1756HP-CELL

USER MANUAL

V1.00.08

| Section | Page |
|--------------------------|---|
| INTRODUCTION | 2 |
| | _ |
| INSTALLATION | 3 |
| HARDWARE | 3 |
| SOFTWARE | 4 |
| SETUP | 5 |
| HARDWARE | 5 |
| RSLOGIX | 7 |
| OPERATION | 10 |
| RSLOGIX | 10 |
| SENDING A TEXT MESSAGE | 14 |
| RECEIVING A TEXT MESSAGE | 14 |
| GSM OR CDMA-EVDO | 15 |
| SPECIFICATIONS | 17 |
| ELECTRICAL | 17 |
| MECHANICAL | 19 |
| APPENDIX | 20 |
| A – DISPLAY STATUS | 21 |
| B – MESSAGE BLOCKS | 23 |
| C – ERROR CODES | 24 |
| | INTRODUCTION INSTALLATION HARDWARE SOFTWARE SETUP HARDWARE RSLOGIX OPERATION RSLOGIX SENDING A TEXT MESSAGE RECEIVING A TEXT MESSAGE GSM OR CDMA-EVDO SPECIFICATIONS ELECTRICAL MECHANICAL APPENDIX A - DISPLAY STATUS B - MESSAGE BLOCKS |





INTRODUCTION

The 1756HP-CELL module provides a method of sending text messages to either a user's mobile phone or another 1756HP-CELL module which will allow communication between multiple PLCs.

Messages are sent over a GSM network to a cellular number of another SIM card (used by a mobile phone, CELL module etc). Sufficient network reception is required for successful SMS communication. The connectivity of the modules will be limited by the GSM network reception in the deployment area.

This document serves to describe the functionality, installation, configuration and operation of the module.

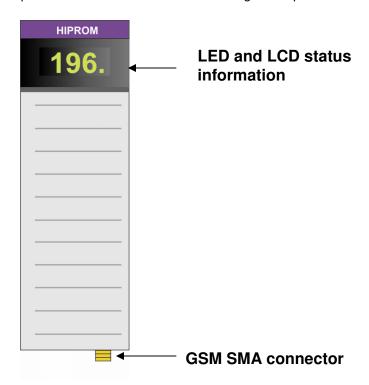
NOTE: The Connection parameters and configuration images are only valid for firmware version 1.01.02 onwards. Please see User Manual v1 00 07 for details.



INSTALLATION

Hardware

The 1756HP-CELL module is designed to operate within the Allen-Bradley ControlLogix platform. All power required for the module's operation is derived from the ControlLogix backplane.



1756HP-CELL Front View

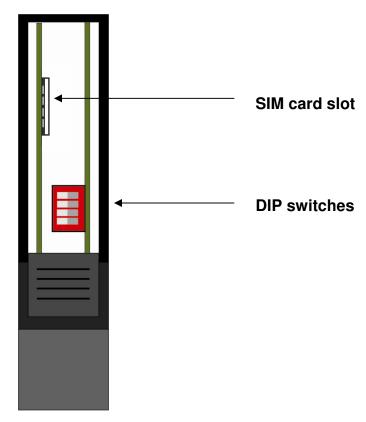
LED and **LCD** information

All information regarding the module status, cellular operator, signal strength, APN IP address etc. will be given via the LCD and LED indicators. Please view *Module Status* section for more information.

GSM SMA Connector

This connector is used to connect the supplied GSM antenna. The installation of this antenna will be explained later in this section.





1756HP-CELL Top View

SIM card slot

The SIM card must be inserted into the module with the metallic surface towards the PCB side, and the triangle corner cut-off towards the front and the top of the module. The PIN number (if assigned) for the SIM card must be entered into the Config Image for successful operation.



NOTE: If the SIM card requires a PIN and the user failed to enter the correct PIN in the Config Image the SIM card will be locked and the user will need to unlock it using the PUK code.

DIP switches

These are used to select certain general operation options for the module. The settings will be explained in the *Module Configuration* section.

