EQ-99 Manager USER'S MANUAL



SMART CONTROLLER



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Introduction

The Energetiq **EQ-99 Manager** is a smart control system for operating the EQ-99 Laser Driven Light Source and optional shutter. The front panel has LED indicators for the lamp on/off state and shutter position, and the VFD display provides additional status indication as well as the ability to change the operation of the instrument by adjusting the instrument settings through the menu. A trigger input on the front panel allows for synchronization of the shutter with other instruments, with exposure mode control or simply open/close operation. A USB interface is available for full operation from a computer.

The Energetiq **EQ-99 Manager** also provides the 12VDC power needed by the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller.

Safety Terms and Symbols

The following safety-related terms are used in this manual:

- **Warnings** (noted by the WARNING heading) explain dangers that could result in physical injury or death;
- Cautions (noted by the CAUTION heading) explain conditions that could result in damage to the instrument, other equipment, or your device.
- Notes (noted by the NOTES heading) are not safety-related, and are intended simply to point out important information.

If, at any time, any of the following conditions exist, or are suspected of existing, discontinue use of the unit until it can be inspected by qualified service personnel:

- Visible damage to the unit, including damage or stress caused during product shipment;
- Storage of the unit outside the standard storage temperature or humidity rating, or prolonged storage under harsh conditions;
- Failure to operate properly.

If needed, contact your distributor or Energetiq for service or repair to ensure the safety of the product is maintained.



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Symbols



Caution, risk of electric shock

General Warnings

WARNING

Potentially lethal voltages exist within this instrument. This instrument is intended for use by qualified personnel who understand the shock and laser hazards and are familiar with safety procedures required to avoid injury. Read this manual completely before attempting to use this product.

WARNING

To avoid electrical shock, ensure a 3-prong power cord is used, and is plugged into an earth-grounded receptacle. Failure to do so can result in severe injury or death.

CAUTION

There are no user-serviceable parts inside. All service and repair work shall be done by Energetiq or personnel authorized by Energetiq. Modifications done by non-authorized personnel will void the warranty. Please see the Service section later in this manual for instructions on how to obtain service for this instrument.

Installation of the Controller

The **EQ-99 Manager** uses a switching power supply which supports 100-240VAC, 50/60Hz operation, so there is no need for AC voltage selection.

- 1. Unpack the EQ-99 Manager and all cables.
- 2. If you have not done so already, unpack the EQ-99 LDLS system and setup according to the *Model EQ-99 LDLS Operation and Maintenance Manual*, which has specific instructions on unpacking and connecting the EQ-99 Lamp House to the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller.
- 3. For users of existing LDLS systems:
 - Unplug any 12VDC power supply currently being used to power the controller. The EQ-99 Manager will provide all necessary power.
 - b. If your system is equipped with the EQ-99-RC Remote Control Module, unplug it. The I/O cable used with the EQ-99-RC can be used with the EQ-99 Manager, or you can use the HD15 cable supplied with the EQ-99 Manager.
- Connect the DC power cable. This has the 2-pin 2W2 connector on one end and the 4-pin DIN connector on the other.



 Connect the I/O cable. This has a HD15 male connector on each end. If you were previously using the EQ-99-RC Remote Control Module, the cable for that module can also be used.



 Connect the interlock. The system ships with an interlock plug already pre-shorted (a wire connecting the two pins), however, if you have an interlock system, remove the wire and connect your interlock into it. Insert the plug into the interlock socket.





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- 7. Optional: if you have purchased a shutter, see *Installing the Shutter*, below, for shutter installation instructions.
- Plug the AC cord into the unit and into the wall outlet. Turn on the power switch located on the rear panel next to the AC socket, and both the EQ-99 Manager and the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller will power up.

If you wish to control the instrument from your computer, connect the instrument to your computer and install the USB drivers. When the **Add New Hardware** wizard appears, if your computer is Internet-connected, you can use Windows Update to load the driver; otherwise, insert the CD you received with the instrument. Follow the on-screen instructions. Once the drivers are installed, a COM port number will automatically be assigned to the controller, typically the highest COM port in the system.

Ventilation

The EQ-99 Manager has vent holes on both sides of the unit. You must not block these vent holes or overheating may occur, causing damage to the unit.

CAUTION

Do not operate the unit above +40°C ambient, and ensure the instrument is properly ventilated, or the unit may overheat and possible damage to the unit may occur.

