# DISCOVERY user manual

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## **CONTENTS**

introduction 3
personal computer minimum requirements 3
personal computer recommended requirements 3
scheme of the installation procedure (case with epp port) 4
scheme of the installation procedure (case with fdl interface card) 5
connecting the fdl card to the pc 6
library & fdl-pci installation
windows xp 7
software installation procedure 10
linux 11
windriver registration 13
connecting cables and power leads 16
detail of the doscovery connectors 16
15-pin parallel port connector 17
9-pin user port connector 18
power supply connector 18
optical window cleaning 19
specifications 20
index 21

#### INTRODUCTION

DISCOVERY CCD camera is marked by high sensitivity, reduced weight and dimensions and low costs.

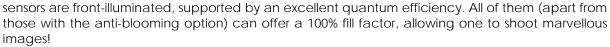
As it is characterised by high integration, it offers quality performances like a professional CCD: fast downloading of image (up to 100 Kpixel/s with bidirectional parallel port) and a high dynamic range. This is thanks to the use of a 14 bit A/D Converter with programmable CDS at 64 amplification gains with changeable offset. The latter characteristic enables us to better optimise the binning function modalities.

The camera is connected to the PC by means of a bi-directional parallel port.

Powered at 10-15 volt it can also be used in the open air using a car battery.

Every component is integrated in the aluminium head: CCD, electromechanical shutter, Peltier cooling system, electronics.

This series uses Kodak KAF CCD sensors, displaying a wide range of resolutions and pixels dimensions. The



Among the main application fields: Astronomy, Plasma Physics.



#### PERSONAL COMPUTER MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- CPU Celeron 1 Ghz.
- 256 Mb di RAM.
- Microsoft Windows 98, ME.
- An EPP port to be used for the connection between the PC and the camera.

#### PERSONAL COMPUTER RECOMMENDED REQUIREMENTS

- CPU Pentium IV 2 GHz
- 512 Mb RAM.
- Colour monitor 19".
- A FDL-PCI interface card

## SCHEME OF THE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE (case with EPP port):

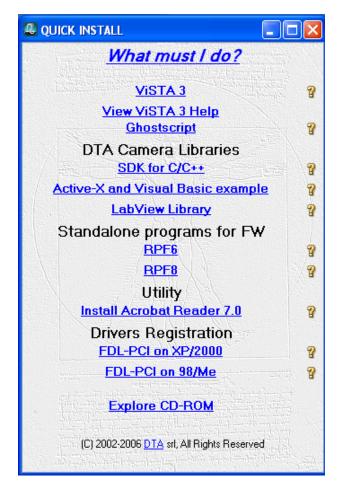
When you use the camera for the first time, you must install the ViSTA software.

Insert the ViSTA 3 CD-ROM, provided with the camera, into the CD-ROM reader, wait a few seconds so as to allow the PC to load the "QUICK INSTALL" menu.

Let click on ViSTA 3 and QUICK INSTALL will start and take you through the process of installing the software.

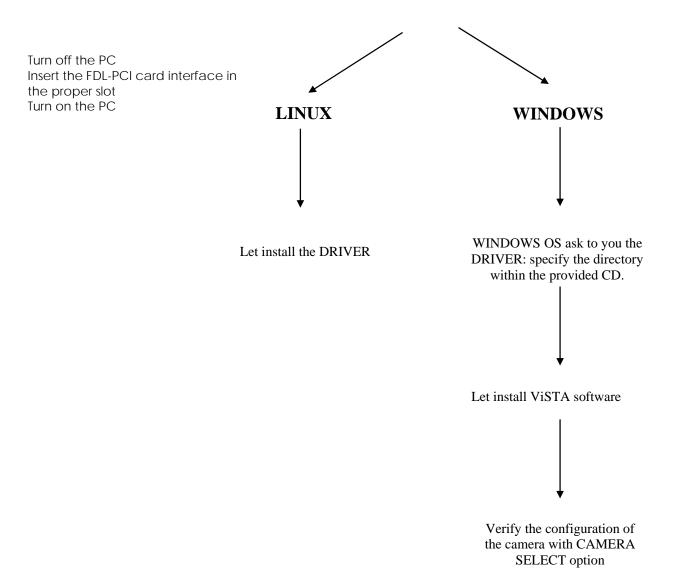
The default settings will install the full software package and all options.