Software

The user will need the following software to configure and use the 1756HP-CELL:

- RSLogix 5k ladder example code
- Future: Add on Profile (AOP)

Both the applications can be found on the product CD or the Hiprom Technologies website: www.hiprom.com

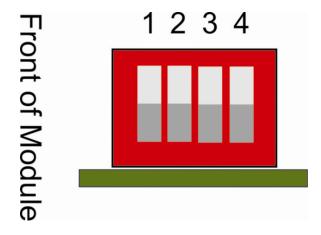


SETUP

Hardware

DIP switches

The switches are numbered as shown below:



| Switch | Description |
|--------|--|
| 1 | This is used for debugging the module. The user must never set this. |
| 2 | This is reserved for future use. |
| 3 | This is reserved for future use. |
| 4 | This is reserved for future use. |

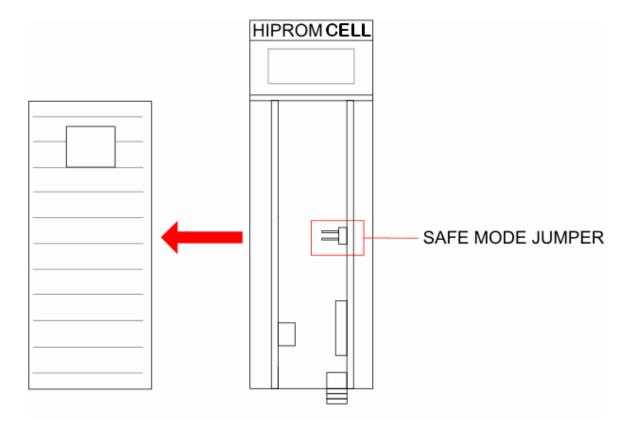


SAFE MODE

The module has the option to run the firmware that it was originally shipped with. This can be used in a case where the power was cycled whilst flashing the firmware. Thus if the module does not boot because of the corrupted firmware the user can set the module into safe mode and reflash the module. The safe mode jumper is located under the front cover as shown below:



NOTE: The module must be placed back into non-SAFE MODE to avoid running old firmware even if the module has been flashed with new firmware.

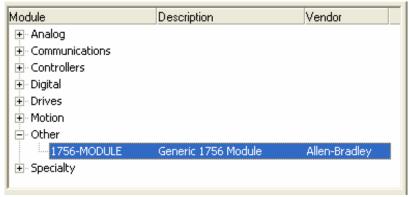




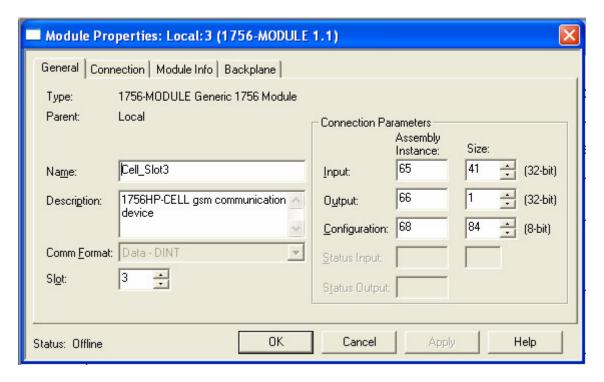
RSLogix

This section describes the procedures required to configure the 1756HP-CELL module within the Logix platform.

The user must select the Generic 1756 Module in RSLogix when adding the module to the IO tree in RSLogix 5k.



The following assembly parameters must be used for the module.



The user must copy the CELL_CONFIG UDT as given in the example code to the Config Image of the module. Please refer to the example code.



