

H.T. SISTEMAS

Protecciones Eléctricas de Máxima Seguridad

Securelec **ORION**

Instruction Manual

DOV 707 H - OVD 706 H - RDI 705 H - OVD 106

Models with built-in reclosure motor-drive: single-phase up to 63A 2P

Models with built-in reclosure motor-drive: three-phase up to 63A 4P

Differential Intensity sensitivity: ($I_{\Delta n}$ 30mA) and ($I_{\Delta n}$ 300mA)



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USER'S MANUAL

It is essential that the user/installer fully understand the present manual prior to using the unit. Should any doubt arise, please refer to the Authorised Distributor or the Manufacturer

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Models DOV707H, OVD706H, RDI705H and OVD106 with built-in reclosure motor-drive:

Single-phase includes control module with 2-pole MCB, tripping coil and pertinent measurement toroidal core, depending on version.

Three-phase includes control module with 4-pole MCB, tripping coil and pertinent measurement toroidal core, depending on version.

MODEL TLNBRY-D-A-C-K-V-F-X

NOMENCLATURE:

MODEL Protection models with built-in reclosure motor-drive.

	- DOV707H	(Differential, overvoltage, low voltage and MCB protection. All with automatic reclosure)
	- OVD706H	(Overvoltage, low voltage and MCB protection. All with automatic reclosure)
	- RDI705H	(Differential, low voltage and MCB protection. All with automatic reclosure)
	- OVD106	(Similar protection to OVD706H) (Only in single-phase version, 8mS cut-off)
T	- T = Three-phase 4-pole (without T = single-phase 2-pole)	
L	- L = 5mS cut-off (without L = 2mS cut-off)	
N	Version with or without sequential reclosure of MCB	
	- NR = NO reclosure of MCB (without NR = there IS reclosure of)	
B	Version front terminals	
	-	(No suffix = no relay and no remote in)
	- R	(Version R-type terminals)
	- U	(Version U-type terminals)
R	Number of sequential reclosures of differential and MCB	
	- AIT, EAI, VOD, ERT, ETE, RET, TEL	
Y	Protection delay.	
	- No suffix: rapid version	(standard)
	- M suffix: medium version	
	- S suffix: slow version	
D	Sensitivity differential intensity	
	- (I Δ n 30mA)	
	- (I Δ n 300mA)	(standard)
A	MCB intensity (ancillary MCB)	
	- 6, 10, 16, 20, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63 A	
C	MCB tripping curve (ancillary MCB)	
	- C , D, K	(C=standard)
K	MCB cut-off capacity (ancillary MCB) in accordance with IEC 60947-2.	
	- 10 kA , 15 kA	(10 kA= standard)
V	Supply voltage (Line Neutral) : 100V (for 100V and 110V), 120V (for 115V, 120V and 127V), 230V (for 220V, 230V and 240V)	
	- 100V, 120V, 230V	(230V= standard)
F	Supply frequency	
	- 50Hz , 60Hz	(50 Hz= standard)
X	Differential intensity measurement toroidal core	
	- TRDF18	(internal $\varnothing$: 18 mm)
	- TRDF26	(internal $\varnothing$: 26 mm)

Important

Depending on the version of protection unit with built-in reclosure motor-drive (consult identifying label on the side of the unit), there are different protections/alarms and characteristics (please, refer to the corresponding synoptical tables for characteristics of versions)

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INTRODUCTION - Description and Characteristics

ORION incorporates a highly advanced and innovatory technology for protection and metering, with built-in motor-drive in the module itself and protected by user code.

An outstanding feature is the very high-speed cut-off (2ms typical in the H range); intelligent automatic reset (conditioned); automatic sequential reset in the event of MCB and differential tripping.

ORION provides the user with a universal protection which monitors, evaluates, warns and makes automatic decisions. This small, compact unit for 35mm DIN rail is supplied all ready to be installed in a standard enclosure and used in any installation or sector whatsoever. These integrated protections are totally automatic and both these and other characteristics can be extended simply by linking up to other **ORION** modules.

- Description

Presentation: standard (EN 50 022) enclosure for 35mm DIN rail. This is a compact unit monitored by a microcomputer. Highly stable due to its built-in double process monitor (Watchdog). It withstands permanent and transient overvoltage and low voltage and is capable of protecting multiple lines, both single and three-phase, of up to 63A.

The unit provides diverse protections :

- ◇ Differential protection with very high-speed cut-off:
- ◇ Protection against overvoltage by means of very high-speed cut-off
- ◇ Protection against low voltage

Moreover, its constant supervision at the supply input permits its automatic, intelligent (conditioned) reset, i.e. it resets solely when the power supply returns to normal. Certain models/versions have input and output Remote Control.

• Technical characteristics of reclosure module (please, refer to synoptical tables for characteristics of models and versions)

Overvoltage protection V Peak	Rapid version: > 374 Vpk / Delay >800 microseconds (no suffix) Medium version: > 374 Vpk / Delay >3 milliseconds (model + M suffix) Slow version: > 374 Vpk / Delay >4,2 milliseconds (harsh conditions) (model + S suffix)
Overvoltage protection V Efficient	Rapid version: > 265 V / Delay >800 microseconds (no suffix) Medium version: > 265 V / Delay >250 milliseconds (model +M suffix) Slow version: > 265 V / Delay >500 milliseconds (harsh conditions) (model +S suffix) <180 V (Delay >500ms)
Protection against low voltage	
Differential protection	30 mA or 300 mA, rated tripping intensity (acc. version) 1,4 x I Δ n, for pulsing senoidal currents (rectified alternating single wave) In the event of power failure
• I Δ n alternating 50 Hz senoidal	2 to 3ms typical 2- pole (consult "Cut-off. Tripping times")
• alternating 50 Hz senoidal rectified	5 to 6ms typical 2- pole (consult "Cut-off. Tripping times")
• preventive cut-off	8 to 9ms typical 2- pole (consult "Cut-off. Tripping times")
Cut-off time H range	3 ms
Cut-off time HL range	100.000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF)
Cut-off time HL OVD106 range	20.000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF)
Delay REMOTE IN	20.000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF)
Mechanical endurance H.T.SISTEMAS reclosure module	15.000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF)
Mechanical endurance Schupa MCB	1W at 230V
Mechanical endurance General Electric MCB 2-pole	230V AC $\pm$ 25 % 50 Hz alternating senoidal
Mechanical endurance General Electric MCB 4-pole	up to 450V eff. AC 50 Hz alternating senoidal
Consumption	1 KV m $\acute$ x. (vp) / 300ms
Input voltage (normal system)	1 year $\pm$ (2 %) at 22°C $\pm$ 5 °C
Input voltage (abnormal system)	0 to +40° C. Domestic version
Transient input voltage	-10° to +50° C. Industrial version (I)
Typical precision specs. For module in overvoltage	-25° to +70° C. Extended industrial version (E)
Working temperature 230V AC $\pm$ 25 %	128mm (7 modules) height: 81mm 35mm DIN rail 163mm (9 modules) height: 81mm 35mm DIN rail
Dimensions: 2-pole	900 grs.
Dimensions: 4-pole	1,170 grs.
Weight : 2-pole	185 grs.
Weight : 4-pole	3 years
Weight of toroidal (TRDF18)	EN 61008-1 (CEI 1008-1)
Guarantee	EN 61008-2-1 (CEI 1008-2)
Design in accordance to norms:	UNE 20-600-77 (CEI-278)

Automatic Sequential Reclosures of RCD and MCB

Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures RCD I Δ n = Ten (3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 and 3 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Two (3 and 3 mins Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL	
Reset to zero reclosure counter (30 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures RCD I Δ n = Six (3, 6, 12, 30, 60 and 120 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Three (3, 10 and 30 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Reset to zero reclosure counter, double the time of last reclosure	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Customised times and nbr of reclosures (to order, for series)	

Description of display panel DOV707H - DOV707HT - DOV707HL - DOV707HLT

1- Square yellow pushbuttons: vary depending on context:

TEST OVERVOLT
TEST LOW VOLT (single-phase version)
TEST $I_{\Delta N}$
TEST OVERVOLT + TEST LOW VOLT = reset

2 – LED's vary depending on context:

Static Green LED (WORKING) : unit is in metering process
Static Green LED (L1,L2 and/or L3) : line causing overvoltage (3-phase version)
Blinking Red LED (TIMER Reclosure) : countdown in process and when this finishes unit will reclose
Blinking Red LED (OVERVOLT) : cut-off due to overvoltage (double blink indicates permanent overvoltage).
Blinking Red LED $I_{\Delta N}$ 300 mA or 30 mA (acc. version): cut-off due to differential intensity
Blinking Red LED (LOW VOLT) : cut-off due to low voltage (double blinking : permanent low voltage).
Red LED's (LOW VOLT, OVERVOLT = BLOCK) lighting up alternatively : unit blocked due to sequential reclosures of RCD or MCB used up.
Red LED's (LOW VOLT, $I_{\Delta N}$, OVERVOLT, TIMER) in periodic to-fro sequence : imminent reclosure
Static Green LED (WORKING) and Red LED's (LOW VOLT, $I_{\Delta N}$, OVERVOLT) in periodic 3-second sequence : autotest.

3 – Static Red LED's : anomaly

Static Red LED $I_{\Delta N}$ 300 mA or 30 mA (acc. version): anomaly in the differential.
Due to error in the toroidal core, wiring or differential circuit.

Static Red LED (LOW VOLT) : anomaly in the input mains voltage.
Due to abnormally low voltage, inferior to 150 V AC. approx.

Other Static Red LED's : anomaly. Do not use unit. Consult technical service.

