable status data.
1	(Software Build, Calibration Due date, Serial
	Number, IDOS Information).

#### To start - Select a task (Measure)

When the instrument is set up (Table 1), use the Select Task menu to select the applicable task.



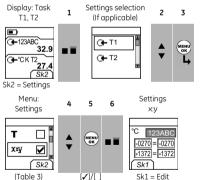
In Table 2, IDOS is a Universal Measurement Module (UMM). If you attach a UMM to the communications port (A1 - item [9]), the *Select Task* menu shows the applicable IDOS options.

Table 2: Menu options - Select Task

Options	Description
(If applicable)	
<b>G←</b> T1	Selects one temperature measurement task (T1, T2, T1-T2). T1-T2 gives the temperature difference.
G+ G+	Selects two temperature measurement tasks (T1 and T2).
②★ IDOS	UMM only. An IDOS measurement task.
O+ ®+	UMM only. Selects one temperature measurement
	task (T1, T2, T1-T2) + an IDOS measurement task.
<b>⊕</b> IDOS <b>→</b>	$\emph{UPM only}.$ Selects the IDOS pressure measurement task + leak test.
ථ	To set up the way the instrument works.  Additional data: Refer to: Set Up (Table 1).

# To start - Set up the settings

When the task is set up (Table 2), use the Settings menu to adjust the measurement operation.



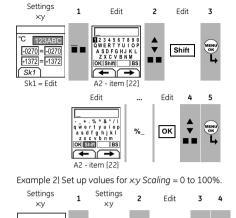
If there is additional data for a menu option, select Settings ( ) to see the values that are set up. If necessary, adjust the values. Refer to "Edit functions".

Table 3: Menu options - Settings

	dole 3: Mena options - Settings		
Options	Description		
(If applicable)			
Units	To select the temperature units (°C or °F).		
	UPM only = "Pressure Units" if you select an IDOS		
	task (Table 2). Select one of the fixed units of		
	measurement (psi, mbar ).		
type	To select an applicable thermocouple		
	type (K, J, T )		
▲▼	To include maximum, minimum and average		
	values for the measurement task. Only available		
	when there is one input measurement task.		
т	To select and set up a tare value for the		
-	measurement task (a specified value or the reading		
	on the display).		
	The instrument subtracts a positive tare value, and		
	adds a negative tare value.		
	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)		
X:Y	To select and set up a scale of values: One local		
	scale for each measurement task (Maximum: 5).		
	Additional data (Example 1/2): Select Settings (■ ■)		
$\sim$	To select and set up the filter values to give a		
	smoother output for the measurement task:		
	Band as a % of full scale (FS). The filter		
	compares each new value with the previous		
	value. If the new value is outside the band, it is not		
	filtered.		
	Low pass filter time constant in seconds. Increase the value to increase damping		
	factor.		
	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)		
₽	To select and set up the alarm values for the		
	measurement task (maximum and minimum).		
	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)		
0.0	UPM only. Gage sensors or sensors with differential		
	operation. A zero correction that makes the		
	instrument read zero at local pressure.		
Ŵ	Leak Test only. To set an applicable period for the leak test (Hours:Minutes:Seconds).		
	ieak test (Hours:Minutes:Seconds).		

#### To start - Edit functions

Example 1) Set up a label for x:y Scaling = %.



# Operation

Sk1 = Fdit

°C %

+1372 = +1372

This section gives examples of how to connect and use the instrument. Before you start:

= -000.00

+0100.0

• Read and understand the "Safety" section.

= -0270

= +1372

• Do not use a damaged instrument.

#### Operation - Thermocouple connections

Attach the thermocouple wires to the applicable thermocouple mini-connector (Figure 1). The wider blade is the negative.

Then attach the connector to the instrument.

### **Operation - Communications port connections**

Use the communications port (A1 - item [9]) to attach an IDOS Universal Measurement Module (UMM) or an RS232 device.

#### **IDOS Communications**

When you attach the cable from a UMM (Figure 3/4), the instrument automatically changes the menus to give you all the applicable options (Table 2).

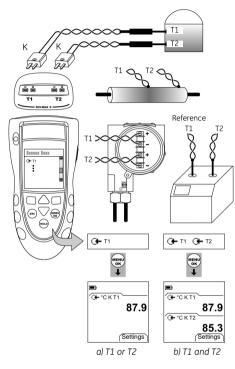
#### RS232 Communications

Use an RS232 cable (A1 - item [9a]) to transmit all the Snapshot data to a PC or a printer (Table 4).

