ORP Sensor

ORP3000 User Manual

Version 1.0

ORP3000 User Manual

GREENSPAN
A N A L Y T I C A L

tyco | Flow Control | Environmental Systems

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1 Introduction

1.1 System Description

Thank you for purchasing the Greenspan Oxygen Reduction Potential Sensor Model ORP3000. This manual provides a guide to the configuration, operation and maintenance of the sensor to provide long term reliable and accurate monitoring.

Reactions involving ions are both pH and Eh(mV) dependent, therefore chemical reactions in aqueous media can often be characterised by pH and Eh acting together with the activity of dissolved chemicals.

The ORP3000 probe uses a combination, Platinum ORP and reference electrode in the one body. This electrode is field replaceable by the user. Electrodes made of platinum are most commonly used for Eh measurements. The standard hydrogen reference electrode is fragile and impractical for routine field use. The Greenspan ORP3000 uses a silver:silver-chloride electrode and these are commonly used.

The reference consists of a specially coated wire in a salt filled cavity. This cavity makes electrical contact with the outside aqueous solution through a small porous wick. A common cause for premature ORP sensor failure is the chemical or biological contamination or fouling of the wick or salt filled cavity. Added protection for the reference electrode is provided by a reference protection ring constructed of porous PTFE that is impregnated with a special conductive gel. It is placed over the reference wick and should prevent most contaminants from reaching the wick, while still allowing good electrical contact with the sample. If the low cost protection ring is contaminated or fouled it can be simply replaced, extending the life of the combination electrode.

Designed for low power consumption, the sensor can be operated from remote power sources for extended periods. An Optional On board Battery Housing provides for a complete stand-alone remote monitoring sensor. Standard output is RS232 with easy connection and set-up using SmartCom software.

The Sensor is packaged in an Acetal or 316 Stainless Steel tube, with Double O ring connections for the cable and sensor head. This fully submersible sensor design is rugged and well proven and can withstand the harsh conditions found in remote field applications. The sensors are suitable for applications in harsh remote applications including groundwater, salty or acidic water conditions.

1.2 How to Use the Manual

Along with this manual, there are several other documents that may assist in the successful configuration and operation of the Greenspan ORP3000 Sensor. These should be maintained on file as a permanent reference as to the features, applications and use of the ORP3000.

Greenspan ORP3000 – Specifications Brochure

Greenspan ORP3000 – Certificate of Conformance

Greenspan ORP3000 – Quick Start Guide

1.3   Certification

The ORP3000 sensors are assembled and tested in accordance with Greenspan's ISO 9001 Quality Certified System. Each Sensor is individually manufactured and certified against a traceable Standard (See Section 2.7)

Following calibration the sensors undergo a range of additional control processes to ensure that all specifications are consistent and documented.

- ***The instrument is visually inspected, marked and labelled.***
- ***The complete sensor calibration record is archived for reference, and batch number information is kept on file for statistical analysis.***
- ***An individual Certificate of Conformance is issued to the customer.***

1.4   Unpacking and Inspection

All Greenspan Analytical Sensors are made to order and are individually calibrated and inspected. This ensures that they leave the factory in a working condition. They are packed in new cartons for shipping. On receipt, the customer should inspect the packaging and contents for any signs of damage during transportation. The customer should also check that all items on the delivery note have been received.

Please contact the factory in case anything is missing or has been damaged during transit.   A Certificate of Conformance including Quick Start Guide will be provided with all equipment. User documentation can be accessed using the provided USB drive. (Users will require internet access). Hardcopy versions of the user manual can be provided upon request at the time of order entry.

Because an individual sensor may be used in a variety of locations, media compatibility should be checked before installing and advice sought from Greenspan if any doubt exists.

1.5   Serial Number

Checking the Model Number and Range

Before installing your Greenspan ORP3000 sensor check the information on the label is correct to confirm you have received the instrument you have ordered. The label will look similar to this.

MODEL　　　**ORP3000**

RANGE　　　**± 1000 mV**

S/N　　　**012345**

The customer is advised to keep a record of the serial numbers in case the sensor is lost or the label damage. Greenspan Analytical keeps records of all sensors sold including a calibration history.

1.6   Warranty Policy

Greenspan Analytical warrants all new Greenspan products against defects in materials and workmanship for **12 months** from the date of invoice.

Products that prove to be defective during the warranty period will be repaired or replaced at the discretion of Greenspan Analytical.

Under Greenspan Analytical warranty conditions; it is the responsibility of the customer to cover shipping charges back to the factory.   Upon repair/replacement Greenspan Analytical will cover the return shipping charges to the customer.

This warranty does not apply to products or parts thereof which have been altered or repaired outside of the Greenspan Analytical factory or other authorised service centre; or products damaged by improper installation or application, or subjected to misuse, abuse neglect or accident. This warranty also excludes items such as reference electrodes and Dissolved Oxygen membranes that may degrade during normal use.

Greenspan Analytical will not be liable for any incidental or consequential damage or expense incurred by the user due to partial or incomplete operability of its products for any reason whatsoever or due to inaccurate information generated by its products.

All Warranty service will be completed as soon possible. If delays are unavoidable customers will be contacted immediately.

Any sensor should not be dismantled unless under instruction from Greenspan Analytical Technical Service staff. Incorrect handling will void the warranty.

1.7   Factory Service & Repair

The correct choice of sensor and assistance with field installation can be provided by Greenspan and their sales offices. A correct choice of equipment, together with technical advice and field experience should result in long term success in the field. **Greenspan Technical Services** is dedicated to customer support and provides assistance in the selection, installation, deployment and commissioning of sensors with a full range of consulting services. All Greenspan products are designed, developed and manufactured in Australia and can be supplied at short notice.

If for some reason sensors are required to be returned to our factory or your sales representative, please note the model and serial number, Describe the problem, including how and under what conditions the instrument was being used at the time of malfunction. Clean the product and cable. Decontaminate thoroughly if used in toxic or hazardous environment. Carefully pack product in original packaging if possible & include a statement certifying product and cable have been decontaminated with supporting information. Products returned for repair must be accompanied by a completed GRA (Goods Return Advice) form. All sensors returned for service and repair work must be properly decontaminated prior to return. A cleaning charge may be applied to sensors that require further decontamination.   Service work will not commence until the quotation has been accepted by the customer. A purchase order for all repair and service work will be required before work is carried out.

1.8 Contact Details

Australia

Head Office
Goyen Controls Co Pty Ltd
268 Milperra Road
Milperra, NSW 2214

Telephone: 1800 805 372
Facsimile: 1300 658 799

Asia

Goyen Controls Co Pty Ltd
Shanghai Representative Office
1209 Greenland Business Centre
1258 Yu Yuan Road
Shanghai PC200050, CHINA

Telephone: 86 21 5239 8810
Facsimile: 86 21 5239 8812

Europe

Goyen Controls Co UK Ltd
Unit 3B Beechwood
Chineham Business Park
Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG24 8WA
UNITED KINGDOM

Telephone: 44 1256 817 800
Facsimile: 44 1256 843 164

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Victoria, Western Australia**

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USA

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Greenspan Singapore Pte Ltd
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Singapore 349554

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Fax: + 61 (0)7 46601800

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2 Sensor Overview

2.1 Theory of Measurement

The principle means of detection is by measuring the difference in potential between an inert indicator electrode and a reference electrode. At redox equilibrium, the potential difference between the ideal indicator electrode and the reference electrode equals the redox potential of the system.

2.2 Applications

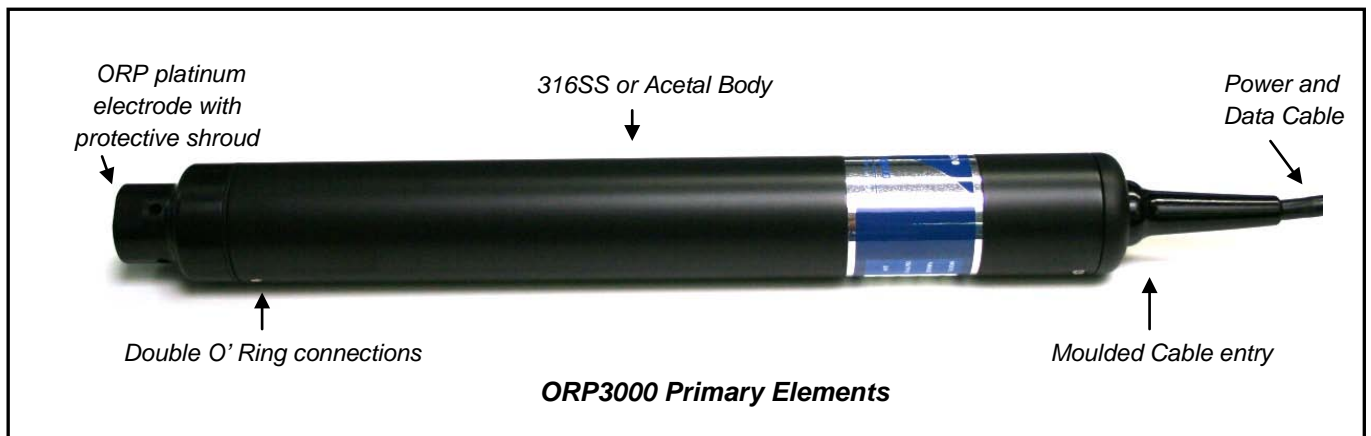Applications in which the Greenspan ORP3000 can be used include:

- Monitoring of streams and rivers.
- Monitoring of water storage bodies including stratification studies.
- Intermediate and final effluent treatment monitoring.
- Hydrological run off studies.
- Ground and bore water analysis.
- Drinking water filtration efficiency.
- Industrial process monitoring.
- Sludge and dredge monitoring.

2.3 Instrument Details
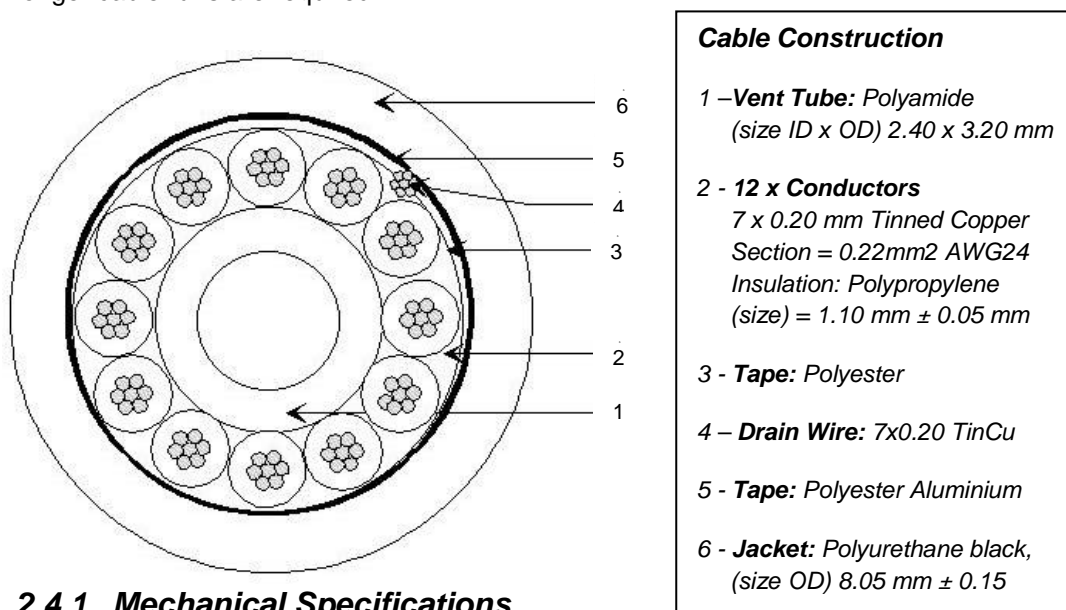
2.3.1 Sensor Design

The Greenspan ORP Sensor consists of the following primary elements:

- Field replaceable ORP electrode (fitted with reference protection ring)
- Protective Shroud (removable for cleaning)
- Microprocessor controlled signal conditioning and logging device
- Stainless steel or Acetal Body Material
- Moulded cable entry with fitted cable

ORP platinum electrode with protective shroud

316SS or Acetal Body

Power and Data Cable

Double O' Ring connections

Moulded Cable entry

ORP3000 Primary Elements

2.4 Cable Details

All Greenspan Sensors utilise a specially designed Polyurethane Cable. The cable contains 12 x conductors, 1 x drain wire, and an internal vent tube. The outer jacket is made from UV stabilized Polyurethane and is suitable for all external, underwater or harsh environment applications. This common cable construction is utilized for vented and non vented sensors and all Greenspan Water Quality Sensors. Cables are generally factory fitted at time of manufacture in specified lengths. Cables can be joined or repaired in the field providing a waterproof connection can be maintained. Alternatively, cables can be terminated in waterproof junction boxes where cabling to other devices or longer cable runs are required.

Cable Construction

1 – **Vent Tube:** *Polyamide (size ID x OD) 2.40 x 3.20 mm*

2 - **12 x Conductors** *7 x 0.20 mm Tinned Copper Section = 0.22mm2 AWG24 Insulation: Polypropylene (size) = 1.10 mm ± 0.05 mm*

3 - **Tape:** *Polyester*

4 – **Drain Wire:** *7x0.20 TinCu*

5 - **Tape:** *Polyester Aluminium*

6 - **Jacket:** *Polyurethane black, (size OD) 8.05 mm ± 0.15*

2.4.1 Mechanical Specifications

- Specially Manufactured Greenspan Cable with 12 cores and Internal Vent
- High chemical resilience and abrasive resistance
- Conductor cross section : AWG 24,
- Electrical Resistance 9 ohm per 100m (per conductor)
- Operating temperature: 85°C (max.),
- Bending radius (static) : 6 ,
- Bending radius (dynamic) 12.
- Max Operating voltage : 250V
- Jacket Printing (white colour each meter)
- Conductor colour codes : green, yellow, white, black, brown, turquoise, violet, pink, red, blue, grey
- Tensile Strength is sufficient to self suspend the Greenspan Sensor to depths of 300m.
- Long term creep due to temperature effects or tensile loading is negligible.

