ROTARY VACUUM EVAPORATOR

RVO 400

User manual

CE

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1. INTRODUCTION

Innovated Rotary vacuum evaporator RVO 400 is new advanced model of the company INGOS Ltd.. RVO 400 is first model fitted with system designed for the control and communication by PC with the possibility to data entry of pre-set values and date processing while evaporating . Is noted for affability value in-use and compact construction. Innovated design offer users comfort and safety using the remote control and safety bath cover. Optional is possible to equip RVO 400 with the regulation in accordance by steam temperature .

1.1 Apparatus use and specifications

Rotary vacuum evaporator RVO 400 is designed for low-pressure evaporation at the pre-set value of the heating bath temperature and at the pre –defined constant mixing process of the solution to be vaporised. The vapours exhausted condense in a vertical or diagonal cooler and are collected into a flask.

The apparatus is fitted with a digital vacuum control and measuring system. Vacuum ratio is driven by diaphragm vacuum pump control.

User comfort assure heating bath equipped with motorized lift and manually tilted rotary casing head.

Rotation of the evaporating flask, height of the heating bath, steam temperature , the vacuum ratio and length of evaporation can be digitally set and controlled using the Keyboard or PC. All controlled values can be stored in memories.

Standard glass assembly can be adapt or enlarged on request.

1.2 Technical characteristics

Evaporating flasks ..... 20 – 4000 ml

Rotation speed .....0, 10 up to 280 rpm

Heating bath capacity (without flasks) ……. max. 4000 ml

Bath temperature .....max. 100°C for water filling
max. 180°C for oil filling

Regulation accuracy .....±1°C up to 100°C *
±3°C up to 180°C *

Pressure measurement…… absolute

Pressure difference ..... adjustable 1-500 mbar

Power supply ..... 230V, ±10%, 50Hz

Power input .....max.2000 W Power input

Dimensions (w x h x d) ..... 650 x 900 x 360 mm (including glass)

* in resting state

1.3 Symbol Explanation

- hot surface

2. TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Individual parts of the evaporator and their location can be seen on fig. 1.

1. Stand
2. Rotary casing head
3. Heating bath
4. Suck pipe
5. Ball adapter
6. Condenser
7. Receiving flask 1000 or 2000 ml, ball KS 35/20
8. Round bottom flask 1000 or 2000 or 4000 ml, point NZ 29/32
9. Filling pipe with valve
10. Fixed clip
11. Head tilt stick
12. Lift top position stopper screw
13. Keyboard (see Fig.6)
14. Wireless remote control (for request)

Fig.1 Location of individual parts of RVO

For complete list of basic accessories see paragraph 7.2.1.

3. STARTING OF OPERATION

3.1 Unpacking of the apparatus

Unpack the apparatus from the transport package, check the evaporator's surface and check all items according to the delivery note. If the apparatus is damaged or if an item is missing, contact your supplier or the manufacturer. Caution: apply silicone Vaseline to the all joints of the glass assembly.

3.2 Apparatus assembly

1. Keyboard can be hanged on the left fourpod leg of the stand apparatus or can be laid beside it. Plug connection cable in to the keyboard and to the socket at the back of apparatus marked KEYBOARD (fig. 2).
2. Place the heating bath on the lift table fig. 1, insert the bath cable into the socket under the mains switch (fig. 2 pos.10) and plug the connector of the bath temperature sensor into the socket (fig. 2 pos.3) marked TAC THERMOMETER.
3. Pour approximately 1 l of liquid into the heating bath.

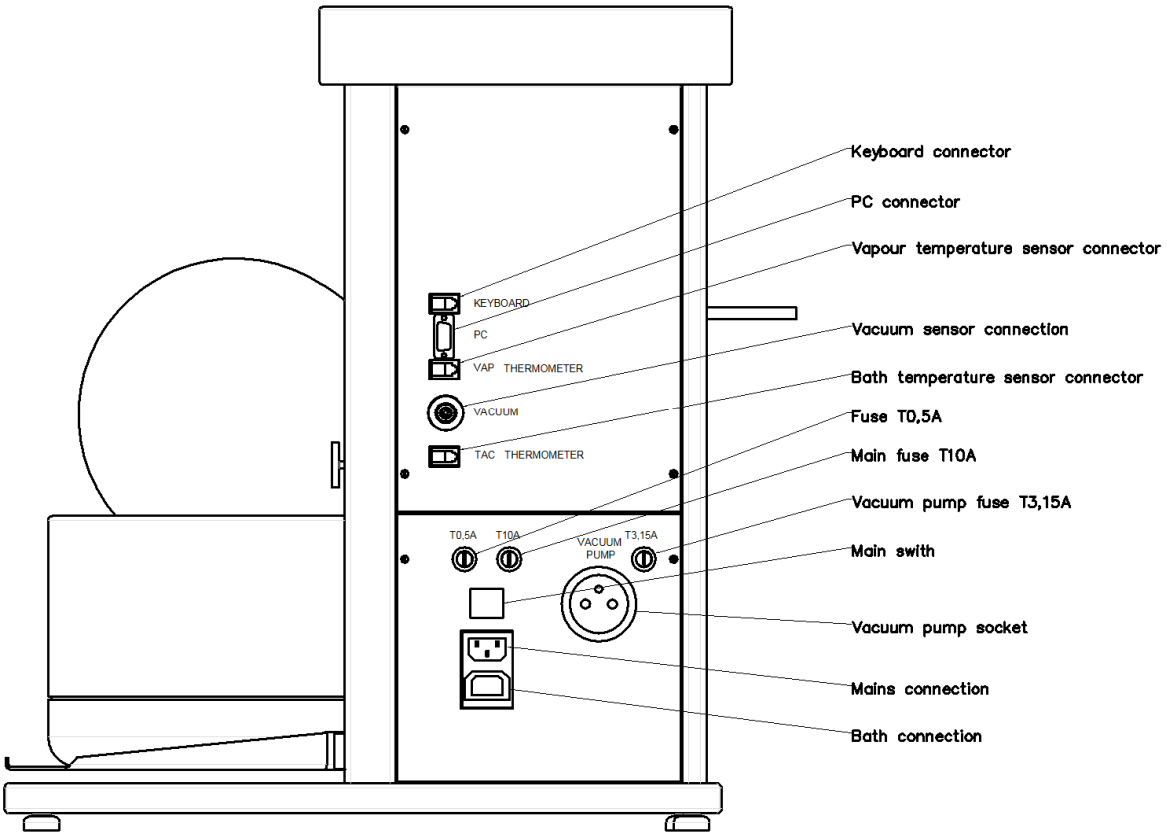


Fig. 2. Connectors

4. Rotation blocking knob, which is placed on the rotary casing head, set to the ”Lock” position (marking by red point) (for easier locking try to turn the casing a little). Insert suck pipe in to the rotary casing until the sitting touches the plastic collar. Than tighten the nut on the rotating casing. Finally ”Unlock” the blocking knob (marking by green point).