4 – Sliding ON/OFF switch:

ON: normal functioning
OFF: disconnection and totally blocked
ON + RESET: to start up

Description of display panel OVD706H - OVD706HT - OVD706HL - OVD706HLT - OVD106

1- Square yellow pushbuttons: vary depending on context:

TEST OVERVOLT
TEST LOW VOLT (single-phase version)
TEST OVERVOLT + TEST LOW VOLT = reset

2 – LED's vary depending on context:

Static Green LED (WORKING) : unit is in metering process
Static Green LED (L1,L2 and/or L3) : line causing overvoltage (3-phase version)
Blinking Red LED (TIMER Reclosure) : countdown in process and when this finishes unit will reclose
Blinking Red LED (OVERVOLT) : cut-off due to overvoltage (double blink indicates permanent overvoltage).
Blinking Red LED (BLOCK) : unit blocked due to sequential reclosures used up.
Blinking Red LED (LOW VOLT) : cut-off due to low voltage (double blinking : permanent low voltage).
Red LED's (LOW VOLT, BLOCK, OVERVOLT, TIMER) in periodic to-fro sequence : imminent reclosure
Static Green LED (WORKING) and Red LED's (LOW VOLT, BLOCK, OVERVOLT) in periodic 3-second sequence : autotest.

.3 – Static Red LED's : anomaly

Static Red LED (LOW VOLT) : anomaly in the input mains voltage.
Due to abnormally low voltage, inferior to 150 V AC. approx.

Other Static Red LED's : anomaly. Do not use unit. Consult technical service.

4 – Sliding ON/OFF switch:

ON: normal functioning
OFF: disconnection and totally blocked
ON + RESET: to start up

Description of display panel RDI705H - RDI705HT - RDI705HL - RDI705HLT

1- Square yellow pushbuttons: vary depending on context:

TEST LOW VOLT

TEST $I_{\Delta N}$

TEST $I_{\Delta N}$ + TEST LOW VOLT = reset

2 – LED's vary depending on context:

Static Green LED (WORKING) : unit is in metering process

Blinking Red LED (TIMER Reclosure) : countdown in process and when this finishes unit will reclose

Blinking Red LED $I_{\Delta N}$ 300 mA or 30 mA (acc. version): cut-off due to differential intensity

Blinking Red LED (LOW VOLT) : cut-off due to low voltage of module's line supply (double blinking : permanent low voltage).

Blinking Red LED (BLOCK) : unit blocked due to sequential reclosures used up.

Red LED's (LOW VOLT, $I_{\Delta N}$, BLOCK, TIMER) in periodic to-fro sequence : imminent reclosure

Static Green LED (WORKING) and Red LED's (LOW VOLT, $I_{\Delta N}$, BLOCK) in periodic 3-second sequence : autotest.

3 – Static Red LED's : anomaly

Static Red LED $I_{\Delta N}$ 300 mA or 30 mA (acc. version): anomaly in the differential.

Due to error in the toroidal core, wiring or differential circuit.

Static Red LED (LOW VOLT) : anomaly in the input mains voltage.

Due to abnormally low voltage, inferior to 150 V AC. approx.

Other Static Red LED's : anomaly. Do not use unit. Consult technical service.

4 – Sliding ON/OFF switch:

ON: normal functioning

OFF: disconnection and totally blocked

ON + RESET: to start up

- Description of module's connection terminals at rear

◇ A CONTROL OUT	OUTPUT VERY HIGH SPEED TRIPPING COIL TERMINAL A
◇ B CONTROL OUT	OUTPUT VERY HIGH SPEED TRIPPING COIL TERMINAL B
◇ L1 POWER 230V	SUPPLY: PHASE (LINE) 230V + INPUT METERING SENSOR INPUT L1
◇ N POWER 230V	SUPPLY: NEUTRAL + INPUT METERING SENSOR INPUT N
◇ L2 INPUT 2	INPUT METERING SENSOR L2 (LINE 2) 230V
◇ N INPUT 2	INPUT METERING SENSOR N (NEUTRAL)
◇ L3 INPUT 3	INPUT METERING SENSOR L3 (LINE 3) 230V
◇ N INPUT 3	INPUT METERING SENSOR N (NEUTRAL)

- Description of module's front connection terminals (R-type terminals)

◇ I SENSOR 1	INPUT 1 DIFFERENTIAL INTENSITY SENSOR
◇ G SENSOR 1	COMMON 1, SENSOR AND TEST
◇ T SENSOR 1	OUTPUT 1 DIFFERENTIAL INTENSITY TEST
◇ 1 AUX	VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT RELAY N/C (CONNECTION N/C WITH 2)
◇ 2 AUX	VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT RELAY N/C (CONNECTION N/C WITH 1)

(Opens contact between 1 and 2 in the event of alarm and locking)

- Description of module's front connection terminals (U-type terminals)

◇ I SENSOR 1	INPUT 1 DIFFERENTIAL INTENSITY SENSOR
◇ G SENSOR 1	COMMON 1, SENSOR AND TEST
◇ T SENSOR 1	OUTPUT 1 DIFFERENTIAL INTENSITY TEST
◇ 1 AUX. IN-OUT	DO NOT CONNECT
◇ 2 AUX. IN-OUT	VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT RELAY N/C (the ancillary relay is enabled in event of locking)
◇ 3 AUX. IN-OUT	VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT RELAY COM (the ancillary relay is enabled in event of locking)
◇ 4 AUX. IN-OUT	VOLTAGE-FREE CONTACT RELAY N/A (the ancillary relay is enabled in event of locking)
◇ 5 AUX. IN-OUT	DO NOT CONNECT
◇ 6 AUX. IN-OUT	DO NOT CONNECT
◇ 7 AUX. IN-OUT	DO NOT CONNECT
◇ 8 AUX. IN-OUT	INPUT FOR EXTERNAL POTENTIAL-FREE CONTACT (REMOTE IN)
◇ 9 AUX. IN-OUT	INPUT FOR EXTERNAL POTENTIAL-FREE CONTACT (REMOTE IN)

IN ORDER TO ORDER EXTERNALLY A DISCONNECTION, UNLOCKING OR RESET TO ZERO OF THE TRIPPING COUNTER, CLOSE THE CIRCUIT BETWEEN 8 AUX. IN-OUT AND 9 AUX. IN-OUT DURING ONE SECOND AND THEN RE-OPEN.

8 AUX. IN-OUT AND 9 AUX. IN-OUT ARE TO BE CONNECTED AND DISCONNECTED BY MEANS OF A RELAY WITH POTENTIAL-FREE CONTACTS AND WITH AN ISOLATION POTENTIAL OF 4KV

- **Other options input output remote control, please consult**

Synoptic tables: single-phase (2-pole) models

6 to 63A 2-pole	DOV707H DOV707HL	DOV707HNR DOV707HLNR	OVD706H OVD706HL	OVD106	OVD706HNR OVD706HLNR	RDI705H RDI705HL	RDI705HNR RDI705HLNR
Single-phase 2-pole models	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
ON / OFF command, (all models)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Overvoltage protection H range (2ms 2-pole)	•	•	•	8ms	•		
Overvoltage protection HL range (5ms 2-poles)							
Automatic intelligent reclosure due to overvoltage	•	•	•	•	•		
Protection against low voltage	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Automatic intelligent reclosure due to low voltage	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Protection differential intensity I _{Δn} 30 mA or 300 mA (acc version)	•	•				•	•
Automatic sequential reclosure (differential protection I _{Δn})	•	•				•	•
MCB protection 10kA, 15kA (acc version) EN 60947-2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Automatic sequential reclosure (MCB protection)	•		•			•	
Overvoltage test	•	•	•	•	•		
Low voltage test	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Rated differential intensity test I _{Δn} 30 mA or 300 mA (acc version)	•	•				•	•
Input supply up to 450V AC and 1kV max. (Vpk) / 1 sec.	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Mechanical endurance reclosure module 100,000 manoeuvres (ON/OFF)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Autotest differential + transformer toroidal sensor	•	•				•	•
Automatic/Manual command							
R-type terminals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
U-type terminals	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Automatic Sequential Resets RCD and MCB

Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures differential I _{Δn} = Ten (3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 and 3 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Two (3 and 3 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Reset to zero reclosure counter 30 mins	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures differential I _{Δn} = Six (3, 6, 12, 30, 60 and 120 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Three (3, 10 and 30 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Reset to zero reclosure counter, double the time of last reclosure	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Customised times and nbr of reclosures (to order, for series)	

Single-phase (2-pole) models - 6 to 63A

DOV707H 300 mA I _{Δn}		DOV707HL 300 mA I _{Δn}
DOV707H 30 mA I _{Δn}		DOV707HL 30 mA I _{Δn}
DOV707HNR 300 mA I _{Δn}		DOV707HLNR 300 mA I _{Δn}
DOV707HNR 30 mA I _{Δn}		DOV707HLNR 30 mA I _{Δn}
OVD706H		OVD706HL
OVD706HNR		OVD706HLNR
RDI705H 300 mA I _{Δn}		RDI705HL 300 mA I _{Δn}
RDI705H 30 mA I _{Δn}		RDI705HL 30 mA I _{Δn}
RDI705HNR 300 mA I _{Δn}		RDI705HLNR 300 mA I _{Δn}
RDI705HNR 30 mA I _{Δn}		RDI705HLNR 30 mA I _{Δn}
		OVD106