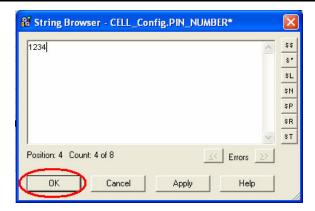
| ⊟-CELL0_Config | {} | {} | CELL_CNFG_IMAGE |
|--|---|-----------|------------------------------------|
| | 1.1 | {} | STRING8 |
| + CELLO_Config.SMS_SERV_CENTRE | 1.1 | {} | STRING16 |
| | 1.1 | {} | STRING24 |
| | 1.1 | {} | STRING8 |
| | 1.1 | {} | STRING8 |
| CELL.Config.PIN_NUMBER This is the pin number for the SIM card inserted into the module. May be left blank if PIN is disabled on the SIM card. | | | Eg: 234 |
| CELL.Config.SMS_SERV_CENTRE The service centre that is used by the service provider to send and receive SMS messages. | | dacom-S | Eg: A: +27829129 27831000002 |
| CELL.Config.APN If an APN has been registered with the cellular service provider to obtain a static IP address, it may be entered here. (or left blank) | Eg: www.hiprom.co.za or internet | | |
| CELL.Config.PORT The TCP/IP port used by the module when establishing a TCP server. (or left blank) | Eg: 8080 | | |
| CELL.Config.MODE_SELECT The mode can be manually selected, so that the module will use '13' to select GSM,GPRS,EDGE or '14' to use 3G. Using '2' will result in Automatic selection. | '1 | 3' : GSM/ | utomatic 'GPRS/EDGE (WCDMA) |



NOTE: Config and SMS data and numbers are entered in ASCII format (note the STRINGx data type). To enter data see the following steps:

| ⊟-CELL0_Config | {} | {} | CELL_CNFG_IMAGE |
|----------------------------|-------------|----|-----------------|
| | <u> </u> | {} | STRING8 |
| | '+27829129' | {} | STRING16 |
| +-CELLO_Config.APN | 1.1 | {} | STRING24 |
| +-CELLO_Config.PORT | 1.1 | {} | STRING8 |
| +-CELLO_Config.MODE_SELECT | '13' | {} | STRING8 |





| ⊟-CELL0_Config | () | {} | CELL_CNFG_IMAGE |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| +-CELLO_Config.PIN_NUMBER | '1234' |) {} | STRING8 |
| +-CELLO_Config.SMS_SERV_CENTRE | '+27829129' | {} | STRING16 |
| ±-CELL0_Config.APN | 1.1 | {} | STRING24 |
| ±-CELL0_Config.PORT | 1.1 | {} | STRING8 |
| | '13' | {} | STRING8 |



OPERATION

RSLogix

Each 1756HP-CELL consumes 1 connection from the Logix Controller.

| Name $	riangle$ | Value 🔸 | Force Mask 🗲 | Style | Data Type |
|------------------------------|---------|--------------|---------|----------------|
| ⊟-Cell_Input | {} | {} | | CELL_INPUT |
| + Cell_Input.CommStatus | 0 | | Decimal | DINT |
| Cell_Input.ModuleOK | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.SIMError | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| Cell_Input.PINRequired | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| Cell_Input.PUKRequired | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.GSMError | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.TextMSGPending | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| Cell_Input.ClientMode | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.ServerMode | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| | 0 | | Decimal | SINT |
| Cell_Input.ServiceProvider | 1.1 | {} | | STRING24 |
| ☐-Cell_Input.TEXT | {} | {} | | CELL_TEXTSERVI |
| | 0 | | Decimal | SINT |
| ⊟-Cell_Input.GSM | {} | {} | | CELL_GSMSERVIC |
| -Cell_Input.GSM.noService | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| —Cell_Input.GSM.GSM | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.GSM.GPRS | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| —Cell_Input.GSM.EDGE | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.GSM.WCDMA | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.GSM.HSDPA | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| -Cell_Input.GSM.HSUPA | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| —Cell_Input.GSM.HSPA | 0 | | Decimal | BOOL |
| Cell_Input.GSM.APN_IPAddress | 1.1 | {} | | STRING16 |
| +-Cell_Input.GSM.ErrorCode | 0 | | Decimal | INT |
| | 0 | | Decimal | DINT |