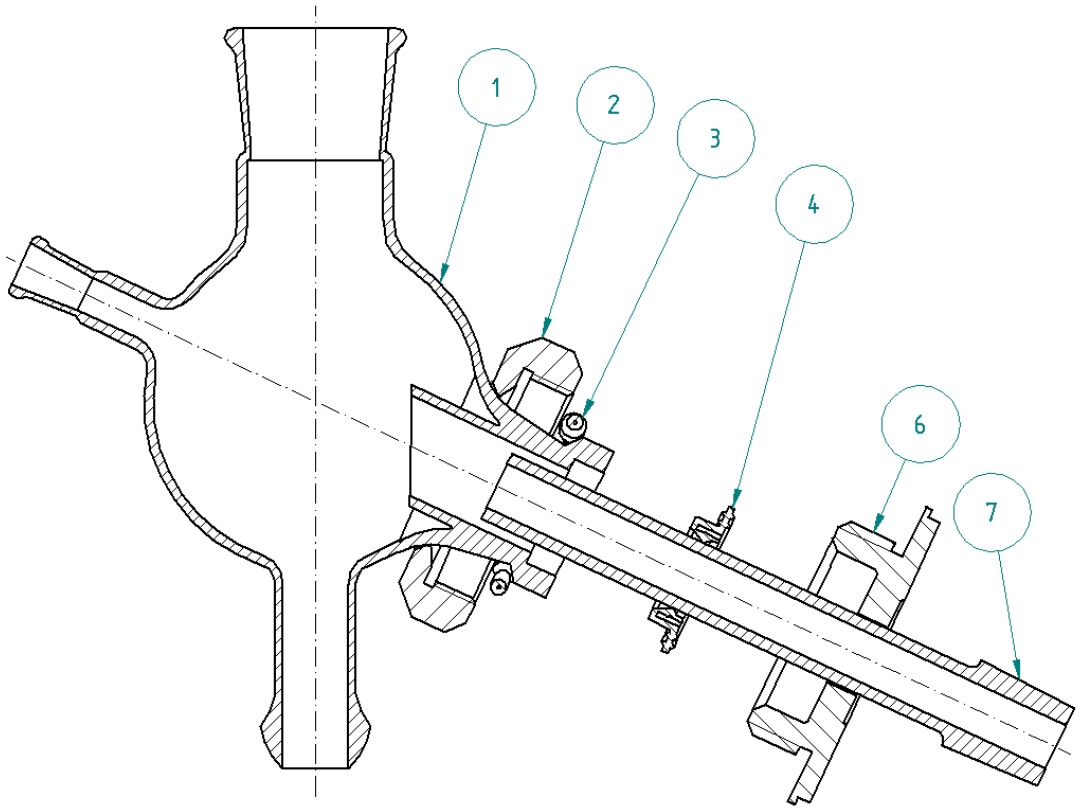
5. The opposite side of the head with the rotary casing contains a fixed housing with a nut. Unscrew the nut (fig. 3 pos.2), put it on the fitted part of the ball adapter (fig. 3 pos.1), insert the bead-type securing ring (fig. 3 pos.3) in such a way that it can latch behind the fitted part of the ball adapter. Check that the gufero sealing, treated with silicone Vaseline, has been inserted inside the fitted part (fig. 3 pos.4), its open side should face out of the fitting. Check that the flat sealing (fig. 3 pos.5) has been inserted in the casing and put carefully the ball adapter with gufero and nut on the suck pipe (fig. 3 pos.6), push the ball adapter until it stops and tighten the nut properly (fig. 3 pos.2). The spherical joint of the ball adapter faces down.

6. Do not forget to apply silicone Vaseline to all glass parts joints.

7. Install the condenser into the joint in the upper part of the ball adapter. The upper outlet of the condenser serves for the connection of the vacuum source. Connect the outlet of the condenser to the socket for the measurement of vacuum, marked VACUUM, and to the vacuum source with the help of a ”T” union. Other outlets serve for connection of cooling water.

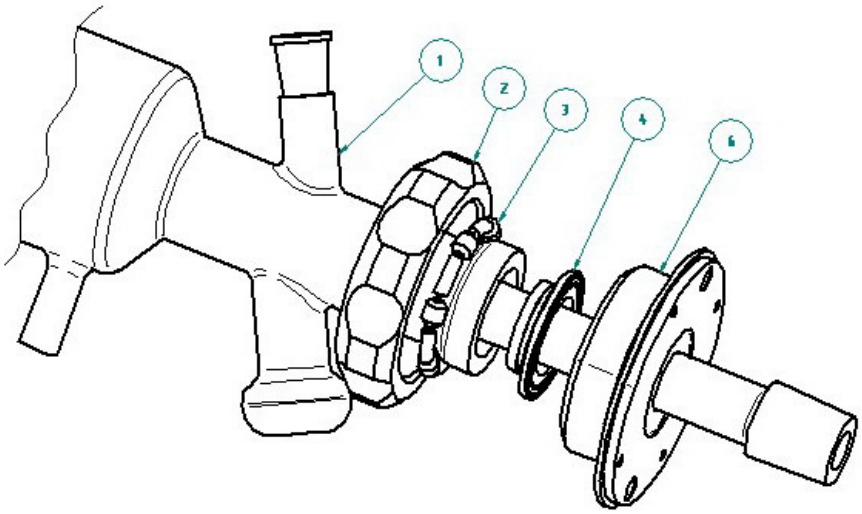
8. Attach the receiving flask with ball joint to the ball adapter with the help of a fixed clip, tighten properly.
9. Put the round bottom flask on the pipe and secure it with a wire combi-clip.

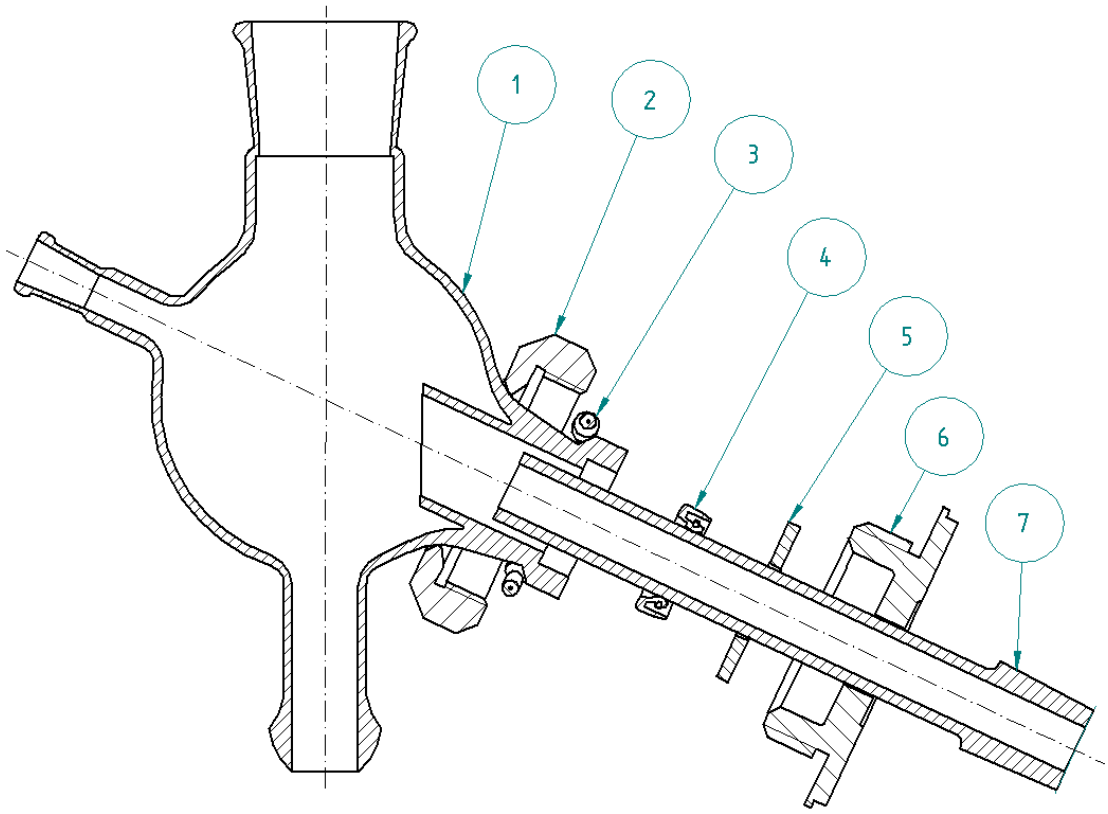
10. Insert the filing pipe with a valve (valve closed) into the ball adapter.



