40-INCH TELESCOPE (WFI) DIY MANUAL

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RUNNING CICADA

- Log On to Monsoon under your own account name.
- Open a new *Xterm* or *Shelltool* window, at the prompt type *cicada* & <Enter> this will open the basic [Cicada v3.2.5] tool bar.
- On the Cicada tool bar click on Start Observing. Click on WFI
- Enter the observers name, check \square Automatically archive raw data Click on OK
- When the Cicada Control window opens, click on Close Shutter
- Click on SDSU click on Readout Mode select Fast
- Click on Instrument Controls, click on Filter: F_40 Initialise the filter wheel by clicking on Get Filter Position. Close the window by clicking on Dismiss
- At the start of <u>each new observing run</u> **NOT each night**, click on **Tools** click on **Start Teldisk...** click on **Clear Disk**, click on **OK Clear the disk** (this will clear the previous observer's data from the hard disk and create a new directory for your data) click on **Quit Teldisk**
- Check that the 'Output Image Directory' name is correctly set by clicking on Options click on Preferences in Directory enter /data/monsoon1/cicada/username
- Insert an appropriate entry in 'Prefix' to e.g. ccd wfi

Whilst in **Options** \rightarrow **Preferences**, select ...

- □ Show messages window at startup
- \Box Reset number of exposures to 1 after each sequence of >1 exposures
- **D** Toggle binning when switching from no-save to save
- $Flush \ count = 1$
- Screen Numbers ... GIT = 0 Pipeline = 0 Gsfind = 0 Ximtool = 1 (The left monitor is '1' – the right monitor is '0')
- Focusing Parameters ... Steps 5 First focus position 0.001 Position step 1.000
- Star profile radius (pixels) 10
- Click on Apply
- At the top of the Preferences Window, click on General, click on Image Display and Scaling
- The 'Display Options' setting are ...

Scaling Algorithm ...

AdaptiveMedianSample size = 1000% of image to readout before scaling = 25Contrast adjustment = 0.50Num SDs tolerance before rescaling = 0.10

• Click on Apply if you have adjusted these settings - click on OK

- In the Cicada control window click on **Tools** Click on, **Start GIT** this will open the CICADA_Ximtool window and the Graphic & Imaging Tool Window.
- Click on the \Box icon towards the right of the ximtool window, to open the [Ximtool Control] window.

TELESCOPE SETUP

- (Delay this step if you are taking Dome Flats) Open the dome shutters.
- At the dome console ensure that the 'Dome Lights' 'Dome' 'Telescope' and 'Tracking' pushbuttons are switched '**ON**' (upper button pressed IN) **leave the key switch on.**
- Set the Auto Slew/Set rotary switch on the dome console to Slew/Set
- Lower the telescope using the Declination Slew 'S' button to about -70° (beyond the SCP) raise the floor level, remove the lens cap and store it on the bracket behind the dome console.
- Lower the floor, raise the telescope to the vertical using the 'N' slew button.
- Set the Auto Slew/Set switch to Auto

FILLING THE DEWAR

(N.B. Take Dome Flats before filling the dewar to avoid LN² spillage).

- In Cicada click on SDSU click on Show Temperatures
- Record the pre-fill dewar temperature as shown in the FOCALPL 'Actual' column, record the dewar vacuum as displayed on the WFI.
- In the Dome remove the lens cap BEFORE filling the dewar to prevent LN² spillage.
- Press the large red STOP button to the right of the dome console.
- Fill the dewar from the LN² bottle. If the pressure is below 7, connect the orange spiral airline attached to the pier to the LN² bottle 'Vent' plug to reduce the filling time.
- Press the "Emergency Stop Reset" button (illuminated beside the STOP button)
- In Cicada click on SDSU click on Read Temperatures
- Record the post-fill dewar temperature and vacuum.
- Fully lower the observatory floor.
- Turn off all light within the dome, *The incandescent light switch is to the right of the balcony door, the fluorescent light switch is on the dome below the shutter. The red lights are controlled from the dome console.*

N.B. If you need to use the shutter windscreen, the 'raise' and 'lower' control buttons are located on the dome beneath the shutter opening.

