Magelis SCU HMI Controller Hardware Guide

10/2014





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All pertinent state, regional, and local safety regulations must be observed when installing and using this product. For reasons of safety and to help ensure compliance with documented system data, only the manufacturer should perform repairs to components.

When devices are used for applications with technical safety requirements, the relevant instructions must be followed.

Failure to use Schneider Electric software or approved software with our hardware products may result in injury, harm, or improper operating results.

Failure to observe this information can result in injury or equipment damage.

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Safety Information



Important Information

NOTICE

Read these instructions carefully, and look at the equipment to become familiar with the device before trying to install, operate, or maintain it. The following special messages may appear throughout this documentation or on the equipment to warn of potential hazards or to call attention to information that clarifies or simplifies a procedure.



The addition of this symbol to a "Danger" or "Warning" safety label indicates that an electrical hazard exists which will result in personal injury if the instructions are not followed.



This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

A DANGER

DANGER indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **will result in** death or serious injury.

▲ WARNING

WARNING indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result in** death or serious injury.

A CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, **could result** in minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

NOTICE is used to address practices not related to physical injury.

PLEASE NOTE

Electrical equipment should be installed, operated, serviced, and maintained only by qualified personnel. No responsibility is assumed by Schneider Electric for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of electrical equipment and its installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved.

About the Book



At a Glance

Document Scope

The purpose of this document is to:

- Show you how to install and operate your HMI controller.
- Show you how to connect the HMI controller to a programming device equipped with SoMachine software.
- Help you understand how to interface the HMI controller and other devices.
- Help you become familiar with the HMI controller features.

Validity Note

This document has been updated with the release of SoMachine V4.1 and Vijeo Designer V6.2 SP2

The technical characteristics of the devices described in this document also appear online. To access this information online:

Step	Action
1	Go to the Schneider Electric home page www.schneider-electric.com.
2	In the Search box type the reference of a product or the name of a product range. • Do not include blank spaces in the model number/product range. • To get information on grouping similar modules, use asterisks (*).
3	If you entered a reference, go to the Product Datasheets search results and click on the reference that interests you. If you entered the name of a product range, go to the Product Ranges search results and click on the product range that interests you.
4	If more than one reference appears in the Products search results, click on the reference that interests you.
5	Depending on the size of your screen, you may need to scroll down to see the data sheet.
6	To save or print a data sheet as a .pdf file, click Download XXX product datasheet .

The characteristics that are presented in this manual should be the same as those characteristics that appear online. In line with our policy of constant improvement, we may revise content over time to improve clarity and accuracy. If you see a difference between the manual and online information, use the online information as your reference.

Related Documents

Title of Documentation	Reference Number
Magelis SCU HMI Controller Programming Guide	EIO000001240 (eng),
	EIO000001241 (fre),
	EIO000001242 (ger),
	EIO000001243 (spa),
	EIO000001244 (ita),
	EIO000001245 (chs)
Magelis SCU HMI Controller PLCSystem Library Guide	EIO000001246 (eng),
	EIO000001247 (fre),
	EIO000001248 (ger),
	EIO000001249 (spa),
	EIO000001250 (ita),
	EIO000001251 (chs)
Magelis SCU HMI Controller HSC Library Guide	EIO000001512 (eng),
	EIO000001513 (fre),
	EIO000001514 (ger),
	EIO000001515 (spa),
	EIO000001516 (ita),
	EIO000001517 (chs)
Magelis SCU HMI Controller PTO/PWM Library Guide	EIO000001518 (eng),
	EIO000001519 (fre),
	EIO000001520 (ger),
	EIO000001521 (spa),
	EIO000001522 (ita),
	EIO000001523 (chs)
Magelis SCU HMI Quick Reference Guide	S1B90406 (Eng)

You can download these technical publications and other technical information from our website at www.schneider-electric.com.

Product Related Information

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any
 covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except
 under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when
 indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a
 proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Consider the potential failure modes of control paths in the machine control system design, such as:
 - The possibility of backlight failure,
 - Unanticipated link transmission delays or failures,
 - The operator being unable to control the machine,
 - The operator making errors in the control of the machine.
- Provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure for critical control functions such as emergency stop and overtravel stop.
- Provide separate or redundant control paths for critical control functions.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.¹
- Test individually and thoroughly each implementation of the equipment for correct operation before service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹ For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Part I HMISCU System

Overview

This part describes how to use HMISCU system.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
1	HMISCU General Overview	15
2	HMISCU System General Implementation Rules	29
3	HMISCU Description	51
4	Device Connectivity	61
5	HMISCU Installation	67

Chapter 1 HMISCU General Overview

Overview

This chapter provides general information about the HMISCU system architecture and its components.

What Is in This Chapter?

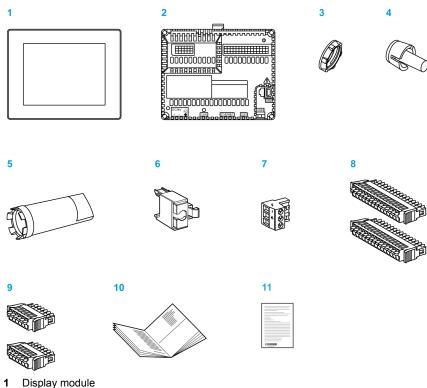
This chapter contains the following topics:

Торіс	Page
Package Contents	16
Parts Identification and Functions	
System Architecture	
Certifications and Standards	
Devices Overview	26

Package Contents

HMISCU Package Contents

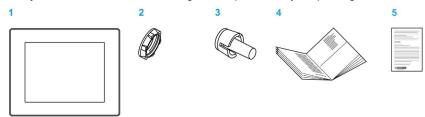
Verify that all items shown in the figure are present in your package:



- 2 Rear module
- 3 Display installation nut (attached to the display module)
- 4 Anti-rotation tee
- 5 Socket wrench
- 6 USB clamp type A
- 7 DC power supply connector
- 8 I/O connector 15-pin x 2
- 9 I/O connector 6-pin x 2
- 10 HMISCU Installation Guide
- **11** Warning / Caution information

Display Module Package Contents

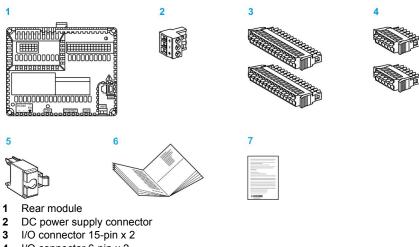
Verify that all items shown in the figure are present in your package:



- Display module
- Display installation nut (attached to the display module)
- Anti-rotation tee
- 4 HMISCU Installation Guide
- Warning / Caution information

Rear Module Package Contents

Verify that all items shown in the figure are present in your package:



- I/O connector 6-pin x 2
- USB clamp type A 5
- HMISCU Installation Guide
- Warning / Caution information

Product Label Sticker

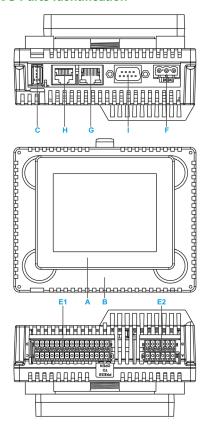
You can identify the product version (PV), revision level (RL), and the software version (SV) from the product label on the panel.

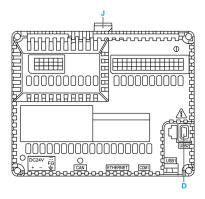
The following diagram is a representation of a typical label:



Parts Identification and Functions

HMISCU Parts Identification

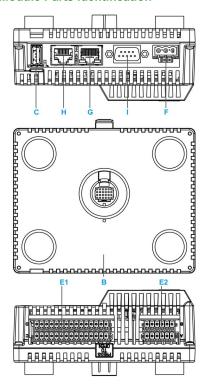


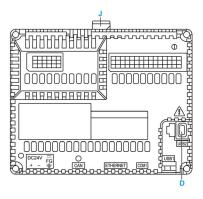


Part	Description
Α	Display module (see page 137)
В	Rear module (see page 111)
С	USB (type A) port (USB1) (see page 102)
D	USB (type mini B) port (USB2)
E1	I/O terminal block 1 (see page 114)
E2	I/O terminal block 2 (see page 114)
F	DC power supply connector (see page 94)
G	Ethernet connector (see page 144)

Part	Description
Н	Serial link (RS-232C/485) (see page 150)
I	CANopen connector
J	Yellow button lock

Rear Module Parts Identification





Part	Description
В	Rear module (see page 111)
С	USB (type A) port (USB1) (see page 102)
D	USB (type mini B) port (USB2)
E1	I/O terminal block 1 (see page 114)
E2	I/O terminal block 2 (see page 114)
F	DC power supply connector (see page 94)
G	Ethernet connector (see page 144)

Part	Description
Н	Serial link (RS-232C/485) (see page 150)
I	CANopen connector
J	Yellow button lock

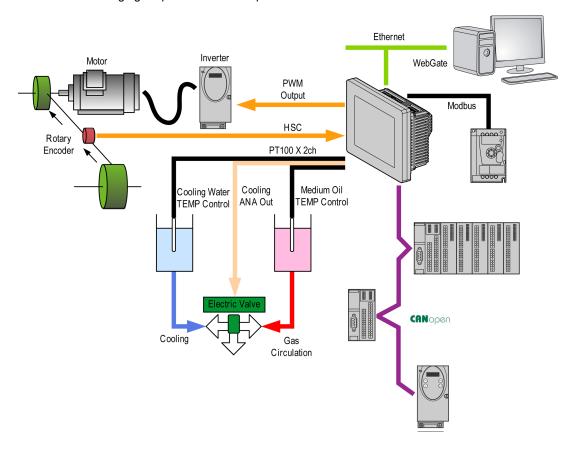
System Architecture

Introduction

The HMISCU system is a compact control system with the HMI and I/O embedded. The HMISCU system offers an all-in-one solution for an optimized configuration and an expandable architecture.

Architecture Example

The following figure provides an example of the HMISCU hardware environment:



HMISCU System Architecture

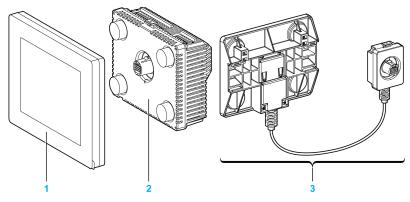
Optimized configuration and flexibility is provided by the association of:

- rear module that provides the logic and HMI functions
- front module that provides the display feature (see page 137)
- display module/rear module separation cable allows you to separate the display module from the rear module

Application requirements determine the architecture of your HMISCU system:

- high speed counter (HSC) inputs
- pulse width modulation (PWM) outputs
- pulse train output (PTO) outputs

The figure shows the components of the HMISCU system:



- 1 Display module
- 2 Rear module
- 3 Display module/rear module separation cable

Certifications and Standards

Introduction

Schneider Electric submitted this product to certification by third-party agencies. These agencies have certified this product as meeting the following standards.

For detailed information, contact your local distributor or see the catalog and marking on the product.

Agency Certifications for HMISCU Unit

HMISCU unit is certified by the Underwriters Laboratory according to:

- UL 508 and CSA C22.2 n° 142 for Industrial Control Equipment
- ANSI/ISA 12.12.01 and CSA C22.2 n° 213 for Electrical Equipment for Use in Class I, Division 2 Hazardous Locations

For detailed information, contact your local distributor or see the catalog & marking on the product.

Conditions of Acceptability and Handling Cautions for HMISCU Unit

The HMISCU unit is suitable for use in hazardous locations in accordance with Class I, Division 2 standards. All relevant local, state, and regional codes must be followed.

CE Markings

This product conforms to the necessary requirements of the following Directives for applying the CE label:

- 2006/95/EC Low Voltage Directive
- 2004/108/FC FMC Directive

This conformity is based on compliance with EN/IEC61131-2.

Hazardous Substances

HMISCU unit is designed for compliance with:

- WEEE. Directive 2012/19/EU
- RoHS. Directives 2011/65/EC
- RoHS China, Standard SJ/T 11363-2006
- REACh Reguation 2006/121/EC

A CAUTION

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS TO THE EQUIPMENT

- Allow the device to reach the surrounding air temperature, not exceeding 50 °C (122 °F), before turning the device on.
- Do not turn on the device if condensation has occurred inside the device. After it is completely dry again, the device may be turned on.
- Do not expose the device to direct sunlight.
- Do not obstruct the vents in the device casing.
- Remove any dust from the device before turning it on.
- Ensure that the cable installation fasteners are not damaged. Replace them, if necessary.
- Mount the device into an enclosure that meets the IP65 level of protection.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

A WARNING

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

- Verify that the power, input, and output (I/O) wiring are in accordance with Class I, Division 2 wiring methods.
- Do not substitute components that may impair compliance to Class I, Division 2.
- Do not connect or disconnect equipment unless power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.
- Securely lock externally connected units and each interface before turning on the power supply.
- Do not, connect, or disconnect USB cable unless area is known to be non-hazardous.
- Potential electrostatic charging hazard: wipe the front panel of the terminal with a damp cloth before turning ON.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Interfaces are: COM1, Ethernet, USB1 and USB2.

WARNING

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

- Do not disconnect while circuit is live.
- Potential electrostatic charging hazard: wipe the front panel of the terminal with a damp cloth before turning ON.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Devices Overview

Overview

HMISCU has various powerful features. This HMI controller can service a wide range of applications.

The software configuration and programming is accomplished with SoMachine and is described in the SoMachine Programming Guide (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).

HMISCU Range

Reference	Digital Input	Digital Output	Analog Input	Analog Output	Screen Size
HMISCU6A5 (see page 113)	14 regular inputs and 2 fast inputs (HSC)		No	No	8.9 cm (3.5 in.)
HMISCU8A5 (see page 113)		(HSC)	outputs		
HMISAC (see page 113)	-	(PTO) ⁽¹⁾			No
HMISCU6B5 (see page 123)	6 regular inputs and 2 fast inputs (HSC)	6 regular outputs	2 analog inputs (12-bit plus sign	2 analog outputs	8.9 cm (3.5 in.)
HMISCU8B5 (see page 123)		0	and 2 fast outputs	SAR ADC) and 2 analog inputs (16-bit), for	(12-bit)
HMISBC (see page 123)	1	(PTO) ⁽¹⁾	temperature		No
HMIS65 (see page 137)	No			8.9 cm (3.5 in.)	
HMIS85 (see page 137)	No				14.48 cm (5.7 in.)

¹ The fast outputs can be used either as regular outputs or as fast outputs for Pulse Train Output (PTO), Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) functions, or reflex output for high speed counter (HSC).

The HMISAC and HMISBC are replacement rear modules. The HMIS65 and HMIS85 are screen replacement modules. The table shows for equivalence:

Replacement Rear Module		Replacement Screen		Equivalent Full Module
HMISAC	+	HMIS65 (3.5 inch)	=	HMISCU6A5
HMISAC	+	HMIS85 (5.7 inch)	=	HMISCU8A5
HMISBC	+	HMIS65 (3.5 inch)	=	HMISCU6B5
HMISBC	+	HMIS85 (5.7 inch)	=	HMISCU8B5

Display Module/Rear Module Separation Cable Range

Reference	Cable Length	
HMIZSURDP (see page 74)	3 m (9.84 ft.)	
HMIZSURDP5 (see page 74)	5 m (16.40 ft.)	
HMIZSURDP10 (see page 74) 10 m (32.81 ft.)		
NOTE: The outer diameter of the cable is 8 mm (0.13 in.). To assemble this product, you		

NOTE: The outer diameter of the cable is 8 mm (0.13 in.). To assemble this product, you need 20 mm (0.78 in.) more space to bend the cable in the end of the rubber.

Key Features

Programming languages

The HMISCU is supported by and programmed with the SoMachine, which supports the following IEC61131-3 programming languages:

- IL: Instruction List
- ST: Structured Text
- FBD: Function Block Diagram
- SFC: Sequential Function Chart
- LD: Ladder Diagram

SoMachine can also be used to program the HMISCU controller using CFC (Continuous Function Chart) language.

Power Supply (see page 93)

The power supply of the HMISCU is 24 Vdc.

Real Time Clock (see page 52)

The HMISCU includes a Real Time Clock (RTC) system.

Memory (see page 169)

Embedded Input/Output

The following embedded I/O types are available, depending on the controller reference:

- Regular input
- Fast input (HSC)
- Regular output
- Fast output (PTO/PWM)
- Analog input
- Temperature input
- Analog output

NOTE: Frequency Generator (FG) is not supported.

Embedded communication features

4 types of communication ports are available on the rear panel:

- Ethernet port
- USB port
- Serial link port
- CANopen port

For more details, refer to the chapter Communication Interface (see page 143).

Chapter 2

HMISCU System General Implementation Rules

Overview

This chapter describes the installation requirements, wiring rules and recommendations, and the environmental specifications of the controller.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Торіс	Page
Introduction	30
Installation Requirements	33
Environmental Characteristics	35
Wiring Rules and Recommendations	
Wiring to the DIO Terminal Block	
Grounding the System	

Introduction

Before You Begin

Do not use this product on machinery lacking effective point-of-operation guarding. Lack of effective point-of-operation guarding on a machine can result in serious injury to the operator of that machine.

A WARNING

UNGUARDED MACHINERY CAN CAUSE SERIOUS INJURY

- Do not use this controller and related software on equipment that does not have point-ofoperation protection.
- Do not reach into machinery during operation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The HMISCU controller and related software is used to control various industrial processes. The type or model of automation equipment suitable for each application will vary depending on factors such as the control function required, degree of protection required, production methods, unusual conditions, government regulations, and so on, in some applications, more than one processor may be required, as when backup redundancy is needed.

Only the user can be aware of all the conditions and factors present during the setup, operation, and maintenance of the machine; therefore, only the user can determine the automation equipment and the related safeties and interlocks that can be properly used. When selecting automation and control equipment and related software for a particular application, the user should refer to the applicable local and national standards and regulations.

In some applications, additional operator protection such as point-of-operation guarding must be provided. This is necessary if the operator's hands and other parts of the body are free to enter pinch points or other hazardous areas and serious injury can occur. The HMISCU controller and related software products alone cannot protect an operator from injury. For this reason, this equipment cannot be substituted for or take the place of point-of-operation protection. Ensure that appropriate safeties and mechanical/electrical interlocks related to point of operation protection have been installed and are operational before placing the equipment into service. All interlocks and safeties related to point-of-operation protection must be coordinated with the related automation equipment and software programming.

▲ WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use appropriate safety interlocks where personnel and/or equipment hazards exist.
- Install and operate this equipment in an enclosure appropriately rated for its intended environment.
- Use the sensor and actuator power supplies only for supplying power to the sensors or actuators connected to the module.
- Power line and output circuits must be wired and fused in compliance with local and national regulatory requirements for the rated current and voltage of the particular equipment.
- Do not use this equipment in safety-critical machine functions.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify this equipment.
- Do not connect any wiring to unused connections, or to connections designated as No Connection (N.C.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

NOTE: Coordination of safeties and mechanical/electrical interlocks for point-of-operation protection is outside the scope of this document, and are not included in any wiring diagrams, installation examples, application examples, programming examples, or other representations that may be included in this and other related documents.

Start-Up and Test

Before using electrical control and automation equipment for regular operation after installation, the system should be given by a start-up test qualified personnel to verify correct operation of the equipment. It is important that the arrangements for such a check be made and that enough time is allowed to perform complete and satisfactory testing.

