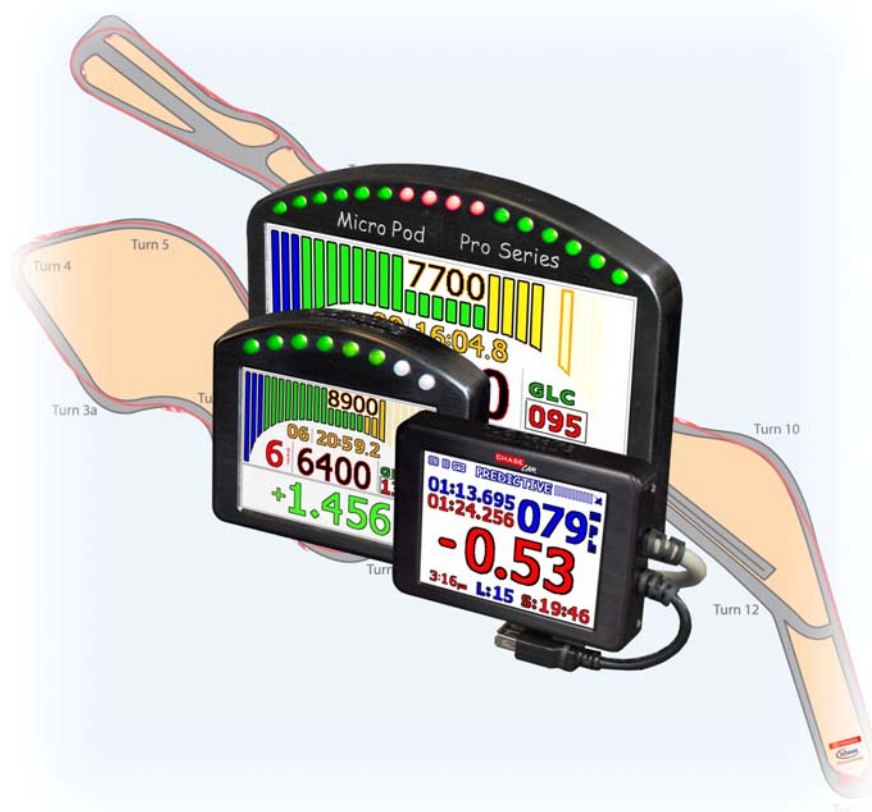




RLC ENTERPRISES, RACING DIVISION

Dash Logger User Manual – Micro Pod and Pro



This manual should be used for quick reference and on track use for the Micro Pod and Pro units.

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Revision 2.6
February 29, 2012

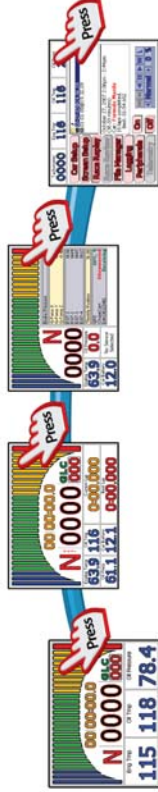
Micro Pod or Pro Unit Track Guide



First and foremost thank you for purchasing a RLC Racing Micro Pod or Pro Unit. Please use this Track Guide to help you navigate your unit and use all its features. This Track Guide refers often to the Technical and User and Drivers Manual for more detailed procedures so please keep it on hand.

1 Getting Around

Micro Pod and Pro Units have touch screens to make navigation easy. To navigate to another screen, touch the top portion of the screen (tach bar) and the next screen will appear. There are four screens: race screen, qualify screen, sensor screen, and main menu screen.



See Ch 1 in the Users Manual For More Details

2 GLC Indicators

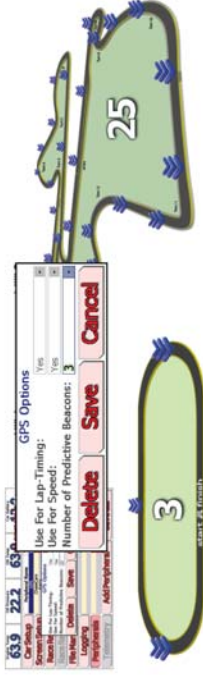
The 'G' stands for GPS, it will blink on and off when it is connecting to satellites and stay green when it has successfully connected. The 'L' stands for logging and it will turn green when the Micro Pod or Pro unit has started logging data and will turn off when it stops logging. The 'C' stands for camera and it will blink on and off while the ChaseCam camera system is powering on and stay green when the camera is ready to start recording.



See Ch 1 in the Users Manual For More Details

3 Set Number of Predictive Beacons

To set the number of predictive beacons the mouse must be plugged in. Navigate to the peripherals screen and double click on the GPS. Select the number of predictive beacons from the drop down list. The unit is shipped with 20 beacons which is good for a 2 to 3 mile track.



See Ch 7 in the Technical Manual For More Details

4 Gear Position Calibration

To set the gears press and hold on the Set Gears button until the Gear Ratio Calibration screen appears (up to 8 seconds). Press the Manual button and another screen will appear. This screen will prompt you to put the car in first gear, start driving, then press the Set button. Follow the screen for the rest of the gears. Press the Save button when you have gone through all gears.



See Ch 3 in the Users Manual For More Details

5 Setting a Start/Finish Line or Split Markers

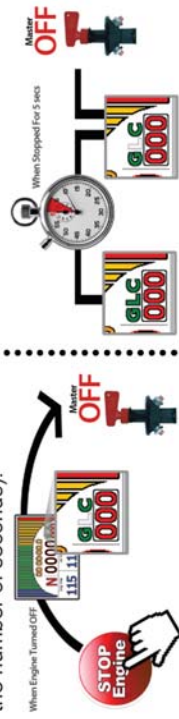
Navigate to the GPS Timing Screen and select the timing mode. Press and hold the Enter Setup button until it prompts you to set a start/finish (up to 8 seconds). Set a start/finish line (or split marker) by touching the button on the screen while out on the track and traveling at least 25 mph. Then drive one complete lap. Unit is now ready for the weekend.



See Ch 4 in the Technical Manual For More Details

6 Turn Off Car

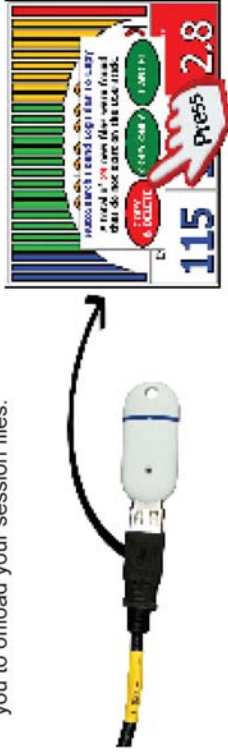
Before you remove power to the unit, it must be allowed to stop logging first! The 'L' in the indicator field will turn off when the unit has stopped logging. If you do not let your unit stop logging before power is removed, you may lose lap information. You can either have the unit stop logging when the engine is turned off or let the unit stop logging on its own (you set the number of seconds).



See Ch 5 in the Technical Manual For More Details

7 Offload Data

To offload your session files simply plug the USB stick into the USB port marked USB memory stick. The unit will recognize the stick and prompt you to offload your session files.



See Ch 6 in the Users Manual For More Details

8 Warnings and Limits

Warning screens will appear on the screen when a preset level has been crossed. Each sensor connected has an initial and final warning level. When the initial level is reached a box will blink red and when the final level has been reached the entire screen and shift lights will blink red. You must acknowledge the warning by touching the screen.



See Ch 1 in the Users Manual For More Details

Exact Track Map Quick Start Guide



Please use this Quick Start Guide to help you create an Exact Track Map. A more detailed explanation on Exact Track Mapping can be found in the User and Drivers Manual (Ch 4).

1 Verify Differential Satellite Connection

The RLC unit needs to be connected to a differential satellite before mapping a track. The GPS sensor screen will indicate a differential connection on the Micro Pod or Pro unit and a D will appear in the upper left hand corner of the Chase Commander screen to show it is connected to a differential satellite.

Satellites: 9 (Differential GPS)
Location: -120.6984, 35.5762



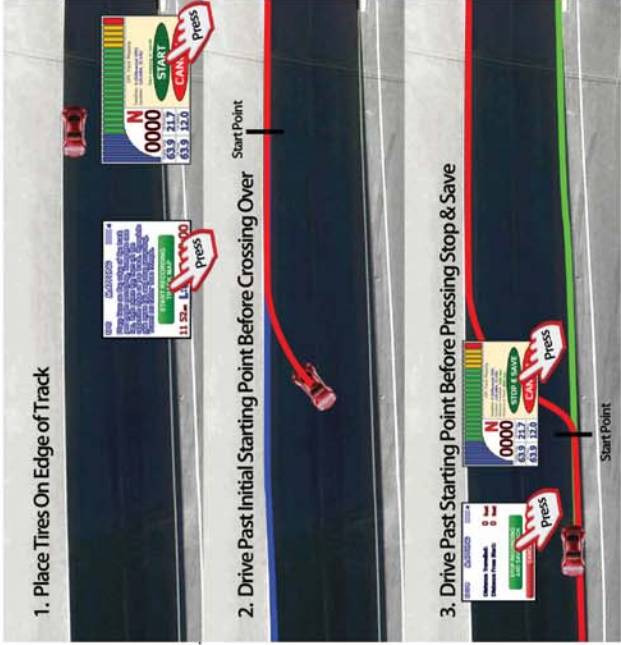
2 Enter Track Mapping Mode

While in the hot pits navigate to the track mapping screen. On the Chase Commander tap the screen, touch the Main Menu button, touch the Track Mapping button, then press the Exit button. On the Micro Pod or Pro unit, tap the screen until you get to the sensor screen, tap in the sensor screen until the GPS Track Mapping Screen appears, then press and hold the Enter button.



3 Start Mapping the Track

With your tires positioned on the edge of the track (either the inside or outside), driving slowly (about 20 mph), press the Start button and drive around the track. Drive past your initial start point then immediately drive over to the other side of the track and place your tire on the opposite edge and drive around. After your drive past the initial point on the second side press the Stop and Save button.



4 Send Your Log File to RLC Racing

Once you have created an Exact Track Map file (.bin) you need to send it to RLC so we can make the Exact Track Map. Send track maps and links to the track website to info@rlcracing.com. We will send the Exact Track map to you and we will also post it online for others to use.

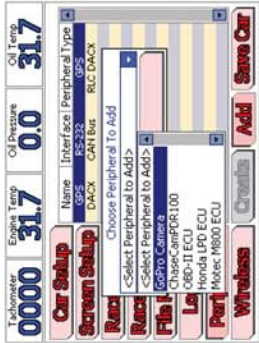
GoPro Quick Start Guide



First and foremost thank you for purchasing a RLC Racing K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit. Please use this Quick Start Guide to help you connect a GoPro camera to your K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit. This Quick Start Guide refers to the Dash Logger Getting Started Manual and the Pro Race Analysis Software manual for more detailed procedures so please keep them on hand.

1 Setup the Micro Pod or Pro Unit

Plug in the USB hub (with mouse and keyboard connected) and click around to the Main Menu screen. Click the Peripheral button. Click the Add button and select GoPro Camera from the drop down list. The GoPro Camera Options window will appear, click Add To Car. Click the Save button to save changes. The K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit is now setup to connect to the GoPro camera. Power off the unit.



See Getting Started Manual For More Details

2 Setup the GoPro Camera

The GoPro camera needs to be set to One Button On mode. Please refer to the instruction manual included with your GoPro camera on how to place it in the One Button On mode. The instructions can also be found at the GoPro website, visit www.gopro.com/support.

3 Connect Cable to GoPro

Plug the cable you purchased from RLC into the back of the GoPro camera. Plug the video cable on the K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit harness into the other end. Depending on which style harness you have, you may need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect to the GoPro camera (a cross over cable will not work).



4 Power on the K-Pod, Micro Pod or Pro Unit

Apply power to the K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit. You will notice that the GoPro camera will turn on and it will automatically turn off once the data logger has fully booted up. When the K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit has started logging data (the L in the GLC indicator will turn on green) the GoPro camera will turn on and start recording. When the data logger has stopped logging data (L will turn off), the GoPro will stop recording and turn off.



See Getting Started Manual For More Details

5 Synchronize Data

In order to manually synchronize the data to the video you will need to offload the log files from the K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit and the video files from the GoPro camera. Now use the Pro Race Analysis software to synchronize the two files. Please refer to the Pro Race Analysis Software manual for more details.

See Pro Race Analysis Software Manual For More Details

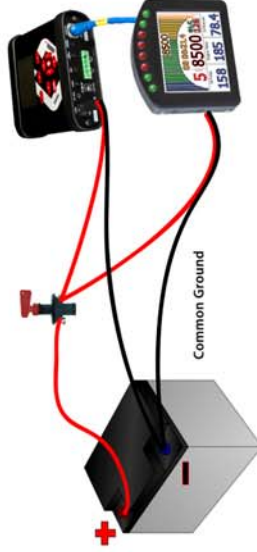
Synchronized Video Quick Start Guide



Please use this Quick Start Guide to help you get synchronized video working with your RLC race dash or Track Commander and ChaseCam PDR camera.

