- 15P0071B600 -

ASAC-1

SOFT STARTER

Issued on 01/11/13

R. 00

- This manual is integrant and essential to the product. Carefully read the instructions contained herein as they provide important hints for use and maintenance safety.
- This device is to be used only for the purposes it has been designed to. Other uses should be considered improper and dangerous. The manufacturer is not responsible for possible damages caused by improper, erroneous and irrational uses.
- Elettronica Santerno is responsible for the device in its original setting.
- Any changes to the structure or operating cycle of the device must be performed or authorized by the Engineering Department of Elettronica Santerno.
- Elettronica Santerno assumes no responsibility for the consequences resulting by the use of non-original spareparts.
- Elettronica Santerno reserves the right to make any technical changes to this manual and to the device without prior notice. If printing errors or similar are detected, the corrections will be included in the new releases of the manual.
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 enforces its rights on the drawings and catalogues according to the law.

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1 Caution Statements

Caution Statements cannot cover every potential cause of equipment damage but can highlight common causes of damage. It is the installer's responsibility to read and understand all instructions in this manual prior to installing, operating or maintaining the equipment, to follow good electrical practice including applying appropriate personal protective equipment and to seek advice before operating this equipment in a manner other than as described in this manual.

- Isolate the ASAC-1 completely from the power supply before attempting any work on the ASAC-1 or motor.
- Cables to the control inputs must be segregated from mains voltage and motor cabling.
- Some electronic contactor coils are not suitable for direct switching with PCB mount relays. Consult the contactor manufacturer/supplier to confirm suitability.
- Do not apply incorrect voltages to the control input terminals.
- Do not connect power factor correction capacitors to the output of ASAC-1 soft starters. If static power factor correction is employed, it must be connected to the supply side of the soft starter.

The examples and diagrams in this manual are included solely for illustrative purposes. The information contained in this manual is subject to change at any time and without prior notice. In no event will responsibility or liability be accepted for direct, indirect or consequential damages resulting from the use or application of this equipment.



WARNING - ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD

The ASAC-1 contains dangerous voltages when connected to mains voltage. Only a qualified electrician should carry out the electrical installation. Improper installation of the motor or the ASAC-1 may cause equipment failure, serious injury or death. Follow this manual and local electrical safety codes.



GROUNDING AND BRANCH CIRCUIT PROTECTION

It is the responsibility of the user or person installing the ASAC-1 to provide proper grounding and branch circuit protection according to local electrical safety codes.

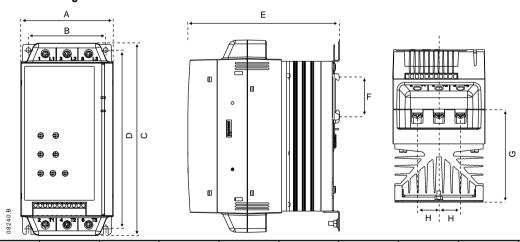


SHORT CIRCUIT

The ASAC-1 is not short circuit proof. After severe overload or short circuit, the operation of the ASAC-1 should be fully tested by an authorised service agent.

2 Mechanical Installation

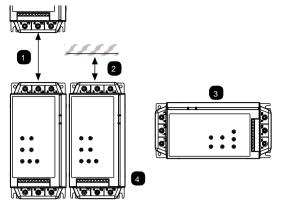
2.1 Dimensions and Weights



| | Α | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | Weight |
|------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Model | mm (inch) | Kg (lb) |
| ASAC-1/007 | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAC-1/015 | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAC-1/018 | 98 | 82 | 201 | 188 | 165 | 55 | 90.5 | 23 | 2.2 |
| ASAC-1/022 | (3.85) | (3.22) | (7.91) | (7.40) | (6.49) | (2.16) | (3.6) | (0.9) | (4.85) |
| ASAC-1/030 | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAC-1/037 | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAC-1/045 | 145 | 124 | 215 | 196 | 193 | - | 110.5 | 37 | 4.0 |
| ASAC-1/055 | (5.70) | (4.88) | (8.46) | (7.71) | (7.59) | | (4.4) | (1.5) | (8.81) |
| ASAC-1/075 | | | | | | | | | |
| ASAC-1/090 | 200 | 160 | 240 | 216 | 214 | - | 114.5 | 51 | 6.5 |
| ASAC-1/110 | (7.87) | (6.29) | (9.44) | (8.50) | (8.42) | | (4.5) | (2.0) | (14.33) |



