

# SMC™-50 Fully Solid-State Smart Motor Controller

Bulletin 150



## Important User Information

Solid-state equipment has operational characteristics differing from those of electromechanical equipment. Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation and Maintenance of Solid State Controls (publication [SGL-1.1](#) available from your local Rockwell Automation sales office or online at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/>) describes some important differences between solid-state equipment and hard-wired electromechanical devices. Because of this difference, and also because of the wide variety of uses for solid-state equipment, all persons responsible for applying this equipment must satisfy themselves that each intended application of this equipment is acceptable.

In no event will Rockwell Automation, Inc. be responsible or liable for indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. Because of the many variables and requirements associated with any particular installation, Rockwell Automation, Inc. cannot assume responsibility or liability for actual use based on the examples and diagrams.

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Throughout this manual, when necessary, we use notes to make you aware of safety considerations.



**WARNING:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can cause an explosion in a hazardous environment, which may lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss.



**ATTENTION:** Identifies information about practices or circumstances that can lead to personal injury or death, property damage, or economic loss. Attentions help you identify a hazard, avoid a hazard, and recognize the consequence



**SHOCK HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that dangerous voltage may be present.



**BURN HAZARD:** Labels may be on or inside the equipment, for example, a drive or motor, to alert people that surfaces may reach dangerous temperatures.

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**IMPORTANT** Identifies information that is critical for successful application and understanding of the product.

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	<b>Chapter 1</b>	
<b>Introduction</b>	SMC-50.....	3
	General Precautions.....	4
	<b>Chapter 2</b>	
<b>Installation</b>	Mounting Requirements.....	7
	Dimensions.....	8
	Cat. No. 150-SB... Controllers.....	8
	Cat. No. 150-SC... Controllers.....	10
	Cat. No. 150-SD... Controllers.....	12
	Power Wiring.....	13
	Use of Power Factor Connection Capacitors (PFCCs).....	15
	Typical Power Diagrams.....	15
	Control Wiring.....	16
	Standard Control Terminal Block.....	16
	Control Wiring Specifications.....	16
	Typical Control Wiring Examples.....	18
	Option Modules.....	19
	Optional Cat. No. 150-SM4 Digital I/O Module.....	20
	Optional Cat. No. 150-SM3 Analog I/O Module.....	21
	Optional Cat. No. 150-SM6 Parameter Configuration Module (PCM).....	23
	Additional Options.....	24
	Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC), Ground-Fault, & External Current Transformer Option Module.....	24
	Current Feedback Sensor (825-MCMxx Converter Module).....	24
	Ground Fault Feedback Sensor.....	25
	PTC Thermistor Sensors.....	26
	Bypass Diagrams.....	27
	Converter Modules.....	27
	<b>Chapter 3</b>	
<b>Programming</b>	Parameter Configuration/Programming.....	31
	Parameter Configuration using the Cat. No. 150-SM6 Parameter Configuration Module (PCM).....	31
	Parameter Configuration using a 20-HIM-A6 (FRN1.006 or later).....	37
	Basic Parameter Access & Category/File Structure.....	38
	Parameter Access.....	38
	Category/File Structure.....	41
Quick Setup.....	43	

	<b>Chapter 4</b>	
<b>Operation and Troubleshooting</b>	Troubleshooting with Diagnostic LEDs .....	45
	Controller LED Status Indicator.....	45
	Using the Controller Status LED & Parameter	
	Configuration Module (150-SM6) LEDs .....	45
	Troubleshooting with Monitoring Equipment.....	47
	Troubleshooting By Fault Code — Abbreviated Listing .....	47
	Repair/Replacement Parts.....	51
	Control Module.....	51
	Power Poles .....	51
	Heatsink Fan (120/240V AC).....	51
	Other Components.....	52

## Introduction

### SMC-50

This Quick Start Guide provides you with the basic information required to install, start up, and program your SMC-50 Soft Starter.

The information provided in this Quick Start guide does not replace the user manual, which can be ordered or downloaded by visiting [www.ab.com/literature](http://www.ab.com/literature). The Quick Start guide assumes the installer is a qualified person with previous experience and basic understanding of electrical terminology, configuration procedures, required equipment, and safety precautions.

For safety of maintenance personnel as well as others who might be exposed to electrical hazards associated with maintenance activities, follow all local safety related work practices (e.g., NFPA 70E, Part II in the United States). Maintenance personnel must be trained in the safety practices, procedures, and requirements that pertain to their respective job assignments.

For detailed SMC-50 information, including setup, programming, precautions, and application considerations, see the following:

<b>For Documentation</b>	SMC-50 User Manual 150-UM011	<a href="http://www.ab.com/literature">www.ab.com/literature</a>
	SMC-50 Selection Guide 150-SG010	<a href="http://www.ab.com/literature">www.ab.com/literature</a>
<b>For Technical Support</b>	E-mail Support	<a href="mailto:raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com">raictechsupport@ra.rockwell.com</a>
	Telephone Support	440-646-5800, option 1, option 1, and direct dial code 804

## General Precautions



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### **WARNING:**

- Only personnel familiar with the controller and associated machinery should plan or implement the installation, startup, and subsequent maintenance of the system. Failure to do this may result in personal injury and/or equipment damage.
  - Hazardous voltage is present in the motor circuit even when the SMC-50 controller is off. To avoid shock hazard, disconnect the main power before working on the controller, motor, and control devices such as Start-Stop push buttons. Procedures that require parts of the equipment to be energized during troubleshooting, testing, etc., must be performed by properly qualified personnel, using appropriate local safety work practices and precautionary measures.
  - Failure of solid-state power switching components can cause overheating due to a single-phase condition in the motor. To prevent injury or equipment damage, the use of an isolation contactor or shunt trip type circuit breaker on the line side of the SMC is recommended. This device should be capable of interrupting the motor's lock rotor current.
  - Hazardous voltages that can cause shock, burn, or death are present on L1, L2, L3, T1, T2, and T3. Power terminal covers for units rated 90...180 Amps can be installed to prevent inadvertent contact with terminals. Disconnect the main power before servicing the motor controller, motor, or associated wiring.
- 



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### **ATTENTION:**

- Static control precautions are required when installing, testing, servicing, or repairing the assembly. The controller contains electrostatic discharge sensitive parts and assemblies. Component damage may result if ESD control procedures are not followed. If you are not familiar with static control procedures, See applicable ESD protection handbooks.
  - Stopping modes, such as braking, are not intended to be used as an emergency stop. The user is responsible for determining which stopping mode is best suited to the application. See the applicable standards for emergency stop requirements.
  - Pump and linear deceleration stopping modes may cause motor heating. Depending upon the mechanical dynamics of the system, select the lowest stopping time setting that will satisfactorily stop the motor.
  - Slow speed running is not intended for continuous operation. This is due to reduced motor cooling.
  - Two peripheral devices can be connected to the direct programming interface (DPI) port located in the control module. The maximum output current through the DPI port is 560 mA.  
**NOTE:** A HIM located in the control module HIM port/bezel (See [Figure 12](#)) also draws power from the DPI port.
  - Disconnect the controller from the power source when installing or inspecting protective modules. The protective module should be inspected periodically for damage or discoloration. Since there is no indication of failure, replace if necessary.
-

**ATTENTION:**

- The controller must be correctly applied and installed. If applied or installed incorrectly, damage to the components or the reduction in product life may occur. The system may malfunction if the following wiring or application errors occur: undersizing the motor, using an improperly sized controller, using an incorrect or inadequate AC supply, excessive ambient temperatures, or power quality.
- The Motor Overload parameter must be programmed by the installer to provide proper protection. Overload configuration must be properly coordinated with the motor.
- This product has been designed and tested as Class A equipment for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC). Use of this product in domestic environments may cause radio interference, in which case, the installer may need to employ additional mitigation methods.
- Disconnect the controller from the motor before measuring insulation resistance (IR) of the motor windings. Voltages used for insulation resistance testing can cause silicone-controlled rectifier (SCR) failure. Do not make any measurements on the controller with an insulation resistance (IR) or Megger tester.
- To protect the Smart Motor Controller (SMC) and/or motor from line voltage surges, protective modules may be placed on the line, load, or both sides of the SMC. **Do not place protective modules on the load side of the SMC** when using an inside-the-delta motor connection or with pump, linear deceleration, or braking control.
- The controller can be installed on a system with power factor correction capacitors (PFCC). **The PFCCs must only be located on the line side of the SMC.** Installing PFCCs on the load side will result in SCR damage and failure.
- The ground fault sensing feature of the SMC-50 is intended for monitoring purposes only and not as a ground fault circuit interrupter for personnel protection as defined in Article 100 of the NEC. The ground fault sensing feature has not been evaluated to UL 1053.
- After a short-circuit occurs, device functionality **must** be verified.





# Installation

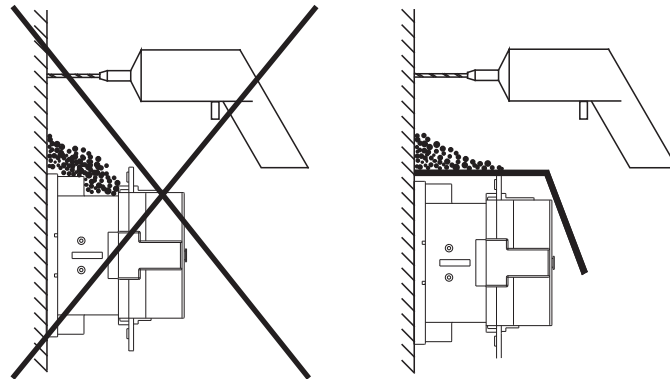
## Mounting Requirements

All units are fan cooled. It is important to locate the controller in a position that allows air to flow vertically through the power module.

**Table 1 - Mounting Requirements**

Enclosure Ratings		
Standard Device Rating:	IP00 (NEMA Open Type)	
Minimum Required Enclosure:	IP23 (NEMA Type 1)	
Recommended Enclosure:	IP54 (NEMA Type 12) See <a href="#">Table 2</a> for minimum enclosure size	
SMC Surrounding Air Ambient Temperature:	-20...+40 °C (-4...104 °F)	
Orientation & Clearance		
Mounting Orientation:	Vertical ONLY	
Minimum Clearance:	Horizontal	0 cm (0 in.)
	Vertical	15 cm (6 in.)

**Figure 1 - SMC-50 Mounting Protection**



**Table 2 - Minimum Enclosure Size**

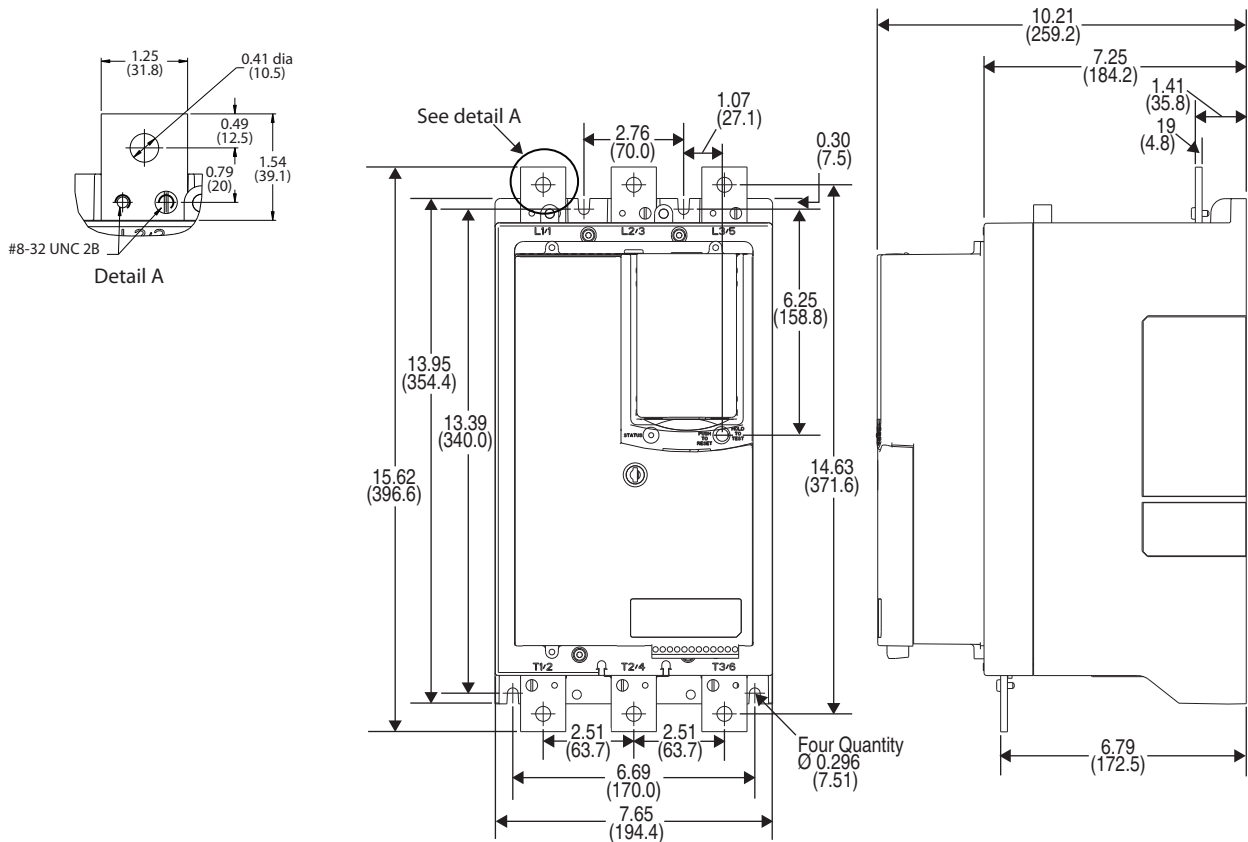
	Configuration	mm (in.)		
		Width	Height	Depth
150-SB...	Line/Wye	609.6 (24.0)	762.0 (30.0)	304.8 (12.0)
	Inside-the-Delta	762.0 (30.0)	965.2 (38.0)	355.6 (14.0)
150-SC...	All	762.0 (30.0)	965.2 (38.0)	355.6 (14.0)
150-SD...	All	914.4 (36.0)	1295.4 (51.0)	355.6 (14.0)

# Dimensions

**NOTE:** Dimensions are in inches (millimeters). All dimensions are approximate and are not intended for manufacturing purposes. Consult your local Rockwell Automation sales office or Allen-Bradley distributor for complete dimension drawings.

