Allen-Bradley Logix



to Profibus PA interface



USER MANUAL

Rev 5.06 – February 2009 Firmware Revision 5.13



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CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION

The 1788HP-EN2PA is a Profibus PA Master which connects an Allen-Bradley Logix Controller (via Ethernet/IP) to various Profibus PA field devices.

The user can configure each 1788HP-EN2PA to exchange cyclic data with up to 16 Profibus PA Field Devices using RSLogix 5000 and HSNetworxPA.

The module can also be used to exchange acyclic data with each field device using FDT-DTM technology. Each field device can be configured in detail by using Hiprom Technologies' DTM package and a FDT frame (e.g. FieldCare).

This document serves to describe the functionality, installation, configuration and operation of the module.

CHAPTER 2 MODULE OPERATION & INSTALLATION

The 1788HP-EN2PA module is designed to operate within the Allen-Bradley Logix controller system using CIP Ethernet. All power required for the module's operation must be derived from an external 24V power supply. Please refer to electrical specifications for current consumption.



Figure 2.1: 1788HP-EN2PA Layout

PABUS:	Connector Pin 1 -> PA "+" terminal, Connector Pin 3 -> PA – terminal. Pin 4
	is used for the cable shield.
24V PWR:	Connector Pin 1 -> "+" terminal, Connector Pin 2 -> "-" terminal
RJ45:	Connector Pin 1 & 3 and Connector Pin 2 & 4 are twisted pairs as shown
	below in figure 2.2.



Figure 2.2: Ethernet cable layout

The current status of the module is conveyed to the user by means of the LCD Display. Appendix A details the various states of the LCD Display messages.

The following information is available and can be sent by the user directly across the backplane by means of a scheduled connection:

- 8 Input process variables (PVs) and 8 Output PVs from up to of 16 Profibus PA field devices.
- Diagnostics from the 1788HP-EN2PA module
- Extended diagnostics of each Profibus PA field device
- •

The positive terminal of the 1788HP-EN2PA's Profibus PA connector (as shown in figure 2.1) must be connected to the positive terminal of all connected Profibus PA instruments (if standard Profibus PA cable is used the standard is *red* – positive, *green* – negative).



Warning:

If the positive and negative terminal of the EN2PA is not correctly connected to the positive and negative terminals of the respected Profibus PA field devices it may cause permanent damage to the connected instruments.

CHAPTER 3 CONFIGURING THE MODULE

A direct connection between the controller and the 1788HP-EN2PA module is required to transfer drive data to and from the module.

3.1. Establishing the Direct Connection

This section describes the procedures required to configure the 1788HP-EN2PA module within the Logix platform. Each 1788HP-EN2PA module must be owned by a single Logix controller. The 1756 Generic EtherNet/IP CIP Bridge module is used in RSLogix 5000 to provide an interface for the Profibus PA fieldbus. Once this is added a Generic CIP module is used to configure the master and each field device. The configuration of the modules is described in the tables below.

PA MASTER

Data Format				
CommFormat	Data – DINT			
Connection parameters				
Description	Instance	Size		
Input	65	6 (32 Bit)		
Output	66	1 (32 Bit)		
Configuration	68	4 (8 Bit)		
Recommended RPI	750.0ms			

Table 3.1: 1788HP-EN2PA PA MASTER connection parameters.

FIELD DEVICE

Data Format			
CommFormat	Data – DINT		
	Connection parameters		
Description	Instance	Size	
Input	65	26 (32 Bit)	
Output	66	10 (32 Bit)	
Configuration	68	200 (8 Bit)	
Recommended RPI	450.0ms*		

*RPI for each field device depends on the field device count for a specific PA Bus

Table 3.2: 1788HP-EN2PA FIELD DEVICE connection parameters.

The steps required to build a Profibus PA tree in RSLogix 5000 are described below.