INPUT IMAGE

The user must copy the Input Image of the module to the CELL_INPUT UDT as given in the example code. Please refer to the example code.

| CommStatus This is reserved. | This is reserved | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| ModuleOK This indicates that the module has booted and all hardware is functioning. | There is an error on the module Module is OK, operations may continue. | | |



| SIMError | | |
|--|---|---|
| This will be active if there is an | _ | CIM has no agree |
| error in communicating with the | | SIM has no error. |
| inserted SIM card. This will also | | SIM has error, either communicating or no SIM present. |
| be active if no SIM has been | | present. |
| nserted in the module. | | |
| DINPoquirod | | |
| PINRequired A PIN number is required to | 0 | PIN number is OK or no pin required. |
| operate the SIM card, contact | | PIN number is required; check PIN entered into |
| your cellular service provider if | | the config image. |
| PIN is unknown or problem | | · · |
| PUKRequired The PUK number will be required | | |
| when the PIN number has been | | DLIK not required |
| entered incorrectly three times. | | PUK not required. PUK is required, remove SIM. |
| Please remove SIM card from the module and enter the correct | 1 | POK is required, remove Silvi. |
| PUK and new PIN from a cellular phone. | | |
| GSMError | | |
| There is an error with the GSM | | No error, GSM communications is OK |
| network or mobile equipment. | 1 | GSM error, check mobile equipment |
| ToytMCCDonding | | |
| TextMSGPending A text message (SMS) has been | 0 | No text messages |
| received by the module and is | | Text messages available to be read by the |
| ready to be read by the | - | controller. |
| controller. | | |
| ClientMode | | |
| When an APN is set, the CELL | | |
| module will try to connect to a | 0 | Module will is not set as Client |
| network. The module has also | | Module will be set as Client |
| connected to another TCP/IP server and is acting as a client. | | |
| | | |
| ServerMode | | Madula is not ast as the Occasion |
| | | Module is not set as the Server |
| ServerMode The module has connected to an accessible APN and has started | | Module is not set as the Server Module is set as the Server |



| SignalStrength The received signal strength on the GSM network, given as a max of 99, minimum of 0. | Signal strength given as a SINT |
|--|---|
| ServiceProvider On startup the service provider's name is requested and presented here in Ascii format and scrolled on the module's screen. | Service provider displayed in Ascii. |
| TextMSGPendingCount The amount of text messages that are stored on the CELL module that must be read. | Amount of unread SMSs that are stored on the CELL module. |
| GSM. The current service level and modulation scheme that the CELL module's mobile equipment is using. A Boolean bit will be active on the current service level, there is a bit for each service. The module will choose the best available service. Note: this is network dependant. | |
| GSM.GSM Basic cellular connection. | 0 Is not selected 1 GSM service is selected and in-use. |
| GSM.GPRS General Packet Radio Services, the minimum connection required for packet transmissions. | 0 Is not selected 1 GPRS service is selected and in-use. |
| GSM.EDGE Faster than GPRS. (2.5G). | 0 Is not selected 1 EDGE service is selected and in-use. |



| GSM.WCDMA Basic 3G connection speed, also known as UMTS. | 0 Is not selected 1 WCDMA service | is selected and in-use. | |
|--|--|-------------------------|--|
| GSM.HSDPA High Speed, faster download than WCDMA. | 0 Is not selected 1 HSDPA service | is selected and in-use. | |
| GSM.HSUPA High speed, faster upload than WCDMA. | 0 Is not selected 1 HSUPA service | is selected and in-use. | |
| GSM.HSPA High speed upload and download of data. | 0 Is not selected 1 HSPA service is selected and in-use. | | |
| GSM.APN_IPAddress This is the IP address obtained after connection to the APN has been established. Note: this is an Ascii string. | Example: IP Address = 192.135.145.007 | "192.135.145.007" | |
| GSM.ErrorCode When an error is experienced, the error code will be displayed in an INT. | No error has occurred xxx Please see <i>Appendix C</i> for relevant error coo | | |
| eserved served. | reserved | | |

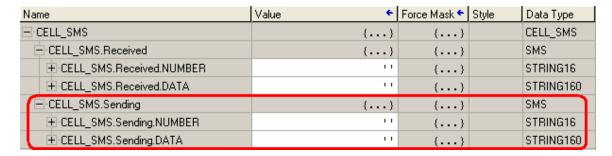
OUTPUT IMAGE

The output image is not used in the CELL module.