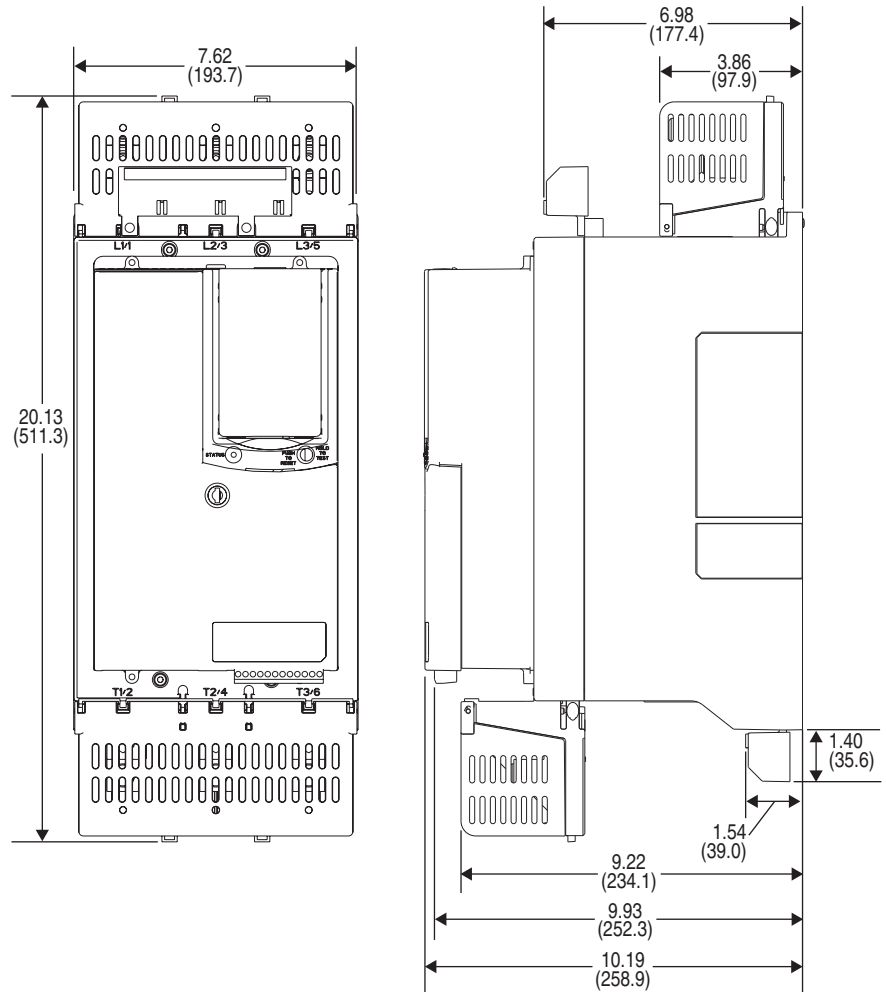
## Cat. No. 150-SB... Controllers

**Figure 2 - Dimensions of Cat. No. 150-SB Controller without Terminal Covers**



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SB1...	
150-SB2...	15.7 kg
150-SB3...	34.6 lb
150-SB4...	

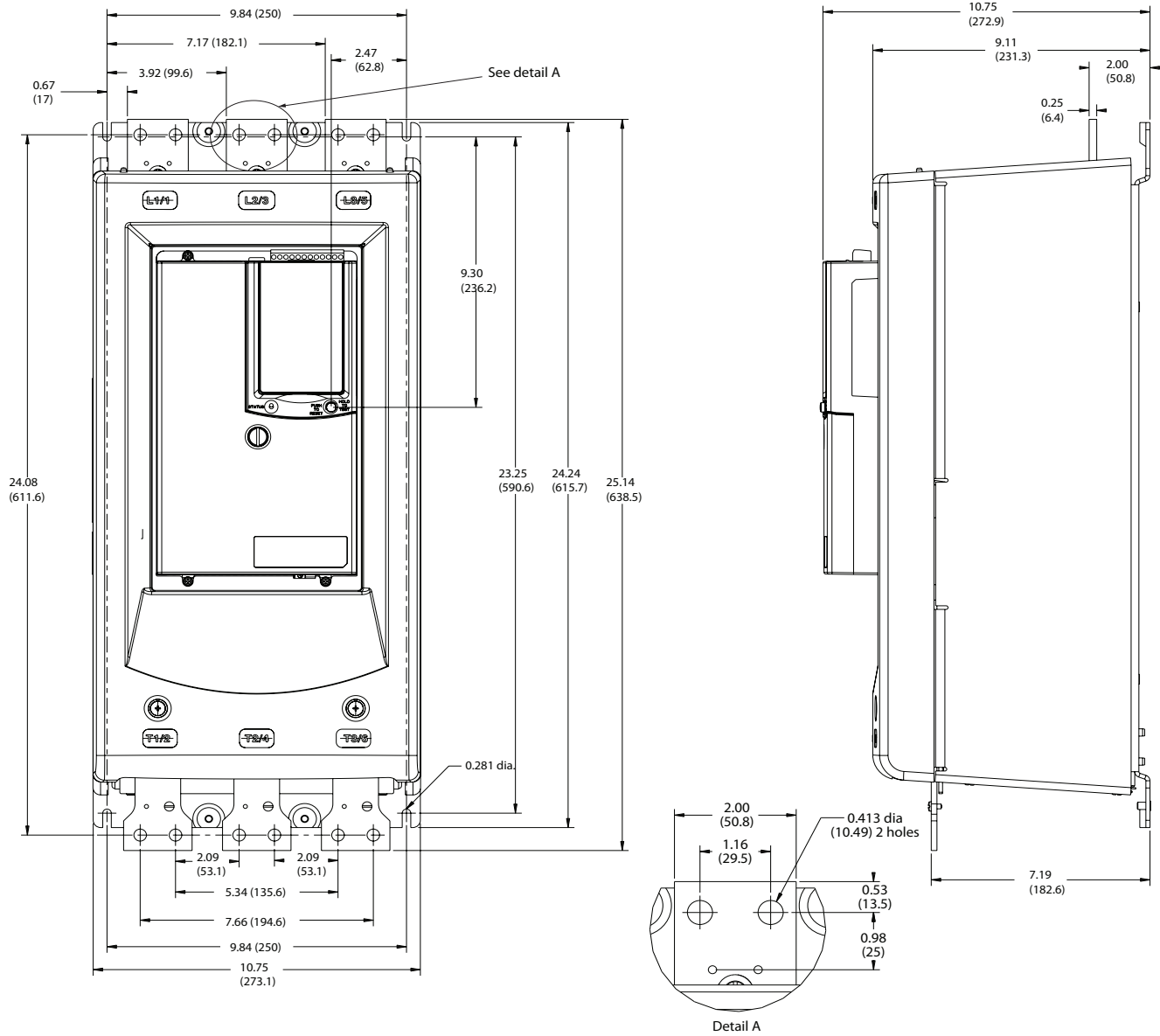
**Figure 3 - Dimension of Cat. No. 150-SB Controller with Terminal Covers**



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SB1...	15.92 kg 35.1 lb
150-SB2...	
150-SB3...	
150-SB4...	

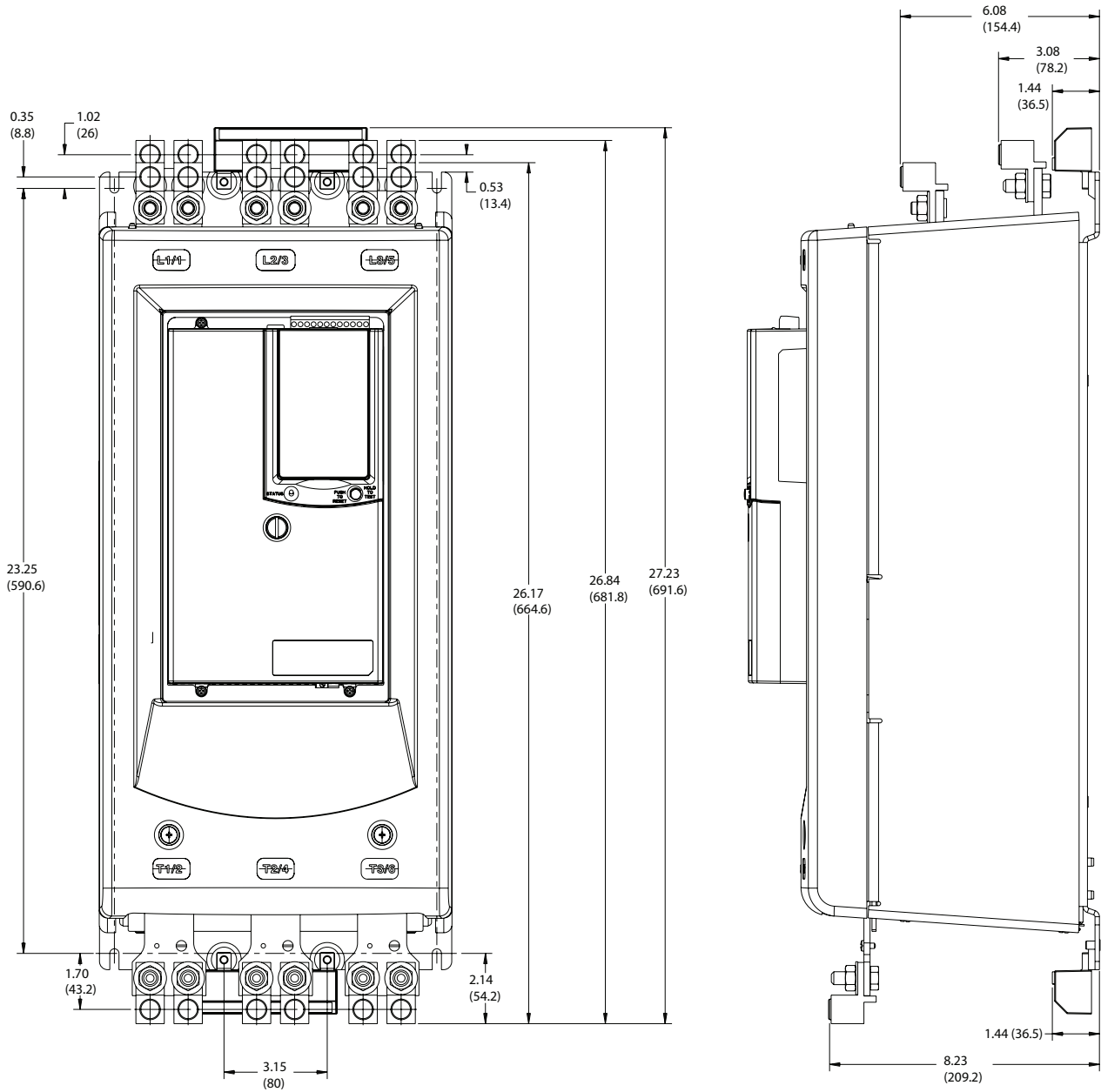
### Cat. No. 150-SC... Controllers

Figure 4 - Dimensions of Cat. No. 150-SC Controller



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SC1...	47.6 kg 105 lb
150-SC2...	
150-SC3...	

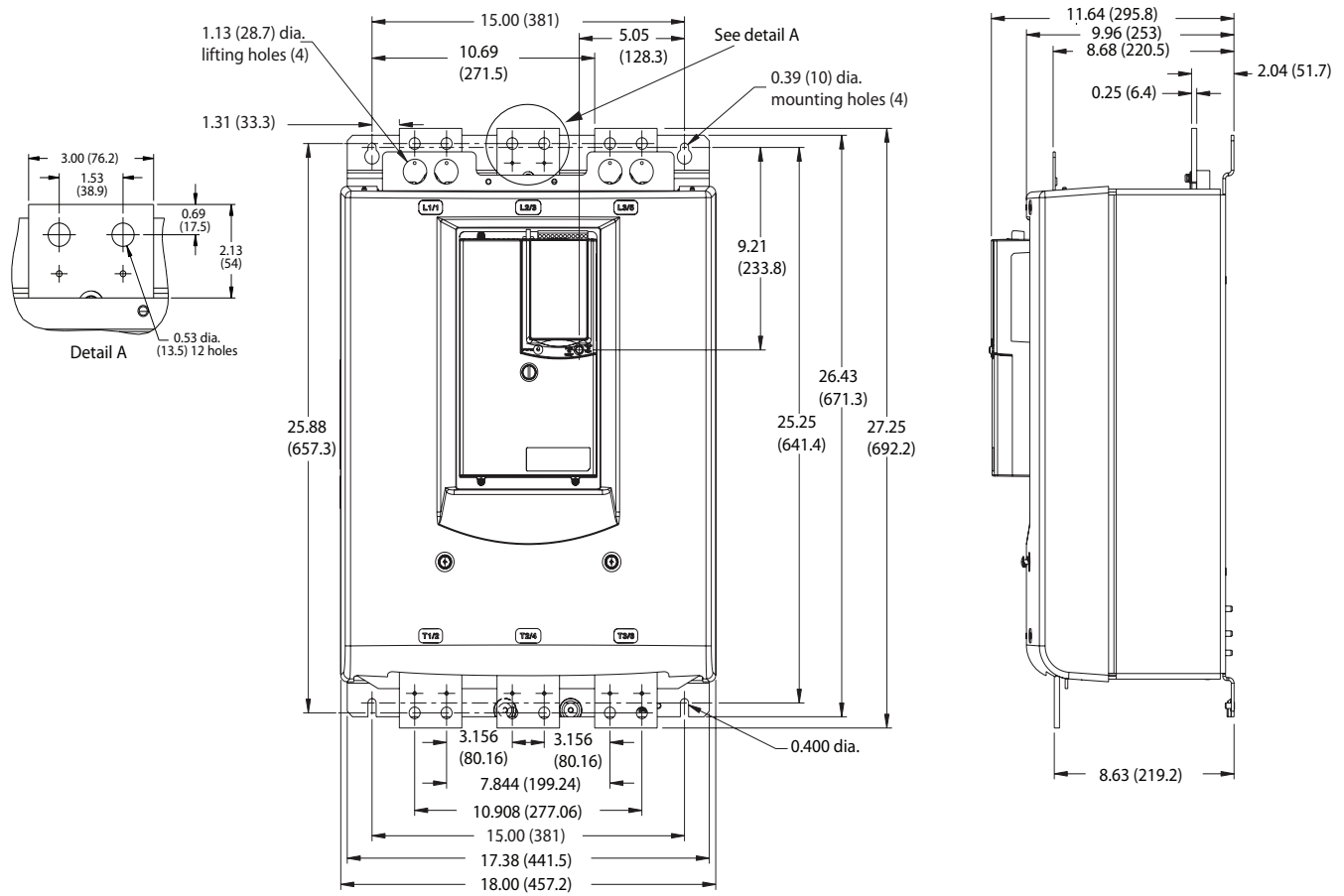
**Figure 5 - Dimensions of Cat. No. 150-SC Controller with Lugs, Bypass Kit, and MOV options**



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SC1...	47.6 kg 105 lb
150-SC2...	
150-SC3...	

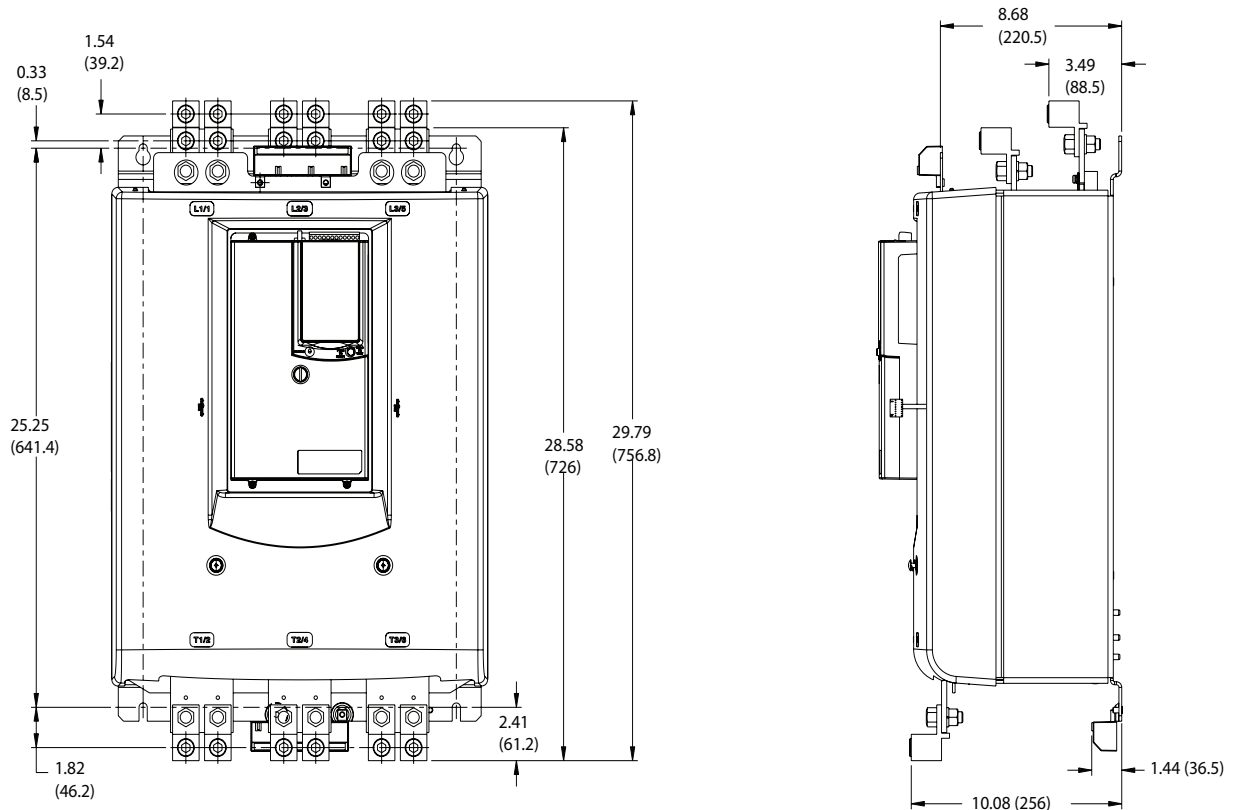
### Cat. No. 150-SD... Controllers

Figure 6 - Dimensions of Cat. No. 150-SD Controller



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SD1...	77.1 kg
150-SD2...	170 lb
150-SD3...	