1. Ball adapter or diagonal condenser
2. Nut
3. Bead-type securing ring
4. PTFE sealing
5. ------
6. Housing
7. Suck pipe

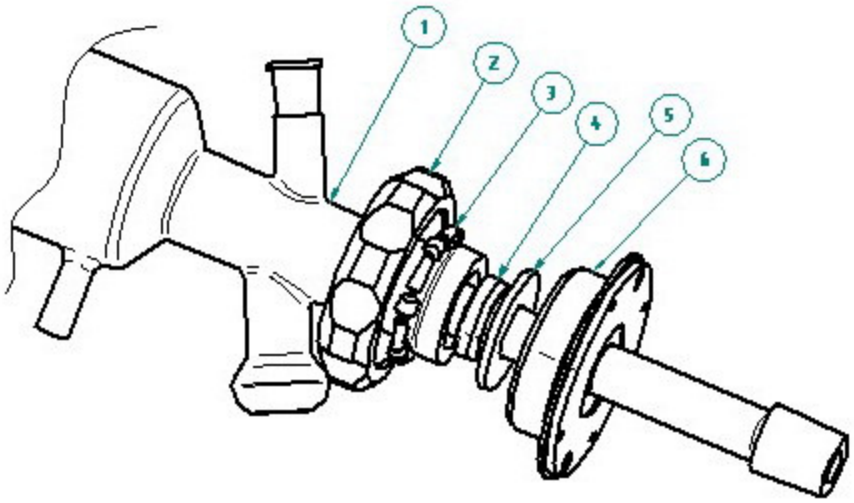
Fig. 3a. Ball adapter sealing (chemical resistant)

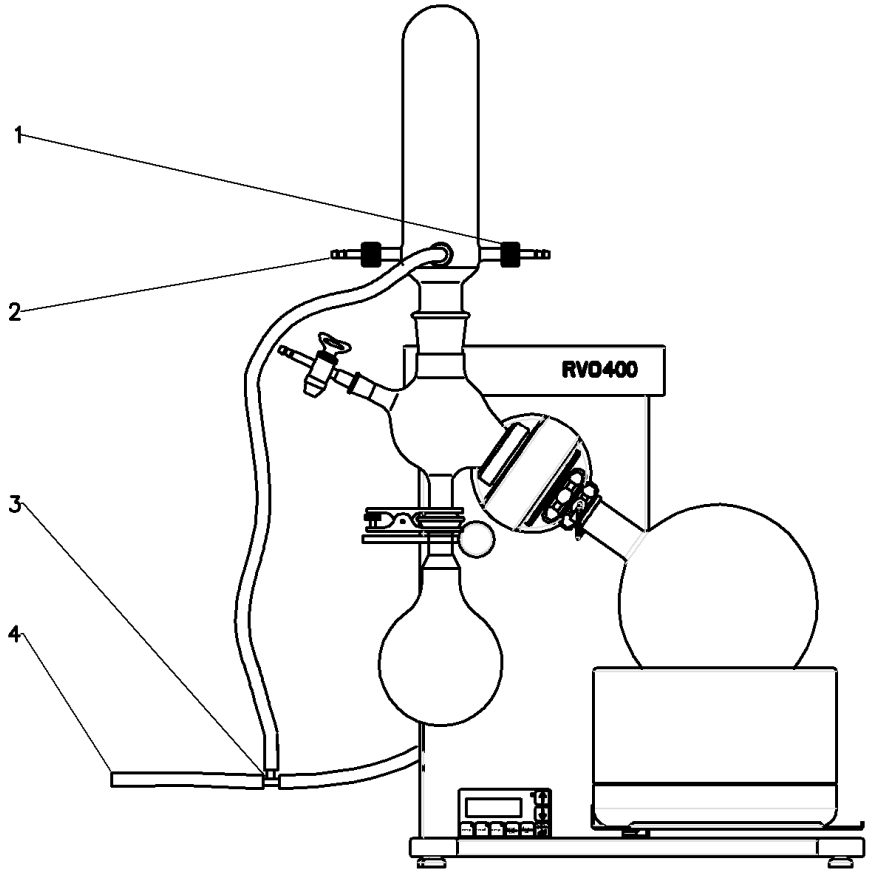




1. Ball adapter or diagonal condenser
2. Nut
3. Bead-type securing ring
4. Gufero sealing 35/22/10
5. Flat sealing
6. Housing
7. Suck pipe

Fig. 3b. Sectional assembly view (low chemical resistant)