A CAUTION

EQUIPMENT OPERATION HAZARD

- Verify that all installation and set up procedures have been completed.
- Before operational tests are performed, remove all blocks or other temporary holding means used for shipment from all component devices.
- Remove tools, meters, and debris from equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Follow all start-up tests recommended in the equipment documentation. Store all equipment documentation for future references.

Verify that the completed system is free from all short circuits and grounds, except those grounds installed according to local and national regulations. If high-potential voltage testing is necessary, follow recommendations in equipment documentation to help prevent accidental equipment damage or injury.

Before energizing equipment:

- Remove tools, meters, and debris from equipment.
- Close the equipment enclosure door.
- Remove ground from incoming power lines.
- Perform all start-up tests recommended by the manufacturer.

Operation and Adjustments

There are hazards that can be encountered if this equipment is improperly operated or adjusted, regardless of the care exercised in the design and manufacture of equipment or in the selection and ratings of components. It may be possible to mis-adjust this equipment and thereby produce unintended consequences. Only those operational adjustments required by the operator should be accessible to the operator. Access to other controls should be restricted to help prevent unauthorized changes in operating characteristics or machine behavior. Restrict access to such adjustments only to qualified personnel familiar with the machinery in use, and familiar with the instructions of equipment manufacturers for all of the electrical equipment employed. Use the instructions from the manufacturers as a guide for functional, electrical, or other like adjustments.

Installation Requirements

Before Starting

Read and understand this chapter before beginning the installation of your HMISCU.

Disconnecting Power

All options and modules should be assembled and installed before installing the control system on a mounting rail, onto a mounting plate or in a panel. Remove the control system from its mounting rail, mounting plate or panel before disassembling the equipment.

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any
 covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except
 under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when
 indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a
 proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Programming Considerations

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Only use software approved by Schneider Electric for use with this equipment.
- Update your application program every time you change the physical hardware configuration.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Operating Environment

This equipment has been designed to operate outside of any hazardous location. Only install this equipment in zones known to be free of a hazardous atmosphere.

A DANGER

POTENTIAL FOR EXPLOSION

Install and use this equipment in non-hazardous locations only.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use appropriate safety interlocks where personnel and/or equipment hazards exist.
- Install and operate this equipment in an enclosure appropriately rated for its intended environment.
- Use the sensor and actuator power supplies only for supplying power to the sensors or actuators connected to the module.
- Power line and output circuits must be wired and fused in compliance with local and national regulatory requirements for the rated current and voltage of the particular equipment.
- Do not use this equipment in safety-critical machine functions.
- Do not disassemble, repair, or modify this equipment.
- Do not connect any wiring to unused connections, or to connections designated as No Connection (N.C.).

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Environmental Characteristics

Enclosure Requirements

HMISCU system components are designed as Zone B, Class A industrial equipment according to IEC/CISPR Publication 11. If they are used in environments other than those described in the standard, or in environments that do not meet the specifications in this manual, the ability to meet electromagnetic compatibility requirements in the presence of conducted and/or radiated interference may be reduced.

All HMISCU system components meet European Community (CE) requirements for open equipment as defined by EN61131-2. You must install them in an enclosure designed for the specific environmental conditions and to minimize the possibility of unintended contact with hazardous voltages. Use a metal enclosure to improve the electromagnetic immunity of your HMISCU system. Use enclosures with a keyed locking mechanism to minimize unauthorized access.

Environmental Characteristics

HMISCU meets CE requirements as indicated in the table below, and is intended for use in a Pollution Degree 2 industrial environment.

The table below gives the general environmental characteristics:

Characteristic	Specification		
Standard compliance	IEC61131-2		
Ambient operating	Vertical installation	050 °C (32122 °F)	
temperature for the display and the rear module	Horizontal installation	040 °C (32104 °F)	
Storage temperature		- 2060 °C (- 4140 °F)	
Storage altitude		010,000 m (032,808 ft)	
Operating altitude		02,000 m (06,560 ft)	
Relative humidity		585% w/o condensation (non-condensing, wet bulb temperature 39 °C (102.2 °F) or less)	
Degree of pollution	IEC60664	2	
Degree of protection	IEC61131-2	IP20 with protective covers in place	
Corrosion immunity		No	
Corrosive gases		Free of corrosive gases	
Air purity (dust)		\leq 0.1 mg/m ³ (10 ⁻⁷ oz/ft ³) (non-conductive levels)	
Atmospheric pressure		8001,114 hPa (2000 m (6,561 ft) or lower)	

Characteristic	Specification		
Vibration resistance	Mounted on a DIN rail	$3.5~\text{mm}$ (0.138 in.) fixed amplitude from 58.4 Hz $9.8~\text{m/s}^2$ (1 g _n) fixed acceleration from 8.4150 Hz	
	Mounted on a panel	10 mm (0.394 in.) fixed amplitude from 58.6 Hz 29.4 m/s 2 (3 g _n) fixed acceleration from 8.6150 Hz	
Mechanical shock resistance	Mounted on a DIN rail	147 m/s ² (15 g _n) for a duration of 11 ms	
	Mounted on a panel	294 m/s ² (25 g _n) for a duration of 6 ms	
Connection type		Removable terminal block	
Connector insertion/removal cycles		50	

Electromagnetic Susceptibility

The HMISCU system meets electromagnetic susceptibility specifications as indicated in the table:

Characteristic	Specification	Range
Electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	8 kV (air discharge) 6 kV (contact discharge)
Electromagnetic fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	10 V/m (80 MHz3 GHz)
Fast transients burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Power lines: 2 kV Digital I/O: 1 kV Relay outputs: 2 kV Ethernet line: 1 kV COM line: 1 kV CAN line: 1 kV
Surge immunity	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Power supply: CM: 1 kV; DM: 0.5 kV Digital I/O: CM: 1 kV; DM: 0.5 kV Shielded cable: 1 kV CM = common drive DM = differential drive
Immunity to conducted disturbances, induced by radio- frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	10 Veff (0.1580 MHz)
Conducted emission	EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR11)	150500 kHz, quasi peak 79 dBμV
		500 kHz30 MHz, quasi peak 73 dBμV
Radiated emission	EN 55011 (IEC/CISPR11)	30230 MHz, 10 m @ 40 dBμV/m quasi peak
		230 MHz1 GHz, 10 m @ 47 dBμV/m quasi peak

Wiring Rules and Recommendations

Introduction

There are several rules that must be followed when wiring the HMISCU system.

Wiring Guidelines

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any
 covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except
 under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when
 indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a
 proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The following rules must be applied when wiring a HMISCU system:

- I/O and communication wiring must be kept separate from the power wiring. Route these 2 types
 of wiring in separate cable ducting.
- Verify that the operating conditions and environment are within specification.
- Use proper wire sizes to meet voltage and current requirements.
- Use copper conductors (highly recommended).
- Use twisted-pair, shielded cables for analog, and/or fast I/O.
- Use twisted-pair, shielded cables for networks, and fieldbus.
- For the power connector, refer to DC power supply wiring diagram (see page 95).
- To help prevent malfunctions due to noise, separate all control, communication and power lines by placing them in separate ducts.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals at a single point¹.
- Route communications and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

For more details, refer to Grounding Shielded Cables (see page 44).

The wire sizes to use with the removable terminal blocks is 0.20 to 0.81 mm² (AWG 24 to 18).

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Terminal Block

Plugging a terminal block into the incorrect rear module can cause an electric shock or unintended operation of the application and/or can damage the rear module.

A DANGER

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION OR ELECTRIC SHOCK

Connect the terminal blocks to their designated location.

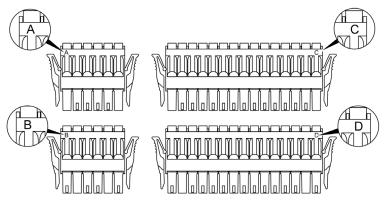
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Avoid temperature changes on the thermocouple's connection terminal. Temperature measurements may not be accurate due to temperature changes in the cold junction.

NOTE: When installing the terminal blocks to the rear module, please keep the display module unmounted.

NOTE: To help prevent a terminal block from being inserted incorrectly, clearly and uniquely code and label each terminal block and rear module.

The figure shows the labels on each terminal block:



NOTE: Terminal blocks A, B, C, and D can only use the respective connectors A, B, C, and D.

Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage

Depending on the load, a protection circuit may be needed for the outputs on the controllers and certain modules. Inductive loads using DC voltages may create voltage reflections resulting in overshoot that will damage or shorten the life of output devices.

A CAUTION

OUTPUT CIRCUIT DAMAGE DUE TO INDUCTIVE LOADS

Use an appropriate external protective circuit or device to reduce the risk of inductive direct current load damage.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

If your controller or module contains relay outputs, these types of outputs can support up to 240 Vac. Inductive damage to these types of outputs can result in welded contacts and loss of control. Each inductive load must include a protection device such as a peak limiter, RC circuit or flyback diode. Capacitive loads are not supported by these relays.

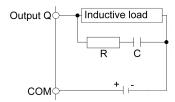
A WARNING

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

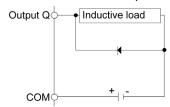
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Protective circuit A: this protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits.



- C represents a value from 0.1 to 1 μF.
- R represents a resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load.

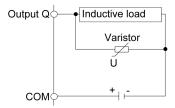
Protective circuit B: this protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits.



Use a diode with the following ratings:

- Reverse withstand voltage: power voltage of the load circuit x 10.
- Forward current: more than the load current.

Protective circuit C: this protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits.



In applications where the inductive load is switched on and off frequently and/or rapidly, ensure
that the continuous energy rating (J) of the varistor exceeds the peak load energy by 20% or
more.

Wiring to the DIO Terminal Block

Introduction

Wiring Rules and Recommendations. (see page 37)

A CAUTION

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

Be sure to remove the terminal blocks from the equipment prior to wiring.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

Screwdriver Required to Wire Terminal Blocks

Recommended type: 1891348-1 (Tyco Electronics AMP)

If another manufacturer is used, be sure the part has the following dimensions:

point depth: 1.5 mm (0.06 in.)
point height: 2.4 mm (0.09 in.)

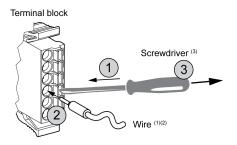
Point shape must be DIN5264A and meet standard DN EN60900.

Also, the screwdriver tip must be flat, as indicated, to access the narrow hole of the terminal block:



The terminal blocks are a spring clamp type.

Procedure



Use the following procedure to connect the wires to the terminal blocks:

Step	Action
1	Insert the screwdriver into the square-shaped hole. This will open the wire's round-shaped hole.
2	Hold the screwdriver and insert the wire into the wire's round-shaped hole.
3	Take out the screwdriver from the square-shaped hole. The round-shaped hole will then close, and the wire will be held securely in place.

NOTE: To remove the wire, reinsert the screwdriver into the square-shaped hole and when the wire's spring clamp releases, pull out the wire.

- $^{(1)}$ Wire should be 0.20...0.81 mm² (AWG 24...18), with the end twisted. Applicable wire style are UL1015 and UL1007.
- ⁽²⁾ Strip 7.0 mm (0.28 in) of jacket from the wire. Strip only the amount of jacket required. If too much jacket is removed, the ends may short against each other or against the terminals, which can create an electric short. If not enough jacket is removed, the wire may not make sufficient contact with the terminal.

Insert each wire completely into its opening. Improper insertion can lead to a loss of unit power or short circuit, either against the wire filaments or against the terminals, or to over heating of the wire and terminal.

(3) Do not rotate the point of the screwdriver inside the square-shaped opening. It may damage the equipment.

A WARNING

IMPROPER WIRING PRACTICES CAN MAKE EQUIPMENT INOPERABLE

- Use only the specified wire sizes for I/O channels and power supplies.
- Prepare wires and make connections as specified in this documentation.
- Do not connect more than one wire per terminal block connector.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Grounding the System

Overview

To minimize the effects of electromagnetic interference, cables carrying the fast Input/Output, analog Input/Output, and Serial communication signals must be shielded.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals at a single point¹.
- Route communications and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

The use of shielded cables requires compliance with the following wiring rules:

- For protective ground (PE) connections, metal conduit or ducting can be used for part of the shielding length, provided there is no break in the continuity of the ground connections. For functional ground (FE), the shielding is intended to attenuate electromagnetic interference and the shielding must be continuous for the length of the cable. If the purpose is both functional and protective, as is often the case for communication cables, the cable must have continuous shielding.
- Wherever possible, keep cables carrying one type of signal separate from the cables carrying other types of signals or power.

Protective Ground (PE) on the Backplane

The protective ground (PE) is connected to the conductive backplane by a heavy-duty wire, usually a braided copper cable with the maximum allowable cable section.

Functional Ground on the DIN Rail

The DIN rail for your HMISCU system is common with the functional ground plane and must be mounted on a conductive backplane.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Connect the DIN rail to the functional ground (FE) of your installation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Shielded Cables Connections

Cables carrying the fast I/O, analog I/O, and fieldbus communication signals must be shielded. The shielding must be securely connected to ground. The fast I/O and analog I/O shields may be connected either to the functional ground (FE) or to the protective ground (PE) of your HMISCU logic controller. The fieldbus communication cable shields must be connected to the protective ground (PE) with a connecting clamp secured to the conductive backplane of your installation.

A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

- The grounding terminal connection (PE) must be used to provide a protective ground at all times.
- Make sure that an appropriate, braided ground cable is attached to the PE/PG ground terminal before connecting or disconnecting the network cable to the equipment.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

The shielding of the cables must be connected to the protective ground (PE).

A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK

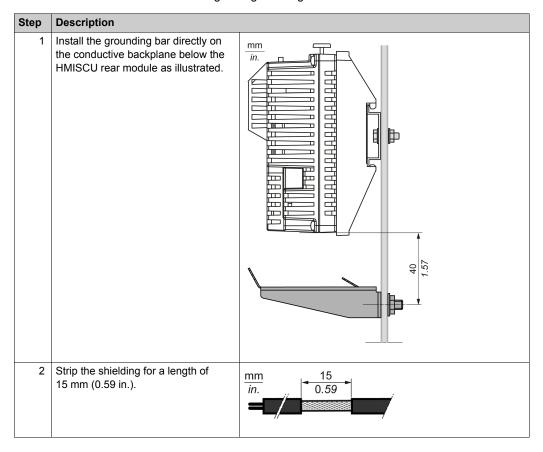
Make sure that cables are securely connected to the protective ground (PE).

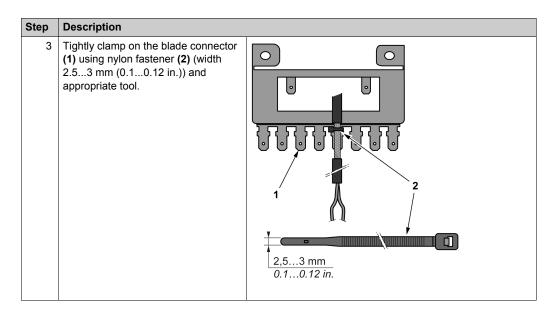
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

NOTE: The functional ground of the Ethernet connection is internal.

Functional Ground (FE) Cable Shielding

To connect the shield of a cable through the grounding bar:

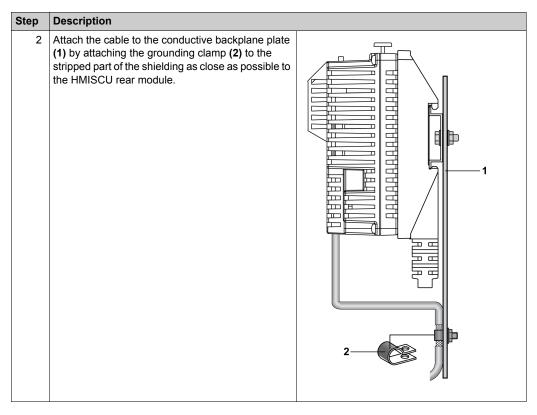




Protective Ground (PE) Cable Shielding

To ground the shield of a cable through a grounding clamp:

Step	Description	
1	Strip the shielding for a length of 15 mm (0.59 in.)	mm in. 15 0.59



NOTE: The shielding must be clamped securely to the conductive backplane to ensure a good contact.

Exclusive Grounding

Connect the frame ground (FG) terminal on the power plug to an exclusive ground.



Grounding Procedure

Step	Action
1	Check that the grounding resistance is less than 100 $\boldsymbol{\Omega}$
2	Create the connection point as close to the unit as possible, and make the wire as short as possible. When using a long grounding wire, replace the thin wire with a thicker wire, and place it in a duct.

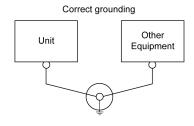
Common Grounding

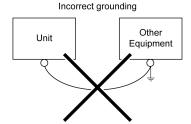
Precautions:

Electromagnetic interference (EMI) can be created if the devices are improperly grounded. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) can cause loss of communication.

Do not use common grounding, except for the authorized configuration described below.

If exclusive grounding is not possible, use a common connection point.





Chapter 3 HMISCU Description

Overview

This chapter describes the HMISCU features.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Topic	Page
3.1	Rear Module Features	52
3.2	I/O Management	53

Section 3.1

Rear Module Features

Real Time Clock (RTC)

Overview

The HMISCU controllers include an RTC to provide system date and time information, and to support related functions requiring a real-time clock.

Variations in operating conditions can cause a clock shift:

Ambient Temperature	Accuracy
0°C (32 °F)	-12.5 minutes
25°C (77°F)	-2.52.5 minutes
50°C 122°F)	-5.52.5 minutes

RTC Battery

The controller has one RTC battery.

In the event of a power interruption, the backup battery retains the time and date for the controller.

The table describes the characteristics of the RTC battery:

Use	In the event of a transient power outage, the battery powers the RTC.	
Duration of backup	At least 60 days at 25 $^{\circ}$ C max (77 $^{\circ}$ F). At higher temperatures, the duration of backup is reduced.	
Battery monitoring features	Yes	

NOTE: This battery is not replaceable.

Section 3.2

I/O Management

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Input Management	54
Output Management	57

Input Management

Overview

The HMISCU includes 2 fast inputs.

The following functions are configurable on regular and/or fast inputs:

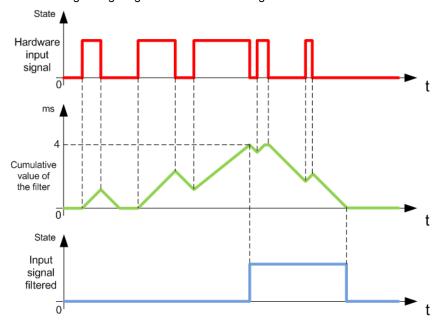
- Filters (depends on the function associated with the input).
- 2 fast inputs can be either latched or used for events (rising edge, falling edge, or both) and thus be linked to an external task (up to 2).
- Any digital input can be used for the Run/Stop function.
- Some of the inputs can be used by HSC, PTO, and PWM functions.

NOTE: All inputs by default can be used as regular inputs.

Integrator Filter Principle

The integrator filter is designed to reduce the effect of noise. Setting a filter value allows the controller to ignore sudden changes of input levels caused by noise.

The following timing diagram illustrates the integrator filter effects for a value of 4 ms:

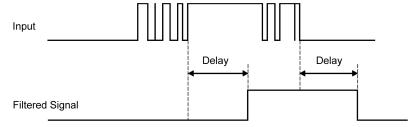


NOTE: The value selected for the filter's time parameter specifies the cumulative time in ms that must elapse before the input can be 1.