Sending a Text message (SMS)

In order to communicate with another CELL module or to send a notification, an SMS must be sent. See the *Appendix B: Message Blocks* on how to set the custom message to be able to send an SMS.



The user must copy the Input Image of the module to the CELL_INPUT UDT as given in the example code.

In **CeII_SMS.Sending.NUMBER**, the number entered is in ASCII format, and must be preceded by the '+' character along with the international country code, eg for South Africa +27XX XXX XXXX or for United Kingdom +44XX XXX XXXX etc.

For the text message **Cell_SMS.Sending.DATA** is populated with the desired data (in Ascii format) The current maximum length of the text message sent to and from the CELL module is 160 characters long.

To see ladder logic for sending an SMS, please refer to the example code.

Receiving a Text message (SMS)

| Name | Value ← | Force Mask 🗲 Style | Data Type |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|
| ⊟-CELL_SMS | {} | {} | CELL_SMS |
| - CELL_SMS.Received | {} | {} | SMS |
| | 11 | {} | STRING16 |
| ±-CELL_SMS.Received.DATA | 1.1 | {} | STRING160 |
| - CELL_SMS.Sending | {} | {} | SMS |
| + CELL_SMS.Sending.NUMBER | 11 | {} | STRING16 |
| +-CELL_SMS.Sending.DATA | 11 | {} | STRING160 |

In order to communicate with another CELL module or to receive an SMS, the CELL module must be requested for the pending SMS. See the *Appendix B: Message Blocks* on how to set the custom message to be able to receive an SMS. An SMS can only be read if there is an SMS pending, notified by **TextMSGPending** in the Input Image.

This is the sender of the SMS is **Cell_SMS.Received.NUMBER**, the number populated is in Ascii format, and is preceded by the '+' character along with the international country code, eg for South Africa +27XX XXX XXXX or for United Kingdom +44XX XXX XXXX etc.



For the received text message **Cell_SMS.Sending.DATA** is populated with the desired data (in Ascii format) The current maximum length of the text message sent to and from the CELL module is 160 characters long.

To see ladder logic for receiving an SMS, please refer to the example code.



NOTE: IN future revisions of the CELL module, GPRS/3G will be used with client/server modes, based on TCP/IP. This will be advantageous as it is a cheaper and faster alternative to SMS messaging.



GSM or CDMA-EVDO



NOTE: The CELL module uses mobile equipment that operates on the GSM network. The CELL module will <u>not</u> operate on a CDMA network.

In cellular service there are two main competing network technologies: Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) and Code Division Multiple Access (CDMA). Cellular carriers including Sprint PCS, Cingular Wireless, Verizon and T-Mobile use one or the other. Understanding the difference between GSM and CDMA will allow you to choose a carrier that uses the preferable network technology for your needs.

The GSM Association is an international organization founded in 1987, dedicated to providing, developing, and overseeing the worldwide wireless standard of GSM. CDMA, a proprietary standard designed by Qualcomm in the United States, has been the dominant network standard for North America and parts of Asia. However, GSM networks continue to make inroads in the United States, as CDMA networks make progress in other parts of the world. There are camps on both sides that firmly believe either GSM or CDMA architecture is superior to the other. That said, to the non-invested consumer who simply wants bottom line information to make a choice, the following considerations may be helpful.

Coverage: The most important factor is getting service in the areas you will be using your phone. Upon viewing competitors' coverage maps you may discover that only GSM or CDMA carriers offer cellular service in your area. If so, there is no decision to be made, but most people will find that they do have a choice.