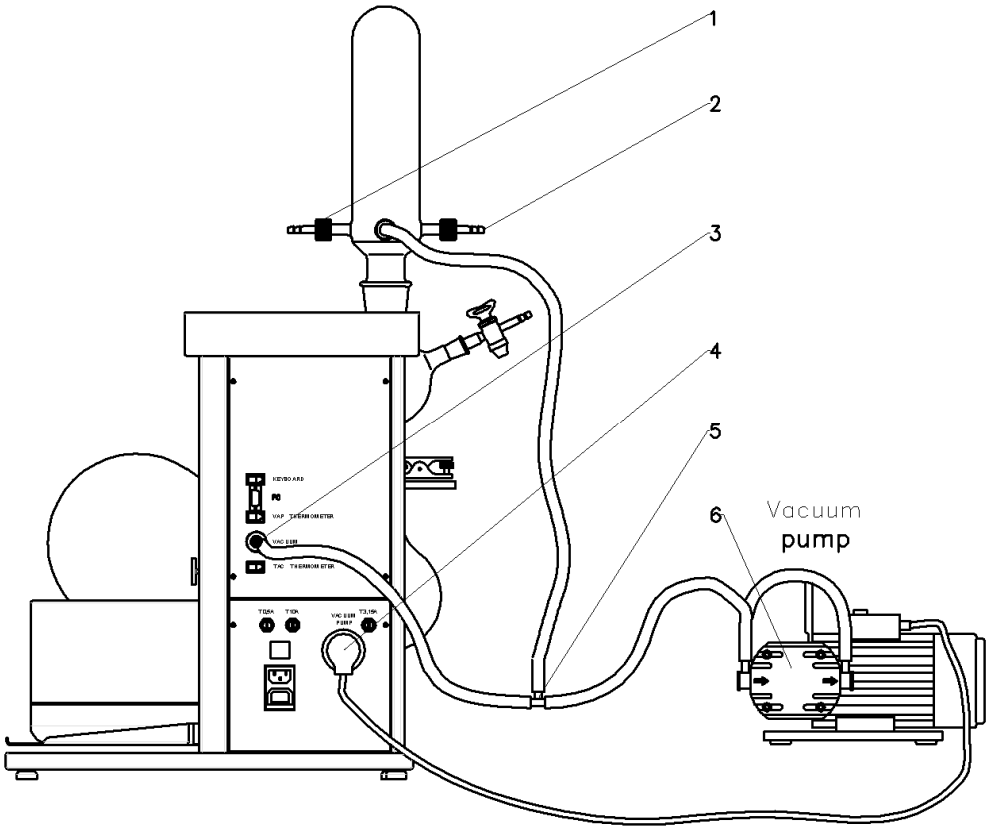




1. Cooling water outlet
2. Cooling water inlet
3. "T" tube connection
4. Vacuum connection

Fig. 4. Tube connection scheme

11. Connect the main cord. (fig. 2)
12. Lift the heating bath using the lift to its working position. At the bath top position adjust the lift stopper and fill in the liquid in the heating bath in such a way that the round-bottom flask can be sufficiently immersed in the liquid. The maximum liquid level is approximately 20 mm below the edge of the heating bath. Flask can be immerse and emerge by tilt the rotary casing head. For tilt use stick on the left side of the apparatus. When tilt the head move stick carefully, pay attention to glass equipment.
13. When removing the round bottom flask, release the vacuum first (e.g. use the filling pipe valve). For easier manipulation use the rotation blocking knob to lock the rotation. Carefully unscrew the wire combi-clip, until the flask is released. During the flask removing, work with caution.
14. When the vacuum control is desired, connect the mains cable of vacuum pump into the socket on the back side of the apparatus. In this case connection between condenser vacuum outlet and vacuum measurement socket has to be established!



1. Cooling water outlet
2. Cooling water inlet
3. Vacuum sensor connection
4. Controlled vacuum pump plug socket
5. ”T” union
6. Vacuum pump

Fig. 5. Connection plan for vacuum control

Caution : It is not possible to use the glass part if it features visible scratches or any other defects ! W hen controlling the vacuum, only the diaphragm vacuum pump with maximum input 650 W, can be plugged in the evaporator!

3.3 Apparatus control

The device is started up by switching the mains switch on. Upon startup, the display is lighted temperature **Tac** and pressure **Pac** is displayed. By repeated pressing the **DISPLAY** button the initial reading changes to **Time.**

Buttons ↑ and ↓ control the lift movement and setting the values of the display. The upward movement of the solution is limited by an adjustable limit switch placed on the right side of the device stand (see fig. 1 pos.12). It is operated by means of a black knob. The downward movement of the solution is limited by a fixed limit switch. **CAUTION! During upward movements of the warming solution, make sure that the solution does not overflow or that the glass parts do not get damaged.**

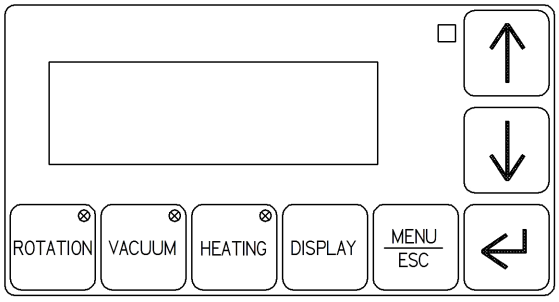


Fig. 6. Keyboard

3.3.1 RPM setup

Pressing the **ROTATION** button once displays RPM setting on the display (by arrows) and pressing it twice starts the rotation. Pressing it once more the rotation stops. Pressing then the **DISPLAY** or **ESC** buttons returns the device into the initial display mode.

Another pressing the **ROTATION** button displays again the RPM setup and one more pressing it stops the rotation. Correct operation is indicated by top right corner of the button lighting. **Always make sure that the button of rotation blocking is in the position UNLOCKED.** (If you start rotation with the blocking button in the LOCKED position, the case with the tube does not start rotating, just starts rotation lighting will flash. The apparatus enables you to set both directions of the rotation. The opposite direction of the rotation is indicated with the - minus sign.

3.3.2 Temperature setting

In case the regulation is set according to the solution temperature **Tac** in the **MENU** position **Heat,** pressing the **HEATING** button once displays the solution temperature setting (by the arrows) pressing it once more, the solution heating is started. Pressing the button still once more switches the heating off. Pressing then the **DISPLAY** or **ESC** buttons returns the device into the initial display mode.

Press **HEATING** once more and temperature setting displays again and another pressing the button switches the heating off. Correct function is indicated by top right corner of the button lighting in case of a failure the light starts flashing.

If the vapor sensor is installed and in the **MENU** mode in **Heat** the regulation is set according to **Tvap** and the display is in the temperature setting mode, then the **Tvap** vapor temperature setting (optional) changes and the cooler temperature **Tsol** (optional) is only indicated.

If any of the sensors is not installed for the corresponding temperature **NO** is displayed.

Note: the solution temperature **Tac** must be set accordingly higher than the required vapor temperature **Tvap.**

Temperature gradient setting

After pressing **MENU** button ↑ or ↓ choose the option **Heating F/G**, press **ENTER,**
choose **FIX** or **GRADIENT** (there is visible **Fix** or **Grad** on display). After choosing **GRADIENT** you can see the **temperature** (on the left) and **time** (on the right). Bath temperature is set by pressing arrows, than press **ENTER,** then set time (by arrows), press **ENTER**, set time (minutes), press **ENTER -** this is how to set time of the constant temperature. Press the **HEATING** button**, temperature** is shown on the left, **time** on the right. In total it is possible to set 20 changes in temperature during evaporating. When the setting is finished, confirm set value by **ENTER**. Press the **DISPLAY** and **ENTER** buttons and the evaporator will start the program. When the **HEATING** button is pressed repeatedly, it is possible to browse through the set values of temperature gradient. In case of all changes of set values, it is necessary to confirm all the values on display by pressing the **ENTER** button.

3.3.3 Vacuum setting

Pressing the **VACUUM** button once displays the vacuum value setting (arrows), pressing it twice starts vacuum control (if the vacuum pump is installed, see fig. 5). Pressing it once more switches the vacuum control off. Pressing then the **DISPLAY** or **ESC** buttons returns the device into the initial display mode.

Pressing the **VACUUM** button again, the display will show vacuum value setting again and another pressing the button shall switch the vacuum control off. Correct operation is indicated by top right corner of the button lighting.

Vacuum gradient setting

After pressing **MENU** button ↑ or ↓ choose the option **Vacuum F/G**, press **ENTER,**
choose **FIX** or **GRADIENT** (there is visible **Fix** or **Grad** on display). After choosing **GRADIENT** you can see the **vacuum** (on the left) and **time** (on the right). Vacuum is set by pressing arrows,

than press **ENTER,** then set time (hours) by arrows, press **ENTER**, set time (minutes), press **ENTER -** this is how to set time of the constant vacuum. Press the **VACUUM** button**, vacuum** is shown on the left, **time** on the right. In total it is possible to set 20 changes in temperature during evaporating. When the setting is finished, confirm set value by **ENTER**. Press the **DISPLAY** and **ENTER** buttons and the evaporator will start the program. When the **VACUUM** button is pressed repeatedly, it is possible to browse through the set values of vacuum gradient. In case of all changes of set values, it is necessary to confirm all the values on display by pressing the **ENTER** button.

3.3.4 ENTER button function

In all modes apart from **MENU,** pressing the corresponding button switches **ROTATION, HEATING, VACUUM** on/off. After recalling memory **LOAD 1-4,** functions of **ROTATION, HEATING, VACUUM** and **TIME** switch on/off.
ENTER in the **MENU** mode is the selection confirmation.