# Operation - Measure temperature

To measure temperature:

- 1. Connect the applicable thermocouples (Figure 1/2) and, if necessary, adjust the Set Up (Table 1).
- 2. Select a *Temperature* input task from *Select Task* (Table 2) and, if necessary, adjust the *Settings* (Table 3).



**Figure 1:** Example configurations - To measure the temperature with one or two thermocouples

The examples in Figure 1 show how to compare temperatures or measure different temperatures in a system.

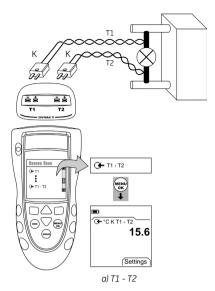
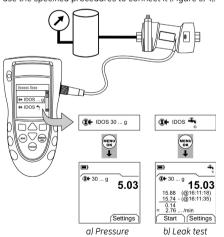


Figure 2: Example configuration - To measure the temperature difference

#### Operation - UPM Pressure measurements

Read all the instructions supplied with the UPM and then use the specified procedures to connect it (Figure 3/4).



**Figure 3:** Example configuration - Pressure measurement with a UPM

When the connections are complete, make the necessary IDOS selections (Table 2).

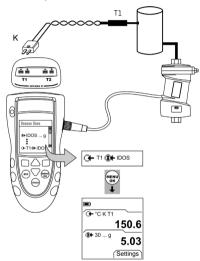
If you re-attach a UPM, the instrument uses the same measurement units that you used before. The instrument keeps a record for the last 10 modules.

#### UPM - Measure the pressure

To measure the pressure (Figure 3):

- Select the applicable pressure task from Select Task (Table 2) and, if necessary, adjust the Set Up (Table 1), and the Settings (Table 3).
- 2. If necessary, do a zero correction (Table 3).

To measure pressure with another operation (Figure 4), use the same procedure.



**Figure 4:** Example configuration - To measure pressure and temperature

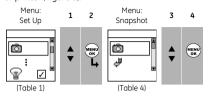
# UPM - Leak test

To do a leak test on a pressure system (Figure 3):

- Select an applicable leak test from Select Task (Table 2) and, if necessary, adjust the Set Up (Table 1), and the Settings (Table 3).
- 2. Set the period for the leak test (Table 3).
- 3. If necessary, do a zero correction (Table 3).
- To start the leak test, select Start (■ ■). When the test is finished, the instrument calculates the leak rate in the applicable units/minute.

#### Operation - Use the Snapshot functions

Use *Snapshot* to record up to 1000 displays then examine the results on the display, or transmit all the data to a PC or printer (Figure 5).



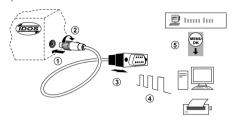
If there is additional data for a menu option, select Settings ( ) to see the values that are set up. If necessary, adjust the values.

Table 4: Snapshot functions

Table 4. Shapshot falletions	
Options	Description
	Use Snapshot Setup to set up a tag name for the Snapshot file (refer to "To start - Edit functions") and to select the Snapshot method.
	Keypress: Use this option to record an individual display each time you press HOLD.
	Periodic: Use this option to record the displays at specified intervals of time. Press HOLD to start.
	Additional data: Select Settings (■ ■)  Off - Snapshot is off
Ê	To show the available <i>Snapshot</i> data on the display. Use these keys: ▲, ▼, MENU/OK
	To transmit all the <i>Snapshot</i> data to a PC or a printer (Figure 5).
	To erase all the <i>Snapshot</i> data.
	To show the amount of memory used (%). Total memory = 12 288 bytes Capacity $\approx$ 1000 displays (one measurement) Capacity $\approx$ 750 displays (two measurements)
	Example:  One file ≈ 96 bytes (no Settings)  For each display in the file:  Date/Time = 8 bytes; Each value = 4 bytes  One display (One measurement) = 12 bytes

#### Snapshot - Use the Snapshot data

Use HOLD to record the data (Table 4). When you have sufficient records, select  $Stop\ Log\ (\blacksquare\ \blacksquare)$ . You can then read the data back on the display or transmit it to a PC or printer.



Step	Procedure
1,2	A1 - Item 1b (Optional): Connect the 5-pin
	connector to the IDOS instrument.
3	A1 - Item 1b (Optional): Connect the 9-pin
	connector to the serial port on the PC or to a serial
	printer (refer to the PC or printer instructions).
4	PC: Make sure that Windows® HyperTerminal or
	similar program is set up to use the specified data
	format (refer to your PC on-line Help).
	Serial printer: Make sure that the printer can use
	the specified data format.
	Data format
	Baud rate: 19200 Data bits: 8
	Parity: None Stop bits: 1
	Software handshake: Xon/Xoff Flow Control.
	ASCII format text; Comma delimited
	ASCII Setup: Make sure that the ASCII Receiving
	option is set to "Append line feeds to incoming line
	ends"
⑤	Transmit the data to the PC or printer (Table 4).
	PC: Use Windows <sup>®</sup> HyperTerminal or a similar
	program to make a text file. You can then import
	the text file into a spreadsheet.