**Figure 7 - Dimensions of Cat. No. 150-SD Controller with Lugs, Bypass Kit, and MOV options**



Catalog Number	Approximate Shipping Weight
150-SD1...	77.1 kg 170 lb
150-SD2...	
150-SD3...	

## Power Wiring

See the product nameplate or the SMC-50 User Manual for device-specific information.

The SMC-50 power structure is a solid-state SCR (silicon-controlled rectifier) design capable of interfacing with 200...480V AC or 200...690V AC (690V line and 600V inside-the-delta) motors. Please verify ratings of unit before application.

The power structure incorporates true current-sensing and over temperature protection. If the application requires, an external bypass contactor may be used.

Conductor range, torque, lug ,and lug kit data are provided in [Table 3](#). Delta Distribution Block information (required for inside-the-delta connected motors) is also supplied. Typical power wiring diagrams are supplied in [Figure 8](#).

Table 3 - Power Wiring Information

Cat. No.	150-SB...		150-SC...		150-SD...	
	90...180	155...311	210...320	363...554	361...520	625...900
<b>Rating [A]</b>	Line/Wye	Inside-the-Delta	Line/Wye	Inside-the-Delta	Line/Wye	Inside-the-Delta
<b>Configuration</b>	<b>Lug-Bus</b>	23 N•m (200 lb•in.)	23 N•m (200 lb•in.)	23 N•m (200 lb•in.)	28 N•m (250 lb•in.)	28 N•m (250 lb•in.)
	<b>Wire-Lug</b>	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)
<b>SMC Lugs</b>	<b>Line Side</b>	1	2	2	2	2
	<b>Load Side</b>	1	1	2	2	2
<b>Conductor Range</b>	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)
<b>Wire Strip Length [mm]</b>	18...20	18...20	18...20	18...20	18...25	18...25
<b>Lug Kit Cat. No.</b>	199-LF1	199-LF1	199-LF1	199-LF1	199-LG1	199-LG1
<b>Torque</b>	<b>Line</b>	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	67.8 N•m (600 lb•in.)	67.8 N•m (600 lb•in.)	67.8 N•m (600 lb•in.)
	<b>Load</b>	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	67.8 N•m (600 lb•in.)
<b>Qty</b>		3		1		3
<b>Delta Distribution Block</b>	<b>Line</b>	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	54...400 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0...750 MCM)	54...400 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0...750 MCM)	54...400 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0...750 MCM)
	<b>Load</b>	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	54...400 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0...750 MCM)
<b>Wire Strip Length [mm]</b>	<b>Line</b>	35	35	45	45	45
	<b>Load</b>	35	35	Top Row = 23 Bottom Row = 48	45	45
<b>Lug Kit No.</b>		Allen-Bradley 1492-BG		Marathon Special Products 1353703		Marathon Special Products 1352702

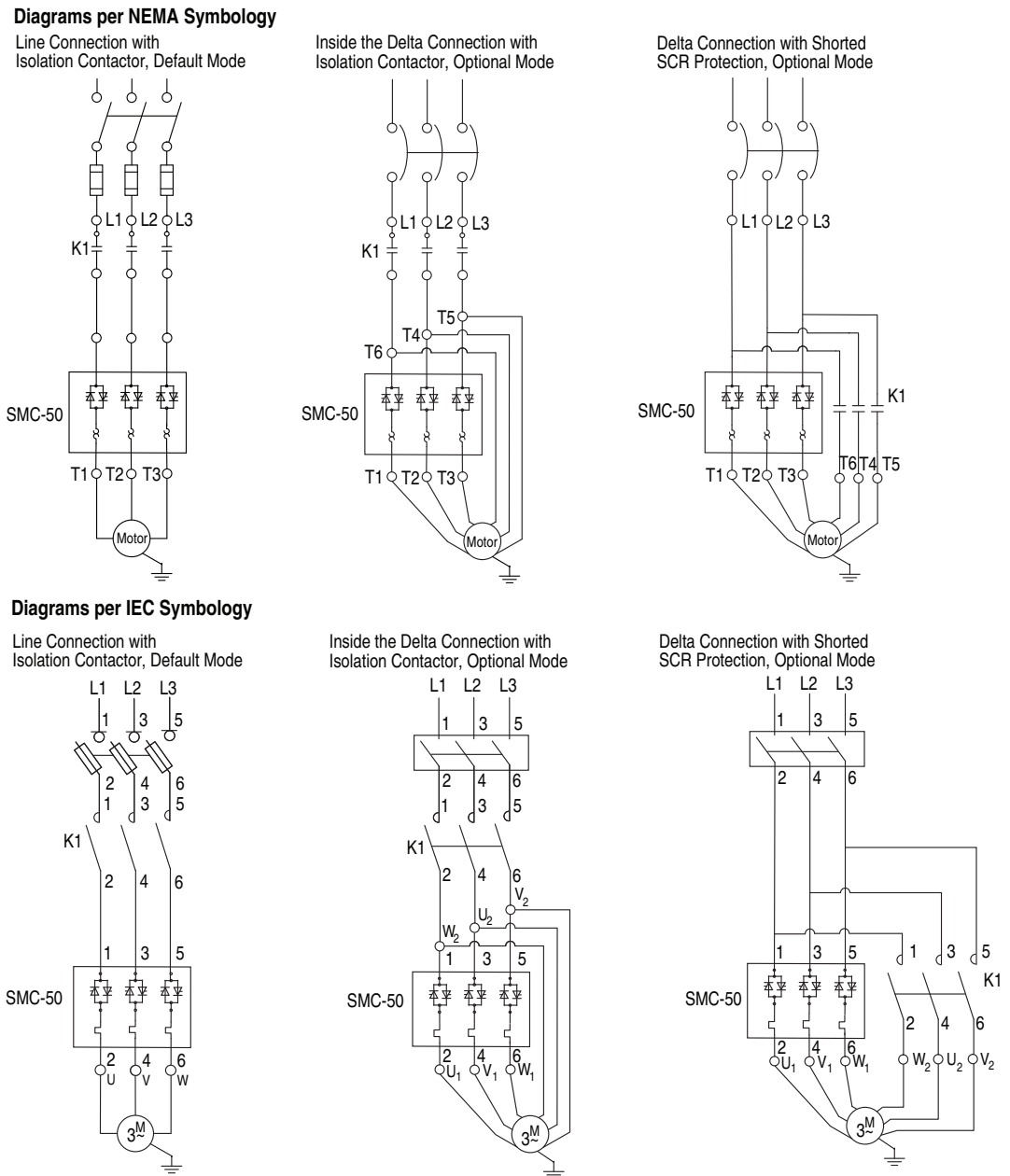


## Use of Power Factor Connection Capacitors (PFCCs)

The SMC-50 controller can be installed in a system with PFCCs. The **PFCCs must only be located on the line side of the controller**. Placing the PFCCs on the load side of the SMC will result in damage to the SCRs in the SMC-50. For additional details, see the user manual.

## Typical Power Diagrams

**Figure 8 - Power Wiring Diagrams**



For wiring examples with bypass, please see [Figure 19](#) ... [Figure 21](#).

## Control Wiring

### Standard Control Terminal Block

The SMC-50 controller comes standard with two 24V DC digital on/off inputs and two relay outputs for auxiliary control functions. The standard digital I/O wiring terminal block is located on the upper right portion of the SMC-50. The terminal block is removable.

### Control Wiring Specifications

The following table provides the specifications for all SMC-50 control wiring and option module terminal blocks. Each wiring terminal will accept a maximum of two wires.

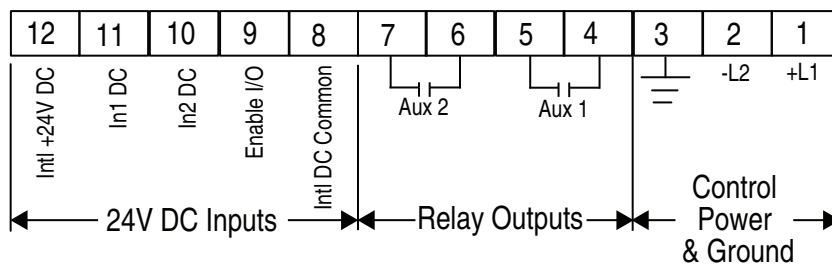
**Table 4 - Control Wiring Specifications**

<b>Wire Size</b>	0.2...2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (#24...14 AWG)
<b>Maximum Torque</b>	0.8 N•m (7 lb•in.)
<b>Maximum Wire Strip Length</b>	7 mm (0.27 in.)
<b>Screw Type</b>	M3 Slotted



**SHOCK HAZARD:** To prevent the risk of electrical shock, disconnect all power sources from the controller and option module before installing or servicing it. Install the controller and option module in suitable enclosure and keep it free of contaminants.

**Figure 9 - Standard Control Terminal Block Identification**



**ATTENTION:** IN1 DC (terminal 11) and IN2 DC (terminal 10) are 24V DC inputs on controllers rated 120/240V AC AND 24V DC. Voltages exceeding specified input range may cause damage to the controller.

Terminal Number	Description
1 ③	Control Power +L1
2 ③	Control Power Common -L2
3	Ground — To connect to the system/control ground point.
4 ②③	Auxiliary Relay Contact #1
5 ②③	Auxiliary Relay Contact #1
6 ②③	Auxiliary Relay Contact #2
7 ②③	Auxiliary Relay Contact #2
8	DC Internal I/O Power, DC Common
9	Enable I/O
10 ①③	Input #2 (24V DC) (range 15...30V DC)
11 ①③	Input #1 (24V DC) (range 15...30V DC)
12	+24V DC Internal I/O Power

① Do not connect any additional loads to this terminal. Parasitic loads may cause problems with operation.

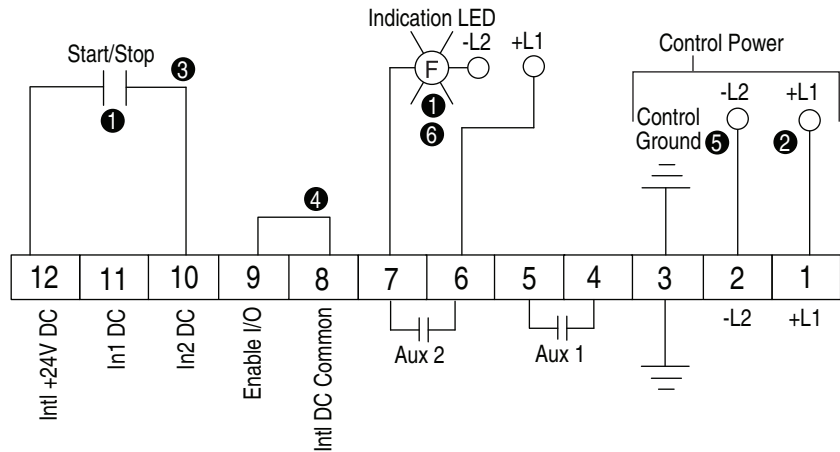
② When set to external bypass mode, the auxiliary contact is used to control a properly sized external contactor and overload once the motor is at full speed.

③ RC snubbers are required when inductive loads are connected to terminal.

## Typical Control Wiring Examples

The following figures are control wiring diagram examples using the controller standard I/O. For additional wiring examples, see the SMC-50 User Manual.

**Figure 10 - 2-Wire Control (No DPI) with Fault Indication**



❶ Customer supplied.

❷ See the controller nameplate to verify the control power input ratings (120V/240V AC or 24V DC).

❸ Terminal 10 (In2) 24V DC normally open (N.O.) input is configured for Start/Stop or Start/Coast using Parameter 57. When using the Start/Stop or Start/Coast, the N.O. contact must be used.

**NOTE:** The controller will generate an I/O configuration fault if any input is configured for START or SLOW speed and no input is configured for COAST or STOP.

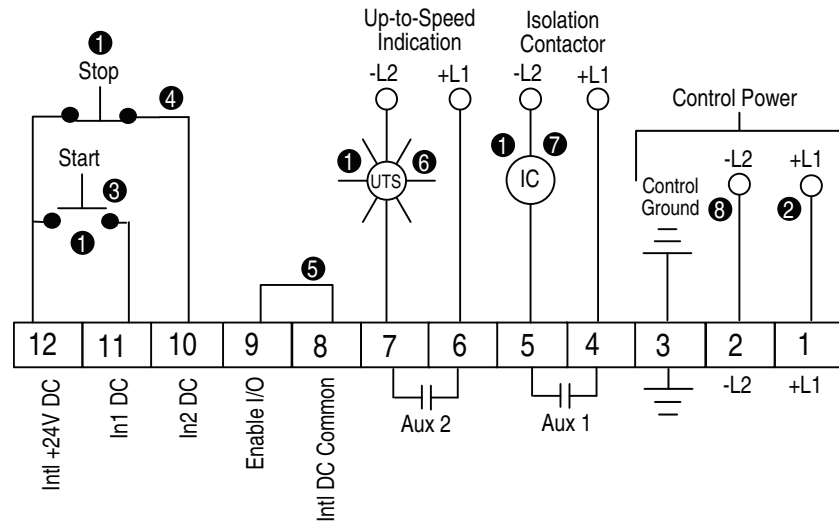
❹ A customer-supplied jumper is required to enable the controller's standard I/O operation.

❺ The terminal must be wired to the control ground to ensure reliable operation.

❻ The Aux2 output contact is configured for Fault using Parameter 176.

**NOTE:** Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See the typical wiring diagram for Isolation Contactor Application in the User Manual.

**Figure 11 - 3-Wire Control (with or without DPI) with Up-To-Speed Indication & Isolation Contactor**



- ❶ Customer supplied.
  - ❷ See the controller nameplate to verify the control power input ratings (120V/240V AC or 24V DC).
  - ❸ Terminal 11 (In1) 24V DC is configured for START input using Parameter 56.
  - ❹ Terminal 10 (In2) 24V DC is configured for Coast, Stop Option, etc. using Parameter 57.
- NOTE:** The controller will generate an I/O configuration fault if any input is configured for START or SLOW speed and no input is configured for COAST or STOP.
- ❺ A customer-supplied jumper is required to enable the controller's standard I/O operation.
  - ❻ The Aux2 output contact is configured for motor U-T-S using Parameter 176.
  - ❼ The Aux1 output contact is configured for Normal (closed with Start command, Open with stop command) using Parameter 172.
  - ❽ The terminal must be wired to the control ground to ensure reliable operation.
- NOTE:** Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See the typical wiring diagrams for Isolation Contactor Application in the User Manual.