3.3.5 DISPLAY button function

Pressing the button cyclically changes the display mode and the arrows are active as lift movement controls.

1. Tac + Pac
2. Tvap + Tsol - if installed
3. Timer

Pressing the **DISPLAY** button also overrides other display readings (Rotation, Vacuum, Heating).

3.3.6 MENU/ESC button function

MENU	Timer		
	Heating F/G	FIX/ Gradient	
	Vacuum F/G	FIX/ Gradient	
	Heat	Tac / Tvap	
	Load memo	Load #1	
		Load #2	
		Load #3	
		Load #4	
	Save memo	Save #1	
		Save #2	
		Save #3	
		Save #4	
	Delta P		
		Atmosf P	
	Setting	Pressure units	Torr / mBar
		Temperature units	°C / K
		Beep	on/off
		Default	yes/no

Menu items:

Timer - setting time countdown. If the time **00:00 is set**, the operation time is not limited. When the time set is reached, the heating switches off, the solution moves down, rotation stops and also the vacuum pump is switched off. In case of failure, or stopping of the rotation or heating, the device switches off.

Heat regulation - setting the heating regulation mode according Tac-solution temperature or Tvap-vapor temperature.

Load Memo - reading 4 device setups (the memory content is copied into the actual setup).

Save Memo - storing 4 device setups (writing the actual setup into the memory).
These parameters are stored : Pac,Tac,Tvap, Tac/Tvap regulation type, RPM, timer.

Delta P - setting the pressure hysteretic for regulation within 1 to 500 mBar (setting the difference between switching the vacuum pump of and off)

Atmosf P - if the absolute sensor is installed (optional) it shows the absolute pressure, it may not be edited.
- if absolute sensor is not installed, the ambient pressure may be set manually according to a calibrated barometer. If 0 is set, the display shows the absolute value of the relative pressure.

Setting - Setting parameters for the display module (units, lighting, contrast, beep, and return to factory setup).
The values are stored directly in the display module and are valid for the specific module.

ENTER selection confirmation

ESC return

After the device is switched on or when switching memory, rotation and heating the warming solution is switched off for safety reasons. We recommend controlling the RPM value set before you start the rotation.

3.3.7 Remote control (optional)

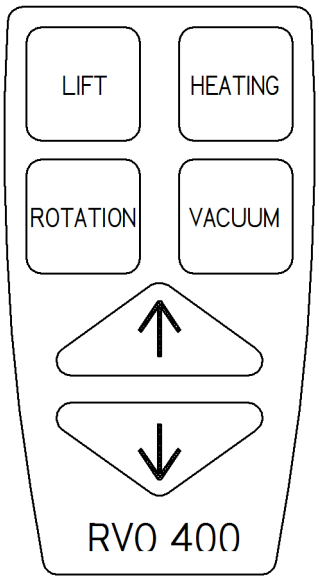


Fig. 7. Remote control

The **LIFT** button activates the arrows for lift movement (after a longer standby time it is necessary to activate them again)

The **ROTATION** button displays RPM setting (by arrows) upon the 1st pressing, upon the 2nd it starts rotation. If pressed once more, the rotation stops. Correct operation is indicated by top right corner of the **ROTATION** button lighting – located on the keyboard with the display.

The **HEATING** button displays a keyboard for temperatures **Tac** and **Tvap** setting on the monitor (by arrows) according to the regulation time set in **MENU** upon the 1st pressing. The 2nd pressing switches on the heating. If pressed once more, the heating is switched off. Correct operation is indicated by top right corner of the **HEATING** button lighting – located on the keyboard with the display.

The **VACUUM** button displays vacuum value setting (by arrows) upon the 1st pressing, upon the 2nd it starts vacuum control (if the vacuum pump is installed, see fig 5.) If pressed once more, the vacuum control is switched off. Correct operation is indicated by top right corner of the **VACUUM** button lighting – located on the keyboard with the display.

The **Display,** after some 10 idle seconds switches to the initial readings.

3.3.8 Operating by PC (accessories by request)

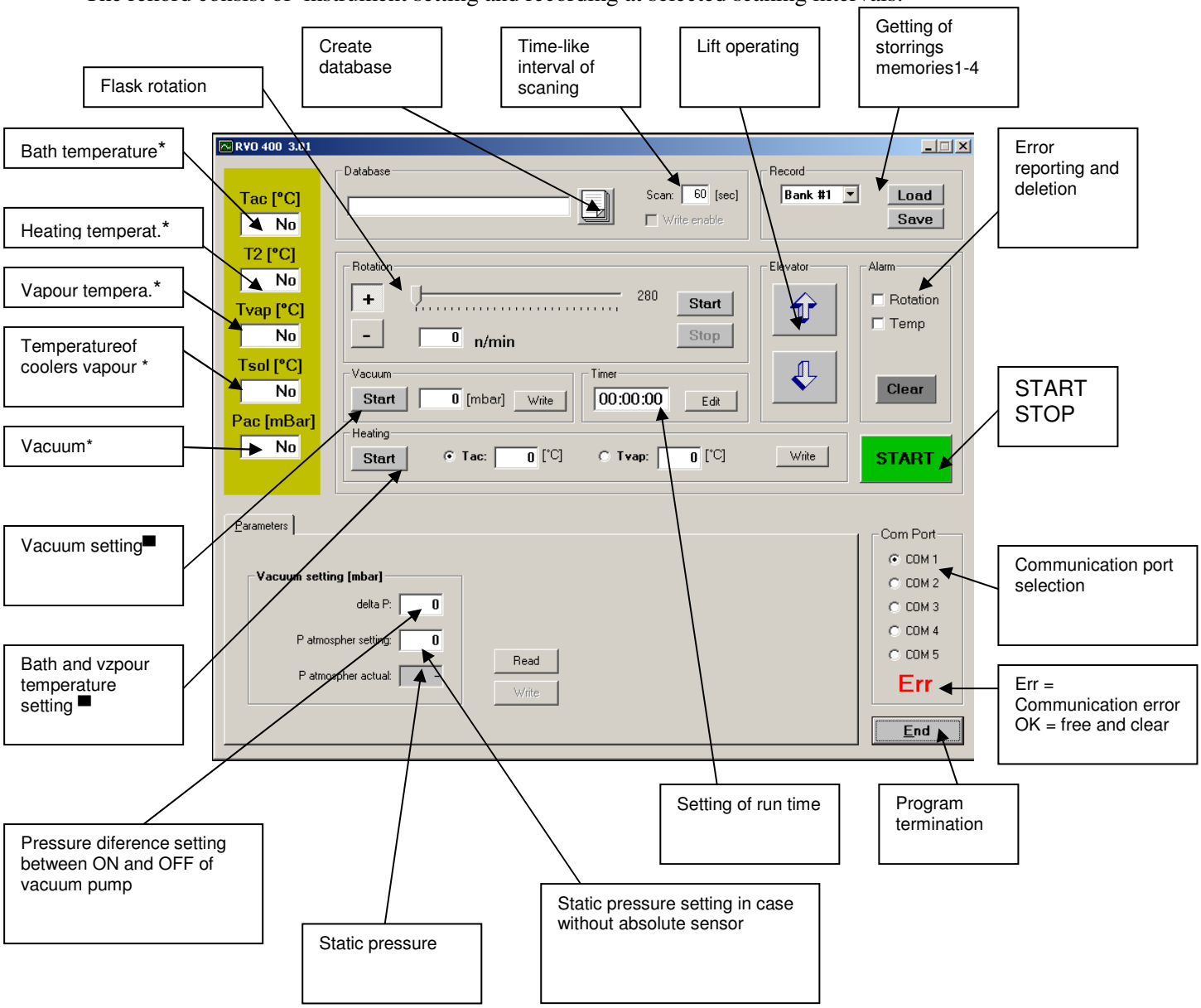
Install the program from CD to PC first.Interconnect PC and RVO 400 by the delivered link cabel(seriál port). Start program and now you can kontrol the instrument using PC.The changed parameters by PC will be rewritten also by display of keyboard and reversaly.