The moulded cable is fitted to the sensor using a double o ring seal and located using 2 x grub screws. The length of the cable is not critical to the long term calibration and operation of the sensor (provided the electrical requirements such as minimum supply voltage are maintained).

2.5 Options and Accessories

2.5.1 Sensor Body

Sensor is available with a black Acetal or passivated 316 Stainless Steel body. For applications in harsh environments it is recommended that the Acetal body material be specified.

2.5.2 Cable Options (Inc. Detachable Cables)

A standard sensor is supplied with a fixed moulded cable entry. An optional detachable cable is available. Both cables have a 7-pin Hirschman connector at the end of the cable opposite to the sensor.

Detachable cables are available in a range of standard lengths and are interchangeable amongst the range of Greenspan sensors. This option can provide benefits and cost savings.

Please refer to the Engineering Note in the appendix section of the manual for detailed instructions on connecting and disconnecting the detachable cable.

2.5.3 Communication Cables

A communication cable is required to connect the sensor to a PC. The standard cable (5CC-700) has a 7-socket Hirschman connector on one end and a DB 9 on the other end.

2.5.4 Optional Serial Output – SDI Adapter Unit

The ORP3000 provides on board data Logging of all data and serial output via RS232 to a Laptop or PC using the supplied SMARTCOM software. A feature of the sensor is the ability to also provide serial output in SDI12 format using a small SDI Adapter unit connected to the end of the sensor cable. The SDI12 Adapter unit (Part No 7SDI-1000) provides a standard 3-wire SDI12 output for connection to a third party Data Logger or Process Controller. The ORP3000 Sensor can simultaneously provide on-board data logging, as well as act as a standard SDI12 sensor.

When data is requested via SDI-12 the sensor will wake up and take a new set of readings for all channels that are enabled in the sensor. The sensor will then go into a low power, sleep mode. The user can enable or disable channels using SmartCom. (See section 3.2.4). The easiest way to confirm which channels are enabled and what order the data will be returned via SDI-12 is to view the SmartCom monitor screen (see example) Note - Memory Used and Memory Used % is not returned via SDI-12.

The data is returned in the same order as what is displayed in the SmartCom monitor screen.

2.5.5 Quick Set Up

Sensor

- Select data channels required using SmartCom (See Section 3.2.4).

7SDI-1000 (Refer to SDI-1000 User Manual)

- Set model type
- Set data channel output order if required
- Set data precision if required

2.5.6 On Board Battery Housing

The Greenspan range of logging Sensors including the ORP3000 Sensor may be factory fitted with a non-rechargeable long-life battery pack. This enables the sensor to be deployed at remote sites completely independent of above surface power supplies (no cable connection) and allows for discreet applications. It also functions as a backup power supply in the event of a surface disturbance to the main supply.

The unit is designed to allow easy access to the battery compartments for battery changeover and is housed in a cylindrical body of approximately the same dimensions as the sensor housing, thus doubling the length of the sensor.

Sensor   *Battery Pack (Cover Removable)*

Sensor with Battery Pack Cover Ready to Deploy

2.6 Battery Replacement

Batteries are removed by unscrewing the housing cover, as indicated below and gently levering the battery cells until they slip out. Replacement batteries must be inserted correctly or damage to batteries may occur. Align the +ve on the battery cells with the red indicator on the housing and push batteries in. Batteries are subject to leakage after depletion. The leakage is Thionyl Chloride, a toxic, corrosive non-flammable liquid that can cause damage to equipment and personal injury if in contact with the skin or eyes. Please replace batteries when depleted.

When installing replacement batteries within the battery housing it is necessary to push firmly on the cover until it clicks home over the O rings, after this it can be easily tightened on the thread by hand.

Optional Battery Pack
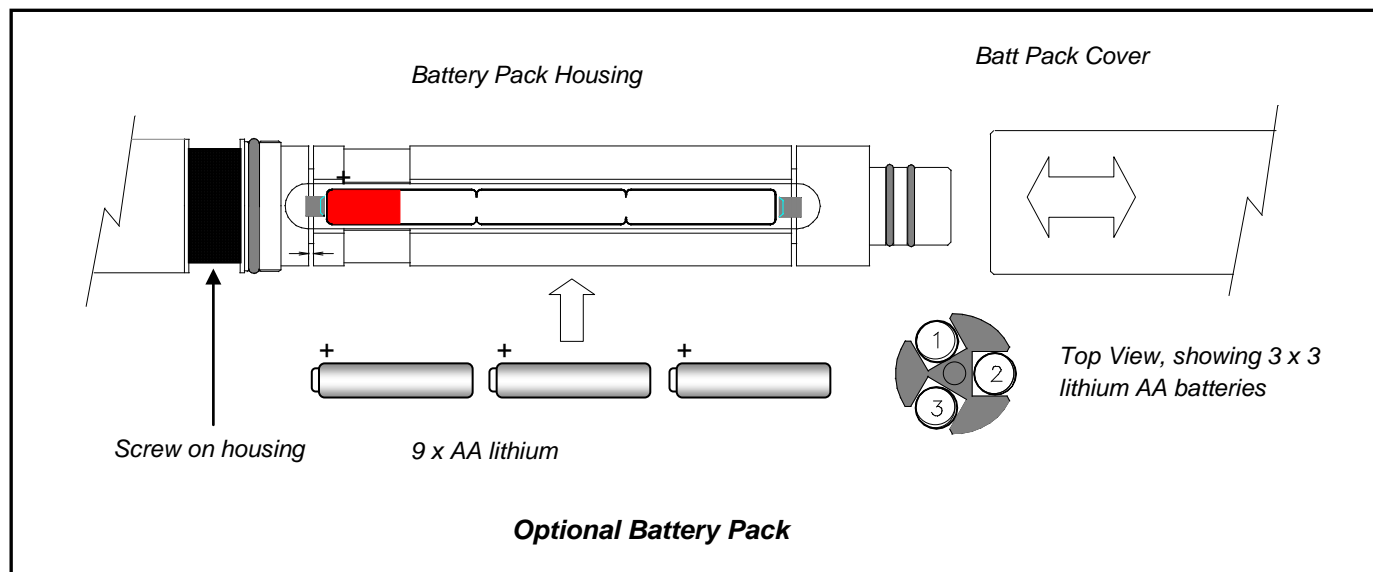
2.6.1 Important Battery Information

The type of battery used in the battery pack is Li/Mn02, Lithium Thionyl Chloride 3.6V AA cells. A total of nine batteries are required for each sensor battery pack. This configuration supplies a maximum 10.8 volts at 5.2A/Hr and a useful field life, depending on sensor type and logging frequency, of up to 12 months.

REPLACEMENT BATTERIES ARE AVAILABLE FROM GREENSPAN ANALYTICAL

Standard AA lithium batteries (Duracell or Energiser Type) are __NOT__ suitable for use in the sensor.

2.6.2 Battery Warnings:

- Do not dispose of batteries in fire, dispose of in appropriate manner.
- Do not short circuit
- Do not expose to water
- Do not crush or puncture
- Do not charge
- Do not over-discharge

To maintain the maximum possible life of the cells before replacement it is strongly recommended that an external power supply is connected to the sensor when downloading data. The power drawn when downloading is at its greatest level, therefore battery depletion will be much more rapid.

Battery life will depend on the battery type as well as the frequency of logging. Connection to a computer will drain the battery supply more quickly due to the higher current imposed by the RS232

serial data communications and will considerably reduce battery life. An additional internal lithium battery maintains logger data at all times but does not sustain the logging state. This battery is not user accessible and will maintain data for up to 10 years.

If the Sensor is fitted with On Board Internal battery pack option and is to be placed in storage it is recommended that the logger be powered down and lithium batteries in the battery pack be removed. To turn off the logger after exiting from SmartCom, disconnect the communications cable and unscrew the battery cover. This exposes the battery compartment to allow removal of the batteries. Removing power will not affect any data remaining in storage so sensors could be downloaded away from the site if required.

2.7 Sensor Factory Calibration

- Sensors are calibrated using a stable, precision DC source.
- The sensor with electrode fitted is checked in Zo Bells Standard solution
- An extensive range of final calibration and inspection tests are carried out on every sensor.
- The sensor is visually inspected and packed, ready for despatch.
- The complete calibration records, sensor history and batch number are placed on file and archived.

3 Sensor Operation

3.1 Wiring & Connections

The ORP3000 is designed as a self-contained data logging sensor. It is normally powered by a 8-30V DC power supply – which can be battery, solar or Mains Plug Pack. The Logger has a large memory capacity and can operate for long periods between field visits. Typically the logged data is collected via laptop using the supplied SmartCom Software.

The following diagram illustrates the typical wiring arrangement for the ORP3000.
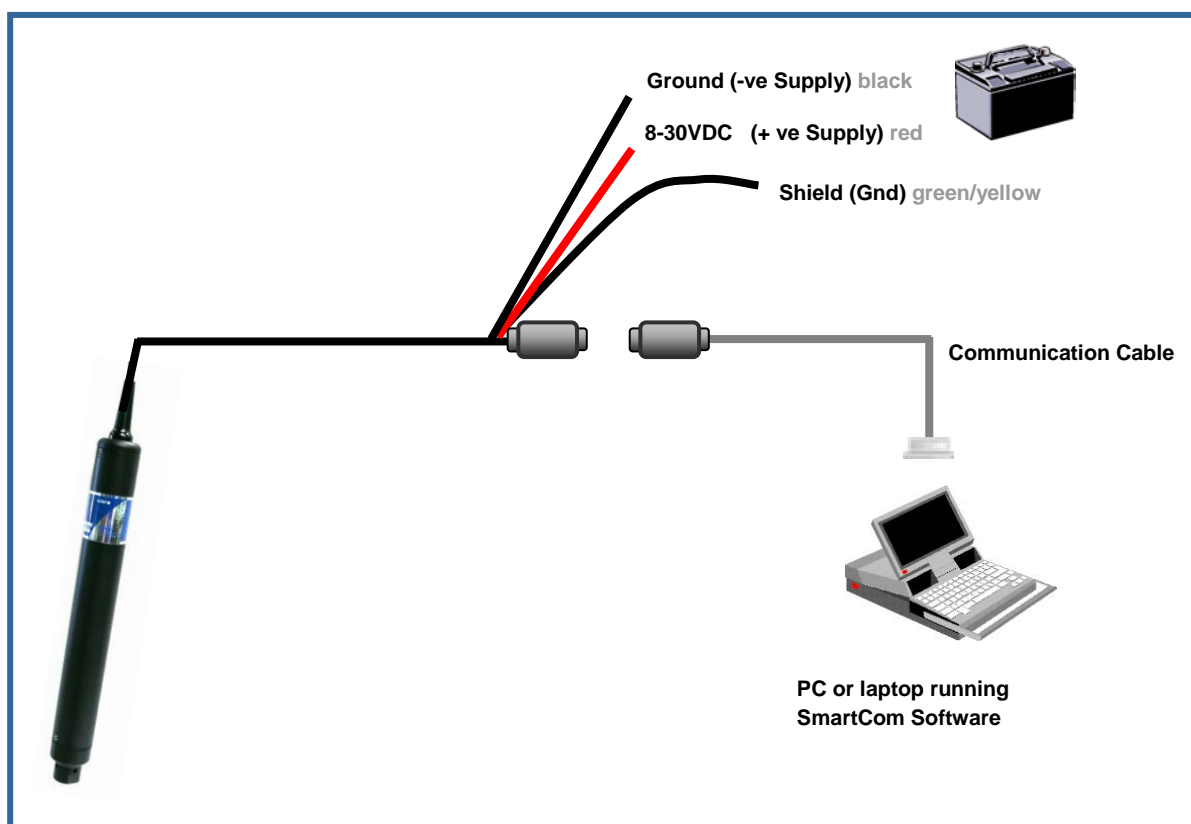
The SmartCom software provides for configuration of the data logger, collection of logged data, and all other functions. The Greenspan Aquagraph software provides graphical and tabular presentation of logged data and export to spreadsheet format. A brief description of the key components of the SmartCom software is included in this manual. A fully documented online help function is also included within the SmartCom software. It can be started by Hitting F1 key.

