RTD Fastrax iTrax02 GPS Module Application and Driver Manual for Windows 98/2000/NT4/XP

User's Manual Version 2.0.x



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Introduction

Currently several RTD products use the Fastrax iTrax02 GPS module:

GPS6160,

COM17045,

COM17035,

COM27190.

This software can be used with all of them.

This manual describes the operation of the iTrax02 Windows monitoring application and driver. The program performs the following functions:

- Monitoring the current coordinates: Latitude, Longitude, altitude, speed and course over ground.
- Monitoring and configuring the device interface parameters such as the protocol and serial COM speed.
- Reading and Writing Digital IO.

Fully commented source code for the application is also included. The program can be built using Microsoft Visual C++ Version 6.

Windows Installation

Installation of the Board and Software

Before installing the application and source files, you need to install the GPS board in your PC. The jumper locations and meanings can be found in the accompanying hardware manual. The card requires one correctly configured COM port to function. After you have selected the COM port base address and IRQ using the boards jumpers you must install a COM port driver in Windows.

In Windows 98 use the following procedure:

Navigate to Control Panel\ Add New Hardware.

When the wizard starts click the 'next' button. Click the 'next' button again. When the list of devices is shown select 'NO, the device is not in the list'. Press 'next'. Windows now asks you if it should search for the new hardware. Select 'No, I want to select the hardware from a list'. On the hardware types list box select 'Ports (COM & LPT)'. Press 'next'. A page will be displayed that has two list boxes. On the left listbox select 'Standard Port Types'. On the right listbox select 'Communications Port'. Press 'Next' Windows will assign some resources to the new port, however they may not be the resources that the card is actually using, that is OK for now. Press 'next' then press 'finish'. When the system reboots go to 'Control Panel\System\Device Manager' and select the COM port you just added and change the resources to be the ones you set the hardware to.

in Windows NT4 the settings are located in:

"Control Panel\Ports". Press the 'Add' button. On the next dialog enter an unused COM port number and the base address and IRQ you set the card to. Also, select the FIFO enabled check box.

in Windows 2000:

Navigate to "Control Panel\ Add new Hardware"

When the wizard starts click the 'next' button then select 'Add/Troubleshoot a device", click' next'. Windows will search for new plug and play devices. When the list of devices is displayed, select the list item called 'Add a new device'. On the next page Windows will ask you whether it should search for new hardware. Select 'No, I want to select the hardware from a list'. Press 'next'. When the list of categories is displayed, select Ports (COM & LPT). Then press 'next'. On the next page select 'Standard Port types' from the menu on the left and 'Communications port' from the list on the right. Press 'next'. Then Windows will ask you to enter the device settings. Enter the base address and IRQ you set the board to. After you have set the resources, press OK and then press' next' on the wizard until it completes.

In Windows XP use the following procedure:

Navigate to "Control Panel\Add Hardware"

When the wizard starts click 'next'. Windows will search for new hardware. When the 'is the hardware connected' page appears, select 'Yes, I have already connected the hardware'.. Press 'next'. From the category list select 'add a new hardware device'. Press 'next'. Now Windows wants to know whether it should install the hardware automatically. Select 'Install the hardware that I manually select from a list'. Press 'next'. On the next list, select Ports (COM & LPT). Press 'next'. On the left menu list select 'Standard Port Types'. On the list on the right select 'Communications Port'. Press 'next'. Press 'next' again. After a short pause you will see a screen

that says 'The following Hardware was installed'...lower down on the page is a link which says 'view or change resources for this hardware'. Click it. Then click 'Set configuration manually. On the next dialog enter the base address and IRQ that you set the board to. Press 'ok'. Press 'Finish'.

NOTE: During testing it was found that allowing Windows 2000/XP to scan for new devices and installing a COM port automatically sometimes fails. For undetermined reasons the new COM port added has the same name as an existing COM port. To prevent this problem, when Windows asks whether to scan for new hardware or select from a list, use the 'select hardware from a list' option then select 'Ports (COM & LPT)' from the following list.

WARNING: Some versions of Windows 2000 and Windows XP may incorrectly try to use the new GPS COM Port as a mouse port, this results in the mouse behaving erratically and uncontrollably. To solve this problem see Microsoft Knowledge Base article number 283063 'Serial Device May Be Detected as a Serial mouse in Windows'.

On the installation diskette you can find the **Setup.exe** program, which installs on your PC the iTrax02 application, source code and driver. After starting the setup follow the instructions on the screen to install the programs. You can select the directory where to install the files.

The setup also adds to the 'Start menu' under the 'Programs' folder of your Windows system the 'RTD\iTrax02GPS' folder. It contains shortcuts to the application and the readme.txt file.

Note: In Windows NT4, the service added is called iTrax02 and is configured to be started automatically when Windows starts.

The Board Driver

The driver for the board is installed automatically when you run setup. The driver performs three functions, it is used to reset the board, to switch protocols and control the DIO ports.. If you remove the installed driver, the GPS will still operate but you will not be able to switch protocols (NMEA protocol is used by default) and you will not be able to use the digital IO.

Windows COM port settings

In the Device Manager are settings for Data Bits, Stop Bits, Parity, Baud rate and flow control. These parameters are all overridden by the application and set to the correct settings at run time. It does not matter what settings you use in the Windows Device Manager.

