### GenomeStudio™ Genotyping Module v1.0 User Guide

An Integrated Platform for Data Visualization and Analysis

FOR RESEARCH ONLY





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# Table of Contents

	Noticeiii
	Revision Historyv
	Table of Contents
	List of Figuresxi
	List of Tables xv
Chapter 1	Overview
	Introduction.2Audience and Purpose2Installing the Genotyping Module2Genotyping Module Workflow6
Chapter 2	Creating a New Project 7
Chapter 2	Creating a New Project7Introduction.8Starting the New Project Wizard.8Choosing a Project Name and Location11Creating a Project.12Selecting a Project From LIMS13Loading Sample Intensities Outside of LIMS19Using a Sample Sheet.19Selecting Directories23Importing Cluster Positions.25
Chapter 2 Chapter 3	Introduction

	SNP Graph.Shading Call Regions.SNP Graph Error Display.Cartesian and Polar Coordinates.NormalizationAdjusting Axes.Selecting Samples.Marking Samples.Displaying the LegendExcluding Samples	
	Plotting Excluded SamplesCustomizing the SNP TableViewing the Controls DashboardExporting Controls DataViewing the Contamination Dashboard	44 46 47
Chapter 4	Generating Clusters	51
	Introduction . Running the Clustering Algorithm . Reviewing Clusters . Editing Clusters . Redefining the Cluster . Excluding Samples . Shifting the Cluster Location . Changing the Cluster Height/Width . Exporting the Cluster File .	
Chapter 5	Analyzing Your Data	59
	Introduction	

Chapter 6	Generating Reports	71
	Introduction. Final Report. DNA Report . Column Descriptions . Locus Summary Report . Column Descriptions . Locus x DNA Report . Column Descriptions . Reproducibility and Heritability Report. Column Descriptions and Examples.	72 82 84 86 88 91 94 95
Chapter 7	Performing LOH and Copy Number Analysis .	. 101
	Introduction. B Allele Frequency Log R Ratio CNV Analysis. Creating a CNV Analysis. Selecting the Active CNV Analysis Deleting a CNV Analysis. Viewing the CNV Analysis Region Display Viewing CNV Analysis Data in the Full Data Table. Converting CNV Analysis Data into Bookmarks Plug-ins Using Auto-bookmarking Plug-ins Using Column Plug-Ins	102 104 107 107 109 109 109 111 111 112 112
Chapter 8	User Interface Reference	. 121
	Introduction Detachable Docking Windows Graph Window Data Table Samples Table Project Window Log Window Main Window Menus Graph Window Toolbar Table Windows Toolbar Context Menus	123 123 126 136 143 144 145 151 153

Appendix A	Sample Sheet Guidelines	161
	Introduction	. 162 . 163 . 164
Appendix B	Troubleshooting Guide	167
	Introduction	

# List of Figures

Figure 1	GenomeStudio Application Suite Unzipping	2
Figure 2	Selecting GenomeStudio Software Modules	
Figure 3	License Agreement	
Figure 4	Installing GenomeStudio	4
Figure 5	Installation Complete	5
Figure 6	Genotyping Analysis Workflow	6
Figure 7	Starting a New Project, New Project Area	
Figure 8	Starting a New Project, File Menu	10
Figure 9	GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Welcome	
Figure 10	GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Project Location	12
Figure 11	Select LIMS Project	
Figure 12	Login Infinium LIMS - Setup	14
Figure 13	Login Infinium LIMS - Login	
Figure 14	Select LIMS Project	15
Figure 15	Select LIMS Project Warning	16
Figure 16	Select Target Dates	16
Figure 17	Selecting Target Dates	
Figure 18	Update Heritability & Reproducibility Errors	
Figure 19	Evaluating Heritability	
Figure 20	Sample Requeue Status	18
Figure 21	Loading Sample Intensities	
Figure 22	Loading Sample Intensities Using a Sample Sheet	20
Figure 23	Cluster Positions	21
Figure 24	Loading Sample Intensities by Selecting Directories	
	with Intensity Files	23
Figure 25	Loading Sample Intensities by Selecting Directories	
	with Intensity Files	
Figure 26	Cluster Positions	
Figure 27	SNP Graph	
Figure 28	Shaded Call Regions	
Figure 29	P-C Error (Left), Reproducibility Error (Right)	
Figure 30	P-C Error and Reproducibility Error Highlighted in SNP Gr	aph 34

Figure 31	Polar Coordinates (Left) & Cartesian Coordinates (Right)	.35
Figure 32	Normalization Turned Off (Left) & Normalization Turned On	
-	(Right)	.35
Figure 33	SNP Graph, Selected Samples Shown in Yellow	.37
Figure 34	Configure Marks	
Figure 35	Naming a Mark	.38
Figure 36	Selecting a Color for a Mark	. 39
Figure 37	Displaying Marked Samples	.40
Figure 38	Displaying the Legend.	
Figure 39	Legend Displaying Mark Name	
Figure 40	Excluding Selected Sample	.42
Figure 41	Project Properties	.43
Figure 42	Column Chooser	.45
Figure 43	Example GoldenGate Controls Dashboard	.46
Figure 44	Exporting Controls Data	.47
Figure 45	Saving the Controls Dashboard	.48
Figure 46	Contamination Dashboard	.49
Figure 47	Analysis   Cluster all SNPs	. 52
Figure 48	Clustering Progress	.53
Figure 49	Reviewing Clusters	
Figure 50	Editing Clusters	.56
Figure 51	Export Cluster Positions Selected	. 57
Figure 52	Save Cluster Positions	.58
Figure 53	Importing Phenotype Information	.61
Figure 54	Phenotype Information File	.61
Figure 55	Selected Samples	.62
Figure 56	Samples Table Context Menu	
Figure 57	Populating the Gender Column	.63
Figure 58	Selected Samples	
Figure 59	Samples Table Context Menu	
Figure 60	Sample Properties	.66
Figure 61	SNP Graph Showing Paired Samples	
Figure 62	Select Column Plug-In Form	.70
Figure 63	Report Type	.73
Figure 64	Included Samples	.74
Figure 65	Final Report Format	
Figure 66	Final Report - Standard Format Options	
Figure 67	Final Report - Matrix Format Options	.77
Figure 68	Final Report - 3rd Party Options	.78
Figure 69	Destination	.79
Figure 70	Report Progress	
Figure 71	Sample Final Report	.81

Figure 72	DNA Report Selected
Figure 73	Destination
Figure 74	Sample DNA Report
Figure 75	Locus Summary Report Selected
Figure 76	Destination - Locus Summary
Figure 77	Sample Locus Summary Report
Figure 78	Locus x DNA Selected
Figure 79	Destination - Locus x DNA92
Figure 80	Sample Locus x DNA Report93
Figure 81	Reproducibility and Heritability
Figure 82	View Reproducibility and Heritability
Figure 83	Sample Reproducibility and Heritability Report
Figure 84	Theta vs. B Allele Frequency
Figure 85	Log R Ratio
Figure 86	CNV Analysis
Figure 87	CNV Region Display 110
Figure 88	Display CNV Analysis 111
Figure 89	Illumina Genome Viewer
Figure 90	Favorite Data Plots Selected114
Figure 91	IGV 115
Figure 92	Autobookmark Analysis 116
Figure 93	Selecting Samples for Analysis
Figure 94	Selecting Chromosomes for Analysis
Figure 95	Autobookmark Analysis118
Figure 96	Analysis is Complete
Figure 97	Select Column Plug-In Form
Figure 98	GenomeStudio Genotyping Module Default View
Figure 99	SNP Graph
Figure 100	Sample Graph
Figure 101	Errors Table
Figure 102	SNP Graph Alt
Figure 103	Full Data Table
Figure 104	SNP Table
Figure 105	Paired Sample Table
Figure 106	Samples Table
Figure 107	Project Window143
Figure 108	Log Window
Figure 109	Sample Sheet Example

## List of Tables

Table 1	DNA Report - Column Descriptions	84
Table 2	Locus Summary Report - Column Descriptions	88
Table 3	Locus x DNA Report - Column Descriptions	94
Table 4	Reproducibility and Heritability Report - Duplicate	
	Reproducibility	97
Table 5	Example - Duplicate Reproducibility	98
Table 6	Reproducibility and Heritability Report - P-C Heritability	
Table 7	Example - Parent-Child Heritability	99
Table 8	Reproducibility and Heritability Report - P-P-C Heritability.	
Table 9	Example - Parent-Parent-Child Heritability	. 100
Table 10	Errors Table Columns	. 125
Table 11	Full Data Table Columns	. 127
Table 12	Full Data Table Per-Sample Subcolumns	. 128
Table 13	SNP Table Columns	
Table 14	Paired Sample Table Columns	. 135
Table 15	Paired Sample Table Per-Pair Subcolumns	
Table 16	Samples Table Columns	. 137
Table 17	Samples Table Per-Manifest Subcolumns	. 141
Table 18	Log Window Options	. 144
Table 19	File Menu Functions	. 145
Table 20	Edit Menu Functions	. 147
Table 21	View Menu Functions	. 147
Table 22	Analysis Menu Functions	
Table 23	Tools Menu Functions	. 150
Table 24	Windows Menu Functions	. 150
Table 25	Help Menu Functions	. 150
Table 26	Graph Window Toolbar Buttons & Functions	. 151
Table 27	Table Windows Toolbar Buttons & Functions	. 153
Table 28	Graph Window Context Menu	. 155
Table 29	Full Data Table Context Menu	
Table 30	SNP Table Context Menu	. 156
Table 31	Samples Table Context Menu	. 157

Table 32	Error Table Context Menu	9
Table 33	Data Section, Required and Optional Columns	3
Table 34	Frequently Asked Questions	8

## Chapter 1 Overview

Topics

- 2 Introduction
- 2 Audience and Purpose
- 2 Installing the Genotyping Module
- 6 Genotyping Module Workflow

#### Introduction

This user guide describes Illumina's GenomeStudio<sup>TM</sup> v1.0 Genotyping Module. The GenomeStudio Genotyping Module is used to analyze data collected using Illumina's GoldenGate<sup>®</sup> and Infinium<sup>®</sup> genotyping assays.

#### **Audience and Purpose**

This guide is written for researchers who want to use the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module to analyze data generated by performing Illumina's GoldenGate or Infinium assays.

This guide includes procedures and user interface information specific to the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

For information about the GenomeStudio Framework, the common user interface and functionality available in all GenomeStudio Modules, refer to the *GenomeStudio Framework User Guide*.

#### Installing the Genotyping Module

To install the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module:

1. Put the GenomeStudio CD into your CD drive.

If the Illumina GenomeStudio Installation screen appears (Figure 2), continue to Step 3.

If the CD does not load automatically, double-click the *GenomeStudio<version>.exe* icon in the **GenomeStudio** folder on the CD.

The GenomeStudio application suite unzips (Figure 1).

GenomeStudi	io 2008.1 Progress	×I
GenomeStudi	o 2008.1	
Figure 1	GenomeStudio Application Suite Unzippin	g

2 CHAPTER 1 Overview

odules			License Agreement	
Products Available for Installation			Software Copyright Notice	
GenomeStudio Product	Installed	Documentation	Serial Number Software: Illumina® GenomeStudio 2008	
Framework	1.0.2.29106	User Guide	(c) Illumina, Inc. 2003-2008. All rights reserve	
Genotyping Module	1.0.8,29151	User Guide	Notice: This software is protected by United international copyright laws and other intellec industrial property laws. This software or any	tual and
Gene Expression Module	1.0.5.29166	User Guide	may not be copied, re-distributed, disclosed, displayed, dissembled, reverse assembled, re-	modified,
Methylation Module	1.0.4.29247	User Guide	reverse complied or otherwise reverse engin sold in whole or in part without the prior writte	en consent of
Protein Analysis Module	1.0.1.29179	User Guide	Illumina, Inc. Unauthorized reproduction or o software, or any portion of it, may result in se criminal penalties.	
RNA Sequencing Module	1.0.10.29209	User Guide	This Software is licensed for use under an Er	nd User
ChIP Sequencing Module	1.0.21.29193	User Guide	Software License Agreement:	
DNA Sequencing Module	1.0.13,29222	User Guide	AGREEMENT	iE
			INPORTANT-READ CAREFULLY, THIS IS AGREEMENT THAT YOU ARE REQUIRED BEFORE INSTALLING AND USING ILLUM SOFTWARE, CAREFULLY READ ALL THE CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEM PROCEEDING WITH THE DOWNLOADIN UNSTALLATION OF THIS SCHEWARE YOU	TO ACCEPT NA, INC TERMS AND ENT BEFORE AND/OR
				llumu

The Illumina GenomeStudio Installation dialog box appears (Figure 2).

Figure 2 Selecting GenomeStudio Software Modules

- **2.** Read the software license agreement in the right-hand side of the Illumina GenomeStudio Installation dialog box.
- 3. In the GenomeStudio Product area, select **Genotyping** Module.



The GenomeStudio Framework works in conjunction with GenomeStudio software modules. Select the Framework and one or more GenomeStudio modules to install, and have your serial number(s) available.

**4.** In the Serial Number area, enter your serial number for the Genotyping Module.



Serial numbers are in the format ####-#### ####-#### and can be found on an insert included with your GenomeStudio CD.

- **5. [Optional]** Enter the serial numbers for additional GenomeStudio modules if you have licenses for additional GenomeStudio modules and want to install them now.
- 6. Click Install.

The Software License Agreement dialog box appears (Figure 3).

Accept License Agreement						
?	Do you agree to the Software License Agreement?					
	Yes No					
Figure 3	License Agreement					

7. Click Yes to accept the software license agreement.

The GenomeStudio Framework and Genotyping Module are installed on your computer, along with any additional GenomeStudio modules you selected (Figure 4).

odules			License Agreement
Products Available for Installation GenomeStudio Product	Installed	Documentation	errial Number
Framework	1.0.2.29106	User Guide	(c) Illumina, Inc. 2003-2008. All rights reserved.
🔽 Genotyping Module	1.0.8.29151	User Guide	Notice. This software is protected by United States and international copyright laws and other intellectual and
Gene Expression Module	1.0.5.29166	User Guide	industriel property laws. This software or any portion the may not be copied, re-distributed, disclosed, modified, displayed, dissembled, reverse assembled, re-compiled,
Methylation Module	1.0.4.29247	User Guide	reverse complied or otherwise reverse engineered, sold of sold in whole or in part without the prior written consent of
🗹 Protein Analysis Module	1.0.1.29179	User Guide	Illumina, Inc. Unauthorized reproduction or distribution of software, or any portion of it, may result in severe civil an criminal cenalties.
RNA Sequencing Module	☑ 1.0.10.29209	User Guide	This Software is licensed for use under an End User
ChIP Sequencing Module	☑ 1.0.21.29193	User Guide	Software License Agreement:
DNA Sequencing Module	☑ 1.0.13.29222	User Guide	ILLUMINA END-USER SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT
			INPORTANT-READ CAREFULLY THIS IS A LICENSE AGREEMENT THAT YOU ARE REQUIRED TO ACCEP BEFORE INSTALLING AND USING ILLUMINA. INC SOFTWARE. CAREFULLY READ ALL THE TERMS AN CONDITIONS OF THIS LICENSE AGREEMENT BEFOR PROCEEDING WITH THE DOWNLOADING AND OR PROCEDING WITH THE DOWNLOADING AND OR INSTALL ATTION LETHIS SCRETWARE. YILL ARE NITH
	Ins	tal	illum



The Installation Progress dialog box notifies you that installation is complete (Figure 5).

4

5



- 8. Click OK.
- **9.** In the Illumina GenomeStudio Installation dialog box (Figure 4), click **Exit**.

You can now start a new GenomeStudio project using any GenomeStudio module you have installed.

See Chapter 2, *Creating a New Project*, for information about starting a new Genotyping project.

#### **Genotyping Module Workflow**

The basic workflow for genotyping analysis using Illumina's GenomeStudio Genotyping Module is shown in Figure 6.



Figure 6 Genotyping Analysis Workflow

Part # 11319113 Rev. A

## Chapter 2 Creating a New Project

#### Topics

- 8 Introduction
- 8 Starting the New Project Wizard
- 11 Choosing a Project Name and Location
  - 12 Creating a Project
  - 13 Selecting a Project From LIMS
- 19 Loading Sample Intensities Outside of LIMS
  - 19 Using a Sample Sheet
  - 23 Selecting Directories
- 25 Importing Cluster Positions

#### Introduction

The New Project Wizard offers an easy way to start a new project from within any GenomeStudio module you install. The following sections describe how to use the New Project Wizard to begin a new genotyping project. Follow the same instructions to create projects that allow you to perform LOH or copy number analyses.

#### Starting the New Project Wizard

To create a new genotyping project:

- 1. Do one of the following:
  - Select Start | Program Files | Illumina | GenomeStudio.
  - Double-click the GenomeStudio icon on the desktop.



The GenomeStudio application launches and the **Start** page appears.

- **2.** On the GenomeStudio Start page (Figure 7), do one of the following:
  - In the New Project pane, click Genotyping.

9

Click <b>Genotyping</b> , or							
🎡 GenomeStudio							
<u>Fi</u> le <u>E</u> dit <u>Vi</u> ew <u>A</u> nalys	is <u>T</u> ools Window	Help					
Start Page							
Recent Projects	_/						
Project	Module	Directory					
GT Test5	Senotyping	C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT					
GT Test3	Genotyping	C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT					
CS Test1	ChIP Sequencing	C:\TestData\Repository\ChIPSeq\Te					
RS Test1	RNA Sequencing	C:\TestData\Repository\RNASeq\Te					
@ Paired300KCapcerSa	Genotyping	C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT					
		-					
New Project							
GT Genotyping							
GX Gene Expression							
PT Protein Analysis							
Methylation							
DS DNA Sequencing							
RS RNA Sequencing							

Figure 7 Starting a New Project, New Project Area

• Select File | New Project | Genotyping (Figure 8).

	select File   New Project   Genotyping								
		$/ \setminus$							
	enomeStudio								
File	Edit Vi Analysi		ow 🧹	telp	ล				
	New Project	•	GT	Genotyping					
	Open Project	Ctrl+O	GX	Gene Expression					
	<u>S</u> ave Project	Ctrl+S	PT	Protein Analysis					
	Save Project Copy <u>A</u> s	Ctrl+Shift+A		Methylation		Last Acces			
	<u>Cl</u> ose Project	Ctrl+Shift+C	cs	ChIP Sequencing	ry\Projects\GT	10/31/200			
6	Page Setyp	Ctrl+Shift+U	DS	DNA Sequencing					
5	Print Pre <u>vi</u> ew	Ctrl+Shift+V	RS	RNA Sequencing	ry\Projects\GT	10/31/200			
5	Print	Ctrl+P		C:\TestData\Reposit	ory\ChIPSeq\Te	10/31/200			
	Recent Project	•		C:\TestData\Reposit	ory\RNASeq\Te	6/9/2008			
	Exit	Alt+F4		C:\TestData\Reposit	ory\Projects\GT	10/31/200			
	-								

Figure 8 Starting a New Project, File Menu

The GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Welcome dialog appears (Figure 9).

11



Figure 9 GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Welcome

3. Click Next to advance to the Project Location dialog.

#### Choosing a Project Name and Location

In the GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Project Location dialog (Figure 10), you must choose a project repository (the directory where you will store your projects). Each project is saved in a subdirectory that is given the same name as the project. All project-related files are saved within each project's subdirectory. The main project file is given a \*.bsc file extension.

Additionally, you can choose whether you want to create a new project or whether you want to select an existing project from the Laboratory Information Management System (LIMS).

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Project Location	
Genotyping Project Please specify the name and location for your project	illumina
Projects Repository C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT  Project Name  C: Create  C: Create C: Crea	Browse
C Select from LIMS Project will be created in: C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT\	
CancelKBackN	ext > Finish

Figure 10 GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Project Location

- **Creating a** To create a new project:
  - **Project 1.** Browse to the project repository where you want to store your project.
    - **2.** Choose one of the following options:
    - If you want to select a project from LIMS, continue to Selecting a Project From LIMS.
    - If you want to load sample intensities outside of LIMS, perform the following steps:
      - **a.** Type a name for your project in the Project Name text box.
      - **b.** Click **Next** to advance to the Loading Sample Intensities dialog.
      - **c.** Continue to Loading Sample Intensities Outside of LIMS on page 19.

Selecting a Project From LIMS

To select a project from LIMS:

- 1. In the GenomeStudio Project Wizard Project Location dialog (Figure 10), choose **Select from LIMS**.
- 2. The GenomeStudio Project Wizard Select LIMS Project dialog appears (Figure 11).

