

802.11bg Outdoor WISP AP/CPE

# User's Manual

**Version 2.0**

# 1

# Introduction

## 1.1 Overview

The AP is a wireless outdoor multi-function device based on IEEE 802.11b/g 2.4GHz radio technologies. When installed in upright position, it is rain and splash proof. It features an integrated 14dBi patch antenna and passive POE to simplify the installation. The built-in antenna can provide up to 10~15km of distance depending on conditions. The firmware of the AP provides up to 5 operations modes to satisfy different application environments

## 1.2 How to Use This Guide

The AP is an advanced wireless CPE with many functions. It is recommended that you read through the entire user's guide whenever possible. The user guide is divided into different chapters. You should read at least go through the first 3 chapters before attempting to install the device.

## 1.3 Firmware Upgrade and Tech Support

If you encounter a technical issue that can not be resolved by information on this guide, we recommend that you visit our comprehensive website support .The tech support FAQ are frequently updated with latest information.

## 1.4 Features

- 8MB Flash and 32MB SDRAM
- 5 wireless multi-function modes: Access Point (WDS parent), Bridge Infrastructure, Client Infrastructure (WDS child), WISP Router, AP Router.
- 14dBi Integrated Antenna: Vertical Polarization, Horizontal Polarization
- Built from High Temperature resistant ABS material with Anti-UV protection
- Power by passive PoE: 18V Adapter and injector included
- Pole Mount strap included. Optional metal L-mounting available
- Total Bandwidth Control
- Site Survey, RSSI signal Survey
- WMM
- Web, SSH/SSH2, Telnet, and SNMP managements

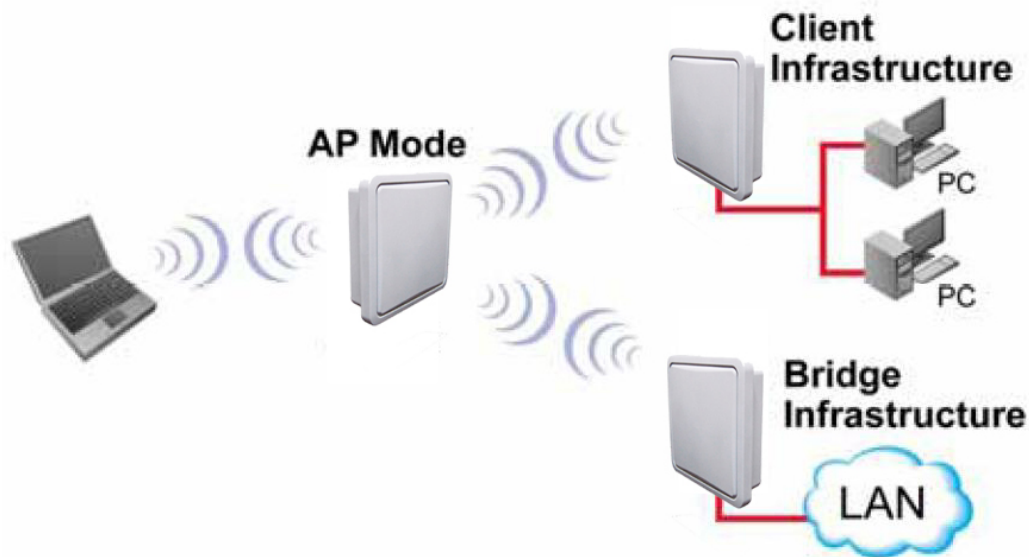
## 1.5 Wireless Operation Modes

The AP can perform as a multi-function wireless device. Through the web interface, users can easily select which wireless mode they wish the AP1 to perform.

The AP can be configured to operate in the following wireless operation modes:

### 1.5.1 Access Point Mode(bridge mode-WDS parent+AP)

When operating in the Access Point mode, the AP becomes the center hub of the wireless network. All wireless cards and clients connect and communicate through AP. This type of network is known as "Infrastructure network". Other AP or 802.11b/g CPE can connect to AP mode through "Client Infrastructure Mode" or "(WDS child)Bridge Infrastructure Mode". The Access Point mode will act as "WDS parent+AP" when connecting with the "Bridge Infrastructure mode".



### 1.5.4 Bridge Infrastructure Mode (WDS client)

This mode is also known as "WDS Station" or "Client mode with MAC address transparency". The Bridge Infrastructure mode can only connect with "Access Point" mode. 2 Bridge Infrastructure can not connect with each other. It works like client mode with MAC address transparency function. In another word, the MAC addresses of the PCs will be passed instead of the AP's wireless MAC address. If you require Bridge connection with WPA-PSK or WPA-PSK2 connection, please use this mode instead. **However, this mode might not work with some outdoor APs. If it occurs, please use Client Infrastructure or WDS Bridge instead.**



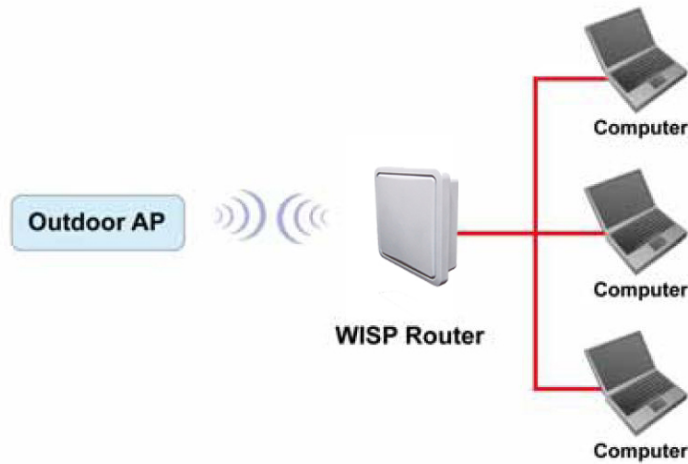
### 1.5.5 Client Infrastructure Mode

This mode is also known as “Client” mode. In Client Infrastructure mode, the AP acts as if it is a wireless adapter to connect with a remote Access Point. Users can attach a computer or a router to the LAN port of AP to get network access. This mode is often used by WISP on the subscriber’s side.



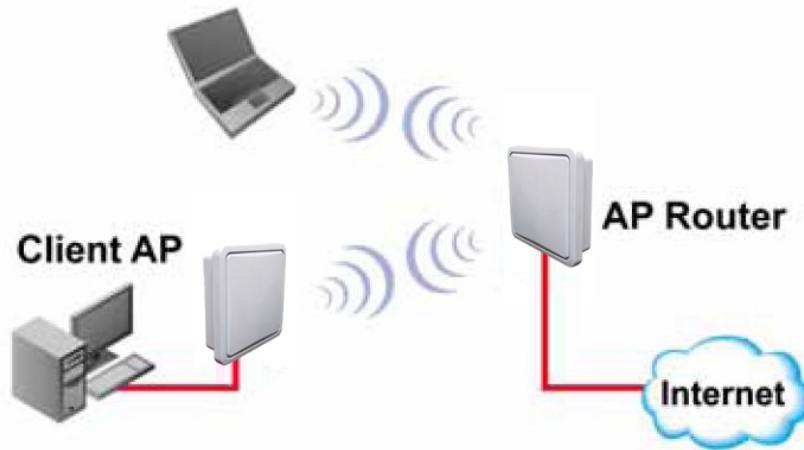
### 1.5.7 WISP Router Mode

In WISP Router Mode, AP connects to the remote Access Point as in Client Infrastructure Mode. On the LAN side, it acts like a wired router for IP sharing function. This mode is best used for IP sharing application for WISP subscribers. In this mode, the WAN is the wireless client side; the LAN is the wired side.



### 1.5.8 AP Router Mode

In AP Router Mode, the AP behaves like a wireless router. The LAN port of the AP will become WAN port. The wireless network of AP becomes the LAN side. Please note when this mode is used, the only way to manage the AP is through the wireless side unless remote management is opened.



# 2

## Installing the AP

This section describes the hardware features and the hardware installation procedure for the AP. For software configuration, please go to chapter 3 for more details.