PC requirements: Windows,office,seriál port or USB converter-seriál port.

3.3.9 Vacuum evaporating report by PC(accessories by request)

Select under PC program mode of evaporating run, select name and enter. After push-button operation **START** the program is runing.For the each one data jogging you can create new databáze or select primary and the data are storaged as continuation storaged data before.

The rekord consist of instrument setting and recording at selected scaning intervals.



* No = Senzore arn´t detected other way are displayed current values

■ After setting required values enter - **Write**

Fig. 8. Monitor PC

4. MAINTENANCE

4.1 Apparatus maintenance

Do not leave the evaporator surface contaminated from corrosive substances. It could damage the evaporator coating. Clean the contamined surface with a clean soft cloth. The cloth may be moistened but not wet. It is also possible to use ordinary washing means for cleaning purposes. It is forbidden to clean the heating bath with the means which could spoil its smooth surface. In case of sediments of turning,impurities, particulates of water rusts ,use the cleaning compounds for cleaning of furning or mellow solution of HCL. In process of cleaning use the protective means recommended by producer of applied cleaning compounds.

Caution: Disconnect the apparatus from the network while cleaning it with a wet cloth!

4.2 Sealing replacement

Disassemble the condenser, remove the releasing pipe with the valve, remove the ball-and-socket ground joint flask, release the nut of the ball adapter and carefully remove the actual adapter. Release the gufero sealing, clean the ball adapter, slightly apply silicone Vaseline onto the new sealing and mount it into the ball adapter. The sealing cavity faces out of the ball adapter. If necessary, replace also the flat sealing between the ball adapter and the head fitted with a rotary casing. Perform the assembly according to the point 3.2. Apply a light layer of silicone Vaseline to the gufero sealing approximately after 80 operation hours (more often if necessary).

5. DEFECTS AND TROUBLESHOOTING

5.1 Leakage

The main cause of leakage is usually an incorrect sealing assembly. At first you should check that all joints have been installed correctly. If it is the case, disassemble the glass and verify the condition of the ball adapter sealing and flat sealing, if necessary replace them. Carefully assemble according to the instructions, switch the rotation ON and start the vacuum pressure up.

5.2 Other failures

The apparatus does not respond when you switch it ON. Check fuses, possibly replace with new ones featuring the same parameters (fig. 2, T 0.5A and T 10A). The window of the rotation key is flashing, rotating parts are not moving. Ensure that Rotation blocking knob is set to ”Unlock” and than press rotation key again. The window of the rotation key is flashing. Check that there is not anything which could impede the flask from its rotation (manually), switch the mains switch OFF and ON and press the rotation key again. The window of the temperature key is flashing. This indicates that the temperature sensor have been connected incorrectly. Check the sensor connection, quantity of liquid in the heating bath and switch the main switch OFF and ON and press the temperature key again. Controlled vacuum pump is not running, even the pump mains cable is correctly plug in the rear of evaporator as well as vacuum connecting hose. Check the vacuum pump fuse, possibly replace it with new one featuring the same parameters (fig. 2, T3,15A).

6. SAFETY AND OPERATION CONDITIONS

6.1 Operation safety

Ensuring of rotation of the sample to be vaporized:	Current protection of the driving motor. If the resistance against rotation has increased above the prespecified limit, the driving motor voltage will be disconnected. (This situation will be signaled by the flashing of the rotation LED)
Protection of the heating bath lift:	Friction coupling between the driving motor and lifting equipment. In the case of an increase in resistance during the lifting of the bath above the specified limit the friction coupling could slip.
Protection of bath heating:	Electronically by means of a thermal protection Against overheating. There will not be any heating if the incorporated sensor of the heating bath has been connected or if the difference of temperatures between sensors rises above the limit pre-specified by the manufacturer. (This situation will be signaled by the flashing of the LED for heating)

6.2 Operation conditions

The apparatus is designed for the work under ordinary laboratory conditions at temperatures of 10 to 30°C and air humidity up to 80% . The power supply is 230 V, 10 A, 50 Hz. The inlet cord should be connected into a socket circuit featuring protection from 10 A or 16 A (diaphragm vacuum pump connected). The inlet cord cannot be in contact with the heating bath. The socket designed for the connection of the heating bath is designed exclusively for this bath. Oil used in the bath must be designed for a temperature of at least 180°C. The bath volume shall not exceed 2 l.

It is forbidden to handle any bath which has been heated to a temperature exceeding 40°C in any other way than by using the apparatus lift. If you want to fill the liquid into the heating bath, always switch the vaporized sample rotation OFF. For temperatures up to 100°C use water as the filling of the heating bath (with regard to its higher thermal capacity).

Caution! If you are replacing the round-bottom flask after the vaporized solution has become thicker, pay particular attention and if it is not possible to remove the flask easily from the cone, carry out any other handling only after the cooling of the bath.

Caution! If you use oil as the filling of the heating bath, the heating bath must be properly dried before its being filled.

Caution! If you are working with oil heated above 100°C, you must ensure that no water can enter into the oil. If you are replacing the round-bottom flask, pay particular attention that no water drops shall enter into the oil. While working, use personal protection equipment (goggles, gloves, coat and shoes).

7. ACCESSORIES AND SPARE PARTS

7.1 Basic accessories (comes with evaporator)

Inlet cord Glass assembly
- Round bottom flask (1000, 2000 or 4000 ml) NZ29/32
- Receiving flask (1000 or 2000 ml) KS 35/20
- Suck pipe
- Ball adapter
- Vertical condenser
- Filling pipe with a valve
- 3 pieces of GL14 connection fitting

Sealing: gufero sealing 35/22/10 (Fig. 3b, pos. 4),
PTFE sealing (Fig. 3a, pos. 4)

Fixed clip Keyboard

Adaptor Keyboard

Cables 0.4 and 2m

Tubing coupler PA vacuum tubing (100, 110 a 150cm)

Main inlet cord

7.2 Other accessories

7.2.1 Glass accessories (Fig. 7)

4SKL0021	Evaporating flask 50 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0025	Evaporating flask 100 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0022	Evaporating flask 250 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0023	Evaporating flask 500 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0004	Evaporating flask 1000 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0003	Evaporating flask 2000 ml, joint NZ29/32
4SKL0012	Evaporating flask 4000 ml, joint NZ29/32 (only RVO400)
4SKL0017	Receiving flask 250 ml, joint KS35/20
4SKL0024	Receiving flask 500 ml, joint KS35/20
4SKL0006	Receiving flask 1000 ml, joint KS35/20
4SKL0034	Receiving flask 2000 ml, joint KS35/20
4SKL0005	Vertical condenser
4SKL0033	Diagonal condenser
4SKL0020	Dry ice trap
4SKL0001	Filling pipe with a valve - short
4SKL0002	Filling pipe with a valve - long
4SKL0008	Ball adapter
RO4810	Ball adapter including steam temperature sensor
RO3212	Suck pipe