Bounce Filter Principle

The bounce filter is designed to reduce the bouncing effect at the inputs. Setting a bounce filter value allows the controller to ignore sudden changes of input levels caused by noise. The bounce filter is only available on the fast inputs.

The following timing diagram illustrates the anti-bounce filter effects:



Bounce Filter Availability

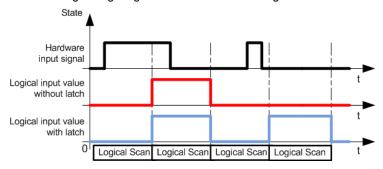
You can use the bounce filter on a fast input when:

- Using a latch or event.
- No HSC is enabled.

Latching

Latching is a function that can be assigned to the HMISCU fast inputs. Use this function to memorize (or latch) any pulse with a duration less than the HMISCU scan time. When a pulse is shorter than one scan, the controller latches the pulse, which is then updated in the next scan. This latching mechanism only recognizes rising edges. Falling edges cannot be latched. Assigning inputs to latch with the I/O configuration screen in SoMachine.

The following timing diagram illustrates the latching effects:



Event

You can associate an input configured for Event with an External Task (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).

RUN/STOP

Use the Run/Stop function to start or stop a program using an input:

- When the configured Run/Stop input is at logic 0, the controller is put into a Stop state and any
 outside command to enter the Run state is ignored.
- A rising edge (passing from 0 to 1) of the Run/Stop input starts the application as the controller enters the Run state.
- Run/Stop commands to SoMachine may also be issued from the HMI via touch switches on a panel. Refer to Commanding State Transitions (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).
- Vijeo Designer has an Controller Lockout feature for added safety, which will help prevent Run when active (this has priority over all methods of RUN). Refer to Controller Lockout feature (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).
- When the configured Run/Stop input is at logic 1, then the controller program is running unless otherwise commanded by SoMachine (Run/Stop commands from SoMachine are allowed).

A WARNING

UNINTENDED MACHINE OR PROCESS START-UP

- Verify the state of security of your machine or process environment before applying power to the Run/Stop input.
- Use the Run/Stop input to help prevent the unintentional start-up from a remote location.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

For more information, refer to Embedded I/O configuration (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).

Output Management

Introduction

The HMISCU Controller includes regular outputs and fast outputs.

The following output functions are configurable on fast outputs:

- pulse train output (PTO)
- pulse width modulation (PWM)

NOTE: By default, all outputs can be used as regular outputs.

Fast Output Management Availability

The information refers to all HMISCU Controllers with fast outputs:

Function		PTO / PWM
Channel Number		Channel Name
Transistor output	FQ0	PTO0 Output0
Transistor output	FQ1	PTO1 Output1

Fallback Modes (Behavior for Outputs in Stop)

When the controller enters the STOP or EXCEPTION state for any reason, the local outputs are set to the fallback values. 2 modes are available:

Set all outputs to default: Each output is set to the configured default value, either 0 or 1 (initially set to 0 in the configuration).

Keep current values: Each output remains in its current state.

The fallback settings that may be configured (fallback to 0, fallback to 1, or fallback to the current state) do not apply to fast outputs if these outputs are configured for embedded function. If a detected error results in the controller entering fallback mode, these outputs will assume a value of 0 regardless of the configured fallback setting.

▲ WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Design and program your system so that controlled equipment assumes a safe state when the controller enters fallback mode if you use fast outputs for embedded function.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

NOTE:

- Fallback configuration for outputs does not apply when fast outputs are used for embedded function. In these cases fallback value is always 0.
- In case of fallback for PTO embedded function, any ongoing move is aborted and ramp-down to 0 (controlled stop feature).

Short-circuit or Over-Current on Outputs

In the case of short-circuit or over-current on outputs, there are 2 groups of outputs:

- Group 3: fast outputs
- Group 1 and 2: relay outputs

There is a short circuit protection for Group 1 from outputs to V-. However there is no other short circuit protection on the outputs.

For HMISCU•A5 (type DIO), in the case of short-circuit or over-current on outputs, there are different considerations for the 2 groups of outputs:

- Group 3 (FQ0 to FQ1): 2 fast outputs
- Group 1 and 2 (DQ0 to DQ7): 8 regular outputs

For HMISCU•B5 (type DIO and AIO), in the case of short-circuit or over-current on outputs, there are different considerations for the 2 groups of outputs:

- Group 3 (FQ0 to FQ1): 2 fast outputs
- Group 1 and 2 (DQ0 to DQ5): 6 regular outputs

NOTE: Groups are defined in terminal block description in the presentation of each controller chapter.

The table describes the detection:

If	then
you have a short-circuit at 0 V on group 3	group 3 automatically goes into thermal protection mode (all fast, PWM outputs set to 0 and PTO outputs run an immediate stop) and then periodically rearmed every 10 seconds to test the connection state (see warning below).
you have a short-circuit at 24 V on group 3	group 3 automatically goes into protection mode and is then periodically rearmed every 200 microseconds to test the connection state.

NOTE: The information in the table does not apply to relay outputs.

For more information on protecting outputs, refer to your controller wiring diagram and to the general wiring rules (see page 37).

NOTE: The short-circuit diagnostic for each category is provided by the function GetshortcutStatus (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, PLCSystem Library Guide).

The regular outputs of this equipment do not have built-in reverse polarity protection. Incorrectly connecting polarity can permanently damage the output circuits or otherwise result in unintended operation of the equipment.

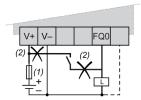
NOTICE

DAMAGE TO FAST OUTPUTS

- Ensure the use of adequate protection against short-circuits on the power supply to the fast outputs.
- Do not connect positive voltage to any of the DC fast output terminals.
- Comply with the wiring diagrams immediately that follow this message.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Example of incorrect wiring:



- 1 2 A fast-blow fuse
- 2 Incorrect wiring

A WARNING

UNINTENDED MACHINE START-UP

Inhibit the automatic rearming of outputs if this feature is an undesirable behavior for your machine or process.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Wiring Considerations

NOTE: The power supply of PTO/PWM circuit runs before the system power runs, otherwise the error of PTO/PWM occurs.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Wire the outputs correctly according to the wiring diagram.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

If your controller or module contains relay outputs, these types of outputs can support up to 240 Vac. Inductive damage to these types of outputs can result in welded contacts and loss of control. Each inductive load must include a protection device such as a peak limiter, RC circuit or flyback diode. Capacitive loads are not supported by these relays.

A WARNING

RELAY OUTPUTS WELDED CLOSED

- Always protect relay outputs from inductive alternating current load damage using an appropriate external protective circuit or device.
- Do not connect relay outputs to capacitive loads.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Chapter 4

Device Connectivity

Introduction

This chapter presents the equipment you can connect to the HMISCU panel.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

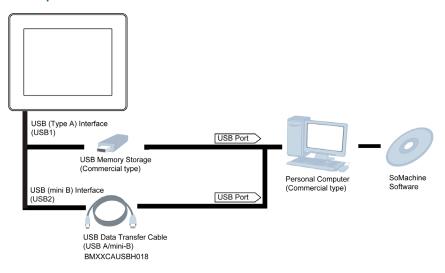
Topic	Page
System Design	62
Interface Accessories	64

System Design

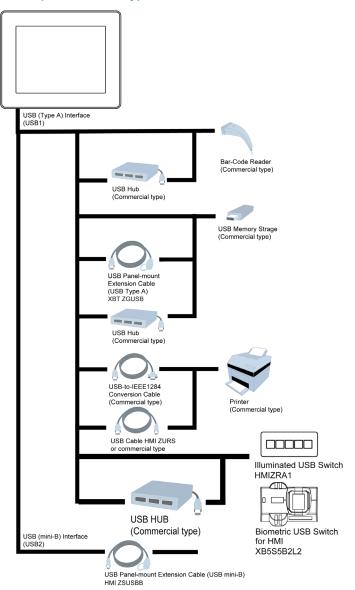
Introduction

The following diagrams represent the main selection of equipment you can connect to the panels.

Edit Mode Peripherals



Run Mode Peripherals - USB Type A/Mini B Interface



Interface Accessories

Serial Interface Items

Reference Number	Description
XBTZ9780 (2.5 m/8.20 ft) XBTZ9782 (10 m/32.80 ft)	Connects COM1 to Premium, Micro or Twido PLC.
XBTZ9980 (2.5 m/8.20 ft) XBTZ9982 (10 m/32.8 ft)	Connects COM1 to Modicon M238, M258, or M340
VW3A8306	Connects COM1 to derivation box TSXSCA62
VW3A8306R10	Connects COM1 to ATV drives, a hub LU9GC3 or fieldbus taps TWDXCAT3RJ or TWDXCAISO
XBTZG939 + XBTZ988 or XBTZ9715	Connects COM1 port to Advantys STB
XBTZG939	Cable adapter COM1, RJ45
XBTZ968 XBTZ9680 XBTZ9681	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to Premium, Micro or Twido PLC
XBTZ9710	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to Quantum PLC
XBTZ9711	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to Momentum PLC
XBTZ908	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to derivation box TSXSCA62
XBTZ938	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to ATV drives, a hub LU9GC3 or fieldbus taps TWDXCAT3RJ or TWDXCAISO
XBTZ918	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to Premium SCY
XBTZ988	Connects COM1 port with XBTZ adapter to Advantys STB
XBTZ9733	Connects COM1 to Rockwell DF1 Logix PLC
XBTZ9734	Connects COM1 to Rockwell DH485 Logix PLC
XBTZ980 or HMIZ950 (without adaptor)	Connects COM1 with XBT Z adapter to Mitsubishi PLC FX series CPU
XBTZ9743	Connects COM1 to Omron PLC Sysmac Link series
XBTZ9730 XBTZ9731	Connects COM1 with XBT Z adapter to Rockwell DF1 PLC
XBTZ9732	Connects COM1 with XBT Z adapter to Rockwell DH485 PLC
XBTZ9740	Connects COM1 with XBT Z adapter to Omron PLC Sysmac Link series

USB Interface Items

Reference Name	Reference Number	Description
USB extension cable	XBTZGUSB	Extends a USB Type A host interface on a cabinet with waterproofing
	HMIZSUBB	Extends a USB mini B host interface on a cabinet with waterproofing
USB conversion cable	HMIZURS	Converts a USB Type A host interface to RS-232
USB data transfer cable	XBTZG935	Connects the panel to a personal computer for transferring screen data and user programs
	BMXXCAUSBH018	Connects the USB Mini-B USB to a USB terminal port of a PC

Software

Reference Name	Description
Vijeo Designer (Version 6.1 SP3 or later)	Software installed on a PC for creating HMI project data
SoMachine	Software used to create HMI project data. It is installed on a personal computer.

Maintenance Options

Reference Name	Reference Number	Description		
USB STD A holder	HMIZSCPL2	Fastens onto a USB interface and prevents the USB cable from being disconnected.		
USB mini B holder	HMIZSCPL4	Fastens onto a USB interface and prevents the USB cable from being disconnected.		
Power supply connector	XBTZGPWS1	Set of 5 power connectors		
Protection	HMIZS61	Set of 5 screen protective sheets. These are for the small display module (3.5 in.)		
	HMIZSU62	Set of 5 screen protective sheets. These are for the large display module (5.7 in.)		
Accessory kit	HMIZSUKIT	Accessory Kit for HMISCU, contains: USB standard Type A cable holder USB mini B cable holder Anti-rotation tee 2 panel adaptors		
Tightening wrench	ZB5AZ905	Wrench for tightening the head fixing nut.		
Head mounting nut	ZB5AZ901	Set of 10 nuts diameter 22 mm (0.86 in.)		

CANopen Cables and Connectors Parts

Reference Name	Reference Number	Description
Recommended cable connector	TSXCANKCDF180T	Straight connector with terminal selector switch.
	TSXCANKCDF90T TSXCANKCDF90TP	Right-angled connector with terminal selector switch.
Recommended transfer cable	TSXCANCA50 TSXCANCA00	Cable for CANopen (IEC60332-1) 50 m/100 m (164.04 ft/328.08 ft).
	TSXCANCB50 TSXCANCB100	UL-approved cable for CANopen (IEC60332-2) 50 m/100 m (164.04 ft/328.08 ft).
Preassemble cord set cables - 2 sub D9 female connectors	TSXCANCADD03	0.3 m (0.98 ft)
	TSXCANCADD1	1 m (3.28 ft)
	TSXCANCADD3	3 m (9.84 ft)
	TSCANCADD5	5 m (16.40 ft)
Preassemble cord set cables - 1 Sub D9 and 1 RJ45 connectors	TSXCANCBDD03	0.3 m (0.98 ft)
	TSXCANCBDD1	1 m (3.28 ft)
	TSXCANCBDD3	3 m (9.84 ft)
	TSXCANCBDD5	5 m (16.40 ft)

Chapter 5 HMISCU Installation

Overview

This chapter provides installation safety guidelines, device dimensions, mounting instructions, and environmental specifications.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Торіс	Page
5.1	Mechanical Requirements	68
5.2	Electrical Requirements	93
5.3	USB Port	102

Section 5.1

Mechanical Requirements

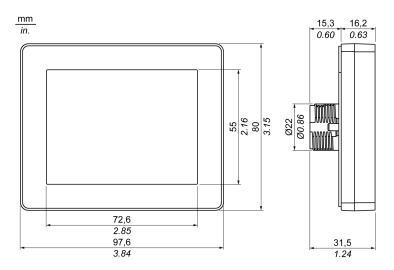
What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

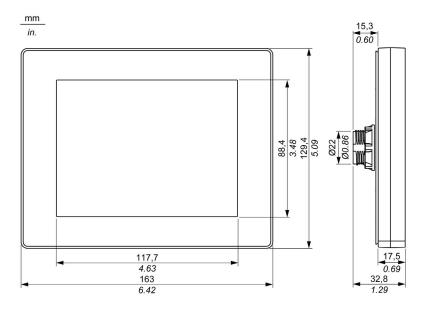
Торіс	Page
Dimensions	69
Panel Cut-Out Dimensions and Installation	
Installation Procedures	80
Mounting Positions	86
Mounting Clearances	87
DIN Rail	
Installing and Removing the Rear Module on a DIN Rail	

Dimensions

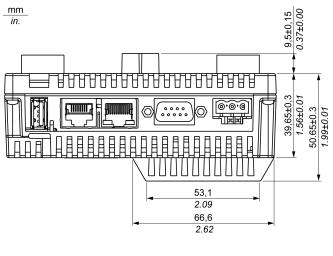
3.5 Inches Display Module

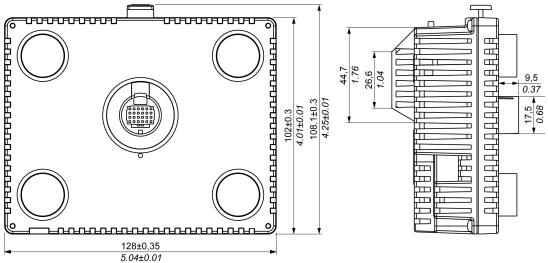


5.7 Inches Display Module

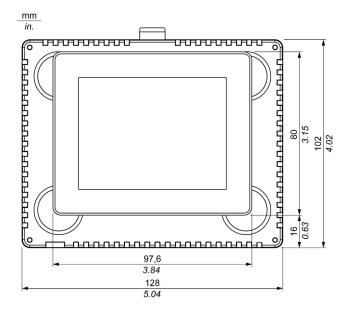


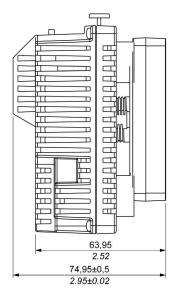
Rear Module



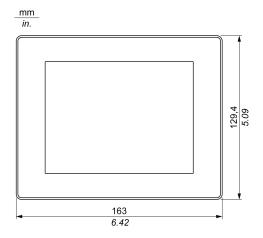


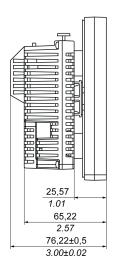
3.5 Inches Display Module and Rear Module



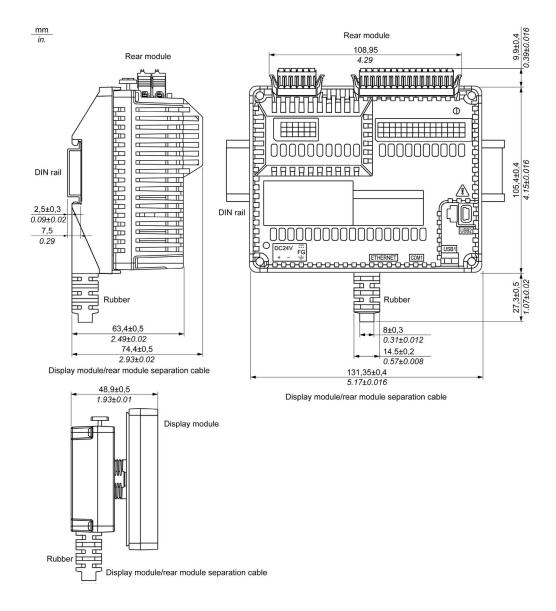


5.7 Inches Display Module and Rear Module





Display Module/Rear Module Separation Cable



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NOTE:

Use this display module/rear module separation cable when the rear module is installed on the rail:

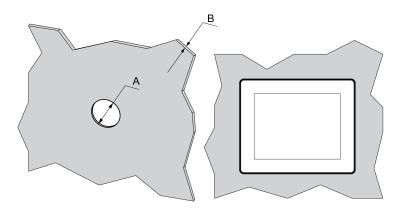
- The outer diameter of the cable is 8 mm (0.31 in.).
- The cable has 3 versions: 3 m (9.84 ft), 5 m (16.4 ft), and 10 m (32.8 ft).
- To assemble this product, you need 20 mm (0.78 in.) more space to bend the cable in the end of the rubber.

Panel Cut-Out Dimensions and Installation

Inserting a Display Module Without an Anti-Rotation Tee

Create a panel cut-out and insert the display module into the panel from the front.

The figure shows the panel cut-out:



Cut-out dimensions for mounting on a flat surface:

Α	B (1)	B (2)
22.50 ^{0/-0.30} mm (0.88 ^{0/-0.01} in.)	1.56 mm (0.060.23 in.)	36 mm (0.110.23 in.)
(1) Steel sheet(2) Glass fiber reinforced plastics (minimum GF30)		

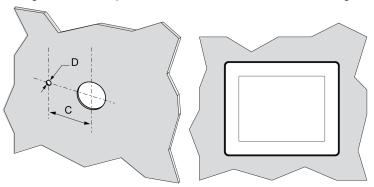
NOTE: Without the tee option, the display module supports a rotating torque of 2.5 N•m (22.12 lb-in).

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Inserting a Display Module With an Anti-Rotation Tee

Create a panel cut-out and insert the display module into the panel from the front.

The figure shows the panel cut-out for a HMISCU Controller using a tee:



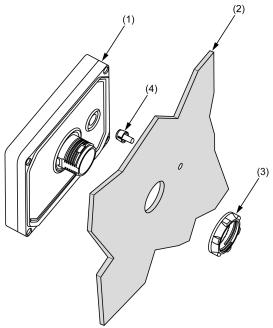
Cut-out dimensions for mounting on a flat surface:

С	D
30 ^{0/-0.20} mm	4 ^{0/-0.20} mm
(1.18 ^{0/-0.0007} in.)	(0.15 ^{0/-0.007} in.)

NOTE: With the tee option, the display module supports a rotating torque of 6 N•m (53.10 lb-in).