### 2.1 Before You Start

It is important to read through this section before you install the AP

- The AP comes with everything you need to start installation with exception of the PoE Ethernet Cable. You can use a good quality CAT-5E outdoor graded Ethernet cable (shielded with anti-UV) according to the length you need.
- The AP must be installed in the upright position if the unit is located in outdoor or wet environments.
- You must set the distance parameter to make long distance connection work.
- The integrated antenna has forward coverage angle of 25 degree both in vertical and horizontal direction.
- The AP is a 2.4GHz CPE device only, it can not operate in 5GHz.

## 2.2 Package Content

The AP package contains the following items:

- „ One AP main unit
- „ One 18V 1A DC power adapter
- „ Passive PoE DC Injector
- „ Mounting kits
- „ User's Guide CD



**Power Adapter**



**PoE Adapter**



**Mounting Kits**



**CD**

The PoE Ethernet cable is not included in the package. You may choose an outdoor specification Ethernet cable according to the length you need.

## 2.3 Optional Accessories

The AP have the following optional accessories

- „ Tilting Metal Adjustable antenna degree Pole Mount (*Model: L-Mounting Kits*):  
This kit allows AP to adjust angle to get perfect connection

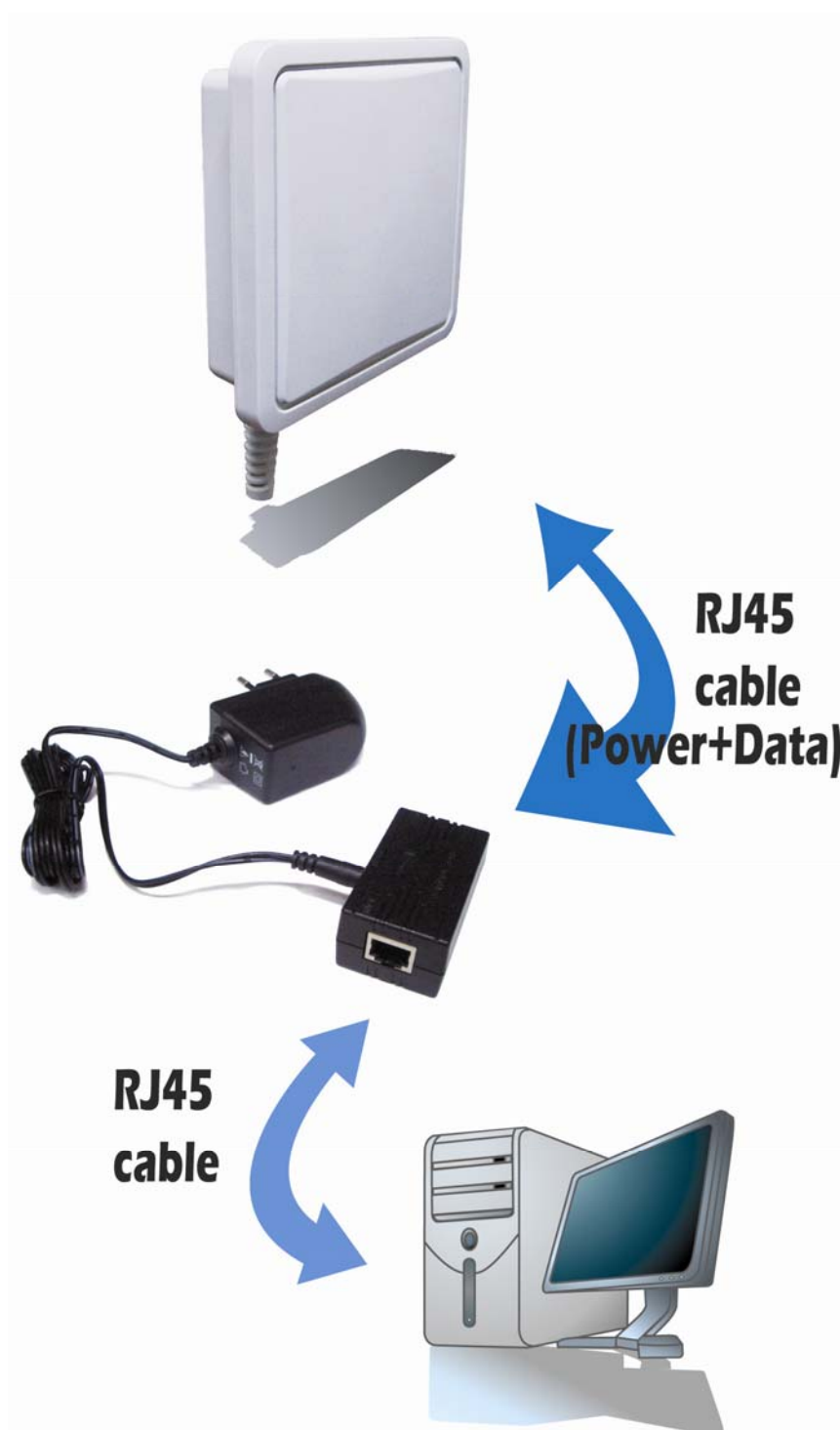


**L-mounting Kits**



## 2.5 Hardware Installation

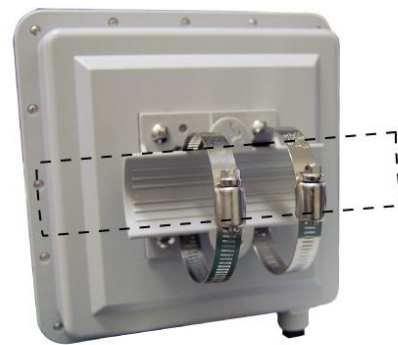
1. Plug Power adapter into the POE Adapter passive
2. Connect RJ45 ( LAN Port ) to computer or Switch
3. Connect RJ45 (PoE Port) to AP



## 2.5.1 Standard Pole Mount

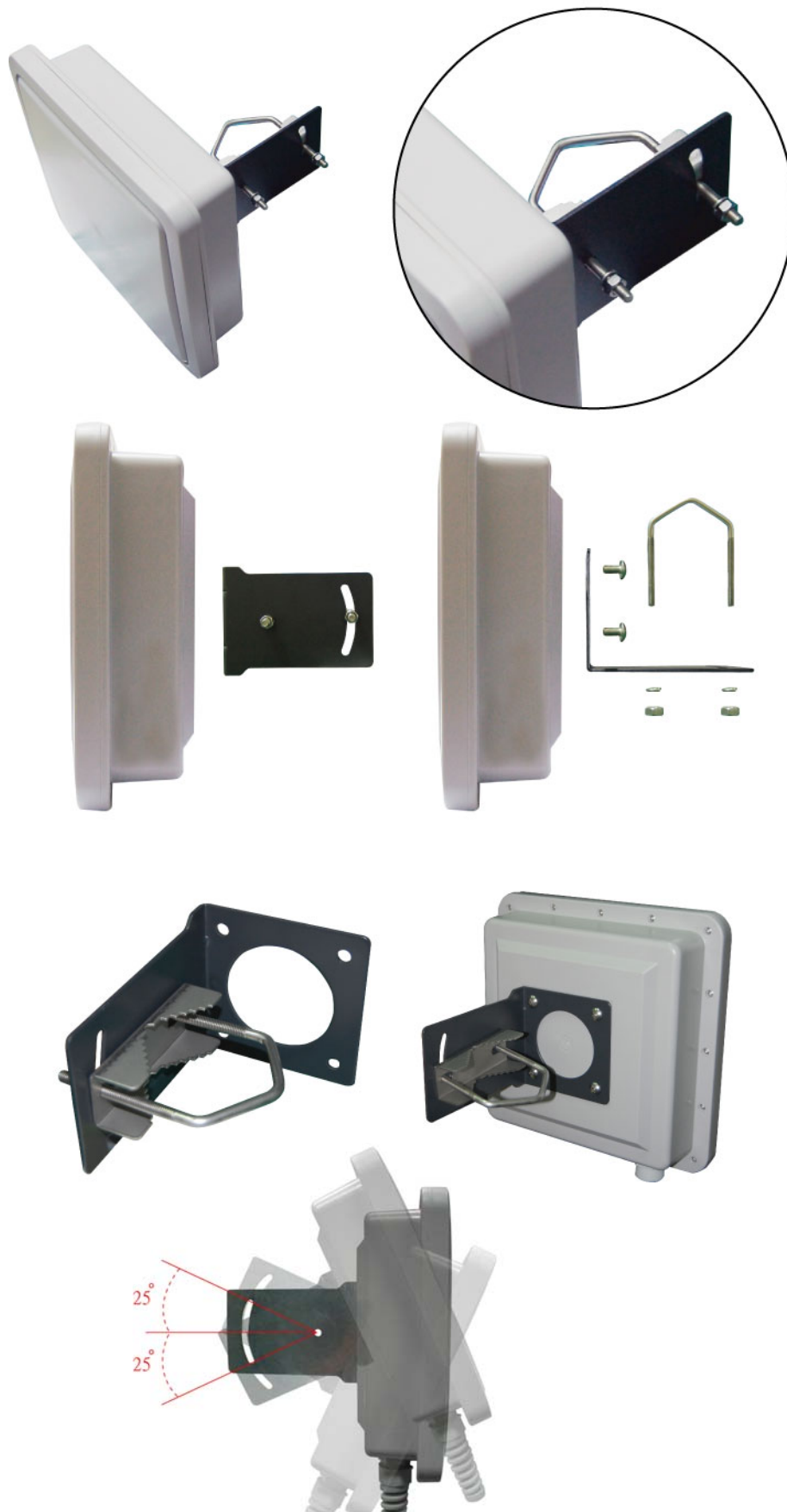
AP support vertical and horizontal potions pole mounting.  
Please follow the procedure below to install:





## 2.5.2 Optional Antenna Adjustable Mounting

With Optional Antenna Adjustable Mounting could easy to adjust better angle position to connect to the Base-Station. Please follow the procedure below to install:



# 3

## Configuring the AP

### Configuring the IP address of your computer

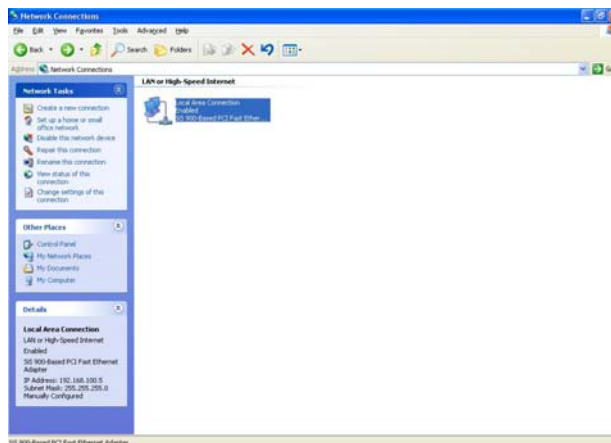
In order to manage with AP, you have to configure the IP addresses of your computer to be compatible with this device.

#### Note:

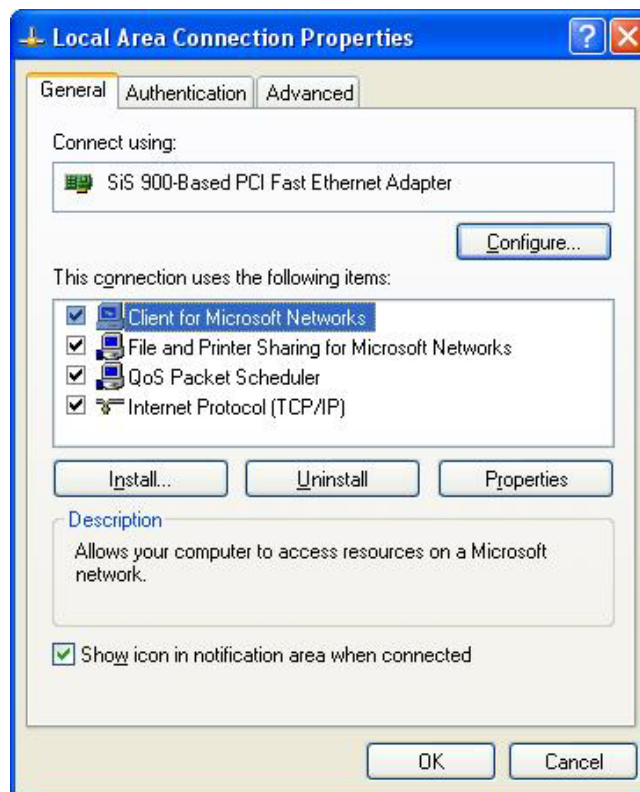
1. The default network setting of the device:  
**IP address:** 10.0.0.1  
**Subnet Mask:** 255.0.0.0
2. In the following TCP/IP configuration guide, the IP address “10.0.0.2 ” is assumed to be your IP address. Please **DO NOT** choose 10.0.0.1 for the IP address (10.0.0.1) has been set as the default IP for this device.
3. The following TCP/IP configuration guide uses windows XP as the presumed operation system.

### Procedures to configure IP addresses for your computer

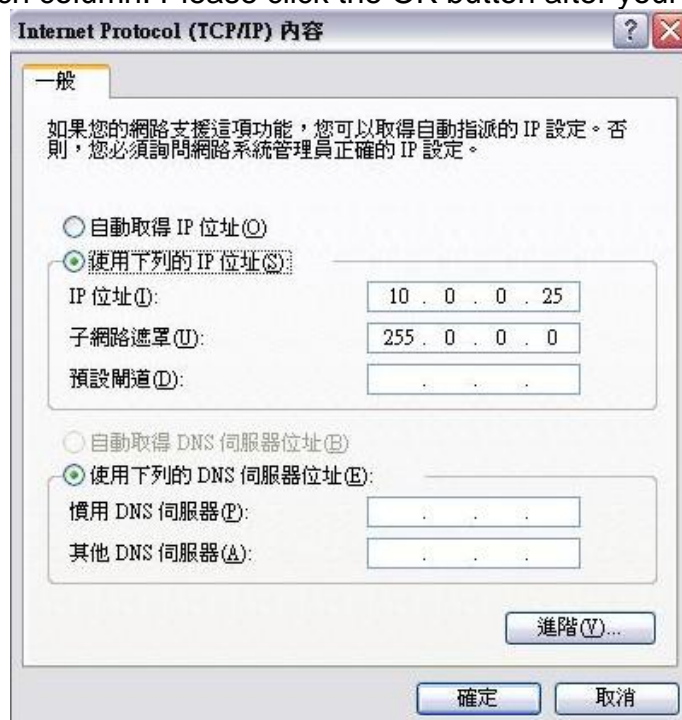
1. If you are in Classic Start menu view, click **Start→Settings→Control Panel→Network Connections**.  
If you are in Start menu view, click **Start→Control Panel→ Network Connections**.
2. Double click “**Local Area Connection**”



3. Choose **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)** and click **Properties**.



4. Choose “Use the following IP address” to specify IP addresses manually. Fill in the IP addresses in each column. Please click the OK button after your configuration.



## Starting the WEB-Based Management Interface

The device uses WEB as the management interface. You can use a browser to access the management interface easily. Please follow up the steps listed below.

1. Double click the Internet WEB browser icon on your desktop screen (Netscape Communicator 4.0 and Internet Explorer 3.0 or update version)
2. Type 10.0.0.1 into the URL WEB address location and press Enter.