Rack Mounting

Rack mounting kits (**p**/**n** 1401-**RM-1** or **p**/**n** 1401-**RM-2**) for standard 19" racks are available for the EQ-99 Manager, and supports the rack mount of one (1401-**RM-1**) or two (1401-**RM-2**) units in a 2U (3.5") high opening.

Installing the Shutter

The shutter comes assembled and ready for mounting onto the Lamp House. To attach the shutter, follow these steps:

1. Mount the adapter plate onto the Lamp House and use the supplied 4-40 flat head screw to secure it:





2. Next mount the shutter housing onto the adapter plate:





3. Finally, secure the shutter to the adapter plate by tightening the retaining screw:





4. Plug the cable into the EQ-99 Manager. The shutter is now ready for use.



Front and Rear Panel

The front panel includes the display, buttons for LDLS and shutter operation, and the trigger input BNC:

LDLS On/Off Open Ciosed Ciosed EQ-99 Manager	hutter	
---	--------	--

LDLS Control Interface Front Panel

LDLS On/Off

The **LDLS** button is used to turn the lamp of or off, and is also used to exit the menu when making menu adjustments and clear errors from the display. To turn the output on or off, you must press and hold the button for 1/2 second.

Shutter Open/Close

The **Shutter** button is used to operate the shutter. When the exposure mode (*Exp Mode*) is set to Manual, the button will open or close the shutter. When the exposure mode is set to Exposure, the button will act as a trigger, causing one exposure to be taken.

Shutter Trigger BNC

This is a 0V to 5V level or edge sensitive input used to open and close the shutter remotely. The shell is ground and the center pin is the signal input. For more information on shutter operation, see **Shutter Operation** in the *Operating the Instrument* section below.

All connections except the trigger input BNC are located on the rear panel:



Shutter

The shutter connector is a mini-XLR type connector, with pins 1 and 2 providing the control signals to the shutter. The remaining 3 pins are unused. This interface is used with the optional shutter attachment for the LDLS lamp house. For more information on shutter operation, see **Shutter Operation** in the *Operating the Instrument* section below.

I/O Control

This HD15 connector mirrors the pin-out of the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller, and is used to monitor and control the lamp operation. For more details on the pin-out and operation of this interface, see the *Model EQ-99 LDLS Operation and Maintenance Manual*.

12VDC Power

This 2W2 connector provides the power needed by the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller for operation. Pin 1 is ground, and pin 2 is 12VDC.

Interlock

The interlock input is a 2-pin Phoenix connector, and provide access to the interlock functionality of the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller. By connecting these two pins together, the external interlock input to the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller is brought high and enables operation. When these pins are not shorted together, the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller Fault LED will be lit, and the front panel will indicate an interlock open condition.



Mating Phoenix Plug - shown with shorting wire installed

The pins of the interlock are connected to the pins of the I/O Control as follows:

Function	Interlock Pin	I/O Control Pin
EXTERNAL INTERLOCK	1	13
ISOLATED +5V SUPPLY	2	5

Connection between Interlock and I/O Control



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USB Connector

The USB connector is a standard Type B female connector, and can be plugged into any USB 1.1 or USB 2.0 port. For more information on using the USB interface, see *Remote Operation*, below.

Operating the Instrument

The **EQ-99 Manager** can be broken down into two sections: the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller operation and the shutter operation.

EQ-99 Power Supply Controller Operation

The **EQ-99 Manager** both controls the output of the lamp as well as monitoring the status of the controller. Using the On/Off button, you can easily control the lamp, and control is also available over the USB interface.

The LDLS lamp is turned on by pressing and holding the LDLS button for at least 1 second then release. The green On LED will illuminate, and the lamp will start the turn-on process. Likewise, to turn off the lamp, press and hold the LDLS button for 1 second then release.

The VFD display will indicate the state of the lamp with one of the following icons:

lcon	Normal States	Icon	Fault States
\diamond	Lamp Off	效	No Controller Detected
	Lamp Pre-Start	赘	Lamp Fault
	Laser On	\$	Controller Fault
×.	Lamp On	$\langle \mathbf{P} \rangle$	Interlock Open

During a normal turn-on process, the lamp will start from the Lamp Off state, briefly move to the Lamp Pre-Start state, then will dwell at the Laser On state for up to two minutes as the laser is stabilized. Once the laser is stable, the lamp will be turned on, the Lamp On state will be indicated, and the light source is ready to be used.