1 Connect Power

The ChaseCam camera needs to have it's own source of power, preferably not batteries, and needs to share the same ground as the RLC unit. We recommend you power directly to the battery or to the master cut off switch (also connected directly to the battery).



2 Firmware on ChaseCam PDR Camera

Check the ChaseCam PDR camera to see if it has version 01.02.12 or newer. If you just purchased your ChaseCam PDR camera from RLC Racing or directly from ChaseCam it will have the latest version of firmware. To check the version number, look at the screen while the camera is booting.

If your unit requires updating, visit www.chasecam.com/pdr-update.



3 Settings on the ChaseCam PDR Camera

If your ChaseCam PDR camera has up-to-date firmware there is a pre-defined set up option that allows the PDR to work exclusively with RLC units.

To load this pre-defined option press the Menu button on the ChaseCam PDR camera, select the Shortcuts option, select the Data Acquisition option, then select Data Acq 5 - Chase RLC. There are no settings on the RLC unit that need to be set.



4 Connect Camera to RLC Unit

If you just purchased your ChaseCam PDR camera from RLC Racing, connect one end of the video cable included with the camera to the connector marked video on the harness of the RLC unit and the other end into the back of the ChaseCam PDR camera. If you did not order your ChaseCam PDR camera from RLC Racing then you will need an Ethernet cable (a cross over cable will not work). The car should be turned off when connecting cables.



5 Start Your Car

Start your engine and verify that the RLC unit starts up and connects to the ChaseCam PDR camera. You can verify connection by looking at the screen of your RLC unit. Track Commander units will have a camera icon appear in the top left hand corner of the screen and the Micro Pod or Pro units will have a green C illuminate on the screen. Look at the ChaseCam PDR camera and verify that the light on the front is green to indicate power.



6 Verify ChaseCam Recording

The ChaseCam PDR camera will start recording as soon as the RLC unit starts logging data. There are indicators on both the Track Commander (L in upper left hand corner) and the Micro Pod/Pro units (L indicator in GLC field illuminates green) to let you know when the RLC unit is logging. Look at the ChaseCam PDR camera and verify that the light on the front is now blinking red to indicate recording.



7 Turn Off Car

Before you remove power to the RLC unit, it must be allowed to stop logging first! The 'L' in the upper left hand corner of the screen (Track Commander) or right above the MPH (Micro Pod or Pro unit) will turn off when the unit has stopped logging. If you do not let your unit stop logging before power is removed, you will corrupt your synchronized video file. Verify your RLC unit's setup to know how your unit stops logging; either by waiting a set amount of time or when the engine is turned off.



8 Offload Synchronized Video File

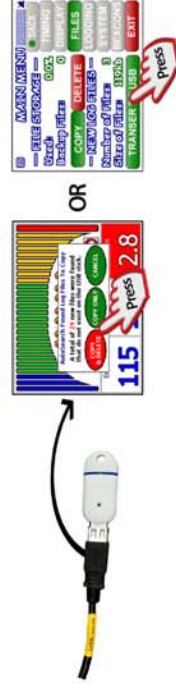
To offload your synchronized video files simply pull the compact flash card out of the ChaseCam PDR camera. The .mpg files on the compact flash card not only contain the video file but all the data as well. To analyze your synchronized video file open the .mpg file in the RLC Race Analysis software.



9 Corrupt Synchronized Video File?

If you find that your camera accidentally turns off while you were out on the track or you remove power too soon, your synchronized video file will be corrupted. You cannot open it in the RLC Race Analysis Software but you can still view it as a standard video.

The log file on the RLC unit can always be used for data analysis even if the synchronized video file is corrupted. The data (.bin) log file on the RLC unit only contains the data, not the video. Use the USB memory stick included with the RLC unit to offload the log file.



10 Don't See the Video?

If you don't see the video when you open the synchronized video log file in the Race Analysis Software you may need to download and install a video driver. Please visit our website at <http://rlcracing.com/downloads-video.html> to find out how to download and install the correct video driver for your PC.

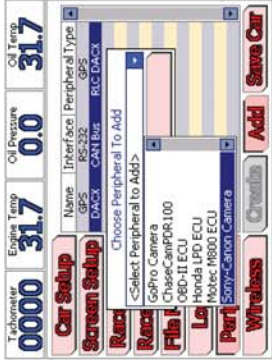
Sony/Canon Quick Start Guide



First and foremost thank you for purchasing a RLC Racing Micro Pod, K-Pod or Pro unit. Please use this Quick Start Guide to help you connect a Sony or Canon camera to your RLC data logger. This Quick Start Guide refers to the Getting Started Manual and the Pro Race Analysis Software manual for more detailed procedures so please keep them on hand.

1 Setup the Micro Pod, K-Pod, or Pro Unit

Plug in the USB hub (with mouse and keyboard connected) and click around to the Main Menu screen. Click the Peripheral button. Click the Add button and select Sony-Canon Camera from the drop down list. The Sony-Canon Camera Options window will appear, click Add To Car. Click the Save button to save changes. The K-Pod, Micro Pod, or Pro unit is now setup to connect to the Sony/Canon camera. Power off the unit.



See Getting Started Manual For More Details

2 Setup the Sony or Canon Camera

The Sony/Canon camera needs to be recording to the SD card not the internal memory. Please refer to the instruction manual included with your Sony/Canon camera on how to make sure all videos are recorded to the SD card.

3 Connect Cable to Sony/Canon Camera

Plug the cable you purchased from RLC into the LANC cable (RLC does not sell these cables), and plug the LANC cable into the side of the Sony/Canon camera. Plug the video cable on the Micro Pod, K-Pod or Pro harness into the other end. Depending on which style harness you have, you may need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect to the Sony/Canon camera (a cross over cable will not work).



4 Power on the Micro Pod, K-Pod, or Pro Unit

Apply power to the Micro Pod, K-Pod, or Pro unit. When the RLC data logger has started logging data (the L in the GLC indicator will turn on green) the Sony/Canon camera will turn on and start recording. When the data logger has stopped logging data (L will turn off) the Sony/Canon camera will stop recording and turn off.

5 Synchronize Data

In order to manually synchronize the data to the video you will need to offload the log files from the Micro Pod, K-Pod, or Pro unit and the video files from the Sony/Canon camera. Now use the Pro Race Analysis software to synchronize the two files. Please refer to the Pro Race Analysis Software manual for more details.

See Getting Started Manual For More Details

See Pro Race Analysis Software Manual For More Details

Wi-Fi Racing Quick Start Guide



First and foremost thank you for purchasing Wi-Fi Racing from RLC Racing. Please use this Quick Start Guide to help you connect Wi-Fi Racing to your K-Pod, Micro Pod or Pro unit. This Quick Start Guide refers to the Dash Logger Getting Started Manual and the Pro Race Analysis Software manual for more detailed procedures so please keep them on hand.

1 Setup the K-Pod Micro Pod or Pro unit

Power the K-Pod, Micro Pod or Pro unit on **without** the Wi-Fi dongle and obtain a GPS signal. Plug in the USB hub (with mouse and keyboard connected) and click around to the Main Menu screen. Click on the Wireless button. Enter the wireless code provided by RLC Racing (codes are based on the serial number) and click Save Wireless Settings. The screen will now say that the registration code is valid. Turn the power off, unplug the USB hub (with mouse and keyboard), and plug the Wi-Fi dongle into the USB port. Power the unit on. When the Wi-Fi dongle is recognized, the Wi-Fi Racing icon will appear above the GLC indicator field.



See Getting Started Manual For More Details

2 Download The Wi-Fi Racing App

You will need to go to the Apple store and download the Wi-Fi Racing app from RLC Racing. It is a free app. Search for Wi-Fi Racing and you will find the Wi-Fi Racing App from RLC Racing. Check your wireless settings on your iTouch, iPhone, or iPad. You should see a wireless network like RLC-XX (the XX will be the last two digits of the serial number). Select that network to connect to.

Note: Make sure the option that says Ask to Join Networks is turned **OFF**.

3 Launch Wi-Fi Racing

Now launch the Wi-Fi Racing app, you should see the home page. You will see that under Data it will say 'Waiting', once it has successfully connected to the Track Commander the Data will say 'Receiving'. Now you can watch the drivers data as they are out on the track. You will be able to see their lap times, predictive times, speed, and sensor data.



4 More Information

Please see the Dash Logger User and Drivers Manual for more details and features of Wi-Fi Racing.

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Introduction

First and foremost, thank you for buying our products. You are a valued customer and R.L.C. looks forward to a mutually beneficial relationship with you. In order to help insure your success, we have prepared this getting started guide for you. Use this step-by-step Getting Started Guide/User Manual to get started for the first time and as a reference during the normal operation of your Race Logger system. This user manual has been written with the assumption that you have correctly installed the wiring harness, connected and added sensors, configured your car, and set certain user preferences. See the Race Logger Technical Manual for technical details and information about car configuration or sensor creation and calibration. The Micro Pod and Pro units have a touch screen for navigation. Simply touch on the screen to make your selection or to get to another screen. We will cover how to get around the unit using only the touch screen in the section below. Generally you will not be using the mouse at the track to navigate. A mouse is not required to get around.

Booting Up

Once you have powered the unit, you should see a startup screen (Fig 1). This screen will display while the system is loading for a few seconds and then you will see the race screen (Fig 2). The race screen is the screen which you will normally use during races.



Figure 1 - Startup Screen

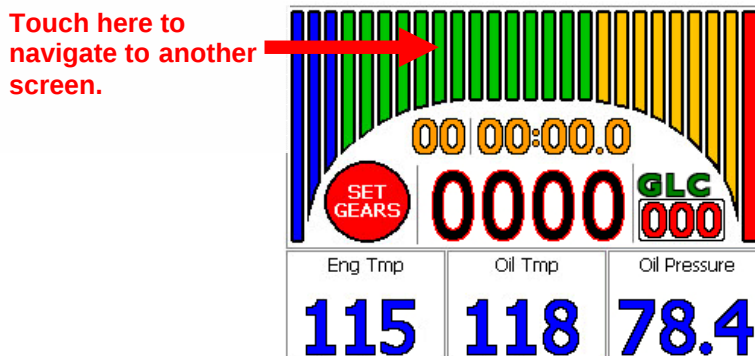


Figure 2 - Race Screen

Getting Around

Navigating through the different screens and sub-screens of the race logger systems is easy; simply use the touch screen on the Micro Pod or Pro unit to get around. You can also use the mouse that is included with the Micro Pod Setup kit to navigate your way through your unit but you probably won't be using the mouse at the track. The user manual has been written to assume that you are at the track and do not have a mouse attached. To navigate to the different screens, touch the top portion of the screen, as indicated in Figure 2, and the next screen will appear. To navigate to the different sub-screens, touch the bottom right portion of the screen, as indicated in Figure 4, and the next sub-screen will appear. The Micro Pod and Pro unit has a very responsive touch screen so you do not need to press hard on the screen, even when you have gloves on.

There are four main screens on the RLC race loggers; the race screen (Fig 2), the qualify screen (Fig 3), the sensor screen (Fig 4), and the main menu screen (Fig 5).

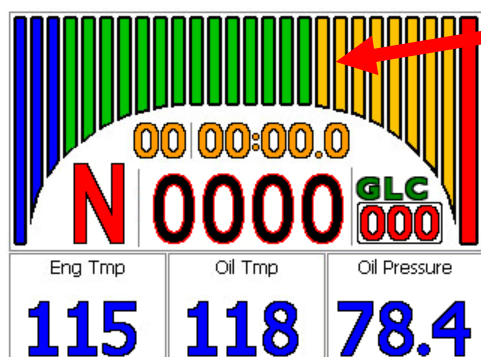


Figure 2 – Race Screen

Touch here to navigate to another screen.

Lap Counter

Gear Position

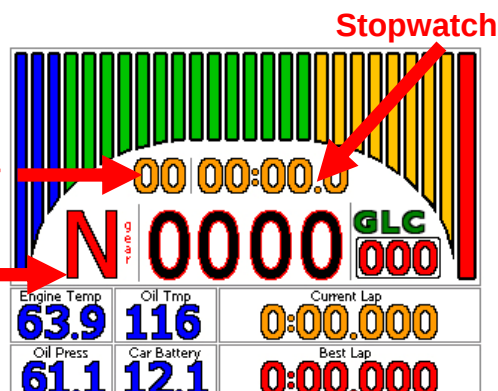


Figure 3 – Qualify Screen

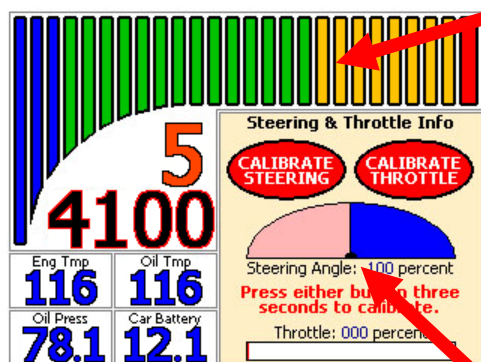


Figure 4 – Sensor Screen

Tachometer Bar

Touch here to navigate to another sub-screen.