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Select LIMS Project Genotyping Project Please Select a LIMS Project	illu	imina
Institute Investigator Project	4	👥 Login
Optional Script File Gen Call Threshold 0.15		Browse
Cancel Select LIMS Project	Next >	Finish

- rigure i i select Elivis i loject
- 3. Click Login to access the Login Infinium LIMS dialog.
- 4. Select the Setup tab (Figure 12).

Login Infi	-
Login Setur	worstation-000
	worstation-ouo
Port	8080
5	/ OK X Cancel
Enter URL and P	
Enter OAL and F	ure.

Figure 12 Login Infinium LIMS - Setup

- 5. In the Setup tab, enter the following:
  - URL
  - Port Number
- 6. Select the Login tab (Figure 13).

🖶 Login Infinit	um LIMS	
Login Setup		
User	<username></username>	
Password	жжжжжж	
	OK X Cance	el
Enter username and	l password.	

Figure 13 Login Infinium LIMS - Login

15

- 7. Enter your username and password.
- 8. Click OK.

The Login Infinium LIMS dialog closes.

You are returned to the **Select LIMS Project** dialog (Figure 14).

- **9.** On the Select LIMS Project dialog, make the following selections from the dropdown menus:
  - Institute
  - Investigator
  - Project

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Select LIMS Project	
Genotyping Project	illumina
Please Select a LIMS Project	
	000
Institute	
	👻 🧕 👷 Login
Investigator	
	V
Project	
	7
Optional Script File	
	Browse
Gen Call Threshold 0.15	
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish

Figure 14 Select LIMS Project

If you have loaded information for a pre-existing project, the warning shown in Figure 15 appears.



Figure 15 Select LIMS Project Warning

If you do not want to overwrite existing projects files, select different options in the Select LIMS Project dialog.

10. Click Finish.

The Select Target Dates dialog appears (Figure 16).

	Use S	itart (	Date				E	2	Use E	End C	)ate			
<	N	ovei	nber,	200	16	>		٢.	3	Janu	iary,	2007	7	>
Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	S	Jn	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sa
29	30	31	1	2	3	4	3	1	1	2	3	4	5	6
5	6	7	8	9	10	11		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	1	4	15	16	17	18	19	20
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	2	1	22	23	24	25	26	27
26	27	28	29	30	1	2	2	8	29	30	31	1	2	3
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1	£	5	6	7	8	9	10
8	Tod	ay:	1725.	/200	7		E		Tod	lay:	1/25	/200	7	

- **11.** [Optional] Select **Use Start Date** and choose a start date in the calendar on the left (Figure 17).
- **12.** [Optional] Select **Use End Date** and choose an end date in the calendar on the right (Figure 17).



Figure 17 Selecting Target Dates

13. Click OK.

The manifests load, the clusters are imported, and the SNP statistics are calculated.

A heritability and reproducibility errors dialog appears (Figure 18).



Figure 18 Update Heritability & Reproducibility Errors

If you click **Yes**, the Evaluating Heritability status bar appears (Figure 19) and heritability and reproducibillity are calculated.

BeadStudio Progress Status			
Evaluating heritability			
Cancel			

Figure 19 Evaluating Heritability

SNP data are saved, and the Sample Requeue Status Change message appears (Figure 20).

This message indicates whether any sample statuses have changed between the GenomeStudio project and the LIMS database. If sample statuses are updated, this is reflected in GenomeStudio.

If the data from the GenomeStudio project and the LIMS database are the same, the Sample Requeue Status Change dialog displays the message "No updates were required."

Sample Re-queue Status Change 🔀					
No updates were required.					
	ОК				
Figure 20	Sample Requeue Statu				

#### **14.** Click **OK**.

The project you selected loads from LIMS and displays in the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

#### Loading Sample Intensities Outside of LIMS

If you are not using a LIMS database for loading intensity data, you have two options for loading data outside of LIMS control:

- Loading sample intensities using a sample sheet (page 19)
- Loading samples by selecting directories that contain intensity data files (page 23).

Using a To I Sample Sheet 1

To load intensities using a sample sheet:

1. In the Loading Sample Intensities dialog, select Use sample sheet to load sample intensities (Figure 21).

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Loading Sample Intensities		
Genotyping Project		
Please specify the samples you want to load by identifying th sample sheet and associated data and manifest repositories		
<ul> <li>Use sample sheet to load sample intensities</li> </ul>		
$\mathbb C$ Load sample intensities by selecting directories with intensity files		
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish	

Figure 21 Loading Sample Intensities

#### 2. Click Next.

The Loading Sample Intensities dialog appears (Figure 22).

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Loading Sample Intensities	
Genotyping Project Please specify the samples you want to load by identifying the	illumina
sample sheet and associated data and manifest repositories	
⊂ Sample Sheet	
Sample Sneet \\Workstation-579\data\GT\SampleSheets\samplesheet_test_1_4	5 Browse
Data Repository	
\\workstation-579\Data\GT\Intensity Data	Browse
Manifest Repository	
\\workstation-579\Data\GT\Manifests	Browse
Cancel < Back N	ext > Finish
Figure 22 Loading Sample Intensities	Ilsing a Sample

Figure 22 Loading Sample Intensities Using a Sample Sheet

- **3.** Browse to select the following items:
  - Sample Sheet
  - Data Repository
  - Manifest Repository

The Sample Sheet is a comma-delimited text file (.csv file). Its format is described in Appendix A of this document.

The Data Repository is the directory that contains your intensity (\*.idat) files.

The Manifest Repository is the directory that contains your SNP manifests. This directory is necessary because the name(s) of the SNP manifest is contained in the sample sheet, and the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module needs to know where to find it.
To select a sample sheet, data repository, and manifest repository:

- 1. Browse to the locations of your sample sheet, data repository, and manifest repository.
- 2. Click Next.

The Cluster Positions dialog appears (Figure 23).

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Cluster Positions		
Genotyping Project If you have an existing cluster file that you want to import cluster positions from, enter it here. Otherwise, you can cluster the samples you've selected to determine cluster positions.		
🗌 Import cluster po	sitions from a cluster file	
Cluster File C:\TestData\Repository\GT\550K\Mar	nifest\BDCHP-1X10-HUMANHAP5	
Project Settings Options Pre-Calculate Pre-Calculate should only be used for memory based projects. This option will improve speed but requires 4.5x more memory.	Project Creation Actions         Cluster SNPs         Calculate Sample and SNP Statistics         Calculate Heritability         Gen Call Threshold	
Optional Script File Browse		
Cancel	<b>Gack</b> Next> Finish	

Figure 23 Cluster Positions

The number of samples that can be loaded into physical memory varies depending upon many factors, including how many other programs are running on your computer simultaneously, and the configuration of your virtual memory.

Use the following guidelines for a computer with the recommended minimum 2 GB of physical memory:

For HumanHap300 data:

Approximately 200 samples of HumanHap300 SNP data can be loaded using memory-based storage.

- If you want to load more than 200 samples of HumanHap300 data, leave the **Precalculate** checkbox cleared to optimize memory.
- If you want to load fewer than 200 samples of HumanHap300 data, you may want to select **Precalculate** to optimize calculation speed.

For HumanHap550 data:

- Approximately 150 samples of HumanHap550 SNP data can be loaded using memory-based storage.
  - If you want to load more than 150 samples of HumanHap 550 data, leave the Precalculate checkbox cleared to optimize memory.
  - If you want to load fewer than 150 samples of HumanHap550 data, you may want to select **Precalculate** to optimize calculation speed.
- **3.** In the Project Settings area, choose one of the following options:
  - Select **Precalculate** if you expect the number of samples and SNPs to fit within the physical memory of your computer, and you want to increase calculation speed.
  - Leave the **Precalculate** checkbox cleared if you do not expect the number of samples and SNPs you want to load to fit within the physical memory of your computer.



You must choose whether to enable precalculation in a project at the time the project is created. You cannot change this option later in an existing project.

- **4.** [Optional] In the Project Creation Actions area, select the following option for your project:
  - Cluster SNPs

If you choose to cluster all SNPs, you may also select one or more of the following options:

- Calculate Sample and SNP Statistics
- Calculate Heritability
- Gen Call Threshold



Illumina recommends that you use a GenCall Score cutoff of 0.15 for Infinium products and 0.25 for GoldenGate products.

After loading intensity data using a sample sheet, continue to *Importing Cluster Positions* on page 25.

#### Selecting Directories

To load intensities by selecting directories:

 In the Loading Sample Intensities dialog, select Load Sample Intensities by Selecting Directories with Intensity Files (Figure 24).



Directories with Intensity Files

#### 2. Click Next.

The Loading Sample Intensities dialog appears (Figure 25).

GenomeStudio Project W	izard - Loac	ling Sample Inte	ensities	
Genotyping Project Please specify the sample	s you want t	o load by identifyir	ig the 📶	umina
SNP manifest you want to that contain intensity files			ries	000
SNP Manifest				
C:\TestData\Repository\G	T\GoldenGate	SingleManifest\M	anifest\GS( 💌	Browse
Data Repository C:\TestData\Repository\G	T\GoldenGate	) SingleManifest\In	tensityDat 💌	Browse
Directories in Repository:			Selected	Directories
	<b>_</b> .	Add =>		
·····································	-	Huu ->		
由2-1233738 中2-1627868072		- 1		
E 2-1707921008		Remove		
		Remove All		
⊞3-1326598				
<u>⊕</u> - 3-1326601				
<u>∓</u> 3-1331231	<b>-</b>		1	
	Cancel	A Back	Next >	Einish
	Cancer		Nex(>	FILINST

Figure 25 Loading Sample Intensities by Selecting Directories with Intensity Files

- **3.** Select the following items:
  - **SNP Manifest**—an \*.opa file for GoldenGate assays, or a \*.bpm file for Infinium assays. The SNP manifest contains the mapping between bead-type identifier and SNP.
  - Data Repository—the directory that contains subdirectories with intensity files. When you change the entry in the data repository field, the Directories in Repository list box is populated with the directories contained in your repository.

To select the intensity files you want to load:

- **1.** Browse to the SNP manifest and data repository you want to use.
- **2.** Click on one or more directories in the Directories in Repository list box.

3. Click Add to add the directories to the project.

The directories appear in the Selected Directories listbox as you choose them.

All intensity files (\*.idat files) contained within the selected directories are loaded and added to the project.



If you are using LIMS, if the manifest name contained in the \*.idat file does not match the name of the manifest you have loaded, that intensity file will be skipped.

4. Click **Next** to advance to the Cluster Positions dialog.

#### **Importing Cluster Positions**

The Cluster Positions dialog is the final screen of the GenomeStudio Project Wizard (Figure 26). From this screen, you can import a cluster file (\*.egt file) and choose to use these cluster definitions to call genotypes for your samples.

GenomeStudio Project Wizard - Clu	ister Positions
Genotyping Project If you have an existing cluster file th cluster positions from, enter it here, the samples you've selected to deter	Otherwise, you can cluster
Import cluster po	sitions from a cluster file
Cluster File C:\TestData\Repository\GT\550K\Mar	iifest\BDCHP-1X10-HUMANHAP5
Project Settings Options Pre-Calculate Pre-Calculate should only be used for memory based projects. This option will improve speed but requires 4.5x more memory. Optional Script File Browse	Project Creation Actions Cluster SNPs Calculate Sample and SNP Statistics Calculate Heritability Gen Call Threshold 0.15
Cancel	<b>Kack</b> Next> Finish

Figure 26 Cluster Positions

To import a cluster file:

- 1. Select Import cluster positions from a cluster file.
- 2. Browse to the cluster file you want to use



If you do not want to import a cluster file, clear the **Import cluster positions from a cluster file** checkbox and the **Cluster File** text field.

- **3.** Select **Precalculate** if you want to optimize your project for speed based on the memory capabilities of your computer.
- **4.** [Optional] In the Project Creation Actions area, select the following option for your project:
  - Cluster SNPs

If you choose to cluster all SNPs, you may also select one or more of the following options:

- Calculate Sample and SNP Statistics
- Calculate Heritability
- Gen Call Threshold



Illumina recommends that you use a GenCall Score cutoff of 0.15 for Infinium products and 0.25 for GoldenGate products.

5. Click Finish to complete the wizard.

The Genotyping Module loads your intensity files.

If you loaded a cluster file, go to Chapter 3,

If you did not load a cluster file, continue to Chapter 4,

#### 28 CHAPTER 2 Creating a New Project

Part # 11319113 Rev. A

# Chapter 3 Viewing Your Data

#### Topics

- 30 Introduction
- 30 SNP Graph
- 34 Cartesian and Polar Coordinates
- 35 Normalization
- 35 Adjusting Axes
- 36 Selecting Samples
- 37 Marking Samples
- 42 Excluding Samples
- 43 Plotting Excluded Samples
- 44 Customizing the SNP Table
- 31 Shading Call Regions
- 46 Viewing the Controls Dashboard
- 47 Exporting Controls Data
- 49 Viewing the Contamination Dashboard

#### Introduction

This chapter describes how to use graphs and tables to display, mark, and edit your data in the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

For more information about the various elements of the GenomeStudio user interface, such as windows, tables, and columns, see Chapter 8, *User Interface Reference*.

#### **SNP** Graph

The SNP Graph (Figure 27) displays all samples for the currentlyselected SNP in the SNP Table and in the Full Data Table. Samples are colored according to their genotype. If you view a SNP Graph in polar coordinates, with normalization and call region shading turned on, the cluster ovals, call region shading, and number of samples in each cluster are also displayed (Figure 27).



Figure 27 SNP Graph

# **Shading Call Regions**

GenCall Score is a quality metric that indicates the reliability of each genotype call. The GenCall Score is a value between 0 and 1 assigned to every called genotype. Genotypes with lower GenCall scores are located further from the center of a cluster and have a lower reliability.

GenCall Scores are calculated using information from the clustering of the samples. To get a GenCall Score, each SNP is evaluated based on the following characteristics of the clusters:

- angle
- dispersion
- overlap
- intensity

NOTE

There is no global interpretation of a GenCall Score, as the score depends on the clustering of your samples at each SNP, which is affected by many different variables including the quality of the samples and the loci.

A 50% GenCall Score refers to the 50th percentile GenCall Score in a particular distribution of GenCall Scores.

A 50% GenCall Score for a DNA sample represents the 50th percentile rank for all GenCall Scores for that sample.

Similarly, a 50% GenCall Score for a particular locus represents the 50th percentile rank for all GenCall scores for that locus.

In a genotyping project, samples are displayed in three distinct shaded areas based on their genotype calls. The size of the shaded area is defined by the GenCall Score cutoff.

Select **Shade Call Regions** in the graph window toolbar to apply color to the genoplot calling regions in the graph window. These shaded regions correspond to the no-call threshold.

To set a lower threshold for valid calls within GenomeStudio, perform the following steps:

- 1. Select Tools | Options | Project.
- **2.** In the **No-Call Threshold** area, select a lower limit for valid calls within GenomeStudio.



Illumina recommends that you use a GenCall Score cutoff of 0.15 for Infinium products and 0.25 for GoldenGate products.

By default, samples lying within the dark red region are called AA; samples lying within the dark purple region are called AB; and samples lying within the dark blue region are called BB (Figure 28).





Shading of clusters is toggled off by default, and is available for the polar graph only.

To change the colors for cluster calls:

- 1. Go to Tools | Options | Projects.
- 2. In the Colors area, use the dropdown menus to change the default colors for the AA, AB, and BB genotypes as well as for selected samples, plot foreground, and plot background.
- 3. Click OK.

The clusters display with the assigned colors.

To restore default colors to clusters and plot properties:

- 1. Go to Tools | Options | Projects.
- 2. Click Restore Defaults.
- 3. Click OK.

The default cluster and plot colors are restored.

## **SNP Graph Error Display**

In the SNP Graph, if there are any P-C (parent-child) or P-P-C (parent-parent-child) errors in your data, the child appears as an "X" and the parent appears as an "O." Samples with reproducibility errors appear in the SNP Graph as squares (Figure 29).



Figure 29 P-C Error (Left), Reproducibility Error (Right)

If you click an error entry in the Errors table, the associated samples are highlighted in yellow in the SNP Graph (Figure 30).



Figure 30 P-C Error and Reproducibility Error Highlighted in SNP Graph

## **Cartesian and Polar Coordinates**

You can view the SNP Graph in either polar or Cartesian coordinates (Figure 31).

Cartesian coordinates use the X-axis to represent the intensity of the A allele and the Y-axis to represent the intensity of the B allele.

Polar coordinates use the X-axis to represent normalized theta (the angle deviation from pure A signal, where 0 represents pure A signal and 1.0 represents pure B signal), and the Y-axis to represent the distance of the point to the origin.

The Manhattan distance (A+B) is used rather than the Euclidian distance (sqrt(A\*A+B\*B)).

- Select to display the plot in polar coordinates.
- Select k display the plot in Cartesian coordinates.



Figure 31 Polar Coordinates (Left) & Cartesian Coordinates (Right)

## Normalization

You can view the SNP Graph in either normalized or raw format.



Figure 32 shows a sample graph, in polar coordinates, with normalization turned off (left), and with normalization turned on (right):



Figure 32 Normalization Turned Off (Left) & Normalization Turned On (Right)

# **Adjusting Axes**

• To zoom in and out on the graphs:



In zoom mode you can:

- Click the left mouse button to zoom in.
- Click the right mouse button to zoom out.

Alternatively, using your mouse wheel you can:

- Roll up to zoom in.
- Roll down to zoom out.
- To change an axis:

Position your cursor over an axis and use the mouse wheel.

To scroll along an axis:

Click, hold, and drag over an axis.

• To view different SNPs on the same scale:



#### **Selecting Samples**

You can select samples in the SNP Graph in a variety of ways:

- In Default Mode, click-and-drag on the graph to draw a rectangle. When you release the button, all points in the rectangle are selected.
- In Lasso Mode, click-and-drag on the graph to draw a region. When you release the button, all points in the shape you have drawn are selected.
- For the SNP Graph, selecting rows in the Samples Table selects the corresponding samples in the SNP Graph.
- To select additional samples without losing your original selection, press and hold the Ctrl button and click additional samples in the Samples Table.

The selected samples are shown in yellow by default (Figure 33).



- To temporarily transfer to Pan Mode: Position the cursor over an empty region of the genoplot (not over a cluster), then press and hold the Shift key.
- To temporarily transfer to Press and hold the Z key.
  Lasso Mode:

## **Marking Samples**

After you have selected samples, you may choose to mark them in a particular color. Mark colors are persistent, which means that the mark colors remain when you select a different SNP. Marks overwrite the default genotyping colors.

To mark selected samples:

1. Right-click on the graph and select **Configure Marks** from the context menu.

The Configure Marks dialog appears (Figure 34).

Configure Marks	×
Marking Names	<ul> <li>Add</li> <li>Delete</li> <li>Rename</li> <li>Black</li> </ul>
✓ ОК ХСа	ancel

Figure 34 Configure Marks

2. Click Add to create a new mark.

The Select Mark Name dialog appears (Figure 35).

Select Mark Name	×
Sample Group 1	
🔲 DimGray 🔽	
✓ ОК У	< Cancel
Figure 35 Naming a Mark	

**3.** Give your mark a color by selecting a color from the pulldown menu (Figure 36).



Figure 36 Selecting a Color for a Mark

- 4. Enter a name for your mark in the text field.
- 5. Click OK.

The selected samples appear in the SNP Graph and in the Samples Table in the color you chose (Figure 37).



Figure 37 Displaying Marked Samples

#### Displaying the Legend

Perform the following steps to display the legend in the SNP Graph or Sample Graph.

**1.** Right-click in the graph.

The context menu appears (Figure 38).



Figure 38 Displaying the Legend

2. Select Show Legend.

The legend appears, and includes the name of your mark (Figure 39).



# **Excluding Samples**

Some samples may be of poor quality in some regard; e.g., they may not have hybridized well. In this case, you would not want to include them in your clustering. GenomeStudio allows you to manually include or exclude samples.

To manually exclude samples, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Samples Table or SNP Graph, select the sample(s) you want to exclude.
- 2. Right-click to bring up the context menu.
  - $\triangleleft \triangleright \mathbf{X}$ Samples Table 🖹 🖹 🖆 🖆 | 💱 II 🛃 🖂 💌 FFI ф₽ **...** Index Sample ID Gender p05 Grn p50 Grn p95 Grn p05 Rep1\_1 Male 308 2988 10388 41: 🔺 1 2 Rep1 2 Male 317 4205 43( 13970 3 Rep2\_1 Male 311 4210 13782 432 Rep2\_2 Male 312 4418 14474 455 4 Male 322 4268 13827 486 Rep3 1 5 Exclude Selected Samples 6 Rep3 2 7 Rep4\_1 Include Selected Samples Rep4\_2 8 Rep4\_3 Recalculate Statistics for Selected Samples 9 10 Rep5\_1 Recalculate Statistics for All Samples Rep5\_2 11 Estimate Gender for Selected Samples... 12 Rep5\_3 13 Rep5\_4 14 Rep6\_1 15 Rep6\_2 Set Aux Value...
- 3. Select Exclude Selected Samples (Figure 40).