BIAS FRAMES

- In the Cicada control window set...
- Object Name: **BIAS**
- Exposure Type:
 □ BIAS □ Save and Display
- Exposure Options number of exposures: 5

- 3 WFI
 - Click on Options, click on Show Regions Window Check that 'region 1' is highlighted with a blue box and that the X Y Width and Height settings are set for the full CCD.
 X-offset (XO) = 0, Y-offset (YO) = 0, Width = 8392, Height = 8272.
 - Set the **Overscan Columns** to **0** (*This Overscan option is for the 2.3m DBS Astromed controllers. The WFI SDSU controllers have overscan and bias regions preset*).
 - Click on **Dismiss** Click on **Expose**

Bias frames should display between 2,500 ~ 4,500 counts

(The standard deviation of bias frames can be calculated by using GIT - Load the bias frame into ximtool - using the left mouse button drag a box onto the image - click on the

Statistics Icon (Bar Graph) - the standard deviation should be between 2 and 3. Clear the box by right clicking on the box and choosing 'destroy'.)

FLAT FIELDS

Sky Flat preparation...

These should be taken about 15 to 30 minutes after sunset or before sunrise. The key to this is to be about 20° away from the zenith in the direction opposite to where the Sun is setting or rising. Sky Flats tend to be better than Dome Flats. As a general guide ...

• In the late afternoon, slew the telescope in R.A. away from the sunset to the Sidereal Time + 1 hour. In the early morning slew to the Sidereal Time – 1 hour. In summer slew in Declination to – 20°. In winter slew in Dec to – 40°, in spring and autumn slew to about – 30°

Dome Flat preparation ...

(N.B. Take dome flats before filling the dewar to avoid LN² spillage.)

- In the E.T.S. Configuration Configure menu, set the Dome Control to Manual
- Enter the dome, ensure that the console Auto Slew/Set knob is switched to Slew/Set
- Using the Declination Slew 'S' button, lower the telescope to about -78° (beyond the SCP) (Telescope ZD = 70° as shown on the ETS monitor)
- Rotate the dome to an Azimuth of 70° (as shown on the ETS monitor) or align the red and black mark on the dome with the marks on the wall behind the dome console.
- Rotate the dome so that the dome flat screen and telescope are in alignment.
- Partially open the upper shutter to faintly illuminate the screen, turn off all dome lights.
- If you need to use dome lights, use the tungsten lights only!

Cicada settings for Sky/Dome flats ...

- In **Options** → **Show Regions Window** use the X Y Width and Height settings for the full CCD. Set x-offset = 0, y-offset = 0, Width = 8392, Height = 8272.
- Object Name: Sky_Flat or Dome_Flat, Exposure Type:
 □ Flat
- Start taking Flats with **Exposure Options** set to \Box **Display Only**
- Set the **Overscan Columns** to **0** (*This Overscan option is for the 2.3m DBS Astromed controllers. The WFI SDSU controllers have overscan and bias regions preset*).
- For Dome Flats start with an exposure duration of between $10 \sim 25$ seconds.

- Read the counts in Ximtool and adjust the exposure duration or light entering the dome until you obtain a value of about 30,000.
- When the correct number of counts have been reached, set the Exposure Options to ...
 □ Save and Display
- Click on **Expose** take at least 5 flat fields with each filter in use.
- With Sky Flats, offset the telescope between exposures by about 2 arcmin, by switching the control room paddle to **Set** and pressing the '**N**' button for about one second.
- Aim for brightness counts in the vicinity of $10,000 \sim 30,000$.

DARK FRAMES (Dark current is small and dark frames are generally not necessary).

POINTING THE TELESCOPE – CALIBRATING THE POINTING

- Ensure that the **Auto Slew/Set** rotary knob on the dome console is set to **Auto** and that the dome floor is fully lowered.
- Using the E.T.S. Configuration Configure menu, set the Dome Control to Auto
- Click on the Motion drop down menu, click on Track
- Enter the Name (Optional) R.A., Dec and Epoch (Optional) of the target object.
- Click on **Track** Take an exposure to ensure that the target has been centred.
- Click on **Configuration Calibrate Pointing**, enter the R.A. and Dec of the target, click on **Calibrate**, click on **Close**

FOCUSING THE TELESCOPE

(Using the WFI Automated Focusing sequence)

- In Cicada under the Actions drop down menu, click on Do_Focus_Sequence
- Follow the prompts or refer to p. 17 of the Cicada User's Manual
- To highlight a star, drag across it with the left mouse button then click the right-moost icon in Cicada 'Read Marked Region from Image Tool'
- Move the focus using the "In" and "Out" buttons on the round paddle by 0.03 0.05 units between each image, starting at about 31.70 (as displayed on the small red LED focus readout box)

(Using the MaxIm DL autoguider CCD ...)

