DeskPack PowerTrapper 14.1

User Manual





Contents

1. Copyright Notice	
2. About DeskPack PowerLayout	6
3. Data Exchange	
3.1 Copyright Notice	
3.2 Introduction to Data Exchange	
3.2.1 Data Exchange Preferences	
3.3 The PDF Export Plug-In	
3.3.1 Introduction	
3.3.2 Saving a File as Normalized PDF	9
3.3.3 Linked ArtiosCAD Graphics	
3.4 The Ink Manager Plug-in	
3.4.1 Using the Ink Manager palette	
3.4.2 Ink Options	
3.4.3 The Ink Manager flyout menu	
3.4.4 Printing Method	
3.4.5 Job Setup	
3.4.6 Ink Manager Preferences	
3.4.7 Known limitations	
3.5 The Structural Design Plug-in	
3.5.1 Introduction	
3.5.2 Structural Design Import	
3.5.3 Structural Design Export	
3.6 The Page Box Plug-in	51
3.6.1 Introduction	51
3.6.2 Trim Box and Media Box	51
3.6.3 All Page Boxes	
3.7 The Inspection Setup Plug-In	
3.7.1 Adding and changing Inspection points	
3.7.2 Adding and changing Inspection boxes	
3.7.3 Dynamic Art Placeholders	
3.7.4 Import and Export	
3.8 Messages	
3.8.1 The Messages Palette	
3.8.2 Filtering the Messages	60
3.8.3 Saving the Messages	61
3.8.4 Clearing the Messages	
3.9 Esko Document Setup	
3.9.1 Distortion	

3.9.2 Screen Registration	62
4. PowerTrapper for Adobe Illustrator	64
4.1 Copyright Notice	
4.2 Introduction to PowerTrapper Standalone	
4.2.1 What is Trapping?	
4.2.2 What is PowerTrapper Standalone?	
4.3 Trapping with PowerTrapper Standalone	
4.3.1 The Trap Dialog	68
4.3.2 The Trap Layer	83
4.3.3 The Trap Select Tool	
4.3.4 The Color Pairs Palette	84
4.4 Selective Trapping	
4.5 Add Rich Black	
4.6 PowerTrapper Preferences	
5. White Underprint	
5.1 Copyright Notice	
5.2 White Underprint	
5.3 Adding and Removing White Underprint	
5.4 White Underprint settings	
5.5 White Underprint Ink	
5.6 Include White Objects	

ESKO

1. Copyright Notice

© Copyright 2015 Esko Software BVBA, Gent, Belgium

All rights reserved. This material, information and instructions for use contained herein are the property of Esko Software BVBA. The material, information and instructions are provided on an AS IS basis without warranty of any kind. There are no warranties granted or extended by this document. Furthermore Esko Software BVBA does not warrant, guarantee or make any representations regarding the use, or the results of the use of the software or the information contained herein. Esko Software BVBA shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential or incidental damages arising out of the use or inability to use the software or the information contained herein.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Revisions may be issued from time to time to advise of such changes and/or additions.

No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a data base or retrieval system, or published, in any form or in any way, electronically, mechanically, by print, photoprint, microfilm or any other means without prior written permission from Esko Software BVBA.

This document supersedes all previous dated versions.

PANTONE[®], PantoneLIVE and other Pantone trademarks are the property of Pantone LLC. All other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Pantone is a wholly owned subsidiary of X-Rite, Incorporated. [©] Pantone LLC, 2015. All rights reserved.

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

Portions of this software are copyright © 1996-2002 The FreeType Project (www.freetype.org). All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright 2006 Feeling Software, copyright 2005-2006 Autodesk Media Entertainment.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2003 Daniel Veillard. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1999-2006 The Botan Project. All rights reserved.

Part of the software embedded in this product is gSOAP software. Portions created by gSOAP are Copyright ©2001-2004 Robert A. van Engelen, Genivia inc. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2008 The OpenSSL Project and ©1995-1998 Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com). All rights reserved.

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (http:// www.apache.org/).

Adobe, the Adobe logo, Acrobat, the Acrobat logo, Adobe Creative Suite, Illustrator, InDesign, PDF, Photoshop, PostScript, XMP and the Powered by XMP logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States and/or other countries.

Microsoft and the Microsoft logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

SolidWorks is a registered trademark of SolidWorks Corporation.

Portions of this software are owned by Spatial Corp. 1986 2003. All Rights Reserved.

JDF and the JDF logo are trademarks of the CIP4 Organisation. Copyright 2001 The International Cooperation for the Integration of Processes in Prepress, Press and Postpress (CIP4). All rights reserved.

1

The Esko software contains the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sun Microsystems in the U.S. and other countries.

Part of this software uses technology by BestTM Color Technology (EFI). EFI and Bestcolor are registered trademarks of Electronics For Imaging GmbH in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Contains PowerNest library Copyrighted and Licensed by Alma, 2005 – 2007.

All other product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Correspondence regarding this publication should be forwarded to:

Esko Software BVBA

Kortrijksesteenweg 1095

B - 9051 Gent

info.eur@esko.com

2. About DeskPack PowerLayout

The 'DeskPack PowerLayout for Illustrator' bundle offers dedicated step and repeat functionality, combined with PDF import and the ability to add dynamic marks.

It combines the following plug-ins:

- Data Exchange on page 7 (Free)
- Dynamic Marks
- PDF Import
- PowerLayout Standalone
- Seamless Repeat

3

3. Data Exchange

3.1 Copyright Notice

© Copyright 2015 Esko Software BVBA, Gent, Belgium

All rights reserved. This material, information and instructions for use contained herein are the property of Esko Software BVBA. The material, information and instructions are provided on an AS IS basis without warranty of any kind. There are no warranties granted or extended by this document. Furthermore Esko Software BVBA does not warrant, guarantee or make any representations regarding the use, or the results of the use of the software or the information contained herein. Esko Software BVBA shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential or incidental damages arising out of the use or inability to use the software or the information contained herein.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Revisions may be issued from time to time to advise of such changes and/or additions.

No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a data base or retrieval system, or published, in any form or in any way, electronically, mechanically, by print, photoprint, microfilm or any other means without prior written permission from Esko Software BVBA.

This document supersedes all previous dated versions.

PANTONE[®], PantoneLIVE and other Pantone trademarks are the property of Pantone LLC. All other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Pantone is a wholly owned subsidiary of X-Rite, Incorporated. [©] Pantone LLC, 2015. All rights reserved.

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

Portions of this software are copyright © 1996-2002 The FreeType Project (www.freetype.org). All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright 2006 Feeling Software, copyright 2005-2006 Autodesk Media Entertainment.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2003 Daniel Veillard. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1999-2006 The Botan Project. All rights reserved.

Part of the software embedded in this product is gSOAP software. Portions created by gSOAP are Copyright ©2001-2004 Robert A. van Engelen, Genivia inc. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2008 The OpenSSL Project and ©1995-1998 Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com). All rights reserved.

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (http://www.apache.org/).

Adobe, the Adobe logo, Acrobat, the Acrobat logo, Adobe Creative Suite, Illustrator, InDesign, PDF, Photoshop, PostScript, XMP and the Powered by XMP logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States and/or other countries.

Microsoft and the Microsoft logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

SolidWorks is a registered trademark of SolidWorks Corporation.



Portions of this software are owned by Spatial Corp. 1986 2003. All Rights Reserved.

JDF and the JDF logo are trademarks of the CIP4 Organisation. Copyright 2001 The International Cooperation for the Integration of Processes in Prepress, Press and Postpress (CIP4). All rights reserved.

The Esko software contains the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sun Microsystems in the U.S. and other countries.

Part of this software uses technology by BestTM Color Technology (EFI). EFI and Bestcolor are registered trademarks of Electronics For Imaging GmbH in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Contains PowerNest library Copyrighted and Licensed by Alma, 2005 – 2007.

All other product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Correspondence regarding this publication should be forwarded to:

Esko Software BVBA

Kortrijksesteenweg 1095

B - 9051 Gent

info.eur@esko.com

3.2 Introduction to Data Exchange

The Esko **Data Exchange** plug-in for Adobe[®] Illustrator[®] combines several plug-ins into one package for easier installation. The combined plug-ins are:

- The PDF Export Plug-In on page 9
- The Structural Design Plug-in on page 24
- The Ink Manager Plug-in on page 17
- The Page Box Plug-in on page 51
- Messages on page 59
- The WebCenter Connector Plug-In

Along with a combined installation, there are new features in the updated plug-ins:

- Support for OPI (Open Press Interface) server mapping in PDF Export
- A combined **Preferences** dialog for PDF Export, and TrimBox/MediaBox that also works with Shuttle and Launch Task in client-server configurations
- The ability to always save (or not save) XMP data in Illustrator documents when you save them.
- Esko Document Setup

3.2.1 Data Exchange Preferences

Update XMP on Document Save directly on the **Preferences** > **Esko** menu controls if the document's XMP data is updated when the document is saved in the .AI format or as Adobe PDF with preserved Illustrator editing capabilities, and is turned on by default. Deselecting this option results in slightly faster document saves

3.3 The PDF Export Plug-In

3.3.1 Introduction

The **PDF Export** plug-in allows you to directly export your Illustrator files to the **Normalized PDF** format.

The Normalized PDF format contains all the Esko metadata necessary to ensure compatibility with your Esko workflow:

- list of linked images,
- barcode information,
- placed CAD graphics metadata,
- inks information,

... and other document properties.

3.3.2 Saving a File as Normalized PDF

To save your Illustrator file as Normalized PDF using PDF Export:

- 1. Go to File > Export...
- 2. In the dialog that opens, choose your file's name and location, and choose the Normalized PDF (pdf) format.

$\bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc \bigcirc$	Export	
Save A	: File_Normalized.pdf	
	Test files	X search
P DEVICES	BMP (bmp) Targa (tga) PNG (png)	
Forma Use Adobe Dialog New Folder	✓ Normalized PDF (pdf) Enhanced Metafile (emf) Flash (swf) JPEG (jpg) Macintosh PICT (pct) Photoshop (psd) TIFF (tif) Text Format (txt) Windows Metafile (wmf)	Cancel Export

3. Click Export.



- **4.** In the **PDF Export Preferences** dialog that opens, fill in the export preferences (see *PDF Export Preferences* on page 10).
- 5. Click OK to export the file.

PDF Export Preferences

When exporting your files to the Normalized PDF format, you need to set a few Preferences.

PI	DF Export Preferences
Images And Linked Files:	 ○ Embed Images ● Save Links
	 Add Preview (max 72 DPI) Copy Linked Files Next To Output File Use Links And Apply Server Mapping Copy Links If Not On File Servers File Servers
OPI And Server Mapping:	Settings
Trim Box (Borders):	Trim Box from Document
	Fit Media Box to Artwork
	 Outline All Text Export Hidden Objects and Layers Expand Patterns Contourize Bitmaps ✓ Convert Blended Objects to Images Resolution: High (600 dpi)
	Cancel OK

You can also open the PDF Export Preferences by choosing $\mbox{Illustrator} > \mbox{Preferences} > \mbox{Esko} > \mbox{PDF Export Preferences}$

Images and Linked Files

- 1. In the **Images and Linked Files** group, choose to either **Embed Images** in the Normalized PDF, or **Save Links** to the images.
 - If you choose to embed the images, you don't have any more preferences to fill in and you can just click **OK**.

Note: This doesn't save the images' link information (except for linked ArtiosCAD graphics, see *Linked ArtiosCAD Graphics* on page 17).

- If you choose to use linked images, fill in the other preferences of the dialog.
- 2. Enable Add Preview (max 72 DPI) if you want your Normalized PDF to have a low resolution preview of the linked images.

This preview allows you to view the linked images when opening your file in Acrobat[™] for example.

3

- 3. Choose where to copy the linked images:
 - Choose Copy Images Next To Output File to copy them next to the folder in which you will save the Normalized PDF (so other applications like ArtPro or PackEdge can still open them when the links are broken).
 - Choose Use Links And Apply Server Mapping to keep the images where they are but update the links (for example if the images are in a shared folder located on a different machine).
- 4. When choosing Use Links And Apply Server Mapping, fill in a Server Mapping if the share names on the client machine and on the other server do not match.
 - a) When checked, Copy Links If Not On File Servers verifies if linked images are already on fileservers and if they are not, copies them along with the exported Normalized PDF file. Choosing this option also enables the File Servers... button where you add the machines that store linked images so that Esko workflow servers can find them.

For more information, see What is a Server Mapping? and Adding a Server Mapping.

OPI and Server Mapping

When you click **Settings** in the **OPI and Server Mapping** group of the **PDF Export Preferences** dialog of Data Exchange Preferences, the **OPI and Server Mapping** dialog appears:

Server Name < Local Share Servers: © OPI Mapping: • • • • • Preview Mapping •		OPI And Server Mapping
OPI Mapping:		Server Name Cocal Share Server Share
OPI Mapping: ⊕ □		
⊕ ⊖		 ⊕ □
⊕ □		
	OPI Mapping:	

Note:

This dialog is available only when you have chosen to Save Links in exported Normalized PDF files. When you export a Normalized PDF, OPI Mapping is applied first and then Server Mapping.



Servers

The top pane of the dialog configures **Server Mappings**. You need to use Server Mappings when the Normalized PDF you output:

- has linked images that are located on a different machine (file server),
- will be used on another machine (not your local machine or the file server).

Server Mappings allow you to map the image links from one share name to another automatically on output. This ensures that the links are not broken when the Normalized PDF is used on another machine.

For example:

- the linked images are saved on a file server called "Server", in a shared folder called "Images",
- your copy of Illustrator with PDF Export is on a Mac, and the shared folder containing the images is mounted as "Hi-Res Images".
- the Normalized PDF you export will be used on a PC, where the shared folder containing the images is mounted as "Shared Images".



The link to an image called "My_Image.psd" is "Server/Hi-Res_Images/My_Image.psd" on the Mac, and should be "\\Server\Shared Images\My Image.psd" on the PC.

When adding the Server Mapping in the **OPI And Server Mapping** dialog, you should enter the **Share Details** as follows by:

- name of the file server in Server Name,
- name of the shared folder containing the images as seen from your local Mac in Local Share,
- name of the shared folder containing the images as seen from the other PC in **Server Share**.

Note:

• You can use subfolders in a Server Mapping.

Server Name:	Server
Local Share:	Hi-Res Images
Server Share:	Images\Hi-Res
	Cancel OK

 You can also use Server Mappings to replace images (for example to swap low-resolution for high-resolution images when the low-resolution and high-resolution images have identical separations).

Server Name: Server	
Local Share: LowRes	
Server Share: HiRes	
(Cancel OK

To add the Server Mapping, do the following:

1. In the **OPI And Server Mapping** dialog, click the plus sign button to the lower left of the Servers pane. This opens the **Share Details** dialog.

	Share Details
Server Name:	
Local Share:	
Server Share:	
	Cancel OK



- 2. Enter or choose the name of the file server containing your linked images in Server Name.
- **3.** Enter or choose the name of the file server's share containing your linked images **as it appears on your local machine** in **Local Share**.
- 4. Enter the name of the file server's share containing your linked images as it appears on the other machine that will use your Normalized PDF in Server Share.