Alternatively the ORP3000 Sensor can be used as an SDI12 Sensor using the optional Greenspan SDI12 Adaptor.
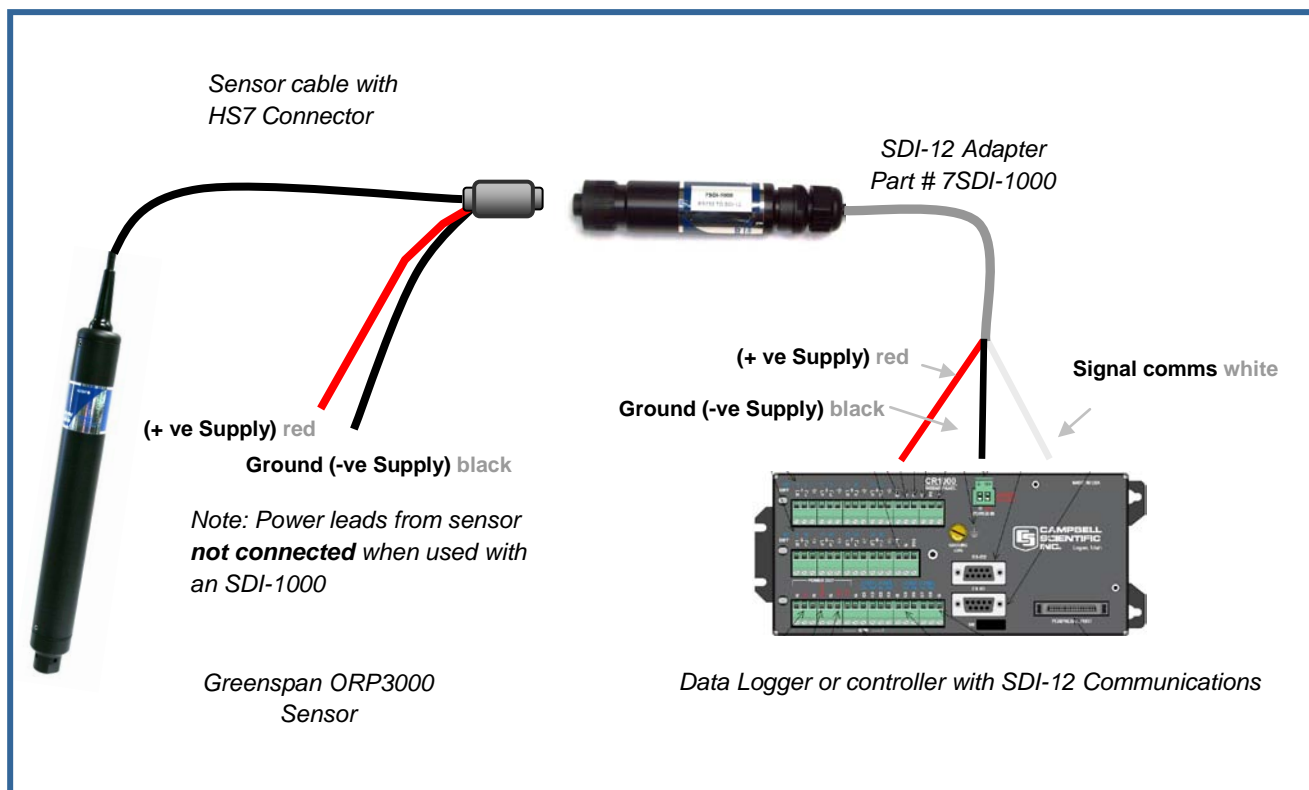
Typically the sensor will be connected to a Data Logger or Process Controller, which will provide the power and ground connections and provide connections for serial SDI12 output.

The Power requirements of the sensor are detailed in the Specifications Brochure.

The sensor can support internal Data logging and operate as an SDI12 sensor concurrently.

This provides a benefit of having redundant Data Logging capability (internal) while also having the advantage of serial output to a third party Data Logger or Controller that may be connected via some type of telemetry or communications system.

The configuration and operation instructions of the SDI12 Adaptor can be located in the 7SDI-1000 User Manual.

3.2   Software Setup

Communication with the Greenspan logging Sensors is performed through the PC's RS232 serial port using the supplied software: **SmartCom for Windows.** The software supports older style 9 Pin Serial Ports (Com1 & Com2) as well as newer style USB serial Ports. If using a USB port – a USB to Serial 9 pin adaptor must also be used.

To load the software, insert the USB key in the USB drive of the computer and click the "Start Here" icon. Navigate to the "Software and Tools" section and click the SmartCom for Windows link.

SmartCom for Windows includes two main components:

3.2.1   Direct Link

This program is a simpler version of SmartCom, which bypasses the Location Explorer Interface to provide connection to a sensor. It is suitable for Direct Com Port Connections only. To connect to a sensor, select the Com Port and click the connect button. Once connected to the sensor the user has the full range of SmartCom functionality available to them but no local Database records of changed or existing Sensor Properties are stored by the software. This version of the Software is recommended for the casual field visit or for technical staff examining the sensor.

3.2.2   SmartCom

This is the full version of SmartCom, which includes the **Location Explorer** Interface to provide management of individual and/or multiple sensors. This version of the software is the recommended version for customers wanting management of sensor(s) and their logged data.

The following software is required for running the ORP3000 Sensor:

1. **SMARTCOM** for Windows runs on a PC, and facilitates manipulation of system setup information, processing and data retrieval. The program is supplied on a CD disk along with support files. It is compatible with WIN98, WIN2000, NT and XP operating systems. Mouse and keyboard operation is fully supported.

2. **Internal firmware**. The logger has a resident program that manages communications, data logging and data retrieval. It is not normally accessible by the user; however it may be upgraded in the field if required.

3. A utility program called **AQUAGRAPH** is also provided on the installation CD. This allows the user to view, graph and export the data. AQUAGRAPH may be accessed from within SMARTCOM. Online help is available from within the program.

The Software will load programs and other files into the following folders:

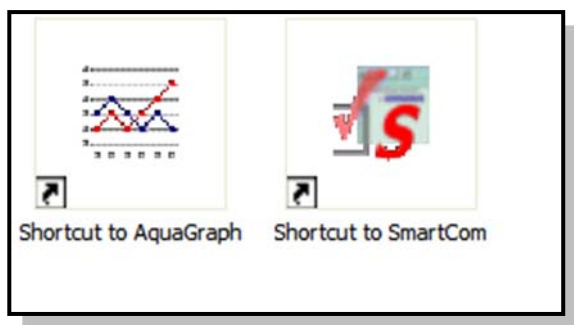*C:/Program Files\SmartCom for windows*
Several programs will be loaded
        SmartCom
        Smartpoll
        Smart Standby

Another folder will also be created
C:\Program Files\SmartCom for windows\AquaGraph
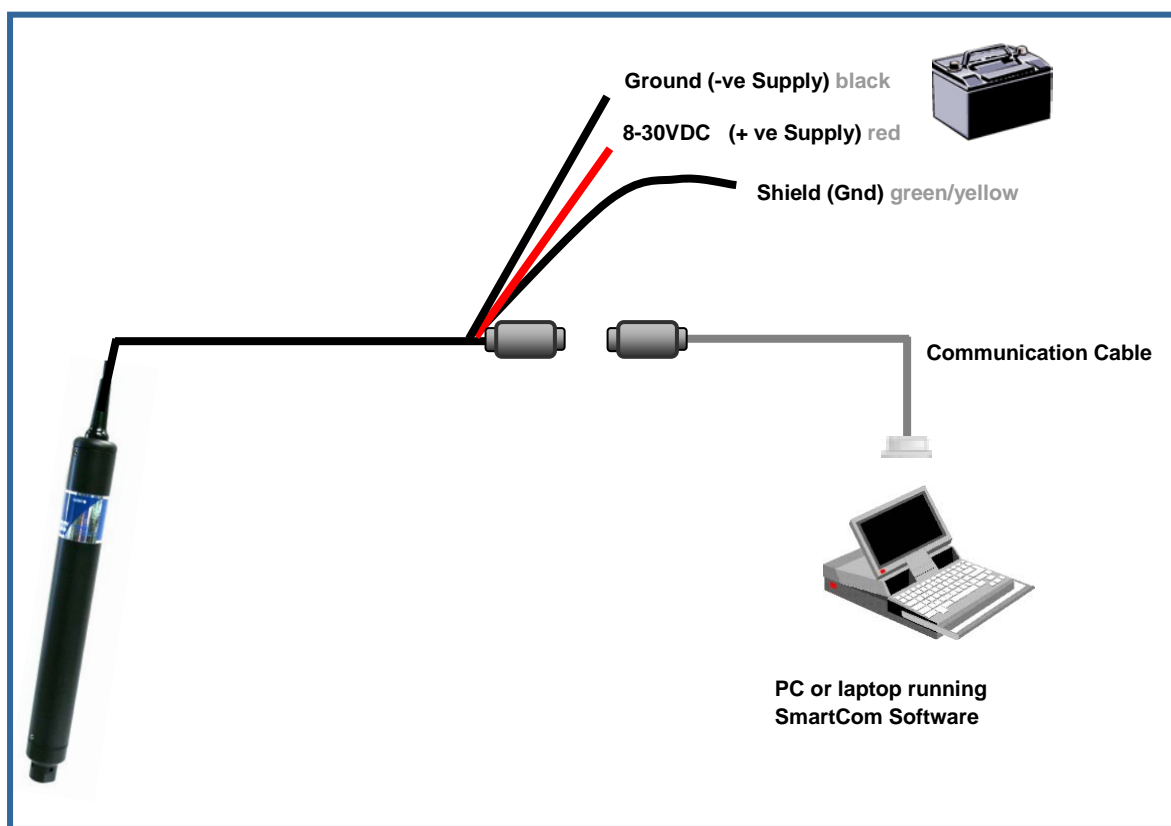*With the Graphical display program*
        Aquagraph

Note: Administrator Access is required for the Loading of SmartCom Program

It is recommended that shortcuts be created for the 2 main programs SmartCom & Aquagraph and moved into a dedicated folder on the desktop.

*To Run the Program double click on the SmartCom icon.*

To use the full functions of the software a fully operational sensor with power supply and all communications leads should be available. Either internal or external battery can be used to power the sensor.

Ground (-ve Supply) black

8-30VDC   (+ ve Supply) red

Shield (Gnd) green/yellow

Communication Cable

PC or laptop running SmartCom Software

Fully Documented Help Function is available for SmartCom by hitting F1 key while software is running.

The Main Screen is divided into 2 Panels.
The left side shows the Groups.
The right side shows the locations within each Group. (The concept allows all sensor sites to be put together into logical groups – e.g. by catchment, area, client, sensor type etc.)

Locations refer to individual sensors that may be located locally or remotely.
Groups and Locations should be named to reflect the actual station details.
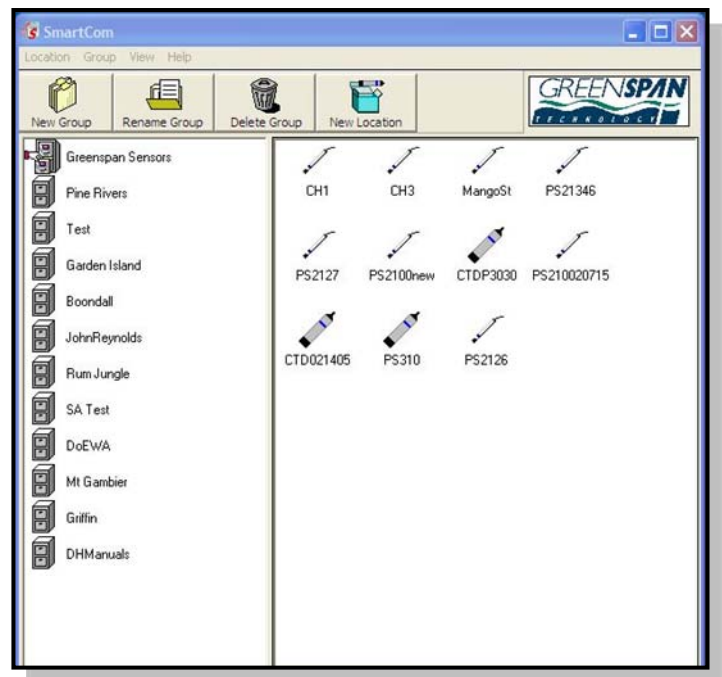
The 4 buttons at the top allow the creation and removal of Groups, and Locations.

To create a new Group – Hit the New Group Button and fill in the preferred name.

To create a new location – highlight the Group then hit the New Location Button.