3. The Username and Password Required window appears.
  - Enter **admin** in the User Name location (default value).
  - Enter **admin** in the Password location (default value).
  - Click “OK” button

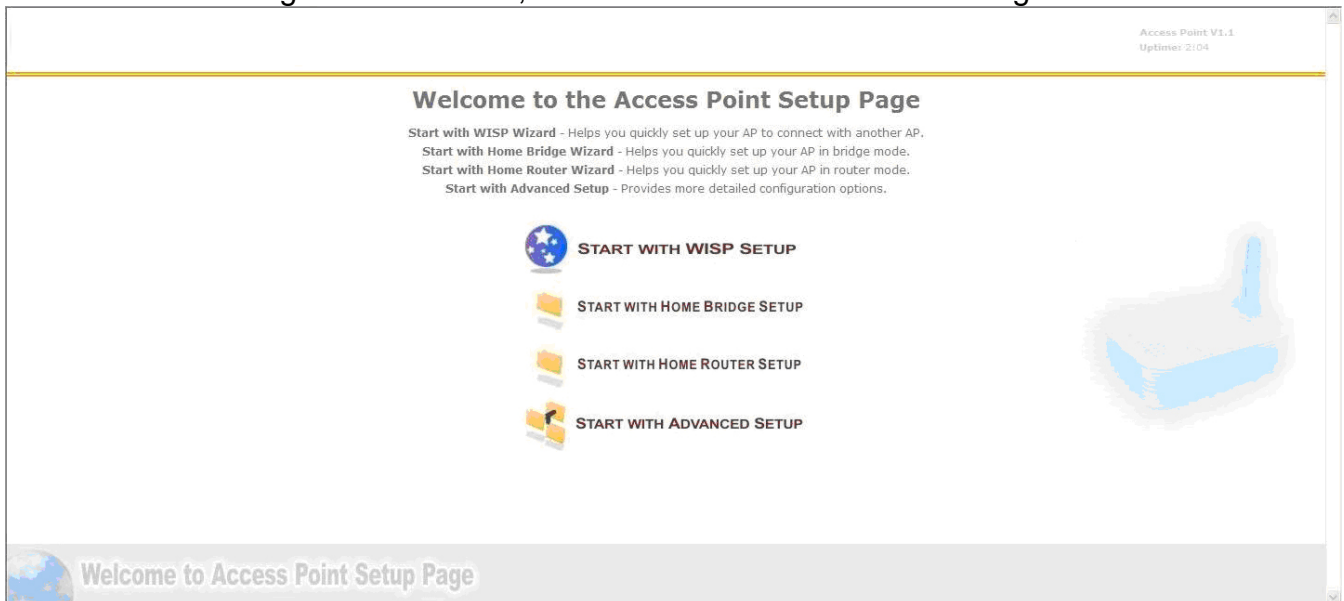


# 4

## Web Management

In this chapter, we will explain about the wireless settings and router mode settings in web management interface.

With the web management interface, there are 4 basic sections to configure the AP



**Start with WISP Wizard:** Helps you quickly set up AP to connect with Base-Station or AP

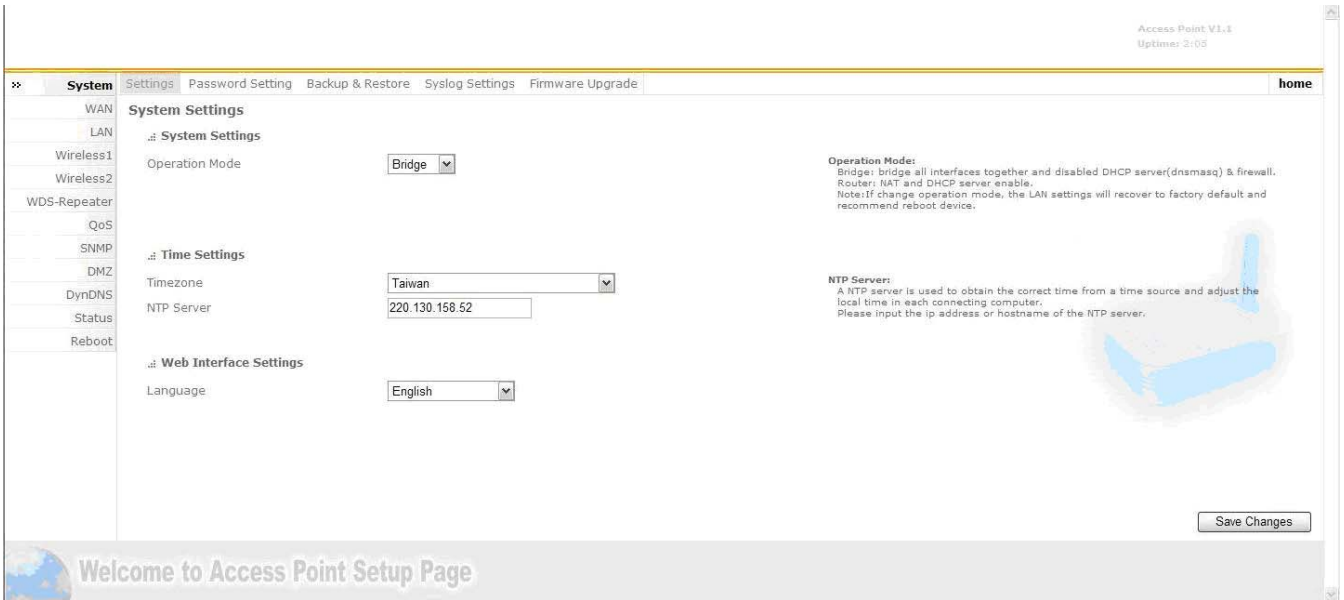
**Start with Home Bridge Wizard:** Helps you quickly set up AP in bridge mode

**Start with Home Router Wizard:** Helps you quickly set up AP in router mode

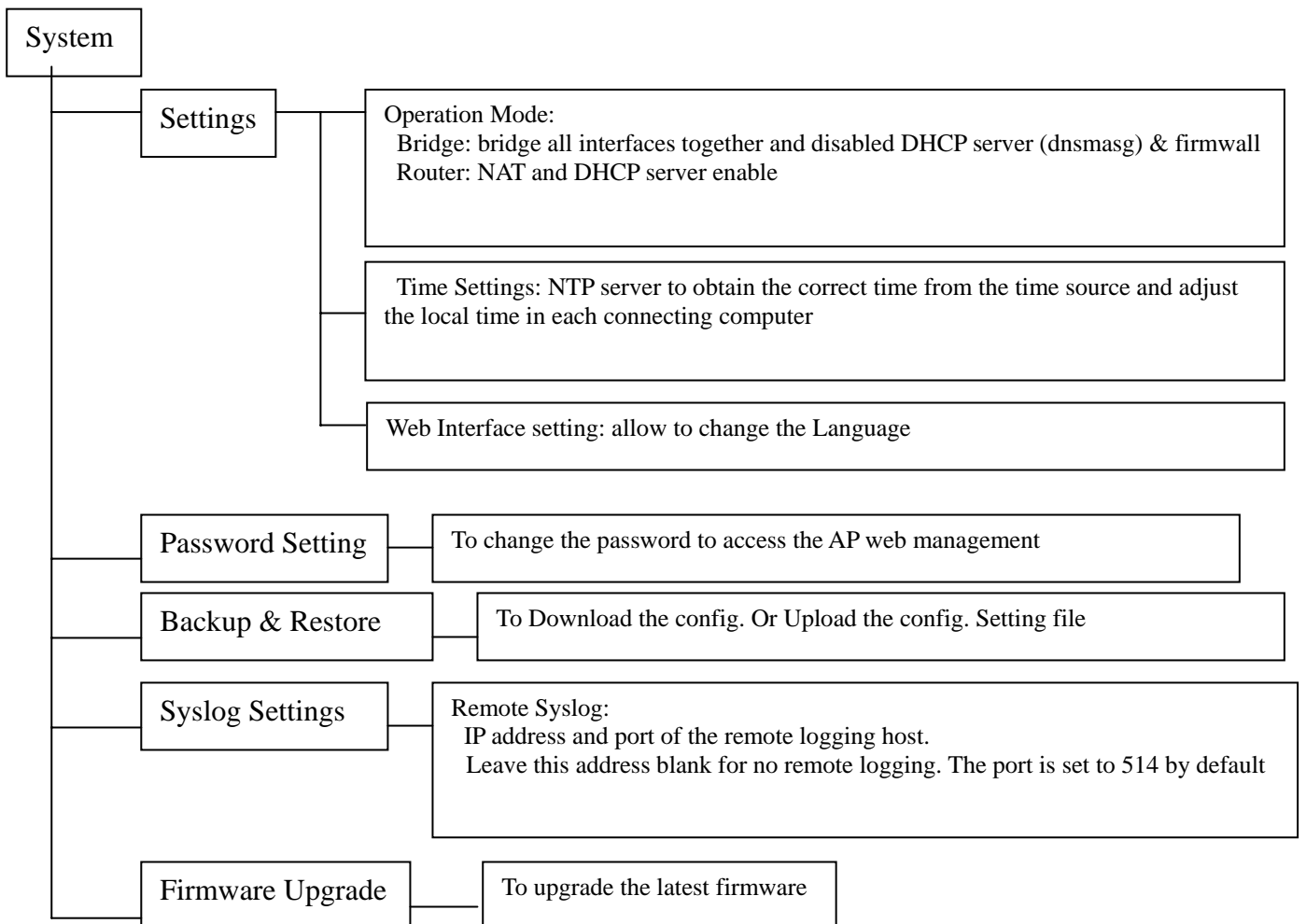
**Start with Advanced setup:** Provides more detailed configuration options