🖃 🔄 Controller Hitachi_Fib	er_Dr	ive	
Controller Tags			
Controller Fault H	andle	r	
🔤 Power-Up Handle	r		
🚊 🔚 Tasks			
🖻 🚭 MainTask			
🗄 🕞 MainProgram			
Unscheduled Prog	grams	/ Phases	
🗄 📇 Motion Groups			
Ungrouped Axes			
- 🗀 Trends			
🗄 📇 Data Types			
- 🙀 User-Defined			
🕀 🙀 Strings			
1756 Backplane	1756-	07	
[] [0] 1756-L55	1	New Module	
	-		
	-Ei	Paste	Ctrl+V

Figure 3.1: Right-click on the 1756 Backplane and select New Module.

Module	Description	Vendor
1756-CNBR/B	1756 ControlNet Bridge, Redundant Media	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-CNBR/D	1756 ControlNet Bridge, Redundant Media	Allen-Bradley
1756-CNBR/E	1756 ControlNet Bridge, Redundant Media	Allen-Bradley
1756-DHRIO/B	1756 DH+ Bridge/RIO Scanner	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-DHRIO/C	1756 DH+ Bridge/RIO Scanner	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-DHRIO/D	1756 DH+ Bridge/RIO Scanner	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-DNB	1756 DeviceNet Scanner	Allen-Bradley
	1756 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge, Twisted-Pair Media	Allen-Bradley
1756-ENBT/A	1756 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge, Twisted-Pair Media	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-ENET/A	1756 Ethernet Communication Interface	Allen-Bradley
- 1756-ENET/B	1756 Ethernet Communication Interface	Allen-Bradley
1756-EWEB/A	1756 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge w/Enhanced Web Serv	Allen-Bradley
	SynchLink Interface	Allen-Bradley
•		
	Find	Add Favorite
By Category By V	Vendor Favorites	

Figure 3.2: Select 1756-ENBT/A.

New Module			×
Type: Vendor: Parent:	1756-ENBT/A 1756 10/100 Mbps Ethen Allen-Bradley Local	net Bridge, Twisted-Pair Media	
Name: Description:		IP Address: IP Address: IP Address: IP Address:	
Siot: Revision:	3 💌 1 芸	Electronic Keying: Compatible Keying	
🔽 Open Mod	ule Properties	OK Cancel Help	

Figure 3.3: Configure the 1756-ENBT/A parameters.



Figure 3.4: Right-click on the Ethernet tree and select New Module.

Module	Description	Vendor
 1769-L32E Etherne 1769-L35E Etherne 1788-EN2DN/A 1788-ENBT/A 1788-EWEB/A 1794-AENF/A 1794-AENT/A 1794-AENT/B Drivelogix5730 Eth ETHERNET-BRIDGE ETHERNET-MODULE EtherNet/IP PH-P55CENA/A 	 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Port on CompactLogix5332E 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Port on CompactLogix5335E 1788 Ethernet to DeviceNet Linking Device 1788 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge, Twisted-Pair Media 1788 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Bridge w/Enhanced Web Serv. 1794 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Adapter, Fiber Media 1794 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Adapter, Twisted-Pair Media 10/100 Mbps Ethernet Port on DriveLogix5730 Generic EtherNet/IP CIP Bridge Generic Ethernet Module SoftLogix5800 EtherNet/IP Ethernet Adapter, Twisted-Pair Media 	Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Allen-Bradley Parker Hannif
By Category By V	endor Favorites OK Cancel	Add Favorite Help

Figure 3.5: Select Generic Ethernet/IP CIP Bridge Module.



Figure 3.6: Right-click on the CIP Bus tree and select New Module.

Select Module	×
Module	Description
	Generic CIP Module Allen-Bradley
	Find Add Favorite
By Category By V	endor Favorites
	OK Cancel Help

Figure 3.7: Select Generic CIP Module.

Module Properties: EN2PA (CIP-MODULE 1.1)		×
General* Connection Module Info Type: CIP-MODULE Generic CIP Module Parent: EN2PA		
Name: EN2PA_Master Description: Image: I	Connection Parameters Assembly Instance: Size: Input: 65 6 (32-bit) Output: 66 1 (32-bit) Configuration: 68 4 (32-bit) Status Input: 68 4 (8-bit) Status Output: 5 5 5	() ()
Status: Offline OK	Cancel Apply Help	

Figure 3.8: Configure the PA Master parameters.