Installing the HMISCU Display

The figure shows the assembly:



- (1) Display module
- (2) Panel
- (3) Display installation nut(4) Anti-rotation tee

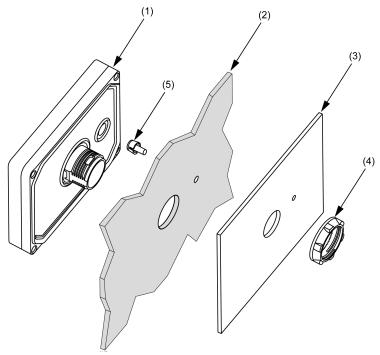
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Installing the HMISCU Display with an Adaptor

The panel adaptor, supplied in the accessory kit HMIZSUKIT, allows mounting the product on a:

- steel sheet support with a thickness between 1 and 1.5 mm (0.039 in. and 0.059 in.)
- plastic support with a thickness between 1 and 3 mm (0.039 in. and 0.118 in.)
- glass fiber reinforced plastic with a thickness between 2 and 3 mm (0.078 in. and 0.118 in.)

The figure shows the assembly with the HMI adaptor:



- (1) Display module
- (2) Panel
- (3) Panel adaptor
- (4) Display installation nut
- (5) Anti-rotation tee

Installation Procedures

Installing the HMISCU Controller

In order to correctly run an application on the Magelis SCU, both the display module and the rear module must be connected.

A WARNING

EXPLOSION HAZARD

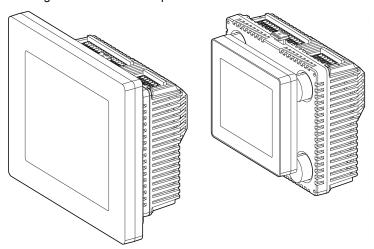
- Do not connect or disconnect while circuit is live.
- Potential electrostatic charging hazard: wipe the front panel of the terminal with a damp cloth before turning ON.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

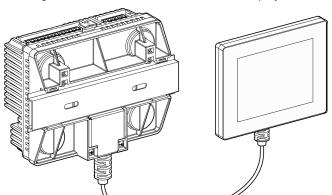
If you power up the rear module without connecting the display module, the logic controller does not start and all outputs remain in the initial state. The power must be off before connecting the modules.

There are 2 ways to install the HMISCU.

Installing the HMISCU on the panel:



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Installing the rear module on a DIN rail with a display module/rear module separation cable:

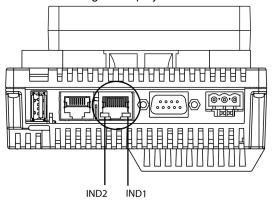
HMISCU Setup Procedure

Mount the unit in an enclosure that provides a clean, dry, robust, and controlled environment (IP65 enclosure or UL508 4x, if indoors). (see page 35)

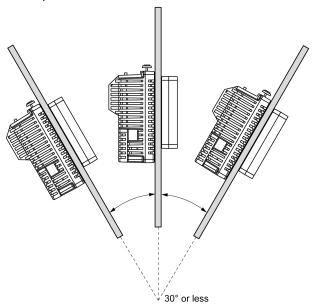
Before installing the HMISCU verify that:

- The installation panel or cabinet surface is flat (planarity tolerance: 0.5 mm (0.019 in.)), in good condition and has no jagged edges. Metal reinforcing strips may be attached to the inside of the panel, near the panel cut-out, to increase the rigidity.
- The panel is designed to avoid any induced vibration resonance on the rear module exceeding a punctual factor of 10 and avoids any induced permanent vibration resonance.
 To reduce the resonance use the panel adaptor accessory.
- The ambient operating temperature and the ambient humidity are within their specified ranges (see page 35). (When installing the panel in a cabinet or enclosure, the ambient operation temperature is the internal temperature of the cabinet or enclosure).
- The heat from surrounding equipment does not cause the unit to exceed its specified operating temperature (see page 35).

• When installing the display module in a horizontal position, the display must be on the top side:



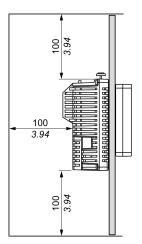
• The panel face is not inclined more than 30° when installing the unit in a slanted panel:

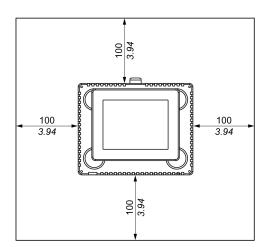


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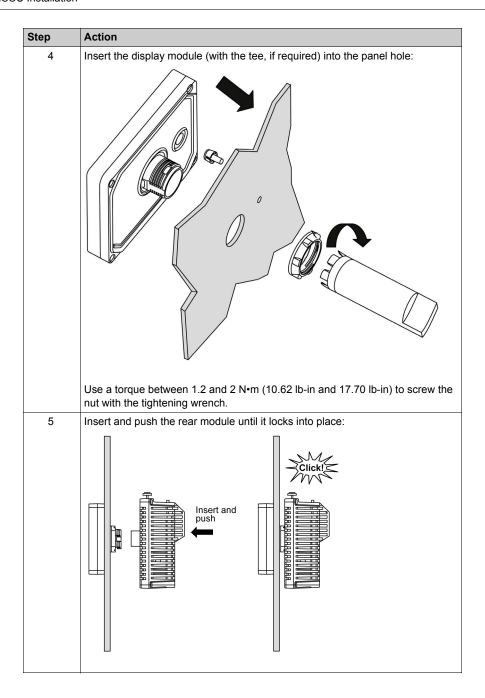
- The power plug is positioned vertically when the unit is vertically installed.
- The unit is at least 100 mm (3.94 in.) away from adjacent structures and other equipment for easier maintenance, operation, and improved ventilation:

mm in.

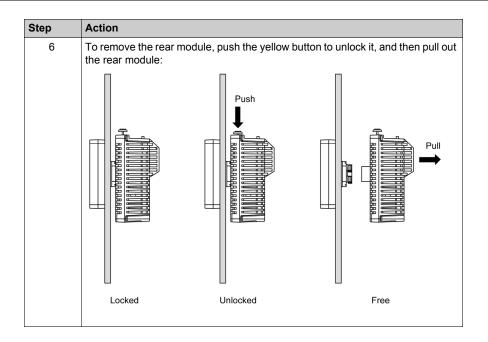




Step	Action
1	Place the unit on a clean and level surface with the display panel facing downward.
2	The support thickness depends on the material: • Metallic: between 1.5 and 6 mm (0.059 in. and 0.236 in.) • Plastic: between 3 and 6 mm (0.118 in. and 0.236 in.)
	If the thickness is between 1 and 1.5 mm (0.039 in. and 0.059 in.) for a metallic support or between 1 and 3 mm (0.039 in. and 0.118 in.) for plastic, use the panel adaptor supplied in accessory kit HMIZSUKIT (see page 65) (sold separately).
3	Create the correct sized holes required to install the unit, using the Panel Cut- Out Dimension and Installation (see page 76).



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NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

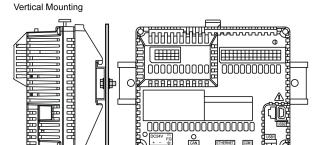
Be sure to remove the rear module from the display module without twisting.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Mounting Positions

Correct Mounting Position

If the display module is mounted separately, the rear module must be mounted vertically:

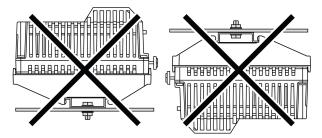


NOTE: Keep adequate spacing for proper ventilation to maintain an ambient temperature between 0...50 ° C (32...122 ° F).

Incorrect Mounting Position

The rear module should only be positioned as shown in the correct mounting position figure to help ensure adequate air flow through the product.

The figures show incorrect mounting positions:



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Mounting Clearances

Spacing

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Place devices dissipating the most heat at the top of the cabinet and ensure adequate ventilation.
- Avoid placing this equipment next to or above devices that might cause overheating.
- Install the equipment in a location providing the minimum clearances from all adjacent structures and equipment as directed in this document.
- Install all equipment in accordance with the specifications in the related documentation.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

NOTE: Keep adequate spacing for proper ventilation to maintain an ambient temperature between 0...50 °C (32...122 °F) for vertical installation and 0...40 °C (32...104 °F) for horizontal installation.

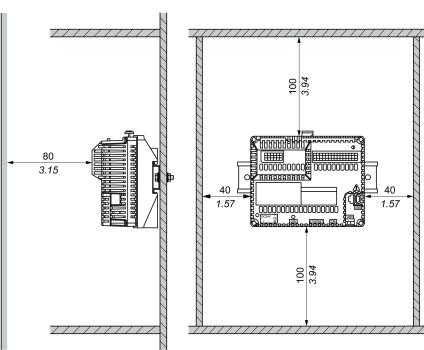
Mounting and Keeping HMISCU Ventilated

The rear module has been designed as an IP20 product and must be installed in an enclosure. The clearances must be respected when installing the product:

- Between the rear module and all sides of the cabinet (including the panel door).
- Between the rear module terminal blocks and the wiring ducts. This distance reduces Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) between the controller and the wiring ducts.
- Between the rear module and other heat generating devices installed in the same cabinet.

The figure shows the minimum clearances for the HMISCU controller:





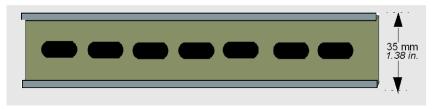
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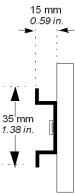
DIN Rail

Dimensions of the DIN Rail

You can mount the controller and its expansion parts on a DIN rail. A DIN rail can be attached to a smooth mounting surface or suspended from a EIA rack or a NEMA cabinet.

The DIN rail measures 35 mm (1.38 in.) high and 15 mm (0.59 in.) deep, as shown below:





Recommended Equipment

Rail Depth	Catalog Reference Number
15 mm (0.59 in.)	AM1DE200

Installing and Removing the Rear Module on a DIN Rail

Overview

This section describes how to install and remove the rear module on a DIN rail.

NOTE: The HMISCU should always have the display module and controller module connected for an application to function properly.

If the rear module is powered without it being directly connected (or connected with a separation cable) to the display module, the PLC Logic goes into the STOP mode with I/Os in a fallback mode.

A WARNING

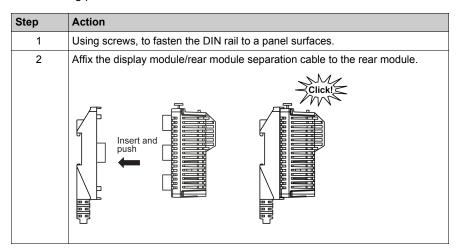
EXPLOSION HAZARD

- Do not connect or disconnect while circuit is live.
- Potential electrostatic charging hazard: wipe the front panel of the terminal with a damp cloth before turning ON.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Installing the Rear Module on a DIN Rail

The following procedure describes how to install the rear module on a DIN rail:

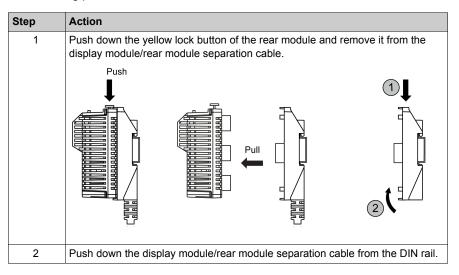


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Step	Action
3	Position the top groove of the rear module on the top edge of the DIN rail and press the assembly against the DIN rail until you hear the DIN rail clip click into place.
4	NOTE: Type AB1 AB8P35 or equivalent terminal block end clamps help minimize sideways movement and improve the shock and vibration characteristics of the controller assembly. Install the display on the cabinet and affix the display module/rear module
	separation cable to the display.

Removing the Rear Module from a DIN Rail

The following procedure describes how to remove the rear module from a DIN rail:



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Section 5.2

Electrical Requirements

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring	94
Connecting the Power Cord	
Connecting the Power Supply	100

Power Supply Characteristics and Wiring

Overview

This section provides the wiring diagrams and the characteristics of the DC power supply.

Power Supply Voltage Range

If the specified voltage range is not maintained, outputs may not switch as expected. Use appropriate safety interlocks and voltage monitoring circuits.

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables

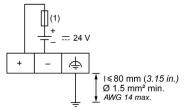
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

DC Power Supply Characteristics

Reference		Specification	
Voltage	rated	24 Vdc	
	range	20.428.8 Vdc	
Power interruption time		10 ms at 20.4 Vdc	
Maximum inrush current		30 A at 25 °C (77 °F) and at 28.8 Vdc	
Continuous output power	with display	HMISCU6A5 and HMISCU8A5: 12.6 W	HMISCU6B5 and HMISCU8B5: 12.6 W
	without display	HMISAC: 11 W	HMISBC: 11 W
Insulation resistance		500 Vdc, 10 MΩ or more	
Isolation between DC power supply and internal logic, I/O, and protective ground (PE)		500 Vdc for 1 minute	
Power supply reverse protection		Yes	

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DC Power Supply Wiring Diagram



1 Use an external, slow-blow, 2 A type T fuse.

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Power Interruption

The duration of power interruptions where the HMISCU continues normal operation is variable depending upon the load to the power supply of the controller, but generally a minimum of 10 ms is maintained as specified by IEC standards.

If there is a minimum load on the controller power supply, the interruption can be as long as 400 ms.

When planning the management of the power supplied to the controller, you must consider the duration due to the fast cycle time.

There could potentially be many scans of the logic and consequential updates to the I/O image table during the power interruption, while there is no external power supplied to the inputs, the outputs or both depending on the power system architecture and power interruption circumstances.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Individually monitor each source of power used in the HMISCU system including input power supplies, output power supplies, and the power supply to the controller to allow appropriate system shutdown during power system interruptions.
- The inputs monitoring each of the power supply sources must be unfiltered inputs.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

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Connecting the Power Cord

Introduction

Follow these instructions when supplying power to the unit:

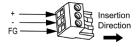
- When the frame ground (FG) terminal is connected, verify the wire is grounded. Not grounding
 the unit can result in excessive Electromagnetic Interference (EMI). Grounding is required to
 meet EMC level immunity.
- The shield ground (SG) and FG terminals are connected internally in the unit.
- Remove power before wiring to the power terminals of the unit.
- The unit uses 24 Vdc power. Using any other level of power can damage both the power supply and the unit.
- Since the unit is not equipped with a power switch, connect a power switch to the unit's power supply.
- Field wiring terminal marking for wire type (75 °C (167 °F) copper conductors only).

Power Cord Preparation

Before using your power cord:

- Verify that the ground wire is the same gauge or heavier than the power wires.
- Do not use aluminum wires for the power cord for power supply.
- If the conductor end (individual) wires are not twisted correctly, the end wires may either short loop to each other or against an electrode. To avoid this, use D25CE/AZ5CE cable ends.
- Use wires that are 0.75 to 2.5 mm² (18 to 12 AWG) for the power cord, and twist the wire ends before attaching the terminals.
- The conductor type is solid or stranded wire.
- To reduce electromagnetic noise, make the power cord as short as possible.

Power Plug



Connection	Wire
+	24 Vdc
-	0 Vdc
FG	Grounded terminal connected to the unit chassis

Connecting the Power Cord

The table explains how to connect the power plug:

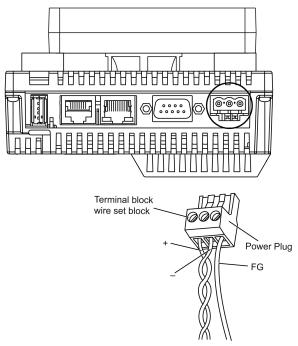
Step	Action
1	Remove the power cord from the power supply.
2	Remove the power plug from the unit.
3	Remove 7 mm (0.28 in.) of the vinyl cover of each of the power cord wires.
4	If using stranded wire, twist the ends. Tinning the ends with solder reduces the risk of fraying and enhances electrical transfer.
5	Connect the wires to the power plug by using a flat-blade screwdriver (size 0.6 x 3.5 mm (0.02 x 0.14 in)).
6	Torque the mounting screws: 0.50.6 N•m (4.45.2 lb-in).
7	Replace the power plug to the power connector.

NOTE:

- Do not solder the wire directly to the power receptacle pin.
- The power supply cord must meet the specification shown above. Twist the power cords together, up to the power plug, for EMC compliance.
- Use field wiring terminal marking for wire type (75 °C (167 °F) copper conductors only).

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The figure shows the connection of the power cord:



Connecting the Power Supply

Precautions

- Use the power plug to connect the power cord to the power connector on the side of the rear module.
- Use a regulated power supply with a Class 2 power supply between the line and the ground.
- Do not bundle the power supply cord with, or keep close to, main circuit lines (high voltage, high current), or input/output signal lines.
- Connect a lightning surge absorber to handle power surges.

Excessive stress on the power connection or attempting to install a rear module with the power cables connected may disconnect, or cause damage, to the power connections. This can cause short circuits, fire, or unintended equipment operation.

A WARNING

SHORT CIRCUITS, FIRE, OR UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Avoid excessive force on the power cable to prevent accidental disconnections:

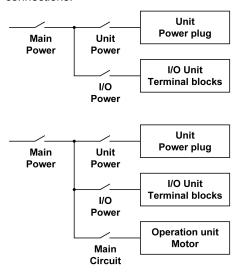
- Securely attach power cables to the panel or cabinet.
- Use the designated torque to tighten the rear module terminal block screws.
- Install and fasten the rear module on the installation panel or cabinet prior to connecting power supply and communication lines.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

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Power Supply Connections

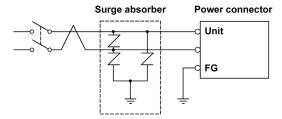
For maintenance purpose, use the following connection diagram to set up your power supply connections:



NOTE:

- Ground the surge absorber separately from the rear module.
- Select a surge absorber that has a maximum circuit voltage greater than the peak voltage of the power supply.

The diagram illustrates a lightning surge absorber connection:



Section 5.3 USB Port

Overview

This section presents the USB port.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
USB Data Transfer Cable - USB Driver Installation	103
USB (Type A)	105
USB (mini-B)	108

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USB Data Transfer Cable - USB Driver Installation

Important Information

Follow these instructions to avoid damage to the cable connector or the unit:

- Do not connect the USB data transfer cable until told to do so in the instructions.
- Insert the connector at the correct angle when connecting the USB data transfer cable to the PC or to the unit.
- Hold the connector, not the cable itself when disconnecting the cable.
- Use the port designated during installation. If the cable is unplugged from the port designated during installation and connected to a different port, the Operating System (OS) will not recognize the new port.
- Restart the PC and quit all resident applications before reinstalling the software if the installation
 does not complete successfully.

NOTE: Vijeo Designer must be installed before installing the USB driver.

Installation Procedure

Step	Action
1	Insert the Vijeo Designer Installation CD-ROM into your CD-ROM drive. The setup window for Vijeo Designer opens automatically. If not, at the Windows Start menu, click Run and type x:\install.exe (where x is your CD-ROM drive name).
2	In the install menu, select USB Driver.
3	Select the driver you want to install from the window that appears. For the USB cable, select Install USB driver for
4	A popup window appears stating the installation of the driver was successful.
5	Connect the USB cable to the computer. Windows automatically detects the cable and states that the device is ready to use.

Post-Installation Check

Perform the following check after installation:

Step	Action
1	On the target machine, check that the USB cable is physically connected to the USB port.
2	On the PC, check that the USB cable is physically connected to the USB port.
3	On the desktop, right-click My Computer and click Properties.
4	In System Properties dialog box, select Hardware tab, and then click Device Manager.
5	In Device Manager , the USB link cable is displayed below the USB controller.