You may be asked to reboot the PC if certain files in use by Windows needs to be updated.



## SCHEME OF THE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE (case with FDL Interface card)

When you use the camera for the first time, you must install the library and the FDL-PCI interface. For this purpose, please follow the procedure described in the next pages and schematized in the diagram below:



## CONNECTING THE FDL INTERFACE CARD TO THE PC

To install your FDL interface card, do as follow:

- ⇒ Turn your PC off, including any peripheral.
- ⇒ Remove the external case of the PC (please see the relevant instructions in the PC Handbook).
- ⇒ Choose a free PCI expansion slot. Remove the relevant back cover by means of a screwdriver.
- ⇒ Insert the camera interface card into the



mann niiiiiii

immiiii

⇒ Reassemble the PC case.

screwing the relevant screw again.

Turn the PC on once again. The interface card installation has been completed.

In case of a fiber optic link connection, a dedicated FDL-PCI is provided with the proper connectors.

## LIBRARY & FDL-PCI INSTALLATION

The installation of the library is always linked to the installation of the camera, of course. For this purpose you just need to install the PCI interface as well.

Let's analyse the sequence of operations to be carried out. It will be shown the example with WINDOWS XP Operating System. The operations are similar for the other Operating Systems.

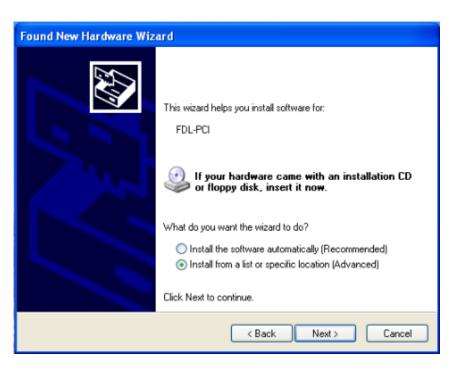
Once you turn the system on for the first time with the FDL-PCI interface on, you will be asked to specify where the available drivers are. Follow the steps on the basis of your Operative System.

#### WINDOWS XP

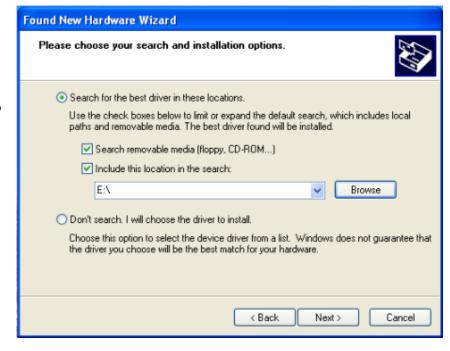
Insert the FDL-PCI card into the slot of the motherboard and turn the PC on. As soon as the system gets started, a window (like the one shown below) will appear, noticing you a new hardware was found. You'll be requested to connect for Windows update, let select: "No, not at this time".



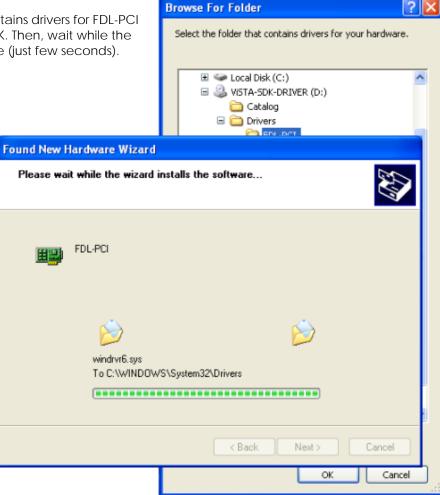
Insert the "ViSTA" CD into the CD-ROM reader, close the "Quick Install" (it may open due to the CD autorun). Select the option "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" (recommended choice). Then click on "Next" to continue the installation.