If the interlock is open, the interlock open state will be indicated. Note that the Controller Fault LED on the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller will be lit, but because fault is caused by the interlock, only the interlock icon will be displayed.

Immediately after closing the interlock, the controller interface will indicate a fault for a brief period of time until the fault can be cleared by the **EQ-99 Manager**. A controller fault that persists for more than a couple of seconds after the interlock is closed indicates a different problem. When dealing with either a lamp fault or a persistent controller fault, consult the EQ-99 User's Manual for more information on how to address this problem.

Shutter Operation

Control over the optional shutter can be done one of three ways: the front panel button, the shutter trigger input, or over the USB interface. The VFD display will actively remote the state of the shutter, as will the Open/Close LEDs. The icons are as follows:



The shutter offers two modes of operation: manual and exposure. In manual mode, a press of the shutter button will open or close the shutter, and the shutter will remain in that state.

In exposure mode, the shutter is opened for a defined exposure time and then closed. Pressing the shutter button when the shutter is closed will open the shutter and automatically close the shutter after the programmed exposure time. Pressing the shutter button while the shutter is open will immediately close the shutter.

The **Shutter Trigger** input BNC on the front of the unit provides an external trigger input for synchronizing the shutter with external events. The trigger can be configured for either edge or level sensitivity. There are four trigger modes:

Edge, Pos Any positive edge will cause a trigger of the shutter system.



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Edge, Neg	Any negative edge will cause a trigger of the shutter system.
Level, Pos	When the voltage is 5V, the shutter will be open, when 0V, it
	will be closed.
Level,Neg	When the voltage is 0V, the shutter will be open, when 5V, it
	will be closed.

In *Edge* modes, an appropriate trigger transition acts nearly the same as a press of the shutter button: in manual mode, it will open or close the shutter, and in exposure mode, it will trigger an exposure. The only difference is when in exposure mode and the shutter is open: in this case, the trigger is ignored. *Edge* modes can be used with either manual or exposure shutter modes.

In *Level* modes, the shutter will follow the level input. In *Level, Pos,* 5V applied to the trigger input will open the shutter and 0V will close it. In *Level, Neg,* the logic is reversed. When in either *Level* mode, the shutter button can be used to manually override the trigger level, but at the next transition, the manual override will be cleared and the trigger will again operate normally. *Level* modes can only be used in manual shutter mode.

For example, if the instrument is configured for *Level, Pos* and 5V is applied to the trigger input, the shutter will open. If the user then presses the shutter button, the shutter will close, and remain closed, even though the trigger input is at 5V; this is considered a manual override. However, once the trigger input goes to 0V, the manual override will be cleared, and the next transition to 5V will open the shutter.

Maximum Shutter Rate

The shutter is only designed to operate at a maximum open/close rate of 2Hz (500ms per open/close cycle). The controller will prevent operation beyond this cycle rate by monitoring the time between opens, and delaying an open request until at least 500ms has elapsed.

For example, if you open and close the shutter, and in less than 500ms after the last open, try to open the shutter again, the shutter will not actually open until it has been 500ms since the last open.

Manual Shutter Operation

In the event you need to manually operate the shutter, there is a manual operation access port located on the bottom of the shutter. Use a small flat-bad screw driver to slide the shutter open or closed.



Manual Operation Port and three post-mounting holes

Shutter Timing Diagrams

Below are a series of timing diagrams that illustrate the operation of the shutter when controlled by the trigger input.

In this first diagram, **Trig** is set to *Pos, Edge*, and the **Shutter** is set to *Manual*. As you can see, for every <u>rising edge</u> of the trigger input, the shutter output changes state (closed to open or open to closed):



Positive Edge, Manual

Likewise, with a **Trig** set to *Neg, Edge*, for every <u>falling edge</u> of the trigger input, the shutter changes state:



Negative Edge, Manual

The graphs above show a much longer pulse width for readability, but the instrument is very sensitive to trigger input pulses and can operate with pulse widths as short as 10 microseconds.