- In the Focus Tab check the Continuous box, then click the Reset button.
- Ensure that the Subframe is set to Left = 0 Top = 0 Width = 320 Height = 240
- Set an appropriate exposure time (e.g. 10 seconds).
- In the Focus Tab, click on the Start Focus button. After the first exposure click the Abort button.
- Click the Auto button, this will place a box around the brightest star in the field.
- Click on Start Focus exposures will continuously cycle. Click on the Inspect tab.
- Focus the telescope using the **In** and **Out** buttons on the control room hand paddle.

N.B. The 'In' button increases the focus position value, (as displayed on the control room focus position digital display) the 'Out' button decreases the value.

The 'Inspect' Tab will display the information needed to focus the telescope including the FWHM in pixels and the amplitude ('Max' window) of the brightest pixel. Best focus is obtained with the FWHM value as small as possible and the 'Max' value as large as possible. The narrower the 3-D isometric plot, the better the focus.

The plate scale of the WFI is 0.375 arcsec per pixel, 25 arcsec per mm or 2.5 pixels per sec of arc e.g. if a star image is 5 pixels across then the seeing is 2 arcsec. The field of view covers 52 arcminutes with the diagonal being 1.2 degrees.

You can also monitor focus as you work by keeping an eye on the images. The 40-inch has astigmatism such that images are elongated at about 45 degrees from NW to SE when the focus setting is too high and from NE to SW when the focus is too low.

You can use this astigmatism to focus the telescope: If the star images are elongated ... NW-SE => focus is too high: Press the "Out" button (LED readout decreases) NE-SW => focus is too low: Press the "In" button (LED readout increases)

Typical focus values are in the range from 31.65 - 31.88

(Using the main WFI CCD mosaic ...)

- Using the control room hand paddle, slew the telescope to the South of the chosen focus field then back North to cancel gear backlash stop with the Declination seconds readout on "00" (use the 'Guide' option for fine control).
- Using the hand paddle, cancel focus backlash by increasing the focus readout with the **IN** FOCUS button until you are beyond your start position. Press the **OUT** focus button to come back down to your start position (say 32.40).
- Set Exposure Type to ... Dobject and Display Only
- Set Exposure Options to ... Exposures 1 Duration 10 seconds
 No pre-flush and
 No readout
- Click on Flush to clear the previous image from the CCD array then click on Expose
- Using the 'N' paddle button set to Guide move the telescope by 20" of arc (watch Dec change on the E.T.S monitor, declination will decrease as the telescope moves North).
- Lower the focus readout by 0.05 by using the **OUT** paddle button, record the focus position.
- Take a second 10 second duration exposure by clicking on Expose
- Using the 'N' paddle button move the telescope by another 20" of arc.
- Lower the focus readout by 0.05 by using the **OUT** paddle button, record focus position.
- Take another 10 second exposure.

- REPEAT the telescope move, focus and expose steps until you have taken 6 exposures at differing focus positions. (To clearly identify between the first and last image in the subsequent readout, you could also slight shift the last image in R.A.)
- For the final exposure **CANCEL** the ' \square **NO READOUT**' option in **Exposure Options**
- Examine the displayed image, the exposure sequence will be from *right to left*, (if you used the 'N' button to move the telescope) note which focus position provides the best image reset the focus position accordingly repeat the focus sequence if necessary. *If the image is "streaked" re-boot Cicada*.

AUTOGUIDING

- If the autoguider PC has to be restarted:
 - 1. When asked for a password, just click 'Cancel'
 - 2. The 'VNC server' is **m40slave:0** Password is in the back of the 40" CCD Temp Log Book.
 - 3. After Windows starts, click on the 'MaxIm DL' icon.
 - 4. Scroll down in the MaxIm DL window so that you can click on 'Guide CCD's WFI'.
- In the Cicada **Tools** menu, click on **Start GSFind** this will open the '*Guide Star Finder*' *this shows an outline of the main and guiding CCDs relative to GSC stars.*
- Enter the *RA and Dec* of your target in the 'Field' box, enter the appropriate Equinox.
- Set the Position Angle (degrees) to 90 set the magnitude limits.
- Click on Actions click on Read GSC
- Use the left mouse button to drag the green CCD mosaic so that you place one of the available guiding CCD's on top of a suitable guide star. The R.A. and Dec of the main CCD array centre will be shown in the **Detector** box.