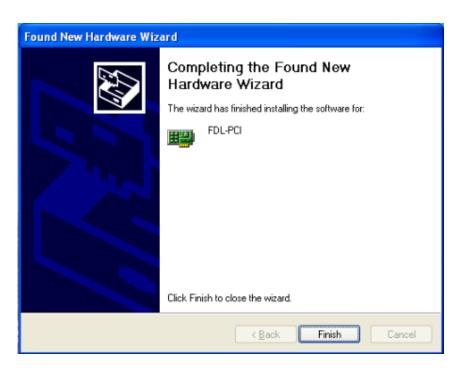
Check the function selected in the window (recommended choice) below (in this case, E:\ indicates the CD-ROM drive) and click on next to continue. The PC will start to search for the most suitable driver to the peripheral.



Select the folder that contains drivers for FDL-PCI hardware and click on OK. Then, wait while the wizard installs the software (just few seconds).



When the installation has been completed, a window like the one below will appear.
Click on finish to close the wizard and restart the PC (recommended choice).



## **SOFTWARE INSTALLATION PROCEDURE:**

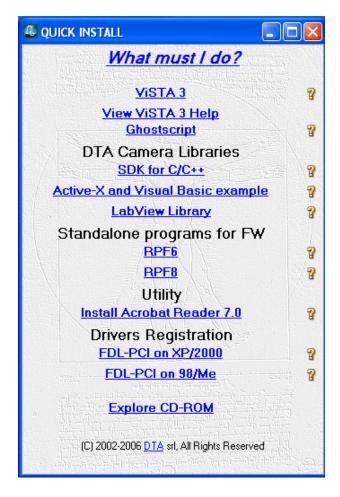
When you use the camera for the first time, you must install the ViSTA software.

Insert the ViSTA 3 CD-ROM, provided with the camera, into the CD-ROM reader, wait a few seconds so as to allow the PC to load the "QUICK INSTALL" menu.

Let click on ViSTA 3 and QUICK INSTALL will start and take you through the process of installing the software.

The default settings will install the full software package and all options.

You may be asked to reboot the PC if certain files in use by Windows needs to be updated.



#### LINUX

## **System Requirements**

- Linux 2.0.31 or higher (can be embedded Linux or Linux 2.4x)
- An x86 processor.
- Any 32-bit development environment supporting C (such as GCC).

## Preparing the system for installation

In Linux, kernel modules must be compiled with the same header files that the kernel itself was compiled with. Since WinDriver installs the kernel module **windrvr6.o**, it must compile with the header files of the Linux kernel during the installation process.

Therefore, before you install WinDriver for Linux, verify that the Linux source code and the file **versions.h** are installed on your machine:

#### Install linux kernel source code

- If you have yet to install Linux, please choose **Custom** installation when performing the installation and then choose to install the source code.
- If Linux is already installed on the machine, you must check to see if the Linux source code
  was installed. You can do this by looking for linux in the /usr/src directory. If the source code
  is not installed, you can either reinstall Linux with the source code, as described above, or
  you can install the source code by following these steps:
  - 1. Login as super user.
  - 2. Type:

/\$ rpm -i /<source location>/ <Linux distributor>/RPMS/kernel-source-<version number>

(For example: to install the source code from the Linux installation CD-ROM, for RedHat 7.1, type:

/\$ rpm -i /mnt/cdrom/RedHat/RPMS/ kernel-source-2.4.2.-2.i386rpm)

If you do not have an RPM with the source code, you may download it from: http://rpmfind.net/linux/RPM/.

#### Install version.h

- The file version.h is created when you first compile the Linux kernel source code. Some
  distributions provide a compiled kernel without the file version.h. Look under
  /usr/src/linux/include/linux/ to see if you have this file. If you do not, please follow these
  steps:
  - 1. Type:

/\$ make xconfig

- 2. Save the configuration by choosing Save and Exit.
- 3. Type:

/\$ make dep.