Level modes do not monitor the edges, but rather the level of the trigger input, opening or closing the trigger based on the voltage. For positive level, if the voltage is high, the shutter is open, and if the voltage is low, the shutter is closed, as shown below:



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Likewise, with a negative level, the logic is reversed, and the shutter is open when voltage is low and closed when voltage is high:



Negative Level

When using the timed exposure mode, you specify how long the shutter is to remain open for each trigger. Exposure timing is only valid for edge (positive or negative) trigger modes. Below is a timing diagram of positive edge trigger mode and an exposure time of 200ms:



Positive Edge, Exposure = 200ms

Care should be taken to ensure your trigger input does not exceed the 2Hz (500ms) operating speed of the shutter. Operating above that rate will lead to unexpected exposure times. Below is an example of shutter operation with a positive edge input in manual mode. As you can see, the shutter does not open on every other pulse, as you would expect, but rather, the instrument delays the opening until the 500ms after the last open trigger, leading to the varied exposure times:



Positive Edge, Manual, Trigger Speed Exceeds Shutter Capability

Menu Settings

The **EQ-99 Manager** has a very simply menu interface, but it does allow changes in operation without needing a PC to make the adjustment.

To enter the menu, press and hold the Shutter button. Once the menu is displayed, you can release the button.

To cycle through the menu items, press and release the Shutter button.

To change a menu setting, press and hold the Shutter button until an asterisk (*) shows up to the right of the setting, then release the button. Once the asterisk is display, you can change settings by pressing and releasing the shutter button. Once you have changed the setting to the desired value, again press and hold the shutter button until the asterisk disappears. You can continue to cycle through the menu.

Pressing the LDLS button at any time will exit the menu. If you were in the middle of making a setting change, it will be saved.

Setting	Description	Value Range
Trig	Trigger Mode – selects the sensitivity of the trigger input BNC.	Edge, Pos Edge, Neg Level, Pos Level, Neg
Shutter	Shutter Mode – selects manual or time controlled exposure.	Manual or <i>Exposure</i>
Exp Time	Exposure Time This is only displayed if Shutter Mode is set to Exposure)	100ms to 30000ms
Shutter Init	The initial state of the shutter on power-up.	Closed or Open
Lamp Time	The cumulative number of hours the LDLS has been on.	0.00 to 9999.00
Reset Lamp Time	Resets the lamp time to zero.	No or Yes
S/N	Serial number of the instrument.	

The following menu settings are available (default values are indicated in **bold**):



Specifications

Description	Specifications
EQ-99 Manager	
Power	
Voltage	12V
Maximum Current	10A
Connector	2W2 Female
I/O Control	
Connector	HD15 Female
Interlock	
Mating Connector	Phoenix 1827703
Shutter	
Control	
Connector	Switchcraft Mini-XLR Female
Voltage	10.7V
Current	1.5A (typical)
Maximum Cycle Rate	2 Hz
Exposure Window	100 ms to 30 s
Trigger	
Connector	BNC, center positive
Voltage	0V or 5V
Minimum Trigger Pulse Width	10 microseconds
General	
Indicators	LEDs for LDLS and shutter status
Display	VFD, 2x20
Computer Interface	USB 2.0 Full Speed (Type B)
AC Power	84-264VAC, 50/60Hz, 150W
Size (H x W x D) [inches (mm)]	1.82(47) x 8.5(215) x 11(280)
Operating Temperature	+10°C to +40°C
Storage Temperature	-20°C to +60°C
Weight	3.4 lbs (1.6kg)

Remote Operation

While the instrument does not have a GPIB interface, the command structure and parsing were developed around the IEEE-488.2 standard, and the command/response format is consistent with the standard.

When sending commands to the instrument, you must terminate the command string with a carriage return (ASCII 13) or line feed (ASCII 10), or both. The instrument will not start processing a command, or go into remote mode until it has received a carriage return or feed command terminator.

Commands are grouped into two major categories: device-independent and device-dependent commands. Device-independent commands include all the IEEE-488.2 supported commands plus other commands that are universal across all instruments. Device-dependent commands are specific to a class of instruments, such as LDLS commands for the EQ-99 Power Supply Controller.

Device-Independent Commands

The following device-independent commands are supported:

*IDN?DELAY*RSTERRors?BEEPERRSTR?BEEP?MESsageBRIGHTMESsage?BRIGHT?REMERR

REMERR? SN? TIME? TIMER? VER?

Device-Dependent Commands

Device-dependent commands are specific to a class of instruments, in this case, LDLS control.

LDLS Command List

LDLS:COND?
LDLS:EVEnt?
LDLS:EXPosure
LDLS:EXPosure?
LDLS:EXPMODE
LDLS:EXPMODE?