Note: The address of the PA Master must be the same as the 1788HP-EN2PA Profibus PA node number. Default is 1.

Module Properties: EN2PA (CIP-MODULE 1.1)
General Connection* Module Info
<u>R</u> equested Packet Interval (RPI): 750.0 € ms (0.2 - 750.0 ms)
Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Run Mode
Module Fault
Status: Offline OK Cancel Apply Help

Figure 3.9: Enter the recommended RPI of the PA Master

Module Prop	erties: EN2PA (CIP-MODULE 1.1)			×
General* Con	nection Module Info			
Type: Parent: Na <u>m</u> e: Description: Comm <u>F</u> ormat: Add <u>r</u> ess:	CIP-MODULE Generic CIP Module EN2PA iTemp Data - DINT 2	Connection Parar Input: Output: Configuration: Status Input: Status Output:	neters Assembly Instance: 65 66 68	Size: 26 • (32-bit) 10 • (32-bit) 200 • (8-bit)
Status: Offline	OK	Cancel	Apply	Help

Figure 3.10: Configure the Profibus field device parameters.

Module Properties: EN2PA (CIP-MODULE 1.1)
General Connection* Module Info
Requested Packet Interval (RPI): 450.0 + ms (0.2 - 750.0 ms)
Major Fault On Controller If Connection Fails While in Run Mode
Module Fault
Status: Offline OK Cancel Apply Help

Figure 3.11: Enter the recommended RPI of the Field Device.

Note: The Address of each field device must be the same as the block selected in HSNetworxPA. This will ensure that the correct configuration is downloaded to the correct device and that the intended field device data is displayed in the correct *Generic CIP Module.*

The connection between the controller and 1788HP-EN2PA can fail if:

- The specified size of the Input, Output, or Configuration size is incorrect
- The assembly instance of the input, Output and Configuration is incorrect
- An RPI is not set to recommended or reasonable interval.

CHAPTER 4 CONFIGURING FIELD DEVICES

HSNetworxPA is the software that will be used to create the configuration that will be stored in the Logix Controller that is used to access cyclic data of each Field Device. It is supplied with the module and must be installed on any personal computer running MS Windows XP.

4.1. HSNetworxPA

The following will describe how HSNetworxPA will be used to scan the bus, view an instrument's diagnostics and configuration, use GSD files, change EN2PA parameters and downloading configuration data to the Logix Controller and 1788HP-EN2PA module.

NOTE: If the user wants to use a certain instrument, that instrument's GSD file must be added to the GSD library to be recognized by HSNetworxPA. The user cannot add a device without the GSD file. This is done by selecting *Import GSD Files* under the *GSD Wizard* tab in HSNetworxPA. Select a GSD file and click open.

4.1.1 Program startup

When the user starts HSNetworxPA a blank screen will be given as shown below.



Figure 4.1: HSNetworxPA startup screen.

Create a new project by clicking on the *New* button. The user is prompted with a new project window as shown below.

🔼 Configure Project	×
EN2PA (Master)	Profibus PA
Name EN2PA	Address 1 💌
Description New PA Project	Max Address 8
Ethernet	Slave Retry Limit 5
IP Address 196 135 145 186	Redundancy
Subnet 255 255 0 0	Logix CPU
Gateway 196 135 145 1	IP Address 196 135 145 235
Direct	Slot 0
C Extended Route	
1.2.2	
Path :	
ОК	Cancel

Figure 4.2: HSNetworxPA EN2PA configuration window.

Enter the project name and description of the project that needs to be created. Note that the project name must be the same as the name of the Generic Ethernet/IP CIP Bridge module added in RSLogix 5000 as shown in figure 3.5. Under the Ethernet tab the user must enter the EN2PA module's IP address, subnet mask and Default Gateway (if the module is powered the IP address, subnet mask and Default Gateway will be displayed on the LCD Display). The user can select between one of two options when connecting to the 1788HP-EN2PA. The Direct choice is used when the user's PC and the 1788HP-EN2PA are both on the same network. The extended route is used when the user's PC and the 1788HP-EN2PA are on different Ethernet networks (if the user has the LAN network on one ENBT and the 1788HP-EN2PA Ethernet network on another ENBT. Note that this is the preferred way of connecting the 1788HP-EN2PA, because it keeps the local network from increasing traffic on the control network). On the Profibus PA tab, the PA Master address has to be selected (this has to be the same as the address selected by the user in RSLogix 5000), the max address that is used for when scanning the bus and the retries when requesting data from a Field Device. The IP address of the Ethernet module that will connect to the Logix controller and in which slot the processor is in that specific rack also has to be entered. (*REDUNDANCY IS ONLY AVAILIBLE WITH VERSION 6).