GPSMonitor Application

When first started, the application selects the first available COM port and attempts to communicate with the GPS through it. If the first COM port is not the correct COM port, simply pull down the list box and select the correct one. Note that used COM ports (such as mouse ports) will not be displayed in the list.

After you have selected the correct COM port the program will attempt to communicate with the GPS card using the most common parameters (4800 Baud, ZNMEA protocol) If it is successful you will see data start to be displayed on the screen. If communication cannot be established with the card, the application will try another protocol (iTalk). If communication still fails the application will go to the next highest baud rate and try both protocols again. This continues until successful communication is established with the card. The status message in the lower mid portion of the screen will tell you when the application is searching for the correct baud and when it has locked on to communications.

In order for the Digital IO or for changing Protocols to work you must have the iTrax02 driver installed (it is installed automatically during setup) and must select the correct base address for the COM port from the drop down list. Attempting to use the Digital IO or changing protocols without having the correct COM port base address selected will result in undesirable and unpredictable behavior.

You may change the selected protocol by using the drop down protocol box. There are two protocols available, ZNMEA-0183 and iTalk. Note that iTalk only runs at 115200 Baud. This means that the baud rate selection box will be disabled when this protocol is selected.

The following information is displayed on the main dialog:

GPS Status – Indicates the status of the calculated position. If the value is 'Valid', then the position is valid. Otherwise the position is invalid.

Fix – Fix mode can be 2D or 3D or Invalid

Quality - Can be Invalid, GPS-Fix or DGPS Fix

Date and Time – Date and Time of the GPS receiver. The receiver gets the GMT date and time from the satellites

Num of Navigation Satellites – Number of satellites that are currently being used for navigation. When this number is less than three, the position is invalid.

Num of Visible Satellites – This is the number of satellites the receiver can 'see'.

Position Dilution of Precision – A measure of how much the error in the position estimate produced from satellite range measurement is amplified by poor arrangement of satellites with respect to the receiver antenna.

Horizontal Dilution of Precision – A measure of how much the satellite geometry affects the position estimate

Vertical Dilution of Precision -- A measure of how much the satellite geometry affects the position estimate

Latitude – Position in Degrees, Minutes and fractions of minutes

Longitude -- Position in Degrees, Minutes and fractions of minutes

AMSL Alt – Altitude above mean sea level in meters.

Geoid Alt – Height of geoid (mean sea level) above WGS84 ellipsoid.

Speed – Speed over ground in Knots

Course Over Ground - Course in Degrees and fractions of degrees

Magnetic Variation – Difference between Magnetic north and true north at the current location

In the Satellite list box the following columns appear:

-- 1-32 Number of satellite

PRN # -- Satellites Pseudo Random Noise number.

EL – Elevation

AZI - Azimuth

SNR - Signal to Noise ratio

When the Digital IO Button is pressed a dialog will be displayed that will display the status of the digital IO input port when the 'Read Value' button is pressed and will write out the selected value when the 'Write Value' button is pressed. Note that each check mark corresponds to a bit being high when checked and low when cleared.

Driver IOCTL calls

GPSFastrax_IOCTL_INITIALIZE

Description:

This IOCTL makes the driver aware of the address of the board registers. It must be called before any other driver IOCTL call.

Parameters:

Address

ULONG of board address. Must be 0x400 above board address.

Returns

```
True – IOCTL Call succeeded False – IOCTL call failed.
```

Example:

$GPSFastrax_IOCTL_GET_CONTROL$

Description:

This IOCTL returns the value of the control byte. (offset 0x01)

Parameters:

Value

ULONG used as buffer to return value.

Returns

```
True – IOCTL Call succeeded False – IOCTL call failed.
```

Example:

GPSFastrax_IOCTL_SET_CONTROL

Description:

This IOCTL sets the control byte to the desired value. (offset 0x01)

Parameters:

Value

ULONG to write to control register.

Returns

```
True – IOCTL Call succeeded False – IOCTL call failed.
```

Example:

```
ULONG Control = 0x01;
ULONG BytesReturned;
return DeviceIoControl(hDevice, GPS6160_IOCTL_SET_CONTROL,
&Control, sizeof(Control), NULL, 0, &BytesReturned, NULL);
```

GPSFastrax_IOCTL_READ_DATA

Description:

This IOCTL returns the value currently present on the digital input port. (offset 0x00)

Parameters:

Data Buffer used to return DIO value.

Returns

```
True – IOCTL Call succeeded False – IOCTL call failed.
```

Example:

```
ULONG Data;
ULONG BytesReturned;
return DeviceIoControl(hDevice, GPS6160_IOCTL_READ_DATA,
NULL, 0, &Data, sizeof(Data), &BytesReturned, NULL);
```

$GPSFastrax_IOCTL_WRITE_DATA$

Description:

This IOCTL writes the desired value out to the digital output port. (offset 0x00)

Parameters:

Data Value to be written out.

Returns

```
True – IOCTL Call succeeded False – IOCTL call failed.
```

Example:

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During the one year warranty period, RTD Embedded Technologies will repair or replace, at its option, any defective products or parts at no additional charge, provided that the product is returned, shipping prepaid, to RTD Embedded Technologies. All replaced parts and products become the property of RTD Embedded Technologies. Before returning any product for repair, customers are required to contact the factory for an RMA number.

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