A wizard will start up to guide you through the process:
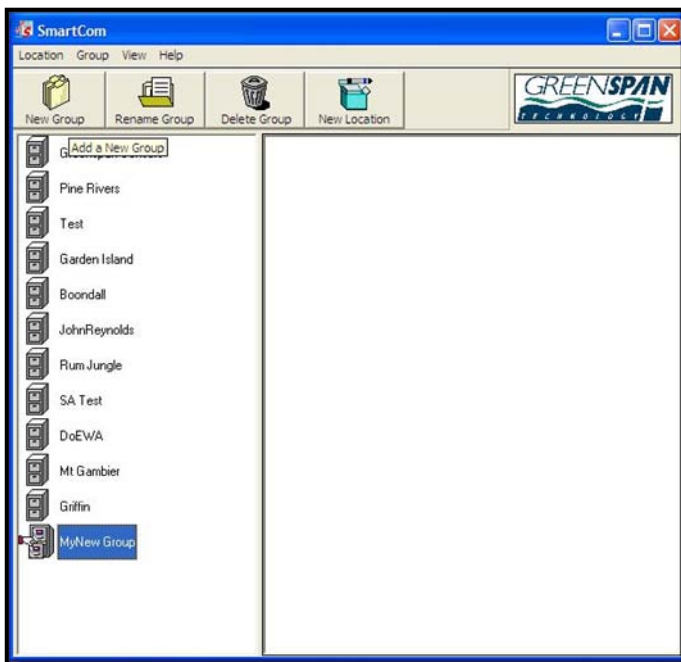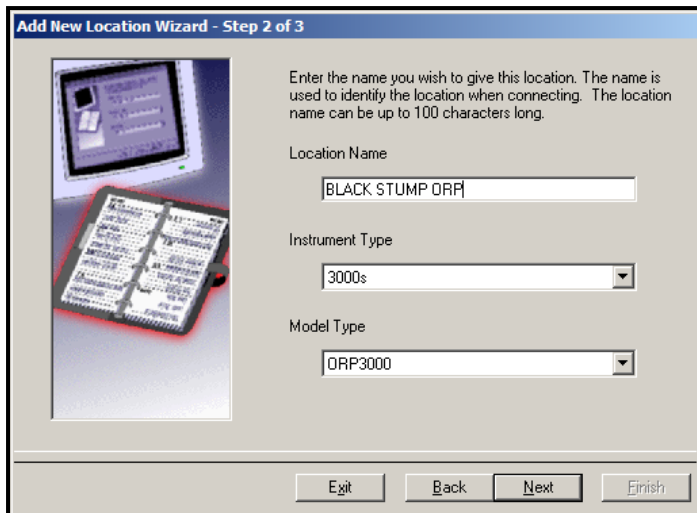
The Wizard Has 3 Steps:

Page 1 – requests how to connect to Sensor:
E.g. Direct Connection via Com port
(Serial cable between Sensor and PC)
Or
Modem connection via GSM / 3G / landline Modem. You will need to enter the phone number of the remote modem.
Hit Next Button.
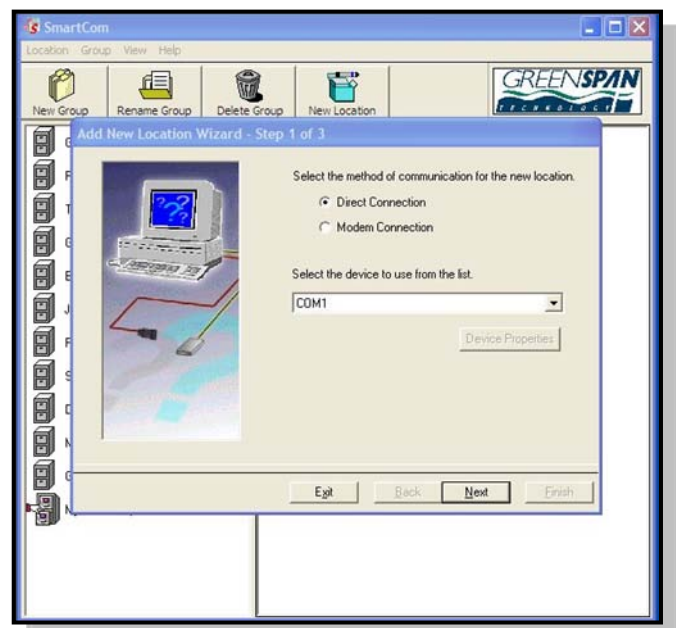
Step 2 requests Site Details:

Location Name
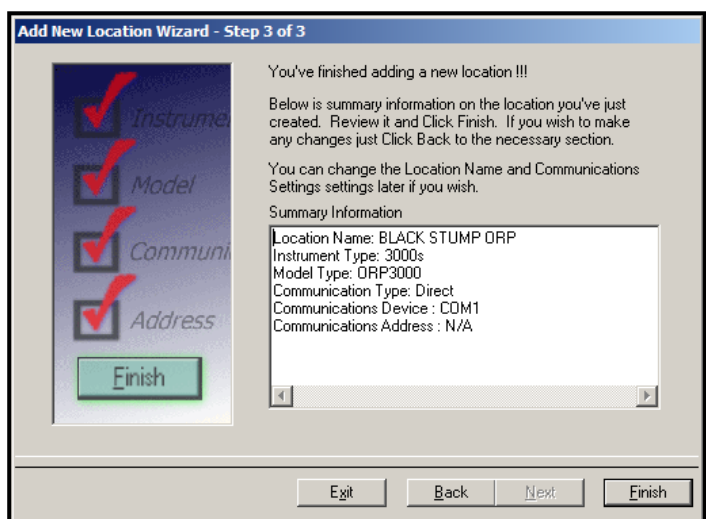*Instrument Type*
Model Type

E.g. this screen will add a new site
With an ORP3000 Logging Sensor
Named: Black Stump ORP

Hit Next Button.

Step 3 Gives a Summary of the entered Data
and asks for confirmation.

Change Details or
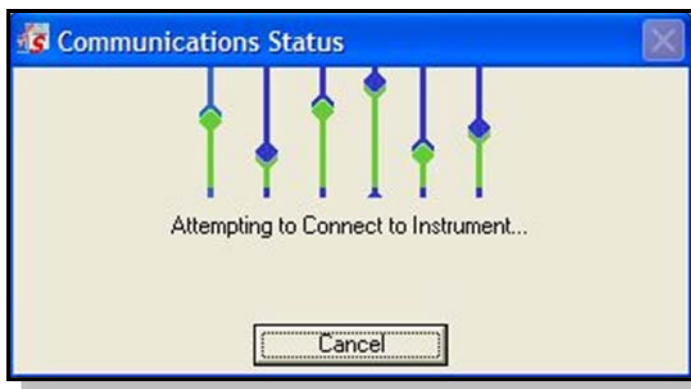
Hit Finish Button
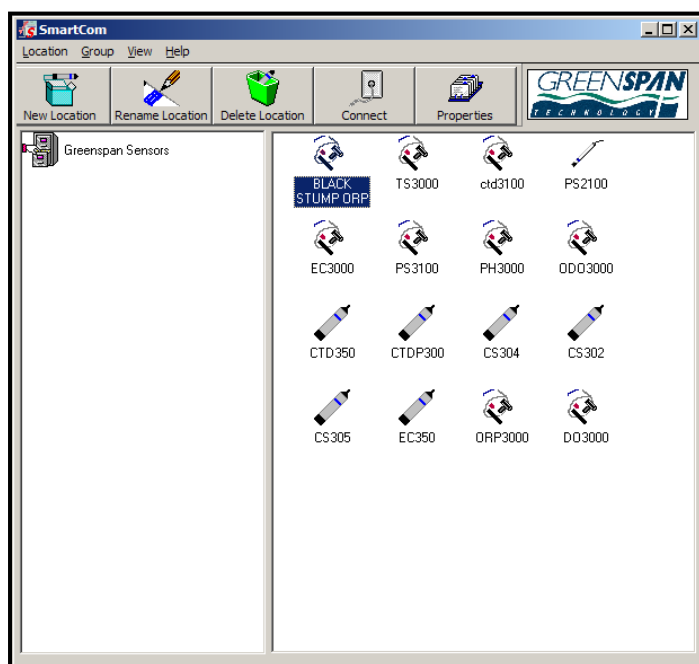
The screen then reverts to the original start
screen and should now show the new Group
and the new location.

To connect to the Sensor
Select the Group
Highlight the location and Hit Connect
Or
Double click on the location

All information relating to the Site is held in files
created in the SmartCom folder directory.

C:\Program Files\SmartCom for windows\...
…\Group Name\Location Name.

A Pop up will show the steps involved in communicating with the Sensor
- *Attempting Wake Up*
- *Attempting to Connect*
- *Reading Details*

This will take approx. 30 seconds.

If connection cannot be established – check all power and communication connections.

When connection is established the Monitor Screen will appear...

This screen updates every 10 seconds and shows the real time data.

Clock times, Battery Volts, Logging Schedules Memory Usage should be noted. The Green or Red Leds indicate if Sensor is actively Logging or Not.

There are 2 tabs at the bottom.
Hit the Logger Control Tab for all configuration and Logger set up details.
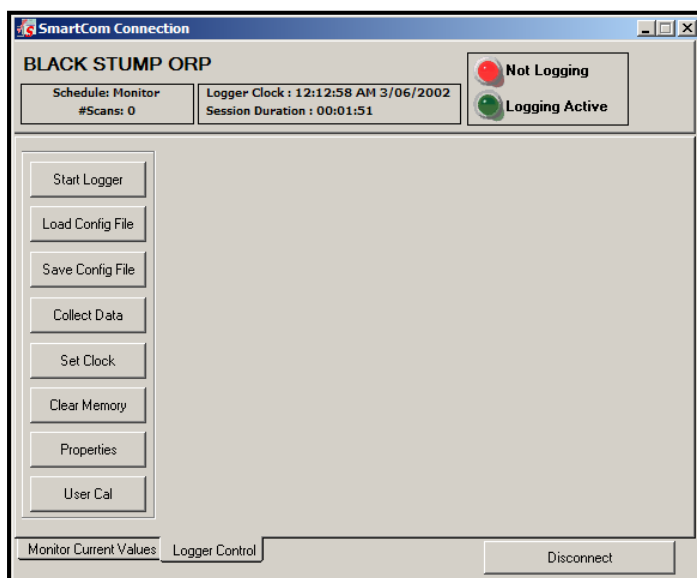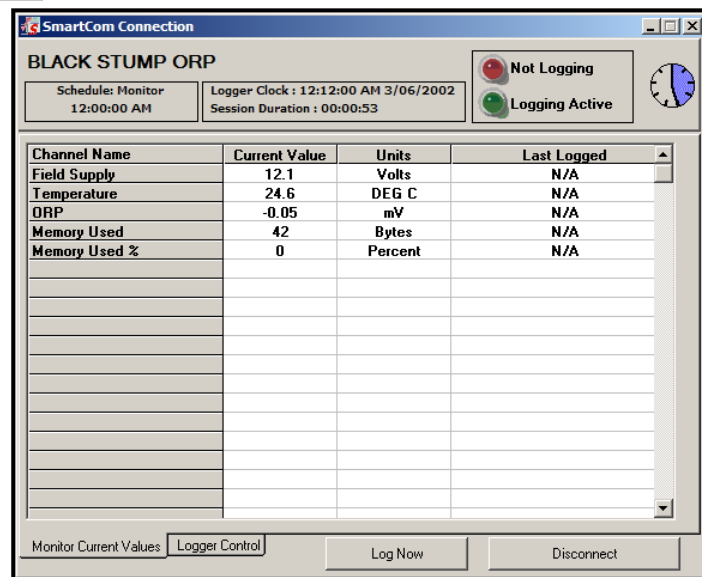
The Logger Control Screen provides access to all configuration, Data retrieval, Logger management and Calibration routines.

The Logger is very flexible and care must be taken to check that Data Logging has been initiated and is working properly, prior to deploying the sensor into a remote site.
It is recommended that thorough testing of the sensor be performed in the office to provide confidence and experience with the various logger functions.

All Sensors are supplied from the factory fully calibrated and tested. It is not normally required to perform any additional calibration functions on the sensor.

3.2.3 Properties

Key functionality of each of the Property Buttons will be described below.

This front screen provides a summary of all the key sensor information including Serial Numbers, Model Types Firmware Versions etc.

*It also details the **Channels** that are configured for the sensor and the **Schedules** that control which channels are logged and the frequency of logging.*

3.2.4 Channels

Controls and displays the various Channels that will be displayed on the Monitor Screen.

Channels that are not being used or not required to be displayed can be un-checked and will not be displayed on the Monitor Screen.

This screen below shows that Internal Battery (Battery Pack) is not used and will not be displayed on the Monitor Screen)

3.2.5 External Battery: (Field Supply)

The Sensor will be powered by some type of DC (8-30V) power supply, which may be either an internal battery pack or an external battery system. The user must click and select the correct battery type to ensure accurate battery life & voltage calculations.

Select the Option External Battery if using an external 12V battery.

3.2.6 Internal Battery: (Battery Pack)

Greenspan Sensors can be configured with an on-board lithium battery pack to provide a complete stand-alone logging sensor.

If the sensor is fitted with the internal on-board battery pack select the Option at left: Internal Battery.

All batteries whether internal or external (sealed or acid type) will gradually degrade over time The Shelf life of batteries is generally 1-5 years, but can be affected by extreme temperatures.

A feature of the logger allows the user to enter the date of installation and expected Date of Renewal of the batteries, to ensure they are replaced before their due date.

3.2.7 Battery Life & Memory Calculator

Memory and Battery Calculator

This calculation is based on the Scan time and record time of all active schedule(s) and on the Default Battery capacity of 7.2Ah. Please adjust the current, battery capacity and/or the Accessories load for a more accuracy of the calculation.

Memory usage

Logger memory size	1909248	bytes
Number of bytes used per day	19680	bytes
Number of logging days	97.01	day(s)

Battery's Life estimation

Peak ON Current (A)	+0.0871	Battery Capacity (Ah)	+07.200
Standby Current (µA)	+0156.30	Accessories Load (A)	+0.00000

Refresh

Hourly On Current Consumption (Ah)	0.058
Hourly Current Consumption (Ah)	0.062
Expected Number of Logging Days with Battery specified Capacity	93

Provides an estimate of the Memory life and Battery life (days) based on the amount of logging that has been specified via the schedules.

The calculator uses information on the sensor power usage, the frequency of data logging, and the battery capacity to determine how long it will operate before the memory fills, or the batteries go flat.

If using a wrap memory function – the logger will fill with data and commence to overwrite the earliest data.

If using a solar power supply – the battery will likely last until its shelf life determines that it be replaced.

The user can enter the size of the Memory (bytes) & Battery (Ah), and add other power usage such as a Data Modem.

Hit the refresh button to generate new estimates – after changing any of the other parameters. A text box also pops up to provide key information to the user to advise of battery and memory information.