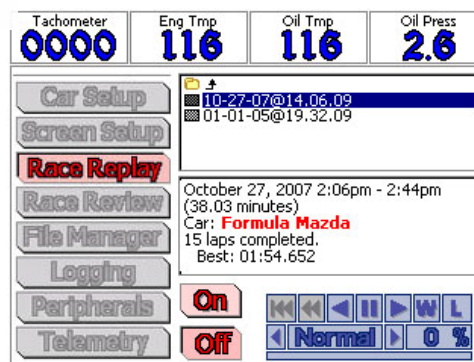


Figure 5 – Main Menu Screen

Racing Screens

There are three screens that a driver will use while the car is moving: the racing screen (Fig 2), the qualifying screen (Fig 3), and the sensor screen (Fig 4). Each screen is used for slightly different purposes. To navigate to the different screens touch on the top gauge bar, as indicated in Figure 2, on the Micro Pod or Pro unit. Touching the tachometer bar will scroll through the screens. To get back to any screen, simply keep touching on the gauge bar until the desired screen appears.

The racing screen (Fig 2) is the main screen used during an actual race. It consists of a large colorful tachometer, numerical value of the tachometer, selectable gauges for displaying engine vitals, current speed (mph), gear position, lap counter, and a stopwatch. If there is an alternate screen for the engine vitals, touch on the far right engine vital to display the alternate sensor.

The qualifying screen (Fig 3) is used during qualification or any time you want to keep an eye on your lap times. The qualification screen has everything the race screen has but adds current and best lap times to the bottom of the screen. Knowing your best lap throughout qualification is extremely useful because you don't have to wear your tires out during qualify. You just stay out on the track as long as it takes to get a lap time you are satisfied with.

Sensor Screens

The sensor screen (Fig 4) shows a graphical representation of the sensor with a real-time update of the sensor's value. Touch the sensor screen to toggle through the different sensor screens that are available (Fig 6-11). Some sensor screens will have easy to follow, on-screen instructions on how to calibrate that particular sensor, see the calibrating sensors chapter. This screen is also where the GPS information can be found, see GPS chapter below for more information about the GPS.

The sensor screens visibly allow you to view the value of sensors and provide calibration options for common sensors. For less common sensors you can use the generic sensor screens (Fig 10 and Fig 11). To toggle between the different sensor screens, if the sensor was assigned a graphic, touch on the sensor screen box on the Micro Pod or Pro unit (active area shown in Fig 4). The sensor screens toggle in a circle so you can always get back to the sensor screen you want to view. When you toggle back to the race or qualify screen and back to the sensor screen, the unit will remember which sensor you were viewing and come up displaying that sensors data. Below are examples of some common sensor screens and the generic sensor screens provided on the RLC Race Loggers.

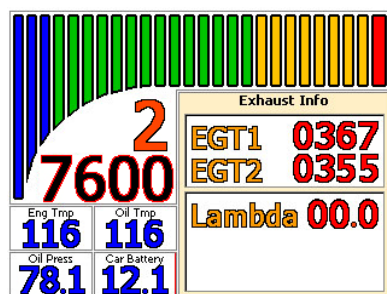


Figure 6 – EGT Sensor Screen

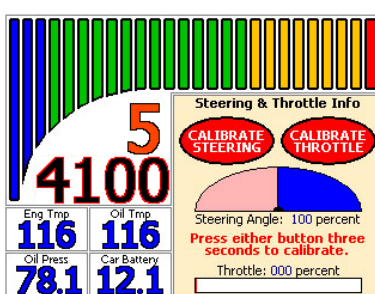


Figure 7 – Steering and Throttle Sensor Screen

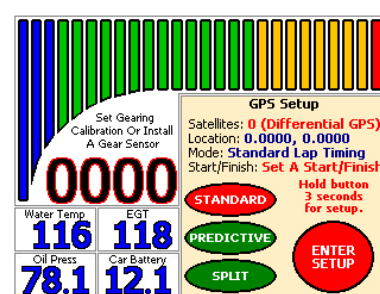


Figure 8 – GPS Set Up Screen

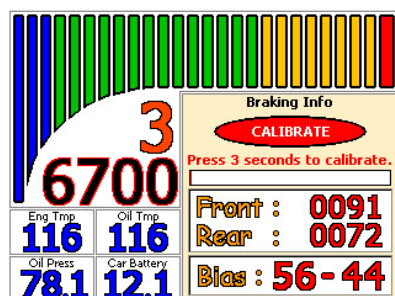


Figure 9 – Braking Sensor Screen

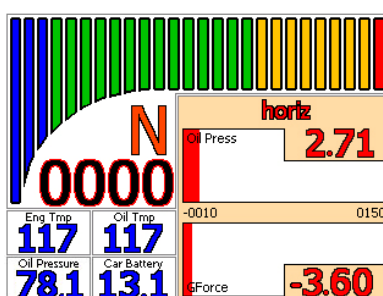


Figure 10 – Generic Sensor Screen

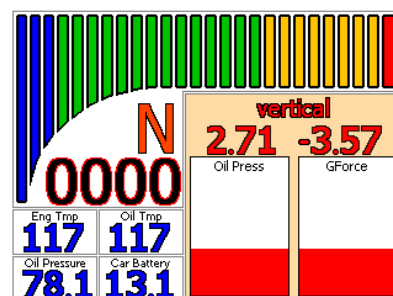


Figure 11 – Generic Sensor Screen

Main Menu Screen

The main menu screen (Fig 5) is the screen you use to set up your car and user preferences. This screen will mainly be used in the technical manual when you set up your car configuration. The race replay function is the only screen that you can access in the main menu without a USB device, such as the mouse, connected to the Micro Pod or Pro unit. The race replay screen is explained in a later chapter in this manual. To access the rest of the main menu screens you will have to plug in a USB device. We block the rest of the functions on the main menu so that you cannot alter your car set up by accident. While out at the track, the only function you will need to access is the file manager which has all your logged session files in it. Simply plug in your USB memory stick to access the files, see the offloading race log files chapter below for directions on how to transfer your logged session files.

Warning Screens

Warning screens appear when preset warning levels have been crossed. These levels are user definable and are set during each sensor setup. Please see the technical manual on how to set the warning levels for each sensor. Two levels of warnings are set, an initial warning level and a final warning level. The initial warning level is the value at which you want to be alerted to a potential problem. When this value is reached it will blink the corresponding gauge red as seen in Figure 12. The final warning level is the value at which the car should be pitted so that you can investigate the problem. When this value is reached the entire screen will turn red (Fig 13) and requires the driver to acknowledge the warning by touching the touch screen in order to override it and return to the racing screen.

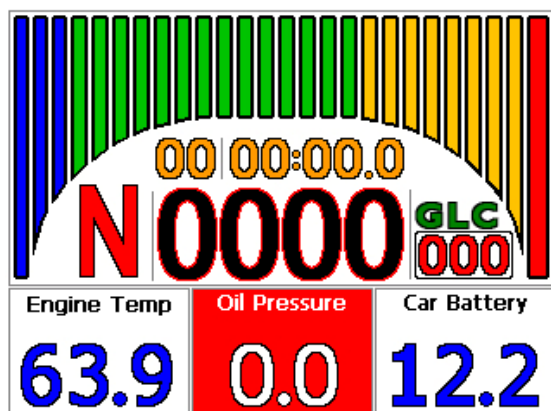


Figure 12 – Initial Warning



Figure 13 – Final Warning

GLC Indicator Field

The GLC indicator field is a useful tool for drivers to know whether you are connected to satellites, logging, or if a camera is attached. The 'G' stands for GPS, it will blink on and off when it is connecting to satellites. It will be orange when it first connects and change to green when it has connected to a differential satellite. The 'L' stands for logging and it will turn green when the Micro Pod or Pro unit has started logging data and will turn off when it stops logging. The 'C' stands for camera and it will blink on and off while the ChaseCam camera system is powering on and stay green when the camera is ready to start recording.

Lap, Predictive, and Split Times

Lap times are displayed during the race and require no user intervention. Lap, predictive, and split lap times need to be set up in the GPS screen. Please see the GPS chapter on how to set up the lap timers. Lap times, predictive and split times are flashed on screen and remain on screen for a set amount of time (Fig 14, 15, and 16). The amount of time a lap time stays on the screen is set by the user. The default time is 5 seconds, if you want to set a different amount of time the lap time is displayed, please see the technical manual. Below the lap time is a value that tells you if you were faster or slower than your fastest lap time. The predictive lap time displays the time difference between your best lap time and your current lap time at that particular spot on the track. The split lap time displays your time between the markers you set on the track and the time difference between your best time and your current time. Lap times, predictive, and split lap times will only pop up in the race screen and the qualify screen. They will not pop up if you are in the sensor screens.

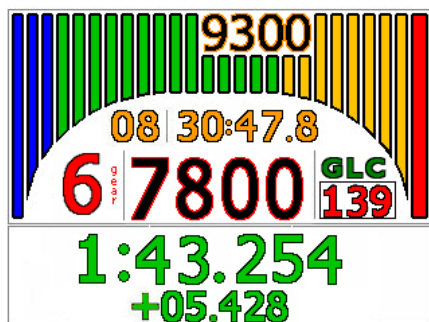


Figure 14 – Lap Timer

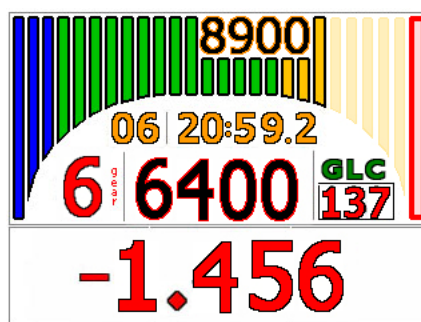


Figure 15 – Predictive Lap Timer

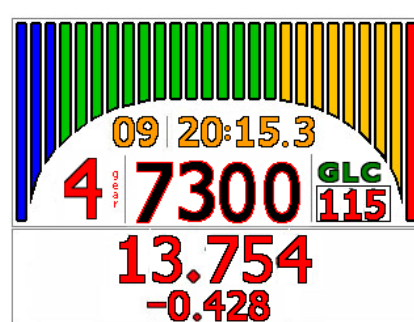


Figure 16 – Split Lap Timer

Stopwatch / Lap Counter

The stopwatch and lap counter are displayed on the race and qualify screen (Fig 17). The lap counter keeps track of number of completed laps you have made; it will increase every time you cross the start/finish line and complete a lap. Please see the setting the start/finish line section below on how to set the start/finish line. This feature allows you to see the lap number and time any section of a track independent of the system lap timer. You can use the stopwatch to know how long you have been on the track and how long until the end of a timed race. The stopwatch automatically starts when you reach logging speed.

Even though the start watch automatically starts when you start logging you can start the stop watch manually as well. To start the stopwatch on a Micro Pod or Pro unit, touch the stopwatch area. To stop the stopwatch, touch the stopwatch area. To reset the stopwatch, touch and hold the stopwatch area for 3 seconds.

Lap Counter

Stopwatch

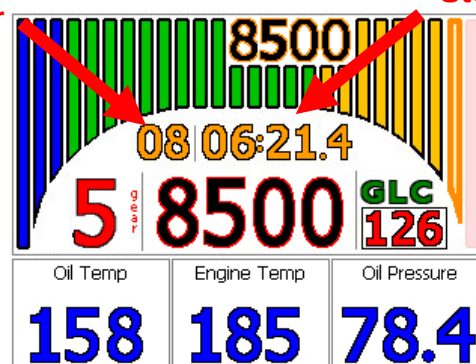


Figure 17 – Lap Counter and Stopwatch

Shift Lights

The shift lights are dual colored red/green lights and are used as rpm/gear shift indicators. The shift points & rpm levels are user programmable in the car setup menu which is covered in the technical manual. The LED display style (left-to-right, out-to-in) is user-defined in the display setup menu.

Bright, Dual Colored LED Shift Lights



Figure 18 – Micro Pod With Shift Lights

User Preferences

LED Brightness

The shift light LEDs have different brightness levels, low, mid, and high, that the user can set. The Micro Pod and Pro units are shipped with factory set low, mid, and high brightness levels. If these levels are not sufficient for you please contact RLC.

