User Manual

1.5KVA-3KVA INVERTER / CHARGER

Table Of Contents

ABOUT THIS MANUAL	1
Purpose	1
Scope	
SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS	1
INTRODUCTION	
Features	2
Basic System Architecture	2
Product Overview	
Unpacking and Inspection	4
Preparation	4
Mounting the Unit	
Battery Connection	
AC Input/Output Connection	
PV Connection	8
Final Assembly	
Communication Connection	
Dry Contact Signal	10
OPERATION	11
Power ON/OFF	11
Operation and Display Panel	11
LCD Display Icons	12
LCD Setting	14
Display Setting	21
Operating Mode Description	23
Fault Reference Code	24
Warning Indicator	24
SPECIFICATIONS	25
Table 1 Line Mode Specifications	25
Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications	26
Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications	27
Table 4 General Specifications	27
TROUBLE CHOOTING	0.0

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

Purpose

This manual describes the assembly, installation, operation and troubleshooting of this unit. Please read this manual carefully before installations and operations. Keep this manual for future reference.

Scope

This manual provides safety and installation guidelines as well as information on tools and wiring.

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS



WARNING: This chapter contains important safety and operating instructions. Read and keep this manual for future reference.

- 1. Before using the unit, read all instructions and cautionary markings on the unit, the batteries and all appropriate sections of this manual.
- 2. **CAUTION** --To reduce risk of injury, charge only deep-cycle lead acid type rechargeable batteries. Other types of batteries may burst, causing personal injury and damage.
- 3. Do not disassemble the unit. Take it to a qualified service center when service or repair is required. Incorrect re-assembly may result in a risk of electric shock or fire.
- 4. To reduce risk of electric shock, disconnect all wirings before attempting any maintenance or cleaning. Turning off the unit will not reduce this risk.
- 5. **CAUTION** Only qualified personnel can install this device with battery.
- 6. **NEVER** charge a frozen battery.
- 7. For optimum operation of this inverter/charger, please follow required spec to select appropriate cable size. It's very important to correctly operate this inverter/charger.
- 8. Be very cautious when working with metal tools on or around batteries. A potential risk exists to drop a tool to spark or short circuit batteries or other electrical parts and could cause an explosion.
- 9. Please strictly follow installation procedure when you want to disconnect AC or DC terminals. Please refer to INSTALLATION section of this manual for the details.
- 10. Fuses (3pcs 63A, 65VDC for 12VDC and 24VDC units) are provided as over-current protection for the battery supply.
- 11. GROUNDING INSTRUCTIONS -This inverter/charger should be connected to a permanent grounded wiring system. Be sure to comply with local requirements and regulation to install this inverter.
- 12. NEVER cause AC output and DC input short circuited. Do NOT connect to the mains when DC input short circuits.
- 13. **Warning!!** Only qualified service persons are able to service this device. If errors still persist after following troubleshooting table, please send this inverter/charger back to local dealer or service center for maintenance.

INTRODUCTION

This is a multi-function inverter/charger, combining functions of inverter, solar charger and battery charger to offer uninterruptible power support with portable size. Its comprehensive LCD display offers user-configurable and easy-accessible button operation such as battery charging current, AC/solar charger priority, and acceptable input voltage based on different applications.

There are two different types of built-in solar chargers: PWM or MPPT solar charger. For the detailed product specification, please consult your local dealers.

Features

- Pure sine wave inverter
- · Configurable input voltage range for home appliances and personal computers via LCD setting
- Configurable battery charging current based on applications via LCD setting
- Configurable AC/Solar Charger priority via LCD setting
- Compatible to mains voltage or generator power
- Auto restart while AC is recovering
- Overload/ Over temperature/ short circuit protection
- Smart battery charger design for optimized battery performance
- Cold start function

Basic System Architecture

The following illustration shows basic application for this inverter/charger. It also includes following devices to have a complete running system:

- · Generator or Utility.
- PV modules (option)

Consult with your system integrator for other possible system architectures depending on your requirements.

This inverter can power all kinds of appliances in home or office environment, including motor-type appliances such as tube light, fan, refrigerator and air conditioner.

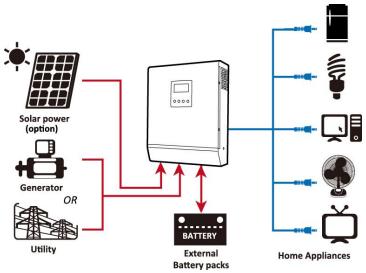
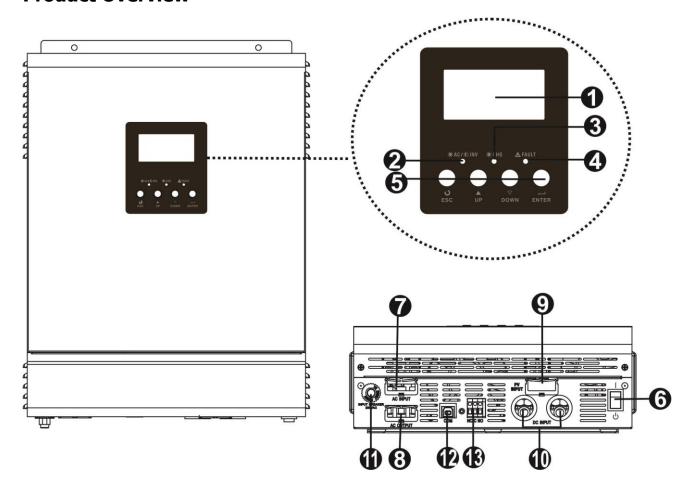