Troubleshooting

Detected Problem/Symptom	Solution
The USB cable is not recognized.	Connect the cable correctly, or restart your PC. Also, when connecting a USB hub, connect it directly to your PC USB.
Overcurrent occurred.	
The plug and play is not functioning correctly.	
You are unable to use the USB cable after connecting it to a USB hub.	The power supplied from the hub may be insufficient. Check that the hub is self-powered.
	Connect the cable directly to the PC USB port.
After installation, a ? is displayed when you try to confirm the cable status via the Device Manager.	The driver has not been installed correctly. Uninstall the driver and reinstall it.

Uninstalling the USB Driver

Step	Action
1	Click the USB device icon, Stop USB link cable , in the Windows task tray and then click Stop USB link cable (BMXXCAUSBH018) for Windows 2000, or Safely remove USB link cable (BMXXCAUSBH018) for Windows XP.
2	When the Safe To Remove Hardware message box appears, remove the USB download cable.
3	Click OK to close the message box.

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USB (Type A)

Introduction

A WARNING

RISK OF EXPLOSION IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

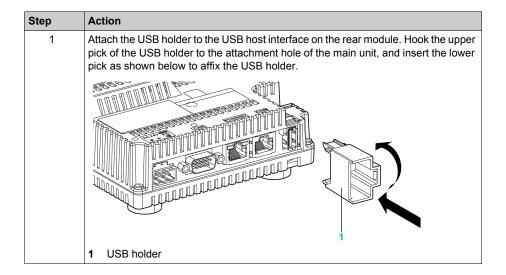
In hazardous locations as described in ANSI/ISA - 12.12.01:

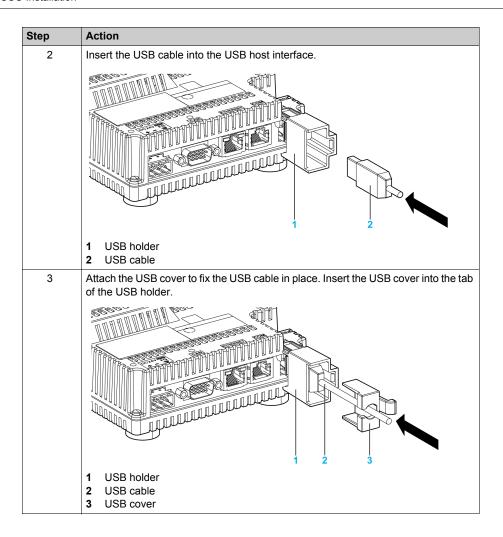
- Confirm that the USB cable has been attached with the USB cable clamp before using the USB host interface.
- Remove power before attaching or detaching any connector(s) to or from the unit.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

When using a USB device, you can attach a USB holder to the USB interface on the side of the unit to help prevent the USB cable from being disconnected.

Attaching the USB Holder

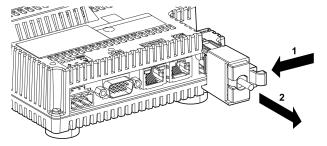




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Removing the USB Holder

Push the tab of the USB holder to the left and then remove the USB cover.



USB (mini-B)

Introduction

A WARNING

RISK OF EXPLOSION IN HAZARDOUS LOCATIONS

In hazardous locations as described in ANSI/ISA - 12.12.01:

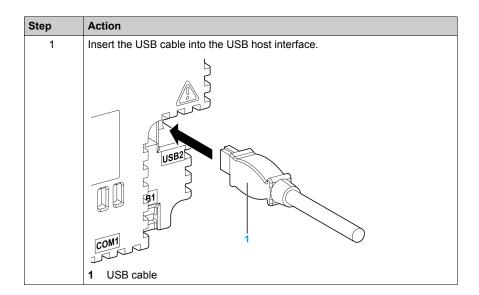
- Confirm that the USB cable has been attached with the USB cable clamp before using the USB host interface.
- Remove power before attaching or detaching any connector(s) to or from the unit.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

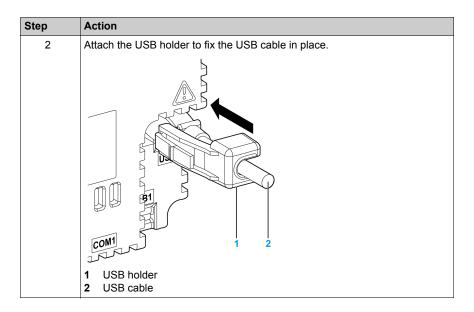
When using a USB device, you can attach a USB holder to the USB interface on the unit to help prevent the USB cable from being disconnected.

NOTE: The USB holder is supplied in the accessory kit HMIZSUKIT (sold separately).

Attaching the USB Holder

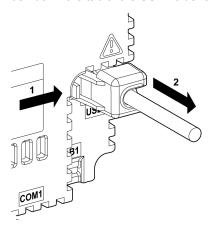


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Removing the USB Holder

Push down the tab of the USB holder and then remove the USB holder.



Part II HMISCU Controller and Display Modules

Overview

This part describes the HMISCU Controller and the display modules.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
6	HMISCU•A5 (type DIO)	113
7	HMISCU•B5 (type DIO and AIO)	123
8	Display Modules	137

Chapter 6 HMISCU•A5 (type DIO)

Overview

This chapter describes the HMISCU•A5 (type DIO) and HMISAC. The HMISAC rear module is available individually as just the rear module and that the HMIS65 and HMIS65 display modules can be also ordered separately.

What Is in This Chapter?

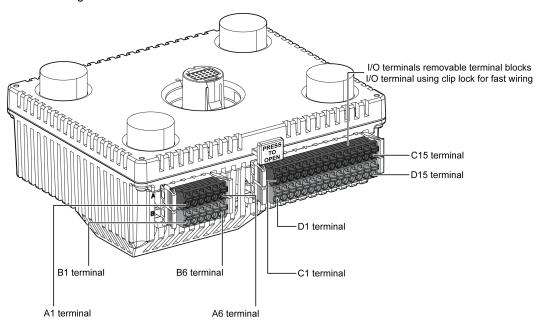
This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Presentation	114
Digital Inputs	117
Digital Outputs	120

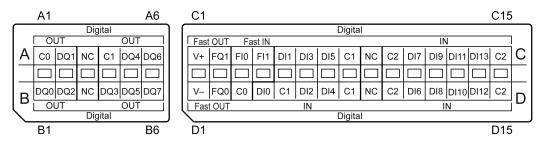
Presentation

Terminal Blocks

The figure shows the terminal blocks:



The figure shows the pin assignment of the terminal blocks:



NOTE: Confirm the connector label ABCD and the stamp ABCD on the unit before wiring.

The table shows the group and signal names of the terminal blocks	The table shows the	group and signal	I names of the	terminal blocks:
---	---------------------	------------------	----------------	------------------

Pin Arrangement	Group	Pin	Signal Name	Group	Pin	Signal Name
	1	A1	C0	1	B1	DQ0
B1 (0111) A1		A2	DQ1		B2	DQ2
		A3	NC		В3	NC
	2	A4	C1	2	B4	DQ3
		A5	DQ4		B5	DQ5
B6 OID OID A6		A6	DQ6		B6	DQ7

The table shows the group and signal names of the terminal blocks:

Pin Arrangement	Group	Pin	Signal Name	Group	Pin	Signal Name
	3	C1	V+	3	D1	V-
D1 OTTO C1		C2	FQ1		D2	FQ0
	4	C3	FI0	4	D3	C0
		C4	FI1	5	D4	DI0
	5	C5	DI1		D5	C1
		C6	DI3		D6	DI2
		C7	DI5		D7	DI4
		C8	C1		D8	C1
		C9	NC		D9	NC
	6	C10	C2	6	D10	C2
D15 OID OID C15		C11	DI7		D11	DI6
		C12	DI9		D12	DI8
		C13	DI11		D13	DI10
		C14	DI13		D14	DI12
		C15	C2		D15	C2

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any
 covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except
 under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when
 indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a
 proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Digital Inputs

Overview

The rear module is equipped with 16 digital inputs.

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Input Management Functions Availability

The table describes the possible usage of the rear module inputs:

Function			Input Fun	ction	HSC/PTO/PWM Function			
Function		None	Run/Stop	Latch	Event			
Filter Type)	Integrator	Integrator	Bounce	Bounce	HSC	PTO	PWM
Fast	FI0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Α	_	-
Input ¹	FI1	Х	Х	Х	Х	B/EN	_	_
Regular	DI0	Х	Х	-	-	SYNC	_	-
Input	DI1	Х	Х	_	_	CAP	_	-
	DI2	Х	Х	_	-	_	AUX - Drive Ready	EN
	DI3	Х	X	_	_	_	_	SYNC
	DI4	Х	Х	_	_	_	_	EN
	DI5	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	SYNC
	DI6	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	-
	DI7	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	_
	DI8	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	-
	DI9	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	-
	DI10	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	_
	DI11	Х	Х	-	-	-	_	-
	DI12	Х	Х	_	-	_	-	_
	DI13	Х	Х	_	-	_	_	_

X Yes

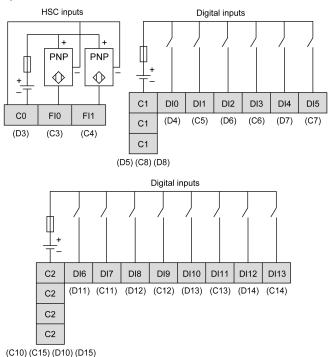
- No

Can also be used as a regular input

NOTE: You can use filters and functions to manage the HMI controller inputs (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).

Wiring Diagram

The figure describes the wiring diagram of the HMISCU6A5, HMISCU8A5 and HMISAC digital inputs:



NOTE: The digital inputs are sink type (positive logical).

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Use the sensor and actuator power supply only for supplying power to sensors or actuators connected to the module.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Digital Outputs

Overview

The rear module is equipped with 8 relay outputs and 2 transistor outputs that you can manage (see page 57).

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Output Management Functions Availability

The table describes the possible usage of the rear module outputs:

Function		Output Function					
Function		None/RUN/STOP	Latch/Event	PWM/PTO/HSC			
Filter Type		Integrator	Bounce				
Fast	FQ0	X	Х	Х			
Output ¹	FQ1	X	Х	Х			
Digital	DQ0	X	_	_			
Output	DQ1	X	_	_			
	DQ2	X	_	_			
	DQ3	X	_	_			
	DQ4	X	_	_			
	DQ5	X	_	_			
	DQ6	X	_	_			
	DQ7	X	_	_			

X Yes

- No

1 Can also be used as a regular output

Fast Output Wiring Diagram

For additional information about fast output protection, refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage (see page 38).

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Wire the outputs correctly according to the wiring diagram.

Digital outputs

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Wiring Diagram

The figure describes the wiring diagram of the HMISCU6A5, HMISCU8A5 and HMISAC digital outputs:

(A1) (B1) (A2) (B2) (A4) (B4) (A5) (B5) (A6) (B6) C0 DQ0 DQ1 DQ2 C1 DQ3 DQ4 DQ5 DQ6 DQ7 (NO) (1) PWM outputs (D1) (C2) (C1) (D2) COM V-V+ FQ0 FQ1

To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential damage by reverse EMF when using inductive load, connect:

- a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load
- an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Chapter 7 HMISCU•B5 (type DIO and AIO)

Overview

This chapter describes the HMISCU•B5 (type DIO and AIO) and HMISBC. The HMISBC rear module is available individually as just the rear module and that the HMIS65 and HMIS65 display modules can be also ordered separately.

What Is in This Chapter?

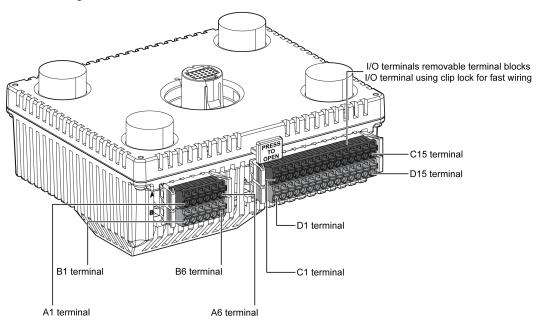
This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Presentation	124
Digital Inputs	127
Digital Outputs	129
Analog Inputs and Analog Outputs	132

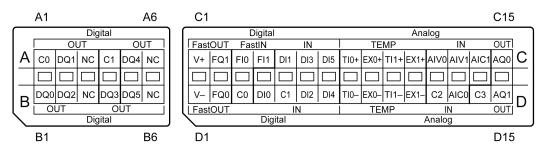
Presentation

Terminal Blocks

The figure shows the terminal blocks:



The figure shows the pin assignment of the terminal blocks:



NOTE: Confirm the connector label ABCD and the stamp ABCD on the unit before wiring.

The table shows the	group and the	e signal name	of the terminal blocks:

Pin Arrangement	Group	Pin	Signal Name	Group	Pin	Signal Name
	1	A1	C0	1	B1	DQ0
B1 OIT A1		A2	DQ1		B2	DQ2
		A3	NC		B3	NC
	2	A4	C1	2	B4	DQ3
		A5	DQ4		B5	DQ5
B6 QID QID A6		A6	NC		B6	NC

The table shows the group and signal names of the terminal blocks:

Pin Arrangement	Group	Pin	Signal Name	Group	Pin	Signal Name
	3	C1	V+	3	D1	V-
D1 OND OND C1		C2	FQ1		D2	FQ0
	4	C3	FI0	4	D3	C0
		C4	FI1	5	D4	DI0
	5	C5	DI1		D5	C1
		C6	DI3		D6	DI2
		C7	DI5		D7	DI4
	6	C8	TIO+	6	D8	TIO-
		C9	EX0+		D9	EX0-
		C10	TI1+		D10	TI1-
		C11	EX1+		D11	EX1-
D15 OID OID C15	7	C12	AIV0	7	D12	C2
		C13	AIV1		D13	AIC0
		C14	AIC1	8	D14	C3
	8	C15	AQ0		D15	AQ1

A A DANGER

HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION OR ARC FLASH

- Disconnect all power from all equipment including connected devices prior to removing any
 covers or doors, or installing or removing any accessories, hardware, cables, or wires except
 under the specific conditions specified in the appropriate hardware guide for this equipment.
- Always use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm the power is off where and when
 indicated.
- Replace and secure all covers, accessories, hardware, cables, and wires and confirm that a
 proper ground connection exists before applying power to the unit.
- Use only the specified voltage when operating this equipment and any associated products.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Digital Inputs

Overview

The rear module is equipped with 8 digital inputs.

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Input Management Functions Availability

The table describes the possible usage of the rear module inputs:

Funct	ion		Input Fu	ınction	HSC/PTO/PWM Function			
1 unce	1011	None	Run/Stop	Latch	Event			
Filter Typ	е	Integrator	Integrator	Bounce	Bounce	HSC	PTO	PWM
Fast	FI0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Α	_	_
Input ¹	FI1	Х	Х	Х	Х	B/EN	_	-
Regular	DI0	Х	Х	-	-	SYNC	_	-
Input	DI1	Х	Х	-	-	CAP	_	-
	DI2	Х	Х	-	-	-	AUX - Drive Ready	EN
	DI3	Х	Х	_	-	-	_	SYNC
	DI4	Х	Х	-	-	_	-	EN
	DI5	Х	Х	_	_	-	_	SYNC

X Yes

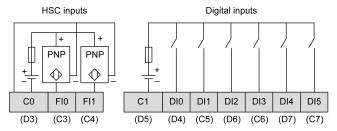
- No

1 Can also be used as a regular input

NOTE: You can use filters and functions to manage the HMI controller inputs (see Magelis SCU, HMI Controller, Programming Guide).

Wiring Diagram

The figure describes the wiring diagram of the HMISCU6B5, HMISCU8B5 and HMISBC digital inputs:



NOTE: The digital inputs are sink type (positive logical).



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Use the sensor and actuator power supply only for supplying power to sensors or actuators connected to the module.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Digital Outputs

Overview

The rear module is equipped with 6 relay outputs and 2 transistor outputs that you can manage (see page 57).

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Output Management Functions Availability

The table describes the possible usage of the rear module outputs:

Function		Output Function		
		None/Run/Stop	Latch/Event	PWM/PTO/HSC
Filter Type		Integrator	Bounce	
Fast	FQ0	Х	X	Х
Output ¹	FQ1	Х	X	Х
Digital	DQ0	Х	_	_
Output	DQ1	Х	_	-
	DQ2	Х	_	-
	DQ3	Х	_	-
	DQ4	Х	_	_
	DQ5	Х	_	-

X Yes

- No

1 Can also be used as a regular output

Fast Output Wiring Diagram

For additional information about fast output protection, refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage (see page 38).

A WARNING

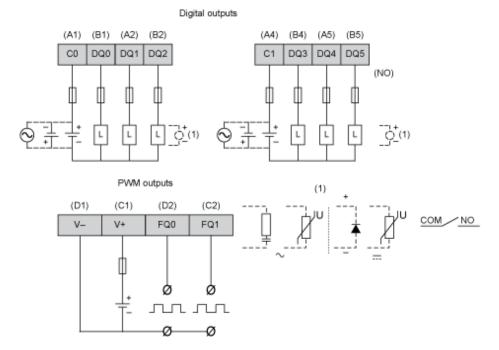
UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Wire the outputs correctly according to the wiring diagram.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Wiring Diagram

The figure describes the wiring diagram of the HMISCU6B5, HMISCU8B5 and HMISBC digital outputs:



To improve the life time of the contacts, and to protect from potential damage by reverse EMF when using inductive load, connect:

- a free wheeling diode in parallel to each inductive DC load
- an RC snubber in parallel of each inductive AC load

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Analog Inputs and Analog Outputs

Overview

The rear module is equipped with:

- 2 temperature analog inputs (16-bit) configurable
- 2 analog inputs (13-bit) configurable
- 2 analog outputs (12-bit) configurable

A DANGER

FIRE HAZARD

Use only the recommended wire sizes for the current capacity of the power supplies.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Analog Features

There are different terminal connection points for each type of analog signal.

Since current and voltage requires different adjustment values, you also need to configure the desired type of input or output signal:

- -10...10 Vdc voltage signal (default).
- 0...10 Vdc voltage signal
- 0...20 mA current signal.
- 4...20 mA current signal.

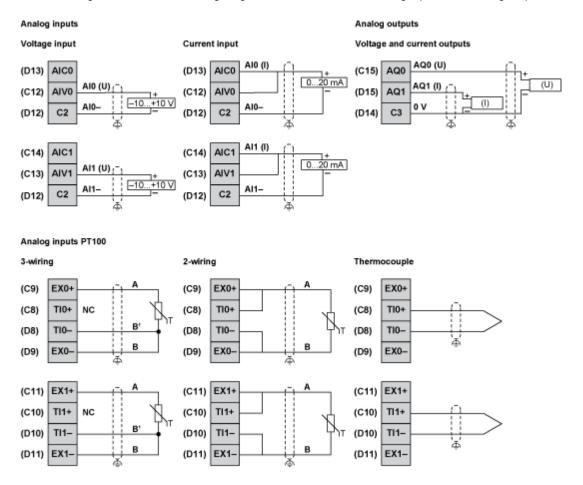
The temperature measurement values are converted into numeric values that can be processed by the controller. For temperature measurements, the temperature rear module returns the measured value in $0.1 \,^{\circ}$ C ($0.18 \,^{\circ}$ F) steps.