Figure 40 Excluding Selected Sample

The sample(s) you selected are excluded from your sample group.

You can use the SNP Graph to evaluate sample quality. If you click on a sample in the samples table, all of the SNPs for that sample are plotted in the SNP Graph.

# **Plotting Excluded Samples**

If you have excluded one or more samples from your sample group, you may still want to plot them in the genoplot.

To plot excluded samples in the genoplot:

1. Select Tools | Options | Project.

The Project Properties dialog appears (Figure 41).

Project Properties	×	
No-call Threshold	Options V Plot excluded samples	
Colors AA Red AB Purple BB Blue	Plot Background White I	
Selected Yellow	9 Statistics	
<ul> <li>Exclude Female Y-SNPs from SNP Statistics</li> <li>This option will use the sample's gender and the SNP Chr columns to determine if a call should be included in the SNP statistics.</li> <li>Display a dialog when SNP Statistics are calculated and this</li> </ul>		
Use For All New Projects	Restore Defaults	
ОК	Cancel	

Figure 41 Project Properties

- 2. In the Options area, select the **Plot excluded** samples checkbox.
- 3. Click OK.

The excluded samples are plotted in the genoplot.

Alternatively, you can choose to plot excluded samples in the genoplot by right-clicking in the genoplot and choosing Include All Samples from the context menu.

To remove excluded samples from the genoplot:

1. Go to Tools | Options | Project.

The Project Properties dialog appears (Figure 41).

- 2. In the Options area, clear the **Plot excluded** samples checkbox.
- 3. Click OK.

The excluded samples are removed from the genoplot.

Alternatively, you can choose to remove excluded samples from the genoplot by right-clicking in the genoplot and choosing **Exclude Selected Samples** from the context menu.

#### **Customizing the SNP Table**

Using the Column Chooser, you can select the columns you want to display in the SNP Table and arrange the columns in any order you want to display them. See Chapter 8 for descriptions of the columns.

1. In the SNP Table, click **H** Column Chooser.

The Column Chooser appears (Figure 42).



Figure 42 Column Chooser

- **2.** In the Column Chooser dialog, click to select a column that you want to display.
- 3. Click Show.

The column you selected is moved to the Displayed Columns list or the Displayed Subcolumns list.

Alternately, you can select and drag a column to the Displayed Columns list.

- **4.** To change a column's position in the table, click to select a column, then drag the column header up or down in the displayed column list.
- 5. Click OK to display columns in their new positions. Alternatively, click **Cancel** to retain columns in their current positions.

# Viewing the Controls Dashboard

To view a graphic report displaying system controls information:

#### > Select Analysis | View Controls Dashboard.

The Controls window appears (Figure 43).



Figure 43 Example GoldenGate Controls Dashboard



Excluded samples are not displayed in the Controls dashboard.

For further information about these controls, please refer to the assay manual for your specific application.

# **Exporting Controls Data**

You may want to view a controls data file if you are interested in the numerical details of the data shown in the controls dashboard.

To export controls data, perform the following steps:

1. In the controls dashboard, select File | Export Data (Figure 44).



Figure 44 Exporting Controls Data

The Save As dialog appears (Figure 45).



Figure 45 Saving the Controls Dashboard

- 2. Browse to the location where you want to save your file.
- 3. Type a name for your file in the File Name text field.
- 4. Click Save.

The exported controls dashboard file is saved as a \*.csv file in the location you specified.

# Viewing the Contamination Dashboard

To view a graphic report displaying contamination information:

Select Analysis | View Contamination Dashboard.
 The Contamination Controls window appears (Figure 46).







The Contamination Dashboard applies only to GoldenGate data. There is no Contamination Dashboard for Infinium data.

50 CHAPTER 3 Viewing Your Data

# Chapter 4 Generating Clusters

Topics

52	Introduction

- 52 Running the Clustering Algorithm
- 53 Reviewing Clusters
- 55 Editing Clusters
  - 55 Redefining the Cluster
  - 55 Excluding Samples
  - 55 Shifting the Cluster Location
  - 55 Changing the Cluster Height/Width
- 56 Exporting the Cluster File

## Introduction

Illumina's assays require cluster locations in order to generate the most accurate genotype calls. This is because the locations of the heterozygote and homozygotes for each SNP, though reproducible, can vary from SNP to SNP.

Given a population of samples that exhibit the three genotypes for every SNP, the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module can automatically determine the cluster positions of the genotypes. If certain SNPs have one or two clusters that lack representation, the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module can estimate the missing cluster positions.

One common question is: How large does the population of samples need to be? This depends on the minor allele frequency of the SNPs. The lower the minor allele frequency, the more samples are required to achieve representation of all clusters. A population of 100 or more samples is typically recommended.

# **Running the Clustering Algorithm**

- 1. To run the clustering algorithm, do one of the following:
  - Select Analysis | Cluster All SNPS.
  - Click Cluster all SNPS [ (Figure 47).



Figure 47 Analysis | Cluster all SNPs

NOTE

Using this feature clusters all SNPs based on the samples in your project.

The clustering algorithm runs, and the GenomeStudio Progress Status bar appears (Figure 48).

🎨 GenomeStudio Progre	ss Status	_ 🗆 X
Cluster 11704 - 11904		
	Cancel	
	D	

Figure 48 Clustering Progress

When the GenomeStudio Progress Status bar disappears, your samples have been reclustered.

# **Reviewing Clusters**

To review clusters:

Click **1** Normalization to view normalized data (recommended).

The GenomeStudio Genotyping Module displays the cluster ovals that represent the location of the clusters with two standard deviations.

For more information about normalization, see Normalization on page 35.

To shade the calling regions:

Click **Fig. Shade Calling Regions**. The calling regions are shaded in the SNP Graph (Figure 49).



Figure 49 Reviewing Clusters

For more information about shading call regions, see *Shading Call Regions* on page 31.

Samples are colored according to their genotype call. Samples in the lighter shaded regions fall below the user-specified Call Score Threshold set in Tools | Options | Project, and are colored black to indicate that they are classified as "No Calls."

Note that you do not have to review all of your SNPs. You can sort by GenTrain score in the SNP Table and only review those SNPs that have the poorest clustering. Alternatively, if you have entered reproducibility or heritability relationships, you can sort by heritability or reproducibility errors (Rep, P-C, P-P-C) in the SNP Table and review only SNPs that exhibit errors.

For more information about sorting, see *Data Table* on page 126.

# **Editing Clusters**

If, after reviewing the clustering of a SNP, you feel that the loaded cluster file or automated algorithm did not accurately calculate the cluster positions, you can manually edit the cluster locations in various ways.

# **Redefining the** To redefine the cluster using samples you select:

#### **Cluster** 1. Select samples in the graph.

2. Right-click to display the context menu.

# 3. Select Define AB (or AA, or BB) cluster using selected samples.

The cluster's location and size are calculated based on the samples you have selected. The remaining samples are reclustered.

#### **Excluding** To exclude samples in the current graph:

#### Samples

- **1.** Select samples in the graph.
- 2. Right-click to display the context menu.
- **3.** Select **Cluster this SNP excluding selected samples** (Figure 50).

Shifting the Cluster Location

- To shift the cluster location:
- 1. Press and hold the **Shift** key.
- 2. Click near the center of the cluster.

The **move cursor** appears.

**3.** Drag the cluster to a new location.

Changing the Cluster Height/Width

- To change the height or width of a cluster:
- 1. Press and hold the Shift key.
- 2. Click near the edge of an oval.

The  $| \leftrightarrow |$  or  $| \neq |$  resizing cursor appears.



3. Drag the edge of the oval to reshape the cluster.

Figure 50 Editing Clusters

The clustering algorithm runs, excluding the samples you selected.

## **Exporting the Cluster File**

You can export a cluster file any time after clustering.

To export the cluster file:
File	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew <u>A</u> nalysis	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indo	w Help
$\square$	<u>N</u> ew Project	,	•
	Open Project	Ctrl+O	4 b <b>x</b>
	<u>S</u> ave Project	Ctrl+S	
	Save Project Copy <u>A</u> s	Ctrl+Shift+A	₽ ≍ 1
	<u>Cl</u> ose Project	Ctrl+Shift+C	
	Load Additional Samples		
	Import Cluster Positions		
	Export Cluster Positions	)	For Selected SNPs
	Export Cluster Positions to L	IMS	For All SNPs
	Export Manifest		
	Update Project from LIMS		•
	Import Phenotype Informatio	on from File	
5	Page Setup	Ctrl+Shift+U	
3	Print Pre <u>vi</u> ew	Ctrl+Shift+V	
5	Print	Ctrl+P	42 11
	Recent Project	•	
	E <u>x</u> it	Alt+F4	

1. Select File | Export Cluster Positions (Figure 51).

Figure 51 Export Cluster Positions Selected

2. Choose whether you want to export clusters For Selected SNPs (for SNPs you selected) or For All SNPs (for all SNPs in this project).

The Save Cluster Positions dialog appears (Figure 52).



Figure 52 Save Cluster Positions

- **3.** Browse to the location where you want to save your cluster position file.
- 4. Click Save.

The cluster file is assigned a default name based on the name of the project. However, you can choose to save your file with a different name.

Your exported cluster positions are saved as an \*.egt cluster file, and are available to be imported into a different project.

# Chapter 5 Analyzing Your Data

## Topics

60	Introduction					
60	Importing Phenotype Information					
62	Estimating the Gender of Selected Samples					
64	Editing the Properties of Selected Samples					
66	Analyzing Paired Samples					
68	Using Concordance Features					
	68 Exporting Allele Calls					
	68 Importing Allele Calls					
	69 Concordance Calculations					
69	Using Column Plug-Ins					

# Introduction

Use the procedures in the following sections to analyze your data.

# **Importing Phenotype Information**

A phenotype information file is a \*.csv file you can create and import into a project if you want include sample-related phenotype information.

A phenotype information file must contain an Index column that corresponds to the Index column in the Samples Table.

You can also optionally include the following columns in a phenotype information file:

- Gender
- Ethnicity
- Age
- Weight
- Blood Pressure Systolic
- Blood Pressure Diastolic
- Blood Type
- Phenotype Pos 1
- Phenotype Pos 2
- Phenotype Pos 3
- Phenotype Neg 1
- Phenotype Neg 2
- Phenotype Neg 3



The columns listed above are the only columns you can import into a GenomeStudio genotyping project using a phenotype information file.

Additional columns present in a phenotype information file will not be imported into the GenomeStudio project.

To import phenotype information from a file:

**1.** Select **File** | **Import Phenotype Information From File**. The Import Phenotype File window appears (Figure 53).



Figure 53 Importing Phenotype Information

**2.** Browse to a \*.csv phenotype information file from which you want to import information (Figure 54).

	lien	esoft	Excel												
Ē	e (	(dt	Yow	Insert For	nat j	Icols D	ata <u>R</u> o	boPDF <u>Window</u> Help Ac	lobe PDF						
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	A3		- -	f.											
**	Phe	notyp	e_inf B	o_file.csv C	Read D	d-Only] E	F	G	н		1	J	ĸ	L	M
1	Ind	ex G	ender	Ethnicity		Weight	Height	Blood Pressure Systolic	Blood Pressure Diastol	lic I	Blood Type	Phenotype Pos 1	Phenotype Pos 2	Phenotype Pos 3	Phenotype Neg 1
2		1 N	1	Caucasian				100		70	AB	Pos1	Pos2	Pos3	Neg1
3		2 N	1	Caucasian	30	300				70	AB	Post	Pos2	Pos3	Negi
3		3 N	1	Caucasian	30	300		100		70	AB	Post	Pos2	Pas3	Neg1
5		4 N	1	Caucasian	30	300	120	100		70	AB	Pos1	Pos2	Pos3	Neg1
6		5 N	1	Caucasian	30	300	120	100		70	AB	Pos1	Pos2	Pos3	Neg1
7															
8															
9															
10	6														
8 9 10 11 12 13	2														
12	9														
13	5														

Figure 54 Phenotype Information File

#### 3. Select Open.

Information from the phenotype information file you selected is imported into GenomeStudio and displayed in the Samples Table.

# **Estimating the Gender of Selected Samples**

To estimate gender for selected samples:

1. In the Samples table, select the samples for which you want GenomeStudio to estimate gender.

The selected samples are highlighted in dark blue. Note that the Gender column of each sample contains "Unknown" (Figure 55).

			1					
Index	Sample ID	Gender	p05 Grn	p50 Grn	p95 Grn	p05 Red	p50 Red	p95
1	1485978108_A	Unknown	201	5262	14696	163	2070	11
2	1485986027_A	Unknown	196	4467	12375	219	1766	91
3	1485978034_A	Unknown	171	4473	11519	171	1896	- 89
4	1485978089_A	Unknown	192	4737	15869	165	1492	12
5	1485978235_A	Unknown	127	3620	10288	141	1562	82
6	1485978266_A	Unknown	145	3362	9327	170	1804	- 92
7	1485978269_A	Unknown	200	4474	11582	161	2143	11
8	1485978283_A	Unknown	134	3378	9026	179	1649	82
<pre></pre>								

1. Right-click anywhere on the selected samples. The context menu appears (Figure 56).



Figure 56 Samples Table Context Menu

### 2. Select Estimate Gender for Selected Samples.

The Would you like to populate the Gender column... dialog appears (Figure 57).



**3.** Choose one of the following:

**Yes**—the Gender and Gender Est columns of the Samples Table are populated with the estimated gender for the samples you selected.

**No**—only the Gender Est column of the samples table is populated with the estimated gender for the samples you selected.

# **Editing the Properties of Selected Samples**

To edit the properties of selected samples:

 In the Samples table, select one or more samples to edit. The selected samples are highlighted in dark blue (Figure 58).

	es Table	ੈ‡↓ ≩↑ <b>ੈ<u>↓</u></b>	🖂 📈	<b>1</b>	<b>B</b> Q	<b>H</b> 🖗	<b>*</b>   •
Index	Sample ID	Gender	p05 Grn	p50 Grn	p95 Grn	p05 Red	p50 Rec
1	Rep1_1	Male	308	2988	10388	411	6503
2	Rep1_2	Male	317	4205	13970	438	8827
3	Rep2_1	Male	311	4210	13782	432	8937
4	Rep2_2	Male	312	4418	14474	455	9847
5	Rep3_1	Male	322	4268	13827	486	9066
6	Rep3_2	Male	329	4428	14629	474	9631
7	Rep4_1	Male	308	4444	14210	464	9351
8	Rep4_2	Male	292	4078	13379	395	8768
9	Rep4_3	Male	277	3986	13272	402	9010
10	Rep5_1	Male	264	3701	12647	370	7986
11	Rep5_2	Male	268	3678	12248	365	7708
12	Rep5_3	Male	298	3976	13705	438	8800
13	Rep5 4	Male	315	4118	13280	447	8707
14	Rep6_1	Male	298	4348	14051	413	9009
15	Rep6_2	Male	292	4157	13881	397	8843
Image: A log state s	Disp=96 Sel	- 2 Filber - Filb	er is not ac	bium			▶

Figure 58 Selected Samples

- 2. Right-click anywhere on the selected samples.
- **3.** The context menu appears (Figure 59).



Figure 59 Samples Table Context Menu

### 4. Select Sample Properties.

The Sample Properties window appears (Figure 60).

	Misc		-
	aux	0	
	ImageRepository		
	SampleGroup		
	SampleID		
	SampleName		
	SamplePlate		
	SampleWell		
Ξ	Phenotypic Data		
	Age		
	BloodPressure_Diastolic		
	BloodPressure_Systolic		
	BloodType	Unknown	
	Ethnicity		1
	Gender	Unknown	
	Height		
	PhenotypeNeg1		
	PhenotypeNeg2		-

Figure 60 Sample Properties

- 5. Click in the right-hand column of any properties you want to edit and type new values.
- 6. Click OK.

The updated column properties are displayed in the Samples table.



To change the path to images displayed in the Image Viewer, edit the Image Repository property.

# **Analyzing Paired Samples**

Paired sample data can be useful for analyzing chromosomal aberrations. GenomeStudio includes a Paired Sample Table with columns that show the differences in various statistical measures between a pair of samples (a subject sample and a reference sample).

Paired samples can be created in two ways:

- by designating subject-and-reference pairs in the sample sheet used to create a project
- by designating subject-and-reference samples using the paired samples editor

Once you designate paired samples, the pairs appear in the Paired Sample Table.

When paired sample data are loaded in the Paired Sample Table, certain features are enabled. These include the following:

- Analysis | Calculate Paired Sample LOH/CN Scores
- In the SNP Graph, graphical elements indicate which samples are paired. Figure 61 shows an aqua line designating a paired sample subject and reference.



Figure 61 SNP Graph Showing Paired Samples

In the IGV, paired sample data becomes available for plotting and autobookmarking.

## **Using Concordance Features**

Use the concordance features described in the following sections to compare data from different projects.

### Exporting Allele Calls

If you want to compare the allele calls in your current project to allele calls in another project, you can export the allele calls from your current project and import them into other projects.



To export allele calls and import them into another project, the sample names in each project must be the same. Allele calls for sample names that do not match will not be compared.

To export allele calls from your current project:

1. Select Analysis | Export Allele Calls.

The Export Allele Calls dialog appears.

- **2.** Browse to the directory where you want to save the allele calls from your current project.
- **3.** Click **OK**.

The allele calls are saved to the directory you designated.

**Importing** Allele Calls If you have previously exported and saved allele calls from a project, you can import these saved allele calls into a different project to calculate concordance.

To import allele calls into a project:

- Select Analysis | Import Allele Calls. The Import Allele Calls dialog appears.
- Browse to the location where you previously saved allele calls that you exported from a different project.
   The files available to import are listed in the Files Found section of the Import Directory area.
- 3. Click OK.

The allele calls are imported. They populate the Import Calls column in the Full Data Table, and concordance is calculated.

### Concordance Calculations

Concordance calculations appear in two locations:

- In the Full Data Table, in the Concordance subcolumn.
- In the Samples Table, in the Concordance column.



Columns showing concordance are not visible by default. To display these columns, use the **Column Chooser**.

# **Using Column Plug-Ins**

You have the option to install column plug-ins as part of the GenomeStudio install process, or to create custom column plugin algorithms. These plug-ins are used to create custom subcolumns in the Full Data Table. This open plug-in architecture allows you to add to the standard features available in GenomeStudio.

Before you can create a new subcolumn, you must first make column plug-ins available to GenomeStudio.

To make column plug-ins available to GenomeStudio, do one of the following:

If the column plug-in has an install program:

Run the install program.

The column plug-in is installed in the correct directory and is now available to GenomeStudio.

If the column plug-in does not have an install program: Copy the dll file for the column plug-in to the following directory:

C:\Program

Files\Illumina\GenomeStudioGenomeStudio\Plugins

The column plug-in is now available to GenomeStudio.

To create a subcolumn based on a column plug-in:

### 1. Select Analysis | Create Plug-In Column.

The Select Column Plug-In Form dialog appears (Figure 62).

Select Column Plugin							
A new column can be created by selecting a ColumnPlugin and a new Column name. GenomeStudio will create the new column by passing the project data to the user designed algorithm and populating the column with the results. A ColumnPlugin is an algorithm written in C# using the IColumnPlugin interface. It allows the user to customize calculated columns according to project specific data. Details of generating a ColumnPlugin can be found in the documentation.							
New Subcolumn Name							
Name	Version	Author	Default Column Name	Description			
•				F			
Column Plugin Properties							
<u>.</u>				OK Cancel			

Figure 62 Select Column Plug-In Form

- **2.** In the column plug-ins table, select a row from the list of available column plug-ins.
- **3.** [Optional] Type a new name for the subcolumn in the New Subcolumn Name text field.
- **4.** [Optional] To edit any pre-defined properties, click in the right-hand column of the Column Plug-In Properties table and enter new values.
- 5. Click OK.

The new subcolumn is created and appears in the Full Data Table.