Figure 1 Hybrid Power System

Product Overview



- 1. LCD display
- 2. Status indicator
- 3. Charging indicator
- 4. Fault indicator
- 5. Function buttons
- 6. Power on/off switch
- 7. AC input
- 8. AC output
- 9. PV input
- 10. Battery input
- 11. Circuit breaker
- 12. USB communication port
- 13. Dry contact

INSTALLATION

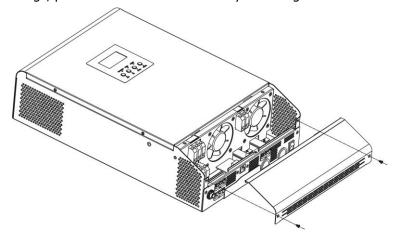
Unpacking and Inspection

Before installation, please inspect the unit. Be sure that nothing inside the package is damaged. You should have received the following items inside of package:

- The unit x 1
- User manual x 1
- USB Communication cable x 1
- Software CD x 1

Preparation

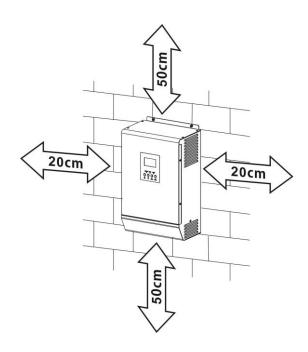
Before connecting all wirings, please take off bottom cover by removing two screws as shown below.



Mounting the Unit

Consider the following points before selecting where to install:

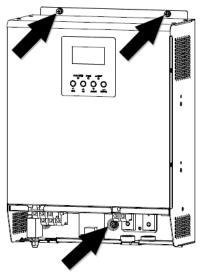
- Do not mount the inverter on flammable construction materials.
- Mount on a solid surface
- Install this inverter at eye level in order to allow the LCD display to be read at all times.
- For proper air circulation to dissipate heat, allow a clearance of approx. 20 cm to the side and approx. 50 cm above and below the unit.
- The ambient temperature should be between -20°C and 55°C to ensure optimal operation.
- The recommended installation position is to be adhered to the wall vertically.
- Be sure to keep other objects and surfaces as shown in the diagram to guarantee sufficient heat dissipation and to have enough space for removing wires.





SUITABLE FOR MOUNTING ON CONCRETE OR OTHER NON-COMBUSTIBLE SURFACE ONLY.

Install the unit by screwing three screws.

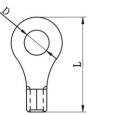


Battery Connection

CAUTION: For safety operation and regulation compliance, it's requested to install a separate DC over-current protector or disconnect device between battery and inverter. It may not be requested to have a disconnect device in some applications, however, it's still requested to have over-current protection installed. Please refer to typical amperage in below table as required fuse or breaker size. **Ring terminal:**

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for battery connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable and terminal size as below.



Recommended battery cable and terminal size:

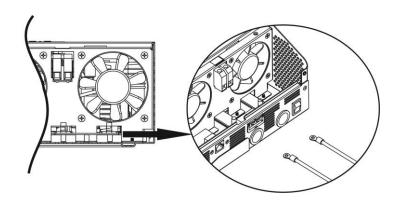
	Tymical	Patton		R	ing Termin	al	Torquo
Model	Typical Amperage	Battery capacity	Wire Size	Cable	Dimen	sions	Torque value
	Alliperage	Сарасіту		mm ²	D (mm)	L (mm)	value
1.5KVA 24V	50A	100AH	1*8WG	8	6.4	23.8	2~ 3 Nm
1.5KVA 12V	100A	100AH	1*4AWG	22	6.4	33.2	2~ 3 Nm
3KVA 24V	100A	200AH	2*8AWG	14	6.4	29.2	21~ 3 IVIII

Please follow below steps to implement battery connection:

- 1. Assemble battery ring terminal based on recommended battery cable and terminal size.
- 2. Connect all battery packs as the unit is required. It's suggested to connect at least 100Ah capacity battery to the unit.

NOTE: Please only use sealed lead acid battery or sealed GEL/AGM lead-acid battery.

3. Insert the ring terminal of battery cable flatly into battery connector of inverter and make sure the bolts are tightened with torque of 2-3 Nm. Make sure polarity at both the battery and the inverter/charge is correctly connected and ring terminals are tightly screwed to the battery terminals.



<u>^</u>

WARNING: Shock Hazard

Installation must be performed with care due to high battery voltage in series.