Data Transfer Speed: With the advent of cellular phones doing double and triple duty as streaming video devices, podcast receivers and email devices, speed is important to those who use the phone for more than making calls. CDMA has been traditionally faster than GSM, though both technologies continue to rapidly leapfrog along this path. Both boast "3G" standards, or 3rd generation technologies.

EVDO, also known as CDMA2000, is CDMA's answer to the need for speed with a downstream rate of about 2 megabits per second, though some reports suggest real world speeds are closer to 300-700 kilobits per second (kbps). This is comparable to basic DSL. As of fall 2005, EVDO is in the process of being deployed. It is not available everywhere and requires a phone that is CDMA2000 ready.

GSM's answer is EDGE (Enhanced Data Rates for GSM Evolution), which boasts data rates of up to 384 kbps with real world speeds reported closer to 70-140 kbps. With added technologies still in the works that include UMTS (Universal Mobile Telephone Standard) and HSDPA (High Speed Downlink Packet Access), speeds reportedly increase to about 275—380 kbps. This technology is also known as W-CDMA, but is incompatible with CDMA networks. An EDGE-ready phone is required.

In the case of EVDO, theoretical high traffic can degrade speed and performance, while the EDGE network is more susceptible to interference. Both require being within close range of a cell to get the best speeds, while performance decreases with distance.



Subscriber Identity Module (SIM) cards: In the United States only GSM phones use SIM cards. The removable SIM card allows phones to be instantly activated, interchanged, swapped out and upgraded, all without carrier intervention. The SIM itself is tied to the network, rather than the actual phone. Phones that are card-enabled can be used with any GSM carrier.

The CDMA equivalent, an R-UIM card, is only available in parts of Asia but remains on the horizon for the U.S. market. CDMA carriers in the U.S. require proprietary handsets that are linked to one carrier only and are not card-enabled. To upgrade a CDMA phone, the carrier must deactivate the old phone then activate the new one. The old phone becomes useless.

Roaming: For the most part, both networks have fairly concentrated coverage in major cities and along major highways. GSM carriers, however, have roaming contracts with other GSM carriers, allowing wider coverage of more rural areas, generally speaking, often without roaming charges to the customer. CDMA networks may not cover rural areas as well as GSM carriers, and though they may contract with GSM cells for roaming in more rural areas, the charge to the customer will generally be significantly higher.

International Roaming: If you need to make calls to other countries, a GSM carrier can offer international roaming, as GSM networks dominate the world market. If you travel to other countries you can even use your GSM cell phone abroad, providing it is a quad-band phone (850/900/1800/1900 MHz). By purchasing a SIM card with minutes and a local number in the country you are visiting, you can make calls against the card to save yourself international roaming charges from your carrier back home. CDMA phones that are not card-enabled do not have this capability, however there are several countries that use CDMA networks. Check with your CDMA provider for your specific requirements.



SPECIFICATION

Electrical

| specification | value |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Power Requirements Power Consumption | All power is derived from the 1756 backplane. |
| Operating Temperature | 0 to 50 °C |
| Storage Temperature | 0 to 50 °C |
| Relative Humidity | 5 to 95 % non-condensing |
| Operating Shock | |
| Storage Shock | |
| Vibration | |
| Emissions | |
| ESD Immunity | |
| Radiated RF Immunity | |
| EFT/B Immunity | |
| Conducted RF Immunity | |
| Enclosure Type Rating | IP20 |

Cable

| specification | value |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Type | RG-175 or equivalent |
| Impedance | 50 Ohm |
| Capacitance | 16.5 pF / foot (54.1 pF / meter) |
| Shield | Foil or copper braid (100% coverage) |
| Connectors | SMA (module side) |



| Signal attenuation | < 10 dB / 100 feet for cable and connectors |
|--------------------|---|