Here will explain all web page functions

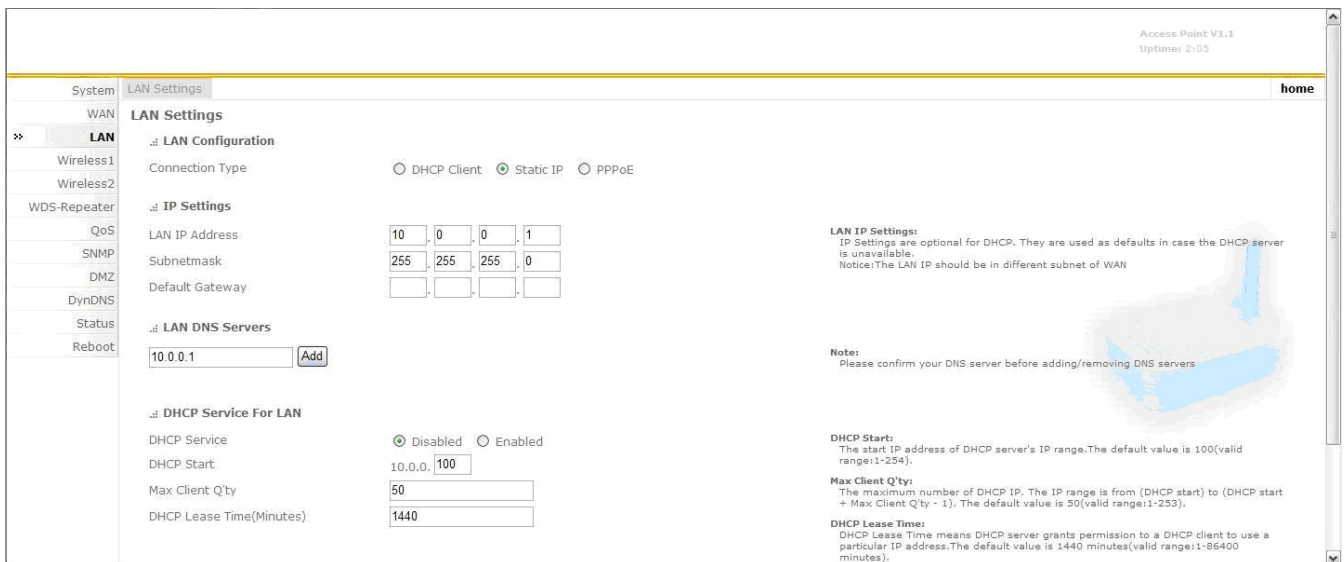


In system page



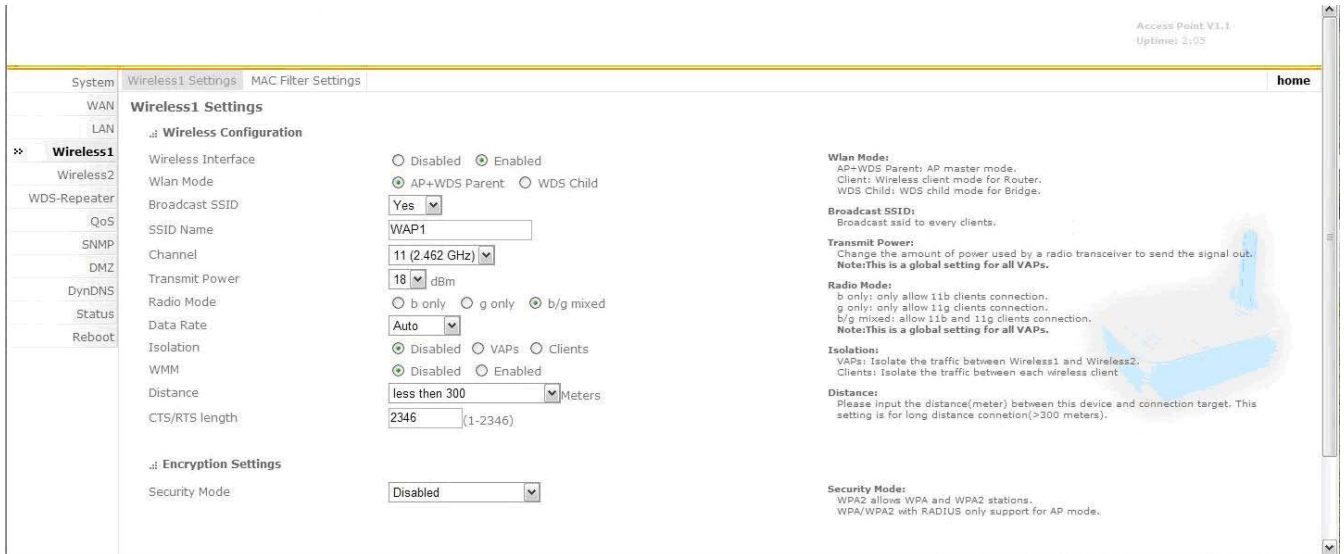


WAN Page: work on in Router Mode  
 Bridge Mode doesn't support WAN setting



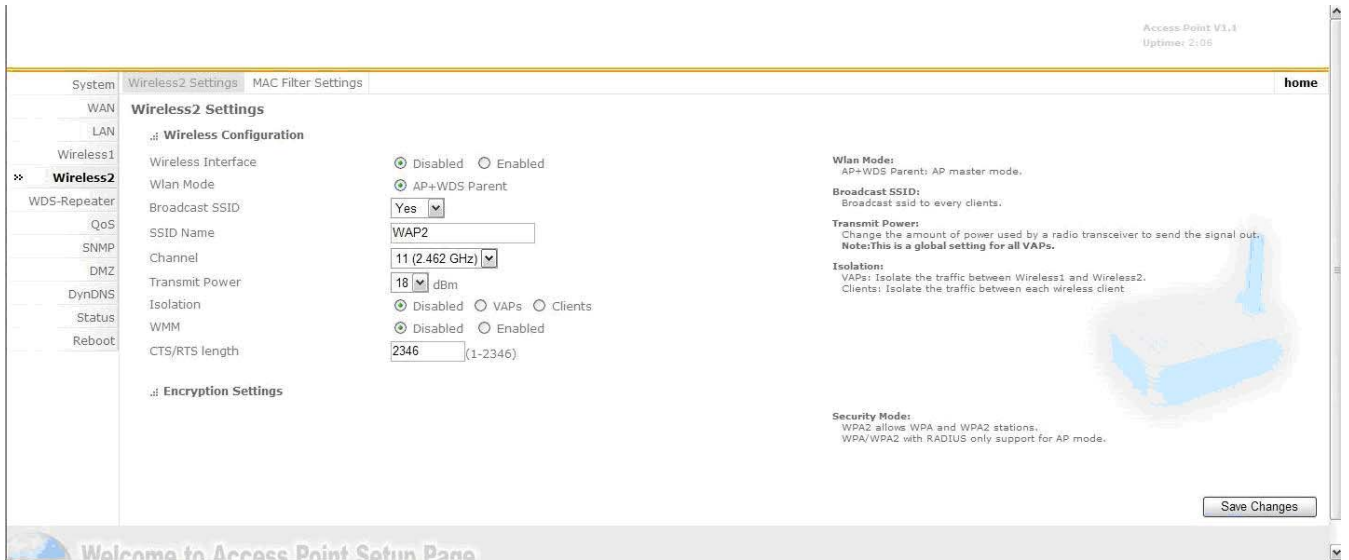
**LAN Settings:**

1. LAN configuration: allow to choose DHCP Client, Static IP or PPPoE
2. IP Settings: are optional for DHCP. They are used as defaults in case the DHCP server is unavailable.
3. DHCP Service For LAN:
  - DHCP Start: the start IP address of DHCP server's IP range. The default value is 100 ( valid range: 1~254 )
  - Max Client Q'ty: the maximum number of DHCP IP. The IP range is from (DHCP start) to (DHCP start + Max Client Q'ty -1). The default value is 50 (valid range: 1~253)
  - DHCP Lease Time: DHCP lease time means DHCP server grants permission to a DHCP client to use a particular IP address. The default value is 1440 minutes (valid range: 1~86400 minutes)



## Wireless 1 Settings:

1. Wireless configuration:
  - Wlan Mode: AP+WDS Parent: AP master mode.
  - Client: Wireless client mode for router
  - WDS child: WDS child mode for bridge
2. Broadcast SSID: broadcast SSID to every clients
3. Transmit power: change the amount of power used by a radio transceiver to send the signal out.
4. Radio Mode:
  - b only: only allow 11b clients connection
  - g only: only allow 11g clients connection
  - b/g mixed: allow 11b and 11g clients connection
5. Isolation:
  - VAPs: isolate the traffic between wireless1 and wireless2
  - Clients: isolate the traffic between each wireless client
6. Distance: please input the distance( meter ) between this device and connection target. This setting is for long distance connection (>300 meters)
7. Security Mode: WPA2 allows WPA and WPA2 stations.  
WPA/WPA2 with RADIUS only support for AP mode



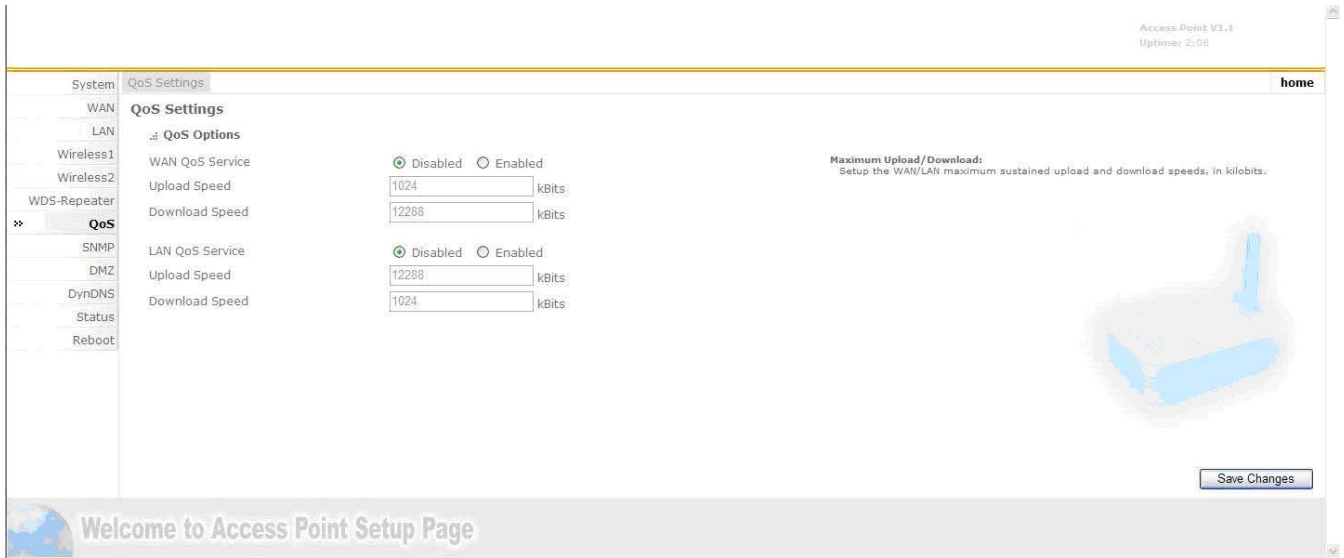
### Wireless 2 Settings:

1. Wlan Mode: AP+WDS Parent: AP master mode.