# Chapter 6 Generating Reports

Topics

- 72 Introduction
- 72 Final Report
- 82 DNA Report
- 86 Locus Summary Report
- 91 Locus x DNA Report
- 95 Reproducibility and Heritability Report

# Introduction

This chapter describes GenomeStudio Genotyping Module report types and how to generate each of these reports.

GenomeStudio includes a Report Wizard, which streamlines the report creation process for the following report types:

- Final Report
- DNA Report
- Locus Summary Report
- Locus x DNA Report

In addition, if report plug-ins are available, the name of the plugin report automatically appears at the bottom of the report type list in the Custom Report dropdown menu (Figure 63).

GenomeStudio also allows you to manually create a Reproducibility and Heritability Report.



The following sections describe the general process for creating reports. If your data includes zeroed SNPs or excluded samples, or if your data tables have been filtered, you may be presented with additional dialogs which allow you to filter the resulting report data.

### **Final Report**

A Final Report is a report that contains the allele calls of your samples. To generate a Final Report:

 Run the Report Wizard by selecting Analysis | Reports | Report Wizard.

The Report Type dialog appears (Figure 63).



Figure 63 Report Type

Final Report is selected by default.

2. Click Next.

The Included Samples dialog appears (Figure 64).



Figure 64 Included Samples

- **3.** Select the samples you would like to include in this Final Report.
- 4. Click Next.

The Final Report Format dialog appears (Figure 65).

Depart	Wizard - Final Report	Format		
Genot	t <b>yping Report</b> would you like to format	illumina		
	Standard	C Matrix	🔿 3rd Party	
	Standard Format Opti	ons		
	Displayed Fields		Available Fields	
	SNP Name Sample ID Allele1 - Top Allele2 - Top GC Score	▲ Hide => <	Sample Name Sample Group Sample Index SNP Index SNP Aux Allele1 - Forward Allele2 - Forward Allele1 - Design	
	Group by:	🖲 sample 🛛	) SNP	
	al Options	Favorite Formats	Total Rows: 3368796	
	reate map files	Save Current	Estimated 80.3 MB Size:	
Sampl	es / File		Estimated File 80.3 MB Size:	
	Can	cel < Bac	< Next > Finish	

Figure 65 Final Report Format

5. Select a format for your Final Report:

**Standard**—In Standard format, all data are presented in rows in the Final Report. You can choose the fields that will be included in a standard Final Report. See **Final Report -Standard Format** on page 76.

Matrix—In Matrix format, rows represent SNPs and columns represent samples. You can choose to include the GenCall score or just output the genotypes. See **Final Report** -Matrix Format on page 77.

**3rd Party**—In 3rd Party format, you can specify the desired output style of the Final Report based on the target application for downstream analyses. See **Final Report - 3rd Party Options** on page 78.

Genot	Vizard - Final Report I <b>yping Report</b> vould you like to format y	illumina		
	Standard	C Matrix	C 3rd Party	
ſ	Standard Format Optio	ns		
	Displayed Fields		Available Fields	
	SNP Name Sample ID Allele1 - Top Allele2 - Top GC Score GC score	<ul> <li>Hide =&gt;</li> <li>&lt;= Show</li> <li>sample</li> </ul>	Sample Name Sample Group Sample Index SNP Index SNP Aux Allele1 - Forward Allele2 - Forward Allele1 - Design	
⊙ Tai	I Options F b C Comma reate map files es / File	avorite Formats	Total Rows: 3368796     Estimated 80.3 MB     Size:     Estimated File 80.3 MB     Size:	
	Cance	el < Bacl	Next > Finish	

### Final Report - Standard Format

Figure 66 Final Report - Standard Format Options

- a. To select the fields included in your Final Report, select one or more fields from the Available Fields list and click **Show** to add them to the Displayed Fields List.
- **b.** Choose whether you want to group by sample or by SNP.
- c. Continue to Step 6.

Report Wizard - Final Report Format Genotyping Report How would you like to format your final report?	illumina		
C Standard 📀 Matrix	C 3rd Party		
Matrix Format Options			
Use Top Strand			
General Options Favorite Formats Tab C Comma Create map files Save Current	Total Rows: 561466 Estimated 25.7 MB Size:		
Samples / File	Estimated File 25.7 MB Size:		
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish		

### Final Report - Matrix Format

Figure 67 Final Report - Matrix Format Options

- **a.** In the Use dropdown menu, select one of the following options:
  - Top strand
  - Forward strand
  - Design strand
  - AB
- **b.** If you want to include GenCall scores in your Final Report, select **Include GenCall Score**.
- c. Continue to Step 6.

Final Report	- 3rd	Party	Options
--------------	-------	-------	---------

Report Wizard - Final Report Format Genotyping Report How would you like to format your final report?	illumina
O Standard O Matrix 3rd Party Options	• 3rd Party
Format: Exemplar	
General Options Tab C Comma Create map files Favorite Formats Default	Total Rows: 561466 Estimated 12.9 MB Size:
Samples / File	Estimated File 12.9 MB Size:
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish

Figure 68 Final Report - 3rd Party Options

Select a third party format for your Final Report from the 3rd Party Options Format dropdown menu.



Currently-available 3rd party formats for Final Reports include Exemplar and GeneSpring.

- **6.** In the **General Options** area, choose from among the following options:
  - Select **Tab** to create the Final Report in tabdelimited format, or select **Comma** to create the Final Report in comma-delimited format.

- Select Create map files if you want to create map files.
- Use the arrows to the right of Samples / File to specify the number of samples per file to include in the Final Report.
- d. Select a favorite format: Default or Default Small
- e. Click **Save Current** to save your current selections as the default selections when creating subsequent Final Reports.
- 7. Click Next.

The Destination dialog appears (Figure 69).

Report Wizard - Destination	
Genotyping Report Where would you like to save your report?	illumina
Output Path C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT\Test5	Browse
Report Name Test5_FinalReport	
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish
Figure 69 Destination	

8. Click Finish.

The progress bar alerts you to the status of your report (Figure 70).

🏶 GenomeStudio Progress Status 📃 🗖	×
Processing sample 1	
Cancel	



Your report is saved in the location you specified.

•	<u>E</u> ile <u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew <u>I</u> nse	ert F <u>o</u> rmat	<u>T</u> o <mark>ol</mark> s <u>D</u> a	ata <u>W</u> indow
D			ABS 60		n - 🛷 🖓
				10	······································
2	SnagIt 🛃	Window		Ŧ	
12	📌 🛯 🔇	Share As Ap	plication	🔊 WebEx S	iettings 📮 i 🕵
	A1		<i>f</i> ∡ [Header		
	A	В	C		F
1	[Header]				
2	BSGT Ver:	1.0.8			
3	Processing				
4	Content		HumanHap	550v3 A.b	pm
5	Num SNPs	561466			
6	Total SNP:	561466			
7	Num Sam				
8	Total Sam				
9	[Data]				
10	SNP Name	Sample ID	Allele1 - To	Allele2 - To	GC Score
11	MitoA1004			A	0.3107
12	MitoA1055	151327100	A	A	0.2904
13	MitoA1125	151327100	A	A	0.2904
14	MitoA1146	151327100	A	A	0.307
15	MitoA1181	151327100	A	A	0.2831
16	MitoA1230	151327100	A	A	0.3015
17	MitoA1310	151327100	G	G	0.8763
18	MitoA1326			A	0.2985
19	MitoA1378	151327100	A	A	0.3199
20	MitoA1423	151327100	A	A	0.3273
21	MitoA1458	151327100	A	A	0.3156
22	MitoA1521	151327100	A	A	0.2571
23	MitoA1524			A	0.2741
24	MitoA1530			G	0.2446
25	MitoA1575			A	0.307
26	MitoA1592			A	0.2904
27	MitoA1616			A	0.2831
28	MitoA1616			A	0.307
29	MitoA1738			A	0.3015
30	MitoA3349			A	0.2904
31	MitoA3481			A	0.2904
32	MitoA3548			A	0.24
33	MitoA3721			A	0.2831
34	MitoA4025			A	0.2904
35	MitoA4105			G	0.2367
36	MitoA4825			A	0.2904
37	MitoA4918			A	0.3015
38	MitoA5391			A	0.2831
39	MitoA5657	151327100	Δ	A	0.2831

Figure 71 Sample Final Report

# **DNA Report**

The DNA Report is a comma-delimited text file (\*.csv file) that includes the columns described in Table 1.

To generate a DNA Report:

1. Run the Report Wizard by selecting Analysis | Reports | Report Wizard.

The Report Type dialog appears.

2. Select DNA Report (Figure 72).

Report Wizard - Rep	ort Type		illumiina			
	Genotyping Report What type of report would you like to generate?					
C Final Report		C Locus Summary	y			
ONA Report	(	C Locus × DNA				
	Cancel	< Back	Next > Finish			

Figure 72 DNA Report Selected

3. Click Next.

The Destination dialog appears (Figure 73).



Figure 73 Destination

- 4. Browse to select an output path for your DNA Report.
- **5.** A report name is generated by default. You can give your DNA Report a different name by typing the name in the Report Name text field.
- 6. Click Finish.

Your DNA Report (Figure 74) is saved with the name and parameters you assigned to it in the location you specified.

📓 M	icrosoft Exc	el - Test5_0	DNAReport.	CS¥								
:2	<u>F</u> ile <u>E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew <u>I</u> nse	ert F <u>o</u> rmat	<u>T</u> ools <u>D</u> a	ata <u>W</u> indov	v <u>H</u> elp A	do <u>b</u> e PDF					
1	💕 🖬 🕻		🛕 🖤 🛍	X 🖬	<u>* - 4</u>	17 - (1 -	😣 Σ 🗸		100%	- 🕜 📮	Arial	
5	SnagIt 🛃											
_	-	Share As Ap			ettings							
-	A1						niacte\GT		5 DNARepo	art dev		
	A	B /		D	E	F	G	H		.1	К	
1		t on C:\Tes	tData\Rep	ositorv\Proi								
2								utoff = 0.15	00			
3	Row	DNA_Nam	#No_Calls	#Calls	Call_Rate	A/A_Freq	A/B_Freq	B/B_Freq	Minor_Free	50%_GC_	10%_GC_3	0/1
4	1	15132710C	38487	522979	0.9315	0.3234	0.2877	0.3889	0.4672	0.4541	0.2477	1
5	2	151327100		522969	0.9314		0.2866		0.467	0.4541	0.2476	1
6		151327100		522970	0.9314		0.2877		0.4672	0.4541	0.2477	1
7		151327100		522952	0.9314	0.3237	0.2866	0.3897	0.467	0.4541	0.2476	1
8		151327100		522970	0.9314	0.3234	0.2877	0.3889	0.4672	0.4541	0.2477	1
9	6	15132710C	38514	522952	0.9314	0.3237	0.2866	0.3897	0.467	0.4541	0.2476	1
10												
11												
12												
13												
14												
15												
16												
17												
18 19												
20												
20												
21												
22												
23												

Figure 74 Sample DNA Report

**Column** The DNA Report includes the columns described in Table 1. **Descriptions** 

### Table 1 DNA Report - Column Descriptions

Column Name	Description
Row	Row number
DNA_Name	DNA name
#No_Calls	Number of loci with GenCall scores below the call region threshold (Tools   Options   Flags)
#Calls	Number of loci with GenCall score above the call region threshold
Call_Freq	Call frequency, or call rate, calculated as follows: #Calls/(#No_Calls + #Calls)

Column Name	Description
A/A_Freq	Frequency of homozygote allele A calls
A/B_Freq	Frequency of heterozygote calls
B/B_Freq	Frequency of homozygote allele B calls
	Frequency of the minor allele
Minor_Freq	If the number of AA < number of BB for a sample, the frequency for the minor allele A for that sample is (2*AAs + ABs) for the sample divided by (2*AAs + ABs + BBs) for the sample across all loci.
50%_GC_Score	GenCall score at the 50% rank when scores are ranked for all loci
10%_GC_Score	GenCall score at the 10% rank when scores are ranked for all loci
0/1	A formula determines whether a sample is recommended for inclusion or exclusion. 0 = Remove 1 = Include

### Table 1 DNA Report - Column Descriptions (continued)

## Locus Summary Report

The Locus Summary Report is a comma-delimited text file (.csv file) that includes the columns described in Table 2.

To generate a Locus Summary Report:

1. Run the Report Wizard by selecting Analysis | Reports | Report Wizard.

The Report Type dialog appears.

2. Select Locus Summary Report (Figure 72).

Report Wizard - Rep	ort Type					
	Genotyping Report What type of report would you like to generate?					
C Final Report		Locus Summar	ry			
C DNA Report		C Locus × DNA				
	Cancel	< Back	Next > Finish			

Figure 75 Locus Summary Report Selected

3. Click Next.

The Destination dialog appears (Figure 76).



Figure 76 Destination - Locus Summary

- **4.** Browse to select an output path for your Locus Summary Report.
- **5.** A report name is generated by default. You can give your Locus Summary Report a different name by typing the name in the Report Name text field.
- 6. Click Finish.

Your Locus Summary Report (Figure 77) is saved with the name and parameters you assigned to it in the location you specified.

M	icrosoft Exc	el - Test5_	LocusSumm	ary.csv								
: 🗷	<u>File E</u> dit	<u>V</u> iew Inse	ert F <u>o</u> rmat	<u>T</u> ools <u>D</u> a	ita <u>W</u> indov	, <u>H</u> elp A	do <u>b</u> e PDF					
: n	pa 📮 🕞		🛕   🖤 🛍		<b>n</b> - 🍼 🗆	0 - 01 -	😣 Σ 🕶	AL ZI N	100%	• •	Arial	
							- 6-9 -	21 41 1	-		-	
: 9	SnagIt 🛃	Window	•	Ŧ	_	_						
2	🛃 📮 🕄	Share As Ap	plication	🔊 WebEx S	ettings 💂 🤅	<u> </u>						
	A1	<b>-</b>	<b>∱</b> Locus S	ummary or	C:\TestDa	ta\Reposit	ory\Project:	s\GT\Test5'	Test5_Loci	usSummar	/.csv	
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н		J	K	L
1	Locus Sum	mary on C	:\TestData\	Repository\	Projects\G	T\Test5\Te	st5_Locus8	Summary.c	sv			
2			#DNAs =									
			Illumicode	#No_Calls		Call_Freq	A/A_Freq	A/B_Freq	B/B_Freq	Minor_Fre		
4			9.05E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0		
5	-		9.06E+08	0	6	1	1	0	-	-		
6	-		9.04E+08	0	6	1	1	0	-	-		
7			9.02E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	-	0.11 844	-
8	-		9.05E+08	0	6	1	1	0	-	0		
9	-		9.07E+08	0	6	1	1	0	-	-		
10			9.02E+08	0	6	1	0.5	0	0.0	0.5		
11	8	MitoA1326	9.01E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.7128	3 0.2
12	-		9.06E+08	0	6	1	1	0	-	-		
13			9.07E+08	0	6	1	1	0				
14	11	MitoA1458	9.07E+08	3	3	0.5	1	0	0	0	0.7312	2 0.3
15	12	MitoA1521	9.03E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.6644	0.2
16			9.06E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0			0.2
17			9.04E+08	0	6	1	0.5	0.5				
18	15	MitoA1575	9.08E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.722	2 0
19	16	MitoA1592	9.02E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.7038	3 0.2
20	17	MitoA1616	9.01E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.6955	5 0.2
21	18	MitoA1616	9.04E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.722	2 0
22	19	MitoA1738	9.07E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.7161	0.3
23	20	MitoA3349	9.03E+08	0	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.7038	3 0.2
24	21	MitoA3481	9.03E+08	<u> </u>	6	1	1	0	0	0	0.7038	1 0.2

Figure 77 Sample Locus Summary Report

ColumnThe Locus Summary Report includes the columns described in<br/>Table 2.

### Table 2 Locus Summary Report - Column Descriptions

Column	Description
Row	Row number
Locus_Name	Locus name from the Manifest
IllumiCode_Name	Locus ID from the Manifest
#No_Calls	Number of samples with GenCall score below the call region threshold ( <b>Tools   Options   Flags</b> )
#Calls	Number of samples with GenCall score above the call region threshold

Column	Description
Call_Freq	Call frequency, or call rate, calculated as follows: #Calls/(#No_Calls + #Calls)
A/A_Freq	Frequency of homozygote allele A calls
A/B_Freq	Frequency of heterozygote calls
B/B_Freq	Frequency of homozygote allele B calls
	Frequency of the minor allele
Minor_Freq	If the number of AA < number of BB for a sample, the frequency for the minor allele A for that sample is (2*AAs + ABs) for the sample divided by (2*AAs + ABs + BBs) for the sample across all loci.
GenTrain_Score	A number between 0 and 1 indicating how well the samples clustered for this locus
50%_GC_Score	GenCall score at the 50th percentile when scores are ranked for all samples
10%_GC_Score	GenCall score at the 10th percentile when scores are ranked for all samples
Het_Excess_Freq	Heterozygote excess frequency, calculated as (Observed - Expected)/Expected for the heterozygote class. If $f_{AB}$ is the heterozygote frequency observed at a locus, and $p$ and $q$ are the major and minor allele frequencies, then het excess is defined as: $(f_{AB} - 2pq)/(2pq + \varepsilon)$
	The $\varepsilon$ value regularizes the estimation of heterozygote excess frequency. This reduces the variance of the estimation for cases of extremely low minor allele frequency.
ChiTest_P100	Hardy-Weinberg p-value estimate calculated using genotype frequency. The value is calculated with 1 degree of freedom and normalized to 100 individuals.
Cluster_Sep	Cluster separation score
AA_T_Mean	Mean of the normalized theta angles for the AA genotype

### Table 2 Locus Summary Report - Column Descriptions

### Table 2 Locus Summary Report - Column Descriptions

Column	Description
AA_T_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized theta angles for the AA genotype
AB_T_Mean	Mean of the normalized theta angles for the AB genotype
AB_T_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized theta angles for the AB genotype
BB_T_Mean	Mean of the normalized theta angles for the BB genotypes
BB_T_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized theta angles for the BB genotypes
AA_R_Mean	Mean of the normalized r-values for the AA genotypes
AA_R_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized r-values for the AA genotypes
AB_R_Mean	Mean of the normalized r-values for the AB genotypes
AB_R_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized r-values for the AB genotypes
BB_R_Mean	Mean of the normalized r-values for the BB genotypes
BB_R_Std	Standard deviation of the normalized r-values for the BB genotypes

Part # 11319113 Rev. A

## Locus x DNA Report

To generate a Locus x DNA Report:

1. Run the Report Wizard by selecting Analysis | Reports | Report Wizard.

The Report Type dialog appears.

2. Select Locus x DNA Report (Figure 72).

Report Wizard - Report Type			
Genotyping Report What type of report would you like to generate?		illumina	
C Final Report	C Locus Summary		
C DNA Report	Locus × DNA		
	Cancel < Back	Next > Finish	

Figure 78 Locus x DNA Selected

3. Click Next.

The Destination dialog appears (Figure 79).