		OPI And Se	rver Mapping	_
	Server Name 🗠		Server Share	
	Server	Hi-Res_Images	Shared_Images	
Servers:				

5. If you want to add another Server Mapping (to use your Normalized PDF on yet another machine), repeat steps 1 to 4.

To edit a Server Mapping, double-click it. To remove a Server Mapping, select it and click the minus button to the lower left of the Servers pane.

OPI Mapping

The lower half of the **OPI And Server Mapping** dialog configures **OPI Mapping**, which defines the rules for image substitution when exporting a Normalized PDF in a more specific way than Server Mapping. OPI stands for Open Press Interface.

To add an OPI mapping, do the following:

1. Click the plus sign to the lower left of the list pane. This opens the OPI Rule Editor dialog.



- 2. After the word If, decide how many conditions that must be true for this mapping rule to take effect: All, Any, or None.
- 3. For the condition In the top pane of the dialog, choose the element of the image file's path to examine in the first field. Image paths are in URI (Uniform Resource Identifier) format, such as file://mymac/MacHD/images/lowres/tests/Spacebar_CMYK.eps. As you select elements, further controls appear on the same line to refine the condition. For example, if you choose Full Path Is, you can click ... to browse for a folder, or click **x** to revert to the previous folder. To add a condition, click +; to remove a condition, click -.
- 4. Once you have defined the conditions, define the changes to the path in the lower pane of the window. Use the same process to define the changes as you did to define the conditions: choose the change, then set its options on the same line. To add a change, click +; to remove a change, click -.
- 5. Click OK to finish defining the rule.
- 6. To add another rule, click +; to remove a rule, click -.

Consider again this example URI file name: file://ImageServer/LOWRES/images/lowres/tests/Spacebar_CMYK.eps.

- The condition Extension, Is Equal To, EPS will match.
- Folder Name, Starts With, lowres/ will match. You can specify the text ending with / to state that it must be the entire Folder name and to make sure that directories starting with (for example) lowres plus/ will not match.
- Server Name, Is Equal To, imageserver will also match as the case is not compared.

When you use more than one condition in a rule, the **Replace 1st Matching Part Of Path** and **Replace 2nd Part Of Matching Path** changes become effective.

Consider this file: //Serv/SharedImg/LORESIMAGES/ANIMALS/LOWRES/myimage.eps

• with conditions of Folder Name, Contains, LORESIMAGES, and Folder Name, Contains, LOWRES.



• and changes of Replace 1st Matching Part Of Path, HIGHRESIMAGES, and Replace 2nd Part Of Matching Path, HIGHRES.

The first change will replace LOWRESIMAGES with HIGHRESIMAGES (since it was first), and the second change will replace LOWRES with HIGHRES.

Notes and Restrictions

To copy the OPI settings between computers so they all are the same, copy AE10-OPISettings.prefs. In Windows, that file can be at C:\Documents and Settings\username \AppData\Roaming\Adobe\Adobe Illustrator CSx Settings, but its exact location depends on the type of login (local or domain) and Illustrator version (CSx where x is a number). On the Mac, this file is normally in Users/Username/Library/Preferences/Adobe illustrator CSx Settings/. Copy the file to the same location on the target machines.

There are a few restrictions when using OPI Mapping:

- The high-resolution images must be accessible from the client workstation.
- Ink Manager will not show extra inks that are present in the high-resolution images.
- When exporting the file using Shuttle, only the inks from Ink Manager are shown, not any extra ones present in the high-resolution images.
- PDF Export, Viewer for Illustrator, and PowerTrapper Client and Standalone will use the high-resolution images and will know about any extra inks.

Trim Box and Other Settings

Trim Box

In the **Trim Box (Borders) group** of the **PDF Export Preferences** dialog, the **Trim Box (Borders**) drop-down list lets you choose how the edge of the exported PDF file is chosen: using the **Trim Box from Document**, using the **Current Artboard**, or by using the **Artwork Bounding Box**.

Fit Media Box to Artwork expands or shrinks the Media Box as appropriate.

Other

Outline All Text converts all text to outlines.

Export Hidden Objects and Layers includes hidden objects when the PDF file is exported.

If **Expand Patterns** is selected, patterns will be replaced by actual objects. The path containing the pattern fill, will then be filled with the objects as defined in the pattern.

Contourize Bitmaps will convert 1-bit images (linked or embedded) into vectors.

Convert Blended Objects to Images will convert blended objects to images. You can set the resolution for this images to High (600dpi), Medium (300dpi) or Low (150dpi)

Note: In case of converting blended objects with different oveprint setting (one is overprinting, the other is not), the convertion might change the final result. The following message is shown: "Rasterized Blend combines art in overprint and not in overprint mode. Rasterization may have caused changed appearance."

3.3.3 Linked ArtiosCAD Graphics

When you export a document with linked ArtiosCAD graphics to Normalized PDF, the graphics are treated slightly differently:

When choosing "Embed Images" in the Preferences:

- The ArtiosCAD graphics are embedded in your Normalized PDF.
- The original link information is saved in your Normalized PDF.

When choosing "Save Links" in the Preferences:

- The ArtiosCAD graphics are embedded in your Normalized PDF.
- They are also **copied** to the location you define: **Next To Output File** or on another server (according to a **Server Mapping** if defined).
- The link to the copied graphics is saved in your Normalized PDF.

3.4 The Ink Manager Plug-in

3.4.1 Using the Ink Manager palette

The lnk Manager palette is a powerful pre-press color editing and proofing tool. Easily identify where Pantone colors are used within a document or where custom spot colors can be found, then convert these colors to a custom spot color or to process colors.

The Ink Manager palette also allows you to specify crucial ink parameters such as the ink type, angle and lineature. Once defined, these parameters are saved inside the Illustrator document.

Note:

Screening for Illustrator allows you to make exceptions to these ink parameters. With Screening for Illustrator objects can have different settings for ruling, angle and dotshape. Please refer to the Screening for Illustrator documentation for more information.

To use the lnk Manager palette, choose **Window** > **Esko** > **Ink Manager**. The lnk Manager palette appears.



x						
≎ Ink Manager						*≣
Ink Name	Туре	Ink Book	Ruling	Angle	Dotshape	Printing Method
1 Process Cyan	Normal	process	120.00	22.50	Round Fogra (R)	Flexo
2 Process Magenta	Normal	process	120.00	52.50	Round Fogra (R)	Flexo
3 Process Yellow	Normal	process	120.00	7.50	Round Fogra (R)	Flexo
4 Process Black	Normal	process	120.00	82.50	Round Fogra (R)	Flexo
5 PANTONE Orange 021 C	Normal	PANTONE+ Solid C	120.00	45.00	SambaFlex 4 (CS4)	Flexo
6 PANTONE Hexachrome Green U	Normal	PANTONE+ Solid U	120.00	45.00	SambaFlex 4 (CS4)	Flexo
Base Inks: 6						

Delete Ink Variant. To delete an Ink Variant made with Screening for Illustrator, select the ink variant which needs to be removed and click the 'Delete Ink Variant' button. The objects will get the ink settings of the parent ink.

Refresh. To update the lists of inks used within your document, click the Refresh button. After modifying a document, click the refresh button to update the list of used inks.

Select. To identify objects containing specific inks within a job, select the ink you wish to search for and click the 'Select' button. It is possible to select more than one ink at a time.

Convert to Other. To convert a selected ink from your document lnk list to another ink, click 'Convert to other'. More than one ink can be selected at a time.

Note:

Converting an ink will affect only line art. However, if you have the Channel Mapping or Color Engine plug-in installed and licensed, converting an ink will also result in the corresponding channel mapping for all images. See the Channel Mapping documentation for more information.

Convert to CMYK. To convert a selected Spot Color from your document lnk list to a Process Color Mix, CMYK, click 'Convert to CMYK'. More than one ink can be selected at a time.

Note:

Convert to Other and Convert to CMYK are only available if you have a license for boostX, Channel Mapping or Color Engine Plugin.

3.4.2 Ink Options

Ink Name:	PANTONE Bright Green C	ОК
Ink Group:	Spot Ink	Cancel
Ink Book:	PANTONE+ Solid Coated +	
Ink Type:	Normal +	
Ruling:	120 LPI	
Angle:	45 °	
Dotshape:	None	
Printing Method:	Unknown	
	Save printing method to presets	

Double-click an Ink from the list to open the associated Ink Options dialog. There you can specify the Ink Type, Lineature, Angle and Dotshape of the selected ink.

The **Ink Book** dropdown contains all Ink Books that have the current ink defined. By default the last used ink book is shown.

Available **Ink Types** are: Normal, Opaque, Varnish and Technical. The ink type for process inks cannot be changed. The ink type is always normal. The following Pantone inks are always opaque inks: Pantone 8003 C, Pantone 8021 C, Pantone 8062 C, Pantone 8100 C, Pantone 8201 C, Pantone 8281 C, Pantone 8321 C, Pantone 871 C, Pantone 872 C, Pantone 873 C, Pantone 874 C, Pantone 875 C, Pantone 876 C, Pantone 877 C. The ink type of these inks cannot be changed.

Note: If you change an lnk to **Technical** or **Opaque**, the ink will be moved to the bottom of the lnk list. If you change the ink order afterwards, this new order will be respected.

Dotshape shows a list of all dotshapes available for the FlexRip. However, it is possible to enter any dot that is available on your rip instead of the proposed dotshapes. Only use a dotshape that is installed on the rip that will be used to expose the document.

Note: Entering a dotshape is not compatible with Nexus RIP.

These Ink options are stored in the Illustrator document and are used by other DeskPack plug-ins like PowerTrapper Client, PowerLayout Client, etc. For example, PowerTrapper Client will ignore varnish and technical inks and will take the opaqueness of inks in account when determining trap directions.

You can define the Printing Method. See Printing Method on page 21

Note:

Global swatches cannot be converted.

3.4.3 The Ink Manager flyout menu



⊙ ≎ INK MA	NAGER	_		_	_	••	Ink Options	
Ink Nam	ie	Туре	Ink Book	Ruling	Angle	Dotshape		
1	Process Black	Normal	process	133.00	22.50	Round	Convert Ink to	
2	Process Magenta	Normal	process	133.00	52.50	Round	Convert Ink to CMYK	
3	Process Yellow	Normal	process	133.00	7.50	Round	Convert all Spot Inks to CMYK	
4	Process Cyan	Normal	process	133.00	82.50	Round	Update Ink List	
5	Cut	Technical		120.00	45.00	None	Process Inks in Images	
6	Varnish	Varnish		120.00	45.00	None	Process inks in images	
7	PANTONE 583 M	Normal	PANTONE Colors M	120.00	52.50	Samba	Hide Screening Details	
8	PANTONE 300 M	Normal	PANTONE Colors M	120.00	52.50	Samba	Show Printing Method	
9	PANTONE Silver C	Normal	PANTONE+ Premiu	120.00	52.50	Samba		
Base Ink	Reverse Ink Order Save CMYK Ink Order as Default Restore Default CMYK Order Sort Light To Dark Sort Dark To Light							

- Ink Options... opens the ink options dialog.
- Convert Ink to... has the same functionality as the 'Convert to Other' button +?
- Convert Ink to CMYK has the same functionality as the 'Convert to CMYK' button →■
- Convert all Spot Inks to CMYK converts all the spot inks in the document to their CMYK equivalent.

Note:

Keep in mind that this function will also convert white objects created by the White Underprint plugin, using a special spot ink.

- Update Ink list refreshes the ink list.
- **Process Inks In Images...** The plug-in uses Illustrator to determine which inks are used in external images. Illustrator has some limitations:
 - With linked EPS images it is not possible to detect whether CMYK was used in the linked image. Ink Manager will assume that CMYK is present in the linked EPS images, unless the user has specified otherwise.
 - TIFF images with spot channels always have CMYK channels, even if those channels are empty.

So with externally linked images, the plug-in doesn't really know whether CMYK is used. "Process Inks in Images" offers a manual solution. If you click this option, the "Process Inks in Images" dialog box appears:



By default all toggles are switched on, which means that the plug-in will assume that external images contain cyan, magenta, yellow and black.

If you know that there is no cyan in the externally placed images, you can switch Process Cyan off. Click 'Apply' and at the bottom of the Ink Manager the indication "Disabled in Images: C" will appear.

The plug-in will assume that only magenta, yellow and black were used in the externally placed images. If cyan is used in other objects of the document, it will be listed in ink manager.

- **Show/Hide Screen Details**: When you hide the details, only the lnk name is shown. When you show the details, the type, LPI, angle and dotshape of the inks will also be shown.
- Show/Hide Printing Method will show or hide the chosen Printing Method. See Printing Method on page 21
- Show/Hide Job Setup will show or hide the Job Setup column. See Job Setup on page 22
- Reverse Ink Order will turn the order of the inks upside down.
- By default, the process colors are in Cyan Magenta Yellow Black order. If you change this order and apply **Save CMYK Ink Order as Default**, the changed order will be used as default order. By selecting **Restore Default CMYK order**, the original default order is restored.
- By using **Sort Light To Dark** or **Sort Dark To Light**, you can rearrange the order of inks based on the luminocity. Note that Opaque and Technical inks are placed at the bottom of the list, but also sorted light to dark or dark to light.

3.4.4 Printing Method

You can set the Printing Method for every ink.

The **Printing Method** information can be used in SmartNames, or for Automation Engine task that handle the printing method.

By default, the Printing Method column is hidden. By selecting **Show Printing Method** in the flyout menu you can make it visible.

You can change the Printing Method in the Ink Manager palette.

You can select one of the predefined printing methods, or create a new printing method.



Presets

As from version 12.1.2, when connected to an Automation Engine Server, the list of Printing Methods is loaded from the Automation Engine server.

Note: This implies that Printing Methods saved in earlier versions of Deskpack are no longer visible and will need to be redefined.

Printing Methods can be saved in the Automation Engine Configure tool, or in the Ink Options by selecting **Save to presets**

Ink Name:	PANTONE Bright Green C	ОК
Ink Group:	Spot Ink	Cancel
Ink Book:	PANTONE+ Solid Coated +	
Ink Type:	Normal \$	
Ruling:	120 LPI	
Angle:	45 °	
Dotshape:	None	
Printing Method:	Unknown	
	Save printing method to presets	

If there's no connection to an Automation Engine, the presets are saved locally in the Adobe Illustrator Preferences.

3.4.5 Job Setup

You can check the **Job Setup** for every ink, indicating if the ink settings correspond with the ink specifications in the Job Folder.

By default, the Job Setup column is hidden. By selecting **Show Job Setup** in the fly-out menu you can make it visible.

The status of the Job Setup column can be:

- Grey: no information from the Job Setup is available (e.g. the document is not saved in a Job Folder).
- · Green: the ink in the document has the same parameters as defined in the Job Folder
- Yellow: the ink in the document is not specified in the Job Folder

• Red: the ink in the document is specified in the Job Folder, but uses different parameters. The affected parameter will be colored in red in the Ink Manager.