The table shows the analog features:

Number and Type of Channels	Digital Converter Resolution	Voltage/Current
2 inputs	12-bit + sign 12-bit	-1010 Vdc (digital value -4096 to 4095) 010 Vdc (digital value 0 to 8192) 020 mA (digital value 0 to 8192) 420 mA (digital value 0 to 8192)
2 inputs	16-bit	RTD (Resistance Temperature Detector): PT100/1000/NI100/1000 Thermocouple: J, K, R, B, S, T, E, N
2 outputs	12-bit	-1010 Vdc (digital value -2048 to 2047) 010 Vdc (digital value 0 to 4095) 020 mA (digital value 0 to 4095) 420 mA (digital value 0 to 4095)

Wiring Diagram

The figure describes the wiring diagram of the rear module analog inputs and analog outputs:



A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all fast I/O, analog I/O, and communication signals at a single point¹.
- Route communications and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹Multipoint grounding is permissible if connections are made to an equipotential ground plane dimensioned to help avoid cable shield damage in the event of power system short-circuit currents.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Use shielded cables for all fast I/O, analog I/O and communication signals.
- Ground cable shields for all analog I/O, fast I/O and communication signals at a single point¹.
- Route communication and I/O cables separately from power cables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Chapter 8Display Modules

HMI Overview

Introduction

The HMISCU is a Human Machine Interface product that has an operating voltage of 24 Vdc. The table describes the HMISCU characteristics:

Part Number	Screen Size	Screen (Pixel) Resolution	Color Definition	Screen Technology
HMISCU6A5	8.9 cm (3.5 in.)	320 x 240	65 K colors and	Thin-Film
HMISCU6B5		(QVGA)	LED backlight	transistor technology
HMIS65				(TFT)
HMISCU8A5	14.48 cm			
HMISCU8B5	(5.7 in.)			
HMIS85				

Critical Systems, Detected Alarms and Handling Requirements

Critical detected alarm indicators and system functions require independent and redundant protection hardware and/or mechanical interlocks.

If the unit for any reason becomes inoperative (for example, an inoperative backlight) it may be difficult or impossible to identify operation. Operations that may present a hazard if not immediately executed, such as emergency stop, must be provided independently of the unit. The design of the control system must take into account an inoperative unit (backlight) and the operator may be is unable to control the machine or respond to detected errors with the unit.

When the power is cycled, wait at least 10 seconds before restoring the power to the HMI unit. Switching the power OFF and ON quickly can damage the unit.

A WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Consider the potential failure modes of control paths in the machine control system design, such as:
 - The possibility of backlight failure,
 - Unanticipated link transmission delays or failures,
 - The operator being unable to control the machine,
 - The operator making errors in the control of the machine.
- Provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure for critical control functions such as emergency stop and overtravel stop.
- Provide separate or redundant control paths for critical control functions.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.¹
- Test individually and thoroughly each implementation of the equipment for correct operation before service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

¹ For additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable-Speed Drive Systems" or their equivalent governing your particular location.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Do not use this equipment as the only means of control for critical system functions such as motor start/stop or power disconnect.
- Do not use this equipment as the only notification device for critical alarms, such as device overheating or overcurrent.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Handling the LCD

The following characteristics are specific to the LCD and are considered normal behavior:

- LCD screen may show unevenness in the brightness of certain images or may appear different
 when seen from outside the specified viewing angle. Extended shadows, or cross-talk, may also
 appear on the sides of screen images.
- LCD screen pixels may contain black and white-colored spots and color display may seem to have changed over time.
- When the same image is displayed on the screen for a long period, an after-image may appear
 when the image is changed. If this happens, turn off the unit, wait 10 seconds, and then restart it.

NOTE: Do not display the same image for a long time. Change the screen image periodically.

A CAUTION

SERIOUS EYE AND SKIN INJURY

The liquid present in the LCD contains an irritant:

- Avoid direct skin contact with the liquid.
- Wear gloves when you handle a broken or leaking unit.
- Do not use sharp objects or tools in the vicinity of the LCD touch panel.
- Handle the HMI carefully to prevent puncture, bursting, or cracking of the HMI material.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in injury or equipment damage.

If the HMI is damaged and any liquid comes in contact with your skin, immediately rinse the area with running water for at least 15 minutes.

If the liquid gets in your eyes, immediately rinse your eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes and consult a doctor

Using Touch Panel Correctly

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Operate the touch panel with only one finger.
- Do not activate two or more points of the touch panel simultaneously.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Use only one finger to select an object on the touch panel.

If the touch panel receives pressure at two or more points at the same time, an unintended object could be selected.

Part III HMISCU Controller Panels

Overview

This part describes how to use HMISCU controller panels.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
9	Communication Interface	143
10	Specifications	153

Chapter 9

Communication Interface

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Ethernet Port	144
CANopen Master Unit	146
Serial Link Port (COM1)	150

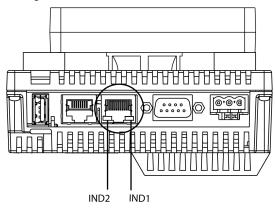
Ethernet Port

Introduction

The HMISCU is equipped with an IEEE802.3 compliant Ethernet communication port that transmits and receives data at 10 Mbps or 100 Mbps.

Ethernet Port Connector

The figure shows the location of the RJ45 Ethernet port on the rear module:



Do not confuse the RJ45 Ethernet connector with the RJ45 serial port.

NOTE: Ethernet networks must be installed by a trained and qualified person.

NOTE: One to one (1:1) connections must be made with a hub or a switch. It is possible to use the 1:1 connection with a cross cable depending on the connected PCs and network cards.

Characteristics

The table describes the different Ethernet characteristics:

Characteristic	Description
Connector type	RJ45
Driver	10 M half duplex (auto negotiation)100 M full duplex (auto negotiation)
Cable type	Shielded
Automatic cross-over detection	Yes

Pin Assignment

The figure shows the RJ45 Ethernet connector pin assignment:



The table describes the RJ45 Ethernet connector pins:

Pin	Signal
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	_
5	_
6	RD-
7	_
8	_

NOTE: The HMISCU supports the MDI/MDIX auto-crossover cable function. You do not have to use special Ethernet crossover cables to connect devices directly to this port (connections without an Ethernet hub or switch).

Status LEDs

The table describes the Ethernet status LEDs operation:

Label	Description	LED	LED		
		Color	Status	Description	
IND1	Ethernet status	Green	Off	No connection or subsequent transmission failure.	
			On	Data transmission is available.	
IND2	Ethernet activity	Green	Off	No data transmission.	
		On	Data transmission is occurring.		

CANopen Master Unit

CANopen Capabilities

The table describes the HMISCU CANopen master features:

Maximum number of slaves on the bus	16 CANopen slave devices
Maximum length of CANopen fieldbus cables	According to the CAN specification (see Cable Length and Transmission Speed).
Maximum number of PDOs managed by the master	32 TPDOs + 32 RPDOs

For each additional CANopen slave:

- The application size increases by an average of 10 kbytes, which can result in a memory size overload.
- The configuration initialization time at the startup increases, which can lead to a watchdog condition.

Although HMISCU does not restrict you from doing so, you should not exceed 16 CANopen slave modules (and/or 32 TPDOs and 32 RPDOs) for sufficient performance tolerance and to avoid performance degradation.

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect more than 16 CANopen slave devices to the controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

NOTICE

DEGRADATION OF PERFORMANCE

Do not exceed 32 TPDOs and 32 RPDOs for the HMISCU Controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Characteristics

The table describes the CAN characteristics:

Characteristic	Description
Standard	CAN-CiA (ISO 11898-2:2002 Part 2) ¹
Connector type	Sub-D9, 9 pins male
Protocol supported	CANopen

Characteristic	Description
CAN power distribution	No
Maximal cable length	See table below ⁴
Isolation	See note ²
Bit rate	See table below ⁴
Line termination	No. See note ³

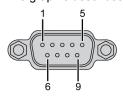
¹ Part 1 and Part 2 of ISO 11898:2002 are equivalent to ISO 11898:1993.

⁴ The table describes the maximum cable lengths:

Baud rate		800 Kbit/s	250 Kbit/s	125 Kbit/s	50 Kbit/s	20 Kbit/s	10 Kbit/s
Maximum	m	25	250	500	1000	2500	5000
cable length	ft.	82.02	820.20	1640.41	3280.83	8202.07	16404.15

Pin Assignment

The graphic describes the pins of the CANopen interface:



The table describes the pins of the CANopen interface:

PIN	Signal	Description
1	N.C.	Reserved
2	CAN_L	CAN_L bus Line (Low)
3	CAN_GND	CAN 0 Vdc
4	N.C.	Reserved
5	CAN_SHLD	N.C.
6	GND	0 Vdc

² The isolation of the rear module is 500 Vac RMS between the module and the terminal blocks connected to the rear module. The two parts reference the same functional ground (FE) through specific components designed to reduce effects of electromagnetic interference. These components are rated at 30 Vdc or 60 Vdc. This effectively reduces isolation of the entire system from the 500 Vac RMS.

³ A resistor (R) is needed on each end of the CAN field bus.

PIN	Signal	Description
7	CAN_H	CAN_H bus Line (High)
8	N.C.	Reserved
9	N.C.	Reserved

The shield is connected to pin 6, the 0 Vdc pin.

NOTE: Pin 9 is not connected internally. The controller does not provide power on CAN_V+.



UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Status LED

The table describes the CAN status LED:

Marking	Description	LED	
		Color	Description
CAN STS	CANopen status	Green / Red	See CAN STS status LED below

The table describes the CAN STS status LED:

CAN0 LED	CANopen Status	Description
OFF	No CANopen configured	CANopen is not active in the application.
Single flash red / with green ON	Acceptable detected error limit threshold has been reached	The controller has detected that the maximum number of error frames has been reached or exceeded.
Double flash red / with green ON	Node Guarding or Heartbeat event	The controller has detected either a Node Guarding or Heartbeat exception for the CANopen master or slave device.
Red ON	Bus off	The CANopen bus is stopped.
Green ON	The CANopen bus is operational.	

NOTE: CanOpen LED is mounted alongside the cover.

CANopen DATA TRANSFER SETTINGS

The CANopen networking concept is based on the international standard CAN. CANopen is defined as a uniform application layer by the DS301 specifications of the CiA (CAN in Automation).

CANopen CABLE ARRANGEMENT

The CANopen interface uses a D-SUB 9-pin plug connector. The plug is assigned with the CAN_H, CAN_L and, CAN_GND connections. CAN_H and CAN_L are the two conductors of the CAN bus. CAN_GND is the common reference potential.

NOTE:

- The resistance of the cable value must be 70 mW/m (1.77 mW / in.) or less.
- To minimize signal reflections from the end of the cable, a 120 W. (5%, 1/4 W maximum) line termination must be placed at both ends of the bus.

CANopen Communication Cable and Connectors

NOTE: CANopen communication cables and cable connectors are not supplied with the CANopen Master Unit. The user must prepare the cables.

Recommended Cable Connector

D-SUB (DIN41652) connector compliant with CANopen Standard (CiA DR-303-1)

CANopen Recommended Transfer Cable

Transfer cable (a twisted pair cable with a shield) compliant with CANopen Standard (CiA DR-303-1)

Serial Link Port (COM1)

Introduction

The serial link port is used to communicate with devices via RS-232 or RS-485.

NOTE: Vijeo Designer has many serial protocols supported as well that can be used independently of SoMachine if the COM1 port is not required for use within SoMachine.

This isolated serial port allows HMISCU controller component to communicate with 2 protocols:

SoMachine for link with SoMachine compliant device (routing or variable access)

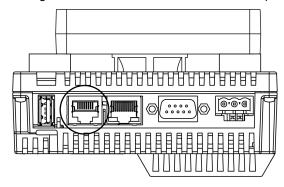
Modbus in order to meet the needs of master/slave architectures with Schneider Electric or thirdparty devices

NOTE: Under most circumstances, you should avoid connecting multiple instances of SoMachine to the same controller via the serial line, Ethernet and/or the USB port simultaneously. It is possible that conflicts could arise in actions taken by the various instances of SoMachine such as program, configuration or data edits, or control commands to the controller or its application. For more information, see the programming guide for your particular controller.

NOTE: If the user chooses to use Vijeo Designer serial protocols, they must delete any nodes (Modbus/SoMachineNetwork) under the COM1 node in their SoMachine Editor project.

Serial Port Connector

The figure shows the location of the RJ45 serial port on the rear module:



Do not confuse the RJ45 serial port with the RJ45 Ethernet connector.

RS-232C Characteristics

Characteristic		Description	
Connector type		RJ45	
Isolation		Non-isolated	
Baud rates		9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115,200 bps	
Protocol supported		Modbus (RTU) SoMachine	
Cable	Туре	Shielded	
Maximum length		15 m (49 ft)	
5 Vdc power supply for RS-485		No	

NOTE: The maximum baud rate for the serial link port depends on the protocol used.

RS-485 Characteristics

Characteristic		Description	
Connector type		RJ45	
Isolation		Non-isolated	
Baud rates		9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115,200 bps	
Protocol supported		Modbus (RTU) SoMachine	
Cable	Туре	Shielded	
Maximum length		200 m (656 ft)	
Polarization		Configured via software to connect when the node is configured as a master. 560 Ω or 5.11 k Ω resistors are optional.	
5 Vdc power supply for R	S-485	No	

Pin Assignment

The figure shows the pins of the RJ45 connector:



The table describes the pin assignment of the RJ45 connector:

Pin	RS-232C	RS-485	Description
1	RxD	N.C.	Received data (RS-232C)
2	TxD	N.C.	Transmitted data (RS-232C)
3	N.C.	N.C.	Not connected
4	N.C.	D1	Differential data (RS-485)
5	N.C.	D0	Differential data (RS-485)
6	RTS	RTS	Ready to send
7	N.C.	N.C.	Not connected
8	GND	GND	Signal ground

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not connect wires to unused terminals and/or terminals indicated as "No Connection (N.C.)".

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

Chapter 10

Specifications

Overview

This chapter presents the HMISCU specifications.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following sections:

Section	Торіс	Page
10.1	General Specifications	154
10.2	Functional Specifications	155

Section 10.1

General Specifications

General Specifications

Electrical Specifications

The table shows the electrical specifications of HMISCU:

Part Number	Rated Input Voltage	Input Voltage Limits	Acceptable Voltage Drop	Power Consumption	In-Rush Current	Voltage Endurance between power terminal and frame ground (FG)	Insulation Resistance between power terminal and FG
HMISCU6A5				≤9 W			
HMISCU6B5	24 Vdc	2028.8 Vdc	< 10 ms at	≤ 10 W	≤ 30 A at	500 Vdc for	10 MΩ or
HMISCU8A5	24 Vuc	2020.0 Vac	20.4 Vdc	≤ 12 W	28.8 Vdc	1 minute	higher at
HMISCU8B5				≤ 13 W			500 Vdc

Environmental Specifications

The table shows the environmental specifications of HMISCU:

Characteristic	Specification			
Protection (front panel)	IP65f - (IEC 60529)			
Protection structure	Type 4X indoor, installed on a panel			
Protection (rear panel)	IP 20 - (IEC 60529)			
Cooling method	Natural air circulation			
Weight	HMISCU6A5: 496 g (17.49 oz) HMISCU8A5: 749 g (29.42 oz)	HMISCU6B5: 531 g (18.73 oz) HMISCU8B5: 784 g (27.65 oz)		
Color	Front module: PT404Rear module: RAL 7032			
Material	HMISCU6A5 • front module: PC/PBT • rear module: PC/PBT HMISCU8A5 • front module: PAA+GF • rear module: PC/PBT	HMISCU6B5 • front module: PC/PBT • rear module: PC/PBT HMISCU8B5 • front module: PAA+GF • rear module: PC/PBT		

Section 10.2

Functional Specifications

Overview

This section presents the HMISCU functional specifications of the display, memory, and I/O.

What Is in This Section?

This section contains the following topics:

Торіс	Page
Display	156
Digital Inputs	157
Digital Outputs	160
Analog Inputs and Analog Outputs	162
Internal Circuits	167
Memory and Touch Panel	

Display

Display Specifications

The table shows the display specifications of the HMISCU:

Items	HMISCU6A5 HMISCU6B5 HMIS65	HMISCU8A5 HMISCU8B5 HMIS85		
Туре	Color TFT LCD			
Resolution (pixels)	320 x 240 (QVGA)			
Active display area (W x H)	70.56 x 52.92 mm (2.78 x 2.08 in.)	115.2 x 86.4 mm (4.53 x 3.40 in.)		
Colors	65536 colors			
Backlight	White LED			
	Lifetime: 50,000 hours when dimmed to 50% brig	ghtness. Ambient temperature = 25 °C (77 °F)		
	Non-exchangeable			
	LED ON / OFF control, adjustable screen saver	activation time		
Brightness adjustment	16 levels of adjustment available via touch panel	in the configuration menu		
Brightness on LCD surface	White LED: 350 cd/m ² (33 cd/ft ²) maximum			
Viewing angle	60 degrees: left, right40 degrees: up60 degrees: down	80 degrees: left, right70 degrees: up70 degrees: down		
	(Test condition: contrast ratio > 2)	(Test condition: contrast ratio > 2)		
System embedded language character sets	ed ASCII: (Code page 850) alphanumeric (including european characters) Chinese: (GB2312-80 codes) simplified Chinese fonts Taiwanese: (Big 5 codes) Traditional Chinese fonts			
Character sizes (2)	Vijeo fonts: ■ 8x8, 6x10, 8x13, 13x23, 28x50, 16x16, 32x32 pixel fonts			
	Vijeo-S fonts: ■ Scalable 1 to 255 pixels			
	For more information on supported font styles, see Vijeo Designer Online Help.			
Font sizes	Width can be expanded 18 times. Height can b	e expanded 1/2 and 18 times.		
8 x 8 pixels	40 characters per row x 30 rows			
8 x 16 pixels	40 characters per row x 15 rows			
16 x 16 pixels	20 characters per row x 15 rows			
32 x 32 pixels	10 characters per row x 7 rows			

Digital Inputs

Digital Input Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The table describes the characteristics of the digital inputs:

Characteristic		Value	
		Standard	
Rated current		5 mA	
Inrush values	Voltage	30 Vdc	
	Current	6.29 mA max.	
Input impedance		4.9 kΩ	
Input type		Sink/Source	
Rated voltage		24 Vdc	
Input range		028.8 Vdc	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc (1528.8 Vdc)	
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc (05 Vdc)	
	Current at state 1	> 2.5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.0 mA	
Isolation (photo coupler)	Between channels	Photo coupler isolation	
	Between channels and internal logic	500 Vdc	
Filtering		Bounce filter, (4 µs, 40 µs) and cumulative filter Nx0.5 ms $(64 \geq N \geq 0)$	
IEC61131-2 edition 3 type		Type 1	
Compatibility		Supports 2 wire and 3 wire sensors	
Cable type and length		Shielded: Maximum 100 m (328 ft) Non-shielded: 50 m (164 ft) Shielded cables are used for HSC input.	
Protection against over vol	tage	Possible up to 30 Vdc, limited 1 hour per day	

Characteristic	Value	
	Standard	
Terminal blocks	Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable	
Input paralleling	No	

HSC Digital Input Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The table describes the characteristics of the HSC inputs:

Characteristic		Value	
Rated current	Voltage	24 Vdc	
	Current	7.83 mA	
Inrush values	Voltage	30 Vdc	
	Current	9.99 mA	
Input impedance		$3.2 \text{ k}\Omega$	
Input type		Sink/Source	
Rated voltage		24 Vdc	
Input range		028.8 Vdc	
Input limit values	Voltage at state 1	> 15 Vdc	
	Voltage at state 0	< 5 Vdc	
	Current at state 1	> 5 mA	
	Current at state 0	< 1.5 mA	
Isolation (Photo coupler)	Between channels	Photo coupler isolation	
	Between channels and internal logic	500 Vdc	
Filtering		Bounce filter, (none, 4 μs , 40 μs) and cumulative filter Nx0.5 ms (63 \geq N \geq 0)	
IEC61131-2 edition 3 type		Type 1	
Compatibility		Supports 2 wire and 3 wire sensors	

Characteristic		Value		
Cable	Туре	Shielded		
	Length	Maximum 10 m (33 ft)		
Protection against over vo	Itage	Possible up to 30 Vdc, limited 1 hour per day		
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable		
HSC maximum frequency		 50 kHz is the maximum frequency for either single or quadrature counting modes Duty Rate: 4555% 		
HSC supported operation modes		 Single phase Quadrature x2 Quadrature x4 Reverse Quadrature x2 Reverse Quadrature x4 		
Response time	Capture input	1 ms		
	Preset input	1 ms		
	Transistor reflex output	5 μs		
Input paralleling		No		

Digital Outputs

Relay Output Characteristics

The table describes the characteristics of the relay outputs:

Characteristic		Value		
Rated voltage		24 Vdc, 220 Vac		
Output range		530 Vdc, 100250 Vac		
Rated current		Maximum 2 A for each point		
Current/group (4 points)		4 A		
Inrush values	Maximum switching voltage	250 Vac, 30 Vdc		
	Current/point	5 A		
Isolation	I	Relay coil		
Maximum output frequency	with maximum load	0.1 Hz		
	without load	5 Hz		
Timing data	Operate (at nominal voltage)	Maximum 10 ms		
	Release (at nominal voltage)	Maximum 5 ms		
Resistive load	-	2 A/point for 24 Vdc/220 Vac		
Mechanical life		20 million operation minimum at 25 ° C (77 ° F) for maximum current and voltage ratings		
Cable length		Non-shielded: 150 m (492 ft)		
Protection against short circuit		No		
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable		

NOTE: Refer to Protecting Outputs from Inductive Load Damage (see page 38) for additional information on this topic.