4SKL0016	Test tube 20 ml, joint NZ14/23
4SKL0009	Flask 100 ml, joint NZ14/23
4SKL0010	Flask 250 ml, joint NZ14/23
4SKL0019	Spider with 3 sleeves NZ14/23 (max. flask 250ml)
4SKL0018	Spider with 5 sleeves NZ14/23 (max. flask 100ml)
4SKL0011	Spider with 6 sleeves NZ14/23 (max. flask 20ml)
4SKL0014	Foam trap NZ29/32 - NZ14/23
4SKL0015	Foam trap NZ29/32 - NZ29/32
4SKL0035	Adapter NZ29/32 - NZ14/23

7.2.2 Spare parts, other accessories

RO1520	Protective bath cover
1TOO0007	Gufero sealing 35/22/10 (Fig.3b)
1TG24524	Flat sealing
1TOO0008	Sealing PTFE (Fig.3a)
RO1080	Fixed clip (for KS32/20)
RO1041	Elastic clip (for NZ14/23)
4SKL0026	Straight fitting GL 14
4SKL0027	Cap nut GL 14
90000013	Tubing coupler
5HAD0003	PA Vacuum tubing
90000036	Vacuum pump low chemical resistant(VM20D recommended)
90000044	Spare diaphragms and sealing for VM20D
	Vacuum pump KNF high chemical resistant
3VOD0003	Inlet cord
Fuses5x20mm:	T 10 A, T 3.15 A , T 0.5 A
	Remote control

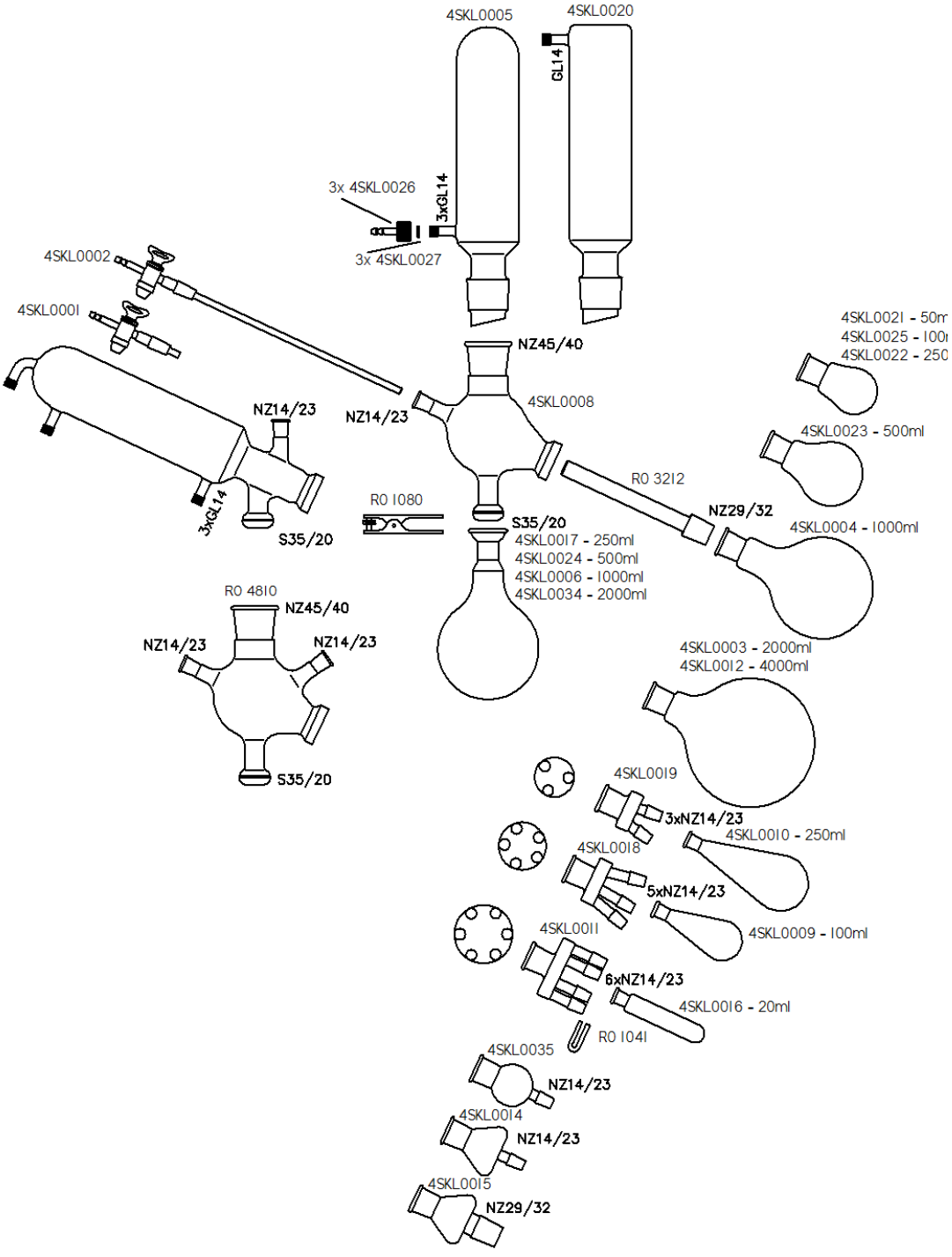


Fig. 9. Glass accessories overview

8. CONCLUSION

8.1 Carrying out of repairs

All warranty and after-warranty repairs shall be carried out by the manufacturer or by the organization authorized by them. If the delivery note does not state otherwise, contact the distributor for any repair requirements.

8.2 Warranty

The product is covered by the manufacturer's warranty lasting for one year from the day of the handing over to the customer of the product. The apparatus can only be used in the way specified in these instructions. The apparatus cannot be used in any other way than as provided for in these instructions, otherwise the operation safety could be interfered.

If the conditions of these instructions are not met, the manufacturer will not be liable for damages which could arise.

8.3 Waste disposal

When the instruments operating life is over dispose it in respect to valid regulations, also it can be returned to the vendor or producer for liquidation.