When setting user preferences you must have a mouse plugged into the USB port so that you are able to fully access the main menu screen (Fig 5). To set the brightness of the unit, navigate to the screen setup screen. Touch on the top part of the LCD until the main menu screen appears and press the 'Screen Setup' button (Fig 19). To select the brightness level touch or click on the brightness level box to reduce or increase the brightness level. The brightness will scroll through low, mid, and high settings. Both the LEDs and the LCD dim on the Micro Pod and Pro units. Clicking the LED Scheme box will change the pattern of the LED's, according to RPM. Current options include left-to-right & out-to-in. Clicking the box will give you a preview of the currently selected pattern.

There is a quick way to change the LED brightness on the Racing Screen. Simply press and hold on the MPH area and you will see the LED brightness change.

Touch Panel Calibration

Micro Pod and Pro units are calibrated in the factory, but users have the option to recalibrate if necessary. To calibrate your touch screen, simply touch the

'Touchscreen' button (Fig 19). Figure 20 will appear; follow the onscreen instructions and the touch screen will be calibrated and saved. When finished, press the 'Save Car' button (Fig 19). This procedure can be repeated until the touch screen response is acceptable, but this procedure should not have to be performed very often if at all.

Adjustable Brightness!

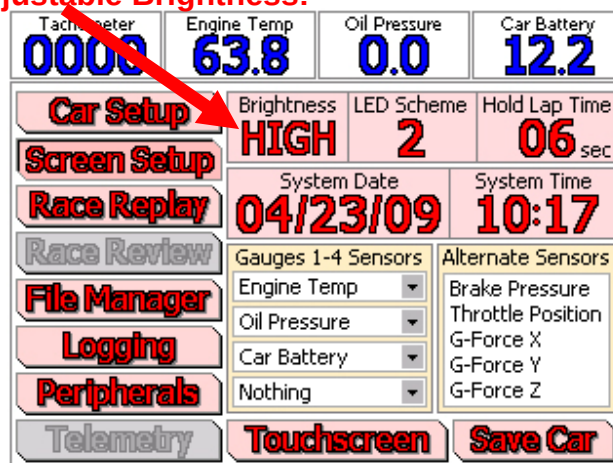


Figure 19 - Screen Setup Screen

Press and briefly hold stylus on the center of the target.
Repeat as the target moves around the screen.



Figure 20 – Touch Screen Calibration Screen

Calibrating Sensors

The sensors in this section have to do with the set up of the car and are the sensors that are most affected when you make a change to your cars setup. Since these sensors need to be calibrated more regularly, we have made it easy to do so. In order to calibrate these sensors you will have to be in the car and the unit must have been correctly installed in the car along with the sensors. Whenever the car's setup is changed, i.e. the tires are changed, you must recalibrate the sensors that were affected by the change. The sensors must be recalibrated so that the R.L.C. race logger will take correct data. To calibrate all these sensors you will need to navigate to the appropriate sensor screen. To get to the sensor screens touch the top tachometer bar until you get to the sensor screen (Fig 4). Once the sensor screen has appeared click on the sensor box until the sensor you want to calibrate appears. Please refer to Chapter 1 Getting Around.

Throttle Calibration

To calibrate the throttle sensor navigate to the steering and throttle sensor screen (Fig 21). Press and hold the 'Calibrate Throttle' button and follow the on-screen instructions to start throttle calibration. This screen will only appear if you have a throttle position sensor installed.

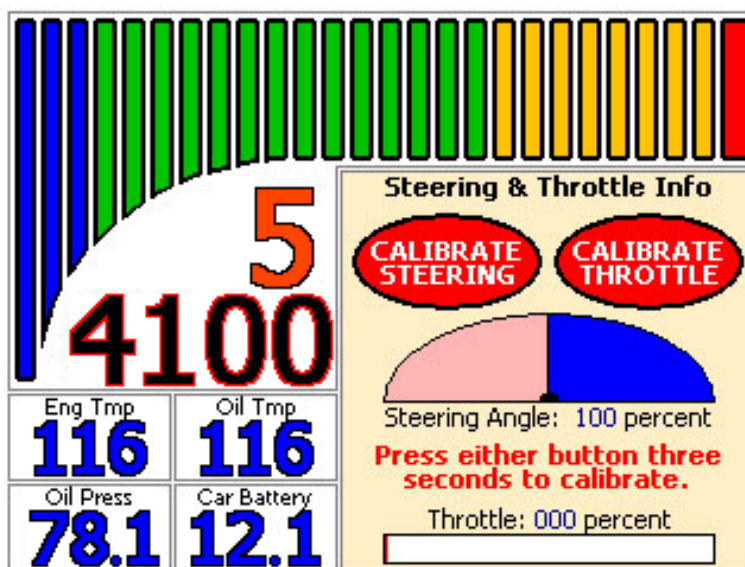


Figure 21 - Throttle and Steering Calibration Screen

Steering Calibration

To calibrate the steering sensor navigate to the steering and throttle sensor screen (Fig 21). Press and hold the 'Calibrate Steering' button and follow the on-screen instructions to start steering calibration. This screen will only appear if you have a steering position sensor installed.

Brake Calibration

To calibrate the brakes navigate to the brake sensor screen (Fig 22). Press and hold the 'Calibrate' button to start brake calibration. This screen will only appear if you have one or two brake pressure sensors installed.

Follow the on-screen instructions to complete brake calibration.

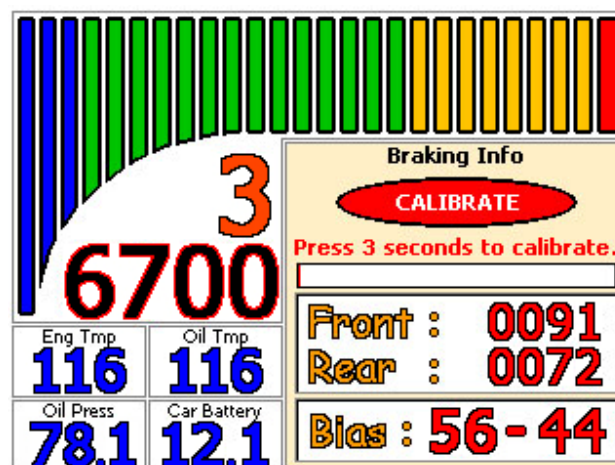


Figure 22 - Brake Calibration Sub-screen

Gear Position Calibration

The R.L.C. race loggers have a calibration routine that can figure out the different number of gears in the car. This is the only calibration routine that requires the car to be moving while calibrating. To calibrate the gear ratio, your car must have a tachometer sensor installed. Start the calibration routine while the car is in the pit lane, press and hold the 'Set Gear' button (Fig 23). A window will appear that will have you choose between manual and automatic (Fig 24). We recommend that you choose the manual mode. Automatic mode should only be used if you have a sequential gear shift or if your gears are not close together. However, if you can reach the touchscreen you should use the manual mode because it will find your gears every time.

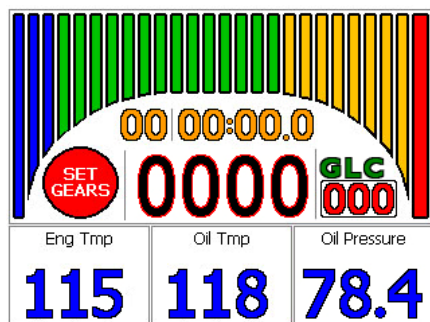


Figure 23 - Set Gears

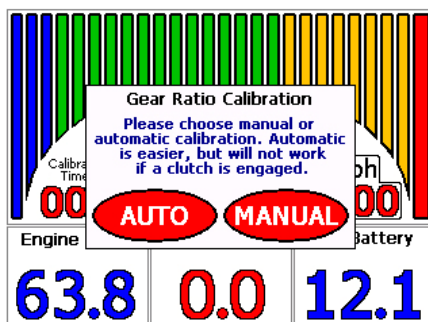


Figure 24 - Select Gear Ration Mode

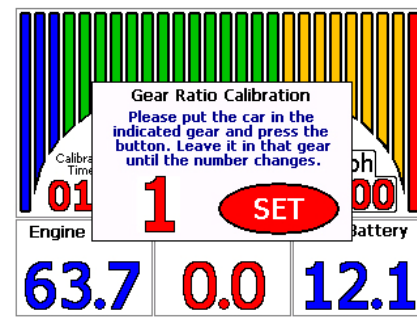


Figure 25 - Gear Position Calibration

When you click on the 'Manual' button another window with instructions will appear (Fig 25). This screen will tell you which gear you are going to record next. Only press the 'Set' button when you are actually in that gear being displayed. With the car in first gear, start driving around the track and press the 'Set' button on the screen to start recording the data for first gear. You need to stay in first gear for at least ten seconds, a count down will appear on the screen and then another window with the number 2 will appear on the screen. When you can, shift to second gear and perform the same procedure. You need to do this for every gear. When you have finished recording all your gears press the 'Save' button and you are done. Each gear that you record you need to stay in that gear for at least ten seconds, you can stay in the gear as long as you want or shift to other gears in the meantime. For example, if you are trying to record 5th gear and you won't be able to get into 5th gear until a half way around the track, don't worry. Drive like normal, downshifts and up shifts, and when you get to the length of

track where you can hit 5th gear, then press the 'Set' button. You can always leave the window in Fig. 25 displayed while you drive around the track and press the 'Set' button when you can get into the displayed gear.

When you click the 'Automatic' button (Fig 24) follow the on-screen instructions, you will need to drive the car around the track for approximately 2 minutes. Make sure to use all gears, through their full range for equal amounts of time. Avoid using the clutch and do not break tires loose during this calibration. When finished, the Micro Pod or Pro unit will display the number of gears it found and give you the option to save or cancel the calibration it found. If the information calculated was correct save the gear ratio information otherwise, cancel the ratio calibration and retry.

If you change your gear ratios you will have to go through this calibration again so that the unit can find the gears again. Simply follow the steps above, but instead of pressing and holding on the 'Set Gear' button, press and hold on the gear being displayed. Note: The Micro Pod and Pro unit allows the user to save different car configurations under different names. This means you can have different gear ratios saved under different names so all you have to do is load in a new car configuration so you don't have to go through the gear position calibration every time you change your gears. Please see the technical manual for more details about car configuration files.

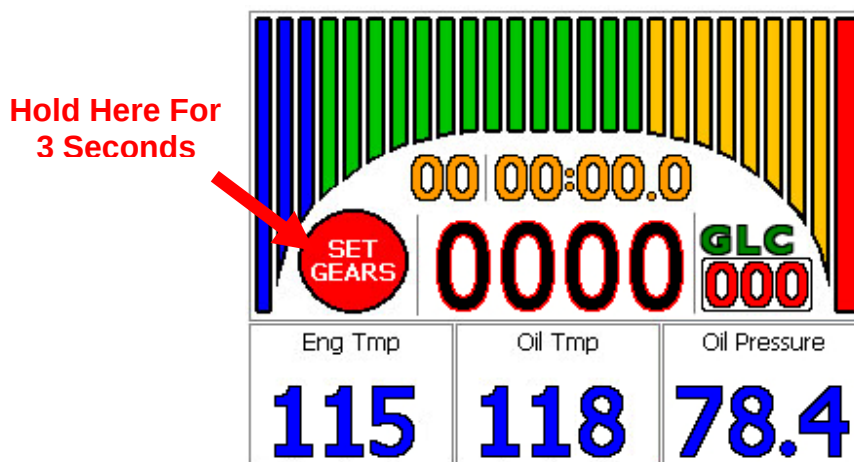


Figure 23 - Gear Position Calibration

GPS

GPS is included with all Micro Pod and Pro units, which allow you to get exact track maps, lap times, predictive times, and split times. Standard GPS units included with your Micro Pod or Pro units are the 20 Hz. We recommend that you place the GPS antenna somewhere on the center line of your car (away from the engine compartment or any type of electrical noise), in clear view of the sky, and horizontal or parallel to the sky.

When connecting the GPS for the first time it could take upwards of an hour to lock onto satellites and start transmitting data, due to a significant change of position. When making a connection for the first time make sure the antenna is in clear view of the sky and the cord is completely uncoiled. After the GPS has established a connection for the first time, connecting to satellites can take as little as 5 seconds to a maximum of 1 minute. While the GPS is trying to connect the 'G' in the indicator field will blink green but when the GPS has connected the 'G' on the screen will stay orange and turn green when a differential signal has been attained.

If you would like to verify that the GPS is working and connected properly, you can either look for the orange/green 'G' in the indicator field or navigate to the GPS screen (Fig 26). On the Micro Pod or Pro unit touch the tachometer bar until the sensor/calibration screen appears (Fig 4), then touch inside the sensor box until you get to the GPS screen (Fig 26). Refer to Chapter 1, Getting Around, for more exact instructions for navigating through the screens. The GPS data is displayed in this screen; the number of satellites the GPS is locked on to, signal quality, and the latitude and longitude of your location. The GPS unit will take a couple of minutes to connect to the satellites. Make sure you are outside when trying to verify GPS, it won't always work inside. If there is an error connecting it will indicate that there is no GPS connected.