Figure 5: Procedure to transmit the Snapshot data

#### Snapshot - Contents of the Snapshot data

Model	820		(English text only)
Serial No	820000001		
Calibration	01/01/2004		
due			
Tag	H2O-1		
Task Id	110		
T1 in			
Date	Time	°C K T1	
08/07/2004	12:06:44	27.6	
08/07/2004	12:06:46	27.2	
Tag	B145		
Task Id	164		
T1 In	Tare On		
T2 In	Filter On	Tare On	
Date	Time	°C K T1	°C K T2
08/07/2004	14:41:36	32.5	32.4
08/07/2004	14:41:38	32.5	32.4
08/07/2004	14:41:41	32.4	32.5

Figure 6: Example Snapshot data

# Operation - Error indications

If the display shows <<<< or >>>>:

- Make sure that the range is correct.
- Make sure that all the related equipment and connections are serviceable.

#### Maintenance

This section gives procedures to maintain the unit in a good condition. Return the instrument to the manufacturer or an approved service agent for all repairs. Do not dispose of this product as household waste. Use an approved organisation that collects and/or recycles waste electrical and electronic equipment.

For more information, contact one of these:

- our customer service department: (Contact us at www.gesensing.com)
- · your local government office.

#### Maintenance - Clean the unit

Clean the case with a moist, lint-free cloth and a weak detergent. Do not use solvents or abrasive materials.

# Maintenance - Replace the batteries B1

To replace the batteries, refer to B1. Then re-attach the cover.

Make sure that the time and date are correct. The calibration facility uses the date to give service and calibration messages.

All the other configuration options stay in memory.

#### Calibration

Note: GE can provide a calibration service that is traceable to international standards.

We recommend that you return the instrument to the manufacturer or an approved service agent for calibration.

If you use an alternative calibration facility, make sure that it uses these standards.

#### Calibration - Before you start

To do an accurate calibration, you must have:

- the calibration equipment specified in Table 5.
- a stable temperature environment:  $70 \pm 2$ °F ( $21 \pm 1$ °C)

Table 5: Calibration equipment

Function	Calibration equipment
mV	mV calibrator.
	Accuracy: Refer to Table 7.
CJ	- Standard RTD probe
	Accuracy: 50 mK for 23 82.4°F (-5 28°C)
	- Digital thermometer
	Accuracy: 10 mK
Pressure	UPM only. Refer to the user manual for the IDOS
	UPM.

Before you start the calibration, make sure that the time and date on the instrument are correct (Table 1).

Selection sequence:

➤ Select Task (Table 2) ➤ Set Up (Table 1) ➤ Calibration ➤

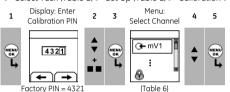


Table 6: Calibration options

Options		Description
O+	mV	To calibrate the specified thermocouple channel.
O+	CJ	To calibrate the specified cold junction channel.
<b>®</b> + ID	OS	UMM only. To calibrate the specified IDOS UMM. Refer to the user manual for the IDOS UMM.
Þ		Calibration Due: To set the date of the next calibration for the instrument. After the specified calibration date, there is a warning message. There is a selection box to stop the warning.
<b>⊕</b>		To change the calibration PIN (Personal Identification Number).

When you select a channel, the display shows the applicable instructions to complete the calibration. When the calibration is complete, select *Calibration Due* and set the new calibration date for the instrument.

#### Calibration - Procedures (mV input)

- 1. Connect the instrument to the calibration equipment: mV input = Figure 1
- Let the equipment get to a stable temperature (minimum: 5 minutes since the last power on).
- Use the calibration menu (Table 6) to do the calibration: mV input = three-point calibration (-FS, Zero and +FS).

Note: mV range = -10 ... 100 mV

- 4. To make sure that the calibration is correct, set up an applicable T1/T2 input task (Figure 1).
- 5. Apply a range of mV values that are applicable to the specified thermocouple (Table 7).
- Make sure that the error is in the specified limits: use the applicable values from Table 7 and the reference table for the thermocouple.