3.4.6 Ink Manager Preferences

The Ink Manager Preferences can be opened from Illustrator > Preferences > Esko > Ink Manager Preferences... (Mac OS) or Edit > Preferences > Esko > Ink Manager Preferences... (Windows)

Ink Name	Angle		Ruling			
Cyan	22,5] •	120	lpi		
Magenta	52,5	•	120	lpi		
Yellow	7,5	•	120	lpi		
Black	82,5	•	120	lpi		
Spot	45	•	120	lpi		
Show inks of non-printable layers Show inks of hidden layers Use ClassicColors Ink Book referred Ink Book:						

In the Ink Manager Preferences, you can set the **Default Values** (angle and ruling) for CMYK inks.

You can also set the default angle and ruling to be used for new Spot inks. However, these defaults can be overruled when using a Spot ink that was used before, with a different Angle and Ruling value. The Angle and Ruling for all used spot inks are saved in the Preferences file

You can also define if inks that are only used in non-printable layers or hidden layers should be shown in the ink manager by setting the **Show inks of non-printable layers** and **Show inks of hidden layers** option.

Note:

The Remap Ink functionallity also takes the **Show inks of non-printable layers** and **Show inks of hidden layers** option into account: When switched off, inks on non-printable or hidden layers will not be remapped.

Enable **Use ClassicColors Ink Book** to use the ClassicColors Ink Book. When using a ClassicColors Ink Book for your HP device, you can enable the Use ClassicColors Ink Book option, to avoid conflicts for inks using generic names, such as "White".



The **Preferred Ink Book** is the Ink book shown by default when opening the **Add Ink from Ink Book** dialog.

3.4.7 Known limitations

Since DeskPack Suite 10.1 Assembly 6 InkManager has been using different method for the ink converting.

The new method uses Illustrator's Appearance allowing multiple fills and stroke in a single object instead of creating temporary inks (BG Inks). Beside many advantages it brings a couple of limitations, having connection with the Illustrator limitations or behavior.

Re-mapping process inks to spot inks.

As it is impossible to simply change one of the process inks to the spot ink, the only solution is adding a new fill to the object with the new spot ink and use overprint to mix these fills together.

- Adding a brand new fill is not possible on text objects on the character level. Text objects using various inks on separate characters aren't mapped and an operator is warned.
- Re-mapping of process to spot inks on paths, using Effects on fill or stroke, will raise a warning, because adding a new fill could change the visual appearance.

Re-mapping inks in gradients

Re-mapping of the process ink to the spot ink generates a new fill due to the same reason as before.

- Let's have an example that the gradient already contains the target spot ink on one of its stops and another stop contains the process color being transformed. The re-mapping one of the process inks will add a new fill with the same gradient but with the target spot inks on the place of the process ink. In other cases the overprint will blend these two fills and produce expected visual appearance. In this particular case Illustrator will not blend these fills because both contain the same spot ink and Illustrator then ignores the overprint. An operator is informed about that.
- Similar issue comes when the object already contains two gradient fills. An operator is again warned.

3.5 The Structural Design Plug-in

3.5.1 Introduction

Introducing Structural Design

Structural Design enables the Adobe Illustrator users to read in an ArtiosCAD ARD file, an Esko flexible .bag file and/or a Collada .dae or .zae file. This structural design can then be aligned to the graphics and this alignment will be maintained in the rest of the Esko workflow (e.g. ArtiosCAD, Visualizer, PackEdge, ArtPro, Plato, RIPs). On top of that, you can create a varnish plate from the bleed outline, from the Illustrator artboard or from the bounding box of the structure automatically excluding the coating free areas.

Structural Design Export allows an Adobe Illustrator user to export contours from Illustrator to native ArtiosCAD .ard format. It also allows adding and modifying cutout windows to a loaded ArtiosCAD file.

3.5.2 Structural Design Import

General Principles

The Structural Design plug-in enables you to open or place structural design files inside Adobe Illustrator. The imported structural design files are linked to the Adobe Illustrator (.ai) files, but they are not embedded. After opening or placing a structural design file, the file appears in the Adobe Illustrator layer palette. The structural design paths are special paths that cannot be modified accidentally.By default the structural design layer and its sublayers will be locked. You can unlock the structural design layers. This enables you to select individual structural design paths and use the illustrator alignment tools to align graphics to the structural design paths.

Open or Place an ARD, BAG, DAE, ZAE file

From Suite 10.0 onwards when the plug-in is present, a dedicated **Place File** showing only Structural Design files is found in the **File** menu. Choose **File** > **Structural Design** > **Place File...**

The appropriate file types also appear in the Illustrator Open and Place dialogs:



After opening a structural design, the structural design objects are converted to special Illustrator objects that cannot be modified accidentally.

The structural design layers are converted to locked Illustrator sublayers. You can unlock these layers. They are grouped under a layer that gets the name of the structural design file.

0

0

0

• • a a 😚



LAYERS

•

2 Layers

TIC:

▶ 0

	_		
	LAYERS		**
		Mooh Milk box_2.ARD	0
		Main Design	0
		Bleed Outline	0
		Dimensions	0
	98	Overall dimensions	0
		Layer 1	0
	2 Layers	10 Ha	I B
L			
		TE LAY	ERS
coffeepads_16p	ads.bag		Can 330ml.zae
III Main Desig	n	0	Main Desig
Layer 1		0	Layer 1

The different structural design line styles (cuts, creases, bleed) are translated to hard-coded custom colors. All ArtiosCAD line styles are supported.

2 Layers

-0 +a a 9

Text & Dimensions	Generic special rule
Cut	Nick
Crease	Print registration
Second Height Crease	Outside bleed
Matrix Crease	Inside bleed
Generic perforation	Outside coating
Partial Cut	Inside coating
Generic Cut and Crease	Glue
Generic Perf in Channel	Print images
Glue assist	Annotation
Reverse crease	Annotation2
Reverse partial cut	Annotation3
Partial cut and crease	Annotation4
Half crease	Annotation5
Side bevel	Other lines

In case a Collada file is placed, a check is performed to see if the Collada file has a printable part defined. A printable part is an Esko extension to the Collada format. Collada files with one or more printable parts can be created with ArtiosCAD, Studio Toolkit for Flexibles, Studio Toolkit for Labels

and Studio Toolkit for Shrinksleeves. For more information on the printable part in a Collada file please see the white paper which can be found:

- For Mac; in the extra folder of the installation disk.
- For PC; go to Start > Programs > Esko > DeskPack Plug-ins > Data Exchange > Extra...

If a Collada file contains multiple printable parts a dialog will ask you to choose one. Choose that part of which you want to create the graphics in Adobe Illustrator.

— Printable Part — The Collada file ha	s multiple printable parts. Please choose the one to use:
✓ Design1-M3-PA Design2-M3-PA Design3-M3-PA	Cancel

When an Illustrator file is opened that contains CAD data, two checks are performed.

- 1. First of all, the plug-in checks whether the structural design file still can be found in its original place. If that is not the case, the plug-in will look for the structural design file in the same directory where the Illustrator file is. If it finds the structural design file there, it will use this structural design file instead, otherwise, you will be asked to browse to the new location of the file.
- **2.** A second check is performed to see if the structural design file has been modified since it was originally embedded in this Illustrator file. If so, the Illustrator document will be updated.

Placing a structural design file: If a structural design file is already loaded and you place a new structural design file, the new structural design file will replace the old structural design file. This implies that you can never have more than one structural design file in an Illustrator document.

The difference between placing and opening a structural design file: When opening a structural design file, the artboard will adopt the size of the bounding box of the structure. When placing a structural design file, the artboard will not be changed.

Open or Place from Shapes

You can open files from Shapes directly or place them into existing Illustrator files by using the commands in **File** > **Structural Design**.

I

or	File	Edit	Object	Type	Select	Effect	View	Window	Help			
•	Op Op	w from en en Rece	Template ent Files Bridge	e	第N 企第N 第O 「 て第O	/le:	• Opacit	y: 100	% 📊 Un	C titled-	Document Si 1* @ 300%) (′K/Pre
		are My S vice Cer	Screen ntral									
	Sav Sav Cho Sav	ve ve As ve a Cop ve as Te eck In	mplate		₩₩ ₩S 쇼 ₩S ጊ ₩S ℃₩S							
	Place											
	Str	uctural	Design		le l		lace File.					
	Save for Microsoft Office Export							n Shapes n Shapes				
		en In Vi ipts	isualizer		I	U	how in S pdate ave as					
	Do Esk	Document Setup Document Color Mode EskoArtwork XMP				E	xport Se	lected Obj	ects to	Artio	sCAD File	
	File	e Info			ር ት ജା							
	Prir	nt			ЖP							

You can choose a new Shape to download and purchase from the store or you can use an alreadydownloaded Shape from the library on your computer. In order to access the Shapes store, you must have already entered the Shapes server settings and your Shapes account information in the Shapes Preferences dialog in **Preferences** > **Esko** > **Shapes Preferences**.

Server Address:	shapes.esko.com
User Name:	cla
Password:	•••••
	Cancel OK

Opening and placing a file from Shapes follows the same general workflow. This example will show you how to place a Shapes file.

 In an open Illustrator document, click File > Structural Design > Place from Shapes.... The Shapes window appears in the state you last used it, either at your local computer's Shapes Library or at the online Shapes Store.



2. If you want to use a new Shape, choose it and buy it. It gets downloaded to your local machine's Shapes Library.

Image: Source Image: Sou	000		Place from Shapes	
Iterative yourse				
Sector Characterization Image: Control Control Image: Control Control Image: Control Provide Shapes Image: Control Provide Shapes		tore		
Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Beverage Can 1000 ml Composition of the search Shap	STORE	Shapes		* Change profile
Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Search Shapes Beverage Can 1000 ml Composition of the search Shap				
✓ Frages Mail Containers Mail Containers Deables ✓ Frages Deables ✓ Frages Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables Interactive 3D ✓ Frages Deables ✓ Frages Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables Interactive 3D ✓ Frages Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables ✓ Mail Containers Deables Interactive 3D ✓ Mail Containers Deables ✓ Mail Containers				
Copyright - Eako nr 2008 - Packaging and printing pre-production solutions - Dackaliner Licensing Contact us		♥ Shapes ▶ Plastic Containers ▶ Metal Containers ▶ Beverage Media Packaging		Description: Large 2-piece beverage can Attributes: Outer Height : 205 mm Category : Structural Design Contents : 1000 ml Metal bedy to bescription : Metal bedy
Copyright * Esko inv 2006 * Packaging and princing pre-production solutions * Disclaimer Deensing Contact us			Interactive 3D	free PDF Artwork Download Template
(Cancel) Place		Copyright - Esko nv	2008 - Packaging and printing pre-production soluti	ons - Disclaimer Licensing Contact us

3. If you bought a new Shape, the Shapes window should switch to the Shapes Library automatically. To use an existing Shape, click **Library** in the Shapes window. Select the desired Shape and click **Place**.

00		Place from Shapes		
	(B)			
story Home Info R				
RARY	Name	Description	Type	
Library	4 Cell Power Wing Tray	Tray with horizontal dividers forming shelfs to display the products in rows	Scalable Artios CAD	
DRE	→ Beverage Can 1000 ml	Large 2-piece beverage can	Collada 3D Model	
Shapes Store				
ctivities				
				Cancel Place

4. The Shape is either placed in the open Illustrator document or opened as a new document. Only the printable area of the Shape is visible in Illustrator. If you have one of the Studio products, use the Studio palette to view the Shape with the printable area.

Shown below is a white wine bottle from Shapes with the label designed in Illustrator and with the 3D model shown in the Studio palette.



Update the Structural Design File

If the structural design file has been modified while still editing the Illustrator file, an update of the Structural Design file can be forced. A dedicated Update for Structural Design files is found in the **File** menu. Choose **File** > **Structural Design** > **Update**

3

or	File Edit Object Type	Select	Effect	View	Window	Help	
] •	New New from Template Open	第N 企業N 第0	_	Opacit	ty: 100	% Document Setup	
	Open Recent Files Browse in Bridge	0# (0#7			GaelicGhost_6pack.ard* @ 150% (
	Share My Screen Device Central						
	Close Save Save As Save a Copy Save as Template Check In Save for Web & Devices	第W 第S ひ第S て第S ての第S	,				
	Revert	F1	2				
	Place		PI	ace File			
	Structural Design Save for Microsoft Office Export		PI	ace fror pen fror	n Shapes n Shapes		
	Open In Visualizer Scripts	,	U	now in F pdate ave as			
	Document Setup Document Color Mode EskoArtwork XMP	₹₩P ₽	E)	oport Se	lected Obj	ects to ArtiosCAD File	
	File Info	ር ት ዝ					
	Print	ЖP					

Align Structure and Graphics

Interactive Move Structural Design tool



31



The **Move Structural Design** tool has been added underneath the Illustrator select tool. Select this tool to move the structural design interactively without unlocking the structural design layers. Hold down the mouse button and drag to move the structural design.

Tip:

If you choose View > Smart Guides, the structural design will snap to the graphics.

Structural Design window

O STRUCTURAL DESIGN	•• ≣-				
Structure					
X: 364,501 m	m				
Print Side: Front	•				
Structure	Bleed				
W: 519 mm	₩: 0 mm				
	H: 0 mm				
Bleed Offset : 0 mm					
± Fold angles defined.					
± Animation not define	ed.				

The Structural Design palette provides information on the structural design file's bleed and structure contours and it allows you to rotate or numerically move the contours. Open the palette by choosing Window > Esko > Structural Design > Show Structural Design Window.

The upper part gives you the coordinates of the (left, top) point of the bounding box around the structure contour. The coordinates are relative to the origin of the Illustrator file. You can choose to see the coordinates of nine points on the bounding box. You can also choose to see the position of the bounding box around the bleed contour.

By entering a new value in the X and Y entry fields, you move the selected point to the new position.

It is possible to flip the structural design so that you can add graphics to the back of the structural design. This feature is only enabled for ArtiosCAD files.

The lower part of the palette shows the width and height of the **Structure** and **Bleed** bounding boxes. **Bleed Offset** indicates the offset between the structure and the bleed contour.

The bottom part provides information whether or not fold angles and animation were defined in the structural design.

Click one of the **Rotation** icons to rotate the structural design contours. Rotation always happens around the center of the structure contour.

Create Varnish Plate

Choose Window > Esko > Structural Design > Create Varnish Plate....

~	Bleed Outline Artboard
🔘 Use	Bounding Box of Structure
Offset	0 pt
	OK Cancel

- If you choose **Use Bleed Outline** then the contour will be created from the bleed outline minus the coating free areas (if any).
- If you choose **Use Artboard**, then the contour will be created from the Artboard minus the coating free areas.
- If you choose **Use Bounding Box of Structure**, then the contour will be created from the Bounding Box of the structure minus the coating free areas.

When choosing **Use Artboard** or **Use Bounding Box of Structure**, you can specify a positive or negative offset. The resulting varnish plate will be enlarged or shrunk with the specified offset in relation to the artboard or the bounding box.