(To obtain data on any star on the chart, place the cursor onto the star and press the spacebar. The RA, Dec and Magnitude of the star will be highlighted in the 'Objects Found' window).

- On the Autoguider computer click on the **Guide CCDs-WFI** bar at the bottom of the screen or on the **WFI Guider Selector** icon.
- Click on the guiding CCD which you placed on top of the guide star in GSFind.
- Click on the MaxIm DL Autoguider Image bar to return to the autoguider screen.
- Using the E.T.S. **Motion** then **Track** menu, slew the telescope to the R.A. and Dec position as shown in the Guide Star Finder 'Detector' box.
- Click on **Open Shutter** in Cicada (this allows light to fall onto the Autoguiding CCD without actually taking an exposure).
- In Maxim DL, click on the **Guide Tab**. Set the **Exposure** time to 7 seconds, enter the declination of the guide star (degrees only) into the **Declination Box**
- Click on the **Expose** button click on **Start**
- Click the mouse cursor on the star as displayed in the Autoguider Image window.
- Click on the <u>Track</u> button in the Guide Tab
- Click on <u>Start</u> Autoguiding will commence.

DATA TAKING

- In Cicada click on **Open Shutter** to pass an image to the autoguider.
- Set **Exposure Type** to \Box **Object**, \Box **Save and Display**, set the exposure time.
- Set the **Overscan Columns** to **0** (*This Overscan option is for the 2.3m DBS Astromed controllers. The WFI SDSU controllers have overscan and bias regions preset*).
- Click on Close Shutter

** Note: There is a Shutter Priming Delay **

- The shutter takes a few seconds to prime, so wait 8-10 seconds after closing the shutter (e.g. after acquiring the guide star) before exposing.
- When the shutter is primed and the star image in the autoguider fades click on Expose
- When the image has finished reading out, click on **Open Shutter** to re-acquire the guide star.

Check images as they readout in Ximtool – if the star images are "streaky" then you may have to re-boot Cicada to solve the problem. If the autoguider image fails to reappear during the exposure – ABORT the exposure, reset the Run No. and repeat the Data Taking procedure.

(If you have trouble re-booting Cicada, kill all Cicada processes that are running by typing at the username@monsoon% prompt ... ps –ef | grep cicada and then the kill %1 or kill (process number) - Remove the 'core' file with rm core).

XIMTOOL

When Ximtool reads out ... North is to the right, East is down.

DATA ARCHIVING

- The WFI data area is /data/monsoon1/cicada/username
- Data are archived from MONSOON to the DDS4 DAT tape drive. The DDS4 drive will take DDS2, DDS3 and DDS4 tapes. Data files on MONSOON can be archived in TAR format by using the following example procedure:

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- Move the cursor to a blank area of the new screen and click the right mouse button.
- Click the left mouse button on **Programs**, drag to the right to open a new **Shell Tool** window.
- Type: cd /data/monsoon1/cicada/username (data directory) <Enter>
- Type: *ls* (this will list the files in the directory)
- Type: *allocate mt1* <Enter> (*N.B. mt1 is compressed mode mt0 is uncompressed mode*)
- Type *mt rew* (to rewind the tape to the start)
- Type: *tar cv* **fits* (shift8 dot fits) <Enter> **N.B.** if this is a tape with image files already on it type: *etar* instead of *tar*
- If using *etar*, when asked if you wish to use the next file number, press $Y \leq Enter > .$
- When the prompt returns type: *mt rewind* <Enter>
- Type: *deallocate mt1* <Enter>

- Press the 'Eject' button on the tape drive to eject the tape.
- *tar cv* *.*fits (copies all fits files) tar xv (retrieves data off a tape) tar tv (shows what is on the tape)*

SHUTDOWN

TELESCOPE MOTION ...

- Slew the telescope to the current Sidereal Time and a Declination of about -31 00 00
- When the telescope is in position, at the E.T.S. click on **Motion** click on **Halt** *AUTOGUIDER*
- Click on **Stop** leave the software running.