## Option Modules

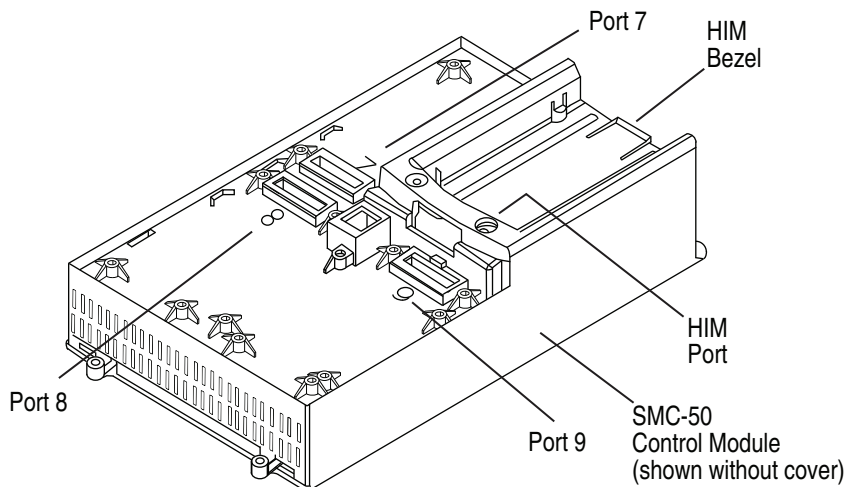
The SMC-50 controller has three expansion ports to place optional modules (see Figure 12). These ports provide the capability to add control modules (e.g., additional inputs and outputs (I/O), simple start/stop parameter configuration capability, ground fault, etc.).

**NOTE:** The 20-COMM-X communication modules may only reside in Port 9.



**ATTENTION:** There is the potential to have voltage values above 220V AC on the option modules. Before removing the control module cover to access option modules, disconnect **ALL** power to the SMC-50 controller.

**Figure 12 - Port Number Identification**



**Table 5 - Port Location for Compatible Option Modules**

SMC-50 Control Module Compatible Option Modules Cat. Nos.	Compatible Control Module Port			Maximum Number of this Type of Option Module per Control Module
	Port 7	Port 8	Port 9	
150-SM2: Ground Fault/PTC/External CT	Yes	Yes	No	1
150-SM3: Analog I/O	Yes	Yes	Yes	3
150-SM4: Digital I/O	Yes	Yes	Yes	3
150-SM6: Parameter Configuration	Yes	Yes	Yes	1
20-COMM-X ①② : Communications	No	No	Yes	1

- ① See the SMC-50 user manual for a list of compatible 20-COMM-X modules.
- ② When installed in an SMC-50 controller, 20-COMM-X modules physically reside in the space assigned to Port 9, but connect to DPI Port 4 with the ribbon cable that is supplied with the module.

### Optional Cat. No. 150-SM4 Digital I/O Module

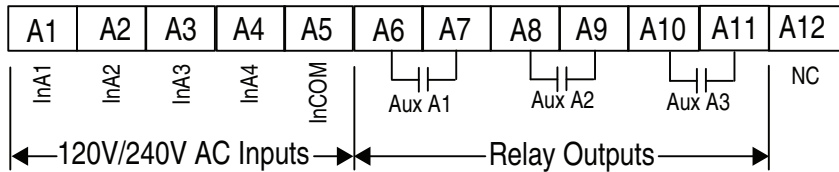
A Cat. No. 150-SM4 Digital I/O Option Module provides four 120...240V AC digital on/off inputs and three relay outputs to provide additional auxiliary control or indications (e.g., up-to-speed (UTS), alarm, etc.) functions. The 150-SM4 module can be located in any of the three control module option ports (See [Figure 12](#)). Up to three 150-SM4 modules can be used with a single control module. The 150-SM4 module terminal block used to wire the I/O is removable.

**1** When installed in Control Module Port 7, the orientation of the module terminal block is rotated 180° along with its terminals.

**NOTE:**

**2** The Cat. No. 150-SM4 module must be configured in the control module using a 20-HIM-A6 HIM, DriveExplorer™ software, or DriveExecutive™ software.

**Figure 13 - Optional Digital I/O Module Terminal Identification**



Terminal Number	Description
A1 ❶	Optional Input #1 (120/240V AC)
A2 ❶	Optional Input #2 (120/240V AC)
A3 ❶	Optional Input #3 (120/240V AC)
A4 ❶	Optional Input #4 (120/240V AC)
A5 ❸	Input Common
A6 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #1
A7 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #1
A8 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #2
A9 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #2
A10 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #3
A11 ❷❸	Optional Auxiliary Relay Contact #3
A12	NO CONNECT

- ❶ Do not connect additional loads to this terminal. Parasitic loads may cause problems with operation.
- ❷ When set to external bypass mode, the auxiliary contact is used to control a properly sized external contactor and overload once the motor is at full speed.
- ❸ RC snubbers are required when inductive loads are connected to terminal.

### Optional Cat. No. 150-SM3 Analog I/O Module

An optional Cat. No. 150-SM3 Analog I/O Module provides two analog inputs (voltage or current) and two analog outputs (voltage or current), see [Table 6](#) for specifications.

The 150-SM3 module can be located in any of the three control module option ports (See [Figure 12](#)). Up to three 150-SM3 modules can be used with a single control module. The 150-SM3 module terminal block used to wire the I/O is removable.

❶ When installed in Control Module Port 7, the orientation of the module terminal block is rotated 180° along with its terminals.

**NOTE:**

❷ The 150-SM3 module must be configured in the Control Module using a 20-HIM-A6 HIM, DriveExplorer software, or DriveExecutive software.

Figure 14 - Analog I/O Module Wiring Diagram

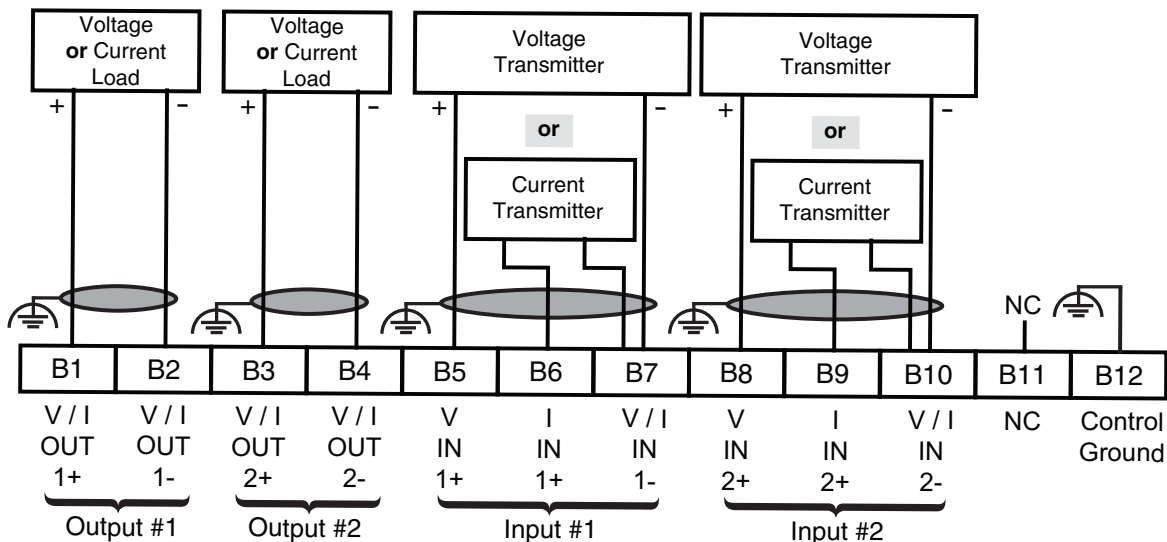


Table 6 - Cat. No. 150-SM3 Input and Output Specifications

Control Circuit	Specification	
150-SM3 Optional inputs: Terminals B1...B4	Number of Inputs	2 differential inputs
	Normal Operating Input Ranges	$\pm 10V$ , $0 \dots 10V$ , $0 \dots 5V$ , $1 \dots 5V$ , $0 \dots 20 \text{ mA}$ , $4 \dots 20 \text{ mA}$
	Full Scale Operating Input Ranges	$\pm 10.5V$ , $0 \dots 10.5V$ , $-0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$ , $3.5 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$
	Input Resolution	16 bit (sample rate = 60 Hz)/13 bit (sample rate = 250 Hz)
	Data Refresh Rate:	Filter dependent: 100 ms (sample rate = 60Hz); 24 ms (sample rate = 250Hz)
	Rated Working Voltage	24V DC / 17V AC
	Common Mode Voltage Range	$\pm 10V$ DC / channel
	Input Impedance	220 k $\Omega$ : voltage mode 249 $\Omega$ : current mode
	Input Channel Diagnostics	Over and Under Range and Open Circuit
	Open Circuit Detection Time	Positive Full Scale Reading: within 3 seconds (max)
	Maximum Overload at Input Terminals	Voltage: $\pm 24V$ DC continuous at 0.1 mA Current: $\pm 30 \text{ mA}$ continuous at 7V DC
	External Calibration	Not required: auto-calibration performed by the module if required to meet specs.
	Module Isolation to Control Board	Yes (1000V AC)
	Removable Terminal Block	Yes (Cat. No.150-SM3RTB as a spare replacement part)
Cable Type	Belden 8760 (or equiv.) 0.750 mm <sup>2</sup> (18 AWG twisted pair 100% shield with drain)	



Control Circuit	Specification	
150-SM3 Optional outputs: Terminals B5...B10	Number of Outputs	2 Single-ended
	Normal Operating Input Ranges	$\pm 10V$ , $0 \dots 10V$ , $0 \dots 5V$ , $1 \dots 5V$ , $0 \dots 20 \text{ mA}$ , $4 \dots 20 \text{ mA}$
	Full Scale Operating Input Ranges	$\pm 10.5V$ , $0 \dots 10.5V$ , $-0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$ , $3.5 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$
	Output Resolution $\pm 10.5V$ , $0 \dots 10.5V$ , $-0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0.5 \dots 5.25V$ , $0 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$ , $3.5 \dots 21 \text{ mA}$	16 bit (15 plus sign bipolar)
	Resistive Load on Current Output	$0 \dots 750 \Omega$
	Load Range on Voltage Output	$1 \text{ k}\Omega$ at 10V DC
	Max. Inductive Load (Current Outputs)	15 mH
	Max. Capacitive Load (Voltage Outputs)	$100 \mu\text{F}$
	Overall Accuracy	Voltage Terminal: $\pm 0.5\%$ full scale at $25^\circ \text{C}$ Current Terminal: $\pm 0.35\%$ full scale at $25^\circ \text{C}$
	Accuracy Drift with Temperature	$\pm 5 \text{ PPM} / ^\circ \text{C}$
	Output Impedance	$15 \Omega$ (typical)
	Open and Short-Circuit Protection	Yes
	Maximum Short-Circuit Current	45 mA
	Output Overvoltage Protection	Yes

### Optional Cat. No. 150-SM6 Parameter Configuration Module (PCM)

The Cat. No. 150-SM6 PCM provides simple and limited configuration of the SMC-50. This PCM can be inserted into any control module option port (7, 8, or 9). Only one PCM is allowed per control module.

Parameters that **are** configured by the PCM will appear as read-write parameters to other configuration devices whose values represent the switch settings. The parameter values set by the PCM are stored in the control module memory.

Parameters that **are not** defined and therefore are not configurable by the 150-SM6 PCM can be configured through other means (e.g., Human Interface Module (HIM), DriveExplorer or DriveExecutive software), if necessary.

## Additional Options

### Optional Cat. No. 150-SM2 Positive Temperature Coefficient (PTC), Ground-Fault, & External Current Transformer Option Module

An optional Cat. No. 150-SM2 module provides connectivity to external PTC motor winding temperature sensors, ground-fault, and current transformer sensors.

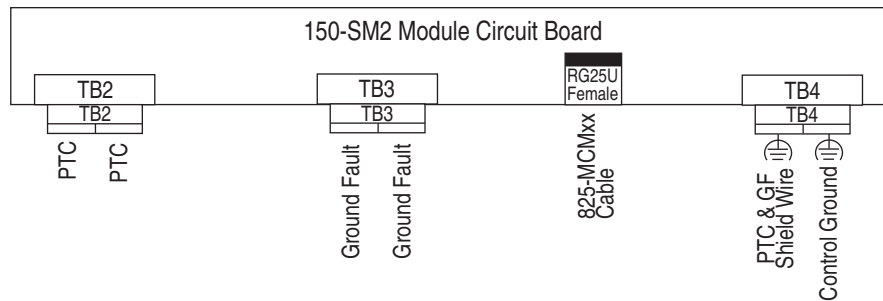
The 150-SM2 module can be located in control module Port 7 or 8. Only one 150-SM2 module is allowed to be used with the control module (See [Figure 12](#)). All of the individual terminal blocks (TB2, TB3, and TB4) are removable. The RG25U female connector provides a connection point for the male-to-male cable provided with the 825-MCMxx current sensor/converter module.

**1** When installed in Control Module Port 7, the orientation of the module terminals is rotated 180° along with its terminals.

**NOTE:**

**2** The 150-SM2 module must be configured in the Control Module using a 20-HIM-A6 HIM, DriveExplorer software, or DriveExecutive software.

**Figure 15 - Circuit Board**



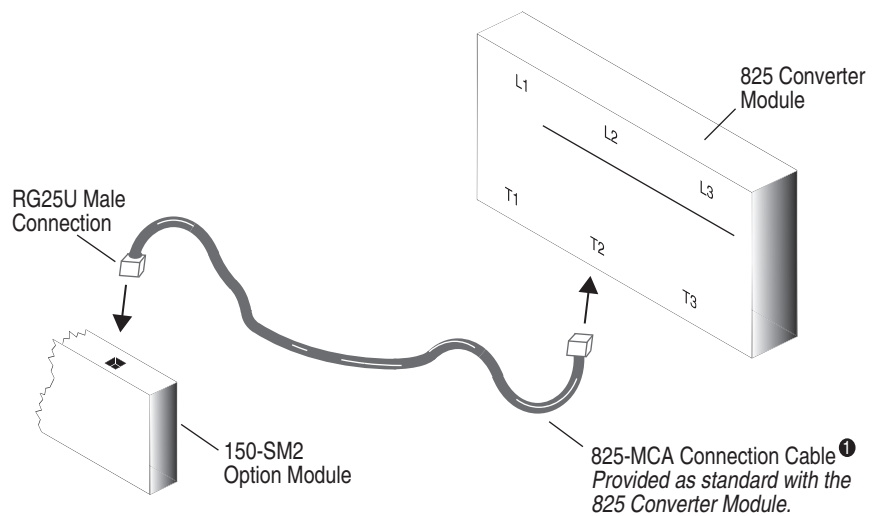
### Current Feedback Sensor (825-MCMxx Converter Module)

#### *External Bypass Operation*

An external 825-MCMxx Current Sensing Converter Module is required to provide current feedback to the SMC-50 when it is used with an external bypass contactor (bypass mode). The external current feedback is used for all current measurement and current protection functions while the controller is in the external bypass mode. In all other modes (e.g., starting, stopping, slow speed, etc.), internal current feedback signals are used.

The following figure shows the connection of the 825-MCMxx to the SMC-50's 150-SM2 option module.

**Figure 16 - Converter to Option Module Connection**



❶ The cable length is fixed at 4 meters. Only the cable provided with the converter can be used. The use of any other cable will result in incorrect data from the converter and incorrect controller operation.