Synoptic tables: three-phase (4-pole) models

6 to 63A 4-pole	DOV707HT DOV707HLT	DOV707HTNR DOV707HLTNR	OVD706HT OVD706HLT	OVD706HTNR OVD706HLTNR	RDI705HT RDI705HLT	RDI705HTNR RDI705HLTNR
Three-phase 4-pole models	•	•	•	•	•	•
ON / OFF command, (all models)	•	•	•	•	•	•
Overvoltage protection (Line1) (Line2) (Line3)	•	•	•	•		
Automatic intelligent reclosure due to overvoltage	•	•	•	•		
Low voltage protection (Line1) (Line2) (Line3)	•	•	•	•	(Line1)	(Line1)
Automatic intelligent reclosure due to low voltage	•	•	•	•	(Line1)	(Line1)
Protection differential intensity I Δ n 30 mA or 300 mA (acc version)	•	•			•	•
Automatic sequential reclosure (differential protection I Δ n)	•	•			•	•
MCB protection 10kA, 15kA (acc version) EN 60947-2	•	•	•	•	•	•
Automatic sequential reclosure (MCB protection)	•		•		•	
Overvoltage test	•	•	•	•		
Low voltage test			•	•	•	•
Rated differential intensity test I Δ n 30 mA or 300 mA (acc version)	•	•			•	•
Input supply up to 450V AC and 1kV max. (Vpk) / 1 sec.	•	•	•	•	•	•
Mechanical endurance reclosure module 100,000 manoeuvres (ON/OFF)	•	•	•	•	•	•
Autotest differential + transformer toroidal sensor	•	•			•	•
Automatic/Manual command						
R-type terminals	•	•	•	•	•	•
U-type terminals	•	•	•	•	•	•

Automatic Sequential Resets RCD and MCB

Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures differential I Δ n = Ten (3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3 and 3 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Two (3 and 3 mins)	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Reset to zero reclosure counter 30 mins	Model + suffix ETE, RET, TEL
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures differential I Δ n = Six (3, 6, 12, 30, 60 and 120 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Nbr of automatic sequential reclosures MCB = Three (3, 10 and 30 mins)	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Reset to zero reclosure counter, double the time of last reclosure	Model + suffix AIT, EAI, VOD,ERT
Customised times and nbr of reclosures (to order, for series)	

Three-phase (4-pole) models – 6 to 63A

DOV707HT 300 mA I Δ n		DOV707HTL 300 mA I Δ n
DOV707HT 30 mA I Δ n		DOV707HTL 30 mA I Δ n
DOV707HTNR 300 mA I Δ n		DOV707HTLNR 300 mA I Δ n
DOV707HTNR 30 mA I Δ n		DOV707HTLNR 30 mA I Δ n
OVD706HT		OVD706HTL
OVD706HTNR		OVD706HTLNR
RDI705HT 300 mA I Δ n		RDI705HTL 300 mA I Δ n
RDI705HT 30 mA I Δ n		RDI705HTL 30 mA I Δ n
RDI705HTNR 300 mA I Δ n		RDI705HTLNR 300 mA I Δ n
RDI705HTNR 30 mA I Δ n		RDI705HTLNR 30 mA I Δ n

PRECAUTIONS / WARNINGS FOR USER / INSTALLER:

- ◇ Despite this unit's being of maximum safety, both from a design and features standpoint, the utmost care must always be taken when using it. It must not be used until its characteristics and mode of operation have been fully understood.
- ◇ Generally speaking, the precautions to be taken with this unit do not differ from those taken with any other piece of electronic equipment connected to the mains. Nevertheless, special attention should be paid to the following:
- ◇ It must be borne in mind that the unit resets the ancillary circuit-breaker automatically and this fact could cause injury to a careless operator or user. In order to avoid this:
 - all up-stream conductors are to be disconnected. (by means of switches, sectionalisers or others.)
- ◇ The mission of the ancillary circuit-breaker element is not that of protecting the circuit-breaker, but rather that of acting as merely as an ancillary switch. The installation should, therefore, be equipped with elements of protection against over-intensity (i.e. circuit-breakers, fuses, etc...) The wiring of the installation must be foreseen for the maximum intensity of the protection elements.
- ◇ Do not apply current nor use the module until it has been correctly installed in a standard enclosure.
- ◇ Do not connect the unit up to voltages other than 230 V AC $\pm$ 25%.
- ◇ Do not connect up to installations which may supply intensities of over 15 kA or 10 kA (depending on ancillary MCB)
- ◇ When power supply to the unit is cut off or below minimum (150V AC approx.), a total reset to zero of counters, timers and conditions is generated.
- ◇ Terminals A and B of "CONTROL OUT" must not be short-circuited under any circumstance whatsoever. Should this occur, irreversible damage would be caused to the protection module.
- ◇ Caution: The unit's connecting terminals are not insulated from the mains
- ◇ Do not expose to liquids or humidity.
- ◇ Do not drop, knock or expose to vibrations..
- ◇ Do not expose to sources of heat
- ◇ Do not expose to environmental temperatures below 0°, -15° C. Or over 40°, 50°, 70° C (depending on version).
- ◇ Do not expose to magnetic sources or emissions (electric motors and transformers, electro-magnets, etc.).
- ◇ Under no circumstance whatsoever must the unit be opened and the interior manipulated. The safety seals must remain intact. Should they be broken, the correct functioning of the unit could be jeopardised.
- ◇ In the event of any of the above occurring, the authorised technical service must be contacted immediately in order for the unit to be examined.
- ◇ The unit must be completely disconnected from the mains before cleaning. This is to be effected with a soft, dry brush and, if need be, with a slightly damp cloth. The unit must not be reconnected to the mains until having ascertained that it is completely dry.

WARNING!

- ◇ This unit must be installed in a standard enclosure, the only part within access of the user being the display and command panel. Its application is restricted to industrial installations.

◆ Most important

◇ - Positioning of the toroidal transformer and individualized adjustment to its module

The differential intensity toroidal core is individually matched and adjusted to the corresponding **ORION** module. Therefore, these elements can, under no circumstance whatsoever, be interchanged with others bearing the same reference and from other **ORION** modules. Were this toroidal core to be interchanged, the measurement obtained for the differential protection would be erroneous and operation would be abnormal. Only the toroidal transformers supplied for the specific **ORION** module can be installed. Each toroidal core indicates the model and serial number of the **ORION** module for which it has been specifically matched and adjusted. The toroidal transformer must of necessity be positioned as shown in the "Wiring diagrams", the direction of the arrow indicating the position with respect to the wiring. The length of the wire connecting the toroidal core to the **ORION** unit must not exceed 30 cms.

- Wiring

It is of the utmost importance that **the correct polarity is ensured upon connection of the ORION "L1" and "N" terminals**. If this polarity is not respected, the high accuracy is lost originating errors in measurement and abnormal functioning of the protections.

A main risk of the unit not functioning correctly could be originated principally by an incorrect wiring up of the connection terminals. It is, therefore, of the utmost importance **that this wiring be carried out correctly** in accordance with the following protocol:

- ◇ a homologated "male pin" is to be incorporated in the naked core of the stripped pliable conductor.
- ◇ these terminals are placed in the corresponding grooves as far in as they will go
- ◇ ensure that the conductor lead is correctly fixed with the pertinent tightening torque, i.e. there must be no displacement of the terminal nor any damage to the screws on head, thread, fillet or washer, any of which would be to the subsequent detriment of the assemblies and screw connections.

The user must carry out the complete protection test periodically as is described in CHAPTER 2.

CHAPTER 1 - Installation

◇ Transport and handling

This being a highly sophisticated electronic unit, it must be transported and handled with care as per the precautions stipulated in the foregoing section "PRECAUTIONS".

◇ Installation

The installation must be carried out by responsible, competent and qualified technical personnel once the present manual has been fully understood.

The location of the unit must meet the requirements and respect the precautions stipulated in the chapter "PRECAUTIONS", especial attention being paid to those under the heading "Most important".

The unit must be installed in a standard single-phase installation, active phase and neutral having a difference of potential of 230 V AC, or a three-phase installation (3 phases + neutral) having a difference of potential from phases to neutral of 230 V AC, and also a protection conductor of operative earth. Moreover, the installation must have, at its main switch panel, appropriate circuit-breakers or fuses and a differential switch.

Wiring

The unit is fitted with top quality connection terminals. Each terminal has notches to enable easier fixing of the wires and prevent accidental removal. Likewise, the clamping screws have a self-fixing system which avoids their falling out should they work loose.

Moreover, the serigraphy identifies the corresponding counter-positioned terminals on the fanning strip. Intuitive identifying colours back up the graphic indications.

1. Connect the POWER L1 terminals to line 1 (phase 1) and POWER N to neutral of the mains line, 230V senoidal alternating current, 50Hz.
2. Connect the remaining terminals as indicated for the chosen configuration. Please, refer to "Circuit diagrams".

It is imperative that the wiring of the terminals and the tightening of the screws in the fanning strip be effected correctly.

"Circuit diagrams" should be consulted. Should any doubt arise, the manufacturer or authorised distributor should be consulted.

CHAPTER 2 - Verification and start-up

Start-up

Connect all up-stream conductors by means of switches, sectionalisers or others. The reinitiation sequence will automatically be carried out. The ancillary MCB will then reset and the unit will be operative.

Carry out all the protection tests.

In order to carry out the protection test correctly, the unit must be in the permanent ON position before pressing the test button. To this end, check that the MCB is enabled, otherwise carry out the "start-up" process.

Functioning is correct when, once the Test button is pressed the unit cuts off and emits the corresponding diagnosis. When the Test has finished, the unit resets automatically in the case of TEST OVERVOLT and LOW VOLT. In the case of TEST $I_{\Delta N}$ 300 mA, the unit will start the countdown process for the reclosure timer. Once this process is concluded, the unit will reset. Should one wish to interrupt the process, one must press "reset".

Differential Test with rated threshold

When "TEST $I_{\Delta N}$ " is pressed, a defect current is generated in the metering toroidal of the same value as the differential protection, i.e. 30 mA for a 30mA RCD. Other RCD's, however, stick to the established legal margins and provoke a defect current 250 % superior to the rated value, which is no guarantee that they will actually function at the rated value.

Such a high degree of precision and safety requires that the measurement toroidal indicate the direction in which the wiring be passed through. This ensures that the defect intensities which circulate throughout the installation are added to the Test intensity rather than deducted. Therefore, when the test is carried out in an installation having zero defect intensities, one will have an optimum test situation. To the contrary, should there be some defect intensity value in the installation, said value would be added to that of the test itself and, in such a case, the test would not be ideal.