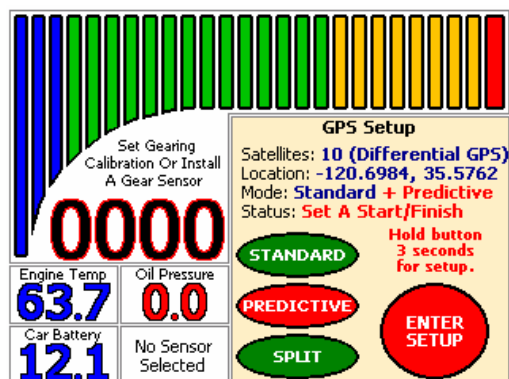


Figure 26- GPS Timing Setup Screen

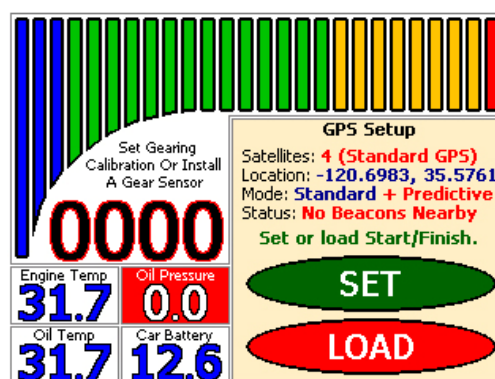


Figure 27 - GPS Screen to Setup Start/Finish Line

Setting the Start/Finish Line

A start/finish line must be set on your unit so the pop up lap timer, lap counter, and predictive lap timer works properly. You must be moving forward and on the track (not in the hot pits) when you set the start/finish. Usually you set the start/finish line on your first lap around the track. Once the start/finish line has been set, your unit will remember it until you drive a different track and/or set a different start/finish line. This start/finish lap will also be recorded as your base lap for when the unit is in predictive mode. To read more about predictive lap timing, see the GPS predictive lap timer section below.

To set the start/finish line, navigate to the GPS setup screen (Fig 26). By default, the unit is in predictive mode. Hold the 'Enter Setup' button. Another screen will appear (Fig. 27) that allows you to set the start/finish line. When your car passes the spot on the track that you want to mark as the start/finish line press the 'Set' button. Make sure you drive a complete lap around the track so that your base lap for predictive lap timing will be established. Once the start/finish line has been set, the unit will automatically switch to the qualify screen (Fig 3).

Load A Saved Start/Finish Line

If you have a start/finish line saved you can load it so you don't have to set a one. To load a saved start/finish, navigate to the GPS setup screen (Fig 26). By default, the unit is in predictive mode. Hold the 'Enter Setup' button. Another screen will appear (Fig. 27) that allows you to set or load a start/finish line. Press the 'Load' button. The Load Start/Finish screen will appear (Fig 28). Select the desired start/finish line from the list and press the 'Load' button. The selected start/finish line will now be set. You will need to drive at least one complete lap so the predictive lap timing can be set up. After the first complete lap has been driven, you will receive lap and predictive times on the screen.

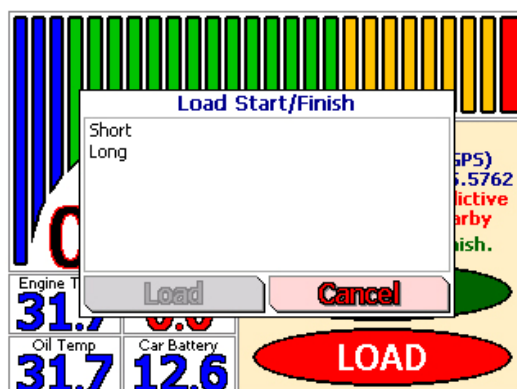


Figure 28 – Load A Start/Finish Line

Save A Start/Finish Line

RLC allows users to save start/finish lines so they can use them in the future. Use the steps in the Setting the Start/Finish Line section above to set a start/finish line. To save the start/finish line that you just set please see the Technical Manual.

Creating a GPS Track Map

GPS is the most accurate & precise way to map a track. Every lap that you take around the track is distinctive and unique. Unlike mapping a track with G-Force, just a single lap will render an accurate map based on your exact line you drove. G-Force requires that you make multiple laps and then the PC software will average your laps and create a track map based on those averages. Each lap will look exactly the same and the data can be off as much as 30 ft! With RLC, each lap will look different because each line you drive around the track is slightly different. The data that is recorded from each lap is accurate to within inches. R.L.C. does not average and compress your data to create a track map; instead our software creates a track map based on each individual lap. The Race Analyzer software creates a track map based on how much of the track you drove on (Fig 29). The left side of the

track will be the leftmost line your car drove on the track and the right side will be the rightmost line your car drove. The narrower the track means that you drove close to the same line every time you drove that part of the track. Now when you analyze your data on the Race Analyzer software, each lap will appear within the track that was created by your car. The track map that was created is specific to the data for that particular session. Each session will render a different track map because your drive differently every time.



Figure 29 – Track Map

Exact Track Mapping

R.L.C. offers Exact Track mapping which is the most precise way to map a track. Exact Track allows you to see your lines within the width of the actual track. We do this by driving the right and left sides of the track so that you are able to get the exact widths everywhere along the track (Fig 30). When you load your log files in our Race Analyzer software, your laps are shown within the width of the track. You can see the exact lines you drove everywhere on the track and you are able to find the fastest line. You only have to create a track once and you have the track forever. You can even check at R.L.C.'s website to see if the Exact Track map has already been made and download it.

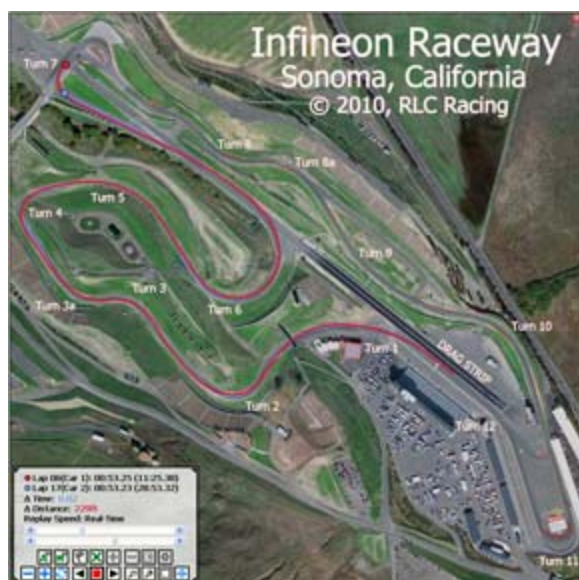


Figure 30 – Exact Track Map



Figure 31 – Exact Track Map, Close Up

To create an Exact Track map make sure that you have a **differential GPS lock**. You can check to see if you have a differential lock by navigating to the GPS track mapping screen (Fig 32) and if you see differential you are locked in, if not give it some more time. A differential lock will ensure that you get the most accurate track map. *Before* you go out onto the track, like while in the hot pits, press and hold the 'Start' button. A different GPS track mapping screen will appear prompting you to press 'Start' or 'Cancel' (Fig 33). Once you are in the track mapping screen, drive out onto the track and place your tires as close to the edge of the track as you can (you choose which side you want to drive first). When you are ready, press the 'Start' button; a screen will appear that displays the distance traveled and the distance to the start (Fig 34). Drive the left side of the track. Drive past your initial starting point and then cross over to the right side of the track. Again place your tires as close to the edge of the track as possible and drive the right side of the track. Drive past your initial starting point and press the 'Stop & Save' button and the Exact Track Map is saved. The car must travel in the same direction for each lap. If for any reason you want to abort the track mapping press the 'Cancel' button.

You want to drive around the track as slow as you can. If you have the 5 Hz GPS you want to stay around 20-25 mph (32-40 kph) and with the 10 Hz GPS around 25-30 mph (40-48 kph). The slower that you drive the closer together the GPS samples are, this creates a more accurate and smooth track map. The track map will be one of the log files. Send the log file (.bin) to RLC Racing and they will create the Exact Track map so that you can use it in the PC software. Make sure you include what track it is, the configuration (if there are alternates), website to the track, and any additional information that may be helpful. RLC Racing will use this information and Google Earth to add rumble strips, buildings, flag stations, bleachers, and any other track characteristics we can see. We will send you the Exact Track map file (.map) and now you can analyze your data within the confines of the actual widths of the track. You will have to drive one complete lap before the lap timer and predictive lap timer will work.

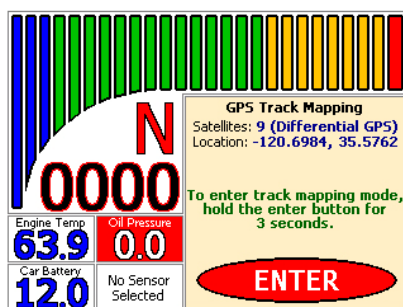


Figure 32 - GPS Track Mapping Screen

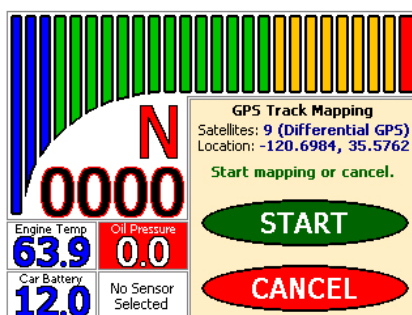


Figure 33 - GPS Track Mapping Screen

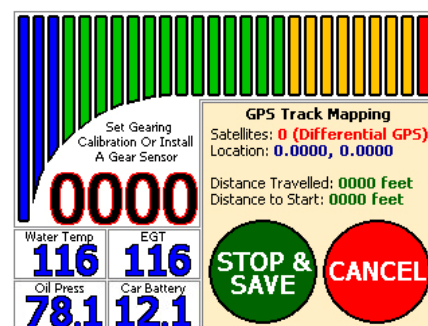


Figure 34 - GPS Track Mapping Screen

GPS Lap Timer

GPS is used to measure lap times instead of a stationary beacon you have to place on the track. GPS is more exact and it eliminates the need of buying an expensive lap timer. The GPS lap timer is automatically set up once you set the start/finish line, which was covered in an above section. Now your lap time will pop up on your unit every time your car crosses the start/finish line (Fig 35). Also displayed is the difference between your current lap time and your fastest lap time. If your lap time is faster then it will be (-) in red and if the lap time is slower then it will be (+) in green.

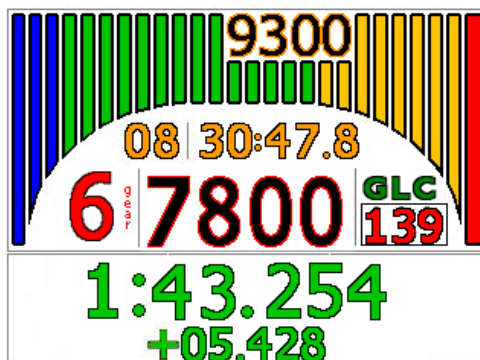


Figure 35 - Lap Timer

GPS Predictive Lap Timer

Predictive lap timing is a great tool when you want to try new things on the track and need some instant feedback. When the race logger is in predictive mode, it will inform you of the time difference at that current location on the track between your current lap and your fastest lap (ever), so you know if things are helping or hurting (Fig 36). If you are currently faster than your fastest lap then the time difference will be (-) in red and if you are currently slower then it will be in (+) green.

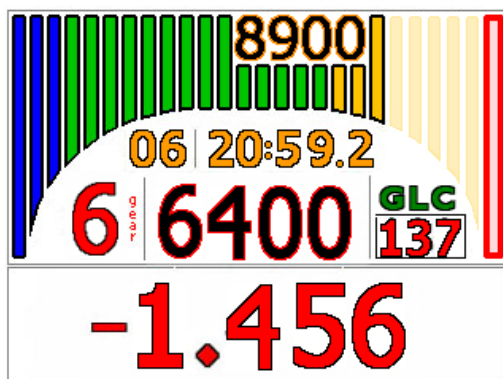


Figure 36 – Predictive Lap Time

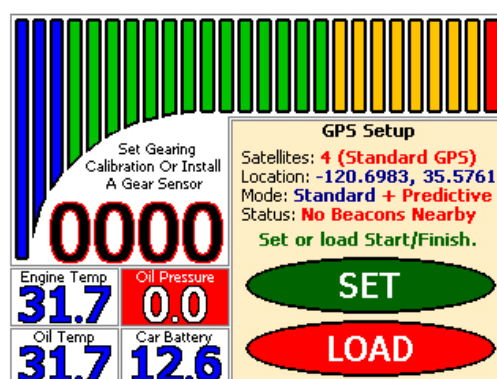


Figure 37 – Predictive Setup Screen

To set the predictive lap timer, navigate to the GPS set up screen (Fig 26). Touch the 'Predictive' button and then press and hold the 'Enter Setup' button. Another screen will appear (Fig 37) that will prompt you to set or load your start/finish line. If you already went through the steps to set or load a start/finish line and made a complete lap, then you do not need to record a base lap. A base lap is needed so that the unit can set up the markers needed for predictive lap timing. You can exit out of this screen by touching on the tachometer bar on the top of the screen. If you would like to record a new base lap simply press and hold the 'Enter Setup' button then press the 'Reset Times' button and drive a complete lap around the track. You can also establish a new base lap by setting a new start/finish line and driving a complete lap. The reason that you may wish to record a new base lap is if the weather conditions change and you want to reset your fastest lap. Your fastest lap is what your predictive lap times are based off of so it makes sense to have a fastest lap for the current weather conditions. Comparing laps from a sunny day to a rainy day doesn't make sense.