2. Broadcast SSID: broadcast SSID to every clients
3. Transmit power: change the amount of power used by a radio transceiver to send the signal out.
4. Isolation:
  - VAPs: isolate the traffic between wireless1 and wireless2
  - Clients: isolate the traffic between each wireless client
5. Security Mode: WPA2 allows WPA and WPA2 stations.  
WPA/WPA2 with RADIUS only support for AP mode



### Repeater Settings:

1. WDS Repeater: if enable WDS repeater will set system operation mode in repeater mode and set wireless 1 in WDS child mode. If disable WDS repeater will reset system to factory default
2. SSID Name: please input the SSID of parent AP
3. Inherit AP settings: if enable inherit AP will clone the SSID and security setting from parent AP to Wireless2, and enable Wireless2
4. Repeater Security: please set the security mode consistent with parent AP



### QoS Settings:

Maximum Upload/Download: setup the WAN/LAN maximum sustained upload and download speeds in kilobits.



### SNMP Settings:

1. **SNMP Community Name:** the SNMP community name identifies a group of devices and management systems that share authentication, access control of this group. Although “public” and “private” are commonly used, it is strongly suggested to use hard to guess names. The only worse thing than “public” and “private”, is to leave the community name blank. The community name can be considered a group password.
2. **SNMP Source:** SNMP source defines the IP address, hostname or network mask for management systems that can read information from this “public” community device or control this “private” community device.



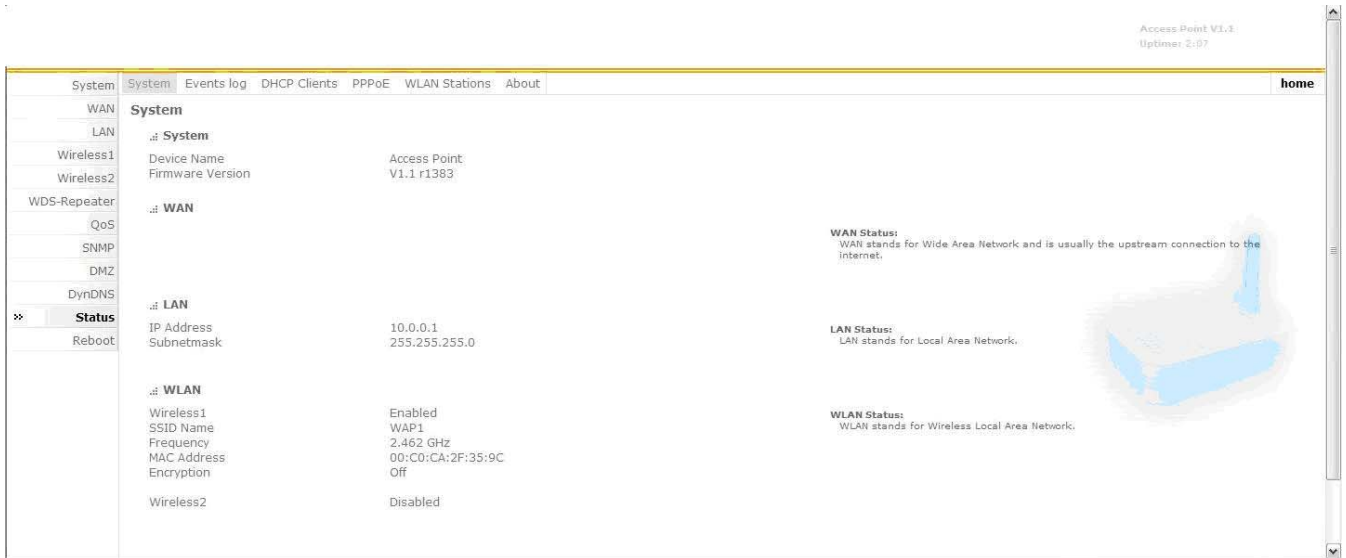
### DMZ Settings:

DMZ service: DMZ(Demilitarized Zone) is a network area (a subnetwork) that sits between an organization's internal network and an external network, usually the internet. The DMZ is typically used for connecting servers that need to be accessible from the outside world, such as e-mail, web and DNS servers.