Autotest: differential

The unit automatically tests itself for differential protection every 3 seconds. It checks the constant operativity of: toroidal, wiring of same, amplification, filtering and detection. The performance and its threshold must be checked manually since this involves a cut-off.

When the autotest detects that the differential protection is not valid, it cuts off and diagnoses. In this way, one is totally assured of the constant validity of the extraordinary degree of protection afforded by this differential and the fact that it makes for easy inspection and guarantees that the ruling legislation is complied with at all times.

If the autotest detects an anomaly, it cuts off and emits a diagnosis by means of the static "I_N" LED lit up. When the anomaly has disappeared, the unit resets.

Redundant cut-off devices

As a redundant security measure, the unit has a built-in **double cut-off device** for the ancillary MCB, viz.:

- Cut-off device #1, by means of a very high-speed tripping coil
- Cut-off device #2, by means of a built-in motor-drive

Moreover, in order to command the double cut-off device, the unit has two independent cut-off circuits, viz.:

1 – Very high-speed cut-off circuit for the MCB by means of a coil. It has its own exclusive built-in energy storage which permits it to disconnect the MCB even when there is no mains supply.

2 - Cut-off circuit by means of a motor. It has its own exclusive built-in energy storage which permits it to disconnect and connect the MCB even when there is no mains supply.

CHAPTER 3 - Description of Protections

Differential protection

When, downstream from the units of the DOV707 and RDI705 ranges, there is a default current to earth which supersedes the threshold corresponding to its value (30mA or 300mA, depending on version), the unit cuts off at very high speed. The reclosure timer immediately enters into a countdown. When this concludes, the unit recloses. If the number of reclosures is used up (depending on version) in a period of time inferior to that indicated on the reset to zero counter (depending on version), the unit will block. cf. Technical characteristics.

By Por " default current deriving or leaking to earth" one should understand it as those currents which derive to earth generating a difference of intensities between the active output conductors (phases and neutral).

If the leakage or derivation closes the circuit between phases and/or neutral of the live output conductors, there is no difference in intensity between phase and neutral. In this case, the differential protections do not act but then neither would any receiver being supplied from phase to neutral.

The functioning of the protection devices against defect currents which derive or leak to earth (differentials) is based on the measurement of the difference in intensity between the live conductors (phase and neutral). Once the pre-established threshold has been exceeded, the cut-off elements of the device come into play.

The differential is a standard element of protection. It measures defect currents to earth in order to cut off should this leakage exceed certain pre-established values.

For safety reasons, the norm stipulates that a differential must cut off within 50% and 100% of its programmed I_{Δn} value. As a norm, differential manufacturers establish this margin midway in this range, i.e. the threshold is established at 25% below the original programmed I_{Δn} value. The **ORION** units are tared in the same way.

Over recent years, there has been a steadily growing proliferation of electrical receiver equipment which relies on electronics in order to increase its performance and cut down on energy. For example, tools and domestic appliances with speed regulation, electronics in general, etc... which operate with rectified or pulsing currents.

The derivations or defect currents of these rectified or pulsing currents constitute a risk which has been taken into account. Hence, the inclusion of protections against derivations from pulsing currents

The ORION differential protection differentiates itself from others because of its high precision, very high speed and its constant self-verification, amongst other characteristics.

Protection against permanent and transient overvoltage

In the event of a permanent or transient overvoltage of a value superior to that programmed (cf. technical characteristics), the unit engineers a very high-speed cut-off via the tripping coil and the motor-drive.

The unit withstands permanent overvoltages of 450 V RMS and transient (300ms) 1000V peak voltages. In the event of peak voltages of over 1000 V, the unit protects itself by means of a built-in XXXmA T fuse. Prolonged use in higher-rank voltages is not recommended. The unit will reset automatically when the anomalous condition desists. Whilst there exists an overvoltage, the unit will not reset.

Protection against permanent and transient low voltage

In the event of a permanent or transient low voltage of a value inferior to that programmed (cf. technical characteristics), the unit engineers a very high-speed cut-off via the tripping coil and the motor-drive. Whilst there exists a low voltage, the unit will not reset

Protection against tripping of the MCB

The ORION unit is equipped with an Automatic Sequential Reset of the ancillary MCB (2 or 3 depending on version). Should this act, please refer to technical characteristics.

Protection against cut-off of the RCD

The ORION unit is equipped with an Automatic Sequential Reset of the RCD (6 or 10 depending on version). Should this act, please refer to technical characteristics.

CHAPTER 4 - Cut-off. Tripping times.

Depending on the model and brand of MCB and coil used, should the protection come into play, cut-off of the 2-pole ancillary MCB is effected in the following typical times.

- between 2ms and 3ms, 2 ms models
- between 5ms and 6ms, 5 ms models
- between 8ms and 9ms, 8 ms models

Available upon request, measurement protocol and also the corresponding graphs for the cut-off times of the different models and makes of MCB's and tripping coils.

Total cut-off time of the MCB

In order to calculate the total cut-off time in the event of protection acting, the additional programmed delay time of the alarm must be added to that shown on the graphs (typical cut-off time between 2ms and 3ms). Moreover, one must also bear in mind the ionisation effect at the moment of disconnection between the contacts of the ancillary cut-off element (MCB). Even though the starting point of the extinction of the intensity does not vary, the ionisation does prolong the duration. The factors which increase this time are directly proportional to the intensity and the voltage as well as the nature of the load (inductive, capacitive and resistive).

CHAPTER 5 - Mode of Use

Given the automatic nature of its diverse protections, after having read and fully understood the present manual and having started up the unit, the user may then proceed to connect up the elements of consumption to the protected line and the unit will operate as described in CHAPTERS 2 and 3.

Before using the unit, the complete Protection Test must be carried out. If the unit is to be put to permanent use, testing must be done as a matter of routine. Once the test has been completed, should the results not be correct, the unit must not be used under any circumstance whatsoever. The Authorised Technical Service must be contacted at once.

Should the user wish to disconnect the line and the unit, the circuit-breaker switch at the main switchboard may be tripped manually (upstream).

- It must be borne in mind that the unit resets the ancillary MCB automatically and this fact could cause injury to a careless operator or user. In order to avoid this:
 - All up-stream conductors are to be disconnected (by means of switches, sectionalisers or others).

REMOTE CONTROL

The REMOTE IN and OUT terminals are an invaluable tool which provide characteristics such as: MULTIPOWER, MULTICOMBINATION and INTERACTION with other elements whether these be part of the **ORION** range or others.

They provide the user with a modular expansion architecture. If one connects the REMOTE OUT of module A to the REMOTE IN of module B, the former controls and governs the latter. If the connection is made inversely, then module B controls module A. If one connects the OUT and the IN of A to the IN and OUT respectively of B, an interaction is obtained.

The REMOTE also enables the **ORION** modules to be governed by programmable automats, by computers or by other means. Likewise, it permits incidents to be recorded in the computer.

Another outstanding aspect of the **ORION** philosophy is the possibility of providing an installation with peerless levels of protection without the installation itself having to be modified nor elements substituted despite their being the customary ones. The **ORION** philosophy is based on the simple annexing of protection characteristics in the form of the pertinent **ORION** modules in order to meet any present or future need which may arise.

The following examples should provide the user with some ideas which ought to stimulate his own creativity and imagination:

- Linked up to other **ORION** modules
- Linked up to other automatic systems (detectors, sensors...)
- Linked up to programmable automats, computers, etc.

CHAPTER 6 - Description of basic components

Differential intensity toroidal transformers TRDF18 and TRDF26

Attention: Individually matched and adjusted to their modules. Do NOT interchange with any other.

Toroidal core (high magnetic permeability and low loss). Precision +/- 1%.

- internal Ø 18 mm mod. TRDF18
- internal Ø 26 mm mod. TRDF26
- Other dimensions: Consult H.T. SISTEMAS

Ancillary MCB 2 and 4-pole G.E.

Manufacturer: General Electric
Type: EP 60 (Breaking capacity 10KA IEC 60947-2 ó 6KA IEC 60898)
Type: EP 100 (Breaking capacity 15KA IEC 60947-2 ó 10KA IEC 60898)
Curve: C (standard), D, K
Intensities: 6, 10, 16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63 A
Mechanical endurance MCB 2P and 4P: 20,000 Complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF)
For further information, please consult the manufacturer

Very high-speed disconnecter (tripping coil)

Manufacturer: General Electric
Type: TELE L-1 CA 24/60V
For further information, please consult the manufacturer

Ancillary MCB 2 and 4- Pole

Manufacturer: SCHUPA (GEWISS GROUP)
Type: NLS10 or NLS6
Curve: C
Intensities: 16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A
Cut-off power 10kA or 6kA
For further information, please consult the manufacturer

Very high-speed disconnecter (tripping coil)

Manufacturer: SCHUPA (GEWISS GROUP)
Type: NLS-F1 12/60V
For further information, please consult the manufacturer

Other ancillary MCB's and disconnectors : Please consult the manufacturer

CHAPTER 7 - Trouble-shooting and diagnosis

Consult Authorised Technical Service

AUTHORISED TECHNICAL SERVICE:
SOLELY BY THE MANUFACTURER

CHAPTER 8 - Maintenance

Before using the unit, the complete Protection Test must be carried out as described in the section "Tests". If the unit is to be put to permanent use, testing must be done as a matter of routine.

Once the protection test has been completed, should the results not be correct, the unit must not be used under any circumstance whatsoever. The Authorised Technical Service must be contacted at once. This is also the case in the event of the eventualities described in the chapter "PRECAUTIONS".

Notwithstanding, on a minimal yearly basis, the user must check that the measurements of the electrical parameters of the unit coincide with those stipulated in the technical characteristics. To this end, competent technical personnel at the factory will revise the unit and proceed to calibrate it if need be.