This tool outputs a contour filled with a light-yellow spot color. This contour will be put in a new layer named 'Varnish'. This layer will be inserted directly under the structural design layers.

Note:

Create Varnish Plate will automatically exclude the coating free zones in the structural design file, if any.





Expand Structural Design Layer

 $\label{eq:choose} Choose \ \ \mbox{Window} > \ \mbox{Esko} > \ \mbox{Structural Design} > \ \mbox{Expand Structural Design Layer...} \ .$

Expand Structural Design Layer				
Expand Structural Design Layer: OK				
Main Design Cancel				
Into a New Layer:				
Layer 2				
🗹 Keep Line Types				

Select the structural design layer that you want to expand into a new Illustrator layer. All art on the structural design layer will be copied to the new Illustrator layer. The art on the new layer is no longer tagged as structural design objects. The resulting objects are in **CMYK**, and no longer in the technical structural design inks. If you would like to keep the technical structural design inks, toggle on **Keep Line Types**.

One common use where you would use this tool is when you are interested in creating a clipping path from the bleed outline of the structural design file.

Structural Design Preferences

If you open or place structural design files created by older versions of e.g. ArtiosCAD (< 7.3), the structural design layer names might be visualized incorrectly. In the picture below, the β and u in bemaßung are not visualized correctly.

0		-	- 44
LAYERS			₹≣
۵	▼ Du shoebox.ARD	0	
9 🔒	▶ 📖 Bema運ng	0	
9	🕨 🔤 Main Design	0	
9	Layer 1	0	
2 Layers	10 Ha 3	3	

This happens when the layer name that was saved in the structural design file used a different text encoding than the one that is used to visualize the layer name in Illustrator. As structural design files created by older versions of e.g. ArtiosCAD (< 7.3) do not contain the used text encoding, the plugin can only guess which text encoding was used. It will by default take the current language settings.

This should yield the correct result, unless you are for example trying to open a German structural design file on a Chinese system. If this is the case, you can overrule the text encoding in **Illustrator** > Preferences > Esko > Structural Design Preferences...on MAC or File > Preferences > Esko

> Structural Design Preferences on F	°C
--------------------------------------	----

 ArtiosCAI Text Encod 	
• From Ar	tiosCAD file
Current	language settings
Other:	Western European (Windows Latin 1) 🕴
	(Cancel) OK

From ArtiosCAD file: ARD files written from ArtiosCAD 7.3 onwards will contain the text encoding used for layer names. So for those files, the layer browser in Illustrator will always visualize the structural design layer names correctly, even if you are for example opening a German text-encoded ARD file on a Chinese system. For ARD files written by older versions of ArtiosCAD, the plug-in will use your current language settings for text encoding. In most cases it makes sense to click this option.

Current language settings: If this option is selected, the plug-in will always use the text encoding of your system instead of the encoding that might be specified in the structural design file.



Other: You can specify directly which text encoding should be used. In the example of a German ARD file that is opened on a Chinese system, you should switch the text encoding to Western European (Windows Latin 1). If you click OK, the layer palette will be refreshed using the new text encoding. For the example above, the layer palette shows:

0			- 44
LAYERS			•
9	The shoebox.ARD	0	
9	🕨 📖 Bemaßung	0	
۵ ا	🕨 🔤 Main Design	0	
9	Layer 1	0]
	insuit i mart		
2 Layers	• ⊕ → ⊒	a B	

3.5.3 Structural Design Export

Structural Design Save as

The Structural Design Save as... saves a copy of the linked Structural Design file which is placed in the Illustrator file to a new location, The Illustrator file will link to the newly saved Structural Design file. Choose **File** > **Structural Design** > **Save as...**
or	File Edit Object Type	Select	Effect	View	Window	Help
	New	ЖN				
	New from Template	Ω С Ж N				
-	Open	жo	/le:	Opaci	ty: 100 💽	% Document Setup (
	Open Recent Files		100 C		🕮 Ga	aelicGhost_6pack.ard* @ 150% (CM
	Browse in Bridge	7.80				
	Share My Screen Device Central					
	Close	жw				
	Save	ЖS				
	Save As	<mark></mark> ዮװ				
	Save a Copy	٦жS				
	Save as Template					
	Check In					
	Save for Web & Devices	℃ ∂ ೫S				
	Revert	FI	2			
	Place					
	Structural Design			Place File		
	Save for Microsoft Office Export		(Open fro	m Shapes m Shapes	
	Open In Visualizer		-	show in F	inder	
	Scripts			Jpdate		
-				ave as		
	Document Setup	Σ₩P	E	Export Se	elected Obj	ects to ArtiosCAD File
	Document Color Mode EskoArtwork XMP)				
	File Info	ጊ ጉ ር ት ዘ				
	rile into	៶៴឴ឝ៲	-			
	Print	ЖP				

Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File

ArtiosCAD Export adds the item **Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File** to the **Structural Design** menu. Only ARD files can be included when exporting to a new ArtiosCAD file.

	File Edit Object Type	Select	Effec	t View	Windo	w H	elp			
•	New New from Template Open Open Recent Files Browse in Bridge	第N 公第N 第0 で第0	/le:	Opaci	y : 100	%	(Untit		🔣 💌 @ 300% (
l	Share My Screen Device Central									
	Close Save Save As Save a Copy Save as Template Check In Save for Web & Devices Revert	#W 第5 ①第5 て第5 て第5	2							
Ŀ	Place									
	Structural Design	•		Place File						
	Save for Microsoft Office Export			Place fror Open froi	m Shape					
l	Open In Visualizer Scripts	Þ		Show in F Update Save as						
	Document Setup Document Color Mode EskoArtwork XMP File Info	ጊ端₽ ▶ ገርጉ潟।	-	Export Se	lected (Object	s to A	rtios	CAD File	-
			-							

Select the contours to export to the ARD file and choose File > Structural Design > Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File.

The Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File dialog opens.



Save selected objects in

You can choose to save the selected objects in the Main Design Layer or in Annotation Layers. If you save them in Annotation Layers, an ARD file will be created with annotation layers with the same name as the illustrator layers.

Next to this, you can choose **Layers based on ArtiosCAD Line Type swatches**. If the selected objects are stroked with a swatch color with an ArtiosCAD line type name (e.g. cut, crease, bleed), then this option will create layers depending on the stroke color name:

- Cut and crease lines will go to a Main Layer
- Outside Bleed lines will go to an Outside Bleed Layer
- Outside Coating lines will go to an Outside Coating Layer
- · Dimensions and text will go to a Dimension Layer
- All other linetypes will go to an Annotation Layer

For convenience, a swatch library ArtiosCAD Line Types is included with the plug-in. You can display the swatch library by selecting **Window** > **Swatch Libraries** > **ArtiosCAD Line Types**. In this swatch library, all ArtiosCAD design line types have been predefined.

Include a copy of ****.ARD

You can choose to include a copy of the ARD file that was loaded in the Illustrator document. The resulting ARD file will contain the selected objects AND what is in the CAD layers in Illustrator.

Remove lines

It is possible to remove some lines of the original ArtiosCAD file. This is meant to modify cutout windows. Do not attempt to remove fold lines with this tool. If you do this, the original fold angles will be lost.

Place this ArtiosCAD file in the document

If you switch this option on, the resulting ARD file will be placed in the Illustrator document. It will replace the structural design file that was loaded originally.

Preview

In the preview window, you see a preview of what will be saved. You can highlight the selected contours by toggling on Highlight Selection. You then see the distinction between the contours that are newly added to the resulting ARD file and those contours that come from the original ARD file.

If you click Save As, the Save As dialog opens.

	Save As: Nose Clip box 125 kr	aft_copy.ard
	Structural Designs	search
► DEVICES	Name	Date Modified
DETIGES	🔊 Can 330ml.zae	Thursday 23 April 2009 10:11
▶ SHARED	🔊 Can 500ml.zae	Thursday 23 April 2009 10:11
V PLACES	🕘 coffeepads_16pads.bag	Friday 16 January 2009 15:50
🥅 Desktop	🕘 CreamedSpinach_M.bag	Thursday 28 May 2009 11:19
Applications	GaelicGhost_6pack.ard	Monday 15 May 2006 17:03
🐴 cla	🔊 klicklok box.scb	Monday 26 November 2001 16:55
	🚇 Mooh Milk box.ard	Monday 29 September 2008 13:32
	Dose Clip box 125 kraft.ARD	Yesterday, 16:57
	🔊 Reverse TuckEnd (Box90).vlm	Wednesday 3 July 2002 09:49
	🐻 waterbottle 1.5L.dae	Monday 3 August 2009 19:11
New Folder		(Cancel) Save

If you have an ArtiosCAD file loaded in your Illustrator document, the software suggests as file name the name of the loaded ArtiosCAD file followed by _copy.

We recommend you not to overwrite the original ARD file as some functionality of the ARD file will be lost: graphics layers are not copied and it will not be possible to rebuild the created ARD file and text will be contourized.

Note:

Placed EPS objects and/or pixel-based objects cannot be copied to an ARD file. The fill color of the selected contours is not maintained in ArtiosCAD. Rather, the stroke color of the contour determines the line type in ArtiosCAD. If the selected contour is in the Main Design layer, the pointage of the contour will be 2. In all other cases, the pointage will be 0.

ArtiosCAD - Copy to Clipboard

Note:

This function is only available on PC.

It can be found on the Edit menu:

Edit	Object	Туре	Select	Filter	Effect	Vie
Ur	ndo Star				Ctrl+Z	
Re	edo			Shift	+Ctrl+Z	
Cu	ut				Ctrl+X	
Co	ру				Ctrl+C	
Pa	aste				Ctrl+V	
Pa	aste in Fro	ont			Ctrl+F	
Pa	aste in Ba	ck			Ctrl+B	
C	ear					
Ar	tiosCAD ·	Copy t	o Clipbo	ard		
	nd and Re nd Next	eplace	•			
Cł	neck Spell	ing			Ctrl+I	
	lit Custon	-	nary			

ArtiosCAD - Copy to Clipboard copies the selected contours to the Windows Clipboard. They can directly be pasted into ArtiosCAD. If you have the same ArtiosCAD workspace open in ArtiosCAD and have not modified it since opening it in Illustrator, when you paste the contents of the clipboard into ArtiosCAD, they use the same placement as was used in Illustrator. This function is useful for ArtiosCAD users who need shapes from the graphics to be added to the box design.

Copy to Clipboard also offers you the possibility to add the ARD file that is currently loaded in the Illustrator document. Keep in mind that graphics layers are not copied. The resulting ARD file is also not rebuildable and text will be contourized.



Note:

Placed EPS objects and/or pixel-based objects cannot be copied to an ARD file. The fill color of the selected contours is not maintained in ArtiosCAD. The stroke color of the contour determines the line type in ArtiosCAD. If the selected contour is in the Main Design layer, the pointage of the contour will be 2. In all other cases, the pointage will be 0.



Relationship between stroke color in Illustrator and line type in ArtiosCAD

If the contours are stroked with a swatch color with an ArtiosCAD line type name (e.g. cut, crease), then the corresponding items in ArtiosCAD will have the corresponding line type. For example, if you give your contour a stroke color with as name 'Annotation', the contour will be in line type 'Annotation' in ArtiosCAD. If the name is not an ArtiosCAD line type name, the contour will be a cut line. For convenience, a swatch library ArtiosCAD Line Types is included with the plug-in. You can display the swatch library by selecting **Window** > **Swatch Libraries** > **ArtiosCAD Line Types**. In this swatch library, all ArtiosCAD design line types have been predefined.

How to add a cutout window to an existing ArtiosCAD file?

1. Open or place an ARD file.

If you also have Studio Designer, you will see a 3D view of your folded box in the Studio window.



2. Create and select the cutout shape that you want to add to the ArtiosCAD file.



3. Choose File > Structural Design > Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File. The Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File appears.



- 4. Do one or more of the following:
 - Save the selected objects in the Main Design Layer.
 - Include a copy of the original ARD file.
 - Place this ArtiosCAD file in the document.

For more information on the different options, please refer to *Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File* on page 37.

5. Click Save As....

The selected objects are saved in the **Main Design Layer**. They get the cut line type (which is the default if you did not specify a swatch with as name an ArtiosCAD line type). Apart from the selected objects, the original ARD file is copied in the resulting ARD file and the resulting ARD file is immediately placed in the Illustrator document. If you have **Studio Designer**, you will automatically see the ARD file with the cutout folded in 3D:



How to modify a cutout window in an ArtiosCAD file?

1. Open or Place an ARD file that already contains a cut-out window.



If you also have **Studio Designer**, you will see a 3D view of your folded box in the Studio window.





2. Create and select the new cutout shape that you want to add to the ARD file.



 Choose File > Structural Design > Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File . The Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File appears.

	 Main Design Layer Annotation layers based on Adobe Illustrator layers Layers based on ArtiosCad Line Type swatches Include a copy of carrier_cutout.ard Board information and graphics layers are not copied. Rebuilding the design will not be possible. Remove Lines Place this ArtiosCAD file in the document The current ArtiosCAD file will be replaced by this saved file.
--	---

In the preview window you notice that you do not get the desired result. We need to remove the original cutout window.

4. Click Remove Lines.

The **Remove Lines** dialog appears.





- **5.** In this dialog, you can select the lines you would like to remove. It will not be possible to select the new lines. You can choose to hide the new lines by enabling **Hide New Lines**.
- 6. Click and drag a rectangle around the original cutout window.

This window will be grayed out. This means that it will be removed in the final ARD file.



7. Click OK.

This bring you back to the **Export Selected Objects to ArtiosCAD File** dialog. In the preview window you notice that the original cutout has been removed.

```
Preview

ArtiosCAD File

Save selected objects in:

Main Design Layer

Annotation layers based on Adobe Illustrator layers

Layers based on ArtiosCad Line Type swatches

Include a copy of carrier_cutout.ard

Bord information and graphics layers are not copied. Rebuilding the design

Include a copy of carrier_cutout.ard

Bord information and graphics layers are not copied. Rebuilding the design

Include a copy of carrier_cutout.ard

Bord information and graphics layers are not copied. Rebuilding the design

Include this ArtiosCAD file in the document

The current ArtiosCAD file will be replaced by this saved file.
```

- 8. Click Save As.
- 9. Specify a file name in the Save As dialog.

The software suggests the name of the loaded ArtiosCAD file followed by _copy.

10.Click Save.

If you have **Studio Designer**, you will automatically see the ARD file with the new cutout folded in 3D.



3

3.6 The Page Box Plug-in

3.6.1 Introduction

Page Boxes are used to define the outside borders and margins of your document, and it is used in the Esko Software Suite workflow environment.

Page Box definitions are saved as part of the Illustrator file used by the plug-ins Shuttle and PowerLayout Client.

Page Boxes are not taken into account when printing directly from Adobe Illustrator, nor are they exported when exporting to a non-native format via standard Adobe plug-ins. They do not appear as objects in the Layers palette.