2.2 Physical Installation



| 1 | ASAC-1/007 ~ ASAC-1/055: Allow 100 mm (3.9 inch) between soft starters. ASAC-1/075 ~ ASAC-1/110: Allow 200 mm (7.9 inch) between soft starters. |
|---|--|
| 2 | ASAC-1/007 ~ ASAC-1/055: Allow 50 mm (2.0 inch) between the soft starter and solid surfaces. ASAC-1/075 ~ ASAC-1/110: Allow 200 mm (7.9 inch) between the soft starter and solid surfaces. |
| 3 | Soft starters may be mounted side by side with no clearance (that is, if mounted without communications modules). |

The soft starter may be mounted on its side. Derate the soft starter's rated current by 15%.

3 Electrical Installation

3.1 Power Terminations

| | L1/1, L2/3, L3/5, T1/2, T2/4, T3/6 mm² (AWG) | | | A1, A2, A3, 01, 02, B4, B5, 13, 14, 23, 24 mm ² (AWG) | | | | |
|---------------|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|--|-----------|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | 007 | - 030 | 037 - 055 | | 075 - 110 | | 007 - 110 | |
| V 1989) | 10 - 35 (8 - 2) | 14 mm (0.55 inch) | 25 - 50 (4 - 1/10) | 14 mm (0.55 inch) | N.A. | Q 11 (0.43) 26 Ø 8.5 (1.02)(0.33) 1 mm (inch) | 0.14 - 1.5 (26 - 16) | 6 mm (0.24 inch) |
| 10280.1 S | Torx (T20) 3 Nm 2.2 ft-lb | | Torx (T20) 4 Nm 2.9 ft-lb | | N.A. | | N.A. | |
| 18201 A 18201 | 7 mm 3 Nm 2.2 ft-lb | | 7 mm 4 Nm 2.9 ft-lb | | N.A. | | 3.5 mm 0.5 Nm max 4.4 in-lb max | |

3.2 Control Voltages

ASAC-1 soft starters can be supplied in either of two control voltage configurations:

ASAC-1/xxx/xx/1 110-240 VAC (+ 10% / - 15%) or 380-440 VAC (+ 10% / - 15%) ASAC-1/xxx/xx/2 24 VAC/VDC (± 20%)



WARNING

Always apply control voltage before (or with) mains voltage.



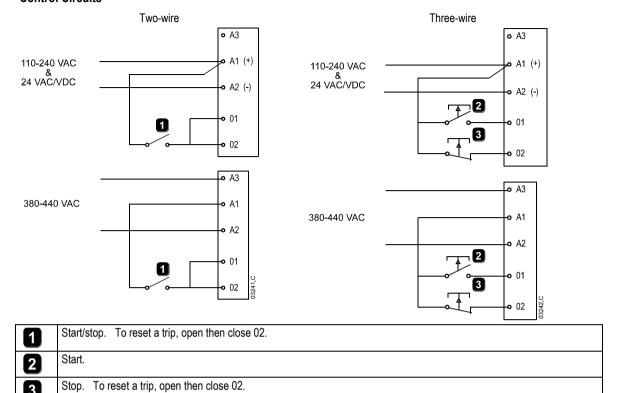
CAUTION

With 24 VAC/VDC use contacts rated for low voltage and low current (gold flash or similar).

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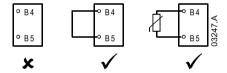
3.3 **Control Circuits**



3.3.1 **Motor Thermistor**

3

Motor thermistors can be connected directly to the ASAC-1 terminals B4, B5. If motor thermistors are not used, there must be a link between B4, B5 (the ASAC-1 is supplied with a link fitted).





Isolate the ASAC-1 completely from the power supply before attempting any work on the ASAC-1 or motor. Control terminals may be at phase voltage potential.



For ASAC-1/xxx/x/2 (24VAC/VDC control voltage) units you can connect an external 24 VDC supply into the control input terminals 01, 02. For ASAC-1/xxx/x/1 (mains control voltage) units, do not apply voltage to the control input terminals.

3.4 **Outputs**

3.4.1 **Main Contactor Output**

The Main Contactor output (terminals 13, 14) closes as soon as the soft starter receives a start command and remains closed while the soft starter is controlling the motor (until the motor starts a coast to stop), or until the end of a soft stop). The Main Contactor output will also open if the soft starter trips.