CICADA

• Leave the software up and running (There is no option for Continuous Flush etc.) *IN THE DOME/TELESCOPE*

- Set the Auto Slew/Set rotary switch on the dome console to Slew/Set
- Lower the telescope using the Declination Slew 'S' button, raise the floor level, replace the lens cap.
- Close the dome shutters.
- Turn on the dome white lights.
- Lower the floor, raise the telescope to the vertical using the 'N' Declination Slew button.
- In Cicada click on SDSU click on Read Temperatures
- Record the pre-fill dewar temperature as shown in the FOCALPL 'Actual' column, record the dewar vacuum as displayed on the WFI.
- Fill the dewar from the LN² bottle. If the pressure is below 7, connect the airline to reduce the filling time.
- In Cicada click on SDSU click on Read Temperatures
- Record the post-fill dewar temperature and vacuum.
- Fill in the Log Sheet (on the dome console shelf). At the completion of your observing run, complete the MSSSO Online Comment file.

ACCESSING THE MSSSO ONLINE COMMENT FILE

Observer comment and fault files exist for logging alterations to the instrument and for user comments. WFI users are required to record their experiences in this file for the benefit of others. Access to the file, either to read it or add your comment is available through the MSSSO home page at http://msowww.anu.edu.au/observing/

AUTOGUIDER SETTINGS (via the GUIDE TAB)

X Axis Cal Time = 1 Backlash = 0 Y Axis Cal Time = 3 Backlash = 0 Manual Calibration X Speed = 10 Y Speed = 4.83 Check boxes... Enable X Axis Enable Y Axis Aggressiveness = 4 Control Via = Camera Relay

Display Scaling Focal Length = 2000 Display Mode = Pixels Check Delta Exposure Settings Binning = 1 X Offset = 0 Y Offset = 0 Width = 320 Height = 240 More Autoguider settings... Guiding Minimum move X = 0.10 Minimum move Y = 0.10 Maximum move X = 3.00 Maximum move Y = 3.00 Delay after correction (sec) = 0.50 Move Commands Maximum Slew X = 5.00 Maximum Slew Y = 10.00 Delay after commands = 0.10

INITIALISING CCD HARDWARE

If half of the main CCD array in Ximtool fails to display, enter the dome and check that the correct LED's at the rear of the Master and Slave processors are illuminated. The pattern of LED's should be ... ($G = Green \ X = Out \ O = Orange$)

Slave	Master
0	G
G	Х
G	G
G	G
G	G
G	G
Х	G
G	0

The Master and Slave processors are mounted one each side of the WFI dewar. The LED's, which are covered with black electrical tape, are located on the northern (Control Room) side of the controllers. Possibly the 'Slave' (1) processor will have shut down. To correct the situation in Cicada under the [Actions] menu, click on **Initialise CCD Hardware**

SHUTTER PRIMING

At large easterly hour-angles (>-4hrs) the camera shutter can fail to reset. You can recognise this by the star trails on an image (trails on CCDs 1-4 trail up, on CCDs they 5-8 trail down). In addition there will be a ramp in the signal across the CCDs. Another clue to a failed shutter can be gained by listening to the shutter operation. There should be a loud CL-LICK on open and close with the control room door open. A failed shutter sounds different, a woosy, fainter click due to the fact that only one of the two shutter blades is operating.

To fix a shutter that fails to reset, you will need to prime the shutter manually.

Priming the shutter

- Transfer telescope control to the dome.
- Move the telescope to \sim -45deg dec, HA=2.5 hrs East.
- Raise the floor to the level of step 5 on the concrete stairs.

- On the Wide Field Imager Exposure Controller, locate panel E2448 (i.e. the large electronics rack mounted above WFI on the eastern side of the 40-inch optical tube).
- Switch the top toggle switch, the Prime Switch, from Nor (Normal) to the Prime position.
- Turn to face WFI, at the left of the filter box you will see a small rectangular inspection port labeled 'Priming Rod Access Cover'. Remove this cover.
- To the top/right of the filter box you will see a knurled knob labeled 'Priming Rod'. Unscrew the rod and insert it into the small round hole at the bottom right of the Priming Rod Access plate.
- Gently push in the rod to manually prime the shutter.
- When the shutter is primed, withdraw the rod, replace the cover and rod in its holder.
- Reset the Prime Switch to Nor (Normal).

You can check that the shutter is primed by switching the 'Display' toggle switch to 'On' – the 'Ready' LED should glow – once checked, switch the 'Display'' toggle switch to 'Off'

To test that the shutter is working:

- Toggle the 'Mode' switch to 'Manual'
- Toggle the 'Display' switch to 'On'
- Toggle the 'Shutter' switch 'Open' AND then to 'Closed' to test the shutter.
- (Don't forget to wait 8 seconds for the shutter to reset after closing)
- Return all four switches UP before resuming observing.