Table 7: mV input error limits

Input	Calibrator error (mV)	Permitted DPI 820 error (mV)
(mV)	O⊫ mV	O⊢ mV
±5	0.0004	0.009
0	-	0.008
10	0.0005	0.010
20	0.0006	0.011
50	0.0008	0.016
75	0.0010	0.018

#### Calibration - Procedures (CJ input)

- 1. Connect the instrument to the calibration equipment (Figure 1).
- 2. Let the equipment get to a stable temperature (minimum: 5 minutes since the last power on).
- Use the calibration menu (Table 6) to do a one-point calibration (+FS). The display shows the applicable instructions to complete the calibration.
- 4. To make sure that the calibration is correct, select the applicable T1/T2 input task (Table 2).
- Make sure that the DPI 820 gives a probe temperature that agrees with the temperature on the digital thermometer +0.2°F (0.1°C).

# Calibration - Procedures (IDOS UMM)

Refer to the user manual for the IDOS UMM.
When the calibration is complete, the instrument automatically sets a new calibration date in the UMM.

# Specification data

All accuracy statements are for one year.

#### Specification - General

Languages	English [Default]
Operating	14 122°F (-10 50°C)
temperature	
Storage	-4 158°F (-20 70°C)
temperature	
Humidity	0 to 90% without condensation
	(Def Stan 66-31, 8.6 cat III)
Shock/Vibration	BS EN 61010:2001; Def Stan 66-31, 8.4 cat III
EMC	BS EN 61326-1:1998 + A2:2001
Safety	Electrical - BS EN 61010:2001; CE Marked
Size (L: W: H)	7.1 x 3.3 x 2.0 in
	(180 x 85 x 50 mm)
Weight	14 oz (400 g)
Power supply	3 x AA alkaline batteries
Duration	T1, T2: ≈ 70 hours
(Measure)	

#### Specification - Temperature ranges

Thermocouple type	Standard	Range °F	Range °C	Accuracy °F *	Accuracy °C *
K	IEC 584	-454328	-270200	3.6	2.0
K IEC 584		-328 2502	-200 1372	1.1	0.6
J IEC 584		-346 2192	-210 1200	0.9	0.5
T	IEC 584	-454292	-270180	2.5	1.4
T	IEC 584	-29294	-18070	0.9	0.5
T	IEC 584	-94 752	-70 400	0.6	0.3
В	IEC 584	122 932	50 500	9.4	5.2
В	IEC 584	932 2192	500 1200	3.6	2.0
В	IEC 584	2192 3308	1200 1820	2.2	1.2
R	IEC 584	-58 32	-50 0	5.4	3.0
R	IEC 584	32 572	0 300	3.6	2.0
R	IEC 584	572 3214	300 1768	1.8	1.0
S	IEC 584	-58 32	-50 0	4.5	2.5
S	IEC 584	32 212	0 100	3.4	1.9
S	IEC 584	212 3214	100 1768	2.5	1.4
E	IEC 584	-454238	-270150	1.6	0.9
E	IEC 584	-238 1832	-150 1000	0.7	0.4
N	IEC 584	-4544	-27020	1.8	1.0
N	IEC 584	-4 2372	-20 1300	1.1	0.6
L	DIN 43710	-328 1652	-200 900	0.6	0.3
U	DIN 43710	-328 212	-200 100	0.9	0.5
U	DIN 43710	212 1112	100 600	0.6	0.3
С		32 2732	0 1500	1.8	1.0
С		2732 3632	1500 2000	2.5	1.4
С		3632 4208	2000 2320	3.4	1.9
D		32 3092	0 1700	1.8	1.0
D		3092 3992	1700 2200	2.9	1.6
D		3992 4514	2200 2490	6.5	3.6
XA (K) **		-454 2502	-270 1372	-	0.6 ***
ЖК (J) **		-346 2192	-210 1200	-	0.5 ***
MK (T) **		-454 752	-270 400	-	0.3 ***
ΠP (B) **		122 3308	50 1820	÷	1.2 ***
ПП (S) **		-58 3214	-50 1768	-	1.4 ***
XK (E) **		-454 1832	-270 1000	-	0.4 ***
BP-1 **	ΓΟCT 50431-92	32 4532	0 2500	-	2.5 ***
XK(r) / XK(pyc) **	ΓΟCT 50431	-328 1472	-200 800	-	0.25 ***

<sup>\*</sup> Mid-point value for the specified range. To calculate the actual error at a specified temperature, use the mV specification and the reference table for the applicable thermocouple.

#### Cold Junction (CJ) error (Maximum):

Range 50° ... 86°F (10 ... 30°C) = 0.4°F (0.2°C)

# Specification - mV range

Range (mV)	Impedance	Accuracy
-10 100	< 0.2 Ω	0.02% of reading + 0.01% FS

<sup>\*\*</sup> Only available with Russian versions of the DPI 820. \*\*\* Best accuracy for the range.