LDLS:OUTput LDLS:OUTput? LDLS:LAMPTIME LDLS:LAMPTIME? LDLS:SHUTINIT LDLS:SHUTINIT? LDLS:SHUTter LDLS:SHUTter? LDLS:TRIGMODE LDLS:TRIGMODE?



Command Syntax and Concatenation

All commands use a common syntax for constructing the command and parameter passing. Commands are case-insensitive, and some commands have optional characters, which are denoted as lower-case characters in the command definition. For example, LDLS:EVEnt? can be shortened to LDLS:EVE? This allows for command abbreviation and therefore reduced communication times.

The input buffer of the instrument allows for up to 128 characters to be received before a command overflow error occurs. If a command overflow does occur, the entire buffer is discarded and an E-102 (Message too long) error will occur.

If a command requires one or more parameters, place a space between the command and the first parameter, then use a comma to separate additional parameters. For example, the lamp output on command might look like:

LDLS:OUTPUT 1

It is also possible to concatenate multiple commands together as a single communication to the instrument. By using a semicolon, multiple commands can be sent to the instrument at once, but command processing will not start until all commands and the command terminator have been received. For example, to open the shutter and turn on the lamp, the command would look like:

LDLS:SHUTTER 1;LDLS:OUTPUT 1

Command Paths

The command set is structured in a tree-like organization, where commands for a common device or function are grouped together. For example, all commands specific to the LDLS start with a "LDLS:" prefix. This is called the command path.

When issuing multiple concatenated commands to the instrument, it "remembers" the command path of the previous command, and allows you to omit the common path from the second command. Using the example above, where the shutter was opened and the output turned on, it could also be shortened by omitting the second "LDLS:" portion because when the OUTPUT command is processed, the command parser "remembers" it's position in the command tree and starts looking for the command at that level. The command could therefore be shortened to this:

LDLS:SHUTTER 1;OUTPUT 1

Removing the optional characters from the commands, you can further shorten the command to:

LDLS:SHUT 1;OUT 1

Numeric Substitutions

For command readability, you can also substitute alternate values for zero (0) and one (1). "0" can be replaced by "CLOSED", "OFF", "NEW", or "FALSE". "1" can be replaced by "OPEN", "ON", "OLD", or "TRUE".

The USB Interface

Because of its speed, expandability, and commonality, the USB interface has become the interface of choice for newer PC-connected devices. Unlike GPIB, USB uses inexpensive cables and allows up to 127 devices to be connected to a single USB master.

To keep complexity to a minimum, once you have installed the USB drivers, the instrument will appear as a virtual serial port that you can use just like a normal serial port. In this way, you can communicate to the instrument without requiring special software modifications to your existing applications.

Unlike the RS232 interface, using the USB interface requires software drivers (provided on the CD with your instrument or available over the Microsoft Windows Update service) to be loaded onto your PC. Follow the instructions in your instrument manual for installing the USB drivers.

Once a COM port has been assigned to an instrument, it will continue to use the same COM port unless it is reassigned through the Control Panel.

Cable Connections and Interface Settings

The **EQ-99 Manager** uses a full-size USB Type B socket. You may use any USB 1.1 or 2.0 certified cable. The baud rate is fixed at 38,400.

Baud Rate	38400
Parity	None
Data Bits	8
Stop Bits	1
Flow Control	None

Ensure to disable flow control. Failure to do so will prevent the instrument from sending data back to the PC.



Alphabetical List of Commands

*IDN? Synopsis	Query the instrument identification		
Syntax	*IDN?		
Details	Returns the identification string for the instrument in the following format:		
	Energetiq Mo	del SN Ver Build	
	<u>Response</u> Model SN	Description The model number The serial number.	of the product, such as 'EQ99-CONT'.
	Ver Build	The firmware version Internal build number	on. Jer.
* RST Synopsis	Reset command		
Syntax	*RST		
Details	Resets the instrument to factory defaults, and the output is shut off. The unit remains in remote mode.		
See Also	*RCL		
BEEP Synopsis	Set the beep enable		
Syntax	BEEP [enable]	
Details	Causes the instrument to beep, or enables or disabled the beep sound for error messages and other events that generate and audible response. If <i>enable</i> is omitted, it is the equivalent of doing a 'BEEP 2'.		
	Araument	Value	Description
	enable	0	Disable the beep sound
		1	Enable the beep sound
		2	Generate one beep
See Also	BEEP?		
BEEP? Synopsis	Query the bee	ep enable	
Syntax	BEEP?		
Details	Returns the va	alue of the Beep regi	ster.