## Ground Fault Feedback Sensor

The SMC-50 can provide ground-fault indication when used with the 150-SM2 option module and Cat. No. 825-CBCT Core Balance Ground Fault Sensor. This sensor mounts separately from the SMC-50 and must be placed within 3 meters of the option module. A customer-supplied shielded, twisted pair cable for wiring the sensor to the 150-SM2 module must meet the requirements outlined in the table below.

**Table 7 - Ground-Fault Sensor Cable Requirements**

<b>Wire Type</b>	Shielded, twisted pair
<b>Wire Cross Section</b>	0.2...2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (#24...14 AWG)
<b>Terminal Torque</b>	0.8 N•m (7 lb - in.)



**ATTENTION:** The ground fault sensing feature of the SMC-50 is intended for monitoring purposes only and not as a ground fault circuit interrupter for personnel protection as defined in Article 100 of the NEC. The ground fault sensing feature has not been evaluated for conformance to UL 1053.

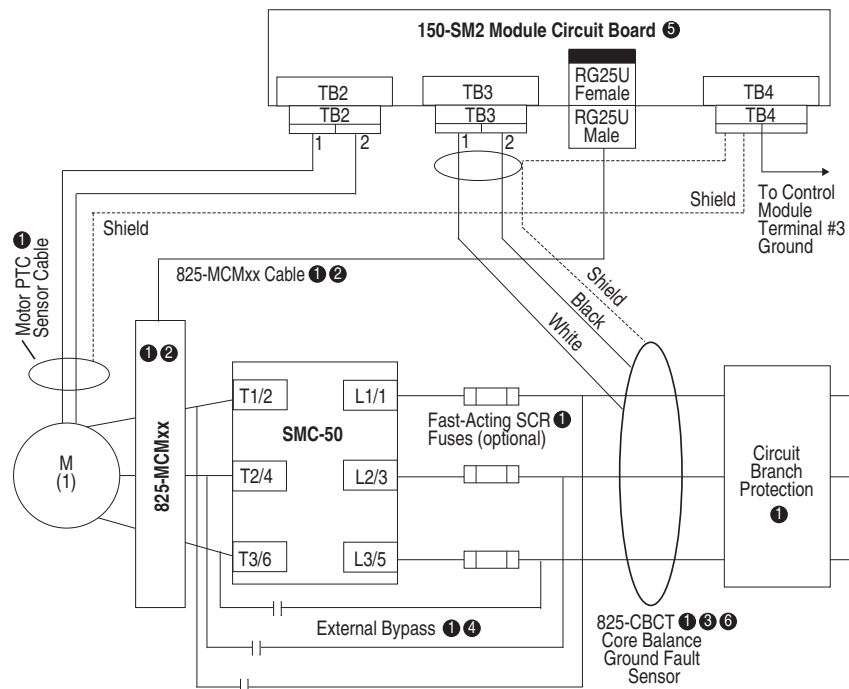
## PTC Thermistor Sensors

The 150-SM2 option module allows the SMC-50 to interface with motor PTC sensors to monitor motor temperature. The following table defines the PTC input and response ratings.

**Table 8 - PTC Input & Response Ratings**

<b>Response Resistance</b>	3400 Ω ± 150 Ω	
<b>Reset Resistance</b>	1600 Ω ± 100 Ω	
<b>Short-Circuit Trip Resistance</b>	25 Ω ± 10 Ω	
<b>Maximum Voltage at PTC Terminals</b>	R <sub>PTC</sub> = 4 KΩ	< 7.5V
	R <sub>PTC</sub> = open	30V
<b>Maximum Number of Sensors Connected in Series</b>	6	
<b>Maximum Cold Resistance of PTC Sensor Chain</b>	1500 Ω	
<b>Response Time</b>	800 ms	

**Figure 17 - Combined Wiring Diagram of All Cat. No. 150-SM2 Sensors**



- ① Customer-supplied.
- ② The 825-MCMXXX can be used with or without an external bypass contactor. If an external bypass contactor is used then the 825-MCMXXX must be installed in order to use current-based motor protective features including the motor overload feature. Cable length is 4 meters. Only the cable provided with the 825-MCMXXX is compatible with the 150-SM2.
- ③ The 825-CBCT core balance sensor mounts separately from the SMC-50 and must be placed within 3 meters of the SMC-50. When connecting the 825-CBCT ground-fault sensor, the secondary of the CT must be shorted until connection to the 150-SM2 module is complete.
- ④ See the user manual for additional bypass configurations (e.g., emergency run-off bypass) and application considerations.

## Bypass Diagrams

For bypass operation, a bypass contactor must be supplied. When the motor is up to speed, the external bypass contactor is “pulled in” for run.

Overload protection can be accomplished in several ways.

### SMC-50 Providing Overload Function

- Frame B (90...180 A)
  - Required parts: Cat. Nos. 150-SM2, 825-MCM180 converter module. See [Figure 19](#).
- Frame C and D (210...320 A and 361...520 A)
  - Using bypass kit
    - Required parts: Cat. No. 150-SCBK (Frame C) or 150-SDBK (Frame D) See [Table 9](#) and [Figure 20](#).

**Note:** When using the Cat. No. 150-SCBK or 150-SDBK bypass kit, the controller firmware must be FRN 3.001 or higher.
  - Using 825 and CTs
    - Required parts: Cat. Nos. 150-SM2, 825-MCM20, user supplied CTs with 5 A secondary. See [Figure 18](#) and [Figure 19](#).

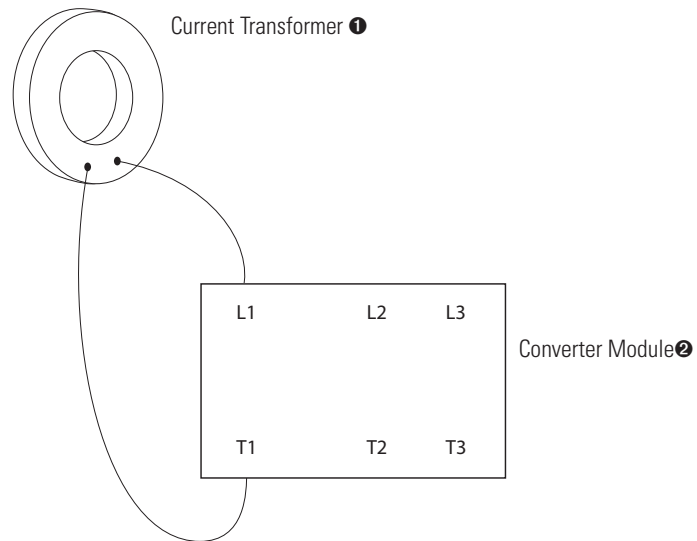
### External Overload

- Frames B, C, and D
  - Bypass contactor must be fully rated to motor Hp/kW and FLA. See [Figure 21](#).

## Converter Modules

For applications in which the motor’s full load current rating is greater than 180 A (311 A inside-the-delta), three additional current transformers with 5 A secondaries are required. [Figure 18](#) illustrates the connection of the current transformers to the converter module.

Figure 18 - Current Transformer Connection to Converter Module

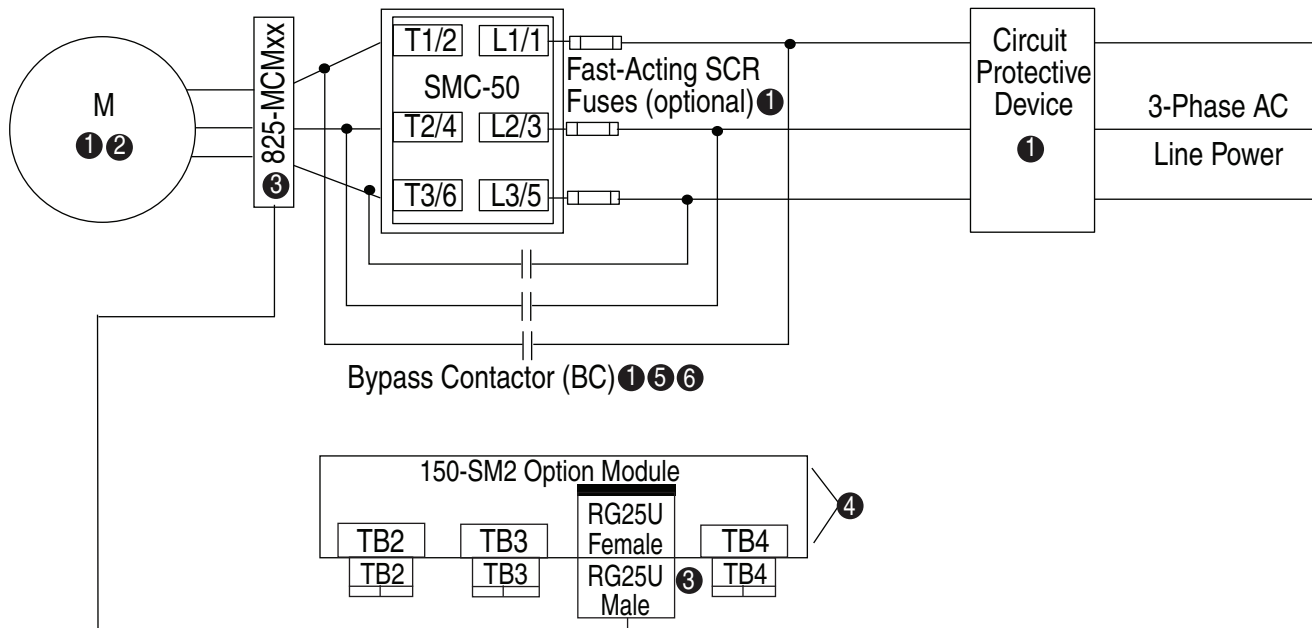


- ① Another current transformer connects L2 and T2, and another connects L3 and T3.
- ② The converter module, Cat No. 825-MCM20, must be used in these applications.

Table 9 - SMC-50 Conductor and Torque Requirements

SMC-50 Cat. No.	Lug Kit Cat. No.	Wire Strip Length [mm]	Conductor Range	Max. No. Lugs Pole		Torque		Bypass Bus Kit Cat. No.
				Line Side	Load Side	Wire-Lug	Lug-Bus	
150-SB...	1494R-N14	Long = 44.5 Short = 22.4	54...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0...250 MCM)	1	1	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	23 N•m (200 lb•in.)	—
150-SC...	199-LF1	18...20	16...120 mm <sup>2</sup> (#6...250 MCM)	2	2	31 N•m (275 lb•in.)	23 N•m (200 lb•in.)	150-SCBK
150-SD...	199-LG1	18...25	25...240 mm <sup>2</sup> (#4...500 MCM)	2	2	42 N•m (375 lb•in.)	28 N•m (250 lb•in.)	150-SDBK

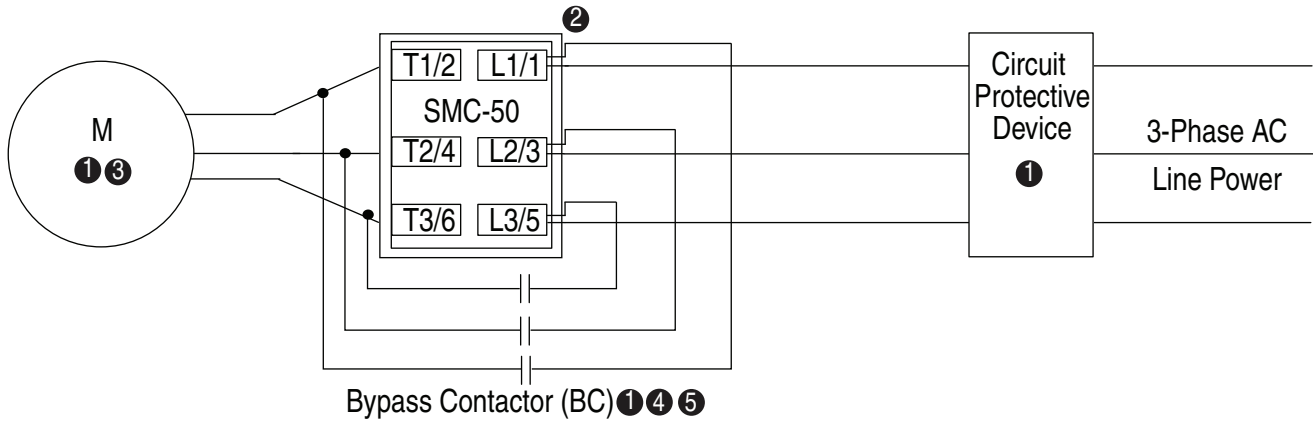
**Figure 19 - Wiring Diagram using 825 Converter Module and 150-SM2 Devices with Bypass Contactors**



- ❶ Customer supplied.
- ❷ Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See the Isolation Contactor Applications for details.
- ❸ In Bypass Contactor RUN operation, the 825-MCMxx and the 150-SM2 module provide current-based protective feedback features including overload. Only the cable provided with the 825-MCMxx converter can be used in this configuration. The maximum cable length is 4 m, thus the 825-MCMxx must be located within 4 m of the SMC-50.
- ❹ The order of the terminal numbers for the 150-SM2 module can be reversed depending on which expansion slot it is located in the control module. However, the function associated with the terminal number remains the same.
- ❺ Bypass must be controlled by an auxiliary contact of SMC-50 configured to external bypass.
- ❻ In North America, size the bypass contactor per the motor Hp and FLA. In IEC, size the bypass contactor per the motor AC-1 rating.

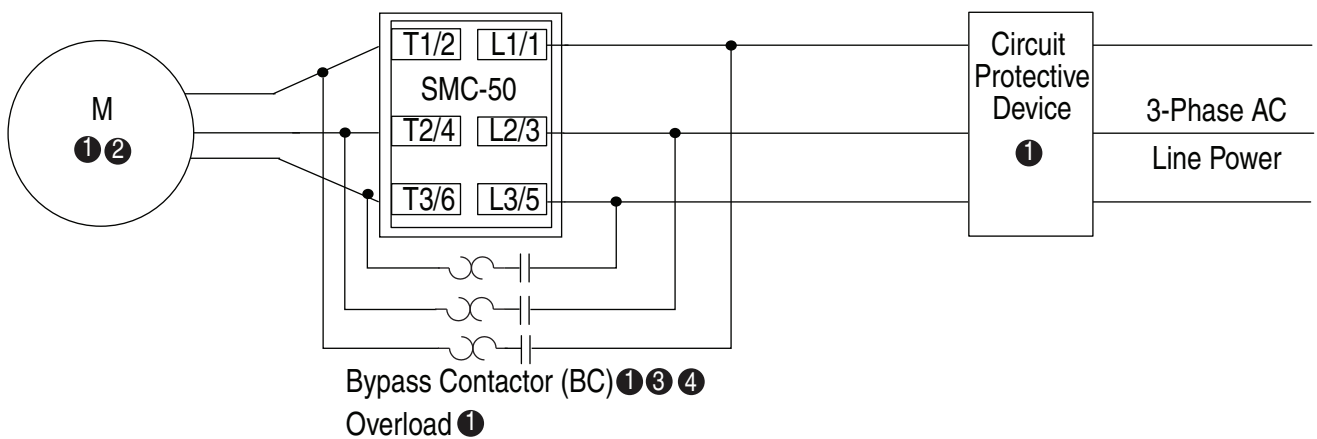
**NOTE:** In addition to a small amount of leakage current flowing through an SCR in the off-state, failure of one or more solid-state power switching components allows uncontrolled current to flow to the winding(s) of the motor. This could potentially result in overheating or damage to the motor. To prevent potential personal injury or equipment damage, the installation of an isolation contactor or shunt trip-type circuit breaker capable of interrupting the motor's locked rotor current on the line side of the SMC-50 is recommended. Operation of the isolation device should be coordinated using one of the SMC-50 auxiliary contacts configured to NORMAL.