Once a new project has been created, the display will appear as follows:



Figure 4.3: PA Master tree is created.

The PAMaster will show that it is offline. If the 1788HP-EN2PA module is powered, has the correct IP address and subnet mask, the user can press the *Refresh* button and the PAMaster will connect and display that it is online. Once it is online the user can expand the tree to view certain parameters and settings of the 1788HP-EN2PA module. Next either add the Profibus PA field devices that are going to be used manually or scan the bus and the field devices will be added automatically with a default configuration.

Manually

Left click on the PAMaster to select it and then right click to display the PAMaster's options. Select *add device* from the list as shown in figure 4.4. Next select a device from the drop-down list (the list consists of the various instruments GSD files in the user's library). Once a device is selected a default configuration is set (make sure that the node number is the same as the device that is being setup and that the block number is the same as the device that is being setup and that the block number is the same as the device that is being setup and that the block number is the same as the device that is being setup and that the block number is the same as the device supports it (this is discussed in detail in 4.1.2). Once the user has selected all the desired settings click *ok* and the device will be added into the PAMaster tree. If the 1788HP-EN2PA is online and the device is connected the user can click on the refresh button and the specific device icon will go from red to green as shown in figure 4.5. The rest of all the devices to the current 1788HP-EN2PA module.



Figure 4.4: Adding a new field device manually to the PA Master tree.

Hiprom HSNetworxPA - Version 5.06
File Network Master GSD Wizard Options Help
New Open Save Can Refresh Domicad
EN2PA Project C:\Hiprom Software\HSNetworxPA\Workspac
APAMaster
d Contiguration
E - 0 B02 (N002) - (Cerabar M)
2PA: 131.314315 [PLC: 136.135.145.235.56x 0 [Open Project

Figure 4.5: A field device is added to the PA Master tree.

Once all the needed field devices have been added and configured, the user can download the all of the devices' configurations to selected Logix Controller by clicking on the download button. This will configure/reconfigure all the field devices connected to the 1788HP-EN2PA and download the configuration to the Logix Controller where it is stored.



Warning:

The user must ensure that the module has already been setup in RSLogix and downloaded as shown in section *3.1 Establishing the Direct Connection*. If this is not done the user will not be able to download the configuration to the Logix Controller.

Automatic

The automatic setup is similar to the manual one with the exception of being able to scan the bus and the instruments are added automatically rather than having to add the devices one by one.

The user can click on the scan button as shown in figure 4.6 and the 1788HP-EN2PA module will start scanning from node address 1 to the max address (selected in figure 4.2.) for devices on the bus. If a device is received it will take its IDENT (identification) number and compare it to the IDENT numbers of the GSD files located in the GSD library. Once a match has been found the device will be added to the tree with a default configuration. If a device is found but there is no match in the GSD library the user will be prompted with the device node number and IDENT number. Once all devices have been successfully added the tree will be finished. The user can configure each device by right clicking on that device and selecting the configure tab (this is discussed in detail in 4.1.2).

Next the user can download the all of the devices' configuration to selected Logix Controller by clicking on the download button. This will configure/reconfigure all the field devices connected to the 1788HP-EN2PA and download the configuration to the Logix Controller where it is stored.



Warning:

The user must ensure that the module has already been setup in RSLogix and downloaded as shown in section *3.1 Establishing the Direct Connection*. If this is not done the user will not be able to download the configuration to the Logix Controller.



Figure 4.6: A set of field devices have been added by doing a bus scan.