The mechanical endurance of the Schupa 2 and 4P MCB is 20,000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF). It is recommended that the MCB, the tripping coil and the lever be changed pre-emptively after 15,000 manoeuvres.

La mechanical endurance of the General Electric 2P MCB is 20,000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF). It is recommended that the MCB, the tripping coil and the lever be changed pre-emptively after 15,000 manoeuvres.

La mechanical endurance of the General Electric 4P MCB is 15,000 complete manoeuvres (ON/OFF).). It is recommended that the MCB, the tripping coil and the lever be changed pre-emptively after 10,000 manoeuvres.

CHAPTER 9 - Additional options

The new range of protection, metering and registering share the **ORION** philosophy and are extraordinarily versatile. So much so that they permit multiple configurations thanks to their modular expansion architecture not only with present and future ORION elements but also with others available on the market. Thus, they complement and are complemented by other characteristics and features regardless of whether or not they are **ORION's**. Please, consult H.T. SISTEMAS.

◆ Protection against intense transient overvoltages of short duration (nS y μ S)

Thanks to its **very high** physical cut-off **speed** and its wide voltage range, which ensure a constant supervision, along with its **intelligent reclosure** feature, the **ORION** units are able to protect a vast gamut of situations. Nevertheless, there exist certain specific situations where there arise powerful but very brief transient overvoltages (μ S). In such a situation, the **ORION** unit should be complemented with a specific protection.

This specific protection against extremely powerful and brief (KV/ μ S) peaks, is to be found in a module form which H.T. SISTEMAS considers particularly apt as well as being complementary to its own modules. The module in question is based on varistors, surge arresters in this kind of overvoltages.

Despite the varistor-based protection system being efficient solely in the event of transient overvoltages of very brief duration (μ S), it is, nonetheless, the perfect complement for the protections offered by the **ORION** unit.

The varistor offers a high derivation capacity along with a rapid response time (<25nS), thus diminishing the high values of the fore-mentioned transient overvoltages

GUARANTEE (owner's copy)

H.T. SISTEMAS, as a leader in the field of electrical and electronic safety equipment endeavours to maintain an extensive service along with up-dated information to the users of its products. To this end, it is indispensable that the user fills out and returns the present guarantee further to purchase of his **ORION** unit.

Period of guarantee: three years as from date of purchase

Conditions and application of your ORION guarantee: Your **ORION** unit is guaranteed against any defect of manufacture or original components as determined by our Technical Service. Any repair or substitution does not extend the guarantee period.

◆ The guarantee covers:

- Reception of the unit for its repair or servicing.
- Cost of all components, replacements and labour on original components.

◆ The guarantee does NOT cover:

- Transport
- Breakdown caused by non-original components or devices.
- Defects caused by incorrect installation.
- Damage caused by incorrect usage, or errors arising from repairs and internal manipulation by unauthorised persons.
- Consumables: fuses, thermal fuses, varistors and labour involved in replacement of same

◆ The guarantee is automatically forfeited in the event of::

- Breakage or deterioration of the seals of any of the original **ORION** elements.
- Incorrect usage due to non-observance of the recommendations given in the **ORION** manual.
- Non-reception of the completed guarantee card within 30 days as from date of purchase. H.T. SISTEMAS will acknowledge receipt of the guarantee card).

◆ Repair service: All repair service, both within and outside of the guarantee period, is by H.T. SISTEMAS and its Authorised Technical Assistance Services.

NOTES

(We suggest your noting the serial number of your unit and other information of interest).

GUARANTEE CARD (to be photocopied and returned to H.T. SISTEMAS)

ORION Model.....

Serial Nbr.....

Date of purchase.....

Stamp of establishment where unit purchased

(complete address)

Purchaser's **complete** name and address

e-mail: (I hereby authorise H.T. SISTEMAS to keep me periodically informed)

Principal use to which unit is to be put.....

Notes.....

GUARANTEE

H.T. SISTEMAS, as a leader in the field of electrical and electronic safety equipment endeavours to maintain an extensive service along with up-dated information to the users of its products. To this end, it is indispensable that the user fills out and returns the present guarantee further to purchase of his ORION unit.

Period of guarantee: three years as from date of purchase

Conditions and application of your ORION guarantee: Your ORION unit is guaranteed against any defect of manufacture or original components as determined by our Technical Service. Any repair or substitution does not extend the guarantee period.

◆ The guarantee covers:

- Reception of the unit for its repair or servicing.
- Cost of all components, replacements and labour on original components.

◆ The guarantee does NOT cover:

- Transport
- Breakdown caused by non-original components or devices.
- Defects caused by incorrect installation.
- Damage caused by incorrect usage, or errors arising from repairs and internal manipulation by unauthorised persons.
- Consumables: fuses, thermal fuses, varistors and labour involved in replacement of same

◆ The guarantee is automatically forfeited in the event of::

- Breakage or deterioration of the seals of any of the original ORION elements.
- Incorrect usage due to non-observance of the recommendations given in the ORION manual.
- Non-reception of the completed guarantee card within 30 days as from date of purchase. H.T. SISTEMAS will acknowledge receipt of the guarantee card).

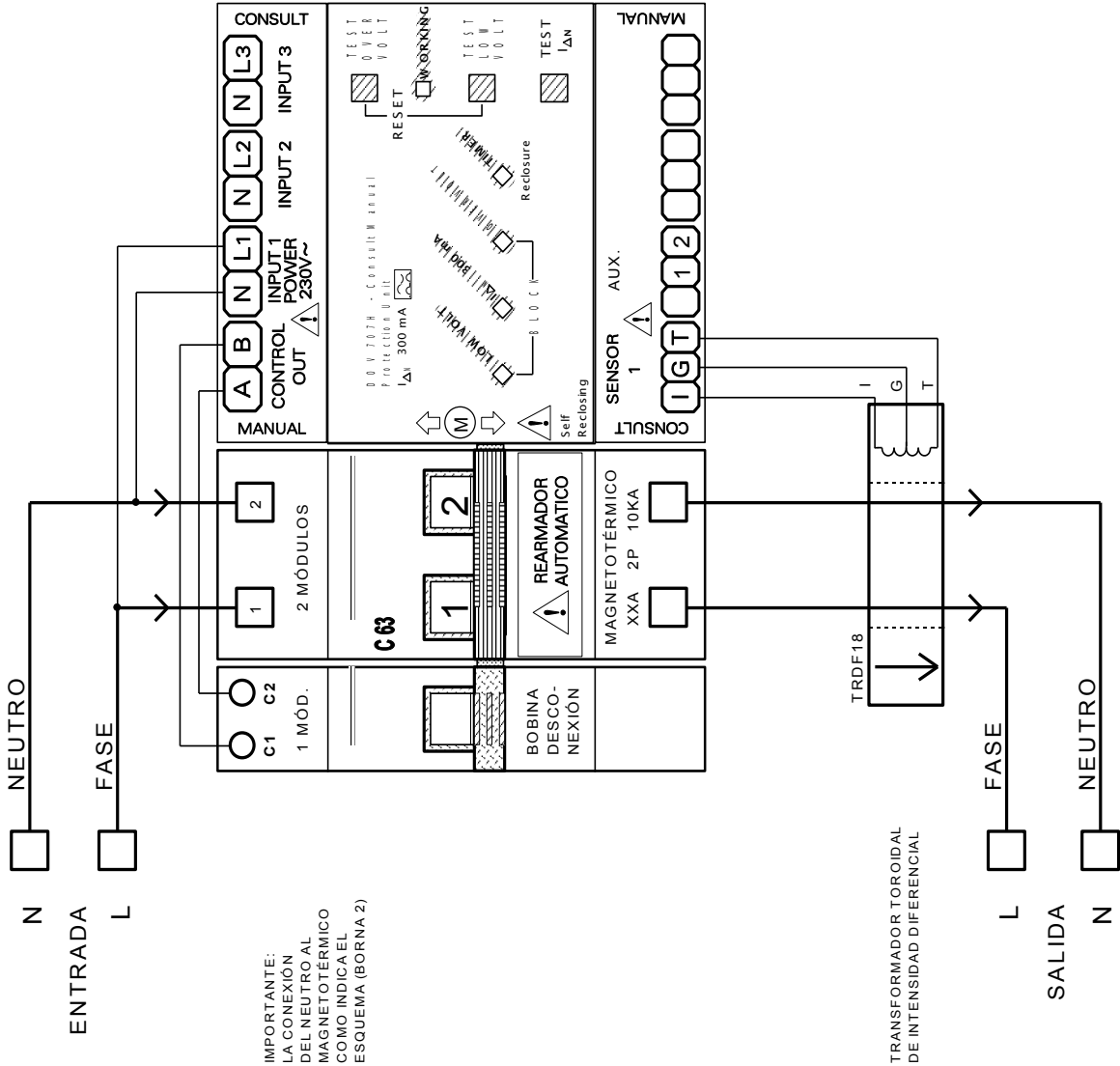
- ◆ Repair service: All repair service, both within and outside of the guarantee period, is by H.T. SISTEMAS and its Authorised Technical Assistance Services.

CONFIGURACIÓN
MONOFÁSICA 230V.
16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A.