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	Response	Value	Description
	enable	0	Disable the beep sound
		1	Enable the beep sound
See Also	BEEP		
BRIGHT			
Synopsis	Set the display	y brightness	
Syntax	BRIGHT bright	tness	
Details	Sets the displa	ay brightness level, f	rom 0 to 100 percent.
	Argument	Value	Description
	brightness	0 to 100	Brightness level of the display
	There are only used to select	v 8 brightness levels, an appropriate level	and the <i>brightness</i> parameter will be
See Also	BRIGHT?		
BRIGHT? Synopsis	Query the disp	blay brightness	
Syntax	BRIGHT?		
Details	Returns the value of the display brightness. See the BRIGHT command for more details.		
See Also	BRIGHT		
	Causes a dela	v in command proce	essina
-,	equere a using in commune proceeding		
Syntax	DELAY time		
Details	Causes command processing to be delayed for the specified number of milliseconds.		
	Argument	Value	Description
	time	1 to 30000	Delay, in milliseconds
ERRors? Synopsis	Query for erro	rs	
Syntax	ERRors?		
Details	Returns a comma-delimited list of error codes. If no error has occurred, a 0 is returned.		



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A typical response might look like:

201,124

See Also ERRSTR?

ERRSTR?

Synopsis Query for errors with string descriptions

Syntax ERRSTR?

Details Similar to the ERR? query, but a string description is included with the error code. A typical response might look like:

201, "Out of range", 124, "Data mismatch"

See Also ERR?

LDLS:COND?

Synopsis Query LDLS condition register

Syntax LDLS:COND?

Details Returns the LDLS condition register. The condition register reflects the state of the instrument at the time the condition register is read.

Response	Bit	Value	Description
conditions	0	1	Interlock
	1	2	Controller not detected
	2	4	Controller fault
	3	8	Lamp fault
	4	16	Output on
	5	32	Lamp on
	6	64	Laser on
	7	128	Laser stable
	8	256	Shutter open

See Also LDLS:EVEnt?

LDLS:EVEnt?

Synopsis Query LDLS event register

Syntax LDLS:EVEnt?

Details Returns the LDLS event register. The event register reflects the occurrence of any condition since the last time the event register was read. For example, if the output was turned on and then turned off, the Output on bit in the condition register will be zero, but the same bit in the event register will be one.

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Response	Bit	Value	Description
events	0	1	Interlock
	1	2	Controller not detected
	2	4	Controller fault
	3	8	Lamp fault
	4	16	Output on
	5	32	Lamp on
	6	64	Laser on
	7	128	Laser stable
	8	256	Shutter open

See Also LDLS:COND?

LDLS:EXPosure

Synopsis Set the exposure time

Syntax LDLS:EXPosure time

Details Exposure time is set in milliseconds. Exposure time is used when the shutter exposure mode is set *Exposure* (1). An exposure is triggered by a shutter button press or the shutter trigger input.

Argument	Value	Description
time	100 to 30000	Exposure time, in milliseconds

See Also LDLS:EXPosure?, LDLS:EXPMODE

LDLS:EXPosure?

Synopsis Query the exposure time

- Syntax LDLS:EXPosure?
- **Details** Returns the exposure time, in milliseconds. See LDLS:EXPosure for more details.

See Also LDLS:EXPosure

LDLS:EXPMODE

- Synopsis Set the exposure mode
- Syntax LDLS:EXPMODE mode

Details Set the exposure mode (same as the Shutter setting in the menu).

Argument	Value	Description
mode	0	Manual mode
	1	Exposure mode

See Also LDLS:EXPMODE?



LDLS:EXPMODE?

Synopsis	Query the exposure mode
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Syntax LDLS:EXPMODE?

Details Returns the exposure mode. See LDLS:EXPMODE for more details.

See Also LDLS:EXPMODE

LDLS:OUTput

Synopsis Turn the output on or off

Syntax LDLS:OUTput enable

Details Turns the lamp output on or off.

Argument	Value	Description
enable	0	Turns the output off
	1	Turns the output on

See Also LDLS:OUTput?

LDLS:OUTput?