N.B. For normal operation, all four toggle switches on panel E2448 are in the 'UP' position – Prime=Nor, Mode=Auto, Shutter=Close, Display=Off

GENERAL

At the Equator: 4 sec of R.A. = 1' arcmin in Dec or 1 min of R.A. = 15' arcmin in Dec To offset for non-equatorial declinations = (Declination (in degrees) X Cos) X Offset in Arcmin

WFI chips:

Eight 2k x 2k (2048x4096) CCDs in a 2x4 mosaic

Each sees 13'x26' (arcmin) making a 52'x52' field

Pixels are 15 micron giving 0.375 arcsec/pixel (on the 40-inch @ f/8)

Gaps between the CCDs are ~20-30 arcseconds

Gains are $\sim 1.5 - 2.1$ electrons/ADU

RONs are ~3.5 – 5.5 *electrons (To obtain Gain & RON follow the procedure in the "40 Inch Telescope Observer's Technical Guide")*

The SDSU controllers read out the entire array in 55 seconds

The full array image is 140Mb in size - one CCD is 17.5Mb

The /data/monsoon1 disk on Monsoon holds almost 100Gb – about 4~8 days data

A DDS3 125m tape holds fractionally over 18Gb compressed (i.e. use allocate mt1)

Writing to tape takes ~11.5 min/Gb (~3.5 hours per full tape) – don't get caught on you last night – SAVE EARLY!

The plate scale of the WFI is 0.375 arcsec per pixel, 25 arcsec per mm or 2.5 pixels per sec of arc e.g. if a star image is 5 pixels across then the seeing is 2 arcsec. The field of view covers 52 arcminutes with the diagonal being 1.2 degrees.

The values displayed at the lower right corner of the CICADA_ximtool window show:- The xaxis pixel position/count, the y-axis pixel position/count and the image/pixel intensity count. A general guide to the quality of the seeing can be made by zooming in on a star and counting the star's pixel width. (5 pixels = 2 arcsecond seeing). OR Plate Scale X Star FWHM (0.375 X ?)

Guide CCDs

Pixel size = 10 microns

CCD Array = 320×240 pixels

Plate Scale = 0.25 arcsec/pixel or 4 pixels/sec of arc

Field of View = 80 arcsec X 60 arcsec

Main WFI CCDs

Pixel size = 15 microns

CCD Array = 8192 X 8192 (Each CCD = 2048 X 4096 plus 20~30 arcsec gaps)

Plate Scale = 0.375 arcsec/pixel or 25 arcsec/mm or 2.5 pixels/sec of arc

Field of View = 52 X 52 arcmin (Diagonal = 1.2 degrees)

DEWAR VACUUM

The dewar vacuum rises about 1E-07 per day. The vacuum is probably Ok up to about 1E-04. LN2 hold time is about 12 hours

CICADA, GIT & Ximtool

General Strategies to deal with CICADA.

Cicada has a tendency to hang, usually during readout, and sometimes for no obvious reason (even if you are doing none of the bad things listed below).

The only remedy is to restart it. To do this:

• In the Observers Window menu select actions - quit-observing-window

• In the CICADA menu select Start-Observing - Exit_CICADA

From the command line enter:

• ps -ef | grep cicada

Look for cicada processes. Ignore *_svc. Kill others with ...

Kill -9 (process number) or ...

- Cicada_cleanup -p 0
- Cicada_cleanup -p 1
- Cicada_cleanup -p 2
- Cicada_cleanup -p 3
- Restart using "cicada &"

In general restarting solves Cicada problems, but it's a pain so...

Follow these next practices for relatively trouble-free operation:-

- Pause DON'T use 'pause'. This crashes Cicada so badly you could need to logout to restart!
- NumLock Keep NumLock untoggled. It interferes with ximtool (and GIT?) operation. In particular, it prevents you using right-mouse scrolling to change brightness/contrast, and inactivates the ximtool menus.
- Initialise Hardware advice is to use this as a last resort.

Avoid:

- Using ABORT. You'll often then need to exit cicada and restart.
- Doing too much (processor or memory intensive stuff) on monsoon during readout.