The Main Contactor output can be used to directly control a main contactor coil.

3.4.2 **Programmable Output**

The programmable output relay (terminals 23, 24) can be used to signal either trip or run status. This relay is normally open.

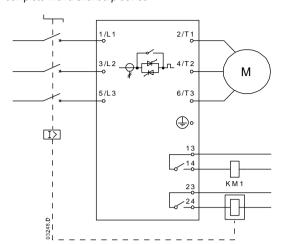
The relay closes when the ASAC-1 trips. The relay can be used to operate the shunt-trip mechanism of an upstream circuit breaker (in order to isolate the motor branch circuit), or to signal the trip to an automation system or externally. The relay will open when the trip is reset.

The relay operates when the soft start is complete, the bypass relays are closed and full voltage is being applied to the motor. The relay can be used to operate a contactor for power factor correction capacitors, or to signal soft starter run status to an automation system.

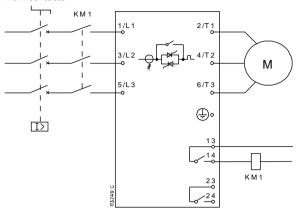


3.5 Electrical Schematics

Soft starter installed with a system protection circuit breaker complete with a shunt trip device

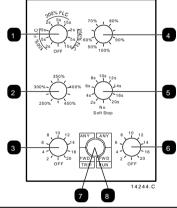


Soft starter installed with a system protection circuit breaker and main contactor

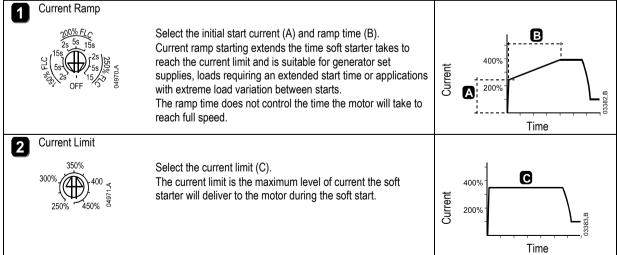


| М | Motor (three phase) | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| KM1 Main contactor | | |
| 13, 14 Main contactor output | | |
| 23, 24 | Programmable output (set to Trip) | |

4 Adjustments

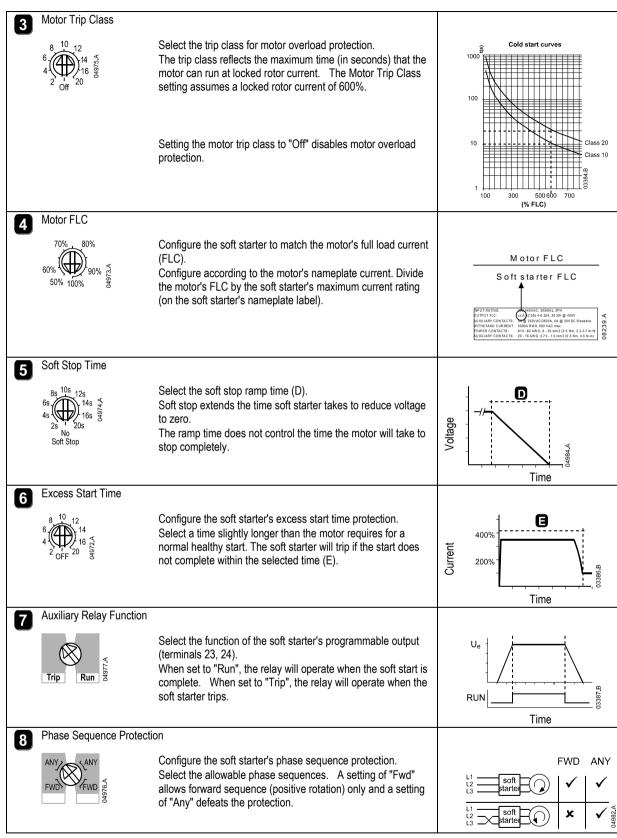


1 Current Ramp
2 Current Limit
3 Motor Trip Class
4 Motor FLC
5 Soft Stop Time
6 Excess Start Time
7 Auxiliary Relay Function
8 Phase Sequence Protection



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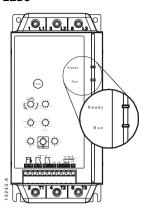
NOTE

Auxiliary relay function and phase sequence are configured using a shared switch. Set the auxiliary relay function as required, then set phase sequence protection.