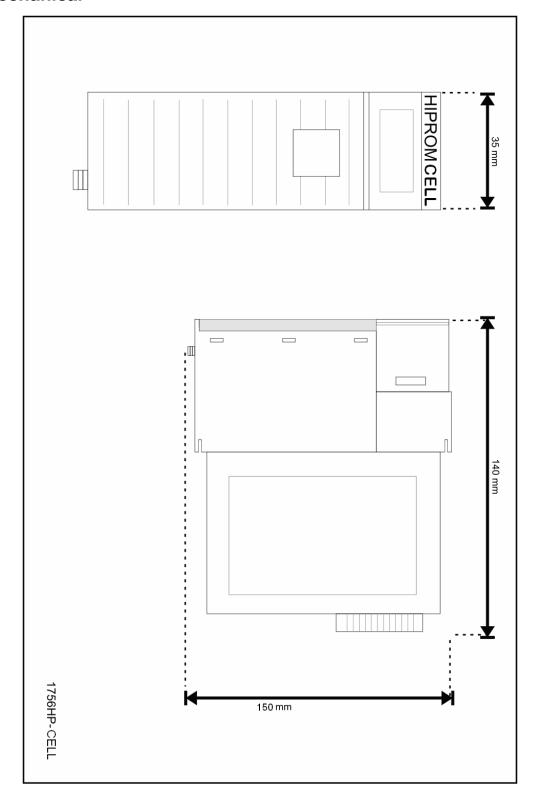
Antenna

| specification | value |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| Dimensions | 3.05" D x 2.61" H (77.5mm x 66.2 mm) |
| Weight | 6.0 oz (170 grams) |
| Connector | SMA (module side) |
| Mounting | Magnetic |



"Shark-fin" antenna

Mechanical

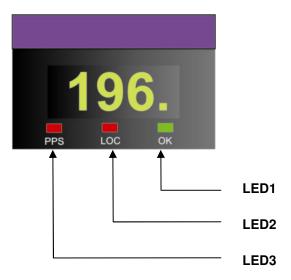




APPENDIX A

Display Status

The display of the 1756HP-CELL module will provide certain diagnostics to the user as given below:



LED₁

This will show green if the module has booted successfully. If the LED is red the module has a hardware fault.

LED 2

This will show green if the module has been setup successfully with the configuration image. If the LED is red the module has a setup fault.

LED 3

This LED indicates the signal of the module. Red and blinking means severely insufficient signal (0-19%) Red means insufficient signal strength (<40%). Green and blinking means sufficient signal (<60%), and solid green means very good signal (>=61%).



NOTE: If all three LEDs are red, this is a fault that will inhibit the module from continuing, please check the LCD for the reason and remedy as necessary.

LCD

Below is the list of messages that can be displayed by the LCD of the module:

CNFG

If CNFG is displayed the Cell module has to be configured in RSLogix5000. The module must be configured before it can be successfully used. *See also: No Operator*

Booting CELL

The above is an example of the message that will scroll across the LCD while the module is booting its mobile equipment.



• 1756HP-CELL/A Rev 1.01.02

This will show the revision of the firmware on the module. Will be display once when powered on.

VodaCom-SA

The above is an example of an Operator ID that will scroll across the LCD.

No Service Provider Name

The above is an example if no cellular operator name has been acquired. This will also be displayed in conjunction with CNFG, if the module has not yet been configured.

• Signal is 77%

The above is an example of the received network signal strength.

3G selected

The above is an example of the network modulation scheme in operation that will scroll across the LCD.

APN IP 192.168.1.100

The above is an example of an IP address that will scroll across the LCD. *Note: this is only relevant to the APN that the module is connected to internally in the GSM network.*

RST

This will be displayed if the module has received a reset CIP command. The module is in reset.

SIM

There is no SIM card in the module. Remedy by inserting a valid SIM card in the module.

PIN

The PIN for the SIM card is invalid. Please check and re-enter PIN in the config parameters in RSLogix5000 project.

• PUK

The PIN has been entered incorrectly more than three times. Please remove the SIM card and enter a valid PUK number from within a cellular/mobile telephone.

Debug Mode

When the correct DIP switch has been set the module will be in debug mode. The user must never put the module in debug mode.