Report Wizard - Destination	
Genotyping Report Where would you like to save your report?	illumina
Output Path C:\TestData\Repository\Projects\GT\Test5	Browse
Report Name Test5_LocusXDNA	
Cancel < Back	Next > Finish

Figure 79 Destination - Locus x DNA

- **4.** Browse to select an output path for your Locus x DNA Report.
- **5.** A report name is generated by default. You can give your Locus x DNA Report a different name by typing the name in the Report Name text field.
- 6. Click Finish.
- **7.** Your Locus x DNA Report (Figure 80) is saved with the name and parameters you assigned to it in the location you specified.
| M   | icrosoft   | Ежс  | el - Test5_        | LocusXI        | DNA.  | CSV             |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
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| 4   |  | Π    | ProjectId          | Test5          | Loc   | Project Na      | ame    |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        | -  |         |    |      |
| 5   |  | -    |                    |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        | -  |         | -  |      |
|     | Genom  | eSt  | GenCall S          | oftware        | Vers  | sion            |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
| 7   |  |      |                    |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
| 8   |  | 6    | Number D           | NAs            |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
| 9   |  |      |                    |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
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| 11  | oligoPo  | ollc | recordTyp          | data           |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
|     |  |      | Gentrain S         | Scores         |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      | 0.695455  |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
|     | Human  |      |                    |                |       |                 | 4 Mit  | DA1055        | MitoA11        | 125 | MitoA11           | 46   | MitoA1181 | Mit | :oA1230 | Mit | oA1310 | Mi | toA1326 | δM | itoA |
|     |  |      | ilmnStrand         | 4              |       | В               | Т      |               | В              |     | В                 |      | Т         | Т   |         | В   |        | Т  |         | Т  |      |
|     |  |      | locusids           |                |       | 1               |        | 2             |                | 3   |                   | 4    | 5         |     | 6       |     | 7      |    | 8       | _  |      |
|     |  |      | locusNam           |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     |                   |      | MitoA1181 |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
|     |  |      | olicodeNa          | mes            |       |                 |        |               |                | -08 |                   |      | 9.05E+08  |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
|     | Human  |      |                    |                |       | T/C             | A/G    | ;             | T/C            |     | T/C               | _    | A/G       | A/( | 3       | T/C | >      | A/ | G       | A  | G    |
|     |  |      | GTS Locu           | data           |       |                 |        | _             |                | _   |                   |      |           |     |         |     |        |    |         | _  |      |
|     | Human  |      |                    |                |       | 1               |        |               |                | 3   |                   | 4    | 5         |     | 6       | _   | 7      |    | 8       |    |      |
|     |  |      | plateWell          |                |       |                 |        |               | status         | ~   | recordTy          | pe   | data      |     |         |     |        |    |         |    |      |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls             | - 11 |           | A   | 0.0407  | A   | 0.2904 | A  | 0.0004  | A  |      |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | Score_C           | ail  |           |     | 0.3107  |     | 0.2904 | 0  | 0.2904  | -  | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010<br>WG00010 |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls<br>Score C  | الم' |           | A   | 0.3107  | A   | 0.2904 | A  | 0.2904  | A  | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls             | an   |           | A   | 0.5107  | A   | 0.2904 | A  | 0.2904  | A  | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | Score C           | ۰    |           |     | 0.3107  |     | 0.2904 | ~  | 0.2904  |    | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls             | all  |           | A   | 0.5107  | A   | 0.2304 | A  | 0.2904  | A  | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | Score C           | الد  |           |     | 0.3107  |     | 0.2904 | ^  | 0.2904  |    | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls             | an   |           | A   | 0.0107  | A   | 0.2004 | A  | 0.2004  | A  | -    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | Score C           | all  |           |     | 0.3107  |     | 0.2904 |    | 0.2904  |    | 0    |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | calls             | ant  |           | А   | 0.0107  | A   | 0.2004 | A  | 0.2004  | A  |      |
|     |  |      | WG00010            |                |       |                 |        |               |                |     | Score C           | all  |           |     | 0.3107  |     | 0.2904 | ^  | 0.2904  |    | 0    |
| 34  | 101027   | .00  |                    | 1107 27        | 200   | a annann ra     | 101    | 52r 10l       | 1              | 0   | 0000-0            | ant  |           |     | 0.0107  | -   | 0.2004 | -  | 0.2004  | -  |      |
| 35  |  |      |                    |                |       |                 | -      |               |                |     |                   |      |           |     |         | -   |        | -  |         | -  |      |

Figure 80 Sample Locus x DNA Report

Column	The Locus x DNA Report is a comma-delimited text file (.csv file)
Descriptions	that includes the columns described in Table 3.

## Table 3 Locus x DNA Report - Column Descriptions

Column Name	Description
instituteLabel	Customer's unique sample ID for the DNA sample.
plateWell	Concatenation of the Sample Plate and Sample Well.
imageDate	Imaging date for that sample.
oligoPoolId	Name of the OPA (e.g., GS0001111-OPA)
bundleld	Identifier of the bundle which includes the array barcode + row + column + customer provided non-unique sample name.
status	Flag for whether or not these data came from the last run through Autogenopipe ( $0 = \text{last run}, >0 = \text{older runs}$ )
recordType	Identifies each row of data in the file as "calls" or "Score_Call". Each row of data in the file is for each DNA sample; there will be two rows of data for each DNA sample (one with "A", "B" or "H" = call and another with the corresponding Gencall score for that call)
data	Actual data (calls or scores) for each DNA sample and locus

## **Reproducibility and Heritability Report**

The Reproducibility and Heritability Report is the error output of the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

To generate a Reproducibility and Heritability Report:

#### 1. Select Analysis | Reports | Create Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

The Reproducibility and Heritability dialog appears (Figure 81).

Reproducibility a	and Heritability R	eport	? ×
Save in:	C SampleSheet	s 💽 🕑 📴 🖬 -	
My Recent Documents Desktop My Documents My Computer	<mark></mark>		
S	•		Þ
My Network Places	File name:	est5 Reproducibility and Heritability Report.csv	Save
Haces	Save as type:	CSV Files (*.csv)	Cancel

Figure 81 Reproducibility and Heritability

- 2. In the File Name text box, a default name appears for the report. You can leave the name as it is or make changes.
- **3.** In the Save In dropdown menu at the top of the screen or to the left of the main window, browse to the location where you would like to save the report.
- 4. Click Save to save the report.

The View Reproducibility and Heritability Report dialog box appears (Figure 82).



Figure 82 View Reproducibility and Heritability

- **5.** Do one of the following:
- Click Yes to view the Reproducibility and Heritability Report. The Reproducibility and Heritability Report appears (Figure 83).

Ele Edit Yew Inse	rt Format Iools Dat	a <u>Window</u> Help A	dobe PDF				Type a q
	2 7 12 3 4 4 12	3-319-0-	🥯 Σ - 24 Å.	100%	- 💀 🗧 Arial	- 10 - B Z U	臣 華 潮 🔛   \$ % • %
Snagit mindow	- 11						
54 57 1 (4) 1	in the second se						
A49 • )	B	C	D	-	F	G	н
A		C	U	E	F	G	н
1 Reproducibility and He							
2 Filename: Wreproduci	bility and Heritability Re	port.csv					
3 Run date: Tuesday	March 28	2006 8:58:47 AM	#LOCI = 4317	# DNAs =100	ProjectName = Report	GenCall Version = 6.3.0	Low GenCall Score Cutoff = 0.250
4							
D							
6 Duplicate Reproduct 7 Rep1 DNA Name	Rep2_DNA_Name	# Correct	#Errors	Total	Repro Freq		
B Sample 1	Sample 1 R	4281	# Errors	4281	Repro_Freq		
9 Sample_2	Sample_2_R	4103	209	4312	0.9755		
9 Sample_2 ID Sample 3	Sample_2_R Sample_3_R	4103	209	4312	0.9755		
1 Sample 4	Sample 4 R	4203	2	4263	0.9998		
	Sample_4_R	4311	6	4313	0.9990		
2	-						
4 P.C Heritability							
5 Parent DNA Name	Child DNA Name	# Correct	# Errors	Total	P-C Heritability Freq		
6 Sample 1	Sample 2	4292	4	4296	0.9990689		
7 Sample_3	Sample 4	4311	0	4311	0.5550005		
B B	a annane_4	9211		4311			
9							
0 P-P-C Heritability							
1 Parent1 DNA Name	Parent2 DNA Name	Child DNA Name	# Correct	#Errors	Total	P-P-C Heritability Freq	
22 Sample 5	Sample 6	Sample_7	4273	21	4294	0.9951	
3 Sample 8	Sample 9	Sample 10	4268	28	4296	0.9935	
4 Sample 11	Sample 12	Sample 13	4254	23	4277	0.9946	
25 Sample_14	Sample 15	Sample 16	4266	26	4292	0.9939	
s countrie 14	Sample_15	Gample_10	4200	20	44.74	0.0000	

Figure 83 Sample Reproducibility and Heritability Report

Click No if you do not want to view the Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

The Reproducibility and Heritability Report is saved at the location you specified, but it does not display. You can return to it later.

Column Descriptions and Examples The following sections include Reproducibility Report column descriptions, and examples of the three main report sections:

- Duplicate Reproducibility
- Parent-Child Heritability
- Parent-Parent-Child Heritability

### **Duplicate Reproducibility Columns**

Table 4 describes the columns of the Duplicate Reproducibility section of the Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

Column	Description
Rep1_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as replicate #1.
Rep2_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as replicate #2.
# Correct	Number of loci with consistent replicate genotype comparisons
# Errors	Number of loci with inconsistent replicate genotype comparisons
Total	Number of total genotype comparisons (one genotype comparison per locus per replicate pair). Does not include genotypes with intensities that fall below the no-call threshold (low GenCall Score Cutoff). Equals (# Correct + # Errors).
Repro_Freq	Reproducibility frequency, calculated as sqrt(1 - error rate). The error rate does not include genotype calls that fall below the no-call threshold.

#### Table 4 Reproducibility and Heritability Report - Duplicate Reproducibility

Table 5 is an example of the Duplicate Reproducibility section of a Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

#### Table 5 Example - Duplicate Reproducibility

Rep1 Genotype	Rep2 Genotype	# Correct	# Errors	Repro_Freq
AB	AB	1	0	1
AA	AB	0	1	0
AA	BB	0	1	0
AA	No call	0	0	NAN

## Parent-Child Heritability Columns

Table 6 describes the columns of the Parent-Child Heritability section of the Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

#### Table 6 Reproducibility and Heritability Report - P-C Heritability

Column	Description
Parent_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as parent in a P-C relationship.
Child_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as child in a P-C relationship.
# Correct	Number of loci with consistent Parent-Child genotype comparisons
# Errors	Number of loci with inconsistent Parent-Child genotype comparisons
Total	Number of total genotype comparisons (one genotype comparison per locus per Parent-Child pair). Does not include genotype comparisons with intensities that fall below the no-call threshold (low GenCall Score Cutoff). Equals (# Correct + # Errors).
PC_Heritability_Freq	Heritability frequency calculated as (# Correct / # Total)

Table 7 is an example of the Parent-Child Heritability section of a Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

Parent Genotype	Child Genotype	# Correct	# Errors	P-C Heritability Freq
AA	BB	0	1	0
AA	AB	1	0	1
AA	No call	0	0	NAN

#### Table 7 Example - Parent-Child Heritability

### Parent-Parent-Child Heritability Columns

Table 8 describes the columns of the Parent-Parent-Child Heritability section of the Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

#### Table 8 Reproducibility and Heritability Report - P-P-C Heritability

Column	Description
Parent1_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as parent #1 in a P-P-C relationship.
Parent2_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as parent #2 in a P-P-C relationship.
Child_DNA_Name	Name of the sample designated as child in a P-P-C relationship.
# Correct	Number of loci with consistent Parent1-Child <b>and</b> Parent2-Child genotype comparisons
# Errors	Number of loci with inconsistent Parent1-Child <b>or</b> Parent2-Child genotype comparisons
Total	Number total of loci that contribute to the trio heritability analysis. Does not include loci where Parent1, Parent2 or Child have genotypes with intensities that fall below the no-call threshold (low GenCall Score Cutoff).
P-P-C Heritability Freq	Heritability frequency calculated as (# Correct / # Total)

Table 9 is an example of the Parent-Parent-Child Heritability section of a Reproducibility and Heritability Report.

Parent 1 Genotype	Parent 2 Genotype	Child Genotype	# Correct	# Errors	P-P-C Heritability Freq
AA	BB	AB	1	0	1
AA	AA	BB	0	1	0
AA	AB	BB	0	1	0
AA	No call	AB	0	0	NAN

## Table 9 Example - Parent-Parent-Child Heritability

# Chapter 7 Performing LOH and Copy Number Analysis

## Topics

102 Introdu	ction
-------------	-------

- 102 B Allele Frequency
- 104 Log R Ratio
- 107 CNV Analysis
- 112 Plug-ins

## Introduction

GenomeStudio provides visualization tools and detection algorithms to analyze both single and paired samples for loss of heterozygosity (LOH) and copy number (CN) changes.

In the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module, the primary tool for displaying the results of LOH or CN analysis is the Illumina Genome Viewer (IGV). For more information about the IGV, see the GenomeStudio Framework User Guide.

This chapter describes the tools you can use for LOH and copy number analysis:

- B allele frequency
- Log R ratio
- Algorithm plug-ins
  - Autobookmarking plug-ins
  - CNV Analysis plug-ins
  - Column plug-ins
  - Report plug-ins

## **B** Allele Frequency

The B Allele Freq for a sample shows the theta value for a SNP, corrected for cluster position. Cluster positions are generated from a large set of normal individuals. The B Allele Frequency can also be referred to as "copy angle" or "allelic composition."

It is easier to visualize genotyping data for all SNPs within a chromosomal region using B Allele Freq rather than theta values. This is true because B Allele Freq exhibits less locus-to-locus variation than the theta values for a given sample.

The transformation of theta values to allele frequencies allows for improved measurements and better visualization of both LOH and copy number changes.

B allele freq is described by the following equation. B allele freq

- = 0 if theta < tAA
- = 0.5 \* (theta tAA) / (tAB tAA) if theta < tAB
- = 0.5 + 0.5 \* (theta tAB) / (tBB tAB) if theta < tBB
- = 1 if theta >= tBB

where:

- tAA = mean theta value of all genotypes in the AA cluster plotted in polar normalized coordinates
- tAB = mean theta value of all genotypes in the AB cluster plotted in polar normalized coordinates
- tBB = mean theta value of all genotypes in the BB cluster plotted in polar normalized coordinates

Figure 84 shows a comparison of plotting theta and B Allele Freq for the same sample on chromosome 5. The B Allele Freq plot exhibits less variation than the theta value plot. Notice the three clusters representing two homozygote clusters and one heterozygote cluster.



B Allele Freq is set to NAN for loci included in the "IntensityOnly" category. These are markers such as non-polymorphic probes which do not provide genotypes, or SNP markers showing unusual clustering patterns during the standard clustering process.



Figure 84 Theta vs. B Allele Frequency

## Log R Ratio

The Log R Ratio subcolumn is based on normalized intensity data. In single-sample analysis mode, the Log R Ratio for a sample is the log (base 2) ratio of the normalized R value for the SNP divided by the expected normalized R value.

For loci included in GenomeStudio statistics such as Call Rate, the expected R value is computed by linear interpolation of the R value at the SNP's theta value for a sample, relative to the R values of the surrounding clusters. Because no clusters are generated for loci in the "Intensity Only" category, the Log R Ratio for these loci is adjusted so that the expected R value is based on the weighted mean of the cluster itself. The Log R Ratio is displayed the same way for these loci as it is for loci included in GenomeStudio statistics in tools such as the IGV.

In paired-sample analysis mode, the Log R Ratio for a sample is the log (base 2) ratio of the normalized R value for the SNP from your subject sample divided by the normalized R value from your reference sample. In this case, the R values from the clusters are not used.

For example, if for a given sample and SNP with:

- A theta value of 0.2
- an AA cluster at theta = 0.1, R = 1.5
- an AB cluster at theta = 0.4, R = 2.5

The estimated R at theta for the sample is:

0.2 is 1.5 + (0.2-0.1) \* (2.5-1.5) / (0.4-0.1) = 1.83.

If the R value for the SNP is 1.6, the Log R Ratio is:

 $\log_2(1.6/1.83) = -0.196.$ 

Figure 85 shows an example of a log R ratio plot.



In Figure 85, a region of LOH is shown. This LOH event is demonstrated by a decrease in the log R ratio. The red line in the log R ratio plot indicates a smoothing series with a 200kb moving average window.

## **CNV** Analysis

GenomeStudio includes a CNV analysis workflow and related visualization tools which provide access to CNV algorithms and allow you to display algorithm results for all samples across the entire genome. CNV Analysis algorithms are provided as plugins by Illumina and our partners.

A CNV Analysis computes CNV Value and CNV Confidence for chromosomal regions in each sample. CNV Value usually represents an estimated copy number, while CNV Confidence is a relative score indicating confidence in the accuracy of the copy number estimate.

## Creating a CNV Analysis

To create a CNV analysis:

### 1. Go to Analysis | CNV Analysis.

The CNV Analysis dialog appears (Figure 86).

Create New CNV Analysis							
	•	Calculate	New CNV Analysis	VV Analysis Na	ame		
🗖 Calculate Only	Selected Samples	<b>:</b> 2↓   ⊂	3				
Copy # 0 DarkRed	<b>_</b>						
Copy # 1 📃 DarkOrange							
Copy # 2 DarkGreen	•						
Copy # 3 DarkBlue	<b>_</b>						
Copy # 4+ BlueViolet	•						
Copy # 4+ BlueViolet Current CNV Analyses	Version	Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	 
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	 
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	 
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	
Current CNV Analyses		Samples	Created	Bins	Minimum	Maximum	

Figure 86 CNV Analysis

2. Select a CNV algorithm from the dropdown list.



You must have previously installed one or more CNV analysis plug-ins in order for them to appear in the dropdown list.

- 3. [Optional] Select the Calculate Only Selected Samples checkbox.
- **4.** [Optional] Change the CNV Analysis name.
- 5. [Optional] Adjust the CNV Analysis input parameters.
- 6. Click Calculate New CNV Analysis.

The CNV analysis begins, and a progress message appears.

When the analysis is complete, the CNV Region Display appears (Figure 87).

For more information about the CNV Region Display, see "Viewing the CNV Analysis Region Display" on page 109.

7. In the CNV Analysis dialog, click **OK**. The CNV Analysis dialog closes.

Selecting the	To select the active CNV Analysis:
Active CNV Analysis	<ol> <li>In the Current CNV Analyses area of the CNV Analysis dialog, select the CNV analysis you want to make active.</li> </ol>
	2. Click OK.
	The analysis you selected is now active.
	The active CNV analysis is the analysis used in the CNV Region Display and in the Full Data Table.
Deleting a	To delete a CNV analysis:
CNV Analysis	In the CNV Analysis dialog, right-click on the analysis you want to delete and select <b>Remove Analysis</b> .
	The analysis you selected is deleted from the list of available CNV analyses.
Viewing the CNV Analysis Region Display	The CNV Analysis Region Display is a heat map that shows copy number values for all samples across the genome. Samples are displayed on the X-axis and chromosomal position is displayed on the Y-axis.
	To view the CNV Analysis Region Display:
	<ol> <li>In the GenomeStudio main window, select Analysis   Show CNV Region Display.</li> </ol>
	The CNV Analysis Region Display appears (Figure 87).



Figure 87 CNV Region Display



The active CNV analysis appears in the CNV Analysis Region Display window.

The legend in the upper right of the CNV Region Display window shows the colors assigned to bins that represent copy number value ranges.

When you mouse over a region, information about that region displays in the status bar at the bottom of the window.

To view data at a higher resolution, use the mouse wheel to zoom in.

110

Viewing CNV Analysis Data in the Full Data Table To view CNV analysis data in the Full Data Table:

- 1. In the Full Data Table, select **Column Chooser**. The Column Chooser dialog appears.
- 2. In the Hidden Subcolumns area, select CNV Value and CNV Confidence.
- 3. Click Show.
- 4. Click OK.

The CNV Value and CNV Confidence Columns appear in the Full Data Table



CNV Value and CNV Confidence are calculated differently by each CNV algorithm. CNV Confidence may not be computed by some CNV algorithms.

Converting CNV Analysis Data into Bookmarks To convert CNV analysis data into bookmarks:

 In the IGV, select View | CNV Analysis as Bookmarks. The Display CNV Analysis dialog appears (Figure 88).

Display CNV	/ Analysis						_ [	X
Select the CNV Analysis to Display as Bookmarks cnvPartition 0.9.4							•	
Create Colo	r Palette							
Minimum	Maximum		Color		Fill Sty	le	Opacity	
0	- <u>J</u>	0.5	DarkRed	•	Solid	•	-]	
0.5	- <u>J</u>	1.5	DarkOrang	e 💌	Solid	•		
1.5	_ <u>_</u>	2.5	DarkGreen	•	Solid	•		
2.5	<u>_</u>	3.5	DarkBlue	•	Solid	•		
3.5		4.5	BlueViolet	•	Solid	•		
	0	к				Cancel		//



2. Select the CNV Analysis to display as bookmarks.

3. Click OK.

The CNV analysis is converted into bookmarks and becomes the active bookmark analysis in the IGV and ICB.

## **Plug-ins**

Illumina provides several types of plug-ins that you can use for LOH visualization, copy number analysis, or other types of analysis. Plug-ins are available from the GenomeStudio Portal. You can install one or more plug-ins after installing the GenomeStudio Framework and at least one software module.

- Autobookmarking plug-ins are external code libraries that create bookmarks in the IGV based on data that appears in GenomeStudio tables and on chromosomal position information. You can access autobookmarking plug-ins from the IGV Analysis menu.
- CNV Analysis plug-ins are external code libraries that create CNV Analyses in GenomeStudio. For more information about CNV analysis in GenomeStudio, see "CNV Analysis" on page 107.
- Column plug-ins are external code libraries that create new subcolumns based on data that appears in GenomeStudio tables. You can access column plug-ins by selecting Analysis I Create Plug-In Column from the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module main window.
- Report plug-ins are customized report formats provided by third parties. These plug-ins must be downloaded and installed in the correct directory before they are available in GenomeStudio.