3.2.8 Temperature

|	
Channel Name	Temperature
Channel Precision	2
Data Variation Value Enabled	☐
Unit Name	Celsius
Unit Type	Celsius
Data Variation Value	+00000.00

Last Reading
Last Logged Reading
N/A

User configurable items include:
- *Unit Name*
- *Unit Type*
- *Precision*
 (No of decimals)

Data Variation can be ticked, and a value entered, which allows event based logging – should the amount vary by more than the variation between Scan periods.
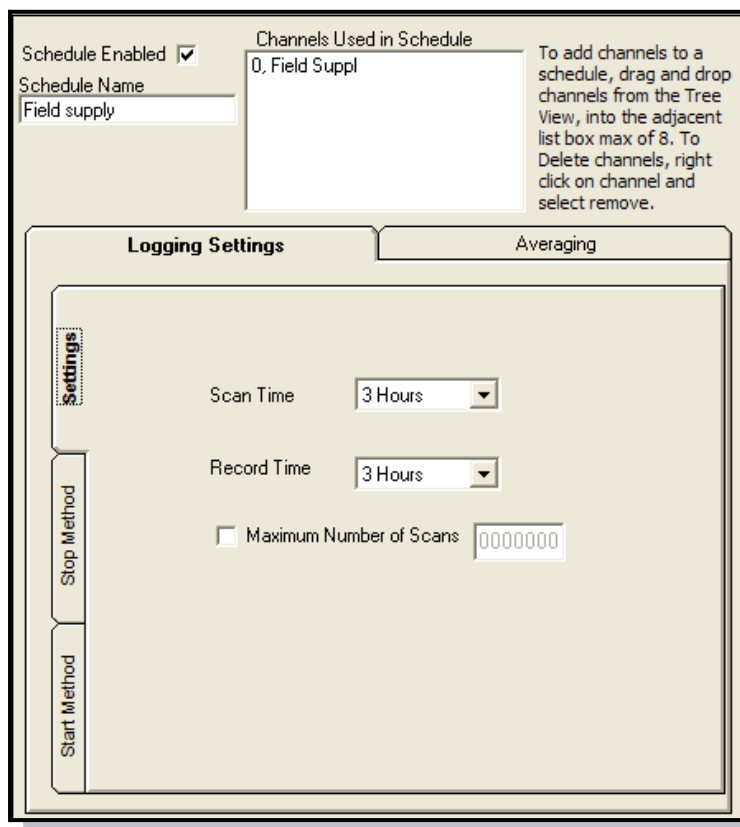
3.2.9 Schedules
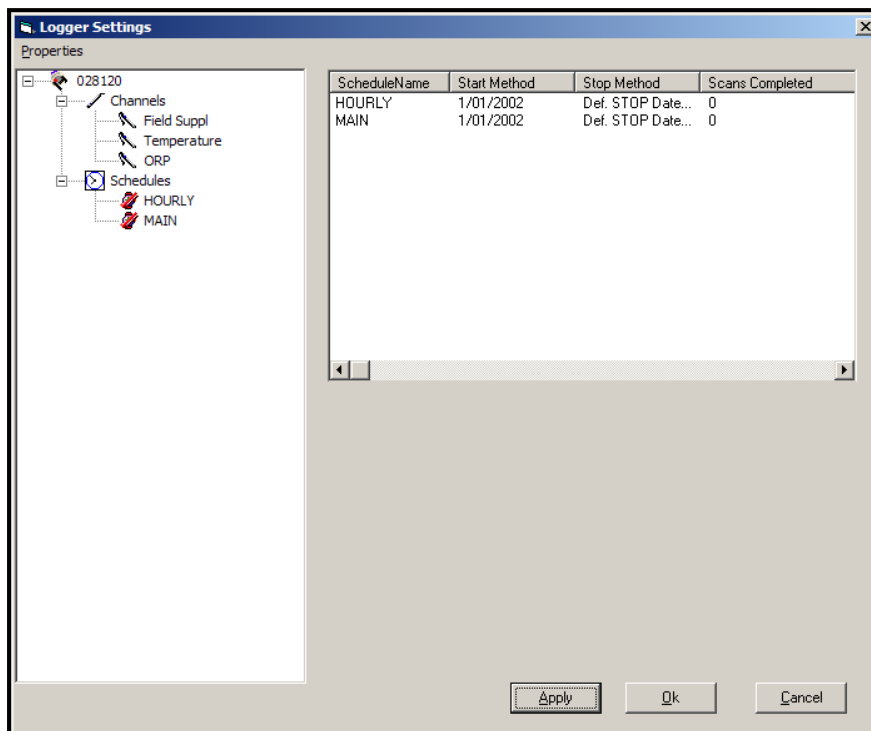
Schedules are user configured:
- *Added*
- *Removed*
- *Modified*
- *Enable*
- *Disabled*

Up to 4 Schedules can be running together.

**Example Schedule – Battery Volts (Field supply)**

This Schedule shows that Field Supply (External Battery) volts will be measured (Scan Time) every 3 Hours. The Data will be logged (Record Time) every 3 Hours.

The Schedule is Enabled (box checked) and will operate whenever the Logger is turned on Logging.

The start an end time were set to Manual which means that this Schedule will start and stop with the logger.

Example Schedule – Water Quality Parameters
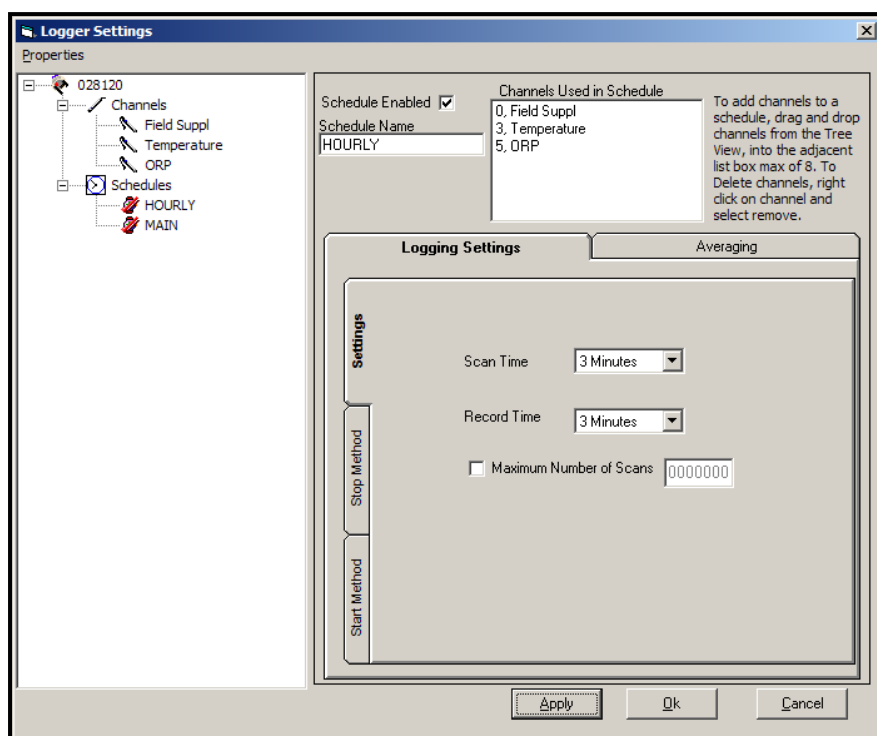
The Schedule controls the measurement and logging of data as follows:

When the logger wakes up to take measurements. (Scan Time)
When the logger wakes up to Log Data (Record Time)
*Maximum No of Scans (Optional – not recommended)*
Which Channels are included into the Schedule (min One, Maximum – all channels)

This example shows a Schedule that will wake up and measure Temp, and turbidity – every 1 Hour.
It will also log the data for these channels every Hour.

Note – The Schedule Must be enabled (check box) for it to operate.
It is possible to have several Schedules in the list that are not enabled and hence will not run when logger is started.
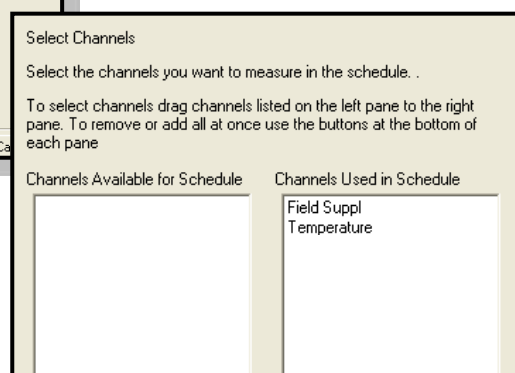
3.2.10 Add New Schedule (Wizard)
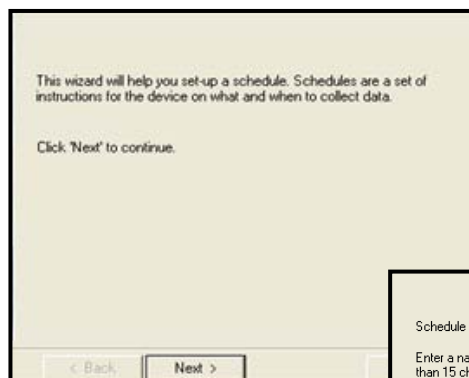
A wizard guides the user through the Add New Schedule procedure.
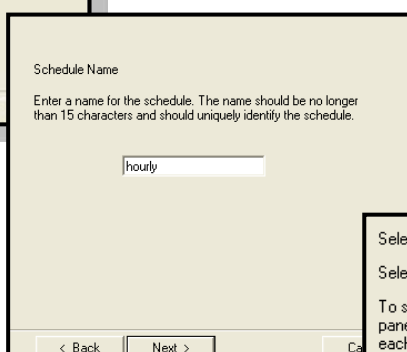
Give the New Schedule a Meaningful Name (E.g. Hourly)

Highlight and Drag over the Channels that are required in the new schedule.
(This example shows Field supply, Temperature and ORP Channels)

Select the Scan and Record times from drop down list. Sensor will wake up and take a measurement every Scan time, and check if the Data Variation is exceeded for the various Channels. If Data Variation has occurred – Data will be logged.

The unit will force a Data Log every Record time.

A limit can be placed on the Maximum scans. (Schedule will stop after Max scans reached)

Averaging can be configured for the Schedule.

Start and Stop times can be configured for the Schedule.

It is strongly recommended to use Manual start and stop (default) to ensure that all schedules are operational when logger is started.

3.2.11 Add New Schedule – Final Screen

The final Screen shows summary of the new Schedule.

The Schedule will now appear in the list of Schedules.
One or more Channels must be added to the Schedule and it must be enabled to allow it to run.

This example shows that the Schedule named "Hourly" will measure and log Field supply, Temperature and Turbidity Data every hour, whenever the Schedule is enabled, and the logger is turned on. (Logging Active, Green LED on Monitor screen flashing).

3.2.12 Averaging

Averaging enables several readings to be taken and averaged, each time the sensor wakes up at the Scan Period. This allows data fluctuations to be smoothed. For example Logging of Tidal Water levels is typically averaged over say 10 readings say 3 seconds apart to remove the effects of Wind and Swell.

As averaging can increase the time required to generate a reading, a warning will advise the limits of the averaging.

Note: *Averaging does require the sensor to turn on more frequently at each Scan period and does have an impact on power usage and battery life.*

Averaging can be configured for any or all channels.

3.2.13 Data Variation (Event Based Logging)

To provide Event Based logging the Sensor can be configured to Scan (take a measurement) on a frequent basis, but only Record Data (Log data) if a specific event size (Data Variation) has occurred since the last logged data point.
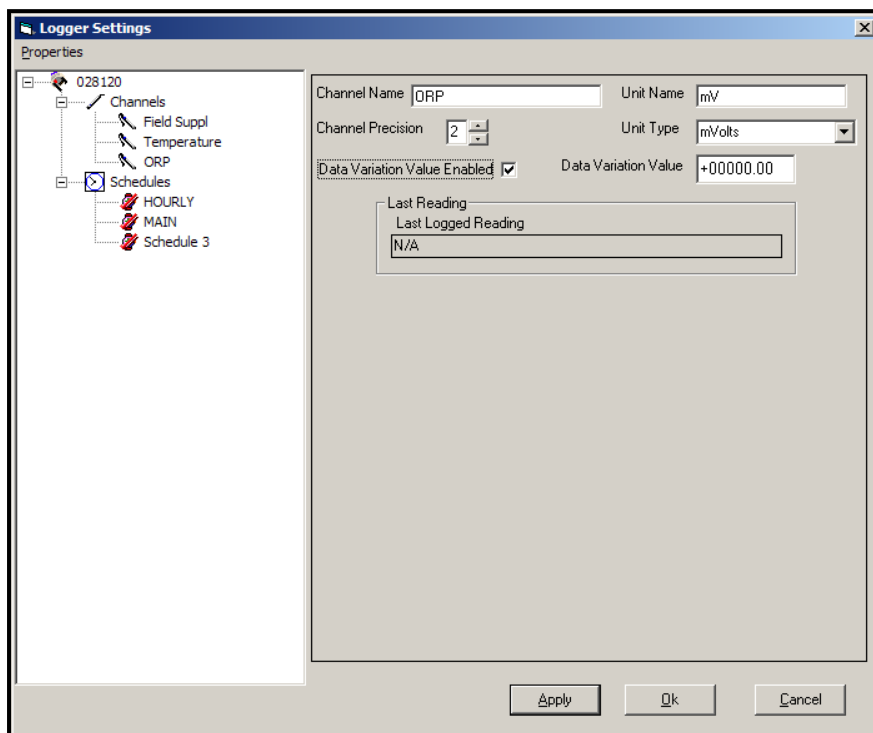
The Schedule must be enabled.
The Channel must be in the Schedule and configured with a valid Data Variation.

(This example shows ORP will be logged if the reading varies by more than 0mV from the previous logged reading)

Note if the Data Variation is set to a very small amount, then it is more likely that the data variation will be exceeded, and data will be logged each Scan Time. Hence it is necessary to set the Data Variation based on realistic variations of the Parameter being monitored.