CAUTION!! Do not place anything between the flat part of the inverter terminal and the ring terminal. Otherwise, overheating may occur.

CAUTION!! Do not apply anti-oxidant substance on the terminals before terminals are connected tightly.

CAUTION!! Before making the final DC connection or closing DC breaker/disconnector, be sure positive (+) must be connected to positive (+) and negative (-) must be connected to negative (-).

AC Input/Output Connection

CAUTION!! Before connecting to AC input power source, please install a **separate** AC breaker between inverter and AC input power source. This will ensure the inverter can be securely disconnected during maintenance and fully protected from over current of AC input. The recommended spec of AC breaker is 20A for 1.5KVA and 30A for 3KVA.

CAUTION!! There are two terminal blocks with "IN" and "OUT" markings. Please do NOT mis-connect input and output connectors.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

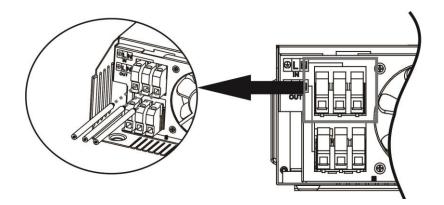
WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for AC input connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Suggested cable requirement for AC wires

Model	Gauge	Torque Value
1.5KVA	16 AWG	0.5~ 0.6 Nm
3KVA	12 AWG	1.2~ 1.6 Nm

Please follow below steps to implement AC input/output connection:

- 1. Before making AC input/output connection, be sure to open DC protector or disconnector first.
- 2. Remove insulation sleeve 10mm for six conductors. And shorten phase L and neutral conductor N 3 mm.
- 3. Insert AC input wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten the terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.
 - **Ground** (yellow-green)
 - L→LINE (brown or black)
 - N→Neutral (blue)

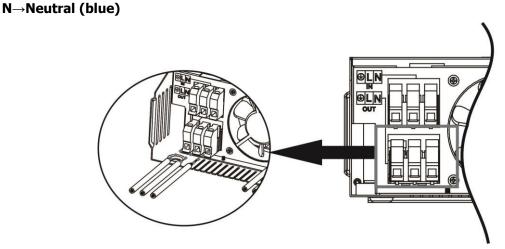


 \triangle

WARNING:

Be sure that AC power source is disconnected before attempting to hardwire it to the unit.

- 4. Then, insert AC output wires according to polarities indicated on terminal block and tighten terminal screws. Be sure to connect PE protective conductor () first.
 - ⊖→Ground (yellow-green) L→LINE (brown or black)



5. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

CAUTION: Important

Be sure to connect AC wires with correct polarity. If L and N wires are connected reversely, it may cause utility short-circuited when these inverters are worked in parallel operation.

CAUTION: Appliances such as air conditioner are required at least 2~3 minutes to restart because it's required to have enough time to balance refrigerant gas inside of circuits. If a power shortage occurs and recovers in a short time, it will cause damage to your connected appliances. To prevent this kind of damage, please check manufacturer of air conditioner if it's equipped with time-delay function before installation. Otherwise, this inverter/charger will trig overload fault and cut off output to protect your appliance but sometimes it still causes internal damage to the air conditioner.

PV Connection

CAUTION: Before connecting to PV modules, please install **separately** a DC circuit breaker between inverter and PV modules.

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified personnel.

PV Module Selection: (Only for the model with built-in PWM solar charger)

WARNING! It's very important for system safety and efficient operation to use appropriate cable for PV module connection. To reduce risk of injury, please use the proper recommended cable size as below.

Typical Amperage	Gauge	Torque Value
50A	8 AWG	1.4~1.6 Nm

When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below requirements first:

1. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.

Charging Current (PWM)	50Amp		
System DC Voltage	12Vdc	24Vdc	
Operating Voltage Range	15~18Vdc	30~32Vdc	
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	50Vdc	75Vdc	

2. Max. Power Voltage (Vmpp) of PV modules should be close to best Vmp of inverter or within Vmp range to get best performance. If one PV module can not meet this requirement, it's necessary to have several PV modules in series connection.

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: Vmpp of PV module * X pcs ≒ Best Vmp of Inverter or Vmp range

PV module numbers in Parallel: Max. charging current of inverter / Impp

Total PV module numbers = maximum PV module numbers in series * PV module numbers in parallel

Take 12Vdc unit inverter as an example to select proper PV modules. After considering Voc of PV module not exceeds 50Vdc and max. Vmpp of PV module close to 15Vdc or within 15Vdc ~ 18 Vdc, we can choose PV module with below specification.

Maximum Power (Pmax)	85W	Max. PV module numbers in series
Max. Power Voltage Vmpp(V)	17.6V	1 → 17.6 x 1 ≒ 15 ~ 18
Max. Power Current Impp(A)	4.83A	PV module numbers in parallel
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	21.6V	10 → 50 A / 4.83
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	5.03A	Total PV module numbers
		1 x 10 = 10

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: 1
PV module numbers in Parallel: 10

Total PV module numbers: $1 \times 10 = 10$

Take 24Vdc unit inverter as an example to select proper PV module. After considering Voc of PV module not exceed 75Vdc and max. Vmpp of PV module close to 30Vdc or within 30Vdc ~ 32 Vdc, we can choose PV module with below specification.