## Using Autobookmarking Plug-ins

You can view the bookmarks created by an autobookmarking plug-in in the IGV, the ICB, and the Bookmark Viewer.

To apply autobookmarking algorithms to your data, perform the following steps:

 After your data have been loaded into GenomeStudio, select Tools | Show Genome Viewer to launch the IGV. The IGV appears, with the Add Favorite Data Plots form prominent (Figure 89).

Illumina Genome Viewer (IGV) - Microarra	-		- 🗆 ×
File Edit View Data Analysis Help			
Add Favorite Data Plots Form		_ <b>_ _ _ _</b>	1
IGV Dat Table Source			
Edit • GT Samples •			
Data PI Sample Name	Favorite Dat	ta Plote	
Sample			
Table I 1513271004_A_gt			
□ 1513271004_A_gt			
□ 1513271004_A_id □ 1513271005_A_gt			
1513271005_A_gt			
□ 1513271005_A_id			
SubColumn Names	==>		
SubColumns	<b>A</b>		
XRaw YRaw			
Theta			
Pc B Allele Freq	<b>-</b>		
Ne	0K Cance	el 1	
Line Style: Solid Line Width:			
Smooth Series			
Positive Red	-4		
Negative Black			
Line Style:			
Line Width:			
	-		
Data Properties Display Properties			
Ready.			.::

Figure 89 Illumina Genome Viewer

2. Select the data plots you want to view (Figure 90).

Add Favorite Data Plots Forn	n			×
Table Source				
GT Samples	•			
Sample Name			Favorite Data Plots	
Sample				
✓ 1513271004_A_gt				
<ul> <li>✓ 1513271004_A_gt</li> <li>✓ 1513271004_A_id</li> </ul>				
☑ 1513271005_A_gt				
☑ 1513271005_A_gt				
☑ 1513271005_A_id				
SubColumn Names		==>		
SubColumns	▲			
☑ × Raw				
Y Raw				
☑ Score ☑ Theta				
I R R				
B Allele Freq	<b>_</b>			
	OK		Cancel	

Figure 90 Favorite Data Plots Selected

3. Click OK.

The IGV becomes prominent (Figure 91).

Illumina Genome Viewer (IGV) - Microarray -		_ 🗆 X
File Edit View Data Analysis Help		
Active Genome: Human:Build 36.1		
IGV Data Workspace 7 ×	Genome Viewer	4 Þ ×
Edit 👻 🔄 Update 🛛 Immediate Mode		
Data Plots		
	1 (11) (11) (11) (11) (11)	
Table Name Sample SubColumns	1 (1111) at 2 (1111) at 2	
Data Series		
Positive Blue		
Negative Black		
Line Style: Solid		
Line Width: [screen pixels]		
Smooth Series		
Positive Red		
Negative Black 💌		
Line Style:		
Line Width:		
<b></b>		
Data Properties Display Properties		
Ready.		.:
F: 01 /01/		

Figure 91 IGV

## 4. Select Analysis | Run Autobookmark.

The Autobookmark Analysis dialog appears (Figure 92).

Auto-Bookmark Analysis			
Active Module: Genotyping			
Select Auto-Bookmark Analysis Algorithm			
Select Auto-Bookmark Analysis Algonithin	l.		
Algorithm Name	Author	Version	Description
ChromoZone.NET	Illumina,inc.	0.8.0	Detects chromosomal aberrations in single sample mode.
Homozygosity Detector	Illumina,inc.	1.0.3	Detects stretches of homozygosity (copy-neutral LOH) and LOH in single sample mode.
•			
<u> </u>			/
Name of Bookmark Analysis:			
Comments:			
,			
	<< Previous		Next>> Close

Figure 92 Autobookmark Analysis

The autobookmarking algorithms you have installed appear in the list of available algorithms.

- 5. Click an algorithm name to select an algorithm.
- **6.** Enter a name for your bookmark analysis in the Name of Bookmark Analysis text field.

The bookmark analysis name will be visible in the Data View area under Bookmark Analyses.



You can display the results of any bookmark analysis you have previously run by clicking its name in the Bookmark Analyses area.

- 7. [Optional] Enter comments in the Comments text field.
- 8. Click **Next** to advance to the next dialog.
- **9.** If the algorithm you want to use has editable properties, make selections from the available options.



You may not be able to edit the input parameters of some algorithms supplied by Illumina.

If you cannot edit the input parameters, you will see the following message displayed in red, in the upper right-hand corner of the dialog: Algorithm doesn't expose input parameters.

Continue to Step 8.

#### 10. Click Next.

**11.** Select the samples you want to include in this autobookmarking analysis.

You can select all samples or any combination of samples provided that pairs are selected for the paired sample analysis (Figure 93).

🚟 Auto-Bookmark A	inalysis				
Select Samples for Anal	lysis:				
<ul> <li>Rep1_1 (1)</li> <li>Rep1_2 (2)</li> <li>Rep2_1 (3)</li> <li>Rep2_2 (4)</li> <li>Rep3_1 (5)</li> <li>Rep4_2 (6)</li> <li>Rep4_2 (8)</li> <li>Rep4_3 (9)</li> <li>Rep5_1 (10)</li> <li>Rep5_1 (10)</li> <li>Rep5_3 (12)</li> <li>Rep5_4 (13)</li> <li>Rep6_1 (14)</li> <li>Rep6_2 (15)</li> <li>I</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PC2_Parent [20]</li> <li>PC3_Child [21]</li> <li>PC4_Child [22]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>PPC3_Parent2 [31]</li> <li>NA0032 [32]</li> <li>NA0032 [33]</li> <li>Redo1 [34]</li> <li>Redo1 [35]</li> <li>NA0036 [36]</li> <li>NA0036 [36]</li> <li>NA0038 [38]</li> <li>NA0038 [38]</li> <li>NA0039 [39]</li> <li>NA0040 [40]</li> <li>NA0040 [40]</li> <li>NA0042 [42]</li> <li>NA0042 [42]</li> <li>NA0043 [43]</li> <li>NA0045 [45]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NA0046 [46]</li> <li>NA0047 [47]</li> <li>NA0048 [48]</li> <li>NA0049 [48]</li> <li>NA0050 [50]</li> <li>NA0051 [51]</li> <li>NA0052 [52]</li> <li>NA0052 [52]</li> <li>NA0053 [53]</li> <li>NA0056 [56]</li> <li>NA0056 [56]</li> <li>NA0056 [56]</li> <li>NA0058 [57]</li> <li>NA0058 [59]</li> <li>NA0059 [59]</li> <li>NA0050 [50]</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NA0061 [61]</li> <li>NA0062 [62]</li> <li>NA0063 [63]</li> <li>NA0064 [64]</li> <li>NA0065 [65]</li> <li>NA0066 [66]</li> <li>NA0067 [67]</li> <li>NA0068 [68]</li> <li>NA0070 [70]</li> <li>NA0071 [71]</li> <li>NA0072 [72]</li> <li>NA0072 [72]</li> <li>NA0074 [74]</li> <li>NA0075 [75]</li> </ul>	Select All
	<< Pre	vious Next	>>	Close	11

Figure 93 Selecting Samples for Analysis

12. Click Next to advance to the next dialog (Figure 94).

Auto-Bookmark Analysis	-	
Select Chromosome for Analysis:           1         16           2         17           3         18           4         19           5         20           6         21           7         22           8         X           9         Y           10         11           12         13           14         15	Select All Unselect All	
	<< Previous Next >> Close	//

Figure 94 Selecting Chromosomes for Analysis

 Select one or more chromosomes for analysis.
 You can select all chromosomes or any combination of chromosomes.

#### 14. Click Next to advance to the next dialog (Figure 95).

🚰 Auto-Bookmark Analysis			
Press to Start Analysis:	Start	Abort	
	<< Previous	Next>> Close	li

Figure 95 Autobookmark Analysis

**15.** Click **Start** to run the autobookmarking analysis.

The algorithm progress bar appears.

The Algorithm Message Log shows the progress as the algorithm is applied to your data.

**16.** When the analysis is complete, a message appears in the Algorithm Message Log (Figure 96).

🚰 Auto-Bookmark Analysis					<u>_                                    </u>
Press to Start Analysis:	Start		Abort		
Algorithm Message Log:					
Analyzing sample "NA0093 [93]" Getting sample "NA0094 [94]" data					
Analyzing sample "NA0094 [94]" Getting sample "NA0095 [95]" data					
Analyzing sample "NA0095 [95]" Getting sample "NA0096 [96]" data					
Analyzing sample "NA0096 [96]"					
Found 2 bookmarks. Elapsed Analysis Time = 0 Hours : 0 M	inutes : 40 Seconds				
Analysis is complete!	inales : 40 Seconds				
Analysis is complete!					-
4					Þ
	<< Previous	Next >>		Close	
			-		

Figure 96 Analysis is Complete

17. Click Close.

Bookmarks appear in the IGV, the ICB, the Bookmark Viewer, and the Full Data Table.

Using Column Plug-Ins All column plug-ins are accessed and run through the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module main window. The results of applying the column plug-ins appear in the Full Data Table, the IGV, and the ICB.

To apply column plug-ins to your data, perform the following steps:

1. In the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module main window, select Analysis | Create Plug-In Column.

The Select Column Plug-In Form dialog appears (Figure 97).

ect Column Plugin				
			lumn name, GenomeStudio will cr	eate the new column by
assing the project data to th				
ColumnPlugin is an algorithr ccording to project specific (	n written in C# using the I data. Details of generating	ColumnPlugin interf La ColumnPlugin ca	iace. It allows the user to customi an be found in the documentation	ze calculated columns i.
		_		
lew Subcolumn Name				
Name	Version	Author	Default Column Name	Description
•				
				_
Column Plugin Properties				
				OK Cancel

Figure 97 Select Column Plug-In Form

- **2.** In the column plug-ins table, click to select a row from the list of available column plug-ins.
- **3.** [Optional] Type a name for the subcolumn in the New Subcolumn Name text field.
- **4.** [Optional] Edit the pre-defined properties of a column by clicking in the right-hand column of the Column Plug-In Properties table and entering new values.
- 5. Click OK.

The new subcolumn is created and appears in the Full Data Table. You can also view the results of applying this algorithm in available visualization tools.

## Chapter 8 User Interface Reference

Topics

- 122 Introduction
- 123 Detachable Docking Windows
  - 123 Graph Window
  - 126 Data Table
  - 136 Samples Table
  - 143 Project Window
  - 144 Log Window
- 145 Main Window Menus
- 151 Graph Window Toolbar
- 153 Table Windows Toolbar
- 155 Context Menus

## Introduction

The GenomeStudio Genotyping Module user interface provides tools for loading intensity files, running the clustering algorithm, browsing loci, and displaying them graphically. Figure 98 shows the default window configuration of the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.



Figure 98 GenomeStudio Genotyping Module Default View

## **Detachable Docking Windows**

Detachable docking windows provide a flexible way to customize GenomeStudio's user interface to suit your analysis needs.

The following sections describe each of the Genotyping Module's detachable docking windows and their component tabs.

**Graph Window** The graph window contains the SNP Graph by default. In the graph window, you can toggle among the SNP Graph, the Sample Graph, the Errors Table, and the SNP Graph Alt.

## **SNP** Graph

The SNP Graph plots all samples for the currently selected SNP in the Full Data Table or SNP Table (Figure 99).



## Sample Graph

The Sample Graph (Figure 100) displays all SNPs for the currently-selected sample in the Samples Table. The SNPs are colored according to their genotype calls. Use the Sample Graph to evaluate sample quality.



Figure 100 Sample Graph

### **Errors Table**

The Errors Table (Figure 101) lists any reproducibility errors or parent-child heritability errors found in the data loaded into GenomeStudio.

Error Type	Child/Re p Index	Child/Rep	Child/Re p GType	Parent1/ Rep Index	Parent1/Rep	Perent1/ Rep GType	Parent2 Index	Parent2	Parent2 GType	SNP Index	SNP Name
ype	b noex	1.000	p Grype	Index	a second second	GType	andex	Constant of	Glype	andex	10000000000

Figure 101 Errors Table

## The columns in the Errors Table are listed and described in Table 10.

## Table 10Errors Table Columns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Error Index	Row index of the error	integer	Y
Error Type	Type of error: Rep—Reproducibility P-C—Parent-Child heritability P-P-C—Parent-Parent-Child heritability	string	Y
Child/Rep Index	Sample index of the child sample involved in the error	integer	Y
Child/Rep	Sample ID of the child sample involved in the error	string	Y
Child/Rep GType	For a parental relationship error, the genotype of the child.	string	Y
Parent1/Rep Index	Sample index of the Parent1 sample involved in the error	integer	Y
Parent1/Rep	Sample ID of the Parent1 sample involved in the error	string	Y
Parent1/Rep GType	For a parental relationship error, the genotype of Parent1. For a replicate error, the genotype of replicate 1.	string	Y
Parent2 Index	Sample index of the Parent2 sample involved in the error	integer	Y
Parent2	Sample ID of the Parent2 sample involved in the error	string	Y
Parent2 GType	For a parental relationship error, the genotype of Parent2. For a replicate error, the genotype of replicate 2.	string	Y
SNP Index	Index number of the SNP where the error occurred.	integer	Y
SNP Name	Name of the SNP where the error occurred.	string	Y

## SNP Graph Alt

The SNP Graph Alt (Figure 102) is an alternate SNP graph that you can display along with the SNP Graph to compare different views within GenomeStudio.



Figure 102 SNP Graph Alt

**Data Table** The Data Table contains the Full Data Table by default. In the Data Table, you can toggle between the Full Data Table, the SNP Table, and the Paired Sample Table.

## **Full Data Table**

The Full Data Table (Figure 103) contains all data for every sample.

To sort the Full Data Table by any column:

- 1. Click the header of the column you want to use as a basis for sorting the table.
- 2. Do one of the following:

- $\bullet \quad \text{Click} \quad \textcircled{P}_{\bullet} \quad \text{to sort by the column in ascending order.}$
- Click to sort by the column in descending order.

									Sam 15132710	ple 1 I04_A_idat	Sample 2 1513271005_A_i					
Index	Name	Address	Chr	Position	GenTrain Score	Frac A	Frac C	Frac G	Frac T	GType	Score	Theta	R	GType	Score	Thet
l	MitoA1004	9048	М	10045	0.7260	0.317	0.203	0.119	0.361	AA	0.3107	0.0113	4.3157	AA	0.3107	0.00'
2	MitoA1055	9058	М	10551	0.7038	0.307	0.287	0.089	0.317	AA	0.2904	0.0290	3.8688	AA	0.2904	0.02
3	MitoA1125	9039	M	11252	0.7038	0.302	0.356	0.119	0.223	AA	0.2904	0.0310	3.6831	AA	0.2904	0.02
1	MitoA1146	9019	M	11468	0.7220	0.277	0.312	0.153	0.257	AA	0.3070	0.0157	5.8391	AA	0.3070	0.01:
5	MitoA1181	9047	M	11813	0.6955	0.272	0.347	0.124	0.257	AA	0.2831	0.0423	5.1321	AA	0.2831	0.04:
5	MitoA1230	9065	M	12309	0.7161	0.318	0.318	0.114	0.249	AA	0.3015	0.0251	3.9980	AA	0.3015	0.01'
7	MitoA1310	9017	М	13106	0.8879	0.257	0.376	0.144	0.223	BB	0.8763	0.9516	0.9687	AA	0.8763	0.04:
3	MitoA1326	9014	М	13264	0.7128	0.297	0.312	0.134	0.257	AA	0.2985	0.0256	6.0810	AA	0.2985	0.02;
9	MitoA1378	9059	M	13781	0.7357	0.312	0.376	0.094	0.218	AA	0.3199	0.0427	1.2190	AA	0.3199	0.04;
10	MitoA1423	9069	M	14234	0.7433	0.356	0.342	0.069	0.233	AA	0.3273	0.0167	2.1243	AA	0.3273	0.01:
11	MitoA1458	9069	M	14583	0.7312	0.436	0.312	0.074	0.178	AA	0.3156	0.0280	1.4806	NC	0.0134	0.05
12	MitoA1521	9031	М	15219	0.6644	0.267	0.297	0.168	0.267	AA	0.2571	0.0801	5.3567	AA	0.2571	0.07:
13	MitoA1524	9060	M	15245	0.6849	0.257	0.317	0.153	0.272	AA	0.2741	0.0536	3.8263	AA	0.2741	0.041
14	MitoA1530	9044	M	15302	0.4777	0.277	0.337	0.139	0.248	AB	0.2446	0.9298	3.2703	AA	0.2446	0.02
15	MitoA1575	9075	M	15759	0.7220	0.317	0.332	0.099	0.252	AA	0.3070	0.0160	5.7686	AA	0.3070	0.01:
16	MitoA1592	9020	M	15925	0.7038	0.383	0.244	0.114	0.259	AA	0.2904	0.0327	4.4550	AA	0.2904	0.02
17	MitoA1616	9010	М	16163	0.6955	0.343	0.353	0.100	0.204	AA	0.2831	0.0350	3.1160	AA	0.2831	0.04!
18	MitoA1616	9038	M	16164	0.7220	0.338	0.358	0.100	0.204	AA	0.3070	0.0145	2.3603	AA	0.3070	0.01!
19	MitoA1738G	9066	М	1738	0.7161	0.393	0.244	0.159	0.204	AA	0.3015	0.0259	6.0207	AA	0.3015	0.021
20	MitoA3349G	9031	M	3349	0.7038	0.313	0.294	0.139	0.254	AA	0.2904	0.0303	6.6822	AA	0.2904	0.03
21	MitoA3481G	9034	М	3481	0.7038	0.277	0.401	0.124	0.198	AA	0.2904	0.0347	4.6341	AA	0.2904	0.02
22	MitoA3548G	9054	М	3548	0.6423	0.238	0.441	0.099	0.223	AA	0.2400	0.0991	5.4554	AA	0.2400	0.07
23	MitoA3721G	9025	М	3721	0.6955	0.292	0.332	0.139	0.238	AA	0.2831	0.0397	5.9389	AA	0.2831	0.03
24	MitoA4025G	9057	М	4025	0.7038	0.302	0.332	0.104	0.262	AA	0.2904	0.0332	7.3069	AA	0.2904	0.03
25	MitoA4105G	9011	M	4105	0.6379	0.312	0.361	0.084	0.243	BB	0.2367	0.9220	2.8216	BB	0.2367	0.90
26	MitoA4825G	9014	M	4825	0.7038	0.332	0.317	0.109	0,243	AA	0.2904	0.0375	4.1938	AA	0.2904	0.02

Figure 103 Full Data Table

The annotation columns of the Full Data Table are listed and described in Table 11.

#### Table 11Full Data Table Columns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Index	Row index of the SNP	integer	Y
Name	Name of the SNP	string	Y
Address	Bead-type identifier	integer	Y
Chr	Chromosome of the SNP	string	Y

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Manifest	Name of the manifest to which the SNP belongs	string	N
Position	Chromosomal position of the SNP	integer	N
GenTrain Score	Score for that SNP from the GenTrain clustering algorithm	float	Y
FRAC A	Fraction of the A nucleotide in the top genomic sequence	float	Y
FRAC C	Fraction of the C nucleotide in the top genomic sequence	float	Y
FRAC G	Fraction of the G nucleotide in the top genomic sequence	float	Y
FRAC T	Fraction of the T nucleotide in the top genomic sequence	float	Y

Table 11 Full Data Table Columns (continued)	Table 11	Full Data	Table	Columns	(continued)
--	----------	-----------	-------	---------	-------------

The per-sample subcolumns of the Full Data Table are listed and described in Table 12.

