



---

## MiRNA Plate Assay Kits for Different Cancers

Catalog Number MA-0105

(For Research Use Only)

---

### Introduction

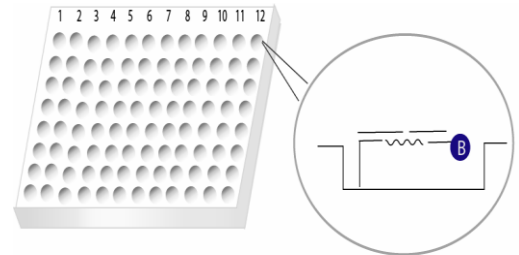
MicroRNAs (miRNAs) regulate up to 30% of mammalian gene expression. Aberrant expression of miRNAs has shown to associate with human cancers. Profiling of miRNA expression displays a set of unique miRNAs in a variety of cancers. Signosis developed a panel of miRNA plate assay kits to analyze these miRNA molecules.

### Principle of the assay

Signosis' proprietary miRNA plate array is a plate-based detection. In the assay, one miRNA molecule is flanked by a capture oligo and a biotinylated detection oligo through two bridge oligos. One of the bridge oligos is partially hybridized with the miRNA molecule and the capture oligo and another one with the miRNA and the detection oligo. The hybrid is captured onto plate through hybridization with an immobilized oligo and detected by a streptavidin-HRP conjugate and chemiluminescent substrate. This hybrid structure is sensitive to the sequence of the miRNA molecule. One nucleotide difference can prevent the formation of the hybrid and therefore miRNA isoform can be differentiated, which normally is hard to do with Northern blot. In addition, the sensitivity of the assay is higher than miRNA Northern blot assay.

### Materials provided with the kit

- One 96-well white plate (4°C)
- Streptavidin-HRP conjugate (4°C)
- Plate hybridization buffer (RT)
- 5x Plate hybridization wash buffer (RT)
- Block buffer (RT)
- 5x Detection wash buffer (RT)
- Substrate A (4°C)
- Substrate B (4°C)
- Substrate dilution buffer (RT)
- 8 different miRNA oligo mixes



Chemiluminescent detection with a plate reader

Diagram of miRNA plate array

### Material required but not provided

- Hybridization incubator
- Shaker
- Plate reader for chemiluminescent detection
- ddH<sub>2</sub>O (RNAase free)

### Reagent preparation before starting experiment

- Warm up Plate hybridization buffer and Hybridization Wash buffer at 45 °C before use.
- Dilute 30ml of 5x Plate Hybridization wash buffer with 120 ml of dH<sub>2</sub>O before use.
- Dilute 40ml of 5x Detection wash buffer with 160 ml of dH<sub>2</sub>O before use.
- Dilute 1000 times of streptavidin-HRP with block buffer before use at Step 7.

## Assay procedure

1. Warm up the plate to room temperature, and arrange the appropriate number of the wells of the plate based on your experiment by removing the top foil sealing film with a blade. Keep the unused well sealed.

Make fresh 30X dilution of each oligo mix with RNase free water

Mix the following items in one well.

- 2ul -5 µl RNA (0.2µg-2 µg)
- 100 µl Plate hybridization buffer
- 4 µl oligo mix
- 4ul Biotin Detection Oligo

2. Seal the wells with foil film securely and incubate the plate at 50°C overnight. Ensure the numbers and letters on the plate are clearly visible from under foil seal by pressing the foil down on every single experimental well. *Put an open container with water in the incubator to keep humidity and prevent evaporation from experimental wells.*
3. Invert the plate over an appropriate container and expel the contents forcibly, and wash the plate 3 times by adding 200µl of pre-warmed 1x Plate Hybridization Wash Buffer.
4. Complete removal of liquid at each wash by firmly tapping the plate against clean paper towels.
5. Add 200µl of Block buffer incubate for 15 minutes at room temperature with gentle shaking.
6. Invert the plate over an appropriate container to remove block buffer.
7. Add 100 µl of diluted streptavidin-HRP conjugate to each well and incubate for 30 min at room temperature with gentle shaking.
8. Wash the plate 3 times with 1X Detection wash buffer. Complete removal of liquid at each wash by firmly tapping the plate against clean paper towels.
9. Freshly prepare the substrate solution:  
For the whole plate:
  - 1ml Substrate A
  - 1ml Substrate B
  - 8ml Substrate dilution buffer
10. Add 95µl substrate solution to each well and incubate for 1 min.
11. Place the plate in the luminometer, and read. Set integration time to 1 second with no filter position. For the best results, read the plate within 5-20 minutes.