5 Troubleshooting

5.1 LEDs



| LED Status | Ready | Run |
|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Off | No control power | Motor not running |
| On | Ready | Motor running at full speed |
| Flash | Starter tripped | Motor starting or stopping |

5.2 Trip Codes

The Ready LED will flash a different number of times to indicate the cause of the trip.

| Ready LED | Description |
|-------------------------------|--|
| -) (- _{x1} | Power Circuit: Check mains supply (L1, L2, L3), motor circuit (T1, T2, T3), soft starter SCRs and bypass relays. |
| -) (- _{x2} | Excess Start Time: Check load, increase Current Limit or adjust Excess Start Time setting. |
| - X - x 3 | Motor Overload: Allow motor to cool, reset soft starter and restart. The soft starter cannot be reset until the motor has cooled. |
| -) - _{x 4} | Motor Thermistor: Check motor ventilation and thermistor connection B4, B5. Allow motor to cool. |
| -) (- _{x 5} | Current imbalance: Check for mains supply or line current imbalance (L1, L2, L3). |
| - X - x 6 | Supply Frequency: Check mains voltage is available and supply frequency is in range. |
| - બ્ર - _{x7} | Phase sequence: Check for correct phase sequence. |
| - X - ×8 | Network Communication Failure (between module and network): Check network connections, settings and configuration. |
| - બ્ર - _{x 9} | Starter Communication Failure (between starter and module): Remove and refit accessory module. |
| - X - _{x 10} | Bypass Overload: Starter rating may be too low for the application. |

5.3 Protections

The ASAC-1 includes the following types of protection for the motor and starter:

5.3.1 Excess Start Time Protection

The ASAC-1 will trip on excess start time if the motor does not successfully start within the time selected in the Excess Start Time setting. This may indicate that the load has stalled.

If the soft starter frequently trips on excess start time:

- check that the Current Limit setting is high enough for the application
- check that the Excess Start Time setting is long enough for the application
- check that the load has not stalled or increased since the soft starter was installed

5.3.2 Motor Overload Protection

The ASAC-1 will trip on motor overload if it calculates that the motor has been running above its operating range for longer than the time selected in the Motor Trip Class setting. Motor Trip Class should be set to match the motor's locked rotor time. If this information is not available from the motor datasheet, use the default setting (Motor Trip Class = 10). Using a higher setting can damage the motor.



NOTI

Motor overload protection does not protect the soft starter, and does not protect the motor from short circuit.

5.3.3 Current Imbalance Protection

The ASAC-1 will trip on current imbalance if the highest and lowest currents on the three phases vary by an average of 30% for more than 3 seconds. Current imbalance protection is not adjustable, and is only active when the average motor current is 50% or more of the programmed motor FLC.

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If the soft starter frequently trips on current imbalance:

- check that there is no imbalance on the mains voltage (on the input side of the soft starter)
- insulation test the motor
- move all input cables over one position (move L1 cable to L2, move L2 cable to L3, move L3 cable to L1) to rule out a cabling
 fault

5.3.4 Supply Frequency Protection

The soft starter will trip on supply frequency if the frequency rises above 72 Hz or falls below 40 Hz for more than five seconds while the soft starter is running. These trip points are not adjustable.

In pre-start, starting and stopping modes the high and low frequency limits both apply with no time delay.

A supply frequency trip will also occur if:

- all three input phases are lost while the soft starter is running
- all three input phases fall below 120 VAC at start or while the soft starter is running
- the line contactor opens while running

5.3.5 Bypass Overload Protection

Bypass overload protection protects the soft starter from severe operating overloads while running. The protection is not adjustable and has two components:

- The soft starter will trip if it detects overcurrent at 600% of the programmed motor full load current.
- The soft starter models the temperature of the internal bypass relays and will trip if the temperature exceeds the safe
 operating level.

If the trip occurs frequently, this indicates that the soft starter has not been selected correctly for the application.

5.4 Reset

Trips can be cleared by pressing the Reset button on the soft starter, sending a Reset command from the serial communications network, or by switching the control inputs.

To clear a trip via the control inputs, the soft starter requires a closed to open transition on the stop input (02).