You can find the Page Box plug-in in Window > Esko > Trim Box and Media Box

The Page Box plugin can work in two modes:

- Trim Box and Media Box (defining only those two page boxes). See Trim Box and Media Box on page 51
- All Page Boxes. See All Page Boxes on page 54

You can switch mode by selecting Switch to [mode] from the flyout menu.

3.6.2 Trim Box and Media Box

× ••	10
Trim Box and Media Box	Switch to All Page Boxes
Trim Box (Borders):	Fit Trim Box to Artboard
1 Size: Custom \$	Fit Trim Box to Artwork
Width: 210,002 mm Orientation:	Fit Trim Box to Selection
Height: 297 mm	Fit Trim Box to CAD
4 Fit to:	Fit Media Box to Artboard Fit Media Box to Artwork
Media Box (Margins):	Fit Media Box to Selection
5 Top: 0 mm R Left: 0 mm	Fit Media Box to Bleed/CAD
Bottom: 0 mm Right: 0 mm	Fit Media Box to AI Bleed Box
6 Fit to:	Fit Artboard to Trim Box
Artboard:	Fit Artboard to Media Box
T Fit to:	✓ Use Transform Bounds
Show Trim Box and Media Box	Move Trim Box and Media Box
9 A See more Page Boxes	Delete Trim Box and Media Box

- 1. Trim Box Size: Select the size from the dropdown list.
- 2. Trim Box Width/Length: Enter the Width/Length if you want a custom size.



Tip:

The units are defined in the Illustrator preferences.

3. Trim Box Orientation: Select the orientation: portrait/landscape.

Note:

When the Trim Box is being dragged or Width or Height editboxes edited, the radio buttons Portrait/Landscape flip automatically so that Landscape is active whenever Width > Height and Portrait whenever Width < Height.

- 4. Fit Trim Box to
 - E Fit Trim Box to Artboard
 - Fit Trim Box to Artwork
 - Fit Trim Box to Selection
 - Fit Trim Box to CAD
- 5. Media Box (Margins) enter the top, bottom, left and right values.

Tip:

The units are defined in the Illustrator preferences.

6. Fit Media Box to

- Fit Media Box to Artboard
- Fit Media Box to Artwork
- Fit Media Box to Selection
- Fit Media Box to Bleed / CAD (when no bleed was defined the cad will be taken as reference)

7. Fit Artboard to

- Fit Artboard to Trim Box
- Fit Artboard to Media Box
- 8. Show Trim Box and Media Box: To display or hide the trim Box and Media Box, use this toggle.
- 9. See more page boxes: In case page boxes other than Trim and Media box are defined, this link will open the All Page Boxes version of the palette. See All Page Boxes on page 54

10. Trim Box and Media Box dropdown menu

- Switch to All Page Boxes. see All Page Boxes on page 54
- Fit Trim Box to Artboard

- Fit Trim Box to Artwork
- Fit Trim Box to Selection
- Fit Trim Box to CAD
- Fit Trim Box to Crop Area
- Fit Media Box to ArtBoard
- Fit Media Box to Artwork
- Fit Media Box to Selection
- Fit Media Box to Bleed / CAD (when no bleed was defined the CAD will be taken as reference)
- Fit Media Box to Al Bleed Box
- Fit Artboard to Trim Box
- Fit Artboard to Media Box
- Use Transform bounds: if this option is enabled, TrimBox/MediaBox will respect as they are defined in Adobe Illustrator. If disabled, TrimBox/MediaBox will respect visible bounds.
- Move Trim Box and Media Box ... open the 'Move Trim Box and Media Box' interface
- Delete Trim Box and Media Box

The figure below illustrates the Trim Box (borders) and Media Box (margins) of an output document as interpreted on an Esko system. The full black line represents the borders (corresponding to one of the above options) while the dotted black line indicates the margins of the document:



Moving and Scaling Trim Box and Media Box

To move or change the size of the Trim and Media Boxes, you can either

• Select the Trim and Media Box Tool from the AI tool palette.

Use the Trim and Media Box to click and drag the Trim and Media Box.

- Select the Trim and Media Box Tool from the AI tool palette.
 - ALT +drag = scale from the center out
 - SHIFT + drag = constrained scaling



• ALT + SHIFT + drag = constrained scaling from the center out



OR

- Select a preset from the drop down menu. OR
- Use the numeric input field. The numeric input field appears when you select **Move Trim Box** and **Media Box** in the dropdown menu.

 Distance 		ОК
Horizontal:	100 pt	
		Cancel
Vertical:	-100 pt	-
		Preview

Tip:

Double-clicking Trim and Media Box tool in toolpalette opens the 'Move Trim Box and Media Box' dialog.

OR

• You could use one of the "fit to" options (to Artboard, artwork, selection, cad or crop area).

Tip:

The units are defined in the Illustrator preferences.

3.6.3 All Page Boxes

Using the **All Page Boxes** mode, you can set all 5 page boxes: Media Box, Crop Box, Bleed Box, Trim Box and Art Box

3



- 1. Media box: this is the page format
- **2.** Crop box: includes the Bleed box and all marks.
- **3.** Bleed box: defines the trimmed page plus the bleed.
- 4. Trim box: this is the net document format.
- 5. Art box: the Art box can be used to specify any section of the page.

You can see the dimensions of all Page Boxes in the Page Box list. You can

- 1. Select a Page Box in the list. Its details will be shown in the bottom part of the dialog.
- 2. Enable (or disable) the specific page box by enabling the Set [...] Box option.
- **3.** Enter the offset, width and heigth. You can click the button to swap width and height. In the **Size** dropdown, you can select any of the preset sizes.
- **4.** Click one of the **Fit to** buttons to fit the selected page box respectively to the ArtBoard, Artwork, Selection or CAD.
- 5. Use the Show All Page Boxes to show or hide all Page Boxes in your job.

ESKO😔



3.7 The Inspection Setup Plug-In

The Inspection Setup Plug-In allows you to define Inspection points or Inspection boxes in your job.

For each of these Inspection points, you will see the Lab value and DeltaE. For every Inspection box, you can set the Profile. Inspection points and boxes will be exported, e.g. to be used in an Inspection System in inline presses. This Inspection System will warn if the values measured at a specific position are more different from the entered Lab values than the allowed deltaE, or if the Inspection box or Dynamic Art box doesn't match the defined profile.

The plug-in consists of

the Inspection Setup tool

Ð

, under the Eyedropper tool in the toolbar

• the **Inspection Setup palette**, which can be opened by selecting the Inspection Setup tool, or by adding an Inspection point.

x	ation Catur						
▽ In	spection Points	_					
		Default dE: 2	: (CIELAB De	lta E (Class	iic)	÷
	X	Y	L	a	b	dE	
3	151,724 mm	97,225 mm	52.6	62.0	42.0	2	Ċ
4	76,766 mm	183,448 mm	97.1	1.0	-2.0	2	
5	66,113 mm	186,86 mm	97.1	1.0	-2.0	2	4
						0	
▽ In	spection Boxes						
		Defau	lt Profile:	Warning			
	Profile						
1 \	Warning						
2	Warning						
							-
-	unamic Act David						_
~ U	ynamic Art Boxes						_
	ction Setup spection Points Default dE: 2 CIELAB Delta E (Classic) X Y L a b dE 151,724 mm 97,225 mm 52.6 62.0 42.0 2 76,766 mm 183,448 mm 97.1 1.0 -2.0 2 66,113 mm 186,86 mm 97.1 1.0 -2.0 2 spection Boxes Default Profile: Warning rofile Warning						
രം	Profile						

3.7.1 Adding and changing Inspection points

The **Inspection Setup palette** shows all the Inspection points, indicating the coordinates (distance from the top left corner of the trim box), Lab value and default deltaE value.

Select the **Inspection Setup tool** a new Inspection point.

from the Illustrator toolbar and click in the job to insert

The Inspection point will be visible in the job, with its number next to it.

- Select an Inspection point in the palette to highlight the corresponding Inspection point on the Illustrator job. You can select multiple Inspection points
- Select one or more Inspection points and click the **delete** button to delete the Inspection points
- You can manually change the Lab and deltaE value for every Inspection Point.
- Click the **Refresh** button to update the Inspection Point list.



- You can move an Inspection point in two ways:
 - Click within the Inspection point, and drag it to the new location
 - In the Inspection Point list, change the coordinates for the Inspection point.

3.7.2 Adding and changing Inspection boxes

The Inspection Setup palette shows all the Inspection boxes.

Select the **Inspection Setup tool** from the Illustrator toolbar and click and drag in the job to insert a new Inspection box.

The Inspection box will be visible in the job, with its number next to it. When creating a new Inspection box, the **Default Profile** is used

• Select an Inspection box in the palette to highlight the corresponding Inspection box on the Illustrator job. You can select multiple Inspection boxes.

Select one or more Inspection boxes and click the **delete** button to delete the Inspection boxes

- You can manually change the **Profile**.
- You can move or change an Inspection box in different ways:
 - Click on the center point of the Inspection box, and drag it to move the Inspection box to a new location
 - Click one of the 8 handles on the Inspection box, and drag to modify the Inspection box

3.7.3 Dynamic Art Placeholders

The Dynamic Art section of the **Inspection Setup palette** shows all Dynamic Art placeholders defined in the job.

• Enable the checkbox in front of a Dynamic Art placeholder to use it as an Inspection box.

When adding a Dynamic Art placeholder, the Default Profile is used

- Select a Dynamic Art placeholder in the list to highlight the corresponding Dynamic Art placeholder on the Illustrator job. You can select multiple Dynamic Art placeholders
- You can manually change the **Profile**.
- Disable the checkbox in front of a Dynamic Art placeholder to stop using it as an Inspection box.

3.7.4 Import and Export

When exporting normalized PDF, Inspection points and boxes added to a job are saved in the PDF file, and these Inspection points and boxes will be recognized by Packadge and AE.

Also, when opening a normalized PDF from another Esko product (such as PackEdge), the Inspection points and boxes information stored in the PDF document will be shown in the Inspection Setup palette.

Note: Dynamic Art placeholders are not saved as such in normalized PDF. The selected Dynamic Art placeholders will be exported as "Inspection Box". If you import the normalized PDF in Adobe Illustrator again, or open the normalized PDF file in e.g. Packedge, these Dynamic Art placeholders will be shown as Inspection Boxes

3.8 Messages

The Messages plug-in is included with all Esko DeskPack plug-ins.

It displays the information, warnings and errors from all the other DeskPack plug-ins, and tells you which plug-in generated them.

You can filter the messages you see when the Messages palette is open, and clear or save all messages if you need to.

3.8.1 The Messages Palette

The **Messages** palette pops up automatically when another DeskPack plug-in generates a warning or an error.

You can also open it from Window > Esko > Messages.

Message	Plugin	Time	
The ink Process Cyan has different settings than the one from the 1-Up document.	PowerLayout Standalone	14:29:37	
Checkdigit 8	Dynamic Barcodes	14:28:30	
Ocorrect code is <1234567890128>	Dynamic Barcodes	14:28:30	
Check color used.	Dynamic Barcodes	14:28:30	
3 13 or 15 or 18 digits required	Dynamic Barcodes	14:28:19	
3 13 or 15 or 18 digits required	Dynamic Barcodes	14:28:19	
The link "ConsumptionContext/ServingSize[Locale=en-US]" is missing.	Dynamic Tables	14:27:59	

This palette shows you:

- the message's text in the Message column,
- which Plugin generated the message,
- the Time the message was generated at.

Tip: You can click the column headers to sort the messages, and drag the columns horizontally to adjust their widths.

You can also use the palette to get extra information and / or select the objects that generated warnings or errors:

• click a message to display extra information at the bottom of the palette.

3 ESKO 🕄

Font Helvetica-Condensed-Bold is missing	AI Synchronize
Font Helvetica-Condensed is missing	AI Synchronize
Extra Info: Font Helvetica-Condensed-Bold is missing. Text will use another font. This may change the t	ext flow.

• click the triangle in front of a message to see the list of objects it relates to.

▽ 🕛 Font Helvetica-Condensed-Bold is missing
Object 1
Object 2

- click one of the objects in the list to select it in the file.
- double-click that object to select it and zoom in on it in the file.
- double-click the message to select and zoom in on all objects it relates to in the file.

3.8.2 Filtering the Messages

You can show or hide certain types of messages using the palette's fly-out menu.

- To hide:
 - all informational messages, select Hide Info Messages in the fly-out menu,
 - all warnings, select Hide Warning Messages,
 - all errors, select Hide Error Messages.

Hide Info Messages Hide Warning Messages Hide Error Messages

Show All

Clear

Save Messages as ...

- To show them again, select either:
 - Show Info Messages,
 - Show Warning Messages,
 - Show Error Messages.

Show Info Messages Show Warning Messages Hide Error Messages

Show All

Clear

Save Messages as ...

3

- To only show the last message, select **Show Last** in the fly-out menu.
- To show all messages again, select Show All.

When showing all messages, you can see **Show: All** at the bottom right of the palette.

Message	Plugin	Time	
😢 Linked file /Users/steve/Documents/SGS Color Strategies Team/Ap	plePie/High PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font StoneSans is missing	PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font StoneSans-Semibold is missing	PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font Futura-CondensedLight is missing	PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font Futura-Condensed is missing	PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font Futura-CondensedBold is missing	PDF Export	11:43:27	
Font HardwoodLP is missing	PDF Export	11:43:26	
Font Helvetica-Condensed-Bold is missing	PDF Export	11:43:26	
Font Helvetica-Condensed is missing	PDF Export	11:43:26	
Font Helvetica-Black is missing	PDF Export	11:43:26	
Font Helvetica-Condensed-Black is missing	PDF Export	11:43:26	
Font Utopia-BoldItalic is missing	PDF Export	11:43:24	

When filtering messages (for example filtering out the warning messages, or showing only the last message), you can see **Show: Filtered** at the bottom right of the palette.

	Message	Plugin	Time
e	3 Linked file /Users/steve/Documents/SGS Color Strategies Team/Application Strategi	pplePie/High PDF Export	11:43:27
e	Cinked file /Users/steve/Documents/SGS Color Strategies Team/A	pplePie/High trapX-i	11:42:50
C	Linked file /Users/steve/Documents/SGS Color Strategies Team/A	pplePie/High trapX-i	11:41:23

3.8.3 Saving the Messages

To save all messages in a text file:

1. Select Save Messages as... in the fly-out menu.



2. In the browser window that opens, choose the name and location to use for saving your file.

3.8.4 Clearing the Messages

• To remove all messages from the Messages palette, select Clear in the fly-out menu.

3.9 Esko Document Setup

By choosing File > Esko Document Setup you can open the Esko Document Setup dialog.

The settings made here are saved in the Esko XMP Document Information.

3.9.1 Distortion

The vertical and horizontal distortion value is saved with the document and used by Esko RIPs when generating the final output. It allows to compensate for distortions in certain printing methods, e.g. flexography. On mounting a flexo plate on the press, it is stretched out in one direction. By making the output slightly smaller than needed (e.g. 95%), we compensate for this distortion.

Values for vertical and horizontal distortion is limited to 90% - 110%.