Once the devices on the bus have been configured the IO modules (field devices) on the CIP Bus under the Ethernet/IP CIP Bridge Module will establish a connection and cyclic data exchange will begin. The data of the devices can be seen in the input and output images of the various IO modules added. Section 6 will explain how this is done.

4.1.2 Field device configuration

Once a device has been added to the PAMaster tree, the user must configure the inputs and outputs of the field device by right clicking on the device and selecting *Configure*. The configure screen is presented as shown in Figure 4.7.

Block:

The user can change the block number of the field device by clicking on the drop down menu and selecting any of the allowable block numbers. The user must ensure that the block that has been assigned to that specific field device is the same as the address that is used for the IO module in the CIP Bus under the 1788HP-EN2PA module in RSLogix. Note that if the PA Master profibus node number is 1, it will not be able to use block 1.

Node:

The user can change the node number of the field device by clicking on the drop down menu and select any of the allowable node numbers 1 - 126. Note that if the wrong node number is selected the field device will not respond or configure.

Device:

If a different device is needed the same can be done by clicking on the drop down menu and select any of the listed devices (according to the GSD files in the GSD library).

Block 02 PA Node 2	Device Binary Output 4	4 DO (PhyL 1)		Edit GSD
Tagname -	🕅 WatchDog Enable	Ident	0x9733	User Parameterization Data 0 0
TSDR_Max 100	Freeze Required Sync Bequired	FileName	PA139733.gsd	Watch Dog <u>9 X 10 X10 =</u>
Group Ident 0	Slave Lock	Model	Binary Output 4 DO (PhyL 1)	900 ^{ms} Refresh
	🔽 Slave UnLock	Vendor	PROFIBUS PA Profile	Update Close
Slot 1 - Discrete Output 1 - II	NPUT	Manual		
Slot 2 - Discrete Output 2 - O	Image: Second status Image: Second status	Manual		
Slot 3 - Discrete Output 3 - O		I — Manual		
I 04 - SP D+CB D		Config		
Slot 4 - Discrete Output 4 - E	MPTY O EmptySlot	Manual Config		

Figure 4.7: Device configuration window.

Watch Dog:

If the Watchdog Enabled tickbox has been set, the watchdog value is automatically calculated using the amount of field devices on the bus. The user can change this by entering new parameters and pressing *Refresh*.

TSDR:

This is the fastest valid slave response set to the field device.

Group Ident:

The user can set certain field devices into different groups. This is reserved for future use (default 0).

WatchDog Enable:

This tickbox enable the watchdog and corresponds to the Watch Dog time value.

Freeze Required:

When freeze mode is activated, the user can send a global control message which keeps the inputs of the slave in a "frozen" state. This is reserved for future use (default unselected).

Sync Required:

When sync mode is activated, the user can send a global control message which keeps the outputs of the slave in a momentary state. This is reserved for future use (default unselected).

Slave Lock:

The user can lock the slave for another master on the bus. This is reserved for future use (default unselected).

Slave Unlock:

The user selects this tickbox to not lock the slave for other masters which allows cyclic data exchange.

Slot x:

The user can select different inputs, outputs and inputs/outputs for the different allowable slots of the slave. Thus using the user manual supplied with the field device, the user can select which input/output to use in which slot and in what format the input/output must be presented in the Controller. The user can press the dropdown menu and select the process variable type and use the second dropdown menu to select how the message is compiled. Some field devices have been assigned slots that support multiple inputs and outputs. For this the user has to select the amount of inputs and outputs and in what formats they are presented in the Controller. This is shown below in figure 4.8. The 1788HP-EN2PA supports 8 inputs and 8 outputs per field device. Note that some field devices support multiple inputs and/or outputs on a single slot. In this case the user must select the "Manual Config" tickbox and manually enter the amount and format of the specific inputs and/or outputs.