GPS Split Lap Timer

The split lap timing feature on the RLC race loggers lets you divide up the track to work on specific sections to get your lap times down. By setting markers, you can section off the parts of the track you want to work on. You can set up to four markers on the track to make either two different sections or three consecutive sections. When the unit is in split mode it will display the time it took to get through the markers you set and the difference between your current time and your best time (Fig 38). If you were faster than your fastest time then the time difference will be (-) in red and if you are currently slower then it will be in (+) green.

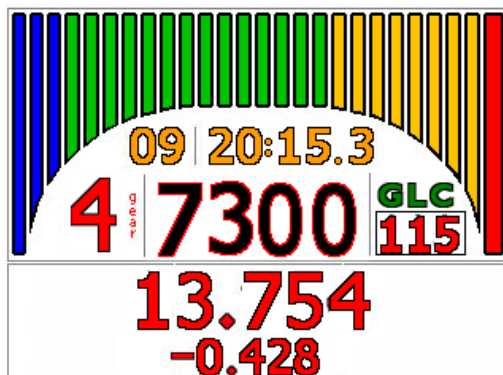


Figure 38 – Split Lap Time

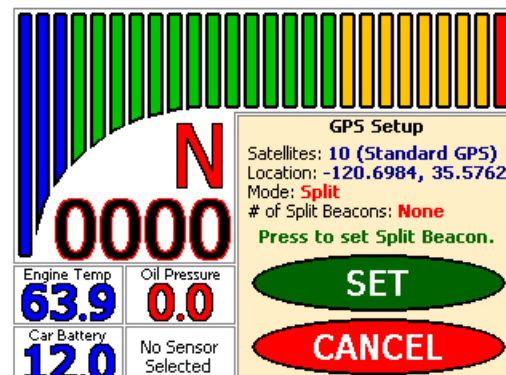


Figure 39 – Split Setup Screen

To set the split lap timer, navigate to the GPS set up screen (Fig 26). Touch the 'Split' button then press and hold the 'Enter Setup' button. Another screen will appear (Fig 39) that will allow you to set a split beacon. Press the 'Set' button once before and once after the section of track that you want to work on. You can choose to set all four markers or just two. Now every time you cross the marker the time will start and it will stop when you cross the next marker. Your time will flash up on the screen along with the time difference between your current run and your fastest run. You can exit out of this screen by touching on the tachometer bar on the top of the screen.

GPS Connection Time

When connecting the GPS for the first time it could take upwards of an hour to lock onto satellites and start transmitting data, due to a significant change of position. When making a connection for the first time make sure the antenna is in clear view of the sky and the cord is completely uncoiled. After the GPS has established a connection for the first time, connecting to satellites can take as little as 5 second to a maximum of 1 minute. While the GPS is trying to connect the 'G' in the indicator field will blink green but when the GPS has connected the 'G' on the screen will stay green.

To view how many satellites your GPS unit is connected to, navigate to the GPS setup screen on the Micro Pod or Pro unit (Fig 26). This screen will show you how many satellites you are connected to and if you are connected to the differential satellite. When the GPS initially connects, it will only be connected to maybe 4 satellites. As the GPS units stays on it will connect to more satellites automatically.

Race Replay

Reviewing any logged session on your unit is easy to do with R.L.C.'s exclusive race replay function. It is useful for quick, trackside replays when no laptop is available. The replay screen has a familiar VCR type control panel that lets you playback, stop, step backwards, step forwards, and pause the replay session. While the unit is in replay you can scroll through the different race screens and sensor screens so that you can view the data as it happened on the track.

To replay a logged session navigate to the race replay screen by simply touching on the top tachometer bar unit the race replay screen appears (Fig 40). You can always connect the mouse that was provided in your kit to make selecting certain buttons easier but everything can be done without a mouse.

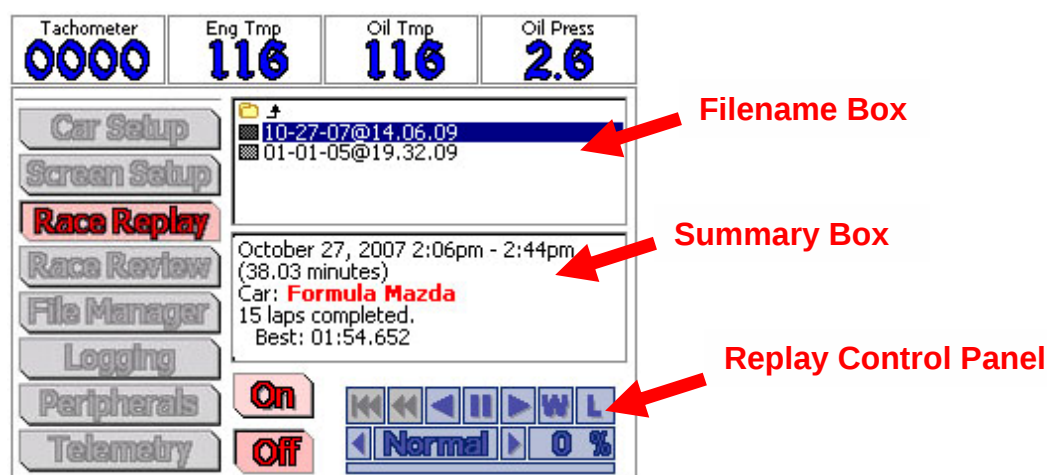


Figure 40 - Race Replay Screen

The race replay screen (Fig 40) has a filename box, a summary box, and race replay controls. The filename box contains all of the logged files that are available for replay. The summary box gives you the date, time elapsed, car name, laps completed, and best lap time for the highlighted session. The race replay control panel controls how fast or slow the replay plays; how the replay control panel works is described in the section below.

Replaying a Race

Select which file you would like to replay by touching on the file. Once you have selected the desired file touch the 'On' button. To start playback on the Micro Pod or Pro unit you need to touch on the top sensor bar which will bring up the playback screen (Fig 41) and then press the play button.

Replay Control Panel

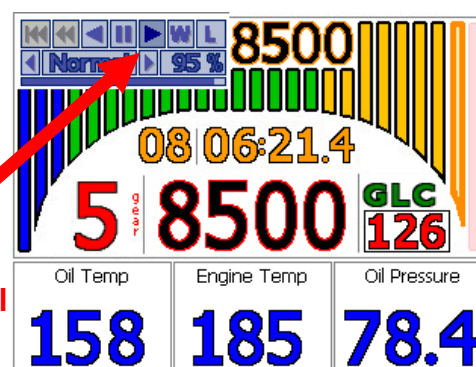


Figure 41 – Replaying a Race

While a race is being replayed it can be controlled through the control panel on the top left of the screen (Fig 41) to fast forward, pause, or rewind the race. Simply touch on the action you want. While the unit is in replay you can scroll through the different race screens and sensor screens by touching on the tachometer bar or in the sensor box. Please refer to the getting around section on how to navigate through these screens.

The race replay control panel also has a 'W' or warning button and an 'L' or lap timer button. When the 'W' or warning button is activated the warning screen will appear (Fig 42) and when the 'L' or lap timer button is activated the lap timer will flash on screen (Fig 43). To view these screens, touch on the appropriate button.



Figure 42 –Warning Screen

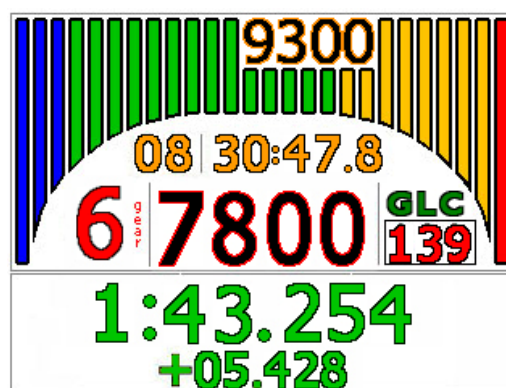


Figure 43 – Lap Timer

When you want to stop the replay, navigate back to the race replay screen (Fig 40) by touching on the tachometer bar. Once in the race replay screen touch the 'Off' button.

Replay Information Screen

The replay information screen is a sensor screen that is only available during race replay (Fig 44). It is a brief summary of sensors, speed, and time that is useful during replay. Read the getting around section on how to navigate to the sensor screen. Again if you have to have a throttle position sensor connected for the throttle portion of the race replay screen to work.

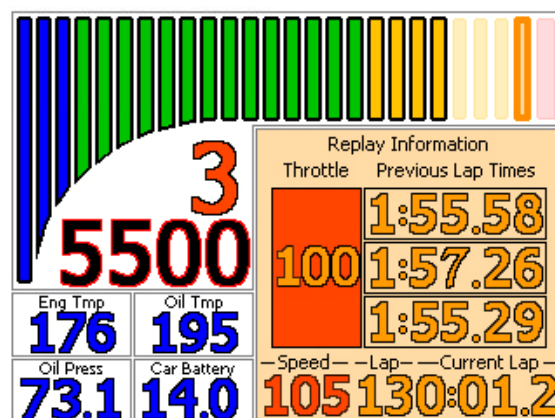


Figure 44 – Replay Info Screen

Race Log Files

Each time you go out on the track the race logger creates a logged file session. The amount of data in the log file depends upon the logging rate of each installed sensor. See the technical manual on how to set sampling rates on installed sensors. These logged sessions can either be played back on your unit (Ch 6) or downloaded to your PC to analyze the data with the RLC Race Analyzer. To transfer the logged session files from your Micro Pod or Pro unit to a PC you only need to connect a USB memory stick, there are no extra cables to attach just the USB stick. Make sure the car is not running before you upload, copy, or delete files from the Micro Pod or Pro unit. Each time you offload a log file it makes a copy and stores it in a backup folder on the Micro Pod or Pro unit for future use.

Uploading Race Log Files

To transfer a logged session from Micro Pod or Pro unit to a PC you will need the USB memory stick that was included in the optional Micro Pod Setup kit but also available at your local office store. Insert the USB memory stick into the connector on the harness. The race logger will scan the USB stick for logged files and compare them to the log files on the race logger itself. If the race logger contains files that the USB stick does not it will display the number of files found and a pop up window will prompt the user to copy all files, copy and delete files, or cancel (Fig 45). The copy only option will scan the USB stick and copy all logged session files not already on the USB stick. The copy and delete option (recommended) will copy all new logged session files over to the USB stick and erase the file from the race logger itself. Choosing the option to copy and delete is a much faster way to offload your logged session files. The cancel option will close this pop up window. You would choose this option if you want to manually transfer files, see below. Select an option by pressing on the appropriate button. With the logged sessions now on your USB stick, you can load them into the RLC Race Analyzer software and study your data. You can also leave the USB stick plugged into the harness while you are out on the track. With the USB stick plugged in, the logged session files will automatically download to the USB stick when the session is done. Every time you offload a log file from the Micro Pod or Pro unit it will automatically create a backup file. This backup file is stored in a backup file directory on the Micro Pod or Pro unit for future use. Please see the section below on how to copy and offload a backup file from the Micro Pod or Pro unit.

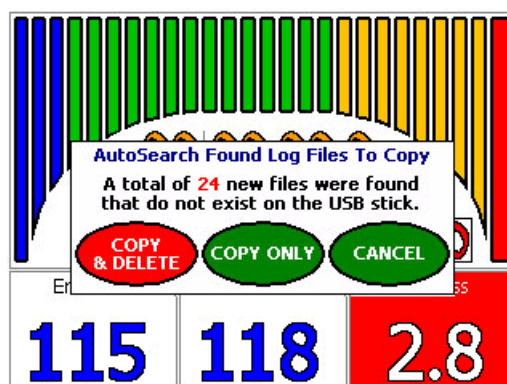


Figure 45— USB Stick Plugged In

If you would like to copy the files over manually you will have to connect the USB hub so that you can connect both the mouse and the USB memory stick. Navigate to the File Manager screen by touching on the top tachometer bar until the main menu screen appears (Fig 7) then click the 'File Manager' button. With a mouse or stylus select the 'Log Files – Transfer To/From USB Stick' option from the dropdown menu (Fig 46). Select the log file you want to transfer to the USB memory stick from the 'Local Logs' section. When the log file is highlighted, click the  button. The file will transfer from the race logger to the USB memory stick. Now you can take that file and import it into the RLC Race Analyzer. If you want to copy over an entire folder and its contents you can use .