Before proceeding with the installation, you must also make sure that you have a linux symbolic link. If you do not, please create one by typing:

/usr/src\$ In -s <target kernel>/ linux

(For example: for Linux 2.4 kernel type:

/usr/src\$ In -s linux-2.4/ linux)

#### Installation

- Insert the DTA SDK CD into your Linux machine CD drive or copy the downloaded file to your preferred directory.
- Change directory to your preferred installation directory (your home directory, for example): /\$ cd ~
- 3. Extract the file **WDxxxLN.tgz** (where xxx is the version number):
  - ~\$ tar xvzf /<file location>/WDxxxLN.tgz

For example:

- o From a CD:
  - ~\$ tar xvzf /mnt/cdrom/LINUX/WDxxxLN.tgz
- o From a downloaded file:
  - ~\$ tar xvzf /home/username/WDxxxLN.tgz
- 4. Change directory to WinDriver (this directory gets created by tar):
  - ~\$ cd WinDriver/

#### NOTE:

From version 5.x and above this directory gets created by tar, but in versions preceding 5.x the WinDriver directory does not get created by the extraction. Therefore, when working with versions preceding 5.x (version 4.33, for example) first create a directory (e.g., WinDriver) before proceeding with the installation.

(/\$ mkdir ~/WinDriver)

- 5. Install WinDriver:
  - a. ~/WinDriver\$ make
  - b. Become super user:
    - ~/WinDriver\$ su
  - c. Install the driver:
    - ~/WinDriver# make install
- 6. Create a symbolic link so that you can easily launch the DriverWizard GUI
  - ~/WinDriver\$ In -s ~/WinDriver/wizard/wdwizard/ usr/bin/wdwizard
- 7. Change the read and execute permissions on the file **wdwizard** so that ordinary users can access this program.
- 8. Change the user and group ids and give read/write permissions to the device file /dev/windrvr6 depending on how you wish to allow users to access hardware through the device.
- 9. You can now start using WinDriver to access your hardware and generate your driver code!

## **Restricting Hardware Access on Linux**

#### CAUTION:

Since /dev/windrvr6 gives direct hardware access to user programs, it may compromise kernel stability on multi-user Linux systems. Please restrict access to the DriverWizard and the device file /dev/windrvr6 to trusted users.

For security reasons the WinDriver installation script does not automatically perform the steps of changing the permissions on /dev/windrvr6 and the DriverWizard executable (wdwizard).

#### WINDRIVER REGISTRATION

After the installation of the drivers for the FDL-PCI card, we need to record the files to make them work properly. Insert the "ViSTA 3" CD into the CD-ROM reader, wait a few seconds so as to allow the PC to load the "QUICK INSTALL" menu.

Once the PC has loaded the "QUICK INSTALL" menu, follow the steps below:

 Register the drivers according to your Operating System, clicking on the proper **Drivers** Registration field:

**FDL-PCI on XP/2000** (for WINDOWS XP/2000)

**FDL-PCI on 98/Me** (for WINDOWS 98/Me)

 Install ViSTA 3 just clicking on the proper field



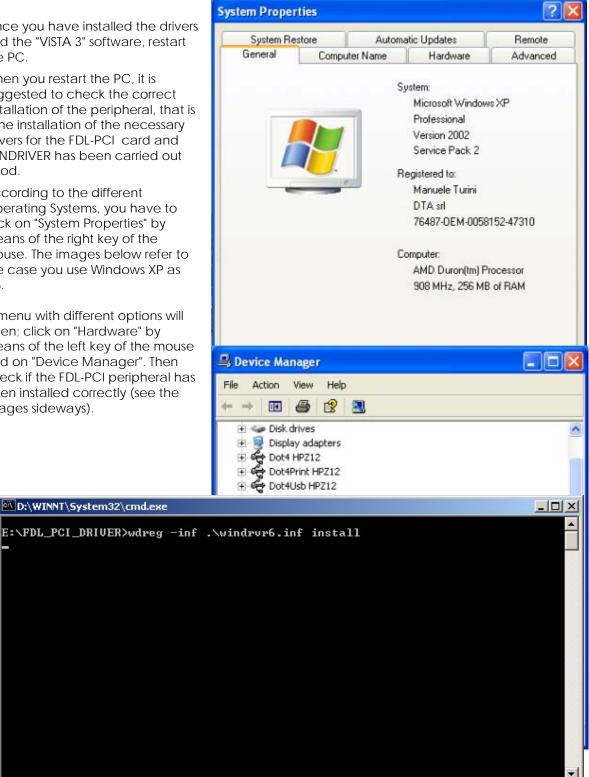
Once you have installed the drivers and the "ViSTA 3" software, restart the PC.

When you restart the PC, it is suggested to check the correct installation of the peripheral, that is if the installation of the necessary drivers for the FDL-PCI card and WINDRIVER has been carried out good.

According to the different Operating Systems, you have to click on "System Properties" by means of the right key of the mouse. The images below refer to the case you use Windows XP as OS.

A menu with different options will open; click on "Hardware" by means of the left key of the mouse and on "Device Manager". Then check if the FDL-PCI peripheral has been installed correctly (see the images sideways).

D:\WINNT\System32\cmd.exe



The tests have been carried out with the following OS's:

WINDOWS 98 SECOND EDITION

WINDOWS 2000 WITHOUT SERVICE PACK

WINDOWS 2000 WITH SERVICE PACK 3/4/5

WINDOWS ME

WINDOWS XP WITHOUT SERVICE PACK

WINDOWS XP WITH SERVICE PACK 1/2

#### **CONNECTING CABLES AND POWER LEADS**

Connect the cables between the parallel port and the camera. We advise you to carry out this operation with all your <u>instruments not powered!</u>

The connectors are fixed by means of screws; those, however, should only be slightly tightened to avoid any damage to them. For the Discovery series the power connector is connected to a 10-15V 3A power supply. The camera is always turned on at the power supply.

Before making any connection, make sure your computer is off and the Discovery is not powered!

## **DETAILS OF THE DISCOVERY CONNECTORS**

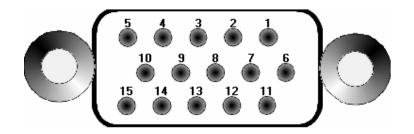
On the DISCOVERY you will find the connectrors required to connect it to the PC, to the power supply and to mount it on to a photographic tripod.

Starting from the top left the following connectros are shown:

- Power connectror;
- PARALLEL PORT: 15-pin high density connector for parallel communication 8 bit with the PC by means of a simple printer parallel.
- USER PORT: 9-pin connector which implements a communication port, to be used to run the RPF6 filter wheel or the autoguide.



## 15 PIN PARALLEL PORT CONNECTOR



1	D1	2	D0	3	D3	4	D2	5	D5
6	D4	7	D7	8	D6	9	R/W	10	A/D
11	ACK	12	STB	13	VCC	14	REQ	15	GND

• **D[0:7]**: data.

• **REQ**: by means of this pin the DISCOVERY proceeds to request transfer to the PC.

ACK: reply signal to REQ coming from PC.

• A/D: presence of addresses or data on the bus is indicated by means of this pin.

• R/W: indicates whether the operation to carry out is a reading or writing one.

• **STB**: STROBE signal.

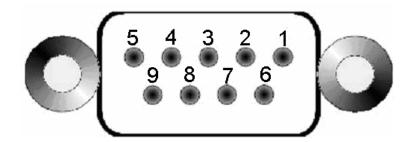
GND: ground.

• **VCC**: +12V.

**Note**: all signals are TTL compatible.

By means of this port it is possible to carry out the parallel connection between the CCD camera and the PC.