Maximum Power (Pmax)	260W	Max. PV module numbers in series
Max. Power Voltage Vmpp(V)	30.9V	$1 \rightarrow 30.9 \times 1 = 30 \sim 32$
Max. Power Current Impp(A)	8.42A	PV module numbers in parallel
Open Circuit Voltage Voc(V)	37.7V	6 → 50 A / 8.42
Short Circuit Current Isc(A)	8.89A	Total PV module numbers
		$1 \times 6 = 6$

Maximum PV module numbers in Series: 1

PV module numbers in Parallel: 6 Total PV module numbers: $1 \times 6 = 6$

PV Module Selection: (Only for the model with built-in MPPT solar charger)

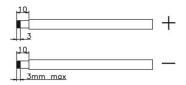
When selecting proper PV modules, please be sure to consider below parameters:

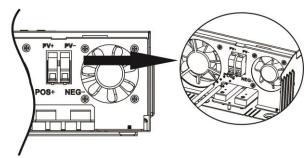
- 3. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules not exceeds max. PV array open circuit voltage of inverter.
- 4. Open circuit Voltage (Voc) of PV modules should be higher than min. battery voltage.

INVERTER MODEL	12Vdc	24Vdc
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage	10	0Vdc
PV Array MPPT Voltage Range	15~80Vdc	30~80Vdc

Please follow below steps to implement PV module connection:

- 1. Remove insulation sleeve 10 mm for positive and negative conductors.
- 2. Check correct polarity of connection cable from PV modules and PV input connectors. Then, connect positive pole (+) of connection cable to positive pole (+) of PV input connector. Connect negative pole (-) of connection cable to negative pole (-) of PV input connector.

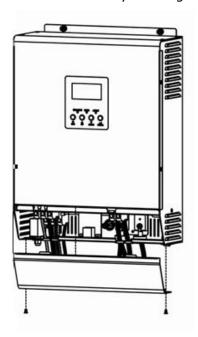




3. Make sure the wires are securely connected.

Final Assembly

After connecting all wirings, please put bottom cover back by screwing two screws as shown below.



Communication Connection

Please use supplied communication cable to connect to inverter and PC. Insert bundled CD into a computer and follow on-screen instruction to install the monitoring software. For the detailed software operation, please check user manual of software inside of CD.

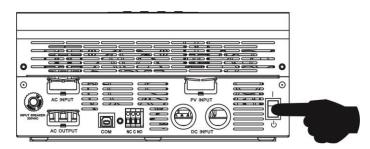
Dry Contact Signal

There is one dry contact (3A/250VAC) available on the rear panel. It could be used to deliver signal to external device when battery voltage reaches warning level.

Unit Status		Condition			port: NC C NO
				NC & C	NO & C
Power Off	Unit is off and	no output is pow	rered.	Close	Open
	Output is power	red from Utility.		Close	Open
	Output is powered	Program 01 set as Utility	Battery voltage < Low DC warning voltage	Open	Close
Power On	from Battery or Solar.		Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 21 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open
		Program 01 is set as SBU or	Battery voltage < Setting value in Program 20	Open	Close
		Solar first	Battery voltage > Setting value in Program 21 or battery charging reaches floating stage	Close	Open

OPERATION

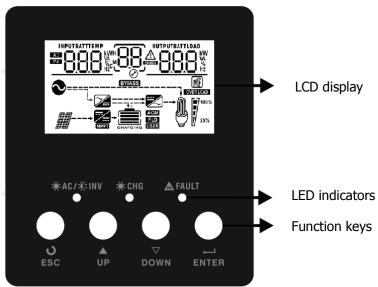
Power ON/OFF



Once the unit has been properly installed and the batteries are connected well, simply press On/Off switch (located on the button of the case) to turn on the unit.

Operation and Display Panel

The operation and display panel, shown in below chart, is on the front panel of the inverter. It includes three indicators, four function keys and a LCD display, indicating the operating status and input/output power information.



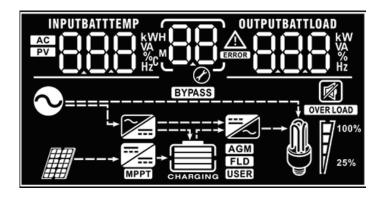
LED Indicator

LED Indicator			Messages
★AC/★INV	AC / S INV		Output is powered by utility in Line mode.
*AU/ *INV	Green	Flashing	Output is powered by battery or PV in battery mode.
★ CHG	Cuoon	Solid On	Battery is fully charged.
₩ UNU	Green	Flashing	Battery is charging.
A FAULT Dod	Solid On	Fault occurs in the inverter.	
▲ FAULT	Red	Flashing	Warning condition occurs in the inverter.