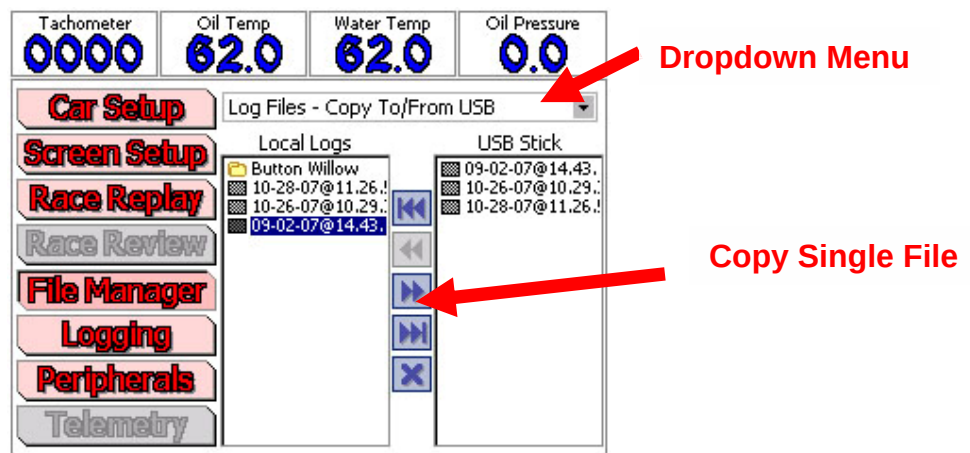


Figure 46 - File Manager Screen

Copying Log Files From a USB Stick to a Race Logger

Log files can also be copied from a USB stick to a Micro Pod or Pro unit. Using the same steps above select a file that is already on a USB stick and click the  or  buttons.

Deleting Log Files

To delete a file from either a USB stick or from the data logger, select the file to be deleted and press the  button. There is no undo for this operation so a popup box will prompt the user for a final confirmation (Fig 47).

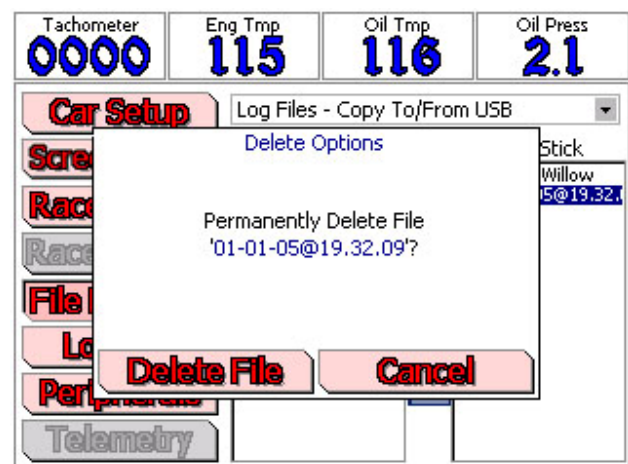


Figure 47 – Deleting A File

Copying Backup Log Files

Every time you offload a log file from the Micro Pod or Pro unit it will automatically create a backup file. This backup file is stored in a backup file directory on the Micro Pod or Pro unit for future use. To offload one or all of these backup files click on the 'Logging' button. On the bottom right of the logging screen (Fig 48) you will see a section showing you the number of backup files currently on your Micro Pod or Pro unit and how much space they are taking up. Simply plug in the USB stick that was provided in the optional Micro Pod Setup kit and click the 'Copy to USB' button. Your backup log files will start to copy onto your USB stick. With the logged sessions now on your USB stick, you can load them into the RLC Race Analyzer software and study your data. You can also choose to delete the backup files from your Micro Pod or Pro unit by clicking the 'Delete All' button.

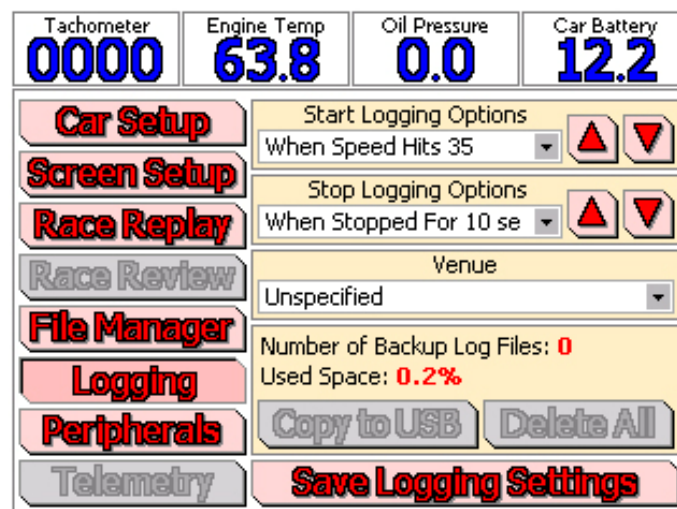


Figure 48– Backup Log Files

Synchronized Video

R.L.C. Racing makes synchronized video easy! The Micro Pod units connect directly to GoPro, ChaseCam, and certain Sony and Canon video cameras and remotely control them. The RLC data logger will control the camera by turning it on and start recording when race dash starts to log data. When the RLC race logger stops logging data it will send a signal to the camera to stop recording and turn off. You will never again have to worry about turning the camera on, draining the battery, or pressing the record button; RLC does it all for you!

The Micro Pod units connect easily to the GoPro, ChaseCam, and Sony/Canon cameras with a simple video adapter cable. The RLC race logger will help to conserve battery life by turning the camera on and off and conserve memory space by starting and stopping recording only when you are out on the track. Now you can concentrate on your driving because everything else is already being taken care of by your RLC data logger.

Synchronizing the video file to the data file is extremely easy with the Pro Race Analysis software. Since the RLC race logger controls the GoPro or Sony/Canon camera, the two files are already semi-synchronized. Once you synchronize the two files they are saved into one file and you never have to do it again. Now when you click anywhere on the track map the video and data will jump to that exact position. Customers using a ChaseCam camera do not have any manual synchronization to do because the data is already embedded into the video file.

If you have not installed your GoPro, ChaseCam PDR, or Sony/Canon camera please read the **Technical Manual** on how to install, setup and connect it to the Micro Pod or Pro unit correctly.

ChaseCam PDR Camera

The ChaseCam PDR needs to have its own source of power; again we recommend that you wire directly to the battery, and needs to share the same ground as the Micro Pod or Pro unit.

Connecting To The ChaseCam PDR

Make sure that Micro Pod or Pro unit is off before you connect to the ChaseCam camera. If you have the new style harness a standard Ethernet cable is used to connect the Micro Pod or Pro unit to the ChaseCam PDR (do not use a cross over cable). If you purchased your ChaseCam PDR from RLC then the video cable was included, otherwise you can either order a video cable from RLC or from a local office supply store. Plug the video cable into the connector on the harness that is labeled 'Video' and

then plug into the back of the ChaseCam PDR (Fig 49). If you have the old style harness then plug the cable that is labeled Video directly into the back of the ChaseCam PDR. When plugging in cables, make sure the car is turned off and there is no power to the ChaseCam PDR or Micro Pod or Pro unit.



Figure 49 – Micro Pod or Pro unit Connected to ChaseCam PDR

With the Micro Pod or Pro unit plugged into the ChaseCam PDR the RLC unit will completely

control the camera; it starts recording when the Micro Pod or Pro unit starts logging and stops recording when it stops logging. There are no special settings that you need to do on the Micro Pod or Pro unit, it will automatically connect and control the ChaseCam camera.

Verify Connection

When you successfully set the ChaseCam PDR up and have connected it to the Micro Pod or Pro unit it is time to verify the connection. Start your engine and look at the screen of the Micro Pod or Pro unit. You will notice on the race screen of the Micro Pod or Pro unit there is a GLC indicator right above the MPH (Fig 50). When the unit recognizes that you are connected to a ChaseCam camera the C will blink on and off green until the camera is ready to start recording. When the camera is ready to start recording the C will stay illuminated green.

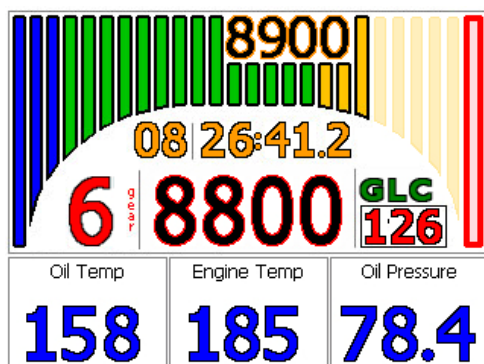


Figure 50 – GLC Indicator

Also look at the ChaseCam PDR. When it is ready to start recording the light on the front will be solid green (Fig 51).



Figure 51 – ChaseCam PDR Light Green

Verify ChaseCam PDR Recording

When you have successfully verified that your ChaseCam PDR is connected to your Micro Pod or Pro unit you need to verify that it is recording properly. The Micro Pod or Pro unit will completely control the ChaseCam PDR; it will tell the camera to start recording when the RLC unit starts logging and tell it to stop recording when the RLC unit stops logging. On the race screen of the Micro Pod or Pro unit you will see the GLC indicator. When the L illuminates green this means that the RLC unit is logging data (Fig 50). Check the light on the front of the ChaseCam PDR, it should be flashing red to indicate that it is recording (Fig 52).



Figure 52 – ChaseCam PDR Light Red

GoPro Camera

The Micro Pod or Pro can interface with a GoPro camera. It will turn it on and start recording when the Micro Pod or Pro starts logging data and stop recording when it stops logging data. If you are using a GoPro camera with the Micro Pod or Pro you will need to manually synchronize the video file to the log file using the Pro Race Analysis software. For more details about manual synchronization please see the Pro Race Analysis software manual on the website.

Verify The GoPro Camera

There are 3 different models for the GoPro Hero camera. The HD HERO 1080 with the HERO Bus Port (Fig 53) is the correct model that will work with the Micro Pod or Pro.



Figure 53 – HD HERO 1080 Camera

The HERO Bus Port is where the CAB-VID-GP (GoPro Camera Cable) that you purchased from RLC will plug in. Note: You will need to router out the back of the case to accommodate the cable.

Setup The GoPro Camera

The GoPro camera needs to be set to One Button On mode. Please refer to the instruction manual included with your GoPro camera on how to place it in the One Button On mode. The instructions can also be found at the GoPro website, visit www.gopro.com/support.

Connecting To The GoPro Camera

Plug the CAB-VID-GP cable you purchased from RLC into the back of the GoPro camera. Plug the video cable on the Micro Pod or Pro harness into the other end. Depending on which style harness you have, you may need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect to the GoPro camera (a cross over cable will not work). If you have the female video plug on your harness (looks like a phone plug receptacle) you will need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect the Micro Pod or Pro to the GoPro camera. If you have the male video plug (looks like an Ethernet plug) then it can simply be plugged directly into the CAB-VID-GP. However, you may

need to get a video extension cable to lengthen the connection (RLC sells a video extension cable).

Verify Connection

Apply power to the Micro Pod or Pro. You will notice that the GoPro camera will turn on and it will automatically turn off once the Micro Pod or Pro has fully booted up. When the Micro Pod or Pro has started logging data (the L in the GLC indicator field will illuminate green) the GoPro camera will turn on and start recording. When the Micro Pod or Pro has stopped logging data (L will turn off) the GoPro will stop recording and turn off.

Sony/Cannon Camera

The Micro Pod or Pro can interface with a Sony or Canon video camera with a remote jack integrated into the AV remote terminal. It will turn it on and start recording when the Micro Pod or Pro starts logging data and stop recording when it stops logging data. If you are using a Sony or Canon video camera with the Micro Pod or Pro you will need to manually synchronize the video file to the log file using the Pro Race Analysis software. For more details about manual synchronization please see the Pro Race Analysis software manual on the website.

Note: To connect to the Sony/Canon camera you have to purchase a 10 pin LANC adapter cable, RLC does not sell this cable.

Verify The Sony/Canon Video Camera

You need to make sure that the Sony or Canon video camera you are using has the remote jack integrated into the AV remote terminal. To verify if your camera has this feature please visit Sony or Canon's official website and look up your particular camera's specifications. It will be listed under the Interface specifications.

Connecting To The Sony or Canon Video Camera

Plug the CAB-VID-SC cable you purchased from RLC into the AV remote terminal on the Sony or Canon video camera. Plug the video cable on the Micro Pod or Pro harness into the other end. Depending on which style harness you have, you may need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect to the Sony or Canon video camera (a cross over cable will not work). If you have the female video plug on your harness (looks like a phone plug receptacle) you will need to purchase an Ethernet cable to connect the Micro Pod or Pro to the Sony or Canon video camera. If you have the male video plug (looks like an Ethernet plug) then it can simply be plugged directly into the CAB-VID-SC. However, you may need to get a video extension cable to lengthen the connection (RLC sells a video extension cable).

