



HWR Library User Manual

V1.0 – August 26, 2005

Table of Content

	<u>PAGE</u>
<i>TouchPanel Library User Manual</i>	<i>1</i>
<i>1 Function List</i>	<i>4</i>
<i>2 ATTENTION</i>	<i>5</i>
<i>3 TouchPanel Interface</i>	<i>5</i>

Revision History

Revision	Date	By	Remark
V1.0	2005/08/26	pengtj	first revision

1 Function List

Index	name
1	GetHWRLibVersion
2	HRWInit
3	HWRSetMode
4	HWRClose
5	HandWriteRecognition
6	HWRBlockDisplayON
7	HWRBlockDisplayOFF

Attachment 1 :

HWR DEMO

2 Attention

2.1 Hand Write Recognize user guide

- write in one of blocks. After strokes finish, you can write another block or wait 1 second then HWR will run recognize program itself.
- After HWR complete, it will show recognition result at below. User can stylus tap choose correct word.
- User can stylus tap small block which at right-below to clear all words of input.

2.2 HWR Hardware Requirement

- **HWR Machine System Requirement:**

System Requirement for HWR machine depends on applications.

- **SRAM:**

Chinese/Japanese/Korean/Thailand... require **10KB SRAM**

English/Europe/Arabic/Hebrew... require **4KB SRAM**

- **ROM (FONT Display Data is not included)**

ROM size requirement depends on different character set of languages.

The larger the character set of language is, the larger the size of ROM is.

Complete Traditional Chinese (13060 characters) require **768KB ROM**

Simplified English + Digital (totally 90 characters) require **100KB ROM**

- **CPU Speed**

Hand Writing Recognition Speed dominantly depends on CPU speed

Take “European + English + Digits + Symbols “ as an example,

CPU runs on 3MHz average takes **0.75sec**

CPU runs on 6MHz average takes **0.37sec**

Take “Simplified + Traditional Chinese “ as an example,

CPU runs on 3MHz average takes **2sec**

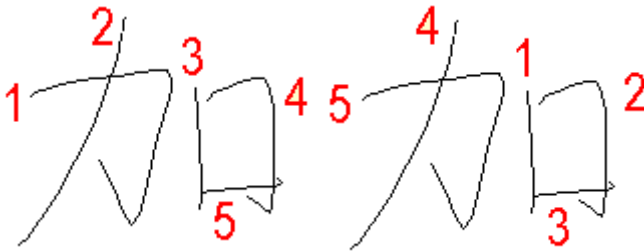
CPU runs on 6MHz average takes **1sec**

2.3 FINEART HWR Feature

- **Supporting the multiplex recognition.** The kernel does the recognition process when the user is writing another character.
- **Offer an intelligent learning mode** to satisfy different user’s need. Through this function, we give a solution to recognize rare characters and very cursive handwriting characters. The recognition program can adapt to user’s handwritings over time.

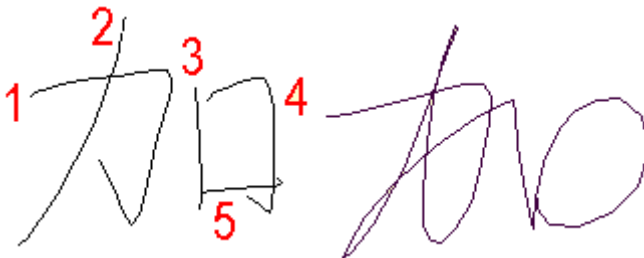
- **Directly accept most of the shorthand characters** have the flexibility in handwritings with connect strokes.
- **The kernel can automatically adjust the recognition speed** for connected-stroke characters and cursive handwritings. If you want to speed up the recognition process, write formally. If you want to have a cursive handwriting, the recognition speed will be slower but the recognition rate will try to keep high.
- **Mixed mode recognition.** You can combine different character set and recognize all of them at the same time. For example, combine Japanese, English and digits.
- **Support multiplex output code.** We support different output code formats Just like as follow:
Unicode / GB / Big5 / CNS / JIS / KSC / ANSI / CCCII / Xerox:
- **Free stroke sequence input:** You can inverse any stroke sequence during input a character.