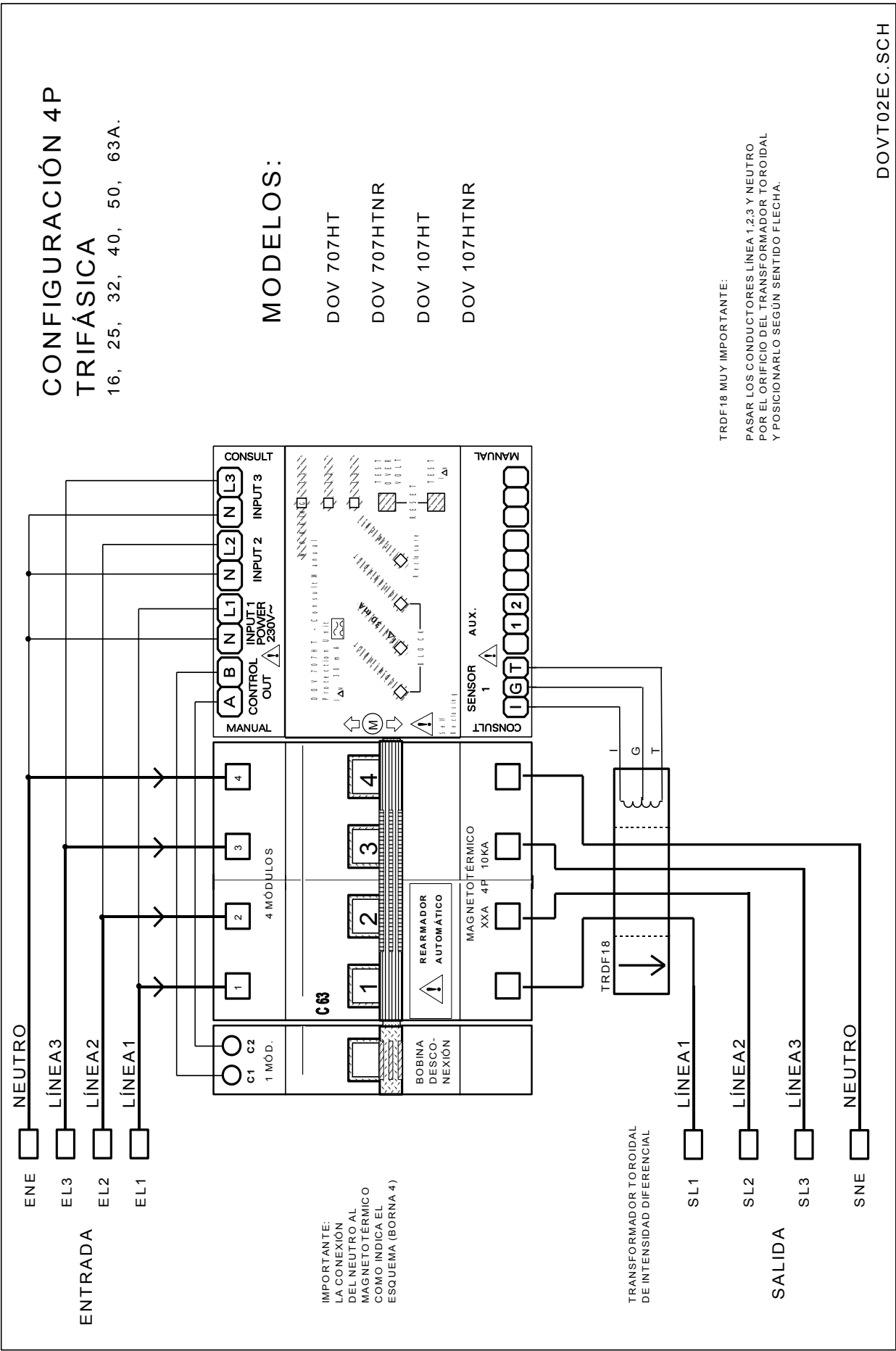
MODELOS:

- DOV 707H
- DOV 707HNR
- DOV 107H
- DOV 107HNR

TRDF18 MUY IMPORTANTE:
PASAR LOS CONDUCTORES FASE Y NEUTRO
POR EL ORIFICIO DEL TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL
Y POSICIONARLO SEGÚN SENTIDO FLECHA.



IMPORTANTE:
LA CONEXIÓN
DEL NEUTRO AL
MAGNETOTÉRMICO
COMO INDICA EL
ESQUEMA (BORNA 2)



SALIDA

CONSULT

MANUAL

CONTROL

OUT

A

B

N

L1

INPUT 1

POWER

230V~

INPUT 2

N

L2

INPUT 3

N

L3

DOV 707HT

DOV 707HTNR

DOV 107HT

DOV 107HTNR

MODELOS:

DOV 707HT

DOV 707HTNR

DOV 107HT

DOV 107HTNR

TRD18 MUY IMPORTANTE:

PASAR LOS CONDUCTORES LÍNEA 1,2,3 Y NEUTRO POR EL ORIFICIO DEL TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL Y POSICIONARLO SEGÚN SENTIDO FLECHA.

DOVT02EC.SCH

IMPORTANTE:
LA CONEXIÓN
DEL NEUTRO AL
MAGNETOTÉRMICO
COMO INDICA EL
ESQUEMA (BORNA 4)

TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL
DE INTENSIDAD DIFERENCIAL

TRD18 MUY IMPORTANTE:

PASAR LOS CONDUCTORES LÍNEA 1,2,3 Y NEUTRO
POR EL ORIFICIO DEL TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL
Y POSICIONARLO SEGÚN SENTIDO FLECHA.

**CONFIGURACIÓN
MONOFÁSICA 230V.**
16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A.

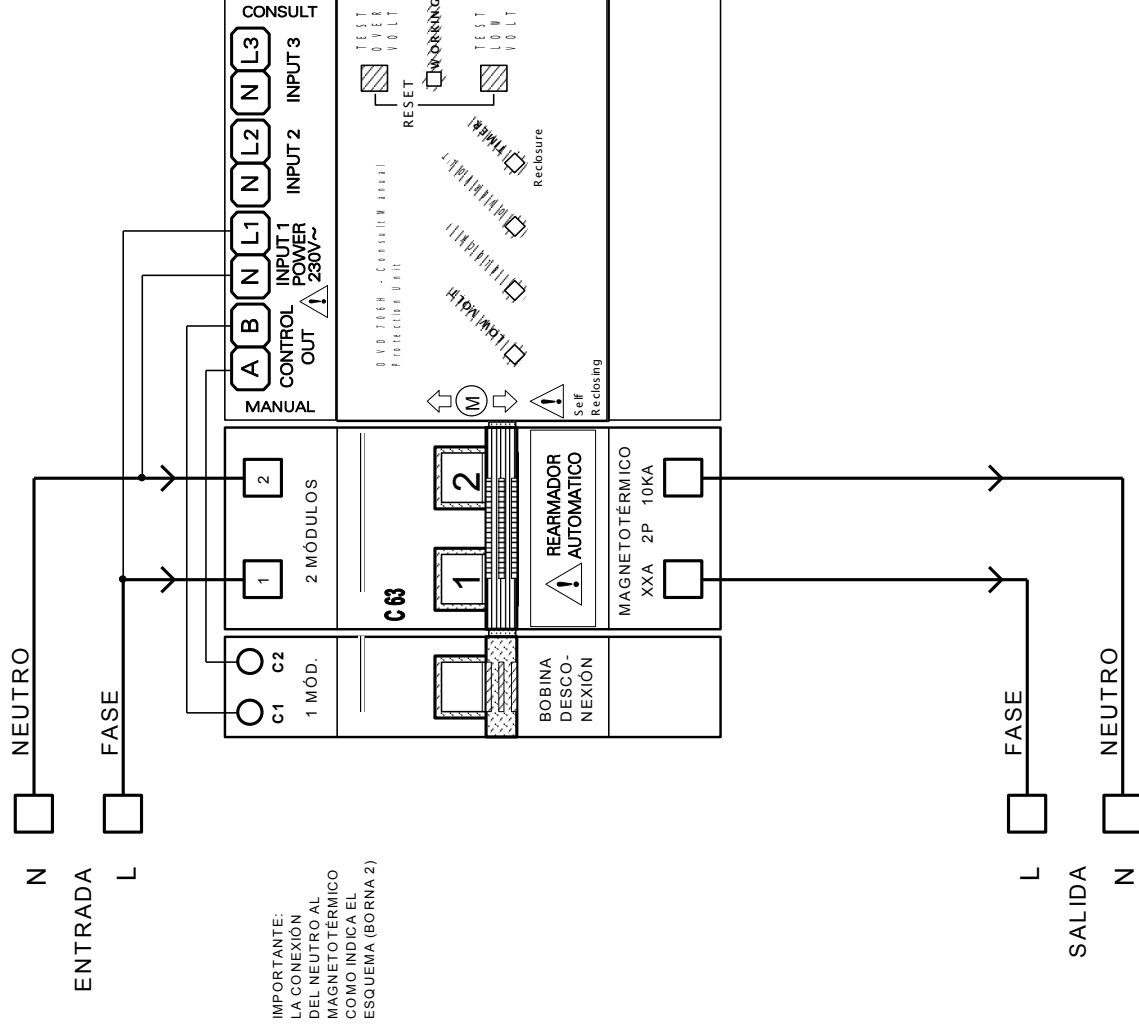
MODELOS:

OVD 706H

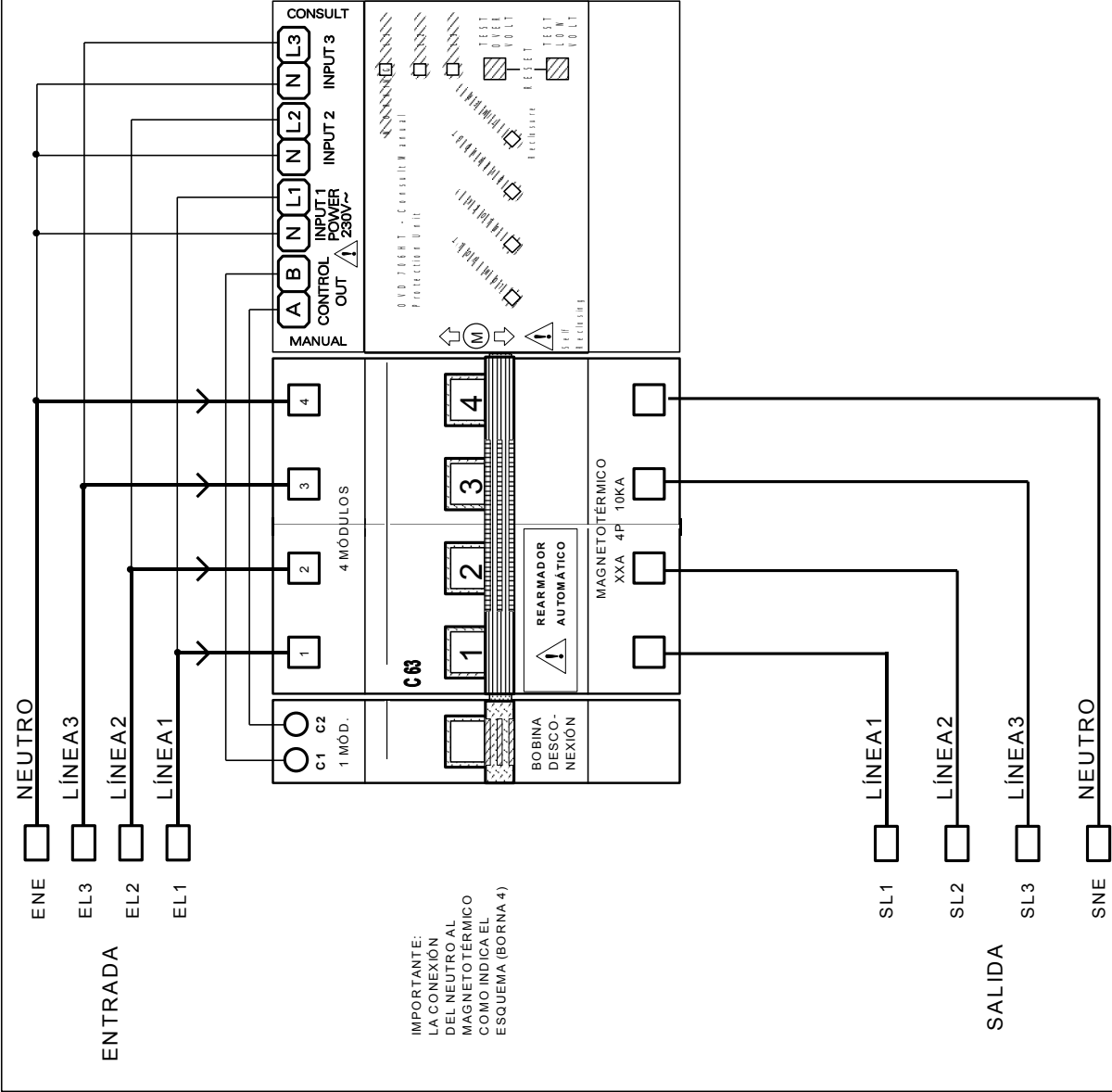
OVD 706HNR

OVD 106H

OVD 106HNR



OVM02EC.SCH



CONFIGURACIÓN 4P TRIFÁSICA

16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A.

MODELOS:

- OVD 706HT
- OVD 706HTNR
- OVD 106HT
- OVD 106HTNR

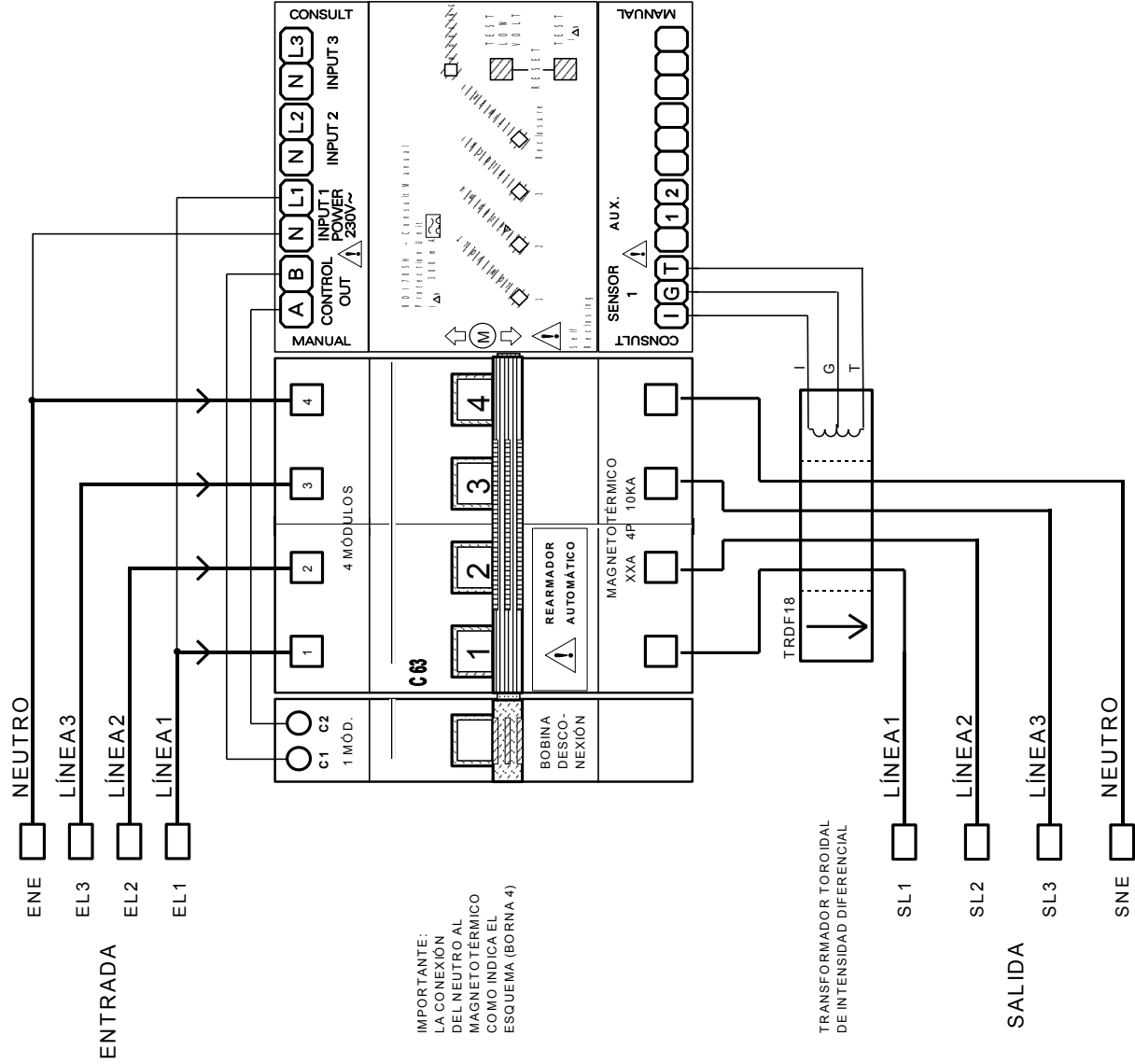
CONFIGURACIÓN 4P TRIFÁSICA

16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A.

MODELOS:

- RDI 705HT
- RDI 705HTNR
- RDI 105HT
- RDI 105HTNR

TRDF18 MUY IMPORTANTE:
PASAR LOS CONDUCTORES LÍNEA 1, 2, 3 Y NEUTRO
POR EL ORIFICIO DEL TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL
Y POSICIONARLO SEGUN SENTIDO FLECHA.