## 9 PIN USER PORT CONNECTOR

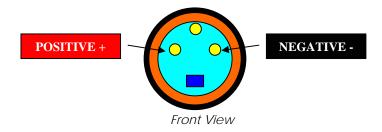


1	SHUTTER	2	EX1	3	EX2
4	EX3	5	EX4	6	PWR
7	GND	8	GND	9	EXI

- **SHUTTER:** output signal of shutter control.
- EX1: (output) RPF6 control or N control for autoguide.
- **EX2:** (output) RPF6 control or S control for autoguide.
- **EX3**: (output) RPF6 control or E control for autoguide.
- EX4: (output) RPF6 control or O control for autoguide.
- **EXI:** (input) autoguide input or TRIGGER signal.
- PWR: Warning main power supply, 12V
- GND: ground.

Note: all signals are TTL compatible.

#### POWER SUPPLY CONNECTOR



By means of this connector 12V 3A power is carried to DISCOVERY.

#### POWER SUPPLY WARNING:

To let the camera work properly, it is necessary to use a power supply able to provide continuous 3A with low duty-cicle.

WARNING! Do not reverse the power polarity due to the risk of an irreparable malfunctioning of the camera!

#### OPTICAL WINDOW CLEANING

Both the optical window and the CCD cleaning are carried out in the clean room by means of a 30-magnifying power microscope. This procedure removes any dust which can otherwise bring about unmistakable marks on the image you have taken. In particular such spots increase as the

focal ratio gets wider. In other words an image may not show any mark at f/5.6 but it can be clearly noted at f/32 because of an obvious geometrical problem of projection. Due to the shutter or elapsed time, the external surface of the optical window may gather dirty particles that may be easily removed.

To perform such task we use a compressed air cylinder specifically designed for optical cleaning.

Be careful!!! There are similar products that, instead of using compressed

air, use a liquefiable gas: at ambient pressure it quickly gassifies, thus

"triggering" an air-compressed-effect. You do not absolutely have to use these products: they may give rise to heavy marks or rings on the windows itself.

A product we can recommend is DUST-OFF provided by EDMUND-OPTICS. Thanks to DUST-OFF (or any other similar product) it is very easy to get rid of any microparticles: keep the shutter open for a few seconds (by the camera control program) and spray some air blast. We kindly advise you against using cloths, optical paper and cleaning liquids because the dirt will be only mixed up or, even worse, increased. The risk is to finally damage the coating of the optical window itself!

## **SPECIFICATIONS**

SPECIFICATIONS
SHUTTER: Electromechanical. Exposure time: from 0.01 s to 9999 s
A/D CONVERTER: 14 bit
SETTABLE GAINS: 64
READ OUT SPEED: up to 100 kpixel/s
INTERFACE: Parallel Port (EPP) FDL-PCI: 16 bit (optional)
COOLING: Single stage PELTIER (- 40°C ΔT below ambient)
CCD TEMPERATURE CONTROL: $\pm 0.1  ^{\circ}\text{C}$
OPTICAL WINDOW: BK7 with double AR coating
FILTER WHEEL: External (optional)
BACKFOCUS: 17.5 mm
MAX TOTAL NOISE: 10 e-
MOUNT: C
BINNING: From 1 x 1 to 8 x 8 or arbitrary
POWER SUPPLY (optional): 230V
MAX ABSORPTION: 36 W
<b>WEIGHT:</b> 800 g
DIMENSIONS:

118 (Φ) x 53 (h) mm

## **INDEX**

9
p-pin user port connector 18
15
15-pin parallel port connector 17
С
connecting cables and power leads 16 connecting the fdl interface card to the pc 6
detail of the discovery connectors 16
i
introduction 3
library & fdl-pci installation 7 linux 11
o
optical window cleaning 19
р
personal computer minimum requirements 3 personal computer recommended requirements 3 power supply connector 18
s
scheme of the installation procedure (case with epp port) 4 scheme of the installation procedure (case with fdl interface card) 5 specifications 20
w
windows xp 7 windriver registration 13

DISCOVERY user manual