### DynDNS Setting:

1. DynDNS: the DynDNS service comes in handy for establishing connections from computers on the internet to your network at home. This is especially useful if you want to run server software or SSH on AP and only have a dynamic IP.
2. Account: put your DynDNS domain name, user name and password on it to access DynDNS



**Status:**

1. System: show the AP current setting
2. Events log: show the AP events log
3. DHCP Clients: show the client list who access to AP
4. PPPoE: show the PPPoE status
5. WLAN Stations: show the Wireless Station current status
6. About: show the firmware version



**Reboot:**

1. Reboot device now: afte all setting, don't forgot to reboot the device
2. Reset to factory default now: reset AP to factory default



# 5

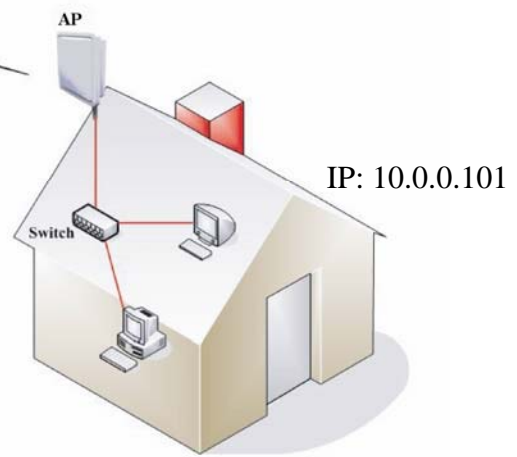
## WISP Client Mode Setup

Support DHCP Client, PPPoE Client, Static IP and SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

IP: 192.168.1.1



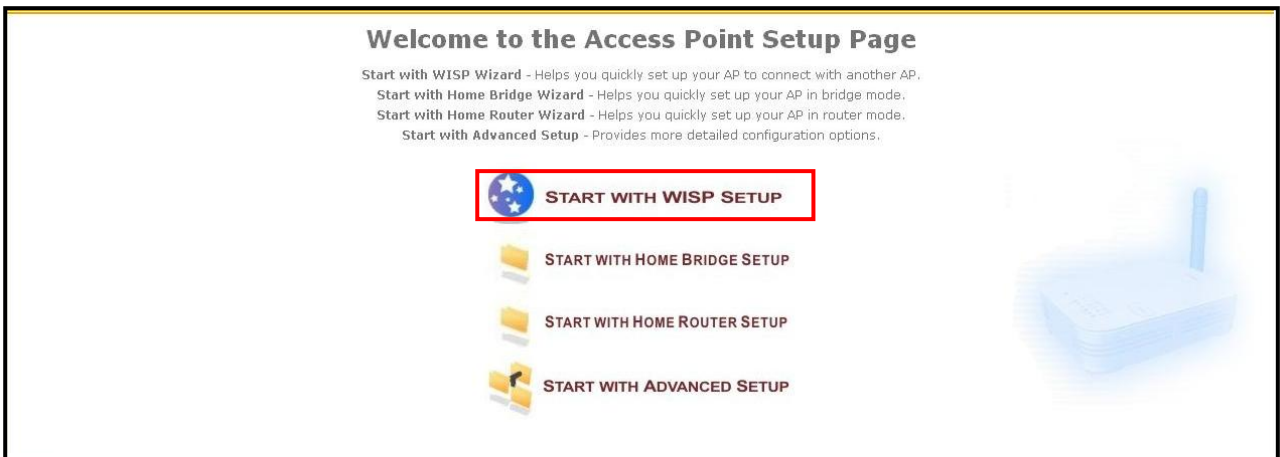
IP: 10.0.0.1



In this case, WISP BST with PPPoE Server

IP: 10.0.0.100

AP set as WISP PPPoE Client Mode and NAT Enabled



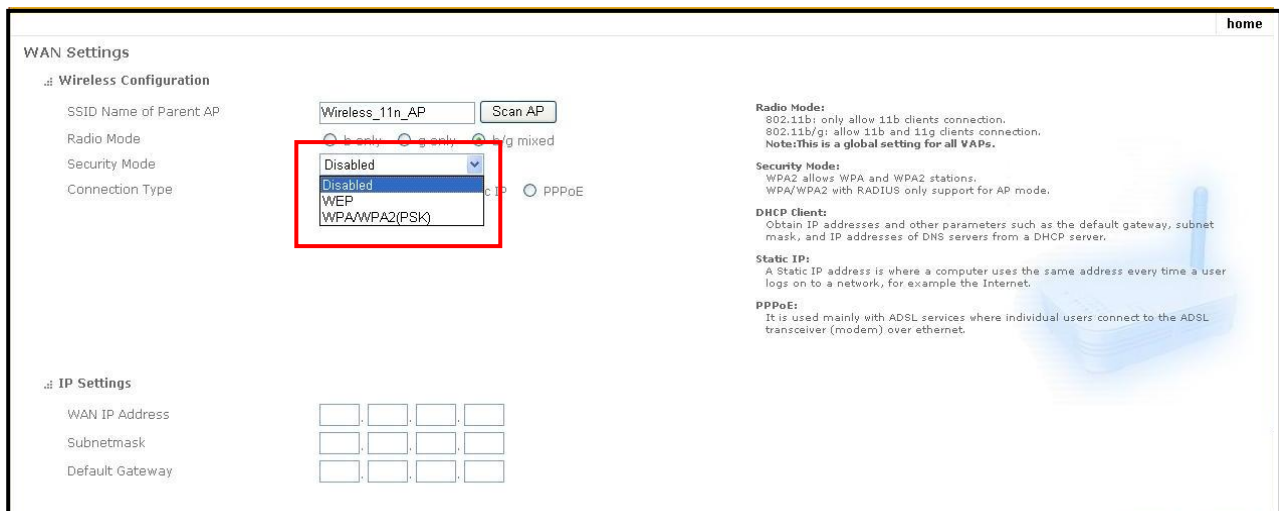
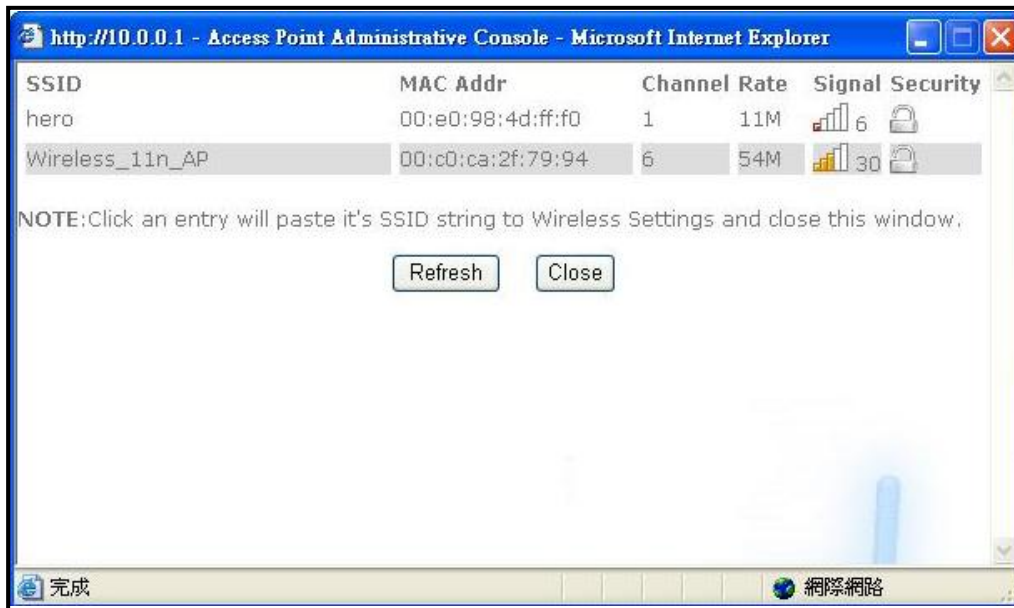
**Step 1:** Select “Start With WISP Setup”