3.9.2 Screen Registration

The Screen Registration parameter allows to choose

if the RIP should reset the screening origin for every one-up

٠

•

or keep the same screening origin for the complete document

Below a schematic representation of a Repetition with (left) and without (right) resetting the screen origin for every one-up.



4. PowerTrapper for Adobe Illustrator

4.1 Copyright Notice

© Copyright 2015 Esko Software BVBA, Gent, Belgium

All rights reserved. This material, information and instructions for use contained herein are the property of Esko Software BVBA. The material, information and instructions are provided on an AS IS basis without warranty of any kind. There are no warranties granted or extended by this document. Furthermore Esko Software BVBA does not warrant, guarantee or make any representations regarding the use, or the results of the use of the software or the information contained herein. Esko Software BVBA shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential or incidental damages arising out of the use or inability to use the software or the information contained herein.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Revisions may be issued from time to time to advise of such changes and/or additions.

No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a data base or retrieval system, or published, in any form or in any way, electronically, mechanically, by print, photoprint, microfilm or any other means without prior written permission from Esko Software BVBA.

This document supersedes all previous dated versions.

PANTONE[®], PantoneLIVE and other Pantone trademarks are the property of Pantone LLC. All other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Pantone is a wholly owned subsidiary of X-Rite, Incorporated. [©] Pantone LLC, 2015. All rights reserved.

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

Portions of this software are copyright © 1996-2002 The FreeType Project (www.freetype.org). All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright 2006 Feeling Software, copyright 2005-2006 Autodesk Media Entertainment.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2003 Daniel Veillard. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1999-2006 The Botan Project. All rights reserved.

Part of the software embedded in this product is gSOAP software. Portions created by gSOAP are Copyright ©2001-2004 Robert A. van Engelen, Genivia inc. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2008 The OpenSSL Project and ©1995-1998 Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com). All rights reserved.

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (http:// www.apache.org/).

Adobe, the Adobe logo, Acrobat, the Acrobat logo, Adobe Creative Suite, Illustrator, InDesign, PDF, Photoshop, PostScript, XMP and the Powered by XMP logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States and/or other countries.

Microsoft and the Microsoft logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

SolidWorks is a registered trademark of SolidWorks Corporation.

Δ

Portions of this software are owned by Spatial Corp. 1986 2003. All Rights Reserved.

JDF and the JDF logo are trademarks of the CIP4 Organisation. Copyright 2001 The International Cooperation for the Integration of Processes in Prepress, Press and Postpress (CIP4). All rights reserved.

The Esko software contains the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sun Microsystems in the U.S. and other countries.

Part of this software uses technology by BestTM Color Technology (EFI). EFI and Bestcolor are registered trademarks of Electronics For Imaging GmbH in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Contains PowerNest library Copyrighted and Licensed by Alma, 2005 - 2007.

All other product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Correspondence regarding this publication should be forwarded to:

Esko Software BVBA

Kortrijksesteenweg 1095

B - 9051 Gent

info.eur@esko.com

4.2 Introduction to PowerTrapper Standalone

4.2.1 What is Trapping?

The trapping process is a safeguard against possible (even likely) fluctuations in the printing process.

Minor discrepancies in registration, slight paper shifting or stretching of e.g. PE foil can cause inks to misregister. When two adjoining colored objects do not meet exactly, you can end up with a printed result like the one below:



The overlap creates a dark area and the gaps cause an undesirable light area. To prevent these potential discrepancies, a trap can be added, causing the original colors to slightly overlap each other:





In general trapping is necessary when:

- The two colors each consist of at least one ink but they have no common inks.
- The two colors have one or more common inks, but the percentages of those common inks are significantly different in the two colors (for example a color made of 50% M and 10% C will be trapped with a color made of 50% Y and 80% C).

Placing a fine line where the colors join, made of a color that contains components of both adjoining colors, can trap such areas effectively.

4.2.2 What is PowerTrapper Standalone?

The PowerTrapper Standalone plug-in allows you to define trapping settings to automatically trap your documents in Illustrator.

You can:

- define common and advanced trapping settings (see *The Trap Dialog* on page 68),
- create specific trapping rules for trapping pairs of your choice (see Rules on page 77),
- save all your trapping settings as a preset to be able to reuse them on other documents (see *Trap Presets* on page 82),
- select your traps for further editing (see The Trap Select Tool on page 83),
- have a visual overview of the trapping settings by color pair, and refine them if necessary (see *The Color Pairs Palette* on page 84),
- remove your traps at any time as PowerTrapper Standalone trapping is non-destructive (your traps are created in a separate Trap Layer, see *The Trap Layer* on page 83).

Note:

- We recommend you use Illustrator's Overprint Preview mode to see your traps more accurately.
- PowerTrapper Standalone doesn't trap hidden objects. If you want to exclude an object from trapping, you can either hide it or use a rule.

4.3 Trapping with PowerTrapper Standalone

To introduce you to PowerTrapper , here is how to add simple traps to a document.

1. Open the document you want to trap.

- 2. Go to Window > Esko > PowerTrapper > Trap ... or use the <u>Option + Shift + Command + X</u> shortcut (on Mac).
- 3. In the Trap dialog that opens, enter the Trapping Distance you want to use.

Trap easytrap
Trap Preset: Custom
Distance & Direction Color & Shape Processing
Trapping: Normal Trapping
Trapping Distance: 0.2mm
Minimum Ink Difference: 10%
Image Trapping: Automatic
Pull Back: Automatic
Advanced Settings:
Add Rule Cancel Trap

- 4. Go to the Color & Shape tab and choose:
 - how to Truncate Traps (on center or on edge),
 - how to shape the End Caps (square, round or object dependent),
 - how to shape the Trap Corners (round, beveled or mitered).

4 ESKO😔

Trap easytrap			
Trap Preset: Custom ≑			
Distance & Direction Color & Shape Processing			
Trap Color Intensity: 100% Image Trap Color: Use Original Image Data			
Truncate Traps: 😨 🖤			
End Caps: 🗵 🖾 🖾			
Trap Corners:			
Advanced Settings:			
Add Rule Cancel Trap			

Note:

For more information about the different trapping settings you can choose, see:

- Distance and Direction Settings on page 69,
- Color and Shape Settings on page 74,
- Processing Settings on page 76.
- 5. Click the Trap button to trap your document. This creates your traps in a new Trap Layer.

Note:

- To cancel the trapping process, use the **Escape** key.
- To undo your traps once trapping is done, use Command + Z.

4.3.1 The Trap Dialog

The **Trap** dialog is where you define all your trapping settings.

 Go to Window > Esko > Trapping > Trap ..., use the <u>Option + Shift + Command + X</u> shortcut (on Mac) or double-click the Trap Select tool to open the Trap dialog.

Trap easytrap
Trap Preset: Custom
Distance & Direction Color & Shape Processing
Trapping: Normal Trapping Trapping Distance: 0.2mm Minimum Ink Difference: 10% Image Trapping: Automatic Pull Back: Automatic
Advanced Settings:
Add Rule Cancel Trap

- 2. Choose your trapping settings in the Distance & Direction, Color & Shape, and Processing tabs.
- 3. If needed, define trapping rules.
- 4. Save your trapping settings as a trap preset to be able to reuse them on another document.

Note: The Trap Preset List contains 6 default presets.

Distance and Direction Settings

Trapping

You can choose between two trapping modes:

• **Normal Trapping**: This selects adjoining color pairs, which are likely to cause registration problems like ugly light gaps, and unwanted halo effects.

PowerTrapper Standalone automatically chooses the most appropriate trap direction based on the relative luminance of the adjoining colors. Lighter colors are generally trapped into darker colors to minimize the visual effect of the trap.

• **Reverse Trapping**: This prevents overprint of adjoining color areas by trapping these color pairs with a white knockout (erasing) trap. The white knockout trap is put on top of the lighter of the two colors.

This is useful to prepare a job for Dry Offset printing (e.g. metal beverage cans) where overprinting of inks is not allowed as the inks would contaminate each other on the blanket.

Trapping Distance

Enter the width you want to give your traps. The unit used is the **General** unit defined in Illustrator's **Unit & Display Performance Preferences**.

The default trap width is 0.2 mm (or equivalent in your chosen unit).



Minimum Ink Difference

Trapping is applied to two adjoining colors when either:

- The two colors each consist of at least one ink but they have no common inks.
- The two colors have common inks but there is a difference of at least the **Minimum Ink Difference** percentage for two or more inks making up these colors.

These differences in ink percentages must be in opposite directions.

For example, with the default minimum ink difference percentage of 10%, the following two colors will be trapped:

1st color: C 5% M 10% Y 50% K 15% (+10% K)

2nd color: C 5% M 10% Y 85% K 5% (+35% Y)

Increase the minimum ink difference to trap colors that are more different, lower it to trap colors that are more similar.

Image Trapping

- Automatic (default): this determines the most suitable trap direction automatically, by comparing the average lightness of the CT image with the lightness of the adjoining area, then traps the lighter color into the darker one.
- Always Towards Images: this always traps line art under adjoining CT images.
- Always Towards Line Art: this always traps CT images under adjoining line art.

Pull Back

An ink pull back keeps away all but the darkest ink of a color area composed of multiple inks that borders to a very light background.

It prevents individual inks from the composed color to become visible on the background due to registration errors during the printing process.

Ink pull back is also known as "Cutbacks" or "Keepaways".

The example below shows an object with 100% dark blue and 50% magenta on an empty background. 50% magenta is pulled back and a fine line of 100% dark blue remains. The color that remains (dark blue) is the **pull back ink**.



• **Automatic** (default): this creates pull backs on rich black or rich colors, when the color left in the pull back area is not very different from the composed color.

In the example below, the left color is composed of 100% purple ink and 20% cyan. The darkest ink (purple) is not very different from the composed color, so using the **Automatic** pull back option will create a pull back.

The right color is composed of 100% dark red ink and 20% blue ink. The darkest ink (dark red) is very different from the composed color, so using the **Automatic** pull back option will **not** create a pull back.



- Only Pull Back Rick Black: this only creates pull backs on rich black.
- **Do Not Pull Back**: this never creates any pull back.

Advanced Settings

Click the triangle beside **Advanced Settings** to show the advanced settings.

Trapping Distance

If you want to use a different distance when trapping into black, spot colors or images or when creating pull backs, enable the corresponding option and enter the trapping distance to use.



The unit used is the General unit defined in Illustrator's Unit & Display Performance Preferences.

Image Trapping

If you don't want images to be trapped with each other, disable Trap images to images.

Pull Back

If you chose to use **Automatic** pull back (see *Pull Back*), the **Also pull back light inks** option is available. Enable it if you want to create pull backs even when the pullback ink (ink remaining in the pull back area) is visibly different from the composed color.

Enable Pull back images and gradients if you want to create pull backs on images and gradients.

Trap decision

- By default, PowerTrapper uses the color luminance (**Use Lightness**) to define the trapping direction, except for opaque inks, for which the lnks order is used.
 - trap direction: from brightest to darkest
- If the **Treat spot colors as opaque** option is chosen, color luminance is used only for CMYK. For opaque and spot inks, the trap direction is determined by the ink sequence.
 - trap direction for spot colors only: towards the separation listed the lowest in the Separations
 palette darkest
 - trap direction goes from the process to the spot color if the spot color is below the process color in the Separations list
 - trap direction if the spot color is above the process color: from brightest to darkest
- By selecting **Use separation order**, the trap direction is determined by the ink sequence for all inks, including CMYK.
 - trap direction: towards the separation listed the lowest in the Separations palette darkest
- Use reverse separation order does the same, using the reversed ink sequence.
 - trap direction: towards the separation listed the highest in the Separations palette darkest

Note: Using the Separation Order option will give the same result as changing all inks (including CMYK) to Opaque.

Overshoot Mode

You can choose between the following three overshoot modes:

- Automatic (default): The centerline behavior is according the rules determined in the color pair list.
- Never on Dark Areas: The centerline is forced not to get beyond the center of dark areas.
- Never: The centerline is forced not to get beyond the center of any area.

An example:


During trapping, this example will generate the following color pairs:

Pullback Ink	Intensity	Shape	Distance	Trap	 Pair	Hits
	100%	790	0,2 mm	D	\rightarrow	1 🕨
	100%	790	0,2 mm	Þ	→	1 >
	100%	790	0,2 mm	D	→	2 🕨
	100%	790	0,2 mm	D	\rightarrow	1 >
	100%	790	0,2 mm	D	_ →	1 🕨
	100%	790	0,2 mm	_	→	1)>

By default (Automatic), this color pair list results in the following traps:



If the parameter is set to Never on Dark Areas, this will result into:



If the parameter is set to Never, this will result into:



Color and Shape Settings

Trap Color Intensity

By default, PowerTrapper uses the full color of the object to spread in the trap (100% trap color intensity).

However, you can create a trap of a lighter color by reducing the trap color intensity percentage.

Image Trap Color

Choose how to trap your images:

1. Use Original Image Data (default): when spreading an image, PowerTrapper uses the underlying image data (when the image is clipped) to create the trap (see example 1 below).

Note: When there is no underlying image data (the image isn't clipped), it will create an empty trap.

- 2. Extend Image Data: PowerTrapper will automatically extrapolate the image along its clipping path edge to ensure the trap looks as expected even if there is no clipped image data outside the visible image (see example 2 below).
- 3. Use an Approximate Flat Color: Instead of using existing or extrapolated image data in the trap, PowerTrapper will use a solid color. A suitable color is determined by averaging the image's colors along its boundary with the object to trap (see example 3 below).



Note: If the Use Postscript Compatible Image Traps preference is on, the image trap color option has no influence on the result. Trapping will not generate any extra image data but image traps will create traps with lineart representing vectorized pixels. The lineart will also use Postscript Overprints instead of the multiply blend mode. These image traps are always created using the 'Use Original Data' option. Note that to have a correct visualization of your traps, you need to switch on the 'Overprint Preview' in the Illustrator View menu.

Note: Convert Blended Objects to Images in the PowerTrapper Preferences will convert blended objects to images before trapping.

Truncate Traps

PowerTrapper can truncate the trap so that it doesn't stick out on another color. There are two truncation modes:

On Center (default): when a portion of a trap comes too close to the contour of another object, PowerTrapper Standalone limits it to half the distance between the trapped object and the other object.

Δ

On Edge : when a portion of a trap comes too close to the contour of another object, it is truncated on the other object's edge.



End Caps

This option specifies how to shape the ends of an open trap.

- Square [] (default): this option ends the trap at right angle to the adjoining object.
- **Round** : this rounds the ends of the trap. This option is typically only used in combination with white knockout (reverse trapping).



Attention:

We recommend not to use **Round End Caps** together with **Truncate Traps On Center**, as this can generate some artefacts (the round caps will be truncated).

Object Dependent : with this option, the trap is a logical continuation of the contour of the spread object.



Trap Corners

This option allows you to change how the traps' sharp corners will be handled.

4 ESKO😔

- **Round** (default): a round cap will be placed at all corners.
- Beveled 🖾 : this will cut sharp corners off.
- Mitered : this option works with a miter ratio.