## Table 12Full Data Table Per-Sample Subcolumns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
GType	Genotype of this SNP for the sample.	string	Y
Score	Call score of this SNP for the sample.	float	Y
Theta	Normalized Theta-value of this SNP for the sample.	float	Y
R	The normalized R-value of this SNP for the sample.	float	Y
X Raw	Raw intensity of the A allele.	integer	N
Y Raw	Raw intensity of the B allele.	integer	N
Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
-------------------	--	---------	------------------------
Х	Normalized intensity of the A allele.	float	N
Y	Normalized intensity of the B allele.	float	N
B Allele Freq	B allele theta value of this SNP for the sample, relative to the cluster positions. This value is normalized so that it is zero if theta is less than or equal to the AA cluster's theta mean, 0.5 if it is equal to the AB cluster's theta mean, or 1 if it is equal to or greater than the BB cluster's theta mean. B Allele Freq is linearly interpolated between 0 and 1, or set to NaN for loci categorized as "intensity only."	float	Ν
Log R Ratio	For loci included in GenomeStudio statistics: the base-2 log of the normalized R value over the expected R value for the theta value (interpolated from the R-values of the clusters). For loci categorized as "intensity only": adjusted so that the expected R value is based upon the weighted mean of the cluster itself.	float	N
Top Alleles	Illumina-designated top strand genotype	string	N
Import Calls	Genotype calls for the given sample imported when the Import Allele Calls feature is used.	string	N
Concordance	Numeric correlation of the top allele call for a SNP in the current project with the imported allele call of a SNP from a different project.	integer	N
Orig Call	Genotype call of SNP and sample at the time the project was originally clustered.	string	N
CNV Value	Estimate of copy number at individual locus	float	N
CNV Confidence	Level of confidence that the CNV value is correct, based on the CNV algorithm used	float	N

 Table 12
 Full Data Table Per-Sample Subcolumns (continued)

## SNP Table

The SNP Table (Figure	e 104) shows statistics for each	SNP.
-----------------------	----------------------------------	------

Index	Name	Chr	Position	ChiTest1 00	Het Excess	AA Freq	AB Freq	BB Freq	Call Freq	Minor Freg	Aux	P-C Errors	P-P-C Errors	Rep Errors	10% GC	50% GC	SNP
	MitoA1004	М	10045	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3107	0.3107	[T/C]
2	MitoA1055	М	10551	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[A/G
3	MitoA1125	М	11252	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[T/C
	MitoA1146	М	11468	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3070	0.3070	[T/C
	MitoA1181	М	11813	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2831	0.2831	[A/G
	MitoA1230	м	12309	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3015	0.3015	[A/G
	MitoA1310	М	13106	0.0000	-1.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0.5000	1.0000	0.5000	0	0	0	0	0.8763	0.8763	[T/C
1	MitoA1326	М	13264	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2985	0.2985	[A/G
	MitoA1378	М	13781	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3199	0.3199	[A/G
0	MitoA1423	м	14234	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3273	0.3273	[A/G
1	MitoA1458	м	14583	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.5000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3156	0.3156	[A/G
2	MitoA1521	M	15219	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2571	0.2571	[A/G
3	MitoA1524	М	15245	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2741	0.2741	[T/C
4	MitoA1530	м	15302	0.0009	0.3333	0.5000	0.5000	0.0000	1.0000	0.2500	0	0	0	0	0.2446	0.2446	[A/G
5	MitoA1575	м	15759	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3070	0.3070	[T/C
6	MitoA1592	M	15925	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[A/G
7	MitoA1616	М	16163	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2831	0.2831	[A/G
8	MitoA1616	м	16164	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3070	0.3070	[A/G
9	MitoA1738G	М	1738	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.3015	0.3015	[A/G
0	MitoA3349G	М	3349	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[A/G
1	MitoA3481G	М	3481	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[A/G
2	MitoA3548G	М	3548	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2400	0.2400	[A/G
3	MitoA3721G	М	3721	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2831	0.2831	[T/C
4	MitoA4025G	М	4025	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[T/C
5	MitoA4105G	М	4105	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2367	0.2367	[A/0
6	MitoA4825G	Μ	4825	1.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0.0000	1.0000	0.0000	0	0	0	0	0.2904	0.2904	[A/G

Figure 104 SNP Table

The SNP	Table columns	are listed and	described in	Table 13.
---------	---------------	----------------	--------------	-----------

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Index	Row index of the SNP	integer	Y
Name	Name of the SNP	string	Y
Manifest	Manifest from which this SNP was loaded	string	N
Chr	Chromosome of the SNP	string	Y
Position	Chromosomal position of the SNP	integer	N
Address	Bead type identifier for this SNP	integer	Y
GenTrain Score	Measure of the cluster quality for the SNP	float	Y

#### Table 13SNP Table Columns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Orig Score	Original (unedited) GenTrain Score for SNP	float	Y
Edited	Flag indicating whether the SNP was edited after initial clustering positions were identified (1=> edited, 0=> unedited)	integer	Y
Cluster Sep	Measure of the cluster separation for the SNP that ranges between 0 and 1	float	Y
ChiTest 100	Normalized Hardy-Weinberg p value calculated using genotype frequency. The value is calculated with 1 degree of freedom and normalized to 100 individuals.	float	Y
Het Excess	Measure of the excess of heterozygotes for the SNP (based on Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium). 0 indicates no excess of heterozygotes. Negative values indicate a deficiency of heterozygotes.	float	Y
AA Freq	Frequency of AA calls	float	Y
AB Freq	Frequency of AB calls	float	Y
BB Freq	Frequency of BB calls	float	Y
Call Freq	Overall call frequency	float	Y
Minor Freq	Minor allele frequency If the number of AA < number of BB for a sample, the frequency for the minor allele A for that sample is (2*AAs + ABs) for the sample divided by (2*AAs + ABs + BBs) for the sample across all loci.	float	Y
Aux	User-set auxiliary value for the SNP	integer	Y
Rep Errors	Number of reproducibility errors for this SNP as allele comparisons between replicates.	integer	Y
P-C Errors	Number of parent-child heritability errors for the SNP compared among parent-child genotypes.	integer	Y

 Table 13
 SNP Table Columns (continued)

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
P-P-C Errors	Number of parent-parent-child heritability errors for the SNP compared among parent-parent-child genotypes.	integer	Y
AA T Mean	Theta value of the center of the AA cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AA T Dev	Standard deviation in theta of the AA cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AB T Mean	Theta value of the center of the AB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AB T Dev	Standard deviation in theta of the AB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
BB T Mean	Theta value of the center of the BB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
BB T Dev	Standard deviation in theta of the BB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AA R Mean	R value of the center of the AA cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AA R Dev	Standard deviation in R of the AA cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AB R Mean	R value of the center of the AB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
AB R Dev	Standard deviation in R of the AB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
BB R Mean	R value of the center of the BB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
BB R Dev	Standard deviation in R of the BB cluster, in normalized polar coordinates	float	Y
SNP	Nucleotide substitution for the SNP on the Illumina top strand	string	N
ILMN Strand	Design strand designation	string	N

Table 13SNP Table Columns (continued)

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Customer Strand	Customer strand designation	string	N
Top Genomic Sequence	Sequence on the top strand around the SNP	string	N
Address 2	Bead type unidentified for the second allele (only used for Infinium I)	string	N
Comment	User-specified comment. (Right-click in the column to view the context menu to set this value)	string	N
Norm ID	Normalization ID for the SNP	integer	N
HW Equil	Hardy-Weinberg Equilibrium score for the SNP	float	N
Concordance	Measure of agreement between two genotypes from the same SNP locus	integer	N
CNV Region	SNPs and nonpolymorphic probes falling in known CNV regions. This column is automatically populated with information from the product manifest and may not be current because the number of known CNV regions is constantly changing. This column is for informational purposes only.	integer	Y
Exp Clusters	Number of expected clusters for a locus: 1 for nonpolymorphic probes 2 for mitochondrial DNA and Y loci 3 for any other loci This column is automatically populated with information from the product manifest. This column is for informational purposes only.	integer	Y

Table 13	SNP Table Columns	(continued)
		(continueu)

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Intensity Only	Indicates what type of information is available for a locus. 1 = Locus with intensity information only that is not included in GenomeStudio statistics such as Call Rate 0 = Locus with intensity and genotyping information that is included in GenomeStudio statistics such as Call Rate This column is automatically populated with information from the product manifest., but is also editable. This information has been determined based on HapMap samples and therefore may not apply to a different sample set of interest.	integer	Y

#### Table 13SNP Table Columns (continued)

#### **Paired Sample Table**

The Paired Sample Table (Figure 105) shows statistics for paired samples.

Index	Name	SNP	Address	Chr	Position	
1	MitoA1004	[T/C]	9048	M	10045	
2	MitoA1055		9058	M	10551	
3	MitoA1125		9039	M	11252	
4	MitoA1146		9019	М	11468	
5	MitoA1181	[A/G]	9047	M	11813	
。 6	MitoA1230	[A/G]	9065	M	12309	
7	MitoA1310	[T/C]	9017	M	13106	
8	MitoA1326	[A/G]	9014	M	13264	
9	MitoA1378		9059	M	13781	
10	MitoA1423		9069	M	14234	
11	MitoA1458		9069	М	14583	
12	MitoA1521	[A/G]	9031	М	15219	
13	MitoA1524	[T/C]	9060	М	15245	
14	MitoA1530	[A/G]	9044	М	15302	
15	MitoA1575	[T/C]	9075	М	15759	
16	MitoA1592	[A/G]	9020	М	15925	
17	MitoA1616	[A/G]	9010	М	16163	
18	MitoA1616	[A/G]	9038	М	16164	
19	MitoA1738G	[A/G]	9066	М	1738	
20	MitoA3349G	[A/G]	9031	М	3349	
21	MitoA3481G	[A/G]	9034	М	3481	
22	MitoA3548G	[A/G]	9054	М	3548	
23	MitoA3721G	[T/⊂]	9025	М	3721	
24	MitoA4025G	[T/C]	9057	М	4025	
25	MitoA4105G	[A/G]	9011	М	4105	
26	MitoA4825G	[A/G]	9014	M	4825	

Figure 105 Paired Sample Table

The Paired Sample Table columns are listed and described in Table 14.

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Index	Row index of the SNP	integer	Y
Name	Name of the SNP	string	Y
SNP	SNP	string	Y
Address	Bead-type identifier for the SNP	integer	Y
Chr	Chromosome of the SNP	string	Y
Position	Chromosomal position of the SNP	integer	N

Table 14Paired Sample Table Columns

The Paired Sample Table also includes per-pair subcolumns, which are populated from the Reference to Cluster and Reference columns of the Sample Sheet. The pairing number (for example, Paired Sample 1) and sample names appear above the subcolumn list in the Paired Sample Table. The subcolumns are described in Table 17.

Table 15Paired Sample Table Per-Pair Subcolumns

Column Description		Туре	Visible by Default?
Theta Ref.	Value of theta for the reference sample	float	Y
Theta Sub.	Value of theta for the subject sample	float	Y
dTheta sub-ref	dTheta sub-ref  Absolute value of the difference between subject and reference theta values		Y
Allele Freq Ref. Allele frequency of the reference sample		float	Y
Allele Freq Sub. Allele frequency of the subject sample		float	Y

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
dAlleleFreq sub-ref	Absolute value of the difference between subject and reference allele frequency values	float	Y
R Ref.	Value of R for the reference sample	float	Y
R Sub.	Value of R for the subject sample	float	Y
Log2 (Rsub/ Rref)			Y
GType Ref.	GType Ref. Genotype of the reference sample		Y
GType Sub.	GType Sub. Genotype of the subject sample		Y
LOH Score Probability that there is loss of heterozygosity in a region of interest		float	Y
CN Estimate Estimate of the actual copy number at an individual locus		float	Y
<b>CN Shift</b> Statistical confidence level between 0 and 1 indicating whether or not a copy number change has occurred. Values of approximately 1 indicate no copy number change. Values of approximately 0 indicate copy number change.		float	Y

#### Table 15 Paired Sample Table Per-Pair Subcolumns (continued)

**Samples Table** The Samples Table (Figure 106) contains information for each DNA sample loaded into GenomeStudio. The Samples Table has the same column re-ordering properties as the SNP Table.

Samples	Table							⊲ ⊳ <b>x</b>
. 🗎 🗈	🖻   🛍 🛍   ½	≩↓ Z1 <b>2.</b>	M 🗶	<b>▲</b> (•••)	u 🕥 💈	- 🛛	🖪 🖌	er =
Index	Sample ID	Gender	p05 Grn	p50 Grn	p95 Grn	p05 Red	p50 Red	p95
1	1513271004	Unknown	0	2846	8756	0	922	590 🔺
2	1513271005	Unknown	0	2471	7606	0	934	679
3	1513271004	Unknown	0	2846	8756	0	922	590
4	1513271005	Unknown	0	2471	7606	0	934	679
5	1513271004	Unknown	0	2846	8756	0	922	590
6	1513271005	Unknown	0	2471	7606	0	934	679
•								
Rows=6	Disp=6 Sel=0	Filter=Filter i	s not activ	e.				

Figure 106 Samples Table

#### Table 16Samples Table Columns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Index	Row index of the sample	integer	Y
Sample ID	Sample identifier		Y
Gender	ler User-specified gender for the sample		Y
p05 Grn 5th percentile of A-allele intensity i		integer	Y
p50 Grn 50th percentile of A-allele intensity integ		integer	Y
<b>p95 Grn</b> 95th percentile of A-allele intensity		integer	Y

Table 16	Samples	Table	Columns	(continued)

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
p05 Red	5th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	Y
p50 Red	50th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	Y
p95 Red	95th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	Y
p10 GC	10th percentile GenCall score over all SNPs for this sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	Y
p50 GC	50th percentile GenCall score over all SNPs for this sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	Y
Rep Error Rate	Reproducibility error rate for this sample, calculated as 1 - sqrt(1 - errors/ max_possible_errors). Errors and max_possible_errors do not include genotype calls that fall below the no- call threshold. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	Y
PC Error Rate	Parent-child heritability error rate for the sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	Y
PPC Error Rate	Error Rate Parent-parent-child heritability error rate for the sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.		Y
Call Rate	Percentage of SNPs (expressed as a decimal) whose GenCall score is greater than the specified threshold.	integer	N
Aux	Arbitrary integer you can use to differentiate and/or sort samples. Use the context menu to set this value by right- clicking anywhere in the <b>Samples Table</b> .		N

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Genotype	Genotype for this sample for the SNP currently selected in the <b>SNP Table</b> .	integer	N
Score	GenCall score for this sample for the SNP currently selected in the <b>SNP Table</b> .	integer	N
Sample Name	Sample name	string	N
Sample Group	Sample group	string	N
Sample Plate	Sample plate	string	N
Sample Well	Well within the sample plate	string	N
Gender Est	Estimated gender of the individual from which the sample was acquired	string	N
Requeue Status	<b>Requeue Status</b> Displays a note ("Needs Requeue") if the sample is marked to be requeued, otherwise this column is blank.		N
Concordance	Concordance across all SNPs for this sample	float	N
Ethnicity	Ethnicity Ethnicity of the individual from which this sample was acquired		N
Age	Age of the individual from which this sample was acquired	integer	N
Weight	Weight in kg of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	Ν
Height	Height in meters of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	Ν
Blood Pressure Systolic			N
Blood Pressure Diastolic	Diastolic blood pressure of the individual from which this sample was acquired	integer	N
Blood Type	Blood type of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	N

Table 16Samples Table Columns (continued)

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Phenotype Pos 1	Positive phenotype 1 of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	N
Phenotype Pos 2	Positive phenotype 2 of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	N
Phenotype Pos 3	Positive phenotype 3 of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	N
Phenotype Neg 1	Negative phenotype 1 of the individual from which this sample was acquired	string	N
PhenotypeNegative phenotype 2 of the individual from which this sample was acquired		string	N
Phenotype Neg 3			N
CommentUser-defined field in which you can record custom comments.CommentThis field maintains a list of all previously- entered comments. You can access comments from the context menu by right- clicking from within the column.		string	N
Tissue Source	Tissue Source         Tissue source of the individual from which this sample was acquired		N
Calls	Calls Number of loci on which this sample is being called		N
No Calls	No CallsNumber of loci on which this sample is not being called		N
Excluded	Excluded 1 = Sample is excluded 0 = Sample is included		N

The samples table also includes per-manifest subcolumns. The manifest name (for example, HumanHap300) appears above the subcolumn list in the Samples Table. The subcolumns are described in Table 17.

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
Sentrix ID	Barcode number of the Universal Array Product to which this sample was hybridized	string	Y
Sentrix Position	Section/bundle on the product	string	Y
Imaging Date	Date on which the product was scanned.	string	N
Scanner ID	ID of the scanner on which the product was scanned	string	N
PMT Green	PMT Green         Green PMT setting of the scanner on which the product was scanned		N
PMT Red	PMT Red         Red PMT setting of the scanner on which the product was scanned		N
Software Version			N
User	User name of the person logged into the PC on which the product was scanned	string	N
p05 Grn	5th percentile of A-allele intensity	integer	N
p50 Grn	50th percentile of A-allele intensity	integer	N
p95 Grn	p95 Grn 95th percentile of A-allele intensity		N
p05 Red	5th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	N
p50 Red	50th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	N
p95 Red	95th percentile of B-allele intensity	integer	N

Table 17Samples Table Per-Manifest Subcolumns

Column	Description	Туре	Visible by Default?
p10 GC	10th percentile GenCall score over all SNPs for this sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	Ν
p50 GC	50th percentile GenCall score over all SNPs for this sample. If displayed as 0.000, this column needs to be manually recalculated.	float	N
Call Rate	Percentage of SNPs (expressed as a decimal) whose GenCall score is greater than the specified threshold.	float	N

#### Table 17 Samples Table Per-Manifest Subcolumns (continued)

#### **Context Menu LIMS Options**

The following LIMS options are available in the Samples Table context menu if you are logged into LIMS:

- LIMS Actions
  - Update Project From LIMS
  - Send Requeue to LIMS
  - Set to Needs Requeue
  - Clear Needs Requeue
- Export Cluster Positions to LIMS
- Update Project from LIMS

For more information about the LIMS options available from the Samples Table context menu, see *Context Menus* on page 155 of this manual.

#### Project Window

The Project window (Figure 107) identifies the manifest(s) loaded for your project and has a data section that identifies all of the Universal Array product barcodes used in your project. You can expand a barcode and view the samples loaded on that Universal Array product by clicking the + to its left. Doubleclicking a sample brings up the Image Viewer, which displays the corresponding array image if the image is available in the same directory as the intensity files.



Figure 107 Project Window

# Log Window The Log window (Figure 108) is a simple console providing feedback on GenomeStudio processes. The Log window displays errors in red.

Log			â x		
🔄 Select All 🗈 Co	py 🖬 Save	📽 Gear 🔠 Gri	d 😡 Errors 🔨 Warnings 🖓 Info 📣 Log		
Time	Severity	Message		Source	
11/2/2008 8:45:38 Pf	4 INFO	Loading CpG Island	Sfiles	General	
11/2/2008 8:45:38 Pf	4 INFO	Loading MRBASE	. 220	General	
11/2/2008 8:45:38 Pf	4 INFO	Sorting gene annol	tations files	General	
11/2/2008 8:45:38 Pf	4 INFO	Firing the ActiveGe	nomeChanged Event	General	
11/2/2008 8:45:39 Pf	4 INFO	Firing the Genomel	LoadFinished event.	General	
11/2/2008 8:45:39 Pt	4 INFO	Human:Build 36.14	Genome is loaded	General	
11/2/2008 9:01:26 P	4 LOG	Greated CNV analy	dis.	General	
Last = 9:01 PM	mors = 1	Warn = 0	Info = 38		

Figure 108 Log Window

#### Table 18Log Window Options

Option	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Select All	Selects all log entries	
Сору	Copies log entries to the clipboard	<b>B</b>
Save	Saves all log entries	
Clear	Clears all log entries	No.
Grid	Toggles the grid on and off	
Time	Displays the time the log entry was generated	
Severity	Displays the severity of the log entry	
Message	Displays the text description of the log entry	
Source	Displays the source of the log entry	

# **Main Window Menus**

The following tables list the selection available from the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module's main window menus (and corresponding toolbar buttons).

Table 19 describes File Menu functions.

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
New Project	Opens a new project	
Open Project	Opens a previously saved project	
Save Project	Saves all current information in this project, so you can return to it later	
Save Project Copy As	Displays the <b>Save Project Copy As</b> dialog, in which you can specify a file name and location to save a copy of the current project that does not include currently- excluded samples.	
Close Project	Closes the current project and returns to the start screen of the Genotyping Module.	
Load Additional Samples	Opens the GenomeStudio Project Wizard to the <b>Loading Sample Intensities</b> page, which allows you to use a sample sheet to load sample intensities, or load sample intensities by selecting directories with intensity files.	
Import Cluster Positions	Opens to the last directory used to load clusters, so that you can choose a data file from which to import cluster positions.	