3.2.14 User Calibration Screens
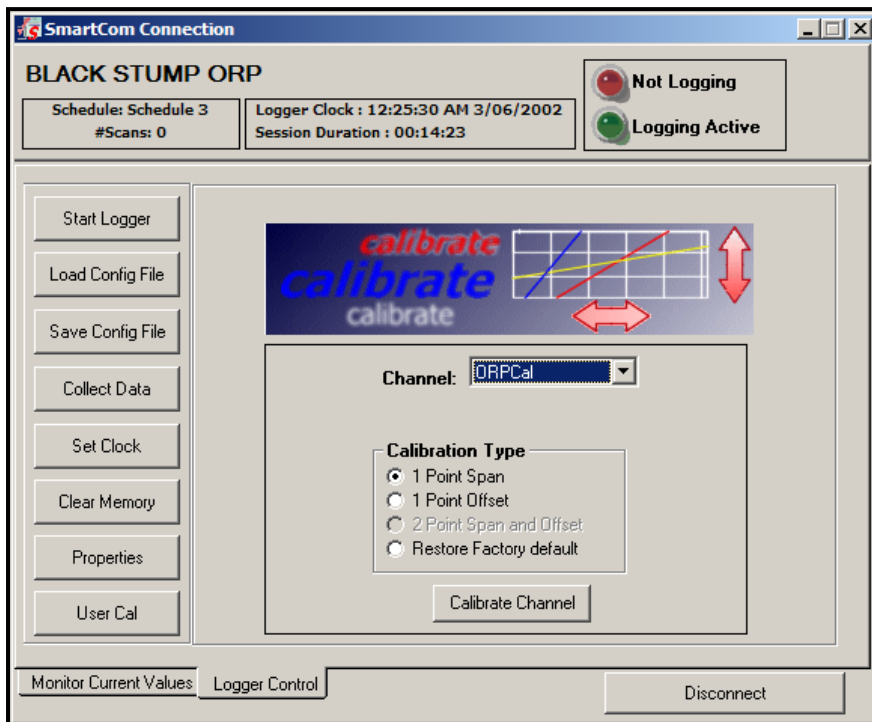
Allows re calibration of channels within the logger.

Please consult your sales or technical support specialist before recalibrating the sensor.

The Option "Restore Factory default" allows the sensor to be reset to the original factory calibration.
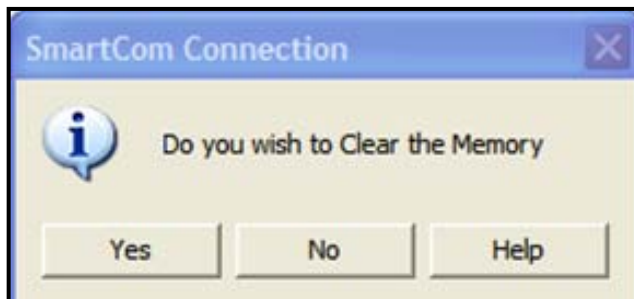
3.2.15 Clear Memory Tab

This control is used to clear the contents of the Data Logger Memory.

Once the memory is cleared – it is gone forever!!!

Only perform this function if you have collected and checked all the data from the sensor.

Aquagraph can be used to view and check data before deleting the memory contents.

If using the memory Wrap function – the memory will fill and then overwrite the oldest (earliest data)

If not using the Memory Wrap function – the memory will fill and then no more data will be logged. (i.e. all the data from the start of the logging period will be retained until it is cleared)

3.2.16 Set Clock

The logger has an internal clock to provide time stamping for all data logging.
The clock can be reset to the correct local time via two different methods.
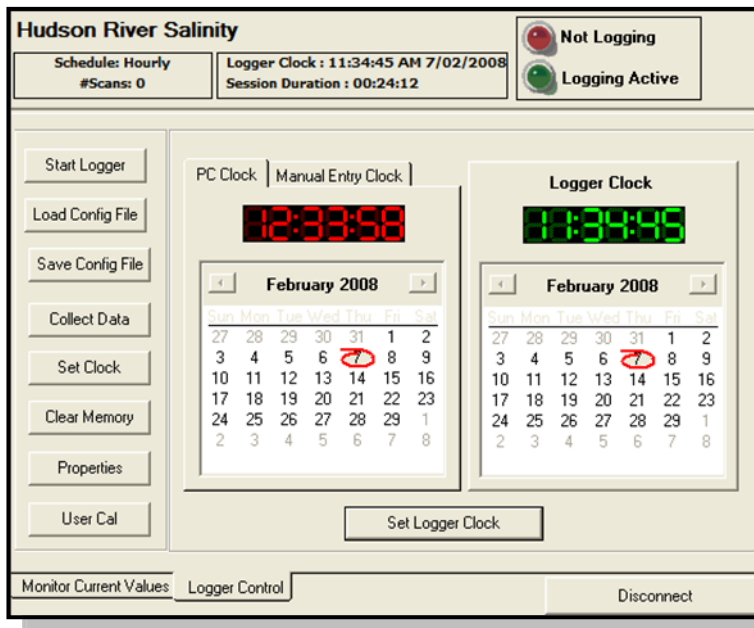
3.2.17 PC Clock

Option 1 – allows the Logger Clock to be set to the clock time of the PC being used.

PC Clock shown in red (left)
Logger Clock shown in green (right)

The Logger clock is displayed in the top of the screen – and should be checked to confirm it is correct.
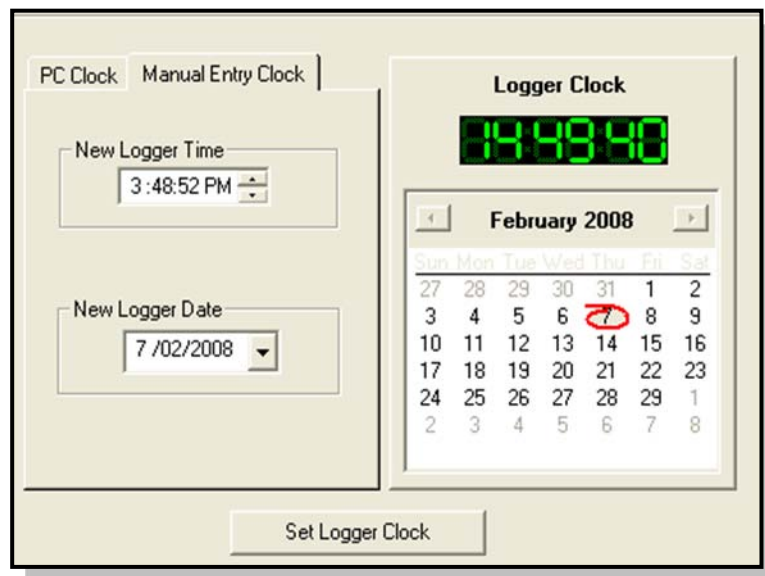
3.2.18 Manual Entry Clock

Option 2 – allows the Logger Clock to be set to a User Manually Entered time.
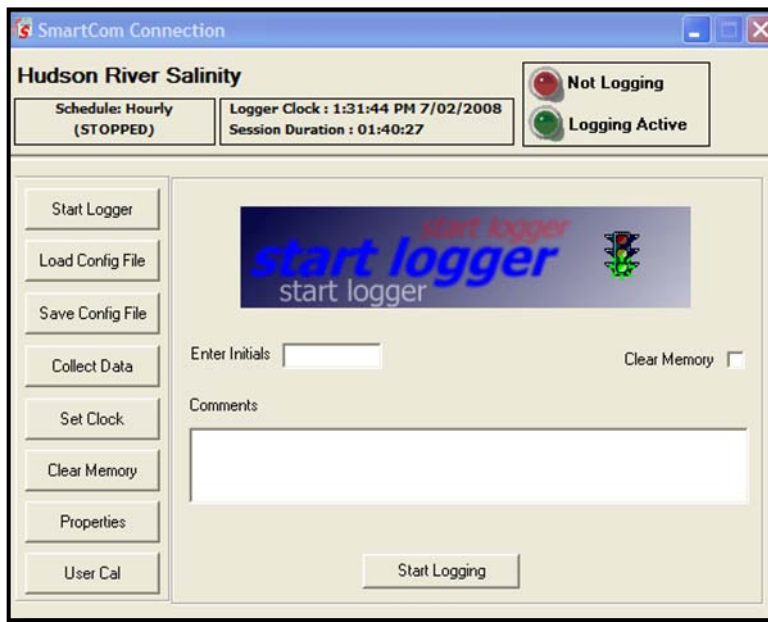
Screen shows the drop down menus for the user to enter the correct local time and date settings into the Logger Clock.

Logger Clock shown in green (right)

The Logger clock is displayed in the top of the screen – and should be checked to confirm it is correct.

3.2.19 Start Logger

When starting the logger – the user is able to enter comments, and is given an option to clear memory.

All enabled Schedules will be started when logger starts. Schedules of different logging frequency will start at different clock times.
(E.g. a schedule running every 5 minutes will start at the next whole minute)

(E.g. a schedule running every 3 hours will start at the next whole 5 minute)
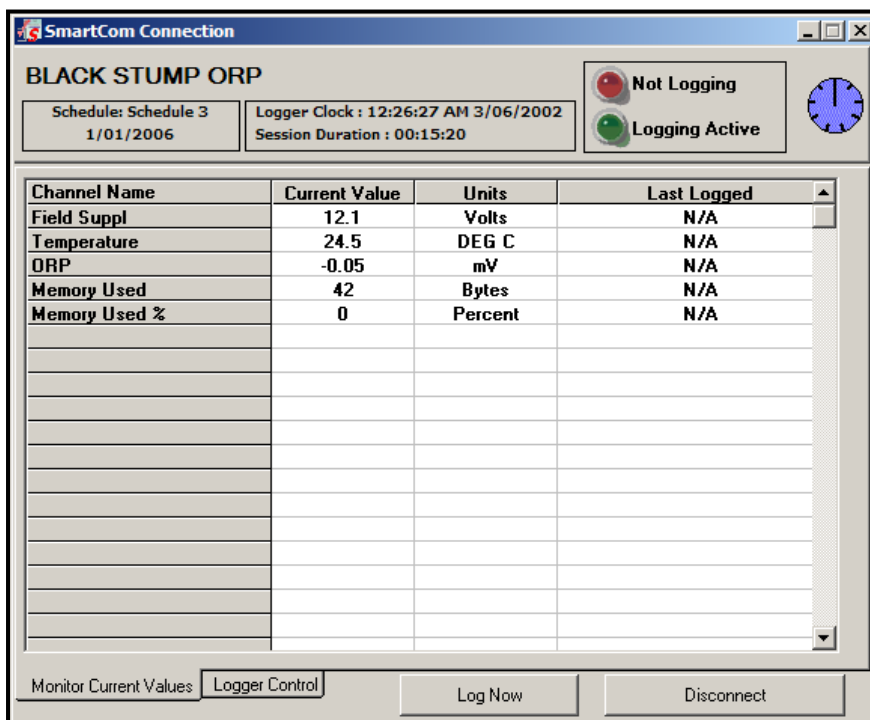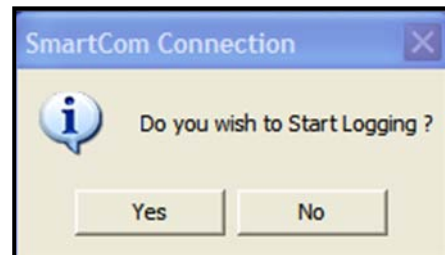
Confirm Logger is operational by checking the following:

Clock time is set to local time & date.
Green light flashing (Logging Active)
Blue dial top right updates every 10s
Current Value will update every 10s
Last Logged will update at the logging interval. Sensor can be put in bucket of water, heated, cooled, etc. to confirm the sensor is working ok.

A data collection after several minutes logging is a check that everything is working OK.

3.2.20 Collect Data

This allows collection of the logged data. Various options allow collection of all Data, New Data or Data between specific dates.

Data can be downloaded to new files, or appended to existing files.

Data is not deleted from the Logger during this process and can be re-collected many times.

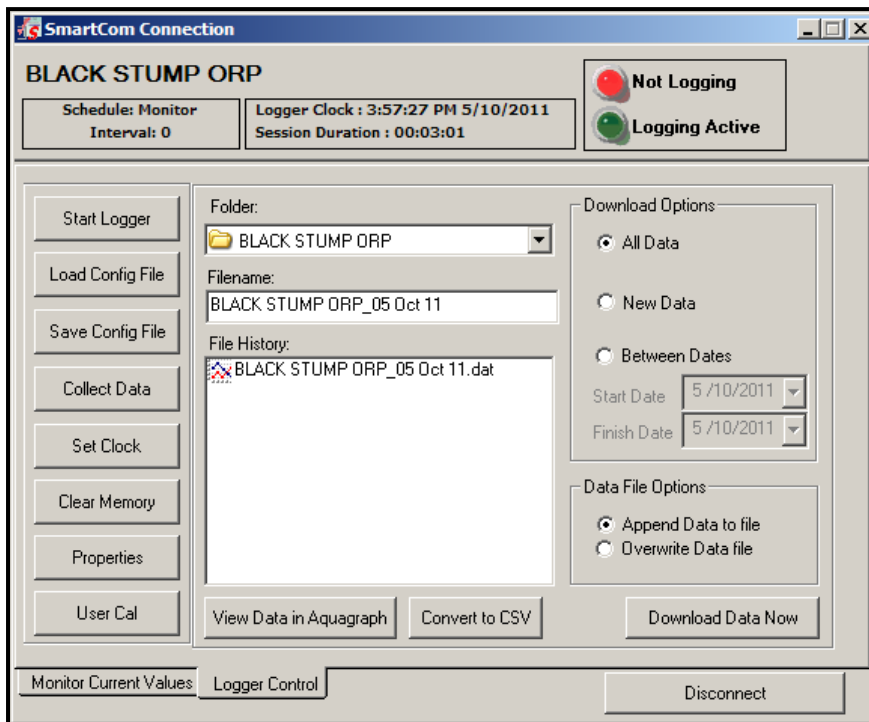The Data Logger does not need to be stopped for the collection process, and normal logging of data will continue while the data downloads.