🛦 s	lot Configural	tion					
	PUT FORMA	лт ————		_ OU	TPUT FORM		
	INPUT 1	Real with Status	•		OUTPUT 1	1 Byte with Status	•
	INPUT 2	4 Bytes	•		OUTPUT 2	0 EmptySlot	~
	INPUT 3	0 EmptySlot	~		OUTPUT 3	0 EmptySlot	~
	INPUT 4	0 EmptySlot	_		OUTPUT 4	0 EmptySlot	-
	INPUT 5	0 EmptySlot	~		OUTPUT 5	0 EmptySlot	~
	INPUT 6	0 EmptySlot	-		OUTPUT 6	0 EmptySlot	~
	INPUT 7	0 EmptySlot	-		OUTPUT 7	0 EmptySlot	~
	INPUT 8	0 EmptySlot	-		OUTPUT 8	0 EmptySlot	~
		0	<	(Cancel		

Figure 4.8: Slot input / output configuration window.

CHAPTER 5 FDT / DTM

The 1788HP-EN2PA supports FDT (Field Device Type) / DTM (Device Type Manager) technology. This allows the user to get all the acyclic data benefits from each field device that has a DTM. The user is able to sit in his/her office and do detailed configuration, calibration, audit trails, asset management of all field devices and many other features. The user just needs to install and add the supplied 1788HP-EN2PA DTM in the FDT frame (eg. Fieldcare). All the instruments connected to the 1788HP-EN2PA can then be accessed from within the FDT frame.



CHAPTER 6 I/O ADDRESS MAP

The input and output images of the PA Master and the field devices are defined in the following sections. Note "XXX" is the name chosen by the user for the Generic Ethernet/IP Bridge Module and "?" is the block number that is used for the specific module. It is advised the user use a UDT for the input image.

Byte	Bit	Point	PV	Point Description	
0				Byte 0	
1		PABus Voltage		Byte 1	
2		FABUS VOltage		Byte 2	
3				Byte 3	
4				Byte 0	
5		DA Bug Current		Byte 1	
6		FABus Current		Byte 2	
7				Byte 3	
8				Byte 0	
9		Ext \/oltogo		Byte 1	
10		Ext voltage		Byte 2	
11					Byte 3
12				Byte 0	
13		Temperature		Byte 1	
14				Byte 2	
15				Byte 3	
16				Byte 0	
17		Madula Ctatus (DC)()		Byte 1	
18		wodule Status (RSV)		Byte 2	
19				Byte 3	
20				Byte 0 – CIP MODULE 0 - 7	
21		Connection Status		Byte 1 – CIP MODULE 8 – 15	
22	1	Connection Status		Byte 2 – CIP MODULE 16 – 23	
23				Byte 3 – CIP MODULE 24 – 31	

6.1. PA Master Input Image

 Table 6.1: Connected PA Master Input Image.

6.2. PA Master Input Image Description

Field/Value	Description	Location	Туре
PABus Voltage	This is the voltage measured on the bus itself.	XXX:?:I.Data[0]	REAL
PABus Current	This is the current drawn measured on the bus itself.	XXX:?:I.Data[1]	REAL

Ext Voltage	This is the voltage measured from the supply.	XXX:?:I.Data[2]	REAL
Temperature	This is the internal temperature measured on the board.	XXX:?:I.Data[3]	REAL
Module Status	Reserved	XXX:?:I.Data[4]	BOOL[32]
Connection Status	This will indicate which block are connected and configured	XXX:?:I.Data[5]	DINT

Table 6.2: Description of the Connected PA Master Input Image.

6.3. PA Master Output Image

Byte	Bit	Point	PV	Point Description
0		Reserved		

Table 6.3: Connected PA Master Output Image.

6.4. Output Image Description

Field/Value	Description	Location	Туре
Reserved	This space is reserved for future use.	XXX:O.Data[0-3]	DINT

Table 6.4: Description of Connected Output Image.

6.5. Field Device Input Image

Byte	Bit	Point	PV	Point Description
0				Byte 3
1		P\/1 (Real Format)		Byte 2
2		F V I (ICeai I Offiat)		Byte 1
3				Byte 0
4		PV2 (Real Format)		Byte 3
5				Byte 2
6				Byte 1
7				Byte 0
8				Byte 3
9		DV/2 (Real Format)		Byte 2
10		r v3 (Real Formal)		Byte 1
11				Byte 0
12		PV4 (Real Format)		Byte 3