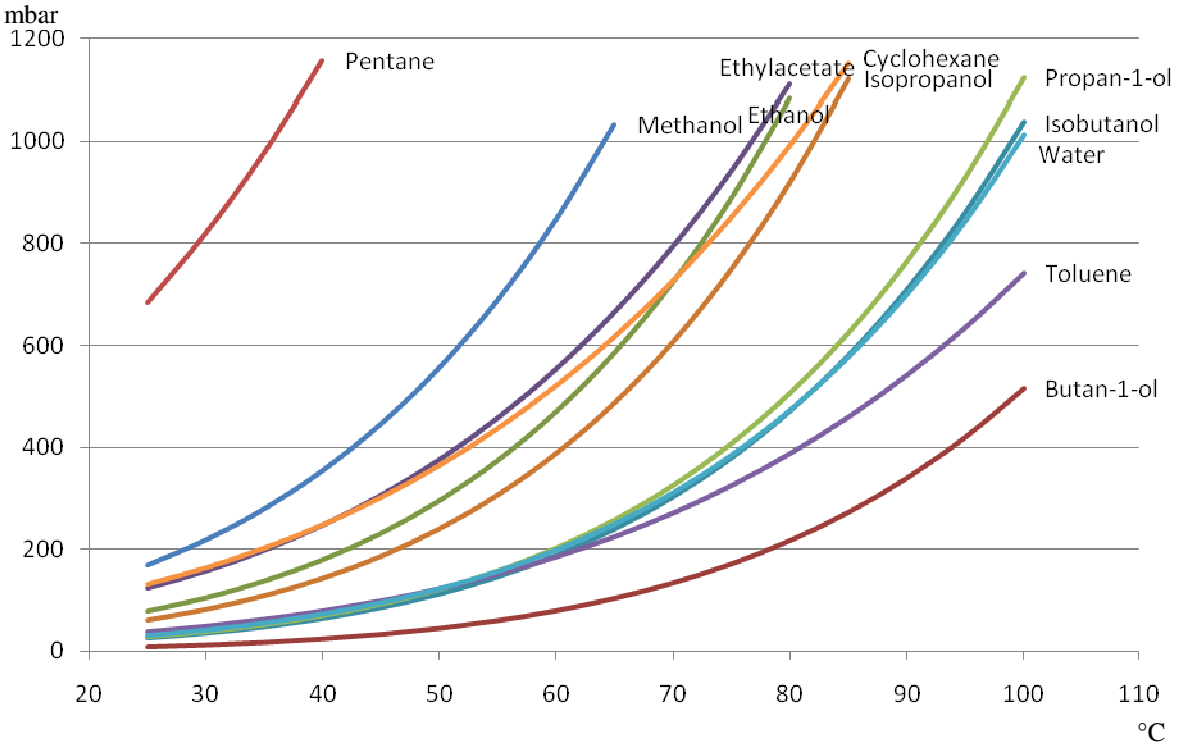
Warning: Instrument contains parts (PCB's) which are rated as hazardous waste.

9. TABLE OF CONTENTS

9.1 List of pictures and tables

Values of pressure (mbar) depending on temperature (°C)

Compound t(°C)	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	65	70	75	80	85	90	95	100
Acetic acid	21	28	36	47	60	76	96	120	149	183	225	273	331	398	476	566
Acetone	308	380	465	565	682	818	975	1154								
Acetonitrile	122	152	188	231	283	343	414	496	591	700	825	967	1129			
Benzene	126	159	197	243	297	361	435	521	620	734	863	1009	1174			
Butan-1-ol	9	13	18	25	34	46	61	81	105	135	172	218	274	341	421	516
Cyclohexane	132	164	203	249	303	365	438	522	619	728	853	994	1152			
Diethylether	717	865	1035													
Ethanol	79	105	138	180	232	296	375	470	586	724	888	1083				
Ethylacetate	124	158	199	248	307	376	458	554	665	794	942	1110				
Formic acid	57	72	91	113	140	173	211	256	309	371	442	525	619	728	851	990
Furan	800	966	1157													
Heptane	61	78	98	123	153	188	230	280	337	404	481	570	671	786	916	1062
Hexane	203	251	308	374	452	543	646	765	901	1054						
Chloroform	262	323	396	481	580	695	827	977	1149							
Isobutanol	25	34	47	63	84	111	145	187	239	303	379	471	580	710	861	1038
Isopropanol	61	82	109	143	186	240	307	389	488	608	751	921	1121			
Methanol	168	218	279	354	446	556	689	847	1034							
Pentane	684	821	978	1157												
Propan-1-ol	28	38	52	69	92	121	157	202	258	326	408	507	625	766	931	1124
Tetrachloromethane	152	189	233	285	345	416	498	592	700	822	961	1118				
Toluene	38	49	62	79	99	123	151	185	225	272	326	388	460	543	637	743
Triethylamine	91	115	144	179	220	268	325	392	469	558	660	776	907	1056		
Trifluoroacetic acid	15	19	24	30	37	45	55	66	80	95	113	133	156	182	211	244
Water	32	43	56	74	96	124	158	199	250	312	386	474	578	701	845	1013


mbar
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40
50
60
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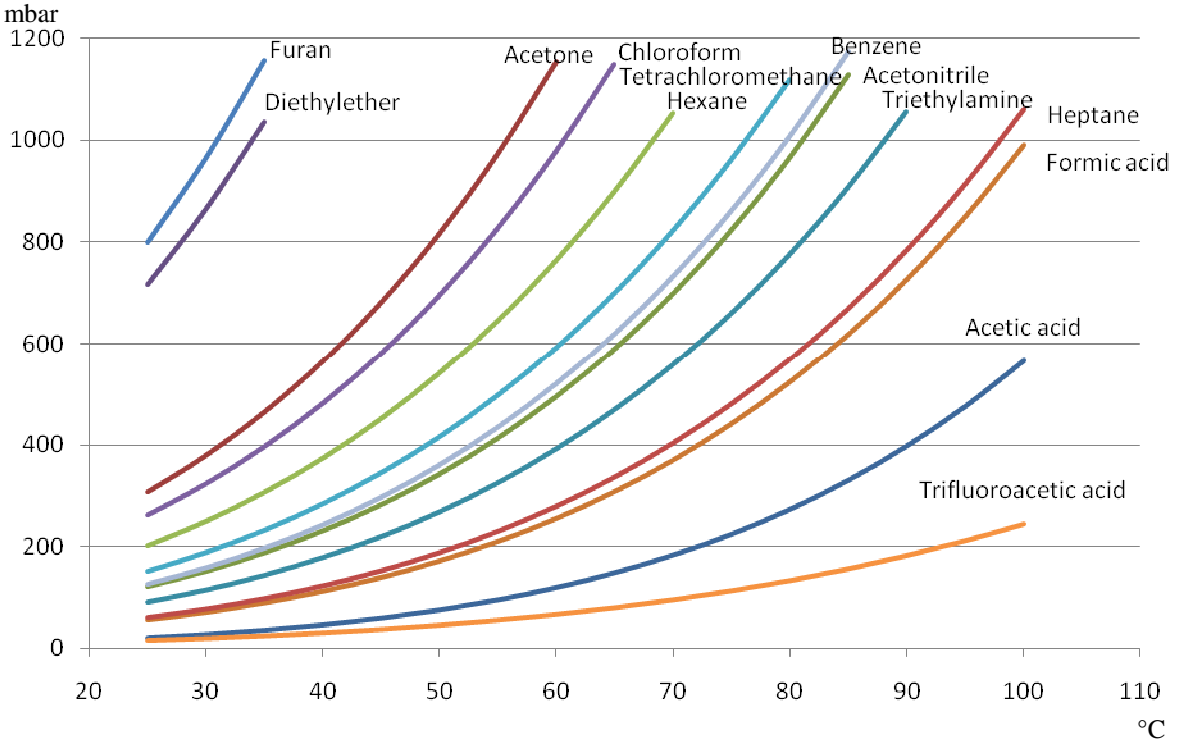
100
110
°C
Pentane
Ethylacetate
Cyclohexane
Isopropanol
Propan-1-ol
Methanol
Ethanol
Isobutanol
Water
Toluene
Butan-1-ol


mbar
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100
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°C
Furan
Diethylether
Acetone
Chloroform
Tetrachloromethane
Hexane
Benzene
Acetonitrile
Triethylamine
Heptane
Formic acid
Acetic acid
Trifluoroacetic acid