The Data is extracted in Binary Format and requires the Aquagraph program to decode into text format.
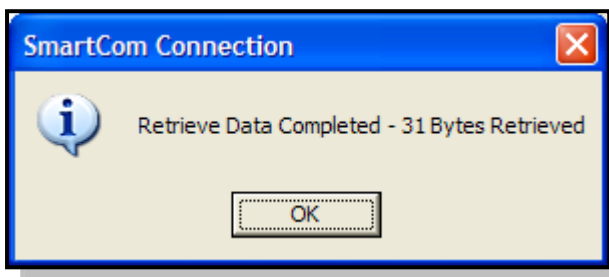
Data collection can take up to several minutes for direct connection (serial cable) or longer for remote modem connections.

It is always more efficient to perform regular data collections of New Data – and append to a Master File, rather than try to collect very large parcels of data.

Once complete the Data can be viewed in Tabular and Graphical format by hitting the View Data in Aquagraph button.

3.2.21 Aquagraph – Tabular View

Shows all logged data from the sensor.

Data can be exported to excel spreadsheet.

To generate graph – highlight columns(s) of interest and hit graph button.

3.2.22

3.2.23 Aquagraph – Graphical View

Graphs will self scale across the dates and ranges requested.

Multiple channels can be plotted on single graph, as well as stacked graphs for many parameters.

Various tools are available from Menu for highlighting points; adding text, zoom function etc.

Graph can be exported as a graphic (.bmp) file for reports etc.

3.2.24

3.2.25 Aquagraph – Tools & Options
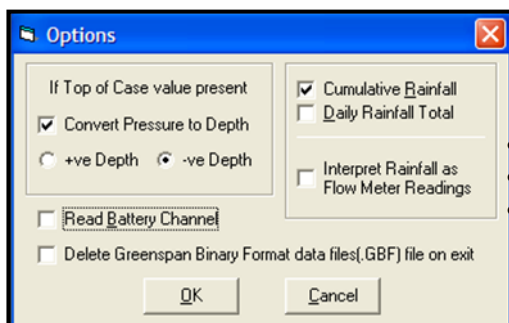
Battery Details can be included.

Rainfall can be included in various formats
Instant readings (each tip)
Cumulative Total
Daily Rainfall total

Other options support display of flow meter readings, and conversion of pressure/level to Depth of Water above or below specified Datum levels.

Fully documented Help Function is available for Aquagraph by hitting F1 key while software running.

3.3   Quick Check and Re-Calibration

The Factory supplied Calibration Certificate will provide detailed information on the calibration of the sensor and should be retained for future reference. To maintain high quality control over monitoring programs, it is recommended ORP calibration is checked every 6-12 months.

It is not possible to calibrate Eh electrodes over a range of redox potentials (as is done with pH electrodes). Instead standard solutions that are stable with known redox potentials for specific indicator electrodes are used to check response.

There are two main solutions used for measuring redox potentials, Light's solution and Zo Bell's solution.

The table below shows the theoretical potential of platinum ORP electrodes using two different common reference electrodes in the ORP standard Light's solution and Zo Bell's solution. The actual potential of the Greenspan ORP electrode in Light's solution is specified as 465mV+/- 10mV.

3.3.1   Comparison Table

Reference	Standard Hydrogen Electrode (SHE)	Greenspan Ag/AgCl Electrode
Light's Solution	+675mV	+465mV, +/10mV
ZoBell's Solution	-	+229mV Saturated KCL

If the readings obtained are outside the expected values the electrode should be cleaned and/or replaced. Sensors may be returned to an authorised Greenspan agent for re-calibration.

3.3.2 Quick check

1.   Remove the sensor from the water; ensure the sensor is clean. Dirty electrodes could be a key source of calibration errors.
2.   Connect the sensor to a DC power source and Connect the sensor to a PC and run SmartCom.
3.   Place the sensor in a standard solution so that the electrode is fully submerged.
4.   Once connected the monitor screen will display the readings. The ORP value displayed on the monitor screen should be the standard solution value +/- 2% of the full scale range of the sensor.
5.   Carefully rinse the electrode in water and shake off any attached droplets.

3.3.3 Re-Calibration Method Using Calibration Solutions

1. Ensure the sensor is clean and dry.

2. Provide power to the sensor, connect sensor to a PC with appropriate communication cable.

3. Run SmartCom for Windows.

4. In SmartCom for Windows, select User Cal from Logger Control menu.

5. Select the ORPCal Channel.

6. Select 1 point Offset Calibration Type.

7. Put the sensor in a solution with a known ORP value. Allow time for the electrode to stabilize.
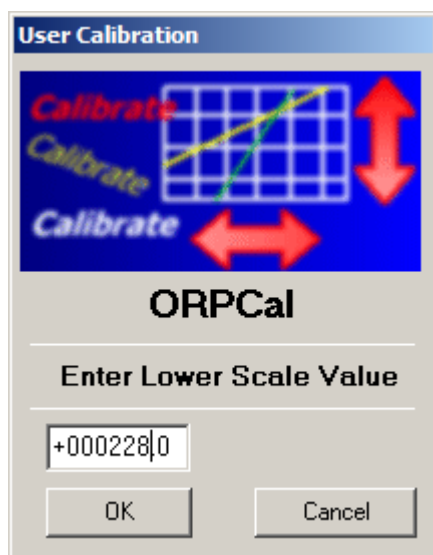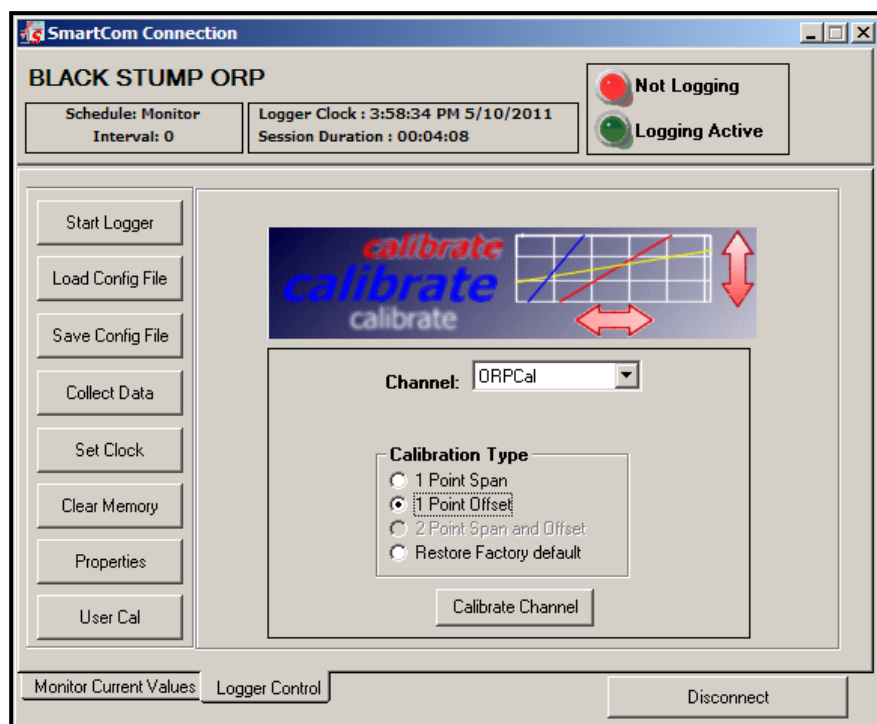
8. The screen should display a window to allow entry of the new low value, type in the value of the standard solution, e.g.: (0228.00), Click OK.

3.4   Installation

3.4.1 Shipping and Storage Cap

The ORP3000 sensor is shipped with a rubber cap covering the ORP electrode. This cap contains a small amount of 3M KCl solution and is in place to prevent the electrode from drying out during shipping and storage. **This cap must be removed prior to installation.** The cap should be retained so that it can be placed back on the electrode if the sensor is to be removed.

3.4.2 Field Deployment Considerations

The sensor head should always be completely submerged and positioned such that the possibility of air bubbles becoming entrapped on the sensor face is minimised. Bubbles trapped on the electrode can potentially cause errors and inaccurate readings. For applications in harsh environments it is recommended that the optional Acetal body material be specified.

The sensor head should be periodically inspected for fouling, and can be cleaned with fresh water and damp cloth. In marine environments crustaceans may need removal at regular intervals.

The body should always be fully immersed under the water to ensure the electronic module is at water temperature and to avoid any possible anodic/cathodic action taking place on the stainless body due to the oxygen difference across the boundary.

Care should be taken if clamps are to be attached to the Stainless Steel body as the depletion of oxygen to the clamp/probe interface can cause corrosion due to anodic/cathodic action. It is recommended that Acetal body sensors be used if clamping.

Sensors should generally be installed such that they can be easily and safely removed for cleaning, servicing, replacement of the wiper etc. For environmental applications the sensor can often be mounted inside a section of PVC or steel pipe, which enters the water body. The sensor can then be slid down inside the pipe until the sensor protrudes into the water body. This provides a high degree of protection for the sensor from environmental (sunlight, heat, flood debris etc.) as well as from other influences such as Cattle, vandalism etc. Most sediment transport occurs during storm events and flood conditions. Protection from floating debris damage is an important consideration along with adequate tethering of sensors.

Another widespread application of the sensors is to hang the sensors in the water body from a fixed structure or a floating buy or pontoon. Generally in lakes or estuary applications the sensor can hang on its own cable, and easily retrieved for routine servicing.

3.4.3 Cabling Considerations

Care should be taken with installation and field servicing to ensure the cable is not subjected to persistent pulling snagging or severe compression. Cyclic loading of the cable should also be avoided through careful sensor deployment. Additional stilling wells or mounting brackets may be required to prevent sensor movement, which may cause long term cable movement. Where cable runs are required which may be subject to environmental effects (heat, water movement, sunlight, flood debris etc.) it is advisable to protect the sensor cable inside a slightly larger diameter conduit such as PVC, steel or polyethylene. This also allows the sensor cable to be pulled out – should a sensor change-over be required at the site. Maximum cable runs up to several hundred meters are possible without affecting electrical signals. The maximum cable length is dependant on the capability of the com port of the computer. Most computers should be capable of driving a 150 to 200m cable length.

3.4.4 Typical Sensor Installations

- Edge of river/stream/lake embankment.

- Side of boat/vessel.

- Mounted within a stilling well off stream from main flow.

- Mounted within drainage channels/pipes.

- Suspended from dam walls or floating pontoon.

- Sensor anchored to bed of lake/stream.

3.4.5 Field Installation must ensure:

- The sensor is anchored or held in position or located so it is not subject to any movement during normal operations.

- Sensor is protected from direct sunlight to avoid high temperature fluctuations

- Sensor is protected against high turbulence and possible debris loading during flow events

- The rubber storage cap is removed from the electrode

3.4.6 Other Considerations

Environmental compatibility should be checked before using the sensors and advice sought from Greenspan if any doubt exists. The sensor utilises some 316 stainless components that are suitable in a majority of situations but care should be taken against possible corrosion in high Chloride, Sulphate or Ferric solutions. The body should always be totally immersed under the water to ensure that the sensor is at water temperature and to also avoid any possible anodic/cathodic action taking place on the components at the water-air interface. If using clamps to mount the sensor – these should be of a type that evenly clamps the sensor body without excessive loading that could damage the sensor body.

3.4.7 Guidelines for cleaning equipment

The sensor may be cleaned using a soft cloth, mild detergents and warm water. If the sensor shows signs of marine growth a light biocide can be used to clean and kill any biological growth on the sensor. Sensors are supplied with a removable shroud that provides added protection for the electrode. This shroud unscrews for cleaning.

The sensor must be cleaned with the electrode in place. The sensor will be damaged by the ingress of water or other solutions into the electrode cavity. The electrode should only be removed when it is to be replaced. Cleanliness of the sensor and junction is critical for accurate measurement. Drift and slow response is often due to unclean sensor electrodes and reference junction. **DO NOT** use abrasive materials.

To remove inorganic deposits and scale Soak sensor electrode in dilute KCl for an hour. Wash well with water and condition in 20% KCl solution before use.

To remove solids and organics Wipe the sensor electrode with cotton or tissue soaked in mild non-alkaline detergent. Wash with water and condition in 20% KCl before use.

To remove plated metals from ORP Tips Soak the tip in approx. 0.1M nitric acid for 15-20 minutes, followed by conditioning in 20% KCl.

3.4.8 Replacing Reference Protection Ring

The reference protection ring can be removed and/or replaced (with the electrode still in place in the sensor) by unscrewing the plastic shroud on the end of the electrode. The white protection ring can be slid off the platinum electrode.

3.4.9 Electrode storage

ORP electrodes should be stored in such a way to prevent the electrode from drying out. A rubber cap is provided with the electrode for this purpose. A small amount of liquid should be placed in this cap prior to the cap being placed over the electrode. 3M KCl is the preferred storage solution however; tap water should be used if not available. Soaking in 3M KCl solution overnight may restore some electrodes that have been allowed to dry out, although some calibration drift can be expected until the electrode is fully re-hydrated.