13		Byte 2
14		Byte 1
15		Byte 0
16		Byte 3
17		Byte 2
18	PV5 (Real Format)	Byte 1
19		Byte 0
20		Byte 3
21		Byte 2
22	PV6 (Real Format)	Byte 1
23		Byte 0
24		Byte 3
25		Byte 2
26	PV7 (Real Format)	Byte 1
27		Byte 0
28		Byte 3
29		Byte 2
30	PV8 (Real Format)	Byte 1
31		Byte 0
32		Byte 0
33		Byte 1
34	PV1 (DINT Format)	Byte 2
35		Byte 3
36		Byte 0
37		Byte 1
38	PV2 (DINT Format)	Byte 2
39		Byte 3
40		Byte 0
41		Byte 1
42	PV3 (DINT Format)	Byte 2
43		Byte 3
44		Byte 0
45		Byte 1
46		Byte 2
47		Byte 3
48		Byte 0
49	D)/5 (DINT Format)	Byte 1
50		Byte 2
51		Byte 3
52		Byte 0
53	PV6 (DINT Format)	Byte 1
54		Byte 2
55		Byte 3
56		Byte 0
57	D)/7 (DINT Format)	Byte 1
58		Byte 2
59		Byte 3
60	PV8 (DINT Format)	Byte 0
61		Byte 1

.

62		
63		
64		PV1 Status
65		PV2 Status
66		PV3 Status
67		PV4 Status
68		PV5 Status
69		PV6 Status
70		PV7 Status
71		PV8 Status
72	0	Not Online
72	1	Not Ready
72	2	Config Fault
72	3	Ext Diag Avl
72	4	Diag Support
72	5	Invalid Slave Response
72	6	Parameter Fault
72	7	Master Lock
72	8	Parameter Req
72	9	Station Diag
72	10	WatchDog
72	11	Freeze Mode
72	12	Sync Mode
72	13	Ext Diag Overflow
72	14	Reserved
72	15	Reserved
73		Ident Number
74		
75 – 99		Ext Diagnostics [6]

Table 6.5: Connected Field Device Input Image.

6.6. Field Device Input Image Description

Field/Value	Description	Location	Туре
Device PV (Real Format)	This is the process values received from each channel of the field device as previously configured in real format.	XXX:?:I.Data[0] – Data[7]	REAL
Device PV (DINT Format)	This is the process values received from each channel of the field device as previously configured in DINT format.	XXX:?:I.Data[8] – Data[15]	DINT
Device PV Status	This is the status of the PV received from each channel of the field device.(When applicable)	XXX:?:I.Data[16] – Data[17]	SINT[8]

Profibus diagnostics	The standard Profibus PA diagnostics are supplied	XXX:?:I.Data[18]	INT
ldent Number	The identity number of each field device type is given in this field. Thus the same type of field device from the same vendor will have the same Ident number	XXX:?:I.Data[18]	INT
Ext Diagnostics	The extended diagnostics of each device is given. The user can use the GSD file of the specific device to make sense of each field device extended diagnostics. Note that it is bit aligned.	XXX:?:I.Data[19] – Data[24]	BIT[192]

Table 6.6: Description of the Connected Field Device Input Image.

6.7. Field Device Output Image

Byte	Bit	Point	PV	Point Description
0		PV1 (DINT/REAL Format)		Byte 0
1				Byte 1
2				Byte 2
3				Byte 3
4				Byte 0
5		DV2 (DINT/REAL Format)		Byte 1
6		FV2 (DINT/REAL FOITIAL)		Byte 2
7				Byte 3
8				Byte 0
9		DV2 (DINT/DEAL Format)		Byte 1
10		FV3 (DINT/REAL FOITIAL)		Byte 2
11				Byte 3
12				Byte 0
13		DV/4 (DINT/DEAL Format)		Byte 1
14		FV4 (DINT/REAL FOITIAL)		Byte 2
15				Byte 3
16				Byte 0
17		PV5 (DINT/REAL Format)		Byte 1
18				Byte 2
19				Byte 3
20				Byte 0
21		DV6 (DINT/DEAL Format)		Byte 1
22		FV0 (DINI/REAL FOIIIat)		Byte 2
23				Byte 3
24				Byte 0
25		DV7 (DINT/REAL Format)		Byte 1
26		- $PVI (DINT/REAL FORMAT)$		Byte 2
27				Byte 3
28		PV8 (DINT/REAL Format)		Byte 0
29				Byte 1

30		Byte 2
31		Byte 3
32	PV1 Status	
33	PV2 Status	
34	PV3 Status	
35	PV4 Status	
36	PV5 Status	
37	PV6 Status	
38	PV7 Status	
39	PV8 Status	

Table 6.7: Connected Field Device Output Image.