- In three-wire control, use the external stop button to momentarily open the stop input (open A1-02).
- In two-wire control, if the soft starter tripped with a start signal present, remove the start signal (open A1 to 01, 02).
- In two wire control, if the ASAC tripped with no start signal present (eg ASAC-1 motor thermistor trip), apply then remove the start signal (close then reopen A1 to 01, 02).

The Reset button is located on the front of the unit, above the adjustment switches.

The soft starter will trip again immediately if the cause of the trip still exists.

6 Accessories

6.1 Finger Guard Kit

Finger guards may be specified for personnel safety. Finger guards fit over the soft starter terminals to prevent accidental contact with live terminals. Finger guards provide IP20 protection when correctly installed, when used with cable of diameter 22 mm or greater.

6.2 Remote Operator

The Remote Operator can control and monitor the soft starter's performance. Functionality includes:

- Operational control (Start, Stop, Reset, Quick Stop)
- Starter status monitoring (Ready, Starting, Running, Stopping, Tripped)
- Performance monitoring (motor current, motor temperature)
- Trip code display
- 4-20 mA analog output (Motor Current)

6.3 Communication Modules

ASAC-1 soft starters support network communication via easy-to-install communications modules. Each soft starter can support one communications module at a time.

Available protocols:

Ethernet (Profinet, Modbus TCP, Ethernet IP), Profibus, DeviceNet, Modbus RTU, and USB.



NOTE

Ethernet communication modules are not suitable for use with ASAC starters using 380/440 V AC control voltage.



6.4 PC Software

WinMaster can be used with Santerno soft starters to provide the following functionality for networks of up to 99 soft starters:

- Operational control (Start, Stop, Reset, Quick Stop)
- Starter status monitoring (Ready, Starting, Running, Stopping, Tripped)
- Performance monitoring (motor current, motor temperature)

To use WinMaster with the ASAC-1, the soft starter must be fitted with a USB Module, Modbus Module or a Remote Operator.

7 Specifications

| | AC53b 4-6:354 < 1000 metres | | AC53b 4 < 1000 | | |
|------------|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------|-------|--|
| | 40 °C | 50 °C | 40 °C | 50 °C | |
| ASAC-1/007 | 18 A | 17 A | 17 A | 15 A | |
| ASAC-1/015 | 34 A | 32 A | 30 A | 28 A | |
| ASAC-1/018 | 42 A | 40 A | 36 A | 33 A | |
| ASAC-1/022 | 48 A | 44 A | 40 A | 36 A | |
| ASAC-1/030 | 60 A | 55 A | 49 A | 45 A | |
| | AC53b | 4-6:594 | AC53b 4-20 580 | | |
| | < 1000 | metres | < 1000 metres | | |
| | 40 °C | 50 °C | 40 °C | 50 °C | |
| ASAC-1/037 | 75 A | 68 A | 65 A | 59 A | |
| ASAC-1/045 | 85 A | 78 A | 73 A | 67 A | |
| ASAC-1/055 | 100 A | 100 A | 96 A | 87 A | |
| ASAC-1/075 | 140 A | 133 A | 120 A | 110 A | |
| ASAC-1/090 | 170 A | 157 A | 142 A | 130 A | |
| ASAC-1/110 | 200 A | 186 A | 165 A | 152 A | |

7.1 Semiconductor Fuses

Semiconductor fuses can be used with ASAC-1 soft starters to reduce the potential for damage to SCRs from transient overload currents and for Type 2 coordination. ASAC-1 soft starters have been tested to achieve Type 2 coordination with semiconductor fuses. Suitable Bussmann and Ferraz semiconductor fuses are detailed below.