Table 19File Menu Functions

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Export Cluster Positions	<ul> <li>Allows you to export cluster position data to an *.egt file using the following options:</li> <li>For selected SNPS—allows you to export cluster position data for selected SNPs only.</li> <li>For all SNPS—allows you to export cluster position data for all SNPS.</li> </ul>	
Export Cluster Position to LIMS	Displays a list from which you can choose to export cluster positions data to LIMS.	
Export Manifest	Allows you to export a manifest as a *.csv file.	
Update Project from LIMS	Allows you to update the project from LIMS.	
Import Phenotype Information from File	Allows you to import phenotype information for your samples from a file.	
Page Setup	Opens the <b>Windows Page Setup</b> dialog, which you can use to set up the page properties and configure the printer properties	
Print Preview	Opens the <b>Print Preview</b> window, from which you can preview how the selected graph will print	
Print	Displays the <b>Print</b> dialog. Use this dialog to select print options for the currently displayed graph	
Recent Project	Allows you to select a project you have recently worked on	
Exit	Closes GenomeStudio	

 Table 19
 File Menu Functions (continued)

#### Table 20 describes Edit Menu functions.

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Cut	Cuts the current selection	
Сору	Copies the current selection to the clipboard	
Paste	Pastes the current selection from the clipboard	
Select All	Selects all rows and visible columns in the current table	

#### Table 20Edit Menu Functions

#### Table 21 describes View Menu functions.

Table 21 View Menu Functions
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Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Save Current View	Allows you to save the window configuration of the open project	
Restore Default View	Restores the default window configuration	
Save Custom View	Allows you to save a custom window configuration	
Load Custom View	Allows you to load a previously-saved window configuration	
Log	Shows or hides the <b>Log</b> window	
Project	Shows or hides the <b>Project</b> window	

#### Table 22 describes Analysis Menu functions.

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Auto Exclude Samples	Automatically evaluates each sample and determines its suitability for inclusion based on overall intensity. Excludes under- performing samples.	0
Exclude Samples by Best Run	Samples that have been processed more than once appear in the Samples table multiple times. These samples can be identified by their matching Sample IDs. Using <b>Exclude Samples by Best Run</b> , only the sample with the highest GC10 or GC50 score for each particular sample ID will be included. The other samples with that sample ID will be excluded.	
Cluster All SNPs	Initiates clustering or reclustering based on the samples in a project and determines the resulting genotype score for each locus. Clustering over-rides any cluster files that may have been used at project creation	
Update SNP statistics	Updates SNP statistics	
Edit Replicates	Allows you to edit, include, or exclude replicates for a sample	
Edit Parental Relationships	Allows you to edit, include, or exclude P-C and P-P-C relationships for a sample	
Update Heritability/ Reproducibility Errors	Updates replicate, P-C, and P-P-C heritability information in various columns and reports	

#### Table 22Analysis Menu Functions

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Reports	<ul> <li>Allows you to create any of the following:</li> <li>Reproducibility and Heritability Report</li> <li>Final Report</li> <li>DNA Report</li> <li>Locus Summary Report</li> <li>Locus x DNA Report</li> <li>Custom Reports (if installed)</li> </ul>	
View Controls Dashboard	Displays the controls dashboard.	
View Contamination Dashboard	Displays the contamination controls dashboard for GoldenGate data.	
Paired Sample Editor	Displays the <b>Paired Sample Editor</b> dialog, from which you can edit the list of paired samples.	
Calculate Paired Sample LOH/CN	Calculates LOH and copy number-related scores for paired samples.	
Show Genome Viewer	Displays the Illumina Genome Viewer	
Import Allele Calls	Displays the Import Allele Calls dialog, which allows you to select a directory from which to import allele calls	
Export Allele Calls	Displays the <b>Export Allele Calls</b> dialog, which allows you to select a directory to which you want to export allele calls	
Remove Imported Allele Calls	Removes imported allele calls from the project.	
Create Plug-in Column	Displays the <b>Select Column Plug-In Form</b> dialog, from which you can select an algorithm-based column plug-in. You can use the column plug-in to create a new subcolumn.	

#### Table 22Analysis Menu Functions (continued)

#### Table 23 describes Tools Menu functions.

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
Options   Project	Displays the <b>Project Properties</b> window in which you can make changes to project settings.	
Options   GenomeStudio	Opens the GenomeStudio <b>Options</b> window in which you can select GenomeStudio options, including the maximum number of project files and display attributes such as font name, size, and style.	
Options   Module	Allows you to select storage and memory options.	

#### Table 23Tools Menu Functions

#### Table 24 describes Windows Menu functions.

#### Table 24Windows Menu Functions

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
The <b>Window</b> menu is populated with a list of available windows to display. Windows marked with a check mark are currently displayed.		

#### Table 25 describes Help Menu functions.

#### Table 25Help Menu Functions

Selection	Function	Toolbar Button (if used)
About GenomeStudio	Brings up the <b>About</b> box for your currently- installed GenomeStudio modules, which contains version information and the Software Copyright Notice.	

# Graph Window Toolbar

Table 26 lists GenomeStudio's Genotyping Module graph window toolbar buttons and their functions.

Table 26	Graph Window Toolbar Buttons & Functions
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Toolbar Button	Function(s)
100 - 100 -	Polar coordinates—Displays locus using polar coordinates.
La.	<b>Cartesian coordinates</b> —Displays locus using Cartesian coordinates.
1	<b>Plot normalized values</b> —Allows you to toggle normalization on or off in the <b>SNP Graph</b> .
•	Make dots larger—Makes each dot representing an individual locus appear larger on the screen.
•	<b>Make dots smaller</b> —Makes each representing an individual locus appear smaller on the screen.
Ē	<b>Copy plot to clipboard</b> —Copies the current plot to the clipboard.
	<ul> <li>Shade call regions—Applies colored shading to each cluster.</li> <li>Loci falling within the dark shaded region of each color are considered to be within the call range (above the GenCall Score threshold).</li> <li>Loci displayed within the light shaded region of each color are considered to be outside of the call range.</li> </ul>
ß	<b>Default mode</b> —Toggle this button on to activate an arrow cursor that allows you to select samples in the graph window with a rectangle.
<~>>	<b>Pan mode</b> —Toggle this button on, then drag the graph in the direction you want.

#### Table 26 Graph Window Toolbar Buttons & Functions (continued)

Toolbar Button	Function(s)
(A)	<b>Lasso mode</b> —Toggle this button on to draw a lasso to select samples in the graph window.
Q	<b>Zoom mode</b> —Toggle this button on to zoom in or out in the graph window. When toggled on, the cursor changes to a + , allowing you to zoom in to the graph. Pressing the Ctrl key on your keyboard while in this mode allows you to zoom out.
***	<b>Automatically scale X-axis</b> —Automatically scales the X-axis (for the currently displayed graph only).
Ĵ4	<b>Automatically scale Y-axis</b> —Automatically scales the Y-axis (for the currently displayed graph only).

# **Table Windows Toolbar**

Table 27 lists and describes GenomeStudio's Genotyping Module Table Windows toolbar buttons and their functions.

#### Table 27Table Windows Toolbar Buttons & Functions

Toolbar Button	Function(s)
	<b>Calculate</b> —(Samples Table only) Calculates all samples. This button only appears if there are samples that need to be calculated.
	Select all Rows—Highlights all the rows in the table.
	<b>Copy to Clipboard</b> —Copies the selected columns or rows to the clipboard.
<b>a</b>	<b>Export to File</b> —Exports the selected item(s) to a file.
2	<b>Import Columns</b> —Imports sample data from a file you specify.
₹↓	<b>Sort Column (Ascending)</b> —Sorts columns in the sample table in ascending order.
<b>⊼</b> ↑	<b>Sort Column (Descending)</b> —Sorts columns in the sample table in descending order.
<b>≜</b> .	<b>Sort by Column(s)</b> —Allows you to sort the sample table data by a column or columns you select.
	<b>Line Plot</b> —Displays a line plot of the table data.
<i>¥</i>	Scatter Plot—Displays a scatter plot of the table data.
	<b>Histogram</b> —Displays a histogram of the table data.

Toolbar Button	Function(s)
0 <del>0</del>	<b>Box Plot</b> —Displays a box plot of the table data.
dh	<b>Frequency Plot</b> —Displays a frequency plot of the table data.
	<b>Pie Chart</b> —Displays a pie chart of the table data.
	<b>Heat Map (Full Data Table only)</b> —Allows you to generate a new heat map or open an existing heat map.
B	<b>New subcolumn</b> —Allows you to create a new subcolumn.
<b>F</b>	Column Chooser—Displays the Column Chooser dialog box.
$\nabla$	Filter Rows—Displays the Filter Table Rows dialog box.
<b>B</b>	Clear Filter—Removes the filter.

#### Table 27 Table Windows Toolbar Buttons & Functions (continued)

# **Context Menus**

The tables in this section describe context menu selections for the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

Table 28 describes graph window context menu selections.

Selection	Description
Define AA cluster using selected SNP	Uses the selected sample(s) to determine the size and position of the AA genotype cluster.
Define AB cluster using selected SNP	Uses the selected sample(s) to determine the size and position of the AB genotype cluster.
Define BB cluster using selected SNP	Uses the selected sample(s) to determine the size and position of the BB genotype cluster.
Cluster this SNP	Determines cluster locations and score for each locus.
Cluster this SNP Excluding Selected Samples	Determines the cluster locations for each locus except those you have excluded.
Configure Mark.	Marks selected samples in a color you choose.
Mark Selected Points - <add new=""></add>	Allows you to create a new mark.
Clear Marks - <all></all>	Clears all marks.
Exclude Selected Samples	Excludes selected samples from the genoplot.
Include Selected Samples	Includes selected samples in the genoplot.
Show Legend	Displays the genoplot marks legend.
Show Excluded Samples	Shows excluded samples.
Auto Scale Axes	Automatically scales the axes.

Table 28Graph Window Context Menu

#### Table 28Graph Window Context Menu (continued)

Selection	Description
Properties	Launches the <b>Graph Control</b> Settings dialog.

#### Table 29 describes Full Data Table context menu selections.

#### Table 29Full Data Table Context Menu

Selection	Description
Show Only Selected Rows	Shows only selected rows in the Full Data Table.
Configure Marks	Configures marks.
Mark Selected Rows   <add new=""></add>	Creates a new mark and marks selected rows.
Select Marked Rows	Selects marked rows.
Clear Marks   <all></all>	Clears all marks.

#### Table 30 describes SNP Table context menu selections.

#### Table 30SNP Table Context Menu

Selection	Description
Cluster Selected SNP	Clusters a selected SNP.
Zero Selected SNP	Zeroes a selected SNP.
Set Aux Value	Sets the aux value of a SNP.
Show Only Selected Rows	Shows only selected rows in the SNP Table.
Configure Marks	Configures marks.
Mark Selected Rows   <add new=""></add>	Creates a new mark and marks selected rows.
Select Marked Rows	Selects marked rows.

Table 30	SNP Table Context Menu (continued)	
Selection		Description
Clear Mark	s   <all></all>	Clears all marks.

#### -··- - ·

Table 31 describes Samples Table context menu selections.

#### Samples Table Context Menu Table 31

Selection	Description
Exclude Selected Sample	Excludes the selected sample
Include Selected Sample	Includes the selected sample
Recalculate Statistics for Selected Sample	Recalculates statistics for selected samples
Recalculate Statistics for All Samples	Recalculates statistics for all samples.
Estimate Gender for Selected Samples	Estimates gender for the selected samples.
Display Image	Image will be displayed only if you have access to the *.idat file, the *.locs (locus) file, the *.xml file, and either the *.jpg or *.tif image file for the sample or sample section.
Set Aux Value	Sets the aux value of a sample.
Sample Properties	Opens the <b>Sample Properties</b> dialog, from which you can change values for sample data, such as sample group, sample name, gender, and phenotype properties, or change the path to associated image files.
Upload Selected Samples to Illumina Controls Database	Allows you to upload selected samples to the Illumina Controls Database.

Selection	Description
	<b>Update Project from LIMS</b> —Updates the current project with the most recent information available in the LIMS database.
LIMS Actions - Contains a subset of actions related to LIMS. The LIMS Actions menu option and its related suboptions are only available if you are logged into LIMS.	<b>Send Requeue to LIMS</b> —Sends information about a requeued sample to the LIMS database.
	<b>Set to Needs Requeue</b> —Adds a note in the Requeue Status column for a sample that this sample needs to be requeued.
	<b>Clear Requeue</b> —Clears the requeue note in the Requeue Status column for a sample.
Show Only Selected Rows	Shows only selected rows in the Samples Table.
Configure Marks	Configures marks.
Mark Selected Rows   <add new=""></add>	Creates a new mark and marks selected rows.
Select Marked Rows	Selects marked rows.
Clear Marks   <all></all>	Clears all marks.

#### Table 31Samples Table Context Menu (continued)

#### Table 32 describes Error Table context menu selections.

Selection	Description
Show Only Selected Rows	Configures the <b>Samples Table</b> to show only selected rows.
Edit Replicates	Edits replicates.
Edit Parental Relationships	Edits parental relationships.
Configure Marks	Allows you to configure marks.
Mark Selected Rows   <add new=""></add>	Creates a new mark and marks selected rows.
Select Marked Rows	Selects marked rows.
Clear Marks   <all></all>	Clears all marks from the table.

#### Table 32Error Table Context Menu

160 CHAPTER 8 User Interface Reference

# Appendix A Sample Sheet Guidelines

## Topics

- 162 Introduction
- 162 Manifests Section
- 163 Data Section
- 164 Redos and Replicates
- 164 Sample Sheet Template

# Introduction

The sample sheet is a comma delimited text file (\*.csv). It is divided into sections, indicated by lines with the section name enclosed by square brackets. The required sections are the Manifests and Data sections. You can also include a Header section, or any other user-defined sections.

# **Manifests Section**

The Manifests section contains two columns. The first column is populated by A, B, C, etc. The second column is populated by the name of the manifest file corresponding to manifest A, B, C, etc.

For example,

[Manifests]

A, GS0006492-OPA

B, GS0006493-OPA

- C, GS0006494-OPA
- D, GS0006495-OPA

# **Data Section**

The first row of the Data section must indicate the column names of the data to follow. The columns can be in arbitrary order, and additional user-defined columns can be included in the file.

Column	Description	Optional (O) or Required (R)	
Sample_ID	Sample identifier (used only for display in the table).	R	
Sample_Name	Name of the sample (used only for display in the table).	0	
Sample_Plate	The barcode of the sample plate for this sample (used only for display in the table).	0	
Sample_Well	The well within the sample plate for this sample (used only for display in the table).	0	
SentrixBarcode_A	The barcode of the Universal Array Product that this sample was hybridized to for Manifest A.	R	
SentrixPosition_A	The position within the Universal Array Product this sample was hybridized to for Manifest A (and similarly for _B, _C, etc. depending on how many manifests are used with your project).	R	
Gender	Male, Female, or Unknown.	0	
Sample_Group	A group, if any, that this sample belongs to (used for exclusion in the Final Report Wizard).	Ο	
Replicates	The Sample_ID of a sample that is a replicate to this sample (used in reproducibility error calculations).	0	
Parent1	The Sample_ID of the first parent for this sample.	0	
Parent2	The Sample_ID of the second parent for this sample.	0	

#### Table 33 Data Section, Required and Optional Columns

Column	Description	Optional (O) or Required (R)			
Path	Directory where your data are stored.	0			
Reference	Used for paired sample analysis. Populate this column with the sample ID of the reference sample.	0			
NOTES	<ul> <li>Figure 109 is an example sample sheet</li> <li>Your sample sheet header may contain any, and as much, information as you choose.</li> <li>Your sample sheet may contain any number of columns you choose.</li> <li>Your sample sheet must be in a comma-delimited (.csv) file format.</li> </ul>				

#### Table 33 Data Section, Required and Optional Columns (continued)

# **Redos and Replicates**

Sample entries with the same Sample\_ID are considered "redos" in the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module. When you generate the Final Report, you have the option to keep data for the best run of a redo set. If you want to keep data for all redos in the Final Report, it is best to make each Sample\_ID unique in the Sample Sheet.

If a Replicate is specified for a Sample\_ID occurring more than two times in the Sample Sheet (considered a redo), the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module by default forms one replicate pair with the next occurrence of that Sample\_ID.

### Sample Sheet Template

A template for a sample sheet is provided on your GenomeStudio CD. Use this template to create your own userdefined sample sheet.

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A	GS000649	0.084				-					-						
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	NA0003	Plate 1	A03	Group 1		R001 C00		-	-	-				Data\Golden			
	NA0004	Plate 1	A04	Group 1		R001 C00		Rep2 2						Data\Golden			
	NA0005	Plate 1	A05	Group 1		R001 C00		Rep3 2	-	-				Data\Golden			
	NA0006	Plate 1	ADE	Group 1		R001 C00		Rep3_1	-	-				Data\Golden			
	NA0007	Plate 1	A07	Group 1		R001 C00		Rep4 2						Data\Golden			
	NADDOB	Plate 1	A08	Group 1		R001_C00		Rep4 3	-					Data\Golden			
	NA0009	Plate 1	A09	Group 1		R001_C00			-	-				Data\Golden			
	NA0010	Plate 1	A10	Group 1		R001 C01		Rep5 2						Data\Golden			
Rep5 2	NA0011	Plate 1	A11	Group 1	3-1336930	R001_C01	M	Rep5 3						Data\Golden			
	NA0012	Plate 1	A12	Group 1		R001_C01		Rep5_4						Data\Golden			
Rep5 4	NA0013	Plate 1	B01	Group 1	3-1336930	R002 C00	M							Data\Golden			
Rep6_1	NA0014	Plate 1	802	Group 1	3-1336930	R002_C00	M	Rep6_2			E \TestDat	alReposito	ry\Sample[	Data\Golden	Gate\Linka	ageData\Inte	msityD
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Rep7_1	NA0016	Plate 1	B04	Group 1	3-1336930	R002_C00	M				E:\TestDat	alReposito	ry\Sample[	Data\Golden	Gate\Linka	geDataVinte	InsityD
PC1_Child	NA0017	Plate 1	805	Group 1	3-1336930	R002_C00	M		PC1_Par	ent	E:\TestDat	a\Reposito	ry\Sample[	Data\Golden	Gate\Linka	geData\Inte	msityD
PC1_Pare	NA0018	Plate 1	806	Group 1	3-1336930	R002_C00	M				E:\TestDat	alReposito	ry\Samplet	Data\Golden	Gate\Linka	geDataVinte	InsityD
PC2_Child	NA0019	Plate 1	B07	Group 1	3-1336930	R002_C00	M				E:\TestDat	alReposito	ry\Sample[	Data\Golden	Gate\Link:	geDataVinte	InsityD
PC2_Pare		Plate 1	808	Group 1		R002_000								Data\Golden			
PC3_Child		Plate 1	809	Group 1		R002_C00								Data\Golden			
PC4_Child		Plate 1	B10	Group 1		R002_C01								Data\Golden			
PPC1_Chi		Plate 1	B11	Group 1		R002_C01			PPC1_P	PPC1_Pa	arE:\TestDat						
PPC1_Par		Plate 1	B12	Group 1		R002_C01								Data\Golden			
PPC1_Pat		Plate 1	C01	Group 1		R003_C00								Data\Golden			
PPC2_Chi		Plate 1	C02	Group 1		R003_C00			PPC2_P	ar PPC2_Pa	ar E:\TestDat						
PPC2_Par		Plate 1	C03	Group 1		R003_C00		-						Data\Golden			
PPC2_Par		Plate 1	C04	Group 1		R003_C00		-						Data\Golden			
PPC3_Chi		Plate 1	C05	Group 1		R003_C00		_	HHC3_P	at PPC3_Pa	ar E:\TestDat						
PPC3_Par		Plate 1	C06	Group 1		R003_C00			-					Data\Golden			
PPC3_Pat		Plate 1	C07	Group 1		R003_C00		-						Data\Golden			
	NA0032	Plate 1	008	Group 1		R003_C00								Data\Golden			
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Figure 109 Sample Sheet Example

# Appendix B Troubleshooting Guide

Topics

- 168 Introduction
- 168 Frequently Asked Questions

# Introduction

Use this troubleshooting guide to assist you with any questions you may have about the GenomeStudio Genotyping Module.

# **Frequently Asked Questions**

Table 34 lists frequently asked questions and associated responses.

Table 34Frequently Asked Questions

#	Question	Response			
1	What is a SNP Manifest?	A SNP Manifest is a file containing the SNP-to- beadtype mapping, as well as all SNP annotations. For the GoldenGate assay, this is an OPA file in *.opa format. For the Infinium assay, this is a *.bpm file in binary format. You can always export your manifest information to *.csv format by selecting <b>File</b> I <b>Export Manifest</b> .			
2	What information does a cluster file contain?	The cluster file contains the mean (R) and standard deviation (theta) of the cluster positions, in normalized coordinates, for every genotype, for every SNP. The cluster file also includes cluster score information, as well as the allele frequencies from the training set used to generate the cluster file.			