PTO/PWM Output Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The table describes the characteristics of the PTO/PWM outputs:

Characteristic		Value		
Output type		Push/Pull		
Rated voltage		24 Vdc		
PTO power supply input rar	nge	19.228.8 Vdc		
PTO power supply reverse	protection	Yes		
PTO/PWM output current	Standard output	0.3 A		
	Fast output	50 mA		
Response time for original in	nput	2 ms		
Isolation resistance	Between fast outputs and internal logic	> 10 MΩ		
	Between power supply port and protective ground (PE) = 500 Vdc	> 10 MΩ		
Residual voltage	for I = 0, 1 A	< 1.5 Vdc		
Minimum load impedance		80 Ω		
Maximum PTO output frequ	ency	50 KHz		
Maximum PWM output freq	uency	65 kHz		
Accuracy / PWM mode	Frequency	Duty	Duty when error >1%	
	10100 Hz	0100%	<0.1% & >99.9%	
	1011000 Hz	199%	<1% & >99%	
	1.00120 kHz	595%	<5% & >95%	
	20.00145 kHz	1090%	<10% & >90%	
	45.00165 kHz	1585%	<15% & >85%	
PWM mode duty rate step		1% full range		
Duty cycle range		0100%		
Cable	Туре	Shielded, including 24 Vdc power supply		
	Length	Maximum 5 m (16 ft)		
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable		

frequency.

Analog Inputs and Analog Outputs

Analog Input Characteristics

The table describes the characteristics of the analog inputs:

Characteristic		Voltage Input	Current Input	
Number of maximum input channels		2		
Input type		Single-ended		
Input range		-10 10 Vdc/010 Vdc	020 mA/420 mA	
Input impedance		> 1 MΩ	250 ± 0.11% Ω	
Sample duration	time	10 ms per channel + 1 scan time		
Total input syster	n transfer time	20 ms + 1 scan time		
Input tolerance	Maximum deviation at 25 °C (77 °F) without electromagnetic disturbance			
	Maximum deviation	± 2.5% of the full scale		
Digital resolution		12 bit plus sign		
Temperature drift		± 0.06% of the full scale		
Common mode c	haracteristics	80 db		
Cross talk		60 db		
Non-linearity		± 0.4% of full scale		
Input value of LS	В	5 mV	10 μΑ	
Maximum allowed overload (no damages)		± 30 Vdc (less than 5 minutes) ± 15 Vdc (No damage)	± 30 mA dc	
Protection type		Photo coupler between input and internal circuit		
Cable	Туре	Shielded		
	Length	3 m (9.84 ft) is in compliance with electromagnetic immunity.		
		NOTE: Compliance to electromagnetic immunity standards is limited to a 3 m (9.84 ft) cable length. In all cases, a maximum cable length of 10 m (32.80 ft) should not be exceeded.		
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable		

Analog Output Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The table describes the characteristics of the analog outputs:

Characteristic		Voltage Output Current Output	
Maximum number of outputs		2	
Output range		-10 10 Vdc/010 Vdc	020 mA / 420 mA
Load impedance		> 2 kΩ	< 300 Ω
Application load type	е	Resistive load	
Settling time		10 ms	
Total output system	transfer time	10 ms + 1 scan time	
Output tolerance	Maximum deviation at 25 °C (77 °F) without electromagnetic disturbance	± 1% of the full scale	
	Maximum deviation	± 2.5% of the full scale	
Digital resolution		12-bit	
Temperature drift		± 0.06% of the full scale	
Output ripple		± 50 mV	
Cross talk		60 db	
Non-linearity		± 0.5% of the full scale	
Output value of LSB		6 mV	12 μΑ
Protection type		Photo coupler between input and internal circuit	
Output protection		Short circuit protection	Open circuit protection
Output behavior if input power supply is less than the power failed threshold		Set to 0	

Characteristic		Voltage Output	Current Output
Cable	Туре	Shielded	
	Length 3 m (9.84 ft) is in compliance with elements immunity.		with electromagnetic
	NOTE: Compliance to electromag standards is limited to a 3 m (9.84 all cases, a maximum cable length should not be exceeded.		(9.84 ft) cable length. In
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable	

Analog RTD Input Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The table describes the characteristics of the analog RTD inputs:

Input Characteristic	Input Characteristics		
Input sensor type		PT100/PT1000/NI100/NI1000	
Input temperature range		PT100/PT1000: -200600 °C (-3281112 °F) NI100/NI1000: -50200 °C (-58392 °F)	
Measuring current	PT100/NI100	1.12 mA ± 3.5%	
	PT1000/NI1000	0.242 μA ± 3.5%	
Input impedance		Typically 10 M Ω	
Sample duration time	9	10 ms +1 cycle time	
Wiring type		2/4-wire or 3-wire connection configured by software for each input	
Conversion mode		Sigma delta type	
Input filter		Low pass (1st order)	
Resolution of temperature value		0.1 °C (0.18 °F)	
Detection type		Open circuit (detection on each channel)	

Input Characteristic	Input Characteristics		
Input tolerance*	Maximum deviation at 25 ° C (77 ° F) without electromagnetic disturbance	± 5 °C (41 °F)	
	Maximum deviation at 2550 ° C (77122 °F)	PT type: ± 5.6 °C (42.08 °F) NI type: ± 5.2 °C (41.36 °F)	
Temperature drift		30 ppm/° C	
Digital resolution		16-bit	
Rejection in differential mode	50/60 Hz	Typically 60 dB	
Common mode rejection		Typically 80 dB	
Isolation between ch	annels	Not isolated	
Permitted input signa	al	±5 Vdc max.	
Cable length	PT100/NI100	< 20 Ω	
	PT1000/NI1000	< 200 Ω	
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable	
Noise resistance - cable		Shielded cable is necessary	
* Excluding errors caused by the wiring			

Analog Thermocouple Input Characteristics

A WARNING

UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Do not exceed any of the rated values specified in the environmental and electrical characteristics tables.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

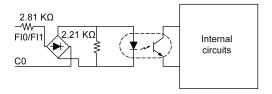
The table describes the characteristics of the analog thermocouple inputs:

Input Characteristics			
Input sensor type		Thermocouple	
		J (-200760 °C) (-3281400 °F) K (-2401370 °C) (-4002498 °F) R (01600 °C) (322912 °F) B (2001800 °C) (3923272 °F) S (01600 °C) (322912 °F) T (-200400 °C) (-328752 °F) E (-200900 °C) (-3281652 °F) N (-2001300 °C) (-3282372 °F)	
Input impedance		Typically 10 M Ω	
Sample duration time		10 ms +1 cycle time	
Conversion mode		Sigma delta type	
Digital resolution		16-bit	
Input filter		Low pass 1st order	
Resolution temperature val	ue	0.1 °C (0.18 °F) (Type J)	
Detection type		Open circuit (detection on each channel)	
Input tolerance	Maximum deviation at 25 °C (77 °F) without electromagnetic disturbance	Type K, R, B, S,N (including CJC): \pm 9.2 °C (48.56 °F)Type J, E (including CJC): \pm 8.2 °C (46.76 °F)Type T (including CJC): \pm 7.2 °C (44.96 °F)	
	Maximum deviation at 2550 °C (77122 °F)	Type K, R, B, S,N (including CJC): \pm 10.5 °C (50.9 °F)Type J, E (including CJC): \pm 9.1 °C (48.38 °F)Type T (including CJC): \pm 7.7 °C (45.86 °F)	
Temperature drift		30 ppm/° C	
Input tolerance - terminal ter	mperature compensation	± 5 °C (41 °F) after 10 minutes.	
Cold junction compensation range (050 °C (122 °F))	n in the temperature	Internal cold junction error: +/- 6 °C (42.8 °F) after operating 45 minutes.	
Rejection in differential mode	50/60 Hz	Typically 60 dB	
Common mode rejection		Typically 80 dB	
Isolation between channels		Not isolated	
Permitted input signal		± 5 Vdc max.	
Warm up time		45 minutes	
Terminal blocks		Type: 3.5 mm (0.137 in.) pitch Terminal blocks are removable	
Noise resistance - cable		Shielded cable is necessary	
(1) Temperature measurem	nent on PCB at terminal bl	lock for cold junction compensation.	

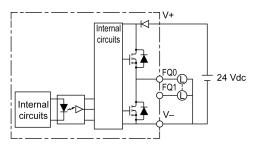
Internal Circuits

HMISCU•A5 (type DIO) Internal Circuit

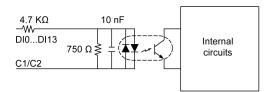
The circuit configuration of FI0, FI1 is shown as follows:



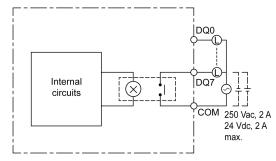
The circuit configuration of FQ0 and FQ1 is shown as follows:



The circuit configuration from DI0 to DI13 is shown as follows:

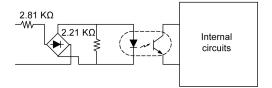


The circuit configuration from DQ0 to DQ7 is shown as follows:

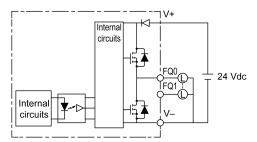


HMISCU•B5 (type DIO and AIO) Internal Circuit

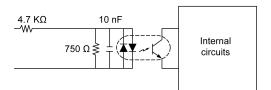
The circuit configuration of FI0, FI1 is shown as follows:



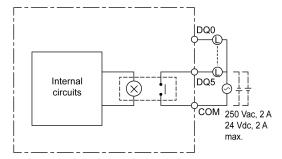
The circuit configuration of FQ0 and FQ1 is shown as follows:



The circuit configuration from DI0 to DI5 is shown as follows:



The circuit configuration from DQ0 to DQ5 is shown as follows:



Memory and Touch Panel

Memory

The table shows the memory specifications of HMISCU:

Items	Туре	Element	Specification
Main Flash Memory (128MB)	FLASH EPROM	Vijeo Designer Runtime OS	64 MB
		HMI Application	58 MB
		CoDeSys Engine	4 MB
		Controller Application	2 MB
Application Run Memory	DRAM	-	128 MB
Data Backup (Alarms, Retentive Variables)	Non-volatile SRAM ¹	-	128 kbytes
(1) Non-volatile SRAM does not require battery power for data backup. The internal battery in the HMI SCU			

⁽¹⁾ Non-volatile SRAM does not require battery power for data backup. The internal battery in the HMI SCU is only requeried for Real Time Clock (RTC).

Memory Back-Up Management

Vijeo Designer alarm data and variable logging is automatically stored in non-volatile SRAM in a first-in-last-out format. The number of datum stored in the SRAM is user-defined. This data from SRAM can also be optionally backed up in removable media when a user-defined number of new data points is logged and/or can also be triggered by an action.

Clock

Variations in operating conditions (i.e. varying ambient temperature) can cause a clock shift. (Refer to the topic Real Time Clock (see page 52) for details.)

Touch Panel

The table shows the touch-panel specifications of HMISCU:

Items	Specification
Туре	Analog resistive film type (Metal Tab, Gold-plated)
Lifetime	1 million touches or more

Part IV Settings

Overview

This part describes the settings available on the target machine as well as how to debug the unit.

What Is in This Part?

This part contains the following chapters:

Chapter	Chapter Name	Page
11	Connecting the HMISCU to a PC	173
12	Configuring the HMISCU	177
13	Troubleshooting	187
14	Maintenance	191

Chapter 11

Connecting the HMISCU to a PC

Connecting the Controller to a PC

Overview

To transfer, run, and monitor applications, using either a USB cable or an Ethernet connection, connect the controller to a computer that has minimum version on SoMachine and Vijeo-Designer 6.1 SP3 add-on installed.

NOTICE

INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT

Always connect the communication cable to the PC before connecting it to the controller.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

USB Mini-B Port Connection

Attach the data transfer cable (BMXXCAUSBH018) to the USB port to allow data transfer from the computer to the unit.

TSXCNAMUM3P: This USB cable is suitable for short duration connections like quick updates or retrieving data values.

BMXXCAUSBH018: Grounded and shielded, this USB cable is suitable for long duration connections

NOTE: You can connect 1 controller to the PC at a time.

Use the USB mini-B programming port to connect a PC with a USB host port. Using a typical USB cable, this connection is suitable for quick updates of the program or short duration connections to perform maintenance and inspect data values. It is not suitable for long term connections such as commissioning or monitoring without the use of specially adapted cables to help minimize electromagnetic interference.

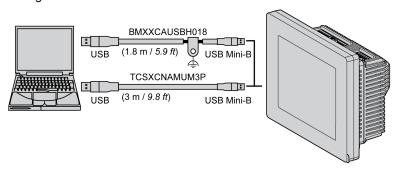
A WARNING

INOPERABLE EQUIPMENT OR UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- You must use a shielded USB cable secured to the functional ground (FE) of the system for any long term connections.
- Do not connect more than one controller at a time using USB connections.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

The figure shows the USB connection to a PC:



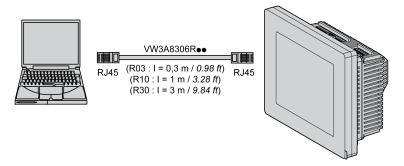
To connect the USB cable to your controller, do the following:

Step	Action
1	 a If making a long term connection using a USB cable with a ground shield connection, securely connect the shield connector to the functional ground (FE) or protective ground (PE) of your system before connecting the cable to your controller and your PC. b If making a short term connection using a non-grounded USB cable, proceed to step 2.
2	Connect the USB cable connector to the PC.
3	Connect the mini connector of the USB cable to the controller USB connector.

Ethernet Port Connection

You can also connect the controller to a PC using an Ethernet cable.

The figure shows the Ethernet connection to a PC:



To connect the controller to the PC, do the following:

Step	Action
1	Connect your Ethernet cable to the PC.
2	Connect your Ethernet cable to the Ethernet port on the controller.

Chapter 12

Configuring the HMISCU

Overview

This chapter presents the settings on the HMISCU.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Торіс	Page
Types of Settings	178
System Settings	179
Offline Settings	182
Diagnostics Settings	185

Types of Settings

Introduction

You can use the **Settings** menu to configure the unit.

Depending on how you use your HMISCU, you can display the **Settings** menu using three different methods:

- Use a Switch,
- Use a Touch Animation
- Touch the top-left corner of the panel when powering up,
- Touch two corners of the panel successively while the application is running.

You can select which methods your application uses in the Vijeo Designer editor's Target properties.

Calling Up the Settings Menu

Step	Action
1	 Set up any combination of the following methods for displaying the Settings menu. Action: Create a switch and add the Configuration System Operation. See the Vijeo Designer online help for more information on creating a switch. There are actually 3 methods available to bring up the configuration: Top Left Corner In Target properties, set To Configuration to Top Left/2 Corner. Top Left/2 Corner In Target properties, set To Configuration to Top Left/2 Corner. Corner In Target properties, set To Configuration to 2 Corner (touch two corners successively.
	If you set To Configuration to None and do not create a switch to display the Settings menu, then there is no way to configure the unit at run time.
2	Connect the power supply.
3	Depending on what you set up in Step 1, you can display the Configuration menu using one of the following methods: • Action: Touch the switch set up with the Configuration system operation. • Top-Left Corner: Touch the top-left corner of the screen within ten seconds after the unit begins starting up. • Touch two corners successively: Touch successively the top left corner then the bottom right corner within half a second. The touch area is 50 dots by 50 dots.
	Vijeo Designer Runtime restarts and displays the Settings menu.
4	The Settings menu contains 3 tabs: Offline , System , Diagnostics and To Run Mode . Click a tab to display its settings.

System Settings

Introduction

You can change system settings while the user application is still running.

Stylus

Use the Stylus to calibrate the screen:

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Stylus button.
3	Touch the center of the cross-hairs several times to complete calibration of the screen.

Changing the Date/Time

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Date/Time button.
3	Touch any of the Year , Month or Day fields and a data entry keypad is displayed. Use this keypad to define the selected date setting.
4	Touch any of the Hour , Minutes or Seconds fields and a data entry keypad is displayed. Use this keypad to define the selected time setting.
5	In the Time Zone tab touch the up/down arrows to select the desired time zone.
6	Select the Auto . adjust clock for daylight saving time check box to choose adjusting clock for daylight saving time changes automatically.
7	In the DST tab touch the up/down arrows to select the desired daylight saving time type: • Date : the DST is added, or subtracted, on the exact date chosen. • Rule : the DST is added, or subtracted, on a specific weekday in the month.
8	Touch the Amount field and a data entry keypad is displayed. Use this keypad to define the desired daylight saving time amount (minutes).
9	Touch the OK button to validate your configuration or configure the parameters of daylight saving time by Date (see page 180) or by Rule (see page 180).

Daylight Saving Time Setting by Date

If **Date** is selected in step 7 of Changing the Date/Time (see page 179), follow this procedure to set the daylight saving time parameters:

Step	Action
1	Follow the procedure of Changing the Date/Time (see page 179) until step 9.
2	In Add Time touch the up/down arrows to select the desired month and touch the right field to display the keypad to define the desired day to add time. In @ touch any of the fields to display the keypad and define the hour to add time.
3	In Subtract Time touch the up/down arrows to select the desired month and touch the right field to display the keypad to define the desired day to subtract time. In @ touch any of the fields to display the keypad and define the hour to subtract time.