3.4.10 Electrode replacement
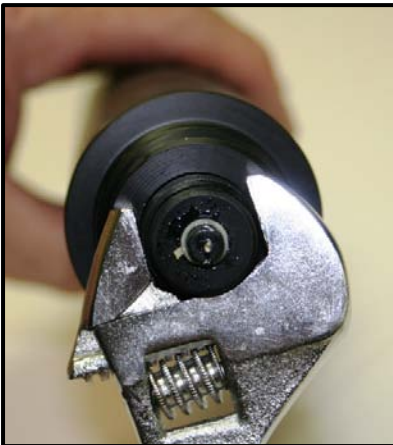
ORP electrodes will require periodic replacement. How long they last is dependant on the environment and to a lesser extent the cleaning and maintenance. In a typical environment, electrode life between 1 and 3 years is quite possible. The electrode is sealed in its mount with two O-rings on the electrode body. The electrode is removed by unscrewing it from the housing. Spanner flats are machined on the electrode to assist.

Prior to removal of an electrode the sensor must be thoroughly cleaned and dried. Care must be exercised to ensure that no liquids or other contaminants enter the electrode cavity. The ORP sensor should not be stored or transported without an electrode. Immersion of an ORP3000 without an electrode will likely cause damage to the sensor.

With the old electrode removed the electrode cavity should be carefully inspected. A small ring of contamination may be present at the mouth of the cavity. If present, this contamination should be removed with a clean cloth in such a way so that the contamination is not pushed inside the cavity. Do not flush the cavity with water or other cleaning solvents as damage to the electronics inside the sensor could occur.

Once clean, a new electrode can be screwed into the electrode mount. It is recommended that the calibration of the new electrode be checked prior to re-deployment.

4 Appendix A -Additional Information

4.1 Specifications

Measurement Technique	Platinum with internal Ag/AgCl reference Field replaceable electrode
Sensor Range	-1000mV to +1000mV
Sensor Outputs	Internal data logger- serial output via software Optional adaptor provides SDI12 output (3 wire)
Resolution	ORP 1mV, temperature 0.05°C
Accuracy	ORP +/- 2% full scale (+/- 20mV), Temperature +/- 0.2°C Battery +/- 0.5V
Cable Type	Polyurethane sheathed cable, OD 8mm, with 3mm vent tube, moulded entry, bare wire connection
Standard Cable lengths	10, 20, 30, 50, 100, 150 m (32, 65, 100, 165, 325, 490 ft.)
Power Supply	8 to 30vdc external supply or on board battery pack (option)
Reverse Polarity Protection	Yes
Surge Current Protected	To 2kV
Warm up time to stable reading	2 sec
Current Consumption	Sleep 0.5mA, Logging 21mA, Communicating 30mA
On Board Battery Pack (option)	Housing screws to sensor size (OD x L) 47mm x 250mm
Battery Capacity	9 x Lithium AA (3.6Volt) – Total capacity 5.2 Ah @ 10.8v
Typical Field Life (Batt Pack)	Over 6 months remote operation @30 min logging
Internal data logger	Non-volatile, battery backed ram with real time clock
Memory Size	2Mb capacity, with user selectable wrap function
Measuring Units	User definable
Data storage	250 000 readings (typically 5 minute data for >12 months)
Logging frequency	User selectable from 1 second up to once per day
Averaging Alarms	User selectable via supplied Smartcom software
Operating temperature	0-50°C
Storage temperature	-5°C to +60°C
Depth Rating (water column)	100m
Weight	500g plus cable weight (665g per 10m length)
Dimensions (L x OD)	384.20mm x 47mm (15.13" x 1.85") or 584.20mm x 47mm (23.0" x 1.85") with battery housing
Wetted Materials	UPVC, Acetal, 316 Passivated Stainless Steel, Polyurethane, Viton

CERTIFICATE of CONFORMANCE

Customer:	*"Click here & type Customer name"*
Model No.	*ORP3000 Oxygen Reduction Potential Sensor* (Tyco Environmental Systems material # 700-5500)
Sales Order Reference:	*"Click here & type SO Reference"*
Serial Number:	*"Click here & type S/N"*

ORP3000 ORP Sensor

Product Information

Range	ORP	0-1000mV	
	Temp	$0 - 50°C$	
Accuracy		*See note 6*	
Cable Length		*"Click here & type Cable length" M*	
Firmware Version		RC3.11	
Ext Supply Voltage		9 - 30 VDC	
Power		**+ve**	Red
		Gnd	Black
		Shield	Yellow/Green
Output		RS232	
Connection Code		*HS7/Detachable/CX9 (delete applicable)*	
Warranty		*1 year or 2 years (delete applicable)*	

User Notes

1. *The sensor is protected against reverse polarity.*
2. *Do not attempt to dismantle the sensor, as it will void the warranty. Contact your agent for technical advice.*
3. *The sensor utilises a platinum electrode and Ag/AgCl reference.*
4. *The sensor turn on time is factory set to 5 seconds*
5. *Maximum submersible pressure 100m H_2O*
6. **Accuracy** $± 2\%$ **of span**

Inspected By: _____ 6 October, 2011

Manufactured By:
Tyco Environmental Systems (Greenspan Analytical Plant)
22 Palmerin Street
WARWICK QLD 4370
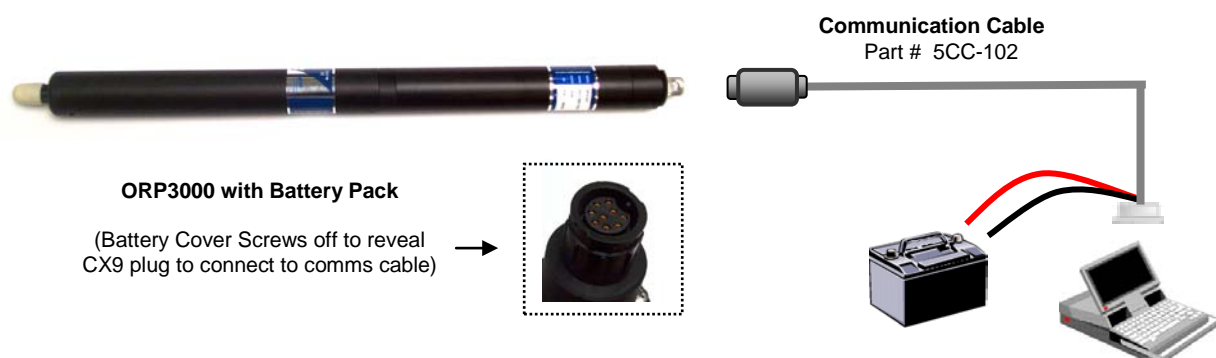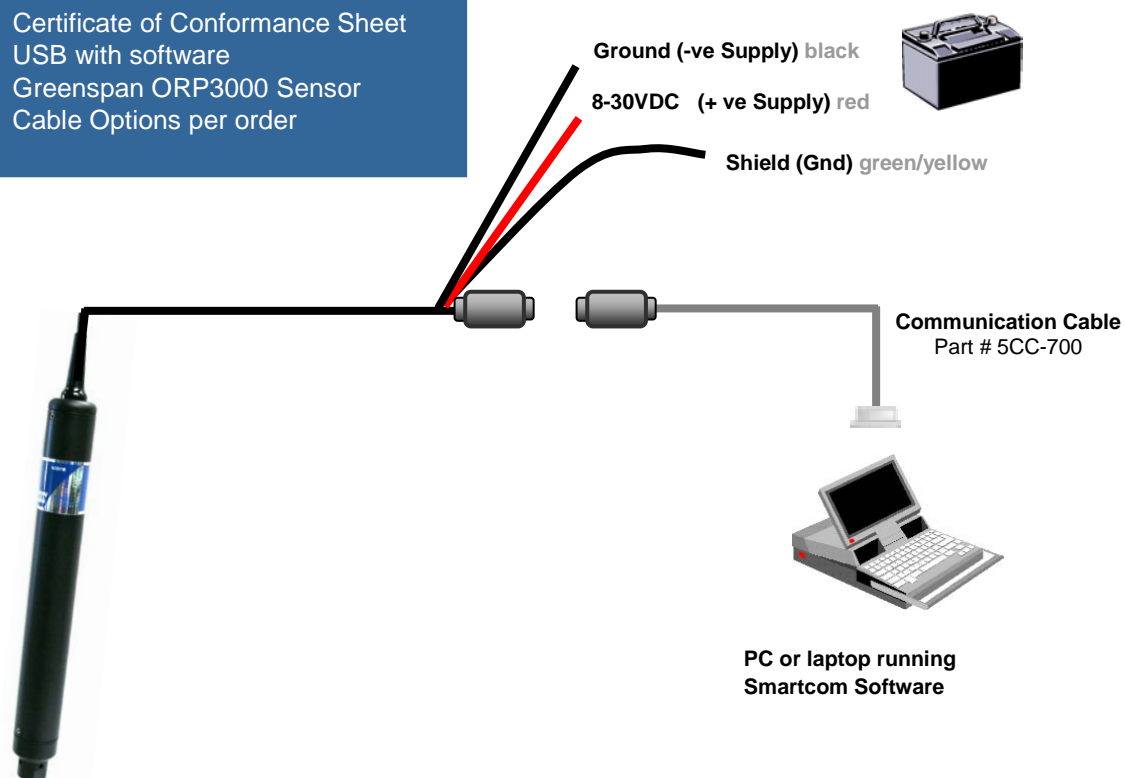AUSTRALIA   Phone: + 61 (0)7 46601888

GREENSPAN ANALYTICAL tyco | Flow Control | Environmental Systems

4.3   Example Quick Start Guide

Quick Start Guide – ORP3000 ORP Sensor

Procedures for connecting and configuring the Greenspan ORP3000 Sensor.
Further details in the sensor manual located on the website

You should have received:

- Certificate of Conformance Sheet
- USB with software
- Greenspan ORP3000 Sensor
- Cable Options per order

Ground (-ve Supply) black

8-30VDC   (+ ve Supply) red

Shield (Gnd) green/yellow

Communication Cable
Part # 5CC-700

**PC or laptop running
Smartcom Software**

Communication Cable
Part # 5CC-102

ORP3000 with Battery Pack

(Battery Cover Screws off to reveal
CX9 plug to connect to comms cable)

*ORP3000 provides a complete measurement & logging system for ORP
Communication and configuration of the sensor is via the Smartcom
Software on the supplied USB.*

ENGINEERING NOTE

RELEASE DATE: 28/4/2008

SUBJECT: Connecting and Disconnecting the Detachable Cable for Greenspan
                    Sensors (packaged in 47mm & 65mm Tubes)

IMPORTANT NOTE:

You have been supplied with:
2 x O-Rings (Greenspan part number 011-OR16X2.5)
2 x Grub Screws (Greenspan part number 512-M4X6SS316P)
1 x Allen Key

**Prior to connecting your sensors to the detachable cable, please
ensure that the detachable cable entry has been fitted with
O-Rings supplied as detailed above.
Ensure O-Ring grooves are greased and then slide O-Rings and fit
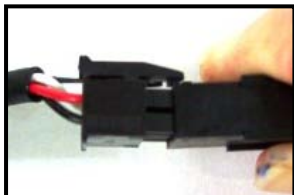into the recessed grooves.**

Refer to the following instructions for **connecting** to your sensor to the detachable cable
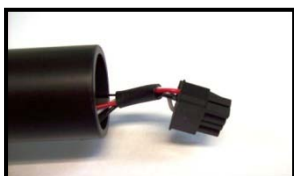
1.   The sensor connector is exposed and ready to connect to the cable
     connector.
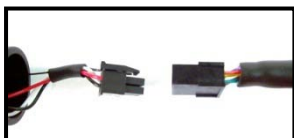
2.   Align the cable connector with the sensor connector and push
     together. The connector is polarized and will only fit together one
     way.

3.   Once connectors are completely pushed together, the rocker arm on
     the sensor connector will clip in with the cable connector and secure
     the connection.

4. Carefully feed the connection back into the sensor tube taking caution not to crimp or damage any wiring. Ensure the O-Rings have been fitted to the moulded cable entry as directed at the beginning of this document

5. Twist carefully to align the grub screw holes. Firmly push the tube back onto the moulded cable entry

7. Screw in two (2) 512-M4X6SS316P grub screws to secure the cable and the sensor with supplied Allen key

8. The cable is now securely fitted to the sensor.

Refer to the following instructions for **disconnecting** to your sensor to the detachable cable

1. Sensor with cable attached and ready for cable disconnection.

2. Remove the two (2) grub screws (Greenspan part #512-M4X6SS316P) using the Allen key supplied. (N.B Allen key is supplied in spare parts kit with original packaging)

3. CAREFULLY pull tube away from cable mould. Once the tube has been pulled away from cable mould, the connector will be revealed as pictured left.
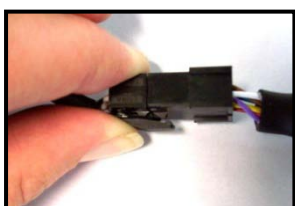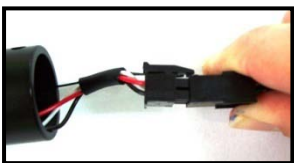
4. Release locking device on the connector by gently pinching rocker arm on the cable connector and pull apart.

5. The sensor and cable are now detached.

Note: When the cable is not connected to a sensor, please ensure the supplied vent cap is fitted to the vent tube (if applicable)