Function Keys

Function Key	Description
ESC	To exit setting mode
UP	To go to previous selection
DOWN	To go to next selection
ENTER	To confirm the selection in setting mode or enter setting mode

LCD Display Icons



Icon	F	Function description			
Input Source In	formation	ormation			
AC	Indicates the AC input.				
PV	Indicates the PV input				
INPUTBATT KW VA VA KA KW Hzc	Indicate input voltage, input f current.	Indicate input voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, battery voltage and charger current.			
Configuration P	rogram and Fault Informatio	n			
88	Indicates the setting program	S.			
	Indicates the warning and fau	ılt codes.			
	Warning: flashing with warning code. Fault: lighting with fault code				
Output Informa	ion				
OUTPUTBATTLOAD KW VA WA Hz	Indicate output voltage, output frequency, load percent, load in VA, load in Watt and discharging current.				
Battery Informa	attery Information				
CHARGING	Indicates battery level by 0-24%, 25-49%, 50-74% and 75-100% and charging status.				
AGM FLD USER	Indicates the battery type: AGM, Flooded or User-defined battery.				
It will present battery capacity when unit is charging.					
Status	Battery voltage LCD Display				
Constant Current mode /	<2V/cell 2 ~ 2.083V/cell	Bottom har will be on and the other three			
Constant	2.083 ~ 2.167V/cell	Bottom two bars will be on and the other			

Voltage mode	> 2.167 V/ce	> 2.167 V/cell		Bottom three bars will be on and the top bar will flash.		on and the top
Floating mode. E	node. Batteries are fully charged.		4 bars will be on.			
Battery level icon will present battery capacity when unit is discharged.						
Load Percentage		Batte	ry Voltage		LCD Displa	ау
		< 1.8	317V/cell			
Load >20%		1.817V/cell ~ 1.9V/cell				
Load >20%		1.9 ~ 1.983V/cell				
		> 1.9	983 V/cell			
		< 1.8	867V/cell			
Load < 20%		1.867	V/cell ~ 1.	.95V/cell		
Loau < 20%		1.95	~ 2.033V/d	cell		
		> 2.033/cell				
Load Information						
OVER LOAD	Indicates ov	Indicates overload.				
	Indicates th	ne load level by 0-24%, 25-50%, 50-74% and 75-100%.				
1 00%	0%~25	% 25%~50% 50%~7		50%~75%	75%~100%	
25%	[7		! /	7	7	7
Mode Operation	Information	l				
	Indicates ur	nit conn	nects to the	e mains.		
	Indicates ur	nit conn	nects to the	e PV panel		
BYPASS	Indicates lo	ad is su	applied by (utility pow	er.	
	Indicates th	Indicates the utility charger circuit is working.				
====	Indicates th	Indicates the solar charger circuit is working.				
MPPT	Indicates th	Indicates the solar charger is MPPT type.				
	Indicates th	Indicates the DC/AC inverter circuit is working.				
Mute Operation						
	Indicates ur	nit alarr	n is disable	ed.		

LCD Setting

After pressing and holding ENTER button for 3 seconds, the unit will enter setting mode. Press "UP" or "DOWN" button to select setting programs. And then, press "ENTER" button to confirm the selection or ESC button to exit.

Setting Programs:

Program	Description	Selectable option	
00	Exit setting mode	Escape	
	Output source priority:	Solar first	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when any one condition happens: - Solar energy is not available. - Battery voltage drops to low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 20.
01	To configure load power source priority	Utility first (default)	Utility will provide power to the loads as first priority. Solar and battery energy will provide power to the loads only when utility power is not available.
		SBU priority SBU priority	Solar energy provides power to the loads as first priority. If solar energy is not sufficient to power all connected loads, battery energy will supply power to the loads at the same time. Utility provides power to the loads only when battery voltage drops to either low-level warning voltage or the setting point in program 20.
02	AC input voltage range	Appliances (default) OPS UPS UPS	If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 90-280VAC. If selected, acceptable AC input voltage range will be within 170-280VAC.

03	Output voltage	220Vac 220v	230V (Default)
03	Output voltage	240Vac	
04	Output frequency	50Hz (default)	60Hz □
05	Power saving mode enable/disable	Saving mode disable (default) Saving mode enable Saving mode enable	If disabled, no matter connected load is low or high, the on/off status of inverter output will not be effected. If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected.
06	Overload bypass: When enabled, the unit will transfer to line mode if overload occurs in battery mode.	Bypass disable (default)	Bypass enable Bypass enable
07	Auto restart when overload occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable
08	Auto restart when over temperature occurs	Restart disable (default)	Restart enable
10	Charger source priority: To configure charger source priority		working in Line, Standby or Fault n be programmed as below: Solar energy will charge battery as first priority. Utility will charge battery only when solar energy is not available. Utility will charge battery as first priority. Solar energy will charge battery only when utility power is not available. Solar energy and utility will charge battery at the same time. Solar energy will be the only charger source no matter utility is available or not.