Daylight Saving Time Setting by Rule

If **Rule** is selected in step 7 of Changing the Date/Time (see page 179), follow this procedure to set the daylight saving time parameters:

Step	Action
1	Follow the procedure of Changing the Date/Time (see page 179) until step 9.
2	In Add Time touch the up/down arrows to select the desired day and the desired month to add time. In @ touch any of the fields to display the keypad and define the hour to add time.
3	In Subtract Time touch the up/down arrows to select the desired day and the desired month to subtract time. In @ touch any of the fields to display the keypad and define the hour to subtract time.

Forcing a Restart

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Restart button, the following message appears: Are you sure you want to restart the operating system? .
3	Touch the Restart button to restart the unit or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.

Selecting a Language

The following table describes how to select the language used for the Settings menu, the run-time messages and user application.

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Language button.

Step	Action
3	Touch the up/down arrows to select the desired languages for: System, User Application, Keyboard Language. The languages available in the language settings are defined in the Vijeo Designer editor.
4	Touch OK to validate.

Displaying Version Information

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Ver. Info button, version information displays: • Vijeo Designer Run-time Version, • Vijeo Designer Version, • Build number.

Displaying Memory Statistics

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Memory button. DRAM describes the amount of memory currently being used by the application. Main Flash indicates the amount of internal memory (flash memory) required to store the runtime system files and the user application.

Brightness Control

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the System tab.
2	Touch the Brightness button.
3	Touch the up/down arrows to adjust the brightness.
	NOTE : Reducing the brightness could increase the life span of the backlight.

Offline Settings

Introduction

You cannot change the offline settings while a user application is running.

Changing the Network Settings

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the Network button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.
4	In the Static IP tab, touch any of IP Address , Subnet Mask or Default Gateway fields, and in the numerical keypad, enter the desired parameters and validate by touching Enter button.
5	In the DHCP tab, touch the Enable DHCP check box to obtain configuration information from the network. This reduces system administration workload, allowing devices to be added to the network with little or no manual intervention.
6	In the MAC/DNS tab: Touch Obtain DNS Setting check box to translate names into IP addresses. Touch any of IP Address fields, and in the numerical keypad, enter the desired IP address and validate by touching Enter button.
7	In Static IP tab touch Ok to validate.

Changing the Buzzer Settings

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the Buzzer button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.
4	Touch the desired buzzer mode. The factory setting is When Press Touch Object. None: Selecting this turns the buzzer off. When Press Touch Object: The buzzer only sounds when a Touch Object is pressed.

Changing Backlight Control

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the Backlight button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.
4	 In the Backlight control, define the backlight operations. Wait: To extend the life of the backlight, you can set up the unit so that it turns off the backlight when the panel is inactive (idle) for the defined period of time, (Idle means the unit panel has not been pressed). The factory setting for this item is off. Enable Touch if Backlight Burned Out: This setting defines whether the touch panel is enabled or disabled when a backlight burnout is detected. When this feature is cleared and the backlight burns out, touch inputs are ignored to help prevent operation detected errors. The factory setting for this item is off.
5	To turn the Backlight off automatically after a specified period of time, select the Wait check box and then set the idle time.

Self Test

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the Self Test button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.
4	 In the Self Test control, touch: Char. Pattern: to check the characters in each font set available on the unit. Use this test when characters (usually 2-byte characters) do not display properly. Ok appears if there is no detected error. NG appears if there is a detected error. Disp. Pattern: to test your LCD screen with some graphical test patterns. Touch Panel: to test the touch panel cells. Each cell highlights when it is pressed during the test. COM 1: to test the COM 1 port connector. Ok appears if there is no detected error. NG appears if an error is detected. Video memory: to test hardware memory.

Driver Configuration

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the IO Manager button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system or the Cancel button to return to the System menu.
4	In the IO Manager control, touch the Driver Config button.
5	In the Driver Config control: Select Driver : touch the up/down arrow to select the desired driver.
6	Set the parameters of the selected driver.

Equipment Configuration

Step	Action
1	In the Setting menu, touch the Offline tab.
2	Touch the IO Manager button and the following message appears: Working with Offline Settings will stop the user application and run-time. Continue?
3	Touch the OK to restart the system, or the Cancel button to return to the Setting menu.
4	In the IO Manager control, touch the Equipment Config button.
5	In the Equipment Config control: Select Equipment: touch the up/down arrow to select the desired equipment.
6	Set the parameters of the selected equipment.

Diagnostics Settings

Introduction

The HMISCU units are equipped with a number of diagnostic features that can be used to check the systems and the interfaces for any problems.

Diagnostics

See the Vijeo Designer online help for information on accessing the Diagnostics Settings menu.

Variables

Use the **Variable** menu to check that the application is running correctly. The following table describes how to get to the **Variable** menu:

Step	Action
1	In the Settings menu, touch the Diagnostics tab.
2	Touch the Variable button.
3	Select Equipment : touch the up/down arrow to select the equipment whose variables you want to test.
4	In the Variable menu, touch the Go Offscan button, the following message appears: Warning: Entering the Variable Test screen pauses communication with all equipment. Continue?
5	Touch the OK button to restart the system, or the Cancel button to return to the Variable menu.
6	If Go Onscan is pressed, the test reads the value for each variable associated with the selected equipment. If any of the variables detects a problem, because of a detected error in the equipment or a time-out, the event log displays a message with the name of the variable.
7	After you complete testing variables from one equipment, you can continue testing variables for other equipment connected to the target machine.
8	Alternatively, you can test all equipment at once by selecting Test All in the Select Equipment drop-down list.
9	Touch the Return button to return to the Diagnostics menu.

Statistics

Use the **Statistics** menu to check the connection between equipment. The following table describes how to get to **Statistics** menu:

Step	Action
1	In the Settings menu, touch the Diagnostics tab.
2	Touch the Statistics button. NOTE:
	 When you write any value to this system control word, touch the Rollover button to: Copy the values in the current statistic variables to the previous statistic variables. Reset current statistic variables to zero.
3	In Show Stats for: touch the up/down arrow to select the equipment whose variable statistics you want to show.
4	Touch the right arrow button to view the next display.
5	Touch the Go Offscan button to start the test.
6	Touch the right arrow button to view the next display.
7	Total Good: the total number of received variables without detected error. Total Bad: the total number of detected errors of all types. Total Count: Total Good + Total Bad. No Reply: no reply was received in response to the request. Chksum Fail: received a request or response (1) with an incorrect checksum. Wrong Addr.: received a request or response (1) with an incorrect address. Error Resp.: received a detected error response from the equipment. (1): Master-type drivers send out requests and receive responses. Slave-type drivers receive requests and send responses.
8	Touch the next arrow button to view the next display.
9	Inv. Resp.: received a response that contained a protocol detected error. Init. Fail: initializing communications with the equipment was unsuccessful. Write Fail: writing a new value to the equipment was unsuccessful. Intrn Error: internal driver detected error indicates improper driver configuration or driver problem. Xmit Fail: transmitting a request or response was unsuccessful. Unsupp. Req.: received a request for an unsupported service. Inv. Request: received a request that contained a protocol detected error.
10	Touch the Return button to return to the Diagnostics menu or the previous arrow button to view the previous display.

Chapter 13

Troubleshooting

Overview

This chapter describes how to find and resolve detected problems with the HMISCU units.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Troubleshooting Checklists	188
Self Test List	190

Troubleshooting Checklists

Introduction

When there is a detected problem, go through the checklist and follow the instructions given.

Here are the main detected problems that may occur when using HMISCU unit.

- Panel display is blank,
- Connected equipment cannot be used,
- Panel does not respond or responds very slowly,
- Panel beeps when powered on,
- Cannot change the date or time.

NOTE: Contact your local Schneider Electric vendor or your local distributor.

Panel Display is Blank

If the unit display is blank, perform the following:

Step	Check/Operation	Solution
1	Are all Vijeo Designer screens downloaded?	You may have to download the screens again.
2	Is the Initial Panel ID set up correctly in Vijeo Designer?	Enter the Initial Panel ID in the Vijeo Designer editor and download again.
3	Is the unit using the correct rated voltage?	Verify the power supply connections and levels.
4	Is the power supply off or disconnected?	Follow the instructions in this manual for reconnecting the power supply.
5	Is the backlight lit?	Potential detected problem with the unit. Contact your local distributor.
6	Is the detected problem resolved?	If none of the previous steps fixed the blank panel display detected problem, then verify the hardware.

Connected Equipment Cannot be Used

If the unit does not communicate with connected equipment, perform the following:

Step	Check/Operation	Solution
1	Is the power supply off or disconnected?	Verify the power supply connections and levels.
2	Do the Driver and Equipment settings in Vijeo Designer match the actual equipment you are trying to communicate with?	In the Vijeo Designer editor Navigator window's Project tab, expand the I/O Manager node to enter the correct configuration settings for the Driver and Equipment nodes.

Step	Check/Operation	Solution
3	Is the communication cable connected correctly?	Refer to the associated protocol manual for information about cable diagrams.
4	Is the detected problem resolved?	If none of the previous steps fixed the communication detected problem, then verify the hardware.

Unit does not respond when pressed

If the unit is either not responding when pressed or if its response time is very slow, perform the following:

Step	Check/Operation	Solution		
1	Disconnect all the cables except the power cable.	-		
2	In the Settings menu, press the Offline tab and then press the Self Test icon. Run the Touch Panel test.	If the test is unsuccessful, there is a detected problem with the hardware.		
3	If touch response is slow, does it happen on a specific panel?	If the panel displays the values of a large number of equipment variables, you may want to redesign the panel and separate the variables into different panels and download again.		
4	If touch response is slow, the HMI controller may be very busy communicating with external equipment.	To resolve this detected problem, try each of the following in the Vijeo Designer editor and download again. If you are using serial communication, verify the communication speed between the HMI and equipment is optimized. In the equipment or scan group properties, reduce the Scan Rate to Slow. This will reduce the frequency of variable updates to 1000 ms. If you use many equipment variables in application scripts, you may want to change the script to a panel script so that the variables are active only when the information is necessary. If none of the above works, then you may have to reduce the number of external variables in the project. If none of the proposed options work, contact your Schneider Electric support for optimizing your project.		

HMI beeps when powered ON

A continuous beep from the HMI means that system files are corrupted. To resolve this detected problem, go to the Vijeo Designer Start menu and run Recovery on the HMI machine.

Self Test List

Introduction

The HMISCU units are equipped with a number of diagnostic features that can be used to check the systems and the interfaces for any detected errors.

Self Test

From the **Settings** menu, touch the **Offline** button and then the **Self Test** icon. **Self Test** menu appears. See the Vijeo Designer online help for information on accessing the **Offline** tab.

Self Tests

The following tests can be accessed from the **Self Test** menu.

Test	Description
Char. Pattern	Checks the characters in each font set available on the unit. Use this test when characters (usually double-byte characters) do not display properly. OK appears if there is no detected error; NG appears if there is a detected error.
Disp. Pattern	Use this test when your drawings are not displayed properly.
Touch Panel	Tests the touch panel cells. Each cell highlights when it is pressed during the test.
COM 1	Checks if the serial port (RS-232C and RS-485) is working properly. To run the check, you may need to connect a loopback cable (see below). OK appears if there is no detected error; a detected error message appears if there is an error.
Video Memory	Use this test to check the video memory (memory used for screen display). Run this test when the screen does not display properly. OK appears if there is no detected error; NG appears if there is a detected error.

Wiring for COM 1 tests

When testing the serial port, depending on which port and which communication format you are testing, you may need to attach a loopback cable with wiring as defined below:

RS-232C	RS-485
HMISCU in COM1	Loopback not required for HMISCU COM1.
RXD 1 TXD 2	

Chapter 14

Maintenance

Overview

This chapter explains how to maintain your HMISCU units.

What Is in This Chapter?

This chapter contains the following topics:

Topic	Page
Regular Cleaning	192
Periodic Check Points	194

Regular Cleaning

Cleaning the Display

NOTICE

EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- Power off the unit before cleaning it.
- Do not use hard or pointed objects to operate the touch panel since it can damage the panel surface.
- Do not use paint thinner, organic solvents, or a strong acid compound to clean the unit.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

When the surface or the frame of the display gets dirty, soak a soft cloth in water with a neutral detergent, wring the cloth tightly, and wipe the display.

Chemical Substances

The products in the table can be used when cleaning the unit:

Kinds of Fluid	Company	Product Designation	Concentration	Temperature °C (°F)	pH Value
Cleaning agents in the food and beverage industry	Ecolab	Topmaxx 422	5	40 (104)	1% : pH=13
	Ecolab	P3 Topax M 95	5	40 (104)	1% : pH=12.3
beverage industry	Ecolab	P3 Oxonia Active	3	40 (104)	
	Ecolab	P3 Topax 52 FR	5	40 (104)	1% : pH=2
	Ecolab	P3 Topax 36	5	40 (104)	_
	Ecolab	P3 Luboklar MH	0.7	40 (104)	_
	Johnson Diversey	Divosan 2000	1	25 (77)	100% : pH=7
	Johnson Diversey	Diverfoam Septiplus	5	25 (77)	3% : pH=8.3
	Johnson Diversey	Acifoam	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=2.2
	Johnson Diversey	HD Plus Foam	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=12.9
	Johnson Diversey	Oxofoam	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=12.7
	Johnson Diversey	Endoroplus VE6	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=12.1
	Johnson Diversey	Endoroforce VE2	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=12.5
	Johnson Diversey	Endorocid VE10	5	25 (77)	1% : pH=2
Diverse	_	Water	100	50 (122)	_
		Milk	100	25 (77)	
		Methanol	10	25 (77)	
Oils	_	ASTM 1	100	25 (77)	
		IRM 902	100	25 (77)	
		IRM 903	100	25 (77)	
		Cerechlor/IRM 903	50/50	25 (77)	
		Syntopon B	3	25 (77)	
Cutting oils	Ecocut	HBN 16LE	Pure	25 (77)	
	Quakercool	7101 H	Emulsion	25 (77)	
	Quakercool	2769	Soluble / synthetic	25 (77)	
	Quakercool	3750 H	Micro-emulsion	25 (77)	

Periodic Check Points

Operation Environment

Refer to the Environmental Specifications (see page 35).

Electrical Specifications

The input voltage must be within 20.4 to 28.8 Vdc.

Related Items

- Are all power cords and cables connected properly? Are there any loose cables?
- Are all display installation nuts holding the unit securely?

Glossary



A

analog input

Converts received voltage or current levels into numerical values. You can store and process these values within the logic controller.

analog output

Converts numerical values within the logic controller and sends out proportional voltage or current levels.

C

CANopen

An open industry-standard communication protocol and device profile specification (EN 50325-4).

continuous function chart language

A graphical programming language (an extension of the IEC61131-3 standard) based on the function block diagram language that works like a flowchart. However, no networks are used and free positioning of graphic elements is possible, which allows feedback loops. For each block, the inputs are on the left and the outputs on the right. You can link the block outputs to inputs of other blocks to create complex expressions.

controller

Automates industrial processes (also known as programmable logic controller or programmable controller).

D

DIN

(Deutsches Institut für Normung) A German institution that sets engineering and dimensional standards.

Ε

EIA rack

(electronic industries alliance rack) A standardized (EIA 310-D, IEC 60297, and DIN 41494 SC48D) system for mounting various electronic modules in a stack or rack that is 19 inches (482.6 mm) wide.

ΕN

EN identifies 1 of many European standards maintained by CEN (*European Committee for Standardization*), CENELEC (*European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization*), or ETSI (*European Telecommunications Standards Institute*).

F

FΕ

(functional Earth) A common grounding connection to enhance or otherwise allow normal operation of electrically sensitive equipment (also referred to as functional ground in North America).

In contrast to a protective Earth (protective ground), a functional earth connection serves a purpose other than shock protection, and may normally carry current. Examples of devices that use functional earth connections include surge suppressors and electromagnetic interference filters, certain antennas, and measurement instruments.

function block diagram

One of the 5 languages for logic or control supported by the standard IEC 61131-3 for control systems. Function block diagram is a graphically oriented programming language. It works with a list of networks where each network contains a graphical structure of boxes and connection lines representing either a logical or arithmetic expression, the call of a function block, a jump, or a return instruction.

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IEC

(international electrotechnical commission) A non-profit and non-governmental international standards organization that prepares and publishes international standards for electrical, electronic, and related technologies.

IEC 61131-3

Part 3 of a 3-part IEC standard for industrial automation equipment. IEC 61131-3 is concerned with controller programming languages and defines 2 graphical and 2 textual programming language standards. The graphical programming languages are ladder diagram and function block diagram. The textual programming languages include structured text and instruction list.

instruction list language

A program written in the instruction list language that is composed of a series of text-based instructions executed sequentially by the controller. Each instruction includes a line number, an instruction code, and an operand (see IEC 61131-3).

IP 20

(ingress protection) The protection classification according to IEC 60529 offered by an enclosure, shown by the letter IP and 2 digits. The first digit indicates 2 factors: helping protect persons and for equipment. The second digit indicates helping protect against water. IP 20 devices help protect against electric contact of objects larger than 12.5 mm, but not against water.

L

ladder diagram language

A graphical representation of the instructions of a controller program with symbols for contacts, coils, and blocks in a series of rungs executed sequentially by a controller (see IEC 61131-3).

M

master/slave

The single direction of control in a network that implements the master/slave mode.

N

NEMA

(national electrical manufacturers association) The standard for the performance of various classes of electrical enclosures. The NEMA standards cover corrosion resistance, ability to help protect from rain, submersion, and so on. For IEC member countries, the IEC 60529 standard classifies the ingress protection rating for enclosures.

P

PΕ

(protective Earth) A common grounding connection to help avoid the hazard of electric shock by keeping any exposed conductive surface of a device at earth potential. To avoid possible voltage drop, no current is allowed to flow in this conductor (also referred to as protective ground in North America or as an equipment grounding conductor in the US national electrical code).

PWM

(pulse width modulation) A fast output that oscillates between off and on in an adjustable duty cycle, producing a rectangular wave form (though you can adjust it to produce a square wave). The PTO is well adapted to simulate or approximate an analog output in that it regulates the voltage of the output over its period making it useful in light dimming or speed control applications, among others.

R

RJ-45

A standard type of 8-pin connector for network cables defined for Ethernet.

RPDO

(receive process data object An unconfirmed broadcast message or sent from a producer device to a consumer device in a CAN-based network. The transmit PDO from the producer device has a specific identifier that corresponds to the receive PDO of the consumer devices.

RS-232

A standard type of serial communication bus, based on 3 wires (also known as EIA RS-232C or V.24).

RS-485

A standard type of serial communication bus, based on 2 wires (also known as EIA RS-485).

S

SFC

(sequential function chart) A language that is composed of steps with associated actions, transitions with associated logic condition, and directed links between steps and transitions. (The SFC standard is defined in IEC 848. It is IEC 61131-3 compliant.)

ST

(*structured text*) A language that includes complex statements and nested instructions (such as iteration loops, conditional executions, or functions). ST is compliant with IEC 61131-3.

Т

terminal block

(terminal block) The component that mounts in an electronic module and provides electrical connections between the controller and the field devices.

TPDO

(transmit process data object) An unconfirmed broadcast message or sent from a producer device to a consumer device in a CAN-based network. The transmit PDO from the producer device has a specific identifier that corresponds to the receive PDO of the consumer devices.

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