- Original : - Free Stroke :



- **Cursive stroke support:** You can input a character with cursive. That means you can write down the character without pen up and that will help you to input character quickly.

- Original : - Cursive Stroke :



Note that **Free stroke sequence input** and **Cursive stroke support** features can be disabled for some application (for example, Educational Product)

- **Customized Character Set or Customized Pattern Design.** Customers can define their own pattern or special character set for other applications (for example, Education Toy)

- **Scoring for each recognition.** Scoring for hand writing recognition, this feature is good for Hand Writing Auxiliary Learning Product.
- **Supporting multiplex language.**

Traditional Chinese (BIG5)	13,060 characters
Full Simplified Chinese (GB2312)	6763 characters
Full Korean symbol 2350, traditional font 4888 (KSC5601)	7238 characters
Japanese S-JIS (JIS, EUC)	6353 characters
Japanese Hiragana/Katakana	169 characters
HONGKONG extra fonts 1	727 characters
HONGKONG extra fonts 2	3049 characters
HONGKONG extra fonts 3	4335 characters
English, digit, symbol	94 characters
Europe (Deutsch, Italian, French, Spanish, Portugal, German)	158 characters
Arabic	58 characters
Hebrew	50 characters
Thailand	2002 characters
Gesture	10 characters

2.4 Application

- PDA Like Hand Held Device
- Data Bank Like Hand Held Device
- Educational Module
- Educational Toy
- Learning Product
- Hand Writing Learning Product
- Security Identification (Hand Writing Signature)
- Others

3 TouchPanel Interface

3.1 GetHWRLibVersion

API Name	GetHWRLibVersion	
Function	Get HWR LibVersion	
Description		
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	UINT GetHWRLibVersion (void)
	ASM	
Parameters	N/A	
Return Values	Ver	

3.2 DrvTPClose

API Name	HRWInit	
Function	Initial for HWR	
Description		
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	void HRWInit (void)
	ASM	
Parameters	Open the HWR Module	
Return Values	N/A	
Remarks	N/A	

3.3 HWRSetMode

API Name	HWRSetMode	
Function	select recognition mode	
Description		
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	Void HWRSetMode (int Mode)
	ASM	
Parameters	ENGLISH (英文) ,OFFENUSEDCHI (汉字) ,DIGIT (数字)	
Return Values	N/A	
Remarks	N/A	

3.4 HWRClose

API Name	HWRClose	
Function	close HWR Module	
Description		

Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	void HWRClose ()
	ASM	
Parameters		N/A
Return Values		N/A
Remarks		

3.5 HandWriteRecognition

API Name	HandWriteRecognition
----------	----------------------

Function	Hand Write Recognition Process	
Description		
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	void HandWriteRecognition(unsigned *str)
	ASM	
Parameters		N/A
Return Values	the recognition result = str[]; the end of str[] is 0	
Remarks		

3.6 HWRBlockDisplayON

API Name	HWRBlockDisplayON
----------	-------------------

Function	Allow Handwriting Display	
Description	avoid the second entrance the lib of graphic.	
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	void HWRBlockDisplayON (void)
	ASM	
Parameters		N/A
Return Values		N/A
Remarks		

3.7 HWRBlockDisplayOFF

API Name	HWRBlockDisplayOFF
----------	--------------------

Function	Forbid Handwriting Display	
Description	avoid the second entrance the lib of graphic.	
Header File	C	HWR.h
	ASM	
Syntax	C	void HWRBlockDisplayOFF (void)
	ASM	

Parameters N/A
Return Values N/A
Remarks

Attachment 1:

HWR Demo Process

```
void HWRApp (void *para)
{
    int LCD_X,LCD_Y;
    int key;
    STMsg* pmsg;
    int str[22];
    for(;;)
    {
        pmsg = SysGetMSG(hMainQ);
        switch (GetMsgType(pmsg))
        {
            case MSG_AP_RESTART:
                DrawInterface();
                HRWInit();
                SysFreeMSG(pmsg);
                break;
            case MSG_INT_TP:
                if(pmsg->Reserved==TP_UP)
                {
                    key=0;
                    DrvTPGetValue(pmsg,(int*)&LCD_X,(int*)&LCD_Y);
                    if((C_EngButtonX0 < LCD_X)&&(LCD_X < C_EngButtonX1)&&(C_EngButtonY0 <
LCD_Y)&&(LCD_Y < C_EngButtonY1)) //EnglishButton
                    {
                        DrvSetWriteMode(C_NotPut);
                        DrvBar(C_EngButtonX0,C_EngButtonY0,C_EngButtonX1,C_EngButtonY1);
                        SysTimeDly(TPDispDelayTime);
                        DrvBar(C_EngButtonX0,C_EngButtonY0,C_EngButtonX1,C_EngButtonY1);

                        HWRSetMode(ENGLISH);
                    }
                    else if((C_ChiButtonX0 < LCD_X)&&(LCD_X < C_ChiButtonX1)&&(C_ChiButtonY0
< LCD_Y)&&(LCD_Y < C_ChiButtonY1)) //Chinese button
                    {
                        DrvSetWriteMode(C_NotPut);
                        DrvBar(C_ChiButtonX0,C_ChiButtonY0,C_ChiButtonX1,C_ChiButtonY1);
```

```
        SysTimeDly(TPDispDelayTime);
        DrvBar(C_ChiButtonX0,C_ChiButtonY0,C_ChiButtonX1,C_ChiButtonY1);
        HWRSetMode(OFFENUSEDCHI);
    }
    else if((C_NumButtonX0 < LCD_X)&&(LCD_X <
C_NumButtonX1)&&(C_NumButtonY0 < LCD_Y)&&(LCD_Y < C_NumButtonY1)) //Number Button
    {
        DrvSetWriteMode(C_NotPut);
        DrvBar(C_NumButtonX0,C_NumButtonY0,C_NumButtonX1,C_NumButtonY1);
        SysTimeDly(TPDispDelayTime);
        DrvBar(C_NumButtonX0,C_NumButtonY0,C_NumButtonX1,C_NumButtonY1);
        HWRSetMode(DIGIT);
    }
    else if((C_EscButtonX0 < LCD_X)&&(LCD_X < C_EscButtonX1)&&(C_EscButtonY0
< LCD_Y)&&(LCD_Y < C_EscButtonY1)) //Number Button
    {
        DrvSetWriteMode(C_NotPut);
        DrvBar(C_EscButtonX0,C_EscButtonY0,C_EscButtonX1,C_EscButtonY1);
        SysTimeDly(TPDispDelayTime);
        DrvBar(C_EscButtonX0,C_EscButtonY0,C_EscButtonX1,C_EscButtonY1);
        HWRClose(); //if no use HWR, must close it
        SysSetNextAP(TSK_CALENDAR);
        SysSendMSG( hDispatchQ,MSG_AP_SUICIDE,0);
    }
}
else if (pmsg->Reserved==HWRREADY)
{
    HandWriteRecognition(str);
    HWRBlockDisplayOFF(); //set word display flag and text data move finish flag
    DrvClearArea(C_WordBlockX0,C_WordBlockY0,C_WordBlockX1,C_WordBlockY1);
    DrvSetFont(C_GB12Font);
    DrvOutTextXy_Expand(C_WordBlockX0,C_WordBlockY0,str); //show her result
text
    HWRBlockDisplayON(); //clear word display flag
}
    SysFreeMSG(pmsg);
    break;
```

```
    case MSG_AP_RQEXIT:
        SysSendMSG( hDispatchQ,MSG_AP_ACKEXIT,0);
        SysFreeMSG(pmsg);
        break;
    default:
        SysFreeMSG(pmsg);
        break;
    }
}

void DrawInterface()
{
    DrvClearDevice();
    DrvSetFont(C_GB12Font);
    DrvRectangle(HWR_Block1X0,HWR_Block1Y0,HWR_Block1X1,HWR_Block1Y1);
    DrvRectangle(HWR_Block2X0,HWR_Block2Y0,HWR_Block2X1,HWR_Block2Y1);
    DrvRectangle(C_TextWinX0-1,C_TextWinY0-1,C_TextWinX1+1,C_TextWinY1+1);
    DrawAllButtons();
    DrvSetLineStyle(C_SolidLine,0x0,C_LineNormWidth);
}
```