			s working in Battery mode or Power	
			energy can charge battery. Solar	
	Maximum charging current:	60A (default)	ery if it's available and sufficient. For unit with MPPT solar charger,	
11	To configure total charging current for solar and utility chargers. (Max. charging current = utility charging current + solar charging current)	I_I <u>60^</u>	setting range is from 10A to 100A. For unit with PWM solar charger, setting range is from 10A to 110A. Increment of each click is 10A.	
12	Maximum solar charging	40A (default for unit with MPPT solar charger)	When the unit is built with MPPT solar charger, default setting is 40A. Setting range is from 10A to 40A and increment of each click is 10A.	
	current	50A (default for unit with PWM solar charger)	When the unit is built with PWM solar charger, default setting is 50A. Setting range is from 10A to 50A and increment of each click is 10A.	
		2A	10A ^^	
13	Maximum utility charging	20A	30A (default)	
15	current	40A 	50A 13	
		60A		
14	Battery type	AGM (default) User-Defined Output	Flooded If "User-Defined" is selected, battery charge voltage and low DC cut-off voltage can be set up in program 17, 18 and 19.	
15	Charger stage selection	Auto S RUE	2 Step	

		3 Step		
		Auto	No CV charging time 6	
		40min	60min	
16	CV charging time setting	90min	120min	
		150min 150min 210min	180min 15 180 240min	
		1 <u>6</u> 5 10	1 <u>6</u> 240_	
		12V model default settin	BATT v	
17	Bulk charging voltage (C.V voltage)		d in program 14, this program can be	
		set up. Setting range is from 12.0V to 15.3V for 12Vdc model and 24.0V to 30.6V for 24Vdc model. Increment of each click is 0.1V.		
		12V model default settin	ng: 13.5V	
18	Floating charging voltage	24V model default settir	ng: 27.0V	

		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program		
		set up. Setting range is from 12.0V to 15.3V for 12Vdc model and 24.0V to 30.6V for 24Vdc model.		
		Increment of each click is 0.1V.		
		12V model default setting: 10.2V	ļ	
		24V model default setting: 20.4V		
19	Low DC cut off battery voltage setting			
		If self-defined is selected in program 14, this program		
		set up. Setting range is from 10.2V to 12.0V for 12Vdc and 20.4V to 24V for 24Vdc model. Increment of each		
		0.1V. Low DC cut-off voltage will be fixed to setting value.		
		matter what percentage of load is connected.		
		Available options for 12V models: 11.0V 11.3V		
		DO BATT DO BATT		
		11.5V (default) 11.8V		
		20 115° 20 118°		
		12.0V 12.3V		
	Setting voltage point back	12.5V 12.8V		
20	to utility source when selecting "SBU priority" or "Solar first" in program 01.	20 125 20 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128		
		Available options for 24V models:		
		22.0V 22.5V		
		20 <u>250</u> 20 <u>255</u>		
		23.0V (default) 23.5V		
		2 <u>0</u> 2 <u>30</u> 2 <u>0</u> 2 <u>35</u>		
		24.0V 24.5V		
		20 240° 20 245°		

		25.0V	25.5V
		50 <u>520</u> ,	20 <u>25.5°</u>
		Available options for 12	
		Battery fully charged	12.0V
		12.3V	12.5V
			2 _∞ 1 1 <u>5.2,</u>
		12.8V	13.0V
		S S S S S S S S S S	
		13.3V	13.5V (default)
		13.8V	14.0V
	Setting voltage point back to battery mode when		
21	selecting "SBU priority" or	14.3V	14.5V
	"Solar first" in program 01.		2 _∅ 1 <u>145</u>
		Available options for 24	
		Battery fully charged BATT	24V
		ح\ <u>۴ </u>	2 1 <u>5.40,</u>
		24.5V	25V
		2 245°	2 <u>1250</u>
		25.5V	26V
		2 255°	S S S S S S S S S S
		26.5V	27V (default)
		2 ₀ 1 265'	S ⁶ 1 S <u>10</u> 6.

		27.5V	28V
			5 <u> </u>
		28.5V	29V
		2 <u> 285'</u>	S S S S S S S S S S
		Return to default display screen (default)	If selected, no matter how users switch display screen, it will
22	Auto return to default display screen	2 <u>2</u> ESP	automatically return to default display screen (Input voltage /output voltage) after no button is pressed for 1 minute.
		Stay at latest screen	If selected, the display screen will stay at latest screen user finally switches.
23	Backlight control	Backlight on (default)	Backlight off Control Control
24	Alarm control	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off 24 b0F
25	Beeps while primary source is interrupted	Alarm on (default)	Alarm off 25 ROF
27	Record Fault code	Record enable(default)	Record disable

Display Setting

The LCD display information will be switched in turns by pressing "UP" or "DOWN" key. The selectable information is switched as below order: input voltage/output voltage, input frequency, PV voltage, charging current, output frequency, load percentage, load in VA, load in Watt, battery voltage/DC discharging current, main CPU Version and secondary CPU Version.