Trap Corners:		۵		4	
---------------	--	---	--	---	--

The miter ratio serves to limit the length of the sharp corner (the distance from the base of the trap to the corner point).

The default miter ratio value is 4. This means that if the length of the sharp corner is more than 4 times the **Trapping Distance**, then the corner will be cut off (beveled). If it is less than 4 times the **Trapping Distance**, the corner will be left as it is.



Advanced Settings

Click the triangle beside Advanced Settings to show the advanced settings.

Truncate Traps

If you want to truncate traps into black differently, select **Into black** and choose the truncation mode (**On Center** or **On Edge**). For more information about truncation modes, see *Truncate Traps*.

Processing Settings

Color Pairs

PowerTrapper can trap all hits (occurrences) of a color pair the same way, or recalculate the trap direction for different hits.

- Each hit can have its own decision (default): this recalculates the trap direction for each hit of a color pair.
- Same decision for all hits: this traps all hits of the same color pair in the same direction.
- Same decision for objects smaller than: this uses the same trap direction for hits of a color pair belonging to small objects, and recalculates the trap direction for hits belonging to bigger objects.

Use the field next to the option to determine the maximum size of small objects.

The unit used is the **General** unit defined in Illustrator's **Unit & Display Performance Preferences**.

The default size is 1 mm (or equivalent in your chosen unit).

Restrictions

In some cases PowerTrapper can safely ignore certain object types to speed up the trapping.

- **Respect existing traps**: if your document has already been trapped, select this option to keep the existing trap layer out of the trapping process.
- **Ignore bitmaps** : this keeps bitmap pixel data from being trapped. Bitmap data is contourized before trapping, which may slow down trapping depending on the bitmap's contents. Bitmaps with lots of small isolated islands will typically take a longer time to trap.



Attention: When you indicate an object type to ignore, it will be ignored completely as if it did not exist in the job. Also, the ignored objects will not truncate trapping areas resulting from other objects below them.

If the **Respect existing traps** is enabled, traps in the selection will be kept, and no trapping is performed on these locations. If the option is off, selected traps will be removed, and will be re-trapped. This only works for traps created by PowerTrapper or Instant Trapper.

Small Gaps

Some input jobs contain very small unintentional gaps between neighboring objects, preventing the correct trapping of these objects. Although it is better to clean up such jobs before trapping, PowerTrapper can ignore these gaps automatically.

To use this option, select **Close when smaller than** and enter the maximum size small gaps can have.

The unit used is the General unit defined in Illustrator's Unit & Display Performance Preferences.

The default size is 0.01 mm (or equivalent in your chosen unit).



Attention: If you set a big gap size, trapping may become slower, and small parts of the job may be ignored during trapping.

Rules

Rules allow you to define custom trapping settings for specific trapping pairs.

When to Use Rules?

In most cases the general trapping settings you enter in the **Trap** dialog will give you excellent results, but in some cases you will need to refine them using rules.

Rules allow you to specify exceptions to the general trapping settings for certain color pairs. They are an advanced feature and should be used only by experienced users.

For example, you can use them in the cases below:

• To set a different trap distance for a specific spot ink.

Sometimes you need a larger trap distance for spot inks if there is no other ink to help cover leaks on the press.



• To prevent trapping or ink pull back in specific cases.

Depending on the type of the adjoining colors, trapping and / or pull back may be undesirable.

• To force a specific trap direction.

PowerTrapper determines the trap direction based on the relative lightness of the adjoining colors. If the colors have a similar lightness level, it selects an arbitrary direction. You can use a rule to make it always use a particular direction for a color pair.

• To specify a different shape and / or truncation mode for certain color pairs.

For example you can choose to use "On Center" truncation when trapping under a 100% black line and "On Edge" truncation on all other color pairs.

Creating a Rule

1. Click the Add Rule button at the bottom of the Trap dialog.

From: Any Color	To: Any Color
Trapping Direction 😫 Automatic	÷ - •
	Cancel OK

- 2. In the pop-up that opens, choose the trapping pair to apply the rule to using the **From** and **To** lists. You can create a rule to trap from/to:
 - any color,
 - a particular ink (process, spot or opaque),

Note:

In this case, you can choose the ink name, from which **Minimum Density** the rule will apply, and if the color must be pure (no other separation in the color object) to apply the rule.

From:	Spot Ink	+
	Any Spot Ink	-
	Minimum Density: 0%	
	Color must be pure	

If **Spot Ink** is selected, the dropdown underneath will contain all Spot Colors used in the document.

- A specific Printing Method
- a particular object (image, gradient or empty background),
- the registration color.
- **3.** Choose the contents of the rule.

Options	Description
Тгар	• Automatic lets PowerTrapper calculate the trapping direction.
	Always Trap always spreads the "From" color/object on the "To" color/object.
	• Do Not Trap never traps the "From" and "To" colors/objects together.
Trapping Distance	Use this to define a special trapping distance for the trapping pair.
Trap Color Intensity	Use this to define a special trap color intensity for the trapping pair.
Pull Back	• Automatic lets PowerTrapper decide if there should be a pull back on the trapping pair.
	• Always Pull Back always creates a pull back on the trapping pair. The darkest ink of the pair is the pullback ink (remaining ink in the pull back area).
	• Do Not Pull Back never creates a pull back on the trapping pair.

Options	Description
Pull Back Distance	Use this to define a special pull back distanc for the trapping pair.
Pull Back Fill Mode	• Normal gives normal pull backs.
	• Sharpen allows sharpening on pull backs This sharpening is used e.g. for white tex on images, on CD's or DVD's. Sharpening i done by pulling back the image, and addin 100% black in the trapping area.
Reverse	Automatic lets PowerTrapper decide if th trapping pair should have a reversed trap.
	Always Trap Reversed always generates reversed trap for the trapping pair.
	• Do Not Trap Reversed never generates reversed trap for the trapping pair.
Truncate Traps	Choose if traps generated for the trapping pa should be truncated on center or on edge. Se <i>Truncate Traps</i> for details.
End Caps	Choose how to shape the ends of open trap for the trapping pair (square, round or object dependent). See <i>End Caps</i> for details.
Trap Corners	Choose how to shape the trapping pair's tra corners (round, beveled or mitered). See <i>Tra</i> <i>Corners</i> for details.
Direction Mode	Select into both colors to use bidirection trapping. In case of bidirectional trapping, th trap will go half the trapping distance in eac direction.
Horizontal / Vertical distortion	Set the percentage of the trapping distance to be used in vertical / horizontal direction In the example underneath, the trap war generated with no vertical distortion (so 100% i.e. using the entered trap distance) an horizontal distortion set to 50% (i.e. half the trap distance).

	Options		Description
4.	If necessary, use t	he \oplus button to add contents	s to your rule.
			To: Process Ink Magenta Minimum Density: 0% Color must be pure
		Trap Color Intensity 50% End Caps Image: Color Intensity	 ● ● ● ●
			Cancel OK

You can use the 😑 button to remove contents.

5. When you are done defining your rule, click OK.

You can now see your rule at the bottom of the Trap dialog.

Pure PANTONE Orange 021C to pure Mag	genta
Add Rule Remove Rule	Cancel Trap

When trapping your document, PowerTrapper will trap the trapping pairs that match rules according to those rules, and the rest of your document according to the main trapping settings.

If necessary, you can add another rule, or remove a rule previously created. You can also edit a rule by double-clicking it in the **Trap** dialog.



Trap Presets

With PowerTrapper, you can save all your trapping settings as a preset to be able to reuse them on other documents.

Trap Presets can be shared between different Esko Applications (PackEdge, ArtPro, DeskPack, ...)

The Trap Presets list contains 6 default Presets that can't be changed or removed:

- Default
- Bi-directional (including a rule to trap into both colors)
- Combipress (including a rule based on Printing Method)
- Offset (optimized for offset printing)
- Reverse
- Sharpening (including a rule optimized for sharpening)

Defining a Trap Preset

1. Define your trapping settings in the Trap dialog. Add rules if you need to.

See Distance and Direction Settingson page 69 Color and Shape Settingson page 7,4 *Processing Settings* on page 76 and *Rules* on page 77.

2. In the Trap Preset list, choose Save...

Trap Untitled-1
Trap Prese 🗸 Custom
D Save ction Color & Shape Processing
Remove
Trapping: Normal Trapping
Trapping Distance: 0.2mm
Minimum Ink Difference: 10%
Image Trapping: Automatic
Pull Back: Automatic
Advanced Settings:
Add Rule Cancel Trap

3. Give your preset a name and click OK.

You can now see your preset in the Trap Preset list. To reuse it in the future, just select it in the list.

- To delete a preset, select it in the Trap Preset list then select Remove.
- To edit a preset, select it in the **Trap Preset** list, make your changes in the trapping settings, then save it again with the same name.
- The location where the Trap Presets are saved, is set in **Illustrator** > **Preferences** > **Esko** > **PowerTrapper Preferences ...** .

When choosing **Use Shared Trap Ticket Folder**, Trap Presets are saved in the default "shared users" folder:

- /Users/Shared/EskoArtwork/Trap Tickets on Mac OS X
- C:\Documents And Settings\All Users\Documents\EskoArtwork\Trap Tickets on Windows XP
- C:\Users\Public\Documents\EskoArtwork\Trap Tickets on Windows 7

When choosing **Use Custom Trap Ticket Folder**, Trap Presets are saved in the folder you define by clicking the **Browse** button.

Note: Because PowerTrapper in earlier versions (before 10.1) used a different default location, upgrading to 10.1 or higher will try to set the Preference to **Use Custom Trap Ticket Folder**, pointing to the previous Default folder, so you can keep using your Trap Tickets

4.3.2 The Trap Layer

PowerTrapper creates traps in your document's Trap Layer, and leaves the other layers intact. If your document doesn't contain a trap layer, PowerTrapper will create one.

Layers ×	- 2	×
🗑 📃 🕨 🎵 Trap La	ayer 🔿 🎽	1
🔊 🔒 🕨 🛄 LinaChi	ps.bag 🔾 🔾	J
🗑 🗌 🕨 🕬 logo	0	
🗑 🗌 🕨 🗾 Text	0	
🖲 📘 🕨 🕳 paprika	0	í
8 Layers	a a 8 .	

4.3.3 The Trap Select Tool

You can find the Trap Select tool in the Tools panel. Use it to select trap areas in your job, or double-click it to open the Trapping dialog.

You can:

- click between two adjoining color areas to highlight the edge and select the trap,
- make a rectangle selection to highlight all edges and select all traps in that rectangle.

Note: Selecting one or more traps in your document using the Trap Select Tool also selects the corresponding color pair(s) in the **Color Pairs** palette. See *The Color Pairs Palette* on page 84.

4 ESKO😔

Tip: Sometimes the highlight color doesn't contrast enough with your document's colors to be easily visible. In this case you should modify the Trap Layer's highlight color.

4.3.4 The Color Pairs Palette

After trapping your document, the **Color Pairs** palette shows the trapping settings associated with each of your document's color pairs.

It pops up automatically after trapping, or you can go to **Window** > **Esko** > **Trapping** > **Color Pairs** to open it.

Pair	*	Trap	Distance	Shape	Intensity	Pullback Ink	
₽→		1	0.3 mm	790	100%	process M	Τ
□→[D E	0.3 mm	790	100%		1
□→		$\square \square \square$	0.3 mm	790	100%		1
							1
							L
		_ → ■ _ → ■		→ □ □ 0.3 mm → □ □ □ 0.3 mm		□ → □ ↓ 0.3 mm □ ↓ 100% □ → □ ↓ □ 0.3 mm □ ↓ 100%	→ □ 0.3 mm □ □ 100% process M → □ □ 0.3 mm □ □ 100%

For each color pair, the palette shows:

- the number of Hits (occurences of that color pair) in the document,
- the type of object in the pair (empty background , flat color , image or gradient),

Note: When you click on the flat color icon, you will see the ink percentages.

- the type of trap performed on that color pair (normal trap \square , pullback \square , reverse trap \square),
- the trapping **Distance** used,
- the traps' **Shape** (truncation 🐨 , caps 🖳 , corners 💷),
- the **Intensity** of the trap color,
- the **Pullback Ink** (when the trap is a pullback).

Viewing Traps

• To select all the traps of a color pair in your document, click that color pair in the **Color Pairs** palette.

Note: Use <u>Command</u> or <u>Shift</u> to select several color pairs, and highlight all the corresponding traps in your document.

To select traps without showing the highlight color around them, click or select **Don't Highlight Selected Edges** in the palette's fly-out menu.

To show the highlight color around selected traps again, click again or select **Highlight Selected Edges** in the menu.

To zoom on selected traps, click or select **Zoom to Selected Edges** in the menu.

To revert to the previous zoom, click again or select **Don't Zoom to Selected Edges** in the menu.

• If the **Trap Select** tool is active, use the arrow keys to browse through the color pairs. Activate the **Zoom to Selected Edges** to browse and visualize your traps one by one in your job.

Note: Use Arrow left-right to expand or collapse the trapping pair list.

Viewing Trap Settings

You can hide trapping settings that you are not using to make the Color Pairs palette smaller.

- To hide all color pairs that are not trapped with each other, select **Hide Non-trapping Color Pairs** in the palette's fly-out menu.
 - To show them again, select Show All Color Pairs in the fly-out menu.
- To hide all color pairs that don't have traps selected in your document, click or choose **Hide Unselected Edges** in the palette's fly-out menu.
 - To show them again, click again or select **Show All Edges** in the menu.
- To hide the Distance, Shape, Intensity or Pullback Ink column, select Hide Distance/Shape/ Intensity/Pullback Ink Column in the palette's fly-out menu.

To show the column again, select **Show Distance/Shape/Intensity/Pullback Ink Column** in the fly-out menu.

Refining your Traps

You can use the **Color Pairs** palette to select certain traps and change their trapping settings.

- 1. Select either:
 - the color pair(s) to edit in the palette,
 - the traps to edit in your document (if you want to only edit certain traps of a color pair).
- 2. Make your desired changes as explained below:

to change a color pair's	do
trapping direction	click Swap Trap Direction E . Trap direction can be from left to right, from right to left, or bidirectional. In case of bidirectional trapping, the trap will go half the trapping distance in each direction.

to change a color pair's	do
	Note: When you change the direction for only certain traps of the color pair, the color pair will be duplicated in the palette (e.g. one entry for spread and one for choke). 1 ▶
trap type	choose Normal Trap D , Pullback D or Reverse Trap D in the Trap column. You can also use this to trap a non-trapping color pair.
trap distance	click the Distance value to edit it.
trap truncation	choose On Center 🔽 or On Edge 🖵 in the Shape column.
end caps	choose Square , Round or Object
trap corners	choose Round , Beveled or Mitered in the Shape column.
trap color intensity	click the Intensity value to edit it.
pullback ink (for pull back traps only)	click the pullback ink to change it to another ink.

3.

Click Update Traps to apply your changes to your document's traps.

Note: To change several color pairs the same way, use <u>**Command**</u> or <u>**Shift**</u> to select them, then make the changes in one color pair. Clicking Update Traps will apply your changes to all selected color pairs.