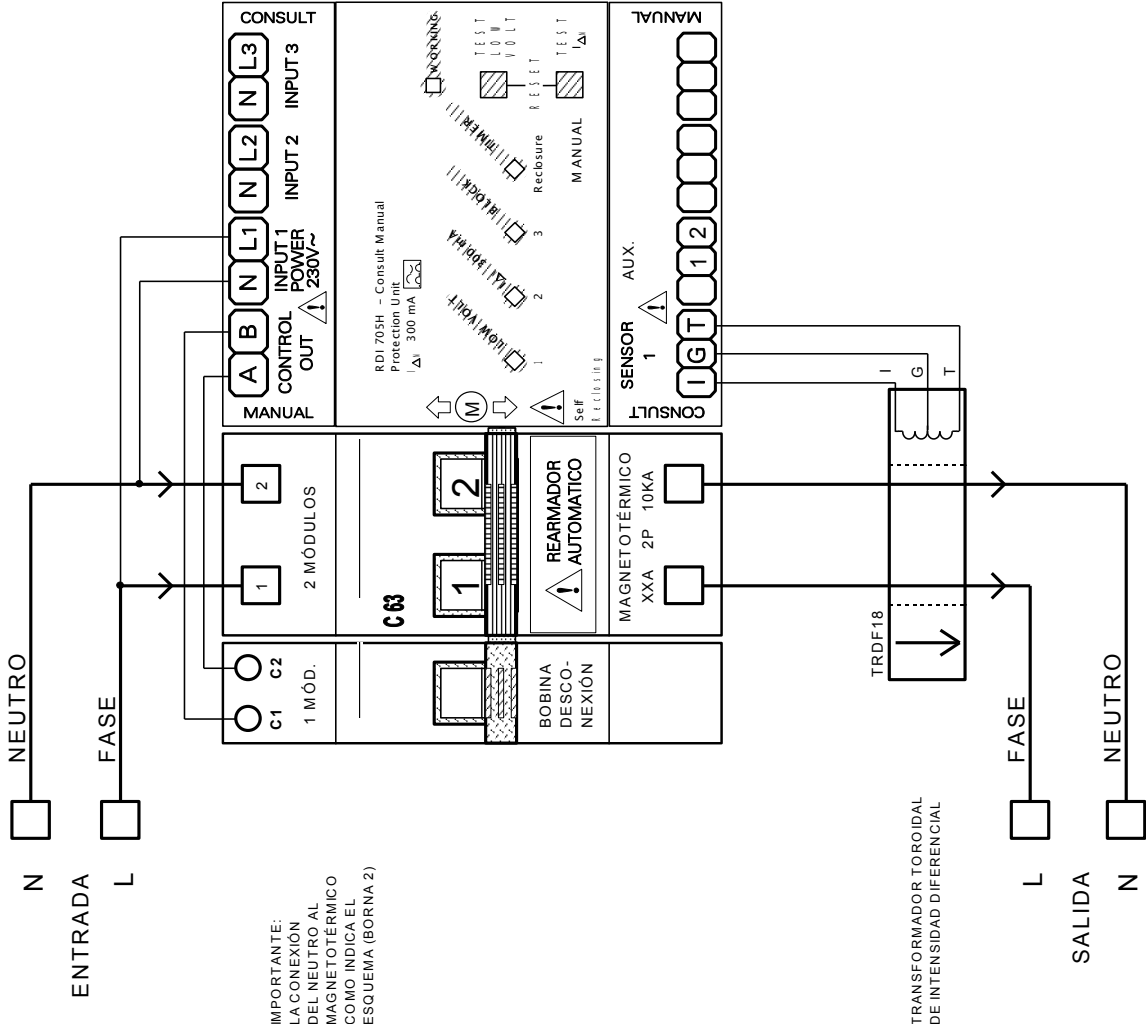


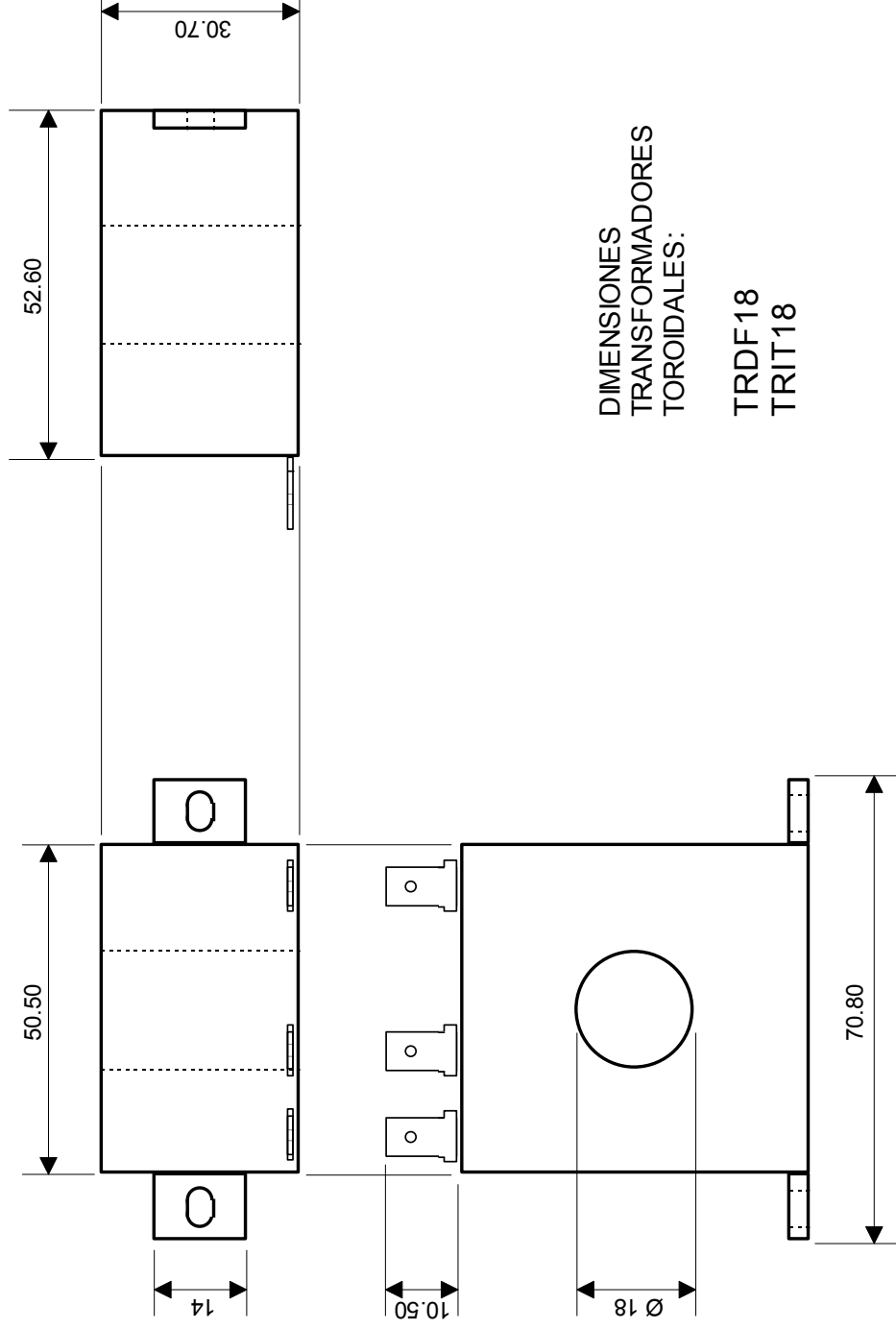
CONFIGURACIÓN
MONOFÁSICA 230V.
16, 25, 32, 40, 50, 63A.

MODELOS:

- RDI 705H
- RDI 705HNR
- RDI 105H
- RDI 105HNR

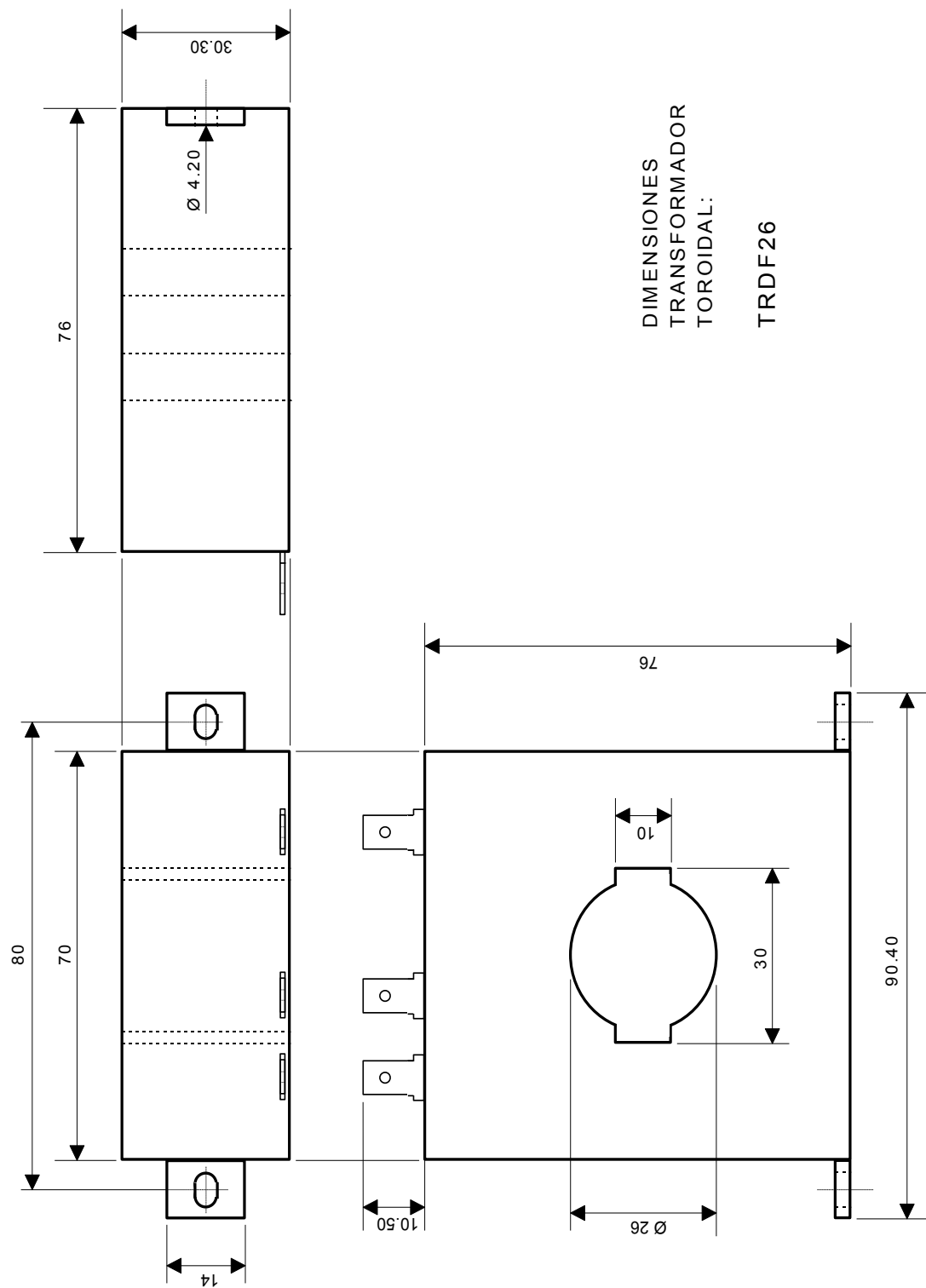
TRDF18 MUY IMPORTANTE:
PASAR LOS CONDUCTORES FASE Y NEUTRO
POR EL ORIFICIO DEL TRANSFORMADOR TOROIDAL
Y POSICIONARLO SEGÚN SENTIDO FLECHA.





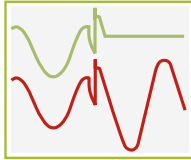
DIMENSIONES
TRANSFORMADORES
TOROIDALES:

TRDF18
TRIT18



DIMENSIONES
TRANSFORMADOR
TOROIDAL:

TRDF26



H.T. SISTEMAS

Protecciones Eléctricas de Máxima Seguridad

Securelec ORION

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www.htsistemas.com

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