Selectable information	LCD display
Input voltage/Output voltage (Default Display Screen)	Input Voltage=230V, output voltage=230V
Input frequency	Input frequency=50Hz OUTPUT
PV voltage	PV voltage=60V INPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT AGM AGM 25%
Charging current	Charging current=80A OUTPUT ACT BYPASS BYPASS CHARGING ACT CHARGING CHARGING ACT CHARGING CHARC
Output frequency	Output frequency=50Hz Output BATT OUTPUT BYPASS BYPASS AGM 25%
Load percentage	Load percent=60% BATT

Load in VA	When connected load is lower than 1kVA, load in VA will present xxxVA like below chart. COAD VA COAD VA COAD
Load in Watt	When load is lower than 1kW, load in W will present xxxW like below chart. BATT CHARGING When load is larger than 1kW (≥ 1kW), load in W will present x.xkW like below chart. BATT CHARGING When load is larger than 1kW (≥ 1kW), load in W will present x.xkW like below chart. BATT CHARGING SYPASS SYPASS SYPASS
Battery voltage/ DC discharging current	Battery voltage=25.8V, discharging current=80A BATT A A A A A A A A A A A A
Main CPU version checking	Main CPU version 00001.00 SYPASS CHARGING AGM CHARGING CHARGING AGM CHARGING AGM CHARGING AGM CHARGING CHARGING AGM CHARGING CHARCING CHARGING CHARCING CHARGING CHARCING CHARGING CHARCING C
Secondary CPU version checking	Secondary CPU version 00001.00 BYPASS CHARGING AGM 25%

Operating Mode Description

Operation mode	Description	LCD display
Standby mode / Power saving mode/ Fault mode Note: *Standby mode: The inverter is not turned on yet but at this time, the inverter can charge battery without AC output. *Power saving mode: If enabled, the output of inverter will be off when connected load is pretty low or not detected. *Fault mode: Errors are caused by inside circuit error or external reasons such as over temperature, output short circuited and so on.	No output is supplied by the unit but it still can charge batteries.	Charging by utility and PV energy. Charging by utility. Charging by PV energy. Charging by PV energy. No charging.
Line Mode	The unit will provide output power from the mains. It will also charge the battery at line mode.	Charging by utility and PV energy. EYPASS Charging by utility. EYPASS Charging by Utility. CHARGING USER CHARGING USER
Battery Mode	The unit will provide output power from battery and PV energy.	Power from battery and PV energy. Power from battery only. Power from battery only.

Fault Reference Code

Fault Code	Fault Event	Icon on
01	Fan is locked when inverter is off.	
02	Over temperature	
03	Battery voltage is too high	
05	Output short circuited.	
06	Output voltage is too high.	06,
07	Overload time out	
08	Bus voltage is too high	08,
09	Bus soft start failed	
51	Over current or surge	55
52	Bus voltage is too low	52,
53	Inverter soft start failed	53,
55	Over DC voltage in AC output	55,
56	Battery detection circuit error	55
57	Current sensor failed	
58	Output voltage is too low	58,

Warning Indicator

Warning Code	Warning Event	Audible Alarm	Icon flashing
01	Fan is locked when inverter is on.	Beep three times every second	
03	Battery is over-charged	Beep once every second	
04	Low battery	Beep once every second	[P
07	Overload	Beep once every 0.5 second	OVER LOAD
10	Output power derating	Beep twice every 3 seconds	[ID] ^A

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1 Line Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	1.5K-12V / 1.5K-24V / 3K-24V	
Input Voltage Waveform	Sinusoidal (utility or generator)	
Nominal Input Voltage	220/230/240Vac	
Low Loss Voltage	170Vac±7V (UPS);	
Low Loss Voltage	90Vac±7V (Appliances)	
Low Loss Return Voltage	180Vac±7V (UPS);	
	100Vac±7V (Appliances)	
High Loss Voltage	280Vac±7V	
High Loss Return Voltage	270Vac±7V	
Max AC Input Voltage	300Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency	50Hz / 60Hz (Auto detection)	
Low Loss Frequency	40±1Hz	
Low Loss Return Frequency	42±1Hz	
High Loss Frequency	65±1Hz	
High Loss Return Frequency	63±1Hz	
Output Short Circuit Protection	Circuit Breaker	
Efficiency (Line Mode)	>95% (Rated R load, battery full charged)	
Transfer Time	10ms typical (UPS);	
	20ms typical (Appliances)	
Output power derating: When AC input voltage drops to 170V, the output power will be de-rated.	Output Power Rated Power 50% Power 90V 170V 280V Input Voltage	