Trap Sessions

Every time you select **Trap...** or **Trap Selection...** in PowerTrapper, the previous sessions of Color Pairs are kept, and a new Session is started.

Note: Changing the document will remove previous trap sessions. Only if the document is untouched in between trapping, the different trap sessions will be available.

You can switch to a previous session by selecting the session from the dropdown in the Color Pairs palette.

COLOR Trap Se		Tr	ap Sess	sion	2	÷)	-	44 *=
Hits	Pair		Trap		Distance	Shape	Intensity	Pullback Ink	
1 🕨	$\square \rightarrow$				0,2 mm	790	100%		
1 Pair							C) 67	X 9	Q

If you select a trap using the Select Trap tool, the Color Pairs dialog will switch to the corresponding session

Note: The Select Trap tool can only highlight traps from a single session. If you select (by dragging) traps from different sessions, only the traps from the current session are highlighted. If no traps from the current session are selected, the latest created trap session becomes active, and only traps from that session will be highlighted.

Clear Sessions in the Fly-out menu removes the Color Pairs information from all sessions, but does not affect the trap layer or the traps, and vice versa: removing the trap layer does not remove the Sessions. Therefor, if you want to restart trapping completely, it's advised to remove the Trap Layer AND apply "Clear Sessions".

You can rename a Session by activating it, and clicking **Rename Current Trap Session** in the Flyout menu

Trap Sessions are saved when saving the Color Pairs.

Note: To be able to use the option **Respect existing traps**, you have to select the trap as well, otherwise PowerTrapper will assume the document was changed, and the trap sessions will be removed.

Saving and Loading Color Pairs

After trapping a document with PowerTrapper Standalone, you can save its color pairs. This ensures you won't need to re-edit the color pairs if you need to change the traps later on.



When to Save Color Pairs?

You can save color pairs as soon as you are finished editing them.

If you haven't saved your color pairs, doing the following will discard them:

- closing your document,
- using PowerTrapper Standalone, Viewer or Instant Trapper on another document open in Illustrator.

Note: This doesn't affect your document's traps.

In those cases, PowerTrapper Standalone will ask you if you want to save your color pairs.



Where are Color Pairs Saved?

Your color pairs are saved in a file next to your document. This file has the same name as your document and ".tcp" as extension.



Note:

There can be only one color pairs file per document. If you make changes to your color pairs and save them again, your color pairs file will be updated.

If for some reason you need another version of your color pairs file, first save your document under a different name then save the color pairs again.

Saving Color Pairs

• To save your color pairs, select Save Color Pairs in the Color Pairs palette's fly-out menu.

Note: This is only available when you have unsaved color pairs.

Loading Color Pairs

• To load color pairs that you saved previously, select Load Color Pairs in the fly-out menu.

Δ

Note:

This is only available if you have saved color pairs for the current document.

You cannot load another document's color pairs.

You cannot load color pairs if you have changed the document after trapping.

M	essage	Plugin 🛆	Time
C) C	ould not load the trapping color pairs. Document may have changed since saving the pairs.	BrixKernel	15:33:4
			Show

4.4 Selective Trapping

When using the **Trap** button in the **Trap** dialog, trapping is always done on the complete file. To apply traps on a selection only, you can use **Selective Trapping**

Selective trapping can be done by choosing Window > Esko > PowerTrapper > Trap selection...

All other options are the same as for normal trapping: see The Trap Dialog on page 68

Note: The trapping will be calculated only on the selected objects. If an object is not selected, it will not be taken into account when calculating traps, even if the object is on top or behind the selected objects.

4.5 Add Rich Black

The Rich Black tool can be used to obtain a darker black by overprinting all black areas with the ink that you specify, for example Cyan.

1. Open the Rich Black dialog by choosing Window > Esko > PowerTrapper > Rich Black



0	44
RICH BLACK	
Add	Process Cyan
Density:	80%
Offset:	0,07 mm
Miter Limit:	4
То	Process Black
Min Density:	70%
No Other	Inks Present
	Create

- 2. Select objects using the standard Adobe Illustrator selection tools.
- 3. Use the Add dropdown to select the ink (e.g. C) you want to add to create a rich black . The dropdown will contain all inks present in the job. You can add another ink using **New Separation** ... if needed.
- 4. Enter the **Density** you want to apply.
- 5. Set the **Offset** to define the distance between the edge of the added ink and the edge of the black object.
- 6. Set the **Miter Limit** as you would for trapping. Miter limit determines whether sharp corners in objects appear pointed or beveled. You can also select Bevel and Round options.

Note: The Miter Limit option is only available when the Miter option is selected.

- 7. Use the **To** dropdown to select the colors you want to change into rich black. All areas using the selected color, and above the **Minimal Density** percentage, will become rich black by adding the Add color.
- 8. Enable No Other Inks Present if you only want to create rich black from pure inks, and not in areas that already contain a mix of inks.
- **9.** Click **Create** to generate a layer of overprinting objects to enrich the source ink. The layer will be called "Rich Black" by default.

4.6 PowerTrapper Preferences

You can open the PowerTrapper Preferences by choosing Illustrator > Preferences > Esko > PowerTrapper Preferences (Mac) or Edit > Preferences > Esko > PowerTrapper Preferences (Windows)

PowerTrapper Preferences					
Convert Blended Objects to Images					
Resolution: High (60	High (600 dpi)				
Use Postscript Compatible Image Traps					
Image Trap Detail:	efault 🗍)			
🗹 Keep Links in Image Traps	5				
Standalone Trapping Preferences Use Shared Trap Ticket Folder Suse Custom Trap Ticket Folder Trap Ticket Folder Location					
/Users/jva/Desktop/CMS/					
Browse					
C	Cancel OK				

Convert Blended Objects to Images in the PowerTrapper Preferences will convert blended objects to images before trapping. The Resolution for these images can be set to High (600 dpi), Medium (300 dpi) or Low (150 dpi).

If the **Use Postscript Compatible Image Traps** preference is on, the image trap color option has no influence on the result. Trapping will not generate any extra image data but image traps will create traps with lineart representing vectorized pixels. The lineart will also use Postscript Overprints instead of the multiply blend mode. These image traps are always created using the 'Use Original Data' option. Note that to have a correct visualization of your traps, you need to switch on the 'Overprint Preview' in the Illustrator View menu.

Note: The **Use Postscript Compatible Image Traps** is only applied when using PowerTrapper in Adobe Illustrator. When using PowerTrapper Client, this option is not applied, since it is not compatible with the Trap tasks in Automation Engine 14.

If **Keep Links in Image Traps** is selected (default), a trap for a linked image will consist of the linked file and a clip mask. This will cause the linked file to be placed (and shown in the Links palette) for every trap. In case of a high number of traps, this might cause stability issues for Adobe Illustrator.

If the option is off, the image for the traps is embedded, and turned into a symbol, which is then used for every trap (with a different clip mask). This will not affect the Links palette, nor wil it affect Adobe Illustrator's efficiency. This does not change the original image.

See also Color and Shape Settings on page 74

In the **Standalone Trapping Preferences**, you can set the location where PowerTrapper Standalone saves the Trap Presets. See *Defining a Trap Preset* on page 82

- When choosing Use Shared Trap Ticket Folder, Trap Presets are saved in the default "shared users" folder:
 - /Users/Shared/EskoArtwork/Trap Tickets on Mac OS X

4 ESKO😔

- C:\Documents And Settings\All Users\Documents\EskoArtwork\Trap Tickets on Windows XP
- C:\Users\Public\Documents\EskoArtwork\Trap Tickets on Windows 7
- When choosing **Use Custom Trap Ticket Folder**, Trap Presets are saved in the folder you define by clicking the **Browse** button.

Note: Because PowerTrapper in earlier versions (before 10.1) used a different default location, upgrading to 10.1 or higher will try to set the Preference to **Use Custom Trap Ticket Folder**, pointing to the previous Default folder, so you can keep using your Trap Tickets

5. White Underprint

5.1 Copyright Notice

© Copyright 2015 Esko Software BVBA, Gent, Belgium

All rights reserved. This material, information and instructions for use contained herein are the property of Esko Software BVBA. The material, information and instructions are provided on an AS IS basis without warranty of any kind. There are no warranties granted or extended by this document. Furthermore Esko Software BVBA does not warrant, guarantee or make any representations regarding the use, or the results of the use of the software or the information contained herein. Esko Software BVBA shall not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential or incidental damages arising out of the use or inability to use the software or the information contained herein.

The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Revisions may be issued from time to time to advise of such changes and/or additions.

No part of this document may be reproduced, stored in a data base or retrieval system, or published, in any form or in any way, electronically, mechanically, by print, photoprint, microfilm or any other means without prior written permission from Esko Software BVBA.

This document supersedes all previous dated versions.

PANTONE[®], PantoneLIVE and other Pantone trademarks are the property of Pantone LLC. All other trademarks or registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Pantone is a wholly owned subsidiary of X-Rite, Incorporated. [©] Pantone LLC, 2015. All rights reserved.

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.

Portions of this software are copyright [©] 1996-2002 The FreeType Project (www.freetype.org). All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright 2006 Feeling Software, copyright 2005-2006 Autodesk Media Entertainment.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1998-2003 Daniel Veillard. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright ©1999-2006 The Botan Project. All rights reserved.

Part of the software embedded in this product is gSOAP software. Portions created by gSOAP are Copyright ©2001-2004 Robert A. van Engelen, Genivia inc. All rights reserved.

Portions of this software are copyright $^{\odot}$ 1998-2008 The OpenSSL Project and $^{\odot}$ 1995-1998 Eric Young (eay@cryptsoft.com). All rights reserved.

This product includes software developed by the Apache Software Foundation (http://www.apache.org/).

Adobe, the Adobe logo, Acrobat, the Acrobat logo, Adobe Creative Suite, Illustrator, InDesign, PDF, Photoshop, PostScript, XMP and the Powered by XMP logo are either registered trademarks or trademarks of Adobe Systems Incorporated in the United States and/or other countries.

Microsoft and the Microsoft logo are registered trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States and other countries.

SolidWorks is a registered trademark of SolidWorks Corporation.



Portions of this software are owned by Spatial Corp. 1986 2003. All Rights Reserved.

JDF and the JDF logo are trademarks of the CIP4 Organisation. Copyright 2001 The International Cooperation for the Integration of Processes in Prepress, Press and Postpress (CIP4). All rights reserved.

The Esko software contains the RSA Data Security, Inc. MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Sun Microsystems in the U.S. and other countries.

Part of this software uses technology by BestTM Color Technology (EFI). EFI and Bestcolor are registered trademarks of Electronics For Imaging GmbH in the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office.

Contains PowerNest library Copyrighted and Licensed by Alma, 2005 - 2007.

All other product names are trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective owners.

Correspondence regarding this publication should be forwarded to:

Esko Software BVBA

Kortrijksesteenweg 1095

B - 9051 Gent

info.eur@esko.com

5.2 White Underprint

White Underprint allows you to create a white background underneath the selected objects. This white background can be necessary when printing on transparent or metal material. The White Underprint plug-in can generate white underprint objects for all kinds of Illustrator objects.

To open the White Underprint palette, click Window > Esko > White Underprint. The White Underprint palette appears.

WHITE UNDER	PRINT	-		••
Offset:			1	
Miter Limit:		6		
🗹 Only V	isible Pa			
Min Density:	None		\$	
Min %	0%			
	Add	Su	ibtract)

5.3 Adding and Removing White Underprint

White Underprint objects will be created in a top-level "White Underprint" layer, and will be put in overprint.

A new White Underprint layer will be created:

- If a different White Underprint ink is used
- If the White Underprint layer doesn't exist yet
- If the White Underprint layer was locked, hidden or no longer positioned as top layer.
- 1. Click Window > Esko > White Underprint to open the White Underprint palette.
- 2. Select one or more objects in the Illustrator document.
- 3. Set the White Underprint settings: see White Underprint settings on page 95
- 4. In the White Underprint palette:
 - Click **Add** to add White Underprint for the selected artwork: the plug-in will compute the union of the selected artwork and add the resulting paths at the top of the White Underprint layer
 - Click **Subtract** to subtract the selected artwork from the White Underprint layer. The plug-in will compute the union of the selected artwork, and put the resulting paths at the top of the White Underprint layer, in overprint, and at 0% of the selected White Underprint ink.

Note: If you want the White Underprint to be slightly bigger than the original objects, you should use a spread (an outward offset) when adding to the White Underprint layer, and a choke (an inward offset) when subtracting from the White Underprint layer. If the White Underprint should be slightly smaller, you should do it the other way around.

5.4 White Underprint settings

To set up White Underprint:

- 1. Select Window > Esko > White Underprint to open White Underprint dialog box.
- Define the Offset: the distance between the edge of the White Underprint layer and the edge of the object under which White Underprint is applied. By default the offset is set to Spread (outward offset). You can also choose to Choke (inward offset).
- **3.** Set the **Miter Limit** as you would for trapping. Miter limit determines whether sharp corners in objects appear pointed or beveled. You can also select Bevel and Round options.

Note: The Miter Limit option is only available when using mitered corners.

- 4. Define if White Underprint should be generated only on visible parts of selected objects, by setting the **Only Visible Parts** option.
- 5. In the Gradients section, set how to handle Gradients.
 - None: By default objects with a gradient fill will be backed using a 100% solid white

5 ESKO 😚

- **Choke by distance**: a gradient will be added to the White Underprint layer. The gradient will be choked over the entered distance, and run from the minimum % to 100%.
- **Bump minimum** %: a gradient will be added to the White Underprint layer. The gradient will follow the same density as the original object, but values below the minimum % will be bumped up to the minimum value.
- Clip to minimum %: a gradient will be added to the White Underprint layer. The gradient will follow the same density as the original object, but values below the minimum % will be clipped to 0%.

5.5 White Underprint Ink

The lnk used for White Underprint can be defined by selecting **Options** from the fly-out menu of the **White Underprint** palette, and entering the name of the lnk to be used for White Underprint.

In case the defined ink doesn't exist yet, a new spot color will be added to the swatches, using the Ink name and the Color patch.

When the name of an existing swatch is entered, this ink will be used for White Underprint.

Note: White Underprint can only use Spot Colors. If an existing swatch name is entered, and the swatch is not a spot color, a warning will be generated: "A swatch by this name already exists but is not defined as a Spot Color".

Multiple White Underprint inks can be used in 1 document. After you've applied White Underprint using a first ink, just change the name and color patch of the White Underprint ink in the Options dialog. As of then, any new White Underprint objects will be generated using the new White Underprint ink.

Note: In order to prevent changes to existing White Underprint objects, be sure not to have any active selections while changing the White Underprint ink. If you wish to modify the color values of the existing White Underprint ink, please do so directly in the Swatch library.

5.6 Include White Objects

The **Include White Objects** option can be set by selecting **Options** from the fly-out menu of the **White Underprint** palette.

If the option is disabled (default), no White Underprint is generated for white objects (colored with CMYK 0/0/0/0). By selecting the option, those objects will also get a White Underprint.