**Figure 20 - Wiring Diagram for Frame C (Cat. No. 150-SC...) or Frame D (Cat. No. 150-SD...) Devices with Bypass Contactor and Bypass Bus Kit**



- ① Customer supplied.
  - ② SMC-50 Bypass bus kit Cat. No. 150-SCBK (Frame C; Cat. No. 150-SC...) or 150-SDBK (Frame D; Cat. No. 150-SD...).
- NOTE:** Controller FRN 3.001 or higher is required.
- ③ Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See the Isolation Contactor Applications for details.
  - ④ Bypass must be controlled by an auxiliary contact of the SMC-50 that is configured for external bypass.
  - ⑤ In North America, size the bypass contactor per the motor Hp and FLA. In IEC applications, size the bypass contactor per the motor AC-1 rating.
- NOTE:** In addition to a small amount of leakage current flowing through an SCR in the off-state, failure of one or more solid-state power switching components allows uncontrolled current to flow to the winding(s) of the motor. This could potentially result in overheating or damage to the motor. To prevent potential personal injury or equipment damage, the installation of an isolation contactor or shunt trip-type circuit breaker capable of interrupting the motor's locked rotor current on the line side of the SMC-50 is recommended. Operation of the isolation device should be coordinated using one of the SMC-50 auxiliary contacts configured to NORMAL.

**Figure 21 - Wiring Diagram for All Frames (Cat. No. 150-S...) with Bypass and External Overload**



- ① Customer supplied.
  - ② Due to current leakage through an SCR in the OFF state (controller stopped), some form of upstream line power isolation is recommended if maintenance is required on the motor. See the Isolation Contactor Applications for details.
  - ③ Bypass must be controlled by an auxiliary contact of the SMC-50 that is configured for external bypass.
  - ④ Bypass contactor must be fully rated to motor Hp/kW and FLA.
- NOTE:** In addition to a small amount of leakage current flowing through an SCR in the off-state, failure of one or more solid-state power switching components allows uncontrolled current to flow to the winding(s) of the motor. This could potentially result in overheating or damage to the motor. To prevent potential personal injury or equipment damage, the installation of an isolation contactor or shunt trip-type circuit breaker capable of interrupting the motor's locked rotor current on the line side of the SMC-50 is recommended. Operation of the isolation device should be coordinated using one of the SMC-50 auxiliary contacts configured to NORMAL.



## Programming

### Parameter Configuration/ Programming

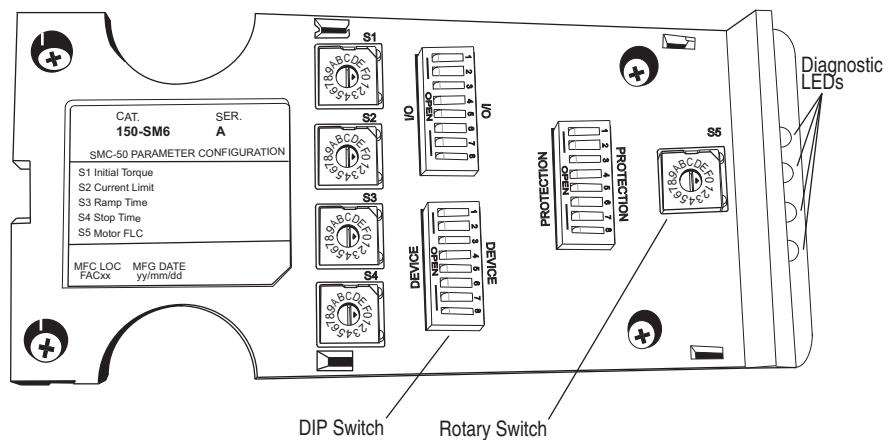
### Parameter Configuration using the Cat. No. 150-SM6 Parameter Configuration Module (PCM)

The Cat. No. 150-SM6 PCM provides simple and limited configuration of the SMC-50. This PCM can be inserted into any control module option port (7, 8, or 9). Only one PCM is allowed per control module.

Parameters that **are** configured by the PCM will appear as read-write parameters to other configuration devices and whose values represent the switch settings. The parameter values set by the PCM are stored in the control module memory. Therefore, using the appropriate removal procedure (remove all power to Control Module and Power Module), the PCM can be removed from the control module with its parameter settings retained.

Parameters that **are not** defined and therefore are not configurable by the Cat. No. 150-SM6 PCM can be configured through other means (e.g., Human Interface Module (HIM), DriveExplorer or DriveExecutive software), if necessary.

**Figure 22 - DIP Switch & Rotary Switch Locations**



The Cat. No. 150-SM6 PCM contains five rotary switches, S1...S5, each with designations 0...F and three banks of ON/OFF 8-switch DIP switches.

[Table 10](#), [Table 11](#), and [Table 12](#) define the functions of the five rotary switches.

**Table 10 - Rotary Switch Position Settings & Resulting Values — Torque and Current Limit Configurations**

<b>S1 = Initial Torque Configuration — Controller Parameter</b>			
<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Resulting Initial Torque Value [ % motor torque]</b>	<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Resulting Initial Torque Value [ % motor torque]</b>
0	10	8	58
1	16	9	64
2	22	A	70 (default)
3	28	B	76
4	34	C	82
5	40	D	88
6	46	E	94
7	52	F	100
<b>S2 = Current Limit Configuration — Controller Parameter</b>			
<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Resulting Current Limit Value [% FLC]</b>	<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Resulting Current Limit Value [% FLC]</b>
0	200	8	360 (default)
1	220	9	380
2	240	A	400
3	260	B	420
4	280	C	440
5	300	D	460
6	320	E	480
7	340	F	500

**Table 11 - Rotary Switch Position Settings & Resulting Values — Ramp and Stop Time Configurations**

<b>S3 = Ramp Time Configuration — Starting — Controller Parameter</b>			
<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Starting Ramp Time [s]</b>	<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Starting Ramp Time [s]</b>
0	0.1	8	16
1	2	9	18
2	4	A	20
3	6	B	22
4	8	C	24
5	10 (default)	D	26
6	12	E	28
7	14	F	30
<b>S4 = Stop Time Configuration — Controller Parameter</b>			
<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Stop Time [s]❶</b>	<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>Stop Time [s] ❶</b>
0	Coast -to-Stop (default)	8	16
1	2	9	18
2	4	A	20
3	6	B	22
4	8	C	24
5	10	D	26
6	12	E	28
7	14	F	30

❶ When the braking STOP MODE is selected (device configuration bank switch #3 and #4), the controller multiplies the selected stop time by ten.

**Table 12 - Rotary Switch Position Settings & Resulting Values — Motor FLC Configurations**

<b>S5 = Motor Full Load Current (FLC) Configuration — Controller Parameter</b>			
<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>FLC ①② [% of controller's max]</b>	<b>Position Setting</b>	<b>FLC ①② [% of controller's max]</b>
0	40 (default))	8	72
1	44	9	76
2	48	A	80
3	52	B	84
4	56	C	88
5	60	D	92
6	64	E	96
7	68	F	100

① Since a set of switches do not provide the resolution to enter all possible FLC combinations like a keypad, switch S5 allows you to configure the motor's FLC in the SMC-50 by using a percentage (%) of the controller's rated FLC (e.g., 90 A, 110 A, 180 A, etc.).

**EXAMPLE**

**For a 60 A motor and a 90 A controller:**

% of controller's max FLC for a 60 A motor = 64% of 90 A (57.6 A), or Switch Position 6

② To determine the S5 switch setting for an inside-the-delta motor configuration, use the following equations:

**Step 1**

$$\frac{\text{Motor Nameplate FLC}}{1.73} = X$$

**Step 2**

$$\frac{X}{\text{SMC-50 Controller Rating}} \times 100 = \text{S5 Switch Setting}$$

**EXAMPLE**

**Step 1**

$$\frac{100 \text{ A}}{1.73} = 57.8 \text{ A}$$

**Step 2**

$$\frac{57.8 \text{ A}}{90 \text{ A}} \times 100 = 64\%$$

**Result** From the result of 64%, the S5 switch setting is position 6.

**NOTE:**

**1** If the calculated value does not match a switch position, use the previous (lower percentage) switch setting.

**2** The inside-the-delta motor configuration can be selected using Parameter 44 (Motor Connection) or automatically during a controller tuning process. The tuning process is done during the initial system start after changing any of the tuning parameters and initializing a start or by pressing and holding the SMC-50 reset push button for at least 10 seconds with the motor stopped and then initializing a start.

The following tables define the functions for the three banks of ON/OFF 8-switch DIP switches. Each of the three banks is defined by a high level, functional name with each switch having a unique function.

**Table 13 - ON/OFF 8-Switch DIP Switch Definitions — Device**

DEVICE Configuration Bank (0 = Switch OPEN)		Switch Number							
		#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
<b>Start Mode— Controller Parameter</b>	Linear Speed Acceleration (default)	0	0						
	Current Limit	0	1						
	Soft Start	1	0						
	Pump Start	1	1						
<b>Stop Mode ①② — Controller Parameter</b>	Linear Speed Deceleration (default)			0	0				
	Soft Stop			0	1				
	Braking			1	0				
	Pump Stop			1	1				
<b>Energy Saver — Controller Parameter</b>	Enable					1			
	Disable (default)					0			
<b>Braking Current — Controller Parameter</b>	50%						0	0	0
	100%						0	0	1
	150%						0	1	0
	200% (default)						0	1	1
	250%						1	0	0
	300%						1	0	1
	350%						1	1	0
	400%						1	1	1

① When the Stop Mode is configured as (a) Linear Speed Decel, (b) Soft Stop, (c) Pump Stop, and the Stop Time (rotary switch S4) is set to zero, a Coast stop will result. A non-zero Stop Time value for the three previously listed Stop Modes defines the time to stop period which is based on that specific configuration.

② If the Stop Mode is configured as Braking, then the Stop Time setting (Rotary Switch S4) is used to select either the Automatic Zero Speed Detection method (Stop Time is set to zero) or the Timed Brake method (Stop Time is not set to zero).

**NOTE: 1** With the Automatic Zero Speed Detection method, the controller applies the user-selected Braking Current defined by the Device Configuration Switch Bank. Switch #6, #7, and #8 senses a motor Zero Speed condition and automatically stops the braking process.

**2** With the Timed Brake method, the user-selected Braking Current is applied for the user-configured Stop Time regardless of the motor speed (e.g., Automatic Zero Speed Detection disabled). The Timed Brake method can be used in applications where detecting zero speed is ineffective or when braking the motor to a complete stop results in random overload trips. With this method, braking is applied for a fixed time equal to the Stop Time setting (Rotary Switch S4) and multiplied by ten. An ideal Stop Time setting can be accomplished by trial and error, but should always allow for some coast time. Setting the Stop Time for too long of a time period can result in braking current to be applied to a stopped motor and will likely result in overload trips.

**Table 14 - ON/OFF 8-Switch DIP Switch Definitions — Protection**

PROTECTION Configuration Bank (0 = Switch OPEN)		Switch Number							
		#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
<b>Preset Protection Level Parameter</b>	Disabled	0							
	Enabled (default)	1							
<b>Stall Fault Parameter</b>	Enabled (default)		1						
	Disable		0						
<b>Phase Reversal Fault Parameter</b>	Enable			1					
	Disable (default)			0					
<b>OL Restart Parameter</b>	Enable				1				
	Disable (default)				0				
<b>OL Enable Parameter</b>	Enabled (default)					1			
	Disable					0			
<b>Trip Class Parameter</b>	10 (default)						0	0	
	15						0	1	
	20						1	0	
	30						1	1	

**Table 15 - ON/OFF 8-Switch DIP Switch Definitions — I/O**

I/O Configuration* Bank (0 = Switch OPEN)		Switch Number							
		#1	#2	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8
<b>Aux #1 Configuration Parameter</b>	Normal (default)	0	0						
	Up-to-Speed (UTS)	0	1						
	Fault	1	0						
	Alarm	1	1						
<b>Aux #2 Configuration Parameter</b>	Normal			0	0				
	UTS			0	1				
	Fault			1	0				
	Alarm			1	1				
<b>Input #1 Parameter</b>	Start/Coast (default)					0			
	Start/Stop Option					1			
<b>Input #2 Parameter</b>	Stop Option (default)						0	0	
	Clear Fault						0	1	
	Slow Speed						1	0	
	Fault						1	1	

**\*NOTE:** The I/O Configuration ability of the Cat. No. 150-SM6 is limited to the Control Module's standard I/O.

## Parameter Configuration using a 20-HIM-A6 (FRN1.006 or later)

All of the SMC-50 parameters can be configured using the 20-HIM-A6 (NEMA Type 1) or the 20-HIM-C6S (remote-mount NEMA Type 4X/12) module. The Cat. No. 20-HIM-A6 module is normally installed in the HIM bezel/port located in the upper right corner of the SMC-50 (See [Figure 12](#)). For temporary hand-held operation, the HIM can be plugged into DPI Port #2, which is located at the top of the control module. A Cat. No. 20-HIM-H10 cable is required for this temporary operation.

The following text describes basic screen and keypad functions of the Cat. No. 20-HIM-A6 module. For additional detail on the installation and use of the 20-HIM-A6 or the 20-HIM-C6S modules, see the user manual, publication 20-HIM-UM-001.

### *HIM Single-Function Keys*

The four single-function keys only perform their dedicated functions no matter which screen or data entry mode is being used.

**Figure 23 - HIM Single-Function Keys**



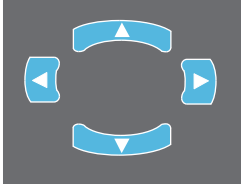
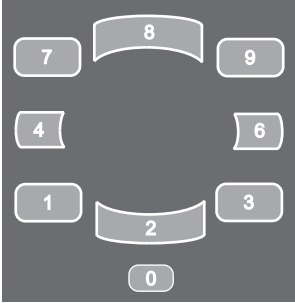

Key	Function
Start	Starts the controller if the SMC-50 Logic Mask is enabled for the port the HIM is connected to. <b>1</b>
Folders	Accesses folders for parameters, diagnostics, memory functions, preferences, and other tests.
Controls	Accesses jog, direction, auto/manual, and other control functions.
Stop	Stops the SMC-50 or clears a fault. The Stop key is always active.

**1** If the device (port) is enabled and removed under power **or** an expansion device is removed, a fault is generated. The bit location (e.g., 0, 1, 2, etc.) corresponds to the DPI port numbers.

### *HIM Soft Keys*

Up to five dynamic soft keys can be shown at the bottom of the HIM screen. Based on the specific screen or the data entry mode being used, a soft key name and its function may change. When a soft key is active, its presentation function and corresponding soft key label are shown at the bottom of the HIM screen.

**Table 16 - HIM Soft Key Functions**

Soft Key	Description	Function
	Multi-Function — Blue	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Scrolls through menus and screens as directed by each arrow</li> <li>• Performs corresponding functions displayed in the data area</li> </ul>
	Numeric Keys — Grey	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enters their respective numeric values</li> </ul>
	5/Enter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enters the numeric value, 5</li> <li>• Displays the next level of a selected menu item</li> <li>• Enters new values</li> <li>• Performs intended actions</li> </ul>

## Basic Parameter Access & Category/File Structure **Parameter Access**

The parameters of the SMC-50 are structured into five categories:

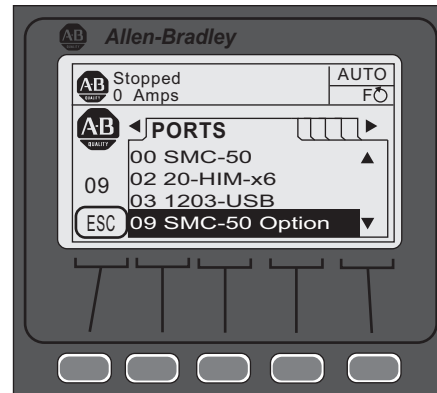
1. Monitoring
2. Setup
3. Motor Protection
4. Communications
5. Utility



The Cat. No. 20-HIM-A6 HIM can access any or all of the parameters that reside in any category. The following examples show how to access the SMC-50 parameters using the 20-HIM-A6 HIM.