In particular avoid:

- Beginning or ending a tar command during readout (during exposing is OK)
- Doing much in Netscape
- Copying images (and other operations) in iraf
- Leaving the little "graphics keystrokes" window open during readout
- Changing regions (in the regions window) during readout.

During readout you CAN do these:

• Change filter, change exposures, change duration

GIT (Graphic & Imaging Tool)

GIT (presently) has a problem with displaying mosaiced images. It displays them OK on readout but it cannot set sensible scaling parameters to allow you to calculate star profiles, get single line plots, etc. The Ximtool window just goes all black or white and displays a single value.

To overcome these limitations do the following:

- Untoggle NumLock
- Select Options Start-private-ximtool
- Select **Options Preferences**

In "Preferences" ...

- Select category "General"
- Untoggle "Mosaic MEF files in Cicada mode"

• Enter the "MEF extension list", i.e. a list of which CCDs you want available for loading into the private ximtool.

Note that if you are only using CCD numbers 1,2,7,8 (say) their MEF image extension numbers will be 1,2,3,4. i.e. CCD number and extension number are different things.

- Set "Maximum Cicada images" if necessary.
- The list of extensions you have requested will appear in the "image list" window. Click one and it loads into the private ximtool.

Now you can get star profiles, cross sections, stats, etc. But when the next image is read out it will automatically be'loaded into the private ximtool.

But avoid leaving the little "graphics keystrokes" window open during readout or GIT will crash out.

XIMTOOL



When Ximtool reads out ... North is to the right, East is down. 1 pixel = 0.375 arcsec

To move a star N in Dec offset on ETS is NEGATIVE " " S in Dec " " То POSITIVE دد " " " W in RA То POSITIVE " " " " E in RA То **NEGATIVE**

Screen Preferences for GIT and Ximtool

Select the monitor for these in **Options – Preferences – General**. Common practice puts GIT and Ximtool on screen 1.

Other

Binning

If you change the binning, it may not change back again when you reset it to $1 \ge 1$, even though the regions window shows it as $1 \ge 1$. WFI

Watch the file sizes: should be 271440 blocks (full 8xCCDs?)

Bleeding

If readout shows bleeding on brighter stars on some CCDs and bias changes, restart cicada.

Wrong Frame Size

If there is an error message about ximtool having the wrong frame size, check that there is not an old cicada ximtool process running: $ps - ef \mid grep \ cicada \ will \ show \ it.$

Many Red Error Windows

If several red error windows appear from cicada, and restarting is impossible or doesn't work, try logging out (and back in). That can fix it. If the error messages involve SDSU, then they probably need a hardware initialisation (from the action menu).

If such error messages are reported when cicada is restarted, you may need two hwinits. Do the hwinit immediately after restarting cicada.

COMPUTERS

Mosaic (in rack) = runs controllers - Monsoon (on desk) = runs Cicada - Murky (in office) is a bit slow

Data is stored on monsoon in /data/monsoon1/cicada/username

SDSU Controller 'Master' controls CCD's 1,2,3,4 the 'Slave' controller runs CCD's 5,6,7,8

To transfer telescope control to the Dome console:

- At the ETS PC select Configuration configure. Toggle Dome Control to "manual".
- Enter the dome.
- At the dome console switch the rotary Guide Slew/Set knob to "Slew/Set"
- Move telescope, dome and floor as necessary
- Press the large red STOP button if filling dewar or stopping observing.

To transfer telescope control to the Control Room:

- Press the "emergency-stop reset" button (illuminated beside the STOP button)
- Ensure floor is fully down
- At the dome console switch the rotary Guide Slew/Set knob to "Auto"
- •
- Go to the control room
- On the ETS PC select Configuration configure.
- Toggle Dome Control to "automatic".

Telescope Tracking

Telescope RA tracking sometimes drops out. Just redo the tracking command in the ETS computer to restart.

SDSU Cooling

The SDSU controllers are cooled by the NESLAB cooler (downstairs in corridor through library on the left). If the controllers get hot, this probably means that the NESLAB has failed. Check the temperature of the controller heat sinks occasionally - touch them.