Synopsis Query the lamp output state

Syntax LDLS:OUTput?

- **Details** Returns the output state. Will return true as soon as the turned on process has started, even if the lamp has not yet turned on. To determine the lamp and laser state, use the LDLS:COND? query.
- See Also LDLS:OUTput, LDLS:COND?

LDLS:LAMPTIME

Synopsis Set the lamp runtime

Syntax LDLS:LAMPTIME time

Details Resets the runtime to the new value. Useful for resetting the runtime to zero when the lamp has been serviced or replaced, or when moving the manager to a new LDLS system.

Argument	Value	Description
time	0 to 999	Runtime, in hours

See Also LDLS:LAMPTIME?

LDLS: LAMPTIME?

Synopsis Query the lamp runtime

Syntax LDLS: LAMPTIME?

Details Returns the number of hours accumulated while the lamp was on. Value is in hours.

See Also LDLS:LAMPTIME

LDLS:SHUTINIT

Synopsis Set the power-up shutter state

Syntax LDLS:SHUTINIT state

Details Sets the initial state of the shutter on power-up of the manager.

Argument	Value	Description
state	0	Shutter is closed on power-up
	1	Shutter is open on power-up

See Also LDLS:SHUTINIT?

LDLS:SHUTINIT?

- Synopsis Query the power-up shutter state
- Syntax LDLS:SHUTINIT?

Details Returns the power-up shutter state. See LDLS:SHUTINIT for more details.

See Also LDLS:SHUTINIT

LDLS:SHUTter

- Synopsis Open, close, or trigger the shutter
- Syntax LDLS:SHUTter state
- **Details** A close command (*state* equals 0) will always close the shutter, regardless of exposure mode. An open command (*state* equals 1) will open the shutter if exposure mode is set to *Manual*, or trigger a shutter if exposure mode is set to *Exposure*.

Argument	Value	Description
state	0	Close the shutter
	1	Open or trigger the shutter

See Also LDLS:SHUTter?

LDLS:SHUTter?

Synopsis Query for errors with string descriptions

Syntax LDLS:SHUTter?

Details Returns the state of the shutter.



	Response	Value	Description
	state	0	Shutter is closed
		1	Shutter is open
See Also	LDLS:SHUTter		
LDLS:TRIG	MODE	mode	
ejnopolo	eet ine ingger	incut	
Syntax	LDLS:TRIGMO	DE mode	
Details	The trigger mo operation of th Shutter Opera manual.	de controls how the e shutter. For more ition in the Operating	shutter trigger input controls the information on trigger modes, see <i>g the Instrument</i> section earlier in this
	Argument	Value	Description
	mode	0	Positive edge trigger
		1	Negative edge trigger
		3	Negative level trigger
See Also	LDLS:TRIGMO	DE?	
LDLS:TRIG	MODE?		
Synopsis	Query the trigger mode		
Syntax	LDLS:TRIGMODE?		
Details	Returns the trigger mode. See LDLS:TRIGMODE for more details.		
See Also	LDLS:TRIGMODE		
MESsage Synopsis	Set the messa	ge buffer	
· ·			
Syntax	MESsage string		
Details	Sets the internal message buffer to the value of <i>string</i> , up to a maximum of 16 characters.		
See Also	MESsage?		
MESsage? Synopsis	Query the mes	sage buffer	
Syntax	MESsage?		
Details	Returns the va	lue of the message I	puffer.
See Also	MESsage		

REMERR Synopsis	Set display of errors while in remote mode		
Syntax	REMERR enable		
Details	This command controls mode. If set to zero, the will be displayed. Errors	if the instrument will display errors while in remote en errors will not be displayed. If set to one, errors s will always accumulate in the error queue.	
	Argument Value enable 0 1	Description No not display errors in remote mode Display errors in remote mode	
See Also	REMERR?, ERR?, ERR?	STR?	
REMERR? Synopsis	Query the display of en	ors while in remote mode	
Syntax	REMERR?		
Details	Returns the current REMERR setting. See the REMERR command for a complete definition of possible return values.		
See Also	REMERR		
SN? Synopsis	Query the serial number of the instrument		
Syntax	SN?		
Details	Returns the serial number of the instrument. This is the same information that is part of the *IDN? query.		
See Also	*IDN?		
TERM Synopsis	Set response terminato	r	
Syntax	TERM terminator		
Details	This command controls the termination characters used for responses to queries.		



