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AET THERMAL RTA SYSTEM OPERATION MANUAL FOR **ANNEALING OF THIN** FILMS By Paul Keir Sept. 26, 1996 and revised by Jeff Bender July 4, 2001 (Reference Persons: Jeff Bender, Randy Hoffman) **Department of Electrical** and Computer

# Engineering Oregon State University 1 INTRODUCTION

The AET THERMAL RX SERIES Rapid Thermal Annealing (RTA) system is a modern, computer controlled annealing system. The RTA system is used to anneal thin films and devices at high temperatures for relatively short periods of time. The maximum temperature that this system is capable of annealing at is 1200 C. The system is water-cooled to quickly bring the system down from elevated temperatures to room temperature. Presently, the system is set up to run forming gas (10 % H<sub>2</sub> / 90 % N<sub>2</sub> mixture), O<sub>2</sub>, Ar, N, or an O<sub>2</sub>/Ar mixture during the annealing cycle. Additional non-toxic gases may be procured and used with the system, if necessary.

## **2 OPERATION**

#### 2.1 Preliminaries

The RTA system does not allow the user to open the door to the chamber until several preliminary steps have been performed. The preliminaries are as follows:

1.

Turn on the computer monitor.

- The monitor on/off switch is on the rear right hand side of the monitor screen.
- 2.

If the computer is not turned on or is at the MS-DOS prompt, perform the following actions:

(a)

Turn the computer on by hitting the round blue switch on the CPU case. (b)

Press the CAPS LOCK button on the computer keyboard. (c)

Type ``RTP" at the C: DOS prompt to activate the system control software.

3.

Login to the system by entering your user name and password.

- If you do not have a user name and password, you are not authorized to use this system.
- To obtain a password, inform an RTA system guru that you need to be trained on its use. These are currently Randy Hoffman and Jeff Bender.
- 4.

Select the ``RUNS" option (number 2) from the main menu.

5.

Select the ``ADD A NEW RUN" option from the submenu.

6.

The system will ask for a ``WAFER #" to identify the process run. This can be any text but must be unique. Some hints for entry of the data are:

- If 0 or BLANK is entered, the system will exit to the main menu.
- If ? is entered, the software will provide a list of all wafer numbers currently on record.
- If you do not plan to store the run to the hard drive, you may simply enter a dummy wafer ID.

7.

The system will now ask for a ``RECIPE" to tell it which process sequence to run.

- If 0 or BLANK is entered, the system will exit to the main menu.
- If ? is entered, the system will display a list of available recipes.
- If the recipe that you seek is not currently available, consult an RTA system guru to create the required recipe.
- 8.

Press ENTER several times to accept the default options.

9.

The system will now display the ideal temperature and gas cycles versus process time for the selected recipe.

• Press ENTER to proceed.

10.

A schematic of the RTA system should now be displayed.

- There should be several options displayed in the lower left corner of the screen.
- ``SYSTEM READY" should be displayed in the lower right-hand corner of the screen
- If this recipe is incorrect, the 0 key should be pressed to exit to the main menu.
- 11.

Turn on the RTA by pressing the large green start button on the front face of the system.

12.

Turn on the cooling water RETURN valve located behind the RTA system.

13.

Turn on the cooling water SUPPLY valve located behind the RTA system.

14.

Check that the compressed air supply valve is open.

15.

Connect the desired process gas to the gas inlet on the back left of the RTA system.

- Use a wrench to tighten the Swagelok fittings just slightly past finger tight.
- Turn on the main valve of the gas tank. The pressure on the low pressure side of the regulator should be no more than 30 psi.
- Note: the mass flow controller which should adjust the gas flow rate is not currently operating properly. Until the problem is fixed, the gas flow needs to be set by adjusting carefully! the regulator on the gas tank. The flow rate will be displayed on the screen after the process has been started.

#### 2.2 Operation

Now, the system should be ready to operate. The procedure for loading the sample and running the experiment are as follows:

1.

Slowly open the door to the chamber by gently lifting the handle and pulling outwards.

• It is important to gently open the chamber door because the

sample holding wafer is not affixed to the chamber and could easily fall out of place.

2.

Place the sample on the silicon wafer resting on the RTA sample tray.

- It is very important to make sure that the two thermocouples are properly situated. The left thermocouple should be in contact with the 4" silicon wafer; the right thermocouple should be in contact with the top of the sample you are annealing. If this is not the case, the system will not be able to properly read the temperature inside the chamber; this may even lead to overheating severe enough to melt your sample.
- It is also important to NEVER RTA SAMPLES WITH ORGANIC MATERIAL (e.g. PHOTORESIST).
- 3.

Gently close the door to the chamber, remembering to pull up on the handle while closing the door.

4.

Press the number corresponding to the START button (displayed in the lower right hand corner of the screen) and hit ENTER to begin the process.

5.

Press followed by ENTER to cancel the process.

6.

The screen should display the ideal recipe screen seen previously.

7.

The process should now begin its cycle.

- The measured process data will be displayed as the process runs its course.
- An RTA system guru should be notified if any major deviations

( 25%) from the ideal process occur.

• RECORD THE TIME, USER NAME, RECIPE AND GAS USED, AND MOST IMPORTANTLY THE MATERIAL BEING RTAed (chemical formula!) IN THE RTA USAGE LOG (located on the computer stand).

#### 2.3 System Shutdown

Following completion of the process, it is necessary to shut down the RTA and

remove the annealed sample from the RTA chamber.

1.

When the system has finished with its cycle, the system schematic screen should be displayed.

- The actual temperature inside of the RTA chamber should be displayed inside the bow representing the RTA chamber.
- 2.

When the chamber has cooled below 100 C, the sample should be removed.

- Press 0 to stop the compressed air and unlock the chamber door.
- Remember to GENTLY open and close the RTA door while removing your sample.

3.

The software will ask if you wish to save your run. Normally, answer

Ν.

4.

The software will ask if you want to start again.

- If you want to run the same recipe again, press Y. The computer returns to the wafer identification screen. Load a new sample, and proceed as above.
- If you want to run a different recipe, press N . The computer returns to the ``RUNS" menu. Load a new sample, and proceed as above.
- If you are done using the tool, press N . The computer returns to the ``RUNS" menu. Proceed with the shutdown procedure below.
- 5.

Press 0 to return to the main menu.

6.

Press X to return to DOS or 0 to return to the User ID screen.

Turn off the computer monitor (leaving the computer on).

8.

7.

Turn off the cooling water SUPPLY valve.

- Turn off the cooling water RETURN valve.
- 10.

9.

- Turn off the gas cylinder.
- 11.
  - Leave the air on.
- 12.

Turn off the RTA system by pressing the round red ``STOP" button on the front of the system.

### About this document ...

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