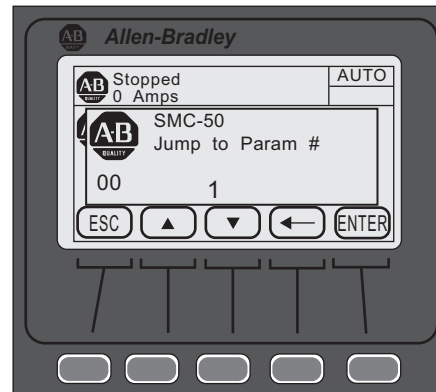
**EXAMPLE** To perform a parameter number search and modification, perform the following procedure.

1. Ensure that the HIM SMC-50 power-up screen appears as shown:



2. Using the PAR# soft key, type the desired parameter number to display, then press ENTER, then press EDIT. The following screen appears.

**NOTE:** To access the next/previous PAR# from the one currently displayed, use the UP/DOWN arrow soft keys to display the desired parameter for modification.

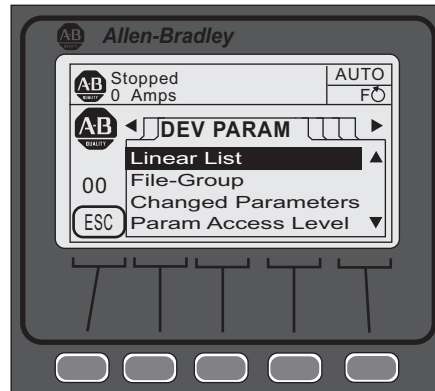


3. Press ENTER to load the changed value into memory.

**NOTE:** For a complete Parameter Linear list, see the user manual, publication 150-UM011.

**TIP** Search by File-Group (SMC category search).

- EXAMPLE**
1. From the HIM power-up screen, press the FOLDERS single-function key.
  2. Press the LEFT or RIGHT arrow key until the screen displays DEVPARAM.



3. Using the DOWN arrow key, scroll to the File-Group selection. Press ENTER (keypad #5). The screen will display Port 00 Param File — Group at the top of the screen.
4. Using the DOWN arrow key, scroll to the Set Up selection. Press ENTER. The screen will display the Set Up categories (e.g., Basic, Starter, etc.).
5. With Basic highlighted on the screen, press ENTER.
6. Scroll to the desired parameter (e.g., Line Voltage) to modify it, then press ENTER.
7. Press EDIT, enter the desired value, then press ENTER to save the value.
8. Press the ESC key to return to the Basic category.
9. To modify another parameter in the Basic category, follow step 5 through step 7. To back out to a higher level category, press the BACK arrow key.

**NOTE:** By using the Device Parameter, DEV PARAM, folder screen and the File-Group selection SMC-50 parameters can be selected and configured by functional category. See the SMC Category/File Structure Parameters in [Table 17](#) through [Table 18](#).

For additional details on these procedures, see the 20-HIM-A6 or 20-HIM-C6S module User Manual, 20-HIM-UM001.

## Category/File Structure

**Table 17 - Category/File Structure of the SMC-50 Controller.**

Monitoring		Set Up			
<b>Metering Basic</b>	<b>Start Stats</b>	<b>Basic</b>	<b>Stopping</b>	<b>Advanced</b>	<b>Advanced Tuning</b>
Volts P-P Ave Volts P-N Ave Current Average Torque Motor Speed Power Factor Real Power Reactive Power Apparent Power Real Energy Reactive Energy Reactive Energy+ Reactive Energy- Apparent Energy Meter Reset	Start Time 1 Start Time 2 Start Time 3 Start Time 4 Start Time 5 Peak Current 1 Peak Current 2 Peak Current 3 Peak Current 4 Peak Current 5	Motor Connection Line Voltage Starting Mode Ramp Time Initial Torque Cur Limit Level Stop Mode Stop Time Input 1 Input 2 Aux1 Config Aux2 Config Overload Class Service Factor Motor FLC Starting Torque Max Torque Rated Torque Rated Speed	Stop Mode Stop Time Braking Current Backspin Timer	Pump Pedestal Load Type High Eff Brake UTS Level Stall Position Stall Level V Shut Off Level I Shut Off Level Notch Maximum Timed Start Bypass Delay Energy Saver Demand Period Num of Periods	Force Tuning Stator R Total R Coupling Factor Inductance Speed Gain Transient Gain Transient Zero Transient Mag Ping Degree Pings Phase Shift 0% Phase Shift 10% Phase Shift 20% Phase Shift 30% Phase Shift 40% Phase Shift 50% Phase Shift 60% Phase Shift 70% Phase Shift 80% Phase Shift 90% Phase Shift 100%
<b>Metering Volts</b>	<b>Monitoring</b>	<b>Starting</b>	<b>Slow Speed</b>	<b>I/O</b>	
Volts P-P Ave Volts Phase A-B Volts Phase B-C Volts Phase C-A Volts P-N Ave Volts Phase A-N Volts Phase B-N Volts Phase C-N Voltage Unbal	Elapsed Time Elapsed Time 2 Running Time Energy Savings Mtr Therm Usage Time to OL Trip Time to OL Reset Time to PM Starts to PM Total Starts Product Status	Starting Mode Ramp Time Cur Limit Level Initial Torque Starting Torque Max Torque Kickstart Time Kickstart Level Heating Time Heating Level Start Delay	Slow Speed Slow Brake Cur SS Ref Gain SS Trans Gain	Input 1 Input 2 Aux1 Config Aux1 Invert Aux1 On Delay Aux1 Off Delay Aux2 Config Aux2 Invert Aux2 On Delay Aux2 Off Delay Aux Control	
<b>Metering Current</b>	<b>Power Quality</b>		<b>Dual Ramp</b>		
Current Ave Current Phase A Current Phase B Current Phase C Current Imbal	THD Va THD Vb THD Vc THD Vave THD Ia THD Ib THD Ic THD Iave		Starting Mode 2 Ramp Time 2 Cur Limit Level 2 Initial Torque 2 Starting Torque 2 Max Torque 2 Kickstart Time 2 Kickstart Level 2		
<b>Metering Power</b>					
Real Power Real Power A Real Power B Real Power C Real Demand Max Real Demand Reactive Power Reactive Power A Reactive Power B Reactive Power C Reactive Demand Max Reactive Dmd Apparent Power Apparent Power A Apparent Power B Apparent Power C Apparent Demand Max Apparent Dmd Power Factor Power Factor A Power Factor B Power Factor C					

**Table 18 - Category/File Structure (continued)**

Motor Protection				Communications	Utility
<b>Overload</b>	<b>Stall</b>	<b>Leading PF</b>	<b>Current THD</b>	<b>Comm Masks</b>	<b>Preferences</b>
Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Overload Class Overload Class 2 Service Factor Motor FLC OL Reset Level OL Shunt Time OL Inhibit Time Overload A Lvl Overload Config Locked Rtr Level Locked Rtr Time	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Stall Delay	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Lead PF Ov F Lvl Lead PF Ov F Dly Lead PF Ov A Lvl Lead PF Ov A Dly Lead PF Un F Lvl Lead PF Un F Dly Lead PF Un A Lvl Lead PF Un A Dly	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En THD I F Lvl THD I F Dly THD I A Lvl THD I A Dly	Logic Mask Logic Mask Act Write Mask Cfg Write Mask Act Port Mask Act	Language Fan Config Motor Config Parameter Mgt
	<b>Real Power</b>				<b>Motor Data</b>
	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Mwatts Ov F Lvl Mwatts Ov F Dly Mwatts Ov A Lvl Mwatts Un F Lvl Mwatts Un F Dly Mwatts Un A Lvl Mwatts Un A Dly				Motor Connection Line Voltage Motor FLC Rated Torque Rated Speed User CT Ratio Factory CT Ratio Voltage Ratio Parameter Mgt
<b>Underload</b>		<b>Lagging PF</b>		<b>Data Links</b>	
Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Underload F Lvl Underload F Dly Underload A Lvl Underload A Dly		Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Lag PF Ov F Lvl Lag PF Ov F Dly Lag PF Ov A Lvl Lag PF Ov A Dly Lag PF Un F Lvl Lag PF Un F Dly Lag PF Un A Lvl Lag PF Un A Dly	<b>Line Frequency</b>	Data In A1 Data In A2 Data In B1 Data In B2 Data In C1 Data In C2 Data In D1 Data In D2 Data Out A1 Data Out A2 Data Out B1 Data Out B2 Data Out C1 Data Out C2 Data Out D1 Data Out D2	
	<b>Reactive+ Power</b>		<b>Maintenance</b>		<b>Expansion</b>
	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En +MVAR Ov F Lvl +MVAR Ov F Dly +MVAR Ov A Lvl +MVAR Ov A Dly +MVAR Un F Lvl +MVAR Un F Dly +MVAR Un A Lvl +MVAR Un A Dly		Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En PM Hours PM Starts Time to PM Starts to PM Starts Per Hour		Exp A Config Exp B Config Exp C Config
<b>Undervoltage</b>		<b>Voltage Imbal</b>			
Starter Fault En Starter Alarm En Strtr Restart En Undervolt F Lvl Undervolt F Dly Undervolt A Lvl Undervolt A Dly		Starter Fault En Starter Alarm En Strtr Restart En Volt Imbal F Lvl Volt Imbal F Dly Volt Imbal A Lvl Volt Imbal A Dly			
	<b>Reactive- Power</b>		<b>History</b>		
	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En -MVAR Ov F Lvl -MVAR Ov F Dly -MVAR Ov A Lvl -MVAR Ov A Dly -MVAR Un F Lvl -MVAR Un F Dly -MVAR Un A Lvl -MVAR Un A Dly		Fault 1 Fault 2 Fault 3 Fault 4 Fault 5 Alarm 1 Alarm 2 Alarm 3 Alarm 4 Alarm 5		
<b>Overvoltage</b>		<b>Current Imbal</b>			
Starter Fault En Starter Alarm En Strtr Restart En Overvolt F Lvl Overvolt F Dly Overvolt A Lvl Overvolt A Dly		Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Cur Imbal F Lvl Cur Imbal F Dly Cur Imbal A Lvl Cur Imbal A Dly			
	<b>Apparent Power</b>	<b>Voltage THD</b>	<b>Restart</b>		
	Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En MVA Ov F Lvl MVA Ov F Dly MVA Ov A Lvl MVA Ov A Dly MVA Un F Lvl MVA Un F Dly MVA Un A Lvl MVA Un A Dly	Starter Fault En Starter Alarm En Strtr Restart En THD V F Lvl THD V F Dly THD V A Lvl THD V A Dly	Motor Restart En Strtr Restart En Restart Attempts Restart Delay		
<b>Jam</b>			<b>Locked Rotor</b>		
Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Jam F Lvl Jam F Dly Jam A Lvl Jam A Dly			Motor Fault En Motor Alarm En Motor Restart En Locked Rtr F Lvl Locked Rtr F Dly Locked Rtr A Lvl Locked Rtr A Dly		

## Quick Setup

Access the basic programming configuration group in the Setup category. This group provides a limited parameter set, allowing quick startup with minimal adjustments.

**Table 19 - Quick Start Parameters**

Parameter Number	Parameter Name	Description/Function	Value(s)	Default
46	<b>Line Voltage</b>	Enter the system 3-phase line voltage value. A value must be entered for the voltage protection functions to work properly (R/W parameter).	0...700V	480
47	<b>Rated Torque</b>	Use for Torque Ramp Rating Starting Mode. Enter the maximum motor rated in Newton meters (R/W parameter).	1...1000 N•m	10
48	<b>Rated Speed</b>	Use for Torque Ramp Rating Starting Mode. Enter the rated speed of the motor (R/W parameter).	750, 900, 1500, 1800, 3500, 3600 RPM	1800
49	<b>Starting Mode</b>	Enter the desired starting mode for the application (R/W parameter). <b>Related Parameters for the Starting Mode:</b> <i>Full Voltage:</i> None <i>Current Limit:</i> Current Limit Level, Ramp Time, Kickstart Time, Kickstart Level <i>Soft Start:</i> Initial Torque, Ramp Time, Current Limit Kickstart Time, Kickstart Level <i>Linear Speed:</i> Initial Torque, Ramp Time, Current Limit <i>Torque Ramp:</i> Starting Torque, Maximum Torque, Ramp Time, Current Limit, Kickstart Time, Kickstart Level <i>Pump Start:</i> Initial Torque, Ramp Time	Full Voltage, Current Limit, Soft Start, Linear Speed, Torque Ramp, Pump Start	Soft Start
50	Ramp Time	Enter the amount of time desired for the motor starting ramp to take (R/W parameter).	0.0 - 1000 seconds	10
51	Initial Torque	Motor torque level at which the start ramp begins.	0...90 %LRT	70
52	Maximum Torque	Use the Torque Ramp Starting mode. Enter the maximum motor torque at the end of the start ramp required for the application (R/W parameter),	0...300 %	250
53	Current Limit Level	Enter the value of the maximum current allowed during the ramp time (R/W parameter).	50-600 % FLC	350
56	Input 1	Allows the selection of how input 1 (CM terminal #11) effects the function of the SMC-50 controller (R/W parameter).	Disable, Start, Coast, Stop Option, Start/Coast, Start/Stop, Slow Speed, Dual Ramp, OL Select, Fault, Fault NC, Clear Fault, Emergency Run, Motor Heater	Start/Coast
57	Input 2	Allows the selection of how input 2 (CM terminal #10) effects the function of the SMC-50 controller (R/W parameter).		Disable
65	Stop Mode	Enter the desired stopping mode for the application (R/W parameter). Related Parameters to the Stopping Mode: <i>Coast:</i> None <i>Soft Stop:</i> Stop Time <i>Linear Speed:</i> Stop Time, Current Limit <i>Pump Stop:</i> Stop Time <i>SMB:</i> Braking Current <i>Ext. Brake:</i> Stop Time	Coast, Soft Stop, Linear Speed, Pump Stop, SMB, Ext. Brake	Coast
66	Stop Time	Defines the time desired to ramp from run to stop for a specific stop mode. For Ext Brake mode, the Stop Time = the time the Aux contact is closed to energize an external brake.	0...999 seconds	0
75	Overload Class	Enter the desired motor overload trip class.	5...30	10
77	Service Factor	Enter the Service Factor of the motor.	0.01...1.99	1.15
78	Motor FLC	Enter the motor specified Full Load Current (FLC) value. This value must be entered to ensure the controller can provide proper motor current (e.g. - Overload) protection.	1.0...2200.0 A	1.0

Parameter Number	Parameter Name	Description/Function	Value(s)	Default
172	Aux1 Configuration	Allows selection of the operation for Auxiliary relay output contact #1 (control module terminals #4 and #5). ❶	Normal, UTS, Fault, Alarm, External Bypass, External Brake, Auxiliary Control, Network 1, Network 2, Network 3, Network 4.	Normal
176	Aux 2 Configuration	Allows selection of the operation for Auxiliary relay output contact #1 (control module terminals #6 and #7). ❶		Normal

❶ Normal = The contact is closed when the Start command is initiated and remains closed during a stop maneuver. After the stop is complete, the contact opens.

## Operation and Troubleshooting

### Troubleshooting with Diagnostic LEDs

#### Controller LED Status Indicator

The SMC-50 controller's multi-color LED Status Indicator and HOLD TO TEST, PUSH TO RESET button are located below the HIM bezel port. The Status LED indicates the status and fault conditions of the SMC-50 controller.