Verify Connection

Apply power to the Micro Pod or Pro. When the Micro Pod or Pro has fully booted up the C in the GLC indicator field will illuminate green indicating that it is connect to the Sony or Canon camera. When the Micro Pod or Pro has started logging data (the L in the GLC indicator field will illuminate green) the Sony or Canon video camera will turn on and start recording. When the Micro Pod or Pro has stopped logging data (L will turn off) the Sony or Canon video will stop recording and turn off.

Removing Power

When you have finished your session and are ready to turn your engine off or remove power you **must wait for the Micro Pod or Pro unit to stop logging first!** The L in the GLC indicator field will turn off when the Micro Pod or Pro has finished logging (please see the Technical Manual on how to set your logging preferences).

ChaseCam Camera

Once the Micro Pod or Pro has stopped logging it will tell the ChaseCam PDR to stop recording, again the light on the front will turn to solid green. If you do not let your Micro Pod or Pro stop logging before power is removed, you will corrupt your synchronized video file and you will not be able to use it in the RLC Race Analysis Software.

GoPro Camera

Once the Micro Pod or Pro has stopped logging it will send a pulse to the GoPro camera and it will stop recording and turn off. If you do not let your Micro Pod or Pro stop logging before power is removed, it will never send the pulse to the GoPro camera and it will continue to record until you manually stop recording.

Sony/Cannon Camera

Once the Micro Pod or Pro has stopped logging it will send a pulse to the Sony or Canon camera and it will stop recording and turn off. If you do not let your Micro Pod or Pro stop logging before power is removed, it will never send the pulse to the Sony or Canon camera and it will continue to record until you manually stop recording.

Downloading Synchronized Video Log File

ChaseCam Camera

When you are ready to download the synchronized video log file so you can analyze your data in the Pro Race Analysis software, you do so from the compact flash card in the ChaseCam PDR recorder. It is a .mpg file that you can play as a regular video file in a Windows Media Player but if opened in the Pro Race Analysis Software it will contain both the video and the data. You do not have to download the log file from the Micro Pod or Pro if you don't want to because the data is already contained in the video file. It is the .mpg file from the compact flash card in the ChaseCam PDR camera that you want to

open in the PC software so you have synchronized video file.

GoPro Camera

When you are ready to download the video file so you can analyze your data in the Pro Race Analysis software, you will need both the video file on the SD card from the GoPro camera and the log file from the Micro Pod or Pro. Once you are in the Pro Race Analysis software you can use the tools to manually synchronize the two files together. Please see the Pro Race Analysis software manual for more details.

Sony/Canon Camera

When you are ready to download the video file so you can analyze your data in the Pro Race Analysis software, you will need both the video file on the SD card from the Sony or Canon camera and the log file from the Micro Pod or Pro. Once you are in the Pro Race Analysis software you can use the tools to manually synchronize the two files together. Please see the Pro Race Analysis software manual for more details.

Corrupt Synchronized Video File?

If you find that your camera turned off accidentally while out on the track or you removed power too soon, your synchronized video file will be corrupt. You cannot open it in the Race Analysis Software but you can still view it as a standard video file.

The log file on the Micro Pod or Pro can always be used for data analysis, even if the synchronized video file is corrupted. The data (.bin) log file on the Micro Pod or Pro only contains the data, not the video. Use the USB memory stick included with the Micro Pod or Pro to offload the log file.

Adding Wi-Fi

Wi-Fi Racing is an add on feature for the Micro Pod or Pro. With a simple Wi-Fi kit from RLC Racing you can instantly broadcast the data being logged by the Micro Pod or Pro directly to an iTouch, iPhone, or iPad. In order to use the Wi-Fi feature you need to get a code from RLC Racing. Please call RLC with the serial number of your Micro Pod or Pro to get the code.

With the USB hub, USB mouse, and USB keyboard plugged in the Micro Pod or Pro unit; navigate to the Wireless screen (Fig 62) by clicking on the top tachometer bar until the main menu screen appears (Fig 7) then click the 'Wireless' button. Enter the Wi-Fi Racing code provided by RLC in the top box under Code Expires. If you wish to password protect your data enter a passkey in the Wireless Passkey box, if not leave it set to 0. RLC also gives you the option to name your car so it is easier to find it on the iTouch, iPhone, or iPad. Enter the name you wish to call your car in the Wireless Car Name box. If you do not name your car it will appear as RLC-XXX (serial number of your unit). When all the information is entered click the 'Save Wireless Settings' button. If you code is correct the Changes Saved screen will appear (Fig 63) and there are instructions for you to follow.

Figure 62 – Enter Wi-Fi Code

Figure 63 – Wi-Fi Racing Code Entered

Click in the 'Touch to Close' area and your Wireless screen will now look like Figure 64, it will state that your code is valid.

Figure 64 – Wi-Fi Racing Code Valid

Power the Micro Pod or Pro unit off and unplug the USB hub, mouse, and keyboard. Plug the Wi-Fi dongle (USB portion of the Wi-Fi kit) into the USB port on the Micro Pod or Pro. Power the Micro Pod or Pro on. When the Micro Pod or Pro unit powers on the Wi-Fi Racing indicator (WiFi symbol above the GLC indicator field) will illuminate green (Fig 65). The Micro Pod or Pro is now ready to connect to an iTouch, iPhone, or iPad.

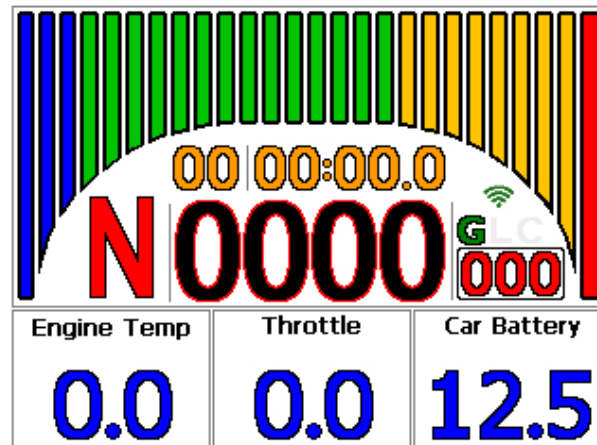


Figure 65 – Wi-Fi Racing Indicator

Download Wi-Fi Racing App

You will need to go to the Apple store and download the Wi-Fi Racing app from RLC Racing, it is a free app. Search for WiFi Racing. . Go to your wireless settings on your iTouch, iPhone, or iPad. You should see a wireless network like RLC-XX (the XX will be the last two digits of the serial number) or if you named your car it will be that name. Select that network to connect to. Now launch the Wi-Fi Racing app, you should see the home page (Fig 66).



Figure 66 – Wi-Fi Racing Home Page

You will see that under Data it will say 'Waiting', once it has successfully connected to the Micro Pod or Pro the Data will say 'Receiving'. Now you can watch the drivers data as they are out on the track. You will be able to see their lap times, predictive times, speed, and sensor data.

Note: RLC recommends that you set your iTouch, iPhone, or iPad to not automatically join other networks. You can do this when you connect to your unit in the Wi-Fi Networks setting. Simply switch the setting to Off for the option to Ask To Join Networks. We also recommend placing the iTouch, iPhone, and iPad in Airplane mode and to turn off any active apps like email, etc.

Password Protecting/ Network Naming

If you want to encrypt your data so that only the people with the password can view your data, you can do so on the Micro Pod or Pro, you do this in the steps above. Remember, you now need to enter the password into the Wi-Fi Racing app on the iTouch, iPhone, or iPad. To enter the password press the Settings button on the bottom right hand corner of the app (Fig 67).



Figure 67 – Settings

Enter the password you created on the Micro Pod or Pro then press 'Save Passkey'. You should now be able to connect directly to your Micro Pod or Pro.

Lap and Predictive Times

With the iTouch, iPhone, or iPad is connected to the Micro Pod or Pro you can not only view the data and timing live but you can also view any past lap time (Fig 68). While you are viewing the lap times you can also view the predictive times for each lap and the speed through each beacon (Fig 69). By being able to view the predictive times for each lap you can let the driver know what parts of the track you feel they need improvement or what seemed to work best for them.

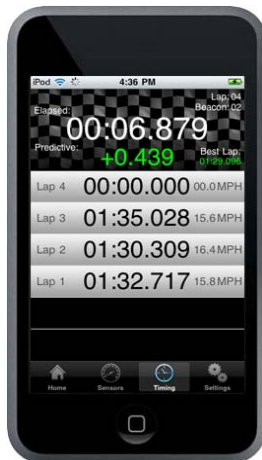


Figure 68 – Lap Times

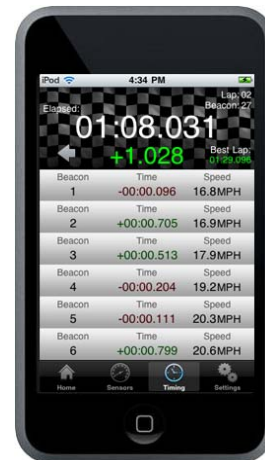


Figure 69 – Predictive Beacons For Lap

Sensor Data

While connected to Micro Pod or Pro you can also view the sensor data live (Fig 70) or view the high and low value from any past lap (Fig 71). The Wi-Fi Racing application will display all sensors connected to the Micro Pod or Pro including the internal 3-Axis G-Force sensor.



Figure 70 – Live Sensor Data

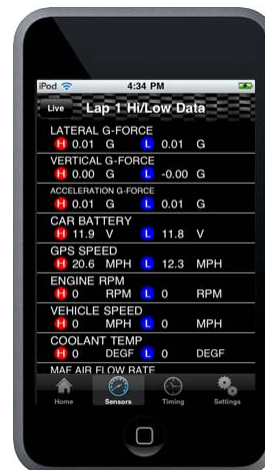


Figure 71 – High and Low Sensor Data From Past Lap

Backup and Restore

The Micro Pod or Pro units allow the user to fully backup and restore a car's configuration, sensor files, or the complete system. It is recommended to back up the entire unit once you have completely set it up. We also recommend that you backup your unit anytime you make significant changes to the car. Once you have made a backup save it on your PC so that if anything were to happen to your unit you can restore all of its configurations and sensors without having to redo everything. You can also save different configurations of your car under different names so you don't have to re-calibrate different sensors. For example, you may have different setups for your car for different tracks, usually different gear ratios. You could make a back up of your car for each one of these tracks so you just have to load the car configuration for that track and not have to re-calibrate sensors or gear ratios. This procedure is also covered in more detail in the technical manual.

When backing up or restoring files you will need the plug in the USB hub that was included in the setup kit so that you can plug in a mouse, USB memory stick, and keyboard. With a USB device plugged in you are able to fully access the main menu screen (Fig 7) which allows you to access the file manager screen. Navigate to the File Manager screen by touching on the top tachometer bar until the main menu screen appears then touch the 'File Manager' button. Select which function you would like to perform from the drop down menu.

Complete System Backup & Restore

To make a full system backup, touch the 'File Manager' button and select 'Complete System – Backup & Restore' from the drop down list (Fig 52). Enter a name for your back up and click the 'Backup' button. Now a complete system backup has been created on the USB memory stick. We recommend that you keep a copy of this on your PC.

To restore a complete configuration insert the USB memory stick with the backup file (.bck) on it and select the file from the USB stick area and click the 'Restore' button. The unit will automatically reboot. The backup file needs to be in the System Backups Folder located under the RLC Racing folder on the USB stick. **WARNING:** the entire car is overwritten during a restore process.

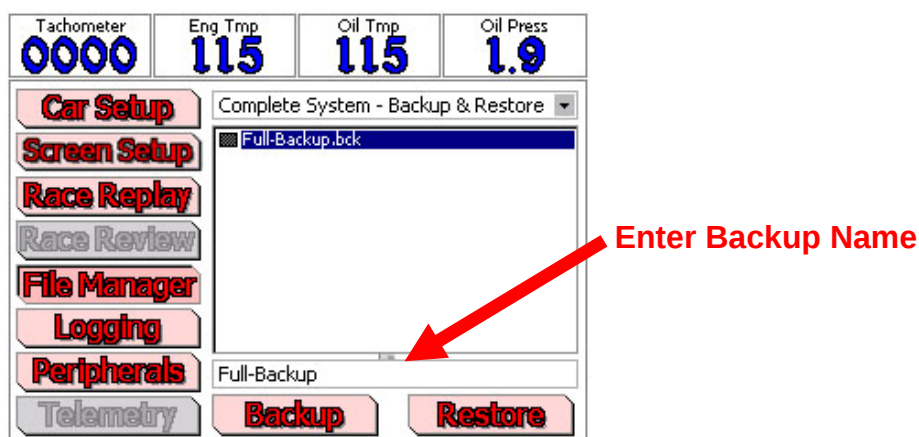


Figure 52 - Full System Backup