| Model | SCR I ² t (A ² s) | Ferraz Fuse European/IEC Style (North American Style) | Bussmann Fuse Square Body (170M) | Bussmann Fuse British Style (BS88) |
|------------|---|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ASAC-1/007 | 1150 | 6.6URD30xxxA0063 (A070URD30xxx0063) | 170M-1314 | 63 FE |
| ASAC-1/015 | 8000 | 6.6URD30xxxA0125 (A070URD30xxx0125) | 170M-1317 | 160 FEE |
| ASAC-1/018 | 10500 | 6.6URD30xxxA0160 (A070URD30xxx0160) | 170M-1318 | 160 FEE |
| ASAC-1/022 | 15000 | 6.6URD30xxxA0160 (A070URD30xxx0160) | 170M-1318 | 180 FM |
| ASAC-1/030 | 18000 | 6.6URD30xxxA0160 (A070URD30xxx0160) | 170M-1319 | 180 FM |
| ASAC-1/037 | 51200 | 6.6URD30xxxA0250 (A070URD30xxx0250) | 170M-1321 | 250 FM |
| ASAC-1/045 | 80000 | 6.6URD30xxxA0315 (A070URD30xxx0315) | 170M-1321 | 250 FM |
| ASAC-1/055 | 97000 | 6.6URD30xxxA0315 (A070URD30xxx0315) | 170M-1321 | 250 FM |
| ASAC-1/075 | 168000 | 6.6URD31xxxA0450 (A070URD31xxx0450) | 170M-1322 | 500 FMM |
| ASAC-1/090 | 245000 | 6.6URD31xxxA0450 (A070URD31xxx0450) | 170M-3022 | 500 FMM |
| ASAC-1/110 | 320000 | 6.6URD31xxxA0450 (A070URD31xxx0450) | 170M-3022 | 500 FMM |

xxx = Blade Type. Contact Ferraz for options.

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7.2 General Technical Data

| Mains Supply | |
|---|--|
| Mains voltage (L1, L2, L3) | 2 200 \/AC |
| 4 5 | |
| Mains frequency (at start) | |
| Rated insulation voltage | |
| Form designation | |
| Control Voltage (A1, A2, A3) | Sypasson connectination mater starter form ? |
| ASAC-1/xxx/x/1 | 110,240 \/AC (+ 10% / - 15%) |
| AGAG-1/XXXX/1 | , |
| ASAC-1/xxx/x/2 | , |
| Current consumption (during run) | |
| Current consumption (inrush) | |
| ASAC-1/xxx/x/1 | 10 A |
| ASAC-1/xxx/x/2 | 2 A |
| Inputs | |
| Start (terminal 01) | Normally open |
| | |
| Stop (terminal 02) | |
| | |
| | 100 111 @ 000 17 10 0110 010 1111 @ 17 17 107 1120 |
| Outputs Main contactor relay (terminals 13, 14) | Normally anan |
| ivialit contactor relay (terminals 15, 14) | |
| Programmable relay (terminals 23, 24) | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| 1 Togrammable Totaly (terminals 25, 24) | |
| | |
| Environmental Degree of Protection ASAC-1/007 to ASAC-1/055 | ID20 |
| Degree of Protection ASAC-1/07 to ASAC-1/055 Degree of Protection ASAC-1/075 to ASAC-1/110 | |
| Operating temperature | |
| Storage temperature | |
| Humidity | |
| Pollution degree | |
| Vibration | • |
| | |
| | • |
| EMC Emission | |
| Equipment class (EMC) | Class A |
| Conducted radio frequency emission | |
| | \. · |
| | 5 MHz to 30 MHz: 80-60 dB (µV) |
| Radiated radio frequency emission | |
| | 230 MHz to 1000 MHz: < 37 dB (µV/m) |
| This product has been designed as Class A equipment. Use of this product in do which case the user may be required to employ additional mitigation methods. | mestic environments may cause radio interference, in |
| EMC Immunity | |
| Electrostatic discharge | |
| Radio frequency electromagnetic field | |
| Rated impulse withstand voltage (Fast transients 5/50 ns) | |
| Voltage dip and short time interruption | |
| Harmonics and distortion | IEC61000-2-4 (Class 3), EN/IEC61800-3 |
| Short Circuit | |
| Rated short-circuit current ASAC-1/007 to ASAC-1/022 | |
| Rated short-circuit current ASAC-1/030 to ASAC-1/110 | 10 kA |
| Heat Dissipation | |
| During Start | 3 watts / ampere |
| During Run | · |
| | ••• |



| | CE GOST | IEC 60947-4-2 IEC 60947-4-2 IEC 60947-4-2 GOST R 50030.4.1-2002 Compliant with EU Directive 2002/95/EC |
|-----|------------|---|
| | | 1,000,000 operations 30,000 operations |
| 7.3 | Model Code | |
| | ASAC-1/ | Control voltage 1 = 110-240 VAC & 380-440 VAC 2 = 24 VAC/VDC Mains voltage 4 = 200 ~ 440 VAC 5 = 200 ~ 575 VAC Nominal kW rating @400 VAC 007~030: AC53b 4-6-354 037~110: AC53b 4-6-594 |