IRAF

WFI produces mosaiced images. In iraf you need to specify the extension number in the filename, as below. If you haven't used IRAF before, refer to http://msowww.anu.edu.au/computing/lun/lun35/lun35.html

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Set the terminal type as xgterm (at the prompt after mkiraf) and edit login.cl (or loginuser.cl) to set set stdimage = imt4096 set imtype = "fits"

Then:

ximtool & :brings up an ximtool to display images in. cl :starts iraf

And: display filename[#CCD] 1

imcopy filename[#CCD][xmin:xmax,ymin:ymax) outfile.fits

imexamine filename[#CCDI[xmin:xmax,ymin:ymax] image operations: v does plot from two cursor input positions r gives radial profile of star, fwhm etc. a gives mag and fwhm etc. for star. no plot

Even for a single CCD readout or a small region readout, you need the extension filename[1]

Use the mscred package in iraf to reduce mosaiced images.

ds9, saotng are nice alternative display tools. ds9 can handle mosaics.

TROUBLESHOOTING

If things go wrong - here are some possible causes. Solutions are hopefully in these notes or somewhere in the sources listed below. First, follow the suggestions above to keep Cicada as stable as possible.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION

- The '40-Inch Telescope (WFI) DIY Manual' (this document)
- ✤ "40 Inch Telescope Observer's Technical Guide"
- http://www.mso.anu.edu.au/observing/40in/DirectIm/40in/
- http://msowww.anu.edu.aulcomputing/cicada/cicada/
- ✤ The WFI web pages
- Other hardcopy manuals in the Control Room
- http://msowww.anu.edu.aulobserving/tc_.manual/

Troubleshooting in the Control Room

My object doesn't appear on Ximtool after readout? Cloud Dome is blocking view Dome shutter blocking view Camera shutter failure

I see streaks on my image? Camera shutter failure Cicada failure – re-boot Cicada Initialise hardware (a last resort)

I can't analyse images (star profiles, stats, etc) in Ximtool. The image just goes to a single value! Start a private ximtool in GIT.

Cicada has hung? Exit Cicada, cleanup, restart Cicada. Stop processor/memory intensive processes Avoid using abort Don't use pause

Lots of Red Error Windows, Can't Stop Them! Kill Cicada from the command line, cleanup and restart

I can't point the telescope more accurately than 20arcsec? The telescope only points to within about 20aresec -But, use buttons on round focus/guide/set paddle. Use set or guide speeds. With practice this becomes fairly accurate (to within a few pixels).

Ximtool menus are inactive Untoggle NumLock

I can't change brightness/contrast using left mouse scrolling? Untoggle NumLock

New images keep loading into my private Ximtool?

Turn off automatic loading of images by toggling the "cicada mode" button under the GIT **Options – Preferences - General** menu. (This is supposed to work, but sometimes doesn't)

My star images are elliptical Focus the telescope

Focussing is difficult Try focusing from same direction to take up backlash

There is bleeding on stars & bias has changed Restart cicada.

I can't see my guide star (while setting up guiding) Open the shutter!

I can't find the "Guide CCDs - WFI" chooser window Scroll down in the m40slave window

Autoguiding doesn't seem to be working accurately Set the declination correctly on the "guide" tab in the Maxim CCD window

Troubleshooting in the Dome

The telescope won't obey the "Auto" setting of the dome Auto – Slew/Set rotary switch The dome floor is not in the fully lowered position.

The dome doesn't follow telescope?

Check that the dome position encoder (high on the western wall) is flashing its green LEDs at you. If not - restart ETS (select file - shutdown, then startup at the prompt). Put the dome in the "auto" mode on ETS (select configuration - configure)

Telescope pointing is bad Calibrate the pointing (refer to page 4) Reset the time (Phone 1-1194)

Telescope doesn't move Ensure floor is fully down Fault in ETS (Call technical support)

Telescope moves unexpectedly-by itself Press large red STOP button on dome console, or on electronics rack in control room

Shutters don't open or close

Press the 'shutter stop' button and try again (Listen for the relays clicking downstairs) If upper shutter doesn't close it needs to be driven fully open (onto the external springs) first.

LN2 leaking from filling tube? Tighten the various nuts on the tube (call technical support)

LN2 leaking from camera dewar at high ZD angles? Remove lens-cap before filling camera dewar

Do dome-flats before filling camera dewar

LN2 small tank pressure low?

Small tank needs filling from large tank (call technical support) Pressurize small tank with air line by connecting air line to top of LN2 tank.

SDSU controllers feel hot

Water cooler has failed. Check it and restart it, if necessary.

Dewar vacuum rising or focal plane temperature not holding Pump dewar (call technical support)

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