**Table 20 - Corresponding LED Color and Fault Conditions**

Status LED Color	Device Mode	SMC Status
Green	Running	Running without an alarm
Green/Amber	Running	Running with an alarm
Green Flashing	Ready	Ready (no inhibit and no fault) without an alarm
Amber/Flashing	Ready	Ready (no inhibit and no fault) with tuning enabled on the next start
Amber	Ready	Ready with alarm (no tuning enabled)
Red/Amber	Inhibit	Inhibited; cannot start due to a Stop command
Red	Faulted	A non-resettable fault has occurred
Red/Flashing	Faulted	A resettable fault has occurred
Red/Green	Download	Firmware is being downloaded

The HOLD TO TEST, PUSH TO RESET button provides the ability to reset an alarm/fault, test for a fault condition, and initiate the tuning mode.

**Table 21 - Function Initiation of the HOLD TO TEST, PUSH TO RESET Button**

Function	Time Required to Press Button
Fault Reset	Momentary (less than 2 seconds)
Test Fault	Greater than 3 seconds, but less than 10 seconds
Initiate Tuning Mode	Greater than 10 seconds ❶

❶ The motor must be stopped.

#### Using the Controller Status LED & Parameter Configuration Module (Cat. No. 150-SM6) LEDs

When a Cat. No. 150-SM6 module is installed in one of the three control module ports (7, 8, or 9) of the SMC-50 controller, additional LED diagnostic information is provided beyond that of the Status LED.

The Cat. No. 150-SM6 module has four diagnostic/status LEDs to display an LED code for each fault/alarm. When the SMC-50 controller's Status LED indicates the control module has faulted, the Cat. No. 150-SM6 module displays a specific fault code. If the unit is not faulted but in an alarm condition, the Cat. No. 150-SM6 module displays the alarm code. If the unit is neither faulted or in an alarm condition, all 150-SM6 module LEDs will not be illuminated.

The Cat. No. 150-SM6 module > (<) LED indicates whether the fault/alarm is a SMC-50 controller device fault/alarm or a motor fault/alarm. The on/off status of the other three LEDs indicate the actual fault/alarm codes.

Depending on which SMC-50 controller port the Cat. No. 150-SM6 module is installed into, the position of the LEDs (e.g., >, III, II, and I versus I, II, III, and <.) change. The table below displays the LED order when the Cat. No. 150-SM6 module is installed in port 7. When the Cat. No. 150-SM6 module is installed in port 8 or 9, the order is reversed, but the LED diagnostic code is the same.

**Table 22 - LED Order When Cat. No. 150-SM6 module is Installed in Port 7 of the SMC-50**

LED Error Code	LED On/Off State			
	>	III	II	I
0	Red = SMC Yellow = Motor Off = No Fault or Alarm	Off	Off	Off
1		Off	Off	On
2		Off	On	Off
3		Off	On	On
4		On	Off	Off
5		On	Off	On
6		On	On	Off
7		On	On	On

The displayed LED error code is either a fault or an alarm source. For example, if the LED code is 1, Line Loss A is either a fault or an alarm. If a more detailed display of the error code source is desired, a human interface module (HIM) or configuration software is recommended.

The following table provides a list of fault and LED fault/alarm codes for the SMC-50 controller and Cat. No. 150-SM6 Parameter Configuration Module.



**Table 23 - LED Error Code with Respective Fault/Alarm Source**

LED Error Code	Fault/Alarm Source	Referenced HIM/ Configuration Software Code ❶	LED Error Code	Fault/Alarm Source	Referenced HIM/ Configuration Software Code ❶		
<b>Red = SMC</b>							
<b>1</b>	Line Loss	A	1	<b>5</b>	HAL ID	33	
		B	2		NVS Error	34	
		C	3		V24 Recovery	35	
	Shorted SCR	A	4		V24 Loss	36	
		B	5		V Control Loss	37	
		C	6		RTC Battery Low	69	
<b>2</b>	Open Gate	A	7	<b>6</b>	System Faults		100-199
		B	8		Terminal Block Input	1	38
		C	9			2	39
<b>3</b>	SCR Overtemp	10	3			40	
	Pwr Pole PTC	60	4			41	
<b>4</b>	CT Loss	A	30		Test Fault		62
		B	31	<b>7</b>	Open Bypass	A	11
		C	32			B	12
C	32	C	13				
<b>Yellow = Motor</b>							
<b>2</b>	No Load	14	<b>4</b>	Overload	21		
	Open Load	A	15	<b>5</b>	Stall	24	
		B	16	<b>6</b>	Phase Reversal	25	
		C	17	<b>7</b>	Current Imbalance	42	
<b>3</b>	Volt Imbalance	18					

❶ The Fault/Alarm code, available from a HIM or configuration software, provides more detailed information concerning the source of the fault/alarm. Fault and alarm codes for the same event (e.g., Line Loss) are the same.

## Troubleshooting with Monitoring Equipment

The SMC-50 controller has built-in detailed diagnostics fault codes and metering functions. These fault codes and metering functions can be accessed through a local 20-HIM-A6 or remote 20-HIM-C6S module or by using a Rockwell Automation Drive Software package such as DriveExplorer.

## Troubleshooting By Fault Code — Abbreviated Listing

The following table contains an abbreviated listing of fault codes available. For a complete troubleshooting list, fault codes, and tips, See the SMC-50 User Manual.

**Table 24 - SMC-50 Controller Fault Codes**

Display Fault	HIM or Software Fault Code	Enabled	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Line Fault with Phase Indication	1, 2, 3	Prestart and Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Missing supply phase</li> <li>Motor not connected properly</li> <li>Incoming 3-phase voltage instability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for open line (i.e. blown fuse)</li> <li>Check for open load lead</li> <li>Verify power quality</li> </ul>
Shorted SCR with Phase Indication	4, 5, 6	All	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Shorted power module</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for shorted SCR, replace power module if necessary</li> </ul>
Open Gate with Phase Indication	7, 8, 9	Start or Stop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Open gate circuitry</li> <li>Loose gate lead</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Perform resistance check; replace power module if necessary</li> <li>Check gate lead connections to the control module</li> </ul>
PTC Power Pole and SCR Overtemp	10 or 60		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Controller ventilation blocked</li> <li>Controller duty cycle exceeded</li> <li>Fan failure</li> <li>Ambient temperature limit exceeded</li> <li>Failed thermistor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for proper ventilation</li> <li>Check application duty cycle</li> <li>Wait for motor to cool or provide external cooling</li> <li>Replace power module or control module as needed</li> <li>Replace fan</li> </ul>
Motor PTC	59	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motor ventilation blocked</li> <li>Motor duty cycle exceeded</li> <li>PTC open or shorted</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check for proper ventilation</li> <li>Check application duty cycle</li> <li>Wait for motor to cool or provide external cooling then check resistance of PTC</li> </ul>
No Load Fault	14, 15, 16, 17	Prestart Only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Loss of load side power wiring with phase indication (15=A, 17=C)</li> <li>Start command cycled unexpectedly with motor rotating</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check all load side power connections</li> <li>Check motor windings</li> </ul>
Voltage Unbalance and/or Current Imbalance	18 and/or 42	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply unbalance is greater than the user-programmed value</li> <li>The delay time is too short for the application</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check power system and correct if necessary, then correct the user-programmed value</li> <li>Extend the delay time to match the application requirements</li> </ul>
Overvoltage	19	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply unbalance is greater than the user-programmed value</li> <li>The delay time is too short for the application</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check power system and correct if necessary, otherwise correct the user-programmed value</li> <li>Extend the delay time to match the applicatin requirements</li> </ul>
Undervoltage	20	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Supply unbalance is less than the user-programmed value</li> <li>The delay time is too short for the application</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check power system and correct if necessary, otherwise correct the user-programmed value</li> <li>Extend the delay time to match the applicatin requirements</li> </ul>
Overload	21	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motor overloaded</li> <li>Overload parameters are not matched to the motor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check motor overload condition</li> <li>Check values for overload class and motor FLC and verify current draw of the motor</li> </ul>
Underload	22	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Broken motor shaft, belts, toolbits, etc.</li> <li>Pump cavitation</li> <li>Incorrect user setting</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check pump system, machine drive components, and loading</li> <li>Check settings</li> <li>Repair or replace motor</li> </ul>
Jam	23	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motor current has exceeded the user-programmed jam level</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Correct source of jam or excessive loading and check programmed time value</li> </ul>
Stall	24	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Motor did not reach full speed by the end of the programmed ramp time</li> <li>Incorrect user setting</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check pump system, machine drive components, and loading. Repair or replace motor, if necessary.</li> <li>Check settings</li> </ul>
Phase Reversal	25	Prestart only	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incoming supply voltage is not the expected ABC sequence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check power wiring and correct if necessary</li> </ul>

Display Fault	HIM or Software Fault Code	Enabled	Possible Causes	Possible Solutions
Network and Comm's Loss	See Port Number of Fault ❶	All	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DPI network loss</li> <li>Communication disconnect at the serial port</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check communication adapters and verify connection to the SMC.</li> <li>Reconnect each DPI connected device</li> </ul>
Ground Fault	58	Running	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ground fault current level has exceeded programmed value</li> <li>The delay time is too short for the application</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check power system and motor; correct if necessary. Check programmed ground fault levels to match application requirements</li> <li>Extend the delay time to match the application requirements</li> </ul>
Line Power Quality with Phase Indication	52, 53, 54	Start or Stop	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Incoming 3-phase voltage instability or distortion</li> <li>High impedance connection</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check supply voltage for capability to start/stop motor; check for loose connections on the line side or motor side of the power wires</li> <li>Verify and correct the input power quality</li> </ul>
Internal 24V and System Faults	36, 37	All	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Low line condition</li> <li>Excessive load on internal 24V supply</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Check the control power and verify it is within the specification; check the connections and grounding to the SMC control terminals</li> <li>Replace the control module</li> </ul>

**Table 25 - Port Assignment**

❶	Port Number	Source
	0	Control Module
	1	HIM Located in Controller Bezel (optional)
	2 or 3	Remote DPI
	4	20-COMM-X (optional)
	7, 8, 9	Expansion Port 7, 8, 9 (option module)

**Table 26 - SCCR (High Capacity Fault) Electrical Ratings**

<b>Type 1 Coordination ③</b>					
<b>SCPD Performance ①</b>		<b>Class J Fuse ②</b>		<b>Inverse Time (Thermal Magnetic) Circuit Breaker</b>	
<b>SCCR List (High Capacity Fault)</b>		<b>Maximum Available Fault (600V) [kA]</b>	<b>Maximum Amps</b>	<b>Maximum Available Fault (480 V) [kA]</b>	<b>Maximum Amps</b>
Line Device Operational Current Rating [A]	90	100	150	65	225
	110		175		250
	140		225		350
	180		300		400
	210	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	260		TBD		TBD
	320		TBD		TBD
	361	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	420		TBD		TBD
	520		TBD		TBD
Delta Device Operational Current Rating [A]	155	65	250	65	350
	190		300		450
	242		400		600
	311		500		700
	363	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	450		TBD		TBD
	554		TBD		TBD
	625	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD
	727		TBD		TBD
	900		TBD		TBD

① Consult local codes for proper sizing of short-circuit protection.

② High capacity fault ratings when used with a time delay Class J fuse.

③ **Basic Requirements for Type 1 Coordination:** Under the short-circuit condition, the starter shall cause no danger to persons or the installation. The starter may not be suitable for further service without repair or replacement of parts. For further details, See UL508/CSA C22.2 No. 14 and EN 60947-4-2.

## Repair/Replacement Parts **Control Module**

Description	SMC Rating	AC Voltage Rating	Cat. No.
Standard	All	For controllers rated 200...480V AC and 200...690V AC (120/240V AC control power)	150-SCMD

## Power Poles

SMC Rating	Series	Catalog Number	
		200...480V	200...690V
90 A	A	150-SPPB1B	150-SPPB1U
110 A		150-SPPB2B	150-SPPB2U
140 A		150-SPPB3B	150-SPPB3U
180 A		150-SPPB4B	150-SPPB4U
210 A	A	150-SPPC1B	150-SPPC1U
260 A		150-SPPC2B	150-SPPC2U
320 A		150-SPPC3B	150-SPPC3U
361 A	A	150-SPPD1B	150-SPPD1U
420 A		150-SPPD2B	150-SPPD2U
520 A		150-SPPD3B	150-SPPD3U

## Heatsink Fan (120/240V AC)

SMC Rating	Series	Catalog Number
90...180 A	A	150-SF1
210...320 A		150-SF2D
361...520 A		150-SF3D

## Other Components

Component	Description	Catalog Number	
Option Modules	PTC, ground fault, current feedback	150-SM2	
	Analog I/O module, 2 inputs/2 outputs	150-SM3	
	Digital I/O, four 120/240V AC inputs, three relay outputs	150-SM4	
	Parameter Configuration — DIP & rotary dial	150-SM6	
Replacement Control Wiring Terminal Blocks (module as shipped includes terminal block)	Control Wiring Terminal Block for:	Control module	150-SCMRTB
		PTC, ground fault, current feedback module	150-SM2RTB
		Analog I/O module	150-SM3RTB
		Digital I/O module	150-SM4RTB
Line/Load Surge Protective Module ❶	480V AC, 90 A and greater	150-F84L	
	600V AC, 90 A and greater	150-F86L	
IEC Terminal Cover	IEC line and/or load terminal cover for 90...180 A devices, dead front protection, (IP2X (finger safe) with 250MCM wire)	150-STCB	
Control Module Cover	Replacement control module front cover	150-SCMRC	
Controller Cover	Replacement controller cover for 210...320 A units	150-SCRC	
	Replacement controller cover for 361...520 A units	150-SDRC	
Fan Cover	Replacement fan cover for 90...180 A units	150-SBFC	
	Replacement fan cover for 210...320 A units	150-SCFC	
	Replacement fan cover for 361...520 A units	150-SDFC	

❶ To protect the Smart Motor Controller (SMC) and/or motor from line voltage surges, protective modules may be placed on the line, load, or both sides of the SMC. **Do not place protective modules on the load side of the SMC** when using an inside-the-delta motor connection or with pump, linear deceleration, or braking control.



# Rockwell Automation Support

Rockwell Automation provides technical information on the Web to assist you in using its products.

At <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/>, you can find technical manuals, a knowledge base of FAQs, technical and application notes, sample code and links to software service packs, and a MySupport feature that you can customize to make the best use of these tools.

For an additional level of technical phone support for installation, configuration, and troubleshooting, we offer TechConnect support programs. For more information, contact your local distributor or Rockwell Automation representative, or visit <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/>.

## Installation Assistance

If you experience a problem within the first 24 hours of installation, review the information that is contained in this manual. You can contact Customer Support for initial help in getting your product up and running.

United States or Canada	1.440.646.3434
Outside United States or Canada	Use the <a href="#">Worldwide Locator</a> at <a href="http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/americas/phone_en.html">http://www.rockwellautomation.com/support/americas/phone_en.html</a> , or contact your local Rockwell Automation representative.

## New Product Satisfaction Return

Rockwell Automation tests all of its products to ensure that they are fully operational when shipped from the manufacturing facility. However, if your product is not functioning and needs to be returned, follow these procedures.

United States	Contact your distributor. You must provide a Customer Support case number (call the phone number above to obtain one) to your distributor to complete the return process.
Outside United States	Please contact your local Rockwell Automation representative for the return procedure.

## Documentation Feedback

Your comments will help us serve your documentation needs better. If you have any suggestions on how to improve this document, complete this form, publication [RA-DU002](#), available at <http://www.rockwellautomation.com/literature/>.

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