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	Argument	Value	Description
	terminator	0 or 1	<cr><lf></lf></cr>
		2 or 3	<cr></cr>
		4 or 5	<lf></lf>
		6 or 7	no terminator
See Also	TERM?		
TERM? Synopsis	Query respons	se terminator	
Syntax	TERM?		
Details	Returns the cu for a complete	urrent response term definition of possible	inator setting. See the TERM command le return values.
See Also	TERM		
TIME?			
Synopsis	Query run time	e	
Syntax	TIME?		
Details	Returns the elapsed time since the unit has been turned on. Format is in HH:MM:SS.ss, where HH is hours, MM is minutes, SS is seconds, and ss is hundredths of a second.		
See Also	TIMER?		
TIMED2			
Synopsis	Query time sir	nce last TIMER?	
Syntax	TIMER?		
Details	Returns the elapsed time since the last TIMER? query was received, or, if this is the first TIMER? query, the time since unit has been turned on. Format is in HH:MM:SS.ss, where HH is hours, MM is minutes, SS is seconds, and ss is hundredths of a second.		
See Also	TIME?		
VER2			
Synopsis	Query the firm	ware version	
Syntax	VER?		
Details	Returns the firmware version. This is the same information that is part of the *IDN? query.		
See Also	*IDN?		

Error Messages

Error	Description	Cause
Code		
E-3	Factory EE bad	Error reading the factory data.
E-4	User EE bad	Error reading the user data, unit reset to factory
		defaults.
E-5	User reset	Unit reset to factory defaults (not an error,
		notification only).
E-6	User EE bad, no	Error reading the user data, and could not be
E 40	recovery	reset to factory defaults.
E-10	Access denied	authorization.
E-100	General Error	The error code is non-specific, and is generally
		used when no other error code is suitable.
E-102	Message too long	The message is too long to process (USB/Serial
=		only).
E-123	Path not found	The message used an invalid path command
E 107	Change net allowed	(USB/Serial only).
E-12/	Data out of range	The message attempted to get a value that was
E-201	Data out of range	outside the allowable range (USB/Serial only)
F-202	Invalid data type	When trying to parse the message the data was
L 202	invalid data type	in an invalid format (USB/Serial only)
E-303	Input buffer overflow	Data was sent to the instrument faster than it
		could process.
E-600	Interlock	The interlock input is open.
E-601	Lamp fault	The controller is indicating a lamp fault. Consult
		the EQ-99 User's Manual for more information.
E-602	Controller fault	The controller is indicating a controller fault. This
		is often caused by an open interlock condition. If
		that is not the case, consult the EQ-99 User's
		Manual for more information.
E-603	No controller	The EQ-99 Power Supply Controller was not
		detected.
E-998	Command not	A command was recognized but not supported
E 000	supported	by the instrument.
E-999	Non-specific error	A non-specific error was encountered.



Maintenance and Service

Maintenance

The **EQ-99 Manager** requires no regular maintenance other than product calibration. To clean the instrument, use cotton cloth that is only damp (not wet) with a light solution of soap and water.

Fuses

Under normal operation, you should never need to replace a fuse. However, if either fuse does blow, use only T 250V, 2A, IEC 60127-2 5x20mm metric fuses as replacements.

If, after replacing the fuse, it continues to blow, immediately discontinue use of the instrument and contact service for support.

Service

Service and repair for the **EQ-99 Manager** can be obtained by contacting the distributor from where you purchased the instrument, or directly from Energetiq. A complete list of distributors is available on the Energetiq web site.

You can contact Energetiq through one of these methods:

By mail:	Energetiq Technology, Inc. 7 Constitution Way Woburn, MA 01801 USA
By phone:	+1 (781) 939-0763
By fax:	+1 (781) 939-0769
By email:	support@energetiq.com
On the web:	www.energetiq.com

In all cases, Energetiq requires a return materials authorization (RMA) number. You must contact Energetiq and obtain an RMA number prior to returning your instrument, or the shipment may be rejected and sent back to you.

Warranty

Energetiq Technology, Inc.,

warrants this product to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for a period of one (1) year from date of shipment. It does not apply when the product has been misused, altered or damaged by accident or abnormal conditions of operation. If found to be defective during the warranty period, the product will either be repaired or replaced at Energetiq's option.

THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE. ENERGETIQ SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE PURCHASE OR USE OF ITS PRODUCTS.





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