## WAN Settings



**Step 2:** Push “ Scan AP ” button to search the AP or Manually to type the WISP AP’s name into “ SSID Name of Parent AP ”

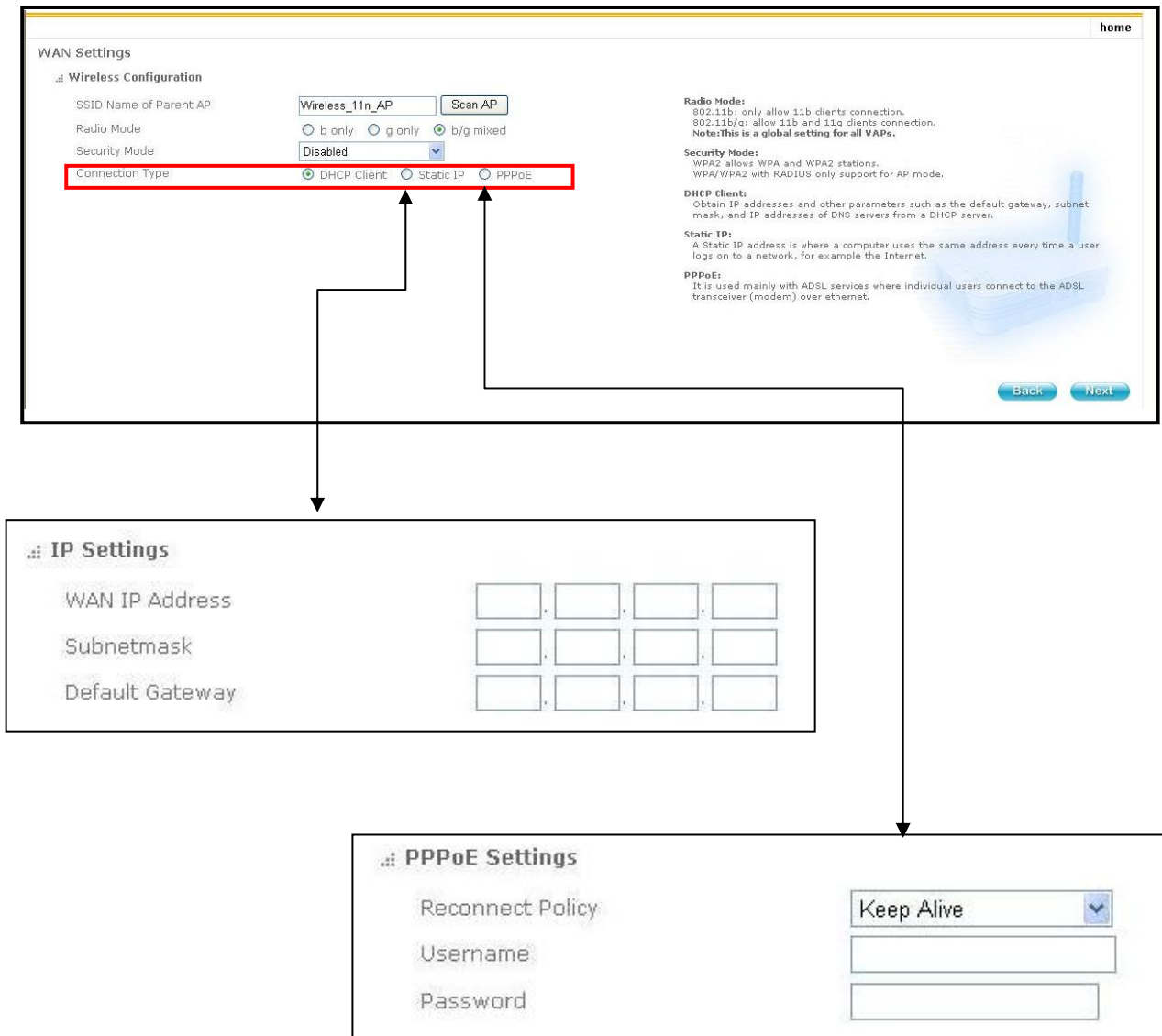
If choosing the “Scan AP” will pop-up the AP Scan Window, choose the one you would want to access from the list then double click the mouse.



**Step 3:** To setup the Security, choose from the security mode column, if no security, choose “Disabled”

**Step 4: Choose the Connection Type** which connect to WISP Base Station Tower.

**\*\* In this demo case, we will choose “PPPoE” to connect to WISP Base Station Tower \*\***



home

### LAN Settings

**IP Settings**

LAN IP Address: 10 . 0 . 0 . 1  
 Subnetmask: 255 . 255 . 255 . 0

**DHCP Service For LAN**

DHCP Service:  Disabled  Enabled

DHCP Start: 10.0.0.100

Max Client Q'ty: 50

DHCP Lease Time(Minutes): 1440

**LAN IP Settings:**  
 IP Settings are optional for DHCP. They are used as defaults in case the DHCP server is unavailable.  
 Notice: The LAN IP should be in different subnet of WAN

**DHCP Start:**  
 The start IP address of DHCP server's IP range. The default value is 100.

**Max Client Q'ty:**  
 The maximum number of DHCP IP. The IP range is from (DHCP start) to (DHCP start + Max Client Q'ty - 1). The default value is 50.

**DHCP Lease Time:**  
 DHCP Lease Time means DHCP server grants permission to a DHCP client to use a particular IP address. The default value is 1440 minutes.

Back Next


**Step 5: Into LAN Settings page to choose Enable or Disable “DHCP NAT Routing”.**

**Step 6: Finish the Wizard and Reboot the AP.**

Setting finish

**The wizard settings finished.**  
 Please click finish button to reboot device and apply all the changes.

Back Finish





home

System
WAN
LAN
Wireless1
Wireless2
WDS-Repeater
SNMP
DMZ
DynDNS
Status
Reboot

Rebooting now... router should be up in about 90 seconds.  
 The webpage should automatically reload after 86 seconds.

Please don't refresh this page. If your browser can not auto load page,  
 please type IP address of this device in URL(http://10.0.0.1) and reconnect again.



System	System	Events log	DHCP Clients	PPPoE	WLAN Stations	About	home
WAN	<b>System</b>						
LAN	.: <b>System</b>						
Wireless1	Device Name	Access Point					
Wireless2	Firmware Version	V1.1 r1346					
WDS-Repeater	.: <b>WAN</b>						
SNMP	IP Address	192.168.1.157					<b>WAN Status:</b> WAN stands for Wide Area Network and is usually the upstream connection to the internet.
DMZ	Subnetmask	255.255.255.0					
DynDNS	Gateway	192.168.1.1					
	DNS Server 1	168.95.1.1					
» <b>Status</b>	.: <b>LAN</b>						
Reboot	IP Address	10.0.0.1					<b>LAN Status:</b> LAN stands for Local Area Network.
	Subnetmask	255.255.255.0					
	.: <b>WLAN</b>						
	Wireless1	Enabled					<b>WLAN Status:</b> WLAN stands for Wireless Local Area Network.
	SSID Name	Wireless_11n_AP					
	Frequency	2.437 GHz					
	Connect Status	Associated(00:C0:CA:2F:79:94)					
	Encryption	Off					
	Wireless2	Disabled					

Finished WISP setting