6.8. Field Device Output Image Description

Field/Value	Description	Location	Туре
Device PV (Real/DINT Format)	This is the process values send to each channel of the field device in real format or DINT format depending on how it was configured.	XXX:?:O.Data[0] – Data[7]	REAL/DINT
Device PV Status	Device PV StatusThis is the status of the PV sent for each channel of the field device.(When applicable)		SINT[8]

Table 6.8: Description of Connected Field Device Output Image.

CHAPTER 7 SPECIFICATIONS

7.1. Electrical

specification	value
Power Requirements	Power will be connected to the EN2PA using the M12-FSB connector.
Power Consumption	Operating Voltage: 16 to 28 V 180 mA at 24 V (with no field devices attached)
Profibus PA current supply	500 mA at 24 V
Operating Temperature	0 to 60 °C
Storage Temperature	-20 to 80 °C
Relative Humidity	5 to 95 % non-condensing
Operating Shock	15g
Storage Shock	25g
Vibration	2g @ 10Hz
Emissions	BS EN 55022 Class A (Conducted and Radiated)
ESD Immunity	BS EN 61000-4-2 EN 61000-6-2 4kV discharges
Radiated RF Immunity	EN 61000-4-3 EN 61000-6-2 10V/m with 1kHz 80% AM from 80MHz to 1000MHz
EFT/B Immunity	BS EN 61000-4-4 EN 61000-6-2 2kV at 5kHz on power ports 1kV at 5kHz on signal ports
Conducted RF Immunity	BS EN 61000-4-6 EN 61000-6-2 10vrms with 1kHz sine wave 80% AM from 150kHz to 80MHz (signal and power ports)

Enclosure Type Rating	IP65
Power Conductors	18 AWG (0.75 sq.mm) maximum, 24 AWG (0.25 sq.mm) minimum copper wire
Ethernet Conductor	CAT5 STP
Profibus PA Conductor	18 AWG (0.75 sq.mm) maximum, 24 AWG (0.25 sq.mm) minimum copper wire

7.2. Mechanical

Dimensions No connectors : 170mm x 179mm x 59 mm (w x h x d) With connectors : 170mm x 242mm x 59 mm (w x h x d)





Figure 8.1: Physical dimensions (with connectors plugged in)

APPENDIX A MODULE STATUS

The following sections describe the status indicators of the module:

A.1. LCD Display

Top 16 characters

EN2PA v5.05	Revision number of the current module
PABus: 22.7V	PA Bus voltage
PABus: 130mA	PA Bus current
Ext: 23.2V	External supply voltage
Temp: 38.00C	PCB temperature
196.135.145.236	IP Address
255.255.255.0	Subnet Mask
196.135.145.1	Default Gateway
Redundant: OK	If redundancy has been activated and is working
	correctly.
	(*REDUNDANCY IS ONLY AVAILIBLE WITH
	VERSION 6).
Redundant: Fail	If redundancy has been activated and is not
	working correctly.
	(*REDUNDANCY IS ONLY AVAILIBLE WITH
	VERSION 6).
Redundant: N/A	Redundancy has not been activated.
	(*REDUNDANCY IS ONLY AVAILIBLE WITH
	VERSION 6).
PA Node: 1	The current node number of the PA Master

Bottom 16 characters

Not Configured	No field devices have been configured
Unkown	There is no input data or the module has lost
	Ethernet communication to the controller
B00 N13 OL> CF>	Block 0 Node 13 is online and configured for
	cyclic data
B00 N13 OL> CFx	Block 0 Node 13 is online but not configured for
	cyclic data
B00 N13 OLx CFx	Block 0 Node 13 is not online