Table 2 Inverter Mode Specifications

Inverter Mode				
Inverter Model	1.5K-12V	1.5K-24V	3K-24V	
Rated Output Power	1500VA	1500VA/1200W 3000VA/2400W		
Output Voltage Waveform		Pure Sine Wave		
Output Voltage Regulation	220Vac/230Vac/240Vac±5%			
Output Frequency	50Hz			
Peak Efficiency		90%		
Overload Protection	5s@≥150	5s@≥150% load; 10s@110%~150% load		
Surge Capacity	2 x rated power for 5sec			
Nominal DC Voltage	12Vdc	24Vdc		
Cold Start Voltage	11.5Vdc	23.0Vdc		
Low DC Warning Voltage				
@ load < 20%	11.0Vdc	22	22.0Vdc	
@ load ≥ 20%	10.7Vdc	21.4Vdc		
Low DC Warning Recovery Voltage				
@ load < 20%	11.5Vdc	23.0Vdc		
@ load ≥ 20%	11.2Vdc	22.4Vdc		
Low DC Cut-off Voltage				
@ load < 20%	10.5Vdc	21.0Vdc		
@ load ≥ 20%	10.2Vdc	20.4Vdc		
High DC Recovery Voltage	15.0Vdc	31.0Vdc		
High DC Cut-off Voltage	16.0Vdc	32.0Vdc		
DC Voltage Accuracy	+/-0.3%V@ no load			
THDV	<3% for linear load,<5% for non-linear load @ nominal voltage			
DC Offset	≦100mV			
No Load Power Consumption	<25W			
Saving Mode Power Consumption		<10W		

Table 3 Charge Mode Specifications

INVERTER MODEL		1.5K-12V	1.5K-24V / 3K-24V
Charging Algorithm		3-Step	
Utility Charging	g Mode		
AC Charging Current		2/10/20/30/40/50/60Amp (@V _{I/P} =230Vac)	
Bulk Charging	Flooded Battery	14.6Vdc	29.2Vdc
Voltage	AGM / Gel Battery	14.1Vdc	28.2Vdc
Floating Chargi	ing Voltage	13.5Vdc	27.0Vdc
Charging Curve Bulk (Constant Current) (Constant Voltage), per cell 2.470(c) 12.870(c) 12.470(c) 12.870(c) Bulk (Constant Current) (Constant Voltage)		Charging Current, % Voltage 100% Solve Maintenance (Floating)	
PWM Solar Cha			
Charging Curre		50Amp	
System DC Volt		12Vdc	24Vdc
Operating Voltage Range		15~18Vdc	30~32Vdc
Max. PV Array Open Circuit Voltage		50Vdc	75Vdc
DC Voltage Accuracy		+/-0.3%	
Joint Utility and	d Solar Charging		
Max Charging C	Current	110	Amp
Default Chargin	g Current	60Amp	
MPPT Solar Cha	arging Mode		
Charging Curre	nt	40Amp	
PV Array MPPT	Voltage Range	15Vdc ~ 80Vdc 30Vdc ~ 80Vdc	
Max. PV Array (Open Circuit Voltage	100Vdc	
DC Voltage Acc	uracy	+/-0.3%	
Joint Utility and	l Solar Charging		
Max Charging Current		100Amp	
Default Charging Current		60Amp	

Table 4 General Specifications

INVERTER MODEL	1.5K-12V / 1.5K-24V / 3K-24V	
Safety Certification	CE	
Operating Temperature Range	-20°C to 55°C	
Storage temperature	-30°C~ 60°C	
Dimension (DxWxH), mm	100 x 272 x 355	
Net Weight, kg	7	

TROUBLE SHOOTING

Problem	LCD/LED/Buzzer	Explanation / Possible cause	What to do	
Unit shuts down automatically during startup process.	LCD/LEDs and buzzer will be active for 3 seconds and then complete off.	The battery voltage is too low (<1.91V/Cell)	Re-charge battery. Replace battery.	
No response after power on.	No indication.	 The battery voltage is far too low. (<1.4V/Cell) Battery polarity is connected reversed. 	 Check if batteries and the wiring are connected well. Re-charge battery. Replace battery. 	
Mains exist but the unit works in battery mode.	Input voltage is displayed as 0 on the LCD and green LED is flashing.	Input protector is tripped	Check if AC breaker is tripped and AC wiring is connected well.	
	Green LED is flashing.	Insufficient quality of AC power. (Shore or Generator)	 Check if AC wires are too thin and/or too long. Check if generator (if applied) is working well or if input voltage range setting is correct. (UPS->Appliance) 	
	Green LED is flashing.	Set "Solar First" or "SBU" as the priority of output source.	Change output source priority to Utility first.	
	Fault code 07	Overload error. The inverter is overload 110% and time is up.	Reduce the connected load by switching off some equipment.	
	Fault code 05	Output short circuited.	Check if wiring is connected well and remove abnormal load.	
	Fault code 02	Internal temperature of inverter component is over 80°C.	Check whether the air flow of the unit is blocked or whether the ambient temperature is too high.	
		Battery is over-charged.	Return to repair center.	
Buzzer beeps continuously and	Fault code 03	The battery voltage is too high.	Check if spec and quantity of batteries are meet requirements.	
red LED is on.	Fault code 01	Fan fault	Replace the fan.	
	Fault code 06/58	Output abnormal.	Reduce the connected load. Return to repair center	
	Fault code 08/09/53/57	Internal components failed.	Return to repair center.	
	Fault code 51	Over current or surge.	Restart the unit, if the error happens again, please return to repair center.	
	Fault code 52	Bus voltage is too low.		
	Fault code 55	Output voltage is unbalanced.		
	Fault code 56	Battery detection circuit error.	If the battery is connected well, please return to repair center.	