Safe Mode

When the safe mode jumper has been set the module will be in safe mode. This means that the module has booted from the code that it was shipped with.



APPENDIX B

MESSAGE BLOCKS

Send a text message (SMS)

Below is the structure of the message block:

| Message settings | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| Message Type | CIP Generic | |
| Service Type | Custom | |
| Service Code | 32h | |
| Class | 72h | |
| Instance | 01h | |
| Attribute | 01h | |
| Date elements | | |
| Source Element | Cell_SMS.Sending.NUMBER.LEN* | |
| Source Length | 108 | |
| Destination | (blank) | |

^{*} Refer to the example code

Read a text message (SMS)

Below is the structure of the message block:

| Message settings | | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Message Type | CIP Generic | |
| Service Type | Custom | |
| Service Code | 32h | |
| Class | 72h | |
| Instance | 02h | |
| Attribute | 01h | |
| Date elements | | |
| Source Element | (blank) | |
| Source Length | 0 | |
| Destination | Cell_SMS.Received.NUMBER.LEN* | |

^{*} Refer to the example code



NOTE: A message must only be read when the *TextMSGPending* bit is set from the Input image. Please refer to sample project.



APPENDIX C

Error Codes

Error **DESCRIPTION** 0 phone failure 1 no connection to phone 2 phone-adaptor link reserved operation not allowed 4 operation not supported 5 PH-SIM PIN required 6 PH-FSIM PIN required 7 PH-FSIM PUK required 10 SIM not inserted 11 SIM PIN required 12 SIM PUK required 13 SIM failure 14 SIM busy 15 SIM wrong incorrect password 16 17 SIM PIN2 required 18 SIM PUK2 required 20 memory full 21 invalid index 22 not found 23 memory failure 24 text string too long 25 invalid characters in text string 26 dial string too long 27 invalid characters in dial string 30 no network service 31 network timeout 32 network not allowed - emergency calls only 40 network personalization PIN required 41 network personalization PUK required 42 network subset personalization PIN required 43 network subset personalization PUK required 44 service provider personalization PIN required 45 service provider personalization PUK required 46 corporate personalization PIN required 47 corporate personalization PUK required 100 unknown 103 Illegal MS (#3) 106 Illegal ME (#6) GPRS services not allowed (#7) 107 111 PLMN not allowed (#11) 112 location area not allowed (#12) 113 roaming not allowed in this location area (#13)



- 132 service option not supported (#32)
- 133 requested service option not subscribed (#33)
- 134 service option temporarily out of order (#34)
- 149 PDP authentication failure
- 150 invalid mobile class
- 148 unspecified GPRS error
- 151 VBS/VGCS not supported by the network
- 152 no service subscription on SIM
- 153 no subscription for group ID
- 154 group Id not activated on SIM
- 155 no matching notification
- 156 VBS/VGCS call already present
- 157 congestion
- 158 network failure
- 159 uplink busy
- 160 no access rights for SIM file
- 161 no subscription for priority
- 162 operation not applicable or not possible
- 300 ME failure
- 301 SMS service of ME reserved
- 302 operation not allowed
- 303 operation not supported
- 304 invalid PDU mode parameter
- 305 invalid text mode parameter
- 310 SIM not inserted
- 311 SIM PIN required
- 312 PH-SIM PIN required
- 313 SIM failure
- 314 SIM busy
- 315 SIM wrong
- 316 SIM PUK required
- 317 SIM PIN2 required
- 318 SIM PUK2 required
- 320 memory failure
- 321 invalid memory index
- 322 memory full
- 330 SMSC address unknown
- 331 no network service
- 332 network timeout
- 340 no +CNMA ack expected
- 500 unknown error





HIPROM TECHNOLOGIES

TEL: +27 11 787 4458 **FAX:** +27 11 787 7937

POSTAL

P.O. Box 732 Pinegowrie South Africa 2123

PHYSICAL

369 Pretoria ave Ferndale, Randburg South Africa

